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Hawaiian Gazette

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Hawaiian Gazette.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1886.

HAWAIIAN LEGISLATURE.

SESSION OF 1886.
SEVENTEETH DAY.

MONDAY, July 26.

The Assembly convened at the usual hour and, after prayer by Chaplain and the calling of the roll, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Representative Kaulukou offered a resolution that the sum of \$4,000 be inserted in the Appropriation Bill for the purpose of providing for the repairing of roads in the district of Kau, Hawaii, also that \$500 be expended for the extension of water pipes to Waiohinnu. To special committee on Roads and Bridges.

There being no other resolutions offered Rep. Aholo now moved the "Order of the Day," which being carried, the Assembly resolved into Committee of the Whole, Rep. Keau in the chair, and proceeded with the consideration of items in the Appropriation Bill under the head of Department of Foreign Affairs, the first item "Reception of Official Guests, \$10,000," in dueing the following argument:

Representative Brown asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs what official guests are likely to visit the Islands during the next two years.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs said it was very probable that the Prince and Princess of Wales will pass through here from their visit to Australia. It was necessary that they should be entertained in a manner becoming their rank. The amount is not large, and out of it will have to be paid several bills incurred at the time of the visit of the Swedish Prince.

Representative Brown moved the item pass at \$5,000. It is uncertain that the Prince of Wales will visit here. If he does he (the speaker) judged that the people of Honolulu are loyal enough to see that the Prince is properly entertained. In the report of the Minister of Foreign Affairs there was an item of \$6.75 for supplies to Japanese Embassy, as far back as 1882, which was not paid. Also in 1883 another item of \$18.75 supplies to second Japanese Embassy, and in 1884 an item of \$159.25 for entertaining Prince Oscar of Sweden, both of which items have not yet been paid. He thought that \$5,000 was sufficient and would cover all expenses. The House had already voted \$30,000 for expenses of foreign missions. He considered it was as so much money thrown into the sea.

Representative Kaulukou moved the item pass as in the bill at \$10,000.

Representative Thurston said that by the motion made by Rep. Kaulukou it does not appear that he was in favor of economy. The Ministers do not ask for \$10,000, they only want \$6,000 as shown in the revised estimate. The House had increased the item for foreign missions, and now the Ministers ask for a new item. When His Majesty's message for retrenchment was read in the House it was received and applauded, and a reply was made to the effect that the suggestion in the message would be carried out. Was this carrying it out by putting in a new item of \$6,000? Some evil minded person has said that this retrenchment was all bunkum. If the House kept going on and increasing appropriations by inserting new items, they deserve to be called "wind bags." It may be some of the members held a caucus and determined to put this item through the same as they did the one for \$30,000 for foreign missions.

Representative Kaulukou considered the previous speaker took too much stock in outside rumors. He had heard a report that the Honorable member for Molokai was employed by C. Brewer & Co., to put certain measures through the Assembly, but he only took such reports for what they were worth. If the member desired to entertain friends at his own house, he would have to incur some extra expense, and it was the same way with the Government. He thought that it was likely the Prince of Wales would remain over here a while, in which case he should be fittingly entertained.

Representative Aholo said the matter of certain bills having not been paid had been referred to. Perhaps that was because there was no money in the Treasury. Some members had said that His Majesty's speech for retrenchment had not been complied with, but that was not so, as the Ministers had reduced this item from \$10,000 to \$6,000. It was all very well to say the Honolulu people would do their share in entertaining the Prince of Wales, if he came, but that would not excuse the Government from giving him a befitting reception.

The Minister of Interior said that this item had been reduced from \$10,000 to \$6,000. When certain amounts which were owing were paid, to the extent of about \$1,200, there would be less than \$5,000 left for the purpose of entertaining any distinguished guests who might come to the Islands. When foreign Ministers were sent abroad, their countries paid their expenses. The Hawaiian Minister at Washington was paid a salary, and when he went to London his expenses were paid by his Government. Members of a Royal Family are received everywhere in a special manner. The greatest courtesy was extended to His Majesty while visiting other countries. When Prince Oscar, the second son of the King of Sweden, was here, the Government had no means at hand for his entertainment. It was expected by his suite that something would be done to entertain him in a proper manner. Some obligations were incurred, a part of which were paid. There were the fares for the Volcano trip. It was said that if the Government did

not pay that, the bill would be handed to the Consul for Sweden, who would have sent it to Sweden to show up the financial condition of this country. If no Prince came the money would not be spent. In the statement of indebtedness these small sums appeared, and could be partly accounted for by the bills coming in at a late day and partly because some were disputed.

After a little further argument the item was passed as in the reduced estimate, as follows:
Reception Official Guests, \$6,000.

The next item
Expenses Foreign Agents, \$6,000.

was passed without debate, the Minister of Interior explaining, instead of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, that His Majesty had appointed several Consuls General and Charges d'Affaires at Madrid. The same at Amsterdam. There had been several additions to the Consular and Diplomatic Corps. The only Consul General paid was the one at London, Mr. Manley Hopkins. The Consul at Amsterdam had been of great service. As he had provided his own uniform and other things, it was only right that something should be paid him for official expenses.

Incidentals Foreign Office, \$4,000, passed at above figures, being a reduction of \$1,000 from the amount presented in the Bill.

Discussion ensued on the next item viz: Education of Hawaiian youths abroad, \$25,000. Rep. Kaulukou opening the ball by a motion to increase to \$30,000.

Representative Wight asked what the two youths at Tokio, Japan, were being educated in.

The Minister of Interior stated that the youths were being educated in the course preparatory to the higher education patronized by the Japanese Government. This Government regarded it desirable to send youths to different countries, so that the ways and languages of such could be mastered by different Hawaiian youths.

Representative Thurston said he noticed in the Foreign Office statement of indebtedness lately presented, the following item: "J. C. Hooker, Rome. Claims for damage by landlord at whose house Mr. Booth died (estimate) \$500." He would like some explanation.

The Minister of Interior said this was a disputed claim against the Government. A very promising Hawaiian youth, Booth, was stricken down with cholera in Rome, and taken by the Italian Government officials to a hotel where he died. The hotel keeper made a claim for damages on the ground that the young man dying from the disease in his house, had broken up his custom and spoiled his business. The speaker did not think Government should pay this claim for damages.

Representative Brown said he was in favor of voting something for the education of Hawaiian youths abroad, but he could not support the increase proposed by Rep. Kaulukou. It seemed rather singular that an item should be asked for to educate Hawaiian youths abroad, when the House had lately refused to take the law off the statute books prohibiting Hawaiians from leaving the Kingdom without permission. That was lost by a Government vote, and the very persons who supported it are in favor of this present item. They ought to be consistent and vote against it. These youths abroad, when their education is completed, may refuse to come home for fear they would never be allowed to go abroad again.

Representative Kalua said it was necessary to vote some money, but there had been a good deal of mismanagement. One youth had been sent to China to learn the Chinese language, but he came back a regular vagabond, getting into the Police Station for drunkenness and finally passing out of sight altogether. Another had tried to pass himself off in Italy as a son of King Kalakaua. Then there was one in Italy who was reported as being about to marry an Italian woman, (laughter) and when he returned, possibly that was all he would have to show for the expenditure on him, while there might be a progeny composed of American, Hawaiian and Italian blood added to the population. He favored having the youths to be educated abroad selected from the best pupils in the schools at home. He moved the item be referred to the Committee on Education.

Representative Castle said it was not the harm done, but the Assembly should know what was the good accomplished. He was in favor of a liberal appropriation for educational purposes, and also for the nominal purpose of this item. But he questioned the value of having youths instructed in the wearing of military clothes, or of directing military or naval operations. He supported reference to committee.

The item now, on vote, passed as presented viz:
Education Hawaiian Youths Abroad, \$25,000.

On motion, the Committee now, 12:25 o'clock, adjourned until 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON.

The Committee reconvened at 2 p. m. and immediately thereon Rep. Kaulukou moved that the Committee rise, report progress, and recommend an adjournment till the 9th of August.

The absurdity of the confused motion caused some laughter, and the mover remade his motion, simply to rise and report progress. Carried.

that the members who were tax assessors could get at their work as such. Under the bill that was lately approved by His Majesty, the Government could be carried on for the next two years even if the Assembly was prorogued to-morrow. The members should be careful what they were about to do. They were sent here to do the business of the country and not simply to receive positions and Government pay for themselves. How could they face their constituents if they neglected the business of the country to go home about their own business. If he was a party to such a proceeding, he would not dare face his constituents, and if he was an elector he would not vote for any member who had taken part in the act.

Representative Kalua was opposed to such a lengthy adjournment, one week was amply sufficient.

Representative Kauhi was astonished at the audacity of the motion. There seemed to be no real necessity for it. In twenty-five years he had never heard of such a proposal. It would be the better and more manly course for members who are tax assessors to rise in their places and ask for leave of absence. Let them go about their assessing business if they chose. The House could get along better without them. They were only afraid, if they went without the Assembly adjourning, that their constituents would condemn them for neglecting their public duties here.

Representative Keau, another Government member came to the rescue of Rep. Kaulikou and moved the previous question, and that being carried and the ayes and nays being called, the motion to adjourn until August 9th was carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Gibson, Creighton, Kanoa, Dare, Kaee, Macfarlane, Hayselden, Keau, Baker, Amara, Kaulia, Kaulikou, Kuanamano, Nabale, Nahinu, Aholo, Kankau, Kaai, Kana'i—19.

Noes—Martin, Lilikalani, Kauli, Brown, Pahia, Wright, Kaunaha, Kekoa, Kalua, Castle, Thurston, Paehaole, Palohau—13.

At 2:35 p. m. the Assembly adjourned until 10 a. m. on Monday August 9th.

\$30,000 FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Lack of space prevented the debate on this question being published last week, and as the subject was thoroughly well aired by the Minister of the Interior, instead of the proper exponent of the foreign policy of the Government, the arguments are reproduced, with some slight changes, from the verbatim report published in the Bulletin. The remarks of Hon. S. G. Wilder convey an exposition of extravagance on the part of the present and immediately previous Administrations exactly in accord with previously conceived opinions.

The item "Expenses of Foreign Missions \$30,000" being moved, the following debate took place: Representative Kalua spoke at length against the item. The Government party were continually harping on the Japanese as the only practical result of the foreign policy. He was not a so-called "missionary" himself, but he reminded the Hon. member for Hilo that he owed everything to the missionary cause, he said, to carry the item at \$30,000.

Representative Kaulikou argued that the Ministry should not get this money, because they failed to define precisely the objects of its expenditure. Representative Brown withdrew his motion of the other day, and the item, and would support the amendment for \$10,000. Bills were due for entertaining the Swedish Prince and the Japanese embassy and would have to be paid.

Representative Kuanamano spoke of the great benefit to the Kingdom from the visit of Queen Emma to England and the tour of King Kalakoua round the world. Foreign missions were useful, and this item should pass. He referred to the mission of Richards, that secured the recognition of the Kingdom's independence by England, France and America. He suggested frantically that Rep. Dole should be sent on the Samoan mission, as a good representative of the Hawaiian born people, but if either Messrs. Dole, Castle, Brown, Thurston or Kalua were sent \$30,000 would be too small. He thought Hon. S. Parker must have made a good impression on the ladies at New Orleans and Louisville.

Representative Thurston addressed the House in Hawaii against the item in the bill, arguing that the past period's expenditure on foreign missions had been of little value to the country. He favored the item's passage at \$8,000.

Representative Dole spoke of the South Sea expedition of 1822, which he regarded as an attempt at carrying out the present policy of the Government regarding those islands. The commissioners had been furnished flags, instructions, etc., and brought back letters and the souls of the native chiefs. He read two of the letters to show that the writers had evidently been furnished with ready-made communications, besides having extravagant views of the importance and power of Hawaii. That mission's vessel was wrecked, which was ominous of the fate of the foreign policy of this Government.

The Minister of Interior, Gibson was sorry to see a gentleman of the intelligence of the member for Lihue endeavor to mislead the House in the manner he had done in the first place, and would represent that those two letters were probably prepared on board the Jettie. These letters were prepared in 1822, and Captain Tripp went in 1824. Even admitting that it was so, Captain Tripp took on board here an interpreter, Mr. Randolph, who went with him from Lihue to Laysan. One letter was dated July 25th, the other August 1st. The same interpreter having prepared both letters, it was so reasonable to suppose that they should be similar; but Lele, the son of a resident on Laysan, an old missionary, attested to the truth of these letters. The matter before them was the consideration of the item for foreign missions, and the foreign policy of the Government was under consideration in regard to what was aimed at in the future. In regard to the past it must relate to immigration as one of the results of diplomatic action of the Government. While the Government could not claim the credit of Portuguese immigration, it could claim credit for having vigorously pushed it. Under that policy about 9,000 Portuguese and 3,000 Japanese, or about 12,000 people, had been added to the population. This had resulted in an increase of \$90,000 per annum in taxes. In 1851 the exports were valued at \$6,855,436, and in 1855, \$9,965,663, an increase of more than \$2,000,000. The productive power of the country was increased through its diplomatic action.

Representative Thurston—How do you account for the fact that only \$450.25 were spent last period?

The Minister continuing said that he was not referring particularly to the last period, but to the general result. Legislators were not always considering the exact question of a *quid pro quo*—the immediate result of diplomatic action. Government had a duty in taking part in international events without invitation. For instance, when the Emperor of Russia was crowned, the Great Powers sent their Ambassadors. This Kingdom sent a representative, who was most courteously received, and it was recognized not as an injudicious act on the part of the country, but it was recognized as a mark of esteem. The United States of America maintained relations with them and had a representative here for unquestionably important reasons. The Government of Great Britain also had a representative here, but what profit was it for France to maintain a Commissioner and also a Chancery? There was no commerce between the two countries, and he believed it was costing that Government between \$5,000 and \$6,000 a year to maintain relations with this country. It was certainly an act of kindly and friendly consideration under the circumstances, and not one of profit. It might be that although there was no matter of business between the two States, still it was proper as a measure of protection for the few citizens of that country residing here, if only half a dozen, that the Great Republic would deem it important they should be protected, and even if it was only for business considerations it would be proper for them to have a representative in Samoa and other parts of the South Seas, where were several hun-

reds of people, subjects of His Majesty. They had missionaries, traders and sailors, who had drifted away to those islands. The Hon. C. R. Bishop and another gentleman also made some remark that the chief industry of the country was domestic; that they had enough to do to take care of their own people. He admitted there was good reason in that. Yet it was worthy of consideration that the religious sentiment of the world sought expansion. It may be that in Christian countries there is less of this spirit, among the poor and ignorant, yet they feel there is a sufficiency of teachers at home to look after its wants. The Government of this Kingdom, situated in the midst of a kindred people, surrounded by hostile influences to civilization, even if they did not ship of war, must still give them kindly assistance and give them moral support. Rep. Castle and other honorable gentlemen who advocated this strict attention to domestic affairs, this regard for home interests, had not maintained that attitude themselves. They had indulged in a foreign policy, they were a foreigner indulged in at one time to part with a portion of this Kingdom. There was a Government that sought to part with a piece of Hawaiian territory for certain advantages. This was a line of foreign policy that he could not understand. A foreign policy that he would be in favor of—which was not possible at present—would be to have an increase of territory. But at present he was in favor only of increasing Hawaiian influence. The Hon. Noble Bishop was of opinion that they had not been benefited by their efforts about New Orleans and Louisville. He was sure the Hon. Noble had a high opinion of the qualities of Dr. Mott Smith, and would give faith to his statements.

The speaker here read extracts from Hon. J. Mott Smith's letter, and the statements therein express the opinion of Hawaii being benefited by the appearance made at the Louisville Exhibition. Continuing he said: They had seen that by the action of the Government in sending Hawaiian Envoys abroad all they had sought to be accomplished in Portugal and Japan was accomplished, and that they might see what still could be accomplished. There was the National Fisheries Exhibition, in which they were invited to take part, but owing to paucity of resources, they were only able to squeeze out a small amount and in consequence put it very much in appearance. An invitation came from the United States that they should take part in the Meridian Conference and they sent Ambassadors there who represented them with credit. There was also the International Health Conference, where they were represented by the late representative Judge J. Mott Smith and the Hon. Noble Parker represented them at New Orleans and Louisville, and also at Washington, and from the accounts of their visits he was satisfied they resulted in benefit to the country. Now, next year, there was a commemoration a grand jubilee for the good Queen of the great British Empire, who celebrates the fiftieth anniversary of her reign. He felt that Hawaii ought to put in an appearance there, whether specially invited or not. They could not do that without the expenditure of a few thousand dollars.

Representative Thurston interrupting—There are those Makiki claims which ought to be paid.

In answer the Minister said: the member for Makiki (Thurston), had dealt principally upon the incapacity of the present Government to pay its debts, its total loss of credit. Now gentlemen, that kind of picture was not sustained by facts. Their name was not bad; their credit was not ruined. He was satisfied that if this country was in need, if its honor was at stake in any question of this kind, the Government would do nothing more in this town, if needed. But it would not have occasion to borrow another dollar. While the Government had been going on with these matters, the expenditure on account of immigration was as follows:— 1883—Appropriation, \$100,000; expended, \$100,000; planters' expenditure, \$196,877. Total amount, \$296,877. 1884—Appropriation, \$500,000; expended, \$473,000; planters' expenditure, \$209,286. Total amt., \$682,286. 1885—Appropriation, \$300,000; expended, \$327,257; planters' expenditure, \$215,013. Total amount, \$542,270.

Hon. S. G. Wilder—Then the Government spends more money for bringing in women and children than it does for its own people?

The Minister said the hon. Noble would have an opportunity of speaking later. While hundreds of thousands had been spent for these purposes, home matters were not neglected. About \$200,000 were spent in public buildings. There was the new police building, for instance, and officers to do honor to them. At the time of the Coronation a French admiral had sent a letter by one of his captains expressing regret that his ship was too large to enter the harbor, or he would have been present in person to do honor to the occasion. See how the King of Russia honored his country. The Prince of Wales received Colonel Lanika. Those were the sentiments of international courtesy. The Great Powers never thought of them as a one-horse State.

Honorable S. G. Wilder said he did not intend saying anything about this item, but his remarks of the Minister he could not resist. If the Government spent during one period \$327,257 for women and children, and the planters only \$215,013 for the same period for men, there ought to be more women and children in the country. There was never more an estimate expended for men than for women and children. Every one respected the gentlemen who were sent there, but it was an unfortunate circumstance, and set the entire South against our treaty, and that was against us. They showed that we could give more sugar to the men than any other country, and that was the case. This morning the indebtedness of the country was laid before the House. He did not know how the Ministers felt, but he felt mortified and ashamed. And yet they were told the credit of the country was never as good as at the present time. The House is asked to pass this item for foreign missions; for more furs, show and feathers. A bill three years old, amounting to \$325, is unpaid. He (the speaker) would rather have paid it out of his own pocket by saving on hack hire than letting it get on the records. What is wanted is economy, and this is a good place to exercise it. If the House votes \$13,000, that should not be expended. Six years ago the Government had \$338,000 in the Treasury, and the entire debt of the country was \$50,000. If we are \$2,000,000 in debt in six years, what will we be in the next six years? The credit of this country was not good; its honor was not good; it could not pay its debts. He knew amounts owing which were not in this bill. Its only hope was to commence to be economical; to stop expenditures that were useless, and only spend money for purposes which were necessary. He would vote for \$8,000, and no more, and he would vote for it feeling that that amount should not be there.

Hon. C. R. Bishop said the discussion had taken a wide range; a deal of it had no reference whatever to the subject. Immigration had been talked of, but the item was not intended for any such purpose. It had been shown that \$30,000 were spent, but it resulted in very little good to the country. He would not say it had not done good. It certainly had not been properly expended. If the country was to be benefited by spending money in this direction he would favor it. He did not see any necessity for a representative here, or a representative here, but what profit was it for France to maintain a Commissioner and also a Chancery? There was no commerce between the two countries, and he believed it was costing that Government between \$5,000 and \$6,000 a year to maintain relations with this country. It was certainly an act of kindly and friendly consideration under the circumstances, and not one of profit. It might be that although there was no matter of business between the two States, still it was proper as a measure of protection for the few citizens of that country residing here, if only half a dozen, that the Great Republic would deem it important they should be protected, and even if it was only for business considerations it would be proper for them to have a representative in Samoa and other parts of the South Seas, where were several hun-

reds of people, subjects of His Majesty. They had missionaries, traders and sailors, who had drifted away to those islands. The Hon. C. R. Bishop and another gentleman also made some remark that the chief industry of the country was domestic; that they had enough to do to take care of their own people. He admitted there was good reason in that. Yet it was worthy of consideration that the religious sentiment of the world sought expansion. It may be that in Christian countries there is less of this spirit, among the poor and ignorant, yet they feel there is a sufficiency of teachers at home to look after its wants. The Government of this Kingdom, situated in the midst of a kindred people, surrounded by hostile influences to civilization, even if they did not ship of war, must still give them kindly assistance and give them moral support. Rep. Castle and other honorable gentlemen who advocated this strict attention to domestic affairs, this regard for home interests, had not maintained that attitude themselves. They had indulged in a foreign policy, they were a foreigner indulged in at one time to part with a portion of this Kingdom. There was a Government that sought to part with a piece of Hawaiian territory for certain advantages. This was a line of foreign policy that he could not understand. A foreign policy that he would be in favor of—which was not possible at present—would be to have an increase of territory. But at present he was in favor only of increasing Hawaiian influence. The Hon. Noble Bishop was of opinion that they had not been benefited by their efforts about New Orleans and Louisville. He was sure the Hon. Noble had a high opinion of the qualities of Dr. Mott Smith, and would give faith to his statements.

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the sincerity of others. A few years ago there was \$6,000 in the Appropriation Bill for the same purpose, and now the House is asked to vote \$30,000. Is that economy? It is true our exports have been large, but the prospects of our chief industry are not flattering. Two years hence we may find that we are able to be a little more liberal. World exhibitions commenced in 1851, and since then they have become very frequent. There is one every year, and the country can afford it, and it would be to our advantage, there is no reason why we should not be represented at these exhibitions. If we cannot afford it, then save our money and stay at home. The Great Powers expect us to be modest, and not ring in where we are not expected. Years ago the British representative recommended simplicity and modest economy in the management of their affairs. For a long time this advice had been followed. The Great Powers today would give the same advice. They would say, manage your affairs with economy, and get out of debt. A good, honest and prudent Government is required for this purpose. The school and other things at home should be attended to. This appropriation was not required to obtain immigrants from Japan or Portugal. It was always best to have a small appropriation in case exigencies should arise. He thought \$8,000 would be enough, but would not object to \$10,000.

Representative Castle said that he had been reading a book entitled "Egypt under the Khedives," and would like to read to the House the following abstract: "Should however, the tax-Collector be allowed to receive the interest on the public debt, have not the bondholders the right to say to the Khedive he must sooner diminish his army expenses than their payments? Have they not the right to say to him that his civil list is six times as large as that of the Emperor Napoleon?" He admitted that the sentences were not parallel, but similar. The House is asked to pass a large sum for a great deal of show, but without any advantage to the country. The public debt is increasing. Have not the creditors of the country a right to say, stop increasing your expenses and pay your debts?

Representative Aholo spoke in favor of the item passing at \$30,000.

The motions to strike the item out and to pass it at \$35,000 were both lost.

Representative Dole moved the ayes and noes be taken on the motion to pass the item at \$30,000. Carried.

The motion to pass the item at \$30,000 was carried on the following division:— Ayes—Gibson, Creighton, Kanoa, Dare, Dominick, Kulehoni, Kulehoni, Kulehoni, Kulehoni, Lilikalani, Baker, Kaulia, Kankau, Pahia, Kuanamano, Nabale, Nahinu, Kekoa, Aholo, Kaulia, Richardson, Kaai and Palohau—24.

Noes—Bishop, Wilder, Bush, Martin, Brown, Wright, Kaunaha, Kalua, Castle, Thurston, Paehaole and Dole—12.

Board of Health Matters.

The following is the correspondence referred to on the editorial page:

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, HONOLULU, July 26, 1886.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—In your issue of the 20th instant I notice in one of your editorials the following statement: "Their bread has been of inferior quality, their rice insufficient in quantity, their rice adulterated with being fed on No. 2 rice, they have been supplied with stuff which ordinary people give their chickens, and this has been charged at 5 to 100 cts. per pound. No. 1 rice could have been purchased for this. It will surprise people to know that these things have been contracted for under the superintendence of a member of Gibson's family. Of course, the President of the Board of Health can get up in the House, and rubbing his hands together say, 'hem hem—I have never received a commission, my hands are clean.' But the Molokai story shows that if those hands are clean, there has been some other means by which the poor leper has been robbed, and the tax payers of the country have been robbed to line some one's pockets."

Such statement is untrue in every particular and not sustained by facts. Nor will I trust give room in your issue of to-morrow to this communication and the accompanying statement of R. W. Meyers, agent of the Board of Health on Molokai and Superintendent of the Leper Settlement there, and any letter to J. A. Hopper in regard to rice and molokai to reply to the same.

Yours Respectfully, FRED. H. HAYSDELN, Sec'y of the Board of Health.

Rice purchased by R. W. Meyer from Wm. G. Irwin & Co., and purchased by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. from Jas. A. Hopper.

30 Bags Rice \$25.00—April 7, 1884..... \$ 450 00
100 " " 65.50—Aug. 27, 1884..... 6550 00
100 " " 65.50—Dec. 3, 1884..... 6550 00

Rice purchased from office: May 19, 1885—100 Bags from W. G. Irwin & Co. \$200 00
Aug. 10, 1885—20 " " " J. A. H. 65.50 " 1310 00
Nov. 19, 1885—20 " " " " 65.50 " 1310 00
—50 " " " " 65.50 " 3275 00
Nov. 25, 1885—100 " " " " 65.50 " 6550 00
Feb. 12, 1886, 1886 " " " " 65.50 " 6550 00

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, HONOLULU, July 26th, 1886.

JAS. A. HOPPER, Esq., Dear Sir:—I notice in the issue of the GAZETTE of the 20th instant, the following statement:

Hon. FRED. H. HAYSDELN, Secretary Board of Health, Honolulu.

Dear Sir:—In answer to your inquiry as to whether there have been complaints from lepers at the Leper Settlement during the past two years, in regard to the quality or quantity of beef, rice, or molokai, or any other provision supplied by the Board of Health to the lepers on Molokai. I beg to state that there have been no complaints made to me during the past two years, excepting on the occasion when the Settlement was supplied with molokai by Messrs. Wilcox, Manak and Clark of Honolulu, and Mr. King of Lahaina, in consequence of food not being obtainable on Molokai at reasonable rates. Then there was a complaint of the food supplied by Mr. Clarke and Manak of Honolulu, and Mr. King of Lahaina.

In July last a contract was made into by me on account of the Board of Health with the Hon. D. Kahanu and T. Napapa, who represented the pot raisers on Molokai and from that time to this the food has been of the best quality and no complaint has been heard about palat, quality or quantity. I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant, R. W. METZ, Agent, Board of Health.

In regard to the rice that was supplied by the Board of Health to the Leper Settlement for the two years ending March 31, 1886, out of a total of 942 bags, you supplied 940 bags which you will see is the case by referring to your books on the following dates: The rice as ordered from you by me on account of the Leper Settlement has always been for your best No. 2, and you will oblige me by stating under oath whether you have supplied any other rice than your best No. 2, or any rice the quality might be regarded as chicken feed and unfit for food.

I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant, FRED. H. HAYSDELN, Sec. Board of Health.

P.S. And in regard to the price charged please state if it has been higher or lower than the market price to other large buyers, whether there has been any commission, or allowances, or discounts paid given or credited to anyone in connection therewith.

HONOLULU, July 26, 1886.

F. H. Hayselden Esq., Sec. Board of Health.

Dear Sir:—I notice in your issue of the 20th, in regard to the quality and price of rice shipped by your orders to the Board of Health, I would say in reply, that the No. 2 rice that I shipped was of the same quality as I was supplying plantation agents with, and from which I never received any complaints, and it was perfectly suitable for food, and the statement that it might be regarded as chicken feed and unfit for food is untrue. The price charged was the same as plantation agents were charged, at the same dates of delivery, and I never allowed one cent of commission, allowance, or drawback in any way shape or manner to anyone, neither has it been asked or intimated that such would be acceptable.

Trusting that the above will fully answer and repudiate the charges made, I remain yours respectfully, JAMES A. HOPPER, Agent, Board of Health, Honolulu, July 26th, 1886.

CHELL HAWES, Notary Public.

Guardian's Notice!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING been appointed Guardian for Samuel Mookawa, an insane person, notice is hereby given to all persons claiming to be the heirs or next of kin of the said Mookawa, and all persons having claims against the same, to present them duly sworn to, to the undersigned for settlement.

D. L. SANFORD, Guardian for S. Mookawa, an insane person. Honolulu, July 15th, 1886.

Insurance Notices.

F. A. SCHAEFER. AGENT of Bremen Board of Underwriters. AGENT of Dresden Board of Underwriters. AGENT of Vienna Board of Underwriters. Claims against Insurance Companies within the jurisdiction of the above Boards of Underwriters will be certified to by the above Agent to make them valid. 1101 ly

General Insurance Com'py. For Sea, River and Land Transport OF DRESDEN.

HAVING ESTABLISHED AN Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Danger of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. Agent for the Hawaiian Islands. 1007 ly

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Desire to call the particular attention of everybody TO THEIR Tontine Investment Policies!

Which contain the "Indisputable Clause," No Restriction on Travel or Residence, Free from Danger of Forfeiture

—ALSO— The Deposit Endowment Policy and the Mutual Investment Policy.

This is one of the most reliable Companies extant: has no superior, and few equals. Settles all Claims promptly, acts honestly and fairly by all.

For further information, write to, or call on R. W. LAINE, General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands. 1107 ly

SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL \$20,000,000 Unlimited Liability of Shareholders. Issuing Joint Policy.

Having established an Agency at Honolulu, for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned is prepared to accept risks against Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, &c., on the most favorable terms.

Losses Promptly Adjusted and Payable Here!

Marine Risks on Merchandise, Freights and Treasure, at Current Rates. C. O. BERGER, Agent for the Hawaiian Islands. 1108

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company & Reserve, Reichsmark 6,000,000 their Re-Insurance Companies 101,650,000 Total.....Reichsmark 107,650,000

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company & Reserve, Reichsmark 8,800,000 their Re-Insurance Companies 38,000,000 Total.....Reichsmark 46,800,000

THE UNDERSIGNED, GENERAL AGENTS of the above three companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, &c., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

1055 ly H. HACKFELD & CO.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT Pacific Mutual Life Ins. Co.

OF CALIFORNIA. Assets Dec. 31, 1884, \$1,263,000

Policies issued against Accident for one day up to one year.

S. C. WILDER, Agent. 1121 ly

MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK.

Assets Dec. 31st, 1884, \$103,876,178.51

Policies issued on the Life, Term Life and Endowment Plan.

S. C. WILDER, Agent. 1121 ly

THE EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society OF THE UNITED STATES.

No. 120 Broadway, New York. (ESTABLISHED IN 1859.)

Issues Policies on all the best Plans, among which are to be found many new departures, containing the comfort and security of the POLICY HOLDERS.

This Company may be safely called the Pioneer in the largest and most important insurance reforms, and for this reason as well as many others, it now transacts the largest yearly business done by any one company in the world. Policies are both NON-FORFEITABLE AND INDISPUTABLE

ASSETS, January 1, 1886.....\$6,503,387.50 LIABILITIES, 4 per cent. valuation.....\$2,691,148.37 SURPLUS.....\$3,812,239.13

(SURPLUS on N. Y. Standard 4 1/2 per cent. interest, \$17,053,269.40)

Surplus over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life assurance company.

NEW ASSURANCE IN 1885.....\$ 96,011,374.00 OUTSTANDING AMBANCES.....\$37,328,346.00 Total paid Policyholders in 1885.....\$ 1,138,689.05 Paid Policyholders since organization.....\$8,231,175.63 INCOME.....\$ 16,590,463.13

EVERY POLICY BECOMES INCONTESTABLE

As soon as it has been three years in force, and it is a part of the written agreement, that every incontestable policy shall be paid, without regard to interest, and immediately upon the receipt by the Society of satisfactory proofs of death.

011,945 death claims, amounting to \$3,945,262, paid in 1885.

422 were paid the very day proofs were received: amount, \$1,598,255

731 were paid within 2 days after " 2,017,299

803 within 10 days: " 2,072,299

1,000 within 60 days: " 3,769,122

49 after 60 days: " 183,200

No other Company can show a Record for Promptness approaching that of the EQUITABLE.

Even the brief delays indicated above, were owing to the failure of claimants, chiefly at remote points, to furnish promptly the required proofs, and not to any lack of promptness on the part of the Society.

Contested Claims—None

The Society issues a plain and simple contract of Assurance, free from burlesque and technical conditions. NON-FORFEITABLE AND INCONTESTABLE After three years.

All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are Payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death, and without the delay of sixty or ninety days, usual with other companies.

For pamphlets or full particulars, apply to

ALEX. J. CARTWRIGHT 1111 G Agent Hawaiian Islands

Inquiry Into Bolster's Death.

The coroner's jury summoned by Coroner Dayton, consisting of Messrs. R. Grieve, A. M. Hewitt, G. D. Freeth, Pierre Jones, Joseph Lowrey and F. L. Leslie, to inquire into the circumstances surrounding the death of A. Bolster, Jr., found dying in his cell in the Police Station on the morning of the 24th ult., held their final meeting pursuant to adjournment from the 24th ult., at the Police Station on the afternoon of the 27th ult. Besides the jury and newspaper representatives, there was also present Major J. Hay Woodhouse, H. B. M. Commissioner, who listened to the evidence adduced as follows:

A. McWayne, sworn, stated: I am a licensed physician, and with Dr. Martin made an autopsy on the body of Abraham Bolster, Jr. This was read to the jury as follows:

HONOLULU, July 24, 1886.
This is to certify that we, the undersigned, have this day held a post-mortem examination on the body of Abraham Bolster, Jr., at the Station House, in Honolulu, who has been dead four and one-half hours.

Rigor mortis was well marked. There was a slight contusion on the scalp over the right parietal region, quite superficial in character. On removing the scalp there was no extravasation of blood between it and the skull. The cranium presented the usual appearance and showing no signs of fracture. On removing the calvaria there was found extensive intracerebral extravasation of blood over the whole surface of the brain, with passive congestion, more marked in the left cerebral hemisphere. In other respects the brain presented a normal appearance.

We therefore certify that death resulted from passive congestion of the brain with sanguineous effusion.

A. McWAYNE, M. D.
G. H. MARTIN, M. D.

The doctor, continuing, said: It would be hard to say whether death was caused by the blow on the head or by the direct effect of alcohol. Under the influence of alcohol blood is sent to the brain in great quantity, rendering the blood vessels liable to rupture. The effusion could have been caused by alcoholic action alone. The blow on the head did not cut through the skull nor fracture the skull. If a rupture occurred when deceased fell, it would have made no difference whether he had medical attendance or not. At the time of examination there was at the base of the brain a slight softening, which might have been caused by post-mortem agencies. I discover no indication of rough handling about the throat. My attention was called after the examination to certain marks about the neck, but in making the examination it was necessary to twist the head round, which, I have no doubt, caused those marks. Certain blood stains were also caused in the examination.

Benjamin J. Welch, sworn, stated: On Friday evening I was in company with Abraham Bolster. I fell in with him at the Empire Saloon. My memory is utterly confused about the whole thing, except in the beginning and the ending. I had been drinking about seven before I met Bolster. My only further recollection of that place is that I was very badly intoxicated, and could hardly stand up against the bar. A friend assisted me into the next room. I remember a person by the name of Bolster being introduced to me, and thought in my confused recollection it was one Abraham Bolster, an old friend of mine, who was a painter a few years ago. He painted the house I know me, and, as I am always affectionate when intoxicated, I was glad to make this new acquaintance. All that I further remember in that place is a confused idea that I was so drunk as hardly to be able to leave the bar. The next I recollect is being in a back room. I have no recollection of a consciousness of having been in his company all the time, but how I got in the back I do not know. The back stopped at the Fish Market. I missed the deceased. My next recollection was that he appeared quite suddenly. I remember his falling down and a feeling of weakness. I was astonished, stopped. I remember coming to the Station House. Since the event, my recollection has been helped by reading of what occurred. I remember his falling down before me. I know of no act of mine that could have caused his fall. I remember nothing afterward but going home in a hack, and being very ill at home. I have no recollection of placing my hands on Bolster except since reading about it, when I remember making a motion toward him, as a drunken person will do; but I did not seem to touch him, and he rather fell away from before me. I cannot draw any further on my memory.

Anone Dink, an express driver, gave an account of what occurred Friday. He said Bolster's companion did not catch hold of him, but put his hands on his chest, and Bolster fell backward to the ground. There did not appear to be any angry feeling between them. The ground where Bolster fell was gravelly, causing small stones. Both men's eyes were swollen with drinking. They were not drunk enough to fall down without being touched.

Kalaekao, sworn, described the occurrence, and showed by illustration how Bolster fell. From what he saw there was no force to the push. He noticed a little blood on the man's head.
Holoa, sworn, stated: A couple of little girls told me there was a man dead out on the road. I went and saw Bolster lying on the ground, face up. Weight was standing at the head of the prostrate man. Weight did not seem to be out of temper. We lifted Bolster into a wagon and took him to the Station House. From the time I lifted him into the wagon till he got to the Station House, he did not open his mouth once. I examined his head and only found a slight scratch. I reported the circumstance to my superior officer, which was all I could do. I saw no blood during the search. I examined his head at the Station House, and found his hair a little wet with blood round the mark.

Sam McKeague, station house keeper, stated: I was on duty when the two men were brought in. I told the officers to lift Bolster up easily and lay him down in the cell carefully. I went home at half past seven, after giving orders to the officers to watch that he did not roll over in the night and choke. In the morning when I went to the Station House, a boy named Kaloio told me that Bolster was dead. I went straight to the cell and found Bolster lying partly on his left side and breast turned him over on his back and looked at his face; saw that he was alive, but that something was wrong. I rushed out and telephoned to Dr. McWayne, who answered. I also sent for his father, Dr. McWayne answered at half past seven, and deceased lived till a few minutes after eight o'clock. The doctor had declared on reaching the man that there was no hope. I have seen Bolster here before so stupid drunk that he had to be carried in, and noticed nothing different in his appearance this time from former times. He did not open his eyes when I spoke to him. One practice when a man is drunk is to let him lie and await developments. This man had often been brought in in a worse condition before. If we had to get a doctor every time a man is past speaking, we would have to have a doctor here all the time.

Dock Burns, turnkey, sworn, stated: During the night I went to the grating and peeped into Bolster's cell, with the lantern in my hand. I heard him breathing, not very loud, but as if sleeping, and left, thinking he was not in a dangerous state. I looked at him at 12 o'clock, a quarter past 2 and about half past 4. At daylight he was still breathing. I turned him over and put another pillow under his head. I called out to him, but he would not wake up. That was the last I saw of him until half-past 11 o'clock, when he was dead.

A number of other witnesses were examined, whose testimony did not produce anything additional to what has been given.
The jury, after due deliberation, brought in the following verdict: That said Abraham Bolster died on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1886, his death being caused by passive congestion from effusion of blood on the brain, the cause uncertain.

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A. H. RASEMANN.
BOOK BINDER AND
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(Formerly in the Gazette Block.)

Inform his friends and the public generally that he has removed to more spacious premises, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND, IN THE CAMPBELL BLOCK, where he is now prepared to do work in his line. Patronage respectfully solicited. 1125

EXCHANGE ON CHINA!
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO DRAW ON THE
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hongkong.

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FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
FURNITURE WAREHOUSES AND WORK SHOPS AT
the old stand on Hotel Street.
Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to.
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HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.
STEAM ENGINES, SUGAR MILLS
Boilers, Cookers, Iron, Brass and Lead Castings
Machinery of Every Description
Made to Order. 723

Particular attention paid to Ship Blacksmithing
JOB WORK executed the shortest notice. 1076 1/2

N. F. BURGESS,
CARPENTER & BUILDER,
Shop on King Street, opposite Rose
Estimates given on all kinds of buildings. When
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Ship Carpenter and Boat Builder
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a Boat or Snow built or repaired would do well to com-
municate with J. A. DOWER.
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The Fisher Cider Company
FACTORY: 13 LILUA STREET.
Are now prepared to furnish this—

Celebrated Champagne Cider at short Notice
And in Quantities to Suit.
All orders will meet prompt attention by addressing
The Fisher Cider Company,
M. T. DONNELL, Manager.
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PLANING MILL
ALAKEA NEAR QUEEN STREET.
C. J. HARDEE, : : Proprietor.

Contracting and Building.
Mouldings and Finish always on hand. 723
FOR SALE—Hard and Soft Storewood, Cut
and Split. 1121 3/4

BROWN & PHILLIPS
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,
GASFITTERS AND COPPERSMITHS
No. 71 King Street, Honolulu, H. I.

House and Ship Job Work
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Wash-Bowls,
And all Kinds Plumbing Goods,
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Valuable Real Estate
FOR SALE.

THE DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE
of REV. J. M. ALEXANDER, situated at HAIKU,
MAUI, consisting of 2 1/2 ACRES of LAND, of which
20 Acres is planted with Eucalyptus, 2 1/2 for cutting for
fire wood. The wood stands ready saw delivered on the
place. There are also ONE ACRE IN GUINEA Grass,
one of the most valuable grasses known for stock raising.
Also,

A Large Dwelling House
Servants' House, Carriage House, and all the
conveniences of a Home.

The premises have an UNFAILING WATER SUPPLY
which is laid on in pipes to the house and outhouses.
Also,

1 Choice American Stallion, 1 Jack,
About 50 Horses, mares and colts,
1 Part Durham Bull, About 50 Cattle.

The pasture land is very rich, affording abundance of
pasture for twice the number of stock now on it.

Several ravines close to the house are well stocked
with bearing fruit trees: Alligator Pear, Manroos,
Peaches, Breadfruit, Pineapples, etc., etc.

The large yard in which the dwelling stands is a
beautiful combination of green turf, ornamental shrub-
bery and flowers.

The location is on the slope about one mile north of
the Haiku Mill, and owing to its elevation the scenery
is unobscured, and the temperature much cooler than
at the sea level.

There is a good English School at Haiku.

EXTENSIVE adjacent lands are for sale or lease in
case the purchaser wishes to combine them for a large
ranch.

Also, 28 Acres and an 8-Room
COTTAGE AT OLINDA!
An elevation of 4,000 feet

TERMS MODERATE—Cash or mortgage. For
further particulars, apply to

L. A. THURSTON,
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SPAYING CATTLE!
RANCHERS WISHING TO
have Cattle spayed, will do well to call on
A. GRANBERG, who has been very successful
in Spaying, on these Islands, and can furnish numerous
testimonials. He will insure loss if desired, and
charges moderate. Persons wishing to learn how to
spay, will find him willing to show them.

Office address: A. GRANBERG,
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IN BOND OR DUTY PAID

A Choice Lot

JUST RECEIVED!

Fresh and Very Full.

The Best in the Market

HOLLISTER & CO.

[1116 3/4]

Metropolitan Market

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G. J. WALLER, Proprietor

Choicest Meats from Finest Herds

FAMILIES AND SHIPPING

Supplied on Short Notice

—AND AT THE—

Lowest Market Prices.

JUST RECEIVED

Large and Well Selected Stock of,

CALIFORNIA WINES!

COMPRISED IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

Cutedel, White Wine,
Reisling, Red Zinfandel,
Hock, Claret, Burgundy,
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IN CASKS AND CASES

Having been Appointed Sole Agents by Messrs.
S. LACHMAN & Co., for their Celebrated
Brands, we are enabled to offer the above Goods to our
friends and the public generally at unusually low rates.

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TELEPHONE NO. 46.

1101 NUUANU STREET, HONOLULU. 6m

REMOVED TO 103 FORT STREET!

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Importer Dealer in

—AND—

Ladies', Misses', Gents'

Boots & Shoes

OF THE BEST AND LATEST MAKE.

Has removed to the above centrally located premises,
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Received an Invoice of New Goods in his line, such as
MAHOPA, making his Stock one of the most com-
plete and varied, to be found in Honolulu.

These Fine Goods will be sold at prices to suit the
times. All those desiring first class and serviceable
articles in the Boot and Shoe line will do well to give
him a call. No trouble to show Goods. 1114 3/4

General Advertisements.

C. BREWER & CO.

OFFER FOR SALE,

Per Bark MARTHADAVIS

FROM BOSTON,

JUST ARRIVED.

Franklin Stove Coal in Casks,
1/2 Bbls. Crushed Sugar,
Cases Frazier's Axle Grease,
Cases Hoe Handles,
Bbls. No. 1 Rosin,
Cases Wheelbarrows

NESTTRUNKS

Hay Cutters, Flax Packing,
1/2 Bbls. Wilmington Tar,
Wilmington Pitch,
Bales Navy Oakum,
Cs. Ex. Lard Oil,
Grindstones, Saws,

FARMERS BOILERS

Bbls. Dairy Salt, Cement,
1 1/2 ank-2 inch Ox Bows,
Cs. Axe and Pick Handles,
Canal Barrows, Kgs. Nails,
Bbls. Ex. Prime Pork.

Cumberland Coal in Bulk

Manila Cordage, Sisal Cordage,
Oak Lumber, White Wood do,
Walnut Lumber, Ash Lumber,
Eastern White Pine Lumber,
Refrigerators, Cs. Tin Tomatoes,

Electric and Downer's Kerosene Oil

Ketchup and Cod Fish Balls,
Cases Clam Chowder,
Fish Chowder and Gherkins,
Cases Sausage Meat,
Cs. Huckin's Tomato Soup,
Cs. do Mock Turtle Soup,
Cases Huckin's Ox Tail Soup,

CENTRIFUGAL LININGS

Buckets, Lime, Wash Boards,
Cases Chairs, Cotton Waste,
Cases Yellow Metal Sheathing,
Kgs. Yellow M. Sheathing Nails,
Bbls. Twine, Bales Duck,
Hide Poison, Linseed Oils,
Cases Turpentine, Cases of

BROWN SOAP

1/2 Bbls. Mineral Paint,
Mammoth Rockers,
Book Cases, Assorted,
Extension Top Carriages,
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Drums Caustic Soda,
[1121 3/4]

The Babcock & Wilcox

WATER TUBE BOILER

Is Superior to all other Steam Boilers,
BECAUSE IT IS MORE

Economical of Fuel,
Less Liable to Explode,
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AND COSTS NO MORE!
Full description and prices can be obtained by
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Sole Agent Hawaiian Islands.
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Beaver Saloon

H. J. MCATE, : : : Proprietor.
Begs to announce to his friends and the
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That he has opened the above Saloon
where first-class Refreshments
will be served from 5 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the
immediate supervision of a Competent Chef de Cuisine
—THE FINEST GRADES OF—

Tobaccos,
Cigars, Pipes and
Smoker's Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manu-
facturers, has been obtained, and will be added to from
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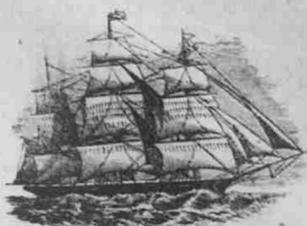
One of Brunswick & Balke's
Celebrated Billiard Tables

is connected with the establishment, where lovers
of the game can participate. 1121 3/4

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FROM LIVERPOOL.



Theo. H. Davies & Co

HAVE RECEIVED BY THE

Iron Ships Jupiter, Chilena and other
Vessels Direct from London,

The Following Goods:

—VELVET PILE—

CENTRE RUGS AND MATS

New Styles and Designs; Various Sizes.

BLUE STRIPED SUGAR BAGS, 20x36

Twilled and Striped Coal Bags, 20x34;
Fine Quality Rice Bags, 20x35;
Hessian Filter Press Bags, 22x36;
Hessian and Burlap in Rolls,

White's Portland Cement

Johnson's Portland Cement,
Square and Arch Fire Brick,
Liverpool Rough Salt,
Liverpool Rock Salt,
English Belting, 3 to 12 in. wide;
Helvetia Belting, 3 in wide;

Corrugated Iron Roofing

YELLOW SHEATHING METAL

AND NAILS,

STEEL RAILS!

14lb. with Bolts, Fish Plates and
Spikes.

Iron Bedsteads,
Tea Kettles and Sauce Pans,
Sheet Lead, 1, 3, 4 and 6lb.;
Tin Plates, 20x14in.;
Sheet Zinc, 8oz. and 9oz.;

Hubbuck's Genuine White Lead

Hubbuck's Pale Boiled Linseed Oil,
Raw Linseed Oil and Turpentine,
Fence Wire, No. 4, 5 and 6; Staples
for the same.

Saddles: Ladies' & Gents

Bridles, Spurs, Etc., Rubber Coats and
Leggings, Bed and Horse Blankets,

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND HAWAIIAN
FLAGS, FULL LINE OF

ENGLISH GROCERIES!

ENGLISH COTTONS,
DRESS GOODS,
LACE, RIBBON, &c.

Agents for Gossage's

BLUE MOTTLED AND PALE SOAPS

PLANTATION SUPPLIES by every op-
portunity from California.

HAY, BARLEY, DATS, WHEAT, BRAN,

Potatoes, Onions,
Bread, Salmon, Pork,
Codfish, Cheese, Etc., Etc.

Canned Goods of all Description,

Horace Davis & Co.'s, "Golden Gate,"
"El Dorado," "Merchant," and "Pacific"
Flours;
Salinas Mills "Drifted Snow" Flour,
Stockton Mills "Crown" Flour.

A Full Line of

California Groceries!

AMERICAN DENIMS, COTTON,

TICKING,

PRINTS, AND DRY GOODS

Of Every Description;

PLANTATION BOOTS & SHOES,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,

A Special Assortment of

FLOOR OILCLOTHS

In Various Widths and Designs.
[1114 3/4]

By Authority.



Hawaiian Gazette.

EST. 1842. TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1886.

The interesting letter from Prof. Van Slyke, of Oahu College, referring to the return of the fires in Kilauea, which he has visited, gives a clear and intelligible statement, which will be understood by all who are familiar with the locality, and who have not been able to visit the crater since the sudden extinction of the fires on the 7th of March last. He not only locates the new centers of action, estimating their size, but gives them their proper designation as sunken "wells" of liquid lava. In due time, the lava will form lakes, as of old, probably in both Halemaunuu and what is known as New Lake.

The result of the English Parliamentary elections, as reported in Australia, is as follows: Conservatives elected..... 316 Unionists elected..... 78 Gladstonians elected..... 121 Parallels elected..... 85 Total returns..... 670 Anti-Home Rule majority..... 117

The Irish question was wisely submitted to a popular vote, and after one of the most vigorously contested elections ever held in the United Kingdom, has been defeated by a fair and decisive vote. The Gladstone Ministry will at once resign, and the new Government will devolve on the Conservatives, who will doubtless be able to settle the Irish question on a basis more in harmony with the English popular mind.

Another shuffle of the cards, another set of Heads of Departments. The energetic, able, and thick and thin leader of the Government group of Representatives, Aholo, must needs be rewarded, and a place found for him without decreasing the emoluments of his coadjutor, Kaulukou, so the latter is thrust into the Marshalship, Mr. Soper being dismissed, as was his predecessor without cause assigned. This leaves the Postoffice for Aholo.

In the Governorship of Kauai, the late Governor, Hon. P. Kanoa being for the present provided for in the Cabinet, a Hawaiian lady, Lanuana, has been appointed, apparently for the purpose of keeping the berth warm in case it were found advisable in the interests of the Ministers to import a Minister of Finance and relegate the present incumbent to his former post in Kauai.

The fitness of the new Government for the post, or the reasons for the appointment seem to be amongst those things that "no fellow can find out." Perhaps the Board of Genealogy has struck a new line of Chiefs, but on consideration, looking at the record of the Board hitherto, this idea may be dismissed as too absurdly improbable.

However these appointments go far to justify the remark made some time ago in the GAZETTE, that "the bulk of the national revenue is made use of as a corruption fund."

Looking carefully through the judgment given by Judge McCully on behalf of the Supreme Court in the case of King vs. Kumanoh and E. Kekoa, it might seem sufficient to report that the exceptions taken by defendants' counsel were finally overruled.

But this is a very important case, and, were it not thoroughly tested as it has been, in three Courts, the lower, the intermediary and the Supreme, it would have been tortured into a precedent for condoning or justifying by legal quibble any or every injustice perpetrated by district officials, if only it were done to favor the return to the Legislature of a partisan of the Ministry even at the expense of depriving a number of voters, presumed to be hostile to the Ministry, of their constitutional right to vote for their Representatives.

The judgment in exception I, defines the meaning of the words "in his absence." Absence, the judges decree means "an actual absence" from the place where the duties of the officers in question were to be performed. Kekoa was not actually absent.

As to exception IV the Court rules that to give the instruction asked for, "would have implied a state of facts that did not exist." Thus these officials stand for a third time convicted of malfeasance.

The House by its obedient majority repudiated or derided the judgment of the lower Courts, while the Supreme Court has sustained and emphasized their decisions. It may be that every vote given by Kekoa in this Legislature may prove illegal. At all events, any he may give for the future in this Session must be so.

On the afternoon of Monday, 26th July, the Placeholders' Parliament had to adjourn. The law requiring tax assessors to attend to their duties was unavoidably in direct collision with the possibility of the same individuals attending to their duties as Legislators.

What a delightful dual existence must this of a tax assessing legislator be! to impose, to assess, and to pocket taxes, to vote to oneself one's own income, then to go and help to raise it, to come back again and vote away some more money, for genealogically inclined pigs, for various autographs of South Sea Chiefs, for advertising a small kingdom trying to look big and being laughed at in return, and then to retire with the fruits of one's labors, a fat place, a good income and a power of annoying one's betters. What could be more congenial to the feelings of an average placeholding Representative?

Perhaps Rep. Kashi was about right when he said that they should get up and seek leave of absence, "they would be excused and the House would get on better without them."

The Hon. Representative, here exactly hit the nail on the head. The House would

get on better without tax assessors or any Government employees. Though it is a necessity of the present regime, it is a scandal to the country, that the Legislature be ruled by a majority dependent on Government favor for their bread and butter. The unscrupulous way in which so many valuable public servants have been summarily dismissed from their places without the pretence of a reason, other than "motives of policy," has warned the more fearful and the more pliant, that they must watch the crook of the Minister's finger, or assess no more taxes, be no more dispatched to Conferences or Expositions, or in fact even get a pair of gloves for a trip to the next island. Why these tax imposing, tax assessing, tax drawing gentlemen could not ask and obtain leave of absence, is pretty plain. The Ministers would have experienced a great gap in their most reliable votes, perhaps even waverers might join the minority and thus the Ministers might lose several thousands of public money for bones, furs, feathers or fireproof safes, or any other possible expenditure.

So the Ministers arose in their might, and voted as one man, that the tax assessing legislators should go to their several districts, and that the business of the country should stand still meanwhile.

We have received a communication from the Secretary of the Board of Health relative to our remarks upon the food supplied to lepers on Molokai. These remarks were based upon the report of the complaints of the lepers, as it appeared in the Advertiser. On looking over that report, however, more carefully, we see that the charge relative to rice should not have been made against the quality of rice supplied by Mr. Hayselden's orders, but against the steward of the hospital. The ground of complaint by the leper Kamai, being that damaged rice was mixed with the good rice, and further that said steward sometimes fed it to his chickens. A letter from Mr. Hopper shows that the rice supplied from Honolulu was number 2, and this bought at the rate at which plantations are supplied.

Positively, with regard to the bread, Mr. Meyers states there has been no complaint during the past two years. There is, however, a distinct complaint with regard to this article in the Advertiser report. The leper Kamai says: "Sometimes the bread is good, sometimes bad. It often has a roachy smell, Mr. Meyers never comes and looks after the provisions. Owing to his neglect the rats sometimes are allowed to breed in them and raise families."—Advertiser, July 19th.

Representative Dickey, who was present when Kamai made his statement, said that he could not use this particular brand of bread in his business, though outwardly it looked all right, when eaten it was unpleasant or indigestible and his customers would not buy it.

With regard to beef and poi it is a case of leper evidence versus official evidence. The former says the supply is insufficient, and the beef inferior. Even Assistant Superintendent Hutelinson says in his evidence before the committee: "The beef is poor," and Kiha, the steward, also says so. The official side says the allowance of poi is sufficient and the beef good. Moreover the statement is hazarded that no complaint has been made for two years. It is somewhat curious that no complaint should be made for two years, while the people are shut in, but the moment that a committee arrives and newspaper reporters appear on the scene, a large crop of complaints arise and are given to the world. It looks very much as if there was very little use in complaining.

The words of the leper in evidence were "The rice given out is sometimes very bad."

On Saturday, July 24th, the Advertiser, in an article in defense of the Government foreign policy and the expenses to be incurred thereby, goes out of its way to make an attack on a former Minister of Interior, Hon. S. G. Wilder, who in his place as a Noble had keenly criticised and emphatically condemned the wasteful, extravagant absurdities of the Foreign Office as committed in the past and threatened for the future.

The Ministers' organ states that a former treasury balance quoted by Hon. Noble Wilder at \$338,000, but referred to by the Advertiser, for the sake of exactness, as \$300,000 odd, "was obtained not from excess of revenue over expenditure but by the sale of Government land."

This statement is absolutely untrue, and no one knows it to be so better than the present Minister of Interior. The Government land referred to, was that known as the "Plains," (Kulaokahu.) This land was sold in lots for an aggregate sum of \$70,000, of which one fourth was paid down by the purchasers at the date of the transfer, the remaining three fourths in one, two, and three years respectively, under condition of improvements, building, fencing, supplying water, etc., the result of which is seen every day by those who drive from the city to the Park and onwards to Diamond Head; a handsome suburb of villas, gardens, lawns, all that makes the difference between the arid, thistle-down Plains as they were, and the beautiful district as it is.

But this is not all. The falsehood of the Advertiser's assertion may be best shown and appreciated by the statement, here given, and not to be gainsaid, that of this purchase money not one dollar was paid into the Treasury before March 31st, 1880, and not one dollar of it was included in the cash balance quoted by Mr. Wilder of \$338,000! so wholly untrue is it that the balance in question was acquired by the sale of Government land.

To those who care for searching for the truth, and having found it can use it without distortion or misrepresentation it is enough to state that the whole land sales of Mr. Wilder's two years administration realized \$28,000. The purchase money for the "Plains" was received by his successor, and has been presumably swallowed up in fees and feathers!

As to the late Administration i. e. Gibson, Gulick & Co., as contrasted with Gibson, Creighton & Co., being a buyer instead of a seller of land, the office of the Registrar of land could show a pretty good list of leases bought by the Premier and his tools. The columns of the Advertiser will show an argument for the immediate

sale of the made land behind and adjoining the harbor front. Mr. Spreckels has endorsed, and his servants have advocated the scheme, which however, was not exactly originated by them.

The fact remains that the Wilder Administration converted the wilderness of the Plains, into the villa-sprinkled garden it now is, and their successors received the purchase money.

The Wilder Ministry left the country owing only \$50,000 beyond its cash in the Treasury, the five or six Gibson Ministries have raised the debt to \$2,000,000 and still cry for more!

"The present Cabinet is disliked." So warbles the Government organ. The truth is so self-evident that even this paid mirror has at last developed symptoms of a conscience and felt obliged to acknowledge it. The dislike to the present Cabinet is indeed wide and deep, and it is not by any means confined to those who represent the Opposition. It extends to, and includes members of the royal family and household, who are open and unhesitating in their denunciation of the "malibinis" Spreckels Cabinet; the Government officials almost without exception, the very clerks in the departments of the Ministers condemn the Cabinet and the policy that has placed them there. As to public opinion in general—it is almost unnecessary for us to state that with the exception of one well known ring, its employer and admirer, there is one unanimous verdict against the present Cabinet. This universal dislike is based not upon what the Ministers as a Cabinet, have done, for they have as yet done nothing. It is based first, upon what they are, and second, upon what they are not. First, as to what they are. It is not necessary to quote history concerning Mr. Gibson's record; irrespective, and outside of the dislike toward him engendered by his unprincipled character, he is now disliked as a Cabinet Minister because he is acting as the tool of Clans Spreckels. Mr. Spreckels holds a mortgage on his ranch, which places him in the grip of the capitalist, and as events have shown, the latter has not been slow to use his advantage. Mr. Dare, Well, who is Mr. Dare? Prior to his appointment as Attorney-General there were hardly a hundred people on the Hawaiian Islands who knew him by sight, and no one knew him by reputation. He is a resident of but a few days. He himself has stated in the Assembly that he has been in the employ of Mr. Spreckels in California and in Honolulu. Well, that is who Mr. Dare is, so far as this country knows.

Mr. Creighton, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, is almost an equal stranger, known only to the country for a year past as a newspaper writer who never scrupled to misrepresent facts to suit his purpose, that purpose being the glorification of his employer and everything connected with him. It has been said in the Assembly that Mr. Creighton worships the ground on which Mr. Spreckels walks. That is a mistake; he only appears to do so. He knows on which side his bread is buttered, and if the Devil paid the salary of the editor of the Advertiser, any reader of that journal would soon learn that the gentleman with hoofs was the most enlightened Christian character of the age.

Paul P. Kanoa, Minister of Finance, is an honest, well meaning native Hawaiian who has shown no special capabilities of any kind, and was put into office as a figure-head, and may prove less a figure-head than his colleagues had hoped for.

That is who the Cabinet are; and the statement of who and what they are, is a statement of what they are not. They are not representative of the country, the people in it, or of any portion of them. Mr. Gibson has constantly proclaimed himself in favor of "Young Hawaii," and has made "Hawaii for the Hawaiians" his motto. The official announcement of the present Cabinet stated that Mr. Gibson had been requested to make up a Cabinet, and what his choice was, is shown above. It shows that as between young Hawaii or old Hawaii either, for that matter, and Clans Spreckels, the latter will skim the cream and the former take the skim milk every time, so long as Mr. Gibson remains head of the Cabinet. The universal dislike towards the Cabinet is because the people feel humiliated and indignant that absolute strangers should be foisted into power and authority over them without a shadow of a reason being given, and without there being any necessity for so doing. It disgusts the thinker and alarms the property holder and the capitalist. With an adventurer Cabinet having no property interests in the country, and subject to the direction of a foreign capitalist, no one knows what to expect, and money is forthwith locked up from investment.

The Cabinet will continue to be disliked until it consists of men who represent this country and not San Francisco; of men of known good character; of men who show a disposition to check the squandering of public funds instead of aiding it; of men who will look to the public good first and private benefit last.

The debates on various appropriations asked for on behalf of the Department of Foreign Affairs, on Friday, 23d, and Monday, 26th July, were amongst the most important and interesting of the session.

Of course the late Minister of Foreign Affairs spread himself out grandiloquently on behalf of large expenditures for foreign missions. He thinks that "the great powers expect more from this Kingdom than the mere expression of sentiment" and that \$30,000 would barely cover the necessary (sentimental) expenditure. The present Minister thinks that "unless the House desired to reverse the whole foreign policy of the Government, it would grant this money."

The fact is that the "fuss and feathers" policy of the late Minister ought to be reversed. The Hon. Noble Wilder pointed out that six years ago there were \$338,000 in the Treasury and the entire debt of the country was only \$50,000 in excess of that sum. "It," said the Hon. Noble, "we are \$2,000,000 in debt in six years, what will it be in the next six years?" an honest administration would stop these expenditures.

Hon. Noble Bishop thought that the last \$20,000 "resulted in very little good to the country" and now the House is asked to vote \$30,000, was this economy? Representative Dole styled the policy of

the late Ministry as a "policy of sentiment, show and nonsense," that there were debts due in every direction, and as the Government cannot pay them, it is in a bankrupt condition, and fairly showed up the absurdity and futility of the mission to the Micronesian Islands, where the Ambassadors were furnished with uniforms, instructions and documents, and who lost their ship there, but brought back some wonderful letters purporting to have been indited by certain barbarous chiefs of the South Seas.

Now this is exactly the foreign policy which ought to be reversed.

Immigration expenditures were dragged into the discussion by the ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs, and even the sums spent on public buildings were cited in support of universal outlay on foreign missions. The ex-Minister is also of opinion "that the religious sentiment of the world should seek expansion," by such agencies as the Julia expedition perhaps! He also states that though the Government could get \$100,000 in this town, if needed, it will not have occasion to borrow another dollar. Nevertheless the Minister's organ only a few days ago, was advising raising the wind by the sale of public lands on the Esplanade of this city.

Representative Kaulukou of course, wanted to add another \$5,000. The representative men of the Legislature proposed for the most part \$6,000, while not objecting to \$10,000 if necessary, but Ministers and their dependents got the \$30,000.

On Monday, 26th July, the Foreign Affairs Department was again before the House, this time for \$10,000 "Reception of Official Guests."

His Excellency the Minister announced that it was very probable that the Prince and Princess of Wales would pass through here on their way home from Australia. With all due deference to the Minister, the event in question is far from probable, even the visit to Australia is by no means decided on. As Rep. Brown pointed out the House had already voted \$30,000 for foreign missions and an additional \$5,000 would be ample. Rep. Kaulukou of course, went in for the higher sum. His Ex. the late Minister of Foreign Affairs enlarged on the costliness of royal journeys, and modestly related the price he paid himself for an exhibition of hospitality to a passing Prince. He also illustrated the fuss and feathers policy by announcing the appointment of sundry Consuls General, one at Madrid for instance. As usual, several paltry debts of some years, standing have to be paid out of the appropriation for the future. However the smaller sum, \$6,000 was finally voted.

Incidentals is a most valuable servant in this regime. The Foreign Office wanted \$5,000 and got \$4,000. It had to be explained that the handsome vote for "furniture Alilolani Hale" did not go towards furnishing the F. O. with means for preserving its archives.

For "Education of Hawaiian youths abroad," \$25,000 were called for. Rep. Kaulukou moved an increase. Well, he knows that before now a steady voting member has been made a Hawaiian youth and educated abroad at public expense for an indefinite series of years. Rep. Kana stated very justly, that there would be some sense in choosing youths of marked proficiency in the schools, instead of mere nomination by favoritism. Rep. Castle instanced from his own experience the cost per annum necessary in the law schools of the States, and wished to refer to the Committee of Education. The motion to that effect was lost and the item passed at \$25,000.

Here the labors of the House ended for the present. The minority has done what could be done towards honesty and economy in the face of a majority of office holders. When they come together again the same scene will be witnessed. A few independent members doing what they can for the country, but overridden by the votes of those who are doing all they can for themselves.

IN THE LOBBY.

If there's a hole in a' your coats I rede ye tent it. A chief's amang ye 'takin' notes And faith he'll print it.

I have wondered muchly at the non-increase of the death rate, in town, especially when the reading public are daily treated by heavy doses of concentrated poison by the "Great Newspaper." The ever doing probably acts as a reactionary agent.

Interpreter Wilcox has been undergoing the necessary repairs for another season of active usefulness in the Legislature and as I heard his latest efforts lately I am inclined to think that he can pull through without another breakdown.

In connection with mention of the "Organ" I could remark that, the L (oqasooqas) M (ale) M (aster), post in ordinary to the paper, received the congratulations of G [as.] as well as the petate, on his postic [?] production, of last week, and he is consequently happy; so am I.

I learn that Dr. Webb has taken umbrage at a "gar" of mine of last week. Dear, dear! what good capiffers these Government officials are. This professional gentleman, to my mind, has really more than his share in the care of the health of the city, being in charge of the Leprosy Hospital, the Insane Asylum, the Government Dispensary and the examination of children attending the public schools.

Now it is presumable that the Doctor would like some little time for study, or pleasure, yet, with the duties attendant to his numerous positions it must be all work. I don't remember who told me, but it was intimated that he much desired to attend the Grand Army gathering, in San Francisco. I believe he will not be present.

There has been a spirit of quietude pervading the Legislative hall, and the lobby, during the past week, which has been quite pleasant for a change. Yet somehow I got to thinking that it came from the fact that the tax assessors had fallen in pleasant places, as by the adjournment, they are now enabled to get both hands in the Treasury drawing salaries as legislators and also as assessors.

Well, my dear Kekoa, have you found out to your satisfaction yet that you are a fraud as a Representative? The superstitious cheek displayed in your manipulation of the voting lists and the acknowledgment that you did the trick knowingly to "test the smartness of Kaulukou," your opponent, warrants the supposition that you have an eye on a seat among the existing cabinet.

Four damned Ministers sitting in a row, Three receive a notice that they must go, In cross three may one to fill their place, Two malibinis, one voicing his race, Soon these new Ministers will start the fun, Eat up the people's meat and leave them the bone.

In case of over-assessment it seems to me that the Honolulu Assessor has given opportunity for his decisions to be easily appealed from, and with justice, he having hied away to the pleasures of London instead of attending to the business at his office in Honolulu. But, "Father and I, are in!"

So Mr. L. Montgomery Mather, the "post of the Advertiser" who not many months ago was the

victim of misplaced confidence and lost several pairs of stockings, he this year, and will be a candidate for the position of Postmaster-General. Angels and ministers of grace! just think of the practical Wundenberg and the poetical Mather in company? Whew!

Don't you know that I am sorry for Soper's deputation. He was a good man, square and straightforward but he was just a little too previous.

I told you that George Richardson's position was a tantalizing one. He had hoped for the Post Office, but Aholo got first choice; yet Richardson is far more capable for the position.

By the appearance of that new claimant for public patronage on Kauai, I imagine that the Board of Genealogy have been lately engaged in a successful pig hunt.

I seem to think that some of the formerly strong backers of the Gibson ministry have lost faith. The late deceptions cause unquiet rest.

I expect to hear that the new Postmaster General will order that all correspondence to be in the Hawaiian language or else that extra postage will be charged on English letters. Aholo does love the hoola element.

A Palace Audience.

On the 28th ult., His Majesty gave audience to the Captain and officers of H. B. M. S. Pelican at present in port. His Majesty's Minister of Foreign Affairs, presented Major Woodhouse, Lieut. Col. Commissioner, who then presented Commander R. W. Hope of H. B. M. S. Pelican. Commander Hope presented Lieutenant Thompson Maclean, Staff Surgeon A. T. Corrie and Paymaster E. T. Dixon, of H. B. M. S. Pelican. Major Woodhouse presented Mr. T. Rain Walker, Acting British Vice-Consul. His Majesty was attended by His Excellency Governor of Oahu and Maui; the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and His Majesty's Vice-Chamberlain.

Legal Advertisements.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.

KALAKAUA, By the Grace of God, of the Hawaiian Islands, King: To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon ADOLPH BRUEGER, Defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof to be and appear before the Supreme Court at Honolulu, this 17th day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of said Plaintiff, should not be awarded her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness, HON. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of our Supreme Court, at Honolulu, this 17th day of July, 1886.

BENNY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

A diligent search having been made on the within-mentioned Adolph Brueger, but he cannot be found, as he is out of the Kingdom, and I hereby return this summons and petition served.

Honolulu, June 25th, 1886. JOHN H. SOPER, Marshal.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the summons in said cause and the return of the Marshal thereon, and that said Court, at the July Term, 1886, ordered that the case stand continued until the next October Term, and that an attested copy of said summons be published as required by law.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court at Honolulu, this 2nd day of August, 1886.

WILLIAM FOSTER, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.

In the matter of the Estate of PAUL KANOA, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate. At Chambers, before Chief Justice Judd.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Paul P. Kanoa, one of the Administrators of the Estate of Paul Kanoa, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed \$7,000.00, and charges himself with \$7,000.00, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such administrator.

It is ordered, that FRIDAY, the 20th day of September, 1886, at ten o'clock a. m., before the said Chief Justice, at Chambers, in the Court House, at Honolulu, be and the same day, at the same time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And that the order, in the English and Hawaiian languages, be published in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Honolulu, for three successive weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Honolulu this 23d day of July, 1886.

A. F. JUDD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. BENNY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

IN CHAMBERS, CIRCUIT JUDGE.

In the matter of the Estate of JOHN BOARDMAN, of KAHULUI, MAUI, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Geo. E. Boardman, one of the Executors and Trustees of the Estate of JOHN BOARDMAN, of KAHULUI, MAUI, deceased, praying that his accounts as such Executor and Trustee up to date, (March 31st, 1886), be examined and approved.

It is ordered, that WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of August, 1886, at 1 p. m., at the Court House in Wailuku, be set as the time and place for hearing said petition and any objections that may be made thereon; and all persons interested in said Estate are hereby notified to attend.

Lahaina, July 12th, 1886. ABE. FORNANDER, Circuit Judge 3d Jud. Dist. H. I.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.

KALAKAUA, By the Grace of God, of the Hawaiian Islands, King: To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon CHUN LOCK (Ch.) defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof to be and appear before the Supreme Court at the July Term thereof, to be held at the Court House, at Honolulu, this 5th day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of H. C. (Ch.) plaintiff, should not be awarded her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness, HON. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of our Supreme Court, at Honolulu, this 19th day of June, A. D. 1886.

BENNY SMITH, Deputy Clerk.

A diligent search having been made on the within-mentioned Chun Lock but he cannot be found in the Kingdom as he has gone to China, and I hereby return this summons and petition annexed not served.

Honolulu, June 10th, 1886. JOHN H. SOPER, Marshal.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the summons in said cause and the return of the Marshal thereon, and that said Court, at the July Term, 1886, ordered that the case stand continued until the next October Term, and that an attested copy of said summons be published as required by law.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court at Honolulu, this 7th day of July, 1886.

WILLIAM FOSTER, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

To JOHN H. SOPER, Esq. Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded, by order of the Honorable A. F. Judd, Chief Justice of our Supreme Court, to summon LEE WING KEE, otherwise known as MAI, KAHULUI, MAUI, Defendant, to be and appear before him, the aforesaid Chief Justice of the Chambers in the Court House, in the City of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on FRIDAY, the 21st day of May next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the prayer of Wang Wo Tong & Co. Complainants should not be granted, pursuant to the tenor of their bill of complaint hereto annexed.

And have you then there this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness, HON. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at Honolulu, this 5th day of May, A. D. 1886.

HARRY STRAIN, Deputy Clerk.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the summons in said cause; and that said Court has this day ordered publication thereon.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this (Seal) seventh day of June, 1886.

WILLIAM FOSTER, Clerk.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of Mary F. Lindsay, late of Wailuku, Island of Hawaii, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased to present their claims whether secured by mortgage or otherwise duly authenticated and with the proper vouchers if any exist, to the undersigned within six months from the date hereof or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said deceased by promissory note or otherwise, to make immediate payment to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of August, 1886.

J. M. MONSIEUR, Administrator, with the will annexed of Mary F. Lindsay, Honolulu, July 1st, 1886.

ISLAND LOCALS.

ABOUT TOWN.

H. H. Dimond, who shot and killed his Chinese cook, will answer to a charge of manslaughter, in the Police Court, this morning.

The steamer Zerkow is due here from San Francisco on Monday next the 7th inst., with mail and news dates to the 23d inst.

The band will serenade Mrs. Dominis Sr. to-day, the occasion being the anniversary of her birthday. A reception will be held at her residence between 3 and 5 o'clock p.m.

During the week the cloudless skies have allowed the rays of old Sol to be felt by sweltering humanity here, more than usual. The thermometer has reached 85° in the shade, on two days.

Several professional people will shortly pass through here, en route to the Colonies, among them Capt. Paul Boyton, the noted water voyager and Miss Fenimore, a female feintist.

Information is obtained that one of the unfortunate people at Kalaupapa committed suicide lately, by salinating his clothing with kerosene oil and then setting fire to it. Tired of life.

The Legislature has had sixty-nine days of active labor and so far has only managed to give work for a probable continuation of parliamentary recumbency for sixty days longer.

H. H. M. S. P. Jones, Commander Hope, will probably sail tomorrow for the South, going over nearly the same course as that taken by the Sardinia. She is due at Coquimbó, Chili, about October.

The apparatus for electric street-lighting has been taken down and the projectors are now waiting for the law-makers and sundry granters to resume business.

The R. M. S. Australia, Captain Webber, sailed from this port for San Francisco at noon of the 31st ult., carrying a forward cargo of domestic products, a number of passengers and a large mail.

Manager Bartlett of the Hawaiian Hotel has gone forward to San Francisco for a short season of pleasure and business combined. During his absence the affairs of the hotel are managed by the interests of the convivial patrons.

There was considerable trouble experienced by the agents of the Mariposa with obtaining labor service at Sydney, and the vessel had to leave that port 300 tons short of coal. The tankers were however, filled up at Auckland, and no great delay occurred.

Reports have been received that the drought continues on Kanai and that lack of rain is also greatly felt at numerous places on Hawaii. On this island the lands on the coast line, from Waimanalo to Waimea stand in great need of a thorough drenching.

The Waikiki baths are being much patronized now o' days by those who delight in a plunge in the foamy waters that line the golden sands. The existing high term causes a marked increase in the number of bathers in the efficacy of hydropathy.

Stratemyer the artistic signifier has decorated the windows of the store in the Campbell's Block, formerly occupied by the defunct Serrano Press, with hieroglyphics and English which indicate that Mr. W. S. Luce will occupy the premises as a wine and liquor store.

A still alarm was given on the afternoon of the 27th ult. for a fire in the premises occupied by the Hawaiian Lumber Co. at the foot of Maunakea street. Engine Co No 1 being the only engine notified responded to the summons and quickly subdued the conflagration. Loss about \$250.

At 4.45 last evening an alarm was rung out from the bell tower for a slight fire near the residence of Mr. Stillman of Laiba street. Almost immediately after the alarm was given information was conveyed that the conflagration was squelched and therefore the services of the Department were not needed.

The vacation season is now in progress and the favored ones to whom wealth and leisure are granted are making preparations for trips to various places to indulge in the dolce far niente of nothing to do. Already several parties have been organized, and some have started on journey around Oahu. None but the wealthy can enjoy life.

The announcement was made on the morning of the 2nd inst. of the resignation of J. H. Soper, Esq., as Marshal of the Kingdom and the appointment to the vacant position of Hon. John Lot Kanihoka, the former Post-Master General. Hon. Luther Aholo, has been appointed as Post-Master General and Mrs. Lanthas is made Governess of Kanai.

During the past week Mr. John Cassidy, Superintendent of the Hawaiian Telephone Co. has been replacing the Company's iron wire on the Koolau side of this island, with copper wire, which is better calculated to withstand the ravages of the sea air in that locality, and give better satisfaction to those who have occasion to use the telephone.

From present indications the great fire of April last has been of great and probably lasting benefit to the city. Locations formerly occupied by dilapidated and unsanitary buildings are now filled by substantial brick buildings. Those who have the leisure might take a tramp through the "burnt district" and thus satisfy themselves that business in the building line is very brisk.

At a special meeting of the members of the Honolulu Rifles, held at the Armory on the evening of the 28th ult., election took place to fill the existing vacancy of a captain. Lieut. H. A. Hebard and Volney W. Ashford, Esq., were the candidates for the position. Prior to voting Lieut. Hebard withdrew in favor of Mr. Ashford and that gentleman was then, unanimously elected to the position of Captain of the Honolulu Rifles.

On the 30th ult., in the early morning thereof, Marshal Soper with a posse, acting on information received, made a raid upon the premises occupied by Charles Michiels as a dry goods store, south-east corner of Merchant and Fort street, and made a capture of two valises containing \$750 of opium. The owner of the establishment and his Chinese clerk were arrested, the former being admitted to bail in the sum of \$750. The case was called on Monday and a remand had until Wednesday next.

A reception was given by Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitney, on Friday evening last, to Prof. C. H. Hitchcock, of Dartmouth College, who returned home in the Australia, having spent the past three months in visiting the crater of Kilauaea and other places of interest. During his stay here, Prof. Hitchcock made a collection of plants, which was on exhibition at Dr. Whitney's on the above occasion. It is a beautiful specimen of skillful workmanship and shows the mountains of East and West Maui, with the numerous ravines and valleys, as well as the summit crater of Haleakala. This collection has been deposited in the rooms of the Survey Department, where it can be examined by the artist.

Dr. Rev. Dr. Kessell O'Connor Bishop of Madagascari, was the guest of Bishop Willis during his few hours stay. The visiting bishop attended Divine Service in the Anglican par Cathedral at 9.30 a. m. and pronounced the benediction. The Rt. Reverend gentleman is an old college friend of Mr. Wodehouse, the District Commissioner both having studied at Oxford as contemporaries. A large number of officers seamen and marines from H. B. M. S. Pelorus attended the same service marching to and from the Church headed by drum and fife. At the 11-15 service in the morning was preached by the Rev. Mr. Danneberg of New South Wales also on the way home by the Mariposa.

The brig J. D. Sorensen, Captain Fries, sailed from Hilo for Kona on Saturday July 24th.

Our Assessor Representative's office is in town, and will only five days before the end of the month be made free days.

Our honorable member Dr. Wright is at home for a short vacation. He has kept very steadily at work at Honolulu and deserves a little quiet.

Mr. John A. Scott and Miss Emma Clark were married at the residence of L. Severance, Esq. Hilo, on Friday evening July 30d, by Rev. E. P. Baker.

The Officers of the district held a reception at Kalaupapa in honor of Rev. Mr. Loeber from Oahu, on Wednesday last, which was largely attended and conducted in first class shape. We

were glad to meet our friend Mr. Frank Damon there. He seems to be much beloved by the Chinese and enjoys their fullest confidence.

Court is now held frequently in the coffee shop at Makapala, instead of at the Court House or Kapaun. Moral—"Attend strictly to business." The Judge owns the coffee shop. "Five minutes for refreshments."

The moon has been decided by our Magistrate to be ahead of time. In a case before him last week in which a Chinaman sued an officer for assault, the witness for defence said that on the 9th, it was a full-moon. An Almanac was produced to prove that there was no moon, but he decided that there must have been. The moon since then seems to feel ashamed as it has hardly shown itself.

L. (poet) M. (later) M. (asker) He's not a poet laureate, yet he's looked on as escholar. A follower of Benthams, he rolls his eyes poetical. He manages the business for the "Ministerial Blunderer." And lately answered quips of Dr.'s in the role of executioner.

With rich poetic genius he's been endowed transcendently. In social circles he aspires to always shine resplendent. The beauty of his figure is to him a fact historical. He poses next to Adams in the order categorical. His estimate of L. M. M. is his chief peculiarity. Which causes in the Vandal ranks under and rude hilarity. He scans his chaply leg and boat with ecstasy emotion. And thanks the Gods for what he's with play devotional.

That he's a favorite with "the girls" is really undeniable. (His own opinion on that point is quite the most reliable.) And those who dare this truth dare are guilty of meanness. Unfit to mix with men like him of tried and proved veracity.

He often feels that people here are lacking in capacity to value to the full extent his genius and loquacity. For though his wit is notable for anything but brevity, it oftentimes hampers him in his hearty, vulgar, levity.

He claims to have obtained from the most eulogistic flattery. And according to W. M. G. he has designed to close his battery. Yet he still lives, enjoys good health, engages in "frivolous" and "L. M. M.'s" next verse will be of better quality.

Return of Funds. Mr. Frank McStocker has furnished a list of the moneys subscribed and deposited with Mr. C. Afong for the purpose of relieving any existing distress among Chinese, after the late great fire, and, as Mr. Afong states that he has expected all that he considers necessary, there being none of Chinese nationality now in need of aid, there is now a balance remaining in Mr. Afong's hands which he desires to return, pro rata, to those who so kindly subscribed. The amounts may be obtained by calling at the treasurer's office. Following is a list of the subscribers, and a statement of the expenditure:

C. Afong \$300, T. H. Davies & Co., \$250, Chuan & Co., \$100, C. Ales \$100, Claus Spreckels & Co., \$250, W. G. Irwin & Co., \$250, O. H. Bishop & Co., \$250, Castle & Cooke \$250, Schaefer & Co., \$250, Hackfeld & Co., \$250, C. Brewer & Co., \$100, A. J. Cartwright \$100, Wm. Wo Chan \$200, J. A. Hopper \$100, Jas. Campbell \$150, Pacific Hardware Co., \$100, E. O. Hall & Son \$100, Paul Neumann \$50, Lau Kan \$50, Fresh & Pascoe \$50, C. P. Lyons \$10, E. B. Thomas \$25, Goo Tok \$25, W. B. Castle \$25, M. McInerney and Goo Kim \$100, a total of \$3,800.

The expenditures amounted to \$1,945, and were as follows: For 86 passengers for Hongkong per bark Hesperia, at \$21 per passenger, \$1,806; two females \$30.50; attendance on patients in the Hospital \$88; advertising notice of subscription \$2.50; thus leaving a balance, for return, of \$1,945.

The Planter's Monthly. The Planter's Monthly has a full table of contents, every article being of interest and importance to our staple trade.

The European Sugar bounties occupy several different notices. A letter from the Secretary of British Sugar Refiners Committee addressed to the President of the Board of Trade, shows the effect on British Refiners of the Continental Bounty System.

A description is given of the McDonald Automatic Hydraulic Presses. Regulars and testimonials of its usefulness number over a dozen. The Barbadoes "Agricultural Gazette" says, "The labor supply is now much in excess of the demand." A page is given to Statistics of the Custom House for the first six months of the current year compared with last year, much to the advantage of 1886. Several other articles go to make up an interesting number.

Sour stomach, sick headache, and dizziness, American Co.'s Hop Bitters cures with a few doses. See advertisement.

Special Notices. DR. WHITNEY'S DENTAL ROOMS will be closed from August 23rd to September 10th, 1886. [1124] m

A CARD. Since establishing our Mission in this city, we have frequently been solicited to procure larger and more convenient quarters for worship and Bible class, quite a number expressing themselves as willing to contribute toward the necessary expense. We have now secured the building on Fort street, formerly used as a gymnasium, thus incurring quite a debt; besides, some changes are necessary. Therefore we would say to all who would esteem it a privilege to aid us in the matter, that they can confer with Mr. N. F. Brewster for the undersigned. [1124] m A. LA RUE.

MR. W. F. ALLEN. Has an office with Messrs. Bishop & Co., corner of Merchant and Kahuamau Streets, and he will be pleased to attend to any business entrusted to him. [1109] m

MR. W. C. PARKE. Has an Office over Messrs. Bishop & Co.'s Bank, corner Merchant and Kahuamau Sts., and will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to his care. [1066] m

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKES'S Advertising Agency, 64 and 65 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, Cal., where contracts for advertising can be made for it. [1065]

New Advertisements. DR. CRADDOCK, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, (Late Government Physician, Waimea, Kauai.) OFFICE AND RESIDENCE: HOTEL STREET, OPPOSITE LIBRARY. OFFICE HOURS: 11:30 A. M. TO 4 P. M.; 7 TO 8 P. M. [1125] m

Partnership Notice. THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT William B. Deane, of Waikiki, Maui, is doing business in said Waikiki as co-partner in the buying and selling of Merchandise and general retail store business, under the firm name of W. B. DEANE & CO., with W. H. CUMMINGS, W. H. KEANEY, W. B. DEANE. [1125] m

Annual Meeting! THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE HONOLULU SUGAR CO. will be held at the office of C. Brewer & Co., Honolulu, on WEDNESDAY, August 11th, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m. P. C. JONES, Secretary. [1125] m

Annual Meeting! THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE HAWAIIAN SUGAR CO. will be held at the office of C. Brewer & Co., Honolulu, on MONDAY, August 31st, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m. P. C. JONES, Secretary. [1124] m

Albert C. Smith, Attorney at Law. Add AGENT TO TAKE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. 1125 No. 9 Kahuamau Street. [1125] m

Williams, Dimond & Co., Shipping and Commission Merchants 107, 25 California Street, San Francisco, Cal. [1097] m

Auction Sales.

BY J. LYONS.

Regular Cash Sale

On Thursday, Aug. 5

At 10 o'clock a. m. at my Salesroom, cor Fort and Queen Sts. I will sell at Public Auction,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, GROCERIES, Bags No 1 and 2 Sugar, Fine Table Peaches and Peas, 2-3 Tin Libbey & McNeil Corn, Reef, Eagle Brand Condensed Milk,

California and Maui Potatoes!

Large Barley; also, a small Lot of Fine Mosquito Netting, Turkish Towels, Pearl Buttons, and Worcestershire Sauce,

SEVERAL DINNER AND TEA SETS—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

One Black Walnut, Marble-top Bedroom Set, New Ash Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Spring Mattresses,

Sewing Machines,

Stoves, and Chinese Matting, Etc., Etc. And Several New BUGGIES to close consign't.

J. LYONS, Auctioneer.

New Advertisements.

Just Arrived

—PER—

"FUERST BISMARCK!"

—FROM BREMEN.—

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Have Just received by this Vessel, a full assortment of

Beers, Wines,

and Liquors,

St. Pauli Beer.

A Splendid Line of

Dry Goods!

Woolen Blankets, all sizes, weights, qualities and colors; Horse Blankets, Woolen and Cotton Shirts, Shawls, Cottons, Decims, Ticking, etc.

Clothing,

FILTER PRESSES AND FILTER PRESS CLOTH,

Sugar and Coal Bags, all sizes; Hemp Twine,

A COMPLETE LINE OF SADDLES,

Iron Bedsteads, Tea Kettles and Sauce Pans, all sizes; Tin Plate, Sheet Lead, Galvanized Sheet Iron,

Galvanized Fence Wire

STEEL RAILS, With Fish Plates, Bolts and Spikes.

Portland Cement, Full Weight!

LUMP ROCK SALT, An Ass't. of

English Groceries!

ROOFING SLATES, Hubback's White and Red Lead,

HAVANA CIGARS.

A number of the much-favored HEROPHONS with a large quantity of the most POPULAR MUSIC.

Yellow Sheathing Metal!

Willow Baskets, Blue Mottled Soap, Windsor Soap, Vinegar in 10, 15 and 30 Gallon Kegs and Barrels; Empty Demijohns, Crockery. [1124] 3m

Take all in all.

—Take all the Kidney and Liver Medicines, —Take all the Blood purifiers, —Take all the Rheumatic remedies, —Take all the Dyspeptic and indigestion cures, —Take all the Agent, Fever, and bilious specifics, —Take all the Brain and Nerve forces restives, —Take all the Great health restorers.

In short, take all the best qualities of all these and the best —Qualities of all the best medicines in the world, and you will find that—Hop Bitters have the best curative qualities and powers of all—concentrated in them, —And that they will cure when any or all of these, singly, or—combined. Fail!!!! —A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

Hardened Liver. Five years ago I broke down with kidney and liver complaint and rheumatism. Since then I have been unable to be about at all. My liver became hard like wood; my limbs were puffed up and filled with water. All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has worked a miracle in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave. J. W. MOREY, Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1881.

Poverty and Suffering. "I was dragged down with debt, poverty and suffering for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring. I was completely discouraged, until one day ago by the advice of my pastor, I commenced using Hop Bitters, and in one month we were all well, and some of us have even a sick day since, and I want to say to all poor men, you can keep your families well a year with Hop Bitters for less than one doctor's visit will cost. I know it!" —A WORKINGMAN.

Prevent the Swindlers!! If when you call for American Hop Bitters (see green strip of Hoop on the white label) and Dr. Soper's name blazes in the bottle, the vendor hands out anything but American Hop Bitters refuse it and then the vendor as you would a tipper; and if he has taken your money for anything else render him for the fraud and sue him for damages for the swindle, and we will pay you 10 cents for the conviction. For Sale by HOLLISTER & CO., No. 109 Fort St. Honolulu. [1095] 1/2

Auction Sales.

By LEWIS J. LEVEY.

Lewis J. Levey

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER

40 QUEEN STREET, opposite M. S. Grinbaum & Co.

Personal Attention Given to the Sale of Furniture Real Estate and General Merchandise.

THIS DAY!

Coral Rock at Auction!

I am instructed to sell at Public Auction,

ON TUESDAY, AUG. 3rd

At 12 o'clock noon, corner Bethel and King St, 500 (more or less)

BLOCKS CORAL ROCK!

The remains of the Bethel Church Building. TERMS CASH. LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer.

Special Sale of Jewelry

ON WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4th

At 10 a. m. at my Salesrooms, I will sell at Public Auction, an Assortment of

Jewelry, Watches & Clocks

Being the Balance of Stock of an Importer closing business, and Consisting of

Rings, Collar Buttons, Gold Mounted Pen Holders, Watch Chains, Lockets, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Ladies' and Gent's Gold Sets, Bracelets, Watches, Clocks, &c. Also,

ONE GLASS SHOW CASE

LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer.

Regular Cash Sale

On Saturday, August 7th

At 10 a. m. at my Salesrooms, will be sold at Public Auction,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING

GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY. No 1 and 2 Sugar, Potatoes and Corn. Bibs and 1/2 Bibs Beef and Pork. Manila Cigars and Tobacco.

Groceries, Etc.

Also, an Assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer.

Mortgagee's Notice of Sale

Whereas John J. Carden, Mortgagee in a certain mortgage wherein D. W. Atwood, Kalaokano, Honolulu, Island of Hawaii, is mortgagee, recorded in Lib 88, on fol 31-3, has heretofore duly foreclosed said mortgage in accordance with the power of sale therein contained and the provisions of the Act of 1881; now therefore by order of the said mortgagee, I will sell at public auction at my Salesroom in Honolulu,

On Saturday, August 7th, 1886

At 12 o'clock noon. The property covered by said mortgage, viz: all that land situate at Makapala in said Kohala and bounded and described as follows:

Apana Ekahi (c)—E hoomaka ana ma ka pohaku i ma ke alani aupuni, oia ka pohaku i hui ai me ko J. K. Kahoookano, a holo pu 'Aha' 'E 5.70 kauli or 9.70 kauli i ka pohaku i alala He 94' Hi He 74 kauli me ko Kimo Kaa i ka pohaku i kaha pea ia i kahawai, alala holo i gat a hiki i ka maha alala holo me ka maha Hiko or kahawai me alala Niala i hiki i ka pohaku i hui ai me ko J. K. Kahoookano, Ak 74' Ko 11.27 kauli me ko J. K. Kahoookano i ka pohaku i a He 5' Ko 6 kauli me ko J. K. Kahoookano. Apana Ekahi (b)—E pili ana i ho Mareka, a hiki i ke alani aupuni, a ma ke alani He 57' Ko 2.66 kauli a hiki i ka hoomaka ana. Area 4410 aka, and being a portion of R. 2271, L. O. A. 1881, issued to Kooliela and the same premises that were conveyed to the said Kahoookano by J. K. Kahoookano by deed dated Sept 10th, 1881, and recorded in Lib 88, fol 50 and 51. Dated 2nd June, 1886. J. M. MONTAGUE, Atty for Mortgagee.

LEWIS J. LEVEY, Auctioneer.

BISHOP & CO'S

Savings Bank

The Undersigned will Receive Money at their Savings Bank upon the Following Terms:

On sums of Five Hundred Dollars or under, from one person, they will pay interest at the rate of Five per cent, per annum, from date of receipt, on all sums that shall have remained on deposit three months, or have been on deposit three months at the time of making up the yearly accounts. No interest will be computed on fractions of Dollars or for fractions of a month.

No interest will be allowed on money withdrawn within three months from date of deposit.

Thirty days notice must be given to the Bank of an intention to withdraw any money; and the Depositor's pass-book must be produced at the same time.

No money will be paid except upon the Draft of the Depositor, accompanied by the proper Pass-book.

On the first day of September of each year, the accounts will be made up, and interest on all sums that shall have remained on deposit three months or more and unpaid, will be credited to the depositors, and from that date form part of the principal.

Sums of more than Five Hundred Dollars will be returned, subject to special agreement.

The Bank will be open every day in the week except Sundays and Holidays. [1125] m BISHOP & CO.

Pigs! Pigs! Pigs!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAS for sale, at reasonable prices, and in quantities to suit, Also Groceries which are of the best stock on the Islands. Orders are solicited from the other islands, and care will be taken to fill them promptly and in a manner to satisfy customers and ensure the safe delivery of stock. Inquiring customers can examine stock, if so disposed, at my Ranch on the Waikiki Road, below the Sunny South. Orders should be addressed to

E. C. HEINE, Honolulu, H. I. [1125] 2m*

Auction Sales.

By E. P. ADAMS & Co.

Regular Cash Sale

ON FRIDAY, AUG. 6th

At 10 o'clock a. m. at our Salesrooms, Queen St, we will sell at Public Auction,

Dry Goods,

PRINTS, COTTONS, LAWNS, CLOTHING, RUBBER HOSE, RUBBER COATS, A LOT OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

Consisting of— 1 Parlor Set, B. W. Bedroom Set, new; Chairs, Tables, Desk,

ICE CHEST, & C

E. P. ADAMS & CO., Auctioneers.

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure and Sale!

The undersigned, HO YENG, of Honolulu, hereby gives notice that, owing to a breach of the conditions of a certain chattel mortgage executed by Kum On, alias Kamona, of Ewa, Oahu, to said Ho Yeng, on the 11th day of October, 1881, which said mortgage is recorded in Lib 88, pages 68-61, of the Hawaiian Registry of Deeds; the said mortgage intends to foreclose all the rights of said mortgagee in and to the property conveyed in and by said mortgage, and to that end will sell at public auction, at the Salesroom of E. P. Adams & Co., Auctioneers, in Honolulu,

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 7th

1886, at 12 o'clock noon, all the said rights of said mortgagee thereon.

The Property to be sold includes TWO VALUABLE LEASES OF

FINE R

Canal Tonnage.

In view of the prospects of the problematic Panama Canal, it may be interesting to know what has been done in a financial way by the successful Suez Canal. An English Parliamentary return of the shipping and tonnage which passed through the Suez Canal during the last three years has been issued. The total net tonnage last year was 6,235,732 tons, against 5,811,000 tons in 1884, and 5,775,861 in 1885; the number of vessels was 3,624, against 3,284 in 1884 and 3,307 in 1885. There has, therefore, been a steady increase in the tonnage during the last three years. It is pointed out however, that the large increase of 464,232 tons from 1884 to 1885 was due to the high tonnage of ships of war, transports and government chartered vessels, which amounted in 1885 to 661,276 tons against 268,184 tons in 1884. The receipts on the other hand, show a decrease, the amount last year being £2,488,297, against £2,435,125 in 1884 and £2,633,915 in 1885. This decrease is accounted for by the fact that the tolls were reduced 50c. on January 1, 1884, the pilotage dues abolished on July 1, 1884, and the tolls again reduced 50c. on January 1, 1885. The returns of vessels under different flags show that Great Britain has maintained its great numerical superiority. Last year 76.7 per cent of the total net tonnage was under the British flag, 9.05 per cent under the French flag, 3.98 per cent under the Dutch flag, and 3.14 per cent under the German flag. The Dutch tonnage last year showed a decrease against 1884. Three vessels with a net tonnage of 1,350 passed through the canal last year under the American flag, against four vessels with a net tonnage of 8,230 tons in 1884, and one vessel with a net tonnage of 788 tons in 1885.

Canadian Pacific Railroad.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 4.—The first through mail and passenger train over the Canadian Pacific Railway from Montreal arrived at Port Moody promptly on schedule time, 12 noon, having made the trip in 124 hours. The train was met at the wharf by about 1,500 excursionists from Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and other points. The reception was a very enthusiastic one, and speeches of congratulation and welcome were made.

The Canadian press predict that the trip will soon be made by fast express trains, in 96 hours from Halifax to the Pacific terminus. It is intended also to have the fastest line of steamships from Liverpool to Halifax, so that the entire trip from Liverpool to New Westminster on the Pacific will not occupy over ten days. Three cargoes of tea are now on the way over from China, destined for trans-shipment at Port Moody for Liverpool, on the Canadian Pacific Railroad.

General Advertisements.

THE WHITE HOUSE!

No. 118 Nuuanu Street, HONOLULU, H. I. Private Family Hotel Terms Reasonable. First-Class Accommodations. MRS. J. VIERRA, Proprietress. [1216 1y]

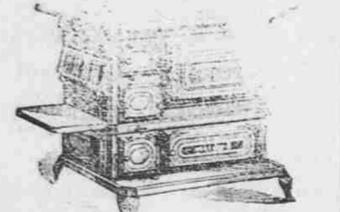
READ THIS!

Messrs. E. O. Hall & Son, Limited. Gentlemen:—I have used your 16in. Steel Breakers for seven years, and your 16in. Breakers for a year, and have been well pleased with them. They are good strong Plows and I have the good better than any other plow I ever used, and I have used a good many since 1882. I have used the 16in. Steel Breaker for several weeks with only five miles, and plowed from one acre and a half to two acres a day. I used the same number of animals for the 16in. as for the 16in. Breakers. I plowed up a grove of sumach roots and lots of guava this year and have broken but one fire cooler and a pair of handles. Every one who has used them on Hawaii has been well pleased with them.

The above is but one of many letters we have received from all parts of the Islands, speaking in the highest terms of Hall's Steel Breakers and Plows of all sizes. We have just received, direct from the Moline Plow Co., a large invoice of Plows, making our assortment complete, including Breakers and Plows of all sizes and kinds, Extra Shears, Bolts, Coulters, Handles and Beams. As, during some years, we have been unable to supply the demand for these goods, we desire Planters to send in their orders soon for what they may need for the coming season. The

Hall's Steel Furrow Plow

Has never been equalled; of these we have a few left, of improved make. WE HAVE ALSO



Cook Stoves & Ranges

OF ALL SIZES: KITCHEN AND HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS—of all kinds:

PAINTS AND OILS—of all kinds; LUBRICATING OILS—best stock in the market; RUBBER HOSE—ALL SIZES AND GRADES; Lift and Force Pumps, Cistern Pumps, Galvanized Iron, Sheet Copper, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Tin Plate, Water Closets, Marble Slabs and Bowls, Enamelled Wash Stands, GALVANIZED IRON AND COPPER BOILERS for Ranges, Granite Iron Ware, Nickel Plated and Plain;

SHELF HARDWARE

A Splendid Assortment; LEATHER—of All Descriptions; And a large list of goods in lump or in bulk. Such as CHALK, SALSODA, INSECT POWDER, SULPHUR, WHITING, ALUM, ETC., ETC., All of which will be sold by the pound or package, at LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY

E. O. Hall & Son

LIMITED. H. DAVIS. J. K. WILDER.

DAVIS & WILDER

No. 52 Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.; Staple & Fancy Groceries

Fresh Roll Butter, Fruits, Provisions, BY EVERY STEAMER FROM THE COAST.

ROU ICE HOUSE GOODS

A SPECIALTY, Orders for Families and Plantations Filled with Care. P. O. Box 435, [1114 3m]

FURNISHED ROOMS

Neat and cozy. Furnished Rooms can be had by early application at NO. 4 GARDEN LANE. [1896]

General Advertisements.

HOLLISTER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggists and Tobacconists,

109 FORT STREET,

TELEPHONE 49 BOTH COMPANIES TELEPHONE 49

MANUFACTURERS OF

Ginger Ale, Soda Water, Lemonade, &c

FACTORY

37 Hotel Street. Telephone 71, Mutual. [1122 3m]

A Safeguard.

The fatal rapidity with which slight Colds and Coughs frequently develop into the gravest maladies of the throat and lungs, is a consideration which should impel every prudent person to keep at hand, as a household remedy, a bottle of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Nothing else gives such immediate relief and works so sure a cure in all affections of this class. That eminent physician, Prof. F. Sweetzer, of the Maine Medical School, Brunswick, Me., says:— "Medical science has produced no other anodyne expectorant so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is invaluable for diseases of the throat and lungs."

The same opinion is expressed by the well-known Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, Ill., who says:— "I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice of medicine, any preparation of so great value as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is more effective than anything else in relieving even the most serious bronchial and pulmonary affections."

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Is not a new claimant for popular confidence, but a medicine which is to-day saving the lives of the third generation who have come into being since it was first offered to the public.

There is not a household in which this invaluable remedy has once been introduced where its use has ever been abandoned, and there is not a person who has ever given it a proper trial for any throat or lung disease susceptible of cure, who has not been made well by it.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has, in numberless instances, cured obstinate cases of chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, and even acute Pneumonia, and has saved many patients in the earlier stages of Pulmonary Consumption. It is a medicine that only requires to be taken in small doses, is pleasant to the taste, and is needed in every house where there are children, as there is nothing so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for treatment of Croup and Whooping Cough.

These are all plain facts, which can be verified by anybody, and should be remembered by everybody.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

HOLLISTER & CO., No. 100 Fort St., Honolulu. Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands. [1097 1y]

Mr. L. B. KERR

HAS Just Received, Ex Mariposa,

From Great Britain

A VERY FINE SELECTION of GOODS

SUITABLE FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR!

EMBRACING THE Latest Styles

Gentlemen Please Call and Examine these Fine Goods. Price Fit and Prices to Suit all. [1121 3m]

GEO. LUCAS,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

Honolulu Steam Planing Mills, Esplanade, Honolulu, H. I.

Manufactures all kinds of Mouldings, Brackets, Window Frames, Blinds, Sashes, Doors

And all kinds of Woodwork Finish

Turning, Scroll and Band Sawing! ALL KINDS OF

Planing and Sawing, Morticing and Tenanting.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO And Work Guaranteed. [1121 3m]

Orders from the other Islands solicited. Honolulu, May 2, 1884. [1896]

W. S. LUCE, Wine & Spirit Merchant

MERCHANT STREET, (CAMPBELL'S BLOCK)

Has on Hand and Offers For Sale

To the Trade and Public, the Best Brands of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

Special attention is drawn to the Celebrated

ALES & PORTERS of E. & J. Burke's

McKENNA'S KENTUCKY WHISKEYS

AND L. DELMONICO'S CHAMPAGNES.

Orders Filled with Promptness and at the usual Prices for any of the Brands of

Gins, Brandies, Whiskeys OR BITTERS,

USUALLY OBTAINED IN THIS MARKET.

An experience of several years in the WINE & SPIRIT Business is a guarantee that the interests of customers will be properly served. [1107 1mo]

CRYSTAL SODA WORKS

Our Goods are Acknowledged the Best! NO CORKS

We Use Patent Stoppers

In all our Bottles. Families Use no

Ginger Ale but ours CHILDREN CRY FOR

OUR SODAWATER

We deliver our Goods Free of Charge to all parts of the City. Careful attention paid to Island Orders: Address

The Crystal Soda Works, P. O. BOX 397 : HONOLULU, H. I.

OUR TELEPHONE IS NO. 298. [1121 3m]

LAINÉ & CO.

HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF THE Very Best

Hay, Grain, &c.

WHICH IS OFFERED AT THE Lowest Market Prices

AND DELIVERED FREE TO ANY PART OF THE CITY

AGENTS FOR THE Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company OF CALIFORNIA.

Agents for the "HOOVER TELEPHONE." COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS FOR CALIFORNIA. [1121 3m]

TELEPHONE NO. 147. [1121 3m]

UNION FEED CO., DEALERS IN

HAY and GRAIN Queen and Edinburgh Sts. Telephone 175. Island orders solicited. [1121 3m]

FOR JOB WORK EXECUTED IN the neatest style, call at GAZETTE OFFICE.

General Advertisements.

CALIFORNIA WINES!

The growth and manufacture of Pure Wines in California has surprised the most sanguine. Although small manufacturers, through probable ignorance and carelessness, turn out inferior Wines, it has been the ambition of

Messrs. Arpad Haraszthy & Co.,

To produce Wines that are absolutely Pure, and they are the ONLY HOUSE in California that Manufactures PURE CHAMPAGNES produced by the natural process of fermentation in the Bottle.

The importation of MESSRS. ARPAD HARASZTHY & CO.'S Wines into this Kingdom, from October 7th, 1885, to March 31st, 1886, being nearly TWO-THIRD OF ALL OTHER MANUFACTURES PUT TOGETHER, is a guaranty of their popularity, and that they are far superior to any Wines manufactured.

Sherry Wine, Port Wine, Tokery Wine, Zinfandel Claret, Table Claret, Burgundy,

ECLIPSE CHAMPAGNE!

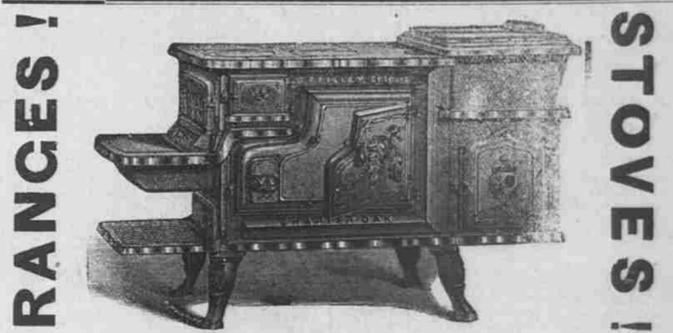
Madeira, Sweet Muscat, Angelica, Malega, Hock, Gerke, Reising, White Wine, Gutedel.

Also, just arrived direct from Milwaukee, in bond,

An Invoice of Falk's Milwaukee Pilsener Beer.

HAMILTON JOHNSON, SOLE AGENT

Merchant Street, Honolulu. [1115 1fo]



JOHN NOTT,

At the Old Stand, No. 8 Kaahumanu Street,

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WORKER

PLUMBING, in all its branches;

Artesian Well Pipe, all sizes;

STOVES AND RANGES

Uncle Sam, Medallion, Richmond, Tip Top, Palace, Flora, May, Contest, Grand Prize, New Rival, Oper, Derby, Wren, Dolly, Gypsy, Queen, Pansy, & Army Ranges, Magna Charter, Buck, Superior, Magnet, Osceola, Alameda Eclipse, Charter Oak, Nimble, Inwood and Laundry Stoves, Galvanized Iron and Copper Boilers for Ranges, Granite Iron Ware, Nickel Plated and Plain;

Galvanized Iron Water Pipe, all sizes, and laid on at

Lowest Rates; Cast Iron and Lead Soil Pipe,

House Furnishing Goods, all kinds

RUBBER HOSE—ALL SIZES AND GRADES; Lift and Force Pumps, Cistern Pumps, Galvanized Iron, Sheet Copper, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Tin Plate, Water Closets, Marble Slabs and Bowls, Enamelled Wash Stands, [1122 3m]

Chandeliers, Lamps, Lanterns

PLOWS OF THE LATEST PATTERNS!

A NEW INVOICE Just Received



Our Breakers and Light Steel Plows Are all made from our own patterns and are the result of the experience of a large number of practical Planters, who kindly suggested improvements and changes in the Plows which had formerly been used here.

HAWAII. MR. W. M. Y. HORNOR says:—"I have no hesitation in pronouncing them the very best Breaking Plow I ever used in this or any other country."

MAUI. MR. W. H. CORNWELL says:—"They possess all the requisites of a first-class and good Plow. Just the thing needed especially for rough land."

KAUAI. MR. L. H. STOLZ says:—"It plowed a hundred acres of new land, part of which was stony and a good deal of it covered with a heavy growth of 'Mimosa.' I would not wish for a better plow."

HAWAII. MR. HENRY COOPER says:—"The Plows you sent to Mr. Purvis and myself are, I think, the most serviceable I have yet seen for the work required."

OAHU. MR. J. L. RICHARDSON says:—"I speak from experience when I say it is the best Breakin Plow I ever used."

"Good Night!" Premium Safety Kerosene Oil, 150°

JUST RECEIVED. RECOMMENDED BY THE NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS. Pacific Hardware Co., Limited, Fort Street, IMPORTERS Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Lubricating Oils, Kerosene Oil, Silver Plated Ware, Lamps, Chandeliers and Lanterns. [1114 3m]

Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands-- In Banco. July Term, 1886.

THE KING vs. J. W. KUMUHOA AND E. KEKOA.

REPORTERS, C. A. McCULLY AND THOMAS, J. J. Opinion per McCULLY, J.

Exceptions from the May term 1886, of the Third Judicial Circuit Court.

The defendants were charged in the Police Court of Hilo, from whence the case was appealed to the Circuit Court, with a violation of the laws relating to elections, in a neglect to perform certain official duties prescribed to a District Judge and a Tax Collector, which the defendants severally were, by Section 6 and 7 of the Act of 1868, and were on conviction sentenced according to Section 812 of the Civil Code.

These laws are as follows:

Section 6. The Inspectors of Elections, viz: the Police or District Justice, the Tax Collector and the Tax Assessor, or in their absence, agents appointed by them, shall, at least fifteen days before the day of holding any election for Representatives, excepting such as may be ordered pursuant to the provisions of Section 797 of the Civil Code, make out and cause copies to be posted at the place where the election is to be held, and at least two other public places in the district, correct alphabetical lists of all the persons in the district who may be qualified to vote, and whose names may appear upon the list, returned to the Inspectors of Elections by the Tax Collector of the district, as in the last preceding Section required.

Section 7. The Inspectors of Elections aforesaid, shall hold at least two sessions, of reasonable and sufficient length, at some convenient place in the district, not less than ten nor more than twenty days next preceding the day of holding an election for Representatives, for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualifications of persons, who may not have been previously registered, by the Assessor or Collector on the assessment register, as provided in Section 3 and 4 of this Act, and who may claim a right to vote; and also for the purpose of correcting, when necessary, the alphabetical lists of voters provided for in Section 6 of this Act. Notice of the time and place of holding such sessions, respectively, shall be given by the Inspectors of Election upon the alphabetical lists posted, as provided in Section 6 of this Act; and at such sessions any one offering testimony against the right of any person to vote whose name may appear in the aforesaid alphabetical lists, shall be reasonably heard; and if the Inspectors aforesaid shall be satisfied on such hearing, that the name of such person should not have been placed on the register, they shall at once erase the same therefrom.

Section 812. Any inspector of election who shall wilfully neglect, or refuse to perform any of the duties required of him respecting elections, shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars, and be disqualified from holding any office under the Government.

The first point made in the bill of exceptions is, that the Court erred in denying a motion, noted in the bill as follows: "and upon said trial in said Circuit Court, after the jury had been sworn in the case, counsel for defendants moved the Court that said defendants be dismissed, and that the prosecution herein be quashed, for the reason that the Sections of the law pertaining to Elections, to wit: Sections 6 and 7 of the Act of 1868, on pages 228 and 229 of the Compiled Laws, under which the prosecution is brought, do not contain any penalty for the non-observance of the Acts therein, and thereby enjoined upon the Board of Inspectors of Election, nor is any penalty prescribed for their non-observance."

A motion to quash, Archbold Crim. Pl. Vol. 1, page 337, is addressed to the sound discretion of the Court, and is not a proper subject of exception, citing Inter al. Com. v Eastman, 1 Cosh. 189, State v Putnam 38, Maine 196. W. T. v Stowell, 2 Curtis 133, Utah v Stuart 23, Maine, 111. Says Appleton J. in State v Putnam: "It is within the discretion of the Court in which an indictment is pending to quash it or to leave the defendant to his motion in arrest of judgment. The refusal to quash an indictment is not a proper subject of exception. The party indicted, has his remedy, by motion in arrest of judgment, or by demurrer to the indictment."

We remark secondly, that as a motion to quash the charge, it was made too late. At this stage of the proceedings the defendants must be considered to have pleaded. To appeal from the conviction of a lower Court and demand trial is equivalent to a plea of not guilty. It is a general rule of pleading that motions to quash must be made before plea, and the plea cures defects in the indictment for the purposes of the trial of the issue. Our Statute, Act of 1876, Chap. XL, Section 33, found at page 347, of the Compiled Laws, provides that "every objection to an indictment for any defect apparent on the face thereof, shall be taken by demurrer or motion to quash such indictment before the accused has pleaded, and not afterwards. The Court was therefore right in refusing, after the jury was sworn to entertain the motion."

Exceptions are also taken to the refusal of the Court to give the following instructions, numbered 1, 2, and 4, requested by the defendant.

(1) It is the right of a District Judge, Tax Assessor or Collector, to appoint a deputy to represent him on the Board of Inspectors of Election, in cases where the absence or other duties of the officer render it inconvenient or impracticable for him to discharge his duties. The Statute authorizing the appointment of agents or deputies is contained in these words in Section 6, of the Act of 1868: "The inspectors of election viz: the police or district justice, the tax collector and the tax assessor, or in their absence, agents appointed by them, shall," etc.

The charge of the Court is incorporated with the bill of exceptions. Upon this point it is as follows: With regard to Kekoa's right to appoint a deputy to act for him in his absence, the "absence" meant by the Statute is an actual absence from the place, where the meetings of the Board are held. We regard this as a sound interpretation of the Statute. Its terms are vague in not expressing grounds of excusable absence justifying the appointment of a deputy or agent, but by the plainest rules of construction, he must be absent: if he is present and in attendance at the meeting of the Board, it would be a violation of the term to say that he was absent: the words "in their absence" have a meaning, but it is frustrated by the construction claimed for it by the defendant's counsel; he asks that there be imported into the Statute conditions not expressed therein, namely: "where other duties of the officer render it inconvenient or impracticable for him to discharge his duties." It is enough to say this is not the law nor to be implied from it, and the Court could not properly instruct the jury that it was, as requested.

(2) The next instruction asked is, "It was the right of the defendant Kekoa, in this case to appoint a deputy if his other duties interfered with his performing the duties of such inspector;" this is covered by the ruling on the first instruction. The remainder of the instruction, that the principal officer cannot be held to be criminally liable for the acts of his deputy, was not refused to be given, the Court instructing only that there could not be considered to be a deputy where the principal was not absent. The evidence in the case is that Kekoa sat with the Board at its meetings and assisted to make three alphabetical lists of voters' names, two of which were correct and agreed with each other, but in the third list, the one upon which the polling of votes was had, thirty-five names were omitted by Kekoa, although the numbers of the tax receipts were given. Kekoa testifies that he did this, "trying to see which would be the smartest, Kanwila the Opposition candidate or himself;" he only appointed his deputy on the day of the session of the Board when the lists were revised, he being present in the room and only one meeting for revision being held.

The charges relate to a prior malfeasance, namely: In failing to hold two meetings of the Board, and in failing to post three "correct" copies of the same list. The evidence is that no notice was given of a second meeting at any time, and none was held; it was therefore irrelevant to the case to give instruction: giving it would have implied a state of facts which did not exist. The exceptions are overruled. W. A. Kinney for Prosecution; Ashford & Ashford for Defendant. Honolulu July 23rd, 1886.

Notice to Creditors. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING been daily appointed Executor of the Will of Kahanawale Kanou, (late Mrs. Paul Kanou) of Honolulu, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said Kahanawale Kanou to present the same duly authenticated within six months from the issuance of this notice or they will be forever barred; and those owing said estate to pay the same to the undersigned at his office on King Street, below Maunakea Street, Honolulu.

JAMES F. COLBURN, Executor of will of Kahanawale Kanou. Dated Honolulu, July 9th, 1886. 1122 41

General Advertisements.

J. D. LANE'S



MARBLE WORKS, 130 FORT STREET NEAR HOTEL ST.

MANUFACTURER OF MONUMENTS

Headstones, Tombs, Tablets, Marble Mantels, Washstand Tops, and Tiling in Black and White Marble.

MARBLE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MADE TO ORDER

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Monuments and Headstones Cleaned and Reset. Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to. 1121 3m

Messrs. Miles & Hayley

BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO their patrons and the public at large, that special arrangements have been made with several of the Leading Stock Raisers on the Pacific Coast for the Supply of Mules for Plantation work, at the Lowest Market Rates. Also, several Noted Jacks warranted proof are held for this market. Also, several imported Matched Spans, Saddle, and Family Horses, for sale at the

Hawaiian Hotel Stables. 1113

Old Newspapers For Sale! SUITABLE FOR WRAPPING PAPER. In lots of 100 to 1,000. Apply at 1118 1y CAZETTE OFFICE.

BENSON, SMITH & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

Nos. 113 and 115 Fort Street, Honolulu,

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs, Chemicals,

Toilet Articles, Trusses,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

J. C. Ayer & Co.'s Preparations, Boschee's German Syrup, Green's August Flower, Horsford's Acid Phosphate, Fellow's Syrup, Warner's Safe Cure,

Kennedy's Discovery, Hop

Bitters, St. Jacob's Oil,

Barry's Tricopherous, Burnett's Cocaine, Vaseline Preparations, Colgate's Toilet Soaps, Ricksecker's Skin Soap, Hoyt's German Cologne, Maile Cologne, Etc.,

SPONGES: TOILET, BATH AND CARRIAGE!

BUHACH, the Great Insect Destroyer.

Boreicke & Schreck's Homœopathic Medicines

Etc., Etc., Etc. 1124 3m

COME AND SEE THE

New Goods! New Goods!

—AT— The Popular Millinery House

104 Fort Street, : : Honolulu, H. I. N. S. SACHS, PROPRIETOR,

Just Received an Entire Stock, consisting of Laces, Embroideries, Hosiery, Neck Wear, Underwear, Corsets, Gloves, Mitts, Etc., Etc

Also a Complete Line of Black and Colored Cashmeres

The MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is entirely restocked with Latest Styles LADIES' & CHILDREN'S HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED

Latest Novelties in Fancy Feathers, Plumes, Tips, Etc. Native Straw Sewed in all Shapes. 1122 3m

General Advertisements.

DURING THE GREAT FIRE IN HONOLULU, THE Macneale & Urban FIRE-PROOF SAFE!

Stood the test of 65 Hours exposure, Successfully!

The Macneale & Urban

Is the Only Eight-Flange Safe made in the World.

The Macneale & Urban SAFE

Contains more improvements than any Safe ever made, such as Round Corners, Solid Welded Angle Iron Front and Back, patent inside Bolt-work Hinged Cap and Four Wheel Combination Lock.

A Large Stock Constantly on Hand!

C. O. BERGER, HONOLULU,

General Agent for Hawaiian Islands. 1111 1y

General Advertisements.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society OF THE UNITED STATES.

From the beginning, the Equitable has been the pioneer in all reforms affecting the security, convenience, and advantage of policyholders. It was the first company to issue incontestable policies; the first to make such policies payable immediately, instead of after the delay of a stipulated number of months; the first to simplify the policy contract, and remove from the business technical and confusing complications; the first to apply the Tontine principle to life assurance; the first to issue a policy guaranteeing the payment of the entire reserve and a full share of the accumulated profits to each policy holder at the end of a stipulated period; the first to introduce the Semi-Tontine policy, which, in addition to all the ultimate advantages secured under the Tontine system, is "non-forfeiting," and has a surrender value during its earlier years.

During the twenty-six years and a half of its history, it has written \$105,000,000 more of assurance than any other company during the same period!

No other company has approached the Equitable in the success achieved and surplus accumulated, and the results of management in the past furnish the best guarantee for the future, to intending assurers.

Assets, January 1, 1886..... \$ 66,553,387 50

Liabilities, 4 per cent. valuation..... 52,691,148 37

Surplus..... \$ 13,862,239 13 (Surplus on N. Y. Standard 4 1/2 per cent. interest, \$ 17,495,329 40.)

New Assurance in 1885..... \$ 96,011,378 00

Outstanding Assurance..... 357,338,246 00

Total Paid Policyholders in 1885..... 7,138,689 05

Paid Policyholders since organization..... 88,211,175 63

Income..... 16,590,053 13

Insurance issued on all approved plans.

Alex. J. Cartwright, 1111 1y* General Agent for Hawaiian Isl ands

New Goods by Late Arrivals FROM SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK & ENGLAND.

Received by Castle & Cooke

ALSO, TO ARRIVE BY VESSELS DUE FROM ABOVE PORTS, AND TO BE SOLD AT LOWEST RATES

GOODS. Suitable for Plantations, Country Stores

Or FAMILIES. Orders Filled at Shortest Notice and with Satisfaction to Purchasers. Attention is Called to Our

Improved Paris PLOW

THE ONLY GENUINE PARIS PLOW, MADE OF POLISHED CAST STEEL, and Guaranteed Equal, if not Better, than any Steel Breaking Plow in the Market. Also, other makes of

Plows on Hand of Moline Plow Co., John Deere & Co., &c. Gang Plows, Horse Hoes, Planet Jr. Cane Knives, made of best steel to our order; Planters' Hoes, 9, 1, 2 and 3; Scyth

Souths, Axe and Pick Mattocks, Pick, Hoe, Adze, O-o, Axe and other handles; Baldwin Feed Cutters, Leather Belting, 3 to 12 inch, best quality; India Rubber Hose, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/4, 1 1/2 and 2 inch; Ox Yokes, Ox Bows, Axles, for horse and mule carts; Portable Forges, Eagle Anvils, Cast Iron Barrows, Soapstone and Asbestos Steam Packing, Best Flat India Rubber Steam Packing, 3/4 to 1 1/2 inch; Babbit Metal, Lace Leather and Lacings, India Rubber Steam Packing, round and square, all sizes; Asbestos Boiler Covering and Steam Pipe do., Machinery Oils; Jard, castor and cylinder; Neats Foot Oil,

DISSTON'S CELEBRATED SAWS AND FILES, ALL SIZES; Spear & Jackson's and Stubbs' Files, Hammers for Carpenters, Machinists, Blacksmiths & Horseshoers, Cut and Wrought Nails, all sizes; Horse and Mule Shoe Nails, Cut Spikes, Horse & Mule Sho

Latest Improvements in Shelf Hardware

Hubbuck's B. L. Oil, at Very Low Rates; Hubbuck's White and Red Leads, Zinc, Small Paints in Oil, Blake Manufacturing Co's Steam Feed, Irrigating and Vacuum Pumps, Weston's Patent Centrifugal Barbed Wire, Plain Fencing Wire, Galvanized Roofing,

STAPLE DRY GOODS

Denims, 8 and 9 oz; Tickings, A C A; B and D Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Russia Diapers, Brown and Bleached Drills, Light Sheetings, Mosquito Lace Net, Blue and Scarlet Flannel, A Fine Assortment of White Flannels. Also,

STAPLE GROCERIES, Golden Gate, Star & Superfine Flour

Columbia River Salmon, Bayo Beans. Also, California Lime, Portland and Hydraulic Cement,

For Kerosene Oil We Offer THE PALACE, and Guarantee it cannot be beat for quality or price; also, THE VULCAN, a good oil and above test: WOODWARD & BROWN'S CELEBRATED PIANOS

The Cheapest Good Piano; New Haven Organ Co.'s Parlor Organs. 1122 3m

WEST, DOW & CO., Have Just Received a Large Invoice of Furniture

Consisting of Parlor and Bedroom Sets, Bureaus, Washstands, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Single and Double Bedsteads, Rockers, Chairs, Lounges, Extension and Center Tables (large and small) Hard & Soft Wood; AT BED-ROCK PRICES.

Furniture repaired and removed at short notice. No trouble to show Goods, or answer questions by letter from the other Islands. Please call and examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere. 1100 6m

MRS. THOMAS LACK No. 79 Fort St., Honolulu. IMPORTER and DEALER

—IN— Sewing Machines, and Genuine Parts, Attachments, Oil and Accessories. AGENT FOR THE

White, New Home, Davis, Crown, Howe, and Florence Machines, Howard's Machine Needles, all kinds & sizes; Corticelli Silk, in all colors; CLARKS' MILE END, MACHINE COTTON. AGENT FOR

Madame Demorest's Reliable Cut Paper Patterns, and Publications. Dealer in Rifles, Pistols, Guns, and Sporting Goods, Shot, Powder, Caps, & Metallic Cartridges. KEROSENE STOVES! In all Sizes.

Having secured the services of a First-Class Gun and Locksmith and thorough Mechanic, I am now prepared to do work in that line, with promptness and dispatch. Island orders solicited. 1121 7m

Thisle Dew Whiskey We respectfully announce to our Patrons and the Public generally that WE HAVE BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS FOR THE ABOVE Celebrated Brand of Whiskey, by Henry W. Smith & Co., OF KENTON CO., KENTUCKY. We can confidently offer THIS Whiskey as A Pure and Unadulterated Article, And Equal, if not Superior to any Whiskey ever offered for Sale in this Kingdom. PRICE MODERATE! TRY IT! 1101 6m

Freeth & Peacock, Sole Agents Haw'n. Islands

COMMERCIAL.

HONOLULU, AUGUST 3, 1886. Since last writing but little business of importance has attracted the attention of the merchants of this city...

PORT OF HONOLULU.

Arrived. July 27—Am sear American Girl, Backer, Pt Townshend Aug. 1—RMS Mariposa, Hayward, Colonies, en route

Sailed. July 31—O S S Australia, Webber, San Francisco Aug. 1—RMS Mariposa, Hayward, San Francisco

Vessels in Port. Ger bk Panet Bismark, Van der Vring Haw sch Gen'l Nelgel Nor bk Holden, Jorgensen Br bk Birmah, Jones Swed bk Aroora, Soderstrom Am bktae Consoelo, Cousins Am bktae Geo C Perkins, Ackerman H M S Polaris, Messers Hanah and Mary Low Ger bk F Sieben, Bohm Ger schr Mary C Bohn, Bohm

EXPORTS. For San Francisco, per Australia, July 31—17,162 bgs sugar, 499 bgs rice, 2,489 bunches bananas, 163 bgs wax...

PASSENGERS. For Maui and Hawaii, per Kinau, July 28—For the Volcano: Mrs Geo Beckley and 2 children, Mr Nell and wife, L Dolan, Mr Lake, Mr Ward, For way ports...

For Kaula, per Iwalei, July 27—H Stolz, Chas W Spitz, E Johnson, Mr Muller, H F Glade, Hon Geo B Palouan, Hon D H Nahaiu and 2 daughters, S Decker, E A Diebenberg, Mr Wilcox, and 93 deck.

For Maui, per Kilauea, July 27—Rev A D Bisset and wife, Hon J H Hayward and family, Mr Kahalo, Mr Lazarus, Hon J W Kahu, Miss Lazarus, Miss Hatfield, A Barba, M S Syva, G A Jackson, A Copp and family, and 19 deck.

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Latest From the Volcano.

Letter from Professor Van Slyke. Hilo, H. I. July 29th, 1886.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—I made my first visit to Kilauea last week, remaining there from July 29th to the 24th. I visited the crater twice, first on Wednesday the 21st, and again on Friday the 23rd.

On the first visit, I was in the crater from 10 a.m. until 8 p.m.; and the second, from 11 a.m. until 2 p.m.

It is impossible from a mere description to give any accurate idea of the location of the places where liquid lava is seen in the crater. I can tell what I saw, but my figures of distances and size are mere estimates of the eye and probably quite imperfect.

The men lava is visible in three different places, all of which I visited. Two of the three places are quite difficult of access, the approach being a circuitous route up and down over masses of loose rocks, and possible only in the day time.

The other two places are quite near each other, in the neighborhood of what is secondarily the New Lake, though some little distance south. They can hardly be called "lakes"; I should call them wells. One of these is where liquid lava was first seen after its first disappearance in March. This is somewhat irregular in shape, being perhaps thirty feet wide and 60 to 75 feet long, and not less than 100 feet in depth.

To obtain a view of the well and look over it, it must be done with safety at only one point. Immediately beneath this point at the bottom of the well, but where it could not be seen without too great a risk, there was an immense noise and evidence of intense activity. Over the portion of the bottom of the well that was visible, the lava was hardened except in one place where it could be seen as it was pushed out and thrown up a little distance every few seconds.

The other well was nearly circular in shape, perhaps 30 feet in diameter and 100 feet deep. This point was on the leeward side, so that the fumes of sulphur dioxide would allow one to remain on the edge of the well for some time. At this point the well a partial cone was formed, which was 10 feet across, and in this the lava was boiling with intense violence, now and then throwing up a spray of lava quite a hundred feet to the mouth of the well and almost into the face of one standing on the edge and looking over. It was not less than 100 feet across, and in this the lava was boiling with intense violence, now and then throwing up a spray of lava quite a hundred feet to the mouth of the well and almost into the face of one standing on the edge and looking over.

The third place where the liquid lava could be seen was in the lake below the west wall. It is possible to get down to the edge of this lake and obtain cooled specimens but it is an extremely hazardous undertaking. There are or were two lakes here but they seem to have merged into each other, the activity being confined to the part last formed. Small lava flows were constantly breaking out and in the evening there was a general breaking up of about one third the surface. This lasted only one or two minutes but was followed by quite extensive lava flows. I saw no fountains and no cones here. The best point for observing this lake is 800 or 1000 feet distant from it. One can get on the edge of the perpendicular wall immediately above it 150 or 200 feet. This is unsafe, as lands slides are constantly taking place at all points.

When I visited this lake two days later, its surface had evidently risen and it was more active than when I saw it before. There were signs of activity in other places but no fire could be seen. About the middle of July some lava reappeared in Halemanua but it has not continued in activity. The activity of Kilauea is evidently increasing, and while the sight at present is well worth seeing, there is promise of even much more in the future.

L. L. VAN SLYKE.

New Advertisements.

HENRY MAY & CO. Have Just Received, From Liverpool and San Francisco, AN INVOICE OF

Crosse & Blackwell's GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY, INCLUDING: Assorted Jams, 1 and 2lb Tins, tart Fruits for pies; Malted Chocolate in 4lb Tins, Ham do, 2lb Tins, Extra fine Lucca Oil in 1/2 pints, for Salads; Extra Fine Pure Olive Oil in 1/2 pints, for Salads; Pat's Table Pure Oil in 1/2 pints, for Salads; Superior Sardines in 1/4 and 1/2 Tins, Genuine Scotch Oatmeal in 4 and 7lb Tins, Oat Flour in 1/2 and 1lb Tins, Genoa's Sausage, Sardinia and Russian Sardines in Glass, Anchovies and Mackerel in Oil.

HAMS and BACON New Season's Curing. New York and California Cheese, Edam and Limburg Cheese, Ritz No. 1 Mackerel and Salmon Bellies, Block Cod Fish and Smoked Halibut, Glit Edge Butter in 50lb Kegs and Rolls, Top O'Can and Whimsey's Butter, 2 & 5lb tins.

Epicure and Blue Point Oysters! In 1 and 2 Pound Tins: Home's Salmon in 1 and 2lb Tins, Choice Salmon in Barrels and Half Barrels, Devild Ham and Potted Meats, Boned Chicken and Turkey, Curried Fowl, Barbataria Shrimps and Cod Fish Balls.

Variety of Condiments: Clam and Fish Chowder, Lewis Sausage Meat, Vienna Sausage, 1 and 2lb Tins, Ham do, 2lb Tins, Corned Beef, Pigs Feet, English Brawn, 2lb Tins, Libby's Lunch Tongues, 1 and 2lb Tins, Oxtongues, Whole, Duxies, German, 1 and 2lb Tins, Jars Cashberry Sauce, Sugar Corn, Sugar Peas and Succatash, Lima Beans, String Beans and Asparagus, Vermont Maple Syrup, in 1/2 and 1/4 gal Tins, Kegs Sour Kruit, Kegs Zealand Beef, for families, Kegs, 3 and 1/2 Kilts Family Pork, Cayenne Powder, in 1/2 and 1/4 lb Tins, Fresh Almonds, Walnuts and Brazil Nuts.

Raisins, Currants, Alden Apples and Prunes. Macaroni and Vermicelli, Lilly Gloss Starch, Pearl Tapioca, and Flake Tapioca, Breakfast Gen, Cat Fishes, German, & White Oats, Graham Flour, Oatmeal, Cracked Wheat, Rye Meal and Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Avena, Small Hominy, Cullinary and Laundry Starch, Spollia, Golden Gate Extra Family Flour, 1/4 Sacks, Crown Mills Extra Family Flour, 1/4 Sacks, El Dorado Flour, 1/4 Sacks, White and Red Beans, Blue Peas, Lima and Horse Beans.

Kidney and Peach Blossom Potatoes, 'new Crop. Silver Skin and Red Onions, NEW CROP. A Large Assortment of California Table Fruits, Jams and Jellies, Etc., Etc.

REFINED SUGARS: Cube Sugar in 25 and 100lb Boxes, Granulated Sugar in 30lb Boxes and 1/2 and whole Barrels, Powdered Sugar in 30lb Boxes, Island Washed Sugar in 1/2 Barrels.

Morton's Goods! We also sell at the Lowest Market Rates, Oats, Bran, Cracked Corn, Whole Corn, Ground Barley, Whole Barley, Wheat, Etc., Etc.

OF EUROPEAN GOODS We import and replenish our Stock by every vessel therefrom. Of the CALIFORNIA STAPLE GOODS, we receive Supplies every fortnight by steamer, etc.

New Zealand Potatoes, &c. We roast and Grind the old KONA COFFEE and do well as the best selected KONA COFFEE from one to four years old; any one wishing to send to their friends abroad a choice article, we can supply them with it.

General Business Agent. Wilder's Steamship Agent, U. S. Great Burlington Rail Road Agent, Custom House Broker, Money Broker, Manager Royal Opera House, Fire and Life Insurance Agent.

Shipping.

WILDER'S Steamship Company (LIMITED).

STEAMER KINAU KING, Commander. Leaves Honolulu as per the following schedule, touching at Lahaina, Maui, Makena, Malukona, Kawaihae, Laupahoehoe, Hilo and Keahou.

Commencing on MONDAY, October 12th, and thence on the first Monday following the arrival of the Steamer, Alameda and Mariposa, on the 5th and 22d of each month.

The Steamer Kinau will make the VOLCANO TRIP, reaching Keahou on Wednesday morning, giving Tourists two days and two nights at the Volcano House. When the 8th and 22nd of the month fall on Monday, the Kinau will leave on that day.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP TO THE VOLCANO, FIFTY DOLLARS, WHICH PAYS ALL CHARGES. The Kinau will arrive in Honolulu Sunday mornings on Volcano Trips. On Hilo Trips, will leave Honolulu on Tuesdays, and return Saturday morning.

STEAMER LIKELIKE, LORENZEN, Commander. Leaves Honolulu every Monday at 5 P. M. for 'Kauai, Kalahele, Hanalei, Mokuia and Nuu every other week, Huelo, Hanalei and Kilauea. Returns will stop at the above ports arriving back Saturday mornings.

STEAMER "LEHUA," DAVIES, Commander. Will leave regularly for same ports as Kilauea Hou.

STEAMER "MOKOLII," MCGREGOR, Commander. Leaves Honolulu each Monday, at 5 p. m. for Kanaikawai, Kamaio, Pukou, Lahaina, Lanai, Moouhi, Halawa, Wailua, Pelekunu and Kalaupapa. Returning leaves Pukou Friday, at 8 a. m., for Honolulu, arriving Saturday morning.

INTER-ISLAND Steam Navigation Co. (LIMITED). BATES, Commander. Will run regularly to Maiala, Maui, and Kona and Kau, Hawaii.

STEAMER "W. G. HALL" (Malulani) BATES, Commander. Will run regularly to Maiala, Maui, and Kona and Kau, Hawaii.

STEAMER "IWALANI" FREEMAN, Commander. Will run regularly to Nawiliwili, Koloa, Eleele, and Wailua, Kauai.

Stmr. "C. R. BISHOP" NYE, Commander. Will run regularly to Hanalei, Maui, and Kilauea, Honolulu and Paauhau, Hawaii.

Stmr. "JAS. MAKEE" WEIR, Commander. Will run regularly to Kapas, Kaula.

JOSEPH E. WISEMAN, No. 28 MERCHANT STREET, General Business Agent.

Campbell Block, Honolulu, H. I. P. O. BOX No. 315.—TELEPHONE 172.

Real Estate Agent, Employment Agent, Wilder's Steamship Agent, U. S. Great Burlington Rail Road Agent, Custom House Broker, Money Broker, Manager Royal Opera House, Fire and Life Insurance Agent.

For Sale by all retail chemists and wholesale druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the world. CUTICURA, 50 cents per box, large boxes, \$1.00; CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents; CUTICURA SHAMPOO, 50 cents; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, \$1.00 per bottle.

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New Advertisements.

Mortgagee's Notice of Foreclosure & of Sale IN ACCORDANCE WITH A POW...

Premises to be sold are: 1st—Aches, 2 acres 2 rods 22 perches at Wailua, Kauai.

2nd—All those premises described in R P 541, L C A 1022 to Kalekalei, 1 acre 50 perches at Wailua, Kauai.

3rd—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1015 to Nihou, 3 rods 27 perches at Wailua, Kauai.

4th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

5th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

6th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

7th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

8th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

9th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

10th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

11th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

12th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

13th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

14th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

15th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

16th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

17th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

18th—All those premises described in R P 548, L C A 1022 to Nihou, 4 acres 28 perches at Hanalei, Kauai.

Just Received! Ex "LAPWING:" Guinness's Porter, Extra Stout, Bass's India Pale Ale, BOTTLED BY M. B. FOSTER & SONS, LONDON.

Ex "FURST BISMARCK:" Pilsener Beer, St Pauli Beer. Also on hand KOHLER & FROHLING'S CALIFORNIA WINES: Zinfandel, Claret, Gutedel, Riesling, Madeira, Port Wine, Malaga, Muscat, Burgundy, (In Cases and Kegs). Also a full assortment of GENUINE French Cigrets, French Brandy and Schiedam Gin.

E. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO. New Zealand Potatoes, &c. (1124 Im)

On the morning of the 31st ult., information that a Chinaman in the employ of Mr. H. Dimond, who resides at No. 122 Nuanuan Avenue, was fatally shot by Edwin Dimond a son of Mr. Dimond's. Later, the Chinaman, although receiving the attention of Drs. J. S. McGrew and Stangenwald, died from the effects of the wound. Mr. Dimond furnishes the following account of the unfortunate affair: "We were awakened at 1 o'clock by a loud noise among the chickens. Edwin came down stairs and said 'Father, give me the revolver; someone is stealing our chickens.' I said to him 'You must not take it.' He replied, 'I will use it only in self defence, for the robber may attack me.' I then gave it to him and went to the door to call Leyoung our cook to go to Edwin's assistance. Edwin's foot slipped and he fell down. He saw a man running toward him and called on him several times to stop. He did not answer, but continued running. Edwin, supposing Leyoung to be the robber, fired on him as he was thought in self-defence, and shot him in the bowels. In the darkness the thief escaped."

All the best clubs, but the Myrtle, will have new boots to enter at the Regatta on November 16th. We know that there is nothing on earth equal to America Co.'s Hop Bitters as a family medicine. Look for advertisement.

Cuticura A POSITIVE CURE for every form of SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASE FROM PIMPLES TO SCROFULA

DISFIGURING HUMORS, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin Tortures, Lethargic Sores, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Lacerating, Scrofulous, and Syphilitic Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from infancy to old age, are cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, Internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers, externally.

Itching and Burning Skin Diseases, Bakers', Barbers', Grocers', Washerwoman's Itch, Itching Piles, and Delicate Irritations peculiar to both sexes, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will speedily cure Itching Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, with all other means absolutely fail.

A Magnificent Popular Work on the Skin, with Engraved Plates, is wrapped about the RESOLVENT. Also, one hundred Testimonials, solemnly sworn to before the British Consul, which repeat this story: "I have been a terrible sufferer for years from Diseases of the Skin and Blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disgusting humors, and have spent hundreds of dollars, and not a relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin and blood as pure as a child." Send for our sixty-four page book, "How to Cure Skin Diseases." Address HAWAIIAN CONSIGNEES, Benson, Smith & Co., Honolulu.

Prepared by the FOSTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Boston, U.S.A.

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Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE. THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Advice to Invalids.—If you wish to obtain quiet refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary agonies of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous system, and regulate the circulating system of the body, you will provide yourself with that wonderful remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLOROXYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLOROXYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLOROXYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhea, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLOROXYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

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