Bank of Bishop & Co.

THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

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THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

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BY HENRY M. WHITNEY

Every Wednesday Morning.

AT FIVE DOLLARS PER ANNUM

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Which includes Postage prepaid.

OFFICE—In the new Post Office Building Merchant Street, Honolulu, H. I.

[For the Gazette.]

By the Fire Side.

Hoarded snugly is the harvest
Close within the ample store
And the Farmer, by the fire-side,
Sums his earnings o'r and o'er

Fierce without the wind is moaning,
Through the vale and o'er the hill;
For December's dark and stormy,
And its breath is piercing chill.

The Farmer by the fire-side sitting,
Pictures in the leaping flame
How his ground was tilled and planted,
How he'll reap his growing fame.

Reeling on his face the fire-light
Shines, with warm and red'ning glow,
While the old clock in the corner,
Marks the moments loud and slow.

Wrapt in visions sleep o'er takes him,
For his eye-lids drooping fall,
And his giant shadow mimicks,
His noding on the parlor wall.

Thus the years drifting onward,
On his brow trace marks of time;
Leading to another harvest,
Yet to reap in better clime.

So when life's long summer's o'er
And by it's hearth we sit alone
We shall learn that we are farmers,
Reaping o'en as we have sown.

Bark D. C. Murray, December, 1876. B.

Variety.

Coal dealers have their own weigh.

Self-possession is ten points of the law.

Cornucopias is the Latin for tight boots.

It is a poor lathe that knows no turning.

Wild oats can be sown at any season of the year.

A butcher is about to give an exhibition of his kill.

Men drink at dinner for the purpose of getting a happy tight.

The gardener draws his celery when the market-men want it.

Jokes are like nuts—the dryer they are the better they crack.

The man who travels in a plaid suit is leading a checkered life.

The kind of nobleman at present in demand—an honest count.

What is that which flies high, flies low, has no feet yet wears shoes? Dust.

The gambler is child-like in his ways, and wants some one to play with him.

A popular actress who died recently left an unprotected husband without any visible means of support.

In Norway drunkards are compelled to sweep the streets. It is to their interest to keep the gutters clean.

Baseball and cricket are not so far apart after all; one depends upon the pitcher and the other the bowl.

It is not in good taste to allow a child to sit upon the supper table, even if it is teething.

Why is dancing like new milk? Because it makes you look warm (lukewarm), and because it strengthens the calves.

Red noses are lighthouses to warn voyagers on the sea of life off coasts of Malaga, Jamaica, Santa Cruz and Holland.

Fishmonger to thrifty housewife: "Fish is dear mum. Hits gettin' wery scarce in consekence o' these 'ere avueriums."

The man who was "moved to tears" complains of the dampness of the premises, and wishes to be moved back again.

A man in Green Bay, Wis., saved a young lady from walking off a bridge, and so far from being grateful for it, she married him.

"Irishman forivver," said Pat, after hearing the dispatches from Europe read, "Here's the great Powers trating agin."

It is singular that the more you damp the ardor of a troublesome talker, by throwing cold water on his effusions, the sooner he dries up.

"Oh, she was a jewel of a wife," said Pat, mourning over the loss of his better half; "she always struck me with the soft end of the mop."

"Got any ice at your end of the table, Bill?" "No; but I've got the next thing to it." "What's that?" "A bad cold."

"Jemima Susan, did you get my letter?" "Yes, Dick." "I sent it in the hopes of raising a flame." "Dick, you succeeded, for it lit the gas."

Something to look forward to.—Every plain girl has one consolation—though not a pretty young lady, she will (if she lives) be a pretty old one.

"Did you do nothing to resuscitate the body?" was recently asked of a witness at a coroner's inquest. "Yes, sir; we searched the pockets," was the reply.

Old man who crosses his legs in the street car is still on the war path. He is the most venerable and disagreeable relict of the uncivilized tribes of the world.

A lady said to a gentleman who was suffering with the influenza, "My dear sir, what do you take for your cold?" "Five pocket-handkerchiefs a day, madam."

Benedict assures us—and we have no reason to doubt his word—that since his marriage, whenever he misses the last train he is sure to catch it.

"Attention, company, and 'tend to your roll-call," said an Irish sergeant. "All of ye that are present say 'Here,' and all of ye that are not present say 'Absint.'"

Among the religious notices in a Western paper, one reads, Parson Piper pipes a religious roundelay to happy hearers at St. Luke's, on Sunday, morning and evening.

The news of the drowning of a notoriously dirty man on one of the Western lakes, was doubted by his friends, because the dispatch stated that he was "washed overboard."

"Come, doctor, it's ten o'clock; I think we had better be going, for it's time honest folks were at home." "Well, yes," was the reply, "I must be off, but you need'nt go on that account."

Lord Chancellor Campbell, a few days before his death, met a barrister, and remarked; "Why, Mr. ——, you are getting as fat as a porpoise." "Fit company, my lord, for the great seal," was the ready repartee.

"You looked bored," said Mrs. Magoffin to her domestic husband when he stamped into the house and flung himself nearly into a chair. "And so I am," he replied, "bulletin board." (Terrific applause and cries of "more."

Sarah Briggs (reading the local)—"Sakes alive! I would no more name a child Alias than nothin' in the world! They're allers cuttin' up some caper. Here's 'Alias Thompson, Alias Williams, Alias the Night-Hawk,' all been took up for steals'."

The late M. Ste. Claire Deville was one day discussing the question of the advance of knowledge with a famous anatomist. "After all," he said "you have made great advances; but don't you think you are very much like the hackmen, who know all the streets but haven't the remotest idea of what is going on in the houses?"

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The Proprietor of the above Works is prepared to supply his customers, and the public in general, with the best quality of **Yellow Soap. Soft Soap always on hand**.

629 *The Highest Price Paid for Soap Grease.* 1y

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Ship Chandlery and Ship Stores!

For Sale by BOLLES & CO.

PER bark R. C. Wylie from Bremen

25 IRON STOCK ANCHORS, sizes from 80 up to 2300 lbs. SMALL CHAIN, in quantities to suit, sizes ¼ inch to 9-16 of an inch.
CHAIN CABLES, 5-8, 3-4, 7-8, 1, 1 1-4, 1 3-8, and 1 5-8 inch. For sale low by

622 BOLLES & CO.

Stockholm Tar and Coal Tar

IN BARRELS AND CASKS. For sale by (612) BOLLES & CO.

Wilmington Tar and Wilmington Pitch

PER SHIP SYREN. For sale by (612) BOLLES & CO.

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FROM MANILA DIRECT, VIA SAN FRANCISCO, another invoice of those

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Put up in boxes of 250 each. For Sale by BOLLES & CO.

California Beef in Bond.

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100 BOXES.

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In Small Cakes.

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IN 1 AND 2 LB. CANS, FRESH PACKED, of Catch 1876. Also, COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON in Barrels, &c.

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Full Seven Octave Solid Iron Frame.

OVERSTRUNG Base Carved legs Round Front Corners, Serpentine Mouldings and Double veneered Rosewood Cases combined with CLEARNESS and RICHNESS of TONE. BEAUTY of finish and of

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A Piano for Every Family

SMALL PROFITS

With Large Sales, and

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THE special points of advantage of this INSTRUMENT ARE SEASONED MATERIAL SOUND Workmanship, Uniform quality, Full, guaranteed richness of Tone and MODERATE PRICE.

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KAUPAKUEA PLANTATION

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Choicest Meats from the Finest Herds

Fish, Poultry, Vegetables, &c.,

Furnished to Order.

EXTRAS.—Tuesdays and Thursdays—Veal, Fridays—Fish. Sundays—Lamb,

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For Boots, Shoes and Harness — For Boots, Shoes and Harness

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Beef Mutton and Goat Tallow wanted. Orders and Bills left at Ira Richardson's Boot and Shoe Store, will meet with prompt attention. 573 1y

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MEATS DELIVERED!

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And transact a General Banking Business. 577 1y

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THE PROPRIETOR HAVING OBTAINED a new lease of this

ELEGANT HOTEL

Will spare no pains to make it

First-Class in Every Particular!

Cottages by the sea side for the accommodation of guests.

Carriages and Saddle Horses at short notice. 609

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620-1yr NEW YORK CITY.

FOR SALE.

THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE ON King Street, formerly occupied by Mr. D. P. Peterson. Will be sold upon very reasonable terms. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to (619-2m) C. BREWER & Co.

INSURANCE NOTICES.

Boston Board of Underwriters.

AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands.

580-1y C. BREWER & CO.

Philadelphia Board of Underwriters.

AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands.

583-1y C. BREWER & CO.

CALIFORNIA INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AGENTS OF THE above Company, have been authorized to insure risks on Cargo, Freight and Treasure, from Honolulu to all parts of the world, and vice versa.

582 1y H. HACKFELD & CO.

F. A. SCHAEFER,

AGENT of Bremen Board of Underwriters, Agent of Dresden Board of Underwriters. Agent of Vienna Board of Underwriters.

Claims against Insurance Companies within the jurisdiction of the above Boards of Underwriters, will have to be certified to by the above agent to make them valid. [582 1y

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TRANS-ATLANTIC

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HAMBURG.

RISKS INSURED ON BUILDINGS, MERchandise and Furniture, on liberal terms, by H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

May 20, 1875. n593-1y

HAMBURGH-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire, on Stone and Brick Buildings, and on Merchandise stored therein, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

580 1y F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.

NORTHWESTERN

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

ASSETS, $17,000,000!

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL INSURANCE COMPANY in the World.

CHARTERED IN 1858.

Has the advantage of Western Rates of Interest. Never lost a dollar of its Securities and never fails to pay its losses promptly.

For particulars apply at the Office of W. G. IRWIN & CO.,

c591 1y Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY,

FOR

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED, 1859.

CAPITAL, - - - £1,000,000

(With unlimited liability of Shareholders.)

"See to't well, protect yourself."—SHAKESPEARE.

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE,

Of every description of property may be effected with this Company at moderate rates.

Merchandise, Goods and Freight Insured

By steamers and sailing vessels.

Losses can be made payable in Honolulu.

CASTLE & COOKE,

577-1y Agents for Honolulu.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Fund. 2,838,118

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS for the Sandwich Islands, and are authorized to insure against Fire upon favorable terms.

Risks taken in any part of the Islands on Wooden Buildings and merchandise stored therein, Dwelling Houses and Furniture, Timber, Coals, Ships in harbor with or without cargoes or under repair. [585 1y] ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO

SAM'L G. WILDER,

Agent for the Hawaiian Islands,

—OF THE—

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK,

Largest, Safest and Most

ECONOMICAL LIFE INS. CO.

IN THE WORLD!

Assets (1876) $80,000,000

ALL CASH.

Now is a Good Time to Insure.

None but First-Class Risks Taken.

612-3m OFFICE WITH WILDER & Co.

THE

LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE CO.

Assets, - - - - $26,740,105,70

HAVE ESTABLISHED AN AGENCY IN HONOLULU, for the Hawaiian Islands, and the undersigned are prepared to write risks against

FIRE ON BUILDINGS, MERCHANISE AND DWELLINGS

On favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here.

636-6m BISHOP & Co.

THE

Swiss Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF WINTERTHUR.

THE UNDERSIGNED are AUTHORIZED to insure

On Cargo, Freight and Treasure

From Honolulu to all parts of the world, and upon

Coasters, by Special Permission!

On the most favorable terms.

W. G. IRWIN & CO.,

679-1y Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Fire and Marine,

Cash Capital, Gold $500,000.

By writing small lines on carefully selected risks well distributed, offers

INDEMNITY SECOND TO NONE.

Losses Promptly Adjusted.

BISHOP & CO.,

620 1y Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Marine.

INCORPORATED, 1865.

CASTLE & COOKE, AGENTS

619 For the Hawaiian Islands. 1y

Fruits Prepared by the Alden Process

PEARS, OF DIFFERENT VARIETIES: Plums, &c., &c. For Sale by BOLLES & CO.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Space Measured in Nonpareil Type.	1 w	1 m	2 m	3 m	6 m	1 yr
6 Lines—½ inch	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
12 Lines—1 inch	1 50	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 00
24 Lines—2 inches	2 00	4 50	5 00	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
36 Lines—3 inches	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
48 Lines—4 inches	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Quarter of Column	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Third of Column	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Half of Column	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Two-Third Column	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
One Column	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Business Cards when prepaid for one year, are allowed a discount from these rates, which are for transient advertisements, when paid or charged quarterly.

N. B.—All foreign advertisements must be accompanied with the pay when ordered in, or no notice will be taken of them. The rates of charges are given in the above scale, remittances for Eastern American advertisements, or subscriptions may be made by bank check, coin or two cent postage stamps.

FOREIGN NOTICES.

H. W. SEVERANCE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

405 FRONT STREET.

SAN FRANCISCO. 600-1y.

A. P. EVERETT,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

405 Front Street, Corner of Clay.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Particular attention paid to Consignments of Island Produce. 582 1y

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HENRY B. WILLIAMS. HENRY F. BLANCHARD.

WILLIAMS, BLANCHARD & CO.,

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

580 218 California Street, San Francisco. 1y

R. S. HOWLAND

Shipping and Commission Merchant,

206, Front Street, near California.

SAN FRANCISCO.

REFERS TO

G. & M. Howland, New Bedford. C. Brewer & Co., Boston.
I. H. Bartlett & Sons, " Owen & Clark, Providence.
Wm. H. Crapo, " E. A. Maurice, Fourth Nat Bank, N. Y.
[577 6m]

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

The Basis of Our Business.

FIRST.—To Manufacture all such Books and Stationery as can be done here as well as elsewhere, and thereby directly benefit our customers and ourselves.

SECOND.—To Buy and Sell Books and Stationery so as to make it to the interest of dealers and consumers to come to us in preference to sending East.

We manufacture and import every description of Stationery, carrying large stocks of Paper, Envelopes and Blank Books of our own manufacture, Inks, Slates, etc.

Over 1,500 varieties of Blank forms kept in Stock.

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,

c588-1y San Francisco, Cal

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUIN

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST the unfounded statements frequently made, "that the composition of CHLORODYNE is known to Chemists and the Medical profession." The fact is, Chlorodyne was discovered and invented by Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (ex Army Medical Staff,) and so named by him, and it has baffled all attempts at analysis by the first Chemists of the day. The method and secret of the preparation have never been published. It is obvious, therefore, that anything sold under the name, save Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, is a spurious imitation.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.

This invaluable remedy produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while medical men extol its virtues most extensively, using it in great quantities in the following diseases:—Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colics, Coughs, Asthma, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Whooping Cough, Cramp Hysteria, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians, and J. T. Davenport, that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was CHLORODYNE.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864.

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India, reports (Dec. 1865) that in nearly every case of Cholera in which Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was administered, the patient recovered.

Extract from Medical Times, Jan. 12, 1866.—"Chlorodyne is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not thus be singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"

Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

Sole Manufacturer J. T. DAVENPORT,

33, Great Russell St., Bloomsbury, London.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d.

Agents in New York, W. H. Schieffelin & Co., and J. G. Wells. [illegible]

PALACE TRUNK STORE,

No. 26 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET,

Palace Hotel, San Francisco.

The traveling public from Australia and the Hawaiian Islands are invited to inspect the stock now open at the above central store.

Every article in the line of

Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, Satchels, Straps, etc

Constantly on hand.

Ladies' and Gent's Fine Sole Leather and Saratoga Trunks, a specialty

Trunks of any pattern made to order at short notice.

Trunks Repaired and Covers Made.

San Francisco, Sept. 1876. 607-1y

THE

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF BOSTON, MASS.

INCORPORATED, 1835.

The Oldest Purely Mutual Life Insurance Co. in the United States.

Policies Issued on the most favorable Terms.

Example of Non-Forfeiture Plan.

INSURED AGE, 35 YEARS—ORDINARY LIFE PLAN

1 Annual premium continues Policy 2 years 3 days
2 Annual premium continues Policy 4 years 12 days
3 Annual premium continues Policy 6 years 27 days
4 Annual premium continues Policy 8 years 46 days
5 Annual premium continues Policy 10 years 56 days

Assets, : : $18,500,000!

Losses Paid through Honolulu Agency,

$49,000!

CASTLE & COOKE, AGENTS

619 FOR THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. 1y

PICTURES

—AND—

PICTURE FRAMES

I HAVE LATELY RECEIVED A FINE ASSORTMENT of Oval Frames, and also Mouldings for framing pictures. They vary from one inch to three or four inches in width, and those wishing pictures framed can have them done in any style required.

Rustic Frames from 50 cents each and upward,
Oval Frames from 50 cents each and upward,
Square Gilt Frames from $1.00 each and upward,
Square Black Walnut from $1.00 each and upward.

Picture Nails, Cords, etc., also on hand, equally cheap.

Apply to H. M. WHITNEY.

NOTICE.

I THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVE public notice, that as my wife, Kaaiaeheahi Kuipo Brown has left my bed and board without just cause and provocation, I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted by her on my account.

WILLIAM BROWN.

Koloa, August 24th, 1876. 607-4m

CHRISTIAN GERTZ,

CABINET MAKER

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC of Honolulu, that he has purchased the stock and business of WILLIAM FISCHER, Hotel Street, next door to Strehz' Drug Store, and that in future the business will be carried on by him in the same premises.

C. G. solicits a fair share of the public patronage, and promises his patrons civility, attention and good quality for their money. 619 3m

---

Miss Bird's Hawaiian Archipelago

A FEW COPIES JUST RECEIVED AND For Sale by

621 H. M. WHITNEY.

BY AUTHORITY.

The stamps required by the provisions of "An Act relating to stamp duties" approved Sept. 27th, 1876, can be had upon application at the Hawaiian Treasury.

J. O. CARTER,
Dec. 22, 1876. (624) Registrar Public Accounts.

It has pleased His Majesty the King to make the following appointments, viz:

BOARD OF HEALTH.

His Ex. J. Mott Smith, President;
His Ex. A. S. Hartwell.

BOARD OF IMMIGRATION.

His Ex. H. A. P. Carter,
H. R. H. W. P. Leleiohoku.

COMMISSIONERS OF CROWN LANDS.

His Ex. H. A. P. Carter,
His Ex. J. Mott Smith.

SECRETARY FOR THE ISLAND OF OAHU.

Wm. R. Castle, Esq.

Iolani Palace, Dec. 20, 1876.

And the BOARD OF IMMIGRATION now consists of the following named members, viz:

His Ex. J. Mott Smith, President;
His Ex. A. S. Hartwell,
Hon. S. G. Wilder,
Dr. Robert McKibbin,
Dr. F. B. Hutchinson.

The BOARD OF HEALTH now consists of the following named members, viz:

His Ex. J. Mott Smith, President;
His Ex. H. A. P. Carter,
Hon. W. L. Green,
Hon. S. G. Wilder,
Hon. W. J. Smith,
H. R. H. W. P. Leleiohoku,
J. Mott Smith, Minister of Interior.

Interior Office, Dec. 20, 1876. (624)

It has pleased His Majesty the King to appoint Hon. W. L. Moehonua, Governor of Maui, Molokai, and Lanai, vice His Ex. Jas. M. Kapena resigned.

Iolani Palace, Dec. 19th, 1876. (623)

All residents of Honolulu who have trees in their yards, or in the street in front of their yards or buildings, the limbs of which extend over the street, are hereby requested to trim them up to at least fifteen feet (15 ft) above the street.

R. LISHMAN,
Road supervisor.

Road Supervisor's Office, December 19th, 1876.
Approved:
(623) J. MOTT SMITH, Minister of Interior.

The following persons have been duly appointed Agents to take acknowledgements to contracts for labor in accordance with the provisions of an Act to amend Sections 1 and 2 of an Act for the protection of parties to contracts, authorized by Section 2457 of the Civil Code, approved on the 20th day of July A. D. 1874, approved the 25th September A. D. 1876, viz. The several commissions were issued on the annexed dates:

Dec. 1.—W. C. Lane, Kaneohe, Oahu.
Dec. 18.—Samuel N. Emerson, Waialua, Oahu.
Dec. 18.—Kia Nahinaiuha, Lahaina, Maui, in place of D. Kaanapali, relieved.

J. MOTT SMITH,
Minister of Interior.

Interior Office, Dec 18, 1876. (623)

FOR SALE.—On Saturday, the 20th day of January, 1877, at 12 o'clock noon, at Allisoni Hale, will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder the following, viz:

A lot of land containing two (2) acres, more or less, bordering on the sea front at Waikiki, Oahu, and bounded on either side by the lots belonging to His Ex. W. L. Moehonua and Mr. Henry Allen. Upset price, two hundred dollars ($200). Title Royal Patent.

Also, at the same time and place, the lease for eight (8) years of the land of Kamalumalu, situate on the Island of Kauai, the said land being bounded on one side by "Kealia," and on the other by Anahola, and containing twenty-four hundred (2400) acres, more or less. Upset price, two hundred dollars ($200) per annum.

J. MOTT SMITH,
Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, Dec 19, 1876. (623)

Notice is hereby given that from and after this date those who have irrigation privileges in the city of Honolulu will be permitted to exercise the same from 6 to 8 o'clock a. m. and from 4 to 6 p. m. each day, and at no other time.

All persons transgressing the above will be liable to forfeit their water privileges, and have their taps on the street mains cut off.

ROBERT LISHMAN,
Office of the Honolulu Supt. Water Works.
Water Works, Dec 19, 1876.

Approved; J. Mott Smith, Minister of Interior. (623)

From Japan.

We have been kindly permitted to make the following extracts from a letter of the Rev. E. T. Doane, lately a missionary at Micronesia, but now living in the city of Kyoto.

"You will like to hear a word or two of our work here. I am almost dumb before it. It is progressing with such strides as to keep in amazed. This city is a remarkable example. It is you know one of the oldest and largest in the Kingdom, once the residence for centuries of royalty, and the headquarters of the Buddhists in this part of Japan. It is an inland city, and hence is not opened as a free city to foreigners. If one would get in here he must first secure a pass from the consul of the seaport.

In the early days of this mission the missionaries longed to get in here to work. Mr. O. H. Gulick made the first venture, but not being able to gain permission from the authorities to teach the Bible, he declined to remain in the city. A year and a half after this, Rev. Mr. Atkinson made the attempt and failed, but last year Mr. Neesima, a Japanese Christian, with very influential help from Yedo, secured permission to open a school and employ American teachers to assist him. This opened the way for some of the missionaries to commence laboring here. But there was great opposition to the preaching of the gospel, even in one's own house. The old priests raged, and to the present time it would be impossible to rent a house and throw it open to the public for this work.

But the Lord has been with the mission, and now there is a training school with some sixty pupils; at least eight private dwellings where there is preaching each Sunday; and two or three churches will soon be formed. I have a fine class of twelve young men. They read English well, and speak it less fluently, but they understand all that is said, and that in the best English I can give them. I feel indeed I am in reality talking to a class of educated American youth.

Formerly there was a distinctive literary class, and the laboring people were unable to read, save the simplest style of writing. Now public schools are thrown open to all youth of both sexes. I think the Government would openly tolerate Christianity as she does other religion, were it politic. The priests—Sujoto and Buddhist—are numerous, and possess a wide influence, and might get up a revolution if the Government were to do so. But we all feel that it must soon come. The matter is being agitated in native papers. There are many enlightened men who have traveled not a little and studied much the ways of Christian lands, these are putting their thoughts out before the public, and some as I have said, are calling for perfect religious freedom.

A free press is just now the subject most largely discussed. The Government opposes the idea, feeling that the people are not ready for it. This provokes discussion which the Government tries to suppress by the enactment of severe laws. "At the present moment there are some thirty editors in prison for violation of the press law."

TO THE EDITOR HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, SIR: Happening to pass over the Waikiki Road, on Christmas day, I saw in an enclosure several people evidently answering themselves, and amongst them a number of native boys singing. Attracted by the music (children's voices have always something attractive,) I entered, and approached the singers. Mr. S. B. Dole kindly informed me that this was the Keoneula School, a branch of the Kawaiahao Sunday School.

There was something in the performance that made an impression. Was it the animated scene? Perhaps this may have had something to do with it, but the thought that these children, whose grandparents probably never had heard of the Redeemer, should be here to celebrate Christmas had more share in it.

It is but justice to say that what I saw and heard spoke highly in favor of teachers and pupils. What pleased me most in the latter was their calm and modest manner and bearing. Let such schools receive proper encouragement and one step towards the increase of the Hawaiian race will be made. *

Special Notice.

Subscribers to the GAZETTE are respectfully notified that volume thirteen commences with the first issue in the new year, and subscriptions are payable in advance, at

FIVE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Those residing in the city can pay the carrier, who will procure from the publication office a receipt for the amount paid. Those living in the country can remit by order or bank check.

The GAZETTE will be sent regularly by mail to any part of the world, on prepayment of the annual subscription and postage.

Address H. M. WHITNEY,
Publisher Hawaiian Gazette.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL,
DEVOTED TO HAWAIIAN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED AND EDITED BY
HENRY M. WHITNEY.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1877.

THE Government lately had before it the question of imposing a duty of ten per cent. on importations of silver coin, and wisely decided not to impose such a duty. Silver has risen in value in England and is now quoted at 58d per ounce, (its lowest point having been 52d), with every prospect of soon being again at or nearly par with gold. Those best competent to judge have become convinced that there is no excessive production of silver, and that all that is produced is needed for circulation. The locking up of five hundred millions of gold coin by the Bank of France has had a tendency to make gold scarce and silver comparatively abundant. But the resumption of silver currency in the United States, and the late increased demand for it in China, have tended to enhance its value, which may soon be nearly at par with gold.

AN Act relating to Stamp Duties, published in the GAZETTE on the 25th of October, went into operation on the first day of January. It imposes stamp taxes, varying from twenty-five cents to twenty-five dollars, on almost every form of document or agreement executed after Jan. 1st, including land sales or leases, agreements and contracts, bills of exchange and money orders, except such as are *payable on demand*, mortgages, policies of fire or life insurance, bills of lading, promissory notes, etc., etc. As nearly all money orders or bills of exchange are payable at sight or on demand, it would appear that these are exempt under the law. Still the tax will prove to be very onerous and vexatious to natives as well as foreigners. It should never have been passed, and we trust it will be repealed by the next Legislature. A stamp tax is never imposed except as a war tax or to pay interest on debts incurred by war. As we have had nothing of this kind here, there can be no reason for establishing an odious system of this kind now.

The Next President.

IT is now practically settled that Rutherford B. Hayes is to succeed General Grant in the office of President of the United States. He has received an honest majority of the electoral votes, is the legal choice of the Electoral College, and will, beyond all reasonable question, be duly and peacefully inaugurated on the 4th of March next.

The New York *Herald* of Dec. 13, declares Hayes elected on the face of the certificates and adds emphatically, "We judge it probable that this result will stand. At all events, the burden of proof is now on the side of the Democrats. * * * But whatever may come afterward, it is altogether probable that Mr. Hayes will be the next President." We think this is the view now taken by cool and sensible men of all parties. Tilden can be placed in the Presidential chair only by legal quibbling or by force, and we do not believe that the American people have yet come to such a pass that they will submit to have a President imposed upon them either by mandamus or revolution.

By the mail steamer Zealandia, which left port on Monday night, the Hon. S. G. Wilder took passage for San Francisco for the purpose of purchasing or building a new steamer to replace the Kilauea. This faithful old craft has done her duty nobly, having run almost constantly for the past sixteen or seventeen years, and now the experts, after a careful survey, decide that she cannot last much longer—that her "sands of life" have almost run. However, as it would be a great public inconvenience to be deprived of inter-island steam communication, it has been decided to continue to run her until the arrival of her successor, taking extra precautions against any risk of life, by discontinuing the carrying of any heavy freight or cattle. Her captain has also been instructed never to attempt the Hawaii channel in rough weather.

We continue to regret that the new steamer is not to be built in Honolulu. It may be true, as alleged, that it would cost thirty thousand dollars more to perform the work here, but as an offset to this there are a number of advantages to be taken into consideration. The job would be executed with greater faithfulness at home than abroad, and would probably be actually worth about as much more as would be represented by the above named sum. Again, if the work were performed here it would furnish employment to our mechanics for a number of months, and would stimulate trade by creating a demand for supplies, and by throwing into circulation a large sum of money among a class who need it. But so much valuable time has been allowed to lapse that it seems an imperative necessity that the old boat be replaced as speedily as possible, and the government has doubtless taken the wisest step in contracting with Mr. Wilder to deliver at this port a new steamer by the first of August.

The action of the late administration in this steamboat business was positively discourteous and unworthy of Christian gentlemen, although very characteristic. After advertising for tenders for carrying the inter-island mails and keeping up a regular steam communication between the different islands, a number of tenders were made, among which was one from Messrs. Foster and Company, ship-builders of this city. Although it came within the requirements of the law, and was in every particular moderate and fair, not the least attention was given to it, its receipt not even being acknowledged. They offered to build a steamer at their own expense and run her for ten years, under a contract with subsidy of $15,000 per annum. This is all it would have cost the government—now, it is believed that it will cost the government double that sum, if we include interest on the investment and all current expenses with depreciation. But let this go. We want steam, and we must have steam, cost what it may. So, the sooner it is provided, the better for all.

Expense of the Volcano Trip.

THE crater of Kilauea on the island of Hawaii is justly regarded as one of the seven wonders of the modern world. As an exhibition of the now nearly quiescent forces which in former ages of the world have been so terribly active in upheaving the dry land from the depths of the sea, and in rearing mountains whose lofty summits tower above the clouds, it is without a rival, being more accessible, and on a much grander scale than any of the other volcanoes frequented by sight-seers. Etna in Sicily, Vesuvius in Italy, Hecla in Iceland, and Popocatepetle in Mexico are all deficient, some in one respect and some in another, in those peculiar advantages of constant activity and easy accessibility, etc., which have long rendered Kilauea a favorite resort of travelers, and which will in the future attract ever increasing throngs to our kingdom.

With a view of promoting travel to this interesting locality, we will give a few figures of the expenses of the volcano trip from Honolulu and back, which a gentleman residing in Hilo has kindly furnished:

Round passage ticket to Hilo and back	$ 22 00
Boat hire from steamer to landing	25
Boarding and lodging in Hilo per day	2 00
" " " week	10 00
Horse hire to Volcano, direct	10 00
" " through Puna	15 00
Meals and lodging two nights at Eldart's and Timoteo's	2 00
Expenses at Volcano House per day	5 00
Guide from Hilo	15 00
Guide into crater	1 00
Total	$65 25 to $ 72 25

These amounts of course only include direct expenses and will always be more or less augmented by extras. Horses can be hired for use in and about Hilo for $5 a week.

It is becoming more and more common each year for tourists—ladies as well as gentlemen—to make the ascent of one or both of the magnificent mountain domes of Mauna Kea and Mauna Loa, the former of which is the most elevated point in the Pacific Ocean, being upwards of fourteen thousand feet in height. The trip to the summit of this mountain takes at least three days, at an expense of about $30 for horse hire and guide, besides blankets and provisions which can always be procured at reasonable rates in Hilo. The journey can be made either by way of the camping ground of Kalaieha on the south flank of the mountain which is elevated about six thousand feet above the sea, or the camping ground of Laumaia on the east slope at an elevation of six thousand five hundred feet.

An excursion to the summit of Mauna Loa takes longer, the distance being greater, and incurs a night spent at the Kilauea Volcano House, and in case a night is spent on the summit there is the additional expense for pack animals, fuel, etc. Probably the average expense of the trip is not far from $40 for each individual.

The boundless view obtained from these frigid peaks and the novelty of the sensations experienced are events to be remembered for a life-time, and richly repay all expense, fatigue and trouble.

Resolutions of Thanks

Presented by the Chamber of Commerce to His Honor Chief Justice Allen, and His Excellency H. A. P. Carter.

AT a meeting of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, held on the 28th of November last, the resolutions which we publish herewith were adopted unanimously, expressing the thanks and appreciation of the above named body and of the merchants and planters, for the self-denying labors and able services of the Chief Justice and his colleague Mr. Carter, in procuring the passage of the Treaty of Reciprocity with the United States. The two sets of resolutions were handsomely engrossed on parchment by Mr. H. Giles, and were presented to the gentlemen for whom they were designed on the 19th ult. by committees of the Chamber of Commerce. The reply of the Chief Justice will be found of much historical value, alluding as it does to the various efforts which have been made by this Government to negotiate a treaty in years past, and we only regret that he did not enter more into details. The persistent faith which His Honor has entertained in the ultimate success of these negotiations from the very outset is worthy of note. Feeling assured that in all former essays the question had never been met on its own merits, but that it had invariably been defeated through some side issue, he was led, just before returning home to Hawaii in February, 1874, to visit Washington for the purpose of feeling the pulse of the Secretary of State, Mr. Fish. This visit was the entering of the wedge which was subsequently, by hard work, energy, and constant watchfulness driven successfully home, to result, as we all hope, in mutual good to both nations.

The Hon. Messrs. Wilder and Bishop and T. H. Davies, Esq., composing the committee to whom was delegated the pleasant task of presenting the resolutions designed for the Chief Justice, addressed him through the chairman as follows:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR: We call upon you this morning as a committee from the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce; and the very pleasant part of our duty as such committee has been assigned me, as chairman, of presenting to you certain Resolutions passed by the Chamber, and which read as follows:

WHEREAS, The abrogation of duties in the United States upon Hawaiian sugar, rice and other produce, has been for years the earnest wish of the commercial and agricultural classes in this Kingdom;

AND WHEREAS, The repeated attempts made by successive administrations and envoys to obtain the abrogation of those duties have been baffled, until the hope of final success had been all but given up;

AND WHEREAS, This Chamber is deeply impressed with the full faith which Chief Justice Allen has retained throughout these attempts in the ultimate success of the negotiations, and with the probability that but for his courage, industry and devotion, the triumph of the measure would not even now have been achieved;

THEREFORE, *be it resolved:* 1st, That the thanks of the Chamber be formally presented to His Honor Chief Justice Allen, late His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, for his unwearied, energetic and successful labors in securing for Hawaiian commerce and agriculture the benefits of the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States of America.

2d, That a subscription be initiated by the Chamber for the purpose of enabling all who benefit by this invaluable Treaty, to testify in a suitable manner their sense of the obligations under which they have been placed by the persevering exertions of the Chief Justice.

3d, That a deputation of the Chamber be appointed to convey to His Honor the Chief Justice a copy of these Resolutions

S. N. CASTLE, President.
A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Honolulu, Nov. 28, 1876.

There are not only the sentiments of the members of the Chamber of Commerce, but the resolutions express the views of the majority of our citizens, as is clearly shown by the very handsome sum that has been placed in the hands of the committee, which will enable us to carry out in a manner satisfactory to ourselves that portion of the Resolutions which refer to a testimonial to be presented on some future day.

In presenting these Resolutions, speaking for the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce and the committee, we do most sincerely wish your Honor many years of health and prosperity; that you may personally realize the many and great benefits that must accrue to this people and government from the Treaty of Reciprocity,—a treaty with which you have been so closely connected from the beginning to the end. I have the honor to hand you the Resolutions.

Judge Allen responded as follows:

GENTLEMEN:—For this expression of the Chamber of Commerce, of their appreciation of my services in securing the Treaty of Reciprocity with the United States, I thank you; for next to the consciousness of having done one's duty in promoting any good cause, is the favorable judgment of those whose interest in common with the whole people, it is intended to promote.

Your reference to the repeated efforts to accomplish this purpose, brings to my memory the first one, which was made in 1855 by His Majesty Kamehameha IV. His Cabinet was comprised of Mr. Wyllie, Mr. Young, Mr. Armstrong and myself; Chief Justice Lee, although not of the Cabinet proper, was usually in attendance at Cabinet meetings, and whose advice was always regarded with great respect, cordially cooperated in recommending a mission to the United States, for the purpose of securing a Treaty of Reciprocity. The Chief Justice was appointed Minister to accomplish this purpose. He repaired to Washington, and entered upon the negotiation with Mr. Secretary Marcy, which was successfully accomplished. It was supposed that as the Treaty was negotiated by the administration that it would receive the sanction of Congress, and the Chief Justice returned to resume his judicial duties.

Congress omitted to take action on the Treaty at the ensuing session, and it was at the succeeding session, that His Majesty and Cabinet desired me to assume the duties of Minister, and make an effort to secure the approval of the Treaty. On my arrival in Washington, there was great excitement on the subject of Kansas and Nebraska, the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; and Ireecoil and some other questions involving the subject of slavery, and it was utterly impossible to obtain favorable action, although Secretary Marcy, who was one of the most able and accomplished statesmen of the country, exerted his influence for its approval. In a letter to me, he expressed the opinion that "it was of great importance to both countries," and his authority was regarded with great respect in the debate in Congress on the Treaty now in force. I will not detain you by giving a detailed account of the efforts then made to accomplish the object.

The principal product named in the Treaty was sugar, and the amount, at that time, was very small. It showed the wisdom of the Administration to make an effort at that time. For no country without a home market, or concessions from an imperial government, or favorable commercial relations has had success in this industry. Individual planters may prosper from the peculiar advantages of their situation, but general prosperity can not be expected. No farther effort was made for some years, although the importance of the measure was fully regarded, and frequently discussed.

In 1864, Kamehameha V. by the approval of his Cabinet, expressed a wish, that I should accept the appointment of Minister, and visit Washington, and propose to open a negotiation for a Treaty similar in principle to that of 1855. I accepted the appointment and entered upon its duties. In my interview with Mr. Seward, then Secretary of State, he expressed a favorable opinion of the principles of the Treaty of Reciprocity, but he said that during the war, for it was at a most critical period of the civil war, he could not make a Treaty, without exceptional provisions made necessary by the state of war, and therefore the negotiation had better be postponed till the country was at peace, when he would enter upon it. In this opinion I fully concurred.

Subsequently Mr. Harris negotiated a Treaty, which he advocated with ability, and to which he gave his personal attention during one session of Congress, without success. The present Minister of the Interior was the next Minister appointed, and he rendered able support to the same Treaty for another session, without being able to bring the question to an issue. This was discouraging; but the King and the majority of his Cabinet were resolved to have a decision on the Treaty if possible.

There were some differences in the Cabinet on what perhaps might be termed international questions, which had an adverse influence on the treaty at Washington. His Majesty expressed to me a desire to have a decision on this treaty. He thought it due to the dignity of his Government, and I accepted the mission, although I regarded it as a forlorn hope after the able advocacy of the treaty by Mr. Harris and Mr. Smith. I found strong opposition in the Senate as well as very efficient support. But as in 1867, there was a collateral question which operated against it. I refer to the treaty for the acquisition of the Dominican portion of the Island of St. Domingo. This question aroused great bitterness of debate on the part of some of the advocates of the Hawaiian Treaty against the administration, and as the Hawaiian Treaty was negotiated by a previous administration, it failed to have that influential support which the present had. A gentleman in the Executive Department of the Government said to me at the time, that if an eighth part of the talent and zeal had been exerted in behalf of the Hawaiian Treaty as had been against the St. Domingo Treaty, it would have passed. It failed of a two-thirds vote.

I refer to the history of the several efforts to secure a treaty of reciprocity, to show to you that a decision had never been made on its merits, but was defeated, as I believe, on collateral issues, which ought not to have had any influence on the decision of the question, and would not have, if another treaty could be made and submitted to the judgment of the Senate on its merits, pure and simple. Hence my faith never faltered in its ultimate success.

After this defeat in 1870, very little expectation was entertained by the Government or people, that a treaty could ever be obtained, and the question remained in abeyance till 1872, when an unsuccessful effort was made to effect a negotiation here. In the fall of 1873 I had occasion to visit the United States on my own personal affairs; I was detained till the following February, and believing, as I did, that the question of a reciprocity treaty had never been settled on its merits, and having an abiding faith in its ultimate success, I made a special visit to Washington to have an interview with the Secretary of State. I stated to His Excellency that I had no instructions to negotiate a treaty, but I should like to know his views on the subject of opening a negotiation, if His Majesty the King should send a mission to the United States for that purpose. After some conversation on the question, he said "I am in favor of treaties of reciprocity with our neighbors, and I regard the Sandwich Islands as one of them."

On my return I reported to His Majesty and His Cabinet the interview which I had with the Secretary of State, and advising strongly that another effort be made, and His Majesty and Cabinet very cordially acquiesced in this opinion. His Majesty gave me the appointment of Minister, and the present Minister of Foreign Affairs—Mr. Carter—that of Commissioner.

In pursuance of this appointment we repaired to Washington and entered upon the negotiation. Soon after which, His Majesty the King most fortunately arrived in Washington, on a visit to the President, agreeably to his very cordial invitation. The reception of His Majesty was in accordance with his royal rank, and the impression which was made by His Majesty on the minds of the public men of the country was in the highest degree honorable to him and favorable to the formation of more intimate relations with the country. His Majesty visited several States of the Union, and was everywhere received with the same honor and cordiality, as he had been at the Capital. His acquaintance with the President and the public men of the country, as well as with many of the people, attracted attention to the history of the Islands, and their present condition, all of which was favorable to subsequent negotiations.

Soon after His Majesty's departure from the Capital, we renewed the negotiation with the Secretary of State, and a treaty was agreed upon and signed, and the same was submitted to the Senate by the President for approval. We made every possible effort to have it acted upon promptly, but without success, and Congress adjourned without action.

The President called an extra session of the Senate when the treaty was considered, and after some amendments was approved. You may well imagine the labor of my colleague and myself in making known to so many Senators the merits of the treaty, and in this service I had the very able co-operation of my colleague as well as in every other duty of the mission. Our regret was that the House was not in session, so that immediate action could be had on the Act to carry the treaty into effect.

I returned and resumed my judicial duties, and remained till the next November, when, at the request of the Government, I returned to Washington and resumed the duties of my mission. At the time it was thought that the opposition to the treaty would not be renewed with such vigor, as the Senate had approved of the treaty by a large vote of 51 to 12.

Congress convened on the first Monday in December, but the Committees were not appointed till the 20th, when a bill was introduced to carry the treaty into effect, and referred to the Committee of Ways and Means. No business was done till after the holidays. This bill was submitted to a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Wood, of New York, Hill, of Georgia, and Barnhart, of Illinois. They requested me to appear and present my views on the general subject of the treaty, which I was very happy to do. There were strong efforts made to defeat a favorable report, which after some delay was made, accompanied by a minority report by four members of the Committee, who were among the ablest and most influential members of the House. The opposition became very formidable. The House consisted of two hundred and ninety-two members, and the great majority were new members, and there was a large majority in opposition to the administration, which had made the treaty.

A debate of great interest was had upon the question at different periods of the session. I think there were twenty-one speeches made in all, many of them very able and carefully prepared. The act encountered unusual delay on account of an accumulation of business, some of which was of unusual character, which had priority, as a matter of privilege, or of necessity, like appropriation bills.

The treaty was assailed as injuriously affecting the treasury; that it was a job for the benefit of planters and refiners, that it was injurious to the markets of sugar and rice, raised in the Southern States of the Union; and the infamous charge that money had been sent to the Capital from the coast to make an improper influence favorable to the treaty. Charges were also made on our system of labor, all of which were successfully repelled. This measure was carried, purely, on its merits, but it required constant watchfulness to protect the treaty from hostile attacks.

At length the 5th of May was assigned when the last debate should be had on the bill, and a vote taken. A speech was made by Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, a very able and eloquent speaker, and also by Governor Thomas of Maryland, a very able debater in the opposition, and replies were made by General Banks, of Massachusetts, and Mr. Wood, of New York, which were effective and eloquent. Great interest was taken in the vote, which resulted in 116 yeas, and 101 nays.

It was then considered that when the House had passed the necessary laws to carry the treaty into effect, which the Senate had approved by a very large majority, that further opposition would not be made. But in this I was disappointed, for in a very few days, Committees from the Chambers of Commerce of New Orleans, Savannah, and Charleston, appeared before the Committee of Foreign Affairs in the Senate, and made a very energetic opposition to the treaty. They took the ground that the people of the Southern States had made large investments in plantations of sugar and rice, and that our product would come in competition in the market, much to their injury.

It was only necessary to produce the statistics of the large amount of importation of sugar and rice into the United States, and also of the production of the United States of the same articles, to convince any impartial mind, that our product, which would be wholly consumed by the Pacific States, could not affect the markets on the Atlantic. But there was an honest and total misapprehension of the effect of the treaty. It was the Presidential year, and I was apprehensive at one time, that the treaty might encounter an opposition, from political considerations, which would at least cause a postponement.

The Senators from the Pacific States, with one exception, resisted all opposition with great force and ability. It is rare in Parliamentary proceedings, that there is exhibited greater talent or more consummate tact in the management of a bill than by Senator Sargent who had more especially the charge of it in the Senate, and when we also consider that it was on the last days of the session, when there is always great pressure of business.

I have given you a very imperfect account of the obstacles which this measure encountered, but my reply is already too long.

I should like to refer to many friends of the treaty who rendered very important aid in making the merits of the treaty known as well as in disabusing the public mind of false charges. There were many in San Francisco who rendered great service in this way. There was a friendly feeling by very many people of the United States, arising from their religious, commercial and social relations with the people of the islands. The American Minister, Mr. Peirce, who had resided here formerly as a commercial man for many years, and was fully conversant with the merits of the question, advocated it with great effect.

It has required great perseverance on the part of the Government to accomplish this measure, and I trust that it will result to the benefit of both countries. I thank you for the very courteous manner in which you have presented the views of the chamber of commerce, who by their practical wisdom will have a salutary influence in carrying out the provisions of the treaty.

J. C. Glade Esq., and the Hons. E. O. Hall and A. S. Cleghorn, were the committee who waited upon Mr. Carter, to whom, with a few fitting remarks, they presented the following Resolutions:

Whereas, It is the desire of this Chamber to mark its appreciation of the valuable services rendered to Hawaiian commerce and agriculture by all who have, either officially or unofficially, labored for the success of the Convention of Commercial Reciprocity recently negotiated with the United States of America;

Therefore, be it resolved: 1st, That the thanks of this Chamber are especially due to the Honorable H. A. P. Carter, who has, at very great personal inconvenience, placed his services at the disposal of His Majesty's Government, and, in the high position of Special Commissioner to the United States, has assiduously worked for the attainment of the Treaty, and materially aided in its successful negotiation.

2d, That the thanks of this Chamber are also due to all those who, whether residing in this Kingdom, or elsewhere, have shown their friendship to and sympathy with Hawaiian progress by their exertions and personal efforts to obtain the success of the Treaty.

3d, That a copy of these resolutions and a further token of the general appreciation of his valuable services in this negotiation be presented to the Hon. H. A. P. Carter, and that a copy of these resolutions be published in the PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER and the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE:

S. N. CASTLE, President.
A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Honolulu, Nov. 30, 1876.

The following is Mr Carter's letter to the Chamber:

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, Honolulu, Dec. 19th, 1876.

To the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, Gentlemen:

I have received through your committee, Messrs. J. C. Glade, E. O. Hall and A. S. Cleghorn, a beautifully engrossed copy of the complimentary resolutions passed by you on the 30th of November last.

I beg most sincerely to thank the Chamber for this expression of their appreciation of my efforts in connection with the negotiation of the Treaty of Reciprocity lately concluded between the United States and this Kingdom.

I assure you, gentlemen, that my gratification is greatly enhanced by the fact, that this testimonial comes from a body of my fellow citizens with whom I have been so intimately associated.

To be assured of the esteem and appreciation of those interested in the commerce and agriculture of Hawaii nei, is a pleasant satisfaction for the past and an incentive to future effort in behalf of these two main sources of prosperity and elements of strength in our little body politic. In any further service I may render my Sovereign and country, I shall rejoice if I can win the approbation and respect of so worthy and influential a body as yours.

I beg further to express my satisfaction, that the Chamber have included in this expression of thanks the many friends of Hawaiian progress whose sympathy and personal efforts contributed so much to the success of the negotiation.

Again thanking you gentlemen, and especially your committee, for the flattering remarks with which your Resolutions were presented, I have the honor to remain, your obedient servant,

HENRY A. P. CARTER.

SAM'L C. WILDER,
AGENT
Hawaiian Steamer KILAUEA!
L. MARCHANT - - - - MASTER
Sailing Days as per Schedule!
Unless Otherwise Advertised.
TICKETS ONLY AT THE OFFICE
FREIGHT BILLS DUE ON DEMAND
3m. 612 OFFICE WITH WILDER & Co.

Envelopes.
JUST RECEIVED—100,000 white buff and colored envelopes.
Note Envelopes,
Letter Envelopes,
Large Letter Envelopes,
Official Envelopes.
For sale in quantities to suit and at reciprocity prices.
624-1m H. M. WHITNEY.

Holiday Books.
JUST RECEIVED, FROM LONDON, AND now opening for sale by
612 H. M. WHITNEY.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
The Favorite American Bark
D. C. MURRAY
FULLER, MASTER.
Will have Quick Dispatch for above Port.
For Freight or Passage, having superior accommodations for Cabin and Steerage Passengers, apply to
625 C. BREWER & CO., Agents.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,
The A 1 British ship
ANGLO SAXON
683 tons register,
C. Harrington - - - Master.
For particulars, apply to
623 24 F. T. LENEHAN & C., Queen street.

FOR BREMEN.
THE A 1 HAWAIIAN BARK
R. C. WYLIE!
H. WOLTERS, Master.
Shortly due from San Francisco, will have
Quick Dispatch for the above Port
For Freight and Passage, apply to
622 H. HACKFELD & CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
The Fine Barkentine
DISCOVERY!
CONNOR, MASTER.
Will have Quick Dispatch for the above Port
For Freight and Passage, apply to
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Pacific Mail Steamship Co's San Francisco, Australia and New Zealand Line.
THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP
CITY OF NEW YORK
CAVARLY, Commander,
Will Leave Honolulu for
Kandavu, Fiji, and Sydney, N.S.W.
Connecting at Kandavu with Company's steamer for AUCKLAND, N. Z., PORT CHALMERS, and intermediate ports.
On or about the 10th of Jan.
For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply to
(542 H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co's San Francisco, Australia and New Zealand Line.
THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP
CITY OF SYDNEY!
DOW, COMMANDER.
WILL LEAVE HONOLULU FOR SAN FRANCISCO
On or about Jan. 30th.
For Freight and Passage, or any further information, apply to
(567 H. HACKFELD & CO., Agents.

TIME TABLE OF STEAMER KILAUEA
MARCHANT, : : : : MASTER.

January 8th; Monday, 2 P. M. ..... Hilo
January 15th, Monday, 5 P. M. Kawaihaeae and intermediate ports, returning to Honolulu, Thursday A. M.
January 18th, Thursday, 4 P. M. ..... Nawiliwili
January 22d, Monday, 4 P. M. ..... Hilo
January 29th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Kona
February 5th, Monday, 4 P. M. Nawiliwili and Circuit of Kauai
February 12th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Hilo
February 19th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Kona
March 5th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Hilo
March 12th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Kona
March 19th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Hilo
March 26th, Monday, 5 P. M. ..... Kona

On all Windward Trips the Steamer will leave her wharf at 5; all trips to Kauai, will leave at 4 p. m. On down trips the Steamer will not leave Kawaihaeae before 10 a. m., Makena as per notice on up trip, Msalaea Bay not before 7 a. m. Any change from the above will be advertised.

No Credit for Passage Money. Tickets at the office only.

No berth will be considered as taken until paid for. Not responsible for unmarked baggage or any Freight or Parcels unless receipted for.

Freight Money Due on Demand.

An effort will be made to have the Steamer reach Honolulu on the evening of the same day she leaves Maui

SAMUEL G. WILDER, Agent.
Office with Wilder & Co., corner of Fort & Queen Streets

Kauai Packet.
FOR KOLOA & OTHER PORTS ON KAUAI
THE SCHOONER
KAMAILE!
KIBLING, MASTER.
Will have regular dispatch for Kauai, as above, until further notice. Freight and Passengers taken at the LOWEST RATES.
BOLLES & CO, Agents.
P. S.—This vessel has just been thoroughly repaired newly-coppered, and put in in perfect order. 5v2

BOSTON AND HONOLULU PACKET LINE!
C. Brewer & Co.—Agents.
Favorable arrangements can always be made for storage and shipment of Oil, Bone, Wool, Hides and other Merchandise to New Bedford, Boston, New York and other Eastern Ports. Cash Advances made.
593-1y C. BREWER & CO.

REGULAR
DISPATCH LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO!
C. Brewer & Co.—Agents.
Merchandise received Storage Free and liberal cash advances made on shipments by this line.
593-1y C. BREWER & CO.

Oahu College.
THE NEXT TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence Monday, January 8th 1877. Persons able to join existing classes can be admitted to the school at that time. Any desired information may be obtained upon application to
624-2t AMASA PRATT, President.

LOST.
ON SATURDAY LAST, DECEMBER 16th, on the road between the Ewa stream and Waikahalua, a pocket-book and a Silver Tobacco box. The finder of the above articles will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.
624-2t Honolulu, December 18th, 1876.

Civil Engineering.
MR. P. A. de LANUX, CIVIL ENGINEER and Surveyor, is prepared to undertake Land surveying in all its branches. Maps constructed with full details. Information given in regard to the quality of soils, and their adaption for cultivation, taking into consideration locality, accessibility, etc.
WATER LEADS.—Estimates given in regard to size, cost, and capacity, and amount of power furnished by same for machinery.
ROADS AND BRIDGES.—Plans and estimates made with a view of obtaining the best results with the smallest outlay.
He is also prepared to give instruction on tropical cultivation.
Address the above through the Honolulu Post Office.
(621 3m)

Executor's Notice.
ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the estate of Antone Manuel, late of Honolulu, deceased, are requested to present the same to me at the office of Alex. J. Cartwright Esq., Queen street, Honolulu, within six months of the date of the first publication of this notice or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to pay the amounts owing to me at said office.
Dated this 19th December, 1876.
MANUEL PAIKO,
Executor of the estate of said Antone Manuel deceased.
(623-4t)

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED, Formerly with D. N. Pittman, begs to inform the citizens of Honolulu and the public generally that he has taken a window in C. E. Willi

COUNTING HOUSE CALENDAR FOR 1877

1877.	SUNDAY.	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.	1877.	SUNDAY.	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
JAN.		1	2	3	4	5	6	JULY.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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FEB.					1	2	3	AUG.				1	2	3	4
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	25	26	27	28					26	27	28	29	30	31	
MAR.					1	2	3	SEPT.							1
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									30						
APRIL.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	OCT.		1	2	3	4	5	6
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	29	30							28	29	30	31			
MAY.			1	2	3	4	5	NOV.					1	2	3
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	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	27	28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	
JUNE.						1	2	DEC.							1
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	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
									30	31					

Phases of the Moon for the Month of January, 1877

Prepared by Capt. Daniel Smith, Harbormaster.

HONOLULU MEANTIME.

[illegible]

TIME SUN RISING AND SETTING.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

HONOLULU, JANUARY 5, 1877.

An important reduction has just been made in California regarding the rate of interest, which has heretofore been from [illegible] per cent. on business accounts. On the first of January the rate was reduced to 8 per cent. The Commercial Herald says:

The Board of Directors of the Bank of California, at a recent meeting, came to the conclusion that the time has fully arrived when the regular bank rates of interest could properly and beneficially be reduced to the minimum. The Directors have been authorized by the stockholders to adopt such measures as they might deem proper, and the Directory has decided that the bank rate shall be [illegible] per cent. per month upon all new loans made after the 1st of January, 1877. All the banks in town have for months been making loans at lower than 9 per cent., but in a strictly commercial sense, i. e., discounting short paper. So long as the commercial community insist on being permitted to overdraw ad infinitum, just so long must the banks refuse to lower the rates, but they are willing to go half way, and if business men will adopt a proper system the rate of interest will not remain fixed but will regulate itself according to the supply and demand.

It would seem to be the interest of business men if such a reduction in the rate of interest could be effected here. It is true that on first-class securities (mortgage and other) nine per cent. can be effected, but we refer to commercial paper generally. There are new fields opening every month for the safe investment of capital in sugar, rice, coffee and other agricultural enterprises, if the money can be obtained at reasonable rates. There ought to be an abundance of capital here at low rates, to meet all demands from those seeking help for their enterprises; but if there is not, foreign capital must be sought.

Two lots of Japan or China rice have been received the past week from San Francisco by the Almy and Bonanza, which, after paying duties, can be offered at four cents per pound. These are but pioneer shipments, which will continue to be made as long as our Hawaiian rice is held at such prices as of late—[illegible] cents per pound. When Hawaiian paddy costs more than 3 cents, or cleaned rice more than 5 cents, we shall be liable to be flooded with Japan rice, which is nearly as good in quality, and costs in Japan but 3 cents a pound.

The same remarks apply to sugar. Hongkong refined sugar can be purchased at that port for about 5 cents per lb., and landed here for 9 or 10 cents a pound, which is less than washed Hawaiian sugars now cost here. We shall not be surprised to see our market supplied soon wholly with Hongkong refined sugars.

The schooner Bonanza and bark Helen W. Almy arrived on the 30th, with assorted cargoes from San Francisco. They will both return to the above port soon.

The steamer Zealandia took us by surprise, arriving off the port at 9 o'clock Sunday evening, Dec. 31st, in 12 days from Auckland—the quickest passage ever made between the two ports. She left again for San Francisco late on Monday evening, taking about 300 tons of cargo.

Brig Ellen was loading at San Francisco for this port, at last advices, to sail on or about Dec. 23d.

Schooner Fanny Hare was loading at Humboldt with redwood for this port. Barks Camden and Victor were also loading at Port Gamble, the former for this port and the latter for Hilo. All are consigned to Messrs. Hackfeld & Co.

Bark American Lloyds arrived over on the 16th, 28 days from this port.

Sugar, rice, pulu and coffee were all depressed at latest advices, and sales dull.

Premium on gold, at New York, continued to decline—latest quotation [illegible].

PORT OF HONOLULU.

ARRIVED.

Dec 27—Brit bktne Sunbeam, of the Royal Yacht Squadron, T Brassey, M P, from Tahiti via Hilo
Schr Nettie Merrill, Crane, from Lahaina
29—Schr Annie, Kalauao, from Molokai
Schr Warwick, J Bull, from Molokai
30—Schr Sophia Wenner, Smith, 20 days fm S Francisco
Schr Mary Ellen, [illegible] from Kohala
Schr Uilama, Hana, from Kohala
Schr Luka, Kaai, from Maliko
Schr Pauahi, Hopu, from Hilo
Am schr Bonanza, Black, 12 days fm San Francisco
Am bk H W Almy, Freeman, 12 days fm San Francisco
Stmr Kilauea, Marchant, from Windward
31—Schr Ya Moi, Reynolds, from Kohalaa
Jan 1—B M S Zealandia, Ferries, 12 days fm Auckland

SAILED.

Dec 27—Haw bk Mattie Macleay, Pope, for Portland
Stmr Kilauea, Marchant, for Windward Ports
Schr Kamaile, Wood, for Kona and Waimea
Schr Pauahi, Clarke, for Hana
29—Schr Manuokawai, Kimo, for Nawiliwili
29—Schr Fairy Queen, Kaaina, for Hanalei
30—Schr Nettie Merrill, Crane, for Lahaina
Jan 1—B M S Zealandia, Ferries, for San Francisco
2—Schr Warwick, John Bull, for Molokai

MEMORANDA.

Report of Schr Bonanza, Black, Master—Left San Francisco, Dec 18th, at 4 p m; passed North Heads at 5 o'clock, with light northwest airs and calms for the first 24 hours out; next four days northeast winds with smooth sea; from thence to Dec 29th, wind from south to southeast with frequent rain squalls. Sighted East Maui on Friday, Dec 29th, wind from east to southeast, with calms and heavy rains. Came to anchor off Honolulu, Saturday evening, Dec 30th.

Report of B M S Zealandia, J S Ferries, Commander—Left Port Chalmers Dec 13th at 1 p m, and after calling at the various New Zealand ports, reached Auckland on the 17th at [illegible] p m. Left Auckland Dec 19th at 2:20 p m and arrived at Kandavau Dec 22d at 7:30 p m. Received Australian portion of mails, passengers and cargo ex steamer City of Sydney and left again at 5 p m same day; cleared Nanuku Passage at 10 a m, 23d; entered Northeast Trades on the afternoon of the 24th; weather fine throughout. Engines eased at noon of the 30th, so as to reach Honolulu on the morning of January 1st; made fast to wharf at [illegible] a m. R. McDonald, [illegible].

VESSELS IN PORT.

MERCHANTMEN.

Haw bk R C Wylie, Walters, discharging
Brit bk Albert William, Walker, discharging
Am bktne Discovery, discharging
Brit ship Anglo Saxon, Harrington, discharging
Am bk Helen W Almy, Freeman, discharging
Am schr Bonanza, Black, discharging
Brit yacht Sunbeam, Brassey

NAVAL.

H. B. M. S. Fantome, Commander Long

IMPORTS.

From Australia and New Zealand, per Zealandia, Jan 1—[illegible]

From San Francisco, per Schr Sophia Wenner, Jan 30—[illegible]

From San Francisco, per Bonanza, Dec 30—[illegible]

From San Francisco, per Am bark H W Almy, Dec 30—[illegible]

EXPORTS.

For San Francisco, per stmr Zealandia, Jan 1—350 pkgs sugar, 149 bags coffee, 850 bags rice, 948 bunches bananas, 11 bxs hotel leaves, 20 bxs jams, 9 bxs ginger, 16 bags peanuts, 1 box jelly.

PASSENGERS.

For Fanning's Island, per schr Kinau, Dec 29—Wm Greig Geo McIntyre.

From San Francisco, per Bonanza, Dec 30—D Pomeroy and wife, Wm Jossett, Capt J A King, Capt Weeks, Chas Hotchkiss, Lewis Graves, Sam Stock, Keakaku, Pakanui, Keaupuni.

From Windward Ports, per Kilauea, Dec 31—W H Reed, Mrs J Hapai and daughter, Mr Apana, C Ashe, Lizzie Chungborn, J S Walker, D Manson, Mrs G S Pinkham and 2 children, Mr Spigon, S F Chillingworth, K Keohok, Keeching and wife, Mrs W H Cornwell and 2 children, Mrs E Macfarlane, C Macfarlane, H Cornwell, Miss Marston, L Thurston, Young Pea, Asey, J R Jones, W J Sheldon, H Long, A P Jones, T C Forsyth and about 80 deck.

From Australia and New Zealand, per Zealandia, Jan 1—Mr de Leon and 2 in the steerage.

For San Francisco, per Zealandia, Jan 1—S G Wilder, C H Judd and wife, G Robinson, C C Bennett and son, A Lowenberg, Miss Kittie Makee, Miss Alice Makee, T Sorenson, wf and 3 children, Theo Griffin, Mrs Lambert and child, D K Fyfe and wife, H Johnson, Capt J Brown, W N Hartitt, A Carr, C A Eldridge, H Perkins, Wm Pryde, and 73 through passengers.

MARRIED.

BROWN—WUNDENBERG—In this city, on the 27th ult., by Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, Mr. Frank Brown to Miss Caroline H. Wundenberg, both of this city.

ARNOLD—THOMSON—On the 27th December, at Wailuku Church, Maui, by Rev. J. Bridger, Chas. N. Arnold to Cecilia Thomson.

DIED.

NEWTON—At Kaluaaha, Molokai, Dec. 27th, 1876, Mary Ida, daughter of R. and Mary Newton. Aged 9 months and 7 days.

WEBSTER—At sea, on board schr Bonanza, Dec. 27th, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., in lat. 24° 20' north, long. 149° 40' west, of lung disease, Albert F. Webster, a native of Boston, Mass., aged 27 years. Buried at sea.

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

☞ Bark D. C. Murray will be the first vessel for San Francisco, leaving on or about Saturday next.

☞ Trade dollars are quoted in San Francisco at 102 buying and 103 selling. We shall have to bid good bye to them for a while at least.

☞ The steamer Kilauea will resume her trips on Monday next, leaving at 5 p. m. for Hilo. See her new time table.

☞ It has been decided that matches shall be admitted free of duty under the *treaty*—a very sensible decision the opinion of many housekeepers.

☞ It is reported that the mail steamer City of New York was to leave San Francisco punctually at 9 o'clock, January 1st, in which event she will be due here on Tuesday next.

☞ Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of Her Majesty Queen Emma, and her numerous friends paid their respects to her, her residence being crowded all day with men, women and children. Her Majesty enjoys very good health.

LOST.—We are requested to say that the manuscript volume of Hawaiian Antiquities by David Malo, belonging to the Board of Education, is wanted. It was loaned some time ago, and was not returned, as it should have been.

☞ The cotton exports of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1876, amounted to $179,000,000 against 11,000,000 for all kinds of grain and flour. Yet the cotton crop does not equal in value the hay crop, which exceeds $250,000,000, only the former is exported, the latter is not.

☞ Travelers, Missionaries, and others may employ their leisure time pleasantly and profitably, by collecting rare butterflies. Forward (freight unpaid,) folded up separately in paper, in cigar boxes. Best prices remitted for perfect specimens. Collecting apparatus sent free to those who furnish references to D. G. RUTHERFORD, (Horniman's Museum,) Forest Hill, London.

MORE SMUGGLING.—While the steamer Zealandia was in port on Monday last, the police arrested a woman, one of the steerage passengers, in the Empire House, with six tins of opium concealed under her dress, which she had been induced to bring ashore by one of the ship's Chinese hands. There were three men with her, upon one of whom was found three tins more. The quartett was marched off to the station-house where it collectively deposited bail in the sum of four hundred dollars, which was forfeited by non-appearance the next day.

ENGLISH SCHOOL, WAILUKU.—On Friday, Dec. 22nd, the annual entertainment was given by the scholars to a large audience. The pieces were well rendered by the children, and reflected much credit on the master, Mr. W. A. Swan and Miss C. Thompson the mistress,—the boys giving good evidence of careful, conscientious training. The proceedings were enlivened by some clever tricks of legerdemain, kindly performed by a friend, which caused much amusement. A few part songs were sweetly sung by the girls, accompanied by the Rev. J. Bridger on the harmonium. The distribution of prizes to the children who had earned them during the year brought the pleasant evening to a close.

THE tomato is to be credited with another virtue, that of driving away the curculio and other noxious insects; if we may believe a fruit-grower of Valparaiso, South America. Using some vines he had pulled up as a mulch around some peach trees, he observed that the curculios, which were ravaging the orchard, left these trees. Following up the hint, he found that tomato vines were the abhorrence of many sorts of insects; and that an infusion from the fresh leaves of the plant, sprinkled upon roses, orange trees, etc., drove away all the insects that infested them. This is worth trying, at all events.

CONCERT AND TABLEAUX.—On Saturday evening an entertainment was given at the Royal Hawaiian Theatre, under the patronage of Their Majesties the King and Queen, consisting of music by native singers, some of whom showed excellent voices, and a series of tableaux. The latter represented the Hawaiian Coat of Arms and the Goddess of Liberty, the Artist's Dream, in which appeared successively ten or twelve fair faces; two scenes from Romeo and Juliet in the monument tragedy, and three pictures from King Lear. There was a full house, and about $400 was netted, which will be devoted to the benefit of the Kawaiahao Hoola Lahui Association.

MASONIC BANQUET.—On the evening of the festival of St. John the Evangelist, after the annual installation of officers for the new Masonic year, the members of the two Lodges of the city, convened at the hall of Le Progres de l'Oceanie, No. 124, and proceeded from thence in procession, to the dining-hall of the Hawaiian Hotel, where His Majesty the King, Worshipful Master of Le Progres de l'Oceanie Lodge during the past year, had caused to be provided a most sumptuous banquet. The table, which extended the whole length of the hall, was spread with a degree of magnificence seldom witnessed in Honolulu. From the East, where Past Master Dominis, representing His Majesty—who was unfortunately detained at home by illness—presided, to the opposite extreme where the Senior Wardens faithfully obeyed the injunction to "look well to the West," it was ablaze with the light of chandeliers and chandelier reflected from ten thousand mirrors of burnished silver and sparkling cut glass. At frequent intervals were placed elegant vases filled with a tropical profusion of lovely flowers of every hue, interspersed with silver fruit stands which were loaded with domestic and foreign fruit, agreeable to the eye and tempting to the palate. Of the viands rich and rare we will only say that there was everything which the most fastidious epicure could desire, and all was served up in a style which did the highest honor to the artistic genius of the well-known caterer, Robert von Oehlhaffen. After an hour and a half devoted to gastronomic pleasures, the orator of Le Progres Lodge, H. G. Crabbe, proposed the usual toasts to Their Majesties, the Grand Bodies, sister Lodges, etc., after which followed a number of volunteer sentiments, to which appropriate responses were made. Before breaking up the Brethren of the Mystic tie joined in Masonic circle around the table and sang in unison the immortal "Auld Lang Syne." Throughout the evening the Royal Band, which was stationed in front of the Hotel, discoursed some of its choicest music under the leadership of Mr. Schmidt.

ANOTHER SUDDEN DEATH.—On Wednesday evening last, Kalaaikahua, a well-known native resident of the city, dropped dead while eating his supper. He had attended a New Year's feast during the day, and had just returned from a drive, apparently in good health.

THE SUNBEAM.—A week ago this evening the steam yacht Sunbeam, Royal Yacht Squadron, commanded and owned by Hon. T. Brassey, M. P., entered our harbor. She is the jauntiest little craft ever seen in these waters, having a most exquisite model, and can easily make her fourteen knots under sail. She has a barkentine rig, and spreads a large surface of canvass. Her internal appointments combine luxury and elegance most perfectly. Mr. Brassey is accompanied by Mrs. Brassey and three daughters, and also by the Hon. D. G. Bingham, Commander Brown, R. N., H. F. Frere, Esq., and Dr. Potter. She left England in July last, and came out by way of Cape Horn, visiting several of the ports of South America and Tahiti before arriving at these islands. During her stay in port the Sunbeam has been visited by Their Majesties and by numbers of the ladies and gentlemen of Honolulu. She leaves in a day or two for home, via Japan, China, India and the Suez Canal.

NEW YEAR'S DAY was generally observed as a holiday in town. Stores and offices were closed, and the streets were filled with crowded express wagons redolent of music and bad gin. For, to tell the truth, there was more drunkenness observable among the aborigines than has heretofore been usual. During the forenoon Company B of the Hawaiian Guards turned out for its first public parade under the command of Lieutenant Clarke, making a very creditable appearance. At noon Her Majesty received the ladies of Honolulu, and a large number availed themselves of the opportunity to congratulate her. The Hon. Mrs. Smith and the Hon. Mrs. Carter received the guests and presented them to Her Majesty, who was attended by Her Royal Highness Mrs. Dominis, Her Royal Highness Mrs. Cleghorn, the Hon. Mrs. Bishop, the Hon. Mrs. Kapooloku, the Hon. Mrs. Kapena, and the Hon. Mrs. Hartwell. Among the guests was Mrs. Brassey. The reception is acknowledged by all who were present to have been unusually successful. On the evening of New Year's Day there was a very pleasant impromptu ball at the hotel.

PARLOR THEATRICALS.—The charming entertainment given at the residence of E. P. Adams, on Thursday evening was a little out of the usual order of amusements in Honolulu and deserves notice in our columns. It was the representation of a portion of Shakespeare's most admirable play the Merchant of Venice, by several amateur ladies and gentlemen of this place. Hon. H. A. P. Carter as Shylock outdid the Jew himself and so perfect was he in costume, manner and intonation that it was hard to believe that the hard old money lender was not really before us. Portia departed herself with her three lovers in a most becoming manner and received the accepted suitor with charming grace, but was still more successful if possible disguised as the young doctor of laws in dispensing justice to the Jew. Time and space would fail us to note all the attractive points and characters of the play but we must allude to Gratiano, who in the person of P. C. Jones carried the audience by storm in giving expression to his contempt for, and triumph over the wretch who for money would have slain Antonio. Indeed the whole was admirably performed and reflected great credit on our talented hostess under whose skill and management this delightful entertainment was planned and executed. We thank her for the rare treat.

DEATH OF V. F. KAILIULI.—It is with feeling of deepest regret that we announce the death of V. F. Kailiuli, late of the police of Honolulu. He died suddenly, while on his post of duty, about 1 p. m. of the 30th ult. The deceased was a native of marked character and ability in the particular business in which he was employed. He was a graduate of Lahainaluna, and in 1852, he was appointed a member of the regular police of Honolulu, although he had been attached to the Police department some years previously. From the day of his appointment to the hour of his death, he was actively and assiduously engaged in the performance of his duty. As an officer he was affable, polite and dignified, but firm in the discharge of his duty. Upright in principle and governed by the strictest integrity and honor, in all his actions, he was an example for the imitation of all native Hawaiians. Such implicit confidence was placed in him by the Marshall of the kingdom, that he would intrusted him with the performance of any duty. And notwithstanding the many arrests which he had made and prosecutions for crime in which he took part, he performed his duty in such a manner that no one ever cherished an unkind feeling against him. The unusually large number who followed him to his last resting place, attest the universal respect with which he was regarded.

Hawaiian Caledonian Club.

HONOLULU, JAN. 1st, 1877.

To the Editor and Publisher of Hawaiian Gazette:

DEAR SIR,—I am requested by the Hawaiian Caledonian Club to tender you the thanks of the Club as expressed in the following resolution which was passed unanimously at the last meeting on the 29th ultimo:

"Resolved, that the thanks of the Hawaiian Caledonian Club be tendered to the editor and publisher of the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE for publishing paragraphs which have contributed much towards the welfare of the Club."

I may also inform you that at the meeting above-mentioned, eight new members were enrolled, and a committee was appointed to enquire into the advisability of holding a "Caledonian Ball" on the 24th of May next; said committee to report at the next meeting the feasibility of the same and the possibility of its success.

The tone of feeling amongst the members generally tends to favor the formation of a "St. Andrew's Charitable Fund" in connection with the Club when the means will permit, and a desire is expressed to make the organization beneficial and helpful, as well as social and entertaining. Fears of non-permanence have been entirely dispelled.

I am, dear sir, yours very respectfully,

J. M. MACDONALD,
Secretary Hawaiian Caledonian Club.

It seems to be agreed among the Plenipotentiaries at Constantinople that Bulgaria should be placed under a Christian Governor. The appointment of Simon as President of the Council and Minister of the Interior, and Martel as Minister of Justice, vice Dufaure and Marcere, is officially announced to-day. The Cabinet, therefore, remains as before, with the exception of the above changes.

The World's Washington correspondent interviewed the President recently. He said he did not believe that the inflamatory resolutions and speeches in Indiana were endorsed by the people, but that his Administration was not insensible to the necessity of vigilance whether the stories were true or false. He should not, in case of an emergency, hesitate to exercise his Constitutional authority, though at the same time he could not see any occasion for what he terms the indiscreet manipulation of the Democratic local leaders, and doubted if they were inspired by any higher authority. It was a grave responsibility for any body of men to stir up domestic violence and array themselves against the General Government. Whoever was declared by the President of the Senate to be elected President and Vice President of the United States, it would be his duty to recognize them and to surrender to them the reins of authority and this would do; but he protested that he had no wish to force any particular person upon the people; and would see that the one elected his successor was placed in possession. He was not to be judge of election; that was to be decided by the Constitution and laws. The President then went on to say that all he had done before and since the election was to see that the laws were obeyed and peace maintained. He was gratified to see the conservative temper in Congress, especially among the men from the South, and believed that this spirit would be generally diffused, as it was the only basis of peaceful solution. He has placed no limit to the authority of the President, and would do nothing to [illegible] whatever to his views being made public.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS!

Received by Schooner Bonanza.

The Republicans of Chicago fired 185 guns Dec. 12 over the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

Governor Hayes is reported as saying that he believes he is honestly elected and fully expects to be inaugurated.

Congress will probably adjourn on the 15th until the second Monday in January.

President Grant says the country shall have peace, even if we have to fight for it.

Reports come from South Carolina that negroes there are being murdered with both bullets and poison.

General Gordon writes to the New York Tribune confirming Chamberlain's statement regarding South Carolina.

Tilden insists that he is elected, and says he will fight for his rights.

Since the commencement of specie payments, $24,457,000 in silver coin has been paid out for fractional paper currency and legal tender obligations, and there is about $6,000,000 more at the Mints in the form of coin or bullion.

A large portion of the city of Valparaiso has been destroyed by fire.

The report that Diaz had entered the City of Mexico, and that Lerdo had retired with his Cabinet, is confirmed.

The Canvassing Board of Florida had completed its labors, declaring that the Republicans elect the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and two members of Congress.

The documents captured with Tweed have been forwarded to Washington, where they will be examined.

Gladstone charges Lord Beaconsfield with being personally responsible for England's position on the Eastern question.

The Czar has renewed assurances that if occupation becomes indispensable it will be only temporary.

It has been proposed to give Turkey a year in which to carry out the reforms.

A law has passed the Spanish Cortes making education obligatory.

A fresh war tax of fifteen piastres has been levied in Turkey upon all males between the ages of 35 and 60 years.

Leon Say, French Minister of Finance, says it is impossible to reduce taxes.

The Queen of England has issued proclamation proroguing Parliament until February.

A Calcutta telegram to the Times says that accounts of the famine received from Madras are worse than those from Bombay, large numbers of starving people are flocking into Madras. The first death from starvation has occurred there. Much distress existed in the country districts.

Intelligence from Matamoras is to the effect that Lerdo and his Cabinet have been captured by the Revolutionists near the city of Nunean. General Escobedo, Secretary of War, was shot with several others. The Government of Lerdo is undoubtedly overthrown. Monterey and Saltillo have declared in favor of Iglesias, and surrendered without fighting. The whole northern frontier of Mexico, except Matamoras, is in possession of the supporters of Iglesias. His friends in this city are now out with music and torches celebrating the success. The invitation of General Revuelias yesterday to the merchants of Matamoras developed into a scheme to plunder them of $40,000, under pretext of a tax of three per cent. on merchandise and property, levied by himself, against which imposition the whole community is protesting as illegal and tyranical.

The Times prints the following prominently: Hayes and Wheeler have received the 185 votes necessary to an election. Several attempts were made to defeat the will of the people, notably in Louisiana, South Carolina and Oregon. Bribery was employed in the two former States, and a conspiracy which must fail of its object was the method resorted in to the last named State. In South Carolina the two chief events of yesterday were the meeting of the Republican Electors and the decision of the Supreme Court that Wallace was legally elected Speaker of the Lower House of the Legislature. In New Orleans, the chief event was the meeting of the Electoral College. The statement was publicly made by one of its members that he had been offered $100,000 to vote for Tilden. An attempt was also made to buy one of the Republican Electors of South Carolina for $100,000. Both attempts failed, and the votes of the men who had been thus approached were cast for the man they had been elected to vote for.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEXT TERM OF MRS. COLEMAN'S School will commence on Monday, Jan. 8, 1877. 625-1t

WILLIAM R. CASTLE,
Attorney & Councillor at Law, & Notary Public.
Office corner of Merchant and Kaahumanu Streets, Honolulu. 625

J. M. WHITNEY, M. D., D. D. S.
Dental Rooms on Fort Street,
625] Corner Hotel, over Mr. Strehz's Drug Store. [1y

T. J. BAKER,
Practical Architect and Builder.
Plans and specifications furnished at reasonable rates. Address Post Office, Honolulu, H. I. 625 3m

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY. IHLANG IHLANG, Jockey Club, and other perfumes, Toilet Vinegar of world-wide celebrity, Toilet Water, Lavendar Water, Florida Water, Eau de Cologne, Lime Juice and Glycerine for the Hair, Glycerine, Honey, Windsor and other soaps, Violet and Rice Powder, Aquadentine for the Teeth, &c. 96, Strand, 128, Regent Street, and 24, Cornhill, London. Sold by all Perfumers and Chemists. Registered trade mark—an heraldric rose. 625-1y

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between E. B. FRIEL & R. W. LAINE, known as the firm of FRIEL & LAINE, Grocers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts will be collected and all liabilities assumed by E. B. Friel, who continues the business at the old stand, No. 52, Fort Street, Odd Fellows Building, where he will be happy to serve customers with the usual assortment of CHOICE GROCERIES.
Dec. 30, 1876. [1m] E. B. FRIEL.

Administrator's Notice.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING THIS DAY been appointed Administrator pro tem. of the Estate of the late Frederick Welch, of Wailuku, deceased, by the Hon. A. Fornander, Circuit Judge, Maui. This is to give notice that all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same to the undersigned within six months of the date of the first publication of this notice, or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay the amounts owing without delay, to
HENRY W. DANIELS,
Administrator pro tem. of the estate of said Frederick Welch, deceased.
Wailuku, Dec. 21st, 1876. 625-1m

NEW BOOKS.
PER LATE ARRIVALS—
Centennial History of the United States,
Principles of the Revolution,
Health at Home, by Dr. Hall,
Webster's Counting House Dictionary,
The Man in the Moon and other People,
Five Weeks in a Balloon, Jules Verne,
The Prime Minister—a novel,
Every Day Topics, by Dr. Holland,
Seven Oaks, by Dr. Holland,
Wit, Humor and Shakespeare,
Katherine, by Dr. Holland,
The Ingoldsby Legends,
Plymouth Collection Hymns and Tunes,
Great Battles of the British Navy,
The Great Bonanza,
Ray Palmer's Poetical Works,
The Spirit of Praise, illustrated.
For sale by
H. M. WHITNEY.

The Hawaiian Hotel
LUNCH ROOM!
WILL BE OPENED ON
Monday, January 1st,
Under the Management of R. VON OEHLHAFFEN.
ALL DELICACIES KNOWN TO THE AGE constantly kept on hand, and served to surpass the past, arrest the present, and stereotype the future—guaranteed to satisfy the epicure in his wildest dreams.
Cozy, Clean and Cool, are the Impressive Features of the Place.
[illegible]
622 ROBERT VON OEHLHAFFEN, Manager. 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pound Notice.
ON SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1877, at 12 O'Clock, noon, at the Government Pound, will be sold at public auction a bay mare, brand on left hind hip G T.
A. B. KAAUKUU,
1t Pound Master.

THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and FOR SALE LOW, to close the consignment of
Cargo of Ship "Anglo-Saxon,"
From Hongkong.
Rolls Excellent China Matting,
Nests Camphor Trunks,
Bales Mat Bags,
200,000 China Bricks.
625 1m F. T. LENEHAN & Co.

Ex "R. C. Wylie" and "Bonaza."
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECEIVED
NEW LENSES
AND OTHER
Photographic Improvements!
is now prepared to do
First-Class Work
in either
PORTRAITS OR VIEWS!
on the
Most Reasonable Terms,
And hopes, by attention to business and painstaking, to deserve the patronage of the public, and be able to please the most fastidious.
ALSO,
For Sale, New Frames,
in great variety, and at the lowest possible prices, at the
Cosmopolitan
Photographic Gallery,
64 and 66 Fort Street; Honolulu.
626 3m H. L. CHASE.

CHRISTMAS, 1876
The Undersigned has Received,
—PER—
'OCEAN PEARL'
A Splendid Line of
LADIES LEATHER WARE
SUITABLE FOR
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
COMPRISING
A GREAT VARIETY OF
ENTIRELY NEW STYLES
.... OF ....
Ladies Bags and Reticules!
ALSO
Ladies Solid Sole Leather Trunks, rivitted edges,
Ladies' Solid Sole Leather Trunks, sewed edges,
Ladies' Bridle Lather Trunks,
Ladies' Leather Covered Saratoga Trunks,
Ladies' State Room Trunks,
Ladies' Composition Trunks,
Ladies' Princess Alice Bags, with belts,
Ladies' assorted Colored valises,
Manilla School Bags,
Grain Leather School Bags,
Split Leather School Bags,
Real Russia Leather Bags & Valises,
Ladies' Russia Dressing Cases,
Gents' Solid Sole Leather Trunks, Revetted a Sewed Edges.
Gent's Leather Trunks, Canvass Covered,
Gent's Elegant Solid Sole and Bridle Leather Valises,
Gent's Russia Leather Valises,
Gent's O. G. Trunks,
Gent's Russia Dressing Cases.
Trunk Straps,
Shawl Straps,
Coat and Blanket Straps.
Solid Leather Coat Cases,
In fact Nowhere in or out of Honolulu can such an Elegant Display of Leather Ware be seen in any one store,
These goods having come in Duty free Lady Purchases will get the Benefit of the 10 per cent.
THIS FINE LINE OF GOODS
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CORNER OF
MISSION & FREMONT STS., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
THE INDIA RICE MILL HAVING UNDERGONE Material Improvements, is now in perfect condition for the
Hulling and Dressing of Paddy
—AND—
UNCLEANED RICE;
In the Best Possible Manner. The Price for HULLING and DRESSING PADDY [illegible]
CONSIGNMENTS OF
Paddy and Hulled Rice!
Will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.
WM. M. GREENWOOD,
General Commission Merchant and Proprietor of India Rice Mill. 622 1y

AUCTION SALES.

By E. P. ADAMS.

REGULAR CASH SALE!
ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 4th,
At half-past 9 A. M., at Salesroom.
ASST. OF NEW GOODS
—NAMELY—
Fine Prints, Muslins, Linen Drills,
Brown Cottons, White Cottons, Merino,
Victoria Lawns, Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hemmed Linen Handkerchiefs,
Harvard Shirts, Fancy Flannel Overshirts.
WOOL SHAWLS,
Turkish Towels for Bathing,
Blankets, White Shirts, Amoskeag Denims,
Amoskeag Stripes, Cotton Drill, Brilliants,
Bed Quilts,
Merino and Cotton Undershirts,
Felt and Straw Hats, Ladies' Hose,
Men's Socks, Bridles and Bits,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Groceries, &c.,
Yeast Powder, Sardines, Wrapping Paper,
Soda Crackers, Clothes Pins, Hams,
Bacon, Candles, Pickles, Tobacco,
Cigars, Fine Tea, Oysters,
Salt, Pea Nut Oil,
Wash Blue, Pain Killer,
—ALSO—
CRUSHED SUGAR.
E. P. ADAMS, Auct'r.

Executor's Sale of
Valuable Real Estate on King St
By Order of M. Pico, Esq., Executor of the Estate of Antone Manuel, deceased,
SATURDAY, - - JANAURY 27th,
At 12 o'clock Noon, on the premises,
KING STREET,
WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION
ALL THAT CERTAIN
PIECE or PARCEL of LAND
On King Street, near Maunakea St.,
And recently occupied by Antone Manuel, deceased, with a good
Store and Two-Story Dwelling House,
Both upon the premises.
The title to the property is perfect, and the Stand is an unusually good one for the retail trade.
Plan of the property can be seen by application to M. Pico, Esq., or A. J. Cartwright, Esq. A portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage.
E. P. ADAMS, Auctioneer.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
AND
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS!
Just Opened out at,
A. S. CLEGHORN & CO.'S
Fort Street Store,
A Large Variety of Newly Imported
GOODS!
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON,
— CONSISTING OF —
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— OF —
Albums, Work Boxes, and
Toys of Every Description.
The Stock in the above line is unusually large and will be offered at exceedingly low rates. No trouble to show goods.
☞ *Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.*
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FOR SALE ON BERETANIA STREET, mauka side, six lots, 100x150. These are choice building lots, situated opposite Messrs. Dillingham and Castle's property, and have the water pipes close thereto.
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TO LEASE.—300 Acres Splendid Grazing Land at Kamaile, Kamananui, Waialua.
FOR SALE—In Honolulu, several choice residences.
FOR SALE at PUUNUI, near JUDD STREET, 1½ acres Taro Land and House.
FOR SALE AT KAPALAMA, NEAR REformatory Schools, 1½ Acres Rice and Taro Land.
FOR SALE AT MANOA, TWELVE ACRES of choice Banana and Taro Land, a bargain.
FOR SALE AT KALIHI, TWO ACRES (in one lot) of Rich Taro Land.
FOR SALE. THE PREMISES KNOWN AS Liberty Hall, situated on Maunakea street. Government Title Perfect.
FOR SALE, NEAR LILIHA STREET, CLOSE to Captain Wests property a desirable Taro lot over one acre. Apply to
E. T. O'HALLORAN, Solicitor,
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ON REASONABLE TERMS A CONVENIENT Family residence.
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PADDY IS RICE.
TO SHIPPERS OF PADDY. AN IMPRESSION seems to prevail in the Islands that Paddy, because of not being named in the Treaty, is not admitted free [illegible] Rice. [illegible]
Parties desirous of shipping Paddy to this market are requested to [illegible]
WM. M. GREENWOOD,
General Commission Merchant and Proprietor of India Rice Mills, San Francisco, Cal. 619-3m

AUCTION SALES.

By C. S. BARTOW.

At Sales Room
FRIDAY - - - - - - January 5th.
At 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold,
A Varied Assortment of Dry Goods.
One Show Case:
At 12 o'clock Noon,
ONE TOP BUGGY.
C. S. BARTOW, Auctioneer.

H. HACKFELD & CO.
OFFER
FOR SALE!
THE FOLLOWING
NEW GOODS!
JUST ARRIVED,
PER HAWAIIAN BARK R. C. WYLIE!
One Hundred and Thirty-one Days
From Bremen
NEW STYLES OF PRINTS—TURKEY Red, Uhall, white ground, chocolate, gray and fancy, Jaconets, Brown Cottons, 3 qualities; White Cottons, Horrocks' Long Cloth, A, B & B; Brown Drill, Hickory Stripes, Striped Ticking, Brown Holland, Linen Padding, Blue Striped Denims, Blue, White and Fancy Flannel, Mosquito Netting, Scotch Water-proof Tweed, 3 colors, Black Merino and Cobourg, Linen, assorted numbers, 12 yard pieces, &c. Victoria Lawns, Barege, Lasting.
A SUPERIOR LOT OF TAILORS' GOODS
Doeskin, Buckskin, Diagonal, Repps, Cashmere, Moleskin.
HANDKERCHIEFS!
White Cambric, White & Turkey Red Cotton, Silk.
TOWELS!
White Cotton and Turkish, Linen Turkish.
THREAD!
Linen & Cotton, Brooks' Patent, Thread, Black Merino Braids.
SOCKS!
Men's White and Gray Merino, Brown & Blue Mixed Cotton.
LADIES' STOCKINGS ASSORTED,
Children's Stockings, Skirts, fancy flannel, Cambric, Union, Regatta, Denim, &c. Undershirts—Cotton, Merino and Silk, Umbrellas, Italian black, Neckties, Black and Colored silk Ribbons—Extent ass.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING AND SHAWLS.
Cloth, Buckskin, Flannel, Cotton, &c., P. C. Monkey Jackets, Heavy Wool Blankets, all colors, Cotton and Horse Blankets, Quilts, &c. Burlaps, Wool Pack, Canvas, Gunny Bags.
SADDLES!
Calfskins, &c., Corks, Perfumery, &c., Ladies Extracts, Eau de Cologne, Philocome, Hair Oil and Macassar, Fancy Soaps, Windsor, &c. Tooth Combs, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Imitation Jewelry, Ledgers, Journals, &c., Playing Cards, Harmonicas, I. R. Balls, Feather Dusters.
HARDWARE!
Pocket and Butcher Knives, Scissors, in leather & cards, Tinned spurs, Lanterns, [illegible] Galvanized Corrugated Sheet Iron, [illegible] Galvanized Pipe, all sizes, Galvanized Buckets, [illegible] Tubs, Tinned Saucepans, Best Charcoal, Tin Plates, Sheet Tin, Sheet Lead and Zinc, Bright and oiled Fence Wire, Nos. 4, 5 and 6, Hoop Iron, [illegible] Rivets, Muntz Yellow, Metal and Nails, Bar Iron, Gun Powder, Shot, &c. Blacksmiths' Coal, Pitching and Wrapping Paper, Cordage and Packing, Yards, Tumblers, Baskets, Paints and Oils, Vienna Furniture, Wall Paper, Crockery, Caustic Soda, Tar and Pitch, Anchors and Chains, Oil Casks and Shooks, Kerosene Barrels, Birch Brooms, Cement, Fire Clay, Fire Bricks, Gambier Cutch, Oak Boats.
GROCERIES!
Crushed Sugar, Wash Blue, Sardines, Salt, Raisins, Mustard, Pates, &c., &c. Stearin Candles and Safety Matches, Liquors, &c., Boutelleau's Brandy—1, 2, 3 & 4 diamond, Gin in baskets and green cases, Champagne—Heidsieck, Ruinart, Thoreaux, Sparkling Hock, Rhine Wine, Bavarian Beer, St. Pauli's Ale, quarts and pints, Jeffrey's Ale, quarts and pints; Bitters, &c. German and Havana Cigars, at low prices, to close consignments, in lots to suit, &c., &c., &c.
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Gentlemen intending to Build
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E. OAKLEY, International Hotel.
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HOLIDAY BOOKS & GOODS
RECEIVED THIS DAY PER WYLIE.
FROM NEW YORK AND LONDON Ex 'Discovery' and Mail Stmr. 'Australia.'
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CITIZENS AND RESIDENTS OF HONOLULU, Visiting Friends and Strangers generally are cordially invited to attend Public Worship at FORT ST. CHURCH, where Services are held every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Seats are provided for all who may attend. There is a Wednesday evening Prayer Meeting at 7½ o'clock, in the Lecture Room, to which all are welcome. 554 1y

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A HANDSOME COTTAGE PLEASANTLY located, with garden, &c., containing parlor, three bedrooms, two closets, dining room, kitchen and pantry, bathroom, servants house, carriage house and stable, all very convenient, and in perfect order. Apply to
551 tf HUGO STANGENWALD, M.D.

DIARIES FOR 1877.
JUST RECEIVED FROM LONDON, A FEW OF THE CELEBRATED
LETT'S DIARIES For 1877
In cap, post and pocket styles
—ALSO—
PER STEAMER "AUSTRALIA,"
American Excelsior and Perpetual Diaries
in great variety, for ladies and gents.
☞ Prices vary from 25cts to $5.00, according to sizes and style of binding. H. M. WHITNEY.

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Offer for Sale
SHIP CHANDLERY
Now
WHALE BOATS AND BOAT STOCK,
GROCERIES,
Flour & Bread!
Lime and Cement,
California Hay,
—AND—
By Steamer from San Francisco,
Potatoes, Onions, &c.
Agents for
Brand's Bomb Lances,
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625 [illegible] H. M. WHITNEY.

ANOTHER NEW INVOICE PER BARK DISCOVERY!

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GELATINE AND SUGAR COATED PILLS, EASY TO TAKE

SPONGES! SPONGES!! IN GREAT VARIETY

Most Approved Trusses, single and double;

Finest Soaps, Perfumes, Combs & Brushes:

A Great Variety of Medicinal and Toilet Articles:

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Gargling Oil, so Effectually Used on Horses; Eye Lotion, Spaldings Glue Capsules, &c., &c., &c., &c.

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BUY THE CHAMPION POST AUGUR, OR POST HOLE DIGGER!

ALL THAT IS REQUIRED TO CONVINCE ANY ONE OF ITS MERITS IS A TRIAL.

DIRECTIONS

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Builders' Hardware & Mechanics' Tools

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A FINE ASSORTMENT

Glass and Plated Ware!

THE ABOVE GOODS ARE MARKED ON A

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MY TERMS ARE STRICTLY CASH

A. S. SMITH.

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EVERGREENS,

SEMI-TROPICAL FRUIT TREES.

Roses & Ornamental Shrubs & Plants in great Variety

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This Medicine was Never Known to Fail.

Price $1.25 per Bottle.

Oat Hay.

BEST CALIFORNIA OAT HAY—For Sale by BOLLES & CO.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL,

DEVOTED TO HAWAIIAN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED AND EDITED BY

HENRY M. WHITNEY.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1877.

A Special Constable.

Two women, sisters, kept the toll bar at a village in Yorkshire. It stood apart from the village, and they often felt uneasy at night, being lone women.

One day they received a considerable sum of money, bequeathed them by a relation, and that set the simple souls all in a flutter.

They had a friend in the village, the blacksmith's wife, so they went and told her their fears. She admitted that theirs was a lonely place, and she would not live there, for one, without a man. Her discourse sent them home downright miserable.

The blacksmith's wife told her husband all about it when he came in for his dinner.

"The fools!" said he, "how is anybody to know that they have got brass in the house?"

"Well," said the wife, "they made no secret about it to me; you need not go for to tell all the town—poor souls."

"Not I," answered the man; "but they will publish it never fear; leave women folks alone for making their own trouble with their tongues."

The old women at the toll bar, what with their own fears and their Job's comforter, began to shiver with apprehension as night came on. However, at sunset the carrier passed through the gate, and at the sight of his friendly face they brightened up. They told him their care and begged him to sleep in the house that night. "Why, how can I?" said he. "I am due at——; but I will leave you my dog." The dog was a powerful mastiff.

The women looked at each other expressively. "He won't hurt us, will he?" sighed one of them, faintly. "Not he," said the carrier, cheerfully. Then he called the dog into the house and told them to lock the door, and went away whistling.

The women were left, contemplating the dog with that tender interest apprehension is sure to excite. At first he seemed staggered at this off-hand proceeding of his master; it confused him. Then he snuffed at the door then, as the wheels retreated, he began to see plainly that he was an abandoned dog; he delivered a fearful howl and flew at the door, scratching and barking furiously.

The old women fled from the apartment, and were next seen at an upper window screaming to the carrier. "Come back, come back, John! he is tearing the house down."

"Drat the varmint," said John, and came back. On the road he thought what was best to be done. The good-natured fellow took his great coat out of the cart and laid it down on the floor. The mastiff instantly laid himself on it. "Now," said John, sternly, "let us have no more nonsense; you take charge of that till I come back, and don't ye let nobody steal that there, nor yet the wives' brass. There now," said he kindly to the women. "I shall be back this way at breakfast time, and he wont budge till then."

"And he wont hurt us, John?"

"Lord, no. Bless your hearts, he is as sensible as any Christian; only, Lord save ye, don't ye go to take the coat from him, or you'll be wanting a new gown yourself, and maybe a petticoat and all."

He retired, and the old women kept at a respectful distance from their protector. He never molested them; and, indeed, when they spoke cajolingly to him he even wagged his tail in a dubious way; but still, as they moved about he squinted at them out of his blood-shot eye in a way that checked all desire on their part to try on the carrier's coat.

Thus protected they went to bed earlier than usual; they did not undress; they were too much afraid of everything, especially their protector. The night wore on, and presently their sharpened senses let them know that the dog was getting restless; he snuffed and then he growled, and then he got up and pattered about, muttering to himself. Straightway with terrature they barricaded the door through which their protector must pass to devour them.

But, by-and-bye, listening acutely, they heard a scraping and a grating outside the window of the room where the dog was, and he continued growling low. This was enough; they slipped out at the back door, and left their money to save their lives; they got into the village. It was pitch dark, and all the houses black but two; one was the public house, casting the triangular gleam across the road a long way off, and the other was the blacksmith's house. There was a piece of fortune for the terrified women. They burst into their friend's house. "Oh, Jane, the thieves have come!" and they told her in a few words all that had happened.

"La!" said she, "how tiresome you are. Ten to one he was only growling at some one that passed by."

"Nay, Jane, we heard the scraping outside the window. Oh, woman, call your man, and let him go with us."

"My man! he is not here."

"Where is he then?"

"I suppose he is where the other working women's husbands are, at the public house," she said rather bitterly, for she had her experience.

The old woman wanted to go to the public house for him; but the blacksmith's wife was a courageous woman, and, besides, she thought it was most likely a false alarm. "Nay, nay," said she, "last time I went for him there I got a fine affront. I'll come with you," said she. "I'll take a poker, and we have our tongues to raise the town with, I suppose." So they marched to the tollbar. When they got near it, they saw something that staggered this heroine. There was actually a man half in and half out of the window. This brought the blacksmith's wife to a stand-still, and the timid pair implored her to go back to the village. "Nay," said she. "What be? I see but one—and—hark! it is my belief that the dog is holding of him." However, she thought it safest to be on the same side as the dog, lest the man might turn on her. She made her way into the kitchen, followed by the other two, and there a sight met their eyes that changed all her feelings, both toward the robber and towards the others. The great mastiff had pinned a man by the throat, and was pulling at him, to draw him through the window, with fierce but muffled snarls. The man's weight alone prevented it. The window was like a picture-frame, and in that frame there glared, with lolling tongue and starting eyes, the white face of the blacksmith, their courageous friend's villainous husband. She uttered an appalling scream, and flew upon the dog and clutched him with her two hands. He held and growled and tore until he was all but throttled himself, then he let go and the man fell. But was struck the ground not side, like a lump of lead, was, in truth, a lump of clay; the man was quite dead, and fearfully torn about the throat. So did a comedy end in an appalling and most piteous tragedy; not that the scoundrel himself deserved any pity, but his poor, brave, honest wife, to whom he had dared to confide the villany he meditated.

The outlines of this true story were in several journals. I have put the disjointed particulars together as well as I could. I have tried hard to learn the name of the village, and what became of this poor widow, but have failed hitherto. Should these lines meet the eyes of any one who can tell me, I hope he will and without delay.—*By Charles Reade.*

Mr. Huxley's Visit.

We are not among those who deprecated Mr. Huxley's late visit to America, and certainly not among those who regret that he came. There was an inordinate dread of the man among many religious circles, as if he were not only an enemy, but a very powerful enemy, who was pretty sure to do mischief. The result, we are sure, not only disappointed them, but failed to give the expected support to those who have been inclined to favor the Darwinian hypothesis. The first lecture introduced a trick quite unworthy and fearless man of science, viz., that of making Milton bear the onus of the Mosaic account of the Creation. To whip the Bible around the shoulders of the great poet, and assume to fight a man, when in truth, he intended to fight what all believers agree in regarding as a sacred book, and most of them as an inspired and authoritative book, was not a pretty or a manly thing to do. It was a cunning performance, we admit, but it was the performance of a pettifogger, and detracted very materially from the popular respect which had been accorded to the man and his utterances.

It is to be presumed that Mr. Darwin's principal apostle would present his facts and arguments in the most convincing way possible to him. He took three evenings for the task, and had the field all to himself; but we do not hesitate to say that he failed in the "demonstrative evidence" offered in his closing lecture to fulfill the promises made in the first two. Had he demonstrated the soundness of his theory, people would have believe in it. That the most of them did not, ought to be regard by Mr. Huxley as evidence—worthy, at least, of his consideration—that his "demonstrative evidence" demonstrated nothing. For, let it be remembered, the religious mind of the country is not as much afraid of the theory of evolution as it was and is not proof against conviction, as it might once have been. It has apprehended and accepted the fact that it takes as great a power to originate an order of beings through evolution as by a direct act of creation, and that to bind up all the possibilities and potencies of life in protoplasmic masses, or ascidian cells, is as marked an exhibition of Almightiness and infinite ingenuity as it would be to speak into existence the perfected creatures which we know, and which we are.

We do not hesitate to say that the audiences which assembled to listen to Mr. Huxley were tractable audiences. They were not only tractable, but they were capable. They were adequate to the understanding of his theory, and the weighing of his evidences and arguments; and we have yet to learn that he largely, or even appreciably, increased the number of his disciples. Men went away feeling that, after all, the theory of evolution was nothing but a theory,—that it is still so much an hypothesis that it can lay no valid claim to a place in science. Certainly, Mr. Huxley shook no soundly reasoning man's belief in God as the author of all life. "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." When that beginning was,—how many ages that beginning covered,—nobody pretends at this day to know. Everybody knows, however, that a stream can rise no higher than its fountain. If the conduits and receptacles into which that stream has been poured are capable of retaining it and incapable of conducting it further, it may not rise so high. It seems to us repugnant to human reason that a low form of life uninformed by a higher life, has the power to evolve a form of life higher than itself. There is not an analogy of nature which does not militate against such a conclusion. There are none of the lessons of science which do not lead directly away from it. God may work toward creative ends through processes of evolution, or he may not. A horse may have been derived from a three-toed animal, one of whose toe-nails spread into a hoof, with its wonderful tarsus and metatarsus, or he may not. A man may have descended, or ascended, from a monkey, or he may have been created by a divine fiat. It matters very little, so long as God is recognized as the author of life, and the designer of its multitudinous forms.

And here is where all the trouble and fear originate. The Christian theist shrinks from losing his God. He finds that as philosophers go mousing among second causes, they lose the disposition to look up. When Mr. Tyndall asserts that he finds in matter the promise and the potency of all forms and qualities of life, the Christian sees that God is left out of the question altogether,—that the creation is left without a creator, that life is left without an author, that his hope is vain, and that his faith is also vain. He is accounted but an animal of the highest class, that propagates other animals, and he and they are to die, and come to an end. He can contemplate such a conclusion only with horror. His life loses all its meaning in the presence of it. If this is all; if we are only animals; if we have no responsibility; if our destiny does not take hold of eternity, he will say, "let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die."

It seems to us to be about time for Christian men and women, and especially for Christian teachers, to stop shaking in the presence of science and scientific men, in the fear that God is to be counted out of the universe, for such a conclusion is simple impossible. The religious element in man, in all ages and among all peoples is, perhaps the highest proof we have that a Being exists who is to be worshiped, loved, adored, obeyed. Beyond this lies the impossibility of conceiving the "beginning" of anything without a supreme first cause. To suppose that a nebulous mass appeared in one of the one interstellar spaces, of itself; that, after a time, motion began in it, of itself, and went on until the whole mass revolved and commenced condensation; that one after another it threw off rings which cracked and curled up into burning worlds, always condensing and cooling, and revolving around the great mass in the centre; that in one of these worlds, incandescent at first, there went on for ages and eons the processes that were to fit it for the residence of life, and that then life appeared upon it, of itself, in such myriad forms and adaptations that the most industrious and ingenious human inquirer is left utterly at a loss to comprehend so much as the humblest plant at his feet, or the tiniest insect, to say nothing of his own body and of his own mind,—we say that to suppose that all this took place without an infinite exercise of power and ingenuity,—without intelligent adaptation of of means to ends,—is to suppose an absurdity which no healthy reason, healthily working, can possibly accept.

It is not only time for Christian men to stop shaking before science and scientific men, but it is time to accept them as discoverers of God's works and ways of working. We have learned a great deal from them, and we are to learn a great deal more. We are not concerned in their conclusions. We may pity them for their blindness and egotism, but we must respect them for their earnest work and their honesty. It will all come out right in the end. Their work is only begun, and, in the meantime, God will not be left without witnesses. Side by side with the advancement of science, the reign of religion advances in the world. Many of our old beliefs will be cast aside; many of our old dogmas will be shown to be baseless, but the belief in God and the confidence of his paternal interest in man will not only never die out, but they will increase with every onward step that science achieves.—*Scribner's Monthly.*

Prof. Huxley on Niagara.

GEOLOGICAL REVELATIONS MADE BY THE FALLS—ESTIMATED TIME OF THEIR CUTTING BACK THROUGH SIX MILES OF ROCK, 35,000 YEARS.

I know it is thought very often that men of science are in the habit of drawing largely from their imagination, but it is really not so. The most sober careful consideration of facts forces upon you more and more determinedly the conviction that the theory respecting which we have this archæological evidence of a period of the past history of the world is of a duration which, in comparison with our human standard may be regarded as almost absolutely infinite. Take, for example, the case of the cataract of Niagara, where I have been recently spending some time, so that I might fill myself with the grandeur and beauty of that extraordinary natural phenomenon; it is quite easy to see that the Niagara river has formed its own valley, has cut its way back through the plateau of rock from which it falls for some six miles. There is not the slightest difficulty in seeing that. The great cliff from which it tumbles is formed of two kinds of rock—hard rock at the top and soft rock underneath. The water undermines the soft rock below, when the solid stratum above falls over. You can trace the gradual excavation of that valley for six miles from that marvelous block which, from Prescott's monument, overlooks the plain of Ontario. Now the rate at which that work is going on has not yet been positively ascertained, but we may be perfectly certain (I am now speaking largely within limits) that that work of cutting back does not go on at the rate of a foot in a year. We have six miles of such cutting, which will bring you to a period of 35,000 years for a cutting back of Niagara alone. It is an immaterial matter to me how many years it takes, but it would be nearer probability, much nearer the truth, if I had said three or four times that amount.

What relations does a period of that kind bear to the vast duration expressed by those vast ledges of strata which form the globe? We are a people curious enough to form a very distinct calculation of this. The sides of the ravine through which Niagara is cutting its way are formed by masses of alluvial matter, which much be older than the river which has cut through it. While in that alluvial matter you find the remains of shell fish, undistinguishable from those which now inhabit the lake, and along with them you find—as has been found—the teeth of the mastodon, which we know from abundant evidence was an inhabitant of the continent of North America at a comparatively recent period, the very last step of that long series of changes, of which the limestone, upon which you are now standing, indicates one of the older ones.

Thus it follows that the whole work of Niagara occupies one period of this vast duration of time, that 10,000 years, or whatever else it may have been, is but an infinitesimal fragment of time, so far as the great phenomena of the globe are concerned. During that vast time the population of the globe has undergone a slow, constant and gradual change, one species giving way to another. We have passed by slow and gradual methods, without vast and sudden changes into the state of things which obtain at present. I need not say that this view of the past history of the globe is a very different one from that which is commonly taken. It is so widely different that it is absolutely impossible to affect any kind of community, any kind of parallel, far less any sort of reconciliation, between these two. One of these must be true. The other is not.

A River on Fire.

It is said that a singular phenomenon can now be seen in Clarion county, Pa., on a small stream known as the Catfish Run. For a long time the inhabitants of that locality have noticed a commotion on the surface of the water, like that made by gas bubbling to the surface. These bubbles have been seen for many years, but no particular notice was taken of them until recently, when the quantity of escaping gas increased, and the surface of the stream for several rods was covered with bubbles. A strong smell of gas also impregnated the air in the vicinity.

Last month the place was visited by several gentlemen who had heard of the phenomenon. They became convinced that it was gas, and determined to test its burning qualities. A bunch of rags was obtained at a farm-house, and thoroughly saturated with kerosene. To this a match was applied, and the burning ball thrown into the stream. Before it reached the surface of the water the gas ignited and a slight explosion followed.

In a few moments the body of the gas burned steadily, and in every portion of the stream small flames sprung up where the gas escaped in moderate quantities. Since that day the gas has continued to burn, and the area of the stream covered by it has increased, until now the fires extend a quarter of a mile up and down the run. Catfish Run is a sluggish stream, bounded on either side by steep wooded bluffs.

At night the scene along the burning stream is magnificent. The fires light up the dark forests, making a spectacle rarely witnessed. The stream is contiguous to oil territory, and the only satisfactory theory of the source of the gas is that it arises from petroleum deposits beneath the water, as the same phenomenon, although the gas was in less quantity, has been noticed in Oil Creek.—N. Y. Sun.

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