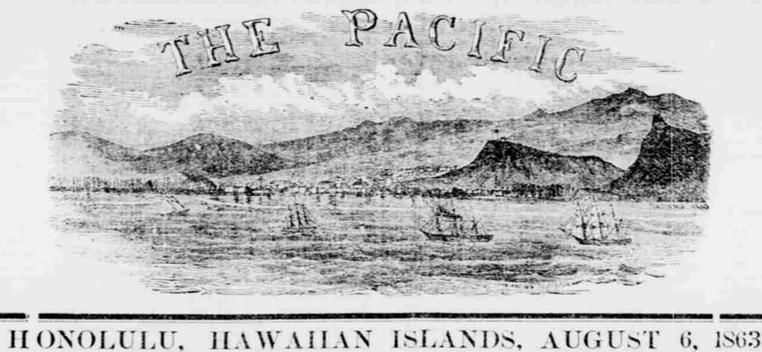


Commercial



Advertiser.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
HENRY M. WHITNEY.

HONOLULU, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, AUGUST 6, 1863.

SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM.
VOL. III. No. 5. WHOLE No. 376.

THE PACIFIC Commercial Advertiser.

The Wanderer to his Home.

Over my lone heart there steals a shade of sadness,
And clouds of sorrow on my spirit come;
And sombre thoughts dispel the wonted gladness—
My wandering spirit flies to my own loved home.
Far from that sweet and blessed spot I languish,
Friendless—forgotten through the world I roam;
I feel no keener pang, no deeper anguish,
Than when I think of thee, my own loved home.
The beauties of the world are all before me,
Yet o'er them all there is a cloud of gloom;
A sickening spell of weariness comes o'er me,
When memory draws the picture of my home.
I gaze upon the stars above me gleaming,
Like diamonds set in Heaven's resplendent dome;
But ah! they seem not so brightly beaming,
As when I watched them from my own loved home.
Sweet home! ah! thought from thee my heart can sever,
Till this frail dust shall moulder in the tomb;
White life's weak, tender thread remains, forever
My thoughts will be of thee, my own loved home.

VARIETY.

One ungrateful man does an injury to all who stand in need of aid.
When you receive a kindness, remember it; when you bestow one, forget it.
Nine spots of different forms and sizes are now to be seen on the sun's disc.
Many people consider the world as a worn disc the interior of a nut—simply a place to feed and grow fat in.
The body is the soul's house, and as the house grows old, it often lets in upon its inhabitants light from heaven through the chinks made by time.
The religion of many folks is a mere matter of ornament, like the stone gods which rich men set up in their gardens.
We can console ourselves for not having great talents as we console ourselves for not having great places. We can be above both in our hearts.
Public applause is ever jealous of its own verdict, and thus the men who have been most abused have been generally those who have been most praised.
Fear not to have every action of your life open to the inspection of mankind. Remember that a nicer censor than man sees into your least actions. Answer to him, and fear no man.
A few days since, a little girl in West Canaan, Conn., while playing with matches, sucked the phosphorus from some of them, and, being taken violently sick in consequence, soon after died.
During the first quarter of the present year there were 100 more marriage licenses issued in Boston than for the same period last year. Perhaps the Consumption Act is one cause of increase.
As I approve of a youth that has something of the old man in him, so I am no less pleased with an old man who has something of the youth. He that follows this rule may be old in body, but never can be so in mind.—Cicero.
Postage stamps have been used since 1849, when they were adopted in London. About fifteen hundred different stamps have been issued by the various countries. The most beautiful are said to be those of Russia.
In one county in Maryland there are seven hundred acres of strawberries, and two persons in that State have each one hundred and twenty acres, and three others one hundred each in strawberry fields.
Delaware has repudiated lotteries. A bill to legalize a swindle under that name was recently defeated by a decisive majority. It is probable that a further reform will be made by making lottery drawing a penal offense.
The Yarmouth Register states that the last vessel belonging to the fleet of that port has been sold, and says, "our young men have engaged in a more profitable employment, though a great deal of business has been lost to the place by the change of parrots."

During the present season, not one cart load of ice has been cut from the Schuykill and ponds in the vicinity of Philadelphia. In case of the country, the farmers get a good supply of ice during the last cold snap, but the article was of very inferior quality.
Mr. Sibley, Librarian of Harvard College, in his last report mentions that within a year, through a clergyman, three colts have been restored by a gentleman who received them from a graduate, some time since deceased, who stole them while in college more than thirty-five years ago.
"Sellee," said Charles II., "look me out a man who can't be corrupted. I have sent three Treasurers to the North, and they have all turned thieves." "Well, your majesty, I recommend Miver." "Miver, you dog!" said Charles; "why, Miver is a thief already!" "Therefore he cannot be corrupted, your majesty," said Sellee.
"A friend of mine," said Lord Erskine, "was suffering from a continual wakefulness, and various remedies were tried to send him to sleep, but in vain. At last his physicians resorted to an experiment which succeeded perfectly. They dressed him in a watchman's coat, put a lantern in his hand, placed him in a sentry-box, and he was asleep in ten minutes."
A newspaper of Barcelona gives a strange account of an apparatus for flying in the air, invented by a farm laborer residing near Malaga. It consists of fins attached to the heels, and large wings extending from the shoulders to the waist, and moved by the hands. The inventor, the journal states, had been able to rise to a height of two hundred yards, and to move about in all directions, even against the wind. He had also performed the distance of a league in less than a quarter of an hour.
"Buy one of these superior razor-strops, sir, and I will sell you a secret worth double the cost, for only sixpence." "I'll take one," said a bystander. The peddler handed him a strip and a box of paste, and went on selling. "Look here!" interrupted the purchaser, "you promised to tell me something worth double the price." "Ah, so I did," said the peddler, "and it is this:—If you had bought a box of the paste for a penny, and put it on to your old strop, it would have made it just exactly as good as a new one."

NOTICE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, AGENTS FOR Mr. E. W. Meyer, Montreal, would inform the public of Honolulu, that the favorably known
"MEYER'S DAIRY BUTTER!"
Can be procured at RETAIL ONLY at the Stores of
Mr. James Steward, Hotel Street, and
Mr. S. Savidge, Fort Street,
Where this Butter acknowledged to be
The very best made on the Islands,
Will always be found fresh!
370-3m
VONHOLT & HEUCK.

Business Cards.

J. H. COLE, AUCTIONEER.
(SUCCESSOR TO A. P. EVERETT.)
At his late rooms, Queen Street. 369-1y

H. W. SEVERANCE, AUCTIONEER, AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Fire-proof Store, Robinson's Building, QUEEN STREET, HONOLULU.
Will continue business at the new stand. 371-1y

DUFFIN & WILSON, DUFFIN'S MARKET, King Street.
One door from the corner of Fort Street. 369-6m

C. E. WILLIAMS, Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in Furniture of every description. Furniture Warehouse on Fort Street, opposite Messrs. Lewis & Co.'s office. Workshop at the old Stand, Hotel Street, near Fort. N. B.—Orders from other islands promptly attended to. 369-1y
H. VON HOLT. T. C. HECKER.

VON HOLT & HEUCK, General Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Oahu, S. I. 373-1y

ALEX. J. CARTWRIGHT, Commission Merchant and General Shipping Agent, Honolulu, Oahu, S. I. 373-1y

H. FISCHER! TAILOR—Keeps constantly on hand an assortment of fine Broadcloth, Cassimeres and Buckskin, Nuuanu St., below King St. 354-1y

B. F. SNOW, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Honolulu, Oahu, S. I. 373-1y

J. WORTH, Dealer in General Merchandise, Hilo, Hawaii. Ships supplied with recruits at the shortest notice, on reasonable terms Bills of exchange wanted. 373-1y

C. H. LEWIS, J. G. DICKSON. **LEWERS & DICKSON,** Dealers in Lumber and Building Materials, Fort St. Honolulu. 373-1y

JANION, GREEN & CO., Commission Merchants—Fire-proof Buildings, Queen Street, Honolulu, April 1, 1863. 373-1y

GEORGE CLARK, BOOT and SHOEMAKER, Hotel Street, between Nuuanu and Maunaloa streets. 373-1y

W. FISCHER, Cabinet Maker and French Polisher, Hotel Street, opposite to Government House. 373-1y

A. S. CLECHORN, Dealer in General Merchandise, fire-proof store corner of Kaunakakai and Queen streets, opposite Messrs. Black, Als, Retail establishment on Nuuanu street, above King. 173 Island Produce bought and sold. Island orders carefully attended to. 369-1y

E. O. HALL, Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Dry Goods, Paints, Oils, a general Merchandise, corner of Fort and King streets. 373-1y

FLORENS STAPENHORST, Agent for the Bremen and Dresden Board of Underwriters. All average claims against the said Underwriters, occurring in or about this Kingdom, will have to be certified before him. 372-1y

CHUNG HOON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT, Importer of China and other goods, dealer in sugars, molasses, coffee, rice, fungus, &c., on King Street, next door to Messrs. Castle & Cooke. 369-1y

JOHN RITSON, DEALER IN WINES, SPIRITS, ALE AND PORTER, Honolulu. 324-1y

D. C. WATERMAN & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Especial attention paid to the interests of the Whaling Fleet, by the furnishing of funds, purchase and sale of Exchange, Oil, Bone, General Merchandise, and the procuring of Freight RECEIPTS.

Messrs. ISAAC HOWLAND, JR. & CO., New Bedford
W. G. E. POPE, Esq., do
MORGAN, STONE & CO., San Francisco.
McKREER & MERRILL, do 373-1y

D. N. FLITNER, Continues his old business in the fireproof building, Kaunakakai. Chronometers rated by observations of the sun and stars with a transit instrument accurately adjusted to the meridian of Honolulu. Particular attention given to fine watch repairing. Sextant and quadrant glasses silvered and repaired. Charts and nautical instruments constantly on hand and for sale. 373-1y

CHAS. E. BISHOP, W. A. ALDRICH Bankers. Office in the east corner of "Makee's Block," on Kaunakakai street, Honolulu.
Messrs. HENRY A. PIERCE, Esq., New York.
Messrs. MORGAN, STONE & CO., San Francisco.
Will receive deposits, discount first-class business paper, and attend to collecting, etc. 373-1y

SAM'L. M. CASTLE, J. B. ATHERTON, AMOS & COOK **CASTLE & COOKE,** Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in General Merchandise, in the Fireproof Store in King Street, opposite the Seaman's Chapel.
AGENTS FOR
Dr. Jaynes' Medicines,
Wholesale & Wilson's Sewing Machines,
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, cash assets \$2,350,000.
Raynolds, Dewar & Pratt—Importers and Manufacturers of Paints, Oil and Varnish, and Crystal Gas Oil,
C. Van Horn & Co.'s Carriages and Carriage Materials. 355-1y

WILCOX, RICHARDS & Co. Ship Chandlery and Commission Merchants, dealers in General Merchandise. Keep constantly on hand a full assortment of merchandise, for the supply of Whalers and Merchant vessels.

AGENTS FOR THE Regular Dispatch Line of Packets, BETWEEN HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO. Bark "Comet," Capt. Jas. Smith. "Yankee," Capt. John Patsy. One of the above vessels will be dispatched regularly every three weeks, or oftener.
Freight and Passengers taken at the lowest rates.
All of the above vessels have superior accommodations for Passengers, for whom every comfort will be afforded.
Through Bills Lading, will be given at Honolulu, for merchandise to New York or Boston, the freight being shipped at San Francisco, on board first class clippers without extra expense to shippers.
Shippers can also procure at Boston or New York, through Bills Lading, for freight shipped via San Francisco, of Messrs. Gillden & Williams, Boston and Messrs. W. T. Coleman & Co., New York. Messrs. McKreer & Merrill, Agents for Regular Dispatch Line, at San Francisco. 353-1y

Business Cards.

DR. J. MOTT SMITH, DENTIST.
Office corner of Fort and Hotel Streets. 332-1y

E. HOFFMANN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Makee's Block, corner Queen and Kaunakakai streets. 373-1y

H. STANGENWALD, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Late New York City Dispensary Physician, member of the Medical Chirurgical College and of the Pathological Society of New York.
Office at Dr. Judd's Drug Store, on Fort Street. Residence in Nuuanu Valley, opposite that of E. O. Hall, Esq. 330-1y

GEORGE W. BROWN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Office, Court House up stairs. 329-1y

H. Y. LUDINGTON, (SUCCESSOR TO F. S. PRATT & CO.) Importer and Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Spirits, and Mal Liqueurs, Charlton Wharf, Honolulu, H. I. 364-1y

B. F. EHLERS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Silks, &c. Fort Street, Honolulu, Oahu, H. I. 373-1y

J. H. WOOD, Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description. Shoe Findings, Pump Sole, Riggering, Harness, and Patent Leathers. Calf, Goat, Hog, and Buck Skins, Trunks, Valises, Sporting Goods, Fells, and Hides, Riggering, Brushes, Hosiery, &c. &c. Brick shoe store, corner of Fort and Merchant streets, Honolulu, H. I. 373-1y

H. HACKFELD & CO., General Commission Agents, Honolulu, Oahu, S. I. 373-1y

W. N. LADD, Importer and Dealer in Hardware, CUTLERY, MECHANICS' TOOLS and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Fort Street, Honolulu. 373-1y

HONOLULU STEAM FLOUR MILL CO. Proprietor—S. SAVIDGE. 372-1y

A. S. CRINBAUM & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fashionable Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, and every variety of Gentlemen's Superior Furnishing Goods. Store, formerly occupied by W. A. Aldrich, Esq., in Makee's Block, Queen Street, Honolulu, Oahu. 330-1y

W. A. ALDRICH, J. S. WALKER, S. C. ALLEN, ALDRICH, WALKER & CO., Importers and Commission Merchants—Dealers in General Merchandise, and Agents for the Sale of Island Produce. —ALSO— Agents for the Lithua, Metcalf, and Princeville Plantations. 346-1y

SEEMAN PECK, H. A. P. CARTER, Honolulu. 373-1y

C. BREWER & CO., Commission & Shipping Merchants, Honolulu, Oahu, H. I. —REFER TO—
JOHN M. HOOD, Esq., New York.
JAMES HENNING, Esq., Boston.
CHARLES BREWER, Esq., Boston.
H. A. PIERCE, Esq., do
Messrs. McKreer & Merrill, do
Messrs. WOLCOTT BROTHERS, Esq., San Francisco.
Messrs. Wm. Perkins & Co., do
Messrs. PHELPS, HYDE & Co., do
330-1y

MELCHERS & CO., Importers and Commission Merchants, AGENTS FOR THE HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, RAUKE'S STEAM PLANTATIONS, FORT STREET, HONOLULU.
GENTY C. MELCHERS, J. D. WICKS, F. A. SCHAEFER, Bremen, Honolulu. 334-1y

JOHN THOS. WATERHOUSE, Importer and Dealer in General Merchandise, Honolulu, H. I. —REFER TO—
Messrs. R. C. WYLLIE, Hon. J. R. F. SNOW, Esq., Honolulu.
C. A. WILLIAMS & Co., WILCOX, RICHARDS & Co.,
DANIEL & SON, THOS. SPENCER, Esq.,
H. DICKINSON, Esq., Lahaina, McCREER & MERRILL, San Fran.
F. W. BROOKS & Co., San F. G. T. LAWTON, Esq.,
TOWN, BROS., & Co., San F. FIELD & CO., New York.
329-1y

THOS. SPENCER, SHIP CHANDLER! Dealer in General Merchandise, Island Produce, &c., and Commission Merchant.
Byron's Bay, Hilo, S. I.
Will keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of every description of goods required by ships and others. The highest prices given for Island Produce.
Money advanced for Bills of Exchange at reasonable rates.
Hilo, February 3, 1861. 352-1y

ALLEN & BERRILL, SUCCESSORS TO
George W. Macy, KAWAIIHA, HAWAII.
Will continue the General Merchandise and Shipping business at the above port, where they are prepared to furnish the just and perfect workmanship, and will be sold cheap, and arranged to work satisfactorily. Apply to
368-3m

Removal of Law Office. DAVID L. GREGG HAS REMOVED his law office to Kaunakakai Street, two doors below Messrs. Melchers & Co., where he offers his professional services to the public in the Courts of the Hawaiian Kingdom. 365-3m

SUGAR AND RICE MACHINERY FOR SALE. JUST RECEIVED per Bark "ARCTIC." From Boston, one spherical Vacuum Pan, 5 ft. in diameter, with Steam Engine, Air Pump, Vacuum Stage, Proof Stick, Thermometer, and all other fittings complete. —ALSO— One Rice Thresher, and one Rice Mill.
Via Panama and San Francisco, One Rice Huller and One Rice Polisher.
All the above machines are built after the most approved pattern and perfect workmanship, and will be sold cheap, and arranged to work satisfactorily. Apply to
I. BARKLEY, Agent for D. M. Weston. 368-3m

PRIVATE DINING ROOMS. THE UNDERSIGNED HAS LATELY fitted up a private room, in the most comfortable manner, which he is ready to let to societies, parties, or gentlemen who wish to entertain their friends, without the trouble attendant upon bestowing of such courtesies at their private residences. The most prompt and obliging servants are in attendance, and the proprietor guarantees that his experience in catering, and the necessary requisites to party giving, from an employment of over 30 years, will give perfect satisfaction in all who employ him. For terms and further particulars, apply to
JOE RODRICK, Rodrick's Restaurant. 364-3m

To Let, For Sale, &c.

Sea-side Cottage! FOR SALE!
AT WAIKIKI, THE HOLDSWORTH Cottage recently improved, and in good repair; contains one large parlor commanding a fine view of the sea and Diamond Head, with dining room and sleeping room attached. Two large verandas enclosed with blinds. Also—cook house, bath house, carriage house, and stable. The whole enclosed by a well built fence. The location is unequalled for a summer residence, and its fine sea bathing and refreshing coolness are unsurpassed. The premises will be sold on favorable terms if applied for soon.
H. W. SEVERANCE. 373-2m

House and Land for sale! THE WELL-KNOWN RESIDENCE of Mr. T. THURM, at 11th Street, rooms, and all outbuildings complete. The land well fenced, and measures about 7 acres.
ALSO—A Spring Wagon, Horse and Harness.
Please apply to
T. THURM, or J. O. CARTER. 373-3m

FOR SALE! THE HOUSE AND LOT ON THE corner of Anna Place and 11th Street, at present occupied by J. Smith. The lot contains an area of 131 1/2 square yards. Apply to
F. S. PRATT, 373-3m
Executor of the Estate of C. Brewer 21.

Sugar Plantation! THE UNDERSIGNED HAS 600 ACRES of land situated at Hana, East Maui, 4 miles from the Hana Harbor, to which there is a good hard road. On the above land there are over 200 acres which can be plowed. There is plenty of wood on the land for building, &c.; 40 acres are cleared and ready for the plow, and can be planted with cane at a small expense. There is on the land a frame house, stock yard 6 rods by 3, a hog pen about 4 acres in size, and a garden about an acre fenced in with stone. And owned by the undersigned there are 4 yokes of oxen, ox cart, plow, &c. &c. There are adjoining the land two or three hundred acres of Government land, (mauka), nearly the whole of which could be plowed. Care in this district, tenses, and must be ground of every year, which makes 100 acres here, equal to 150 acres in Maui and other places.
This is a good opportunity for any person wishing to engage in the cane business. The undersigned will sell out entirely or will go into partnership.
F. J. STEEL, Hana, East Maui. 371-3m

Insurance Cards. CALIFORNIA Mutual Marine Insurance Company, SAN FRANCISCO. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed Agents for the above company, beg leave to inform the public, that they are now prepared to issue MARINE INSURANCE POLICIES on Cargo, Freight and Treasure. H. HACKFELD & CO. Honolulu, April 2, 1862. 348-1y

HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. THE UNDERSIGNED, Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire in and about Honolulu.
For particulars apply at the office. MELCHERS & CO. Honolulu Oct. 11, 1857. 373-1y

CALIFORNIA LLOYDS. MARINE INSURANCES. OFFICE: Southwest corner of Washington and Battery streets.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED to issue Marine Insurance policies, each being responsible for the sum written on the policies against his own name only, and for himself and not for others or any of them.
JOHN PARROTT, JAMES DONAHUE, GEORGE C. JOHNSON, WILLIAM E. BARROW, N. LEWIS, JAMES O'NEILL, JAMES H. HAGGIN, JAMES PHELPS, LAFAYETTE MAYNARD, J. MOEA MOEA. 361-1y

ALDRICH, WALKER & CO. Agents. Honolulu, H. I. 361-1y

KRULL'S DAIRY BUTTER AGAINST ANY MADE ON THE ISLANDS! This well known Dairy is conceded by competent judges to produce the most uniformly good Butter now brought into the market.
For Sale only at the
FAMILY GROCERY & FEED STORE, BY A. D. CARTWRIGHT. 357-6m

"AMERICA BEFORE EUROPE." A few copies of the LATEST EDITION of this popular book of
COUNT DE GASPARDIN. Just received and for sale. 368 1m
H. M. WHITNEY.

Mechanical.

THOMAS KEEGAN, MASON! King St., near Castle & Cooke's Store.
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE California and Hawaiian Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris, Bricks, and several other articles in the building line. Roofs covered with Slate or Composition and warranted water proof.
Orders from the other islands thankfully received. 371-3m

Thompson & Neville, GENERAL BLACKSMITHS! HONOLULU. HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE, a good assortment of
Best Refined Bar-Iron!
Also, best Blacksmiths' Coal!
At the Lowest Market Prices. 368-1y

HENRY ALLEN, Carpenter, Builder, Undertaker and DEALER IN SECOND-HAND FURNITURE! Call and Examine my Stock, before Purchasing Elsewhere, At my shop, in Fort Street. 365-6m

R. LETT & CO., Boot and Shoe Makers, HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE stock of Mr. James Ramsey, are prepared to execute all work in their line with neatness and at reasonable prices.
Nuuanu Street, West side, 2 doors above R. Love's Steam Bakery. 361-6m

W. BENNETT, Boot and Shoe Maker, Nuuanu St., east side, above Hotel St. All orders entrusted to us will be attended to with neatness and dispatch. 333-1y

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE a complete assortment of FURNITURE, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line with promptness and at reasonable prices. WM. FISCHER, 356-1y
Cabinet Maker, Hotel Street, near the Theater.

F. H. & G. SEGELKEN, Tinsmiths and Plumbers, Nuuanu Street, near the Wharf. STOVES and LEAD PIPE always on hand. Jobbing of all kinds attended to. 346-1y

J. O'NEILL, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c., Opposite Lewis & Norton's Cooperage, King St. 334-1y

J. P. HUGHES, IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER of all kinds of Saddlery, Carriage Trimming, Mattress making and repairing done with neatness and dispatch.
All orders promptly attended to.
Corner of Fort and Hotel Street, Honolulu 326-1y

Hawaiian SOAP FACTORY! BY WM. H. HUDDY! —AT— LELEO! SOFT AND OIL SOAP. In large or small quantities to suit. P. S.—Soap greases always wanted. 333-1y

LOCK AND GUNSMITH. THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to state, that he has taken the shop on the premises of Mr. C. H. Levers, in Fort Street, next door to the Long her Yard, and is ready to execute all orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.
Particular attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines.
JAMES A. HOPPER 338-1y

HONOLULU IRON WORKS! THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED to furnish IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, and all kinds of Machinery and Smith's Work at the Shortest Notice and CHEAPEST RATES.
STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS MADE TO ORDER.
IF CONSTANTLY ON HAND—A supply of Anvils, Car Bows, Forge Blocks, Chain Stoppers, Sash Weights, Stone Holes and Linings, Dumb Bells, &c., &c., &c.
THOMAS HUGHES. 353-1y

A. MILLER'S BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKERY, Corner Queen and Richard Streets.
ON HAND AND FOR SALE, Fresh Baked
First and Navy Breads; Soda, Sugar, Butter and Water Crackers, in any quantity and at the lowest rates.
Parties providing their own flour, will have it baked up on the lowest terms. Ship bread retailed. 349-1y

Coopering! JAMES A. BURDICK IN REMOVING HIS BUSINESS to his new COOPERAGE on the Esplanade, Fort Street, takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to his friends and the public in general, for the support and patronage which they have been pleased to grant him for the past two years, and hopes that by attention to business and promptness in the execution of all orders entrusted to him, he will merit a continuance of their favors. 334-1y

Letter Press. JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE. H. M. WHITNEY. 367-1m

Foreign Advertisements.

G. GRIFFITHS MORGAN, C. S. HANAWAY, E. F. STONE
MORGAN, STONE & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, San Francisco, Cal —REFERENCES—
T. S. Hathaway Esq., New Bedford
Messrs. T. & B. Spyer, do
Swift & Ferriss, do
Grinnell Minton & Co., New York
John Forbes Esq., Boston,
Messrs. Perkins & Smith, New London,
Daniel C. Waterman Esq., Honolulu. 353-1y

D. C. M'CURR, J. G. MERRILL
McCURR & MERRILL, Commission Merchants AND AUCTIONEERS, AGENTS OF THE Regular Dispatch Line of Honolulu Packets. REFERENCE TO ALL freight arriving in transit for the Sandwich Islands, will be received and forwarded by the "Regular Dispatch Line" FREE OF COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to forwarding and transshipment of merchandise, sale of whalers' stores, and other exchange, in insurance of merchandise and specie under open policies, supplying whaleboats, chartering ships, &c.
117 and 119 California street, Honolulu. 353-1y

CHAS. WOLCOTT BROTHERS, W. FRANK LADD, EDWARD F. HALL, JR.
CHAS. W. BROOKS & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, 123 Sansome Street, San Francisco, Cal. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the Purchase, Shipment and Sale of Merchandise; to Forwarding and Transshipment of Goods; the Chartering and Sale of Vessels; the Supplying of Whaleboats; and the Negotiation of Exchange.
Exchange on Honolulu in sums to suit. ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS. REFER TO
B. F. SNOW, Esq., Honolulu. JAS. HENNINGWELL, Boston.
C. BREWER & Co., HENRY A. PIERCE, do
H. S. WALKER, CHAS. BREWER, do
H. HACKFELD & Co., T. HAYES, PROGRAM & FIELD, do
BENJ. PITMAN, Hilo. E. CROFT & Co., New York.
340-1y SWIFT & ALLEN New Bedford.

JANION, GREEN & RHODES, Commission Merchants, Victoria, Vancouver's Island. N. B.—Particular attention paid to consignments of Sandwich Island Produce. Victoria, V. I., January 1, 1863. 354-1y

LOWE, BROTHERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Victoria, Vancouver Island. —REFER TO—
The Hon. HEDDEN'S BAY Co., Victoria, V. I.
Messrs. DANIEL GIBB & Co., San Francisco.
Messrs. ALDRICH, WALKER & CO., Honolulu.
Mr. James L. DOWSETT, do. 352-1y

J. J. SOUTHCATE & CO., Importers & Commission Merchants, BRICK FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE, UNION WIARE, VICTORIA, V. I., —REFER BY PERMISSION TO
Messrs. B. DAVIDSON & Co., Bankers, San Francisco,
" DANIEL GIBB & Co., do
" C. A. LOW & Co., do
" CHAS. & Co., do
" E. HOPFENSCHEIDER & STAPENHORST, Honolulu. 346-6m

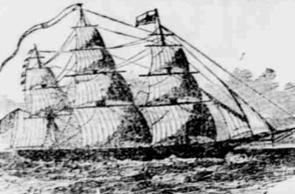
LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH OPTICIANS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN OPTICAL, Mathematical and Philosophical INSTRUMENTS, STEREOSCOPIC GOODS, PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, CARTES DE VISITE. —AND—
Jos. Rogers & Sons' Superior Cutlery, 637 Clay Street, San Francisco.
Having for sale the largest and best assortment on the Pacific Coast, to which they would call the particular attention of the public and the trade.
Having unusual facilities for getting our goods from first hands, we feel confident that purchasers will really promote their own interests by selecting from our stock.
Complete Catalogues of Cartes de Visite, Stereoscopic and other goods sold by us, may be had on application, or will be sent to any address, by mail, POSTAGE PAID.
Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to inspect our stock, and they can be assured that a call will not incur the least obligation to purchase.
LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH, Opticians, 637 Clay Street, San Francisco. 359-1y

JUST PUBLISHED. The thrilling & romantic Hawaiian Tale OF LAIEIKAWAI, Hiwahiwa o Paliuli, Kawahineokaliula. (Laieikawai, the renowned woman of Paluuli, the Lady of the twilight.) Price \$1 per copy, bound, 214 pp. 12mo. This volume narrates one of the Ancient Hawaiian legends written in the most polished and pure style of the language. Being the first book of the kind ever published in the vernacular, and also one of the most popular of the legends of this people, it will be valued by all foreigners and natives, who desire to see its records preserved in this form.
For sale by H. M. WHITNEY.

Lloyd's Map OF THE SOUTHERN STATES, COLOR-ED, in 60. The war news cannot be perused intelligently without a good Map at hand to refer to, and this is one of the most correct. For sale by H. M. WHITNEY.

THE PACIFIC Commercial Advertiser.

ARRIVAL OF THE Clipper Ship Asterion!



7 DAYS LATER!

More Glorious News!

PORT HUDSON TAKEN!

Charleston Attacked!

Gold in New York, July 1, 144; July 15, 127.

Report of Gen. Dix.

PORTSMOUTH, July 9.—Gen. Dix and staff arrived at Fortress Monroe last night. They report that their expedition has been a perfect success. Gen. Dix crossed the Pamunkey river near Whitehouse, following the river to the South Anna branch, where they destroyed the Central Railroad bridges. Not being able to reach the bridge of the Fredericksburg road, they took up and destroyed several miles of the track and having effectually destroyed all communication between Richmond and Lee's army, they returned yesterday to Whitehouse. Gen. Dix's forces have removed all the available property from Whitehouse, including an engine, several cars and a locomotive, and destroyed the York and Richmond railroad. This done, Gen. Dix removed from Whitehouse, in conformity with orders from Washington.

States rights repudiated by N. Carolina. CHICAGO, July 10.—Later details of the Union movement now progressing in North Carolina have been received by way of Fortress Monroe. The dissatisfaction with the rebel government is increasing daily, and overtures to Gen. Foster increase in boldness. Not long since the Raleigh Standard contained an able article, believed to be written by the Hon. W. A. Graham, taking the strongest grounds against the right of secession and in support of the duty of the Federal Government to defend its own existence by force when secession threatened it. The article denies that any just cause exists for the present rebellion, and asserts that any State now claimed as belonging to the seceding Confederacy can withdraw from it at will. The same paper, in another article, openly favors peace by a reconstruction of the Union or by separation resolved upon by a convention of all the States. The Standard also congratulates the Rev. B. W. Graves on his acquittal on a charge of treason, and republishes, with commendation, the article made the pretext for his arrest by the rebel authorities.

Doings of the Rebel Army of the South West. MEMPHIS, July 10.—Nothing new in this section. The loss of our troops at Helena in the fight of the 4th inst. cost nearly 200 killed and wounded. The rebel loss was between 1,100 and 1,200 prisoners, and 300 killed. The latter is the exact number that our troops have buried.

The rebels are still making demonstrations on the Vicksburg line. Chalmers has advanced to Commerce, and about 600 of Price's men have been seen opposite Fort Pillow.

Mobile news to the 11 reports that Dick Taylor took Berwick Bay with 1,500 prisoners and a large amount of army stores; and also that Nagruler and Taylor had taken Kenner Station, 19 miles from New Orleans, with 5 pieces of artillery.

Gen. Dodge, of Corinth, just arrived, reports that Col. Cornyn had a fight with the rebels at Iuka yesterday, and at 3 o'clock, after a severe fight, drove the enemy 2,000 strong, towards Briar creek, capturing a part of their battery.

Later from Vicksburg. CHICAGO, July 11.—We have received dispatches from Vicksburg of the 4th inst. as follows: Vicksburg surrendered this morning, after a siege of 47 days, terminating in a negotiation lasting 24 hours. Gen. Grant and Pemberton had an interview yesterday afternoon. The last note of Gen. Pemberton, accepting the proposed terms of the post, was received at 9 o'clock to-day, when Gen. McPherson received a formal surrender of the city. The terms allow the officers and men to be paroled, the former to retain their side arms, horses and personal property. They start for headquarters at 10 miles from New Orleans, with 3 days' rations from our stores. Gen. Logan's division marched into the city at 10 o'clock and at noon Lieut. Col. Strong hoisted the Stars and Stripes over the Court-house. Gen. Logan is appointed commander of the post. We have taken over 27,000 prisoners, besides 4,000 non-combatants, 192 field pieces, 30 siege guns, and 50,000 stand of arms, besides ammunition, locomotives, cars, a few stores, and 87 stand of colors. Among the prisoners are Lieut. Gen. Pemberton, Maj. Gen. Stevenson, Smith, Forney and Bowen, 14 brigadier generals, and about 120 colonels.

There are 6,000 men in the hospital, half of whom are wounded. July 15, 1863, the garrison reported able for duty. The stock of provisions was almost exhausted and for four days they had been eating mule flesh. Of ammunition for the heavy guns they had a fair supply, but in field and musketry were short. Light percussion caps to the amount of all they had left. The garrison had a few more of the supplies they had left, with a little unground corn. The capitulation was caused by destitution and physical prostration, hastened by expectations that our forces would advance from the extreme right and intercept them. Taking two brigades and a battery, he proceeded to accomplish his mission. He met Stuart two miles from our lines, already on his way to execute his designs. Gen. Gregg charged the rebels, and was at first repulsed. He rallied his men and again charged, routing Stuart's force, who left his dead and wounded on the field in his hasty retreat. Among the killed were two Majors. Our loss was from 20 to 40 killed and wounded.

Another letter from headquarters says Gen. Mead's movements are energetic, and he may decide to cross the river in pursuit of the rebels should they escape from this side.

Admiral here that Beauregard has passed down the Shepanoah, with 40,000 men to reinforce Lee.

Lee Crossing his Army. A special dispatch to the Tribune, from the headquarters Army of the Potomac, on Friday, the 10th, says: A vigorous artillery and cavalry fight took place this morning over Antietam Creek, preparatory to the great expected conflict. The cavalry and artillery of Buford's aide by Kilpatrick, attacked the left flank of Ewell and dislodged him last evening.

ing from the village of Benevola, on the road from Boonesboro to Hagerstown, driving him two miles beyond Beaver Creek. This morning sharp skirmishing continued, with equal success until the enemy rested in a strong position near Funkstown. The enemy will make a vigorous stand to cross a portion of their force; that would enable our army to attack with ease their rear, which they will probably resist, taking the chance of victory or disorganization. A dispatch dated 6 P. M. the same day says: The utmost activity now prevails in the army of the Potomac. A deserter who came into our lines last night, reports that Lee has a single bridge across the Potomac, near Williamsport, which he has succeeded in getting over ammunition and supplies, although he couldn't move his artillery over it with safety or expedition. He reports Lee now fortified, his artillery being already placed to give us battle whenever we attack. He thinks Lee has about 50,000 active men. They are still hopeful of conquering us, and think it was about an even thing at Gettysburg. The men in the rebel army had not heard of the fall of Vicksburg. Lee is evidently driven to the wall and will fight to the bitter end. Gen. Meade says to meet and conquer an army of 50,000 veteran troops is a most serious undertaking, the result being determined not by human might alone. At 10 o'clock this morning the enemy held the right of Hagerstown and our forces the left, at 2:29 P. M., a very heavy and rapid cannonading opened upon the rebels and continued for about an hour, resulting only in dividing them from the woods.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The Herald's special dispatch to-day says trustworthy information indicates that the rebels have had a pontoon bridge sent from Martinsburg. Lee is now crossing his army at Falling Waters. About 1,000 prisoners, mostly Georgians, were captured yesterday.

Rebel Account of Gettysburg. CHICAGO, July 11.—The following is an interesting rebel statement of the battles at Gettysburg, as sent to Richmond by press from the rebel headquarters. On Saturday night our centre fell back drawing the enemy from their works. General Ewell and Longstreet flanked the enemy and gained the heights. Yesterday the enemy were routed. Lee captured 40,000 prisoners.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 8th acknowledges the loss of 15,000 in the battle, and says the Yankee army, estimated at 175,000 men, was badly whipped, and 40,000 prisoners were taken.

The Dispatch of the same date contains a leader on the battle of Gettysburg, which says the fact is well ascertained that Gen. Lee has met the enemy in a pitched battle and has inflicted a terrible defeat upon them. The Dispatch alludes to the telegraphic dispatch announcing that a great battle was being fought on Sunday last, in which the Yankees were whipped with a loss of 60,000 men, and that the rebels were victorious. "We already see glimpses of peace, if this telegram proves but half true; but let us have no peace which we do not dictate ourselves."

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Gen. Prentiss' official dispatch of the fight at Helena on the 4th says he encountered the rebel force of 15,000 men, and whipped them handsomely. We took 12,000 stand of arms and two stand of colors. The enemy's loss was over 2,500, and ours is not over 150.

Peace Propositions in the Federal Cabinet. NEW YORK, July 11.—The Herald's dispatch says that a number of leading Republicans have arranged a programme to be submitted to the President under which they are willing that peace be restored. It embraces the following points, said to have been suggested by Secretary Chase: First—Slavery shall cease in the whole United States after 1876. All minor negro slaves at that time to remain in slavery until 21 years of age; all over that age to have the option of freedom, or to remain with their masters, provision being made for the loyal States receiving compensation for the slaves so freed, but no compensation to be allowed the rebel States. Second—A Convention shall be called with a view to revise the Constitution by striking out the fifth provision recognizing slavery as a basis of representation, and providing for the emancipation of slaves according to the above programme.

The Herald's Washington dispatch gives the President's reply to the Louisiana plan, which petitioned for authority to elect Federal and State officers under the existing Constitution. The President does not favor it. A respectable portion of the people of Louisiana contemplate holding a Convention to amend the State Constitution. He also does not see how it would facilitate our military operations in Louisiana, and he declines to say that the people of Louisiana shall not lack opportunity for a fair election of Federal and State officers.

Miscellaneous. CHICAGO, July 12.—Advice from the theatre of military operations on the Upper Potomac seem to indicate almost certain that Lee has succeeded in placing his army in a position where, if not speedily attacked, he can withdraw safely to the Virginia side of the Potomac. On Friday night he withdrew his lines at Antietam, and massed his army on the neck of land opposite Falling Waters. This neck is surrounded on three sides by the Potomac, thus effectually protecting his flanks, evidently giving him a decided advantage in position. Morgan is proceeding with the work of crossing in comparative security. Dispatches intimate that Meade will at once attack the new rebel position. There is, however, little ground to hope that he will succeed in damaging the rebel army to any very great extent.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Medical Inspector Hallam reports to Surgeon General Hammond that there are now in our hands at Gettysburg 10,000 rebel wounded. The number of that number is sixty pieces of artillery in the various batteries along the river, and in the rear of the place, many of them being of very large calibre.

Riot in New York. BUFFALO, July 14.—The wires at New York are not yet repaired. The news from the riot is to six o'clock last evening. At that time, the mob is reported to have crossed to the suspension bridge. It appears to have been a preconcerted plan of resistance to the conscription, as all the working men on the different railroads combined together with those of certain factories, and marched to the enrollment station at Third Avenue, at half past ten o'clock yesterday morning. The crowd rushed in, seized the books and papers, using great violence, and soon afterwards the building was burned. Women were also in the mob, inciting the men on. Police detachments were sent to the ground, and were overpowered and beaten horribly, and Superintendent Kennedy is so badly injured that fears are entertained that he will not recover. At noon, a detachment of 75 men of the Fourth Regiment arrived, drew up in line between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets, but were quickly surrounded by the mob, who stoned and jeered them. The soldiers fired into the mob, when they were set upon and driven off, and pursued about a mile. One soldier was caught and beaten to death by both men and women. Another was actually torn to pieces and thrown into a ditch, and the body stoned until it was half buried. Another squad of police arrived, but were also driven off, one man being killed and another badly injured.

Stuart's Cavalry Raid Stopped. WASHINGTON, July 10.—Meade's and Lee's armies were at last accounted by five or six miles apart, and skirmishes between the outposts occurred to-day. From letters recently received here, it was learned by Gen. Meade that Stuart was preparing to make one of his customary raids on our rear, to cut off train and prevent communication with Baltimore and Washington. Gen. Gregg, with a division, was ordered to advance from the extreme right and intercept him. Taking two brigades and a battery, he proceeded to accomplish his mission. He met Stuart two miles from our lines, already on his way to execute his designs. Gen. Gregg charged the rebels, and was at first repulsed. He rallied his men and again charged, routing Stuart's force, who left his dead and wounded on the field in his hasty retreat. Among the killed were two Majors. Our loss was from 20 to 40 killed and wounded.

Another letter from headquarters says Gen. Mead's movements are energetic, and he may decide to cross the river in pursuit of the rebels should they escape from this side.

Admiral here that Beauregard has passed down the Shepanoah, with 40,000 men to reinforce Lee.

Money in Richmond was growing higher. Gold was from \$850 to \$900 in Confederate money.

The Democratic mass meeting, at Springfield, Ill., June 13th, was largely attended. Resolutions were passed demanding the release of Vallandigham, and the withdrawal of Federal troops from the rebel States, and declaring that the further offensive prosecution of this war tends to subvert the Constitution and the Government, and entails upon this nation all the disasters and consequences of a miserable anarchy, and favoring peace upon the basis of the restoration of the Union, and for the accomplishment of which purpose, a National Convention to settle upon the terms of peace, which shall have in view the restoration of the Union as it was, and securing by Constitutional amendments, such rights to the several States and the people thereof, as honor and justice demand.

Later from Europe. DATES TO JULY 12.—The Great Eastern, with dates from Liverpool to June 30th, and from Queenstown to July 1st, has arrived.

Earl Russell announced in his place in Parliament that Baron Gross had assured him that France had no intention of proposing mediation measures to England.

DATES TO SUNDAY, JULY 5th. NEW YORK, July 15.—The steamship Persia, with dates from Liverpool to the 4th, and Queenstown to the 6th, has arrived.

Warlike rumors continued to reach Paris. It was rumored that Russia had assented to the essential points of the propositions of the Three Powers regarding Poland, but no answer had not yet been received. The insurrection in Poland continued active.

News from Charleston. CHARLESTON, July 13.—There is nothing new since yesterday. The enemy is engaged in establishing batteries for long range guns, on the middle of Morris Island, being aided by 50 monitors. Their wooden gun boats are being on the batteries at (Fort) Wagner and Gregg, and on the North end of Morris Island.

BEAUREGARD. FORT MONROE, July 11.—Fort Powhatan, on the James River, was taken possession of by our fleet yesterday. All the men and guns had been removed. The gunboat Union Jack from Fort Mifflin, had been captured. The enemy's loss in killed, wounded and prisoners is between 700 and 800. The attack commenced last Friday morning. The Union Jack left on Monday afternoon, and was engaged with our fleet in the crossing, with every prospect of its speedy capture. Five monitors were engaged.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—Morgan's force crossed the Little Miami, between Loveland Camps and Denison, at noon to-day, capturing a train of three coaches, and burning it. He has a slight skirmish at Camp Denison, and burned fifty Government wagons at Loveland. He then passed in a south easterly direction, and he is reported to have passed Batavia. They are respecting private property, only taking fresh horses and mules, and carrying off the iron. His entrance into Indiana, Morgan has cut seven railroads, but the damages are all nearly completed.

BUFFALO, July 15.—Vallandigham arrived in Canada.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Gold 128 1/2; July 16, gold 127.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., July 15.—Drafting in the 1st Ward took place to-day, and passed off without disturbance.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—The draft in the 14th Ward, Fourth Congressional District, commenced to-day and is progressing quietly and satisfactorily.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—At 12 o'clock last night Morgan's advance force of 1,000 men, crossed the river from the river. His scouts approached the river opposite Marysville this morning, but were driven back by the gunboats.

Riot in Boston. BOSTON, July 15.—The disturbance here yesterday afternoon originated in an assault upon David Howe, who called at a house on Prince Street, to notify the resident that he had been drafted. Some loafers interfered and beat Howe severely. The mob was, however, speedily quelled, and, as a precautionary measure, the military were ordered under arms.

At 8:20 o'clock P. M., a mob gathered and broke into several gun shops. The alarm bells were rung and the military rapidly gathered; at 10 P. M., the army on Cooper street was attacked by the rioters, one of whom was killed, and another fatally wounded, and a child and a horse killed. Some rioters were also killed, and several persons wounded. A gun store on Dock Square was broken open, but the police, by the use of their revolvers, succeeded in dispersing the rioters.

A dispatch from the Secretary of War says five of the New York regiments have been ordered home, and that the retreat of Lee is a rout, with a much larger loss than at first supposed. He also confirms the news from Charleston.

Port Hudson Taken. CAIRO, July 15th.—The steamer Perry, with Colonel Right, bearer of dispatches from Gen. Grant to the Government has arrived. From him we obtain the following in regard to affairs at Port Hudson: The surrender was made on the eighth by Major-General Gardner, and formal possession was taken of the rebel works on the morning of the ninth. The surrender was unconditional.

The magazines contained a large supply of powder, but a small quantity of shot and shell. The number of prisoners is variously estimated at from seven to twelve thousand men. There are sixty pieces of artillery in the various batteries along the river, and in the rear of the place, many of them being of very large calibre.

Miscellaneous. CHICAGO, July 12.—Advice from the theatre of military operations on the Upper Potomac seem to indicate almost certain that Lee has succeeded in placing his army in a position where, if not speedily attacked, he can withdraw safely to the Virginia side of the Potomac. On Friday night he withdrew his lines at Antietam, and massed his army on the neck of land opposite Falling Waters. This neck is surrounded on three sides by the Potomac, thus effectually protecting his flanks, evidently giving him a decided advantage in position. Morgan is proceeding with the work of crossing in comparative security. Dispatches intimate that Meade will at once attack the new rebel position. There is, however, little ground to hope that he will succeed in damaging the rebel army to any very great extent.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Medical Inspector Hallam reports to Surgeon General Hammond that there are now in our hands at Gettysburg 10,000 rebel wounded. The number of that number is sixty pieces of artillery in the various batteries along the river, and in the rear of the place, many of them being of very large calibre.

Riot in New York. BUFFALO, July 14.—The wires at New York are not yet repaired. The news from the riot is to six o'clock last evening. At that time, the mob is reported to have crossed to the suspension bridge. It appears to have been a preconcerted plan of resistance to the conscription, as all the working men on the different railroads combined together with those of certain factories, and marched to the enrollment station at Third Avenue, at half past ten o'clock yesterday morning. The crowd rushed in, seized the books and papers, using great violence, and soon afterwards the building was burned. Women were also in the mob, inciting the men on. Police detachments were sent to the ground, and were overpowered and beaten horribly, and Superintendent Kennedy is so badly injured that fears are entertained that he will not recover. At noon, a detachment of 75 men of the Fourth Regiment arrived, drew up in line between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets, but were quickly surrounded by the mob, who stoned and jeered them. The soldiers fired into the mob, when they were set upon and driven off, and pursued about a mile. One soldier was caught and beaten to death by both men and women. Another was actually torn to pieces and thrown into a ditch, and the body stoned until it was half buried. Another squad of police arrived, but were also driven off, one man being killed and another badly injured.

Stuart's Cavalry Raid Stopped. WASHINGTON, July 10.—Meade's and Lee's armies were at last accounted by five or six miles apart, and skirmishes between the outposts occurred to-day. From letters recently received here, it was learned by Gen. Meade that Stuart was preparing to make one of his customary raids on our rear, to cut off train and prevent communication with Baltimore and Washington. Gen. Gregg, with a division, was ordered to advance from the extreme right and intercept him. Taking two brigades and a battery, he proceeded to accomplish his mission. He met Stuart two miles from our lines, already on his way to execute his designs. Gen. Gregg charged the rebels, and was at first repulsed. He rallied his men and again charged, routing Stuart's force, who left his dead and wounded on the field in his hasty retreat. Among the killed were two Majors. Our loss was from 20 to 40 killed and wounded.

Another letter from headquarters says Gen. Mead's movements are energetic, and he may decide to cross the river in pursuit of the rebels should they escape from this side.

Admiral here that Beauregard has passed down the Shepanoah, with 40,000 men to reinforce Lee.

Money in Richmond was growing higher. Gold was from \$850 to \$900 in Confederate money.

The Democratic mass meeting, at Springfield, Ill., June 13th, was largely attended. Resolutions were passed demanding the release of Vallandigham, and the withdrawal of Federal troops from the rebel States, and declaring that the further offensive prosecution of this war tends to subvert the Constitution and the Government, and entails upon this nation all the disasters and consequences of a miserable anarchy, and favoring peace upon the basis of the restoration of the Union, and for the accomplishment of which purpose, a National Convention to settle upon the terms of peace, which shall have in view the restoration of the Union as it was, and securing by Constitutional amendments, such rights to the several States and the people thereof, as honor and justice demand.

Later from Europe. DATES TO JULY 12.—The Great Eastern, with dates from Liverpool to June 30th, and from Queenstown to July 1st, has arrived.

Earl Russell announced in his place in Parliament that Baron Gross had assured him that France had no intention of proposing mediation measures to England.

DATES TO SUNDAY, JULY 5th. NEW YORK, July 15.—The steamship Persia, with dates from Liverpool to the 4th, and Queenstown to the 6th, has arrived.

Warlike rumors continued to reach Paris. It was rumored that Russia had assented to the essential points of the propositions of the Three Powers regarding Poland, but no answer had not yet been received. The insurrection in Poland continued active.

News from Charleston. CHARLESTON, July 13.—There is nothing new since yesterday. The enemy is engaged in establishing batteries for long range guns, on the middle of Morris Island, being aided by 50 monitors. Their wooden gun boats are being on the batteries at (Fort) Wagner and Gregg, and on the North end of Morris Island.

BEAUREGARD. FORT MONROE, July 11.—Fort Powhatan, on the James River, was taken possession of by our fleet yesterday. All the men and guns had been removed. The gunboat Union Jack from Fort Mifflin, had been captured. The enemy's loss in killed, wounded and prisoners is between 700 and 800. The attack commenced last Friday morning. The Union Jack left on Monday afternoon, and was engaged with our fleet in the crossing, with every prospect of its speedy capture. Five monitors were engaged.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—Morgan's force crossed the Little Miami, between Loveland Camps and Denison, at noon to-day, capturing a train of three coaches, and burning it. He has a slight skirmish at Camp Denison, and burned fifty Government wagons at Loveland. He then passed in a south easterly direction, and he is reported to have passed Batavia. They are respecting private property, only taking fresh horses and mules, and carrying off the iron. His entrance into Indiana, Morgan has cut seven railroads, but the damages are all nearly completed.

BUFFALO, July 15.—Vallandigham arrived in Canada.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Gold 128 1/2; July 16, gold 127.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., July 15.—Drafting in the 1st Ward took place to-day, and passed off without disturbance.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—The draft in the 14th Ward, Fourth Congressional District, commenced to-day and is progressing quietly and satisfactorily.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—At 12 o'clock last night Morgan's advance force of 1,000 men, crossed the river from the river. His scouts approached the river opposite Marysville this morning, but were driven back by the gunboats.

Riot in Boston. BOSTON, July 15.—The disturbance here yesterday afternoon originated in an assault upon David Howe, who called at a house on Prince Street, to notify the resident that he had been drafted. Some loafers interfered and beat Howe severely. The mob was, however, speedily quelled, and, as a precautionary measure, the military were ordered under arms.

At 8:20 o'clock P. M., a mob gathered and broke into several gun shops. The alarm bells were rung and the military rapidly gathered; at 10 P. M., the army on Cooper street was attacked by the rioters, one of whom was killed, and another fatally wounded, and a child and a horse killed. Some rioters were also killed, and several persons wounded. A gun store on Dock Square was broken open, but the police, by the use of their revolvers, succeeded in dispersing the rioters.

A dispatch from the Secretary of War says five of the New York regiments have been ordered home, and that the retreat of Lee is a rout, with a much larger loss than at first supposed. He also confirms the news from Charleston.

Port Hudson Taken. CAIRO, July 15th.—The steamer Perry, with Colonel Right, bearer of dispatches from Gen. Grant to the Government has arrived. From him we obtain the following in regard to affairs at Port Hudson: The surrender was made on the eighth by Major-General Gardner, and formal possession was taken of the rebel works on the morning of the ninth. The surrender was unconditional.

The magazines contained a large supply of powder, but a small quantity of shot and shell. The number of prisoners is variously estimated at from seven to twelve thousand men. There are sixty pieces of artillery in the various batteries along the river, and in the rear of the place, many of them being of very large calibre.

Miscellaneous. CHICAGO, July 12.—Advice from the theatre of military operations on the Upper Potomac seem to indicate almost certain that Lee has succeeded in placing his army in a position where, if not speedily attacked, he can withdraw safely to the Virginia side of the Potomac. On Friday night he withdrew his lines at Antietam, and massed his army on the neck of land opposite Falling Waters. This neck is surrounded on three sides by the Potomac, thus effectually protecting his flanks, evidently giving him a decided advantage in position. Morgan is proceeding with the work of crossing in comparative security. Dispatches intimate that Meade will at once attack the new rebel position. There is, however, little ground to hope that he will succeed in damaging the rebel army to any very great extent.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Medical Inspector Hallam reports to Surgeon General Hammond that there are now in our hands at Gettysburg 10,000 rebel wounded. The number of that number is sixty pieces of artillery in the various batteries along the river, and in the rear of the place, many of them being of very large calibre.

Riot in New York. BUFFALO, July 14.—The wires at New York are not yet repaired. The news from the riot is to six o'clock last evening. At that time, the mob is reported to have crossed to the suspension bridge. It appears to have been a preconcerted plan of resistance to the conscription, as all the working men on the different railroads combined together with those of certain factories, and marched to the enrollment station at Third Avenue, at half past ten o'clock yesterday morning. The crowd rushed in, seized the books and papers, using great violence, and soon afterwards the building was burned. Women were also in the mob, inciting the men on. Police detachments were sent to the ground, and were overpowered and beaten horribly, and Superintendent Kennedy is so badly injured that fears are entertained that he will not recover. At noon, a detachment of 75 men of the Fourth Regiment arrived, drew up in line between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets, but were quickly surrounded by the mob, who stoned and jeered them. The soldiers fired into the mob, when they were set upon and driven off, and pursued about a mile. One soldier was caught and beaten to death by both men and women. Another was actually torn to pieces and thrown into a ditch, and the body stoned until it was half buried. Another squad of police arrived, but were also driven off, one man being killed and another badly injured.

Stuart's Cavalry Raid Stopped. WASHINGTON, July 10.—Meade's and Lee's armies were at last accounted by five or six miles apart, and skirmishes between the outposts occurred to-day. From letters recently received here, it was learned by Gen. Meade that Stuart was preparing to make one of his customary raids on our rear, to cut off train and prevent communication with Baltimore and Washington. Gen. Gregg, with a division, was ordered to advance from the extreme right and intercept him. Taking two brigades and a battery, he proceeded to accomplish his mission. He met Stuart two miles from our lines, already on his way to execute his designs. Gen. Gregg charged the rebels, and was at first repulsed. He rallied his men and again charged, routing Stuart's force, who left his dead and wounded on the field in his hasty retreat. Among the killed were two Majors. Our loss was from 20 to 40 killed and wounded.

Another letter from headquarters says Gen. Mead's movements are energetic, and he may decide to cross the river in pursuit of the rebels should they escape from this side.

Admiral here that Beauregard has passed down the Shepanoah, with 40,000 men to reinforce Lee.

Money in Richmond was growing higher. Gold was from \$850 to \$900 in Confederate money.

The Democratic mass meeting, at Springfield, Ill., June 13th, was largely attended. Resolutions were passed demanding the release of Vallandigham, and the withdrawal of Federal troops from the rebel States, and declaring that the further offensive prosecution of this war tends to subvert the Constitution and the Government, and entails upon this nation all the disasters and consequences of a miserable anarchy, and favoring peace upon the basis of the restoration of the Union, and for the accomplishment of which purpose, a National Convention to settle upon the terms of peace, which shall have in view the restoration of the Union as it was, and securing by Constitutional amendments, such rights to the several States and the people thereof, as honor and justice demand.

Later from Europe.

DATES TO JULY 12.—The Great Eastern, with dates from Liverpool to June 30th, and from Queenstown to July 1st, has arrived.

Earl Russell announced in his place in Parliament that Baron Gross had assured him that France had no intention of proposing mediation measures to England.

DATES TO SUNDAY, JULY 5th. NEW YORK, July 15.—The steamship Persia, with dates from Liverpool to the 4th, and Queenstown to the 6th, has arrived.

Warlike rumors continued to reach Paris. It was rumored that Russia had assented to the essential points of the propositions of the Three Powers regarding Poland, but no answer had not yet been received. The insurrection in Poland continued active.

PLOWS, PLOWS!

W. N. LADD

HAS RECEIVED FROM BOSTON BY THE Helen Mar, and offers for sale, EAGLE NO. 1 PLOWS, EAGLE NO. 2 PLOWS, EAGLE NO. 20 PLOWS.

Also on hand, SIDE HILL PLOWS.

Honolulu, July, 1863. 375 2m

PACIFIC BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RE-spectfully inform the public that he is prepared to cast and finish all kinds of brass and composition work with accuracy and dispatch. All kinds of ship and plantation work furnished on short notice.

Constantly on hand, hose couplings of the following sizes—1, 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

Also, all kinds of pumps and galleons. JAMES A. HOPKIN, King street.

NEW GOODS, HELLEN MAR, EXPECTED PER COMET, CASTLE & COOKE.

Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, Charcoal iron, Tin pans, 1, 2, 3 Reers and basins, Western rim, and a quart, Milk pailers, Sausage press, 1 gallon cans, Creamers, Native spades, 1 quart cans, Vegetable dishes, Gun trowels, Tea and coffee caddies, Cane knives, 12 qt milk pans, Butter dishes, Pocket knives, Colanders, Sugar bowls, Tin spoons, Coffee pots, White and colored Knives and forks, Carbon springs, Platters, Carvers, Case tin, Fry pans, etc, etc, etc.

Also, Manila cordage, putty, Maynard & Noe's quart ink, chalk, ash laves, brooms, water pails, mangle, castile soap, etc, etc, etc.

Expected per Comet. One case Fancy Goods by Express. Also, a fine assortment of KEROSENE OIL LAMPS. Honolulu, July 28, 1863. 375 2m

NEW GOODS FOR THE FALL SEASON.

THE BRITISH STEEL SCHOONER "DOMITILA," A 100 TONS TONNAGE, IS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE FROM LIVERPOOL early in September with a full assortment of goods expressly selected for this market, consisting of Dry goods, fancy goods, Bags, burlap, Hemp, canvas, Saddlery, Groceries, Hardware, Earthenware, FENCING WIRE, HOOP IRON, Clothing, Stationery, Perfumery.

ALE AND PORTER, LIQUORS.

Tea, mulling, and machinery as per separate advertisement. N. B.—A great many of the Dry Goods and Fancy Goods are entirely new articles in this market.

A variety of suitable goods on the way from Liverpool and London, via Victoria, per "Lisbon" (arrived there), "Daisy Miller" and "Bon Snake." J. JANSON, GREEN & CO. 375 2m

LITTLE GIANT! FAMILY SEWING MACHINE CO.

MILLER & BUCKLIN, Agents, No. 203 Montgomery St., Russ Block, SAN FRANCISCO.

Price Reduced to \$15 instead of \$25.

Two PRACTICALLY DEVELOP and perfect the Sewing Machine art is to carry joy and gladness to no small portion of the civilized world; but to render the Sewing Machine art in the highest degree useful in use. To direct the Sewing Machine every loose and clumsy attachment and every fancy and complicated contrivance, an invention and still so far to publish necessary, that it may be easily understood and readily adjusted.

3. It must be certain in its results.

4. It should be adapted to a great range of work, as most families can have but one machine for all kinds of sewing.

5. It should be adapted to the greatest abuse of machinery in use. Cast off machines are advertised daily at low and half prices, which are deemed worthless the public well know. Therefore, would seek simply an intelligent examination of the merits of our machines in comparison with the high priced machines. Every machine warranted and kept in order free of charge.

Recollect, price only \$15.

N. B.—We have no connection with any other agency, firm, or company whatever. A full supply of Machines, NEEDLES, Sewing Machine, and every thing pertaining to Sewing Machines, constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. All orders promptly attended to. Agents supplied on liberal terms.

MILLER & BUCKLIN, General Agents for the Little Giant Family Sewing Machines, 203 Montgomery Street, Russ Block, 375 2m

THE STEAM SCHOONER "ANNIE LAURIE!"

The ANNIE LAURIE is undergoing a thorough overhaul, and her next sailing day for ports on Kauai, will be advertised as early as possible. J. JANSON, GREEN & CO., Honolulu, July 20, 1863. Agents H. S. N. Co.

1863. SUGAR AND MOLASSES FROM KAIWIKI PLANTATION, FIRST CROP! NOW COMING IN, AND FOR SALE BY BREWER PLANTATION, 1863.

For sale by 375 4m E. S. PRATT, Agent.

E. C. ADDERLEY, IMPORTER AND MAKER OF SADDLES, HARNESS, &c.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL articles pertaining to the Trade, such as Ladies' and Gentlemen's Saddles and bridles; Harnesses, silver-mounted and plain; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Whips, Spurs, Saddle cloths, Saddle-bags; Brushes of all kinds; Bridle Bits, both polished and silver-plated; Trimming Saddles, Combs and Curry-combs, Collars, Harness, and GEAR SUITABLE FOR PLANTATIONS.

CHARACTERISTIC TRAINING done with neatness and dispatch, and at the lowest rates. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully asks a continuance of the same.

Shop on "Cory Street, next door to Smith & Co's Drug Store. 375 4m

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, "Limited."

Capital One Million Pounds. Head Office, Manchester Buildings, Liverpool. Agents at Honolulu, J. JANSON, GREEN & CO. N. B.—This Company takes risks on goods only and not on vessels. 375 6

Machinery For Sale!

TO ARRIVE per "DOMITILA!"

2 SUGAR MILLS, EACH with ROLLERS 24 inches diameter, and 4 ft. 9 in length, fitted complete, and 2 spare rollers.

2 40-INCH UNDER-DRIVEN CENTRAL-FUGAZI MACHINES, on the latest and most approved principle, with improved all-iron castings, counter-gearing, foundation bolts, and belts complete.

2 VERTICAL HIGH PRESSURE STEAM Engines, 16-horse cylinders and 16-horse stroke, with vertical boilers, governors and four pump complete.

All made at the celebrated Vauxhall Foundry, Liverpool. Workmanship warranted. For further particulars, apply to J. JANSON, GREEN & CO. 375 2m

NEW GOODS

Now Landing from "Yankee!"

Assorted Crackers, in Cases and Tins, Smoked Herrings, Fresh Salmon in Tins, Buckwheat Flour, Rye Flour, Rye Meal, California Clear Lake Cheese, Hll, and gr. Boxes New Malaga Raisins, Fresh California Onions, Dried Apples, 4 Bbls, New Seamed Oysters, Nests of Market Baskets

375 1m 8 SAVIDGE.

GENERAL SALE.

On Tuesday, August 11, At 10 O'clock A. M., at Sales Room. Will be sold, Choice Brands ALE & PORTER!

Keys Hawaiian Sugar, Boxes Braxine Soap, Boxes Manila Segars, Nests Hingham market, China Flower Pots, Culls Manila Rope, Cases Kerosene Oil, &c. &c. &c.

AT JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE'S New Goods!

Just arrived, and to arrive per Ships Margaret Pugh, Sydney, Berlin, Laughing Water, &c. Also by the Kate Sargeant, Helen Mar, &c., FROM BOSTON DIRECT.

On Hand! And for sale by the case or case, of first rate quality: Marzetti's Ale, pints and quarts; Allison's Ale; Jeffrey's Ale, quarts and pints; first rate London Bottled Stout, in qts and pints. Also, a quantity of superior Five Bells &c. 374-2m JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.

Subscriptions TO THE STOCK OF THE KOHALA SUGAR CO.

Will be received at his office, by SAMUEL N. CASTLE, Treasurer. 374-1m

House to Let!

CLOSE TO THE CORNER OF RICHMOND and BERTHIAUM STREETS. Every convenience for a family. Inquire of ED. BROWN, 374-1m On the premises.

Received this Day! Per Yankee!

AN ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' Misses' Children's Books and Sheets. Field 10, 1863. By JOHN H. WOOD. 374-1m

FIELD & RICE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 31 and 33 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. BARNUM W. FIELD. WILLIAM B. RICE. 374-3y

PLANTATION BEEF!

To Sugar Planters and Others.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING THEIR Steam Apparatus in full operation, Sugar Planters and others will find it much to their advantage to purchase on credit.

SALT BEEF

which we offer two and a half cents per lb without containers or three and a half cents per lb in barrels and tins; also a prime article of CHOICE CUTS, and NEATS TONGUES, AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

This is without exception one of the best dishes of Beef packed as three tubs, as all the inferior parts are steamed down.

The above articles will be delivered at our Store House at Kawaihau, Hawaii, or forwarded to any part of the Islands. All orders left with Mr. G. C. McLean, Honolulu, or forwarded to the undersigned at Lihou, Waimea, Hawaii, will meet with immediate attention. 375 2m FRANCIS SPENCER, Manager of Waimea Grazing & Agricultural Company.

JUST RECEIVED Per "YANKEE!"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, AND FOR SALE BY the undersigned: 8 rolls 5-4 White Matting, 9 rolls

