

Hawaiian Gazette

| LATEST CARLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------|
| | Cents | Dollars |
| 100 Centrifugals N. Y. | 16.45 | \$159.20 |
| Price, Hawaiian basis | 6.45 | \$159.20 |
| Last previous quotation | 6.21 | \$124.20 |

INMATEY ON VERDUN LINE QUIET AFTER HOT ATTACK

Germans Repulsed Again By French Defenders of Le Homme Mort; Heavy Guns Still Growing Menace To Gallies

RUSSIANS CLEAR TRENCHES OF THEIR HUNGARIAN FOES

Recapture Positions Taken Several Days Ago, Says Despatch From Petrograd; British Sunk By Mine In Mediterranean Sea

GERMAN SPY MUST RETURN TO LONDON

Supreme Court Orders I. T. T. Lincoln Back To Great Britain For Trial

BRITISH LINER SINKS

LONDON, May 1.—The steamer City of Lucknow has been sunk.

TRANSPORT IS TORPEDOED

BERLIN, May 1.—A German submarine has torpedoed a large transport near Salonika, according to an official statement.

REBELLION IN IRELAND SOON COLLAPSES WHEN LEADERS QUIT

Rebels Everywhere Are Surrendering and Government Transports Prisoners To England

PRESIDENT OF 'REPUBLIC' IS AMONG THOSE CAPTURED

Dublin Suffers Severely From Week of Fighting, Many Buildings Being Wrecked

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, May 2.—The Irish revolt is dead. Even the last embarras were flickering out as the night despatches were filed yesterday, and the faint, final signs of the storm that has raged over Dublin for a week, was reported to have dropped to infrequent shots, that no longer threatened the safety of the people of the city.

In the country districts the rebels are surrendering to the police and the troops, who refuse to accept any other terms than unconditional surrender.

Prisoners Started For England. In Dublin, according to the official statement issued last night, all the rebels have surrendered, and 459 prisoners are reported to have been started on their way to England.

Despatches from Dublin announced yesterday afternoon that 450 members of the Sinn Fein, following the example of their leaders, have surrendered to the government troops, having left their barricades carrying a white flag and ready to throw down their arms.

President Pearce and James Connolly were among the first to surrender. Both of them are wounded.

Dublin Suffers Severely. Dublin has suffered severely from the effects of the revolt. The neighborhood of Sackville street is cluttered with ruins of burned and shell-destroyed houses. The postoffice is a smouldering ruin and every window in the law courts has been shattered with bullets.

Much damage was done to the law library, as the legal volumes were taken by the rebels to form barricades against the bullets of the police and soldiers.

GERMAN SPY MUST RETURN TO LONDON

Supreme Court Orders I. T. T. Lincoln Back To Great Britain For Trial

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 1.—Ending one of the most extraordinary cases that has grown out of the war with Europe, involving belligerent subjects and the United States, the supreme court today held that Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, self-confessed German spy, must return to England for trial upon the charge of forgery.

Lincoln fled from London to New York shortly after the outbreak of the war. He is a Jew, born under the name of Trebitsch and an Austrian. He went to England many years ago, became a naturalized Briton and was elected to Parliament.

After seeing to New York he announced that he was a German spy while in England, and the hero of many intrigues.

Following this he was arrested in New York on two charges of forgery, being apprehended at the request of the British government, which stated that he had forged bills of exchange. He declared that he was the victim of a political conspiracy and that the forgery charges were only to get him back into the power of the British.

While in detention, he was allowed considerable liberty and escaped on January 15, but was rearrested by department of justice agents on February 19, and the supreme court shortly after took under consideration his appeal from the decision which held that he must return to England for trial on the forgery charge.

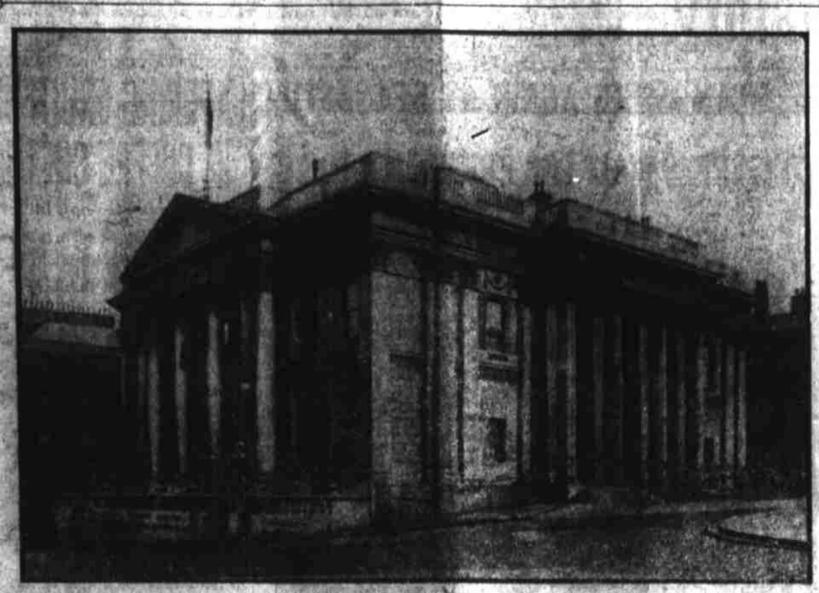
JAPANESE NAVAL CODE BOOK STOLEN BY SPIES

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shiping.) TOKYO, May 2.—A naval secret code book, belonging to the cruiser Tokiwa, is missing and is believed to have been stolen by a German spy. Naval authorities are investigating the affair.

RUSSIA SHIFTS DIPLOMATS

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiu.) TOKYO, May 1.—The Russian minister to China has been appointed ambassador to Japan. The former ambassador has been at the post in Tokyo for seven years, and will be given a promotion by the Czar for his diplomatic work in the Orient.

City Hall of Dublin, Around Which Sinn Fein Revolt Raged



PRESIDENT SCOUTS 'HYPHEN' BUGABOO

Tells Women's Training Camp All Americans Would Answer Country's Call

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—Scouting the importance of the "hyphen" in American citizenship, and asserting his belief that should the call to war come the people of the United States would again show to the world that the land still speaks with the voice of humanity, President Wilson addressed the members of the women's training camp yesterday.

"I have heard much about the hyphen in American citizenship," said Mr. Wilson in part.

"Dire threats and predictions are made of what would happen here in case of war with another nation. I for one, have never been deceived. I for one believe that the number of Americans whose allegiance is divided is very small, so small that it will not count should a test come."

"No, when America calls to her children, born in other countries, to come to the support of the flag they will come with a momentum that will make those doubters among us realize that America has again been cried awake from every dither, every evil dream, every distraction, and that any man who dares to tamper with the spirit of America will be cast out by the aroused nation. The people will have none of such a man, when they see through him."

Speaks For Humanity. "God forbid that the United States should be drawn into war, but if we should be America would arise, shake herself and say to any one who still doubts the spirit of the new world, that she still speaks with the voice of humanity. I tell you that I believe that out of all this crisis, and these doubts and fears, will come a certain spiritual regeneration."

TWENTY EARTHQUAKES VISIT CITY DURING FETE

Buildings Are Knocked Down and People Panic-Stricken

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, May 2.—Twenty earthquakes rocked this city yesterday, following one after another so fast that the shocks could hardly be counted.

The people were holding a great public festival when the first shock came, tumbling down houses in the residential part of the city, and immediately broke into the wildest panic, fleeing in all directions.

The panic increased as the successive shocks came, knocking down big buildings, including a church and several school houses.

WHEAT FOR BELGIANS IS SUNK IN WAR ZONE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, May 1.—The British steamer Hendon Hall, bound from Portland, Maine, with wheat for Belgian relief, has been sunk in the war zone, without casualties.

Roosevelt Says He Is Working As Good Citizen

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, May 2.—In a statement issued last night former President Roosevelt declared that he was not interested in the political fortunes of himself "or any other man."

"This is a great national crisis," he declared, "and I am working not for popular approval."

"I am not working as a politician, but as a patriotic citizen."

SENATE CONFEREES AGREE TO ARMY REORGANIZATION

Measure Will Develop Mobile Force of 200,000 Men

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1.—After days and nights of deadlocked discussion, the house and senate conferees on the army reorganization bill have virtually agreed upon a plan which will give the country an army of 180,000 in peace times.

With the plans for expansion provided in the Chamberlain bill as passed by the senate, the scheme which is now being agreed upon will produce 250,000 men when the organizations are filled to war strength.

The Chamberlain bill originally provided a peace strength within five years of 178,000 men of all arms, or approximately 165,000 fighting troops. The full war strength originally was to be 225,000. The army would consist of sixty-five infantry, twenty-five cavalry and twenty-one field artillery regiments, in addition to the staff and other special corps and the coast artillery.

NEW YORK HARBOR TUGS TIED UP BY STRIKERS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, May 1.—Owing to a big strike of engineers and firemen, hundreds of tugs are idle in New York harbor and adjacent waters today.

Between thirty and forty vessels are in the bay awaiting discharge. The principal railroads have reached an agreement with the employes and their towing craft are therefore operating but many others are not.

CHINESE PIRATES PLUNDER WRECK OF CHIYO MARU

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shiping.) TOKYO, May 2.—A score of Chinese pirate junka are reported to have plundered the fittings and rigging of the stranded Chiyo Maru yesterday.

NEW SUBMARINE LAUNCHED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BRIDGEPORT, Connecticut, May 1.—The submarine L-5, latest of the United States navy types, was launched today.

NOTED PREACHER DEAD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) GRAND RAPIDS, May 1.—Benjamin Fay Mills, the noted evangelist, died today.

CENSOR IN GERMANY LETS MESSAGE PASS

Future German-American Relations Probably Can Be Anticipated With Less Anxiety

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—Despatches from the Associated Press correspondent in Berlin last night announced that the German censor had permitted the sending out of the following message:

"Future German-American relations probably can be anticipated with less apprehension."

After that the censorship shut down, refusing to permit any further communications to be sent.

Prior to the sending of the above, however, information reached this city that Ambassador Gerard had had a conference with the Emperor and has left the general headquarters for Berlin, where it is expected that the Teutonic reply will be forwarded with but little delay.

Indeed, there were not lacking Berlin authorities for the report that Wilhelmstrasse is prepared to send the answer this morning, and in official circles here it was admitted that government officials would not be surprised if the answer were received some time today.

Ambassador Gerard spent the day at the German general headquarters in conference with the Kaiser, and for a time the reports in Berlin asserted that another day's conference would be necessary before any definite conclusion could be reached by the conferees.

EXPORT OF MUNITIONS HAS BECOME ENORMOUS

Shipments To Entente Allies Are About \$1,500,000 Weekly

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—Three hundred and forty million dollars is the total of Uncle Sam's bill against the warring countries of Europe for munitions purchased during the last twenty months from the United States.

These figures were made public last night by the bureau of foreign commerce, which has been preparing them for some time.

Furthermore, says the report, the bill is mounting fast. Shells and shrapnel are being made and shipped out of the country now at a daily rate of \$1,000,000 worth, while the daily bill for powder ranges in the neighborhood of the \$500,000 mark.

SUPREME COURT CONVICTS 'WOLF OF WALL STREET'

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 1.—The supreme court today handed down a decision affirming the conviction of David Lamar, the "Wolf of Wall Street," who was charged with impersonating congressmen. He was exposed during the "insidious lobby" probe three years ago as having impersonated Representative A. Mitchell Palmer in telephone talks with J. P. Morgan. Lamar declared that he was helping to influence legislation favorably for the big interests.

PRESIDENT WILSON INTENDS TO STAND GROUND IN MEXICO

This Is Announced After Conference Between Chief Executive and Secretary of War

DE FACTO GOVERNMENT WANTS TROOPS RETIRED

American Conferees At Border Are Instructed Not To Discuss Withdrawal

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—President Wilson intends to stand pat in Mexico. So much was gathered from officials following a conference between the President and Secretary of War Baker yesterday afternoon. American troops will remain in Mexico, occupying their present or other positions until an end has been put to all brigandage.

The Carranza representative here, Senator Arredondo, spent some time yesterday afternoon arguing the matter over with the secretary of war.

He urged the immediate withdrawal of General Pershing's command, but nothing in the shape of a demand was made upon the government.

The attitude of the administration was made clear when additional instructions were sent to Generals Scott and Funston, the American conferees, who, with General Obregon, the Mexican representative are trying to thrash out the differences between the de facto government and Washington.

Recall Must Not Forget. These instructions were to the effect that the conference decisions must not be based upon any immediate recall of General Pershing.

Following the conference between the secretary of war, the President and Secretary of State Lansing, it was announced that the situation in Mexico is "unsatisfactory."

Despatches from El Paso say that General Funston has announced that only one more conference will be held with General Obregon, and that probably will be today.

GOLD CRAZED MEN PERISH IN ARCTIC

Crew of Suffolk, Caught In Ice Floes, Die Ere Assistance Comes

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) HALIFAX, May 1.—En route to the Russian port of Archangel on the White Sea during the holidays, the British steamer Suffolk was caught in the ice of the White Sea, according to the news which has just come through, and twenty-four of the crew died of cold and hunger.

The captain committed suicide. Only three survivors remained alive when the vessel was boarded after the ice had broken up and her plight was noticed. Two of these are likely to die.

FRENCH PASSENGER STEAMER ATTACKED

La Patria Narrowly Escapes Destruction By Raiding Torpedo

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, May 2.—The French passenger steamer La Patria arrived here from Naples, yesterday, bringing with her the story of a submarine attack that came near to sending the vessel and all her passengers and crew to the bottom.

According to the story La Patria was attacked by a diver on April 5, when, on her last eastward bound trip, she neared Italy. The submarine fired a torpedo at the steamer, but missed by about ten feet, the projectile going under the big ship's stern.

The submarine was unable to keep pace with La Patria and dropped behind, being unable even to fire a second torpedo.

SEAPLANES ARE PROVIDED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—The naval committee of the house of representatives yesterday agreed to the section of the navy appropriation bill providing for \$2,000,000 for seaplanes and aerial equipment and the training of officers and men for manning them.

HOUSE BEATS SENATE BILL TO ABANDON PHILIPPINES

Administration Fight To Force Through Congress Measure Guaranteeing Independence of Islands In Four Years Has Lost

COMMITTEE IN LOWER CHAMBER TAKES STAND

Republicans Help Bourbon Conferees To Defeat Clarke Amendment, Which Was Favored By President, and Victory Is Clean

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 2.—The administration's fight for the senate Philippine bill, introduced by Senator Clarke of Arkansas, giving independence to the islands in four years' time, has been lost in the house of representatives.

Yesterday the house, after considerable discussion, struck out the entire senate bill save the enacting clause and substituted the Jones or house bill, which says in its preamble: "It is the intention of the United States to grant independence to the Philippine Islands ultimately."

No date for the granting of independence is fixed by the Jones measure, which passed the house by a vote of 251 to 17.

Committee Indicates Defeat. Earlier in the day the house, sitting as a committee of the whole, indicated its stand on the Philippine measure, when it voted, 193 to 151, to strike out the provision of the senate measure authorizing the President to grant independence to the islands in four years. At the time this was accepted as meaning the defeat of the section in the final vote.

After defeating the senate measure and substituting the house bill, the house voted, 203 to 154, to instruct the conferees not to agree to any provision setting a definite date for the independence of the islands. Congressmen Jones, Garrett and Towner were selected as conferees for the house.

President Favored Measure. The Democrats did as much as the Republicans to defeat the measure urged by the administration as the bill the President wished to become law. Thirty of them joined the Republican ranks in defeating the Clarke amendment. As the rollcall proceeded the Republican members began to be noisily jubilant, mockingly emitting the famous "rebel yell" and cat calls.

Resident Commissioner Manuel Quezon voiced his disappointment at the action of the house, and declared that he will not return to congress. Quezon has been making a hard fight for the passage of the Clarke amendment in the house, and has repeatedly declared that if the measure failed of passage he would resign.

SUBMARINE BUILDING IS HELD UP BY STRIKE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LOS ANGELES, May 2.—Three hundred workers employed in the California Shipbuilding Company's yards, went out on strike yesterday, tying up the work of five submarines, under construction there for the United States government. The strikers are demanding an eight-hour day and an increase in pay.

FRENCH GAIN TRENCHES AND PRISONERS IN VERDUN FIGHT

Press Back Armies of Crown Prince in Several Places North of Fortress, Recapturing Ground Lost To Teuton Drives

VOSGES AGAIN SCENE OF FIERCE STRUGGLE

Russians Compelled To Give Back South of Lake Narocz. Under Attacks of the Teutons. Losing Cannon and Guns

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, May 1.—Fighting has resumed on the Verdun line and according to the despatches from Paris reports additional success of a minor character. The French have captured a trench, for merly taken by the Germans, lying north of Le Mort Homme, and with the trench took fifty-three prisoners. Further to the north and west, in the position around the town of Cuhieres the French have done pretty much the same, says the official communique. The toll of prisoners in the Cuhieres sector however, was but thirty.

Undecided infantry attacks have been reported in the Vosges, near Lasigny, and heavy bombardments elsewhere in this district.

On the other fronts the battle is still stationary, save in the Lake Narocz region, where the Teutons claim to have driven back the Russians south of the lake, capturing four cannon, one machine gun and eighty-two soldiers. In the Austrian Tyrol the fighting is going forward steadily, but with little day to day change. Yesterday Vienna reported heavy Italian attacks and claims to have repulsed them successfully.

Britain's Heaviest Blow The fall of Kut-el-Amara is still attracting the attention of the British and continental press. Despatches from Amsterdam, report the Holland papers as declaring that this is the most serious blow Great Britain has suffered yet, and attributing the surrender of General Townshend and his 10,000 men to the mastery preparations made by Field Marshal von der Goltz, prior to his death.

The land where the men are being held is an Indian reservation and the sheriff announces that he has no jurisdiction and therefore is unable to release the white men.

The action of the Indians comes as a climax to a long series of clashes over fishing rights. It is planned to appeal to the federal authorities this morning for relief.

AUSTRIAN FISHERMEN CAPTURED BY INDIANS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BELLINGHAM, Washington, May 1.—Armed Lummi Indians have captured eight Austrian fishermen at Hale's Pass, and taken them to Lummi Island, where they are being held prisoners. The Indians also seized the nets and boats of the Austrians.

The land where the men are being held is an Indian reservation and the sheriff announces that he has no jurisdiction and therefore is unable to release the white men.

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WATER OF IMPOUNDING DAM FLOODS BIG TOWN

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.) TOKIO, May 1.—The big town of Yawata, in the Fukuoka prefecture, has been inundated by a flood that followed the breaking of the big impounding dam of the Yawata iron foundry, one of the largest foundries in Japan. Many residences and other buildings were washed away, and many lives were lost.

The damage done by the flood has not been estimated, but it will be large.

Volcano National Park Project Now Is Certainty

TEUTONIC PRISONERS TUNNEL TO LIBERTY

They Escape Alberta Detention Camp Through a Bore

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LETHBRIDGE, Alberta, May 1.—Six Teutonic prisoners have succeeded in escaping from the detention camp here, by driving a tunnel more than 100 feet long from their camp to the center of the municipal gardens. The tools they used in their work were stolen kitchen implements, and they sunk their tunnel four feet below the surface before starting the lateral. Lethbridge is in the center of a big gold mining district, and many of the prisoners held in the detention camp are German and Austrian miners. It is believed that the prisoners have made good their escape, as Lethbridge is but a few hours' ride from the Montana border, where the fugitives will be safe.

GERMANY MAY OFFER TO RAID AS CRUISERS TO RAID AS CRUISERS

This Would Mean Search of Ships Before Sinking

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 1.—Secretary of State Lansing announced last night that he had received no further information regarding the international situation from Berlin. Nothing has been received since the report of Ambassador Gerard's invitation to confer with the Kaiser.

Official reports, however, declare that Germany is preparing to agree to use her submarines against ships as prizes only.

Under the cruiser law this means that no ships would be sunk unless their cargoes contained more than fifty per cent of contraband, which means, in turn, that submarines would be forced to visit and search in the same way that cruisers are compelled to do before taking action against an enemy ship.

JAPAN ADOPTS GERMAN DIRIGIBLES FOR ARMY

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shippers.) TOKIO, May 1.—The war department has decided to build four Zeppelin type dirigibles during May.

In doing so, says the official announcement of the plan, the department is adopting the report of Japanese army officers who recently have returned from the European battle fields. These officers suggested the immediate construction of dirigibles, based on the model of Count Zeppelin's famous craft, which they declare have been doing most effective service against the Allies.

MAY DAY STATEMENT HAS LABOR RESTIVE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, May 1.—Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, in a May Day statement, is said yesterday, reviews the labor situation throughout the country, and declares that there is today greater industrial unrest than for several years past. He adds that he is thankful for this, it shows, in his opinion, the real sign of life and progress.

GERMANS IN MEXICO WILL MAKE EXODUS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BOGOTA, Columbia, May 1.—Emigration of Germans now in Mexico into this country and other South American countries has been arranged.

MAUI OFFICER SUSPENDED

Deputy Sheriff John Ferreira of Waikiki, has been suspended by County Sheriff Clem Crowell, pending a full investigation of serious charges against the deputy. Ferreira is accused of having returned \$10 or \$15 belonging to a Japanese prisoner, Enzo, recently released from jail, after serving some months for larceny. A plantation of beer from camp 1, William Keonu, is accused of being implicated in the affair. Ferreira denies the charge and says he will court an investigation.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure blind, bleeding, itching or protruding PILES in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

MEXICAN ISSUES AGAIN AT STANDSTILL CONFEREES WAIT FOR PRESIDENT TO ACT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) EL PASO, May 1.—Negotiations between Mexico and the United States are at a standstill, awaiting the decision of President Wilson and Secretary of War Baker in reply to the message sent yesterday by General Scott, chief of staff, and General Funston, outlining the situation and giving the position of both sides.

It is believed here that the President and the secretary will hold a conference with the other members of the cabinet this morning, and decide upon the future action of the American conferees here.

LAYERING FRUITFUL IN COFFEE CULTURE

Portuguese Gardeners Have Applied Similar Method in Hawaii Citrus Industry

Coffee can be rapidly propagated by layering, and it is possible to materially improve and standardize a plantation by selection of new plants from the best trees.

This information comes from Cochiti, China where two trench scientists, Professor Lau and Faurot, have been conducting experiments. A recent government bulletin from that part of the world gives the details of the experiments. By using this method of propagation at least two years can be saved in bringing new coffee plantations into bearing.

Either the lower branches are bent to the ground, pegged down and covered with dirt, or a ball of clay is fastened around one of the upper branches and kept moist. Roots quickly start. The rooted branch is then severed and is soon ready to transplant. This identical method has long been used by the Portuguese gardeners in Hawaii who propagate citrus trees in that way. So far as known no trials have ever been made with coffee.

Lau and Faurot have also made some advance in budding and grafting coffee and it would seem that a practical method can be worked out by which the average yield and quality of output from a coffee plantation can be steadily improved.

The seeds of a new species of coffee recently discovered in Sumatra are absolutely free of the alkaloid caffeine which gives the coffee of commerce its exhilarating effect. It is known as Mutsaka coffee and has been christened coffee amara, in botanical language.

LIVE STOCK TO BE FEATURE OF FAIR

Maui County Exhibitors Say Big Surprise Is In Store For All Competitors

The live stock exhibit at the Maui county fair is going to prove one of the biggest features and surprises of the show, according to reports from the Valley. The beef cattle class, already attracting much attention on the island, and it is said that all of the ranches are going to compete, and that some fine specimens will be on exhibition.

Paul Isenberg, of Honolulu has also indicated his intention of sending some of his high grade bulls over for competition, and it is possible that other island breeders will also be represented. In the dairy cattle line it is also probable that a good showing will be made. James Lindsay, of Haiku, Dr. J. C. Fitzgerald, and Harold Rice, all have some superior animals of this type to show.

Hogs will also be a feature. D. T. Fleming, of the Honolulu ranch, has a fine Berkshire boar of two, while Dr. W. D. Baldwin and Harold Rice, are enthusiastic over their Hampshire. Sam Baldwin also has some fine Duroc Jerseys which may be shown.

Horses will doubtless form an interesting class. L. von Teape, who has some fine colts, and half a dozen other ranches, which have been specializing in horse breeding will probably have entries worth looking at.

The recently organized Maui poultry association is also planning to show what Maui can do in the way of fine fowls.

STOREKEEPER IN KAUAI SEEKS DEATH WITH GUN

Manuel Jardine of Kalaheo Shoots Himself At Home

(Mail Special To The Advertiser.) KALAHEO, Kauai, April 29.—Manuel Jardine, the postmaster and storekeeper of the Homesteads store, shot himself today at half-past two o'clock and is not expected to recover. He has been drinking heavily for the past three weeks and threatened to kill himself and his wife for several days. Yesterday morning he drank a pint of bay rum intentionally and about two-thirty o'clock he went into his yard carrying a two-barreled gun. He shot off one chamber to be sure the gun was loaded and then shot directly at his heart with the other. The bullet passed through the lung and internal and external bleeding followed. He was not taken to the hospital directly, but on Saturday morning he was removed to the Kalaheo Hospital after having slept as much as could be expected during the night. He is at present in a most serious condition and his chances for recovery are very slim.

Friday afternoon he made a signed statement to Deputy Sheriff Henry Blake that he had purposely shot himself with the full intent to kill. He is thirty-two years of age and has a wife and three children.

The store over which Jardine has charge is under the direction of the Hoopaga Store in Waimea and is in a good condition financially.

MAUI COURT APPROVES SALE OF BIG RANCH

Judge Eilings last week approved the sale at auction, of the Makawao ranch lands belonging to the John Ferreira estate, to Harold W. Rice. Mr. Rice paid \$41,000 for the property, which amounts to about 1000 acres, the upset price having been set at \$40,000. There were no other bidders for the land, although reports that a small lot of Portuguese residents of the district was being formed to buy the property had been circulated before the sale. It is understood that the new owner will develop the property by the introduction of high grade live stock.

ALWAYS RECOMMEND IT.

In almost every community there is some one whose life has been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Such persons seldom miss an opportunity to recommend it, and these recommendations and its never failing qualities account for its great popularity. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

LEADERS OF REBELLION SURRENDER AND ADVISE FOLLOWERS TO GIVE UP

Backbone of Outbreak Is Broken and Now Government Troops Are Rounding Up Isolated Bands of Revolutionists—Dublin Badly Wrecked and Many Persons Hungry

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, May 1.—The back of the Irish rebellion is broken. Seven hundred and seven prisoners have been taken by the troops and the police, and the leaders have issued a proclamation calling upon their followers to surrender to save further bloodshed. Seven British army officers have been killed and twenty-six wounded in the street fighting in Dublin, and the loss among the troops was proportionately heavy. The casualties in the ranks of the rebels is unknown, and no estimate of it can be made, but some reports put it at several hundred.

Such in brief is the news which reached this city from Ireland last night. Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the home troops, issued a statement in which he announced that the "situation in Dublin has much improved in the last twenty-four hours, although the rebels are still resisting in the vicinity of Sackville street."

Continuing the statement says that a cordon of troops has been thrown around the rebels, and that house-to-house fighting is progressing "making progress slow. Everything however, points to the fact the rebellion is on the verge of complete collapse."

The commander-in-chief winds up his statement with the assertion that "everything outside of Dublin is reported to be normal, and conditions most satisfactory." In Belfast and Ulster, the centers of the anti-nationalist strength, the situation is normal, business is proceeding as usual, and no outbreaks of any sort have occurred, although there have been minor individual fights between partisans.

Isolated Bands Yet To Deal With A few rebels have gathered between Athenry and Craunhwell, and another band has entrenched itself at Enniscorthy, but the authorities anticipate little difficulty in dealing with these isolated bands, now that the main body of the revolt has been crushed.

Following Sir John's statement the press bureau issued an official review of the situation as shown in the last despatches from the Dublin officers, as well as officials throughout Ireland. That statement says:

"The backbone of the Irish rebellion is broken. Rebels are everywhere surrendering freely to officials, and 707 prisoners have been taken by the troops and police in Dublin and elsewhere. Among them is the Countess Markievicz, one of the most prominent plotters and agitators. Leaders Advise Immediate Surrender

"Following the capture or surrender of several of the leaders of the revolt, messengers were sent out by them, with the permission of the authorities, to rebel commands in Clare, Galway, Wexford and Louth, asking immediate surrender in order to avoid further bloodshed."

All of the leaders surrendered unconditionally, and acted upon their own initiative in sending out the call for surrender. Despatches from Kingstown report the gist of the proclamation to the rebels outside of Dublin. It declares that "the President of the Irish Republic has issued a proclamation in order to avoid further slaughter, instructing all loyal Irishmen to disarm at once in the hope of saving the lives of his followers, who are surrounded and outnumbered. Rebels Are Warned To Give Up

"The members of the provisional government have agreed to unconditional surrender, and the commanders of all units of the republican forces are here, therefore, instructed to order those under their command to lay down their arms."

The Kingstown despatches add that it is feared there is going to be much difficulty in restoring peace in Dublin. A number of small bands of rebels have taken refuge in houses and continue to snipe at the troops in the streets. These bands evidently have not as yet received the orders of their leaders, or else they doubt the authenticity of them, and intend to continue fighting to the end.

No pedestrians are allowed in the streets of Dublin, owing to the danger from stray shots and the falling of houses damaged by the shell fire of the last few days. The Irish capital looks like a city in the war zone. The damage done by the conflagration that followed the first fighting and the arrival of the artillery, is reported to be in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000. This is exclusive of the injuries to the postoffice which was the rebel headquarters for days after the revolt broke out, and which was first battered by cannon and later set on fire.

Food Situation Is Reported Serious The food situation in the city, too, is serious. Thousands of the inhabitants are reported on the verge of starvation, and the government is rushing supplies as fast as possible to take care of the hungry persons. Already thirty-four free food depots have been opened, where food is distributed to all who ask for it, and others are to be established as soon as the authorities can make the necessary arrangements.

UNARMED BRITISH SHIP SUNK BY A SUBMARINE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, May 1.—The British steamer Teal has been submerged by a Teutonic diver in the war zone. The ship was unarmed when the attack came. Her crew was rescued.

CHINESE IN JAPAN AID REVOLUTIONISTS

(Special Cable to Hawaii Hoch.) YOKOHAMA, May 1.—Chinese belonging to the revolutionary party have begun the work of raising a large war fund. A great entertainment will be held May 3, in the Chinese hall here, and the receipts will be turned over to the South China revolutionists.

COMPULSORY MILITARY SERVICE IS OPPOSED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) GLASGOW, May 1.—The Scottish Trades Union Congress assembled here last week, voted, sixty-six to forty-six, against the idea of compulsory military service.

GOVERNMENT RAILROAD STRIKE DECLARED OFF

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) SEWARD, Alaska, May 1.—The strike on the government railroad has been settled, according to a formal announcement given out yesterday.

THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK G. MATHESON, EDITOR

TUESDAY MORNING MAY 2, 1916.

THE ADVERTISER'S SEMI-WEEKLY

BREVITIES

(From Saturday Advertiser) Charles H. Rose, city sheriff, was appointed by Judge Whitney yesterday as guardian of John M. Keola and Solomon Uwila, minors, under \$500 bond.

No bond being required, H. M. von Holt was appointed by Judge Whitney yesterday as trustee of the estate of Melissa Notley, deceased, whose property is valued at \$21,255.

William Charles Irwin, postmaster at Waiola, this island, was naturalized in the federal court yesterday as an American citizen. His witnesses were William C. Peterson and H. F. Voskuhl.

The petitions of Jack Rover, Heinrich Weck, Albert Abraham Maishock and Edward William Bull for naturalization as American citizens will be heard in the federal court at ten o'clock this morning.

The federal grand jurors have been excused until further notice and will probably not be required again until after the arrival of the new district attorney from the mainland, who is expected here about May 15.

Claiming that he was seriously injured in an auto accident, Takezo Fujimoto yesterday filed a damage suit in the circuit court against E. H. Lewis, doing business as the Lewis Stables & Garage. The amount wanted is \$180.

P. F. Sullivan of Monterey, California, has written to the chamber of commerce that he has \$2000 to invest if he can find a partner here in an established business who wants to sell a half interest. Raymond C. Brown, secretary of the chamber will give all information necessary to any person desirous of going into the matter.

(From Sunday Advertiser) In the equity case of L. Tenney Peck against Charlotte D. I. Steere, the defendant yesterday filed in the circuit court a demand for trial of the suit before a jury.

Prof. J. F. Illingworth, of the College of Hawaii, will address the members of the Outdoor Circle on the evening of May 9 on "Preservation of Our Street Trees." The address will be delivered in the auditorium of the Mission Memorial Building.

A federal warrant was issued yesterday out of the district attorney's office for the arrest of Mrs. Katie Wise and William Baker, both colored. A statutory offense is charged against the pair. Mrs. Wise was recently granted a divorce from her husband, "Hen" Wise of the "Kerosene" vaudeville circuit.

The reply brief of the libellant in the divorce case of Mrs. Mary Pak On Leong against Pak On Leong was filed in the federal court yesterday. The briefs in the case already consist of more than 300 pages containing about 100,000 words. Judge Whitney feels he should retire into seclusion in order to wade through the briefs. A decision may be expected by the middle of the year.

(From Tuesday Advertiser) The Coral Gardens at Kaneohe reopened yesterday under the management of Mrs. W. B. Kietow.

Their Easter vacation having closed, the Catholic schools in Honolulu, Hilo and Wailuku, reopened yesterday for the last lap of the school year, which will end in June.

The order to show cause in the divorce case of Charles Arter against Mrs. Estelle E. Arter, was dismissed in the circuit court yesterday. The divorce suit was discontinued some time ago.

Application for a passport to travel in China and Japan was filed in the office of the clerk of the federal court yesterday by Wong Chee of Hilo, who expects to leave in the China on May 25 for the Orient.

Under bond of \$900 the Trent Trust Company was appointed by Judge Whitney yesterday as administrator of the estate of Mrs. Emelia Theodor Christensen, deceased, whose property is valued at \$28,575.

Roberto Oliveira filed yesterday in the office of the clerk of the federal court his declaration of intention to become an American citizen. Oliveira, who is a laborer residing in the Pauoa road, was born in Funchal, Madeira, on September 3, 1858.

The divorce papers in the case of Mrs. Maria Ah Wai against Ah Wai, in district court, were returned from service yesterday. The couple were married in Hilo on August 7, 1915. Cruelty is charged as the cause for the expected divorce.

Sheriff Charles H. Rose and Joseph Ordeanetto, delegates from Court Lualaba 6000, Ancient Order of Foresters, will leave in the Matsonia tomorrow for San Francisco. They will attend the biennial convention of the Foresters, which will be held next week in Oakland.

Two divorce suits were filed yesterday in the circuit court, the first for May, as follows: Mrs. Mary Rosario against John Rosario, and Yai Katsuo against Tokunjo Katsuo, both for non-support. Since the first of the year ninety-three actions for divorce have been instituted in Honolulu.

The latter a bandman and Walter Baker, of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, who were arrested by Marshal Snidely on a statutory offense charge, have been released on their own recognizance and will be given a preliminary hearing before Commissioner Curry at ten o'clock tomorrow morning.

The trial of Leloha Kukilani and Maggie Pereira, charged with a statutory offense, began yesterday before a jury in the federal court, will be resumed at half past eight o'clock this morning, as soon as Judge Clemens hands down a decision on the question of whether or not Maggie's husband can testify against her.

The divorce papers in the case of Archibald Hickman against Mrs. Irene Hickman were served on the latter in San Francisco on April 18 by Deputy Sheriff Louis Strohl. The suit was filed here on April 10 and the papers were returned yesterday as served. The Hickmans were married in Honolulu on October 21, 1908 by the Rev. Mr. Fleming pastor at the time of the German Lutheran Church. The couple have a daughter, five years old. Hickman charges that his wife deserted him.

PERSONALS

(From Saturday Advertiser) Arnold B. M. Richardson, clerk of the bureau of vital statistics of the board of health, was compelled to remain at his home yesterday, owing to a severe cold which he developed suddenly.

Judge Archie S. Mahaulu of Waihua was a visitor in Honolulu yesterday. His friends are said to be preparing quite an agreeable surprise for him, which will probably be sprung in a few days. Charles T. Wilder is alleged to be at the head of the committee of arrangements.

Among the through passengers on the S. S. Niagara in the city yesterday was Miss Doris Barnett, regarded by the critics as Australia's leading pianist. She is more or less of a war refugee, having been forced to leave Vienna at the outbreak of the war, after having spent two years there perfecting her technique. She is on her way to the mainland on a concert tour.

(From Sunday Advertiser) Mr. and Mrs. Willard Brown and Winifred Brown leave in the Matsonia Wednesday for New York. They have planned a two months' trip through the New England States.

Major Sorely, who has been confined to his quarters at Casner for several weeks on account of a broken ankle, is now able to walk without the aid of crutches and will soon be in the saddle again.

Lieutenant Charles Everitt, First Infantry, has received his orders to go to the States. He is assigned to the Twenty-sixth Infantry, at the border. He and Mrs. Everitt will sail in the June transport.

Samuel W. Tay, sanitary engineer of the board of health, who spent a week in Hilo making a survey for the sewer system in the Waiolama district, which is now being filled in, returned in the Mauna Kea yesterday to Honolulu.

Judge Clement K. Quinn, who has succeeded Judge Parsons of Hilo on the bench of the first circuit court, left for Hilo in the Mauna Kea yesterday afternoon. He will open court at ten o'clock tomorrow morning. His grand jury has been excused to week tomorrow and the trial jury to a week after that. Judge Parsons, who will become a law partner of Robert W. Brockton, will arrive Tuesday in the Mauna Kea from Hilo.

(From Tuesday Advertiser) W. H. C. Campbell, former manager of the Hawaii Mill Company, is in the city.

J. H. Lorenzen, the new deputy revenue collector under Collector Haley, assumed the duties of his office yesterday.

George S. Raymond, inspector general of territorial schools, returned last Sunday from an inspection of schools in Maui.

James C. Crane will return in the Mauna Kea today to his home in Pukou, Molokai, where he is in charge of a large fishing establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Wadsworth of Kahului, Maui, are expected in the Mauna Kea this morning. Mrs. Wadsworth has been visiting relatives in Hilo.

Superintendent H. W. Kinney of the board of education will return this morning in the Mauna Kea from Hilo, following a week's visit in the Big Island.

Frank A. Alexander, manager of the McBryde Sugar Company, who has been visiting the city on business, returned last night to his home at Waihala, Kaula.

E. C. S. Crabbe, deputy internal revenue collector at Hilo, was in Honolulu yesterday as a witness in an opium case. He will return to his work in the Big Island Wednesday.

Joseph P. Dias, official Portuguese interpreter, and Manuel E. Medeiros of H. F. Wirthman & Co., have booked off leave on July 12 on an extended tour of the United States. Mrs. Dias will accompany her husband.

J. M. Goaves of Hilo, who has been visiting in the Island of St. Michael, Azores, the past few months, will arrive in the Lurline today from San Francisco accompanied by his mother, who has been away from the Islands a number of years.

Mrs. Frank G. Tavares and her mother, Mrs. Joseph Ah Wai, Jr., of 1414 Young street, will leave in the Matsonia tomorrow morning for a two months' stay in San Francisco and other California cities. Mrs. Tavares is a delegate to the annual convention of the Companions of the Forest A. O. P., which will be held in Oakland, representing Oahu's Circle No. 240 of Honolulu.

Manuel de Canto Jr., train despatcher of the Hawaii Railway Company, Hilo, arrived in the Matsonia on Sunday from the Big Island, on his way to Oakland, California, where he will represent Court Mount Kea No. 8554. A. O. P. is a delegate in the forthcoming biennial convention of the Foresters. Bertrand F. Scheon, also a delegate from the same court, will arrive in the Mauna Kea this morning from Hilo. Court and Scheon leave for San Francisco in the Matsonia tomorrow morning.

(From Saturday Advertiser) Carl Widemann, chief clerk in the road department, has resigned. He will leave for the Coast on May 9 to accept a position in Alaska with a gold dredging company. H. U. Kennedy, who legally is not entitled to hold the position as stationer in the road office, is still at work there.

(From Saturday Advertiser) An attractive Shakespearean program was given by the faculty of the Kauai High and Grammar School in Lihue last Monday for the benefit of the students. Miss Waterhouse sang most charmingly several of the songs from "The Tempest." Miss Katherine McIntyre read the story of Shakespeare's life and Miss O'Malley told the story of "The Tempest" and read selections from that play. On Thursday, Mr. W. H. Rice, Sr. told some interesting Hawaiian legends much to the delight of the children.

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A Deplorable Deadlock

SHOULD Messrs. Hay and Dent, the two Democratic members of congress who are the house representatives on the military affairs conference committee, succeed in defeating the volunteer army section of the Chamberlain Bill, as the advices of Saturday indicate may be the case, the conference being deadlocked, the cause of national defense will have been dealt a body blow. Five of the seven members of the joint committee are known to favor the measure. Senator Chamberlain, the chairman of the senate committee, regards it as the most important section of the bill presented by his committee; Senators Warren and Du Pont, the Republican senatorial conferees, have fought for the volunteer scheme through four weeks of debate; Senator Brunsard, the second Democratic conferee from the upper house is the president of the Preparedness League of America and a stout champion of universal military training.

The remaining representative from the house is Mr. Kahn of California who advocates not only the volunteer army proposal but increased facilities for business men and student camps.

The volunteer plans proposed in the Chamberlain Bill have the endorsement of the War College and are identical with the terms of the Volunteer Bill proposed by Mr. Hay two years ago and now on the Statute Book, except that where the law now reads that the President is authorized to raise volunteer troops "in time of war or when war is threatened," Senator Chamberlain has interpolated the phrase "at any time." Mr. Hay, then, is fighting his own law and, in taking this position, he represents neither the people of the country, who are clamoring for adequate defenses, nor the National Guard, whose champion he sets himself up to be.

The National Guard and the National Guard Association must not be confused. One is a body of hard working, patriotic and efficient citizen soldiers, the other is an association composed of the adjutant generals of the several States, politically appointed in most cases, and one representative for each five hundred members of the National Guard. It is the Association, an organization which is supposed to control many thousand of votes that Mr. Hay is attempting to please.

Senators of many years service have recently declared on the floor of the senate that the present lobby maintained in Washington by the National Guard Association is the most vicious political organization that has mixed its fingers in public matters in the past decade.

The impression has gone abroad throughout the country that because the National Guard lobby declared war on the volunteer section of the Chamberlain Bill and almost succeeded in knocking it out on the floor of the senate, nothing, or very little, is done in the senate measure for the National Guard. As a matter of fact, the Chamberlain draft contains word for word, in section after section, many provisions that appear in the Hay Bill as it came from the house. The senate bill did full justice to the National Guard, and took scrupulous care that its interests were not neglected, and that the federal government shall not only be able to muster it into active service but to control it as though it were a federal force.

The National Guard lobby is fighting the volunteer section of the senate bill, not because the guard has been neglected in the proposed legislation but purely and simply because the guard does not want a competitor in any volunteer army organized "at any time"—that is to say, in peace as well as in war by the President. After the regular army, the guard wants the ear of congress exclusively. The volunteer army, if provided for in law, will be a federal body beyond cavil; no constitutional objection can possibly be urged against it; it is possible, and perhaps more than likely, that the legislation for "federalizing" the guard may fall down when the Supreme Court considered the law. So the volunteer section of the bill is anathema to the lobby. The measure as fought tooth and nail in the senate, even so desperate an expedient as dragging in the Negro question to win southern votes being resorted to.

Why should not the country, with the shadow of possible war upon it, have both the National Guard and the volunteer army in its line of defense? And why, if the federalizing of the National Guard be found unconstitutional, later on, should the desire of the nation for a federal force in addition to the regular army be frustrated?

"How oft the sight of means to do ill deeds makes ill deeds done." The people of Great Britain now have an opportunity to form a just appreciation of the wisdom of Sir Edward Carson's policy of arming political partisans—especially in Ireland. The outbreak at present going on in that country may or may not be as serious as the cabled reports would appear to indicate, but it is probably serious enough to afford the German intriguer an opportunity to celebrate the only triumph of their propaganda. The Orangemen also may possibly derive some satisfaction from what may prove to be the deathknell of the Home Rule Cause; but all the friends of Ireland—and there are many in every land—who sympathize with her people and their hapless story, will read the reports of disturbances in Ireland with a feeling of sadness, tempered by the hope that all may yet be well and that the heroic sacrifices made by Ireland's sons in Flanders, in France, at Gallipoli and in the Balkans, will not have been made in vain.

The Logical Solution

THE position of our army in Mexico is now one of serious possibilities, says the San Francisco Argonaut. Some 5000 or 6000 American soldiers have marched to a point 400 miles below the boundary. Villa, well in advance of pursuit, is now beyond the range of capture by military methods—as indeed he has been all along. But what of our army? It is in a country barren of supplies, surrounded by sullen hostility. To press forward further would be folly. To turn back will be a humiliation. We set forth with loud boasts. We were going to "get Villa," no matter what the cost might be in time or in money. We have not got Villa; we are not in the way of getting him.

But this is not all or the worst of the situation. Between our little army and its base at Columbus, New Mexico, there are 400 miles of difficult and unfriendly country; and in this region there is assembled—mobilized we believe is the military phrase—something like 25,000 Mexicans under arms—four or five times the numerical strength of our own little army. Nominally these forces are attached to Carranza, and therefore must be regarded as friendly. But as a matter of fact every greaser of them is a hater of everything American and in his heart resentful of the movement of our forces upon Mexican soil. It doesn't call for any miracle of judgement to see that in a situation so tightly drawn there is grave hazard to our army. Carranza will not willingly turn against us. But his hold upon his men is a slight one. They are quite as likely to command him as he to command them. There is danger that some trivial incident may touch off a highly combustible situation; and that might easily mean re-nactment on a larger scale of the cruel story of the Alamo. To put it plainly, our little force in Mexico is in very grave peril. Washington may not and probably does not know it; Washington has not from the beginning seemed to know anything of the real state of affairs Mexican.

It is idle now to say over again what was said in these columns a month ago, namely, that sending an army after Villa—an errand better suited to a sheriff's posse—was a foolish and futile enterprise. We need now consider only the immediate condition. It is one in which the first thought should be for the safety of our men. But we have another thought coming—a thought for the honor of our country and in consideration of its responsibilities and duties. Our government ought to take the bull by the horns. We should seize the Mexican railways and send to General Pershing adequate supplies and adequate reinforcements. Even if we have to strip every military post in the country we ought without a day's delay to put into Mexico a force strong enough, and properly equipped to stay there, to achieve the only purpose for which we had any right to go there. Nothing should stand between us and the protection of the men who have followed our flag into Mexico, even though it has been upon a futile errand. We are in Mexico now and for a cause which our own people and the world will respect. To return would be shameful. There is nothing to do but to go forward. The sooner we start for the City of Mexico, and the more energy we put into the movement, the better it will be for every interest concerned.

Surely it must now be apparent even to minds little susceptible to unpleasant truth that we must, as related to Mexico, choose between a policy of cowardice and a policy of courage. We must either go at Mexico hammer-and-tongue, suppress or drive out factional disturbers, enforce peace in the country and establish orderly means of sustaining it, or we must wash our hands of the whole business—leaving Mexico to welter in anarchy until such time as peace in Europe may put England or Germany or France in a position to take over the job of pacification. If there were practical understanding and red-blooded courage at Washington, there would be no question about it. What President Wilson will do we may not even guess. His failure to comprehend the situation in its practical aspects, his congenital inability to assume a definite position and hold to it—in brief, his propensity to change his mind, to change his policy, to go forward a step then backward two steps, leaves us little room for hope that he will do better than he has already done. Sadly we fear that this "expeditionary movement," entered upon with reckless boldness, will turn out just another of the long series of bluffs and blunders which have destroyed American prestige in Mexico, cheapened our repute and our self-respect, and placed us in a position where men of knowledge and courage stand abashed and ashamed.

Whether on account of Hawaii's bad example or from some other cause, it has been decided in Arizona that army officers must pay the same tax on their privately-owned automobiles as anyone else in the State. Army officers, says the Arizona attorney general, Wiley Jones, are to be treated the same as "regular folks" in respect to their autos, whether the same be kept on a military reservation or not. The question was referred to the attorney general by the tax assessor of Cochise County, on the refusal of Capt. Charles J. Nelson, Quartermaster Corps, stationed at Fort Huachuca, to pay the tax.

HAWAIIAN COMPANY BUYS OATMAN MINE

All Available Shares of Tipperary Property Purchased For Honolulu Sugar Growers

Some of the profits taken from sugar earnings in the Hawaiian Islands are being applied in the development of Oatman mining properties, according to advices received by Fred W. Duffer of San Francisco. Duffer and Co. of Honolulu have closed an option for the purchase of all available shares of the Tipperary Company in Oatman for the account of some prominent growers of Honolulu. The management expects to have complete equipment on the ground within two weeks and all necessary grading has been completed. Says the San Francisco Journal of Commerce of April 21.

Important development in the southwest portion of the Oatman district will follow the arrival of C. E. James, the well known English mining engineer, and N. E. Guyot, coast manager for the Wright Exploration Company, who started for the camp after ordering complete equipment for exploitation of the holdings recently acquired by the chewing gum magnate. The ground is located near the Esperanza and will be handled in part through tunnel workings.

Following the strike of high grade ore in the lower workings of the Gold Ore Company at Oatman, officials are advised today are to the effect that the company shipment of twenty-seven tons, made last Saturday, assayed \$24.08. Another shipment of equal or better grade ore was made on Sunday, returns not yet being available. On the basis of present extraction and shipment, according to the estimate by vice president and general manager, A. C. Warden, net earnings should amount to about \$15,000 per month, with considerable territory to be opened up in the immediate future.

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Important development in the southwest portion of the Oatman district will follow the arrival of C. E. James, the well known English mining engineer, and N. E. Guyot, coast manager for the Wright Exploration Company, who started for the camp after ordering complete equipment for exploitation of the holdings recently acquired by the chewing gum magnate. The ground is located near the Esperanza and will be handled in part through tunnel workings.

Following the strike of high grade ore in the lower workings of the Gold Ore Company at Oatman, officials are advised today are to the effect that the company shipment of twenty-seven tons, made last Saturday, assayed \$24.08. Another shipment of equal or better grade ore was made on Sunday, returns not yet being available. On the basis of present extraction and shipment, according to the estimate by vice president and general manager, A. C. Warden, net earnings should amount to about \$15,000 per month, with considerable territory to be opened up in the immediate future.

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OLD MAN BROKE OLD WOMAN'S ARM

Aged Couple Battle Over a Mango —Man To Hospital First and Now To Jail

Charged with unmercifully beating up Josephine Camara, aged sixty-five years, Manuel Cabral, who is also near the sixties, appeared, in police court yesterday morning, and was found guilty of the charge. He was sentenced to six months imprisonment by Judge Monsarrat. Senator Coke assisted in the prosecution, and is also pressing a damage suit against Cabral.

According to the testimony offered the court, Manuel came into Josephine's yard, on Kalili road, and attempted to swipe a mango. He was caught in the act by Josephine, who proceeded to push him from her premises. Old Manuel threw her to the ground and in the fall she received a broken arm.

Undaunted however, the old lady then seized Manuel and knocked his head against a rock which lay nearby, upon which, Manuel received such a deep gash over the left eye, that later he became unconscious and was taken to the Emergency Hospital. When he had regained consciousness at the hospital Josephine was there, and it was all that attendants could do to keep the aged warriors from each other.

Ah Oh, an old Chinese, who is addicted to the "hop" habit, and who, on account of this fact and his age, had received at different times the leniency of the court, was again before the court, this time being fined fifteen dollars and costs by Judge Monsarrat. Ah Oh objected to the high fine saying, "plenty high cost smoke."

Seven Filipinos, charged with gambling, pleaded guilty and were fined five dollars and costs each.

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WITHDRAW TROOPS AS PRELIMINARY TO REAL CONFERENCE

Mexicans Cannot Discuss Issue Involving Further Cooperation South of the Boundary

REPORT VILLA DEAD AGAIN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
EL PASO, Texas, April 30.—Major-General Scott, chief of staff, and Major-General Funston, in command of the American troops on the border and in Mexico, representing the United States war department, and General Obregon, commander in chief of the forces of the de facto government of Mexico, with his officers-advisers, met in conference in Juarez, across the international bridge, yesterday, the conference lasting for two hours. Following it, the American officers returned to this side of the line.

While no statement was given out as to the result of the conference, if any were accomplished, it is understood that the Mexicans made the preliminary announcement that they were directed to request General Scott to order the withdrawal of General Pershing and his troops from Mexican soil, the issuing of such an order to be preliminary to a general discussion of the situation. General Obregon stated that his instructions were based on the withdrawal of the American troops and that he was not authorized to discuss any basis of cooperation that included the use of American soldiers in Mexico.

He was informed by General Scott that he on his part had no authority to discuss the withdrawal of the American troops, but that he would insist upon pledges from the de facto government of Mexico for the most effective cooperation between the two forces in the field for the carrying out of their common object, the suppression of the border bandits and the death or capture of Villa.

Such cooperation must include the right of the Americans to extend their lines to Casas Grandes and so strengthen their position as to make effective attack upon the line of communication impossible. The border districts of the north are to be policed by the American troops, while the south, below the American lines, is to be policed by the Carranzistas, the latter to cut off any possible retreat of Villa and his men.

There must also be, General Scott is reported to have stated, cooperation between the Carranzistas and the Americans in the matter of forwarding supplies to the Americans in the field, with the United States army given the right to use the Mexican government railroads for the transportation of troops and the forwarding of supplies.

Villa Dead Again
During the course of the conference, fresh reports of the death of Pancho Villa were received by General Obregon, in command at Casas Grandes. These reports brought a new factor into the situation and complicated matters for the American representatives. Garcia telegraphed that he had received word from Col. Carlos Carranza, who was sent out to bring in the body of the bandit chief when the reports of his death were first received, that he has been unable to find the body of Villa but has secured indisputable proof that the chieftain is dead. Colonel Carranza reports that he hopes to find the body within a few days and make the fact of the death beyond any further question.

The American officials while apparently in doubt of the authenticity of the latest reports from Colonel Carranza, are not in position to insist upon discounting or discrediting the reports, and have to proceed on the assumption that the news of Villa's death will this time be substantiated. The conference will be resumed to-day.

TURKS BREAK BEFORE RUSSIANS

Slavs Once More Sweeping Back All Resistance On the Caucasus Front

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PETROGRAD, April 29.—The Turkish offensive, which for a time brought the army of the Grand Duke to a halt and threw it on the defensive in the Caucasus, appears now to have broken down and the Russians are once more sweeping westward, driving the Turks back on every front.

The Turkish resistance south of Bittlis has weakened and the Ottomans are being thrown back from all their advanced posts, the Russians of this wing getting daily closer to Diargkeh, where they will effect a junction with the central wing in an advance against the main Turkish communications to the lower Taurus.

BRITISH FORCE ON TIGRIS SURRENDERS

Supplies Failed and Starvation Forced Capitulation of Ten Thousand

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 29.—General Townshend's little garrison of 10,000 men, besieged in the city of Kut El Amara since the week of last December, has surrendered to the Turks. The official announcement of the fall of the garrisoned city was made early today.

The British force, which originally was about 20,000 men but was reduced to 10,000 after the almost incessant fighting which preceded its capture of Kut El Amara, has been besieged in the menagerially supplied city for 143 days. Before his surrender General Townshend destroyed all the guns and munitions which remained of those in stock at the time the city was occupied early last winter.

It is believed probable that Townshend had intended to avoid a capitulation by a relief ship sent toward the city on the Tigris grounded and could not be floated, and all efforts of the British relief forces to cut their way to the beleaguered city were fruitless. The last resulting in the announcement from Constantinople that the British expedition had sustained a severe defeat.

A score of miles away from Kut El Amara the relief army has been held for months by the well organized and powerful Turkish forces. Efforts to take food to the city by aeroplane did not afford relief in sufficient quantity to save the situation.

ILLINOIS LAWYERS PUT FRESH HEART INTO ROUGH RIDER

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CHICAGO, April 30.—Theodore Roosevelt was given an enthusiastic reception here last night when he appeared as the principal speaker before the Illinois Bar Association and addressed the members on the question of preparedness.

A storm of cheers greeted his declaration that "the answer to the question how may the United States best prepare herself is summed up in the one phrase 'universal training'."

When the cheering died down, the Colonel announced that such a demonstration as he had just witnessed had put fresh heart in him and that he would now preach the doctrine of "universal military training" throughout the country with increased confidence.

Colonel Roosevelt made no direct references to politics in his address which dealt wholly with the military needs of the nation.

DIVORCE FEES ADD TO ALREADY HIGH COST OF LIVING

Attorney's fees in divorce cases have gone up in Judge Stuart's court, thus adding to the "high cost of living." Before Judge Stuart got on the bench these fees were fixed either at twenty-five or thirty dollars. Shortly after the start of the new year the fees went up to forty dollars and next to sixty. Yesterday in each of two divorce cases tried Judge Stuart fixed a fee of \$100.

The divorce granted yesterday by Judge Stuart were as follows: Mrs. Miriam Kain from Samuel Kain, on the ground of desertion, permanent alimony fixed at thirty dollars a month, Kain being ordered to pay his ex-wife's attorney a fee of \$100; Mrs. Kaahookano Ng Yee Taik from Ng Yee Taik, desertion and non-support, alimony and attorney's fee fixed at thirty dollars a month and \$100, respectively.

Ninety-one cases for divorce were instituted in Honolulu during the four months ended today. Per month, the cases filed were as follows: January, twenty-three; February, nineteen; March, twenty-four; and April, twenty-five. The last case for this month was filed yesterday, that of Yachiro Takahashi against Tanya Takahashi, on the ground of desertion.

HILO WAITS FOR GOVERNOR IN VAIN

However, Metzger Lease Is Running Out, and That's Some Compensation

HILO, April 28.—Nothing further has been heard from Governor Pinkham nor commissioner of Lands Riverburgh, relative to the opening up of the Waialeale lots, despite the fact that the latter promised to visit Hilo in company with the Governor "towards the end of April." The month is now almost closed but a silence, which may well be likened to that of the tomb, reigns.

To those who are interested in this project, and there are many, this state of affairs is very unsatisfactory and it is hoped that something definite will be done in the immediate future. There is one point, however, which this delay may automatically settle and that is the question of compensating D. E. Metzger for his right and interest in a portion of the land set apart under this proposition. Metzger has a sub-lease from the Waialeale Mill to certain land, a portion of it being included in the 350 acres released by the plantation and Metzger wants something more than a quid pro quo before relinquish his right.

Time Solving the Question
However, that sub-lease expires in 1918 and, as matters stand today, it may well be that 1918 will have become something of the past before the particular lands covered by the sub-lease are required. The land is situated near the southeastern corner of the area in question and is undesirable land from a residential point of view, the most desirable lots being at the northern end of the land surrendered by the plantation.

However, despite this feature of the matter, the promised visit of the Governor and land commissioner is being looked forward to, as there are several matters in relation to this proposition which should be benefited by being brought to the personal attention of the Governor and land commissioner.

HONOLULU BABIES AVERAGE HIGH IN BABY WEEK TESTS

During the Six Days Five Hundred and Twenty Youngsters Had Good Points Scored

SEVEN HUNDRED PEOPLE DAILY WATCHED IT ALL

Result of Good Already Done Will Probably Lead To Permanent Work

Baby Week, which closed at Palama Settlement last night, has been of importance to Honolulu and will result in lasting benefit. This was the sentiment which prevailed at headquarters last night when the many doctors, nurses and social workers of Honolulu, whose earnest efforts were instrumental in making Baby Week a glowing success, congratulated each other upon the results obtained.

The baby examinations for the week have shown that as a whole Honolulu babies average high in all ways. The great majority of the 526 babies examined during the week passed the tests with average of ninety per cent. Eight infants suffering from diseases unknown to their mothers were discovered. A large number of minor defects were also discovered amongst the babies, including two cases of curvature of the spine.

The average attendance each day at the headquarters has been over seven hundred. No exceptionally high scores were recorded by the examiners yesterday. Many of Honolulu's leading physicians have given at least an hour a day to the examining of babies, while most of the women have volunteered their services and spent the entire afternoon of each day in keeping the scores. The various committees have also worked unflinchingly for the cause and each raise is due those who planned, arranged and explained the various booths and exhibits.

Lecture on Tuberculosis
Dr. Arthur F. Jackson, lectured last night in the gymnasium, on the subject of "Tuberculosis," to a large and at times unruly audience. Different slides were shown, which described the different stages of the disease, together with an illustration of the proper methods of care for the afflicted patients. Examples were submitted proving the benefits derived from fresh air and clean surroundings, instrumental both in warding off tuberculosis and in helping in its cure.

For Permanent Station
The establishment of a permanent child welfare station will be taken up immediately following the returns and reports of Baby Week. Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane, James A. Rath and others will head the movement and already one money has been subscribed to ward the permanent station. The physicians who offered their services during the week are anxious to see the establishment of a welfare station, which, it is estimated, can be operated at a total cost of \$3000 a year and prove invaluable to the mothers, who, in time of need, need not be sent to a doctor. That those are such is a fact proven beyond a doubt during the examinations of babies and the attendance of mothers at the various booths and lectures during Baby Week.

Following baby week "Boy Day" will be observed among the Japanese. Next Friday, when a large red fish steamer will be seen floating over the home of every Japanese family in which a baby boy has been born during the year. The carp is the Japanese emblem for strength and determination.

An organization which deserves praise for assistance given during baby week is the Boy Scouts. The slogan which was posted about the settlement, which reads: "When in doubt, ask a Scout," proved true in every detail. Letters of thanks will be sent to every Scout troop and also individual Scouts who have participated in Scout duties during the week.

WAIOLAMA SWAMPS SLOWLY DISAPPEARING

HILO, April 28.—The filling in of the Waialeale swamp by E. L. Lord is proceeding somewhat slowly, due to the fact that the pumping equipment is not working quite satisfactorily. However, the corner of the swamp opposite the Volcano Stables is being filled up and, judging by the progress made when the pump is working at full pressure, it should not be long before material change will be made. The sand is being pumped from the sea and the swamp beneath the discharge pipe is filled up, thus extending the reclamation. The surplus water which is pumped in with the sand is naturally blown an outlet through the canal to the Waialeale River. This canal is now only in course of construction but considerable of the side walls has been erected and the bottom paved with stone in places.

Mud Lane will soon be opened to traffic again, as the cement bridge spanning the canal has been practically completed.

GERMANS WILLING TO END BATTLE

Losses Before Verdun Believed To Be Too Heavy Even For the Crown Prince

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, April 30.—Unless the efforts are wholly at fault, the German Crown Prince is willing now to admit defeat in his bloody efforts to break the French line along the Verdun salient. The reports from the front, based on the observations of the aviators, are that the Germans are withdrawing much of their artillery and are working to strengthen their new line, evidently with the expectation of holding them as their new front.

The past forty-eight hours have brought no renewals of the heavy German offensives which have marked the fighting of the greatest battle of the war to date, and it is thought that the efforts to advance, now that the portions of the Verdun defenses have been reached, have proven to be a bluff. At only one point yesterday were the Germans the attackers, this being at Thieumont, where the Teuton infantry attempted to seize the French trenches under cover of flame projectors. This assault was broken up and repulsed. A feeble offensive against Hill 304 was quickly repulsed after which the French counter attacked, taking some prisoners.

Before Deadman Hill the French were the attackers in the fighting, emptying some sections of the German trenches with artillery. The attempts on the part of the French to occupy this ground proved failures, however, while the Germans, on their part, were also unable to penetrate the curtain of fire and resume their positions.

Forged to Raise Funds to Pay His Forgery Trial Costs
When Manuel Quini was convicted recently in the police court of having forged Fred Kiley's name to two checks to keep him in gambling money, he was downhearted. He was not even the fact that he was on the way to jail to serve a six months' sentence did not rob him of his nerve, for the further fact that he had to have some money quick to pay the expense he had been put to during his trial.

Drawing his trusty checkbook to wards him, Quini wrote out a new check, signed it, as usual, with Kiley's name, and squared up with the world before the prison door banged on him.

The fact of this check forged to pay the expense of a trial for forgery came to light only recently. Kiley couldn't make his bank account balance and thumbed his cancelled checks over, finally lighting on the further example of Quini's handiwork, dated the day he had gone over to the reef.

Yesterday Quini was brought from the city prison to confer with the Bank of Hawaii officials. He confessed to Manager A. Lewis that he had used Kiley's name in vain for the third time. It is understood that he has agreed to dig up from somewhere else the amount of this last forgery and may not be prosecuted.

WOMAN SMASHED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Driver Failed To Control Car, Which Ran Down Aged Woman Alongside Curb

NOYO MAKITA, a Japanese woman, fifty-three years old, is in the Japanese Hospital, suffering from a fracture of the knee and serious internal injuries, due to being run down by an automobile driven by Donald Kent, bookkeeper for the Thomas Pineapple Plantation, on Waialeale. Kent is under arrest, held for a hearing and held for a hearing. He spent last night in the cells, being unable to raise the \$250 cash bail demanded.

The affair took place early last night on King street, near the Palama fire station.

According to the police reports, Mrs. Makita, with her husband, was standing alongside the curb, waiting for a street car, when Kent approached at a high rate of speed. Apparently he was unable to manage his machine, as, instead of sounding an alarm and averting out to avoid the standing couple he turned his car directly at them and ran the woman down.

The police officers who handled the arrest of Kent say that there were evidences that he had been drinking.

Mrs. Makita, though seriously hurt, is expected to recover.

THOUSAND OF GARMENT MAKERS OUT ON STRIKE

SON OF JAPANESE LAUNDRYMAN KEPT OUT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, April 29.—A lock-out of 30,000 garment workers took place today. Unless there is a settlement of their demands within two days, the union leaders say an additional 30,000 will be called out on strike.

BREAK INEVITABLE, SAYS REVENTLOW

German Reply Ready But No Hint of Its Nature Is Given and Press Hazards No Comment WILL REACH GERARD SOON

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, April 30.—Count Reventlow, naval critic and one of the writers who has led in the advocacy of the use of submarines to their utmost limit, in his comments on the German-American situation declares that there is no way in which Germany can recede from her position and no method under which it will be possible for the Imperial Government to meet the demands of the United States.

"A break with America is now inevitable," he declares. Count Reventlow is the only publicist in Germany willing yesterday to voice an opinion as to the probable nature of the decision which has been arrived at by the Kaiser, the Imperial Chancellor and the foreign secretary, who have drafted the reply of Germany to the American note.

No editorial comment
No comment on the fact that a reply has been drawn up and will be handed to Ambassador Gerard early this week, for transmission to Washington, appeared yesterday in any of the newspapers.

No indication of the nature of the reply has been allowed to leak out. That the reply is ready was announced yesterday morning by the Berliner Tageblatt, which stated that it would be ready for delivery within a few days.

REPORT VICTORY ON EAST FRONT
The Germans have made an advance against the Russians on the east, capturing some positions south of Lake Narocz, between Stanarocze and Stachowce, and taking 5600 Russians.

In addition to the prisoners, the Russians lost a cannon, twenty-eight machine guns and one mine thrower.

IRISH REVOLT VERGES TO COLLAPSE

Leader Shot and Many Prisoners Are Taken

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 30.—Lord Wimbourne, lord lieutenant of Ireland, reported officially from Dublin last night that the seditious outbreak in Ireland would be completely crushed within a few days. Outside of Dublin itself, where the rioters are still holding out in a few places, the country is quiet, with the exception of some isolated cases of minor disturbances.

"Dublin Castle was never captured by the rioters," he reports, "the only casualties in the neighborhood of the Castle being the shooting down by a sniper of the policeman on guard at the gate."

The rebels cut the wires leading from Dublin through the country districts which gave connection with England, but, through some mistake failed to cut the wires to the north of Ireland, which allowed the English authorities to keep closely in touch with the developments at all times.

Only Sniping Goes On
Since the reinforcements for the loyal garrison arrived in Dublin on Tuesday, the rebels have had to content themselves with sniping, finding it easy to shoot from the front windows and then to abandon the houses by the back doors, hiding their guns and mingling with the other citizens to evade capture by the soldiers. The difficulty of distinguishing between rebel and citizen allows the former every opportunity of observing the disposition of the troops.

The barricade on Sackville Street still holds, but the rebels in Liberty Hall were shelled out by the fire from a gunboat, after which the hall was seized and occupied by the soldiers.

In the early stages of the fighting, the Sinn Fein riflemen fired upon the fire brigade, as the members worked to extinguish the fires started by the rebels. The soldiers have since cleared the areas around the fires, which have been extinguished. The Binen Hall and the barracks of the Constabulary were destroyed by fire, while there were a number of other small blazes.

Revolt Verging Into Collapse
Field Marshal Lord French reported last night that the general postoffice in Dublin and the headquarters of the Sinn Fein society were amongst the main buildings burned, while in the latest fighting the leader of the revolt, Connolly, had been killed. It is believed here that this is James Connolly, the editor.

Many prisoners have been taken by the troops and the revolt is fast verging into collapse.

A late despatch from Dublin last night to the Evening Star says that the military authorities in Dublin are now convinced that only between 1500 to 2000 men and men took any active part in the fighting while despatches to other newspapers state that a censorship has been established in Dublin at the telephone exchanges and that like censorships have been established in other Irish cities, making telephoning from house to house impossible.

Ireland Condemns Revolt
A Waterford despatch says that the military in Dublin are now in control of the situation, although there is still street fighting and some burning still going on.

There is strong condemnation of the rebels everywhere in Ireland," says the Waterford despatch.

Instances are alleged in which the rioters shot down women and children. The rebels also set fire to the largest drygoods store and the Imperial hotel of Dublin.

Dublin yesterday resembled a city in battle. Field guns are barking, machine guns rattling and rifle fire pattering. Some of the bullets used have been found to be of German manufacture.

The city is short of bread and there is some hardship. A despatch to the Evening News says that upwards of one hundred have been killed and wounded. The rioters, who were barricaded in houses commanding street junctions, kept up a constant fusillade, in some instances with wild aim, and the casualties include loyal citizens who were taking no part in the fighting.

Redmond Calls On Followers
John Redmond has instructed the Irish Nationalists to hold themselves in readiness to be at the disposal of the military authorities. At many places besides Dublin the Nationalist volunteers have mobilized to support the government troops. Simultaneously with the outbreak at Dublin on Monday a number of excursion trains arrived in Dublin, it has been learned, and men joining the rebels captured bakeries, motor and street cars and cabs. Many vehicles were used to erect barricades, and cushions were used in the trenches to hold up other rioters. Women attempted to get provisions to the entrenched rebels and other women resisted them, and many were the fights in the heterogeneous classes.

GREECE REFUSES USE OF RAILWAY TO CARRY SERBS INTO SALONIKA

Report From Teutonic Sources Says That Athens Will Not Help Entente Powers To Augment Their Strength In Greece

ARMIES ON WEST FRONT REST FOR SPRING FRAY

Four Squadrons of British Cavalry Said To Have Been Wiped Out By Turks Near Suez Canal and Supplies Strand In Tigris

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, April 29.—Despatches from Berlin last night said that the Overseas News Agency has received information from its Athens correspondent that the Greek government has refused the request of the Entente Allies for permission to transport Serbian troops on the railroads from Corfu and Larissa to Salonika. No verification of this despatch has been received in London.

On the western line, according to reports from Paris and Berlin, last night, the warring armies appear to have been resting, preparatory to fresh spring fighting. Only isolated aerial fights and the usual artillery bombardments of various sectors of the long French line, are announced.

Russian Warships Raided Berlin reports that three of her aeroplanes have attacked a Russian battleship in the Gulf of Riga. The vessel is said to have been the Slava, and the Germans declare that thirty-one bombs were dropped upon her and that she was observed to have burst into flame. The aeroplane returned safe, added the statement.

Paris announces that another contingent of Russian troops have arrived at Marseilles, where they were given a warm welcome by the French military and civil authorities.

Four squadrons of British cavalry, scouting in the sand dunes east of the Suez Canal, near the Turkish post of Quatia, have been wiped out of existence by the Ottoman force stationed there, according to despatches from Constantinople.

More British Ill-luck More British ill-luck is claimed by the Turks, who declared that a British relief boat with supplies for General Townend, and his beleaguered forces at Kut-el-Amara, has run on a mud bank in the Tigris, four miles east of the garrison.

Constantinople also claims that a Turkish aviator has successfully dropped bombs on an allied warship lying at the dock in Port Said.

GERMAN NAVAL CRAFT ACTIVE IN NORTH SEA

Destroy Large British Guard Vessel Off Dagger Bank

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BERLIN, April 28.—German naval forces have destroyed a large British guard vessel on the Dagger Bank, and a fishing vessel has been captured near there.

The German admiralty reports that on April 24 a large British squadron composed of monitors, destroyers and large and small vessels of other types appeared off the Flanders coast and apparently picked up mines there. The steamers placed mines in the sea to indicate shelling positions.

Three German torpedo boats of the Flanders squadron advanced several times against the British raiders and forced them back, imposing the continuance of their working. In spite of violent counter-firing the German boats remained unharmed, the British squadron leaving the Flanders coast.

VIOLATION OF NEUTRALITY OF SWISS ROUSES WRATH

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BERNE, April 28.—For the thirteenth time German airmen have flown in force over Swiss territory, provoking indignation. The semi-official newspaper Bled says that the time has come to demand something more than expressions of regret and excuses by Germany.

SWISS FIRE ON FRENCH PLANE

BERNE, April 28.—Two French aeroplanes flew over Switzerland today, and were fired upon by Swiss soldiers, according to the Overseas News Agency.

WOLGAST WALLPUS FLYNN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) DENVER, April 29.—Al Wolgast, former lightweight champion, showed signs of being able to "come back" last night when he took the decision from Joe Flynn in their match here. Wolgast made a good showing throughout the bout, leading Flynn in every one of the fifteen rounds, and putting him down for nine in the ninth.

GENERAL OBREGON APPEARS IN JUAREZ

American Chief of Staff and General Funston Pay Him 'Courtesy' Visit

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, April 29.—With Generals Scott and Funston in El Paso and General Obregon in Juarez, the stage is set for the international conference that probably will decide the policy of the United States toward the Mexican problem, which will open this morning.

General Scott and General Funston yesterday afternoon made a formal courtesy call upon General Obregon at his quarters in Juarez, and were also received by General Gavia, the Carranza commandant of the Garrison in that border town.

The general feeling among army officers stationed at El Paso, say despatches from that city, is that the American-Mexican conference will result in a tentative proposal from the United States that American troops be allowed to occupy part of Chihuahua, pending the success of the Carranzistas in capturing Villa and breaking up the bandits in Northern Mexico.

At Columbus, New Mexico, the largest force of American cavalrymen gathered in one body since the departure of the expedition under General Pershing, is enamped directly on the border, preparatory to crossing today. It is understood that this command will be under the orders of General Funston, and probably will be used to strengthen the lines of communication.

It is possible, however, that the force will be used to reinforce the main expeditionary body, and is being moved now in anticipation of any stipulation that may result from the conference against the sending of more troops into Mexico.

In a statement issued at Juarez yesterday General Obregon repeated his former assertions that Carranza will demand the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, and his belief that the Carranzistas can catch Villa, who is reported to be suffering from a bad wound.

WAR'S TOLL OF SHIPS OF ALLIES IS HEAVY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, April 29.—According to a British estimate given to the United States department of commerce the war's toll of vessels of the Allies is 538, and 198 neutral ships have been destroyed. This is exclusive of 246 trawlers.

Of these losses the British ships total 410, French, fifty-three, Russian, thirty-five, Italian, twenty-seven, Belgian, ten, Japanese, three, Norway, with a total of eighty-one ships destroyed, heads the list of neutrals, with Sweden next with forty ships sunk, Holland next with twenty-four, and the United States last with seven.

The figures give the British and French losses a four per cent of the total number of vessels flying those flags in service.

ARMY BILL BLOCKS HOUSE AND SENATE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, April 28.—The house and senate conferences on the Army reorganization bill are hard at work today in an attempt to agree on a measure which will be satisfactory to both houses, but so far nothing has developed to harmonize the difference between the Hay bill and the substitute, passed by the senate.

JAPANESE DEPRECATE TALK ABOUT IMMIGRATION BILL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) TOKIO, April 28.—Despatches protest against the promulgance in the papers in Washington and the apparent attempt to make it appear that there is a grave controversy between the United States and Japan. It is emphasized that there is no anti-American sentiment in the matter and that Japan has confidence the legislators of the United States will not adopt any law that is unjust or offensive.

GOING IT TOO HARD

People live so fast nowadays that they tear down their tissues faster than nature can build up. It fills the blood with waste matters and uses poison. The kidneys struggle for awhile to filter the blood, but finally weaken and "go on a strike."

When your back begins to ache, you feel lumb, nervous and tired, and notice kidney and bladder irregularities. Rest and help the kidneys. If you would avoid dropsy, gravel or fatal Bright's disease.

To rest the kidneys, sleep overwork, worry, late hours, overeating, and strong drinks. Rest more, sleep more and get some outdoor exercise. Walking is good.

To help the kidneys, use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They act quickly. They are harmless and do lasting good. Thousands vouch for them.

"When Your Back Is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy, ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at five a box (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson, Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

BRITISH WARSHIP IS SUNK BY MINE

One Hundred and More Officers and Sailors Go Down With Battleship

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, April 28.—The battleship Russell has been sunk in the Mediterranean and to date 124 of her officers and crew, numbering in all 824 persons, are missing.

The vessel struck a mine in the Mediterranean while on patrol duty and filled and sank rapidly. Admiral Fremantle, her commander, twenty-four officers and 676 of the crew have been saved. (The battleship Russell belonged to the Duncan class and was commissioned in 1901. She had a displacement of 34,000 tons, and carried four 12-inch, twelve 6-inch, twelve 4.2-pr., six 3-pr. and two Maxim guns. She had 18-inch torpedo tubes, four of which were submerged.)

It is also announced that a German submarine has been sunk by the British off the east coast of England, and that 180 of the submarine's crew have been captured.

The British steamer Industry has been sunk by a Teuton submarine, the crew being left in open boats 120 miles out from land. The liner Finland rescued them.

The industry was of 4044 tonnage and owned by the Industry Steamship Company, with home port Liverpool, England. The Finland mentioned probably is the 12,760-ton vessel belonging to the International Mercantile Marine Company.

SUBMARINE CRISIS GROWS LESS ACUTE

Indications From Germany Are That Kaiser Is Disposed To Avert Rupture

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, April 29.—Official Washington is becoming more and more optimistic over the outcome of the present crisis between this country and Germany concerning the submarine policy of the latter.

The fact that Ambassador Gerard is known to have been in conference with the Kaiser himself is taken as an excellent augury for the future, and the general opinion at the state department appears to be that nothing but good can come out of the conference.

The situation was discussed briefly at a cabinet meeting yesterday afternoon. Secretary of State Lansing later declared that the government's information from Berlin is but scanty, and that a cable from Ambassador Gerard had merely announced the forthcoming conference with the Emperor, and had said that the American representative did not know the purpose of the talk to which he was invited by the Kaiser.

In German official circles here the sentiment was evidently much more optimistic last night. Earlier in the day it was announced that despatches from Berlin to the German ambassador conveyed the information that the Berlin government will attempt to meet the demands made by the United States upon the subject of submarine warfare. It was stated, however, that nothing definite has been received, and that the despatches merely indicated a willingness on the part of Berlin to meet Washington more than half way.

GERMAN WAR PLOTTERS INDICTED IN NEW YORK

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, April 29.—Eight Germans who were recently arrested for conspiring to place bombs in ships with munitions of war destined for Europe, were today indicted by the federal grand jury, and Dr. Walter Scheele, president of the New Jersey Agricultural Chemical Company, was also indicted. He is alleged to be one of the leaders in these plots. No more arrests were made today.

YUAN SHIH-KAI EXPECTS COMPROMISE WITH 'REBELS'

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) TOKIO, April 28.—Yuan Shih-kai has announced that a compromise will soon be reached between the north and south in China, and that he will be retained as president of China. Diplomats in Japan are waiting for the next move on the part of Yuan, as there is a rumor that he may change his plans.

BRITISH RELIEF SHIP IS STUCK IN MUD OF TIGRIS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LONDON, April 29.—A British relief ship carrying supplies to the beleaguered garrison at Kut-el-Amara has been grounded on the Tigris.

SNOW FALL BREAKS RECORD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BOSTON, April 29.—Two inches of snow have fallen over eastern Massachusetts and Rhode Island, the most at this time of the year for the past twenty-seven years.

CHINESE TEAM WINS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) MARSHALL, Kansas, April 29.—The Chinese ball team from Honolulu beat the Missouri Valley University team here yesterday afternoon by a score of eleven to two.

BIG ISLAND SETS PROGRESSIVE PACE TO GET TOURISTS

Personally Conducted Tours To Volcano Only Incident of Comprehensive Campaign

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) HONOLULU, April 29.—The Hawaii Publicity Commission is receiving congratulations through your editorial columns, upon its initiative in starting the idea of personally conducted tours to the Volcano of Kilauea. These were really tried as a sort of experiment, with a view to inaugurating the second step in our policy, and since they have already proved themselves a pronounced success, we are now going ahead. We mean to make the island of Hawaii more popular than ever with visitors, for, while Honolulu will always get more publicity than we shall ever be able to secure for Hawaii, yet, bit by bit, the tourist is beginning to realize that over on the Big Island we have four thousand square miles of scenery entirely at his service. The tourist will come to Honolulu anyway, and after he has revelled for a few days in the many beauties of the city, and has gone over as much of its area of 598 square miles as the condition of the roads will permit, he naturally wants to go farther afield.

OTHER ISLES INCLUDED IN GREAT GENERAL PLAN

Idea Behind Propaganda Is To Get Visitors In Touch With Outside Attractions

"The Big Island has already set a hot pace in its treatment of tourists," said Hawaii's publicity man, L. W. de Vis-Norton, in an interview yesterday. And, what is more to the point, the Big Island evidently intends to keep it up, and is now inaugurating a progressive policy which will place it far in the van.

"It is only a few weeks ago," continued Mr. Norton, "since the Hawaii Publicity Commission was receiving congratulations through your editorial columns, upon its initiative in starting the idea of personally conducted tours to the Volcano of Kilauea. These were really tried as a sort of experiment, with a view to inaugurating the second step in our policy, and since they have already proved themselves a pronounced success, we are now going ahead. We mean to make the island of Hawaii more popular than ever with visitors, for, while Honolulu will always get more publicity than we shall ever be able to secure for Hawaii, yet, bit by bit, the tourist is beginning to realize that over on the Big Island we have four thousand square miles of scenery entirely at his service. The tourist will come to Honolulu anyway, and after he has revelled for a few days in the many beauties of the city, and has gone over as much of its area of 598 square miles as the condition of the roads will permit, he naturally wants to go farther afield."

"We hope he will visit the other islands before he comes over to us. He should certainly go to Kauai and see the great Waimea Canyon and the other beauty spots of that gloriously beautiful garden-land, and he ought not to neglect Maui, for I do not think any visit to the group is complete unless an ascent of Haleakala is included in the itinerary. But when he has done all these things, then we want him to come along to Hawaii, and spend all the rest of his spare time with us, for we shall be able to look after him in a way he will never forget."

"The Publicity Commission already has the whole of the Big Island behind it, and I think there are very few indeed who do not now realize that its work for the community is earnest work indeed. We have felt that the best way to benefit the community in general is to bring the tourist to the island in ever increasing numbers; and in order to do that, we must provide for the tourist something of even more interest than our volcanoes and our tropical scenery. The modern tourist wants to be amused and wants to have his tour made interesting for him. That was the idea at the back of our personally conducted tour scheme. The trip to the Volcano has now become more than ever fascinating to the visitor, who certainly seems to appreciate a simple explanation of the many unique features of his journey. I candidly admit that my own pleasure as a tourist has been immensely added to by the interest shown in the splendid old legends of the places we visit. There is little joy in telling a story which falls on deaf ears, but when one's listeners follow the example of Oliver Twist and demand more and yet more, then story telling of the ancient days becomes a real delight."

"This, then, marks the beginning of our policy for the entertainment of our visitors, and now we have a long and ambitious program ahead of us, which the public spirit of the Big Island will undoubtedly enable us to carry through. I am not going to tell you of all the steps we propose to initiate; that would be giving the show away, and Hawaii expects always to remain in the lead anyway, but I will tell you about some number two, as there is no way no reason why it should not become public property."

"The Publicity Commission has obtained the sanction and approval of Governor Pinkham for the setting aside of a certain area of forest lands bordering the road between the Volcano and Hilo, and only a few miles from the latter city. This land will now be properly fenced and the necessary clearing will be done. As soon as these things have been accomplished, there will be established on this land, (which will be set aside and dedicated as a public park, under certain restrictions) a real Hawaiian village of the old type, with a few modern, but inconspicuous improvements. And this is not going to be simply a sort of museum exhibit because the village is selected to be inhabited by carefully selected Hawaiians, and a serious effort is going to be made to re-establish the old industries which are so fast being allowed to die out."

"It is our intent on to revive the art of making tapa cloth; the weaving of the beautiful hats and mats from the bark, or leaf of the palmetto tree; the making and polishing of the wonderful calabashes of koa wood; the making of the real native ukulele as distinct from the imitation of the present day; in fact, we hope and intend to bring back the old conditions as much as possible. The village will be open to visitors under restrictions, and

ANTIPODES WOOL MEN PROSPERING

Sydney Man Says War Has Come To Them As Blessing In Disguise

A nephew of Alfred Austin, late poet laureate of England, is a guest at the Young Hotel, in the person of Harry Austin, a wealthy wool broker of Sydney. Mr. Austin will be in the city for a couple of weeks. He is one of the prominent men of the Commonwealth, while his father is one of the best known among Australian kamaennians.

The war has come as a blessing in disguise to the Australian wool men, for while they had expected the bottom to drop out of the market entirely, it turned the other way and the price skyrocketed, bringing fortunes to those lucky enough to get in on the buying at the right time.

The wool men, as a result of their good fortune, have been very liberal subscribers to the various war funds being raised in Australia, at one of their recent gatherings in Sydney, a few weeks ago, auctioning a bale of wool amongst themselves, over and over, until it had been sold for an aggregate of thirty thousand dollars, the greatest price on record for a single bale. This fund has gone towards the establishment of a convalescent home for wounded soldiers, which the wool buyers have agreed to maintain as long as it may be required.

MIDPACIFIC IDYL TO BECOME REAL

Chicago Woman Is Coming To Honolulu To Become Bride of Army Officer

A romance that began three years ago in Honolulu, where the winds blow softly and the skies are azure, will bloom here in May. Then Mrs. Grace M. Snow will arrive from Chicago and First Lieut. Robert G. Caldwell of the Fifteenth Infantry from the Philippines, where his regiment is stationed.

Mrs. Snow met the lieutenant in Hawaii early in 1913, while she was recuperating from the strain of divorce proceedings in Denver, where she was freed from a man twice her age. Mrs. Snow's father, H. C. Caldwell, became seriously ill and she returned to attend him. He died shortly after her arrival.

His estate provided for her and her son, who then was five years old, but she was unfortunate in investing the money. Soon she saw that she must work to live. She studied stenography and obtained a position in Chicago last year.

Time, distance and adversity only served to deepen her love for the lieutenant, who, in the meantime, had been transferred to another regiment and he went to the Philippines to join it.

His letters urged marriage at an early date, and last month she sent the calligram, he has been waiting.

There will be efficient supervision for the comfort of all parties concerned. "Thus, there will be on the Big Island, a great inducement for visitors to glimpse the real Hawaii, and they will have the opportunity of acquiring real native curios at first hand. It is our hope that by the time the Hawaiian park is ready and in full working order, the projected museum of volcanology will have been established at Kilauea, as this will complete the attractions of the section between Hilo and the Volcano."

"Now, with regard to the other sections of the island. Our program is a very extensive one and will require both time and money to carry through, but knowing the personnel of the Publicity Commission as I do, and knowing the spirit of self-sacrifice which is permeating the whole island, I am quite confident that the program will be carried through in its entirety. From the Chairman, Mr. George H. Vickers, right through the whole commission there is unbounded initiative and enterprise, and as I have already said, the big island of Hawaii has set a pace which the others are going to find it hard to emulate. It is our intention to provide, in each section of the island, some features of special interest, in addition to the natural wonders and scenic marvels with which the whole country teems. Our plan covers special features in Puna, in Kona, in Kohala and in Hamakua, of such a nature that the tourist will not be able to afford to neglect them, and I am already quite excited at the idea of being able to help in getting these things through."

"What are the special features? No, I'm not going to tell you anything about them, yet. I don't believe in counting chickens before they are under a measurable distance of being hatched; neither do I wish to fill the newspapers with paragraphs built mainly of hot air. Our plans certainly have definite shape, but the wherewithal to carry all of them out has yet to be provided. When the money is in sight, I shall be ready to tell you about it, but the Hawaii Publicity Commission, beyond everything else believes in performance rather than in pie-crust promises. I will give you details at the proper time, but I can tell you that the originality and boldness of our plans will appeal to the tourist, and will go a long way towards keeping Hawaii right in the forefront as the most attractive of all the islands for the visitor."

GOVERNMENT ADMITS REVOLT HAS PASSED POINT OF MERE RIOT

Details of Battling With Sinn Fein Revolutionists Say That Latter Seized Government Buildings, From Which They Cannot Be Dislodged—Disturbances Paralyze Business

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) BELFAST, April 29.—A British gunboat yesterday afternoon shelled the Sinn Fein headquarters here, after which the troops attacked and captured it without trouble.

LONDON, April 29.—The Dublin rebels have been forced to evacuate St. Stephen's Green, by a rain of bombs showered upon them by the Lancers and other troops sent to crush the revolt, which is conceded here to have passed the stage of a riot. More than four hundred of the rebels have been captured, and the mail advices which brought the news of the last fighting say that there is as yet no means of forming any estimate of the number of killed and wounded.

Labor Agitator Leads Revolvers

According to other mail advices from the Irish capital, the fighting began last Monday, when, at the head of 600 members of the Sinn Fein and other followers, James Larkin, president of the transport workers' union and leader in the street car strike of 1913, marched into St. Stephen's Green, in the heart of the city, seized the postoffice and raised the flag of a republic of Ireland.

Take Possession of Public Buildings

His men were apparently well drilled and well armed, and presented a military appearance as they paraded through the streets of the city to the Green. No sooner had the head of the column made sure of the postoffice and other important government buildings in the vicinity, than others of the command began barricading Sackville street, the principal business thoroughfare of Dublin, and seizing other strategic points in the neighborhood.

When these advices were written, last Tuesday, the rebels still held their positions despite the efforts of the police and the Lancers to dislodge them, and the loss of many of their number under the heavy fire that the soldiers and constabulary kept upon them.

Authorities Unable To Suppress Rebellion

Last Tuesday it was finally admitted by the lord lieutenant that the authorities were unable to cope with the situation and that reinforcements had been asked for from the war office.

At the same time the proclamation of the lord lieutenant stated that the movement was of small dimensions, and that it was due to foreign prompting. It was announced that the sternest measures will be taken to suppress the insurrection.

The proclamation went on to announce that while the movement is not being "generally supported, there can be no doubt of its serious nature, which has passed far beyond the dimensions of a mere riot."

Business of City Is At Standstill

Continuing the reports say that on that day all shops had been closed and business suspended. The street cars in the business section of the city had been stopped and all traffic was at a standstill, save in the outlying districts. Telephoning was forbidden, and trains to interior points were running irregularly.

Looting broke out early, when the hoodlums, taking advantage of the excitement, began to break into the closed shops and help themselves. A vast amount of vandalism was also reported to have taken place, windows being smashed and buildings defaced.

Rebels Lose All Public Sympathy

In a later statement the authorities announced that this and other actions of the rebels had lost them all public sympathy and that the government was confident of being able to quell the revolt in a few days.

PRESIDENT IS ASSAILED BY IRISH-AMERICAN PRESS

NEW YORK, April 29.—The United States district attorney's office yesterday began an investigation of the vitriolic attacks upon President Wilson and his administration, which have been appearing in the Irish-American press since the outbreak of the rebellion in Dublin, in an effort to determine if they do not constitute legally punishable crimes.

BANKER BELIEVES SIR ROGER CASEMENT, INSANE

H. G. K. Webber, one of the directors of the Bank of South Africa, who was visiting his brother, and there were times when he believed that he should be confined, for his own protection. He was morose and decidedly queer. I do not believe that the man is responsible for what he has been doing. He will undoubtedly be executed for high treason, however."

Mr. Webber is grieved at the outbreak in Ireland and the bloodshed that will result "from the Irish allowing themselves to be made the cat's paw of the Kaiser."

ARMY AVIATION CORPS WILL BE REORGANIZED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, April 29.—The war department announced last night that Major Lockridge has been appointed chairman of the special committee of the general staff which has been ordered to investigate the aviation service of the American army, with a view to effecting its complete reorganization. The other members are Col. Charles Kennedy, Maj. John McPalmer and Capt. Dan Moore. General Pershing was appointed a consulting member.

SANDS BID LOWEST FOR CULVERT WORK

Bids for a culvert in Nuuanu street were opened at the office of the county clerk yesterday and it was found that Harry S. Sands was the lowest bidder. His price for the work was \$1387. Other bidders were J. L. Young Engineering Company, \$2195; H. B. Reede, \$2270; Lord-Young Engineering Company, \$2214, and H. K. DeFries, \$2304.80.

LANE HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE PRIVATE PROPERTY

A lane leading to Pauahi from the Bijou Theater, which was right of way to what was once known as "Fowler's Yard," is private property, according to a report handed in to the supervisors by the city engineer who made an investigation of the fencing in of the land by the agents of J. M. Dowsett.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

DOCTOR RAYMOND SCORES VICTORY IN VALLEY ISLE

County Democratic Committee Certifies Him As Winner In National Delegate Fight

THIS WILL INCREASE LEAD OF JARRETT OVER WILSON

McCandless Faction Is Laying Plans To Carry Fight To National Committee

A bas Rue Panahi. Which, being interpreted, means "Down with the McCandless gang."

Evidently that is the slogan in the Valley Island, for the Maui county committee of the Bourbon party has decided against Morris Keokakole and Eugene Murphy, candidate for delegate to the Democratic convention and the alternate which the rules of the party provide.

Also incidentally, this victory on Maui increases the majority that High Sheriff Jarrett now has over his rival, John H. Wilson, for national committee man, to about seventy—the exact number being still in doubt.

All of which leaked out when Doctor Raymond reached town and began to talk to some of his friends Saturday and yesterday.

"We've beat 'em," says Raymond.

"We've beat 'em," said the doctor, in an interview in the lobby of the Alexander Young Hotel yesterday.

"We've beaten 'em and I'm tickled to death in view of the scurrilous stuff they have been circulating about me in the Valley Island. Why, if half of the charges they have made against me since the election were true, I should be in the territorial prison for the rest of my natural life." And he laughed.

It is, however, practically certain that the McCandless faction will carry the fight on as far as the national convention, if it possibly can, and there are not lacking those who declare that Doctor Raymond and Jarrett are going to be counted out no matter what kind of a figure their votes come to.

"If they carry the fight to the convention, and there is every reason to believe that they will," said Doctor Raymond last night, "we are ready for them, and I'll bet Link McCandless a five-cent cigar to a leather medal that we'll win out there hands down."

How Trick Was Worked

In explaining how the "trick was worked," Doctor Raymond said that the opposing faction went to the secretary of the county Democratic organization and announced that they were planning to reorganize a precinct club, which had been defunct for some time.

Although the time limit for forming such clubs is said to have been passed, the secretary, M. C. Rose, granted the request and reported to have issued ballots. These subsequently were voted, and still later thrown out by the county committee, putting Doctor Raymond's majority on the island at about thirty-four votes.

The hearing before the committee was exhaustive, it is said, every feature of the affair having been gone into by the committee, and most of the claims of the Raymondites admitted by Keokakole and Murphy.

REGULATION OF RATES BY BOARD IS OPPOSED

The suggestion of Chairman Alexander of the house committee which has the shipping bill under consideration that the provision permitting the proposed shipping board to fix ocean freight rates should be eliminated is significant of the difficulties the committee are meeting with in the attempt to make this measure acceptable to the shipping interests of the country, says the Maritime Register.

This suggestion has the approval of the President and the secretary of commerce and unofficially that of the interstate commerce commission and it will probably be adopted and a provision vesting in the shipping board power to correct any flagrant injustice in ocean transportation rates substituted.

To assume that ocean freight rates could be controlled the same as the rates of railroad transportation is an error that was apparent to the shipping interests. The provision to fix ocean rates is impracticable, but it is only one of the bad features which has created opposition to the bill throughout the country.

Steam Vessels Fated To Disappear Before Diesel-Type Motors

Naval Architect Predicts Success of New Ships if Sufficient Oil Is Available

In an address before the Yokohama I. and M. Society, Dr. E. P. Purvis, professor of naval architecture in the Imperial university of Japan, made the statement:

"In due course, and provided a sufficient supply of oil can be obtained, I think there is no doubt the motor can be made to drive the steam engine, but before this can occur in any true sense many years of perfecting will be needed, so that the steam engine is likely to have still a long life before it."

Coming from a man of Dr. Purvis professional standing, this prediction is interesting. Many will disagree with his belief that steam has a long life before it, however. It is only five years since the first Diesel vessel appeared at San Francisco; Honolulu saw its first in the Fabria last June; yet the East Asiatic company has turned to internal combustion heavy-oil engines altogether, having disposed of its steamers Contracts For Twenty Vessels

The East Asiatic line has contracted for twenty motor vessels, varying from 10,000 to 12,000 tons. Delivery of the last of them will not take place until 1920 or 1921. About twelve vessels are in the East Asiatic service now.

A leading builder of motor ships in the yard of Burmeister & Wain, Copenhagen, which has booked orders for forty-four, the contract prices exceeding \$25,000,000 in the aggregate. Some of the new vessels are large. Cost accounts recently executed call for six vessels of 12,000-ton displacement and for six of almost 13,000 deadweight tons capacity, to be delivered in about four years. Formerly the largest vessels were of from 8000 to 9000 tons, rarely exceeding 420 feet in length.

Turbine For Speed Discussion of the motor ship is limited to cargo-carrying. There is nothing to indicate that the Diesel engine can compete with the steam turbine as to speed, although it may be developed as highly as the gasoline motor. But merchant marine supremacy is not based on the liner; it is based on the tramp.

No steel motor vessel of consequence flies the American flag, or did recently although numerous wood vessels have Diesel or Diesel-principle engines as auxiliaries. No country is situated more favorably than America for successful operation of motor vessels, inasmuch as supplies of fuel oil are available on every coast and on the Great Lakes, and a failure of this country to read the signs, a failure to expand building beyond the confines of wood vessels equipped with motor auxiliaries, would be a grave error, perhaps as grave as holding fast to the wood clipper ships before the Civil War.

What England will do is of profound importance. If the motor vessel is to succeed steam as the motive power of the freighter, no country is concerned more vitally than Great Britain. Her first experience with motor vessels has been unfortunate. Moreover she lacks a plentiful supply of fuel oil at home; she has developed her coal mines throughout centuries first entry into the field by the Scandinavians will give them a great lead; retarding of merchant work by the war is a potent factor. In view of these circumstances it is doubtful whether England will build enough motor vessels in time to maintain her relative position, although it would require years of retrogression on her part and of progress by other nations were she to be threatened.

Always provided that the motor vessel is to be one freighter of the future. To the people of the States it is most important what this country does; to the world in general there will be no more noteworthy development in shipping during the next twenty years than what the British do as to motor ships. They may hold to steam, as Americans, held to wood clipper ships, while England has built iron-hulled vessels and fitted them first with paddle wheels and then with screws.

British owners and builders are worried, however. The war is permitting the Scandinavians to go ahead while the British either cannot get private work done at all or are forced to take what they can obtain, and be thankful for that little.

London Fairplay voices one phase of British opinion which certainly is significant. "White undoubtedly the East Asiatic company have been able to work their motor-driven vessels with success, ill-luck seems to have followed a large number of the vessels built in this country (England), with the result that in some instances the Diesel engines have been taken out and ordinary reciprocating engines substituted," said that well-known shipping journal, in commenting upon the annual report of the Flower Motor Ship Company.

"It is very unfortunate that the company should not have met with more success, as now shipowners will be more chary than ever in giving up ordinary engines to take on the special type fitted on board the Flower Motor Ship Company's vessels." Fairplay concludes.

The Flower line made profits of \$31,516 last year. A dividend of five per cent was recommended, with the carrying forward and writing off of certain amounts. The corporation was organized in 1913. Three vessels were ordered. The Abelia was sunk by a German submarine December 30, and the Arum and Arabis were turned back to the builders, being unsatisfactory. More vessels would have been ordered and built except for the war.

A GOOD REUPE FOR THE HOME. Make it a rule of your home to always keep on hand a bottle of Chapman's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints. It always cures promptly and is the only safe remedy without the use of any other drugs.

For sale by all dealers, Henson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

BATTLE OF VERDUN ADDS TO SUFFERING OF FRENCH PEOPLE

David Rice Makes Another Appeal To Hawaii For American Fund For Wounded

HOSPITAL SUPPLIES VITALLY NECESSARY

They Are Being Shipped In Large Quantities As Fast As They Are Made Ready

"You must appreciate the suffering now in France, after the great fight at Verdun," writes David Rice, of Boston, who sends two more bulletins to The Advertiser in his appeal to the people of Hawaii to lead financial assistance to the work of the American Fund for French Wounded.

Mr. Rice's initial appeal to Hawaii in behalf of the New England branch of the fund was published in The Advertiser recently. The money thus raised in America is used to manufacture hospital supplies and the necessary equipment for the wounded and convalescent fighting men in France. The quantity shipped regularly from the States for the purpose is enormous.

The number of cases of materials shipped abroad by the New England branch since its activities began the middle of May of last year had reached 3000 on April 14, while the average weekly shipment at the present time is a hundred and forty-five cases. Large Shipments Made

The bulletins sent by Mr. Rice give the following monthly report for the period from March 13 to April 10 inclusive of shipments going forward to Paris: 367,986 surgical dressings; 7912 pillows and pillow slips; 133 sheets and blankets; 4228 knitted articles including 3691 pairs socks, 3157 flannel garmouts, 953 articles of underwear, 15,000 yards hospital gauze, 114 pounds absorbent cotton, 3090 yards sine oxide adhesive plaster, 2172 surgical needles, 600 pounds rubber, 100 pounds chloroform, 513 pairs rubber gloves, 152 hot water bottles and all cushions fifty and a half yards rubber sheeting, twelve instrument chests, 504 catgut ligatures, 354 surgical instruments, hypodermic syringes, and hypodermic needles, 2888 towels, 2006 handkerchiefs, 422 pairs slippers, 721 sheets writing paper, envelopes, and postcards, 6142 miscellaneous articles, including comfort bags, puzzles and games, old linen, soap, suits, overcoats, wash cloths, hospital shirts.

Francis Gravel For Aid says: "The bulletin of April 14 says: 'The generous response to the recent request for money to buy clinical thermometers has enabled the fund to send abroad in this week's shipment five gross which will be gratefully welcomed by our Paris depot as they are now almost unobtainable in France. 'Word has just come that one of the two auto trucks sent to France by the New England branch has started for Toulouse and the neighboring hospitals with a large consignment of hospital supplies—Miss Casparis of Ohio driving, and Miss Norris of New York accompanying her as distributor. The many contributors of knitted sponges will be interested to learn that in answer to a request from Mrs. Pyral Shaw, formerly of Boston, dozens of these sponges, so much appreciated in France, have been sent from our Paris depot to the Val de Grace Hospital. The Paris office, in a bulletin of March 13, especially speaks of a large consignment of pajamas from the Worcester committee, with a card in the pocket of each on which was a message written in French, adding: 'We feel sure that these will be appreciated and admired as much by the recipients as by the unpackers in our depot. Do beg your contributors whenever possible to add this personal touch.'"

Thanks Given For Help The deep gratitude of the French people for America's generous help is expressed graphically in the following letter received from Paris by the chairman of the American fund: "I wish to thank you for your beautiful and generous gifts which brighten the lives of our wounded soldiers. To a man who has lived for months in the homestead road is keeping him busy, and progressing satisfactorily. This is the well known 'Chin Chuck' road, and promises to be a great convenience to the homesteaders when completed. Other improvements are being made, says the Wheeler report.

The following letter received from Mrs. Breece, was written after she had visited one of the open air establishments in the Pyrenees: "I visited yesterday the Sanatorium Franchet at Cambu for tubercular soldiers and officers who have become ill from the exposure and infection in the trenches. It is high up in the mountains, they have shelters where the poor sufferers lie in the open air all day."

Breaking of a stern line of the German vessel O. J. D. Ahlers and her consequent swinging about in Hilo bay, and the calling of her crew aboard, appear to be well publicized here last week. In view of the reports from Europe that some Teutonic vessel may be sold, it is possible that the Ahlers might be one, but Hilo will have to give better proof than a parted mooring line. Why the crew was called aboard the Hilo Herald was unable to ascertain.

Grace Firm To Open First Steamer Line To the West Coast

Company Will Have Fortnightly Sailings New York To South America Via Canal

W. E. Grace & Co. will operate a fast fortnightly passenger service between New York and the West Coast of South America via the Panama Canal. The vessels will make Callao in eleven days and Valparaiso in eighteen days, including calls at Iquique and Antofagasta. The Pacific Steam Navigation Company has already announced fortnightly departures to the same destination.

Grace Building Vessels Another new steamer are being built at the yards of William Cramp & Sons Ship & Engine Building Company in Philadelphia for Grace. The first of these will be delivered May 1, 1917, according to the specifications of the contract, while the other three soon thereafter. The service will start at that time. The ships will have a displacement of 10,000 tons and will be capable of attaining a speed of fourteen knots. They will be equipped with all modern devices of convenience and safety and will have accommodations for 100 first class passengers.

This is the first regular passenger service to the West Coast of South America that has been planned or operated by any American line. Plan Is Experiment "The plan is in the nature of an experiment," said J. Louis Schaefer, treasurer of W. E. Grace & Co. "We believe that the field has possibilities for development, particularly with movement in the direction of extending the trade of the United States with South America, and that the service will prove successful. We will not depend upon tourists to maintain the service, as it is not difficult to recognize that it will be some years, at least, before the West Coast of South America becomes a field for pleasure seekers. But increasing trade relations will necessitate the despatch of commercial travelers to that country, probably in sufficient numbers to warrant the service."

In addition to the passenger service, the Grace company will continue to operate its present freight steamers on a fortnightly schedule, thus giving the company's ships weekly departures. Approximately twenty vessels are now in the freight service, operating under the American, British and Norwegian flags. Mr. Schaefer said that no plans had been made as to when the coast-to-coast service would be resumed by the Grace ships, as nobody had expected the opening of the canal at so early a date and the vessels were all engaged for other uses. Resumption of service, he said, depends somewhat upon conditions at Panama.

DIVER STILLSON GETS LUCRATIVE CIVIL JOB

Chief Gunner George D. Stillson, one of the Navy's expert divers, and well known in Honolulu because of the prominent part he took last year in the salvage operations of the torpedo boat U.S.S. Albatross, has resigned from the navy to accept an offer from a prominent marine salvage concern of New York.

Since his return from Honolulu last September Stillson has been on duty as assistant instructor at the diving school at the torpedo station at Newport, Rhode Island. Stillson was appointed a gunner in January 1909, after having served as an enlisted man for nine years and two months, and was promoted to the grade of chief gunner in January, 1915.

WHEELER WANTS WHARF AT HILO EXTENDED SIXTY FEET

A. C. Wheeler, engineer in charge of the public works department work on the Big Island, has urged the extension of the Hilo wharf forty-five or sixty feet, and that immediate repairs be begun on the present wharf which he says in a report to Superintendent of Public Works Forbes, is in a bad state. The wharf is to be extended either forty-five or sixty feet, according to the number of piles it is decided to add to the structure. Wheeler also reports that the work on the Hamakua homestead road is keeping him busy, and progressing satisfactorily. This is the well known "Chin Chuck" road, and promises to be a great convenience to the homesteaders when completed. Other improvements are being made, says the Wheeler report.

LOOKS LIKE DUKE WON TWO FIRTS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) CHICAGO, April 29.—The Hawaiian swimming team consisting of Duane Kahananoku finished in third place in the national A. A. U. swimming meet last night with eleven points. Illinois Athletic Club was first with 56 points. New York Athletic Club finished second with 41 points.

NECK AND NECK

Yesterday's games: American League At Detroit—Detroit 6, Cleveland 12 At St. Louis—Chicago 6, St. Louis 2 At Chicago—Rain. National League At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 7, Cincinnati 8. Team standings: American League W. L. Pct. Detroit 9 6 .600 Boston 9 6 .600 Washington 8 6 .571 New York 8 6 .545 Cleveland 8 7 .533 Chicago 8 9 .471 St. Louis 5 8 .387 Philadelphia 3 9 .250 National League Philadelphia 7 3 .700 Brooklyn 5 3 .626 Chicago 5 5 .515 Boston 5 4 .556 St. Louis 7 7 .500 Pittsburgh 6 8 .429 Cincinnati 7 8 .467 New York 1 8 .111

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SPORTS

HILO REGATTA NOW ASSURED

Three Local Crews To Compete With Big Island Oarsmen July Fourth

It has been definitely decided that Honolulu will send crews to Hilo to take part in the regatta to be held on July 4.

Ray Ristow, secretary of the Hawaiian Rowing Association, on Saturday received a letter from M. A. Nicholl of Hilo stating that the regatta is assured and that the proposition to send three crews to Hilo has been enthusiastically received by the Big Island people.

The Hilo Fourth of July committee have set aside an amount which will be more than sufficient to cover Hilo's portion of the expense of bringing the crews and their equipment across the water and returning them to Honolulu.

It is proposed to bring 30 men to Hilo in connection with the rowing, consisting of a crew of six men, two substitutes, and a coach and coxswain from each of the Healan, Myrtle and Honolulu rowing clubs.

Whether pair-oar and single scull races will be included in the program, has not yet been definitely decided. It is said that an excursion to Hilo by an inter-island steamer is assured, and that the steamer will probably leave Honolulu on the morning of Saturday, July 1, the men returning to Honolulu on Wednesday morning. The Kilauea will probably be the steamer chartered for the excursion.

A splendid course has already been laid out in Hilo harbor, a much better one than the Honolulu course. It will be a two-mile course over a triangle route, which enables the spectators to view the entire race and be in at the start and finish. The racers will start from the base of Kuhio wharf toward the end of the breakwater, then on a half turn will make a bee line for Reed's Bay, thence on a half turn to the end of the Kuhio wharf, where the finish will be.

MAY RESUSCITATE JACK JOHNSON

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—In connection with the plan of Dominick Tormentor to hold an elimination tournament for the heavyweight colored championship of the world is a scheme to bring Jack Johnson, former champion, into the limelight again. After McVey, Willis, Langford and Jeanette have settled their disputes, it is the intention of the promoters to have the winner meet Johnson in the final for the title. The promoters decline to say at this time where the battle will be fought, as Johnson is barred at present from entering the United States, but they say it will be a finish contest and not so far from New Orleans.

BERNICE LANE TO SWIM IN FRISCO

Bernice Lane, Hawaii's champion woman swimmer, received a letter by the last mail, inviting her to compete at a swimming meet to be held at Sutilo Park, San Francisco, July 4. Miss Lane has accepted the offer, and the meet in which the best of the Pacific Coast woman swimmers will take part, is under the direction of William Coffman.

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SPORTS

WHO'S WHO IN COLLEGE SPORTS

Quakers Defeat Yale And Tigers Triumph Over Cornell At Baseball

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW HAVEN, April 29.—Pennsylvania won a hard fought game from the EH baseball team today by a score of 8 to 7.

CORNELL WHIPS TIGERS ITHACA, N. Y., April 29.—In one of the best games ever played at the local field the Cornell Varsity baseball team defeated Princeton by a score of 1 to 0.

FANNIE DURACK BREAKING RECORDS

Fanny Durack, who possesses the unique record of holding at one time every woman's world's swimming record from fifty yards to a mile, covered herself with more glory at a meet held in the Roman Baths, Sydney, April 1.

She won the 440-yard event, 110 yards to a lap, in six minutes, three and two-fifths seconds, clipping 13 3/5 seconds off her own world's record for the distance.

She also won the 220-yard event in 2:52, lowering her own world's record by one second.

Miss Durack's world's records are as follows: 50 yards, 29s.; 75 yards, 49 4/5s.; 100 yards, 1m. 6s.; 110 yards, 1m. 16 1/5s.; 150 yards, 1m. 54 1/5 s.; 200 yards, 2m 39 3/5s.; 220 yards, 2m. 42s.; 300 yards, 4m. 12s.; 300 meters, 4m. 43 3/5s.; 440 yards, 6m. 3 3/5s.; 850 yards, 12m. 52s.; 1320 yards, 19m. 31s.; one mile, 26m. 8s.

Miss Durack is 28 years of age.

BILLIARDS HERE IN EARLY FIFTIES

W. R. Castle, discussing billiards, on Saturday, said that the game was introduced in Honolulu in the early '50s and that he remembered a big match being played in 1863. Mr. Castle laughingly mentioned that the fact that billiards was played in Honolulu when he was a youngster was impressed on his mind because of his remembering that his parents enjoined him to keep away from a billiard-table unless he wanted to go to hell.

THEY ACTUALLY DEMAND MONEY

WAILUKU, April 29.—The Wailuku baseball team of Tokio, Japan, is not coming to Maui, as announced last week. All arrangements had been made, but in the last minute the team decided it did not care to play for glory alone. Though guaranteed free transportation and all expenses paid while here, the team refused to accept the hospitality of Maui—because there was no money in it.

The members of the team may be good businessmen, but they are poor sports. The true spirit of sportsman ship seems to have departed, and in its place now rules a sordid mercenary spirit.

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KAUBA, A NEW CROP FOR SWAMPY LANDS

The collections of aquatic food plants secured in a recent expedition to Guiana are of special interest. These include water chestnuts, water nuts, and a number of aquatic bulbs, as well as a water bamboo. The Chinese, the agricultural department's explorer found, have mastered through centuries of experiments the process of using swamp lands for the raising of food crops, and their success is believed to point to commercial possibilities for swamp regions where reclamation by drainage is not practicable.

The kauba, sometimes called wild rice or water bamboo, now to be made the subject of experiment, is a vegetable in taste somewhat between grass and asparagus. The swollen stalks of the plant are eaten much like our asparagus. The ordinary bamboo, contrary to the prevailing opinion, is not an aquatic plant, and for successful cultivation calls for fertile and well drained soil.

Stamped eggs are catching on in the local trade and some dealers who are putting up a fancy article are getting four cents a dozen over the market price of unstamped selects. For one thing the stamped variety is sure to fetch one cent more because that is the charge for candling and all unstamped ones have to be.

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