

# Hawaiian Gazette

VOL. LV. NO. 54

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1912.—SEMI WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO 3736

## UNDERWOOD IS STILL STRONG FOR BILL

Tells Advertiser Correspondent He Sees No Reason to Drop Free Sugar Fight.

## TO LOWER COST OF LIVING

Full Text of Bill Passed by the Senate—Republicans United for It.

By Ernest G. Walker.  
(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The Lodge Sugar Revision Bill, with a slight amendment by Senator Bristow of Kansas, has passed the senate as a substitute for the free sugar legislation of the Democratic house. It was the result of much eleventh-hour maneuvering among the senate Republicans. Although it had been much proclaimed that no sugar revision was feasible at this session of congress and that the President would veto a sugar revision bill any way, that situation has now materially changed.

There is a good prospect that the President will sign a revision of the sugar schedule. Two or three reasons exist for this. One of them, perhaps the chief, is political. There is a reduction in duty on a necessity of life and the Republicans would like to be able to go into the campaign and say that they approved of a reduction in tariff where it was reasonable. The fact that the tariff board has not investigated and reported upon tariffs on sugar—which has been the President's strong objection to signing tariff bills—is not figuring now in the case of sugar. Practically all those interested in producing sugar are willing to accept the reduction. There is a feeling that if this revision is put through, the likelihood of the next congress reducing the sugar duties further will be smaller. Then the Republicans of the senate, after eight months of wrangling and inability to agree upon anything, are right proud of having come together on this bill. They would now like to put it through as a demonstration in widely separated parts of the Pa-

## KAHUKU TALKED TO SIX OCEAN LINERS

The Kahuku wireless station was in touch last night with six ocean liners, in widely separated parts of the Pacific. Word was received from the Uner Makura, en route from Australia, that she would be off port at six o'clock this morning, while the Pacific Mail liner Manehuria, near the Golden Gate and the T. K. K. liner Shinyo Maru, three days out from this port towards Yokohama each sent word to Honolulu that everything was well with her. The Bunyo Maru and the Chiyu Maru, also of the T. K. K. fleet, reported that they would be off port this morning.

## NO TRUCE STOPS INSURGENT SHELLS

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, August 13.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Despite the agreement of the insurgents to an armistice, their batteries shelled this city yesterday, many citizens and non-combatants being wounded. As many as are able to leave the city are fleeing.

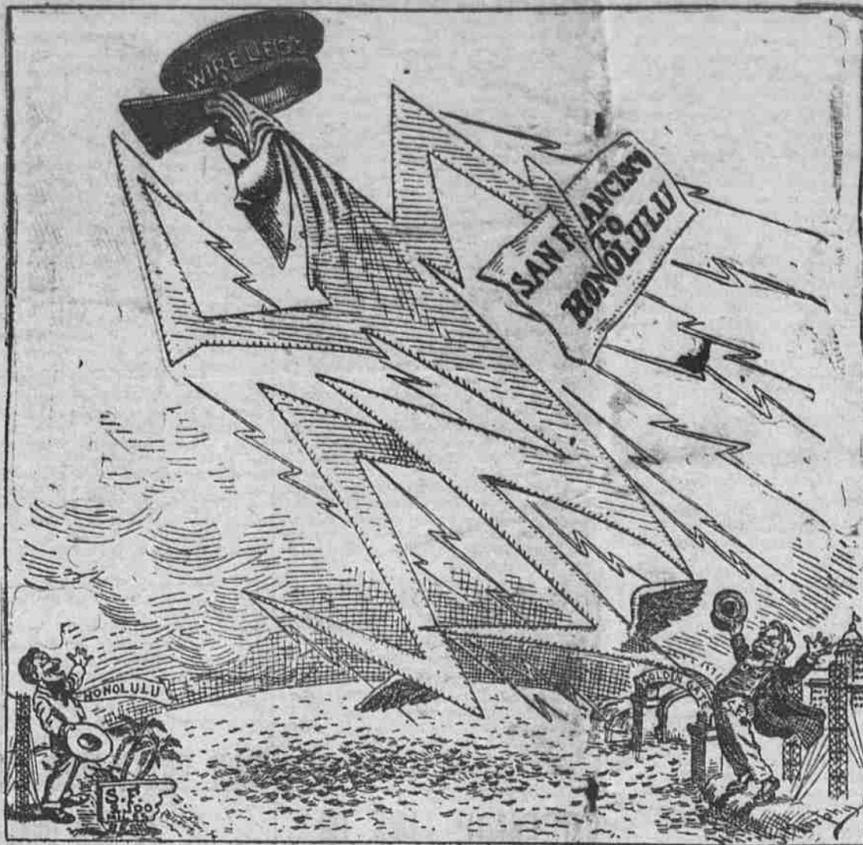
## I. W. W. SPEAKERS INVADE DENVER

DENVER, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Police war on a free speech movement about to be inaugurated by Industrial Workers of the World, led by California speakers, is promised to follow the action of Police Chief O'Neill here today, in asking permission to jail all speakers who may attempt to speak here without a permit. A detachment of California Industrialists reached here yesterday and today announced their intention of speaking, whether they were given permits or not.

## CALIFORNIA POLITICS ARE WARMING UP

SAN FRANCISCO, August 13.—(By Associated Press)—Harmony has been effected among the Democrats through the efforts of McComb. Four mass meetings to welcome home Governor Hiram Johnson were held by San Francisco Progressives yesterday, at each of which the Governor was given a rousing reception. In his speeches, the Governor declared that the candidate of the Progressive convention, Theodore Roosevelt, was the logical man for the presidency.

## Longest Jump on Record



THE LEAP OF THE WIRELESS SPARK.

The above cartoon is reproduced from The Call of San Francisco, which shares with The Advertiser in the success of the Poulsen wireless system, connecting this city with its sister city on the Coast.

## SENATORS URGE A CHEAP PARCEL POST

Would Make Short-Distance Rate Five and Three Cents Per Pound.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—The Bourne-Bristow parcel post plan, to be presented by those senators, would divide the country into eight zones. The rate would be fixed at five cents for the first pound and three cents for each additional pound of fourth-class matter to any point within the zone in which the package is posted, with a graduated rate to cover the other zones. The plan would increase the postage to twelve cents a pound in the eighth zone, covering points more than 1800 miles apart. The provisions of the house Parcel Post Bill outline a straight twelve-cent rate on parcels weighing up to eleven pounds.

## ROBBERS ARE BUSY IN WINDY CITY

CHICAGO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Holdups resulting in the robbing of passengers on a crowded street car, netted bandits more than two thousand dollars today. Four robbers boarded a Western avenue car, covered the passengers with revolvers, and escaped, after taking \$31 and a watch from the conductor. Several passengers, among whom were women, were forced to give up their jewelry. A. C. Thumm, owner of a chain of cigar stores, was choked into unconsciousness and robbed of \$1500 and jewelry valued at \$500 by three men on the North side. The robbers escaped.

## DARROW COMPARED TO JUDAS ISCARIOT

LOS ANGELES, August 12.—(By Associated Press Cable)—The prosecution in the case against Attorney Clarence Darrow today commenced the summary of the case. Attorney Ford compared Darrow to Benedict Arnold, Judas and others "of lofty mentality and noble sentiments who committed great crimes."

## CORPORATIONS DID NOT HELP TAFT

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Testifying before the senate campaign contribution committee here today, William P. McKinley flatly declared that not a penny was received from corporations during the Republican congressional campaign in 1908.

## PRESIDENT WILL PREPARE A BUDGET

Will Demonstrate to Next Congress How Valuable Such a System Can Be Made.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—As an object lesson to congress and to demonstrate his belief in the advantages of the budget system for making estimates and appropriations for the federal government, President Taft, it was learned today, will send next year's estimate to congress in budget form, to accompany the regular book of estimates which the secretary of the treasury is required by law to send in. The entire cabinet has been instructed to prepare estimates under both plans. Wilson Endorses.

SEAGIRT, New Jersey, August 13.—(By Associated Press)—Governor Wilson, in a statement yesterday, announced himself as distinctly in favor of a more comprehensive scheme of national finance and the adoption by the government of a more businesslike method of conducting its affairs. The statement is believed to be apropos of the announcement of President Taft that he intended to introduce a budget when congress next convenes.

## KILLED SWEETHEART; NOW DEFENDING LIFE

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—Charles Bonner, the young mechanic who on June 3 last shot and killed Bernice Lillian Godarr, a young high school girl who spurned his love, was placed on trial for his life before Superior Judge Dunne this morning.

## NAGEL'S VIEWS DO NOT SUIT EVERYONE

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Several vigorous protests have been received by Secretary Nagel of the department of commerce and labor against his recent interpretation of the naturalization and immigration laws to the effect that the naturalization of an alien confers American citizenship upon his minor children, whether in the United States or abroad. The protesters contend that the decision lowers the bars to all debarred classes of immigrants, as the naturalization of a father of a family now permits him to bring into the United States as American citizens, immune from the tests of immigration laws, his minor children, whether they be idiotic, imbeciles or other undesirable. The secretary is preparing an opinion to justify his position, both from a legal and a humanitarian viewpoint.

## PRESIDENT'S CLEMENCY

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—President Taft has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence imposed on Mattie Lemax, a negro convicted of the murder of her husband.

## MEXICAN REBELS FIRE ON GRINGOS

American Troops Surprise Band on American Side—One U. S. Soldier Shot.

EL PASO, Texas, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Trapped by United States soldiers while trying to smuggle ammunition across the international boundary line from Columbus, New Mexico, a band of Mexican rebels gave battle, and as a result, an American soldier was shot through the body and the hand of a Mexican torn from his arm. The above report, received here today by Colonel V. Steever, also stated that the troops captured about 50,000 rounds of ammunition, the Mexicans retreating in disorder.

## CHICAGO FLYER IN BRIDGE ACCIDENT

SEATTLE, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Five persons were killed and several were injured tonight when a train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railroad went through a bridge in the Cascade Mountains. The train left Chicago Friday and was due here tonight.

## SULTAN OF MOROCCO'S "VOLUNTARY" ABDICATION HAS BEEN ANNOUNCED



MULAI HAFID, A DEPOSED SULTAN.

PARIS, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Mulai Hafid, Sultan of Morocco, has completed the formality demanded by France and today surrendered his throne. Mulai Hoosis, his brother, at present in Chalis Sez, is to be proclaimed immediately. The abdication of Mulai Hafid was voluntary, it being finally arranged with him to announce that it was for reasons of health and to avert a possible fanatical outbreak that he had decided to take the step.

## ATTACKS TAFT FOR HIS VETO

Senator Stone Says He Is Shining Example of a Good Man Gone Wrong.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—(By Associated Press)—President Taft's veto of the Democratic Wool Bill, revising the tariff downward, was made the subject of a bitter speech in the senate yesterday, Senator William Joel Stone of Kentucky declaring that the President had made of himself a shining example of a good man gone wrong. "President Taft has demonstrated that he has become a subservient tool of the interests," declared the Kentuckian, amid Democratic and Progressive cheers.

Prior to the delivery of this speech, the President had intimated, in vigorous terms, that he might veto the executive and judicial appropriations if passed in the form proposed, on the same grounds that he vetoed the Army Appropriation Bill, that such legislation should not be passed with riders that might cripple the services. The bills appropriating for the executive and judicial expenses carry riders abolishing the recently instituted commerce court and limiting civil service employees to a seven-year tenure in office.

Over the Veto. Representative Underwood, leader of the Democratic majority in the house and chairman of the committee on ways and means, announced that he will attempt to pass the Wool Bill over the veto, failing in which he will drop all tariff revision legislation for the session.

The Sugar Tariff Bill, in conference, appears likely to result in a deadlock and to pass over for the session. The house conferees insist on a duty lower than the senators will permit.

Adjournment This Week? WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Majority Leader Underwood of the house predicts an adjournment of congress this week unless President Taft vetoes the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

## STRICKEN TURKISH CITY UNDERGOES A RENEWED HORROR

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Three earth tremors rocked Turkey again today, injuring scores of persons. A number of tottering walls left standing in Friday's quake fell during the day, causing several casualties. The ruins in the worst stricken quarters of the city are now being searched for the dead and injured.

## BROTHER OF "BIG JIM" DEAD

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Walter Gallagher, an attorney, brother of "Big Jim" Gallagher, died today at his home in Alameda. Gallagher had been suffering for a long time from stomach trouble.

## FUNERAL SERVICE TO BE GRAND FUNCTION

Program Announced for Last Rites Over Body of Japan's Dead Emperor.

## WILL LAST ALL ONE DAY

Shinto Ritual, With All Its Full and Imposing Ceremony, to Be Employed.

TOKIO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—The official program for the funeral of Emperor Mutshito, who died on July 30, was issued today. The services are to begin at six o'clock on the morning of September 13. At seven o'clock that evening the elder statesmen, the peers, all of the higher officials, and the foreign representatives are to assemble at the palace, from which the funeral cortege will start at eight. Immediately after the arrival of the funeral party at Aoyama, the funeral service will begin and will comprise the full and imposing Shinto ritual.

Prince Henry to Go. BERLIN, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the German Emperor, has been selected to proceed to Tokio to represent Emperor William at the funeral of the late Emperor of Japan next month. The Imperial Prince will sail for Japan at once, aboard a fast cruiser. Knox Sails Next Week. WASHINGTON, August 12.—(By Associated Press)—Secretary Knox will leave for Tokio on Friday, sailing from Seattle on the cruiser Maryland instead of the Pennsylvania, as first announced. The Maryland leaves on August 22.

## INHUMAN MEXICANS CREMATE WOUNDED

MEXICO CITY, August 13.—(By Associated Press)—As a result of the recent raid of the Zapatistas into the Axtapa district, two hundred persons have been killed. The rebels, in the course of the raid, wrecked a train carrying passengers and troops, twenty of the former and thirty-six of the latter, practically the entire number occupying the coaches, being killed. The raiders opened fire upon the wreck as soon as the cars left the torn-up rails, wounding and killing some who had escaped the wreck unscathed. The wreck was then fired and the dead and wounded tossed back into the flames, after the bodies had been rifled. The bodies of some were mutilated before being cremated. Many of the wounded pleaded for life or for a speedy death, but the bandits only laughed at the pleading.

## WANTED REAL FIREWORKS.

OAKLAND, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Lee Chong, who is being held on a charge of insanity, last night attempted to blow up the fulminate cap works at the foot of 66th Avenue, according to W. Cluff, who today swore to an insanity charge against Chong, and says that he discovered him in the act of prowling around the cap works last night and attempting to set fire to the building. Chong was recently released from the Agnews insane asylum.

## UNRAVELING A FINANCIAL TANGLE

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—The battle to unravel the complication in the tangled affairs of the insolvent Continental Building and Loan Association, the doors of which were closed last week, began shortly after noon today with the filing of Attorney General U. S. Webb's complaint, citing the directors to show cause why the State should not step in and liquidate the assets of the concern. Shortly before that Arthur Meyers, Martin L. Haines and Allie Haines had filed a petition for the federal authorities to intervene and settle the affairs of the association. After a conference between Webb and Garvin McNab, attorney and director of the Continental, Webb announced that McNab was willing to turn over the keys of the building to Assistant Brandon at any time; that Webb declared there was no need for haste in assuming physical charge. The vital thing was to be the hearing on his complaint.

# CAPTAINS WIN ALL DEMANDS ROUT COMPANY AT ALL POINTS

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 Winning all along the line and in every important particular, the striking masters and mates of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company brought the company to its knees late last evening and dictated an agreement in which practically all of their demands are granted them.

A conference lasting over an hour was held in the office of Judge A. S. Humphreys, counsel for Harbor No. 54 of the association of masters and pilots, by Vice-President J. L. McLean and Attorney Hemenway, for the company, at which Judge Humphreys refused to give up an inch of the advantage his clients held over the company.

Terms were finally decided upon tentatively and it was resolved to formulate them in the shape of an agreement which will be submitted to a joint conference of the executive committee of the strikers and their counsel and representatives of the company early this morning, and if it proves satisfactory this agreement will be signed and the strike ended.

**The Demands Made.**  
 The main demands made by the striking masters and mates are for an increase in pay of twenty per cent over their present salaries in most of the classes, the payment of back pay for overtime on Sundays and holidays and the rearrangement of schedules where possible to enable the captains and mates to spend Sunday at their homes, but in case they are forced on duty to receive extra pay for this overtime on Sundays and holidays. Late last night Vice-President McLean made a statement of the progress of the negotiations.

"We have reached no final conclusion today," said Mr. McLean, "but it is probable that this will be done early tomorrow and the steamers will immediately go out."

**Company Helpless.**  
 Mr. McLean had very little to say regarding the incidents at the various conferences which took place, especially of the one last night at which a practical agreement was reached, subject to confirmation this morning. Earlier in the day he had acknowledged that:

"The company is like a man with his head up against a stone wall with his opponent hitting him in the front teeth with a club."  
 The helplessness of the company in this crisis was exemplified by the attitude of the conference committees of the company during the day in their desperate efforts to try and bring about some kind of compromise with the strikers. All attempts, however, were negated by the insistence of the men for their whole pound of flesh.

**Settlement Reached.**  
 Late last evening Judge Humphreys made the brief announcement that he believed a settlement had been reached. He refused to go into details, referring inquirers to the company, but the cheerful manner in which he expressed himself to friends showed his relief at the outcome of the conference. Up to a late hour there was a semi-official reception held in the office of Judge Humphreys on South King street, and stories were told of incidents during the strike and there was much laughter and merriment.

Meanwhile down in the offices of the Inter-Island company there was a gloomy meeting of the directors. United States District Attorney Breckons was there in his capacity of advising counsel and the work of preparing the agreement for a final settlement of the fight between the company and the men was finally completed some little time before midnight.

It is more than probable that the entire trouble will be paid early today and that the steamers, or at least some of them, will be hurrying, loaded to the guards with passengers and freight, to their respective ports of call before noon.

**Seeking Compromise.**  
 A series of conferences was held almost continuously during the day, sometimes between subcommittees of the Inter-Island company and the executive committee of the masters and mates at the latter's headquarters, sometimes between counsel to the parties in controversy at the office of Judge A. S. Humphreys, representing the Harbor, then again with other committees.

During the morning a subcommittee of the board of directors of the company was in session at Odd Fellows hall with the executive committee of the Harbor, consisting of Captains Gregory, Pitz, Tullent and Napsala, with the purpose of affecting a compromise. Later in the day another conference was held at which Vice-President McLean and Director Wilcox represented the company, but no agreement was reached.

This conference, however, led to one at the office of A. S. Humphreys where another effort was made to compromise the demands of the men. The Inter-Island company, through its committee, offered an increase of ten per cent at once in the salaries of the masters and mates leaving open the proposition of increasing the salaries by the other ten per cent of the twenty per cent demanded by the men.

**Proposition Refused.**  
 Judge Humphreys, as representing the strikers, absolutely refused to consider this proposition, stating that his clients did not intend to forego their advantage in having all the boats of the company tied up at this time, and demanded the granting of the full demands made by his clients of a twenty per cent increase in wages and payment of back pay for overtime.

To this stand the committee replied that it had not the authority to grant these demands, and it was told to return to the board of directors and get the necessary authority. The Harbor later backed up the stand of its attorney and decided to stand pat.

The board of directors of the company was practically in continuous session all of the afternoon, part of the time with United States District Attorney Breckons in attendance as private consulting counsel.

Following a session of the board after the failure to compromise at the last conference another meeting was arranged for between a subcommittee of the board and Attorney Humphreys for the evening at eight o'clock.

**All Ready to Sail.**  
 In spite of a report to the contrary not a boat of the Inter-Island company sailed from this port yesterday. On the other hand the steamer J. A. Cummins sailed at one o'clock yesterday afternoon for Kauai ports with the United States mail. Late last evening the James Makee arrived from its tour of Molokai and Maui ports and, it was announced, will leave again this morning for the same ports with mail alone, unless other arrangements are made early today.

Hundreds of would-be passengers called at the Inter-Island office on Queen street, or telephoned, to find out when the steamers would sail for the ports they wished to reach and the clerks were kept busy explaining that no boats would leave until today, if then. "Call up again in the morning," was the advice generally handed out. Meanwhile the steamers themselves lay at their respective wharves ready to sail at a moment's notice, with freight on board, steam up and most of their crews in reserve.

**"Holdup," Say Many.**  
 Everywhere throughout the business section of the city free expression was given to the opinion that the action of the men in its latest phase was a "holdup." This was not altogether because of the extra demand for such a material raise in wages as for the serious inconvenience to which the traveling public and especially the business interests of the community were subjected.

"I am a labor union sympathizer myself," remarked R. W. Breckons, "but I must say that this looks very much like a holdup. The men certainly have the company at a disadvantage."

## HARRY VON HOLT "BOLTS TICKET" Says Committee Had No Right to Use His Name on List.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 In a letter to the editor of The Advertiser, Harry von Holt, named by the business men's committee, as the committee's selection for mayor, denies that he was consulted and declines the nomination. His letter follows:

"Honolulu, T. H., August 9, 1912.  
 The Editor of The Advertiser, City.  
 "Dear Sir:—The following is a quotation from the report of the Committee of Honolulu Business Men as presented at a meeting held this afternoon: 'After canvassing to the best of our ability, the general situation, and after consulting with many people, we have prepared and now submit the following list of names of men who the committee believes should receive the support of the business community, AND WHO ARE WILLING TO BECOME CANDIDATES, upon condition that they do receive hearty and general support from the business men of this community.'"

"Permit me to call the attention of this community to the fact that no member of the Business Men's Committee has approached me in any manner and asked my consent to permit my name appearing as one 'willing to become' a candidate for the position of mayor.

"For over twenty years I have taken an active interest in all matters political in this country, have attended precinct meetings, taken part in numerous campaigns, and have done generally what I consider my duty as a citizen.

"When I did once show my willingness to become a candidate for the office of Treasurer, upon the assurance of receiving hearty and generous support from the business men of this community, the amount of that support was witnessed by the action of the voters of the Republican party in the Fourth district.

"In conclusion, permit me to say that my name has been used without authority, and that I am not a candidate for any political position, and certainly not for that of Mayor of the City and County of Honolulu.

Very truly yours,  
 "H. M. VON HOLT."

## EVIDENCE COMPLETE IN DARROW TRIAL

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 LOS ANGELES, August 9.—Judge Walter Bordwell, before whom the McNamara trial was held in the superior court, was called today to the stand in the Darrow case to impeach the testimony of Lincoln Steffens, the reformer, to the effect that he had discussed the case. Mrs. Franklin, wife of the special Darrow agent who confessed to attempted jury-bribing, was called to impeach the testimony of Darrow as to incidents of the arrest of her husband.

The presentation of evidence was concluded today and arguments will begin Monday.

## CONKLING'S NEWS NOT ENCOURAGING

Letter From Treasurer Reports Bond Market Dull in New York.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 News received from Treasurer Conkling by Governor Peary in yesterday's mail was none too encouraging, the bond market being reported dull. His work in the East in floating the new \$1,500,000 bond issue of the Territory is progressing satisfactorily however, and good prices are still expected.

In yesterday's mail, also, the treasurer sent to the Governor a prospectus he has issued in invitation of tenders for the bonds. In this he sets out the procedure he has arranged for their delivery and considerable about the bonds themselves. A full financial statement of the Territory is set out. About the bonds themselves, he says: "The bonds will be lithographed under the supervision of, and certified as to their genuineness by, the United States Mortgage and Trust Company of New York City. The successful bidders will be furnished with the opinion of Messrs. Dillon, Thomson & Clay, of New York City, that the bonds are the legal and valid obligations of the Territory and that in their opinion said bonds will be exempt from taxation by any State in the United States or any municipal or political subdivision of any such State, the same as bonds or other obligations or securities of the United States."

"Bonds of the Territory are exempt by law from taxation in the Territory. Each bid should set out clearly the total par value of the bonds desired, and the amount which together with accrued interest to date of delivery, the bidder offers to pay therefor. Each bid must be accompanied by a duly certified check upon a bank or trust company to the order of the treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii in the amount of 2 per cent of the par value of the bonds for which application is made. Checks of unsuccessful bidders will be returned by mail after the opening of the bids. Checks of successful bidders will be retained until delivery of the bonds awarded and payment therefor is made. The failure to make such payment will forfeit all rights to the bonds and the check accompanying the bid will be collected and its proceeds retained as liquidated damages. Unless otherwise stated in the bid, each bid will be understood as an offer for all or any part of the total amount of bonds for which application is made. Delivery of the bonds will be made on September 3, 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of the United Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar street, New York City, unless another date is mutually agreed upon. Bids will be received at the office of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company in New York City, and at the office of the treasurer of the Territory in Honolulu, Hawaii, until 2 o'clock p. m., August 15, 1912. No bid received after that time will be considered. Each bid should be enclosed in an envelope marked 'Proposal for 4 per cent Public Improvement Bonds of the Territory of Hawaii,' and the envelope so marked enclosed in a second envelope addressed to the treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii."

**MONEY FLIES IN SHORT SESSION**  
 (From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 More than eleven thousand dollars was almost disposed of in half an hour last night by the supervisors in a short but sweet meeting, and on top of this the road department presented estimates for August amounting to \$8560. The first sum was appropriated in resolutions.

They were divided as follows: To replace two bridges on Kuakini street, \$3500; to macadamize west side of Emma street from Beretania to School, \$3500; to continue construction on Teah street, Palolo, \$2000; to build drain in Kamehameha school, \$2500; for concrete gutters for Prospect street, \$300.

Most of these resolutions were put in by Chairman Dwight of the road committee upon recommendations of City Engineer Whitehouse.

The road estimates do not include funds for any work on the roads. The upkeep of the stables requires \$1842.60. Cleaning sewers and streams needs \$1500 more, while small maintenance items make up the balance.

Sheriff Jarrett made his monthly report of arrests and convictions showing a total of 343 of the former and 273 of the latter, with eighty held to answer. Of these 282 arrests were made in Honolulu district and 182 convictions secured. The eighty held are from this district, leaving only twenty cases so far lost.

Deputy City Attorney Milverton put in a report stating that he, with the city engineer and Supervisor Arnold, visited Waipahu and inspected the Waikaele stream which the city has been asked to clean. His opinion was that the city would receive no benefits by cleaning it as it seemed to be a private matter.

The board received a bid from the Honolulu Iron Works for \$675 for a 400-gallon asphalt melting kettle for the road department.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**  
 Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.  
 "BROOKLYN MEDICINE CO. 25 N. 3RD ST. N. Y. U. S. A."

## JAPAN FACING RICE FAMINE

Situation in Nippon Is Growing Grave Say Officers of the Manchuria.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 Japan is facing one of the worst rice famines ever known in that country. Already drastic steps have been taken by officials to prevent rioting, according to statements made by officers of the Pacific mail liner Manchuria yesterday. Police were recently called out to keep order at a rice sale in Yokohama, at which a merchant offered a small quantity of foreign rice each day at particularly attractive prices. The crush of would-be purchasers was so great that women and children were unable to get anywhere near the shop and were compelled to pay a commission to men to buy on their behalf.

The situation has become so serious that public spirited citizens in various cities have established relief stations, where rice is sold to the poor. Only foreign rice is available at these relief stations.

Conditions are such that the government is now taking steps to force a reduction in the price of rice. The removal of the import duty on rice is one of the measures which may be resorted to to bring relief.

In Tokio an association known as the Wheat-Eating Encouragement Association has been organized. The members of the association pledge themselves to eat wheat in preference to rice and to distribute circulars to all the restaurants and eating houses urging the owners and patrons to use foreign rice instead of Japanese. The association also aims to increase the use of wheat and foreign rice in other cities in the empire.

## PRESIDENT FAVORS AN ADDITION TO MARINE

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 WASHINGTON, August 9.—It is understood that President Taft does not object to the senate amendment to the Canal bill yesterday, which allows the registry of foreign-built vessels under the American flag with certain protective restrictions.

## OCEANIC LINE IN PERIL FROM RIVAL

Circumstances are tightening around American shipping between San Francisco, Honolulu and Australia, and in spite of the welcome given the steamers of the Oceanic line in Sydney and Melbourne, it is asserted by Dr. Elwood Mead, president of the Board of Irrigation and Immigration of the Province of Victoria and consulting engineer for the Commonwealth of Australia, who passed through this port yesterday on the Oceanic steamer Sonoma, that the Union Steamship Company of Australia is opposed to the entrance of the American line into its field and will make a strenuous effort to drive its rival from Southern Pacific waters.

According to Doctor Mead it is proposed by the Union line, which has a list of about two hundred steamers under its control, to place a line of fast steamers on the run between Australian ports, Suva, Pago Pago, Honolulu and San Francisco for the sole purpose of driving the Oceanic line from its new schedule of transpacific traffic and once more eliminate the American flag from southern seas.

Doctor Mead was a passenger on the Sonoma bound for the Coast on private business. He is also taking the body of former Governor W. A. Richards, of Wyoming, back to San Francisco, where it will be turned over to his daughter. Doctor Mead is an American citizen, although the head of an important department of the great southern Commonwealth, and was a former resident of Wyoming. While in this port he met United States District Attorney Breckons and other Wyomingites, including Ed Towse, Postmaster Grant, Dr. E. V. Wilcox and President Gilmore of the College of Hawaii, and had a pleasant, though brief, reunion.

## NO TAINTED COIN IN BOURBON FUND, ASSERTS WILSON

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 SEAGIRT, New Jersey, August 10, Governor Wilson in discussing the financial status of the Democrat was chest declared yesterday that so far as he knows the Bourbons have not received a single contribution from any of the large corporations and, he does, not anticipate receiving any support, financial or otherwise wise, from them.

## MADERO REFUSES TO GRANT AN AMNESTY TO GENERAL OROZCO

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 CITY OF MEXICO, August 10.—General Orozco, weary of fighting in a hopeless cause, has again sent a personal communication to President Madero, asking for peace. The leader of the revolutionists asks that an amnesty be granted to those now in arms. The President has refused to grant the request.

## TIRED OF LIFE, MAN ENDS IT

James Howell, Nearly Seventy Years Old, Shoots Himself, Says Jury.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)  
 "Dear Friends:  
 "Good bye all. I am tired of life."  
 "HOWELL."  
 This is the excuse which James Howell, 68 years of age, Welch, wrote out yesterday morning, as with his grips packed beside him and his berth on the steamer Manchuria ready for him to take him to San Francisco, he prepared to end the life he was tired of. Suicide was the way a coroner's jury viewed it last night after an exhaustive investigation.

A man who could not get away from an idea of suicide is what Howell appears to have been, judging from statements of Joseph Fritsch, in whose house in Kapiolani Park the old man shot himself at eleven o'clock yesterday morning. Fritsch states that for several weeks Howell had been acting strangely and on one occasion exclaimed that something was wrong with him.

He was found by Fritsch later. Fritsch notified his attorney, who in turn notified Deputy Sheriff Joseph Fritsch, Rose and Robert Catton, of Catton, Neill & Co., who for thirty years has been one of Howell's most intimate friends, went to the house. They found the body as it had fallen across the bed, with his hand clutching the pistol in the breast. Howell appeared to have shot himself sitting or lying on the bed.

The house in which he killed himself had just been bought by Joseph Fritsch from him for \$1050 and board and lodging in the future. A small sum remained to be paid on it and Howell had every reason to consider it as his home.

One startling bit of testimony was given at the inquest by a Japanese who lives near the place. He asserted stoutly that he had heard five or six shots fired within an interval of two or three minutes. He stuck by this story consistently.

## WOOL BILL VETOED AS TOO DRASTIC

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 WASHINGTON, August 9.—President Taft today vetoed the wool tariff revision bill. He said that the low rates called for under the bill meant disaster to home industry. He has appealed to congress to not adjourn until a bill is passed that substantially reduces the tariff without destroying the protection to American industry that it affords.

It is believed that the steel, cotton and sugar bills, if a sugar bill is passed, will be vetoed also, as well as the excise bill.

## MORE COUNCILMEN ACCUSED

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 DETROIT, August 9.—Warrants have been sworn out for eleven more councilmen accused of grafting.

## LEADING FIRMS TAKING A STAND

Billboards Not in Favor With Two More Managements—Trade Losers, They Say.

The crusade by the Outdoor Circle of the Kiloheana Art League against billboards is showing results and business men who cater to the trade of the women of Honolulu who have civic pride realize that it is not profitable advertising.

"When I was on the mainland," said John Lennox, manager for the Sachs Dry Goods Company, "I bought a lot of handsome posters suited to our trade and sent them down to Honolulu for use. At the same time I wrote a letter to Mr. Battersby my assistant, to look carefully into the opposition and find out if it was as strong as it appeared in the columns of The Advertiser, which I was getting by every steamer. You will notice the posters did not go up. When I arrived I inquired into the reason and was not long in finding out that if we use posters we cast ridicule and defiance upon the very class of custom to which we are catering. We do not use billboards now and I do not think we ever will. They are in opposition to all ideas of civic pride."

## HOPP & CO., TOO.

Hopp & Co., who have just been conducting one of the most successful clearing sales in the history of their business, have also become thoroughly convinced of the wisdom of keeping off the billboards.

"We have stored away in our basement, getting shopworn and dusty, a whole consignment of posters," says the manager of the business. "They were ordered for us with an idea of posting the city, but after inquiring around among our best customers, we found out that we would lose a great deal if we had the posters put up, so we have thrown them away. It is much better for us to lose the hundred or so dollars we put into the posters than the many hundred and the good will of many people in addition, we would lose by putting up the bills on the billboards."

"We have satisfied ourselves" that billboards, for our business, are of no use, but a detriment. We do not intend to use them any more."

## AMERICAN SHIPS ARE GIVEN A LEAD

Canal Preferential Duties Are Cause of British Protests.

## FOREIGN SHIPPERS INDIGNANT

Railroad Owned Vessels Barred From Use of Great Waterway.

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 WASHINGTON, August 10.—By a majority which annihilated party lines the senate yesterday passed the amended Panama bill providing for preferential duties in favor of American ships. The vote was forty-seven to fifteen.

Late dispatches from London quote English papers as reporting indignation protests from British shipowners and shippers against the action of the United States Senate in ignoring clauses in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty regarding the rights of Great Britain in canal toll preferentials.

It is predicted by many of the British shipowners that in case these preferential tolls are enforced that British trade will follow along the old lines rather than use the canal.

**Railroad Ships Barred.**  
 The senate yesterday also voted to prohibit American ships owned by American railroads to use the Panama Canal. A number of steamship companies will be affected by this action by the senate.

The senate also adopted amendments to the canal bill prohibiting vessels owned by illegal industrial combinations from using the canal, and requiring all railroads to dispose of any steamship lines which might be competitors if independent of the railroads.

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**EARTHQUAKE'S SUDDEN JOLT STARTS FIRE FIEND RAGING.**  
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**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 CONSTANTINOPLE, August 10.—Fire and earthquake combined have already caused the destruction of three hundred houses in this city and the conflagration at an early hour this morning was raging beyond immediate control. Thousands are homeless and it is feared that many have perished. The fire was caused by an earthquake, which, while not a severe one, upset a lamp.

The prefect of police at once turned out the gendarmes to guard the burned area. The military authorities in command of the garrison sent cavalry and infantry patrols to assist the police. Citizens have joined with the firemen and military in fighting the flames.

## SUPERDREADNOUGHT AGREED UPON BY BOURBON LEADERS

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 WASHINGTON, August 10.—It was announced here last night that the Democrats have at last decided to agree upon one superdreadnought for the naval program this year. A caucus has been called by the leaders of the Bourbons in congress for Wednesday, at which this and other questions will be taken up. The change in the Democratic program, it is reported, was effected through the efforts of Richmond P. Hobson.

## TEDDY OPENS HIS RHODE ISLAND FIGHT

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 OYSTER BAY, Long Island, August 10.—Theodore Roosevelt yesterday opened his campaign in Rhode Island. He spoke in a number of cities and made a whirlwind rush through the State. He was received with tremendous crowds wherever he spoke.

## TRUST COMPANY OFFICIAL FACING SERIOUS CHARGES

**By Associated Press Cable.**  
 SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—William Corbin, secretary of the Continental Building and Loan Association which is in financial difficulties, is facing the charge of perjury in filing with the secretary of state a false report of the institution's financial condition.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This is unquestionably the most successful preparation that has ever been produced for bowel complaints. Diarrhoea, dysentery, colic and pains in the stomach are quickly cured by it. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. In almost every neighborhood there is someone whose life has been saved by it. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# THOUSANDS DIE IN EARTHQUAKE AND FLAMES

## CONSTANTINOPLE REPORTED FULL OF DEAD AND DYING

### Stamboul and Other Towns Burned--Villages Engulfed--Whole Turkish Empire Reels Under the Shock of the Catastrophe--At Least One Thousand Killed in City--Five Thousand Injured--Damage Incalculable.

By Associated Press Cable.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Asia Minor, August 11.—At least one thousand men, women and children are dead, five thousand more are seriously injured, untold millions of dollars worth of property has been destroyed, and this ancient city is in ruins and the earthquake and fire which, in quick succession have dealt staggering blows to the Turkish empire yesterday and the day before.

First reports of the disaster which has visited Constantinople failed to do more than hint at the vastness of the catastrophe. The whole city is a mass of ruins. Old buildings and entire sections have been wiped clean off the face of the earth and their places taken by blackened heaps of tangled wreckage, hiding charred bodies of the hundreds of victims.

Just how many have actually lost their lives beneath the burning buildings it is at present impossible to even estimate but one thousand is believed to be well within the most conservative limits. The injured whose wallings and screams fill the streets, and whose hideously mangled bodies sicken the rescuers, will easily number five times that many.

Nor is Constantinople the only sufferer. From all over the surrounding country come reports of devastation and destruction. Villages have been engulfed, have disappeared leaving hardly a trace. Towns with thousands of inhabitants have been obliterated and the dead toll outside of the city is likely to prove far greater than within.

The earthquake, which started the fire, killed hundreds in Constantinople, but the flames did by far the major portion of the damage. As soon as they began to make headway, which they did immediately after the tremor passed, and left the terrified city to take stock of the damage, the authorities began the work of fighting them. From the Yildiz Kiosk, where he had been spending a few days with friends, the Sultan, Mehmed V., and his Grand Vizier, Said Pasha, hurried into the city, accompanied by a squadron of the Sultan's bodyguard of Cavalry. Mehmed V. worked furiously all day relieving the situation as far as possible, and seeing that the wounded and suffering were aided as much as possible.

## "KING OF NEWSBOYS" TO CONFESS PART IN ROSENTHAL KILLING

By Associated Press Cable.

NEW YORK, August 11.—Jack Sullivan, better known as the "King of the Newsboys," and whose real name is Jacob A. Reich, held here charged with complicity in the killing of Herman Rosenthal the gambler, has promised to confess his part in the murder and preceding events to the district attorney Monday morning. Sullivan is charged with homicide.

Earlier in the day came another development in the investigation following the murder of the gambler. Los Angeles from Hot Springs, Arkansas, brought word that Sam Schepes, also wanted in connection with the Rosenthal murder is under arrest there and will be brought to New York within a few days.

## "ENEMY" BLOCKADES SAN FRANCISCO AND TIES UP THE FLEET

By Associated Press Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 11.—Unless the defenders of the country manage to beat back the invading "Red" Army, San Francisco is "doomed." Under the leadership of regular army officers the combined regulars and militia commands which go into the make-up of the Red Army has "landed" at Monterey Bay and is in full possession of Salinas Valley. The Blue Army, consisting of regulars and the Utah militia, is rapidly assembling in defense of the city, which is "attacked" by the Reds, and of the Pacific fleet which is supposed to be bottled up in the bay.

## WOODROW WILSON IS ON THE DEFENSIVE

By Associated Press Cable.

SEAGIRT, New Jersey, August 11.—To a crowd of several hundred here yesterday Woodrow Wilson, Democratic candidate for the Presidency, declared that he did not intend to reflect upon any of the foreign element in this country in addresses and essays he has made and published from time to time in the last few years. He asserted that the charge that he was a "hater of foreigners" is untrue.

## PEERLESS LEADER CHANGES HIS PLAN

By Associated Press Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 11.—It was announced here last night that William J. Bryan, Democratic leader, has determined to alter his announced plans of trailing Theodore Roosevelt about the country in order to negative any effect the Colonel might have against the Democratic candidate.

## McLOUGHLIN RETAINS SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

By Associated Press Cable.

NEW YORK, August 11.—McLoughlin yesterday managed to retain the international championship in the men's singles tennis tournament, defeating Williams in a spirited series.

## PROBING TRUST COMPANY.

By Associated Press Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—The grand jury today began investigation of the Continental Building & Loan Association, which is in financial difficulties and against which charges of irregularity are made.



CONSTANTINOPLE, FAMOUS TURKISH CAPITAL FOUNDED BY THE ROMAN EMPEROR CONSTANTINE, WHICH WAS PARTIALLY DESTROYED BY EARTHQUAKE AND FIRE YESTERDAY.

## PUBLIC OPINION IS SLOW IN FORMING

### Big Mass Meeting Serves to Bring Out Widespread Comment.

## BUSINESS MEN UNCERTAIN

### Varied Attitudes Shown by the Interviews Secured by Advertiser.

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

Many and varied were the comments upon the real value of the action taken by the business men's committee at the mass meeting on the roof of the Young Hotel Friday afternoon, by the other business men to whom The Advertiser sent yesterday. On the whole the comments were favorable but there were not lacking those who failed to see anything good, or worth while. In the ticket presented for the consideration of the mass meeting and by that gathering endorsed over to the Republican convention.

In the following interviews, selected by this paper from among many others because of the prominence of the men interviewed and because they voiced the views of their friends and neighbors, the principal objections as well as the main arguments in favor are presented. One or two of the objectors gave other and more personal reasons for their attitude, but these have been intentionally eliminated as the effort was to secure as fair a test as possible of the attitude of the average business man toward the latest move on the political checker board, without the introduction of personalities.

### Wants Bipartisan Ticket.

"The business men's meeting on Friday was satisfactory in that it showed a commendable awakening to activity on the part of members of the business community," said G. G. Guild. "I cannot help thinking, however, that the gathering would have been more influential had there been some other than Republicans named on the ticket put forward. I am not in favor of hard and fast political lines being drawn in municipal government and think the affairs of such can be just as well looked after and attended to by a good Democrat as by a good Republican. In brief, in my opinion, there was too much party at the recent business men's meeting." "The recent meeting of the business men will assuredly help to bring about a change for the better in local politics," says J. D. McInerney. "I consider it to be the duty of every business man to come to the front and do all in his power to help the good work along. The movement is not a political one, but is designed to ameliorate existing conditions. I have heard some criticism of the names proposed for office at Friday's meeting, but it must be borne in mind that it is very difficult to get the most desirable men to run for office."

### Bad Move, Says Kruger.

"The action taken by the business men's meeting on Friday was a bad move," says Supervisor Kruger. "It has created bad feeling in the Republican party and may result in the practical breaking up of the same. The general impression was that the meeting was one for citizens and the springing of a cut and dried ticket came as a surprise to the majority and has been widely condemned. In my opinion the action of the so-called business men will be to make Delegate Kuhio much stronger than he was before."

### Trying to Wag the Dog.

"Any man who runs on the 'system' concocted by the so-called business interests will, in my judgment, meet with certain defeat," says Judge A. S. Humphreys. "Those responsible for the ticket sprung at Friday's meeting remind me of the three tailors of Tooley street who passed a resolution to the following effect: 'That we, the people of England, request His Majesty to abdicate or at least to reduce the duty on woollen goods.'"

"This is the first time that the business men have got together in politics and the effect will be far-reaching," says Emil Bernat. "It will mean that Honolulu will have clean politics, and better results to show from men in office, and will result in the presentation of better material for the consideration and action of the convention. It is only to be expected that the business men should take an interest in who shall represent them politically. They pay the biggest end of the taxes and are therefore entitled to some consideration as to who shall run the local government. I look for great good to come of the recent gathering and hope that every citizen and business man who has put his shoulder to the wheel in the matter will keep it there."

### Kuhio Will Lose.

"I figure that Kuhio will lose one-third of the vote, which has always been allowed by the politicians to the business community. The remaining two-thirds will have to be fought for by the other candidates for the delegateship. Mr. Dowsett has great strength with the Hawaiians and this, in my opinion, makes the election of a delegate a toss-up. Whichever way the matter is looked at, the business men's candidate goes into this fight with no worse than an even chance of winning."

"Should the Republican convention be the reflection of the business men's movement?"

## BEGS POLICE TO ARREST FATHER

### A Nine-Year-Old Russian Girl Seeks Help at Station House.

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

The link that binds is in a new role and a little nine-year-old Russian girl who by all the tenets of poets and novelists ought to be wedding the dis-jointed domesticity of her late happy home is busy on the job trying to get her Dad arrested.

It was a forlorn, but sturdy, independent little miss that came down to the police station Friday night, having traveled all the way from Kaimuki in the car, taking a nickel from her drunken father for the purpose. She told an interpreter how her father had drunk too well and deeply and laid her mother out unconscious on the floor with a sick. Her little lip trembled and her mouth went all askew and a few last-hope tears struggled over the battlements and started on a little foray all their own through the dirt on her cheek and two officers were sent out to Kaimuki right away in consequence. There was her mother out on the floor just as she said with three howling sisters and brethren ranging from one to six standing guard. But Dad had flown the coop.

The mother and the children were taken to the hospital but the eldest daughter, aged 9, stayed on the job looking for Dad and chasing away burglars. Last night she tore down to the station with an Amazonian gleam in her eye and stated that she saw two Russian women going to a house with wine and liquor and felt sure that her father was there. More officers were sent out, and stayed to help the doughty young lady lead her father back into the paths of virtue over the police court route. The mother is still in the hospital, but at the hospital's request the children have been taken down to the police station and will be cared for there until the mother is discharged.

## SOCIALISTS AND POLICE IN CLASH IN SMOKY CITY

By Associated Press Cable.

PITTSBURGH, Pennsylvania, August 11.—Many persons were more or less seriously hurt, and more than forty arrested in a street fight between the police and the sympathizers of a little band of Socialist speakers last night. The Socialists had attempted to secure a permit to conduct a street meeting, which the city authorities had refused and they proceeded to hold the meeting without the permission. The police were sent to stop the speakers and a small sized riot started. In a few moments it spread and bystanders took the side of the speakers. The streets were speedily choked with the crowd, traffic was tied up and the police forced to call for the reserves. The injured were almost all sufferers from the effects of the police clubs.

suggestions, then the convention will be a Dowsett convention. If it is a Dowsett convention then the few deciding votes, in my estimation about 250, can easily be won by the Republican party.

### Points Out Only Way.

"If conditions in local politics were ideal any movement on the part of the business men would have been unnecessary. The American way is the correct way, and that is to work for political reform through the primaries. If the best man wins at the primaries it means that the best material goes before the convention. Conditions here, however, are not ideal, so political reform cannot be obtained through the medium of the primary. Therefore the only thing to do is for those most interested to take the matter in their own hands and come to the front as was the case on Friday afternoon."

"It is extremely pleasant to see that citizens are at last taking an interest in local politics for that means that they will rise to their political duty when the time comes. When all is said and done, this is the real object of the business men's movement."

## Inter-Island Bends the Knee Grants All Captains' Demands

### Company Ends Strike by Backing Down Absolutely.

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

"This is the first labor union victory in Hawaii, and it will be the last we will have to win, for we have brought the Inter-Island company to its knees. Heretofore the company has refused to deal with the Harbor, but after this we will deal directly with the big men in the company when necessary and not with the little penny pushers in the office." Statement made by Captain Tullett, member of the executive committee of Harbor No. 54, which conducted the strike to a successful issue.

With the signing of the agreement at ten o'clock yesterday morning between the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., and the representatives of Harbor No. 54 of the Masters and Pilots Association, the brief "strike" of the masters and mates on the Inter-Island boats came to an end and a few hours later the steamers were departing on their usual trips as though nothing had happened.

The present agreement between the parties in the controversy is to last for three years and is a complete victory for the men. Practically every contention for which the men made a stand was granted by the company, as announced yesterday by The Advertiser, yesterday. In the first place the demand was only for back pay amounting to a mere bagatelle of \$140, which was refused because President Kennedy of the company was away. Later came a demand for twenty per cent. increase in wages and other demands, with the result that in the end the men won more than was at first asked for. The only point won by the company was a compromise in the wage demand, the men accepting fifteen per cent. increase.

As told in The Advertiser yesterday the settlement was agreed upon at a conference in the office of Judge A. S. Humphreys, counsel for the strikers, Friday evening, and yesterday morning the agreement was made a fact by the signatures of the officers of the company and the Harbor.

### Steamers Resume Trips.

Within an hour of the signing of the agreement the steamer Kilauca was ready to start out, but it was after half-past eleven o'clock when she pulled out of her berth with a full cargo and a large number of passengers; although many who would have liked to sail did not get away on account of the short notice.

The Mauna Kea pulled out with about forty passengers and the mail for Hilo, at half-past two o'clock, and was quickly followed by the Claudine for Maui and Hawaii ports, the Wailie with mail and freight for Honoukaa and

### Other ports, and the Kinan for Kauai.

The Noeau and W. G. Hall will sail today for Kauai ports. In fact there was no hitch from the moment the agreement was signed. The masters and mates went on duty immediately and only in the case of the Kilauca was there any delay and that was on account of some of the crew failing to show up exactly on time.

### Old Schedule in Effect.

General Superintendent Shedy had everything in readiness for getting out the steamers and they were dispatched on schedule. He stated yesterday that the regular and old-time schedule of the boats will be followed out beginning next week and everything will be running as smoothly as ever. Soon after the settlement Vice President J. L. McLean issued the following official statement on behalf of the Inter-Island company:

"The Harbor demanded an increase of approximately twenty per cent. in the salaries of masters and mates. The company offered an increase of ten per cent. The matter was finally adjusted by an increase of about fifteen per cent. The disputed overtime, amounting to about \$140, will be paid by the company. The agreement is to continue for three years. Everything is amicable and the boats will be dispatched according to schedule as fast as possible."

"Although no demand in any way has been made by the other licensed officers (engineers' department), the company will at once take up the question of increase in their salaries."

Preliminary to the final act of adjustment the following letter was sent to the board of directors of the Inter-Island company early yesterday morning:

Honolulu, August 10, 1912. Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Honolulu.

Gentlemen: Referring to the proposed adjustment of the differences existing between Honolulu Harbor No. 54 and your good selves, the Harbor now desires to say that it will agree to the following settlement of said differences:

1st—All captains and mates to be reinstated in their former commands by you.

2nd—You must pay the overtime withheld and heretofore demanded by the masters.

3rd—You must pay masters and mates as per schedule hereto annexed. In this connection, your attention is directed to the fact that said schedule is identical with the schedule handed the representatives of the Harbor by your Mr. Hemenway last night.

4th—For the time the masters and mates have not been employed, that is, since the 5th of this present month of August, the wages of masters and mates must be paid to them by you at the rate set forth in said schedule.

5th—Overtime to captains must be paid as follows: Ten dollars per day extra for loading or discharging cargo on Sundays or legal holidays, when requested to do so by the company, or when necessary, at any port; also, when taking excursion parties or immigrants on Sundays or holidays; but this shall not apply to discharging perishable freight or live stock on arrival at Honolulu or other ports. No extra compensation will be paid captains of steamers dispatched on a Sunday or a holiday when the work of loading cargo is not performed on that day.

6th—Overtime to mates must be paid to them by you at the rate of one dollar per hour.

7th—Masters must be allowed an annual vacation of two weeks on full pay, the vacation period to be mutually agreed upon, the convenience of the company and the interests of the general public to be considered in determining said period.

8th—This agreement shall continue in force for a period of three years from date, and thereafter until terminated. Said termination, however, not to take place until six months' notice thereof, in writing, shall first be given by the parties desiring to terminate the same.

9th—The fee of our counsel, Judge A. S. Humphreys, amounting to the sum of two thousand dollars, must be paid to him by you.

A reply from you, accepting this offer will be treated as closing the matter, and the masters and mates will, upon receipt by the Harbor of such acceptance, hold themselves ready to render cheerful obedience to your commands.

With your acceptance, if you conclude to accept this proposition, kindly enclose your check, for two thousand dollars, payable to the order of Judge A. S. Humphreys. Yours truly, Honolulu Harbor, No. 54.

(Signed) A. TULLETT, JAMES GREGORY, G. W. PILTZ, MOSES NAOPALA.

Executive Committee, heretofore duly authorized by unanimous vote of the Harbor.

A letter was promptly returned to the Harbor, agreeing to all of the demands made and enclosing a check for \$2000 for Attorney Humphreys. The signing of this agreement ended the negotiations which had been in progress almost from the time the strike had begun and soon after the masters and mates had reported for duty.

## NEW SCALE OF WAGES GRANTED THE MASTERS AND MATES BY THE INTER-ISLAND COMPANY.

The complete scale of wages under the agreement which ended the strike, as granted the masters and mates by the Inter-Island company, and including back pay, is as follows:

Steamers	Captains	Mates	2nd Mates	3rd Mates
Mauna Kea	\$210	\$120	\$68	\$50
Kilauca	210	120	68	50
Kinai	210	120	68	50
Claudine	210	120	68	50
Mauna Loa	210	120	68	50
Maui	200	110	62	45
Helene	200	110	62	45
W. G. Hall	200	110	62	45
Mikahala	200	110	62	45
Likelike	190	110	62	45
Kaulani	190	110	62	45
Iwalani	190	110	62	45
Kauai	190	110	62	45
Niikau	190	110	62	45
Ke Au Hou	190	110	62	45
Wailie	190	110	62	45
Noeau	190	110	62	45

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

ROBERTSON G. MATHESON EDITOR

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CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.

TUESDAY AUGUST 13

KUHIO'S RECENT RECORD.

Your question as to what would be my policy in congress, should I be again elected, in regard to tariff changes, is sufficiently answered, as it seems to me, by my attitude upon that subject at all times since my first election to congress. You cannot be ignorant of the fact that I have at all times used such efforts as I was able, to avoid the reduction of the existing tariff on sugar, and I see no reason at present why I should change this attitude, in the event of my reelection. I have stood, and will continue to stand, for the success and prosperity of our island industries, in the list of which, sugar stands at the head.—DELEGATE KUHIO, in letter to Business Men's Committee.

It is too bad that the voters of Hawaii have no sense of humor, otherwise what we are pleased to call "the political situation" would not be in the middle of it. If the voters of Hawaii had even normal memories the situation would be clear.

Take Kuhio, for example, who referred in his latest letter to the committee of business men to his "record" at Washington. Now, if the average voter here could think back and make a mental review of that "record" for the past eighteen months, there would be a general laugh at the very idea of referring to it as anything to be proud of. Eliminating all the anti-Hawaiian and anti-Republican accomplishments of the Delegate in the so-called charges against Governor Frear and the business interests of the Territory—enough of a record to drive anyone out of the Republican ranks in any other part of the Union—let us take up Kuhio's record in recent tariff matters.

Probably no session of congress has been of such vital importance to Hawaii since annexation as the one just ending, with its various threats against the tariff on sugar. Almost coincidental with the Democratic onslaught against the sugar tariff, voiced by the Underwood Bill, our Delegate launched a series of charges against the sugar growers of Hawaii, furnishing the Democrats with material to use in their fight against the cane interests. Then, when the Underwood Bill was before the house committee, Kuhio deserted his post of duty and came back to Hawaii, taking in a prizefight en route. He stayed here during the time when the friends of the sugar growers battled for the industry, friends of Hawaii having to step into the breach deserted by the official representative of the Islands. It was said freely, at the time, that Kuhio ran away from his post because he dared not stay and face any questioning on sugar matters, in view of the statements he had made and of those his attorney, W. A. Kinney, had made against the plantations.

It will be remembered how Kuhio came back to Hawaii, on the heels of that famous letter sent to Stephen Desha, and how his first action after landing was to swallow the letter. Then, while the interests of Hawaii languish in the balance at Washington, Kuhio loafed about the city.

Finally the Underwood Bill was passed in the house and reached the senate, the chamber in which Kuhio has no voice. Whereupon, after being prodded day after day, he announced in a loud tone that he had "seen a light" and that he would sacrifice his personal convenience and dash back to Washington to "save the sugar duty." Hard thinking on the part of the voters will bring back a recollection of the famous mass meeting in Aala Park, when Kuhio announced that he was going to do his duty and that Charles Achi and John Lane would be left in Honolulu to represent him, Achi at that time not having found out that the campaign fund for the fall would not be under Kuhio's control.

Kuhio then returned to Washington. This was in April. No record appears to show that he turned his hand over in the interests of the sugar tariff. He never appeared before the senate committee and if he even talked about sugar duties to individual senators he did it in a very quiet and unostentatious way. He was in Washington until the middle of June, when he again left for Hawaii, just when the question of the sugar tariff was about to be taken up in the senate committee. In addition to deserting his post as a member of congress at that time, Kuhio also deserted his post as a representative of Hawaii at the Republican national convention.

This is his tariff "record" this session. There has not been a day since the present session of congress began when something of importance to Hawaii was not being considered, in spite of which Kuhio has not been in his place one-third of the time, and then only to lead the Hawaiian Democrats' attack upon the Governor of the Territory and the business interests of the Islands.

If the voters of the Territory had a sense of humor, as we have remarked in opening, the recent reference of Kuhio to his "record" would raise the laugh it deserves and "the political situation" would be by no means befuddled.

WATCHFULNESS.

Out of the nasty mess which the probe of H. Gooding Field apparently has disclosed in county affairs of Hawaii, there shines but one bright spot. We know the worst. The long mutterings of accusations, the charges of graft and inefficiency in office, appear to have been based upon facts, and if the good people of Hilo are shocked and surprised by Mr. Field's report, they are no more so than were the equally good people by his disclosures here, and for the same reason. Good citizens of both places have been equally guilty of ignoring the necessity of constant watchfulness, if they would keep their public men clean, efficient and untouched by suspicion.

Without going into the truth of Mr. Field's charges against certain county officials, which charges it is to be supposed will be definitely settled in open court, it remains possible to point out the benefit as well as the urgent need of such investigations as Mr. Field made here and in Hilo. That he has discovered and exposed certain shortages in accounts is possibly the most sensational feature of his work, but is far from being the most valuable to Hilo or the Territory. What was needed and what was done was the letting of sunlight into those dark places, in which graft and inefficiency, almost as bad in public officials, flourishes undisturbed.

It is not that public officials are weaker or more liable to sin than their brothers in private life, that makes it necessary to keep a watchful eye upon them, but because their temptations are greater and more numerous, their opportunities for falling more plentiful, and the men themselves, as other men, no stronger because of their office. It is unfair to place them in exposed positions, on the first firing line of the civic battle, as it were, and leave them unsupported by our sympathetic supervision. Nor can we personally dodge this responsibility if we aspire to continue self-governing Americans.

Mr. Field's work has been along that line. He has shown us our duty and our opportunity, and has placed in our hands exact information, as a tool with which we may cut away the unnecessary, and the evil, and build up the good. He has apparently done his part of the job. Let all the rest of us but do our work as well and as skillfully as he has his and Hawaii will become one of civilization's show places, where waste and incompetence is not, and where real progress is the keynote of the territorial life.

PROGRESS AGAINST THE BILLBOARDS.

Those who have cheered themselves with the hope that the fight against the disgusting billboards in Honolulu would prove to be only a flash in the pan and would die away from inertia within a few months must by this time be convinced that the fight is a fight to a finish and will not be over until the billboard evil is a thing of the past. It is already noticeable that many of the local advertisers have stopped patronizing the billboards, finding that that particular style of advertising does not pay. The boards are blossoming out now with foreign advertisements, particularly those of cheap cigarettes, tobaccos and beers. This is one of the progresses to the end. The few remaining local signs are certain to come down, because to be seen on the billboards will soon be to be seen in mighty disreputable company. When the time arrives that the only splendors of the natural beauty of the city are "utlanders," with tobacco and booze offerings, a new system of attack can be inaugurated.

Every day people are becoming converted to the idea that anything that detracts from the general beauty of the city detracts from its advantages as a tourist resort, and every day the tourist possibilities of Honolulu become brighter. Every day, thanks to the consistent campaign of a majority of the leading women of the city, the knowledge that unmarred natural beauty in the city is one of our greatest assets becomes more widespread.

The fight against the disgusting billboards is a long one, but those who

are out to champion the best good of the city know that before they started their fight and the prospect does not alarm them. They are in the fight to stay and there will be no let up in the campaign for a Better Honolulu.

PRACTICAL IDEALISM.

It was Paul Lester Ford, who, in one of his novels, spoke of his hero as a "practical idealist, a man who made dreams come true." Such a man apparently is Willis Booth, conservative banker, and ardent "booster" for Los Angeles, now here working tooth and nail for the good of his own home city, and more than willing to give Honolulu her fair share of the benefits which may grow out of the plan for a direct steamship line to the Southern California metropolis.

Such men are of the kind that build up great cities, pass and leave behind them no monuments save the added business and widened scope of influence of the communities to which they belonged. In this morning's Advertiser is an interview with Mr. Booth, in the course of which he outlines all too briefly his plan for bringing his city and ours into closer relationship by means of direct steamers. Such a thing has been the dream of the more progressive minds of Honolulu for a long time. It has been and still is one of the dreams of The Advertiser, and it is with no small feeling of pride that this paper finds the head of one of the largest of the Southern California banks and president of Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce dreaming the same dream. There may be serious difficulties to be overcome before the dream is realized, but difficulties are but made to be overcome by the right man at the right time.

Honolulu is a tourist city and will be a greater and greater one as time goes by. Los Angeles is one of the great tourist resorts of the world. In a sense, our objects and ambitions are similar, and it would undoubtedly be of vast benefit to both communities to have such direct communication as Mr. Booth suggests in active working order between the two cities.

THE ADVERTISER'S WIRELESS SERVICE.

Commencing with this morning's issue, The Advertiser will furnish its readers with a regular news service from the mainland from the Federal Telegraph Company, sent from San Francisco to Kaneohe by Poulsen Wireless and telephoned direct from the wireless station into the editorial rooms of this paper. This service will contain daily at least ten times the amount of news ever cabled to Honolulu from any news bureau or by any news service. The public of Honolulu will receive exactly the same "telegraph" news as will be given to a number of the leading newspapers of the mainland, although in an abbreviated form, the Federal Telegraph Company being the service supplying and supplied by such papers as the New York World, the Los Angeles Times, the San Francisco Call and scores of others of equal importance in their fields in the Middle West and South. This wireless service will be, beyond any question, the best that Hawaii has ever had. It will cost The Advertiser more every day for its mainland service than has been paid heretofore in any week by any Honolulu paper, and this in spite of the fact that the rate per word by wireless is several times less than the rate per word by cable.

The Poulsen Wireless Company, in entering into a contract to supply The Advertiser with its regular daily news, does so with a complete confidence in the regularity of its transpacific wireless service. It must be remembered, however, that all wireless is more or less in the experimental stage and should there be an occasional lapse in the delivery it must be overlooked for the sake of the vastly improved general service that will be given. There may be no break whatever. None is expected, but this is mentioned here as a reminder that the almost miraculous feat of jumping an electric spark across twenty-one hundred miles of water is not yet as certain as is the submarine cable.

UNDERWOOD IS STILL STRONG FOR BILL.

(Continued from Page One.)

that the two wings of the party can flap together now and then.

Hard Fight Yet to Come.

Of course, the sugar bill is not yet in a condition for presentation to the President. A hard fight between the two houses of congress must be had before any compromise can be reached. There have been reports abroad that Representative Underwood of Alabama, chairman of ways and means, would accept the senate bill and that the house would accept it. These reports are premature. Representative Underwood said to The Advertiser correspondent this afternoon, that he was still for free sugar, as provided in the house bill, and that it was still his impression that a majority of the house was for free sugar.

"Our object in removing the duties from sugar," said Mr. Underwood, "was to give the people some relief from the high cost of living. I am unable to see how the slight reduction made in the senate bill can afford any particular relief to the consumer but it will reduce the amount of revenue to the government over \$5,000,000 a year."

Although Mr. Underwood did not say so, there is good reason to believe that he and his colleagues in the house will assent to some compromise with the senate. It is logical to expect that the conferees will arrive at some compromise. No one can say yet what this compromise will be but it will undoubtedly include the abolition of the Dutch Standard and of the differential and, perhaps, a reduction of the present duties by from one-third to one-half.

If any such compromise is reached, it will only be after considerable conference. The house will appoint its conferees within a day or two and the senate will appoint its conferees shortly afterward. The sessions of the conferees may stretch along over two or three weeks. The language of the senate bill, as adopted there, is in full as follows:

The Senate Bill.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

"That six months from and after the passage of this Act there shall be levied, collected, and paid the rates of duty which are prescribed in the paragraphs of this Act upon the articles hereinafter enumerated, when imported from any foreign country into the United States or into any of its possessions (except the Philippine Islands and the islands of Guam and Tutuila), and the said paragraphs and sections shall constitute and be a substitute for paragraphs two hundred and sixteen and two hundred and seventeen of section one of an Act entitled "An Act to provide revenue, equalize duties, and encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes," approved August fifth, nineteen hundred and nine.

"First, Sugars, tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice, melada, concentrated molasses, concrete and concentrated molasses testing by the polariscope not above seventy-five degrees, ninety-five one-hundredths of one cent per pound, and for each additional degree shown by the polariscope test, 26 one-thousandths of one cent per pound additional, and fractions of a degree in proportion; molasses testing not above forty degrees, twenty per centum ad valorem; testing above forty degrees and not above fifty-six degrees, three cents per gallon; testing above fifty-

six degrees, six cents per gallon; sugar drainings and sugar sweepings shall be subject to duty as molasses or sugar, as the case may be, according to polariscope test: Provided, That every bag, barrel, or parcel in which sugar testing by the polariscope less than ninety-nine degrees is packed shall be plainly branded by the manufacturer of refiner, or refiner, and the such manufacturer or refiner, and the polariscope test of the sugar therein contained, accurately within one-half of one degree, and a failure to brand any such bag, barrel, or parcel as hereinafter provided shall be deemed and taken to be a misbranding of food within the meaning of the Act of June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six, entitled "An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes." And the requirements of this proviso shall not apply to any sugar shipped or delivered to a refiner to be refined before entering into consumption.

"Second, Maple sugar and maple syrup, four cents per pound; glucose or grape sugar, one and one-half cents per pound; sugar cane in its natural state or unmanufactured, twenty per centum ad valorem; sugar cane defecated, shredded, artificially dried, or which has been subjected to any manufacturing or other process, fifty per centum ad valorem.

"Third, That nothing in this Act contained shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of the treaty of commercial reciprocity concluded between the United States and the Republic of Cuba on the eleventh day of December, nineteen hundred and two, or the provisions of the Act of congress heretofore passed for the execution of the same, and that upon the taking effect of this Act all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions hereof shall be repealed."

MOIR SEIZED LYMAN'S BOOKS

Audit Being Made—The Shortage Now Reported to Be Nearly Six Thousand.

HILO, August 12.—(Special \* to The Advertiser by Mutual \* Telephone Wireless)—John T. \* Moir, chairman of the board of \* license commissioners, yesterday \* demanded from the secretary of \* the board, Rufus A. Lyman, Jr., \* all the books of his department. \* The books were promptly turned \* over to the chairman, who is \* having an exhaustive audit \* made. It is reported on \* streets here that the shortage \* discovered by H. Gooding Field \* and placed by him at \$2500 will \* be found to run nearer to six \* thousand dollars.

GRAFT CHASERS WANT HALSEY AS WITNESS

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—In the graft prosecution today, which was continued by Judge Lawlor, the statement was made by the assistant district attorney that his office had secured no further information as to the whereabouts of Theo. Halsey, wanted as a witness.

Exchange of Compliments

Judge Humphreys Says—

"Editor of The Advertiser:— "This is the last word concerning the mix-up between the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., and the Masters and Mates. "I want it to be understood that the company was required to pay my fee of two thousand dollars, because of the activity of Jack McCandless in bearing certain of the masters for having employed me. "When the interference of this unfiltered aqueous product reached my ears, I immediately determined to make the company eat the dirt which had been thrown at me. "Whenever a fellow of the McCandless sort—the type of the sudden rich, who has no respect for one who does not wear an exposed diamond collar button, and eat sardines and chocolate cake for breakfast—meddles in my business, I propose to find his bone with a dull cold chisel. "I will strike a period here, as I find that I cannot sufficiently express myself in words of one syllable, and to use a greater combination of letters would be getting beyond the circumference of the literacy of the class that this communication is intended to reach."

John McCandless Says—

"Now, is not that just like Judge Humphreys. He must have been out last night spending that two thousand dollars the Inter-Island company paid him for a couple of days bullying about. "Just why he should have seen fit to attack me in the way he has done though I cannot guess. I did not do anything to him that I know of. I do know that he did not deserve what he got, and would not have had it if I had had my way. "He says that what I said about him caused him to seek it to the Inter-Island. In the first place, I fail to see where I come in, in that Inter-Island mix-up, save as a small stockholder in the company. Another thing, Judge Humphreys should remember what one man says should not be visited upon the heads of the many. If he socked the company because of something I said, two thousand dollars fee, he would have charged it at least two millions if his long ears could have heard what the other decent people of the community were saying about him after the exhibition he made of himself as the attorney for the captains."

DIRECT LINE TO LOS ANGELES

Wealthy Californian from Southern City in Interest of Vast Scheme.

In order that Honolulu and Los Angeles may be more closely connected by steamship lines, a movement has been put under way by Los Angeles capital represented by Willis Booth of the Angel City, to establish a new steamship line or to negotiate with the San Francisco lines to make Los Angeles a port of call, en route to Honolulu.

Mr. Booth said last night: "Two cities which cater to tourists as do Honolulu and Los Angeles, would greatly benefit by a direct steamship line. Thousands of tourists visit Los Angeles yearly and with such connections this traffic could be made larger and much, if not practically all of it, be brought to Honolulu. The only objection which stands in the way of a direct route would be the inability of Honolulu to furnish a return cargo to Los Angeles because of existing contracts. It seems to me, however, that this could be overcome by dividing up the sugar shipments between San Francisco and Los Angeles. Both cities have direct lines East and the same accommodations could be had, as exist at present. Los Angeles values its tourist traffic above all, and the tourists have been a great factor in building the big city that we have today. Why not let these tourists extend their journey to Honolulu in order that they could enjoy the beauties of these islands? There is capital in Los Angeles which will back the project if it is met favorably by the Honolulu people."

On Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Booth is vice-president of the Security Trust and Savings Bank of Los Angeles, which has a capital of fifty millions, and was formerly president of the chamber of commerce of that city. He is one of the greatest boosters Los Angeles ever had and has done much towards making the city one of the greatest on the Coast. In speaking of a greater chamber of commerce for Honolulu, Mr. Booth said: "In building up a city the chief responsibility lies with the chamber of commerce. In order to achieve the best results it is absolutely necessary that no director of that organization should be selfish and use his efforts to benefit his business interests. That is the great principle in our chamber of commerce. I have seen members and directors vote on matters which were detrimental to their personal interests to benefit the city and the community at large. If Honolulu is to broaden the work of her chamber of commerce I will say that above all the men who act as the board must have the upbuilding of their city at heart and their last thoughts on their own interests."

Praises City.

"This is my third visit to Honolulu and I am very fond of the beauties and the possibilities for the making of a great city. Like Los Angeles, Honolulu will benefit greatly by the opening of the Panama Canal and in time it will be the great connecting point between the mainland and the East."

"I am very much interested in the sugar conditions of the Islands, as Southern California is very closely connected to Hawaii in the sugar fight. There is a movement on foot in California to combine the State chambers of commerce and unite to fight the free tariff bill. During my visit in Honolulu I will discuss the situation with representatives of various interests with the cooperative point in view to unite the cane interests with the beet industry."

Accompanied by his wife, son and niece, Mr. Booth arrived from San Francisco on the Wilhelmina several days ago. His party is at the Moana. They returned yesterday from the Volcano and enjoyed the many sights on the upper island. Mr. Booth expects to return to Los Angeles within a week or ten days.

HARD FIGHT COMING IN PRESIDENT'S STATE

By Associated Press Cable. COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 10.—The Republican State Central Committee has endorsed General H. B. Brown of Zanesville for Governor. A hard fight is expected.

HARRY C. WALDRON STARTS PILIKIA

Questions Right of Hilo Supervisors to Buy Non-Political Steam Roller.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.) HILO, August 10.—An instance of the irregularity with which county business is being conducted, was brought up at the meeting of the board of supervisors last Wednesday by Harry C. Waldron, the Honolulu Iron Works representative. Waldron asked for information regarding an order placed for a Kelly-Springfield road roller, valued at \$3500, which had been given without authority by the board and without a call for bids. Waldron was given no satisfaction.

Waldron, when he appeared before the board, stated that he had been given to understand that a Kelly-Springfield gasoline roller had been ordered, without bids having been called for. The Honolulu Iron Works were agents for this make, and it was probable that the county might have been saved considerable freight money, had this firm been given a chance to compete. "I would appreciate enlightenment," said Waldron.

Deadly Silence.

A silence ensued which one might have cut with a knife. The county fathers looked one to another, but no information was forthcoming. Chairman Lewis asked if any one would like to ask questions. Again silence reigned.

There was nothing given out on that subject. It appeared, however, that the roller in question has been ordered for the district of Kohala. Supervisor Beckley, from that district, was asked whether he had given the order. He answered that he had. In reply to further questions he stated that he had made the order, with the intention of paying the money involved out of his own district's road fund, and that therefore no authorization from the board was needed.

Heen Questioned.

Deputy County Attorney Heen was asked, first, whether the order could be made, legally, without authorization by the entire board; second, whether a purchase involving more than \$1000 could be made by any county officer, with county funds, without calling for bids.

Heen said that road tax money could be expended only upon authorization by the board, referring to the section of the law which provides that road tax money "shall be expended only in making, maintaining and repairing public roads in such district, as authorized by the supervisors of the county from time to time."

Must Ask for Bids.

Heen stated further, in answer to the second question, that a roller, like the one in question, could not be purchased, legally, without a call for bids. He quoted the section of the law which says: "No expenditure of public money, except for salaries or pay of officers or employees, or for permanent settlements, subsidies or other claims, or objects for which a fixed sum or sums must be paid by law, or for other purposes which do not admit of competition, where the sum to be expended shall be \$1000 or more, shall be made except under contract let after public advertisement for sealed tenders, in the manner provided by law."

The deputy county attorney added that there was no penalty provided for the violation of the law, but that the sale might be stopped by enjoining the auditor from issuing the warrant.

SENATE TURNS DOWN FEDERAL ROAD AID

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulsen Wireless)—Senator Overman's amendment to the postoffice bill to appropriate \$250,000 for highway work in each State, to be available when the State appropriates a like sum, was defeated today. The Shakerford good road feature of the bill adopted in the house would give general aid to the maintenance of all roads used for public purposes.

With a vote of 37 to 21 the senate finally struck out the house provision and adopted an amendment providing an investigating committee of senators and representatives to report soon on federal aid.

# EARTH GAPES MILE-LONG NEAR SMITTEN CITY

## Gooding Field's Report Shocks Hilo Expert's Charges Prove Sensational

### Expert Accountant Shows Rufus A. Lyman, Jr., Is Apparently Guilty of Malfeasance in Office—Says Secretary of License Commission Fails to Account for \$2151.

In a supplementary report made to the Hilo board of trade last Saturday, H. Gooding Field, the expert municipal accountant and investigator, practically embodies charges of malfeasance in office against Rufus A. Lyman, Jr., secretary to the license commission and one of the commissioners appointed by Governor Frear.

Not only were copies of this report received in Honolulu yesterday, but returning Honoluluans by the Matson liner Wilhelmina, including Territorial Auditor Fisher, Lorrin Andrews, Charles Nettle and others, talked freely of the hearing before the board of trade at which the sensational assertions were made which indicate that Mr. Lyman has collected approximately \$2151 in liquor license fees which have not been accounted for to the commission, so far as records at this time show.

Incidentally, Mr. Field in his final report under the heading: "Report on the subject of liquor license collections for county of Hawaii," takes a side whack at County Auditor C. K. Maguire of that county, asserting that up to the time his original report had been filed with the board of trade and dated July 26, the county auditor had not audited the accounts of Mr. Lyman since July 1, 1911, the date at which the liquor license fees were turned over to the county treasurer under the law passed by the last legislature. Since that time, says Mr. Field, it was known that license fees aggregating \$18,595 had been collected by that official for liquor licenses.

#### His Hasty Audit.

Continuing, Mr. Field states that on August 7, eight days after the filing of his original report, the county auditor informed him that he had audited Mr. Lyman's accounts and found them O. K., and that he had so certified on the cash record of the board of license commissioners. The report continues:

"Upon questioning the county auditor as to the manner in which he had conducted the audit I found that he had entirely neglected to compare the licenses issued, as per the stubs in the book, with the cash receipts, but simply checked the totals of the cash receipts, as posted, to see that they agreed with the remittances by Lyman to the county treasurer. This procedure, for purposes of an audit, was next to useless."

#### Investigation Blocked.

"On the same morning I requested Rufus A. Lyman, at his office in the county building, to hand me his license book so that I could verify the figures in his cash record; this he promised to do the following morning. Lyman's cash record book to remain in the safe of the county auditor until that time. Lyman, however, did not come to his office that morning and, furthermore, he had taken his cash record book away from the county auditor's office the afternoon previously."

## Supervisors Denounce Field's Report

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, August 10.—In reply to the board of trade, which submitted H. Gooding Field's preliminary report on the county finances to the supervisors with a request that the county appropriate the money needed for a thorough audit of the county books, the supervisors, last Friday, adopted the following report made by its finance committee:

"We, the undersigned, to whom was referred a communication from a committee of the board of trade of Hilo requesting the auditing of the county books at county expense, beg leave to report as follows:

"After carefully reading the request submitted by the said committee of the board of trade and the supplementary report of H. Gooding Field thereto attached, we called the county auditor to meet us in conference and to bring with him his books, and also called upon the said committee of the board of trade to be present at the same conference.

"At this meeting, which was held on the 8th day of August, 1912, at eleven o'clock, we carefully examined the report above referred to, checking off each item therein set forth and comparing same with the corresponding items as given by the auditor in his books. After a thorough examination of these items we found that, so far as they were set forth in the said report, they were not substantiated by the auditor's accounts. It seemed quite apparent to us that the report made by H. Gooding Field was not based upon the county books.

"In this connection we might say that we found the balances as shown in the accounts of the auditor's books to be correct and that all transfers from the different accounts made by the auditor were duly authorized by the board of supervisors.

"Having found the said report to be unreliable and misleading and not worthy of the least credit, we feel that at the present time the county, which is now struggling along with limited funds, cannot see its way clear to set aside any sum between \$2500 and \$3500 for the purpose of having a complete and detailed audit made of the county books.

"We deem it unfortunate that the board of trade, although we believe it to be acting in good faith in this matter, should have been misled by H. Gooding Field's report. We also believe that the board of trade's action was the result of its taking it for granted that the report was correct and that it was made after a very careful, full and complete examination of the county books.

"Unless the board of trade can produce absolutely reliable proof of the necessity of having the county books audited at this time at such a large expenditure of public moneys as suggested by H. Gooding Field, we feel that we cannot at present grant the request submitted through its committee; but should the board of trade or any other person desire to have the books of the county of Hawaii audited, every assistance and courtesy will be extended to them."

"As Lyman had not kept his promise to me to turn over the license books, I sent the deputy county auditor to Lyman's house for the same. Lyman handed him the cash record only, but no license book. I then requested Captain Fetter, the liquor license inspector, to get from Lyman the record of the licenses issued. I was unsuccessful also in this, as Lyman informed Fetter that the licenses had not all been paid for and he had not the license book."

Blocked in this way in his investigation Mr. Field succeeded finally in securing a list of licenses issued, by courtesy of the Hilo Tribune. "After checking this list with the names posted by Lyman in his cash record book, I found the names of the following licenses did not appear in his record."

#### Some of Those Who Paid.

Then follows the names of those who secured a license and the amount paid for it. They include: First class licenses, S. Kuritani of Honolulu, \$500; Santos & Serrao, Wailea, Hilo, \$500; Second class hotel licenses, Y. Nishimoto, Hilo, \$521; Manuel Branco, Lapaehoe, \$125; Frank Vierra, North Hilo, \$125; S. Ishikawa, North Hilo, \$125; M. Soanaga, North Hilo, \$125, and H. Kubo, South Kona, \$125. There were also two fourth-class licenses missing at \$250 each, a total of \$2151. Mr. Field called on Y. Nishimoto to find out if he had paid his fee of \$521, and he informed Field that he had paid, but had not received his license. It was on July 5 that Nishimoto had handed Lyman his check for \$521, of which \$500 was for the fee and \$21 for stamps. This check was cashed by Lyman the same day.

"No entry has been made by Lyman in the cash record book (also produced) of the \$521 so collected, nor has this amount been turned over by him to the county treasurer," adds the report.

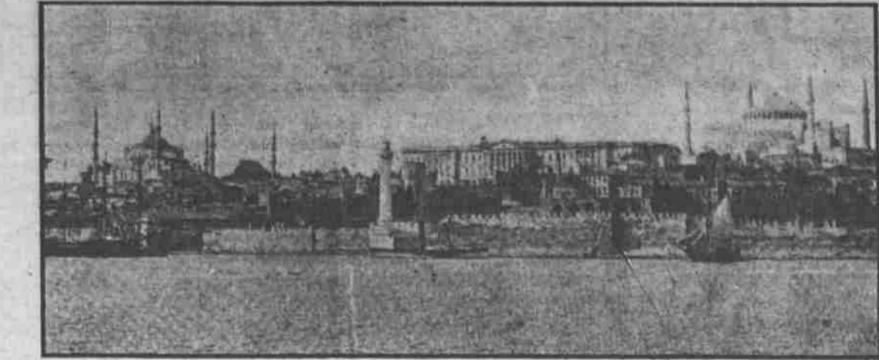
Mr. Field's report tells of Liquor License Inspector Fetter's trip to verify licenses issued and that he was unable to find any of the renewals, which were excused by Lyman by the assertion that they had just been mailed out. Continuing, the report states:

#### Accounts Not Audited.

"It cannot be ascertained, without a detailed audit, the exact condition of the liquor license fund since July 1, 1911, to date—that is, since the time the account was turned over by the Territory to the County of Hawaii; the territorial audit was made up to June 30, 1911—notwithstanding the fact that the county auditor on August 7 last certified to the correctness of the financial transactions appearing in the record of the secretary of the board of license commissioners, by the so-called audit previously mentioned.

"Here is one instance where Lyman received a check for \$521 in payment of a county license; has the check business methods in the transaction of public business. The policy should be discontinued wherein there is even the appearance of an attempt on the part of any of our public officials to make political capital or private profit out of the public machine."

Then again: "A great drawback to efficient local government is the multiplicity of our



GLIMPSE OF CONSTANTINOPLE, THE WONDER CITY OF ASIA MINOR, RUINED BY EARTHQUAKE AND FLAME.



SAID IASLA.

Grand Vizier, who is working day and night in personal charge of the relief work.

elective officers, with a corresponding lack of full responsibility."

#### Commission Government.

Mr. Field then makes suggestions as to a more efficient government, much along the lines of an elective commission form of government with a board of seven supervisors and an auditor to be elected and all other officers appointed on their merit. Thus each of the elective officers would be directly responsible to the taxpayers. Continuing Mr. Field says a few more pertinent things about Hawaii county, among them:

"Financial and other reports are now submitted to the board of supervisors without that careful consideration which bespeaks effective administration."

"In the matter of financial operations a more businesslike and scientific method is essential to safety and progress."

"The passing of deficiency appropriations on unverified quarterly or yearly balances of general appropriation accounts, submitted through the office of the county clerk, is a practise which should be promptly discontinued."

"No definite purpose or well considered program would appear to have been made in the recent disbursements for permanent improvements in the county of Hawaii."

Mr. Field points out the remedy, as he does in all of his criticisms, in the latter case, by asserting that "every new operation should be met as it comes up and settled in the light of a far-sighted general plan, in view of the future requirements and conditions of the county."

Then he proceeds to speak at some length on the "inadequate attention" given to the need for main thoroughfares in Hilo in regard to the problems of transportation. In concluding his remarks on this subject Mr. Field says:

#### Hilo's Bright Future.

"With the demands which will inevitably result from a protected harbor and consequent increased shipping facilities in Hilo, which unquestionably will be taken advantage of by shippers and shipping companies after the completion of the Panama Canal, it must be recognized that the success of Hilo is more dependent upon good means of circulation than upon any other physical factor under its control."

In regard to building ordinances, or the lack of them, in Hilo, Mr. Field calls attention to the fact that the only building law in the county is that of the territorial board of health. He explains the benefit a building ordinance would be to Hilo and says:

"There are a number of buildings erected in the very heart of the city of Hilo, although constructed strictly in accordance with the territorial requirements, which are, as a matter of fact, from a safe building standpoint, veritable fire traps."

#### Supervisors Blamed.

He blames this condition on the board of supervisors for failing to lay down conservative fire limits for the city and their neglect to have framed and to enforce a proper building law.

In the conclusion of his "General Survey," Mr. Field says, among other things, that:

"A complete scientific study of the present charter should be undertaken, based upon an investigation of the community needs, common acts and common properties, for attention to which all municipal government is organized. The charter should be amended to invite efficiency, with the permanency of tenure of office of capable heads of departments and other officials."

"The sole object of civic reform should be that of obtaining the maximum of results from the minimum of expenditures. Back of all reform lies the means of getting it. Back of the question of what we want is the question—How are we going to do it?"

#### Ways to Save Money.

There are three practical ways in which Hawaii county can save money, according to Mr. Field. One is in the feeding of its prisoners. This costs slightly over twenty-one cents a day per prisoner, but he points out the comparative cost of feeding prisoners in other institutions and of feeding workmen on the Panama Canal and draws the conclusion that there should be a saving in Hawaii county of at least seven cents a day per man; a total of \$1635 a year.

Mr. Field asserts that there should

## Quake Opens Vast Fissures in Country Side About Constantinople. Terrified People Are Fleeing in All Directions.

Associated Press Cable.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Asia Minor, August 12.—The horror of the earthquake and fire that has devastated this section of the empire is growing as the reports from the outlying cities and towns come creeping into Constantinople. From many of the smaller places within a radius of many miles come reports of enormous fissures, some of them a mile long, which have sprung into being since the tremor shook and racked the earth. Reports declare that into some of these fissures whole villages have disappeared, swallowed up completely.

Among the other towns and hamlets which have been practically destroyed is that of Shatkyok, in which, according to the latest reports, several hundreds lost their lives. The minister of war, who has taken personal command of the troops which have been withdrawn from the firing line for use in this emergency, has dispatched a body

of mounted men under officers to assist there. Other details have been ordered through the country with instructions to give all possible aid and comfort to any stricken men, women or children they may encounter. They are carrying food with them, as well as supplies of clothing and medicines.

In the city of Luleburgaz, great fissures have opened in the streets and the houses. In this section some of the fissures are more than a mile in length, and go deep into the bowels of the earth. Innumerable other surface cracks are reported.

From Adrianople comes the report of similar distress, and widespread destruction by the earthquake.

be a saving of at least \$17,000 a year in the purchase of material and supplies. Then he goes on to explain, in part, as follows:

"When it is considered that, from July 1, 1905, to December 31, 1911, the sum of \$212,768.00 was expended for expenses (not including wages) for road maintenance alone, of which it may be conservatively estimated that fifty per cent, or approximately \$106,000, went into material and supplies, some conception can be had of the magnitude of the purchases which are now being made by the subordinate officials of the county without the slightest check by a qualified purchasing agent."

#### The Waste of Money.

From January 1 to June 30, 1912, certain county expenses were, for road maintenance, \$20,868.90; permanent improvements, \$1601.23; bridges, \$1231; a total of \$23,101.13, while the wages for the three divisions of road work amounted to \$49,777.18.

After going into the figures of the county expenditure for roads, Mr. Field adds:

"It will be observed that the accumulated losses through extravagance and incompetence in the road maintenance of the county from July 1, 1905, to December 31, 1911, amount, approximately, to the considerable sum of \$445,008.90."

During this time it is shown by the records of the county auditor's office that \$799,553.42 was paid out in wages. Continuing, Mr. Field makes this suggestion, that:

"The road department of the county of Hawaii should be placed under the immediate control of the county engineer, who should not be hampered in carrying out his orders for road betterment after the plans submitted by him to the board of supervisors have been passed on by them."

Altogether, says Mr. Field, there should be a saving of at least \$50,000 a year in the road department, and yet more efficient and better results.

#### Need of Complete Audit.

In his supplemental report is the following pertinent clause for the consideration of the public officials of that county:

"The general and special appropriation accounts kept by the county auditor have never been audited, and the balances as reported to the board of supervisors from time to time have never been verified, although the same have been accepted as true balances."

One of the concluding paragraphs of Mr. Field's supplemental report is the one which aroused the ire of the supervisors, for:

"It is recommended that a complete and detailed audit of the county books, from the commencement of county government on July 1, 1905, to date, should be undertaken at once by one thoroughly conversant with the methods of municipal accounting. Such an audit would take from four to six months, the cost of which should not exceed from \$2500 to \$3500."

#### GENERAL OROZCO SAYS HE IS JUST SPOILING FOR STILL MORE BLOOD

By Associated Press Cable.

JUAREZ, Mexico, August 10.—Gen. Orozco, rebel leader, today denied that he had had a peace conference with General Hernandez, representing President Madero. He said the fighting will continue.



MAHMUD SHEVKET PASHA.

Minister of war who is taking personal charge of the troops guarding the shattered city.

of mounted men under officers to assist there. Other details have been ordered through the country with instructions to give all possible aid and comfort to any stricken men, women or children they may encounter. They are carrying food with them, as well as supplies of clothing and medicines.

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## THUMBPRINTS AID IN NABBING CROOK

Chief McDuffie's Newly Inported Method of Catching Thieves

"Proves Up."

Footprints in the sands of time won't be half so important as thumbprints on the rifled moneybox hereafter in Honolulu, for following Chief McDuffie's announcement that he intended to introduce this method of identification here, thumbprints have sprung into prominence in the case of W. Gagnon, hospital apprentice, U. S. Navy.

Gagnon is in jail charged with the theft of thirty dollars from a hospital steward at the naval station. The money was all in dimes and nickels, having been taken from a bank in which spare change had been put away. Yesterday the chief laid before him photos of thumb prints that were found on the box, and "brought out" by the methods the chief brought down here. Gagnon took one look at them and confessed. The Navy takes the precaution of registering finger prints of all its men.

McDuffie was called in to investigate the case several days ago and offered his assistance although he had no jurisdiction in the naval station. He found the finger prints on the box and told the officials how to use them. Then he inquired about the people Gagnon had been friendly with and soon had indisputable evidence that the apprentice had been unusually flush with whole handfuls of dimes and nickels.

Gagnon will be turned over to the naval officials for court-martial. At present, on the advice of the naval authorities he is being closely watched to prevent him from injuring himself, having once attempted suicide under similar conditions.

## BASEBALL BETTING BY BAD BOYS IS BARRED BY CITIZENS

Associated Press Cable.

OAKLAND, California, August 12.—Citizens of Oakland are aroused over the revelations made of gambling in this city, especially in regard to a new form of gambling upon the result of baseball games. A system of pools has grown up to take the place of the illegal horseracing pools, in which betting upon league and minor league games has been indulged in.

Upon the complaint of officials of the Coast Baseball League, two employees of one of these pool rooms have been arrested, and a systematic campaign against this and all other forms of gambling in this city is planned for the purpose of driving the gamblers, who have recently settled here from San Francisco, out of the city.

## ROOSEVELT HAS NEW PLAN OF CAMPAIGN

Proposes to Stick to Principles Instead of Attacking His Opponents.

### WILSON FOR LOCAL OPTION

Candidate Johnson Says He Will Not Resign as Governor of California.

Associated Press Cable.

OYSTER BAY, Long Island, August 12.—Colonel Roosevelt issued an important statement yesterday in regard to the proposed campaign of the Progressive party this fall, in which he outlined the principle upon which it would be conducted. The statement of principle came as a surprise, under the circumstances, following the attacks which have been made upon the Taft administration.

Eliminating personalities, Colonel Roosevelt asserts that the campaign will be a positive Progressive fight based on its principles, rather than an attack upon its political opponents.

### Johnson Will Not Resign.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—Governor Johnson, vice presidential candidate of the Progressive party, arrived in Sacramento yesterday and addressed a large meeting of over a thousand voters. The Governor stated that he did not intend to resign, pending his race for vice president.

Referring to the coming campaign the Governor asserted that he would start for the East within a fortnight to open the campaign in the strongholds of the Regular Republican organization.

### Favors Local Option.

SEAGIRT, New Jersey, August 12.—Woodrow Wilson, Democratic candidate for President, has written to the Democratic leaders in Maine to the effect that he favors local option, but opposes making this an issue between parties.

## WOLCAST MATCHED WITH M'FARLAND

Associated Press Cable.

NEW YORK, August 12.—After many days of negotiation, a match has finally been arranged between Ad Wolcast and "Packy" McFarland for the lightweight championship of the world. The match will be fought on October 3, probably in Madison Square Garden.

## GIRL SWIMS ACROSS SAN FRANCISCO BAY

Associated Press Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—Miss Nellie Schmidt, an Alameda girl, yesterday broke all local records in a sensational swimming feat, crossing San Francisco Bay in the time of three hours and six minutes. Miss Schmidt is the first woman to accomplish this feat. She reached shore in excellent physical condition.

## LITTLE HOPE FOR PEACE IN MEXICO

Associated Press Cable.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 12.—All hopes of a peaceful settlement of the fighting between the forces of General Orozco and the government troops appear to be at an end for the present and officials here are pessimistic over the outlook.

## WATSON BETTER

Slight improved, was the tenor of a cable message received yesterday from George M.K. McClellan in Washington concerning the condition of E. M. Watson, the local attorney who was suddenly stricken in the capital. "Left side paralyzed" the cable read. "At hospital, slightly improved. Wife is here." It was received by the legal firm of Thompson, Wilder, Watson & Lymer, which Mr. Watson is a member.

## A DANGEROUS DISEASE

Dysentery is a dangerous disease but can be cured. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has been successfully used in nine epidemics of dysentery. For sale by Ben-son, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.



# The Bystander

A Wasted Opportunity.  
Votes for Wahines?  
Whale Meat Stew, Please.  
Swat the Fly.  
The Good Voter and His Duty.

Examinations of a number of ambitious young people anxious to become certified teachers for the public schools of the Territory were held last week, and one of the questions put to them was this:

"Tell how to exterminate the Mediterranean fruit fly."

Now, if any proportion of the teachers-to-be answered that question, which every entomologist of the world has been stumped on, Hawaii will certainly have some bright people wasting their time drilling phonetics into barefooted kids at thirty dollars a month. While they were at it, I do not see why the ones who wrote the examination questions did not include a lot of other questions that have so far dodged elucidation. We might now be in possession of information that the world has long been seeking for.

We might, for instance, know how to draft a tariff bill that will raise sufficient revenue to run the government without increasing the cost of living, a bill that would suit everyone. We might find out who writes the majority of Kubio's statements and answers to questions; we might discover what particular brain cells somersault when Andrew Adams gets an idea; we might discover why some of the present supervisors believe themselves entitled to reelection or whether Bacon wrote Shakespeare.

Of course, knowing how to exterminate the Mediterranean fruit fly is going to help some.

### THE RATIFICATION.

Nine little bull moose ratified elate;  
Joe Cooke hired one, then there were eight.

Eight little bull moose cheered T. R. to heaven;  
One stamped upon himself, then there were seven.

Seven little bull moose full of sportive tricks;  
A reporter spotted one, then there were six.

Six little bull moose, very much alive;  
One heard "Pop" Cunha call, then there were five.

Five little bull moose, hear the beggars roar!  
One cheered the name of Taft, then there were four.

Four little bull moose gamboling in glee;  
One joined the Business Men, then there were three.

Three little bull moose, what a sad to do!  
One struck for higher pay, then there were two.

Two little bull moose sharing all the fun;  
Jealousy got in its work, so that left one.

One little bull moose rules the situation  
Until he fell a victim to "a dated resignation."

H. M. AYRES.

"We want a soberer race of men" is the watchword of the women voters' league of Los Angeles, a worthy watchword, and one which the suffragettes of Hawaii might very well adopt if they expect to receive the support they need to win. The campaign for "votes for women" in Hawaii is making fair headway among the Hawaiian women, and has now the unanimous support of George R. Carter and his eight followers in the Progressive party, as well as the hearty kokua of Link McCandless on every opportunity that Link has to give his kokua privately, but mighty little has developed to show that the women of Hawaii want to vote for any particular purpose.

In California the women have demonstrated their eagerness to stand up for what they believe to be right. They have thrown their strength to support the proposal of a law establishing a nine-hour day for women workers; they have wiped out the saloon in a score of cities and towns; they have inaugurated a campaign against the social evil, and are taking an intense interest in school affairs. In Seattle and Tacoma the women voters have helped turn vicious and grafting officials out of office, just as in Oakland, the other day, the women turned out to vote for Mayor Mott, whom the L. W. W. agitators tried to recall. Woman's suffrage has been shown to be a good thing morally for the places up and down the Coast where it has been tried, and there is no reason why it should not be a good thing for Hawaii, provided the women here manifested some sign that they would use their voting power as women.

Women as women would make good voters here as elsewhere, but preserve as from women politicians, especially if led by the class of men who have been doing the most of the haranguing in Hirono since the movement took definite shape.

A new delicacy has appeared in the fishmarket of late in the shape of whale meat. The strange foodstuff is handled in the Japanese annex of the market and is purchased entirely by Japanese. The meat, which is dried, comes from the humpback whale and is shipped to Honolulu, in great slices eight or nine inches thick and two feet or more across. The Japanese vendors slice it thin and sell it in the form of chipped beef. It is very oily, and when chewed resembles greasy leather. When soaked in water and then well stewed the whale meat is quite palatable and has the flavor of inferior beef.

Recently a shipment of two of fresh oysters have been made to Honolulu from Japan. The bivalves arrived in very good shape and were, both in size and flavor, superior to the canned article which is so extensively used in Honolulu. The oysters were simply laid on blocks of ice and covered with rice-paddy, the whole being held in place by a light frame-work like the sides of a dry-goods box. If oysters can be shipped from Japan in a fresh state successfully during the summer months it would seem that quite a demand for them should arise during the months when the weather is cooler.

The Chinaman certainly does possess a sense of humor, let any to the contrary who will. There has recently been quite a to do about the protection of food products exposed for sale at the fishmarket from dust and dirt, and the stallholders have been unusually careful during the past week to comply with the law in this regard.

Near the Japanese market a Chinaman has established a stall whereon he sells scented soap, pickles, flash jewelry, paper leis, tooth-brushes and other not exactly perishable articles. Noticing that everybody was doing it, the stallholder made a switch out of plaited leaves yesterday and might have been seen all day long waving his duster vigorously and assiduously over his trays of trinkets, as a discouragement to flies which threatened to settle.

This, by the way, isn't the same Chinaman who, when the screening ordinance first went into effect, secured a long ladder and, with the aid of another suspicious celestial constructed a neat screen around the fish market clock.

"Elections are not won by prayer," is a remark credited to J. Israel Tarte, one of the brightest politicians ever bred in Canada, and the truism of the words is as applicable in Hawaii as in the Dominion. The "good" people of

## Small Talks

**W. D. ADAMS**—Melba's voice should not be wasted if she passes through here this week.

**JUDGE HUMPHREYS**—I've got that \$2000 fee in my pocket from the Inter-Island company. Next!

**WILLIS BOOTH**—If we had that fine volcano of yours near Los Angeles, we'd make it spout promotion-prosperity.

**J. L. McLEAN**—The Inter-Island company was beaten, but the thing for us all to do now is to eliminate the traces of the strike.

**ED TOWSE**—These plantation camps that are being built around town are likely to become another big problem for the board of health.

**HANAWAKI KRUGER**—Samson succeeded with the jawbone of an ass. Why can't I act accordingly?

**EBEN LOW**—Nothing doing in that sheriff business. I'm not so easy to sidetrack as all that. Besides, I don't like the way Jarrett draws voters.

**SHERIFF JARRETT**—I wish sometimes that I had about three times as many men as I have on the police force. There are times when they are sadly needed.

**A. C. MONTGOMERY**—The Pacific Club "broke loose" last Saturday night and had a very nice time. They "broke up" about two o'clock Sunday morning.

**H. P. WOOD**—Busy? Why, the promotion committee is so busy these days getting out the necessary "dope" to bring the tourist here that we have just time to eat and sleep.

**SAM KAPAHONUI**—Two year ago business men say Achi no good and won't let him run; this year say Achi very good, must run. What the matter those business men, anyhow?

**B. von DAMM**—Honolulu must have a free garbage collection system and the Oahu Central Improvement Association will work tooth and nail for its inauguration at an early date.

**REV. A. A. EBERSOLE**—All set for the big meeting in the Bijou theater Sunday night, when Dr. Goodspeed will talk. I expect a great crowd, from what I have heard on the street.

**CAPTAIN W. D. CHITTY** (U. S. A. T. Dix)—The question of horseflesh is just now one of the problems of the quartermaster's department. Proper remounts for the cavalry are hard to get.

**JUDGE HUMPHREYS**—Well, we won, simply because every man in the Harbor stuck hard and fast to what we believed to be right. That's the secret of success in strikes; as in everything else.

**A. E. LARIMER**—A number of first-class chess players are inquiring about the new chess club and have asked to be notified when word is received from San Francisco about the proposed intercity tournaments.

**SENATOR DICKEY**—I was in the Senate with Charley Achi, and I want to say that he made a good record as a worker. He did more than any other Hawaiian member of the senate and more than two-thirds of the white members.

**CHIEF McDUFFIE**—As a demonstration of the thumbprint system I have volunteered to take prints of the fingers of all the supervisors, leave the room, have them touch something, and then go in and tell them who touched it. Nothing valuable, though.

**HENRY COBB-ADAMS**—There is no doubt that Kaneohe is a most restful place and where one escapes meeting so many objectionable people. Yet, it is awful to contemplate we shall have to meet them in either of the two places across the Styx.

**SENATOR FAIRCHILD**—Well, the business men of the city have done something sensible at last. Kuhio kept yelling about the way his own election was won by bribery, in spite of which it actually looked for a while as if the business men were going to invite him to come around and get some more slush funds.

**L. M. HALE** (Healani Club)—I thought I was about the best all-round sailor boy in those parts until the other day, when I went out with the "Scouting Sal" to meet the battleships. I got so seasick that I had to be towed in, and I have since revised my former opinion of my sailor-like qualities.

**REPRESENTATIVE CORREA**—While I am thankful to the business men's committee for recommending me as a candidate for re-election to the house of representatives, I wish to say that a considerable number of my friends, both in the fourth and fifth districts, have asked me to stand for the Senate, and, as I have already served three terms in the house, I am now in the fight for the senate.

**IRA D. CANFIELD**—Strange how chance brings people to Hawaii. A friend of mine who knew nothing about the Islands and never dreamed of coming here, visited in San Francisco, and walking down the street one day picked up a circular that told of Hawaii's fine climate and opportunities. He came through that very influence, and is now doing well in a leading agricultural industry.

**JOHN JONES, JR.**—Now, if the business men and their friends can only drop their own personal jealousies and get down to work, something can be done. The first item on the program should be the cutting out of this constant scrap against Lorrin Andrews and an invitation to him to get in line with the rest of the workers for good government. Every honest worker is needed now, even if some share of the credit for the fight should go to him.

**REPRESENTATIVE APFONSO**—I appreciate highly the business men's endorsement of my candidacy for the house of representatives, and I wish it to be fully understood that I am not allied with any particular faction or factions, if any exist, but as a Republican, should I be honored with a nomination, will naturally seek the support of the whole party. I have established my home in Honolulu, and, should I be elected, hope to serve this community as faithfully as I did that which twice elected me to the house.

Honolulu should paste the epigram in their hats and let it soak in through the bald spots.

If Honolulu is to be given a mayor and a board of supervisors big-brained enough to grasp the opportunities that are to be offered to this community in the two years to come and clear-visioned enough to lay the foundations for the Greater Honolulu that is to be, the work can be accomplished only by those who are willing to do something for Honolulu getting into the dust and the scuffle of the political game and taking a share.

There are three thousand voters in this city who have not yet registered, and it is a safe bet that the majority of those three thousand are among the ones who complain loudest of the iniquities of Murray, the trivialities of Kruger, the mulishness of Low and the stupidity of Fern. A majority of the three thousand are the ones who kick because the streets are either dusty or muddy, and at the same time they are the ones the "practical politicians" refer to as the "silk stockings" or the "goo-goo gang," the ones who need never be considered or consulted, because they either never take the trouble to vote or vote when they do for "the straight ticket," which they never have any share in framing.

The first duty of the voter is to register; the next is to sign the precinct roll of the party to which he belongs; the next is to get acquainted with his fellow voters in his precinct and make up his private Who's Who for future reference; the next thing is to attend the precinct meetings and take a fair share in the proceedings, being neither too bumptious nor too lax; the next thing is to go to the precinct nominations and see that suitable candidates are nominated, for which task it is necessary to be familiar with the elemental rules that govern the precinct club workings; the next thing is to turn out and vote for the one fit to represent the precinct in convention. If nominated as a delegate, he should do his best to get elected, and when elected attend the convention, no matter whether the other delegates belong to his club or bridge circle or not. Get in and play the game; it will be a square game if enough square people engage in it.

From now on, bear in mind that one vote in the convention is worth forty at a prayer meeting, so far as politics is concerned and so far as the good government of the city is involved.

### MUCH LIKE OTHER MEN.

"How does a duke make love?"  
"Don't be silly," said the waitress, nervously.  
"Does he ever hold your hand?"  
"Why, certainly. Did you suppose he sat in the parlor holding a bundle of my four per cent bonds?"—Kansas City Journal.

## "CALL TO ARMS" SUMMONS THE NATIONAL GUARD INTO FIELD

"The Call to Arms" has startled the National Guard of Hawaii, perhaps not so much as it would if it hadn't been expected, but as it is every natural-born soldier boy whose military ambitions have led him to the militia is busy polishing up his rifle and hoping mightily that the mates and masters strike cads in time to permit him to get to Honolulu and show it off.

It is to be "Camp Damon" that the militia is ordered to and it is going to be on the top of Pukaki Hill overlooking the city on one side and Pearl Harbor on the other. The object is the annual encampment and drill and the dates are from August 29 to September 2, five days in which all the "pomp and circumstance" will be fully displayed and enjoyed.

Captain W. H. Johnson, 25th U. S. Infantry, the regular army officer detailed with the national guard, has drawn up a general program that will leave the warriors very little time to do anything else but "fight," drill, camp, march and go through the usual routine and evolutions of a regiment that has a squad of field officers looking at it through glasses. The program may be changed a little by Colonel Charles W. Ziegler of the guard later.

August 29.  
The encampment will be considered to have begun at ten o'clock Thursday on the 29th, with an inspection of the whole command in field equipment by the inspector-instructor. During this inspection the surgeon will make a sanitary inspection of the camp and the officers will then be talked to by Colonel Cooper on Camp Sanitation. In the afternoon a squad drill will be held from two until three followed by company drill under supervision of the battalion commanders which will last for an hour and a half. At five o'clock the First Battalion will go on parade, the officers and men of the Second Battalion as observers. At seven in the evening Captain Johnson will talk to the assembled officers, non-commissioned officers and selected privates on Discipline and Military Courtesy.

August 30.  
The next day squad instruction in patrolling will take place under the supervision of company commanders. Company drill in extended order is next on the schedule while the morning will close in instruction in first aid and medical matters by the surgeons.

There will be a tactical walk for officers in the afternoon during which the subject of "Outposts" will be discussed. Meanwhile non-commissioned officers and selected privates will receive instruction in extended drill in platoon or company from Sergeant Roberts of the regular army. At half-past four there will be battalion drills in close order and at five the Second Battalion will parade, the officers and men of the first as observers.

A problem will be prepared by the colonel commanding in outpost for camp, in the solution of which the whole command will take part. It will be on the assumption that the regiment has just reached camp after a fifteen-mile march through hostile country. The problem will be given to the lieutenant-colonel who will have command of the outpost. Recall will be sounded at half-past eight when Captain Johnson will talk to the officers on the night's work.

August 31.  
Company drills in extended order will open the next day's work, working out simple problems in advance and rear guard prepared by the battalion commanders assisted by their adjutants. At nine, after a half-hour's rest, each battalion will be placed in a position supposed to be attacked by an imaginary enemy. The situations and orders will be prepared and issued by the battalion commanders. This will conclude with a short close order drill and the work of the morning will then be reviewed by the colonel, the lieutenant-colonel and the instructor.

Another tactical walk will keep the officers occupied in the afternoon, Captain Johnson to talk on advance and rear guards. The non-commissioned officers and selected privates will be featured on the Care of the Rifle by Sergeant Roberts following which the non-coms will pass on the instruction to the privates under them. Regimental parade occurs at five o'clock. Papers by officers of the first regiment of the guard will be read at seven, followed by a talk by Captain Johnson on "The Attack."

September 1.  
The program for the fourth day's work promises the most interest. A battalion of war strength will be ordered out in the morning to work out a military problem with regular troops from Fort Shafter. This will be followed by talks by an observer with the regular troops and by Captain Johnson.

As soon in the afternoon as this vindicates him.

battalion can return the whole command will march three miles in full field equipment at the end of which a shelter tent camp will be established and the troops will go into bivouac for the night. Each man in the regiment will try cooking supper and breakfast for himself. Outposts during the night will be under command of Major Riley and will be established in connection with problems to be worked out the next day.

September 2.  
A war strength battalion under command of Major Riley will work out another problem with regular troops and will be again followed by talks by the observers in the morning.

Each enlisted man, promptly at one in the afternoon, will overhaul his rifle under the supervision of officers and at two o'clock the command will break camp, load its wagons and after a final inspection of the camp grounds is made, will march back to the armory in town in full field equipment.

## LOCAL DREDGING COMPANY WINS BIG MILITARY CONTRACT

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

Cable messages were received by Major B. Frank Cheatham, chief quartermaster of this department, from the war department in Washington yesterday, stating that the Hawaiian Dredging Company, Ltd., is the successful bidder for the construction of the cavalry post at Schofield Barracks at a figure of \$300,000. There were only two bids, that of the Dillinghams, representing the local company, and the Spalding Construction Company of Portland, Oregon. The bids were opened last Thursday in Washington and the award was made yesterday.

Altogether \$400,000 may be available for the work, but as congress has failed to pass the second installment, nearly \$200,000 having been already expended for material, it is a question as to just when the money will be within reach of the contractors. Because of this uncertainty the bids were on the percentage basis with interest for delay in securing the money from the government by the contractors.

Preliminary work has been in progress at Schofield Barracks for some time by the quartermaster's department, but it is nearly time now for the contractor to take hold. It is probable that work will be started by the successful bidders without any unusual delay under the contract as accepted, which provides for remuneration for delay in payments.

### ANTISEPTIC LINIMENT.

Cuts and bruises may be healed in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is an antiseptic and causes such injuries to heal without maturation. This liniment also relieves soreness of the muscles and rheumatic pains. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

## ROOSEVELT TALKS SOME MORE ON NEGRO QUESTION

By Associated Press Cable  
OXFORD, N. Y., August 10.—President Roosevelt said today that the negro question nearly disrupted the Progressives before the Chicago convention. He took his stand against the negro delegates only to prevent a repetition of the negro trouble at the Republican convention, he asserts.

## PRESIDENT TAFT TO SIGN PANAMA CANAL GOVERNMENT BILL

By Associated Press Cable.  
WASHINGTON, August 10.—President Taft today told callers at the White House that he expects to sign the Panama Canal bill as it passed the senate and that he believed the difficulties of the bill in the house and senate could be easily reconsidered and adjusted.

## HOUSE KICKS OUT A "TAINTED" CONGRESSMAN

By Associated Press Cable.  
WASHINGTON, August 10.—The house committee on elections today voted to unseat Representative Catlin of St. Louis on the ground that money was used in his election. A minority report as soon in the afternoon as this vindicates him.

**D. J. Collis Browne's**  
**Chlorodyne**  
The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.  
Acts like a Charm in  
**DIARRHOEA**, and is  
the only Specific in  
**CHOLERA** and  
**DYSENTERY.**  
The only Palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.  
Checks and arrests  
**FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.**  
The Best Remedy Known for  
**COUGHS, COLDS,**  
**ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.**  
Sole Manufacturers,  
J. T. DARTMOUTH, Ltd., London, E.C.



HELP THE EARTH —AND THE— EARTH WILL HELP YOU

We make fertilizer for every product and put on the market only what has been proven of real value. Let us know the purpose for which you want soil help and we will supply you.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co Honolulu, H. T.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

TO ALL POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, VIA VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

MOUNTAIN RESORTS. BANFF, GLACIER, MT. STEPHENS AND FRASER CANYON EMPRESS LINE OF STEAMERS FROM VANCOUVER.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line. Canadian Pacific Railway.

Castle & Cooke Co., Ltd Honolulu T. H.

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Ewa Plantation Co. Wainana Agricultural Co., Ltd. Apokaa Sugar Co., Ltd. Pulton Iron Works of St. Louis. Blake Steam Pumps. Western's Centrifugals. Babcock & Wilcox Boilers. Green's Fuel Economizer. Marsh Steam Pumps. Matson Navigation Co. Planters' Line Shipping Co. Kohala Sugar Co.

Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$600,000.00 SURPLUS.....100,000.00 UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....157,582.92

OFFICERS: C. H. Cooke.....President E. D. Tenney.....Vice-President F. B. Damon.....Cashier G. G. Fuller.....Assistant Cashier R. McCriston.....Assistant Cashier DIRECTORS: C. H. Cooke, E. D. Tenney, A. Lewis, Jr., E. P. Bishop, F. W. Macfarlane, J. A. McCandless, C. H. Atherton, Geo. R. Carter, F. B. Damon, F. C. Atherton, R. A. Cooke.

COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS DEPARTMENTS. Strict attention given to all branches of Banking. JUDD BLDG., FORT ST.

Castle & Cooke Co., Ltd

Life and Fire Insurance Agents

General Insurance Agents, representing New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston. Actna Fire Insurance Co.

ATTENTION—We have just accepted the Agency for the

The Protector Underwriters of the Phoenix of Hartford. These are also among the Roll of Honor in San Francisco.

DEADLOCK PREVENTS CHANGE IN SCHEDULE

The Star-Bulletin yesterday received the following cablegram from its Washington correspondent:

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The senate and house leaders today declare that sugar legislation by congress now is impossible as a result of the wide split between the two houses over the two bills passed. The house refuses to accept the Republican measure, the Lodge-Bristow bill, and the senate declines to favor any lower reduction of the tariff than provided for in this bill. A compromise is unlikely, according to open statements by leaders of both sides.

TAFT SIGNS BILL

By Associated Press Cable. WASHINGTON, August 11.—President Taft yesterday affixed his signature to the agricultural appropriation bill.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis U. S. of A.

BUSINESS MEN'S MEETING KICKS OUT KUHIO AND PICKS J. M. DOWSETT IN HIS STEAD

Adopts Report of Committee "Suggesting" Full List of Candidates for Places on Republican Ticket--Von Holt and Low Refuse to Run.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Utterly ignoring Prince Kuhio, a mass meeting of business and professional men met on the roof of the Young Hotel yesterday afternoon, adopted a tentative list of candidates whose names they were willing to support before the coming Republican convention, and in the campaign that will follow. In that list the Delegate's name does not figure. Save for the reading of his formal statement, made in response to a number of formal questions touching his attitude towards the Frear-Kuhio fight and other public matters, his name did not figure in the discussion that followed. In fact, it was as if he had been swallowed up like his namesake. One thing the meeting made plain. So far as the business men of Honolulu are concerned, Prince Cupid is dead politically.

In his place, if the say-so of the business men at the gathering yesterday carries weight with the coming convention, will be J. M. Dowsett, insurance man, sugar factor and business man of repute and large affairs. His name was presented to the meeting and brought forth the first applause. He announced that he would be the candidate for the nomination and if successful would run for the office now held by Cupid, provided only that he received the full and hearty support of the business community of this city.

Von Holt Quite Cold.

Not so Harry von Holt, selected as the committee's suggestion for the office of mayor. In a rather bitter letter to the Advertiser received in this office less than an hour after the last of those present at the Young Hotel meeting left the roof garden, he denied that he had been consulted by the committee, declared that his name was used without his permission, and asserted that he would not allow himself to be considered a candidate for the office.

And not so Eben Low, selected as the "suggestion" for sheriff. In an interview with an Advertiser representative last night Mr. Low said: "I will not accept the nomination for sheriff, as it would ruin my business. John Wise was the only member of the business men's committee who asked me if I would run, and I told him that I would not be a candidate under any circumstances. In view of that fact I feel that the committee used my name without my permission and without justification. As to the supervisors or any other political office which will not require my entire time, I might accept the nomination."

Dowsett Amazed.

To an Advertiser reporter last night Mr. Dowsett, head of the ticket, declared that he could not understand the action of Mr. von Holt or Mr. Low. He said:

"I saw Mr. von Holt for a moment this afternoon after the meeting and he said something about his letter. I presume that he will construe that to mean that he has seen me and so did not act without some notification. As a matter of fact I was so busy with other things that I did not fully understand him and thought he was joking.

"We spent a good deal of time and energy trying to get statements from the different men we selected as to whether they would run or not. I was informed that von Holt and Low had been 'seen' and would run. I am surprised to find they taking the stand they have. I shall expect some sort of explanation from the men supposed to have interviewed them.

"In the morning I shall take up their resignations with the committee and will then see if we can not get both to change their minds and remain with us."

Harmony at Meeting.

As a whole the mass meeting was harmonious, save for a ripple when Ed Irwin, editor of a weekly paper, persisted in questioning the chairman regarding the political complexion of the meeting until he was finally ruled out of order, and the question of Joel Cohen regarding the attitude of the meeting and the business community represented there towards men who might be candidates but whose names did not appear in the list, all went as according to program. There was no hint of the steam roller, but not even the most beautifully steam-rolled convention could have been more satisfactory to those responsible for the meeting.

Dowsett was the first speaker. He stated briefly the intention of the committee in preparing the list of 'suggested candidates' whose names are to be presented to the convention which will meet next month. He said, in part:

"The list presented here this afternoon, is but a number of suggestions which the committee has made after considerable careful thought and much expenditure of energy. It is not to be taken as a slate or a ticket in any sense of the word. It is merely the first step towards getting before the coming convention a decent set of men who will fairly and fully represent the best elements of the business community here. The convention is the final judge of the availability of these names. All we have to say is that we believe all of them are good men and all have a chance of being elected in the fall. All of these men have been approached

J. M. Dowsett.



BUSINESS MAN SELECTED YESTERDAY AS THE BEST MAN TO BEAT CUPID IN THE RACE FOR THE DELEGATESHIP.

by members of the committee and will run. You will notice that there are more than enough to fill all the places on the ticket. We believed it wiser to do that and to leave it to the convention to judge.

"As regards myself, I was, it is true, the chairman of the committee, and as such I concur with the selection which that body made. On my own behalf I wish to thank the committee for having named me. I never desired or aspired to the place, but I am willing to do my best should I be nominated to win. I want it fully understood that I reserve to myself the right to retire from the race at any time I feel that the full and hearty support of the business community is being withdrawn from me. I also wish to say that my relations with Prince Cupid have been friendly and I trust that personally they will continue to be so. I certainly shall not conduct a campaign of personalities in any sense of that word.

Need for Work.

To W. O. Smith the need for immediate and unceasing work appeared to be the greatest of all necessities now confronting the city. Mr. Smith said that "too many of our citizens are accustomed to sit still until the day of the election, and after going to the polls and voting console themselves that they have done their full duty to the state and city. As a matter of fact the real work of the election and civil government and the best work for good government is done at the precinct meetings. Results that are worth while can only be attained through the hardest of hard work, for the matter of government will not take care of itself."

In speaking of the results attained by the legislative machinery of the Territory, Mr. Smith said that as a rule they had been for the good of Hawaii, and a deal of credit for that was due to the Hawaiian members of the legislature. He referred to the censure which has been heaped upon the city government and declared that it will never better itself "but must be improved, if improved at all, from without. Business interests must get out and improve them before we can avoid the blame."

Mr. Smith also urged harmony and team work on the part of the business men in selecting and electing a ticket composed of sound, honest and efficient men.

Cohen's Kick.

At this point Cohen rose and asked what the sense of the meeting was towards avowed candidates whose names did not appear upon the list. He, he said, is a candidate and he wanted to know. To this Mr. Spalding replied that the list is not an "exclusive list" or a "limited ticket."

George W. Smith of the firm of Benson, Smith, made a motion to adopt the report of the committee as read, and include a resolution asking the convention to consider the list of candidates in view of the endorsement of the meeting. He declared that the meeting "should agree here and now to back up the men named on that list who might be selected as candidates by the convention."

As Mr. Smith finished and sat down a voice from the vicinity of the seat in which Jack Lucas was sitting was heard. "Damn fool," it muttered. In a neat little speech Senator Dieke came to the defense of Charlie Aebi, and Cohen bobbed up again with an unslaked thirst for information about the unlisted candidates. W. O. Smith asserted that the vote for the endorsement of the committee's list of names did not in any way bind a man, or restrict his personal liberty. Von Hanson clarified the situation by saying that while the committee was composed of Republicans and consequently selected none but Republicans that was no reason why Democrats or Progressives should not go ahead and do as the Republicans had done.

The report, which follows, was then adopted. Follows the report of the committee, in full: "Honolulu, T. H., August 9, 1912. "E. J. Spalding, Esq., Honolulu. "Sir:—The committee appointed at

a recent meeting of a few of the business men of Honolulu, to consider and report back respecting the political situation and the action to be taken at the coming elections, now submit the following report:

"After canvassing to the best of our ability the general situation, and after consulting with many people, we have prepared and now submit the following list of names of men whom the committee believes should receive the support of the business community, and who are willing to become candidates upon condition that they do receive hearty and general support from the business men of this community: Delegate to Congress, Hon. J. M. Dowsett; senators from the third senatorial district, W. C. Aebi, C. H. Cooke, Clarence Crabbe, Sam Dwight, John Hughes, S. Kalei-opp, P. R. Isaacberg.

Representatives, fourth district—C. F. Alfonso, William Ahia, J. H. Boyd, A. D. Castro, S. F. Chillingworth, J. Kamao, Ed Towse, Norman Watkins, William Williamson. Representatives, fifth district—C. K. Arnold, A. L. Castle, S. P. Correa, D. Douglas, E. K. Fernandes, Charles Kaneoka, S. K. Hoho, John K. Netley, M. P. Robinson Jr., James Young.

County Ticket.

"For Mayor, H. M. von Holt. Supervisors: Joe Andrade, Harry Auld, C. G. Bartlett, E. A. Berndt, Andrew Cox, J. K. Clarke, J. B. Enos, W. R. Farrington, E. P. Fogarty, Norman E. Gedge, James Gibb, W. H. Hoogs, C. A. Long, E. L. Schwarzberg, James Quinn, J. A. R. Vierra, F. L. Waldron; city and county clerk, David Kalaokalani, Jr.; city and county auditor, James A. Bicknell; city and county attorney, J. W. Catherall; city and county treasurer, E. M. Campbell; city and county sheriff, Eben P. Low; deputy sheriff, Honolulu, Charles Costa.

Republicans Only.

"In view of the fact that the personnel of this committee is all Republican it has seemed to us advisable to confine our report and recommendations to Republican candidates, leaving it to the business community, if it so desires, to ascertain through the medium of another available material for office upon the Democratic side.

"This committee urges that everyone interested in the welfare of the community and efficient government, enter into the primaries in an endeavor to see that good men are sent to the several conventions at which the nominations will be made. No movement for efficient government can be successful unless all citizens perform their full duty in this regard.

"In view of the recommendation of this committee respecting the delegateship, our chairman does not join in this report. The committee further desires to report that through a subcommittee it has been in consultation with the Hon. J. K. Kalaniana'ole, and appends hereto the letter addressed to him with the reply received thereto.

Respectfully submitted, J. W. WATERHOUSE, JOHN H. WISE, CLARENCE H. COOKE, B. VON DAMM, ALFRED L. CASTLE, C. R. HEMENWAY, Questions to Kuhio.

"Honolulu, August 5, 1912. "Dear Sir: At a meeting of a few business men held recently in Honolulu a committee of seven was appointed to undertake the canvass of available men for offices in the coming fall campaign, with a view to securing candidates who, if acceptable, could look for the political support of the business community as a whole. Bearing on your candidacy for the delegateship we have been appointed a subcommittee to ascertain your views on certain matters, and beg to submit the following questions, to which we hope you can give us an early reply:

"a. Will you agree to the entire elimination of the Frear-Kuhio controversy at the coming Republican convention? "b. Will you support the ticket as nominated at the coming Republican convention, regardless of whether you are nominated or not? "c. Will you run as an independent if you fail to secure the nomination of the coming Republican convention? "d. Will you kindly define what you mean by 'a more liberal administration of the land laws?' "e. What is your attitude on the immigration question? "f. What are your views and what would be your policy in congress, if elected, in regard to tariff changes? "g. Thanking you in advance for your good offices, we remain, dear sir, yours faithfully."

Cupid's Reply.

In reply Prince Cupid sent the committee the following answer: "Honolulu, T. H., August, 1912. "Messrs. J. M. Dowsett and Alfred L. Castle, Subcommittee on Consideration of Republican Candidates at Ensuing Election, etc., etc., Honolulu. "Gentlemen:—I am in receipt of your communication of August 5, 1912, in which you, acting on behalf of certain business men in Honolulu, submit to me some questions concerning my position on matters of public interest and request that I answer them. "I do not question in the slightest degree the right of the business men to submit to me any questions concerning public matters. It is a right which they have in common with all citizens in the Territory through whose votes any one may be chosen as Delegate from the Territory to congress. I have no hesitation in replying. In weighing my reply, however, I should like to direct your attention to the proposition that a Delegate to Congress is a representative not only of the business community but of others, perhaps a majority, who may not be properly classified as business men. "While the interests of all are often identical, yet there are at times apparent conflicts. It should be the duty of a representative of all the people in taking a stand on public questions to bear in mind all parts of the community: to endeavor to reconcile apparent conflicts in interest, and in the end to do that which will work the most good for the greatest number of people. If any of the views I here express may not meet with your entire approval, as business men, I know you will be liberal enough to attribute such divergence to an intent on my part to follow out this principle.

Republicans Only.

"While your letter does not state so directly, yet from the tenor of the

questions submitted I am justified in believing that, as business men, you are of the opinion that best results can be obtained through the administration of affairs by the Republican party, and that when you state that your committee of seven was appointed to undertake the canvass of available men for office in the coming fall campaign, with a view to securing candidates who, if acceptable, could look for the political support of the business community as a whole, you intended to refer to candidates on the Republican ticket. If I am wrong in this you may at once eliminate the rest of my letter, as I am a candidate for the nomination for delegate on the Republican ticket.

"Your first question is as follows: 'Will you agree to the entire elimination of the Frear-Kuhio controversy at the coming Republican convention?'

Question Evaded.

"I have never asked the Republican party as a party to take up the Frear-Kuhio controversy; on the contrary, I have consistently urged that the party take no part in it. Many months ago I urged the chairman of the territorial executive committee to have the committee do nothing whatever about it. To my request that this course be pursued, the committee replied by actively entering the contest in favor of Governor Frear, thus insisting that the controversy should not be eliminated as a party question.

"And when, in March last, I left Honolulu to return to my place in congress, I did so in pursuance of an agreement with a representative of the business men, that in the then approaching convention, the Frear-Kuhio controversy should be eliminated. But you are aware how well that agreement was kept when upon the assembling of that convention the 'business interests' at once insisted upon placing Governor Frear at the head of the delegation to Chicago.

Leaves a Loophole.

"Your next question is: 'Will you support the ticket as nominated at the coming Republican convention regardless of whether you are nominated or not?'

"I have said above that I am a Republican, which means that I will abide by the action of the Republican convention. The only qualification I should make to this would be that, if it should transpire that the convention was controlled and dominated by coercion and bribery, and that its action by reason of this should not fairly represent the wishes of the Republican voters, I would not feel bound by it. I am sure that you gentlemen, representing as you do the business community, will most heartily join with me in this qualification, since, as a rule, the business community of Hawaii is in favor of honesty and fair play.

"Your next question is, 'Will you run as an Independent, if you fail to secure the nomination of the coming Republican convention?' My answer to the question immediately preceding is a sufficient answer.

On the Land Question.

"In your next question you ask me to define what I mean by 'a more liberal administration of the Land Law.' "Again do I have no hesitation in answering. It has appeared to me that our present land laws have been administered on the theory that applicants for homesteads are, as a rule, dishonest; that applicants are not made in good faith; that persons apparently seeking homes are actuated by hidden, sinister motives. So palpable has been this course that 'homesteader' has become synonymous with 'fakir' insofar as the present administration of the land laws is concerned. Quite contrary to the rules followed by the executive departments, by the courts, and by congress in dealing with homesteaders of the public lands of the United States, of liberal construction in favor of the homesteader, the officers charged with the administration of the laws of Hawaii have adopted the policy of a strict construction in favor of the government and against the homesteader.

"To enter into detail as to this matter, and to cite the many instances which establish beyond peradventure of a doubt the existence of such a policy, would be to reopen in this letter the controversy concerning the reappointment of Governor Frear. This I know you do not desire. Suffice it to say that, whether I continue as Delegate or not, I shall do all in my power to completely change the policy which I believe has been consistently pursued during the last decade.

Wants Middle Class.

"I believe that the time has come when it will be necessary to build up in Hawaii a middle class, which is the only guarantee of permanent prosperity in any community. Just as long as the land laws are administered in such a way that citizens of the United States, or persons qualified to become citizens, find discouragement in their efforts to secure homes, the establishment of a middle class will be exceedingly difficult.

"In this connection I may indeed go one step further than the above. Not only shall I continue to urge this liberal construction and administration of the land laws, but wherever they may be found deficient, and in themselves contain obstructions to the populating of Hawaii by home-owning citizens, I shall urge that the legislature memorialize congress for proper amendments, and that congress shall adopt such amendments, and that assistance, not obstruction, shall be the rule.

"I might add that I feel sure that the majority of you realize the importance of the question, and will go at least as far as I myself am willing to go in this respect.

Wants Europeans.

"You ask for my attitude on the immigration question. I do not quite understand whether you refers to the question locally or from the national standpoint. However, one answer will cover both phases. I believe that the immigration of desirable Europeans, eligible to become citizens of the United States, should be encouraged, and that upon their arrival in the Hawaiian Islands they should be accorded neither greater nor lesser rights than resident citizens or resident aliens eligible to become citizens.

"Your question as to what would be my policy in congress, should I be again elected, in regard to tariff changes, is sufficiently answered, as it seems to me, by my attitude upon that subject at all times since my first election to congress. You cannot be ignorant of the fact that I have at all times used such efforts as

I was able, to avoid the reduction of the existing tariff on sugar, and I see no reason at present why I should change this attitude, in the event of my reelection. I have stood, and will continue to stand, for the success and prosperity of our island industries, in the list of which, sugar stands at the head.

"Very respectfully yours, "Signed) J. KALANIANA'OLE."

PARENTS ARRAIGNED ON MURDER CHARGE

Chinese Are Held to Answer for Death of Their Infant Daughter.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Chun Kim Set, the wealthy Chinese contractor, and his wife, Chun Wong Chee, indicted by the territorial grand jury on the charge of murdering their infant daughter, were arraigned before Judge Whitney yesterday morning and reserved their pleas until Thursday.

Attorneys C. F. Peterson and Loris Andrews appeared as their counsel and between now and Thursday will prepare affidavits tending to show that the parents are not guilty of the crime, and will endeavor to have them let out on bail. In order to obtain this privilege, it will be necessary for the affidavits to convince the court that the presumption that they are guilty of first degree murder is not great.

The affidavits will be to the effect that the couple have two children, a boy and a girl, whom they have cared for properly. Affidavits of reputable people will show that they have ever been very affectionate parents, and that the death of the infant whom they are charged with murdering was caused by an accident for which the affidavit will disclose the parents were in no way responsible.

Attorney Peterson said yesterday that evidence had been discovered since the coroner's inquest tending to show without question that the death of the child was the result of an accident.

Court Notes.

The two soldiers, John F. Bates and Howard C. Duke, charged with burglary in the first degree, were arraigned before Judge Whitney yesterday on indictments presented by the grand jury. Both reserved their pleas until August 15.

Deputy United States Marshal Harry Holt left yesterday afternoon on the Sonoma with Clyde Ward Allen, who was arrested by Marshal Hendry last Wednesday at the request of federal officials in Los Angeles. Mr. Holt took with him as guard John B. Kellert of the local police department.

Marshal Hendry received an authorization from the attorney general for the expenditure of the amount necessary to deliver Allen into the charge of the Los Angeles authorities, and thus was enabled to establish a record for quick action in this case. Nine days from the receipt of advice here from Los Angeles authorities that the man was wanted, he will be delivered to them. The cable was received about four o'clock in the afternoon of August 7; at eight o'clock that night Allen was arrested, and he should arrive in Los Angeles and be delivered to the authorities there by August 16 or 17.

FEARS CHANGES IN GREAT REGISTER

City and County Clerk Kalaokalani Asks Governor to Let Precincts Stand.

How would you like to be the city clerk with a Great Register containing about a ton of signatures in it all neatly arranged by precincts and then have a Governor issue a proclamation upsetting the precincts and making you work overtime for a month straightening out the voters? 'Tis the position of David Kalaokalani, city and county clerk, and the prospect proved so alarming to him that he called on Governor Frear and asked him to refrain from changing the precincts at all.

So it is seen that great registers have their troubles too, which are shared by their legal custodians. Only an unkind fate, Kalaokalani believes, would have made a change in precincts necessary in the first year of the great register. He does not believe that fate is that unkind whether the Governor is or not.

"I do not believe there will be much difficulty if we simply cut the precincts in two," said Governor Frear yesterday. "Of course, if we mixed them all up with crooked boundaries and uneven sections there would be a great deal of work. Mr. Kalaokalani asked that the proclamation changing the precincts be withheld. These matters have not been taken up yet but I am making a note of every suggestion and objection that is made, and they will all be considered when the time comes."

TIME SAVED.

If you are a working man, you will appreciate the promptness with which Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy acts. A severe attack of diarrhoea or cramp colic is usually cured by one or two doses and no loss of time will be incurred; whereas several days would be required to overcome the effect of such an attack under the ordinary method of treatment. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

**We Ask "WHY COUGH?"**



**Q. What is good for my cough?**  
A. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

**Q. How long has it been used?**  
A. Seventy years.

**Q. Do doctors endorse it?**  
A. If not, we would not make it.

**Q. Do you publish the formula?**  
A. Yes. Or every bottle.

**Q. Any alcohol in it?**  
A. Not a single drop.

**Q. How may I learn more of this?**  
A. Ask your doctor. He knows.

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

**BUSINESS CARDS.**

**HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.**

**NOTICE.**

Annual Meeting Hui Kua'i Aina of Wai'anae.

The Annual Meeting of the above hui will be held at the headquarters at Wai'anae on Thursday, September 5, at 10 a.m. All persons interested are requested to be present.

JAS. K. APOLO,  
President, Anahala Kauni  
July 27, 1912.  
3732—July 20, Aug. 6, 13, 20.

**"COUNTY AUDITING NOT UP TO ME," ASSERTS FISHER**

(From Monday's Advertiser.)

Territorial Auditor J. H. Fisher returned from Hilo yesterday on the Matson liner Wilhelmina and was later seen at his home on Keeaunoku street, tired, but still in the ring. Naturally, Mr. Fisher was filled with interest over the report of H. Gooding Field, which he characterized as a "careful" report.

In connection with the liquor license commission's trouble over accounts, in connection with the alleged mix-up financially of R. A. Lyman, its secretary, Mr. Fisher stated that the Territory has had nothing to do with it since July 1, 1911, when it became a county concern. Before then the commission's accounts had been audited by one of his deputies and found correct.

In regard to the bookkeeping system of the county, which he installed, he said that it was his purpose in the first place to make it as simple as possible commensurate with efficiency.

"It was simple enough for a baby to understand," remarked Mr. Fisher. "Going into more detail, Mr. Fisher said:

"The original county act of 1903 was copied from that of the State of California governing certain counties therein. It provided that the territorial auditor must establish the county systems, and, with this end in view, I wrote to several counties in California, and got from them books, forms and rulings, parts of which I used, though much could not be used, as we had not here the laws supporting many of them. I sent these books and forms out to the county officers-elect, but when the county act was declared invalid, I succeeded in getting most of them back, and I kept them until the 1905 county act went into effect. Then I sent the books to the county officials, explaining how they might be used.

"My duties are merely to see that the counties were given a uniform system. I have distinctly nothing to do with the auditing of their books, although I have, when looking at the form in which the auditor of this county kept his books, asked him whether he had his trial balance, and I have found that he took such regularly. I asked about this more from curiosity than because it was any duty of mine to do so. Furthermore, the system may be adhered to, and yet a number of small details, and various accounts, may be added, with which I have nothing to do. It is certainly out of the question for my office, which is over two hundred miles away, to be responsible for the bookkeeping of this county."

**CHAMPION PUG MUST FACE SMUGGLING CHARGE**

CHICAGO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulson Wireless)—Charges against Jack Johnson of intimidating a government witness in the smuggling indictment against Johnson and his wife were dismissed by government prosecutors today. It was announced, however, that the government would press the trial for smuggling.

**NOTHING SUPERIOR.**

An ordinary case of diarrhoea, as a rule, is cured by a single dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This remedy has no superior for bowel complaints. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

**WEST MAILS**  
Coast Orient and Colonial

Mails go from the following points as follows:

San Francisco—Per Honolulu, tomorrow.

Yokohama—Per Chiyo Maru, today.

Australia—Per Makura, today.

Vancouver—Per Marana, tomorrow.

Mails will depart to the following points as follows:

San Francisco—Per Chiyo Maru, tomorrow.

Yokohama—Per Siberia, Aug. 16.

Vancouver—Per Makura, today.

Australia—Per Marana, tomorrow.

**MARINE TIDINGS.**  
By Merchants' Exchange.

Friday, August 9, 1912.

Seattle—Sailed, July 31, Gas. str. Lda May for Honolulu (consigned to J. H. Wilson—reported returned with propeller broken).

Saturday, August 10, 1912.

San Francisco—Sailed, August 10, 2 p. m., S. S. Siberia for Honolulu.

Gaviota—Arrived, August 9, Sp. Marion Chilcott, hence July 13.

The A. H. S. S. Missourian sailed from Seattle for Honolulu yesterday.

The A. H. S. S. Mexican arrived at Seattle from Salina Cruz yesterday.

The schooner Helene sailed from Port Townsend for Honolulu yesterday.

Monday, August 12, 1912.

Port San Luis—Arrived, August 10, S. S. Santa Rita from Hilo, August 3.

Seattle—Sailed, August 11, S. S. Missourian for Honolulu.

Port Townsend—Arrived, August 11, Schooner Helene, hence July 17.

San Francisco—Arrived, August 11, S. S. Mexican from Salina Cruz.

Gaviota—Sailed, August 10, Sp. Marion Chilcott for Honolulu.

**AGROGRAM.**

S. S. Hyades—Will arrive from Seattle about 7 a. m., Tuesday.

S. S. Chiyo Maru—Will arrive from Yokohama Tuesday morning and sail for San Francisco Wednesday morning.

S. S. Honolulu—Will arrive from San Francisco Wednesday morning.

**DEPARTED.**

T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, for Orient, 4 p. m.

O. S. S. Sonoma, for San Francisco, 5 p. m.

P. M. S. S. Manchuria, for San Francisco, 11 a. m.

Schr. W. H. Smith, for Sound ports, a. m.

Str. Kilauoa, for Maui and Hawaii ports, a. m.

Str. Mauna Kea, for Hawaii ports, p. m.

Str. Claudine, for Maui ports, p. m.

Str. Kinau, for Kauai ports, p. m.

Str. Wallele, for Hawaii ports, p. m.

Str. Neau, for Kauai ports, 11 a. m.

Str. W. G. Hall, for Kauai ports, 4:45 p. m.

A. H. S. S. Virginian, p. m.

Str. Likelike, for Hawaii ports, 12 m.

Str. Iwawani, for Maui and Hawaii ports, 12 m.

Str. Mikahala, for Maui, Molokai and Lanai ports, 5 p. m.

**PASSENGERS.**

Arrived.

Per O. S. S. Sonoma, from Sydney by the way of Pago Pago, August 9.—For Honolulu: R. Moffat, Fritz Schlosser, E. F. Hanbold, Wm. Gitt, Mrs. W. Gitt, Master G. Gitt, C. Greenan, Mrs. C. Greenan, Mort Mansfield, Through: J. S. Badger, R. M. Badger, Dr. W. A. H. Burkitt, Miss C. Cockroft, Mrs. E. H. Caldwell, A. F. Coffin, Miss J. Cullen, Chas. DuVal, Mrs. C. DuVal, Miss Xine Dunning, Miss Anna Keefe, Geo. McDonald, Mrs. J. McDonald, Edward Mead, Mrs. P. A. Peters, Miss Ruth Peters, Miss D. Peters, F. P. Paul, Harold Samuels, J. Brooks Thornley, Mrs. C. Vassault, Mrs. G. Waitman, Miss Grace Waitman, H. P. Wellman, Mrs. H. P. Wellman, Murray Wellman, Theodore Wellman, George Wellman, John Blair, Alex. Boyle, W. H. Coleman, Cecil Abbott, B. W. Blanchard, R. D. Longley, Lieut. D. Baker, Mrs. S. M. Baker, Carlos V. Baker, M. J. Bridgman, C. E. Godkin, Mrs. W. K. Coleman, O. S. Galloway, Samuel Matzkind, Frederick Levy, Ernest D. Mercer, C. M. Mulford, Miss Janet Crose, Lieut. and Mrs. C. S. McDowall, P. Harbert, E. B. Johnston, Mrs. Rose Stull, Miss Helen Stull, F. E. Tracy, Wm. Peters, Max Rubin, Jas. H. Trevor, Miss M. McDowall, E. A. Wood-Ward, Mrs. R. Wood-Ward, Mrs. E. E. Johnston, Elder L. C. Ormond, W. Lee Welch, Mrs. W. L. Welch, P. B. Welch, Miss Grace Welch, P. J. Williams, Louis Woolf, Miss R. Wood-Ward, B. C. Pomeroy.

Per T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, from San Francisco, August 9.—For Honolulu: Mr. and Mrs. W. Gordon, Miss E. B. Gordon, Mrs. A. R. Smith, Prof. Yokobama, F. Kenki, Prof. H. Funabashi, Alf. Jordan, E. R. Kellagay, V. Pike, Miss K. Pike, T. W. Rhode, Mrs. T. W. Rhode, H. Sakai, Dr. M. Sengoku, J. Tachikura, A. Wolford, Mrs. A. Wolford, M. Yamanouchi. For Kobe: Bishop and Mrs. W. B. Murray, Rev. and Mrs. A. A. Pieters, Master E. F. Pieters, Master R. B. Pieters, E. T. Shaw, Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Whiting, For Shanghai: Mr. and Mrs. W. Boone, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Johnson, H. Johnson, Miss M. Johnson, Miss B. Johnson, Mrs. H. J. Luck, Miss M. White. For Hong Kong: Mr. and Mrs. A. Adams, N. Gattilo, Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Kakin, J. M. A. Kakin, J. S. H. Kakin, J. R. Huffin, Miss F. Huffin, T. O. Janney.

**DEPARTED.**

Per T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, for the Orient, August 9.—Miss Alop, H. T. Jenkins, Mrs. Y. Mori, Robert Orr, Rev. G. M. Rowland, Mrs. G. M. Rowland, Thos. Swan, H. L. Winans, Mrs. H. P. Wood, Miss Wood.

Per str. Mauna Kea, for Hilo, via way ports, Aug. 10.—C. A. Woods, E. Langer, C. A. Cottrill, wife and son, E. C. Scheukel, F. G. Jones, J. E. Hughes, E. W. Gezell, Miss C. Case, Miss C. Gezell, J. Doyle and wife, Miss H. Smith, Mrs. H. G. Barclay, A. Ross and party, B. F. Ticker, Mrs. Jno. A. Bortfeld, Miss Bortfeld, W. Morgan, Miss Houghtailing, Mrs. R. A. Wadsworth, C. McClellan, A. E. W. Todd, James Nott, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Harris, G. S. Young, Lee Ong, John P. Maby, F. Fernandez, G. W. Jamison, Geo. C. Gautley, Miss M. Crollins, Mrs. J. F. Crollins, Miss M. Crollins, A. McClellan, C. Brown, Miss R. Macy, P. M. McMahon, M. Lidgate, J. M. Lidgate, C. O. Butler.

Per str. Kilauoa, for Kona and Kau ports, August 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kapala, Miss L. Ackerman, Mrs. Alice Hayward, Mrs. C. M. Cooke, Jr. and two children, Mrs. W. W. Goodale and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Sol. Hanohano, Mrs. Moran, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Toomey, Miss Ina Ferguson, Wallace Cooper, Judge Cooper, Mrs. Clair, Miss Pope and party, Mrs. W. A. Dickson and child, Mrs. K. M. Kaai, Mrs. O. M. Kekuewa, Miss Lucy Mansfield, Master Geo. Mansfield, Miss Belia, Miss Hanohano.

Per str. Kinau, for Kauai ports, August 10.—P. Bell, R. S. Hosmer, Mrs. F. Andrecht, A. H. Hanna, M. Haysa, P. Bull, Mrs. F. C. Palmer, J. C. Bartlett, John Choy, Ching Shai, L. Aaron, W. B. Bolster, Miss E. Hiorth, Miss Gerd Hiorth.

Per str. Claudine, for Hilo, via way ports, Aug. 10.—P. G. H. Deverill, John Cutton, Miss Agnes Miesner, Mrs. Albert Parson and infant, N. V. Kabb, Miss S. Haunsted, Miss G. Armstrong, Miss H. G. Forbes, H. S. Decker, Miss H. Smith, Miss D. Smith, Miss E. Sheldon, Miss Olive Mitchell, Miss Hannah Sheldon, Mrs. Daisy Sheldon, Mrs. John E. Schmidt, Miss H. Johnson, Mrs. Helen Williams, Mr. and Mrs. John Andrade, W. P. Hain, J. A. Medeiros.

**SPIES! SAYS LA FOLLETTE.**

WASHINGTON, August 12.—(By Associated Press)—Senator La Follette today created a sensation in the senate by declaring that official spies had opened mail to prevent an investigation of the postal service, and that attempts to start an investigation had been learned of by this method.

Lieut. Col. A. G. Marrable, T. S. McEachran, Miss R. M. Mercer, W. M. Miles, D. L. Rosenfeld, T. P. Shew, Mrs. C. Shun, Master F. Shun, J. E. Springer and wife, Master John Y. Springer, Master Maxwell Springer, Mrs. M. L. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Swan, F. Techter, Mrs. P. A. Teupleton, J. H. Tibbs, L. A. Train, G. W. Viley.

Per M. N. S. S. Wilhelmina, Aug. 11.—From Hilo: Dr. Keator, Miss Keator, Mrs. Keator and son, G. W. Taylor, J. Churchhill, Miss E. Duffy, S. W. Dowell and wife, S. E. Deekinger and wife, Mrs. Shields, Mrs. Plegar, Miss Plegar, E. G. Sampson and wife, Miss Land, Miss Welkins, J. Gablonsky, Miss Durie, Miss Toy, Mrs. Walker, Dr. Little, Miss Little, Miss W. V. Elmer, Miss D. A. Parker, Miss Waipou, Miss Perley, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson, L. Andrews and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Goodspeed, Miss D. C. Simpson, Fred Wichman, J. L. Young, Miss M. Phillips, Mrs. W. W. Ulrich and two children, Rev. W. G. Goulman, Mr. C. Schaefer, Mr. F. Schaefer, C. Jones, Miss P. Schaefer, Miss M. Fischel, Miss Sweets, Miss Atherton, Mr. and Mrs. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Nickelsen, Mr. M. C. Danneen, Mrs. Metz, Miss O. Saunders, Miss F. Castle, Miss E. Cross, Dr. Nogaard, Mr. and Mrs. Garstein, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Booth and child, Miss Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. von Holt, Mr. S. Woodruff, Mr. von Holt, Jr., Mr. P. Brown, A. Weiff, Mrs. Ecleston, Miss Sloane, W. R. Farrington and three children, Professor Farrington, Miss Ambrose, S. N. Castle, Judge Bennett and wife and child, E. J. Duisenberg and wife, Dr. and Mrs. Sexton and child, John Young, O. A. Hind, Mrs. P. McCrae, C. K. Notley, Mrs. W. McCall and three children, Mr. McCall, Dr. McCaulay, A. W. Todd and wife and child, Joseph Gasper, B. F. Diltingham, W. Pimentre, H. Buscher, R. M. Lindsay, G. Irwin, Mrs. E. Madden and son, H. Meyer, J. P. Warren, J. M. Muir and son, Marston Campbell and son, Albert Horner and son, J. D. Fisher Sr., Mrs. C. Wolfers, maid and child, Miss Gardner, Miss Kopke, Miss Moore, 26 steerage for Hilo.

From Kahului: D. G. Desha, James Gossalves, J. N. Williams and wife and child, J. L. Williams, Mrs. Stoggett and two children, Miss K. Minahan, J. M. Cox, J. B. Cox, J. H. Kelly, Ben Yamaka and wife, Y. Lis, Mrs. G. D. Wright and two children, Mrs. A. R. Robertson and two children, Ben Lyons, M. P. Gomes and child, M. Masuana, M. S. Garden, James Cummings, U. Mitzu, Wadugami. No steerage from Kahului.

Per U. S. A. T. Sherman, from San Francisco Aug. 12.—For Honolulu: Col. P. H. French, 2d Infantry, wife and daughter; Capt. C. G. Hall, 5th Cavalry, wife and two children; Mrs. H. J. Koebler, Mrs. E. C. Besson, Miss Jessie I. McAfee, Miss Frances M. Steel, George Johnson, Q. M. D., wife and three children; Reuben Clark and wife, Cyrus D. Bishop, wife and child; Mrs. J. W. Jones and daughter, Miss G. Hoag, nephew, Mrs. Robert O'Neal, Mrs. M. T. Simonton and son, G. K. Larrison, For Manila: Col. M. W. Ireland, Capt. Harrison Hall, wife and two children; Capt. W. S. Wood and wife, Lt. J. W. Peyton and wife, Lt. Phillip W. Booker, wife, child and sister-in-law; Lt. John T. Rhett, Lt. Thomas D. Woodson, Lt. G. G. Snow and wife, Lt. S. L. Weld and wife, Lt. Frank T. McCabe, Frank N. Brown, Charles E. Whiton, Mrs. J. H. Prier and three children, Mrs. Chas. T. King, Mrs. E. L. Hunt, Miss Cecilia C. Behand, Miss Elizabeth Fleming, Miss Regina Farrell and two nephews, Miss Margaret Collins, Ensign Edward G. Lange, Ensign Dorsey C. Thomas, Irwin D. Coyle, James McCarthy, E. H. Bower, Vernon L. Holland, B. K. Roessler, I. Clark, E. P. Da-Dois, Lt. Franklin B. Garrett, Lt. John E. Doxey, Mrs. Frederick McBride, Charles E. Morales, Miss Christina Sharp, Assst. Surgeon R. H. Heterick, For Guam: A. J. Menocal and wife, Passed Assistant Surgeon Longabaugh and wife.

**DEPARTED.**

Per T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, for the Orient, August 9.—Miss Alop, H. T. Jenkins, Mrs. Y. Mori, Robert Orr, Rev. G. M. Rowland, Mrs. G. M. Rowland, Thos. Swan, H. L. Winans, Mrs. H. P. Wood, Miss Wood.

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SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulson Wireless)—James E. Denny, a retired sea captain, was found dead in his bed at an early hour this morning. Death is believed to have been due to heart disease.

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No kidney ailment is unimportant. Don't overlook the slightest backache or urinary irregularity. Nature may be warning you of approaching dropsy, or fatal Bright's disease. Kidney disease is seldom fatal if treated in time, but neglect paves the way for serious kidney trouble. Don't neglect a lame or aching back another day. Don't ignore dizzy spells, irregular or discolored urine, headaches, weariness or depression. Begin treating the kidneys with the reliable, time-tried remedy, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. For 75 years, Doan's have been curing sick kidneys and curing permanently. Endorsed by Honolulu people.

B. T. White, Pearl City, Oahu, Honolulu, Hawaii, says: "I am ninety-two years of age and suffered from backache and kidney disease for eight years. I have given Doan's Backache Kidney Pills a fair trial and have been so greatly benefited that I cheerfully recommend them to other kidney sufferers."

**READY FOR WORK ON BREAKWATER**

Great Preparations Being Made by D. E. Metzger—To Use New Methods.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, August 10.—While nothing is said as to the date on which the actual dumping of rock on the new breakwater contract will be begun, preparations are now being made by D. E. Metzger, whose place near the breakwater has become one of the busiest in Hilo.

Metzger stated last week that the entire work would be conducted from scows, his former methods of running tracks and a derrick from the end of the breakwater having been abandoned. One scow has already been built by the contractors, but this is being used only for transportation of machinery and supplies from the steamer to Metzger's headquarters. It will later on be used to bring oil from the harbor to be used by the contractors.

Three other scows are to be built at Metzer's as soon as the lumber for them arrives. This cargo is being carried by the schooner E. K. Wood, which is expected from Portland soon. These scows will be very large, measuring 115 by 40 feet, and each of them will carry a derrick with which to unload and place the rock.

**WIRELESS FOR AID BRINGING HELP TO A LEAKING LINER**

MONTREAL, Quebec, August 12.—(By Associated Press)—The British steamship Corsican, with two hundred passengers, bound for this port from Liverpool, struck an iceberg off the Newfoundland coast yesterday and has sent regent wireless messages for help. She reports that she is leaking seriously, but is proceeding at full speed for the nearest port.

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**HAWAII COUNTY'S FINANCES MIXED**

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Showing how the county of Hawaii can save \$68,635 in expenses every year and yet increase its administrative efficiency, H. Gooding Field has filed his report with the Hilo board of trade. Mr. Field goes fearlessly to the root of things.

"Report on the Administrative Organization of the County of Hawaii." This is the title which Mr. Field gives to his voluminous report of fifty typewritten pages embodying the results of his months of work among the records and archives of the county of Hawaii at the request of the Hilo board of trade. The results as shown in this report are of great importance, not only to the county of Hawaii, but to all other counties in the Territory.

Prefacing his report Mr. Field in a letter to the president of the board of trade, says, among other things: "The recommendations and other information contained in the report are made as the result of a study of the material and personal efficiency of the organization, embracing activities of a technical nature, and transactions involving business and financial procedure, together with accounting organization and administration."

"Under the heading 'General Survey' and other divisions of the report, recommendations have been made with the view of effecting changes in the present working methods and the building up of the organization on efficient lines, involving estimated annual savings of at least \$68,635."

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**A STITCH IN TIME**

Honolulu People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.

No kidney ailment is unimportant. Don't overlook the slightest backache or urinary irregularity. Nature may be warning you of approaching dropsy, or fatal Bright's disease. Kidney disease is seldom fatal if treated in time, but neglect paves the way for serious kidney trouble. Don't neglect a lame or aching back another day. Don't ignore dizzy spells, irregular or discolored urine, headaches, weariness or depression. Begin treating the kidneys with the reliable, time-tried remedy, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. For 75 years, Doan's have been curing sick kidneys and curing permanently. Endorsed by Honolulu people.

B. T. White, Pearl City, Oahu, Honolulu, Hawaii, says: "I am ninety-two years of age and suffered from backache and kidney disease for eight years. I have given Doan's Backache Kidney Pills a fair trial and have been so greatly benefited that I cheerfully recommend them to other kidney sufferers."

**READY FOR WORK ON BREAKWATER**

Great Preparations Being Made by D. E. Metzger—To Use New Methods.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, August 10.—While nothing is said as to the date on which the actual dumping of rock on the new breakwater contract will be begun, preparations are now being made by D. E. Metzger, whose place near the breakwater has become one of the busiest in Hilo.

Metzger stated last week that the entire work would be conducted from scows, his former methods of running tracks and a derrick from the end of the breakwater having been abandoned. One scow has already been built by the contractors, but this is being used only for transportation of machinery and supplies from the steamer to Metzger's headquarters. It will later on be used to bring oil from the harbor to be used by the contractors.

Three other scows are to be built at Metzer's as soon as the lumber for them arrives. This cargo is being carried by the schooner E. K. Wood, which is expected from Portland soon. These scows will be very large, measuring 115 by 40 feet, and each of them will carry a derrick with which to unload and place the rock.

**WIRELESS FOR AID BRINGING HELP TO A LEAKING LINER**

MONTREAL, Quebec, August 12.—(By Associated Press)—The British steamship Corsican, with two hundred passengers, bound for this port from Liverpool, struck an iceberg off the Newfoundland coast yesterday and has sent regent wireless messages for help. She reports that she is leaking seriously, but is proceeding at full speed for the nearest port.

A number of steamers who picked up her wireless calls are proceeding to her relief. She is in constant touch with the wireless station at Glace Bay, Nova Scotia. No immediate danger is feared.

**IMMIGRANT SHIP IN BAD CONDITION**

ROTTERDAM, Holland, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulson Wireless)—The North German Lloyd steamship Frankfurt, which yesterday collided with the German steamship Bremen off Hook of Holland lightship, bound to Canada from Bremen with 500 emigrants on board, entered the Hook of Holland today, towed by four tugs. Of her passengers, 460 were still on board, the remainder having been transferred to the Dutch steamer June.

**ON LAST VOYAGE.**

SAN FRANCISCO, August 12.—(Special to The Advertiser by Poulson Wireless)—James E. Denny, a retired sea captain, was found dead in his bed at an early hour this morning. Death is believed to have been due to heart disease.

**HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE**

Honolulu, Monday, August 12, 1912.

NAME OF STOCK	CAPITAL PAID UP	PAN VAL	HILO	ASK
<b>MERCANTILE</b>				
<b>C. Brewer &amp; Co.</b>				
<b>SUGAR</b>				
Haw. Agricultural	2,000,000	100	190	32
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,317,750	25	4	414
Haw. Sug. Co.	3,000,000	21	41	42
Honolulu	2,000,000	100	100	170
Honolulu	2,000,000	2	101	170
Hulu	1,000,000	100	105	2174
Hutchinson Sugar Plantation Co.	2,500,000	25	100	100
Kahuku	1,000,000	20	15	164
Kekaha Sugar Co.	900,000	100	100	100