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VOL. XXIII .--- No. 26.

HONOLULU, TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888.

Hawaiian Gazette

PUBLISHED BY

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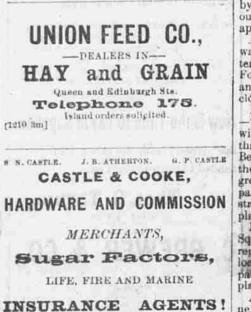
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TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888. OAHU COLLEGE. Forty-Seventh Anniversary - Graduation Exercises.

Central Union Church was crowded on Friday evening on the occasion of the forty-seventh anniversary of Oahu College, the celebration being in the form of the graduating exercises of the class of 1888. No interior decoration of the edifice, with all its brilliant record in this respect, ever quite reached the beautiful splendor of this time. The organ pipes were completely curtained with the ireshest of ferns; the choir loft was one bank of variegated flowers; the platform and rear walls, the chandeliers and brackets, were decked in numberless designs of foliage and bloom, the sweet perfume of which filled the whole place. The motto of the graduating class, "Sinceritas," was displayed on a

gilt new moon, connected by a chain of gold to a star higher up inscribed " 88.' An organ voluntary—"Offertory in F measure," Wely-by Mr. Myron H. Jones, signalized the opening of the programme, followed with prayer by Rev. W. B. Oleson. A duet—"Love On," Pinsuti—was richly vocalized by Miss Hessie J. Dickson and Levi C.

Lyman. A "Salutatory" was expressively read by Miss May E. Dillingham, the humorous vein characterizing it finding marked appreciation in the audience. An oration on "Prohibition in Hawali," closely reasoned and clearly uttered, was delivered by Mr. William J.

Forbes, commanding general attention and eliciting a round of applause at the Miss Hessie J. Dickson read an essay -"A Study of Beethoven"-opening with an apt quotation and the remark that what Shakespeare was in letters Beethoven was in music. A sketch of the great composer's life was given, his great sorrows being shown to have apparently but purified his immortal strains. The effort was warmly applauded. Mr. Levi C. Lyman sang "The White Squall" in style well sustaining his reputation as one of the favorite rising

local singers. Mrs. Van Slyke accompanied him on the piano. Vigorous applause attested the above judgment. An oration by Mr. Horace V. Hall was next. His subject-"Career and Char-

farewell. He felt toward them the sentiments due as to firstborn children, their entrance to the college having been contemporaneous with his installation in the principalship. With devout wishes for their prosperity be presented them with their diplomas. "Home, Sweet Home," performed with feeling by Miss Hessie J. Dickson, with an additional solo exacted by an irresistible encore, closed the graduating exercises, and the assembly was dismissed with the bene-diction by the Principal.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements made, or opinions expressed by our orrespondents,

The Diffusion Process.

MR. EDITOR :- You may make public my opinion that " Diffusion" will prove a practical success in the manufacture of cane sugar. We have made such decided improvements, and have so effectually overcome the obstacles that at first stood in our way. I am willing to state as my judgment that by diffusion we will gain argely in the percentage of sugar obtained from the cane (say 10 to 15 per cent. in our best mills) at a cost of not to exceed one quarter $(\frac{1}{4})$ of a ton of coal to a ton of sugar, and less than one dollar (\$1.00) per ton for extra labor.

We are now running at the rate of over thirty (30) tons of sugar per day of 24 hours, and passing all the diffusion juice (mixed with charcoal or lignite) through our two Kroog Filter Presses. The exhausted chips make very fair fuel, coming from the two roller mill with less than 28 per cent. of moisture in them. But we will do even better by and by. I enclose a few figures for the benefit

of planters, and congratulate stockholders on the hopes we may indulge in for the future.

Yours	in	has	te,
	2	18	SPATTU

the exha	2	* No. 10 contai	
	0.87	0.86	Invert Sugar
	86,55	86.73	Quotient of purity
	12.55	14.31	Per cent. sugar
	46,6	53.4	Polariscope reading.
-	14.5	16.5	Density Brix
3rd Cell	2nd Cell	1st Cell	
NALE VE	NO		

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14.8 per cent.

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WHOLE No. 1224.

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THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Seventeenth Day.

MONDAY, June 18.

The House met at 10 o'clock. In the absence of the President and Vice-President, Noble Wight took the chair. Opened with prayer by Rev. E. S. Timoteo. Noble Smith was elected President pro tem. Minutes read, amended and confirmed. PRTITIONS.

Noble Waterhouse presented a petition from J. Goldberg, for a refund of \$5, taxes paid twice. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Rep. Nakaleka presented a petition from Lahaina, praying that the Circuit Court continue to be held at that place, as heretofore. Referred to the committee on the bill relating to the terms of Court in the Second Judicial Circuit.

Noble Waterhouse presented a petition from 92 taxpayers (Portuguese), living on the slopes of Punchbowl. Following are the principal statements set forth in the petition: That the present system of management of the Crown lands is not suitable to the present condition of things or consistent with justice to the great body of the

citizens. The system framed for an age long past is detrimental to the well-being of the country. Any system which locks up large tracts of valuable lands to prevent development and improvement, must re-tard enterprise. This is particularly the case where lands cannot be purchased in fee simple. Persons who otherwise would fee simple. Persons who otherwise would become owners of the said lands are driven to foreign countries in quest of homes. Petitioners believe the "Punch-bowi tract," so called, is Crown land; that the Crown Land Commissioners or others have leased the said property at a rental of one dollar per annum to Queen Kapi-olani; that Her Majesty's agents have in-angurated a system of rack rent, and applied it to the property in question, whereby exorbitant rentals are charged to some persons; that the leases embody in their conditions the building, by the lessees, of houses on the leased property, the build-ings reverting to the lessor at the end of the respective terms; that, some of the leases having expired, the agents, in many cases, have doubled or trebled the rentals; that tenants, on taking their first leases, were given to understand that renewals could be had at original rates as long as desired. Therefore, petitioners pray (1) that the House take action to remove the injustice under which they labor; (2) that the Legislature bring said lands into the market, and offer them to the highest bidders in such quantities as may conduce to the best interest of the public; (3) that such sales be for the lands alone, and that such occupiers as have made permanent improvements on their leaseholds may have the option of removing the same, or of receiving therefor a valuation from the purchasers of said lands, the valuation to be determined in some equitable manner. Noble Widemann moved the petition be referred to the committee appointed at the

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THAT VERY DESIRABLE BUILDING LOT, situate on the mauka ride of Judd Street, between the late residence of the undersigned and the jane opposite the premises of the Rev. H. H. Parker.	L. LEWERS. P.J. LOWREY. C. N. COOKE LEWERS & COOKE, Successors to LEWERS & DICKNON,
123-1m 1200-11 JOHN H. PATY.	1168 Fort Street, Hopolulu. y



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and our present industrial system, notwithstanding its abuses, was far superior to that which the socialists proposed. The workmen could not rise unless they were intelligent, nor thrive unless they were temperate and thrifty. Loud applause followed the effort of this orator. Miss Lillian E. Lyman had the honor of uttering the valedictory, which she 'Lear's Daughters as Types of Character." Her reading was very superior in its sympathetic affinity with the sentiments drawn from the interesting theme. Valedictories are as a rule of a stereotyped cast. The one now delivered had the merit of saying what is expected to be said, in concise and elegant Terms of Service, \$30. feet rewarded the valedictorian. APPLY TO HAIKU PLANTATION. mendation, concluding with an assurance HAIKU, MAUL. of deep personal esteem in bidding them

acter of Kamehameha I."-was treated in the historical points very graphically while the delivery evinced highly promising oratorical talent. The Hawaiian conqueror's conduct in summarily disposing of his rival was compared with a similar episode in the career oi Napoleon Bonaparte many years later, showing that there was nothing to boast of in favor of the "civilized" warrior. Kamehameha's vigorous policy in promoting reforms was strongly and rapidly sketched, the speaker receiving appreciative plaudits as he sat down. Miss May E. Dillingham recited with histrionic excellence the class poem,

20.7 38.61 15.2 4.27 10.0 that, so far as could be judged on a first hearing, appeared to exhibit real bloom from the "divine afflatus." She resumed her seat amid applause and a 2.0 6.5 1.8 Another oration was now delivered by Mr. Levi C, Lyman, the subject being "The Power of Song" and its treatment lucid and philosophical. The develop-0,99 3.2 ment of music as a fine art was remarked its eminent composers having come to rank with the great masters in painting and sculpture. Music's influence as 6.9 0.26 a humanizing, and moral and religious stances, and the orator retired under a ANALYSIS OF JUICE; KEALIA, greeting of unstinted approval. Along JUNE 22, 1888. with the bouquets and wreaths bestowed FROM THE BATTERY upon all the graduates on concluding 14.8 per cent. Brix their parts, this young gentleman re-ceived a handsome beaver hat. Sugar Impurities, A trio-"The Flower Greeting," Curschman-by Mrs. Van Slyke, Misses Quo. purity FROM THE FILTER PRESS. Hessie J. Dickson and Jennie Grieve, Brix. Sugar

士 18

1.32 Impurities. Quo. purity. 91.1 Percentage sugar in exhaust-0.74 ed chips ...

The Leper Warning.

MR. EDITOR: I notice in your paper of this morning that some enterprising Washington correspondent, with the usual disregard for the facts, having access to the Consular correspondence in the Department, telegraphs to the press what purports to be the substance of a voluminous report I sent my Government on the subject of laprosy on the 28th day of April last. He makes my dispatch say that "a large number of persons afflicted with leprosy, or having leprous tendencies, emigrate to the United States yearly." What I did say, I copy from the dispatch book of this Consulate, as follows:

"While upon this subject, I submit that a larger number of emigrants with leprous tendencies go to the States than is supposed. It is impossible to give statistics, but cases are known. Foreigners who are suspicious that they are afflicted, if they can secure the means, universally leave the Islands before full development, to escape segregation on did in connection with an essay on the terrible Island of Death.

The principal purpose of my dispatch was to place in the hands of my Government an interesting and exhaustive history of the inoculated prisoner whose life was given to the doctors for experiment, given to me at my request by Dr. Mouritz, formerly at the leper settlement at Molokai. The history followed diction. A prolonged burst of applause and a heap of floral tributes laid at her the date of writing, giving his status at different periods, and a thorough an-Rev. W. C. Merritt, Principal, then alysis of his condition at that time, addressed the graduating class in earnest showing, in his opinion, that he un-words of parting counsel as well as com-doubtedly had all the evidences of leprosy. Respectfully,

J. H. PUTNAM.

special session on Crown Lands.

Noble Hitchcock said that committee had nothing to do with this House. They would report on matters referred to them last session

Rep. C. Brown moved it be referred to the Committee on Public Lands and Internal Improvements.

Rep. Kamauoha moved it be laid on the table, to be considered with the report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

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Noble Widemann said the petition seems to show that the Queen has sublet lands in that locality, but not on fixed tenures, and that the assessment of rents is made at pleasure. He moved it be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Rep. C. Brown supported the motion of Rep. Kamauolia. He did not think this is a matter for the House to consider. It is a case between the queen and her tenants. If the House has jurisdiction to interfere in this matter, it has power to interfere m any contract he may make with parties outside. The Crown lands estates are in a similar position with the Lunalilo estate or

the Mrs. Bishop estate. The business of the House is to make laws. Noble Widemann said it does not mat-

ter about the jurisdiction. The question is what to do with the petition. The House does not assume jurisdiction by consider-ing the case of a petitioner. Noble Young said, if the sole business of

the House is to make laws, as stated by the hon. member for Koolauloa, he, the speaker, had no business in it, for he knows nothing about law. He thought it the duty of the House to look into any matter that concerns the public interest. It is said that the lease by which Her Ma-jesty holds these lands is not legal. If not the House ought to look into it. He moved the petition be referred to a select commit-tee. This motion carried and a committee was appointed consisting of Nobles Castle, Baldwin and Hitchcock, and Reps. Paehaole and Rice.

Rep. Kamauoha presented a petition from residents of Kamanuwai, located in the rear of Kaumakapii Church, praying that \$ 00 be appropriated for the extension of Maunakea street to that locality. Re-ferred to the Minister of Interior.

Rep. Pachaole presented a petition from Honolulu, with 65 signatures, praying, (1) that no undue haste be exercised in sending light cases of leprosy to Kalawao and that light cases be not arrested, (2) that the doctor's treatment of patients at Kaka-ako be not confined to administering pills only, (3) that S. H. Meekapu be allowed

the use of the hospital to treat lepers. Minister Thurston said that pills are not the only medicine prescribed. The pills used are those recommended by Dr. Una and adopted by Dr. Emerson and Dr. Kim-ball, who find them about the best madicines used in the treatment of leprosy The petition was referred to the Sani tary Committee.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

Rep. Rice, for the Enrollment Committee, referred back the bill amending the act relating to married persons deserting each other. The bill is not divided into sections and is otherwise irregular. Noble Castle moved it be returned to the

introducer for correction. Carried.

Noble Hitchcock, on receiving the bill, asked what he night do with it. The bill had already passed first and second read-ings. He asked if he is to put anything he observe into it. pleases into it. Minister Thurston-The hon. Noble will

do what he pleases, report to the House, then the House will do what it pleases,

NOTICES OF NEW BILLS.

Rep. F. Brown gave notice of a bill: to amend Chapter XXVL, session laws of 1886, relating to the water supply, Minister Thurston gave notice of a bill: to regulate the manufacture of poi in the

city of Honelulu. - NEW BILLS.

Noble Castle read, a first time, a bill to provide for liens of mechanics and mate rin men.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888;



Rep. Kamsuoha read, a first time, a bill to repeal sections 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 394, 395 and 396 of the Civil Code, relating

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394, 385 and 386 of the Civil Code, relating to the konohiki hsheries. Rep. C. Brown moved the bill be re-jected. It is unconstitutional, as interfer-ing with vested rights and also as it is on two subjects. We may as well pass a bill to

Rep. Kamauoha did not agree with the hon, member who had just spoken. The law songht to be repealed is a relic of the old order of things. The proposed act takes no land from anyone. It simply makes the sea adjacent to the land free to the use of the public. The hon, member has no scruples about supporting meas-ures going for the Crown lands. He could not understand the hon, member's opposi-tion to this bill unless perhaps he is intertion to this bill unless perhaps he is inter-ested in some konohikis. The House has to look after public interests, but some members seem to be here only to look after their own interests.

their own interests. Rep. C. Brown said the hon. member, Kamanoha, did not appear to know what he was talking about. The people have a right to take and sell fish, except that be-lorging to the konohikis. The people have had "bese rights since the islands were known, and these rights were engrafted on laws existing from the oldest time and are

ple of the bill and requested that it be al-lowed to take its course. He had no re-gard for the vested rights of konohikis. He considered the vested rights of konohikis to be on the same basis as the vested rights of pirates and nothing else. The konohiki does not cause the lish to grow in the sea nor does he take care of them while grow-

ing. Noble Widemann said if the law is to be considered with a view to interfere with considered with a view to interfere with vested rights of the konohikis, it ought to be indefinitely postponed. He is no kono-hiki, but has regard to the rights of kono-hikis. The question of fishery rights is a vital question in other countries. The limited State. Evaluated Gauge and United States, England, Germany and France keep armed cruisers afloat to look after their fisheries.

of the bill as it stands, yet the subject is one of such importance that it needs examination, and ought to be referred to a committee. The law, as it stands, is susceptible of much abuse. Who is to fix the one-mile limit? 1 know from what 1 have heard many times that natives have been molested and driven away from the open sea probably outside of the one-mile limit. This alone justifies reference to a commit-tee, that they may report whether the law

Widemann, as to the three-mile limit, which has caused so much trouble. It is an international question, not one which can arise between the Government and a citizen, or between citizens of the same country. Yet the cause just there was the question as to where the three-mile limit might be. The whole theory of a private ownership in the ocean water, is opposed to that principle dear to the Anglo-Saxon heart that there can be no ownership in the floating waters of the deep or in the air overhead. By that law one who catches fish owns them; one who traps and holds the bird of the air is its owner, and no one can gainsay that right. If our island law can be adjusted to agree with

tor rejecting the bill, as he was of the opinion that it amounts simply to confiscation of private property. The House may go on, indefinitely, passing laws to interfere with vested rights, but such laws will not amount to a row of pins; they will be annulled whenever they come before the Supreme Court. Bills and peti-tions have been coming before the Legislature since 1850 on this question. No law can confiscate private property in fisheries without providing compensation therefor. Reference had been made to the proposed action of the House on the Crown Lands. The cases are entirely different. The one The cases are entirely different. The one takes public property and devotes it to special purposes; the other takes private property and converts it to public use. Minister Ashford said he proposed to vote against the rejection of this bill. There may be some who are not satisfied as the other state of knowhile. It as to the exact rights of konohikis. It would be as well to refer the matter to the Judiciary Committee, and let them report on it. Noble Townsend said the argument that the bill is unconstitutional is no argument against letting it take its course. That might be an argument against finally passing it. He conceded that it is unconstitutional in its present form. Minister Green wished to explain his vote on the rejection of the bill. I think we are all agreed that this bill cannot pass as it is presented; but I sympathize with those who would like to see the whole question discussed. It is now acknowledged in all civilized communities that the products of the sea, when properly worked and cared for, form an extremely valuable food supply, and it may be found to be for the best interest of this Kingdom to purchase whatever fishing rights the konohikis have, and make them free to all, subject, perhaps, to certain regulations. With this explanation, and in order to elicit further information on this important subject, 1 wote "no" on the motion to reject the bill. The vote for rejection of the bill was de-feated, on the following division: Ayes-Thurston, Bobinson, Dowsett, sr., Jaeger, Foster, Notley, Wall, Balley, Wide-mann, Makee, Dowsett, jr., C. Brown, Horner, Gay-14 Horner, Gay-14.
Noes-Green, Austin, Ashford, Young, Castle, Luhiau, Wight, Townsend, Hitch-cock, Baidwin, Richardson, G. N. Wilcox, Bertelmann, Hustace, Kalaukoa, Kaubi, F. Brown, Dencon, Kamai, Maguire, Kamauoha, Paris, Nawahine, Daniels, Hele-kunihi, Kawainui, A. S. Wilcox, Rice, Nakalika, Paehaole-30. Horner, Gay-14.

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Rep. C. Brown verbally asked the Minister of Finance when the appropriation bill is coming?

tee should fall to report for four or six weeks, it would be unfair to members who have other business to attend to, to be obliged to wait for it.

The House reassembled at one o'clock, Noble Smith presiding pro tem.

Minister Thurston read, a first time, a bill to regulate the manufacture of poi in the city of Honolulu.

Minister Thurston, to whom was referred the petition for an electric light at Kakaako and repairs on lower Punchbowl street, said that the cost of improvements asked for had been estimated and items would be inserted in the appropriation till with a view to providing for them.

by Noble Castle, said he had presented to His Majesty, for approval, five bills passed by the house.

Copyright-Third reading of the bill to provide for the registration of copyrights. Minister Austin detected an error in the engrossed bill, and moved it be referred back to the enrollment committee, for correction. Carried.

MITERDAY TIME 96 1000 HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

The Legislative Assembly.

commend the petition be referred to the Minister of Interior for investigation Adopted

The same Noble read a report of th Committee on Foreign Affairs on the Pacels Post bill, recommending an amen-ment, and, with it, that the bill pass.

The report was adopted and the bi passed to engrossment, to be read a thir time on Saturday. The same Noble presented the report of

the Committee on Foreign Affairs, on the Chinese return permits bill, recommenc-ing an amendment, and, with it, that the bill pass. Laid on the table, to be con-sidered with the bill. Noble Hitchcock read the following re-

port on the bill submitted to him on Mon day, entitled an Act to prevent married ersons from deserting one another: After a long and searching investigation

into the causes which have led the En grossing Committee into so much difficulty, perplexity, trouble and "pilikia the only solution supposable arrived at was

That the said committee consists of married men, or those hoping to be so.

That they had spent many long hours of intense study, and many sleepless nights of restless thought in striving to solve the problem of what a poor married man could do, if perchance from an overdose of cocaine, or any other cause, he should oversleep himself some morning, and awake at last to hnd that the wife of his som had wickedly, and with malice, de-serted his bed, and at that time was hold ing a morning gossip with some neighbor's wite. And, in view of the horrors of such a desertion, he would be unable to invoke the sturdy arm of the law and consign the culprit to a felon's cell.

In view of this state of affairs, the undersigned feels that something ought to b don (in the premises, but what changes the said committee desired in said act were only discovered after an exhaustive interview with said committee, and found to be that the act was not divided into

Therefore in order to bring peace and quiet to the manly hearts of said committee, the andersigned would recommend to this honorable House the following amendments: first, that immediately after the enacting clause and before the words, "that Chapter LVL," etc., the words section 1 be inserted; that the words section 2 be inserted before the words "this act shall take effect," etc.

I would further recommend that with these important amendments, the act be referred back to the Engrossing Committee for engrossment, with the thanks of this House to said committee for the great care and laborious research which enabled them to discover that such amendments were needed. (Signed) D. H. Hitchcock.

RESOLUTION

Noble Castle moved the following : Whereas, In view of the constitutional provision, whereby bills may become law without the royal assent atter the large of ten days from the time such bills have been presented to him for signature, without the same being returned to the Legislature, and it is important that a regular record should be kept of such matters;

therefore be it Resolved, That the Ministry are hereby requested to report in writing to the Legis-lature within twenty-four hours after presentation of bills for signature, such report

to set forth the title and number of each bill and the date of presentation of the

same to His Majesty, and also That the Clerk of the Legislature shall enter such report in the journal of the Legislature and file the same with the records. Adopted.

NOTICES OF NEW BILLS.

Minister Austin gave notice of a bill : to authoirze the Hawaiian Government to contract for the construction of inter-island submarine electric telegraph cables. to relieve the royal domain from encumbrances and to render the same inalien-

that it is impossible for him to become a Chinaman. He is not in favor of too many Chinase, but he is in favor of dealing justly with them. A Chinese merchant might be detained beyond his permit time. Some of them have families in this country, and it would be wrong to exclude them forever from returning. He moved an amend-ment which be afterwards withdrew.

Noble Widermann was pleased to see that, for once, Noble Young and himself were on the same side, but he had an amendment to offer which was better than that of the hon. Noble who had just spoken, Every one, not Hawaiian born, has just as much right to be thankful for liberty to stay in the country as the Chinese have, We may wish to stop too many of them coming, but we ought to be just to those coming, out we ought to be just to broke here. If a law can be passed to prevent a Chinese merchant, after a year's absence, from returning, he does not see why a from returning, he does not see why a similar law should not be passed against any of us. Let us be just as far as circum-

stances will permit. Rep. C. Brown called the attention of the House to the second greatest industry of the country which is wholly carried on by Some of the Chinese here are married to Hawaiians. The effect of this | tions of the House. section might be to separate families. Let us treat Chinese as we would treat other

people, with justice. Noble Baldwin had signed the report of the committee without looking closely into Perhaps the object of this bill is to keep Chinese from going away. It is proper that ministers, teachers and merchants be allowed sufficient time to go back and forth. According to the amendment offered, it will be left wholly to the Minister of For-eign Affairs whether any extension beyond one year can be granted. He thought the limit ought to be two years. We ought not to be too hasty in dealing with this We ought

Rep. Nakaleka held that the proposed legislation is unconstitutional. It would be in accordance with the constitution if it said "any person" instead of Chinese. There is no use in the House taking up time passing unconstitutional laws. The whole object of this law is that some people are jealous of the Chinese. Because the Chinese are getting ahead of them, they want to shut them out of the country.

Minister Thurston said that some members seemed to misapprehend the intent of this section. Sections 6 and 7 of the Act of 1887 provide explicitly enough for the of 1857 provide explicitly enough for the return of merchants, ministers, teachers and others there specified. On abstract principles it is not just to legislate against any race. But it is found to be indispensable in other countries to check Chinese immi-gration. Self preservation demands it. ire and water are good servants but bad masters. The same may be said of Chi-nese. The idea of freedom and equality in America is invaded by this class legislation. The laws of self-preservation have forced the United States, the Australasian Colonies and other countries into restric-tive laws against Chinese. The experience of San Francisco is that if there are any loopholes in the law, the Chinese will get through them. Any loopholes we leave, addition to sections 6 and 7 of the law o: 387 will be endangering our own safety Minister Ashtord said this is not a restrictive Act. It is simply an Act limiting the terms of passports. The present law limits Chinese immigration to 300 per quarter. The number of permits out and

an estimate of the probable number of arrivals under return permits can be utilzed in regulating other arrivals. On the "question" being put, it was found that six motions and amendments had accumulated: (1) by Noble Water-house, to pass as in the bill; (2) by Noble Wider-Widemann, to add a clause giving discre-tionary power to the Minister of Foreign Affairs; (3) by Minister Thurston, of simi-lar import; (4) by Noble Baldwin, to refer to a select committee of five; (5) by Rep.

Nakaleka, to indefinitely postpone; (6) by Rep. Kamauoha, to refer to a committee of seven. Of the foregoing, Noble Wide-mann's amendment was adopted, the sec-

That all permits hereafter issued to Chinese to enter the Kingdom, shall state Noble Hitchcock gave notice of a bill to amend section 6 of an act entitled "An Act from the date of issue during which such permits may be used, and no permit shall be held to extend permission to Chinese to

sulted the Postmaster General and he of tered no objections to the proposed : pointment. There is a large number pointment. There is a large number people at Wailau; it is important that the have regular communication with oth parts of the Kingdom; orders from th leper settlement for poi go through the post office at Pukoo which sometimes h to reach their destination in due time o ing to the want of a mail carrier. committee therefore recommend that the prayer of the petition be granted.

Minister Thurston wanted to know he the House is going to appoint a mail ca rier. This is the same kind of business kept coming up at the special session, which the hon, member for Molokai way ed to take the charge of lepers out of the hands of the Board of Health. If the that effect. The Postmaster General making the best arrangements practicabl with the funds at his disposal, to provid the public with mail facilities.

Noble Castle moved to refer the repo back to committee to get all the fac They had not complied with the instru The chair ruled that the report was

Minister Thurston said that to adopt th

report would make the proceedings unpa hamentary. It is directing a certain cour be taken in matters of detail that pe in solely to the executive department. Rep. Pachaole said this is no interference with the functions of the executive. The people have the right of petition. The Minister of Interior seems to be this skinned, he does not want the House

touch him. Noble Widemann wanted to know wh members are here for if not to interfe with the executive and control them. The adoption of this report does not bind the House to pass the appropriation for the

mail carrier. Minister Thurston said the hon. Nob Widemann seems to have started out of his usual morning employment, whethin his teeth on the Minister of Interio While the House has the right to wipe of the Cabinet or the Minister of Interior, has no right to tell him that he shall blac his boots; it has no right to go into h office and say he shall buy a bottle of in or appoint a mail carrier. It is impossible for the House to carry out the detail of a department. The government officer must do that. If the House finds that the government is not attending to their busi-ness satisfactorily, when them out.

Noble Widemann said if the House wou pass a recommendation that a mail carrie be appointed, the Minister would do cheeriully. God forbid that he should ant to whet his teeth on the Minister Interior.

The report was laid on the table. Noble Castle reported for a majority the select committee on the bill relating security for costs in civil cases, submitting an amendment, with which they recom-mend that the bill pass; also, for the min ority of the same committee, recommend ing a different amendment. Laid on the ble to be considered with the bill. Rep. C. Brown asked an extension of

time for the select committee on the bill relating to pounds, estrays, etc. Rep. Kinney made a similar request for the committee appointed to visit Kakaako Rep. Pachaole asked further time for the ammittee on the bill relating to terms of ne Second Judicial Circuit.

All three requests were granted. RESOLUTION.

Rep. C. Brown moved the following: Be it resolved that the Minister of Fi-nance furnish the House with the Appropriation Bill for the coming biennial period in order that the House may proceed to consider the same.

It had been the custom formerly to pre-sent the Appropriation Bill early in the session. Ministers have no power to draw money from the treasury after the 30th of June. The Ministers ought to aid in ex-pediting business. The Appropriation Bill is the most important of the session, and members ought to have a chance to examine it. The report of the Minister of Finance presented on the first day of the session is not the "budget" demanded in Article 43 of the Constitution.

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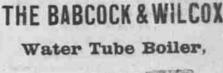
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Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Murchandise, Machinery and Furn-iture on favorable terms. A. JAEGER '162 1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

-OF DRESDEN-

NEW BILLS.

Rep. Kinney read, a first time, a bill to amend the Constitution by adding a new article, numbered 47 A, relating to Chi-

Dese Rep. Nakaleka read, a first time, a bill to amend Section 1,477 of the Civil Code. Noble Townsend read, a first time, a bill to amend Section 67, Chapter XLIII. laws of 1882, relating to internal taxes.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Copyrights .- Third reading of: An Act ide for the registration of copyrights. Passed.

Property of Married Women.-Third reading of: An Act relating to the property and rights of Married Women

The House took the usual noon recess.

Afternoon.

The House re-assembled at 1:17 p. m. Noble Smith in the chair.

Suits By or Against the Government-Third reading of: An Act to provide for the bringing of suits by or against the Hawaiian Government.

Minister Ashford said some new points had been suggested and moved the bill be referred again to the Judiciary Committee. Carried.

Parcels Post-Second reading of the parcels post bill is disposed of under the head of "reports of committees."

Chinese Permits-Second reading of the bill: to regulate permits for Chinese to enter the Kingdom, with the report of the committee thereon.

In the first section, providing that no return passports issued prior to March 1, 1888 shall be available for Chinese to enter the Kingdom after October 1, 1888, the minitee recommend the last named date to be changed to July 1, 1889.

Minister Austin said it is probable that most of the permits specified have been used. He moved a change in the date to March 1, 1889. Rep. C. Brown favored the adoption of

the date recommended by the committee. The House ought to deal justly with the Chinese. The section was amended, so as to read:

That no permit for any Chinese to enter the Kingdom issued prior to March 1, 1888, shall be held to extend permission to such Chinese to enter the Kingdom after the first day of July, 1889.

Section 2, providing that permits here-after issued shall cease to be valid at the expiration of one year from the date of

issue, provoked a lengthy debate. Rep. Brown said the section makes no provision for cases of sickness or other unvoidable detention of the holders of permits. While the government accepts taxes from Chinese, it ought to treat them with some degree of fairness.

Minister Ashford said he is no sand lotter nor a member of the Anti-Chinese Society ; but it is a question whether the possibl hardships that might result from the oper-ation of this section would be worse than leaving the door too wide open for further influxes of Chinese. If any attempt is made to discriminate in favor of Chinese merchants going and returning in the course of business, every applicant will become a merchant forthwith.

Noble Foster was of a mind to bring in an amendment to make the return period six months, but as he finds the house dis-posed to be lenient towards the Chinese, he could support the section as in the bull. Chinese taxpayers had been spoken of, but there were many other taxpayers in the Kingdom to be considered as well. He would say it was a large privilege accorded

enter the Kingdom after the expiration of the time so stated, provided that the Minster of Foreign Affairs, in his discretion. by and with the consent of the Cabinet may, in exceptional cases, extend the time herein stipulated.

The third section of this act shall take effect from and after the date of its approval, passed

Minister Ashford moved to amend the title to: An Act to limit the time within which permits for Chinese to enter, the Kingdom may be used. Adopted. The bill passed to engrossment to be rend a third time on Saturday next. Private Ways and Water Rights-Secd reading of the bill to amend commis-

ioners of private ways and water rights act. Referred back to Judiciary Committee to insert the full text of section 4 of the act as proposed to be aniended. RESOLUTION.

Noble Castle moved a resolution providing that the signature of acts by the acting President, be accompanied by a certificate of the Clerk that the acting President was duly elected as such. Carried.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

Minister Austin reported, by title and number, six bills laid before the King for pproval, on the 16th inst. Noble Castle, for Noble Smith, gave noice of an amendment to No. 85 of Rules of

Procedure A letter from Noble Dole, asking further leave of absence for one week, was read

and the request granted. Noble Young asked leave of absence until Monday next, which was granted, Adjourned to 10 o'clock Wednesday

morning.

Nineteenth Day.

WEDNESDAY, June 20.

The House met at 10 o'clock, Noble Smith was elected President pro tem. The Chair announced that the condition of the President, this morning, is reported to be improving. Minutes of previous day's an session were read, amended and confirmed. PETITIONS.

Rep. Hustace presented a petition from Alten & Robinson for a refund of taxes paid twice on \$3,648. Referred to committhe matter of double taxation.

Rep. Paehaole presented a petition from 54 taxpayers in Honolulu, praying that a law be enacted making the kenobiki fisheries free to all the people except Chinese. Laid on the table, to be considered with the bill on the same subject.

Rep. Kamauoha presented a petition from Makawao, Maui, praying (1) that a leper hospital be erected in each district of the way to hold on to the purse strings the Kingdom ; (2) that persons afflicted with leprosy be allowed to remain in the hospitals of their respective districts, be taken care of by their friends, and that good doctors be appointed in charge of suid hospitals. Laid on the table to be considered with the bill on the subject. REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

F. Brown reported two bills

printed. Rep. C. Brown read the report of the Judiciary Committee on the bill relating to agents to take acknowledgments, etc. and submitted a new bill. The report was accepted, and the new bill read a first time. Rep. Pachaole read the report of the

Bep.

the Chinese to allow them to remain in the country at all. Noble Young was clud he had not hair enough left on his head to form a cue, so

Noble Castle read from a dictionary the definition of "budget," which, among other meanings fis "a statement of finances," and

inned that the Minister's report answers the definition and the House may be very well satisfied with it until the Appropriation Bill is brought forward.

Minister Green said if the report presented by him on the first day of the ses-sion was not a budget, he does not know what a budget is. It reported not only expenditures for the past two years but also the probable requirements of the next period. It goes more into particulars than any similar report ever did before. It gives account of the general revenues and expenditures of Government and also a list of the improvements proposed to be provided for and their estimated cost. It is virtually an appropriation bill, more so than ever presented before, in the same manner. Under any circumstances the Appropriation Bill will be brought in very shortly

Rep. Pachaole was in tavor of the Appropriation Bull being brought in early. Rep. C. Brown said if the Minister's re-port is a budget, what does the Minister call the document described in section 470 of the Civil Code?

Rep. Kinney said: The introducer of this resolution says it is intended as an ex-pression of sentiment by the House that the Appropriation Bill should now be be-If so, as a member, I wish to say fore it. I certainly do not desire to get through with the Appropriation Bill or that it should pass out of our hands until we know the fate-of government measures passed by us. We want to know what we are going to get in return for the Appropriation Bill. How I, individually, will vote on the Ap-propriation Bill, will depend on what gov

rnment measures become law. Rep. Brown: I wish to know if the nember intends his remarks for a threat and if so to whom.

Rep. Kinney, continuing: If the hon, member means by threat, idle talk, that a man will do this or that, when he does not intend what he says, then most decidedly meant no threat, for what I said I intend most certainly to carry out and to back it up whether or no. If by threat he means an offensive assertion of what one intends to do about a matter that does not concern him, then most certainly 1 meant no threat; but if the hon, member means to challenge my constitutional privilege as a represen tative, to state what I shall do in reference to the supply bill, upon which we and we alone are called to vote then I would refer tee appointed, 7th instant, to examine into the hon, member to the alphabet of the constitutional history of his own country England, where parliaments a thousand times have saved to the people their rights by the exercise of the privilege I claim, to wit, the withholding of supplies until the Throne deals justly by the people. Noble Widemann warned the House some years ago to hold on to the purse strings. He would repeat the same warning now. To carry out this idea, he would consider the Appropriation bill; leaving the Ministers' salaries to the last. That is

The resolution, on being put, was defeated. NOTICE OF NEW BILL.

Rep. F. B own gave notice of a bill: to regulate the receipt, storage and delivery of ales, wines and spirits in bonded ware-houses in this Kingdom. NEW BILLS.

Rep. Paehaole read, a first time, a bill to amend Section 1.068 of the Civil Code, re-lating to practitioners in courts. The substitute bill, relating to agents to take acknowledgments, etc., submitted by the Judiciary Committee, is referred to under the head of "reports of commit-

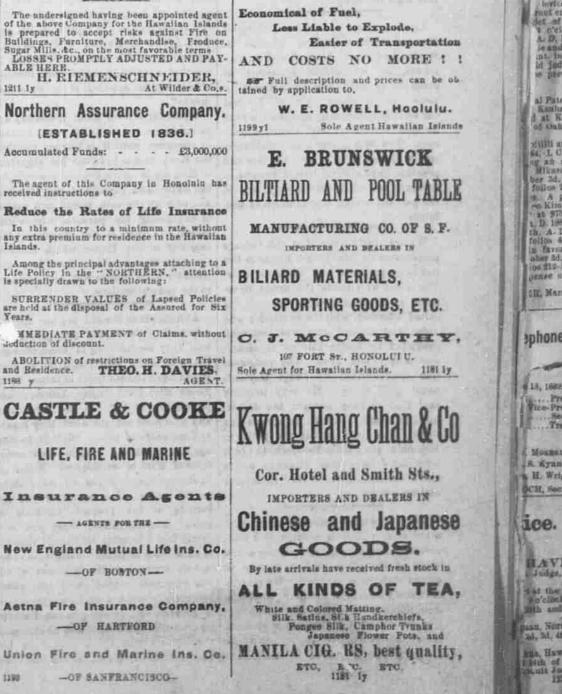
AMENDARYT OF BULLS. Noble Castle read the smendment to bor, against loss of a second the smendment to favorable terms, favorable terms, favorable terms, the terms to be terms. [Continued on page 6.]

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-OF SANFRANCISCO-

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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888.

Bn Authority.



sale of Lease

On THURSDAY, the 26th day of July 1888, at the front entrance of Alijolaui Hale will be sold at Public Auction, the lease of the storeroom, lower story of the Government Light House at Lahaina Landing, Maui,

Term of Lease 5 years Upset price \$80 per annum, payable annually in advance.

(Signed) L. A. THURSTON, Minister of the Interior Interior Office, June 21, 1888. 1224-td

Sale of Government Land.

On THURSDAY, July 19, 1888, at 12 o'clock' noon, will be sold at Public Auction, at the front entrance of Alijolani Hale, two certain pieces of Government Land in Kapohe, Puna, Hawaii, called Kaniahiku:

1-Containing an area of 17.92-100 acres. upset price, \$30.

2-Containing an area of 1 42-100 acres; upset price, \$20. LORRIN A. THURSTON. Minister of Interior. Interior Office, June 16, 1888.

19-St 1923-td

FINANCE DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF CUSTOMS. Hosottur, June 20, 1888

The following appointments have been made at the Bureau of Customs, vir:

F. Turrill. Port Surveyor, for the Port of Honolulu, vice G. Markham, resigned. J. Good, jr., Assistant Port Surveyor,

vice A. Gilfillan, resigned.

O. K. Stillman, Second Statistical Clerk. vice R. N. Mossman, resigned.

C. E. Coville, Second Entry Clerk, vice O. K. Stillman, promoted.

J. B. Gibson, Third Statistical Clerk, vice G. W. Nawaakoa, resigned.

F. B. McStocker, Assistant Storekeeper, vice G. W. Miles, resigned. disputably correct. The appointments taking effect as of May

21, 1888.

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A S CLEGHORN Collector-General. " Approved : W. L. GREEN.

Minister of Finance. 22-3t 1224-2t

H. R. HITCHCOCK, 2d, has this day been appointed a member of the Board of Inspectors of Animals for the Island of bills, almost unanimous. The oppor-Huwafi, vice C. N. Arnold, resigned. tunity thus presented of putting the elec-The Board now consists of: tions, the administration, the policy of James W. Colville Charles E. Richardson. H. R. Hitchcock, 2d. Executive Inspector. A. THURSTON.

On the contrary, we solicit public dis- notions and wishes have not been alcussion, conducted in a candid spirit, and always endeavor to find space for a wilful mischief brewers), are ignorant of political opponent. It is a very absurd the history and meaning of constitutional practice more or less prevalent here, for development and civil liberty, or they correspondents to badger each other in would forego all petty considerations for the columns of rival newspapers, thus the grander views and possibilities. forcing public journals into a windy They would prefer a healthy state. altercation, whether they will or no.

language, the result of Mr. Bishop's

clever interpretation of signs unconsci-

ously given him by the subject, we im-

agine that the scientific curiosity of most

persons in Honolulu is entirely satisfied.

Dr. Carpenter was, and his books still

remain, very high authority in all ques-

tions of physiological psychology, and

since he, after witnessing Mr. Bishop's

experiments, seems to have been convinc-

ed that they furnished no proof of any

actual thought transferrence, it is improb-

THE Washington dispatch referred to

by Mr. Putnam, U. S. Consul-General.

was clipped from the San Francisco

Call, to which it was special and copy-

righted. As we had been informed of

its existence as far back as the day the

last foreign mail arrived, and the Call

being one of the papers most generally

sold here, it was never dreamed that the

publication in these columns would

prove a surprise to the Consul-General.

Mr. Putnam's actual communication to

his Government is quite different from

the version given by the correspondent,

and it is to be hoped that the latter will

not be very widely copied in the United

States, as the erroneous information

might do this country much harm.

Under the impression that the corre-

spondent wrote by the text, we believed

that the Consul-General must have had

uted to him; but everybody here is well

aware that what he now shows he did

communicate to his Government is in-

The importance of passing during the

present Legislature the new election bill

and all bills, which, like that, contem-

plate thorough-going and important re-

forms, cannot be too strongly-urged.

We may never have as good a Legisla-

ture as this again. It is very likely we

will never have just such another. The

House thus far has been, on the best

facts to support the statement attrib-

remain of a different opinion.

healthy in its forms and methods, although not free from many faults and Now that Dr. Carpenter's authority shortcomings whether due to inexperhas come out so unequivocally in favor ience or lack of judgment, to a state in of the theory which Mr. Scott and many which no amount of good judgment or others in Honolulu have held in regard to experience could avail to stay its down-Mr. W. I. Bishop's performances, that ward course. they are, to quote Dr. Carpenter's own

THE old difficulty of an excess of silver cein still exists, it is only kept from activity by-the large deposits in the treasury and in Spreckels' and Bishop's banks. There is no other mode of removing the difficulty immediately than by melting up the surplus silver and replacing it with gold goin. The cost of this, for say \$300,000, would probably be \$60,000; but perhaps the permanent benefit of that outlay would be inestimable that many persons in Honolulu will able more than equal the outlay.

Once let sugar become unprofitableand who can say in what year that may not occur, and money must be sent abroad to pay for our imports (until people stop buying more than they sell). If our currency shall then be U.S. gold, with no more silver than is required and actually used in circulation, there will be no trouble, for exchange could not exceed about one per cent, the cost of sending gold coin. But if we shall then have our present surplus of silver coin, which is useless (except at twenty per cent. discount) for paying foreign debts, it will take but a short time to cause gold to disappear from circulation, or command not less than twenty per cent. premium. Small retailers and large importers will then find themselves swamped. The loss of profits and revenues from the failure of a remunerative sugar market would be nothing to the ruin and distress which would come from such a currency.

THE bill which has been brought before the Legislature, making the issue of paper money by any private party or corporation a penal offense, does not provide for such legislation as seems to be called for. The bill has but one section which we quote in full:

"Section 1. Any person, corporation or company of persons, who shall issue or pass any note, bill, order, check or certificate of deposit, payable to bearer in any sum of money, with intent that the same shall be circulated as cur. rency, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and shall for every offense be punished by a fine of fifty dollars "

the country, on as sound, rational, and That Government alone should be election laws of the country has been honest a basis as is possible, is simply authorized to issue paper money will the tax receipt system, or the practice of be admitted by every unbiased person too invaluable to be lost. Our Legislatures hitherto have been as a rule not as sound policy for us, in our present even intelligent. Their lack of sense condition and circumstances. What is required, then, is a law making provision for the issue by the Government of treasury notes of the denomination of twenty, fifty, and one hundred dollars, secured by gold or silver deposits in the treasury, and payable to bearer on presentation. It is not necessary that treasury notes be payable in gold; silver will probably answer just as well, at least for the present, and the amount issued will be governed solely by the surplus of silver there may be in the country. The main object is, to have a medium less cumbersome than silver-in other words the paper money would be issued for the the abolition of the tax receipt fraud. convenience of the business of the country, and whenever silver coins become scarce, they can be withdrawn from the treasury by whoever wants them, on surrender of treasury notes to the same amount. There can be no question but that our present silver and gold currency is the best we have had for forty years past. Formerly coins from every country drifted here, making a mixture of good and debased money which was attended with constant loss to every one. Now, Hawaiian silver and American gold and silver, being the only legal coins, we have a currency which cannot be improved on, except as indicated, by the sons from the opposing parties. When issue of Government paper, to serve the there are only two parties in the field, convenience of the business interests of the country. That Government alone should be the sole issuer of paper money is evident for two reasons-as being the most reliable security for final redemption of the notes, and as the only one entitled to all profits arising from their loss or destruction, which amounts to at least one per cent. per annum of the total amount issued. For these reasons, we trust that if any action is taken by

pally occupied with the draft of the law

England and the United States, notably lowed sufficient consideration. The lat- as to the penal part, from the English ter class, as a rule (not including the | Corrupt Practices Act, the provisions being occasionally modified to suit local

conditions. It embodies many of the reforms in this line which have been urged upon the Legislature of New York by the New York Nation.

No one doubts the necessity of a law like this. While we are and were in our elections, not particularly worse than the rest of the world, it is yet true that the ballot was subject here to some very virulent abuses. A corrupt ballot is the chronic disease of free government, a disease which with us was the more intolerable because there was hardly even the pretence that we were free. This bill is calculated in our opinion to facilitate honest voting certainly, and perhaps to make fraud altogether impossible. We cannot begin to enumerate and fully amplify the various reforms embodied in the Act, but must content ourselves with a reference to the most salient.

One of the most important features of the bill is that it redistributes the representatives according to population. The old distribution had become simply ridiculous. Honolulu, for instance, sent one representative for about every four thousand of population, while Lahaina and Kaanapali sent one for every seven hundred. The number of representatives is reduced from 28 to 24, one superfluous one being taken from Hawaii, and three from Maui, Molokai and Lanai. The number from Oahu and Kauai remains, the same, with the difference on this island that five are elected from Honolulu and three from the outer districts, instead of, as formerly, four from each

Other features of the bill are: the division of Honolulu, Hilo and Wailuku into districts, each electing a single representative ;--- it is supposed this will tend to bring about that grand desideratum of republican government, minority representation-; second, the abolition of the tax receipt system with its consequential frauds; the provisions for secret voting by which the briber is cheated of his market; the abolition of the old system of inspection, and substitution of one better calculated to secure the desired results; the record system which makes a thorough investigation possible whenever there is a contested election, finally and generally the severe and thoroughgoing provisions against bribery. There are a number of other useful features of the bill some of which, among

those already alluded to, will be considered later in detail. There are also probably some things which will call for amendment or revision.

ONE of the worst abuses in the present

the purchase of votes.

The foregoing brings us naturally to another of the new provisions of the bill, viz., the printing of all ballots by the Government. The ballots are to be printed like receipts in a book with a stub, all of a uniform size, of course, and with the names of all the candidates printed seriatim. The ballots and stubs are numbered, and before delivery of a ballot to a voter the inspector signs his name on the back, and makes a cross opposite the voter's name on the voting list, transferring at the same time to the stub the number of his name on the list. The result of this is, not that the inspectors know for whom a particular person votes, but that in case of a disputed election, there will be an exact record which may be examined for any evidences of fraud. As soon as the vote has been counted the ballots are all put in a sealed package and sent to the Minister of the Interior by whom they are preserved. If an election is disputed the candidate who complains of an illegal election is not left to the mercies of a House, the majority of which may subscribe to a political creed the opposite of his own; he may institute proceedings in the Supreme Court, which is empowered by the Act to try and determine questions as to the legality of elections and to vitiate the same, if necessary.

The Act further makes a ruthless attack upon corrupt proceedings of all kinds. Not merely is it provided that the ballots shall be printed at government cost, but the expenses which a candidate may incur in his canvass are stringently limited to the strict necessities of the case. The system of buying half the votes of the district under the shallow pretence of hiring lunas, is abolished in toto. The candidate is bound to furnish a sworn itemized statement of his expenditure to the Minister of the Interior within ten days after the election. All undue attempts to influence votes directly or indirectly, whether by gifts, loans, threats, promises, or feasts, are made penal, and when the candidate is concerned in them, either personally or by his agent, not only is his election vitiated thereby, but he is made ineligible for re-election for four years thereafter, as well as liable to fine and imprisonment.

Such are some of the leading provisions of this Act. We have only been able to touch upon the subject in a very cursory manner because the public patience has a very palpable limit. It will readily be seen that the bill is a complete revision and reconstruction of the electoral system of the country. It renovates it from the foundation, as completely as the cask of which everyrequiring every voter to exhibit his tax thing had been renewed except the bungreceipt at the polls before being admit. hole. In the same manner the bill

may be expected to spend less money in shipwrecked sailors "argued out" the delicate question: "Which of us goes to the kittle?"

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

NOBLE WATERHOUSE has introduced a very surprising bill against the use of commercial paper as a circulating medium. Laying aside the fact that the wording of the bill is such as to make the prohibition apply to paper with which the honorable Noble probably does not wish to interfere, it may be well to inquire into the working of the main principle involved. The introducer of the bill probably remembers the crisis of 1879, and the important part played by paper in tiding the business interests of the country over a disastrous period. No one was obliged to receive Messrs. Hackfeld's paper, nor that of Bishop & Co. Yet people did generally accept it; and the country is better off to-day because they did so. Has any one ever lost a cent by the Hackfeld, the Bishop or the Spreckels currency? If the country and its business interests were again put on the basis of 1879, what remedy does the bill propose in the place of the one which it prohibits? None whatever. It simply prohibits an expedient which saved the country and its interests from greater disaster, in one of its greatest crisis, It may be said, and very justly so, that paper currency as a regular source of income ought to belong to the Government. But in what way will the bill now before the Legislature turn any revenue into the public treasury? It only destroys what might be improved, without putting anything into its place. * * *

Legal Advertisements

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF the Third Audicial Circuit of the Hawailan Kingdom. Kainkaua: By the grace of God, of the Hawa-

lian Islands, King: To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy in the Third Judicial Circlut-Greeting:

in the Third Judicial Circlut-Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon WIL-LIAM EDWARDS defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hercof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court as the May Term thereof, to be holden at the Court Room of the Court House at Hilo, in the Island of Hawall on THURS-DAY, the 4th day of May next, at 9 o'clock a.m., o show cause why the cloim of Wars Ass. DAY, the 4th day of May next at 9 o'clock a.m., to show cause why the claim of Mary Ann Ed-wards pishtiff, should not be awarded her pur-suant to the tenor of the annexed petition. And have you then there this Writ, with full re-turn of your proceeding thereas turn of your proceeding thereon.

Witness, HON A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of our supreme Court, at Hilo, this 12th day of December, A. D. 1887.

DANIEL PORTER. Ulerk of Circuit Con

A dilligent search having been made on the within mentioned William Edwards but he could not be found as he left this Kingdom some three years ago. And I hereby return this summons and peti-

tion not served, this 5d day of January A. D. 1888. JOHN LOTA KAULUKOU, Marshalf

Marshey I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the Summons in said cause and the re-turn of the Marshai therein, and that said Court at the May Term, 1888. Ordered that the case stand continued until the next November Term, Waimea, Hawsii. And that an attested copy of said Summons be published as required by law.

Witness my hand and the seal of said [SEAL]

Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, June 4, 1888. 1222-3t

HawaiianGazette EST MODUS IN REBUS TUESDAY, : : JUNE 26, 1888.

The interesting series of experiments in Saturday night's entertainment simply goes to confirm the opinion already expressed in this journal that there is no thought transference involved, or anything but the interpretation of signs unconsciously furnished by the subject operated upon. We imagine this is the conclusion arrived at by most careful observers in the audience, and, as we intimated last week, it is confirmed by very high authority.

Monday week, that Hon. Samuel G. Wilder had been attacked with sudden illness, of so serious a nature as probably to unfit him for business for some time to come. Mr. Wilder has our heartiest sympathy and best wishes for speely recovery and return to business. Few men in our little community can be spared so ill as he. His face and presence have always been a promise of energetic and useful public work, and in the past his record shows much of usefulness.

WE are glad to see that the outrage perpetrated on Mr. Tinker by the police has been punished as it deserved to be. The officer who made the arrest, or assault, as it should more properly be called, together with the bystander who aided and abetted him, was last week convicted by Judge Dayton of assault and battery, and fined. The judgment was characterized by Judge Dayton's usual good sense. He very properly said that nothing brought the department into such discredit as arrests like these. The truth is that the police in Honolulu are a little too fresh, to rut it age, are quick and loud in their asserwith more force than elegance, and a tions of want of confidence. Better go check like the present is very wholesome back, say they, to the old ways, these and nece-sary.

munication which is written in a tem- surely find a longing for the old absence perate and reasonable tone, whether the of conscience in public matters, in order views of the correspondent happen to to help forward selfish schemes which accord with our own or not. We reserve the schemers cannot carry into effect of course the right of excluding anything successfully under a parliamentary form from publication, but wish it emphatic- of government; or else you can discover ally understood that we never make a its origin, in the conceit and weakness of mere difference of opinion, on politics or the carpers who think they have not the Married Women's Property Act, they are absolutely without guarantee

has been even worse than their lack of honesty. Having succeeded at last in electing a body composed with a few exceptions of intelligent men, we are squandering golden moments if we do not use them to make the laws and government of the country the work of intelligence. Let us make this layer of golden eggs lay a good many before the moment of dissolution.

WHY not bring up the Appropriation Bill and have done with it, is the question which the various representatives of absolutism now ask. Why, indeed! Since the day of Richard II. who tried to folow out the former royal practice of deferring answers to petitions for redress of grievances until the last day of the ession of parliament, there has been no excuse for ignorance of the constitutional method of requiring royal assent to pop-

ular demands, formulated in acts of parliament, by postponing supplies until THE community heard with regret the assent comes. Is it possible that any wise friend of Hawaii wishes to see a legislature which can ignore or fear to use that ancient constitutional method of securing the approval of its own enactments?

Whatever is done about necessary appropriations, the civil list must remain in abeyance until it is learned whether the King means to refuse his signature to laws made by the Legislature with the full advice and consent of the Cabinet. and to work the veto power as a means of expressing his personal wishes and

power. If that is the intention, the majority of the House which controls the purse-strings, if not the vetoes, will consider what course will best conduce to the general welfare.

ADHERENTS of the old regime are not reformed by the recent changes in Hawall, they see nothing in these changes but evil, and if they could do so, they would have the old order of things back. Those who from selfish reasons made professions of faith in the revolution, and who have not got what they regard as their share of public office or patronare no better! But wherever you see

ground

carping at the present methods of THE ADVERTISER welcomes every com- public administration, there you will

ted to vote. The consequence has been that whoever controlled the tax receipts controlled the vote; and it was a common practice to get possession of them on the pretence of "taking care of them." by direct purchase or otherwise, and then only giving them up, accompanied with the ballot, at the very polls themselves. The bill now before the House makes payment of taxes necessary before the voter's name is put on the voting list. It follows that whatever is done with the receipt before, when the name is once on the list, the voter can do what he pleases. The natural result is

Under the law as it now stands the system of inspection is a perfect farce, and not in the least calculated to prevent malpractices. The inspectors were often the candidates themselves! Sometimes they were candidates in other districts. In the latter case they were absent, of course, and provided substitutes. There was nothing to prevent the inspectors all being of the same side, and bitter partisans at that. It appears at a glance that such a system was not likely to be prolific of good results, and so it has proved. The bill before the House makes it incumbent upon the Minister of the Interior to appoint as inspectors per-

the Minister appoints two, and they choose a third.

What seems to us the most important reform contained in the entire bill is the plan by which secrecy of voting is secured. At present, as everyone knows, the ballot box is publicly exposed, everyone having access to it, and the act of voting being entirely without privacy. If the briber wishes to be certain that the Legislature, it will cover the whole the bribed deposits the right ballot, all he has to do is to see it dropped in the box. Bribery will never cease to be a THE Report of the Commission upon wholesale process as long as that is posthe Election Laws, has come from the sible. According to the proposed law printer at last after more than the usual the voter steps into the polling place

wearing delay. It is out of print already, and is furnished a ballot. He then steps the hundred copies issued having all into a compartment into which no one been snapped up. The Report is princi- else is allowed to enter and puts a cross opposite the name of the candidate for which the Commission recommend as a whom he desires to vote. He is then remedy for present abuses. The bill required to fold the ballot paper with need alarm no one by its length. It is the names inside, and then with the long because its directions are minute paper he steps back into the polling and precise, not because they are com- place and deposits the ballot. This plicated. The bill will establish our simple arrangement, which has been election system on the most sound and substantially copied from English and honest basis possible, and dught to put American statutes, deals a death blow us, politically speaking, far in advance of | to bribery. Bribers as a rule have no most of the American States. Its pro- very exalted opinion of the reliability of visions are drawn largely, like those of the voters whom they corrupt, and when anything else, a ground for exclusion. been sufficiently consulted and that their from the most advanced statutes in that the voter will keep his contract, they I

embodies so many reforms that it practically leaves nothing of the old. At the expense of some repetition we will enumerate the leading features. They are as follows:

1. The Redistribution of Representatives. 2. Doing away with the tax receipt sys-

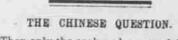
3. Providing for a uniform ballot, printed at public expense. 4. Limitation of candidate's expenses.

5. Penal provisions to maintain the purty of elections. Provision for secret voting.

The record system, by which investi-tions are made possible and thorough. 8. Extension to the Supreme Court of the power to determine the legality of an election.

And several other minor provisions. We have the opportunity to avail our-

selves of the experience of other nations, and embody in our law, everything which they have found conducive to the public good. It will be to our lasting credit if we do not let the opportunity slip



Then only the cook and me was left; And the delicate question. 'Which Of us two goes to the kittle?' arose; And we argued it out as sich.

The above stanza from "The Yarn of the Nancy Bell" was suggested by the discussion of the Chinese question in the Legislature Tuesday. Noble Widemann remarked: "Let us be just, so far as circumstances will permit. This indicated a feeling which is by no means confined to the Judge. Fairness is dear to the heart of an Anglo-Saxon. Our

feelings revolt at the idea of taking advantage of our superior strength to impose unequal conditions upon our competitors. It is this love of fairness which has prompted many a man to hazard his life in the cause of the abolition of slavery. And a difference of race has never deterred Anglo-Saxons from taking the part of the slave. Then there is a feeling of pride in our ability to vanquish all competitors in an open field. All these feelings and sentiments make special legislation against the Chinese distasteful

On the other hand, it is a fact that wherever the Chinese have gone in great numbers it has been found necessary in a few years to resort to special legislation to regulate them. Moreover, Anglo-Saxons, with all their love of fairness and all their pride in their own ability, have joined in the feeling that fairness and pride must be put aside in dealing with the Chinese question. All that so fair-minded and conservative a man as the honorable Noble could say was: "Let us be fair, so far as circumstances will permit." The feeling is that it is a question as to who must go to the wall. And the question will probably be "argued out" in the same way that the

in this 21st day of June, A. D. 1888 DANIEL PORTER. Clerk. 10034 652

SUPREME COURT OF THE Hawaiian Islands. In Proba-

In the matter of the estate of D. L. AHPHART, of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate.

On reading and filing the petition of J. Em On reading and filing the petition of J. Em-meluith & Ca., cr-ditors of said estate, alleging that the said D. L. Abphart dial intestate at Honolulu on or about May -, 1888, and praying that letters of administration issue to J. J. Lecker, It is ordered that TUESDAY, the 3d day of

It is ordered that TUESDAY, the 3d day of July, 1888, at 10 o'clock a.m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court room of this Court, at Alticiani Hale, at Hono-lulu, at which time and place all persons con-corned may appear and show cause. If any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and that notice of this order be published in the English language in three successive learnes to English language in three successive lasues in the HAWAHAN GAZETTE weekly newspaper, in Honolulu

Dated Honolulz, June 16, 1888, By the Court: BENRY SMITH, 1223-31 Deputy Clerk,

SUPREME COURT OF THE Hawalian Islands. In Prohate.

In the matter of the estate of ANTONE SINGER, inte of Honoluin, Oahu, deceased,

On reading and filing the petition and ac-counts of Mrs. Catherine Singer, administratrix of the estate of Antone Singer, deceased, wherein she asks to be allowed Si, 500, and charges berself with \$1,500, and asks that the same may be ex-amined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remain-ing in her hands to the persons thereto emitted, and discharging her and her surveises from all

and discharging her and her sureties from all further responsibility as such administrativa. It is ordered that TUESDAY, the fifth day of July, 1888, at 10 o'clock a.m., at chambers in the Court House at Alitolani Hale, Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing and pelition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and these appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to said property. the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are sufficient to said property. And that this order, in the English isnkunge, he be published in the Hawkink GAZETTE, weekly newspaper, printed and published in Honolula, for three successive weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing. Dated at Honolulu this 6th day of June 1898. By the Court: HENRY SMITH, Denuty Clerk. previous to the time

Deputy Clerk.

IN THE SUPREME COURT of the Hawalian Islands. H. HACKFELD & COMPANY VS. WM. ALEX.

PFLUGER et al. At Chambers. To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy,

Greeting: Tou are hereby commanded to summon Will-fam Aiex. Pfluger, William Iolant Pfluger, Anna-Eliza Pfluger, Mollie H. Pfluger and Hermann F. Pfluger to appear at the Court Homes at Alfidiant Haie. Homoislu, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of September, 1888, at 10 o'clock s.m., before anch Justice of the supreme Court as shall then be sitting at Chambers in the Government Building, Homoislu, Cahu, to answer the an-nered bill of complaint of H. Hackfeid & Com-pany, plaintiff. Greeting: pany, plaintiffs. And have you then there this writ with your

return thereon Witness: The Chief Justice of the

Supreme Court and Chancel-lor of the Kingdom, at Hono-lulu, this fourth day of June, [SEAZ]

HENRY SMITH,

HENRY BAITH, Deputy Cierk. Deputy Cierk. Upon the above till of complaint and the affidavit on die, it is ordered that process issue returnable on Wednesday, the 19th day of Bep-tember, 1888, at 10 o'dlock s. m., at Alifolani Hale, in Hosoluin, before the Justice of Suprame Court presiding at Chambers on that day; and that survice be made upon sold defandants by the publication of the summons in the HawAi-tax Gaztriz weekly, consecutively, from June 12th instant un fi September 18, 1889, and that a copy of said petition and summons be forthwith deposited in the Fost Office addressed to each of said defendants at their places of validances Jag. and defendants at their places of residence lan 4, 1888. L. McCULLT,

L MCCULLY, Justice Supreme Court. Lostify the forescoing to be a true copy of the summons and order in said case. WILLIAM YOSTER, Clerk. Honolulu, June 4, 1888.

IN THE BALAC WHY BURS SEE | HOUVELLE, FRANK , 1800.

CINERAL REAL PROPERTY AND INC.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE WEEKLY HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, JUNE 26, 1888.

KAMEHAMEHA SCHOOL.

lic Examination - Effective Work shown-Manual Training in Opera-

'ednesday morning a public examinn of the Kamehameha School for s was held in the Gymnasium, one he half-dozen or so large buildings of imposing group now adorning what nt a year ago was an uninviting and hhabited desert. All the reserve ce of the main hall was thronged h visitors from town, among others ng noticeable Princess Liliuokalani, J. M. Damon, Mrs. J. O. Carter, w. Dr. Hyde and Mr. C. M. Cooke of Trustees, Rev. S. E. Bishop and fe, Rev. Dr. Beckwith, Rev. George allace, Hops. C. R. Bishop, W. H. ce, F. Gay, G. N. Wilcox, J. U. Kasinui and A. P. Kalaukoa, Messrs. S. Lyman, Frank Pahia and other intlemen, together with a large number

When our representative entered Miss eamer, first assistant teacher, was conacting a review of the junior class-a right-looking row of neatly clad young oys-the exercises consisting of readig, reciting passages of Scripture in horus and other language lessons. In he meantime written exercises of both livisions of the school, comprising dictation in selections, gramular and arithmetic were quietly passed from hand to hand among the audiences Everything indicated that these youthful Hawaiians are being grounded on a basis of a thorough knowledge of the English language, thence morally and intellectually up in principles drawn from the Christian text-book and the elements of a sound, practical education.

relatives and friends of the pupils.

Rev. W. B. Oleson, principal of the school, followed with a review of the senior class. The drill in grammatical synthesis, or sentence-building, showed that the rule governing the institution. was to begin at the beginning of everything. Leaving out of discussion the matter of novel terms in modern textbooks, so strange to learners of a former day, it was evident to observers that the pupils here were being thoroughly trained to practical knowledge of rudiments, as distinguished from mere parrot-like acquirements of definitions and rules. They evinced remarkable command of arithmetical processes so far as they have advanced, solving intricate problems one after another with scarcely a failure in recitations from memory. English is not lost sight of in nymic's royal line-the Princess Bernice Pauahi Bishop-whose good heart devised such a rich benefaction to the youth of Hawali.

monument of the scion of their patro-

First Annual Exhibition-Great Crush of Visitors-Very Enjoyable Programme.

On Thursday evening the first annual exhibition of the Kamehameha School for Boys drew an immense throng of people to the institution at Palama. Scores of hacks and private carriages were heading in that direction from half an hour before until nearly as long after the opening hour. Most of the floor of the large Gymnasium hall had been seated for visitors, yet dozens of ladies and gentlemen could only obtain standing room.

Among those present were the Princesses Lilinokalani and Kaiulani, the carried the audience with her. latter accompanied by Hon. A. S. Cleghorn, her father; Chief Justice Judd and Judge McCully; Hon. C. R. Bishop, Rev. Dr. Hyde, Hon. S. M. Damon and Mr. C. M. Cooke, of the Kamehameha Trustees; Rev. Dr. Beckwith, Rev. Principal Merritt of Oahu College, Rev. Messrs. Waiamau, Timoteo and Kitcat; His Excellency Jona Austin, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Hon, Messrs. Whitney, Allen, J. T. Waterhouse, jr., and A. Rosa, of the Privy Council, and G. N. Wilcox, H. Waterhouse, Townsend, Paldar, D. Baldwin, Deacon, Kinney, Kawainui and Richardson, of the Legislature; Deputy Marshal Hopkins, Dr. Emerson, Dr. Bodgers, Messrs. H. W. Schmidt, C. Jones, E. C. Damon, W. W. Hall, P. F. S. Lyman, S. D. Fuller, Jos. Emerson, B. Ordenstein, Geo. Castle, H. A. Parmalee, A. F. Cooke, a member of the Japanese Legation, officers of the British and American warships, Captain Sta-ples, besides many ladies and scores of friends of the scholars.

Rev. E. S. Timoteo offered the opening invocation, and the programme con-sisted of singing, recitations, the reading of the school manuscript paper, and writing and drawing exercises on the blackboards. The reciters were Walter Wright, Albert E. Mitchell, Samuel Keliiuoi, Samuel Goliath, James D. Cook, Chas. Bridges, Chas. E. King, Samuel Kauhane and J. H. Wise. Some timidity was shown by those who had to appear early on the platform, but as the lads became used to facing the audience, courage was gained that much improved the efforts. Many of the pieces were of a humorous nature, effectively tickling the auditors.

The "mental measurements," "humorous conjugations," and "rapid cal-culations," by classes and well-matched companies, were astonishingly clever. In the last mentioned, to show that the arithmetic was not made to order in ad-vance, the class gave solutions off-hand vance, the class gave solutions off-hand ercises of the atternoon. to impromptu sums given by Mr. Townsend. In "Our Artists at Work," several scholars did some smart free-hand car-tooning on the blackboards. They also executed in relays some very superior this morning publishes the following specimens of penmanship on the boards, some of which could only be compared with the work of accomplished writing masters. "The Kamehameha Sentinel," read by S. W. Spencer, editor, contained a variety of original contributions, per-vaded with genuine humor and bristing with points. Very good singing was done in turn by the school and by the glee club of select voices. Indeed the latter would not discredit any music hall. The en-tertainment closed at 9 o'clock with a of everything I had the personal power striking exhibition of calisthenics by the whole school, taking time from the cab- my most valued friends as not absolutely inet organ.

OAHU COLLEGE.

Prize Recitations-A Very Successful Event-Prize Winners and Prizes-Planting a Banyau.

The prize recitations at Oahu College on Thursday afternoon were of a high average of merit. The first, second, and third prizes were swarded to Miss Belle Louisson, Charles R. Hyde and E. E. Mossman, respectively. In the award of the first two prizes the committee undoubtedly had the audience with them. Miss Louisson's piece was the well-known poem describing the martyrdom of two covenanters, both women, by drowning in the rising tide, and was given with dramatic effect and a sympathy in voice and manner with the subject, which

Charles Hyde gave a humorous piece pros. humorously and with something of the effectiveness of a professional comedian. Mr. Mossman's recital of the difficult Farewell Address of Wolsev showed considerable intelligent study, and merited, in the opinion of the committee, the third prize, though some of the audience felt that Ernest Lyman put in a pretty strong claim of proprietorship in this prize by his graceful and sympathetic rendering of Cassius' protest against Cassar. We feel we may, with-out suspicion of flattery, say that all of the other recitations are entitled to honorable mention. The committee were Mrs. Florence Williams, Hon. C. R. Bishop and Rev. Mr. Oleson.

The choruses by the school were a treat, and the duet by Levi and Ernest Lyman was exquisite.

The prizes for declamation were : first, \$7.50; second, \$5; third, a handsomely bound volume of the Golden Poets, presented by Mrs. W. H. Cornwell.

A prize of \$7.50 was given for the best essay of the year, and \$5 for the best set

Prizes for penmanship were \$10 for the greatest improvement, \$8 for the best specimen, and a third prize, given by Mr. John H. Paty, of \$5 for the second greatest improvement.

After the prizes were awarded, the company attended the tree-planting ceremony of the graduating class. The tree was a banyan, and though it is now a mere switch, we guarantee that if it thrives it will, after a few years' start, always be more than equal to the privilege of holding under its shadow the class of 1888 and their-descendants to the remotest generations. The tree was planted literally by the whole class, each one giving a spade-full of earth or

some equally important service. A farewell address by the class to the under graduates and the response of

the support of one wage-worker between the two oceans.

It may not be directly in our power, as philanthropists, to elevate the European laborer, but it will be a lasting stigma upon our statesmanship if we permit the American laborer to be forced down to the European level, and in the end the rewards of labor everywhere will be advanced if we steadily refuse to lower the standard at home. Yours, very sin-cerely, JAMES G. BLAINE. cerely,

Second Judicial Circuit.

WAILUKU, MAUI, June, 1888. Mr. Justice Bickerton presiding. Mr. Geo. E. Richardson, Circuit Justice, Associate.

Mr. A. P. Peterson, Deputy Attorney-General, prosecuting. Other counsel present: Messrs. Paul

Neumann, John Richardson, W. A. Kinney, J. W. Kalua, John Kalama and A. Hanuna.

CRIMINAL CASES-HAWAHAN JURY. The King vs. Pupuli, perjury. Nolle

The King vs. David Kunukau and Kea, assault and battery. Appeal from Police Court, Wailuku. Verdict not guilty.

The King vs. Keha, burglary. Ver-dict guilty. Sentenced to two years' hard labor and \$50 fine.

FOREIGN JUNY,

The King vs. Antone Monin, selling liquor without license. Appeal from District Court, Makawao. Plea of guilty ; fined \$100 and costs.

The King vs. Ab Pu, criminal connection with girl under 14. Appeal from District Justice of Makawao. Continued to December term on motion of prosecution.

The King vs. Ah Nee, burglary and house breaking. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to four years' hard labor.

The King vs. Enos Machado, selling iquar without license. Appeal from District Justice, Makawao. Nolle pros.

The King vs. Antone Rochu, selling liquor without license. Appeal from District Justice, Makawao. Plea of guilty; fined \$100 and costs."

The King vs. Antone Souza, selling liquor without license. Appeal from District Justice, Makawao, Verdict guilty ; fined \$150 and costs.

The King vs. Ah Choy, opium in possession. Appeal from Police Court, Lahaina. Nolle pros.

CIVIL CASES-MIXED JURY.

Malo vs. Waihee Sugar Co., et al. Continued to December term by consent. DIVORCES.

Kapika (w.) vs. Waileula (k.) Divorce granted. Opipio (w.) vs. M. Kane (k.) Libel

dismissed. Kanoena (w.) vs. Paku Pake. Divorce

granted. Kanui (w.) vs. Kekahu (k). Divorce

LEPROSY'S TAINT.

A Warning Sent to the State Department by Consul-General Putnam.

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WASHINGTON, May 24 .- The astounding statement is made by John H. Putnam, United States Consul-General to the Sandwich Islands, that a large number of persons afflicted with leprosy or giving evidence of leprosy's tendencies emigrate to the United States yearly. The aggregate is much larger than generally supposed. The report made by Putnam to the State Department from which these facts are obtained contains an account of an experiment which was made to determine whether or not leprosy is a contagious disease. The person experimented upon was a native who had been condemned to death, and the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life on condition that he should consent to inoculation with leprous virus, to which he agreed. The experiment was conducted by Dr. Edward Arning, a German specialist employed by the Hawaiian Government for that purpose. Year followed year, and the patient showed no evidence of the appearance of the disease. A few months ago the President of the Board of Health and the physician in charge noticed a change in the man. He was watched carefully, and in their opinion plain symptoms of leprosy appeared, but only within the last month have they felt justified in pronouncing it leprosy. There are those who insist that the disease may have been in his system before vaccination, but the fact that he had arrived at middle age before the operation places the result to the credit of those who believe it is contagious.

Emperor of Japan's Horse.

Mr. W. H. Rice of Lihue, Kauai, took it into his wise head, while the Japanese steamer Yamashiro Maru was in this port during the latter part of 1887, to end a present of a fine stallion to His Majesty the Emperor of Japan. The horse was forwarded by the steamer on her home trip, and was an object of ad-miration to the royal recipient as well as the courtiers and dignitaries about him. Mr. Rice, the other day, received the following note of acknowledgment !

June 18, 1888. Dear Mr. Rice: I beg to send you the two accompanying cases, which I have been instructed by the Imperial Household Department to present to you, as a recog-nition of your present of a horse to His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Japan. I remain, dear sir, yours truly, TARO ANDO.

The cases contained two splendid bronze vases, about two feet high, inlaid with silver, and having the Japanese Imperial coat of arms in gold.

this branch, the solutions being written on the blackboard at length after their verbal production. At intervals and the close of school-

room work Miss Dressler, the teacher in music, led the school in choral exercises. And it was singing worth going some distance to hear, being in perfect unison and revealing distinctly many rich voices in all the parts. Adjournment was made from the Gymnasium to the departments of manual training.

The technical department is housed in a snug and shapely building at the town end of the row. Visitors arere admitted first to the sewing room, where a large quantity of exploits by the younger boys was shown. Leaving to a competent judge an opinion upon the exhibit, the remark of a lady visitor after inspecting the button-hole work is apropos, namely "Girls could searcely do better than that." From this room the carpenter shop is entered and quickly crowded so densely that the boys had room for little more exhibition work than their very interesting hammer drill. However, a graduated series of previous craftsmanship from the opening of the school till now, in the shape of samples of mitring and dovetailing showed that the boys had made substantial progress, under the instruction of Mr. Terry, the master carpenter of the institution. The printing office doors being thrown open the class in that branch all proceeded to set up an address to the visitors, first done having the honor of putting the form to press and striking off copies for distribution among those present. The young types did not have justice in being too much crowded by the friends for facile work, yet evinced a creditable degree of speed and accuracy considering the few weeks since instruction began. Mr. Oleson himself directs this class and, although elaiming to be an amateur of short experience, is able to exhibit a variety of very tasteful samples executed by the lads. An excellent Peerless jobhing press is employed. The class is exercised regularly in newspaper composition, copied from the local papers, and in various descriptions of plain job printing-not for revenue but purely for instruction.

There is at present a lively scene to be witnessed on the school grounds. Mechanics are pating the finishing touches on a resid noe for the teachers. A large force of workmen is employed in erecting the frame of the Preparatory School to be added to the monumental establishment through the munificence of Hon. C. R. Bishop. Quarrymen in large numbers are operating on the dark basaltic rock deposits, getting out a so-perior quality of building stone both for the Memorial Hall to be erected on the campus and for the projected Bishop Museum of Hawaiian Antiquities.

The Kamehameha School for Boys and its yet unfounded counterpart for Girls are destined as well to be one of tion as beverages under the guise of mathe glories of the nation as the splendid | terial for the arts.

A Splendid Concert.

The initial concert of the present. moonlight series at Emma Square last week was largely attended, the audience holding on well to the last, in spite of sprinkling clouds giving threat of a gen-eral drenching. It was a concert worth seeing out, even at much sacrifice, too, the six new pieces previously an-nonnced proving a great success. These were nearly all encored with the result of securing, in the fulness of Professor Berger's good-nature and of his boys' willingness, their repetition to the completer enjoyment of the novel strains. Not only vigorous applause but peals of laughter were evoked by the "Night in New York," musical caricature of noctursounds in the American Baby-It was full of abrupt freaks of log. harmony and expressive diminuendos and crescendos. Equally acceptable were the "Patrols," Hungarian and English-giving the impression of approaching, passing and receding hosts, with music and banners, and living census tables of the town in the train. Well did the Royal Hawaiian Band attest its character as being one of the "saving ands of these men the impression that I clauses" in our insular existence.

A Mechanic's Opinion.

A mechanic said to our reporter that he hoped the law would not be changed to reduce the duty on alcohol for me-chanical or scientific purposes. Such he contended would only open the door to abuses. He knew where a man in a workshop was habitually keeping himself in a debased condition from having access to the raw spirits kept for me-chanical use. It would not be right, for the sake of the limited interests legiti-mately involved—this man reasoned—to expose depraved men to cheap and sur-reptitious intoxication, or to open the

Blaine's Final Decision.

NEW YORK, May 30 .- The Tribune of

PARIS, May 17, 1888.

Whitelaw Reid, Esq.-MY DEAR SIR: Ou my return to Paris from Southera Italy, on the 8th inst., I have learned (what I did not before believe) that my name may yet be presented to the National Convention as a candidate for the Presidency by the Republican party. A single phrase of my letter of January 25th, from Florence (which was decisive to decide), has been treated by many of conclusive in ultimate and possible contingences. On the other hand, friends equally devoted and disinterested have construed my letter—as it should be con-strued—to be an unconditional withdrawal of my name from the National Convention. They have, in consequence, given their support to eminent gentlemen who are candidates for the Chicago nomination, some of whom would not, I am sure, have consented to assume that position if I had a desire to represent the party in the Presidential contest of 1888. If I should now, by speech or by silence, by commission or omission, permit my name in any event to come before the Convention, I should incur the reproach of being uncandid with those who have always been candid with me. I speak, therefore, because I am not willing to remain in a doubtful attitude. I am not willing to be the cause of misleading a single man among the millions who have given me their suffrages and their confidence. I am not willing that even one of my faithful supporters in the past should think me capable of paltering in a double sense with my words.

Assuming that the Presidential nomination could, by any possible chance, be offered to me, I could not accept it without leaving in the mind of thoushad not been free from indirection, and therefore, I could not accept it at all. Misrepresentations or malice have no weight, but the just displeasure of friends I could not patiently endure. Republican victory-the prospects of which grow brighter every day-can be imperiled only by lack of unity in council, or by an acrimonious contest over men

THE ISSUE OF PROTECTION IS INCALCULA-BLY STRONGER AND GREATER

himself the condition and recompense of labor in Europe, the party of free trade in the United States would not receive discovery of the South Polar continent. give him a long wait for his.

refused. Pehialii (w.) vs. Kaulamamoku (k). Divorce granted.

Five divorce cases were discontinued. BANCO.

The King vs. Ah Har et al Excep-tions from local Circuit Court. Exceptions overruled.

The King vs. Awana. Exceptions, as above, overruled.

Maria King vs. the Lessees of Halawa. Appeal from Fence Commissioners of Molokai. Ordered to be returned to the Commissioners, to send up full record.

James Smythe vs. Charles B. Magee. Appeal from Commissioners Private Ways. Decision of Commissioners affirmed and appeal dismissed.

The Board of Immigration for Kahaiku Sugar Co. vs. Manuel D. Abhew. Deserting contract service. Exceptions from local Circuit Judge. Exceptions overruled.

Strangers' Friend Society.

The thirty-sixth anniversary meeting of the Strangers' Friend Society took place Thursday night at the residence of Rev. Alexander Mackintosh. The Rev. host and his worthy lady welcomed the large assembly of visitors, as they arrived, with that kindly, genial hospi-tality for which they are distinguished. The institution is in excellent condition. About \$500 were expended last year for the purposes for which the society was organized in 1852. The calls upon the funds would have been greater had not the Portuguese Benevolent Society come to work during the year in the same line of benevolence. The income is derived from the proceeds of invested funds, replenished by donations and member-ship dues. The resources of the society were largely augmented during the year by a \$2,000 bequest from the late H. Hackfeld, Esq., of H. Hackfeld & Co. The officers for the ensuing year are those of last year re-elected, viz.: Pre-sident, Mrs. S. C. Damon; Vice Presi-dents, Mrs. Alex. Mackintosh and Mrs. Thos. Hobron; Secretary, Mrs. S. M. Damon; Treasurer, Mrs. W. F. Allen; Directress, Mrs. S. Dowsett. The membership numbers between thirty and forty. The evening was spent very pleasantly. Music, both vocal and in-strumental, formed part of the entertainment. About 9 o'clock, refreshments of ice cream and cake were passed round, after which the company dispersed.

It is stated semi-officially that the story, "A Stringe Mannscript Found in a Copper Cylinder," which has been running lately in Harper's Weekly, was witten by the late Professor James De Mille, of Nova Scotia, more than tom years ago. The story is full of marve a lous adventure among strange beings within the Antarctic circle, and is supThat Island.

The Bulletin thinks Lord Salisbury is out of his reckoning in claiming Maites Island, if it belongs to the Marquesas group. According to Rand, McNally & Co.'s Atlas, it certainly does, being in the index marked "French," while on the map it is within the coloring marked at foot "French." The island is nearly due east of Tahiti and to the south of Pepeete, in longitude 24 degrees east, latitude 18 degrees south, in round numhers. Apparently it can have no con-nection with the Channel Islands; at all events unless mariners apply that name to some group in the Pacific, as was thought possible to be the case when the London dispatch referred to was clipped for these columns.

The Kauai Expedition.

Besides the three people taken down by the returning expedition from Kanal, four lepers were sent down during the stay of the officers on that island. Among the seven apprehended is the desperate man who, with his wife, attempted to stand the officers off with guns. Captain Larsen says the firing by the officers was only begun to intimidate their assailants, who were shooting at them from covert across the road, and they only responded in earnest when the situation became decidedly hot for the side of the law. It is fortunate that no blood was spilled in the campaign.

The Russian Troops at the Very Gates of India.

Lospos, May 29 .- The British Cabinet is said on the best authority to be perplexed if not alarmed by the completion of the Russian railway to Samarcand with the possibility of a spur to Herat. What with recent conflicts with the Thibetans, the presence of Russian troops at the very gates of India and Chinese hostility also to contend with, John Bull is in a state bordering on anxiety.

Getting at the Interior.

His Ex. Lorrin A. Thurston, Minister of Interior, was seen with a shovel in his hands, digging at a pile of dirt on Merchant street, in front of the Gazette office, this noon [-]Bulletin.

He was probably trying to get a peep at the earth's interior, to confirm the Premier's theory of a molten globe.

A Kansas school teacher offered a prize to the scholar who would come to school with the cleanest face. He was unable to recognize some of his pupils next day -[Burlington Free Press.

Reciprocity-II you find your grocer giving you short weight for your money,

net next day, Nev. Mr. Halliday (Beecher's S. associate) resigned, on the ground that

Court, at some having claims against said estate to present

Dear Sir. I left on the S.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statemants made, or opinions expressed by our correspondents

Suits By or Against the Government.

MR. EDITOR :- The Bill to Provide for the Bringing of Suits by or against the Hawaiian Government, involves questions which ought to be fully understood and discussed. The first section authorizes the Attorney-General to bring tenure of our supreme judges is probsuits in the name of the Government, ably better for us, but the judges have unless in cases otherwise provided for need to guard against the dangers above by law, "whenever it shall be necessary or desirable for the Hawaiian Government in order to collect or recover any money or penalty, or to recover or to obtain the possession of any specific property real or personal, or to enforce any other right, except with respect to criminal prosecutions." If this simply means that whatever rights of contract or tor torts or by statute the Government may have, such as right to collect or enforce payment of taxes or duties, or penalties for violation of statutes, or to obtain decrees of forfeiture of goods for non-payment of taxes or duties, or rights to pos session of real or personal property owned by the Government, may be enforced by the Attorney-General by suits in the name of the Hawaiian Government, there may be no objection to it. Perhaps nothing else can be intended, but the expression, "whenever it shall be necessary or desirable to collect or recover any money or property," might well be confined to rights under contract, tort or statute.

The second section provides that, "whenever any citizen of this Kingdom or other person shall have a claim or claims against the Hawaiian Government, which said Government shall refuse or neglect to satisfy or adjust," such person may bring suit thereon against the Government "for the parpose of adjudicating such claim," upon section 3) one of the Justices of the Supreme Court endorsing on the complaint that the claim which it sets forth "is a fair subject for judicial investigation."

The general impression is, that this is a just and wise bill, and that the Gov-erament ought to be held to its liabilities as much as is a private individual. I think this impression is due to misapprehension of the functions and methods of government, and that such a bill if it becomes law will be found to be either unconstitutional, or else fraught with danger to the body politic. There is no provision in the bill for enforcing payment of any judgment, and to allow executions or judgments against the Government to be levied on Government property would be unprecedented and preposterous. By the Constitution no money can be drawn from the public and there the matter was investigated; treasury except upon legislative appropriations or, in cases of public disaster,

other. They are less amenable to the people. The decisions of the Supreme Court are final, and the tendency is that the judges become imbued with a feeling of infallibility.

Moreover, they are invested with a power which prevents free criticism. The life tenure of office of judges of the Supreme Court has some advantages, but is also fraught with dangers. Some advocate the elective system which exists in the various States of the United States, which renders the judges more directly responsible to the people. Under the circumstances the present

indicated. It is said that the slight lack of cordiality between a majority of the judges of the Supreme Gourt and the Administration is due partly to the want of courtesy on the part of Ministers, and partly to the assumption of the Judges. If this be true, it should not be so

At all times, and especially so at critical periods like the present, the officers of each of the three great branches of Government should direct their attention to their own duties and show proper regard and respect for the others. TAXPAYER.

Police Court.

MONDAY, June 18. Assault and battery on Joseph Tinker -Kamaka, a policeman, and Kamaawe. W. A. Kinney assisting prosecution; Kane for defendant. Plea of not guilty. Complainant and Charles Batclaffe, Fred. Westbrook, James Westbrook, Richard Day and Deputy Marshal Hopkins gave their testimony on behalf of the prosecution, all the facts thus elicited

having been previously published. Kamaka's evidence on his own behalf was as follows : I am a police officer and on the 14th I was stationed on the corner of Maunakea and Beretania streets; was opposite the brick building and saw the boy and dog; dog was about half way across the street and I ran tor the dog, and the dog ran is the shop, and I tol-lowed him in to where Mr. Tinker was reading a newspaper; I asked Mr. T. if the dog was his and requested him to make the dog fast and repeated the re-quest; Mr. T. said the place belonged to him and that the boy was not bit; I told Mr. T. if he did not make his dog fast to come to the Police Station; then I looked at the dog's collar and found there was no tag on; I told Mr. T. if he did not fasten his dog I would arrest him for keeping a ferocious animal, as I was a police officer; so I took hold of Mr. T.'s right hand and others tried to pull him from me and they tore Mr. T.'s shirt; Mr. T. wanted a hack on the way down and resisted and tried to lie down, and he was finally taken to the Police Station I never saw the dog before.

Kamsawe, the other defendant and y authority of the Cabinet and Privy ouncil. The judgment obtained on the dogs jumped on him; otherwise sup-By consent of the parties plaintiff's bill

Yang Chee Quai. A. S. Hartwell, V. of. Divorces on Friday, July 6th. Ha-V. Ashford and H. N. Castle for defend- waiian jury on Monday, July 9th. ant. Evidence was given, by a countryman of defendant, ef an admission the latter made that he had never been in the country before and that he had paid \$88 for a return permit in Hongkong. He was found guilty as charged and thread \$50 and costs \$3.30. Appeal noted. On the same charge Chun Ung Chee and Fun Lun were discharged under nolle prosequi, and Pang Lung Tuck was remanded till moved on.

CIVIL CASES

Wilder S. S. Co. vs. John Pina and Thos. Pina. Deserting contract service. Settled out of court, costs \$2 each.

Cecil Brown vs. W. R. Buchanan. Assumpsit for \$100. W. C. Achi for plaintiff. Judgment for plaintiff with expenses making \$117.70.

P. P. Gray vs. Sam. Gourlay. As-sumpsit for \$13 balance. Judgment confessed with expenses making \$15.

J. M. Monsarrat, trustee for S. A. Monsarrat, vs. Mikasobe, Elele Publishing Co. garnishee. Action on a note for \$100. D. Lyons as garnishee answers that he has \$2.50 at the time of service, and is ordered to pay that sum into Court.

Kanealii vs. E. M. Nakuina and M. Nakuina. Assumpsit for services in the sum of \$64 balance. Achi for plaintiff Kinney for defendants, who plead gen-eral issue. Plaintiffs had agreed to clear a lot of land of lantana and other noxi-ons growth, received \$36 on doing the work as they understood the agreement, but defendants refused to pay the bal-ance. Defendants' case was that plaintiffs had agreed to pull the stuff up by the root and burn it. Judgment for defendants, costs \$5.

THURSDAY, June 21.

John Rickard, for disobedience to parents, after remandment of several days, is reprimanded and discharged.

Ah Foon, for possession of opium, is fined \$53 with hard labor six hours added. A similar sentence is pronounced on one of three other Chinese who pleads guilty to the same charge, his comrades who plead not guilty being convicted and each fined \$61.25 with five days' hard labor added.

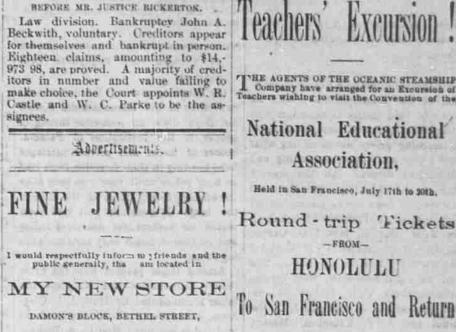
A hackman for standing elsewhere than on his appointed stand is reprimanded and discharged.

Seven Chinese are charged with conducting a lottery game. A. Rosa ap-pears for two of them, the other five I WO STORES TO LET IN THE NEW FIRE proof Block just erected on Hotel Street, with or without Cellars; wil be let at reasonable prices on a long lease and possession given about July 1st. plead guilty, and the case is continued to the 22d.

Supreme Court.

SATURDAY, June 16.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE PRESTON. Equity division. J. McKeague vs. Macfarlane, Accounting, M. Thompson



THURSDAY, Jane 21.

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And will guarantee all work entrusted to me. have also just received a splendid line of

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Thanking you for many years' past favorsand asking for a continuance of the same, Respectfully, MAX ECEART.

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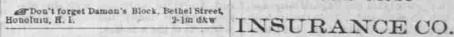
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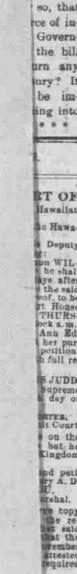
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Ten Dollars Reward.

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID ON Conviction of any person found stating the bally Apvantum or "Weekly Gazette" from the store or residence of subscribers. HAWAILAN GAZETTE CO. Honelulu, March 30, 1888.

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Council. The judgment obtained on the claims would therefore be useless, for it would have to go before the Legislature, which may consider the claim just as if it had not been "adjudicated."

In the United States and in England no suit can be brought against the Government without its consent. The U.S. statutes anthorize certain classes of claims to be submitted to a Court of Claims, such as claims for land taken for public improvements in the city of Washington (Stat. 1822); claims for money received from Mexico under the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo (Stat. 1849) claims under grants from foreign Governments to land since ceded to the United States, and certain other specified classes of claims. Statutes have also been snacted giving effect to judg-ments on such claims. It is, however, a general principle that a Government cannot be made liable for contracts of its officers not anthorized by statute, and in no case for the wrong-doings of its officers. To hold otherwise would place the Government at the mercy of disbonest, ignorant or unwise officials.

In England, a petition of right is presented to enforce any private rights against the sovereign, which requires the consent of the sovereign, shown by the endorsement. "Let right be done," endorsed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department. This was an ancient right, which, after centuries pros. and discharged. of disuse, has within the last half centary been revived. It is always under ed with playing a game where money stood that such petitions will not be capriciously refused.

The Hawaiian statute formerly required such suits to receive the consent of the Privy Council, but under the existing Constitution that body cannot consider such matters, and it only remains to amend the statute, so as to authorize some other official (and I should say that he ought not to be a judicial officer), to give such consent. But to enact a naw which authorizes any chaim to be sued against the Govern-ment which seems to be "a fair subject for judicial investigation," either means too much or nothing at all.

ALFRED S. HARTWELL.

The Ruling Trind.

Mr. Entror .- It is well known that abandon such a means of livelihood, there is not perfect harmony and cordiality between the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches of the government. The public are not interested in the personal differences of the individual members of any of these departments, but have a right to require that the pubhe service shall not be hindered thereby. One thing is clear, all the gentlemen who fill the various offices are merely public servants. None of them are inthere is more danger from the members months' hard labor and costs. fallible, all are liable to err. Perhaps of the judiciary department than any : Unlawfully landing at Honolulu-

ported Kamaka's testimony. Wele testified to assisting the officer

by request and that one of the foreigners had struck at him. Muli swore he knew the dog, that it had run at him one day, when he struck

it with a stick, and atterward spoke to Mr. Tinker about the dog. Officer Kamaka was sentenced to pay

a fine of \$30 and costs \$3, and be dismissed from the police force. Kamaawe was sentenced to pay a fine of \$15 and \$3 costs.

fanding at Honolulu without a legal permit. Lau Kai Shing. Deputy Marshal Hopkins for the Crown; V. V. Ashford, A. S. Hartwell and H. N. Castle for defense. Defendant pleaded not guilty. On prosecution resting, counsel for defendant moved to discharge him, as there was no evidence to convict. The Court overruled the motion, holding that if defendant had a lawful permit to enter this Kingdom, he must produce it. Defendant was found guilty as charged and sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and \$3.20 costs. An appeal was noted to the Supreme Court in banco.

TUESDAY, June 19.

Opium in possession-Ah Ho pleads guilty and is fined \$50 and costs with 24 hours' imprisonment. Two other Chinese arrested with above are granted nolle

Gaming-Thirteen Chinese are chargwas lost and won. Three were nolle pros'd and discharged, while ten pleaded not guilty. W. A. Kinney appeared for the defense. Several witnesses are ex-amined and defandants being found guiity as charged are fined \$6.20 each with two hours' hard labor. Appeal noted. Present at a game of chance-Two of those nolle pros'd as above plead guilty to this charge and are fined \$6 each.

Keeping a disorderly house, or one where gaming is permitted—The third of the nolle pros'd Chinamen above mentioned—a decrepit old man—pleads guilty and is fined \$11. The Court stated that only defendant's great age prevented it imposing the highest penalty of the haw, as the keeper of the house was the prime offender. It also warned him to commending him, in case of neglect hy

apply to the Chinese Commissioner for WEDNESDAY, June 20.

Adultery-Kanal (k.), Mrs. Piikea Kanian. J. L. Kaulukou assisting pro-secution. Defendants, who pleaded mility, were fined for the same offense on the 16th ult. Kauai is sentenced to four months' hard labor and to pay \$1 Mrs. Piikea Kaniau, three costs:

is dismissed without costs, decree being issued accordingly.

MONDAY, June 18. BEFORE MR. JUSTICE BICKERTON.

Law division. Bankruptcy Pacific Navigation Company, voluntary. A. F. Cooke, President, On petition of A. F. Cooke, ordered that the Pacific Navigation Company, a corporation, be ad-judged bankrupt. Proot of claims and appointment of assignees to take place on Monday, 25th inst.

BEFORE CHIEF JUSTICE JUDD.

Intermediary division. The King vs. Louisa Derking. Disorderly house. A. P. Peterson for the Crown; P. Neumann for the defendant. Defendant found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$75 and costs.

BEFORE THE FULL BENCH.

Equity division. Ung Wo Sang Co. vs. T. Alo et al. Bill in equity for can-cellation of lease. A. S. Hartwell for plaintiffs; P. Neumann for defendants. Arguments on plaintiffs' motion for re-hearing argued and submitted.

TUESDAY, June 19.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE BICKERTON. Law division. Bankruptey Lam Chock. Assignee's account. W. C. Parke and Lau Choy's assignee account approved, assignees discharged and their bond cancelled on filing creditors' re-ceipts for pro rata dividends. A divi-dend of 103; per cent was paid upon \$5,843.14 total claims proved.

Bankruptcy R. W. Laine. C. Creighton, attorney for D. McKenzie; Brown, for assignee. D. McKenzie's claim of \$90 for rent is declared a pre ferred one, and ordered to be paid in full out of funds in assignce's hands.

Bankruptcy A. K. Palekaluhi. C. Brown for petitioner; respondent in per-son. Application by A. J. Cartwright, creditor to the amount of \$300, asking that respondent be adjudged bankrupt. Partly heard and continued to the 21st, respondent intimating his ability to pay.

WEDNESDAY, June 20.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE BICKERTON. Probate division. Estate H. Cooper. Brown for petitioner. Mrs. Kate W. Cooper is appointed guardian of the property of the minor children, under \$2,000 bond. The minors are William his son or distress from any cause, to Henry, George, Kate, and Charles J. Cooper.

JULY TERM.

The following notice is posted in the Clerk's Office :

July term opens on Monday, July 2d, at 10 a. m., when indictments will be presented and motions heard ; at 1 p.m. the Court sits in hanco, and will so sit on Tuesday and Thursday of the first week, unless hanco cases are sooner disposed

CHAUNCY HALL SCHOOL.

QUEEN STREET.

259 Boyslton Street, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

This private school offers unusual advantages to those preparing for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, for Business or College.

Minute care is given to the health and to the individual needs of each pupil.

Special Students, many of whom are young ladies, may be found in all the regular classes

The school building was erected solely for its present use, and is in the most elegant part of Boston, very near the Institute of Technology, the Natural History Museum, the Art Museum, and the handsomest churches, hotels and private houses

The sixty-first year begins Sept. 19, 1888. Several pupils from the Hawaiian Islands have been in the school during the past two 1221-1m vears.



Have just received a full supply of the well-known HALL'S STREL PLOWS AND BREASERS, of all sizes. Now is the time for planters and farmers to procure their

Plows and Agricultural Implements

For the coming planting season. They have also a line of

Ship Chandlery, Assorted Wire Rope, Stockholm and Coal Tar. Pitch, Onkum, Yellow Metal, Signal Lanterns,

The best quality of Manila Rope, all sizes ; Sperm Oil, Lubricating Oils of all kinds.

Engineers' Supplies,	Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Paints and Oils,	Leather, Hardware.
Silver Plated Ware.	Kitchen Utonsija,

Black and Galvanized Fence Wire, Staples, Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc, Galvanized Piping, Iron and Wood Ox-bows, Hall's Cane Knives, and a thousand other articles that can be seen, and will be sold cheaper than ever at the

Fire-proof Store, Cor. Fort and King Sts. 1221-3m

accord with our own or not. We reserve the schemers cannot carry into effect honest basis possible, and ought to put American statutes, deals a death blow the honorable Noble could say was: the right of excinding anything successfully under a parliamentary form as collically speaking far in advance of the britery. Briters as a rule have no

relief.

" Let us be fair ao far

12th instant un il Reptember 18, 1888, and th copy of said putition and summons be forth deposited in the fact offer offer

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HAWAHAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

.Engaged" will be repeated first Thurday night

A large party will be seen to have goo for the Volcano by the Kraau.

Look out for Harry Byng's programmfor variety show Solurday night.

Prof. Canaris had the Opera Houcrowded at his matinee on Saturday.

The Hawaiian Rifle Association will have their semi-annual practice on July 4th.

A valuable horse of Mr. Fred. W. Macfarlane has been lost by falling into an old well

The Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company have removed to their commodious new office on Queen street.

Yacht Casco was announced to leave San Francisco July 15th, and will be due here about the end of that month.

Mr. J. B. Alexander has been appointed agent to take acknowledgments to labor intracts for the District of Hanslei, Kausi.

Water Rights for the District of Kona. Oahu, are now Messrs. D. Kahanu, Wm. Wond and P. Jones.

Mr. E. M. Walsh has been appointed chairman of the Makawao, Maui, road board, his colleagues being Messrs. W.P.A. Brewer and L. Von Tempsky.

An area of forty-five acres of land at Omiakaa, South Kona, Hawaii-upset price \$45-was bought at Government sale on the 18th by Hon. W. R. Castle for \$305.

An interesting cance race is assured for the Fourth regatta. There is a cance coming down Iron Waikiki to enter the lists. No end of tubs is promised for the tub race

Prof. Canaris will give his closing performance on Tuesday evening, introducing exposures of cabinet and other tricks, the midair suspension feat and his wonderful talking skull.

If a delinquent and a half should come up and pay a dollar and a half in a year and a half an editor and a half would then stand some chance of getting a meal and a half occasionally.

Mr. W. I. Bishop's performance on Saturday evening was attended by a full house, and the andience expressed their satisfabtion with every experiment. A fall report written for this issue is crowded

The Board of Inspectors of Animals for Hawaii now consists of Messrs. James W. Colville, Chas. E. Richardson and H. E. Hitchcock (second), the last-named having been appointed instead of Mr. C. N. Arnold. resigned.

H. B. M. S. Cormorant and U. S. F. S. Vandalia were gaily dressed, and many dags were displayed on merchant ships and on shore. Wednesday, in bonor of the fifty-first anniversary of Queen Victoria's corquetion

Mr. A. J. Codney of Lincoln, Nebraska, is one of the latest additions to the band of appy tourists come to do this mid-ocean Kingdom. Mr. Cudney is laboring in the promotion of the objects of the "American" alth and Temperance Association.

Kawalahao Sunday School Exhibition. · Sunday last the quarterly exhibition of the branch Sunday Schools connected with Rev. H. H. Parker's parish, was held at Kawaiahao church. The exercises commenced at 10 o'clock a. m., under the supervision of Hon. W. R. Castle, and included recitations and singing by the scholars from ten branch suburban schools, each school appearing on the platform separately. Some of them, notably those from Moililli and Mannakiekie, showed excellent training, and some of the singing and recitations could hardly be excelled in the best foreigu schools. A Sunday School, comprising a portion of Berger's band, gave some fine music, vocal, accompanied with four instruments. It is gratifying to know that these young men to whom the citizens of Honolulu owe so much in the way of musical entertainment, maintain a bible class among themselves. Quite a novelty was a bible class of aged Hawaiians from the Lunshilo Home, who stood up, spelled and recited verses in the same quaint manner as they were The Commissioners of Private Ways and | taught by the pioneer missionaries, sixty or seventy years ago. Several of them are said to be octogenarians. Before these old people sat down, a finely dressed native woman, connected with the same institute, stepped out and sang a solo-as sweetly and artistically executed, as though she had been a pupil of one of our best music teachers. Altogether it was the most novel and gratifying of the numerous exhibitions that have lately been given here, and was attended by a good audience. Had public notice been given of it, the large

church would have been overcrowded. for there are no public exhibitions given here which show more vividly the progress made from year to year by the natives, than these Sunday School gatherings. Although the exercises lasted three hours, the interest in them was so great, that scarcely a person left the room till the close at 1 p. m.

Police Court.

Seven Chinese are sentenced to pay

fines and costs as follows for conducting

a lottery game: Ah Tang, 'Ah Cheang

2d, Ah You, Ah Lin and Ah Sun, \$21

Four native boys, from 12 to 15 years

of age, plead guilty to larceny of a guitar from August Diss. Hale, 15, a Maui

boy, is fined \$6 with imprisonment at

hard labor four months. Kama, 13,

Luhia, 12, and Kepano, 14 (whose father

is a leper at Moloksi), are committed to

the Reformatory School during their

Haleakala pleads not guilty to larceny

of a silver watch and three gold rings

from C. Hustace. Defendant was sen-

tenced on the 9th of April last to im-

prisonment one year for larceny. Evi-

dence is that he left the prison gang on the 18th inst. and was away some time,

and on being accused of this robbery

went under escort and obtained the ar-

ticles from an acquaintance with whom

he had left them. He is sentenced to

pay a fine of \$25 with \$1.30 costs, and to

be imprisoned 18 months at hard labor,

to begin term at the expiration of former

Henry Puaniwi, who surrendered the

\$31

minority.

seatence

FRIDAY, June 22

ing the Pope's decree. The meeting endorsed the action of the Irish members in Parliament, and protested against any interference by the Pope in Irish politics.

Loxbox, June 2 .- Twenty thousand tax-pavers held an anti-rum mass-meeting in Hyde Park this alternoon, and made a most emphatic protest against the licensing clauses of the Local Government Bill

A Liperpool firm has given Russell & Co., Port Glasgow, an order to build an iron sailing ship of 3300 tons net register. The vessel will be 300 tons larger than the British ship Palgrave, at present the largest iron sailing ship afloat.

The Lick Astronomical Observatory at Mount Hamilton, Cal., for which its founder bequeathed \$700,000, having been completed, was formally transferred by the trustees of the Lick estate to the trustees of the University of California, in accordance with the will, on the first day of June. The transfer was made by Captain Floyd, President of the Lick Trustee Board. Our readers may remember him as formerly Captain of the steamer Idaho. The telescope of this observatory is the largest in the world—36 inches in diameter.

Young Wife-O, Harry, don't talk that way! You are too slangy for any use.

Young Husband-Rats! Come off. ain't a bit that way. "Mr. Darringer, that is rather a tough

chicken. Do you intend to carve it?" "Certainly, my love."

"Then won't you please carve it before you say grace "" General Phil. Sheridan has been very During his sickness Congress

created him General of the Army, Grant and Sherman are the only ones who have held this office before

Idvertisements.

Akau

To Planters and Others.

A DVERTISER IS DESIROUS A of accepting employment as overseer on a pla tation of in any situation where character and education are required. Single, healthy, middle-aged, Employ, and abstater. WILLIAM J HAINING, 4 Maswell-Park-Villas, Hounstow, Middleser, England 1214 It each; Ah Cheang 1st, \$51; Ah Chun

To Lease.

THE UNDERSIGNED DE-▲ sire to lease that valuable tract of land at Sona, Hawait, named Oschalt L The land is described in Hoyal Patent No. 25/1. and contains 396 acres further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Esq. Honolulu

J. H. MAHOE. NARAEA NAOPEOPE. . 120 % June 17, 1888.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HERBY GIVEN to the holder or holders of a certain promission note of hand avented on the first day of Kanwa, for the sum of \$150.50, payable on demand, and on which said note a payment, mafe on the flat day of spril 1886, of \$59.50 is endecreed by Baawa, to present the same to the un-dersigned within six weeks of date hereof or payment will be refused. E. G. HITOHOOTE,

Administrator of the Estate of Kanwa-ine 2, 1888. [224 St Hilo, June 9, 1888.



Sale

5

By virtue of a decree issuing out of the Su-preme Court of the Rawaiian Islands vs. so Rats. confiscated under the Revenue Laws of this Kingdom, I will sell at Public Auction, at

On Tuesday, June 26th

At 10 o'clock s. m.,

For the Benefit of the Hawalian Government.



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A London despatch of May 29th says a French gunboat has hoisted the trucolor over Maitea Island. This is one of the Marqueses group, hitherto recognized as one of the Channel Islands. Lord Salisbury will maintain England's claims to the island.

Two prisoners supposed to be out at hard labor on Tuesday afternoon robbed the house of Mr. Chus. Bustace, near Thomas Square. They secured a quantity of valuable plunder and hid is at the Government stables, where it was found and handed over to the police.

The following appointments to the Custom House staff are ganetted : F. Turrill, port surveyor; J. Good, jr., assistant port surveyor; O. K. Stalinan, second statistical cierk; C. E. Coville, second entry clerk; J. B. Gibson, third statistical clerk; P. B. McStocker, assistant storekeeper.

Two native lads, aged five and seven years respectively, were brought on Friday from Hanalei, Kauai, by the schooner Mary, being afflicted with leprosy, and were sent to the branch hospital at Kakaalso for treatment. The parents of these youthful lepers claim that the disease wat due to vaccination, for it started exactly from the place where they had been vaccinaked.

Mrs. Williams' lecture on Bainst Tuesday night at Barmony Hall was fairly well attended, in spite of the threatening weather, and was thoroughly enjoyed. The lecture was devoted chiefly to an analysis of the principal scenes and characters in some of the author's leading novels. and to a spiendid account of his life. The next lecture, on George Eliot, will be given Tuesday evening, July 25.

The lease of thirty-sid acres of land, opposite Mr. Wood's ranch in Nunana Valley, for tive years, offered at an upset price of \$130 per annum, was sold by the Government at auction on Thursday, falling to The case will be investigated further, John Quintal Esptisco for \$133. At the and more may be heard about it next same time the lease of Alewa, 1745 acres. steamer. Nothing was found among his on the ridge north side of the valley, for effects which would tend to establish his eight years, upset price \$75, was sold to the Enterprise Eanth Company for \$165.

The expedition of the Legislative Committee to Molokal left Saturday evening at > u'clock, returning Sanday evening at about the same hour. It comprised Hons. Kapachaole, Richardson, Foster, Baldwin, Lubian, Heickunibi, Daniels and Kinney. of the Assembly, and two surgeons of the representatives of the native press.

became monoconsus, came to a sudden ope .- [Louisville Courier-Journal. determination to know a little of the big world over the sea. A prominent posestional gentleman came down to his ofhas and found no boy to answer the bell may house, the other is Mr. ---- 's key agree with his own. for the Postoffice. Good-bye. Aloha. Mr. O'Brien, the recalcitrant Irish editor, 5 TRUNCTION

articles stolen by Haleakala, was tried for the same offense as above. Haleakala swore he did not give the things to defendant. The latter gave testimony of receiving them from Haleakala, and of telling him that if they proved to be stolen goods he would show them up. Defendant is discharged.

J. M. Monsarrat, trustee for S. A. Monsarrat, vs. Mikasobe. A. Rosa for defendant withdraws and defendant is called and defaulted. Judgment for amount claimed on note, \$100, with expenses making \$149.80.

An Unknown Foreigner Drowned at Kons.

On the last trip of the W. G. Hall a man, who appeared to be of German decent and was neatly dressed, took a deck passage for Kona. His name is unknown, but he appeared to be a stranger from the numerous questions he asked concerning his destination. He said he was going to the second landing on Kona and accordingly he went

ashore at Keaubou. He was last seen alive by some natives on the same day he landed (Saturday), walking along the road in the direction of Kailma. He asked some questions of the natives whom he met. They could not understand what he said but by his pointing to the water they supposed he wanted a place to bathe, so they said yes. On Monday evening just before dusk a native found some clothes on a rock near the water, not far from where he was seen. The next day a search was made, resulting in the finding of the body of the deceased in the water near by, with his head jammed in a hole in

the rocks, where it is supposed he was washed by the waves. An inquest was held on the body, Mr. Muller of Hoinalos acting as coroner. The evidence brought forth went to show that the deceased had some money when he landed, as he made a purchase after coming ashore, but as no money was found on his clothes it is supposed it had

been taken by some person unknown. His watch and ring were not touched. identity.

How to Stamp a Letter.

"Out of the millions of persons who stamp letters daily but few know the way to do the 'licking,'" remarked Mr. Alf. Oldham, the stamp purveyor at the "What is the postoffice, yesterday. right way, Alf. ?? queried a listener. "Why, the envelope ought to be licked, U. S. F. S. Vandalia, Dr. Kimball, Mr. not the stamp. If you lick the envelope Rowell (Superintendent of Public Works), and then apply the stamp it will stick, Mr. W. C. Brash of Wilder's S. S. Co., Mr. sure. If you lick the stamp you are Webster of I. I. S. N. Co., Mr. J. Sminh of limble to carry away all the mucilage on Wilder's Co., Mr. W. H. Cummings, and will fall off. Many a letter has reached the Dead Letter Office because the sender An affice buy to whom Honolulu life licked the stamp instead of the envel-

Foreign News Items.

Dr. Lyman Abbott has accepted the call of Plymouth Church, Beneklyn, as call. He found instead a piece of original successor of Henry Ward Beecher. The correspondence, to wit: "Honolulu, June next day, Bev. Mr. Hallintay (Bescher's

Yours _____ I want to see addressed a public meeting of 25,000 spatially. persons in Dublin, May 28th, denounc-_____ 1144 ly

Administrator's Notice ! ESTATE OF ALBERT C. SMITH, DECEASED, INTESTATE.

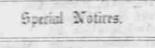
THE UNDERSIGNED HAV. I ing been daly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Albert C Smith, deceased, gives notice that all persons having claims against said Estate must present them to the - nder-signed within six months from date hereof or they will be forware partely and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make minediate payment to the undersign W. A. SINNEY, igned.

Administrator of the Estate of A. C. Smith. Bonolulu, June II, 1988. 1124-38 e 1114-31

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure. IN ACCORDANCE WITH A 1 pewer of sale contained in a certain mort-rage made by Deborah Kamai Mahanuti (w. 7 K Mahanutik), her bushand and Kaluna (w. mortgoes to S. Bakh mortgages, outed the 21d day of November, 1885, recurring in Liver 88, pages 431 and 4751 which and mortgage was doly assigned by said 8. Both, mortgages, to Laurs F. Dickson, Hem 84

y deed of any moregager, to Lattice 7, Dicason, y deed of any primetic dated August 13, 1866, ind recorded in Liber 30, page 451. Notice is hereby given that the said ascignes if mortgage incesses to furctione said mortgage or condition broken to with non-payment of principal and interest, and upon such foreclosure will sell at Fublic Austron, at a time and place to be hereafter designated, all and singu-iar the innis, tenements and hereditaments de-Kapol arribed in said mortignas as below specified. Further particulars can be obtained by applica-tion to W. Ansu'n Whiring, Attorney of saignee of mortgages LAURA F. DOUESON Assignce of Mortgages. Dated Honoluln, June 20, 1988.

Dated Honolulu, June 20, 1888. The grammaes to be solid are: All that certain ported-or hand stituate as failuri Hona, island of Cahu, bounded and described as follows: E hoo-maks sum ma be bibl Berns o ka sins, a bolo S Mr W 3.80 kand N Mr 2 1.56 kand N Mr W 2.50 hand N St 2 1.06 kand S Mr 10 Mr W 2.50 hand N St 2 1.86 kand S Mr 10 Z 1.16 kand S 10 Kand S Mr Z 1.86 hand S Mr 10 Z 1.16 kand S 12 W 1 M hand S Mr 2 W 3.80 hand a haht ihoo-maks at harder N Chine also a soft area or soften. train at kn thill W-100 eks and being a portion of Royal Puterat, No. 1250 L C & No. 1493 to Nac-paia. 1228 4t



MR. W. F. ALLEN.

H as an orvice with messes, misson a CO., corner of Merchant and Realisman streets, and he, will be pleased to attend to any, business sutrusted to him. 1199-00

THIS PAPER I'S REPT ON FILE AT R. C. DARE'S ADVER-TIMENO LORBOY, 64 and 65 Morthuav's Exchange, San Francisco, Cal., where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

THRUM'S ALMANAC.

statistical and general information relating to these Islands. Price 50 cents; or mailed abroad S canin such. THOS. G. THRUM. Publisher. Housiula, H. L. 1141-14

FURNISHED ROOMS.

NEAT AND COMILS FURNISHED ROOMS CAN be had by an early application at No. 4 Garden Lane.

KING BROS.

TMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ART GOIDS. Artists" Materials, Oll Paintings, by socab artists; Photosraphs of Island Scenery, Chromos, Obeographa, Pastels, Water Colors, Albums, Flash and Doney Souds, Etc., Mts. Frames of any and all kinds made to order. Regilding and regaining ald Plannes and Mirror Traines a

KING BROM. Hausdalu, H. I.

Konshiki Pali A hiki ma kabi i hoomaka al. 1 44-100 eka All the above lots from No. 1 to No. 5 are sold subject to a certain Mortgage made by D Kapol. I W P Kanealli and Julia Kahanleits Kanealli his wife, to the Hawailan Commercial and Segar Co., January 24, 1887, for \$800 for 8 years. 6. That land situated at Paletleina, Walhee,

L C A 1655 to Polula, and described as Maui. L. follows: li o Pahihi. E hoomaka ana ma ke kihi Koohans Hema o ka pahu e pill ans me ka papo

haku Akau 60% Hik 187 ki ma ko Kapu Akan ang 1044 · 61 305 Eo 47

374

61% Hik 88 ** 215 Ko 44 ** 70% Hik 192 ** Advance. - 59 -- 64 --- 328 --Poslima Wahaleie Axan 61 - 848 -Hem 47% - 67 -50% Ko 111 -30 Hik 91 Poslims 20 Bik 91 30% Ko 315 1223-6d Kaawa Naaho + 305.** Akau 315 - 305 - Papohaku Ahiki ma kati 1 hoomaka ai. 1.72 ska 7-Land ai Nau. Houmaula, Maul. R P 1434 to Papohaka Kapol Apana 1.-Hoomaka ma ke kihi Kom, Hem, o keis ke kihi hot o ko Funika a holo ana Hom 60% His 50% ki ma ko Funika Akan 50% 50% 50% 50% Kamabena * 44% Ko 71.04 * Kapas * 6% His 7.19 * Kapas * 10% 10% Kapol. Term of office expires June 16, 1889. 1199 to Kapol. Apana 3-Hoomaka ma ke kihi Akan o kela ajat somohana o kona kulenna

2 years-W. Wright,

apana 2-Hoomaka ma ke kihi Akan o keia Rihi Komodana o kowa kulenna He 270° Hi 37 ki ma koo kulenna * 30° %6 * kulenna me Pikanele * 53 Ko 1960 * ko Cilakers Ak 44 * 712 * ko Papohaka * 42 Hi 780 * ke Anupuas o Nau i kabi maa is 35-140 eka. Apana 3-Hoomaka ma ka papohaku nui i ke kini o za pa mit ke kaz zi a e holo ama Ak 59° Ko 200 ki ma ka Pr He 200 * 200 * * * 805 Hi 500 * * Bog 11: 600
Ak 54 - 600 - a biki i kahi i hoo maka al. 75-100 eka.
B-All the said L W P Kanesili's one third undivided interest in those pieces of land at Hoinzion, N. Kona, Hawall, E P 454, L C A 151 no Annenili and described as follows: Apana L-S hoomaks ma ke khki Kom, a e hose Ak 50° 30° Hi TS' ki ma ke Aupuni alna He 15° Hi L10 ki ma ke Aupuni alna - 37° 1.80°

- 27 - 1.80 At 57 Ko 1.48 35730 Ko 1.67 kl Hoko 25; eks. Apaga 2. Pa-S koomaka ma ke kihi Akan a e holo He 19 HI 111 kap Koal Ak 67 30 - 125 - Koncelki - 15 - 36 - -- 57 20 - 81 - -

Hoko 28 7-10 sraps. Floke 208 7-00 anase. but intere two Aparas of R P 456 are subject to e mostgrass made to W R Castle by L W P Kame-all, July I, 1994 for \$150. Together with all the bolidings therean and spontenances thereanto belonging. The above lots will be sold separately. Terms Cash and Deeds at expense of pur-

tasers. 1977 For further particulars apply to W.C. ARES, Assigner or to the undersigned. THOS. W. EVERETT.

Wanluke, June -, 1998. 1298-30

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure and of Sale. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

Yong Leony & Co. to Jones & Co., dated the Tith day of January, 1864, recorded in liber 87, on page 325, etc., notice is hereby given that the page 329, etc., notice is hereby given that me mergagees intend to forestions and mortgage for condition broken, and also that upon such foreclosure the premises below set forth will be sold at public action in Honorola, Oshn, at the suction rooms of James F. Morgan, Esq. at 12 o/riosk noos on Saturday, the 14th day of July, 1688. Further information can be had of Wm B. Caste surprome-tiew

Further information can be had of win a Castle, atturney-at-iaw. IONES & CO., Mortgagses. The property to be sold consists of the Sun Loong Hop Eve Plantanon, in Eastma, Roolan-pola. Onlin, comprising about one hundred and menty-five access of fine land, mostly rice, buildes patters hand, with plenty of water; a first-class rice mill property requipped and complete. With this goes a contrast with planders, whereby the owner meatwee ELTIS such aroy. 1220-64

14-Also the lease for ten years of lot at Punahou; Section 2 of Apana 2, B. P. 5904 L. C. A. 8041: 36 24-100 acres. 15-Lot 18 at Kapiolani Park, for the unexpired term of lease from the Espiolani Park Association. Parties purchasing the leases of the Fish Ponds will be required to furnish a bond of \$500 tor the faithful performance of contract. Terms-Payable Semi-annually in Le For further particulars apply to the Trustees JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer

13-Sea Fishery of Mokauca, part of L. C. A.

6410 566 acres.

Officers of Kohala Telephone Co. 1888-9.

Secretary Tresaurer DIRECTORS. 1 year-D. B. Bond, M. D. J. W. Monnauli.

J. R. S. Kynnersley. Syears-C. S. Eynnersley, Thos. H. Wright, G. P. TULLOCH, Secretary. 1224 31

Mortgagee's Notice of Sale !

BT ORDER OF ALLEN AND BOBINSON, THE B TORDER OF ALLEN AND BOBINSON, THE Mortgages's named in a certain Mortgage back maths by Malunas (w) and A. K. Pale-kainhi, her husband, and dated the left day of March, A. D. 1888, of record in the Hawalian Registry of Decide, in Book 84, pages 671 and 672, and in pursuance of a certain power of sale contained to sold mort-gage, the undersigned will sell at public auction, at his salescoom, Gneen street, Honolnin, ou RATCRDAT, the 30th day of June A. D. 1868, at horizone M., the following property, to will. The premises to be told are situate in Walmes, Island of Hauni, H. L, and are more fully de-acribed as follows:

Island of Hanni, H. L. and are more fully de-scribed as follows: I-All the into described in Land Commission Award 7,572 and Royal Patent 6,519. 9-All the iond described in Agana 1 of Land Commission Award 3,353, Royal Patent 5,282. 3-Also all the into described in Land Com-mission Award 2,982, Royal Patent 5,355. 5-Also all the land described in Land Com-mission Award 5,555, Royal Patent 5,284. And also two viewes of Land school Street.

And also two pisces of land on School Street, oncluin, Island of Oahu, containing 1% screet and 1 56-100 acres respectively. Further particulars on application to A. BOSA, Attorney at Law. JAN. F. MORGAN, And'r.

Honolula, June 4th, 1888.

SECOND CIRCUIT COURT OF the Hawaian Islands. In the matter of the Eartition of the Heil Lands of Mahinahina, Es-hans and Eshans Nut. On resulting and filing the petition of Autome Frincisco Jose Replands and Phillip Jonquin of Labaina, Mani, alleging that they own an un-divided half interest in the ands of Mahinahina, Eshans and Eshans Nil, situated in the district of Labaina, Mati, and provided that the district of Labaina, Mati, and provided that Commis-sioners he appointed to partition their interest and also the luterest of other parties in said Labate.

nd sho the Liferest of other parties in and tants. Notice is hereby given that WEDNESDAY, the figure is hereby given that WEDNESDAY, the pointed for hearing said petition before the said instice, in the Court Boom of this Court, at instice, in the Court Boom of this Court, is be have, why said petition should not be one error may appear and show same, if any the have, why said petition should not be be have that this order is published in the institution is a state that the source of the should not be be a state the source of the same the source of the have the Gazzar wave paper in Hendlar. Man Malana, if the source of the same the source of the same that the source of the source



A. M. HEWETT 1223-3m MERCHANT STREET.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Tong Hung has been admitted as a member of the firm of Hing Chong & Co., in the piece and stead of Tong Chong, such admission to date from the 2d day of January, A. D. 1888. Honolulu, June 12, 1884.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAV-THE DADERSIGATED HAV-ing been appointed administrator of the estate of Raswa, late of Kahus, Hawaii, Sceeseed, to present their claims, whether secured by morigage or otherwise, duly authenticated and with the proper voichers, if any exist, to the undersigned within six months from this data, or they will be forewerbarred. And all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. E. G. HITOROCCE. Administrator Resist Reserve.

Administrator Relate Ras Hilo, Hay 29, 1888.

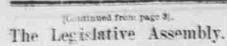
Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING MEEN DULY THE UNDERSHIGHED HAVING MEEN DULT appointed edministrator of the estate of theory (cooper, deceased, horring notifies all per-nove having claims against sold estate to present the same to him, duly anticenticased, at his other one Merchant street, in Bonobulk, Oaka, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever incred, and all persons owing and estate are requested to make immediate pay-ment to the undersigned. CRUIL BROWN. Administrator of the estate of Heary Cooper, deceased.

decensed. Rozoiulu, June 1, 1888. 1127-48

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 26 1888

General Advertisements



given notice of, providing for the signing of bills and other papers by the acting President. The provisions of the a neud-ment are identical with the terms of the resolution on the same subject, adopted on Tuesday. Adopted, and ordered printed on slips, and distributed among members. QUESTIONS TO MUNISTERS.

Rep. C. Brown asked the following of the Minister of Finance and Premier: Have His Majesty's Cabinet at any time before or since the prorogation of the ex-traordinary session of the Legislature of 1887, made any efforts, or in any manner sought to rectify or remedy the many com plaints against the incumbents of certain gubernatorial chairs, or sought or exercised any influence to have such incumbent or incumbents removed?

Noon recess, one hour.

Afternoon

Rep. Kalsukoa asked a series of five questions of the Minister of Interior, the purport of which were, if Mr. Kaoliko had been authorized to go to Kohula to survey certain Government lands-if he took money from the people--if he gave receipts therefor-if he had phid the money into the Interior Department-if the Government intend to give the people the lands for which such moneys were paid "

NEW BILL.

Minister Austin read, a first time, a bill to authorize the Government to contract the construction of inter-island submarine electric telegraph cables.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Rewards to Sheriffs, etc.-Third reading of the bill to repeal Chapter LIM of the Penal Code, relating to rewards to sheriffs. constables, and other prosecutors. Passed Proof of Service Second reading of proof of service bill. On motion of Noble Castle, laid on the table, for future considetalzon.

Spirit ous Liquors-Second reading of the bill to better prevent the illicit traffic in spirit-cous liquors. Referred to a spe-cial committee, consisting of Nobles Hitchcock and Townsend, and Reps. Daniels, F Brown and A. S. Wilcox.

Brown and A. S. Wilcox. Sale of Ales, etc. Second reading of the bill to amend section 12, Chapter XLIV., laws of 1882, relating to sale of ales, wines, spirits and cordials. Referred to the same immittee as the preceding. Seenrity for Uosts-Second reading of

the bill to amend section 856 of the Civil Code relating to security for costs, with majority and minority reports of the committee thereon

The majority report recommended that "the term costs may be held for purposes hereof to cover all costs, charges and ex-penses, and all other items which may by law at any time be included in the amount for which judgment can be entered, ex-cepting the amount sued for with inter-

The minority report recommends that the term costs may be held for purposes hereof to cover all costs of court and witness fees.

A lengthy discussion followed, in which A renging inclusion of the majority of the committee, and Rep. Kinney, Ministers Ashford and Thurston that of the minority;

The section was amended as recommended in the minority report, and passed, as follows:

r Section 856. Any Justice of the Supreme Court, at Chambers or in Banco. upon the application of either party, may require either the plaintiff or defendant to give security for costs in any case upon such terms and conditions as he may deem P. P. C. P.

Rep. Pachaole presented a petition from Levi Oopa, for a refund of \$5, taxes paid twice. Referred to the select committee on double taxation.

Rep. Kamauoha presented a petition, (1) that the President of the Board of Health be removed from office, as he does not conduct the business in a truthful manner: that he promised the wife of Momona that she would not be sent to the leper settlement at Molokai, a t being a leper. and was certified to that . Tect by two docand was certified to that . Teet by two doc-tors: that the woman was iterwards sent to Molokai, and, by paying a sum of money, was allowed to take her husband with her; (2) that the President of the Board of Health does not know anything about the disense of leprosy, and his ac-tions are influenced by his personal feel-ings; (3) that some members of the present Board be dismissed and Hawaiians auxointed in their stead. Referred to the appointed in their stead. Referred to the itary Committee.

Rep. Kinney presented a petition from Manuel Machado and Silverio Fernandes for a refund of \$5 taxes, paid severally by them, twice. Referred to the Committee on Double Taration.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Noble Baldwin read the report of the Finance Committee on the Stamp Duties Bill, submitting an entirely new bill, which they recommend to the consideration of he House. Accepted. Rep. Rice, for engrossment committee,

reported a bill ready for third reading. Rep. F. Brown reported one bill printed. Noble Baldwin read the report of the Pinance Committee on the petition of Joseph Kago, for \$16, for work on roads in

Kons, recommending that the petition be laid on the table. Committee were unable to find any record in the Interior Departent to substantiate petitioner's claim.

Rep. Pachaole supported the petition. Rep. Paris said he had examined the books of the district where the work was claimed to have been performed, but could find nothing due Mr. Kaso.

Noble Widemann moved that Rep. Paehasle go to Kona, try if he can find the petitioner and ascertain all the facts relatng to his claim.

Rep. Pachaole moved an amendment to effect that the mission be at Noble Widemann's expense. The report of the committee was adopted.

RESOLUTIONS

Noble Widemann moved that all petitions n double taxation and tax payments now in the hands of the Finance Committee be transferred to the select committee on ble taxation. Adopted. Rep. Nawahine moved that the petition

presented at the special session Dec. 7, 87, for a school house at Kaupo, Maui, be taken from the archives and referred to the Committee on Education. Adopted.

NOTICES OF NEW BULLS.

Noble Foster gave notice of a bill: to prohibit peddling and hawking of goods. Rep. Kamauoha gave notice of a bill to amend section 12, chapter XI. laws of 1876, relating to the Board of Health.

NEW BILLS.

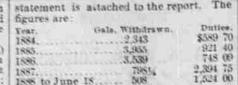
The bill submitted by the Finance Com ittee relating to Stamp Duties, was read a first time. Rep. F. Brewn read, a first time, a bill: to amend section 191 of the Civil Code, as

amended by chapter XXVI., laws of 1886, relating to the water supply MINISTER'S ANSWER.

Minister Green answered Rep. C. Brown's questions relating to the incumbents of gubernatorial chairs. (1) His Majesty's

Cabinet has sought to rectify and remedy the many causes of complaint against the incumbents of certain gubernatorial chairs. (2) The Cabinet has not made any attempt to have them removed otherwise than by introducing bills both at the last session and this one, to abolish the office of Governor.

ORDER OF THE DAY.



Taking a corresponding time of 20 months since the Act of 1886 came into effect, duties at \$3 per galion, and 20 months prior thereto, when duties were about 22 cents per gallon, the figures show, since the Act of 1886 took effect, 1,376% gallons withdrawn, paying duties and ing to \$4,128; prior to Act of 1886, 6,865 ons withdrawn, paying duties amount ing to \$1,532.

An enormously large quantity of alcohol was withdrawn, and of course used for medical, mechanical and scientific purposes, but really how much was legiti-mately used for these purposes, the committee have not the exact figures to sub-mit. Nor have they come to a satisfactory conclusion whether any industry in the Kingdom has been seriously interfered with, or checked by the import duty of \$3

per gallon. The duty on the article, adding to the Government income in the manner of an indirect tax, and also for the reason that the tendency of the times is that the less alcohol there is floating around, the better off we will all be; therefore, it is the opinion of the committee that the bill be

laid on the table. (Signed). M. P. Robinson, J. Wight, C. F. Horner, A. P. Kalaukoa.

Rep. C. Brown said the main object of the bill is to encourage valuable domestic industries, particularly the manufacture of performeries. One firm had expended about \$300 on plant for this industry pre-vious to the Act of 1880, but when the duties on alcohol were raised to \$3 a gallon, the enterprise was abandoned. He did not think is good policy for the government to set its foot on any industry that may be a source of revenue to the people of the country. He knew it for a fact that in the city of Philadelphia, the manufacture ef perfumery from island flowers is carried on. Noble Smith had confidence in the investigations and jadgment of the Committee A large proportion of liquors withdrawn for the purposes named in the bill had gone to wholesale, retail and jobbing dealers in spirituous liquors. He was informed that individuals have recipes for the manufacture of certain drinks, the bases of which are sloohol, and the manufacture of these abominable mixtures would be encouraged by this bill. The result to the revenue would be that it would be defradded in-stead of banefited.

Noble Wight said the committee had gone to considerable trouble to obtain inemation and statistics and they were willing that manufacturing enterprises be encouraged. Doctors use alcohol in mak-ing tinctures. He did not know but that less tinctures would be conducive to better health among the people. So far as me-chanical purposes are concerned, there is another preparation, methylated spirits. which answers all purposes and with the advantage that it is not suitable for pur poses of the saloon. He also considered he government realizations which would not meet expenditures on proposed im-provements, and he did not therefore feel like withdrawing any tax that might be a source of profit to the government.

Minister Thurston approved of the de velopment of the perfumery industry. He would favor a bill to admit alcohol for that purpose. But the present bill would be apt to bring back the old state of affairs when alcohol was carted round the streets sold to every liquor dealer and shipped to the other islands.

Noble Hitchcock was in favor of the bill in some respects, but in other ways, he was not. He would like to see a bill that would meet the difficulty, so that lawful industries might be helped. He moved the whole mafter be referred to a select



New Advertisements.



The term costs may be held f 10.51. poses hereof to cover all costs of court and witness fees.

The tell, as amended, passed to engross-ment to be read a third time on Monday

Dert. SILL AWAITING APPROVAL. Minister Austin announced one bill presented, this day, to His Majesty for ap-

At 2.22 the House adjourned to 10 e'clock Thursday morning.

Twentieth Day.

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THURSDAY, Jane 21.

The House met at 10 o'clock Hou. J. Wight, senior Noble, in the chair. Noble W. O. Smith was elected s'resident protem. . Minutes read and confirmed.

FETITIONS.

Noble Waterhouse presented a petition. signed by 54 taxpayers, praying that the kunchiki seas he regulated by law. Laid on the table, to be considered with the bill on the same subject.

Rep. C. Brown read the following petition, signed by 91 taxpayers:

To the honorable body of the Hawaiian Legislature-Gentlemen: The undersigned most respectfully beg leave to present before the honorable body of the Hawallan Legislature the following certificate in order to certify and attest before this honorable assembly that Dr. John Lopes. whom we know for several years past, to be an honest and upright man. deserving, therefore, in the highest degree, all the enconiums we can bestow on him, not only as a good and skillfol physician in the treatment of all diseases and aliments that human fiesh is heir to, but also deserves no less our esteem and respect on account of his gentlemanly and courteous manmers.

ners. Moreover, recognizing in said John Lo-pes all the required qualifications as a physician, we would must respectfully crave, at the hands of the honorable Legislature, the equitable and just grant of a general license for him to practise medi-cines throughout this Hawalian Kingdom. In faith thereof we have the dis honor to lay before the honorable body of the Hawalian Legislature this testimonial as a saugh token of the esteens and good opinion we entertain toward said John

Referred to the Sanitary Committee Rep. Kalaukoa presented a petition praying that Beretania street be extended to meet the road running past the Chinese Theater. Referred to Committee on Pub-tic Lands and Internal Insprovements.

Noble Waterbouse presented a petition for "more light," praying that two electric fights be put up—one at the foot of Libba strept the other between the Insame Asylum road and the bridge. Referred to the

same committee as the preceding. Rep. Parhaole presented a petition from Hopolala, in which the following "weighty mainers" are respectfully submitted for consideration: (1) that all the volunteer military companies be disbanded; (2) that the Kling's Guard is all the military force needed, and that it be increased to 80 men (3) that it be placed under the control of the Commander-in-Chief, that is, the King. and not under the direction of a Minister, Referred to Committee on Military Af-

Rep. Kawainni presented a petition from Honolalu, with 656 signatures, praving that a full boense to practise medicine by given to John Lopes. Referred to Sanitary

Rep. Nance presented a petition from Waialns, with 103 signatures, praying that the Minister of Interior be in-structed to give orders that a hornse

Telegraph Cables-Second reading of the nter-island Telegraph Cables Bill. Beferred to the Committee on Commerce. BILLS AWAITING APPROVAL. Minister Austin reported three bills pre-

sented, this day, to the King, for approval. At 11:33 a. m. the house adjourned to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Twenty-first Day.

FRIDAY, June 22. House met at 10 o'clock. The President and Vice-President being absent, the chair was taken by the senior Noble, Hon, J. Wight. Noble W. O. Smith was elected President pro tem. Minutes read and approved.

THE PRESIDENT'S RESIGNATION. The following communication was read : To the honorable the Legislature of the Hawalian Kingdom : Owing to illness which will prevent my early assumption of the duties of the position, and under the direction of my medical adviser, I have the honor to tender my resignation of the Presidency of your hunorable body, and

remain Your obedient servant.

SANUEL G. WILDER. Honolulu, June 21, 1888.

Noble Smith moved the following:

Whereas, The Hon, Samuel G. Wilder has been constrained by illness and the advice of his physician to tender his resignation as President of the Legislature of the Kingdom.

Resolved. That the sympathy of this seembly for him in his illness, and earnest hopes for his speedy recovery, he conveyed to him; that in reluctantly acpting his resignation this House desires express its thanks to the horiorable Noble for the able, impartial and faithful manner in which he has performed the duties of his responsible office; and that a copy of this resolution be presented to the honorable. Noble by a select committee of

Adopted, and a committee appointed consisting of Nobles Smith and Dowsett, and Rep. Nakaleka.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT.

Nobles Castle and Smith were respectwely nominated for President.

Reps. C. Brown and Maguire were ap-pointed tellers. The ballot being taken, there appeared for Castle, 36; Smith 5; Kawainui, 1. The Hon, W. R. Castle was declared duly elected. Nobles Waterhouse and Notley and Rep.

Nakaleka were appointed to wait upon the Chief Justice and request his attachdance. The Chief Justice entered, and adminis-tered the oath of office to the President-

The President thanked the members for the honor conferred upon him, and made complimentary reference to the ability by which his predecessor's incumbency of the office was distinguished.

PETITIONS.

Rep. F. Brown presented a petition from Koolaupoko tor the removal of the Road Supervisor of the district, and that a Road Board be apptimated, as provided in the Act of 1887. Referred to the Public Lands and

Internal Insprovements Committee. Noble Waterbouse presented a petition for more light, an electric light near Brewer's whart. Referred to the same committee as the preceding.

EXPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Rep. F. Brown reported six bills printed. Noble Robinson read the report of the Committee on Commerce on the bill to provide for the importation and sale of Eep. Nacce presented a patition from atalans, with 168 signatures, praying at the Minister of Interior be in-ractad to give orders that a heemse practize medicine be granited John opes. Referred to the same committee Office.

Rep. Kinney said that one member of the Committee on Commerce and several members of the House are in favor of direct importation of alcohol by those using

it for manufacturing purposes. Minister Ashford said the main objections o the bill seem to be its liability to abuse He would suggest a special clause relating to the duty to manufacturers. Or the sys-tem of rebates, extensively used in the United States, could be tried. He moved a reference to a select committee of which Rep. Kinney should be chairman and which would also contain two members of the Committee on Commerce.

The matter was referred to a select committee, consisting of Reps. Kinney and Homer, the Attorney-General, Nobles Robinson and Hitchcock.

Noble Robinson for the Committee on ommerce, reported on the inter-island electric telegraph cable bill. Committee find that the vested rights of existing telephone or telegraph corporations are placed under the paternal wing of the Government, from interference, and they submit an amendment to supply that de-fect. Laid on the table to be considered with the bill

Noble Baldwin reported the new stamp duties bill, presented yesterday in English, translated

Rep. Kinney read an exhaustive report of the special committee appointed to visit and report on the Kakasko hospital.

bospital by the interpreter.

On motion, the report was referred to the Sanitary Committee, with instructions to have it printed in the newspapers, and

particularly in the native papers. MINISTER ANSWERS QUESTION.

Minister Thurston answered the ques-tions ny Hon. A. P. Kalaukoa about the survey of Government langs at Kohala: To the first question I would reply that no such authority was given, and further ap-pend a statement from the Survey Office in regard thereto.

HAWALLAN GOVERSMENT SURVEY Hososviv, Jane 21, 1888 His Ex. L. A. Thurston,

and presuming that an early report is de-sired, I beg to offer the following statement in the matter 'referred to in accompanying questions of Hon. A. P. Kalaukoa, relative to certain Kohala lands, etc. , From information that I regard as strictly reliable, I learn: That in the early part of 1886 Koaliko came to the Survey Office, and presented an autograph letter from H. M. Kalakaua, to C. J. Lyons, requesting the lean of a surveyor's compass, but I do not think it was stated for what particular purpose it was desired. A compass was loaned to Koaliko who proceeded in company with one Kaokuu to Kohala, and represented (so I am informed) that they were govern-ment surveyors sent by the King, to survey H. HACKFELD & CO.

indus for the people. Money, horses, pigs, a gold watch and other property was paid over by the na-tives to Kaoliko and Kaokuu, to the int of over \$500, upon the understandbe paid for.

the Government Survey Office, or are known in any way to the office. Believing that this condition of affairs

was a discredit to the Survey Office, and a gross outrage on those desiring the land. the matter was brought to the attention of the present Attorney-Geral, a witness being also produced whose evidence was carefully interpreted and taken down. The above is, I believe, a correct state-ment of the information possessed by this BATH TUBS, WATER CLOSETS.

Sheet Zinc, Galv. Iron Sheets

Galvanized Tubs and Buckets.

Lanterns, Axes, Hammers,

Tin Plates, Sheet Lead,

Galvanized Corrugated Iron & Ridging SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE Screws and Washers:

GALVANIZED FENCE WIRE.

Barbed Fence Wire, Yellow Metal, Comp. Nails, Iron Tanks,

STEEL RAILS,

Fishplates, Bolts, Spikes, Switches, Portable Bails, Steel Sleepers, Portland Cement Fire Bricks, Roof Slates, Bosts, Baskets, Demijohns, Corks, &c.

GROCERIES

Pie Fruits, Sances, Cond. Milk, Blue Mottled Soap, Windsor Soap Wash Blue, Cream of Tarter, Carb. Soda. Vinegar, Biscuits. Stearin Candles, Rock Salt, Camphor, Safety Matches, Castor Oil, Epsom Salts, Hunyadi Janos, &c.

CROCKERY

Dinner and Breakfast Sets, Plates, Bowls, Toilet Sets, Flower Pots, Assorted Crates, &c.

GLASSWARE : Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Sample Bottles, &c.

LIQUORS:

Champagne, Port Wine, Sherry, Bitters, Bheinwine, Clarets, Cognac Brandy, Whiskey, Rum, Gin, Doornkat, Porter, Ale, St. Pauli Beer, Pilsener, Muller's Lagerbier, &c. Harzer Sauerbrunnen, (Mineral Water), Alcohol in bbls. and demijohns, &c. HAVANA CIGARS, -American Smoking Tobacco, &c.

ALSO.

HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE Golden Gate and Crown Flour,

For Sale on the most Liberal Terms and at Lowest Prices by

{1212 3m]

JNO. PHILLIPS

PRACTICAL PLUMBER,

- AND --

No. 71 King Street, Hopolalu, H. I.,

HOUSE AND SHIP

--J-O-B W-O-R-K--

PEOMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Ofall kinds always onband.

WASH BOWLS, PLUMBING GOODS

COPPERSMITH

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

GASFITTER

Bread, Salmon, Cal. Produce, &c.

EFAll Maats delivered from this Market are horoughly chilled immediately after killing by neans of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its julcy properties, and is guaranteed to keep songe

1212 8m

FAMILIES AND SHIPPING

AND AT THE ----

Lowest Market Prices.

atter delivery than freshly-killed meat.

Finest Herds.



THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINS

CHLORODYNE.

THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE. Advice to invalide.-If you wish to obtain quiet refreshing sitep, free from headache, re-llef from pain and anguish, to tail and assunge the weary achings of protracted disease. In-vigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will pro-vide yourself with that marvellous remark dis-coversed by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valu-able remedy ever discovered. CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

OHLOBODYNE acts like a charm in Distr-hosa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery. CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all at-

tacks of Epilepsy. Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasme.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neu-raigia Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache Maningitis, &c.

Maningitts, &c. Trom Symes & Co., Pharmacentical Chem-ista, Medical Hall, Simis, January 5, 1880. To J. T. Davenport, Esq., 20, Great Russell Strest, Bioomebary, London. Dear Sir – We embrase wide-spread reputation this justly esteemed addicate the Rast. As a remedy for generic initially we made question whether a better imported into the country, and we shall be glad to bear of its finding a place in every Amplo-inducting from their sale, we fance their solution there will be but avanessent. We could multiply instances of infinitum of the ex-transfinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chico-rodyne in Diarrhoza and Dysenters, Grammer, and as a general sedative, that have occured ind as a general sedative, that have occured indices the Superial Collis Browne's Chico-rodyne in Diarrhoza and Dysenters, Spaans Cramps, Neuralgis, the Yomiting of Preguaner, and as a general sedative, that have occured ind as a general sedative, that have occured ind as a general sedative, that have occured ind as a general sedative that have occured ind as a general sedative that have occured and as a general sedative that have occured and as a general sedative that have occured ind as a general sedative that have occured and as a general sedative that have occured ind as the public, as we use of opinion that the state caratory to rasson parine as the public is mananeart Binasch o or the CREMIT TO PROCREME AND PATIENT ALUER. We are, Sir, faithfully yours. Symes & Co. Membors of the Pharm. Society of Great Britian. His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION --Vice-Chanceller Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, indoubtedly, the Inventor of Chiurodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was de liberately untrue, which he regretted to say, had been sworm to.-See" The Times," daily 10, 1964.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 194d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and its. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chicrodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwheiming medi-cal testimony accompanies each bottle.

Cantion .- Beware of Piracy and Imitations. Sole Munufactore-J. T. DAVENPORT. 38 Great Russell Street, Bloom-bary, Londen, 1199 fm



Minister of the Interior. SIB -- In the absence of Prof. Alexander

ing that they (the people) should have the land of Polaskulus, Kohsis, divided up for them. As far as I know, none of this money or other property has ever been re-turned to those paying it, or any grants or deeds issued for any land thus supposed to be need for.

The surveys have never been through

Yours respectfully, J. P. BROWN, [Continued on Page 3.]

Noon recess, one hour. Afternoon. Reading of the report on the Kakaako



HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888.

COMMERCIAL.

BONOLULU, JUNE 26, 1988. The principal receipts of domestic duce during the week were 41.854 bags sugar and 4,005 bags rice. The only cargo for San Francisco was that by the Alden Bessie

Exports from San Francisco, during the month of April, slightly exceeding \$2,770,-000, of which the Hawaiian Islands took \$225,000 worth.

The cosl industry in the United States employs about 275,000 persons.

California claims to have about 30,000,000 acres of land specially adapted to fruit THISING.

ARRIVALS.

MONDAY, June 18.

Stmr Lehna, Clark, from Hamakus. Star Mokolii, McGregor, from Molokai and Lanai.

TUESDAY, June 19. Am bkine S N Castle, Hubbard, 21 days from San Francisco.

Schr Rainbow from Ewa.

WEINESDAY, June 20. Stmr C R Bishop, Le Claire, from circuit

Stmr Kaala, Underwood, from Waialua and Watanae.

Schr Caterina, from Waimanaio. THURSDAY, June 21.

Br bark Pakwan, Smith, 55 days from Newcastle. 8 Stinr Kilauea Hou, Cameron, from Ha-

makua, Hawaii. Star Surprise, Weisbarth, from Paipai-kon and Laupahorhor, Hawaii.

Simr Waimanalo, Kuikahi, from Ewa,

Oahu. FRIDAY, June 22.

Stmr W G Hall, Chaney, from Maul and Hawaii.

Stur Iwalam, Weir, from Hamakua and Lahsins

Schr Mary from Hanalei. Schr Manuckawai trom Koolan, Oahu

Schr Heein from Koolau. Schr Agulijus from Katist.

SATURDAY, June 23.

Am bkine W H Dimond, Drew, 2014 days from San Francisco.

Somr Likelike, Davies, from Kahului, Stmr Waiaicale, Campbell, from Hanalei

and Kilsues. Stmr James Makee, Macauley, from Ka-TINE.

Stmr J A Commins, Neilson, from Kooint and Waimanalo.

Stint Kaula, Underwood, from Walanas and Waialos

Simr Waimanalo, ----. from Ewa. SUNDAY, June 34.

Stmr Kinau, Lorenzen, from Maul and Hawaii. Stmr Mikahala, Freemati, from Nawili-

will, Waimea, etc. Stmr Mokolii, McGregor, from Molokai

and Lansi

Stmr C E Bishop, Le Claire, from Kunu, Mami,

Schr Moi Wahine from Hamakus, Ha-Wall Schr Leahi from Kohala.

Schr Caterina, from Waimsnalo.

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DEPARTURES.

MONDAY, June 18. Stmr Waialesle, Campbell, for Hanalei and Kilaues. 5 p m. Schr Mol Wahine, for Hamakus, Hawaii, Schr Kanikesouli, for Kohala. Schr Mary, for Hanalei. Scht Mannokawai, for Koolau. Stur Kinau, Lorenzen, for Maui and Hawali, 4 p m

Continued from page 6)

Egges, Mrs E E Faverweather, R Faver-

Bishop, W H McInerny, A Gilfillan, Rev Mr Gage, J A Woods and wife, Miss Jessie

From Kanai, per stmr Mikahala, June

24-Hon A Young, R Catton, O Isenberg, Capt L Ahlborn, Mrs H Davis, C Tuch, W

Richards, H Rice, Miss M Rice, Mrs M R

Forbes, Mrs Sillan, and 41 deck passen-

DEPARTURES.

For Maui per steamer Likelike June 18-

For Maul and Hawaii per steamer Kinau,

June 18-For Volcano: BT Evans, SE Evans, BT Evans, Jr, Rev Gage, Misses

Eggrs (2), Mr and Mrs Faverweather, Mrs H Gunn, Miss Berwin, Miss Mabel Taber,

H Gunn, Miss Berwin, Miss Matter Faber, Miss M Howe, Miss Musgrave, G L Bishop, Jules Tavernier, Mr and Mrs J A Woods, Misses Woods (2), A Gilfillaa and W H McInerny. For Hilo and way ports: Hon W H Dannels, E K Lülkalani, Hon J M Smith, A T Atkinson, Miss Hanaike, G C

Williams, J B Atherton, K E G Wallace, C Y Aiona, S Kamnra, M G Correa, and

For Kauai, per stmr Mikahala, June 19 --R Catton, R W Laine, C Koelling, H R Smythe, W Berlowitz, Hon A Young, Rev

J B Hanaike and son, W S Lokai, and

For Molokal, per stur Mokolii, June 19

-J Spencer, 2 lepers, and about 29 deck

For San Francisco, per bark Alden Besse, June 23-Col Sam Norris, J Don-

SHIPPING NOTES.

The bark C. O. Whitmore leaves next

Wednesday for San Francisco with 1,500

The American barkentine W. H. Di-

mond, Captain E. P. Drew, arrived on

Saturday morning, 20% days from San

Francisco with a cargo of general merchan-dise, and was berthed at the Oceanic Com-

The British bark Pakwan Capt Smith

which arrived off port Wednesday evening.

55 days from Newcastle, N. S. W., with 1060 tons coal for Messrs. W. G. Irwin &

Co., came into port Thursday morning.

The American barkentine S. N. Castle

leptain L. H. Hubbard, arrived June 19.

21 days from San Francisco, with a fu

29. Experienced head winds the first b

tain E. B. Cousins, sailed on Saturday for San Francisco with 12,236 bags sugar and

4.304 bags rice. Following were shippers: W. G. Irwin & Co., 7,111 bags (907,432 lbs.) sugar; H. A. Widemann, 8,417 bags (404.-

(87,800 lbs.) rice; Sing Chong, 1,510 bag-(151,900 lbs.) rice; E. L. Marshall 180 bag-

awa; F.F. Porter, 22 bbls, tallow; J. H. Bruns, sr., 125 bbls, molasses. Total 980

and was moored in the stream

about 70 deck passengers.

about 50 deck passengers.

aldson, and Mrs Wight.

passengers.

tons sugar.

pany's wharl

H Morrison, Rev. Father Gulstan, J Kal-ama and wife, J Monkhouse, and about 40

weather, Miss H Berwin, Miss Howe,

and wife, 53 deck passengers.

COLUMN.

deck passengers.

Woods, Miss Mary Woods, Miss Mabel Taber, Miss O B Musgrave, Mrs H Gunn, I may add that the land of Pohakulua S B Evans, B T Evans, S E Evans, jt Other ports: J O Carter, L Akamu, Miss above referred to was, and is, Government land

Hanaia, Miss L Cunningham, Mrs J A In answer to the question, if the government intends to issue patents for the lands referred to, the Minister answered, No. Litchen and 3 children, R W Gill, J Leech. Miss S Bannister, Mrs S C Luhiau, W J Minister Ashford said with reference to the representations said to have been made Brodie, Mrs H Kealoha, Rev C M Kamaka W Ebeling, F S Dunn and wife, L C Nult

to him, a witness had come from Kohala and made certain statements which he had taken down, Mr. J. S. Emerson of the Sur-vey Office acting interpreter. He had subsequently been informed that the person most directly implicated in the transaction was a leper and was about to be taken charge of by the Board of Health. Another person was in the business but he did not

think the evidence against him was sufficiently clear to obtain a conviction. Noble Hitchcock said it seemed as if another Aki case was opening up. He thought the House ought to find out where the money went that was paid the surveyor. He moved the House direct the

Attorney-General to look into the matter. Noble Lubiau did not intend to say any thing this session. But as this matter had ome up, he would state that he was one of the victims of the Kaoliko survey transactions. Kaoliko had come there with a Government compass. he said, to survey Gov-ernment lands. He, Luhiau, had showed him a piece of Government land, and had it surveyed, and paid \$50 for it. He knows

of two others who had tracts surveyed for them and paid \$60 and \$50 respectively. They all supposed the surveyor had been ent there by the Government. He learned that the land he bought was, some time ago, advertised and sold, down here, at

Noble Widemann said he did not think the House had a right to order a Minister; it could express its desire that a certain course be taken.

The matter was referred to the Attorney-General with a recommendation to prose cute if he sees cause.

QUESTION TO MINISTER.

Rep. Kinney asked the following of the linister of Interior: What efforts have the Ministry made, if

any, to ascertain whether or not H. R. Armstrong has made himself legally liable o the Hawaiian Government for the return of any moneys received by him on account of the London loan. And if the Ministry have ascertained that said Armstrong liable for the return of any of said moneys have they taken any steps for the collection of the same or the removal or suspension of said Armstrong from his position as lon-sol General at London, and if so, with what result??

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

Rep. Pachaole read a minority report of the committee on the bill to smend the law relative to the terms of the Circuit Court for the Second Judicial District. cargo of general merchandise, and a deck load of 120 pigs and 4 mules, for R. Gerke. The minority oppose the change of terms from Lahains to Wailuku, the principal The S. N. Castle left San Francisco May reasons given being the expense of erect-ing new buildings, Lahaina being the days, thence trades to port. The S. N. Castle comes consigned to Messrs. Castle & Cooke, and is docked at Brewer's wharf. ancient seat of government, and the petitions received against the proposed change. (Signed) A. P. Paehaole, C. F. Horner, The American bark Alden Besse, Cap-

Noble Makee read the majority report recommending that the bill pass, and quoting in support thereof the report of the Chief Justice, which says: I think the time has fully come when the waning importance of the town of Lahaina re- Sugar, H. A. Wittenami, e. arisoings (180, 196 lbs.) sugar; C. Afong, 1.397 bags (180, 126 lbs.) sugar; M. Phillips & Co., 311 bags (38,120 lbs.) sugar; and 276 bags (27,600 lbs.) rice; M. S. Grinbaum, 1,929 bags (182,000 lbs.) rice; Hyman Bros., 878 bags ites the transfer of the December term of the Circuit Court to Walluku

Rep. Kinney moved the reports be laid on the table until after the Judiciary Commission have reported. Carried.

RESOLUTION. Noble Baldwin moved the following: Whereas, Section 1, Chapter XIX, of the ession laws of 1887, fixes the pay of Representatives at \$250 each for each blennial period; therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Committee on Acauthorize the pay

A. Kinney; Asiatic In nigration, G. H. The Legislative Assembly. Dole: Judiciary Committee, W. O. Smith; Miscellaneous Petitions, G. P. Kamauoha. ORDER OF THE DAY.

> Desertion Act-Third reading of the hill to repeal section 61 of the Penal Code" to prevent married persons deserting cach person.

Noble Smith moved indefinite postpone ment.

The aves and noes were taken on the notion, when there appeared :

Ayes-Smith, Waterhouse, Luhiau, Not-y, Wali, Baldwin, Bailey, Richardson, G N. Wilcox, Bertelmann, Naone, Deacon, Maguire, Kamauoha, Nawahine, Helekuihi, A. S. Wilcox, Nakaleka-18. Noes-Green, Austin, Thurston, Ash-ford, Robinson, Townsend, Hitchcock, C. Brown, Kamai, Kinney, Horner-11

The bill was indefinitely postponed. Telegraph Cables-Second reading of nter-island cables bill with report of com-

nittee thereon. The first section passed. Adjourned at 3:45 to 10 o'clock Saturday

morning.

Twenty-second Day.

SATURDAY, June 23. The House met at 10 o'clock, the Presi-

dent, Hon. W. R. Castle, in the chair. Minutes read and confirmed.

PETITIONS.

Rep. C. Brown read a petition from Z. K. Meyers for payment of a balance of \$170.25, claimed to be due him by the Water Works Office. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Noble Dole presented a petition from the residents of Wailua-kar praying that that place be restored to the district of Kawaihea. Referred to the special committee on election laws.

Rep. Kalaukoa presented a petition from Koolaupoko, with 178 signatures, praying that T. A. Lloyd be retained in the office of Road Supervisor. Referred to Public Lands and Improvements Committee. Noble Waterhouse presented a petition from 61 residents of Honolulu for the completion of the Queen street extension tovards Waikiki. Referred to the same com-

mittee as the preceding. Rep. Kamanoha presented a petition raying that where Government lands are old in any district, they be sold to resi lents of that district only. Referred to the same committee as the preceding.

Noble Widemann presented a petition from Olowalu Sugar Co., for a refund of overpaid_taxes. Referred to the select

mittee on double taxation. Rep. Pachaole presented a petition from Moses K. Nakuina, John K. Nakuina and Mrs. R. K. Nakuina, praying for \$300, compensation for buildings belonging to the late J. W. Nakuina, deceased, and the late J. W. Nakuina, deceased, and taken possession of by the Board of Heaith. Referred to the select committee appoint ed to visit Kalawao.

Rep. Pachaole read a petition from Kinimaka (w.), for compensation for lands which the Government are said to be about to take possession of, and setting forth that petitioner has lived on such land Referred to the same comall her life.

Rep. Kinney presented a petition from E. M. Miller of New York, for a relate of duties on liquors in bond. Referred to the ommittee on Commerce.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Noble Baldwin, for the Finance Commitce, to whom were referred the printed siennial report of the Minister of Finance. presented on the first day of the session read an elaborate report thereon. On moon, the report was ordered to be transated and printed.

Rep. C Brown read a majority report of diciary 8

ed to present the resolution, passed on Friday to the late President, Hon. S. G. Wilder, reported that they had delivered the resolution, with a letter, to Mr. Wilder physician, the latter having ad-vised their not delivering it to him in

General Advertisements.

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure and

of Sale.

power of sale contained in a certain mori-gage made by Hoopil wi and S. Kalinaha, her hushand, to A. J. Cartwright, truster, dated the Scht day of December, 1682, and recorded in liber 79, p. 137, notice is hereby given that said mori-

gave intends to foreclose aid mortrage for con-dition broken, and upon said foreclosure will sell at public auction at the selesroom of J. Mor-

gan, in Honolulu, on THURSDAY, the 5th day of July, at 12 o'clock noon, the premiese described in said mortgage, as below specified. Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle.

Mortgages. Premises in he sold on all those tracts or purcels of land situated in Kumueli Kamalo, Molokai, more particularly described in Royal Patent 2979, L. C. A. 5045 B., in the name of Kalina, father of said Hoopil, containing as area of 450 areas

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclose.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A

power of sale contained in a certain mort-gage made by Willfam Johnson to John 8, McGrew, dated the 26th day of January, 1880, re-

orded in liber 65, on pages 264, 285 and 206, which said mortfage was duly assigned by asid John S. McGrew, morgagee, to Mrs. Victoria Ward by deed of assignment dated the 29th day of January, 1886, and recorded in liber 65, page

264, notice is hereby given that the said assignee of mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of

principal and interest, and upon such fore-closure will sell at public suction, at a time and place to be hereafter designated, all and singular the lands, tenements and heredita-ments morigaged in said morigage, as below

Further particupars can be obtained by appli-cation to Charles Creighton, attorney-at-law. MES. V. WARD,

Assignee of Mortgagee Dated Honolula, Jure 7, 1897.

The premises to be sold are: All those lands

situate on the northwesterly side of the Nuuanu Valley read, in said Honolulu, and bounded and

Valley road, in said Honolulu, and bounded and described as follows: Cummencing at the north-west corner or angle of lot one of the said prem-ises on the said Numanu Valley road, the same being the southeastern point of J. Wood's land; thence running N dP 20', W. 202 feet along Wood's fand, S. 65' 55', W. 34 feet along J. Ahins's land, S. 75' 9', E. 328 feet along lot two to Numanu street, N 41° 1', E. 82.9 feet to point of beginning-467-1000 acros, together with the buildings and juntrovenents thereon.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To all persons having claims against the estate of Mnune (w), late of Honolulu, deceased, to present the same, duly anthenticated, within six months from date of this notice or they will be forever barred.

Administrator estate of Mause (w), decessed. Honoluin, June 3, 1885. 1222-45

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office at HILO, HAWAII,

CH" N. B.-BILLS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. "So [1412 1y]

Administrator's Notice!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAV-

I mg beer appointed Auministrator of the Estate of W. E. KAHELEMAUNA, deceased, hereby notifies all persons baring claims against said reals to present the same to him daly authenticated within six months from date here-of or they will be forever barred. W. C. SMITH, Administrator, Hopoinia, May 22, 1888 1230-41

Notice to Creditors !

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVE

notice that they have been appointed As-suces of BLOWN & CO., Merchants of Hono-

E. G. HITCHCOCK.

six months from the be forever barred. WILLIAM O. SMITH,

buildings and improvements thereon. 1229-48

attorney-at-law. A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Trustee,

of 449 acres.

specified

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A

QUESTIONS TO MINISTER.

Rep. Kamauoha asked the Minister of Interior (1) for a list of persons not paid for lands taken in the burnt district, Hono lulu, (2) for a statement of the areas taken for streets and other purposes.

MINISTER'S ANSWER.

Minister Green asked further time to answer Rep. Kinney's enquiries, relating to H. R. Armstrong, Consul-General at London: Granted.

NEW BILLS.

Rep. Kamaucha read, a first time, a bill to define "drunkenness" and the meaning of the word "drunk."

A bill, relating to the office and duties of Governor, was disposed of under the head of "Reports of Committees."

PRIVILEGE.

Noble Smith said the report of proceedings of yesterday's session in this morn-ing's P. C. A. represented him as having moved a resolution and appointing himself Chairman of a committee while acting President.

The hon. Noble's resolution was placed under the heading, "Resignation of Presi-dent," as it related specially to that matter. Its correct place, in the order of business, would have been immediately preceding "Petitions" and following next after the proceedings under the head of "Election of President."]

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Telegraph Cables.-Second reading of the bill to authorize the Hawaiian Government to contract for the construction of inter-island submarine electric telegraph Continued from Friday' S SESSION

[The line in the report of Friday's business, stating that the first section passed. was premature.]

The first section was discussed at some length by Ministers Austin and Thurston, Nobles Widemann, Smith and Hitchcock, Reps. Kinney, Pachaole and Kamauoha. The section was amended and passed, as follows:

Section 1. The Minister of the Interior with the unanimous concurrence of the Cabinet, is hereby authorized to enter into a contract with J. Sherman Bartholomew residing in Honolulu, H. I., and his associates and assigns, or with any other persons or corporations, for the construction laying or maintaining of a submarine electric telegraph cable or cables, to con-nect the islands of the Hawsian group from Hawaii to Kauai, as follows, From Hawaii to Maui, from Maui to Oahu, with a landing on Molokai, and from Oahu to Kauai, together with lines of land telegraph to connect the same with

all or any points on the Hawaiian Islands A COMMITTEE APPOINTMENT. The President appointed Noble Bailey in place of Hon. S. G. Wilder on the commit-

tee to visit Molokai. Adjourned at 12:28 p. m. to 10 o'clock Monday morning. Advertisements.



Absolutely Pure.

For quick raising, the Boyal Baking Powder is

uperior to all other leavening agents. It is ab-

organs, if whit keep in any climate without deterioration. Prof. H. A. Mott, U.S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the confutry reported: "The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Govern-ment.

"Because of the facilities that company have

for oblaining perfectly pure cream of tarts, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its

preparation, the Boyal Baking Powder is un-doubtedly the pures and most reliable baking powder offered to the public. "Dn. HENEY A. MOTT, PR. D.," 5 1221-19 U. S. Government Chemist.

The Liverpool and Lon-

don and Globe

[ESTABLISHED 1816.]

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniturs, on the most favorable terms.

Take Notice.

ALL PERSONS HAVING

House, Waimes, South Kobala, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Thursday and Friday, June 28th and 29th,

Court at the Court House at Kapasu, North Ko-

Notice to Creditors.

Net Income...... Claims Paid......

1155-0m 1-6m

9.079,000

BISHOP & CO.

ment.

Stur Kinali, Lorenzen, for Maui and Hawali, 4 p.m. Stur Likelike, Davies, for Kabului,	Bruns, sr., 125 bbls, molasses. Total 985 tons. Value \$82,638 96.
5 p.m., Stmr James Makee, Macaulev, for Ka- paa, 5 p.m., Sumr Kaals, Underwood, for Waianae and Weisins at 9 a.m., Stmr Waimanelo, for Ewa, 9 a.m.	RURT At Hilo, June 11th, to the wife of
Schr Haleakala for Pepeekeo.	DIED.
TURSDAY, June 19. Schr Mary E Föster, för Lahaina. Schr Kaslokai för Kaual. Schr Kawailani för Koolau. Stur Mikahala, Freeman, för Kauai, 5	GRAHAM-At Honolulu, June 15. Alice (Allie), youngest daughter of Robert and Lizzie Graham, aged % years and 5 mos.
p.m. Stmr Lehun, Clark, for Hamakua, 5	The Baseball Match.
 P.m. Stmr J. A. Cummins, Neilson, for Koolau and Waimanalo, 9 a.m. Stmr Mokolii, McGregor, for Molokai, 5 p.m. Schr Kaulilus for Waimes, Kausi, Waimssuay, June 20, Schr Josephine for Ewa. 	Saturday's baseball match was a great disappointment to a large audience,
Schr Rainbow for Ews, Ozhu. THURSDAY, June 21.	
Stmr C R Bishop, Le Claire, for Kuau,	NAMES. T. B. I. S. T. S. P.O. A. E. Baldwin, p. 6 1 1 0 21 7
Maui, 4 p m. Stmr Kaala, Underwood, for Walanae and Watalus, 9 a m. Stmr Ewa for Ewa. FBIDAY, June 22. Stmr Walmanalo, Kuikahi, for Ewa. Oshu.	Xinney, bit b 5 2 3 3 10 0 0 Wodehouse, M2 b 5 5 1 5 2 3 1 0 0 C. Wilder, s. 5 5 2 2 0 7 3 Chan. Wilder, s. 5 1 1 3 1 2 0 7 3 Winter, e. f. 5 1 1 3 1 2 0 7 3 Chan. Wilder, e. f. 5 1 1 3 1 2 0 7 3 Chan. Wilder, e. f. 5 3 9 5 4 4 4
Saturday, June 24. Stmr. Likelike, Davies, for Molokai, 9	Total 66 10 11 12 24 24 13
p. nn Am bark Alden Besse, Cousins, for San Francisco at 12 noon.	RONOLDUR
Contraction of the local division of the loc	NAMES. 7. R. 1 3 7.5 P.O. A. Z.
Eccepts of Produce for the Week. Bags sugar, Eagerice, Mis. phys. Simr Lebua. 2100 Schr Kaulilus. 601 Manuokawal. 450 Schr Canute. 3000 Stmr Mokolii. 400 40	Marchy, co. 2 2 5 6 1 Luras, A, r. f. 5 2 1 0 1 1 Cut, c. f. 5 2 1 0 1 1 1 Cut, c. f. 5 2 1 0 1 1 1 Cut, c. f. 5 2 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 More, 4d b 5 2 0 3 0 2 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0
Stmr Kasla 2000 25	Parker, p
Stmr Bishop 1709 113 Kilanea Hoc 2102	Total 46 16 11 15 27 17 11
Stmr Waimanalo 550	SOURE BY INNINGS.
Star Surprise 1985	1 2 2 4 5 6 7 8 9
Sturiwalani. 5827 30 SchrManuokawai 245	Honolnin
Stmr Kinau 4567 1082	Laft on bases -Honololn 6 Stars 9
Stmr Waialeale 3386 40 Stmr Jas Makee. 1704 Stmr Likelike 1235 119	Stolen BasesChan. Wilder, Geol Lucas, Passed balls-H. Wodebouse I, Chan. Wilder 0.
Stmr Kasla 1201 880 140 Stmr C R Bishop 2750	Home Run-Markham,
Stmr Mikahala 2589 149 48 Stmr J Consumins 1299	Three-base hit-E. Wodebouse. Umpire-Mr. Martin. Scoret-E. C. Vida.
PASSENGERS.	Supreme Court.
ARRIVALS.	FRIDAY, June 22.
From San Francisco, per barkentine S. N. Castle, June 19-R. Gerke.	BEFORE MR. JUSTICE BICKERTON.
From Watalus and Waianae, per stur. Kaala, June 20-Taro Ando, and 15 deck	Equity division. Kapahu vs. Gilman. Motion. Bosa for plaintiff; Creighton

Kanla, June 20-Taro Ando, and 15 deck for defendant. Hearing on defendant's passengers. motion to set aside discontinuance and

From Hamakus, per stmr Iwalani, June 22-Miss Mary E Green, and 11 deck pas-STIRETS.

From Maui and Hawaii, per steamer W G Ball, June 22-Hon James Kauhane, J H S Martin, S G Wilder, Mrs J G Campbell, A L Raffety, F L Patten, Kin Nahao-ieiua, H S Zanth and wife, H N Greenwell, Miss Horner, Right Rev Lord Bishop of Olto, Rev Father Clement, E Hutchinson, M Siiva, Mrs J Holek, and 61 deck passengers

From Kahului and way ports, per starr Läkelike, June 23-Mrs S & Wilder, G P Wilder, M Louisson, M S Grinhaum, Sing You and wife, J White and wife, H M Cornwell, Rev. S Kaili and 3 children, Hon W H Daniels, Major W H Cornwell, W H Bailey and wife, Miss Bailer, E D Wal-bridge, 4 personers and 48 deck passengers.

From Waislus and Waisnae, per stror Knais, June 22-Mrs Wolfe and child, and 32 deck passengers.

From Kausi, per stmr Waisleale, June 23-3 Cooke and 10 deck passengers.

From Kapan, per stmr Jas Makee, June 23-Hon G H Dole, Mins Dole and 15 deck pursengers.

From Maui and Hawaii, per stur Kinau. \$220,57, but Messrs. M. Green and M. Election Laws, D. H. Hitchcock; Li-June 24-Volcano: Miss L Egges, Miss M. Hyman appraised the value at \$423.92. censes, A. Jaeger; Konohiki Fisheries, W.

the wife of ment of \$250 for each Representative at ned Kamehatending the present session of the Legislature.

for a decree. Plaintiff is allowed to file

vis. : \$65 for one month in full, balance

BEFORE ME. JUSTICE PRESTON.

Probate division. Estate Andre Ma-

chado. Kinney for petitioners; Wm.

McCandless, attorney in fact for guard-

ian. John C. Edwards is removed and

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE M'CULLY.

siding Justice filed a decree to-day.

ordering the goods to be forfeited and

a motion asking for discontinuance.

pro rata.

herein under bond.

Rep. Kinney said, as he understood the Constitution, it was intended that the \$250 was for the term for which Representatives were elected.

Noble Smith said the Committee on Accounts had refused to pay the first draft presented to them for compensation for the present session. He though this a matter of construction of Article 55 of the onstitutio

Rep. Kauhi understood that the committee were going to report against this pay-ment, and he was glad it had been brought up at this stage. Noble Widemann thought this touched

the pockets of representatives closely, but it ought to touch their honor more close. They ought not to be in too much haste. selv

Noble Baldwin said he was not a lawyer but he thought the constitution put it as plainly as English can express it that representatives are entitled to their com-pensation for this session. The compensation was part of the expenses of the ses-sion set forth in the report of a committee, some time ago, of which he was a member. Noble Smith was inclined to think Noble Baldwin and others of the same opin were correct. But he wanted an authori-tative decision of the question raised. Minister Thurston said there was no

question on his mind as to the right of representatives to compensation for this, apart from the extraordinary session. The session of 1887 belonged to one period, the present session to another period, and representatives are entitled to \$250 for each biennial period, according to the constitu-

Minister Ashford said the Act of last session was an expression of opinion that representatives are entitled to pay for that. as well as the present session.

Noble Townsend voted against the payment of compensation for last session. So far as he could understand, it was not contemplated in the constitution that mem-bers should receive the \$250 otherwise than for the time for which they were elected.

Noble Hitchcock, on reading the consti-tution, could not see where it forbids representatives getting \$250 for this session. The session of 1887 was not a session in this biennial period. It was an "extraor-dinary session" entirely ontside of the period for which the \$250 is specifically provided

Minister Green said that in the event of the house being-called together next year, which would make two sessions in the present biennial period, he could not see how it is to be supposed that members are to serve two and a helf years under the com-pensation authorized for only two years. Noble Baldwin read from the dictionary the definition of "period" in support of his VIEWS.

Representatives, under the rules, being disqualified to vote on the question, the ayes and noes of Ministers and Nobles Law division. Bankroptev Chun Hoy. Creighton for claimant; W. C. Parke, assignee, in person. Wong Quai's claim for rent of \$171.80 is ordered to be paid.

were taken, when there appeared: For the Resolution-Green, Austin, Thurston, Ashford, Robinson, Jaeger, Waterhouse, Foster, Luhian, Wight, Not-lev, Wall, Hitchcock, Baldwin, Bailey, Richardson, Maker, Wilcox, Bertelmann -19

Against-Townsend-1. The President said that though the majority of votes cast was for the resolution, yet he could not declare the resolution carried, as the 19 was not a majority of the members of the House present. It was suggested that a sufficient num-

Raymond Reyes appointed guardian of ber of representatives retire to leave a bare the persons and property of the minors quorum. A number did accordingly re-

Some discussion of a desultory kind en-sued, the outcome of which was that the question was referred to a select commit-tee consisting of Noble Baldwin, Smith Admiralty division. Collector General of Customs vs. 407 Hats. The pre-Townsend, Richards on and Waterhouse.

CHANGES IN COMMITTEES.

The President made the following ap sold by the Hawalian Government. The application claiming forfeiture alleged the goods to have been entered for \$220,57, but Messrs. M. Green and M. pointments on committees of which he had been himself a member before his election to the Chair; Election Laws, D. H. Hitchtock; Li-

abolish the office of governor. Committee have come to the conclusion that it is not advisable to do away with the office of governor. The principal objections to the office of governor are three: (1) to the personnel of the present incumbents, (2) the uselessness of the office, (3) the ex-pense in maintaining the same. The maority of committee agree with the minor-ty that some of the present incumbents have shown themselves unfit in more ways than one for the position, but think that i not a sufficient reason for doing away with the office, as the cause can be remedied The majority of committee maintain that the office in the hands of good persons and those who would faithfully perform their duties, will be useful and alm nost necessa: to the Government in the administration of affairs on the different islands and would insure on each island, among the numerous Goverment officials, a close and stricter attention to duty, if they knew that the Governor was likely to report on or visit them at any time. The majority of committee have drafted a new bill continuing the office of Governor

iutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power. It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food Bread, biscults, mufins, cake, etc., raised with Boyai Baking Powder may be eaten hor without and defining the duties, and which they submit for consideration. As to the third objection, the expense they think that in the assessment and coldistressing results to the most cellcate digestive organs. It will keep in any climate without interroration

lection of taxes alone, more money will be saved than will pay the salar is of the Gov-ernors. They see no necessity for the office of Governor's clerk, and this office could be done away with. There are other places in which economy can be practised with better results than in the abolishing of the office of Governor. This is a mor archical form of government and there should be some officer on the different islands to represent the King and government other than a member of the police force, or some subordinate officer.

The bill introduced by the majority of the committee provides that the office of Governor shall be held by some male citiren, and prescribes the duties which, with the duties already pertaining to the office. will, in their opinion, keep the incumbent fully occupied. The bill abolishes, the law as it at present exists, and if the bill introduced by the Attorney-General disposed of the office of Governor, and thus legislates out of office the persons now holding that office, the bill introduced by the majority of committee will certainly have the effect. It is so guarded that a repetition of the complaints made against certain pre-sent incombents can be easily remedied in the hands of a competent and faithful

Ministry. In the opinion of the majority of Committee it will be impossible for the Minister of Finance or the Registrar of Public Ac counts to attend to or perform the duties of attending to or performing the assess-ment or collection of taxes without the Government sustaining a loss equal to or greater than the amount expended in the

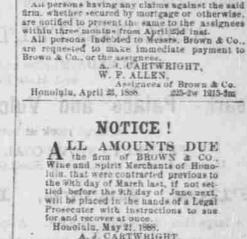
yment of the salaries of Governors. The majority of committee are also of the opinion that the abolishing of the office of Governor is not the wish of the people en masse, and should the question be left to a vote of the people, it is confidently believed that the vote to retain the office would be two to one against its abolish-ment. The question was not raised at the recent elections, and as to the office being necless, every one is entitled to the privil-ege of an opinion on that subject, and that too, without the motives or convictions of

Court at the Court House at mapaau, North Ro-hala at 10 o'clock a m on the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th of July, 1898. And at the Court House, Hamakus, Hawait, at 10 a m on the 11th, 12th, 15th and 18th of July, 1888. B. L. AUSTIN, Circuit Judge, Hilo, June 4, 1888. 1222-3t such opinion being impugned. The majority of committee not favoring the bill abolishing the office of Governor, can not report favorably upon the bill pro-viding for the manner in which the duties at present appertaining to the office of Governor shall be performed, they there-fore recommend that that bill be laid on the table as well as the bill abolishing the office of Governor, and further recommend that the bill submitted by them be taken into consideration by the House.

The report is signed by Cecil Brown, W. O. Smith and John Richardson. The report was accepted and action on

it deferred antil the minority report is re-ceived. The new bill was read a first time. Rep. F. Brown reported seven bills printed.

Noble Smith, for the committee appoint-



luln.

A.J. CARTWHIGHT, W.F. ALLEN

1219-1m Assignces of Brown & Co.

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale.

N ACCORDANCE WITH A ACCORDANCE WITH A power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by sames Kean, of Honoluiu, Island of Oahn, to Bishop & Company of said Honoluin, dated Jame 14, 1865, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds in said Honoluin, in Liber SI on pages 192, 183 and 194. Notice is hereby given that the mortgagees intend to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit, non-payment of princi-pal and interest when one, and upon said fore-closure will sell as public anction, at the sales-room of J. F. Morgan in said Honoluin. ON SATURDAY, AUGUST iNers, 1888.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 1878, 1888. at 12 o'clock noon, the premises feactified in sold mortgage. The premises to be sold are: All that certain tract or parcel of land lying situate and being in Aala, Hogolula, and more particularly described in Hogol Patent No 5651 (Land Commission Award 1087 to Uluos), to rether with all the buildings and improvements upon the same. Further particulars can be obtained of Bishop & Co., or of W. O. Smith, Attonues for Mort-gagess. BISHOP & CO. Honolulu, May 25, 1888. 1220-51

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention INSURANCE CO. to Foreclose and of Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that persuant to a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed dated the 27th day of October: A. D. 1884, made by David Easpa and Susan K. Easpa, his wife, both of Homoniu, to John Farnsworth of Homoniu, and of record in liker 80, pages 380 and 381, and assigned by the said John Farnsworth to A. P. Peterson, Trates by assignment, dated the 19th day of December, A. D. 1955, and of record in Liker 50, page 390. Notice is hereby given that the Assignee of said mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: for non-payment of interest when due, and upon said foreclosure will sell at Public Aperion, at the salesmon of Jas F. Morgan, in Honolulu, Island of Jaho.

ON SATUBDAY, 7th JULY, A.D. 1888,

At 12 M. of said day, the premises as described in said morigage as below specified. Further particulars can be had of A. P. Paras-A business before the Circuit Judge, Third ndictal Circuit. The undersigned will hold Court at the Court

son, Attorney at-Law. A. P. PETERSON, Trustee, AOSignate of Mortgagee. Honolulu, May 10, 1888.

<text><text><text><text><text>

 BEOWN & CO., Merchanis of Honolulu.

 All persons having any claims against the said firm, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, are bothfed to present the same to the assignees within three months from Ayril 23d inst.

 All persons indicated to Messrs. Brown & Co. are requested to make immediate payment to Brown & Co. at J. CARTWRIGHT.

 A. J. CARTWRIGHT.

 A. J. CARTWRIGHT.

 A. J. CARTWRIGHT.

 A. J. CARTWRIGHT.

 Assigness of Brown & Co.

 Honoluln, April 23, 1888.

THE UNDERSIGNED GIVE NOTICE THAT they have been appointed assignees of BROWN & CO., Merchants of Hopolulu.