

# Hawaiian Gazette



LATEST CANLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
	Cents Dollars
96° Centrifugals N. Y. Per lb. Per ton.	4.71 894.20
Price, Hawaiian basis	4.71 894.20
Last previous quotation	4.88 897.80

VOL. VIII, NO. 68 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1915.—SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4154

## TURKISH CAPITAL FACES PRIVATION AS A RESULT OF ALLIED INVASION

Gas Supply of Constantinople Comes To End and Porte Finds It More Difficult To Secure Supplies and Munitions of War

## BRITISH SUBMARINES CONTINUE ACTIVITIES

Italian Ships Sent To Take On Troops Sail For Unknown Destination and Conclusion Is They Are Bound for Turkey

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) PARIS, August 24.—Evidences of the serious deprivations that Turkey is experiencing as a result of the war and the inability of the Porte to secure supplies from neighboring states continue to multiply. Yesterday a despatch from Sofia announced that the gas supply of Constantinople had come to an end, the gas works supplying the city, located at Doldabotche, having been compelled to close down because of a lack of coal.

Earlier Sofia despatches told of the activities of the British submarines in Turkish waters, a German ship with supplies for the Turkish troops holding the Gallipoli lines having been torpedoed and sunk in the Sea of Marmora while a Turkish collier suffered a like fate, the loss of the collier's cargo being a serious one for the Turkish admiralty.

Indications that the expected Italian assault upon Turkey is to come at once are contained in the Rome despatches, which say that a transport fleet, which had taken on troops at Naples, Syracuse, Tarento and Brindisi, has sailed for an unknown destination.

It is taken for granted that the Italian force will be landed on Turkish soil, probably in the Gulf of Eos, where a British force was landed early in the operations against Turkey to hold the landing beach.

A Milan despatch quotes Premier Paschich of Serbia as announcing an agreement between Italy and Serbia regarding Albania, which territory has been a bone of contention between the two nations, Serbia desiring Albania to give her the port of Durazzo and an outlet upon the Adriatic, and Italy desiring the territory in order to make good the Italian claim upon the Adriatic as an Italian sea.

The Serbian premier's statement is that Serbia will not stand in Italy's way to realize her ambition, while Serbia will seek recompense in Bosnia and Herzegovina, with an Adriatic port farther to the north.

ITALIANS ABANDON ISLAND (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) VIENNA, August 23.—The Italians have razed the fortified positions recently seized by them on the Island of Pelagos, near the Dalmatian coast, and have abandoned the island.

BERLIN REPORTS A TREATY (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BERLIN, August 23.—Bulgaria and Turkey have signed a treaty which puts at an end the reports that Bulgaria would join the Entente Allies. Bulgaria has agreed to remain neutral "if not more," and in exchange for this attitude receives a signal concession—that of winning free communication to the sea through Turkey.

NINETY MEN OF AFFAIRS ENLIST AT MILITARY CAMP (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) TACOMA, August 24.—Ninety business and professional men, including one minister and several capitalists, have joined the civilian instruction camp here, for a preliminary course in military instructions. They will serve three weeks under the instructions of a regular army officer.

## GERMAN SUBMARINES TO OPERATE DESPITE THREATS OF AMERICA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BERLIN, August 24.—That the threats of the United States will not force Germany to abandon her use of submarines in the "war zone" against all shipping to or from the British ports is the announcement in the Tages Zeitung, a semi-official publication.

Yesterday, in an editorial discussion of the issue in dispute between Germany and the United States, the Tages Zeitung said, in part: "The United States has entirely disregarded Germany's warnings, but has tried by threats to cause Germany to cease the use of her submarine warfare. This is impossible."

## FRIGHTFUL FLOOD SWEEPS ARKANSAS

White River Levees Break and Persons Who Are Not Drowned Are Marooned

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas, August 24.—Desperate flood conditions exist along the White River Valley, while many other portions of Arkansas are under water, the result of swollen streams and broken levees. Yesterday morning the rising waters threatened the White River levees and desperate efforts were made to strengthen these to hold the flood in check. Citizens worked all day, while negroes were impressed at the point of the gun and forced to labor on the embankments.

Despite the efforts, the levees crumbled and were swept out last night by a mighty torrent tore through the break, covering the country far and wide, the water in many districts being from five to twelve feet in depth.

The residents of Newport, five thousand in number, are marooned and in serious danger. So far eight deaths from drowning have been reported and it is feared that there will be many more when the complete list is known.

Throughout the State the train service is demoralized and stalled trains are reported in many places.

BOTTOM LAND UNDER WATER (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) ST. LOUIS, Missouri, August 24.—The greater part of the bottom lands in Eastern and Southeastern Missouri are under water and the already large list of dead from drowning or exposure will probably grow before the worst has passed.

Most of the Valley Park suburb of this city is inundated and there is a shortage of drinking water in all parts of the city.

Those who have already commenced the work of relief have issued a call for \$100,000 to meet the emergency cases.

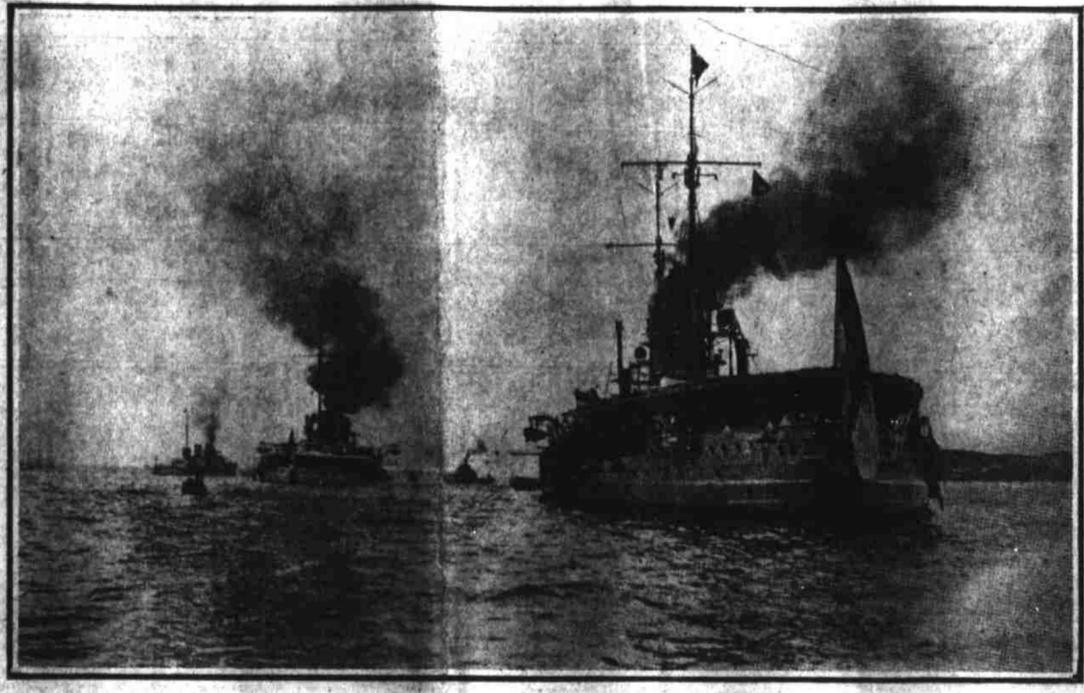
The train service has broken down in all parts of the State.

## VENEZUELOS' MINISTERS TAKE OATH OF OFFICE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 24.—The ministers who have accepted portfolios in the just-formed Venezuelan ministry of Greece were yesterday sworn in and a definite announcement of policy may be expected before the end of the week. The ministry includes a majority of Venezuelos' former cabinet, which is pledged to war. The new premier will meet the parliament tomorrow and the temper of the assembly is expected to be tested in the King's speech from the throne, which will outline the policy to be pursued by the government.

'MOVIE' OF LEO FRANK LYNCHING SUPPRESSED (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) ATLANTA, Georgia, August 24.—Moving pictures, showing the dead body of Leo Frank, swaying from the tree upon which he was hanged by lynchers, appeared in one of the local picture houses yesterday. The exhibition was promptly stopped by the

## GERMAN Battleship Pommern (Foreground), Sunk In Battle With Russian Off Gotland Island, In Baltic Seas; Battlecruiser Moltke, Just Lost In Conflict In Gulf of Riga, and Battlecruiser Seydlitz, Destroyed In North Sea By British Fleet Off Helgoland At Time Armored Cruiser Bluecher Was Sunk



## MEXICAN CAPITAL IS WITHOUT FOOD

Foreign Colony and Poorer Residents Are In Desperate Straits

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 24.—The desperate conditions faced by the foreign residents in the City of Mexico have been made known by the arrival of a courier at Vera Cruz, who brings the first direct word from the Mexican capital for two weeks. The courier carried messages stating that starvation faces many of the poorer residents of Mexico City and that on the thirteenth, the day the courier left, a number of deaths from lack of all food had occurred. Such deaths have been taking place for the past twenty-five days, say the despatches.

Carranza Still On Coast Although Carranza has announced that he is soon to move the headquarters of his government back to the capital, the communications between that city and Vera Cruz are not open, bands of revolutionists raiding back and forth.

Villa, who has gathered an army of twenty thousand men in Central Mexico, is apparently not going to risk all upon the outcome of a pitched battle, but is going to carry on guerrilla warfare against the Carranzistas.

Border Remains Quiet There have been no border disorders reported for the past forty-eight hours, but the war department is seriously concerned over the discovery that Mexicans at El Paso have been caught attempting to sell ammunition belonging to the United States. The Mexicans stated that they had secured their supplies from some of the United States soldiers, who had bartered the cartridges for small sums.

An investigation resulted in the arrests of several members of the Sixteenth Infantry, who face a court martial on the charge of selling government supplies.

## SEVEN NEW STRIKES OCCUR IN BRIDGEPORT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BRIDGEPORT, Connecticut, August 24.—Yesterday seven new strikes occurred in the various manufacturing here, making a total of fourteen strikes in all now in force. Both the manufacturers and the labor leaders express themselves as sanguine of the outcome of all the labor disputes. Neither side shows any indications of weakening.

ABE RUEF IS IN UKIAH (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—Abe Ruef, the convicted boss who has been released on parole after serving half his sentence in San Quentin, today left the prison and is going to Ukiah for a visit.

## AUSTRO-GERMAN DRIVE BLOCKED

Russians Now Plan To Abandon Line Running South Into Galician Region

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 24.—While, as a result of the recent operations, it is believed here that the Petrograd line is blocked to any Austro-German advance, it is regarded as probable that the Russians will not attempt to hold their line running south into Galicia.

From the tenor of the despatches yesterday from Petrograd, it is thought that the Slavs will withdraw from Brest-Litovsk, which fortress has become, through the advances of the Teutons north and south, the tip of a Russian salient, and its further retention, from strategic reasons, is no longer necessary.

The withdrawal of the garrison will enable the Russian line to be knit still more closely for the defense of the capital and will enable the Russians to secure a breathing space for the replenishing of the ammunition supply.

A despatch credited to Berlin was issued yesterday announcing the fall of the Ossowetz fortress. Lacking confirmation from Petrograd, the announcement is doubted.

## ASIATIC CHOLERA HAS FIRM HOLD IN GALICIA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) ZURICH, Switzerland, August 24.—The plague of Asiatic cholera which has appeared in Austria, mainly in the Galician Province, is spreading with the greatest rapidity and general alarm is commencing to be felt. According to reports which have been made officially to the Austrian minister of the interior, no fewer than fifteen hundred new cases have been discovered in the four days ending on August 19. The disease has become epidemic.

## GLOVE AND GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE OFF

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) CHICAGO, August 24.—One thousand of the striking glove and garment makers, who have been out for some time, agreed yesterday to return to work on the wage schedule offered by the employers and will return to work this morning. The new schedule is an advance over the former scale, but does not meet all the original demands of the strikers.

## ARABIC CARRIED NO CONTRABAND

British Foreign Office Declares Sinking of Liner Was Without Justification

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 24.—The British foreign office today issued an official statement regarding the torpedoing and sinking last Thursday of the White Star liner Arabic. The statement declares that the attack upon and the destruction of the liner, with the resulting loss of life, were unwarranted and without justification under international law. The Arabic, the announcement says, carried no contraband.

The attack upon the liner was made by a German submarine, says the foreign office, but the number of the attacking craft was not learned by the Arabic captain or any member of his crew.

The submarine itself was seen, but it showed no number, according to the reports of crew and passengers.

Captain Finch was interviewed yesterday in Liverpool. He states that there can be no question concerning the nature of the attack made upon his ship, the submarine which fired the torpedoes being seen. The Arabic was sunk deliberately, says Captain Finch, and the commander of the submarine had every reason to know that it was a passenger liner at which he launched his torpedo.

The theory advanced that the damage might be attributed to a mine, Captain Finch declares is absurd.

In reply to statements from Germany that the steamer Dunsley, to whose rescue the Arabic turned when the former vessel was torpedoed and apparently sinking, was in reality an armed patrol vessel under admiralty orders, the British admiralty yesterday issued a statement. The Dunsley, says the admiralty, was not an armed patrol boat nor a naval auxiliary in any sense of the word. On the contrary she was an unarmed trader, outward bound for a neutral port, and attacked and sunk without warning.

## WASHINGTON NOT HASTY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 23.—That no hasty action will be taken in the case of the Arabic was made certain today when the White House authorized the statement that "when the facts concerning the sinking of the Arabic are ascertained, then action will be determined."

## GUNBOAT ANNAPOLIS WILL SAIL FOR HAITI

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 23.—The gunboat Annapolis with American marines is going to Haiti at once. Word has reached Washington that the rebels are organizing to attack the Americans in the republic.

## HURRICANE SINKS PASSENGER BOAT

Crew and Passengers, Numbering Ninety-Four Persons In All, Are Lost

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW ORLEANS, August 24.—Fears for the safety of the American passenger steamer Marowinje, Captain McBride, which sailed from Puerto Barrio for this port just before the recent hurricane which devastated the Texas coast, have been turned into a practical certainty that she was lost in the storm, with her crew and passengers, numbering ninety-four in all, lost.

The steamer Abangarez, which has been raising in search of the overdue steamer, returned to port yesterday, Captain Baxter announcing that no sign whatever of the Marowinje, either of the ship or of wreckage, had been found.

Reports from Galveston are that normal conditions are fast returning. The water supply will be turned into the repaired mains by tonight, while it is expected that the regular trains will be running over the causeway again in two weeks.

## METAL WORKERS APPEAL TO LABOR FEDERATION

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 24.—The executive officers of the metal trades committee of the American Federation of Labor are now considering whether or not to support the machinists in the metal trades unions in their demand for an eight hour day. Should sanction be given to the demands, they will be presented formally to the employers, a refusal meaning a strike backed by the federation of labor.

## KEEL OF CALIFORNIA SOON WILL BE LAID

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, August 24.—The keel of the superdreadnought California will be laid in the Brooklyn navy yard on September 10. The California will be a modern battle craft in every respect, one of the heaviest armed ships afloat, while she will be the first ship of the American navy to be fitted with electric engines.

## JAPANESE CAPTURE REBELS IN FORMOSA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) TOKYO, August 23.—Chinese who have acted as leaders in the insurrection at Formosa have been captured by Japanese soldiers sent out after them, according to a report received by the Department of the Interior.

## GULF OF RIGA VICTORY WAS WON HANDBILY UNDER WATER

Submarine Fleet Operating For Defense of Russian Coast and Harbors Gets Credit For Disastrous Defeat of Germanics

## MANY OF THE RAIDERS WERE OF BRITISH NAVY

Strongest Division of Ships Kaiser Has Sent Into Action Since Beginning of War Practically Wiped Out By Wasps

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 24.—Practically all the credit for the defeat of the German fleet in the Gulf of Riga on Friday night and Saturday morning goes to the submarine fleet operating for the defense of the Russian coast and harbors, made up in very large part by British undersea fighters, which have been slipping through the waters of the Skagerrak and Cattgat for the past several weeks, seeking their chances at the German warships.

In the recent engagement off the Island of Gotland, one German battleship, the Pommern, went down before a British torpedo. In the Gulf of Riga, one battlecruiser, the Moltke, two other cruisers, unidentified, and one auxiliary cruiser were smitten, while eight torpedo boats, attempting to guard the greater fighting craft, were hit, one after the other, or were sunk by mines.

Submarines And Mines Used A report from the Petrograd correspondent of a London daily quotes an admiralty official, who states that when the German fleet, consisting of a number of the greatest fighting crafts of the Kaiser's navy, managed to slip past the shore batteries at the mouth of the gulf, under cover of a misty fog, the admiral in command of the Russian light cruiser fleet recognized the fact that it would be suicidal to oppose the Germans with his vessels.

Accordingly, he withdrew under cover of the coast batteries and left the issue with the British submarines and the mines, and these defeated and drove back the strongest fleet Germany has yet sent into action so far in the war.

German Submarine Lost An official despatch from Petrograd last night announces that in addition to the cruisers and destroyers sunk in the Gulf of Riga battle, a German submarine, chased by Russian destroyers, in an effort to escape dashed itself ashore on Dagoe Island, the entire crew being drowned and the vessel rendered a total wreck.

Yesterday further naval losses for Germany were registered. A British fleet of river gunboats and light cruisers bombarded the German positions on the Belgian coast at Zebrugge, eight miles northeast from Ostend, and at Duinbergen, the port of Knocke, a few miles northeast of Zebrugge. The shore batteries were silenced and the British gunners concentrated their fire on the supposed submarine bases of the Germans.

British Shells Do Damage That considerable damage was inflicted by the British shells in evidence from an official announcement concerning the bombardment issued by the German admiralty, which states that one outpost boat was sunk off Duinbergen and that two destroyers were sunk at Zebrugge. A number from the crews of the destroyers were saved, says the Berlin despatch. The report of the German admiralty comes via Amsterdam.

The French admiralty reports that a German submarine, in a fight with two French destroyers, was also sunk off Ostend.

Correspondents of the Netherland newspapers in Germany report that the German press has made no mention of the defeat of the German fleet in the Gulf of Riga battle, although prominence is given to the details of the state entry of Novo-Georgievsk by the Kaiser.

# ELEVEN SHIPS DESTROYED IN SEA FIGHT AT GULF OF RIGA

### Russian and British Submarines And Slav Destroyers Sink Battleship, 3 Other Teuton Cruisers and 7 Destroyers

## REMAINDER OF KAISER'S SQUADRON BADLY CRIPPLED

### This Victory, Together With Severe Check Given To Germanic Armies, Serves To Raise Spirits of Anxious Subjects of Czar

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
PETROGRAD, August 23.—With one of the greatest naval victories of the war to celebrate and with word that the Russian army appears to have at last been able to check and hold the Austro-Germans, a wave of enthusiasm swept through the nation yesterday and exultation replaced the growing feeling of pessimism that commenced with the fall of Warsaw and had continued.

In the battle of the Gulf of Riga the German fleet has been signally defeated and driven off, with Russian and British submarines and Russian destroyers darting in the rear of the crippled vessels, seeking their way back to Kiel, seeking further chances to strike.

## German Losses Are Heavy

The German losses in the battle were heavy. The battleship Moltke, sister of the Goeben, of 23,000 tons, armed with ten 11-inch guns and carrying a crew of eleven hundred men, is sunk, with three other cruisers of the German Baltic fleet.

Of small craft, the Germans lost seven destroyers, sunk by gunfire or blown up by mine or torpedo, while a number of the other ships in the defeated fleet are seriously damaged.

The announcement of this victory, made officially yesterday by the president of the Duma, was hailed with general satisfaction throughout the nation.

## British Cooperation Hailed

The fact that British submarines played a large part in the general engagement, sinking at least two of the German cruisers, has immediately removed much of the feeling of general dissatisfaction that had arisen over the apparent inactivity of the Allies along the west front, when a vigorous offensive would have, in the popular mind, relieved the tremendous pressure against Russia.

The satisfaction over the victory of the Gulf of Riga was added to yesterday afternoon in the receipt of news from the Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander in chief, that his forces had repulsed the German attacks for the possession of the Bialystok railroad.

## Germans Have Withdrawn

The Germans have withdrawn from before the Ossowitz positions, where they have been repulsed time and time again and where they have lost during the past few weeks fifty thousand men, says the grand duke, while in the district of the Niemen River the Russians have driven the invaders back and cleared the river along three-fourths of its length.

The greatest battle now raging is before Brest Litovsk, where the Austro-Germans have crossed the Bug River both south and north of the fortress, in the face of great resistance. The Teutons are now endeavoring to impede their foothold, while the Russians are driving counter attacks forward. In the face of this fighting, the struggle for the possession of the railroad between Kovno and Vilna has become of secondary importance.

## Russian Resistance Stiffens

All along the front the Russian resistance has stiffened, which fact, coupled with the naval victory, has been greeted by the people as evidence that the tide has turned and that a Russian offensive will now take the place of the continual retreats.

Confidence in the good faith of the British and French in their efforts to relieve the strain upon Russia and a renewal of confidence in the Russian military authorities are expressed and it is the general belief now that the darkest hours have passed.

## Peoples Have Been Unhappily

Up to yesterday the nation was experiencing a cold discontent and disappointment, while the interior cities have had their pessimism added by the

# Frank Refused To Speak With His Lynchers

### Would Not Discuss Crime But Sent Love To Wife and Mother

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
ATLANTA, Georgia, August 23.—The inside facts in relation to the lynching of Leo Frank near the home of the girl he was supposed to have first outraged and then killed were learned yesterday by the representative of the Associated Press here. The information comes from an authentic source, which cannot be divulged.

Frank died without making any confession of guilt, although he knew that he was to die.

When asked by members of the lynching party whether he had or had not killed the girl for whose murder he had been convicted, he remained silent, refusing to make any statement whatever.

The lynching party, which numbered twenty-eight, traveling in seven automobiles, informed Frank, as soon as he had been taken from his cell at the state prison farm at Milledgeville, that they represented a vigilance committee, empowered to see that the sentence of death passed upon him by the courts of the land should be properly carried out.

After transporting Frank nearly one hundred miles to Marietta, the home town of the Franks family, the party stopped and the lynchers surrounded the automobile in which Frank was seated. He was given the opportunity of making a statement and questioned by some, but refused to either affirm his innocence or confess his guilt.

Leaving the machine, which told that he was to be hanged upon one of the nearby trees, he walked unflinchingly across the two hundred yards of field that separated the road from the death tree, making no appeal for mercy at the hands of his captors.

He spoke only to ask that a message be sent to his wife, saying that he died loving her, and that a message be sent to his mother stating that he expected to meet her in a better land.

He was then hanged and the body left swinging from the tree, no attempt to maltreat the body after death being made.

# TAFT MAKES PLEA FOR PREPAREDNESS

### Former President Advocates Stronger Defenses For Pacific

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
PORTLAND, Oregon, August 23.—William H. Taft, addressing the Press Club here last night, pleaded for the support of a policy of better military and naval preparedness for the nation and for stronger defenses for the Pacific Coast.

The coast fortifications, he declared, are today the one efficient feature of the system of defense, but the navy was not in a position to do its share in the time of attempted invasion, should that time ever come.

The navy, he said, should be enlarged and strengthened. When that is accomplished any attempt to land a hostile force on the Pacific Coast could be repulsed and defeated.

# STORM PLAYS HAVOC IN MERAMEC REGION

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
ST. LOUIS, Missouri, August 23.—Yesterday the waters of the Meramec River, which joins the Mississippi seven miles south of this city, swelled from flood proportions, overflowing the banks and placing the great part of lower Jefferson County under water.

Eight persons are known to have been drowned, while scores are missing and hundreds are aboard various craft and rafts, drifting across the flooded area.

# CARRANZA AND VILLA ARMIES PLAN BATTLE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, August 23.—From reports that have reached here it is evident that the stage is set for a decisive battle for possession of Central Mexico between the Carranza forces and the main army of Villa.

# PRESIDENT KEEPS SILENT REGARDING ARABIC INCIDENT

### Neither Wilson Nor Secretary of State Will Discuss Latest German Crisis

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, August 23.—While both President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing continue to preserve absolute silence in regard to the sinking of the liner Arabic and the killing of a number of the Americans amongst her passengers, it is known that in cabinet circles the question of severing diplomatic relations with Germany has been discussed.

By far as can be learned, it has been decided to suspend judgment until full and official information is on hand regarding all the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the passenger ship. In the meanwhile, no open discussion of the matter is to be indulged in.

It is generally believed that if the attack upon the Arabic is determined to be an unfriendly act, in the terms of the American note, the decision will be followed by the severing of relations, probably without calling congress in session for confirmation of the proceedings.

The severing of diplomatic relations, in itself, need not mean that war will result. Congress is alone vested with the power of declaring war.

# GERMAN COUNCIL ATTACKS BEATEN

### French Beat Back Teuton Forces That Attempt To Retake Trenches

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
LONDON, August 23.—German council attacks against the trenches captured last week by the French at Arras, near Sochez, north of Arras, were beaten back yesterday, the fighting at times being hand-to-hand, with hand grenades and bayonets. The Germans secured no footholds, despite their heavy losses.

In the Vosges the Germans were also on the offensive, but made no progress against the French lines.

Reports from Rome are that the Italians have made small gains on every front, the main fighting yesterday being the artillery duel between the guns of the Trent defending forts and the Italian heavy siege artillery.

One British steamer was sunk by a German submarine yesterday, this being the coaster William Dawson. The steamer Coaster was attacked and torpedoed, but made port in a damaged condition.

# CRUISER BROOKLYN GOING TO ORIENT

### She Will Relieve Saratoga As Flagship of American Asiatic Fleet

Capt. J. H. Dayton, U. S. N., former commander of the cruiser Saratoga of the Asiatic fleet, is a passenger in the steamer Permia, bound for Washington under orders. He has been stationed at Shanghai. The Saratoga is the flagship of Admiral Albert G. Winterhalter, new commander-in-chief of the Asiatic fleet.

Captain Dayton said the Saratoga's officers and men were waiting word of the despatch of the cruiser Brooklyn to relieve the Saratoga. She had been expected to sail from the Atlantic Coast about August 1, but no word had been received when he left the Orient as to whether she had sailed. She undoubtedly will call here on her way to the Orient.

The latest Army and Navy Journal received here shows the cruiser Brooklyn at the navy yard, Philadelphia. She is a first class cruiser, but has heavier armament than the Saratoga, which she will replace. She is 9,215 tons, normal displacement; the Saratoga, formerly the New York, is 8,150 tons. Their speed is about the same, twenty-one knots. The Brooklyn has eight eight-inch and twelve five-inch guns, whereas the Saratoga has four eight-inch and ten five-inch, besides smaller guns.

# GALVESTON RESUMES ORDINARY APPEARANCE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
GALVESTON, August 23.—Though still without a water supply, Galveston is fast resuming its ordinary appearance and the signs of the recent storm, that wrecked great sections along the waterfront, are fast being removed.

Yesterday the populace moved along accustomed Sunday lines, the churches being dotted with bathers and other holiday makers. The Gulf was calm and the day sunny.

# TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U.S.A.

# KAISER MAKES STATE ENTRY INTO WARSAW

### He Took Formal Possession While City Still Burned

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
NOVO-GORODIEVSK, Poland, August 23.—While this city was still burning, from the effect of the tremendous bombardment of the German guns, but following the surrender of the Russian garrison, a state entry was made by Kaiser Wilhelm and his leading generals.

The entry was led by the Kaiser, riding with him being his chief of staff, von Falkenhagen; Field Marshal von Hindenburg, leader of the Polish invasion from the north, and General von Bessler, leader of the drive against Warsaw from the west. The Kaiser was likewise attended by a brilliant suite and each general had his full staff.

Prior to the state entrance, the Kaiser reviewed the army which had besieged the entrenched camp and captured it from a garrison superior in numbers to the assailants.

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# WHY ARMY HARBORS MANY DEFECTIVES

### Officer of Medical Corps Says Law Recruiting Methods Are Responsible

Capt. Edgar King, of the army medical corps, has submitted to the war department an interesting and valuable report on the subject of delinquents and defectives in the military service.

Capt. King for some time has been on duty as the disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas and he provided his present duty with a long period of observation and research at the government hospital for the insane. He is the author of several reports that have to do with the insanity in the army and as a result of his study of the subject Captain King has come to be regarded as an authority of the psychology of delinquents and those that hitherto have been regarded as entitled to punishment for desertion and other offenses.

The adoption of the new system of dealing with military prisoners under the war department afforded opportunity for more extensive investigation, and Captain King was ordered to Fort Leavenworth for the purpose of continuing the work. His conclusions, the details of which for the present are withheld, are of vast importance and they are destined to have a direct effect upon the method of military discipline and upon the system of recruiting.

The latter phase of the subject has been dealt with by Captain King in a thorough manner. He points out, as a result of inquiry applied to some 1,500 individual cases, that it is necessary to exercise greater care in the acceptance of recruits, and he indicates a method by which this may be done in a way accurately to determine the antecedent history and personal character of a candidate for enlistment. Captain King has found that in many cases that have come under his observation and that have involved the exercise of discipline there were circumstances that, had they been known to the military authorities, would have justified the rejection of the candidate.

# ABE RUEF GETS FREEDOM UNDER RULES OF PAROLE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—Abe Ruef, who has been serving a penitentiary sentence for grafting and bribing of supervisors, will be released on parole this morning at six o'clock, having served one-half his time. He will be taken by automobile to Mendocino County and turned loose under pledge to remain away from San Francisco until after the municipal elections have been held.

# PRELIMINARY NEXT YEAR RINGES ON EUROPEAN WAR

### Export New York Forecaster Says People May Object To 'Swapping Horses'

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
HENRY L. STODDARD (In New York Evening Mail)  
Even the presidency of this country seems to hang in the war balance.

There is a widespread feeling that if the nations in Europe continue fighting until 1916, voters here will not be disposed to "swap horses." They will keep Woodrow Wilson in the White House. He will be a "war" President, regardless of home policies or conditions.

"Thank God for Woodrow Wilson!" the slogan for which the Democrats were divided in the congress fight last year, will be the slogan for 1916, assuming that we are not at war ourselves by that time.

The same logic, it is insisted, should hold the end of the war come before our presidential election occurs (November, 1916), the voters will return to the conviction expressed by them at the polls in 1912, when they had before them two years of Democratic national legislation and only the third phase of the war to take their choice. It has been the Democratic record.

"Empty Dinner Pail" Again  
How the country regarded that record in 1912 with indistinguishable emphasis by the election figures, and need not be repeated at this time. The "empty dinner pail" got in its telling work against Democratic supremacy then, as it has in every national election in the history of the United States. It elected Garfield in 1880, Harrison in 1888, McKinley in 1896.

It will again be the hope of the Republican hosts, despite the war munition prosperity reflected in Wall Street stock quotations. You cannot get it out of the minds of the people that Republican national control, whatever its shortcomings in other respects, spells prosperity. Every Democratic tariff law ever enacted has operated in a way to enfeeble and confirm this feeling. The existing law is no exception. It was getting into full swing against our home industries when the war came. You have only to recall the conditions in this country a year ago to realize what was happening. Consolation would be afforded the merchant again on our real condition industrially.

Republicans Pray For Peace  
Republicans, therefore, have more than one reason for praying for peace. They are confident they can win next year if they can get the "empty dinner pail" into the minds of the people in the daily bulletins of sixty-yard advances on a hundred-yard front, with its dreadful toll of humanity.

The record of presidential successions helps out the theory that it is harder to stay in the White House than it is to get in. Aside from Washington, only seven of our Presidents have managed to re-elect themselves. They are Jefferson, Monroe, Jackson, Lincoln, Grant, Cleveland and McKinley. Cleveland, however, did not succeed himself directly.

Only Eight Second Terms  
It will thus be seen that the single-term plank which Bryan forced into the Democratic platform of 1912 has history to back it up. For Presidents elected in the month of crossing the signboard at a railway crossing "Stop, Look, Listen," before tempting fate.

Several occupants of the White House have refused to follow this wise precept and have suffered thereby. In 1828 John Quincy Adams tried it a second time, only to be defeated by Andrew Jackson, whom he had defeated four years earlier. In 1842 Martin Van Buren tried his own re-nomination, only to go down in defeat before William Henry Harrison, who had been his leading rival in 1836.

Re-elected In Double Defeat  
Chester A. Arthur's efforts in 1884 to succeed himself resulted in defeat for him—first in convention and for his party at the polls.

It will be recalled that in 1896 Cleveland failed to re-elect, but in 1900 he was returned to the White House by Benjamin Harrison, who had vanquished him four years before. Adams, Van Buren and Benjamin Harrison were thwarted at the polls, therefore, by rivals over whom they had previously triumphed. Taft in 1912, however, went down before Woodrow Wilson, who was a newcomer in the presidential arena.

War May Decide It  
If you keep in mind the fact that Wilson won in 1912 because of a divided opposition and that in 1914 the Democratic party vote, on any basis, by congressional districts or by states, failed to show an electoral majority, it is a better guess that President Wilson will not be re-elected than that he will.

If, however, you keep in mind the fact that Kitchener and other authorities predict that the war is likely to last through 1916, it is a better guess that Wilson will succeed himself.

"Stand By The President"  
Even Bryan, continuing his submarine tactics against Wilson from the peace-at-any-price side, and Roosevelt attacking with the brute force of a super-dreadnaught from the "carry-a-big-stick" side, are not likely to prevail over the feeling already expressed by our people in times of trouble that it is best to stand by the President.

Much to his own surprise, in 1864, Lincoln found that feeling deep-rooted, and won with ease in November a re-election about which in August he had publicly expressed great doubt.

We have had Presidents made by a war in our own country, but we have never had a President made by a war in Europe. Perhaps 1916 has one in store for us.

# ENGINEER DEPARTS QUITS SEPTEMBER

### Hugh Howell Retires Because He Could Not Get Necessary Official Support

After September 1 Maui county will have a new county engineer, or else no engineer at all, for at the meeting of the supervisors on Tuesday the resignation of Hugh Howell was accepted to take effect at that time. It is supposed that a successor to Howell is to be named shortly, though if anyone has been definitely decided upon the name has not been made public.

Mr. Howell tendered his resignation to the new board at its first meeting on July 1, but at the request of the board continued in office without the resignation being acted upon until this week. At the time of making his resignation Howell stated that conditions were not satisfactory to himself, and a number of radical changes in the matter of the placing of authority, would be made should he reconsider his intention to get out of office.

A greening with the report of the committee which investigated the condition of the Kula pipe line, as to the condition of the system and its inefficient administration, Engineer Howell, at the meeting of the board last Monday morning repudiated in toto the sections in the report suggesting that he had been responsible for not cleaning up the matter after he came into office. He declared that he had always felt that Albin Jackson was not a man of sufficient caliber to hold the job of superintendent of the system, and had wanted to replace him and make other changes, but had been prevented by the chairman and the board. He implied that the cause of this interference was that it would have a bad effect on the candidacy of the members prior to the county election. Since the election, he said, his power has been entirely subordinate to the will of the chairman. Answering specifically concerning the complaint that certain red wood tanks hauled to Kula have lain for months without being erected, he asserted that the matter had been taken out of his hands by Chairman Jackson who had countermanded orders he had given.

Howell agreed with the committee report that the rates for water on the Kula-Kula system are too low. He believes that the discrepancy in the amount of water supposed to be going into the pipe and that sold, to be due in large measure to faulty registering of the Venturi Meter at the intake.

# MACHINE-GUN COMPANY FOR MILITIA OF HILO

### Within a short time from the present there may be a machine gun company established in Hilo. Adjutant-General Johnson has advocated such a move in Honolulu and he is trying to work up some enthusiasm for it about the same proposition," says the Hilo Herald.

The idea is to have a machine gun company, composed of business men who do not care to join the other companies of the national guards. In Honolulu there have been requests from members of the Country Club for machine guns, and there are plenty of men ready to enlist and take up their training at once. The Commercial Club members are also after a machine gun and they show great interest in the matter. The University Club members are also ready to take up the same proposition; but it is felt that three machine guns should not be given to Honolulu and Hilo. It is therefore Colonel Johnson's scheme to try and establish a company in Hilo which would be composed of business men who would take an interest in the proposition.

Colonel Johnson is very much in earnest over the idea, and he is trying to get the business men interested. He came to town on Sunday last and will remain on his island for some weeks. On Tuesday evening last he started a Waianai company going and forty men were sworn in for service. On August 29 the Waianai Company of the N. S. H. will formally come into existence, and it is expected that seventy-five men will be ready to march on the day of the first parade.

On August 22 the adjutant-general will be at Lahaina, where a company of eighty-five strong is awaiting the word that will allow them to enter the guard. Colonel Johnson will swear in this new company on the date mentioned. There will then be three companies of national guards on the island of Hawaii. It is rumored that still further companies will be established in the future. Then, if the machine gun company is arranged for in Hilo, the people will have some means of protection in times of danger and will not have to sit down and hold out their hands to any band of raiders or rioters that may come along fully armed and ready for trouble.

The upkeep of a machine gun company would cost about twenty-five dollars a month, says Colonel Johnson, and that small amount would have to be guaranteed. If the proposition is taken up favorably by the citizens there should be no trouble about getting the monthly appropriation.

# WESSLER-PECK

The marriage of Mrs. Mary Peck and Mr. Bernard Wessler took place last Friday evening at the bride's home, Makawao, Father Athanasius officiating at the ceremony. Mr. Wessler is connected with the "Maui News" and has rented a cottage in Wells' avenue where the young couple will reside.

# MANNING-HOCKING

At the home of Simon Hocking, in Pain, Maui, last Friday took place the marriage of his daughter, Miss Minnie Elizabeth, to Mr. Ralph Manning. The marriage was witnessed by only the immediate relatives of the young folk and a few intimate friends. Miss Hocking is a popular young lady of central Maui, her father being head lina of the Pais section of the Maui Agricultural Company. Mr. Manning, who is a homesteader at Haiku, is an employe of the Maui Agricultural Company, in the machine department. The young couple will make their future home at Haiku.

# TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a course of castor oil will effectually cure the most stubborn cases of dysentery. It is especially good for summer diarrhoea in children. For sale by all druggists, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

# BALKAN POWERS SOON WILL JOIN FORCES AGAINST TEUTON ALLIES

### Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania Preparing To Enter War As Allies of Serbia and Montenegro, Which Will Involve Levant

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
LONDON, August 23.—Events are rapidly shaping themselves in the Balkans for the augmentation of all the Balkan Powers on the side of the Quadruple Entente and the active participation in the war of Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania as allies of Serbia and Montenegro. The declaration of war upon Turkey by Italy is one of the things which is expected to hasten the action of the still neutral Balkan States, which the attitude of Germany towards Rumania is another factor in the shaping of imminent events. The expectation here is that all the Balkan States will be in the field before the end of the present month.

# VENEZUELOS FORMALLY ACCEPTS PREMIERSHIP

### Germany Sends Ultimatum To Rumanian Government Regarding Ammunition For Turkey, While Italian Break With Porte Will Complete Rupture

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Yesterday it was officially announced that Venezuelos had accepted the premiership of Greece, tendered him by King Constantine during the week, an acceptance which practically pledges Greece to the war, the premier having resigned some months ago because King Constantine would not agree to hostilities on the terms which Venezuelos had secured from the Allies. In the general election, the war party won a decided victory, marking Venezuelos' recall almost imperative. Yesterday, following a prolonged conference with the King, Venezuelos authorized the announcement that he had accepted the leadership again of the government.

A Havas Agency despatch from Athens, relayed from Paris, announces that Venezuelos has selected his cabinet, which includes nearly all the ministers which had gone out of office with him following the disagreement with the King. Ultimatum To Rumania

A Reuter despatch from Sofia states that the correspondent has private advices from Bucharest that Germany has sent an ultimatum to the Rumanian government, demanding that unrestricted transportation be allowed through Rumania of munitions and supplies for the Turkish forces on the alternative that a continued refusal or a further detention of supplies in transit will be considered an attitude hostile to Germany.

It is understood in Sofia that King Ferdinand of Rumania and his cabinet are in complete accordance in the matter and that Rumania will inform Germany that it is resolved to persist in its policy of refusing to allow military supplies transit through Rumanian territory.

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# THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON, EDITOR

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24, 1915.

THE ADVERTISER'S SEMI-WEEKLY

## Preparedness And Sugar

THE President's summons of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to the summer capitol at Cornish, New Hampshire, early in the month for a conference on the state of the national finances in connection with the Administration's sudden exposure of plans for military and naval increases, is significant, and there appear to be sound and sufficient reasons for the relief that there is a close political tie between the Administration's defense program and a possible abandonment of its former attitude towards the sugar tariff. Up to three weeks ago, President Wilson has maintained a lukewarm, not to say disinterested, attitude, towards the question of preparedness of the nation for war.

While it is not likely that he embraced the views of his former Secretary of State, Mr. Bryan, that a million men would spring to the defense of the country between two suns should their services be required there has been nothing in his public utterances nor in his messages to congress which indicated that he regarded the question of sufficient importance to demand his attention.

There have been many evidences during the past year of rapidly growing public interest and concern in the defense question and it must have been plain to the Administration that the matter was receiving the approval and support of the Republican leaders. It is significant that President Wilson's announcement that he intended to give the matter close study followed Colonel Roosevelt's spirited San Francisco address by but three days. Any one who reads the signs of the times may see that both the Republicans and Colonel Roosevelt, either separately or under one standard, are prepared to make the issue a political one and the Administration apparently has no choice in the matter, the issue must receive the Democratic stamp of approval.

Now, in the consideration of plans for the increasing of the national defenses through development of the Army and the Navy, there will have to be faced the serious problem of raising revenue for this purpose. President Wilson and his party leaders realize that, regardless of these plans, the matter of national revenues will rapidly come to the front when congress opens.

The question is serious enough without the necessity, political or actual, of increasing the expenditures for a larger and more efficient Army and Navy, but, serious as it is, this new issue must be met and funds must be provided from some source.

Secretary McAdoo's position is not a happy one. His department has reported a deficit in the fiscal operations of the government during the fiscal year ending June 30 last of over \$35,000,000. The deficit thus far in the present fiscal year—1916—is reported to be over \$16,000,000. With the prospect of a greater deficit in the thirtieth of next year, and an even larger deficit during the fiscal year 1917, the outlook from the viewpoint of the Democratic party is not bright for heavy military and naval increases unless other Federal expenditures are curtailed or unless new means for revenue are devised or a new bond issue provided.

Now one large source of loss of revenue during the coming fiscal year will be the sugar schedule unless in the coming session congress repeals the provision of the Underwood tariff law to place sugar on the free list next May. Hawaii is pretty

well up on sugar figures but let us look at a few of them that we may compare them with the proposed military and naval expenditures. In the fiscal year of 1914 the revenue from sugar which went into the National Treasury amounted to \$61,000,000. During the fiscal year which ended June 30, the collections from the sugar schedule were about \$49,000,000, although the final figures have not been reported. With the provision of the Underwood law that sugar shall go on the free list the revenue from this staple will be reduced approximately \$25,000,000. This will mean a loss of \$13,000,000 as compared with last year in the sugar schedule alone, and a loss of about \$36,000,000 as compared with the sugar revenue in 1914.

But the loss in revenue from the transfer of sugar to the free list next May is not the first problem in revenue which the Administration will have to face and it will have to be faced regardless of national defense plans. The War Revenue Act expires by limitation on December 31, 1915, and will mean another heavy loss unless congress by joint resolution extends these taxes. The indications are that the Administration leaders in congress will conclude to renew these taxes and may be induced to reconsider the sugar item of the Underwood Bill, since it is plain that no Administration plan for defense purposes can be enacted without a sacrifice somewhere and sugar seems to open a convenient loophole for democracy.

What plans for increased defenses are proposed—and the Administration's plans are said to contemplate an ultimate expenditure of no less than \$500,000,000—the initial expenditures must be met out of the revenues to be collected during the fiscal year 1917, the first year that sugar goes on the free list as the law now reads. There seem to be abundant indications that the growing disposition in congress to amend the Underwood Act insofar as sugar is concerned will receive the Administration's approval in view of the military and naval issue which it cannot ignore.

Honolulu should have every reason to be satisfied in the personnel of the special committee named to represent the chamber of commerce in the matter of securing definite data on the shipping situation as it exists and what may be expected for the future. In its work, the committee should not consider itself restricted to the particular limits named in Mr. Peck's motion before the chamber. His motion was extemporaneous and it is not what he said so much as what he meant that should guide the committee. His intention clearly was to have the committee find out whether or not we may expect some early relief from conditions which he termed, in his original motion, "unbearable." The committee might very well, also, extend its work to ascertaining whether or not any encouragement will be given the Great Northern Pacific Steamship Company in its suggestion to place the Great Northern on the Honolulu run.

Without any desire to tread on the dangerous ground of contempt of court by appearing to be discussing a subject now subjudice, we cannot forbear from remarking that what is today termed maintenance in respect to roads sounds exactly like what used to be proudly referred to as construction in all the reports of the road department up to a few months ago.

## Preparedness

IN this age, if there is any one word that is the foundation of success it is efficiency. Efficiency in military matters is infinitely more complex than efficiency in any civil profession, because it carries with it not only the handling of intricate machines, the moving of large numbers of people, their supplies, their care when they are sick, the use of all sorts of implements of destruction, and the use of means of defense against them, but also the study of mental characteristics of men, the methods of handling them.

All the great questions of campaign are tremendously intricate, and if there is anything in the world that requires thought beforehand it is the question of preparedness. It is preparedness against war, and insurance for peace, and it is the best of insurances. There is no insurance nowadays that is worth much unless people are prepared and know what they are going to do. There is no sentiment in this country for a large standing army. There is no sentiment for it in the army itself. There is, however, a strong sentiment for an intelligent preparedness and the organization of the resources of the country, so that we shall know what they are, and how they shall be used. All that is quite consistent with our ideas.

Our army is maintained in time of peace at less than half its war strength. The mobile army of the United States is only a little more than twice the number of the police force of the city of New York. The militia is a little stronger, but it is maintained at half its strength without reserves. The reserves would be a little more than double it, and these reserves should of course be provided.

After the regular army and militia on land come the volunteers. The volunteers have to be commanded, and a million volunteers—and we had a million volunteers at the end of the Civil War—would require about 35,000 officers who must be prepared in advance, and they cannot be developed overnight, in these days of intricate weapons.

Such is the substance of the doctrine Major-General Leonard Wood is preaching in the Eastern States, sowing the seed that appears at last to be falling upon fallow ground. All of his speeches advocate the adoption of the Swiss military system, a little corner of which a few forehanded ones attempted to have adopted for Hawaii during the last session of the legislature—prematurely, as it turned out, because the majority of those who had eyes to see refused to open them, while a majority of those who had mouths to shout with joined in the loud chorus of "un-American."

At the present time, when half the world is at war, the words of General Wood are receiving close attention from thinking people. Especially applicable to a few in Hawaii who still follow the Bryan, will-o'-the-wisp of a nation "springing to arms" and who have yet the idea that the urging for preparation comes from those who desire war, is the following, spoken by the former chief of staff at a meeting of engineers in Massachusetts:

"I sometimes think," said General Wood, "that people in this country do not quite understand the real function of the soldiers and sailors. You know that our business is not to make war. Our business is to conduct the wars that you people get us into. Your industry and your trade, in your struggle for commercial control—not your individual struggle, but the struggle for commerce throughout the world—is the cause, and has been the cause, of nine out of ten of the wars since history was written. Soldiers do not make war. War is made by commerce and trade. Governments declare it, and armies have to try to conduct and terminate it in the best possible way for their own governments."

General Wood also dwells on the national guard situation. The militia, he says, is here to stay, and it is the duty of the people to back it up. He believes all employers should encourage their men of arm bearing age to join the militia.

"The general policy," concludes General Wood, "is to discriminate against the militiaman. He has all sorts of obstacles to overcome. The militia will be just as good as you want it to be. We are trying to put a regular officer with every regiment of militia and one with every squadron of mounted troops, and when we get a few more officers we shall be able to complete the assignments in the country."

"I think that if we could get established, eventually, in this country something on the line of the Swiss system we could maintain ourselves without undue stress of any sort. We should have a citizen really skilled in the use of arms, ready to defend the country effectively, and we could do it without in any way departing from our ideals. And my personal opinion is that that is the line on which we must develop. In the meantime we must back up our army and navy and militia. We must start this military training in the schools. We must have this body of officers so that if we ever have the misfortune to become involved in war we shall at least have enough officers for the training of the volunteers."

## Japan's Aid To Russia

JAPAN is showing the best possible proof of its new friendship for Russia and straining every point towards the consummation of the proposed Russo-Japanese Alliance. The desire to demonstrate the rapprochement has gone, according to a correspondent of the Associated Press at Tokio, to the extent of stripping many of the forts of the northeastern coast of their big guns, to send the weapons to the Russian front, while now that the danger of war with China is over all Japan and Korea is engaged in making supplies for Russia and her Allies.

The war brought big financial losses to Japan

but the gaps are being filled in part by the furnishing of guns, ammunition, and general necessities to the armies at the front—particularly the armies of Russia.

Officially, Japan has given increased practical expression to her friendship towards Russia by going to the limit of dismantling some of her fortifications on the northeastern coast of the Empire. Big coast guns stripped from these fortifications have been shipped to Vladivostok and thence forwarded to Galicia to strengthen the big gun artillery of the armies of the Czar.

Americans who visit Japan are especially astonished at the almost limitless number of tiny shops in the big cities of this nation—miles upon miles of streets filled with them—all occupied in making something when they are not selling something. These shops are really the factories of the Empire. It is here that cloth goods and innumerable articles needed to keep huge armies in supplies are turned out, handed over to commission merchants, assembled in great quantities and distributed to Russia, France and even England. The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed by a reliable authority that practically every household in Korea is hard at work making cloth for Russia. It is sent to Moscow and other points and manufactured into uniforms, blankets, coverings and wrappings.

Korea, also, is making big quantities of boots and ammunition cases. Major Papowski and another Russian officer have just arrived at Seoul to take over the fourth consignment of orders manufactured by a tanning company near Seoul and consisting of 40,000 pairs of boots and 30,000 ammunition cases.

The Japan Celluloid Company at Aboshi, near Kobe, has abandoned temporarily the celluloid business for a more profitable business of making explosives. This company recently received an order from the Russian government for 440 tons of gun-cotton to be delivered before the end of the year. A test of the explosives having proved satisfactory, the first installment, consisting of fifteen tons, was despatched to Petrograd. The Aboshi factory is said to be turning out two to three tons of explosives daily.

Leather materials, belts, pouches and sacks are manufactured at Tokio, a series of temporary sheds have been erected on vacant land near the houses of the Diet and are busy night and day.

The production of rifles in Japan is limited in capacity compared to other countries, and Japan is anxious to fill out her own reserve stock. The available number of rifles for the reserve strength of the Japanese armies is estimated at 500,000 and it is understood that the general staff of the army is desirous of increasing the number to one million. It has learned a lesson from the unpreparedness of the allies with respect to guns and ammunition and from the vast expenditure of munitions demonstrated to be necessary to the successful conduct of modern wars. Japan, therefore, means to get ready herself along the lines revealed by the international war.

This has naturally reduced the quantity of manufactured material available for Russia—still Japan is doing a good deal, especially in the erection of powder and small ammunition. The powder is sent over to Russia and there used for the manufacture of shrapnel and explosive shells.

The private output of guns and ammunition is, generally speaking, controlled by the Mitsui and Okura companies who attend to the distribution of the orders. Guns are being manufactured at Tokio and Osaka, and at the Kroran steel works in Hokkaido which is partly controlled by English capital. It is understood also, that the Mitsubishi company at Nagasaki and the Kawasaki company at Kobe are sharing in the manufacture.

A good part of this output was held up by the recent congestion at the port of Vladivostok. When Japan's contribution to the munitions of Russia actually reach their destination it is expected here that there will be a noticeable change for the better in Russia's power of defense and offense.

The battle cruiser Moltke, reported sunk in the battle of the Gulf of Riga, is a sister of the battle cruiser Goeben, which was turned over to Turkey early in the war, in order to escape the pursuing British Mediterranean warships. The last heard of the Goeben, she was ashore in the Bosphorus, having been beached by her crew to prevent her sinking after being torpedoed by a British submarine. The crew was reported to be attempting to make temporary repairs, to get the warship back to Constantinople.

The grave statement that perhaps the passenger liner Arabic went out of her course to attack a German submarine is a reminder of the defense offered by the darkey chicken thief, who informed the court that he chicken had viciously attacked him and he had been obliged to kill it in self defense.

We will soon know whether the life of an American is worth anything and whether the warning of the state department to Germany is the final word of a self-respecting nation or merely another scrap of paper.

Roosevelt says that the time for words has passed and the time for deeds has come. Wilson agrees with him so far as the word part of it is concerned. He is saying nothing and thinking hard. The time for thoughtful waiting appears to be here.

## Honolulu Wholesale Produce Market

Quotations  
ISSUED BY THE TERRITORIAL MARKETING DIVISION August 20, 1915.

BUTTER AND EGGS		POULTRY	
Eggs scarce, demand good.		Broilers, lb 2 to 3 lbs.	32 to 35
Island tub butter, lb.	38 to 39	Young roosters, lb.	35
Fresh island eggs, doz.	27	Hens, good condition, lb.	25
Duck eggs, doz.	40	Ducks, lb.	25
		Ducks, Muscovy, lb.	25 to 30
		Ducks, Peking, lb.	25 to 30
		Ducks, Hawaiian, doz.	3.00

VEGETABLES AND PRODUCE	
Beans, string, green, lb., .02 1/2 to .03	
Beans, string, wax, lb., .03 to .04	
Beans, Lima in pod, lb., .04	
Beans, Dry—	
Beans, Maui Red (none in market)	
Beans, calico, cwt.	4.00
Beans, small white, cwt.	5.00
Peas, dried, cwt.	3.75
Peas, doz. bunches	.30
Carrots, doz.	.40
Jalapeño, bag	1.25
Corn, sweet, 100 ears, 1.50 to 2.00	
Corn, hard yellow, 38.00 to 40.00	
Corn, Haw. large yellow, 38.00 to 38.00	
Alfalfa, doz.	.25 to 1.00
Bananas, Chinese, bunch	.20 to .50
Bananas, cooking, bunch	.75 to 1.00
Breadfruit (none in market)	
Onions, 100	.85
Grapes, Isabella, lb.	.08
Peanuts, small, lb.	.03
Peanuts, lb. large	.04
Onions, Bermuda, lb.	.01 to .02
Green Peppers, Bell, lb.	.03
Green Peppers, Chili, lb.	.02 1/2
Potatoes, Isl. Irish, lb.	.01 1/2 to .01 1/4
Potatoes, sweet, cwt.	.85 to 1.00
Taro, wet land, cwt.	1.00
Taro, bunch	.15
Tomatoes, lb.	.04
Peas, green, lb.	.08 to .10
Cucumbers, doz.	.25 to .30
Pumpkin, lb.	.01 to .01 1/2

FRUITS		LIVESTOCK	
Oranges, Hawaiian, (none in mkt)		Beef, cattle and sheep are not bought by weight, dressed, at live weight. They are taken by the Hogs, up to 150 lbs., .11 1/2 to .12 1/2; meat companies, dressed, and paid for Hogs, 150 lbs and over, .11 to .12	
Limes, 100	.75 to 1.00		
Pineapples, cwt.	.65 to 1.00		
Watermelons, each	.50 to 1.00		
Pohas, lb.	.08 to .10		
Papayas, lb.	.03 1/2 to .04		
		DRESSED MEATS	
		Beef, lb.	.11 to .12 1/2
		Mutton, lb.	.11 to .12
		Pork, lb.	.15 to .19
		HIDES, Wet Salted	
		Steer, lb., No. 1	15 1/2
		Steer, lb., No. 2	14 1/2
		Kips, lb.	14 1/2
		Goatskins, white, each	10 to 30
		Sheepskins, each	10 to 30

The following are quotations on feed  
Scratch food, ton 43.00 to 45.00  
Corn, small yellow, ton 42.00 to 43.00  
Corn, large yellow, ton 41.00 to 42.00  
Corn, cracked, ton 42.00 to 42.50  
Brass, ton 32.00  
Barley, ton 32.50  
Saratoga food, ton 37.00 to 38.00  
Wheat, ton 42.00 to 43.00  
Middlings, ton 35.50 to 36.00  
Hay, wheat, ton 27.00 to 28.00  
Hay, Alfalfa, ton 23.00 to 24.00  
Alfalfa meal, ton 22.00 to 23.00

The Territorial Marketing Division under supervision of the U. S. Experiment Station is at the service of all citizens of the Territory. Any produce which farmers may send to the Marketing Division is sold at the best obtainable price. A marketing charge of 5 per cent is made. It is highly desirable that farmers notify the Marketing Division what and how much produce they have for sale and about when it will be ready to ship. The shipping mark of this Division is U. S. K. S. Letter address Honolulu, P. O. Box 1287, Salesroom, corner Nuuanu and Queen Streets Telephone 1810. Wireless address TERMARK.

## GOVERNMENT WILL FINANCE COTTON

Appropriates \$3,000,000 To Sustain Planters From Loss Because of Edict

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 24.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has announced that the treasury department will do all that is possible to prevent financial disaster reaching the Southern cotton planters as a result of the announcement of Great Britain and France placing cotton upon the list of absolute contraband, which announcement will result in the prevention of cotton reaching a large part of its usual market.

As a first step, yesterday, the secretary authorized the placing of an additional \$3,000,000 of federal funds in the federal reserve bank of the South, to be used in reticulating loans made on the cotton crops.

It was announced yesterday that President Wilson is at work on the draft of a protest to be sent through the office of the secretary of state to London and Paris, challenging the right of these countries to declare cotton contraband. The President has discussed the matter with W. H. C. Harding of the Federal reserve board, who has conducted an investigation of Southern banking conditions in special reference to the cotton loans.

## CYRIL O. SMITH TO HEAD ROYAL SCHOOL

With the appointment of James C. Davis, for many years principal of the Royal School, Emma street, to succeed Mrs. Mary Gunn, who recently resigned and left the Territory to seek health in California, as comprising principal of Oahu government schools, many changes in the principalships of a number of schools were brought about at yesterday's session of the school commissioners.

Cyril O. Smith, long principal of the big school in Kapaa, Kauai, was appointed to succeed Mr. Davis at the Royal School and Miss Bernice Handley, who was next to Mr. Smith at Kapaa, was promoted to the principalship of that school.

Mr. Davis was not an applicant and neither did he seek the position as supervising principal for this island, but the board felt that it required him in the higher post. In all, there were ten applications filed for the position. In moving Cyril O. Smith to Honolulu to head the faculty at the Royal School, Kanai's loss in Honolulu's gain.

Among other changes effected and new appointments made to the teaching force of the public schools were the following:

**Many Changes Made**  
Herbert A. Wade, former principal at Paauhau, Hawaii, now visiting on the mainland, was appointed principal of the school at Haiku, Maui; John A. Perrella, principal at Ahaione, Hanalei, Hawaii, appointed principal of the school at Kahuku, Oahu, and Joseph Silva Vieira, assistant at Paauhau, Hawaii, promoted to succeed Perrella at Ahaione; Mrs. Sarah Cliffe, formerly of the school at Hanalei, Kauai, appointed as principal at Laupahoehoe, Hawaii, and Miss M. Christopherson, principal at Maunaloa, Oahu, promoted to succeed Mrs. Cliffe at Hanalei; Miss Helen Anohokalani, assistant at Waialua, Oahu, promoted to be principal at Hanalei, this island.

The school course for the new year, prepared by a special committee and submitted yesterday to the board, was approved. But few changes were made in the present from the former course.

**Teachers Consulted About Pensions**  
On the subject of the teachers' pension law it was decided that Superintendent Kinney should send out to the teachers a circular letter in which each teacher will be asked if he or she is willing that one-half of one per cent of the yearly salary shall be deducted twice a year as a contribution to the fund. Any teacher replying in the affirmative will be deemed to have become a member of the pension fund and to draw a pension whenever retired in accordance with the law passed by the last legislature and which will go into operation on July 1, 1916.

Based on the minimum of sixteen points or four points a year in the course of study by each pupil a new credit system for the several high schools of the Territory was adopted yesterday by the board.

**Board Treats Kinney Handsomely**  
All the recent appointments of teachers made by Superintendent Kinney—since the previous meeting of the board were approved. The new appointments suggested by the superintendent were made by the board. Mr. Kinney also submitted to the board the report made by the board of examiners to him and which contained several recommendations. The report was adopted.

The board held two sessions yesterday and concluded the work at hand, adjourning to meet again during the first week in December. Present at the morning session were Superintendent Kinney, ex-officio chairman, Commissioners Eric A. Knudsen of Kauai, Mrs. Theodore Richards and Prof. I. G. Blackman of Oahu; D. C. Lindsay of Maui, and Mrs. D. B. Bond of Hawaii. Mrs. Richards, owing to illness, was unable to attend during the afternoon session. Commissioners W. H. Smith of Hawaii was not present at either session, he being now visiting on the mainland.

## GERMANS SINK BRITISH STEAMER IN WAR ZONE

Submarines Chase and Shell Liner For Four Hours

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) QUEENSTOWN, August 23.—The British liner Diomed has been sunk in the war-zone. The liner was chased by two German submarines and shelled for four hours with their guns. Finally the vessel filled and sunk.

The captain, a quartermaster and a steward were killed in the bombardment. The crew took to the boats, one of which swamped and two Englishmen and five Chinese were drowned. Seventy-seven American horse-tenders aboard the British steamer Erskine, which was sunk recently by a submarine, have landed safely at London.

## JAPAN HAS DECIDED TO AID HER ALLIES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) TOKIO, August 23.—Count Okuma, premier of Japan, today made a significant statement regarding Japan's plans to assist her allies, the Entente Powers, in the European war. He says that Japan has decided to assist the Allies systematically, particularly Russia. Probably a large amount of munitions will be sent to Europe and much war material has already been shipped, he said.

## VILLA WILL BEGIN GUERRILLA WARFARE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) EL PASO, August 23.—General Villa is mobilizing an army of 20,000 soldiers for a guerilla war on General Obregon, apparently giving up all hopes of defeating him in regular campaign at this time.

# GULF HURRICANE SWEEPING NORTH TO GREAT LAKES CAUSES BIG LOSS

Gale, Accompanied By Terrific Rain, Hits St. Louis and Does Great Damage, Driving Dwellers From Their Quiet Homes

## MISSISSIPPI RIVER FLOODS LOWER CITY

Levees At Alton Give Way Before Flood and Larger Part of Municipality Is Inundated—People Fleeing in Terror For Lives

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.—The great storm which devastated the Gulf district early in the week, killing upwards of two hundred persons, wrecking towns and doing an immense amount of damage to the agricultural interests of the South, has swept north in full fury and has held this city and the surrounding country in its grip all yesterday and last night. Accompanying the gale has come the heaviest rainstorm in the history of the country causing a flood which has already driven hundreds into the city from their suburban homes and which has assumed almost catastrophic proportions.

## Downpour Is Terrific

Up to midnight last night the rain gauge at the office of the United States weather bureau shows a downpour of 5.55 inches for the twenty-four hours. The wind is still very high.

Early yesterday the river had flooded into the lower levels of the city, and the river front streets were passable only in boats. The Riviere des Peres, a little stream which bisects Forest Park and then encircles the west and southern edge of the city, has suddenly become a river, overflowing and flooding the lowlands for some hundreds of yards along its banks. Considerable loss and much suffering is being caused in the flooded, poorer districts.

## LEVEES BREAK; CITY FLOODED

ALTON, Illinois, August 21.—The levee along the Wood River, east of this city, gave way last night before the pressure of the flood, caused by the unprecedented high rains, and the greater part of the city is flooded. Water is rushing through the streets, demolishing many of the smaller buildings and forcing the occupants of the larger buildings to seek refuge in the upper stories. An appeal has been sent out for motor boats to rescue many persons in peril.

## GALVESTON IS RECOVERING

GALVESTON, August 21.—The fourth day after the great storm finds this city gradually approaching normal conditions, though it still shows in many ways the distressing effects of the hurricane, and of the tidal wave piled up by the pressure of the wind.

## STORM NOT YET SPENT

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The weather bureau predicts that the great storm which has swept from the Gulf to Missouri will continue northward to the Great Lakes.

## JAPANESE COMMISSIONER ENTERTAINS MR. GUTHRIE

(Special Cable to Hawaii Shiping.) SAN FRANCISCO, August 20.—Geo. W. Guthrie, ambassador of the United States to Japan, arrived at San Francisco today, to sail in the steamer Mongolia August 25 for Yokohama via Honolulu. He was the guest at dinner today of Mr. Yamana, Japanese commissioner at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

This remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. It has been a favorite with the mothers of young children for almost forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all dealers. Parson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# OMINOUS SILENCE CLOUDS OFFICIAL WASHINGTON

## President Must Decide Whether Sinking of Arabic By Germans Was Deliberately Unfriendly Act

### State Department Has a Full List of Names of Victims

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 21.—An ominous silence has fallen over officialdom here and no comments concerning the probable action of the United States are to be obtained, pending the final word of the President. The decision whether the sinking of the Arabic and the killing of a number of American citizens is or is not a deliberately unfriendly act on the part of Germany rests with the President. Until he speaks, the lips of the administration officials are sealed.

The tension that has held the Capital since the first word came of the torpedoing of the Arabic noticeably increased yesterday, when the consular offices at Queenstown forwarded by cable the affidavits of American survivors, testifying to the fact that the attack upon the passenger ship was made without the least attempt to warn the passengers and crew of their danger or give them an opportunity to prepare for the destruction of the vessel.

The consular messages also stated that there exists little grounds now for further hope that all the Americans among the passengers escaped.

The state department has been furnished with a full list of the names of the Americans who had taken passage on the Arabic, and these are being checked off as the names of survivors are secured and verified. So far eight names are left and it is believed now that the number of American victims of the German torpedo will be found to be six or more. It is definitely established, from the affidavits of survivors, that Dr. Edmond Wood of Wisconsin and Mrs. Josephine Brugiere of San Francisco went down with the White Star liner. A number of the American survivors are suffering from wounds and from exposure.

Tugs are now searching the waters in the neighborhood of the spot where the Arabic was sunk, looking for bodies of the victims of the attack. The government officials state that the attitude

PRESIDENT WILSON, Whose Administration Again Faces Crisis With Germany As Result of Sinking of Liner Arabic



of the administration is a receptive one. The President is awaiting the full details which the state department has ordered Ambassador Page to collect and forward, pending the receipt of which he is reserving judgment as to whether the sinking of the Arabic is or is not to be considered a "deliberately unfriendly act" on the part of the German

### Grave Questions To Be Settled Before Government Acts

Did the acceptance of a British convoy at the beginning of the voyage from Liverpool operate to waive the rights of non-combatants on board?

By proceeding to the assistance of the torpedoed steamer Dunsley, was the rule broken which forbids one ship giving assistance to another that has been torpedoed?

Official reports last night answered the first question completely. It is shown that the Arabic received not the least warning and made no attempt to escape after discovering the presence of the submarine. On the contrary, the Arabic was hastening to the rescue of a crew in distress.

It is conceded now that the conveying of the liner through St. George's Channel to the open sea did not render her liable to attack, once her convoy had left her and that none of the rights of the non-combatants aboard had been abridged by the presence of destroyers at the beginning of the voyage.

Only one point seems to be left to be cleared up. This is, whether, when the Arabic left her course and swerved towards the steamer Dunsley, which appeared to be sinking, Captain Finch so directed his ship as to make it appear that he was endeavoring to ram the submarine, or whether his change of course justified the commander of the submarine into disinterpreting his approach as hostile and made for the purpose of attack.

An unconfirmed report was in circulation in New York yesterday that in the registered mail sunk with the Arabic were American securities, between five and seven million dollars in value, which were being sent to Wall Street. A large part of these securities, it is stated, were already sold for future delivery. The report is not officially confirmed, nor is the statement that the securities were insured for transportation at Lloyds. Much other valuable property is known to have composed the cargo.

# FORTY-FIVE DEAD: NINE MISSING, IS ARABIC LIST

San Francisco Woman Is Among Those Who Lost Their Lives When German Submarine Sent White Star Liner To Bottom

## SURVIVORS SUSTAIN STORIES OF OFFICERS

Steamer Was Going To Rescue Of Crew of Torpedoed Vessel When Former Received Without Warning Blow That Sunk Her

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 21.—At least five passengers, including two Americans, Mrs. Josephine Brugiere of San Francisco and Dr. Edmond Wood of Wisconsin, and forty members of the crew were drowned in the sinking of the White Star liner Arabic, submarine off Fastnet lighthouse on Thursday morning.

Nine other passengers are missing, including some Americans, and it is believed that they must be added to the known dead.

Captain Finch and his officers assert that the attack upon the liner was made without warning and at a time when the Arabic was hastening to the assistance of the crew of the steamer Dunsley, which was sinking. The belief of Captain Finch is that his ship was torpedoed by the same submarine which attacked the Dunsley. Statements are sustained.

The statements of the Arabic's officers are supported in all details by the passengers, the Americans making affidavits of the circumstances of the attack for the information of the American embassy here, to be forwarded officially to the American state department.

Last night a report from Queenstown announced that it was rumored there that the White Star liner Lapland, of 11,007 tons, from New York to Liverpool, had been sunk by a torpedo in St. George's channel, but no authoritative source for the rumor could be obtained. The Lapland sailed from New York on August 12, with three hundred and eighty-one passengers, including thirteen Americans.

Another rumor yesterday stated that the White Star liner Bovie, plying between New York and Manchester, had been attacked and sunk. The safe arrival of the Bovie in Liverpool last night set that rumor at rest.

## Fourteen More Ships Sunk

German submarines have been busier in the last forty-eight hours than for any like period since the war began, having sunk fourteen steamers, with a combined tonnage of 46,098 tons, in the last two days. The only known loss of life, however, was that in the sinking of the passenger liner Arabic. Three more vessels are reported to have been sunk today but their loss is unconfirmed.

The steamers reported sunk yesterday include the Britishers New York City, Restormel, Ben Brackie and Baron Erskine, the Spanish steamer Perla Castillo and the Norwegian steamer Sverresborg. Three of the Spanish crew were saved, but no reports have come that the others reached shore and nothing is known of the fate of those aboard the Sverresborg.

## INCESSANT ASSAULTS BEING MADE ON TURKS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 21.—An incessant assault on the Turkish positions defending the Dardanelles is being kept up by the Allies. As soon as one gain has been consolidated and organized, a fresh attack is launched. The left wing of the British contingent is steadily progressing in its advance on the Pasha Dagh defenses.

## KING OF ITALY UNDER HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRE

(By Associated Press.) ROME.—The King of Italy has been under a heavy shell fire. He was watching the work of a young soldier who was cutting Austrian wire entanglements, also under heavy fire, and decided to retire when struck by a shell. The wire cutter finished his task in safety, returned to the Italian lines and cheerfully, and was presented to the king.

## RUSSIANS DRIVE TEUTONICS BACK

Slavs Assume Offensive in One Section But Elsewhere They Still Retreat

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, August 21.—With the exception of the serious reverses suffered by the Russians, there are no outstanding features today in the four great arenas of war. Comparative quiet exists on the west front, there is no change in the Italo-Austrian situation, and only slight progress by the Allies is reported at the Dardanelles.

Southwest of Brest-Litovsk, the hard-pressed forces of the Czar assert that they have pushed their assailants back to Katerakulva, but east of Kovno the Germans are pursuing them and south of the River Bug they have yielded more ground.

The development of the great German offensive has reached such proportions that talk begins to be heard at Petrograd of removing the capital to Moscow.

## TACKLING DESTROYER IS TOO MUCH LIKE WAR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) CHRISTIANIA, Norway, August 20.—A German submarine stopped the Norwegian steamer Irma but desisted and disappeared when a Norwegian torpedo boat, attracted by the halting of the steamer, arrived on the scene.

## BODY OF LEO FRANK BURIED IN NEW YORK

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, August 21.—The body of Leo Frank, lynched by a Georgian mob, was buried yesterday in the Mount Carmel cemetery. The funeral was made as private as possible and few besides the relatives of the victim of mob violence were in attendance.

## PHYSICIANS HONOR BLUE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, August 20.—Surgeon General Rupert Blue was today awarded the medal of the American Medical Association for distinguished services.

## TEUTON CHANCELLOR QUOTES EARL GREY

Britain Wanted Support of Weakened Germany When Allies Planned Peace Treaty

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BERLIN, August 21.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, in his speech at the opening of the reichstag on Thursday, quoted the expression used by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, to Prince Lichnowsky, the German ambassador in London, on the formal declaration of war.

At that time, said the imperial chancellor, the British foreign secretary explained that Great Britain had declared war to enable England to render Germany as great, if not greater, services when peace was being negotiated than would be the case were Great Britain to remain neutral in the struggle.

The chancellor said that the interpretation he put upon these words of Sir Edward Grey is that Great Britain desired the friendship of a weakened Germany as a counter to the friction, victory for the Allies would be expected to develop between Great Britain and Russia.

## CARRANZA READY TO LEAVE COAST

Will Return To Mexico City and Establish His Permanent Government

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) VERA CRUZ, August 21.—First Chief Carranza, announcing his belief that the main opposition to him on the part of Villa and Zapata has been crushed, is now preparing to move his administration back to the City of Mexico, there to establish permanently his government and issue a notification to the world that the government of the Republic of Mexico is again on a settled basis.

He will renew his suggestion to Washington that the formal recognition of his government will go far to expedite the reestablishment of peace in Mexico. News has been received here that the Carranza forces won an important victory from the Villa army at Durango on August 13, taking the city, but that later the Villa soldiers recaptured it.

## BULGARIA WILL GET HER PRICE

Report Says Allies Have Induced Serbia To Grant Demand Of Sister State

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BUDAPEST, August 21.—Diplomatic pressure by the powers of the Entente is said to have induced Serbia to agree to an immediate cessation to Bulgaria, in exchange for the latter's participation in the war on the side of the Allies, of a portion of Macedonia captured by Serbia in the second Balkan war. Serbia, it is understood, receives a large pecuniary compensation, of which she will stand badly in need at the end of the war.

Giving color to this report is an official despatch from Sofia, announcing the resignation of General Feteheff, the Bulgarian minister of war, on account of "ill health," to be succeeded by General Jozoff.

The rupture between Italy and Turkey, which it was said yesterday was imminent, is looked for now at any hour. The government is said to be delaying only in order to safeguard 12,000 Italian still resident in various portions of the Turkish domain.

## CAPITAL ACCUSED OF HIGH CRIMES

Minority Report of Industrial Relations Commission Will Make Sweeping Charges

(Special Cable to Hawaii Shiping.) KANSAS CITY, Missouri, August 21.—On the authority of Chairman Frank P. Walsh, announcement is made that a minority report to congress of the federal commission on industrial relations will contain assertions that evidence taken by the commission shows capital to have been guilty of bribery of courts and legislators, conspiracy, the exploitation of women and children, the employment of women, suppression of free speech and other social crimes against labor.

Those signing the report are said to be Congressman R. H. Ashton, S. Thurston Ballard and Harris Wainstack. The remaining members are Chairman Walsh, Prof. John R. Commons, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, John B. Lennox, James O'Connell and Austin B. Garretson.

## BIG BATTLE RAGES IN GULF OF RIGA

German Baltic and Russian Fleets Are Engaged In Great Sea Conflict

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) PETROGRAD, August 21.—The German Baltic fleet and the Russian fleet are engaged in battle in the Gulf of Riga, it is officially announced, and the bulletin states that, at the hour it was posted, the battle was still in progress.

Since the eighth of the month, the German fleet has been attempting to force an entrance to the gulf in order to assist the German forces in Courland to occupy the west coast of the gulf.

Yesterday, the German warships penetrated the gulf and were engaged by the Russians.

More changes in the lately reorganized cabinet are predicted. It is reported that M. Krivoshein will become premier.

## MILITARY TRAINING CAMP ON COAST OPENS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SAN FRANCISCO, August 20.—Eighty-one men were enrolled today with prospects for a considerably larger attendance when the business-men's military training camp opened at the Presidio. The camp will be conducted for four weeks and the business-men will be given an insight into preliminary preparation.

## WILL REBUILD LOUVAIN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BRUSSELS, August 21.—The Belgian government intends to reconstruct the Louvain cathedral in modern lines.

## PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis U. S. A.

## GOVERNOR OF FIJI MAKURA PASSENGER

He and Lady Sweet-Escott Are En Route To England On Vacation

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SINGAPORE, August 21.—Sir Richard Sweet-Escott, governor of Fiji and high commissioner of England in the western Pacific, and Lady Sweet-Escott were passengers in the steamer Makura for Vancouver yesterday. They came from Suva, and will go to England for a visit. They have been in Suva three years.

The governor said conditions in the Fijis were satisfactory. Orderly Percy Gates of Suva is on his way to join the second Fiji contingent now with the King's Royal Rifles. The first contingent, numbering sixty-five, had only five men alive and unaccounted. The second, of fifty-seven men and three officers, passed through here in the steamer Niagara July 22, bound for England. Gates missed this ship. A third contingent is drifting in the islands now, he said.

Chief Commissioner John Harper of the New South Railways and Mrs. Parker arrived to be here until the Makura returns from Vancouver for the Colonies September 8.

Frank Coffee, a well known American business man of Sydney, is bound for Vancouver.

## CANAL TOLLS FOR JULY ARE RECORD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) PANAMA, August 21.—The tolls collected for use of the Panama Canal during the month of July were the largest since the waterway has been in operation. The total was \$573,365, as compared with the March tolls of \$569,781, the previous record.

The excess of earnings for the year ending July 31 was \$220,833, the total earnings for the year being \$4,343,383. The total operating expenses amounted to \$4,122,550, which does not take into consideration the interest on the capital invested, charges against depreciation sinking fund and other like general items, nor about \$80,000 which was deducted from the earnings on account of government vessels using the canal.

## HOLDUP MEN LOOT BANK IN DAYLIGHT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LOS ANGELES, August 20.—Three holdup men today raided the Boyle Heights branch of the Home Savings Bank, opposite a police station. They succeeded in getting \$3000 and in making their escape, though only after a running fight in which a number of shots were exchanged.







### REDS AND TIGERS EVENLY MATCHED

#### Little To Choose Between Two Teams — Dodgers Figure Better Than Phillies

Have the Phillies cracked as the winners of the big brush, said they would? Looking back over the performances of Moran's men since August 7, and comparing those performances with those of Brooklyn and the rest of the National League teams, the fact presents itself that Philadelphia is slipping. Since August 7, Philadelphia has won five and lost four games, a gain that will never win a pennant. Brooklyn has won nine and lost three and this consistent playing has put the Dodgers in the race. Chicago, a strong factor at the start of the season and a contender up to August 7, then struck the iceberg and have won three and lost nine games. Cincinnati has come along at a break neck clip, winning nine and losing three, and Pittsburgh has won seven and lost six. The Giants and Braves, which brought hope to their supporters faltered and since August 7, done nothing to startle.

#### Brack An Even One

Brooklyn and Philadelphia have the best of the argument at present the former with nine games at home, meeting Cincinnati, St. Louis and Pittsburgh and the Phillies with ten games at home, meeting Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Of the last nine games played by the two teams Brooklyn won seven and lost two while Philadelphia won five and lost four. If both go along at this gait in their next three series, Brooklyn will take the road August 31, three full games in the lead, meeting Boston in three games. Then they jump back home again for five games. Philadelphia hits the road for seven games and then goes home for three. So one can see the advantage is all with the Trolley Dodgers.

#### In Batting The Dodgers have a percentage of .251, Philadelphia .243. In fielding, the Dodgers have a percentage of .959, the Phillies .953.

#### Is a Battle Royal

In the American League there is also a battle royal for the pennant and the series between Detroit and Boston at Detroit will come pretty close to settling the race. The Red Sox and Tigers play three games, August 24, 25, and 26. Then Boston jumps to Cleveland for three games and Detroit remains at home for three games with New York. So far this season, Detroit has beaten Boston five times and Boston has beaten Detroit seven times. Detroit has won ten and lost five to New York while Boston has won nine and lost three to Cleveland.

#### Club for Club, Boston has the shade in as much they play twenty games at home and eighteen on the road to fifteen at home and twenty-three on the road for Detroit.

#### Wood and Gregg Count

Again, the fans who are backing the Tigers and also the Sox, must not overlook the wonderful comeback of Vean Gregg, a southpaw and Smokey Joe Wood. With the start of the race, these two men were considered dead timber in Beantown, in fact both were suspended owing to lack of condition. Suddenly they break into the limelight and up to July 25, Gregg had won three games and Wood ten out of thirteen. Just after these thirteen games was another three lost to Boston's games and figure what would have happened had these two players been on the suspended list.

#### Tigers Played Best

On the other hand it must be admitted that Detroit has played the best ball since August 7. Jennings' men have won eleven and lost one since then while the Sox have won ten and lost three. These figures are up to and including the games of August 20.

#### In Batting as a Team, Boston has a percentage of .268 and Detroit .260. In fielding, the Tigers have a percentage of .962 and the Reds .963. Look at the percentage column and see where the teams stand and then one will have to vote the Tigers and Red Sox teams as near alike as peas in a pod.

### HIGH PRICES ARE PAID FOR OLD BRITISH SHIPS

Since the output of mercantile tonnage for many years has been extremely limited there is now a keen demand for second-hand steamers, and exceptionally prices have lately been paid, according to London advices. The Sumatra, of 4600 tons gross, which was for many years in the P. and O. service, was sold eighteen months ago for £15,000, and ten days ago was withdrawn from auction at £27,000. She has since been sold privately for a higher price. The vessel was built in 1895. A steamer of 4700 tons deadweight, which was also built twenty years ago, has just been sold for a sum about 10 per cent less than her cost price. In ordinary times about twenty years would be considered the normal life of a steamer. Brokers report that there are now more buyers than sellers in the market, and they see no prospect of any fall in shipping values.

### REGATTA TO BE BEST YET HELD

#### Committee Arranging Card of All Star Events For Celebration Next Month

With the regatta committee putting forth every effort to make the twentieth annual event of the Hawaiian Rowing Association a bigger and better regatta than that of previous years, and the Healanis, Myrtles and Honolulu yachtsmen lending a hand, there seems no reason but what the big show will be exactly as the committee aims to make it.

A new feature will be added to the program this year, a sculling race between a member of the Healanis and a member of the Myrtle club. Unfortunately there are two stogie sculls in the Territory, else the Honolulu yachtsmen would have a representative in this race. The reason the Myrtle club will be represented in the scull race is due to the fact that the Healanis, who own both boats, tossed a coin for choice of using one of the boats and the Myrtles won from the Honolulu.

That such a race will prove highly interesting to the spectators is a certainty. It is a case of brain and brawn here and a man must be an expert in handling oars to handle a scull. He has no coxswain to guide the boat or to keep tab on his opponent. He must do all this work himself and once he gets on the course, the ground lost is almost impossible to make up again.

Just who will handle the boat for the Myrtles has not yet been decided on but several good men are working out nightly and there is no question as to the White and Red having a good representative in this event.

For the Healanis the choice lies between J. I. Whittle, C. Cunha, Eddie Nell, Walter Grace and C. O. Murray. For the other crew, the Healanis field is a large one and the following men are showing excellent form with the oars and the crew will probably be selected from the following men.

Senior crew, six-oared barge—F. W. Wichman, J. N. Phillips, E. Cunha, Ed Heleman, L. S. Cain, E. P. Brown, H. Heleman and A. H. Armitage. Junior crew, six-oared barge—H. W. Johnson, H. Tompke, J. P. Horan, J. Hollinger, P. F. Fredericks, Charles Franz, Allan Cunha, H. L. Derby, A. R. Lyman and W. Barnard.

Junior crew, pair-oared—H. L. Derby, Allan Cunha, C. A. Richard, J. P. Horan and E. Keef. Freshman, six-oared barge—F. B. Cosgrove, C. S. Franklin, L. M. Fishel, J. O. Gall, H. A. Guether, William Hallinan, R. Kanakani, E. Keef, M. Perry, G. E. Macfarlane, L. B. Reeves, F. Swan and R. Swan.

At the Myrtle Club, there is plenty of good timber and the fifty old men who are working out every evening are giving the coaches no little concern, for each man is doing well and the task of picking crews will be no easy one. Conditions are also bright at the Honolulu Yacht Club at the Peninsula, and coach William Lyle is confident of putting first class crews into the various events.

### SWIMMING NOTES

The much advertised Chester-Philadelphian seventeen-mile marathon swim, for women may not materialize this season. The promoters assert that the Middle Atlantic authorities delayed action long on the application for sanction that they were unable to make the necessary arrangements to hold the race in mid-August, as per schedule.

George Beechlebrede, of the St. Charles Athletic Club, St. Louis, the eighteen-year-old boy who recently sprang a surprise by winning the five mile marathon of the Western Rowing Club in the Mississippi river, now ranks among the favorite candidates for the national ten-mile title swim.

While the time he made hardly warrants the belief that he can defeat McDermott, Lambis, Heath and other likely entrants, critics contend that he could have gone much faster had he been pressed, instead of winning as he pleased, by some 200 yards. They think he will prove it in the classic event.

### M'LOUGHLIN LOSES IN MATCH WITH WILLIAMS

\*\*\*\*\* (Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) \*\*\*\*\* NEWPORT, Rhode Island, Aug. 23.—Maurice Evans McLaughlin, continued to show a reversal of form at tennis and in the Casino Cup matches here yesterday was defeated three sets to one by R. Norris Williams, who took the singles championship from McLaughlin last year. \*\*\*\*\* The national championship match at the singles will be held the last of this month and it is expected that McLaughlin and Williams will again contend for the title. \*\*\*\*\*

### ANGELS WIN DOUBLE HEADER FROM SEALS AND INCREASE LEAD

#### Standing of Teams

Team	W.	L.	Pct.
Los Angeles	80	61	.567
San Francisco	76	63	.547
Vernon	72	67	.518
Salt Lake	65	72	.474
Oakland	64	79	.447
Portland	59	73	.447

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—Before one of the biggest crowds of the season, Dillon's men scored a double victory over the Seals yesterday. The first affair was an easy count for the Angels but the second went eleven innings before a winner was declared. Scores, first game—Los Angeles 5, San Francisco 1; second game—Los Angeles 8, San Francisco 6.

At Portland, the Bees again won from the Heavers after a hard fought game. Scores—Salt Lake 3, Portland 2. At Los Angeles, the Oaks and Tigers played an eleven-inning tie in the first game with the Oaks winning the second. Scores, first game—Vernon 1, Oakland 1; second game—Oakland 3, Vernon 0.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LOS ANGELES, August 23.—Vernon continued their fast work on the diamond here yesterday and were easy winners in both games played with the Oaks. Scores—First game, Vernon 6, Oakland 2; second game, Vernon 5, Oakland 1.

At San Francisco, the Seals took a brace and after a hard up hill fight, managed to outscore the Angels. Score—San Francisco 3, Los Angeles 2. At Portland, the Bees came strong again and by well-placed hits scored another victory over McCreddie's men. Score—Salt Lake 4, Portland 4.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SAN FRANCISCO, August 21.—Los Angeles came back strong against the Seals here yesterday and were easy winners over Wolverton's men. Score—Los Angeles 6, San Francisco 2. At Los Angeles, the Tigers again clawed the Oaks, winning in quick time by exactly the same score as on the day previous. Score—Vernon 3, Oakland 0.

At Portland, the Bees turned the tables on the Heavers and scored the old run of a hard fought game. Score—Salt Lake 4, Portland 3.

### WEST POINT TO HAVE BUSY GRIDIRON YEAR

Beginning October 2, the West Point Military Academy football team will enter into the 1915 season and nine games have been scheduled as follows: October 2—Holy Cross College. October 9—Gettysburg. October 16—Colgate College. October 23—Georgetown University. October 30—Villanova College. November 6—University of Notre Dame. November 13—University of Maine. November 20—Springfield College. November 27—United States Naval Academy.

### EARL COOPER IS FIRST IN CHICAGO CUP RACE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) ELGIN, Illinois, August 21.—Earl Cooper finished first in the 100-mile automobile classic here yesterday for the Chicago Speedway trophy and a cash prize. Gil Anderson finished second and Barney Oldfield third.

### CHICAGO TRAP SHOOTER WINS GRAND AMERICAN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) GRANT'S PARK, Chicago, August 21.—L. B. Clarke of Chicago won the Grand American Handicap, the "World's series" event in trap shooting tournaments, here yesterday. Clarke was placed on the 17-yard mark and broke 96 clay pigeons out of 100 shot at.

### RED SOX INCREASE LEAD OVER TIGERS

#### Carrigan's Men Look All the Best For American League Bunting

Team	W.	L.	Pct.
National League	78	48	.547
Philadelphia	61	52	.540
Brooklyn	52	50	.510
Cincinnati	56	55	.505
Boston	57	57	.500
Pittsburgh	53	56	.486
Chicago	54	57	.486
St. Louis	49	55	.471
New York	49	57	.464

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) ST. LOUIS, August 23.—Boston wound up its series here yesterday afternoon with a double-header victory over the Browns and a lead of two full games over its nearest opponents, the Detroit Tigers. The Red Sox and Tigers are to meet at Detroit beginning tomorrow, and the outcome of these games will be closely watched by fans all over the country, for the pennant virtually hinges on the final results. Score—First game—Boston 6, St. Louis 1; second game—Boston 5, St. Louis 3.

Following were the results of other games: At Chicago—First game, Chicago 5, New York 2; second game, Chicago 5, New York 0. At Cleveland—Philadelphia 6, Cleveland 1. At Detroit—First game, Washington 8, Detroit 1; second game, Detroit 1, Washington 0.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) PHILADELPHIA, August 22.—Philadelphia jumped back into first place here yesterday by scoring a double victory over the Cubs while the Dodgers and Reds were splitting even at Brooklyn. Scores: First game—Philadelphia 7, Chicago 5. Second game—Philadelphia 3, Chicago 2.

Following were the results of other games: At New York—St. Louis 5, New York 4. At Brooklyn—First game—Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 1. Second game—Brooklyn 1, Cincinnati 0. At Boston—First game—Boston 3, Pittsburgh 1. Second game—Boston 2, Pittsburgh 0.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BROOKLYN, August 21.—Before the greatest crowd in the history of Ebbett's Field, the Dodgers repeated against the Cubs here yesterday winning the second game of the series by exactly the same score as the day previous. Score—Brooklyn 6, Chicago 5. Following were the scores of other games: At New York—New York 7, Cincinnati 0. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 4, Pittsburgh 3. At Boston—Boston 1, St. Louis 0.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) DETROIT, August 21.—Outplaying the Athletics at every angle of the game, Jennings' men won easily here yesterday. Score—Detroit 11, Philadelphia 1. Following were the results of other games: At Cleveland—Washington 8, Cleveland 0. At Chicago—Boston 4, Chicago 1.

### AMPHIBIOUS GUNS FOR WASPS

#### Armament of New American Destroyers Will Have Distinctive Features

A distinct departure in the armament of American destroyers has been approved by the navy department in the design of the next new destroyers authorized by this year's appropriation bill. This is in the introduction of anti-aircraft guns and a center line arrangement for the torpedo tubes. Each of the new destroyers will carry twelve torpedo tubes which will be arranged in four triple-tube batteries along the center line of the main deck instead of being located along the sides of the deck as in former classes of destroyers.

The new destroyers will each mount two one-pound anti-aircraft guns and will be equipped with such weapons. The advantage of the center line arrangement for the torpedo tubes is that should the tubes may be fired on either broadside. These vessels, therefore, may fire twelve torpedoes at a target simultaneously. Under previous arrangement American destroyers had a broadside fire from but six tubes.

In connection with the design of these new destroyers special effort has been made to utilize the information available as a result of the European war. The center line arrangement is not of foreign origin, however, but merely an application to destroyers of the great gun arrangement which for some years has distinguished American battleship construction where all the guns of large caliber may be fired on either broadside. For some months past opinion has been divided among experts in the United States over this proposed innovation in destroyer armament the principal objection being that it was claimed that a torpedo fired from the center line might not clear the deck. It has been established that this objection is not valid. The new destroyers to date are only known by numbers from 69 to 74 but as soon as the bids are made and accepted by the department the boats will be named after deceased officers of the navy whose distinguished services or heroic acts in service have entitled them to places on the navy's roll of honor.

The new craft will be three hundred and ten feet long, or the same length as six destroyers contracted for late in 1914 and now nearing completion. When the boats of the 1915 class are completed they will form a complete flotilla of twelve boats of approximately the same power, speed and cruising radius. The new boats will have a beam of thirty feet, seven inches and a mean draft of eight feet compared with twenty-nine feet ten inches beam and nine feet five inches draft in the preceding class. This increase of beam and decrease of draft are intended to guard against the tendency in most light vessels to pitch and roll and to make them more habitable in rough seas. The maximum sustained sea speed called for in the specifications will be for thirty knots.

### PORTUGUESE GATHER

#### Meiji's Pitchers Falter At Critical Period and Are Batted Freely

Three thousand Japanese fans and fanettes, plus a couple of hundred of other nationalities and the Royal Hawaiian band, gathered at Athletic Park yesterday afternoon to watch the double header in which the C. A. Cs and J. A. Cs and P. A. Cs and Meiji were the contenders. Altogether the fans and fanettes were given three hours and forty-nine minutes of baseball.

In the opener of the double header, the J. A. Cs won easily from the C. A. Cs by a score of 8 to 5. In the second game, the P. A. Cs won from the Meiji's by staging a batting rally in the first, fifth and sixth innings.

Following was the score of the second game: Meiji, ABRBHSBPOAE Nakazawa, c.....3 1 0 1 3 1 1 Obara, cf.....4 1 2 0 1 0 0 Ikeda, 3b.....5 1 2 1 1 1 0 Nakamura, rf.....4 0 0 1 1 0 0 Fujie, 2b.....5 3 2 0 0 3 0 Nakajima, if.....5 1 2 1 4 0 0 Ebuzuka, c.....5 1 1 0 0 0 1 Tsujita, lb.....5 0 1 0 7 0 0 Katada, p.....2 0 0 0 1 2 1 Ando, p.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals.....39 8 10 3 24 7 3  
Meiji..... ABRBHSBPOAE Costa, cf.....5 2 2 0 1 0 0 Y. Joseph, ss.....5 1 1 0 1 2 2 D. Simon, c.....5 2 4 0 8 1 1 M. Ornelas, rf.....2 2 0 1 1 1 1 J. Ornelas, 3b.....4 1 1 0 3 4 0 Nevea, 2b.....4 1 2 1 1 2 1 Mesterio, c.....3 0 1 0 2 4 0 Quintal, lb.....3 0 0 0 1 0 1

Totals.....36 9 13 2 27 15 7  
Hits and runs by innings: Meiji..... R.....0 2 0 2 0 2 10—8 B. H. 0 2 0 1 2 1 2 2 0—10 P.C.A.: Runs.....2 0 0 1 3 0 0—9 B. H. 3 0 1 1 3 0 0—13

Summary—Runs responsible for: Mesterio 4, Katada 6, Ando 3; six runs, ten hits, off Katada with 23 at bat, 2 out and 2 on bases when removed in fifth inning; home run, Fujie; two base hits, Nakajima, V. Joseph, D. Simon, John Ornelas; sacrifice hits, Nakamura, Nakazawa; sacrifice fly, Quintal; bases on balls, off Katada 2, off Ando 0, off Mesterio 3; struck out, by Katada 4, off Ando 1, Mesterio 7; passed balls, D. Simon, Umpires, Olmos, O. Fernandez and Muikama. Time of game, one hour forty five minutes.

### WAR DEVELOPMENTS AND BATTLESHIPS

#### Naval Designers Delay Plans and Specifications For New American Bulldogs

Completion of plans and specifications for the two battleships authorized at the last session of congress has been delayed by the naval designers in the hope that there would be developments from the European conflict that would be of value in determining many most questions relating to ships of war. Not much information of this kind has reached the navy department, and now the Secretary of the Navy has directed that the plans and specifications be pushed to completion and that bids for construction of the vessels be invited as soon as practicable.

The new designs will not show as many changes over battleships now under construction as might have been expected as a result of naval operations abroad. It had been thought that there would have been a naval action by this time between big ships of the allies and the Germans that would have disclosed something conclusive, but even that has not happened. The principal lesson derived from the European war in a naval way has to do with protection against submarine attacks, and the naval experts now are convinced that this must be met by internal construction, by an arrangement of subdivisions that will protect the vitals of a ship without diminishing its speed or reducing to any appreciable extent the weights that represent armor, armament and propelling machinery. This is the problem that is giving the experts the occasion of careful thought and accounts for the delays that have occurred and are destined to ensue in connection with battleship design.

In the meantime, of course, independent investigations are under way that aim to show in what direction and by what means it will be possible to resist torpedo attacks; but for the most part, it is apprehended that there must be reliance upon a firm of protection that is a part of the permanent installation of the vessel, rather than on some exterior means, such as, for example, torpedo nets.

One of the two 2500-horsepower Diesel oil engines being constructed at the navy yard, New York, for the fuelship Maumee, building at the navy yard, Mare Island, California, will be ready for shop test early this month. Although engines of this type are being used extensively in submarines and small surface ships, the engines for the Maumee are the largest to be installed on any of our naval vessels. If these engines prove satisfactory, larger ones will be constructed for the navy, and possibly the internal-combustion engine eventually will be adopted for battleships.

In the opinion of naval engineers, it will be necessary to make quite a number of changes and improvements in the Diesel engine to make it suitable for use as large vessels as battleships, but the Navy Department thinks enough of the experiments and developments that have already been made to give them a test in the Maumee.

### PINEAPPLE SHOW FEATURE AT FAIR

#### Concession of Hawaiian Packers' Association At Exposition Attracts Big Crowds

According to James D. Dole, president and manager of the Hawaiian Pineapple Company, who recently returned from the exposition, the exhibition of Hawaiian pineapples at the big fair has not alone proved a big money making concession, but it has also done much to advertise the fact that Hawaiian pineapples are the best in the world.

Prior to the opening of the exposition, the Hawaiian Pineapple Packers' Association appropriated \$10,000 to start an exhibition in the horticultural building to advertise Hawaiian pineapples. The entire amount has been paid back to the association and the exhibit at the exposition. This exhibit is well located and the decorations, the Hawaiian music and the tempting slices of pineapples and the pineapple juice continue to draw large crowds.

The association has had printed a large number of attractive postal cards, some showing the exhibit and others the ripening pines in the Hawaiian fields. These are given away broadcast, says Mr. Dole, and the person who visits the exhibit is always sure to come again, or several times. The exhibit is in charge of Lloyd Childs, who was connected with the Hawaiian building at the Seattle fair.

### MRS. JANE WIGHT

At the age of ninety years Mrs. Jane Wight, widow of the late Dr. James Wight, a resident of Halawa, Kohala, Hawaii, for the past sixty-five years, died at her Kohala home from an attack of paralysis on August 14, being buried the following day in the Greenbank Cemetery. She was born in Cape Colony, Africa, and came to Hawaii in 1840, the year after she married Doctor Wight. Mrs. Wight was the mother of fourteen children, eight of whom survive her, as follows: Mrs. H. P. Wood, Mrs. W. H. Patten, Mrs. I. H. McKenzie, Mrs. H. B. Bryant, Mrs. Arthur Mason, Mrs. George Buchholz, Miss Kate Wight and James Wight.

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### E. J. WALKER VICTIM OF PARALYTIC STROKE

E. J. Walker, the well known salesman of the Paia (Maui) Store, is in the Paia hospital suffering from a stroke of paralysis. He is reported to be slowly improving at the present time. Mr. Walker's affliction came upon him some time during Sunday night, August 15, being found helpless in his bed by members of his family on Monday morning. He was quickly removed to the hospital, and hopes are now entertained for his complete recovery in time.

### ALL-ARMY TEAM WILL LOSE MANY PLAYERS

Following the loss of Manager Ritcher, the All-Army team of the Oahu League is hard hit again, in that Catcher Sauer and Outfielders Johnson and Mangum are to leave for the Coast in the October transport. These men have completed their tour of foreign service and will be transferred as soon as space is available to take the long list of Oahu transfers to the mainland.

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