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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.
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VON HAMM-YOUNG

Wedding and Brilliant Reception Last Evening.

TWO WELL KNOWN YOUNG PEOPLE

Church Beautifully Decorated—In-
vitations Issued to More
Than 500 People.

More than 500 people of the city were invited to be present at the wedding of Mr. C. von Hamm and Miss Bernice Young at Central Union Church, and the reception at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Alexander Young, on King street, last evening. Both the bride and groom are well known and popular with their friends, and the majority of those invited were present at both the ceremony at the church and the brilliant reception which followed at the residence. Among the guests there were members of every branch of Honolulu's political, business and professional life, a representative gathering of the cosmopolitan character of the island civilization.

The ceremony at the church was at 8 o'clock. For half an hour before the guests were gathering. They were shown to their seats by the four ushers, Messrs. Young, A. B. Babbitt, W. Wolters and John Hamburg. In the reserved seats Mrs. Dole, Minister and Mrs. S. M. Damon, Mrs. Alexander Young, Miss Her- rick, E. P. Dole, Dr. and Mrs. Ander- son, Mr. Wall, Mrs. and Miss Widdifield, Mr. and Mrs. Focke, Mrs. and the Misses Vida.

Never before has Central Union been more beautifully decorated. This was entirely in charge of Miss Herrick and her success was universally commended on. The decorations were of green, relieved only by a single group of white lilies at each side of the platform before the pulpit. At either side of the organ loft was a tall bunch of bamboo, spread in a fan shape from the tops of which a long festoon of malle was draped along the wall to the low hanging beams of the roof. The rail to the organ loft was a mass of ferns entwined. Pots of palms, of several varieties, were on the pulpit platform, arranged symmetrically. Among them were tall groups of ferns. The display of green was lavish. Its beauty was as well in the arrangement as in the ferns and palms themselves.

While the guests were assembling the organist, Professor Ingalls, of Oahu college, played Dubois' Grande Chorus, Thine Eyes So Blue and Tender by Lassen, Gavotte from Mignon by Thomas. Shortly after 8 o'clock the bridal party arrived at the en- trance. The bride, the bridesmaids and the maid of honor, were hand- somely gowned. The bride wore white satin with white chiffon and veil, she carried a bouquet of white asters. The maid of honor, Miss Bertha Young, wore white muslin over cream colored satin. The bridesmaids, Misses May Young, May Damon, Dottie Widdifield and Wall, wore pink organdie, decollete, with pink satin neck bands. They each carried a bouquet of asters and ferns.

As the procession entered the church the organist played Wagner's Bridal chorus from Lohengrin. The party was met at the altar by the groom and groomsmen, H. P. P. Schultze. The bride was given away by her father, Mr. Alexander Young. Rev. Doug- las P. Birnie performed the ceremony. The responses were very clear and were distinctly heard. During the ceremony Jensen's Andante was played. The party left the church to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March.

The reception was at 9 o'clock and continued until 11 o'clock. The residence was crowded. Very many who could not witness the marriage cer- mony were present in addition to those who were at the church. The guests continued arrived as late as 10 o'clock. Although the rooms of the Young mansion are spacious there was small opportunity for moving about freely until the supper hour was announced.

In the rooms of the lower floor there was a profusion of flowers. The same artistic effect as at the church was produced at the house. There was much color, especially in the large drawing room at the left of the en- trance, where the bride and groom re- ceived. The newly married couple re- ceived under a canopy of pink carna- tions hung from the ceiling with pink ribbon in long leis to the side of the room. They stood against a bank of ferns and palms. At the corners of the room there were baskets of mag- nificent lavender asters. The piano was covered with a bed of night blooming cereus in full bloom, with white and maiden hair fern.

In each of the rooms there was the same profusion of colors. In the hall, through which the assemblage was

constantly passing to the dining room and the land, there were palms and lilies and asters. The reception room, the library, the fernery, each were beautiful in appearance.

Supper was served in the dining room and a large tent on the lawn, the entrance to which was from the ver- andah leading to the dining room. The tent was brilliantly lighted with chan- deliers of electric lamps. About the sides were National flags, gracefully hung. The supporting posts were en- twined with artificial flowers, palms were at the entrance and in the corners. An efficient corps of waiters supplied the guests with salads and leez. The wedding party was seated in one corner and as they finished sup- per the bride threw her bouquet high in air and there was a scramble for portions of it.

The Quintette Club played native airs and sang during the reception and supper. At a late hour there was dancing on the rear lawn. This was when many of the guests had departed and only those remained to speed the young couple on their departure from the house. As is usual the bride was unable to enter the waiting carriage unscathed and a shower of rice followed as she fled from the entrance.

There were many gifts. They were displayed in the library and were much admired during the evening. There were many exquisite pieces of cut glass and silver. A large punch bowl of the latest pattern in cut glass was set off by salad sets, a handsome chocolate pot and cups, ice cream sets, individual dishes and silverware. The gifts in- cluded also several handsome pieces of statuary and beautiful water color paintings. Probably the most valuable gift of all was an envelope con- taining a certificate for \$10,000 of Gov- ernment bonds, the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Young.

GALLANT SEVENTH.

Californians Will Look After Men From Sunny South.

About twenty-five citizens responded to the call for a meeting of Southern Californians at the Chamber of Commerce last evening. The gathering was for the purpose of arranging extra and special entertainment for the boys of the Seventh California Regiment of U. S. Volunteers, from the stamping grounds and reservation of Senator Stephen M. White.

Mr. C. B. Ripley was elected chair- man of the meeting and J. W. Girvin secretary. An executive committee of three was elected with the privilege of extending the number as they think necessary. The committeemen are C. B. Ripley, R. O. Clark and C. B. Gray. The meeting decided to obtain a place for headquarters where stationery, cooling drinks, etc., might be had and where friends could be met and guided about the city. All were requested by the chairman to consider themselves members of the entertain- ment committee and to aid in show- ing the innumerable little attentions which strangers so much appreciate. Citizens in this organization will espe- cially post the strangers in back charges, that postage is free, that printed descriptive matter of the Islands is free, that a list of all resi- dents of the Islands from Southern California is to be found in the head- quarters. Mr. Ripley notified all that he would be pleased to have all such for- mer residents call at his office and register themselves that the Boys in Blue may be able to find them. It was sug- gested that any residents of the city who have reading matter which they have finished with send it to head- quarters for distribution to the boys for perusal on the long voyage.

A list of fifty-five names of former residents of Southern California was made up.

McLane-Sorenson.

The wedding of Mr. P. McLane, man- ager of the new Kaunakakai planta- tion and Miss Mabel Sorenson, one of Honolulu's brightest and most pop- ular young ladies, took place at the home of the bride's mother, Nuuanu avenue, at 3 o'clock yesterday after- noon, the Rev. D. P. Birnie, of Central Union church, officiating. There were present the members of the family and a few of the immediate friends. A light luncheon was served after the ceremony and then the newly married couple went to the steamer Claudine to embark for their future home on Moikoi, followed by a number of friends, who carried bags of rice to give good luck to the newly married couple.

Treaty May Pass.

A member of the Government said yesterday that he believed the an- nexation treaty would be passed by the Senate at Washington if there was a good attendance when the joint res- olution went through. His idea is that if the friends of annexation find there is sufficient strength to their cause when the House resolution passes they will not hesitate to call up the resolution and have it put through.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel com- plaints. It is pleasant, safe and re- liable. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for H. I.

BRUTUS YET LAME

Collier Delays Sailing of Monitor For Manila.

ISLAND STEAMERS OFFERED

Claudine and Helene at Disposal of
Uncle Sam—Could Supply
Fuel for the Voyage.

The U. S. Monitor started out for Manila at 1 15 W. yesterday, but the Brutus, her collier, did not get away until 3:15. Something went wrong with the machinery of the collier so that she was unable to get out until that time. It was thought that all was well.

The Monterey remained off the harbor until the Brutus got out and then the two, the Monterey leading, started off at good speed. It was soon evident that something was wrong for the Brutus began to blow off steam and then, later, turned about and made for the entrance of the channel. The Monterey followed suit and at 5 o'clock the two had come to an an- chor just to the left of the entrance to the channel.

No one could find out the exact trouble. Inquiry aboard the U. S. S. Mohican brought forth the reply, "Something wrong with the Brutus' machinery." From the looks of things there is something radically wrong with her boilers.

The Monterey and Brutus were to have sailed at 1 p. m. yesterday but at about 3:30 p. m. the latter vessel sig- nalled to the Mohican to the effect that repairs had not yet been complet- ed, but that both the Monterey and the Brutus would sail this morning some time.

Grave apprehensions are felt among shipping men generally here and, particularly with those identified with steamer lines, over this expedition. It is confidently predicted that the Mon- terey will do the bulk of the towing, instead of the Brutus. It is the opinion that in purchasing the steamer the United States Government at least made a bad bargain. At best the Brutus is a cripple. There are faults in her machinery that would require months of work and much new ma- terial. Then, while she is a small coal consumer, she is very slow. Her best speed with the monitor in tow was six knots an hour and then the Mon- terey was "turning over" her own en- gine. In steaming off together, the monitor at all times left the Brutus in the wake. The Monitor is capable of making right along eleven knots, while the Brutus can do no better than eight at her utmost. In all circles here that were in any way interested there was comment to the effect that it was a pity such a situation had developed. There is much at stake. The Brutus is likely to break down at any time. This means great delay, and includes the serious possibility of the loss of the Monterey. The monitor was ready to leave port on Monday evening last.

A proposal was made to this ex- pedition that would have been accepted had the commander of the Monterey thought his action would meet with approval at Washington. The captain hesitated several hours over the offer submitted and finally declined it. Had there been much more of the delay en- forced by the inefficiency of the Brutus, a most remarkable or noteworthy transaction would have been brought about.

No one but Capt. Leutze of the Mon- terey will ever know how nearly there came to being a pair of inter island steamers in service for Uncle Sam as colliers in place of the lame Brutus. The plan originated with prominent men in the Wilder S. S. Co., Ltd. It was this:

That the steel steamers Helene and Claudine would go to Manila with the Monterey as coal bearers, would carry a total of 1,500 tons of fuel, would transfer coal aboard the monitor at sea day or night at the rate of 200 tons in twelve hours. The Claudine would be ready with her burden by this evening. The Helene would follow to the South- ward upon returning from her present trip.

Capt. Leutze and Lieut. Carlin ques- tioned closely. The commander was surprised. He was astonished, but soon became convinced that such a contract as suggested could be ful- filled. Lieut. Carlin has been in Sa- moa. He was thirteen months in Ho- nolulu when the Vandalla was here for repairs after saving herself in the hur- ricane at Samoa. The lieutenant knew what could be done with Hawaiian sea- men in surf boats and told Capt.

Leutze that undoubtedly the represen- tations made could and would be car- ried out to the letter.

A gentleman whose utterances con- cerning steamboating in the Islands generally and particularly in regard to the work of such steamers as the Claudine and Helene, spoke of the out- lined undertaking with full assurance. He said that the two vessels could carry a net of more than 1,000 tons of coal for the monitor and could make the trip direct to Manila. However, it is the intention to stop at Guam, and here may be found a Spanish coal pile guarded by a Spanish gunboat, per- haps. This gentleman said that crews of twenty to twenty-five Hawaiians would be placed aboard the Claudine and Helene and that with the sugar or surf boats carried they would have no trouble at all in handling the monitor 200 tons of coal in twelve hours in a sea anything less rough than to force "laying to."

The scheme was the talk of the wa- ter front and was heard of up town all day. All capable of passing judgment endorsed. Everybody hoped such an arrangement would be made if only for the purpose of showing the United States that Hawaii was an ally of use and of resources in the shipping line not to be despised.

UNDER WATER.

The Labrador Tow a Big Job for the Tug.

The Government tug Eleu, Capt. Hil- bus, arrived in at midnight last night with the now celebrated schooner Lab- rador, that it is alleged has been used for the purpose of bringing opium in- to the country. Men of the schooner stand committed to trial for smugg- ling and condemnation proceedings against the little vessel have been in- stituted by the authorities. Opium, men and boat were captured under the direction of Frank B. McStocker, col- lector general of customs.

The tug left Honolulu at midnight last Tuesday and reached Makona, Maui, at 11 a. m. Wednesday. Repairs had been made to the Labrador by Alex. Lyle. The schooner was hauled off the beach between 2 and 3 o'clock. She was moved into the water by sev- eral sharp strains after being placed on an improvised way.

It was soon noticed that the Labra- dor leaked badly. In a short time after being floated she had her decks awash. It was in this condition that she was brought to Honolulu and left in the mud near the old boat house of the late King. It is said there is good material in the schooner and that she will fetch a fair price when repaired. It was a big job making the tug down from Makona, requiring seven- teen hours. The Labrador could not be steered and swerved a great deal. Fortunately the weather was favor- able.

Flour Contracts.

A short special meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday. It had been discovered after the open- ing of bids for furnishing supplies, passed upon at a meeting the day be- fore that an error had been made in awarding the flour contract. The call had been for a tender for a certain brand and the bid of another brand was accepted. New advertisement is made both for flour and bacon. The kind of bacon was not stipulated the first time. The action of Attorney General Smith in placarding measles was approved. Those who attended the meeting were President Smith, Secretary Wilcox, Dr. N. B. Emerson, Geo. W. Smith, Theo. F. Lansing and Executive Officer Reynolds.

Red Cross Society.

There was a general meeting of the Red Cross Society at the Y. M. C. A. hall yesterday afternoon. Following this session was a conference of the executive of the association. It was voted that bills for the society here- after could be incurred by the follow- ing only: Messdames A. F. Judd, John S. Walker, C. B. Wood, S. M. Ballou, P. C. Jones, S. M. Damon and A. Ful- ler. Hereafter no patients with con- tagious diseases will be admitted to the Red Cross Hospital. These will be taken to Quarantine. It was ex- plained that there was not room at the Queen's hospital for the number of men who come to the Red Cross Society. Some easy chairs are desired for the headquarters on Nuuanu street, which will be kept open hereafter when Boys in Blue are in port.

Baseball Monday.

A strong effort is being made to add a game of base ball to the several at- tractions already scheduled for the ob- servance of July 4. All of the Regi- ment men and some of the Honolulu players are anxious for a game at 10 o'clock on the morning of the Fourth. It is believed that the attendance would be large and as for play, one of the Honolulu said yesterday that his team had been so strengthened "on the dead quiet," that it would be no trou- ble at all to wipe the Regiments off the map. Hari and Cunha will be the battery for the Regiments.

HORSES TO RACE

All the Favorites Will Be En- tered for the Fourth.

NEW RUNNER IS READY

Faster Pacing Than Ever—Horses
Doing Well in Work—Fine
Field of Gallipers.

For the Fourth of July races of the Hawaiian Jockey Club the track at Kaplaniolani park track will be faster than ever before. It is receiving care- ful general attention for the full mile and is getting spot repairs wherever the same are needed. All the kahunas on Oahu have been signed to act as weather doctors from the morning of the first of July to the night of the Fourth and that the elements will favor is almost guaranteed.

There will be more horses on the track for the various events for Fri- day next than there were on the 11th of June. A couple of new animals will bid for the favor of turf patrons and for the purses announced on the pro- gram. The card, by the way, is one that should attract a large audience.

In the harness line there is more than likely to be a smashing of records made on the 11th, when the track fig- ures were lowered quite handsly. The events will be best two in three heats. It is not known yet whether or not Wela ka Hao will start. Loupe has come into fine condition since the 11th, and Durfee with W. Wood and Gibson with old reliable Creole, have been doing some startling miles. It has been a theory here of many years' standing, that a harness horse could not do as well in the Islands as on the coast. This idea is likely to be dis- sipated on the Fourth. It may be that Irish Lassie will be in the free-for-all field. At any rate there will be seen about the fastest pacing ever known to Hawaii.

Viola is coming right on her work and the prophecy now is that she will actually be in condition on the Fourth. Margaret H. Watermelon Joe, Gerster and Directress are all looking well and are doing the fastest kind of sprinting and very steady miles.

Now for the runners, bangtails, or turkey legs. Mr. Decker has in his stable Synchronic's Last, with a Hawa- iian score of five wins out of six times facing the flag. A new one in this string is a chestnut mare by the famous El Rio Rey. The colt has not yet been raced here, but may appear on the Fourth. She is a stunner in ap- pearance. The third for the Decker colors is "If Not, Why Not?" well known here under the name of Win- field. He was not on edge on the 11th of June, but is all right now.

Col. Cornwell has as candidates the promising filly Gartaline and Venus and Red Pike. All are good ones and will be entered numerously. The col- onel is taking a big interest in his run- ners this year. He has the services on first call of J. Bullman, the well known California jockey. Red Pike had a good record on the coast and much is expected on the big bay filly Gartaline.

The Al game and popular horses Fashion, Royalist and Antidote are in the stable of Messrs. Wolters and Rod- dek. The Hawaiian horse that fin- ishes ahead of any one of these will appreciate the fact that there has been a race. All are in care of Mr. Gilles- pie.

Marino is quite well on now as to condition and may be better than on the 11th. He will start in the Hawai- ian bred events. A horse lately landed from the coast is the stable companion of the veteran Marino. The new one is named "Sloppy Weather," but is said to be no skate and to be able to do fair weather sprinting and staying as well as mudlark work. Sloppy Weather is owned by a local syndicate. He is a chestnut gelding of likely sta- but has been in the country only a short time.

It is not likely that F. Hal- ligan will start, as she has been cov- ered from an injury received on the track on the 11th of June. How- ever, some horses other than those mentioned above will be on the 11th of the entries close. The owners, officers and members of the Club have gone to pains and are ar- ranging this meet and are offering liberal patronage.

Tram Line Block.
The train dispatcher on the
both Tram line that inter-
became mixed in his
about 11:15 last night
from Kalili and two
Waikiki met right in
zette office. The
courtesies in m
There was a wa
a few thousand
passengers. T
empty cars, s
if at all, he
switch in t
building.

OF FIELD LABOR OF HAWAII FIRST

Inspector Returns From Maui and Hawaii.

Manchurians Satisfied—Cause of Desertions—Chinese Now Going Into Coffee.

Wray Taylor, who went forth ten days ago on a tour of inspection for the Bureau of Immigration, has returned from Maui and Hawaii and will in a few days make a formal report. Mr. Taylor first called at Wailuku, where the recently arrived Manchurians have been giving trouble. A complete account of this affair has been given by the Advertiser. After working one day on the road the men all asked that they be allowed to return to the cane fields and they were taken back at once to fill their contracts. Everything was explained to them in their own language by the interpreter who accompanied Mr. Taylor. When the Manchurians came to know the actual facts they were well satisfied. They have made the promise that they will give no further trouble.

At Spreckelsville, Mr. Taylor investigated to learn the cause of so many desertions from the Chinese companies. All the difficulty that exists is amongst the Chinese themselves and the bottom facts are still lacking. Spreckelsville will turn out over 15,000 tons of sugar this campaign.

On Hawaii, Mr. Taylor visited no less than eight plantations and says that the cane was looking well everywhere. Both Japanese and Chinese on Hawaii have been deserting contract plantation service to go to the Olan, Puna and other coffee fields. This is a simple matter. The coffee planters pay about \$2.50 a month more for wages than is called for in the plantation contracts. After each pay day a number of men disappear from the sugar estates. At the next meeting of the Board of Immigration some course of action will be determined upon. The deserters are liable to arrest and prosecution by the Government. Just what will be done cannot be said till the report is fully considered.

The number of Chinese in the coffee districts is now increasing rapidly. For a long time the Chinese have stood back from coffee, leaving it to the Americans, Portuguese and Japanese. Now the Chinese are keen to either work for wages, on shares or independently in the coffee fields.

There is a scarcity of labor on a number of sugar estates. Many more men are desired by the new Molokai enterprise.

A COAST LETTER.

Resolution in Senate—Newspapers—Omaha—Will Lewers. A Honolulu man now at the Oedental at San Francisco, writes to an attaché of this paper:

"I can imagine the joyfulness in Honolulu on the arrival of the S. S. Moana, but there will be a greater time on the Fourth of July, as we will all be Americans then. There is no question about it. The Call tries to make itself believe, or to represent that the Senators will not remain in Washington to take the vote. President McKinley is determined in this matter and it is well understood that if it becomes necessary he will issue a call to the Senators to appear and vote on the joint resolution. The House majority was a bomb shell and has knocked the confidence out of the opposition completely.

"The newspaper men are having a picnic during the war times and some of the journals are doing wonderfully effective work. Every Spanish stronghold from Santiago de Cuba to Barcelona has been completely demolished by the Yellow papers. In a dozen times at least and Cervera's fleet has just come to life again after the fourth or fifth sinking by the 'special commissioners'.

"The Omaha Fair seems to be turning out all right after all so far as attendance is concerned.

"The Honolulu colony here is diminishing quite rapidly and after the departure of the Belgic there will be but few left. Will Lewers has arrived from New York and will return to Honolulu with his folks next month.

"The Frawleys are at the Columbia theater and are meeting with success. The entire company is new, with the exception of Frawley, Miss Bouton, a girl, Nev., girl, is leading lady and Bell has Frank Worthine's place. In what I hear, I conclude that they do not intend visiting Honolulu this year. However, if his plays are as bright as the ones he has played, he would make a success of it at the Irwin Grand."

Fell Forty Feet.

A man which arrived from Hawaii yesterday morning, brought with him a serious injury sustained by the Japanese laborers at the plantation while tending to the work on the boats of the plantation. The poor fellow fell on the wharf when he was about to go to the rocks below. The head and a bad fracture of the neck. The fact that he was able to get up at all is almost a miracle. Dr. McConeky was sent to Makawao upon the resignation of Dr. Allen. The many Honolulu friends of Dr. John Weddick will miss him very much.

A New Work That Holds Great Promise.

By a Writer Well Acquainted With the Islands—Has Written Poems—The Chapters.

The next book on these islands is now in press and it will represent the best work of a capable man. The writer is Dr. E. S. Goodhue, who has been a government physician on both Kaula and Maui. He is now abroad attending personally to the publication of "Hawaii First; Being an Account of Some Doings of the Chicago Company Concern (Ltd.) in the Sandwich Islands and Elsewhere." The book will be illustrated with fifty full page plates, about one hundred half tone reproductions from photographs, marginal and other pen sketches by Th. Nasz, and maps of the islands. Both book and author have about as high advance commendation as can be given. Prof. W. D. Alexander has assisted in the historical portion. Of the work Kate Field said: "The only book on Hawaii so far written." Dr. Goodhue is author of the book of poems "Verses from the Valleys" and has long been known in the United States and Canada as a correspondent and critic. This is the list of chapters of "Hawaii First."

The First Chapter—Loeus Insulae Sacrae—How We Came—Honolulu and Its Islands—How We Found Our Garden—The Chicago Company Concern (Ltd.)—In The Garden—Some Letters Answered—Mosquitoes—Outlines About Home—President Dole—In The Place of Backs—The Wreck of the Kanohau No Hanu—The Kluk In Transit—Trivial Necessities—Don't—We Cross A Channel Or Two—Written in Mark Twain's Room—The Physician In Hawaii—A Chapter by The Junior Partner—The Missionaries—We Begin To Go Up—Raising Cane—The Man In The Malo—One Of The Ways—What Inducements To A Man Of Small Means?—Molokai, Lanai And Other Small Fry—Leprosy—Somewhat Historical—The Course Of Events—Political Odds And Ends—A Zigzag Journey To Windward—Coffee—Hawaii Last But Not Least.

W. Stoddard says of Dr. Goodhue and his work:

"His New England extraction may account for it. His mother was an Emerson of the Concord family, a woman of exquisite refinement and bounteous intellectual qualities; his father was born in Maine, a magistrate of ability and feeling. Mr. Goodhue is forcible, refreshingly original, idiomatic and as limpid and clear as water. His words fall naturally into place, and his ideas dancing in the light, pass into the reader's mind with equal luminosity. 'Hawaii First' will forge ahead."

FUNERAL.

Solemn Services for the Burial of Mrs. Cartwright.

The funeral ceremonies of the late Mrs. Bruce Cartwright took place at the Macfarlane home, Beretania and Punahou streets, yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large gathering of friends. Impressiveness prevailed and eyes were moist when the officiating clergyman, Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, of St. Andrew's Cathedral, performed the solemn service. The strains of well known hymns, sung by the choir of St. Andrew's Cathedral, added materially to the impressiveness of the occasion.

Interment took place in Nuanuu cemetery, whither a large number of friends of the deceased wended their way to witness the last sad rites. The mass of flowers at the house worked into designs or thrown loosely about, were transferred to the grave, where they were deposited with the body.

The pall-bearers were as follows: J. M. Monsarrat, Dr. C. B. Wood, W. M. Graham, E. C. Macfarlane, Dr. Raymond, J. S. Walker, C. G. Ballentyne and A. M. Brown.

The funeral was in charge of Ed A. Williams, undertaker.

Aristocratic Nurses.

Miss Helen Long, the daughter of Secretary of the Navy Long, and three of her friends are serving as volunteer nurses without pay at the Naval Hospital in Flushing avenue, Brooklyn. All of these young women came from the Johns Hopkins Hospital of Baltimore. They are held to the same rigid discipline which makes a modern hospital like a military establishment, where, under the direction of the medical staff, they make experiments and prepare medicines.

Goes to Maui.

Dr. John Weddick, who lately came from Ewa to practice in Honolulu, has gone to the outside again. Dr. Weddick has been assigned by the Board of Health to the desirable post at Wailuku and will have charge of Makulani hospital. Dr. McConeky had been there as substitute for Dr. Goodhue, but Dr. McConeky was sent to Makawao upon the resignation of Dr. Allen. The many Honolulu friends of Dr. John Weddick will miss him very much.

For First California.

Men to fill the First Regiment of California Volunteers to a maximum war footing are not wanting says the Chronicle. Over 400 have been enrolled as applicants for enlistment. The

armory at Page and Gough streets is once more the scene of military activity, as when California first responded to the call to arms. Only 350 recruits are needed, and many will have to be left behind who are eager to join the volunteers in Manila.

Captain Frank de Lise Carrington, United States Army, the ministering officer, is rushing the work of examination as much as possible. There has been an almost incredible percentage of failures in the medical examinations.

HAPPILY MATED.

A Bride From New Orleans and Groom From Maui.

The arrival here of a charming young lady on the Moana from San Francisco, a letter to Spreckelsville plantation and an answer in person—such were the events that led up to a happy wedding in St. Andrew's Cathedral yesterday afternoon. It was the wedding of Miss Emma Quinby of Donaldsonville, Louisiana and George M. Boote, manager of Spreckelsville plantation that called a small gathering of relatives and immediate friends to St. Andrew's Cathedral, where the Rev. Alexander Mackintosh pronounced the words that joined the destinies of the two young people.

Miss Quinby comes from Donaldsonville, a place near New Orleans while Mr. Boote is from St. Johns, a town some thirty miles away. Six years or more ago the two young people met and when Mr. Boote came out here to take the management of Spreckelsville plantation two years ago he left something behind he decided could not be left there any longer.

Miss Boote, sister of the groom was bridesmaid while P. S. Seales, bookkeeper at Spreckelsville, was best man.

After the ceremony the bridal party went to the cottage of Mr. and Mrs. Boote at the Hawaiian hotel where refreshments were served.

Is in the Navy.

The only person in the American Navy with native Hawaiian blood in his veins, and holding rank, is Victor Houston. He is an ensign and graduated at the Naval Academy in Annapolis, Md., several years ago.

He is the son of Capt. Houston, U. S. N., of Philadelphia, and his mother was Caroline Brickwood, the daughter of the late A. P. Brickwood of this city and for some years postmaster.

Ensign Houston is now serving on the Cuban station.

Imported Wit.

Some of the latest San Francisco jokes arrived here on the last steamer. They are given below for what they are worth:

What's the matter with Spain?

She's all riot.

There are not so many pretty girls since the war began for the soldiers read all the powder.

We can't get any more news from Washington now.

Why?

Because he's dead.

Coal for Honolulu.

(Philadelphia Record, June 11).

The first of a fleet of vessels chartered to load coal for Honolulu, the British ship Alburgh, cleared the Custom House yesterday with 2,763 tons of the bituminous product. It is probable that when she reaches her destination she will proceed to the Philippine Islands, if the Government thinks it necessary for her to do so. The Alburgh receives \$7.50 per ton freight.

Goes to Hilo.

Among the passengers on the Kinau yesterday was Captain Bob Andrews, former master of the steamer Hawaii, now at Hilo. Captain Andrews has severed his connection with the Wilder Steamship Company and will take charge of all the shipping of H. Hackfeld & Co. in Hilo. The new position is a more lucrative one and will give Capt. Andrews better opportunities.

THE GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE ISSUED SEMI-ANNUALLY BY MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. THE GREAT MAIL ORDER HOUSE. Chicago, U. S. A. IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD. It has more than 14,000 illustrations, about 60,000 quantities of prices, weights in pounds, and contains over 80 pages. Every thing you want or use is listed in it, and the prices quoted please you in a position to buy from us in large or small quantities, at wholesale prices. We do not sell this General Catalogue and Buyers' Guide, we give it away. To introduce to you our latest facilities we will send free of charge to you or any other foreign resident our "Buyers' Guide," and our "Hand Book For Foreign Buyers," which gives all information necessary to put you in touch with our methods. Send us your address and we'll do the rest. Montgomery Ward & Co., 111 to 120 Michigan Ave., Chicago, U. S. A.



VIEWS OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA. Santiago de Cuba has been quite prominent in matters relating to the war, and the views here presented are of interest on that account. It is the second city of Cuba and was once the capital. The city is well built and the streets are wide. The governor's residence is one of the show places.

Bargain in Shoes.

We hear the expression used constantly. So much so that in nine cases out of ten it really has no significance in connection with facts.

A bargain in shoes represents standard value, at the right price and at the right time.

The cheapest is not always the best neither is the best always the cheapest. Buy a good article and you will get satisfactory wear out of it in the long run. Buy a cheap article and it will keep you on the jump continually to duplicate, then you might buy shoes on this basis every week in the year and never get your money's worth. Turn over a new leaf and buy an honest shoe at an honest price. This is the kind of values we offer you.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co., FORT STREET.

A Few Brushes That Are Worth Having.

Advertisement for brushes showing various types: Bicycle Chain Brush, Floor Sweeper, and others. Includes text: "CAN BE MADE WITH AN INFINITE NUMBER OF ROWS", "FOR OUTSIDE AND INSIDE BLINDS", "MADE OF RUSTLESS METAL AND CAN BE WASHED OUT IN HOT WATER AND DRYED IN THE SUN WITHOUT LOSING OR INJURING THE BRistles.", "ELEGANT DESIGN", "RUBBER BRISTLES".

Household Supply Dept. CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.

G. N. WILCOX, President. E. SUTHER, Secretary and Treasurer. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

POST OFFICE BOX 434—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SAITS, ETC., ETC., ETC. Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to Dr. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

Art Pictures, FRAMED OR UNFRAMED, King Bros. Art Store, 110 HOTEL ST.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

- MERIT JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.
- EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.
- CITY JEWEL RANGE. 2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.
- WELCOME JEWEL STOVE. 2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MODERN JEWEL STOVE. 3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE. 2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO. HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED Blood Mixture THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & For cleansing and clearing the blood of impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases and Sores of all kinds, and other venereal diseases. It cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Nerve Legs, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scrofula Sores, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Cleans the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising. As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits address to give it a trial to test its value. THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World. Sold in Bottles of 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity. Its each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CONTINENTAL DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes. 1109

KILLED TWO BILLS

Senate Refuses to Make Charges for Examining Records.

HOUSE DISCUSSED OPIUM BILL

Finally Laid It on the Table. Ministry Divided in Opinion of Its Merits.

SENATE.

One Hundred-fourteenth Day, June 25. The Senate was in session ten minutes. Notification was received of the passage by the House of several bills. The concurrent resolution from the House came up for action to the effect that it is the sense of the Legislature that all disabilities imposed on those convicted of taking part in the insurrection of 1895 be removed. The resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

HOUSE.

The first business of the morning was a continuation in the consideration of the Loan Act. A motion on the part of Rep. Richards to reconsider the item of \$5,000 for the Manoa road, was lost.

House Bill 89, relating to Walluku water works, was taken up and referred to the Judiciary Committee together with the majority and minority reports. The committee made promise to report today.

The same amendment as that introduced in the Nuanu road item that fifty per cent labor shall be Hawaiians, Americans or Europeans was introduced to apply to all Government contracts.

Minister Damon introduced the following amendment: "The minimum wage in all contracts where labor is employed under this act shall be not less than one dollar per day." This he explained was calculated to do away with any appearance of discrimination. By following out such a plan there could be no combination formed for the demand for more wages. Work would thus be blocked. The system proposed was carried out with great success in England where labor rules the day.

Rep. Aehl spoke against such an amendment. What about the coffee plantations. They would certainly have to go to the wall. If the Government was to pay a dollar a day for work, labor at a cheaper rate could not be obtained on the coffee plantations. If the Minister insisted on the amendment made by him he should not blame the members if, in place of voting a million dollars for internal improvements, they should vote a million and a half to insure the carrying out of the work proposed.

Rep. Loebenstein objected to the statement made by Rep. Richards that native Hawaiians would not work, unless it be spasmodically and also that they would only work along by the water. Certainly there were shiftless Hawaiians who did not care about working but there was a great number looking daily for work.

Rep. Pogue explained the hardships that would result in the country districts. Supposing there did not happen to be enough Hawaiians, Europeans or Americans to constitute fifty per cent of the labor. What was to be done. A native, a Portuguese or any one else would not go to another island to work on a contract unless it happened to be in a chain gang. The amendment of the Minister of Finance did not receive a single vote. The amendment of Rep. Loebenstein passed by a vote of 7 to 2.

The Loan Act then passed second reading unanimously. Under suspension of rules Rep. Kaeo presented the following report on House Bill 89, relating to Walluku water works:

"Your Judiciary Committee, after reading the report of the majority and the verbal report of the minority, have come to the conclusion that it is for the welfare of those who are petitioning for water in Walluku. Your committee has also inquired of others and has found that the petition is true. We therefore recommend the bill pass."

S. K. KAEAO,
W. C. ACHI.

The majority report was laid on the table to be considered with the minority of the committee.

The Hilo railway bill from the Senate passed first and second reading. Rep. Richards said he was not sure that the members wanted to go to the expense of having the bill printed. He did not think it would pass the House anyway. Referred to the Printing Committee.

Second reading of Senate Bill 40, relating to restriction of Chinese immigration. Passed and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

House adjourned at 11:45 a. m.

SENATE.

One hundred-fourteenth day, June 25. The nomination of H. Laws, as Auditor General, was received from the President.

Notice was received that the President has signed several acts.

The Judiciary Committee recommended the passage of the bill imposing a fee of fifty cents on users of the books in the Registry of Conveyances except practitioners and notaries public.

On a motion to adopt the report Minister Cooper stated that there had been an indiscriminate use of the books in the office and they were becoming much tattered. This slight fee he considered to be sufficient to reimburse the Government for the wearing out of the books.

Senator Hooking and McCandless opposed the bill. They said they believed that the books were as much injured by the regular practitioners and notaries public as by the public. Senator Hooking said he had had notice that it was not the public who gave the trouble, but the lawyers themselves, that they were largely responsible for the injury to the books. Senator McCandless characterized the bill as an attempt at class legislation. He made strenuous objection to charging a fee to the public for occasional examinations, while the lawyers, who constantly examined the books could do so without charge. The report was not adopted and the bill was laid on the table.

The Senate laid on the table also the concurrent resolution making it the sense of the Legislature that the disabilities be removed from those convicted in 1895 of being participants in the revolution.

The Judiciary Committee recommended the passage of the resolution. They reported that the pardoning power was in the Executive and the Council of State, that it had been their practice to make recommendations for clemency. Of the prisoners of 1895 some 160 remained who had failed to take the oath of allegiance. When they do so and ask for pardon there was no doubt that pardons would be granted.

Senators Baldwin and McCandless used the Committee's report as an argument for killing the bill. They said that the present custom was entirely satisfactory, that the Executive had exercised leniency thus far and there was every probability that they would continue to do so to such as took the oath and asked for their pardons. The bill was then laid on the table. A remonstrance was received from the Beckley estate against the taking of their harbor on Molokai by the Government, when the deed stipulated ownership of the land from the mountains to the breakers. The writer declared that the Government owned no land at all fronting the harbor. The remonstrance was referred to the Minister of Interior.

At 10:25 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House took up the consideration of the light wine bill, which occupied the whole forenoon until 11:30 o'clock. Amendments were handed in and defeated one after the other. Among the most important of these was one by Representative Robertson to the effect that the sale of light wine, beer, etc., by parties obtaining licenses be permitted on Sundays at Waikiki in particular. This was about the only day that any sale could be made.

The bill as it passed second reading provides for three licenses at Waikiki, three in Nuanu valley and three in Kalihi, these being at least two miles away from the nearest saloon. At 11:30 a. m. the House took a recess until 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Representative Loebenstein read for Representative Robertson, the minority report on the Walluku water works bill as follows:

"I believe that the towns of Walluku and Kahului should be supplied with proper water works systems and that the Government should inaugurate and maintain them. There are no doubt, other places that will require water works also in the near future. My objections to the bill in its present form are that it applies only to Walluku and its provisions as to details are not as precise and complete as they ought to be. Act 45 of the Session Laws of 1896 provides full and ample provision for the condemnation of the property by the Government under the right of eminent domain. A slight amendment to Section 3 of said act, by inserting the words, 'water, water rights and easements,' will render that act quite broad enough to cover the establishment of water works, including reservoirs, ditches, flumes, pipe lines and water.

"It will be better legislation to provide for this matter by amendment to the general law, than by special act. I therefore submit a substitute bill, which I recommend pass."

The report was laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

The Opium Bill was brought up on the order of the day and Minister Damon asked that further consideration be postponed as there was but a small number of the members present.

Representative Loebenstein objected to this. The bill was a vicious one. The disposition of the bill had been all but decided. A unanimous report to lay the bill on the table had been handed in by the committee.

Representative Loebenstein stated that members of the Senate had expressed themselves as being ashamed of having voted for the bill.

Minister Cooper stated that the Cabinet had disagreed on the opium bill and had decided to let the House decide as to its disposition without debate by them.

Speaker Kaulukou called the vice-speaker to the chair and, taking his place on the floor, moved for postponement of the bill until today. It was certainly not showing due courtesy to the Senate.

Representative Richards arose and stated that he wished to speak on a question of privilege. He then began to discuss the bill. Representative Loebenstein arose to a point of order. He could not discuss the matter under a question of privilege. Representative Richards kept on talking and Representative Loebenstein kept on calling to Vice-Speaker Kaal, who only sat and gazed. To settle matters he called Speaker Kaulukou to the chair and the matter was soon settled. Representative Richards was declared to be in the wrong. Representative McCandless asked to speak on the question but was denied this. He then stated that he would vote for the bill and Representative Loebenstein said: "Don't cut off your nose to spite your face."

The motion to lay on the table was then put, with the result of 8 to 2 in favor of tabling.

At this point members kept going out into the hall and, upon being told by the sergeant-at-arms to return, failed to do so. The speaker, finding no quorum present, adjourned the House at 3:15 p. m.

AWARDS ARE MADE

Health Board Give Contracts for Supplies.

List of Local Dealers—Reports From China and Japan—Dr. Eldridge's Opinion.

The Board of Health met yesterday afternoon with five members present. The principal business of the session was the award of contracts for furnishing material and supplies, according to advertisement, for the next six months.

It was reported that 22,140 fish had been examined during the week at the market.

Dr. Monarrat reported that for the past week 137 cattle, 25 calves, 148 sheep and 168 Island and California hogs were killed. Of those killed 70 cattle and 7 calves were affected with fishy livers.

Molokai settlement matters came up for discussion. Opuna, a kokua at the settlement, is to be notified to leave the settlement with his grandchild as the person to whom he was kokua has died.

A report was received from Dr. Jordan, who reported a decrease in the plague in China and Japan. This decrease has been gradual and the number of cases drops from 179 cases and 157 death to 63 cases and 63 deaths.

A reply was received from Dr. Eldridge to the question of the President of the Board as to whether or not it would be best to suspend immigration to this country while there was such a prevalence of plague and cholera in China and Japan. Dr. Eldridge replied that such stringent measures would hardly be necessary as plague was decreasing and the examinations at Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama were strict and lessened the possibilities of its spreading. He said he had come to think less of the belief that cholera germs were sent in baggage.

The contracts for the ensuing six months for furnishing supplies and materials were then awarded as follows:

- Building materials, rough N. W. T. & G. N. W. 1x6, surfaced R. W. shingles, R. W. battens, Oahu Land & Building Co.; fence posts, doors, window sash, Wilder & Co.; iron cut nails, Castle & Cooke; galvanized nails, E. O. Hall & Son; boiled oil, H. Hackfeld & Co.; white lead, Castle & Cooke; turpentine, Allen & Robinson; lime, H. Hackfeld & Co.; iron roofing, E. O. Hall & Son; bread, S. F. baking powder, J. T. Waterhouse, medium bread, Love's Bakery; bacon, J. T. Waterhouse; rice bran, Henry Macfarlane; wheat bran, California Feed Co.; soda crackers, J. T. Waterhouse; green Kona coffee, E. O. Hall & Son; charcoal, McChesney & Sons; D. B. coal, Allen & Robinson; flour, Castle & Cooke; matches, condensed milk, H. Hackfeld & Co.; onions, Lewis & Co.; kerosene oil, McChesney & Sons; Island potatoes, H. May & Co.; prunes, T. H. Davies & Co.; No. 1 rice, J. A. Hopper; raw No. 1 sugar, H. May & Co.; salmon, Lewis & Co.; brown soap, McChesney & Sons; coarse salt, starch, J. T. Waterhouse; Golden Cupid tobacco, M. Phillips & Co.; blended stock tobacco, Hollister & Co.; wheat, H. May & Co.
- Schedule B—Hay, wheat, bran, oats, Union Feed Co.
- Schedule C—Beef quartered, beef steak, Metropolitan Meat Co.; fresh bread, Home Bakery; medium bread, Love's Bakery; beans, McChesney & Sons; baking powder, J. T. Waterhouse; brooms, Castle & Cooke; green Kona coffee, E. O. Hall & Son; flour, Castle & Cooke; onions, Lewis & Co.; Island potatoes, H. May & Co.; pork, Lewis & Co.; No. 1 rice, J. A. Hopper; salmon, Lewis & Co.; No. 1 raw sugar, H. May & Co.; China tea, tomatoes, Lewis & Co.; algebra wood, P. R. Jensenberg; hides, Metropolitan Meat Co.; tallow, McChesney & Co.

HAWAIIANS CHOSEN.

Native Boys Will Man American Boats.

It is a great many years since Hawaiians have gone to war in any numbers. Now they are going to enter military service to some extent, and that under the flag of the United States.

There has been purchased here for the American Government two of the surf boats used in handling sugar from shore to Island steamers. These will be taken with the collier Brutus, now in port. They will be used in carrying sacked fuel at sea from the collier to the monitor Monterey.

To man these surf boats, two crews of native Hawaiians have been signed. It was concluded after a careful survey of the case, that it would be almost impossible to secure other men who could do the work. Hawaiians who have been in the service of inter-island navigation companies are already fully trained for just such a task as is presented and the natives of the group are known all over the world as the ablest sort of able seamen. Their skill has commanded a premium ever since the earliest whaling times.

Four of these boats were wanted by the American Government, but only the two purchased yesterday could be spared.

Any number of Hawaiians are ready to enlist under the Stars and Stripes for any service.

Hundreds of thousands have been induced to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by reading what it has done for others, and having tested its merits for themselves are today its warmest friends. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.



THE "BOTTLE" OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA. The illustration makes plain the reason for the phrase, "bottled up in Santiago harbor." The entrance to the harbor is very narrow. In places it is only 300 feet wide in times of peace. On a war footing, with mines in position, the passage for vessels is reduced to about 100 feet in width.

Choice California Mules.

CALIFORNIA MULES I have just received Sixty-five Head of choice young mules from four to seven years old.

These mules are strong and just right for plantation work. As I am here to stay I will keep mules suitable for plantation work on hand and desire your patronage. All orders promptly filled.

Schuman's Carriage and Harness Repository.
Fort St. Above Club Stables. Honolulu.

The Pacific Hardware Co.

In addition to recent invoices from the United States, have just receive direct from England:

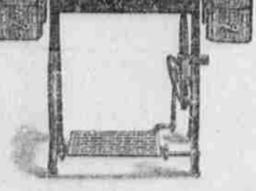
Winsor & Newton's Artists' Colors, Color Boxes, Canvas, Academy Board Palettes and Vouga's Studies, Dandy Brushes, Wostenholm's Cutlery, Wade and Butcher's Razors, Open and Twisted Link Trace Chains.

And a full assortment of **DOOR MATS.**

Pacific Hardware Co., -LIMITED-
Fort Street.

We Don't Want Your Money! Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH is what we would like.



BUY A SEWING MACHINE

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC."

Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.
L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

The best at the lowest price at HOPP'S.

Now Is Your Chance

If you have ever had any idea of indulging in the luxury of a Fine Chiffonier. The special offerings in Mahogany and Oak bring the prices of the very richest furniture made down within everybody's reach.

Because we put so much stress on quality—you must not get the notion that we are high. Surely the prices we are quoting just at this particular time will contradict that.

The Reason We Talk

So strongly about Book Cases isn't altogether a selfish one. We have been able to buy a lot, comprising various popular styles, at very close prices. Indeed, much under the prevailing prices. They offer you a bargain—and at the same time impress you with just what we want you to know—that we sell the best Furniture, Carpets and Draperies that can be made at the very lowest prices that are ever quoted.

They'll advertise our resources, and that's profit for us.

Again

We wish to caution you once more that if you have any furniture that is a trifle worn and ragged don't hesitate to ask us to call and put it in condition. We can make it look like new and the price will be such that no objection will be offered.

J. HOPP & CO.
Leading Furniture Dealers.
KING & BETHEL STS.

GET IT AT WATERHOUSE'S.

Throw the responsibility on us

Understand that every purchase made here is with the distinct understanding that it must give satisfaction. We want to know if it doesn't.

A lady told us the other day she had the idea ours was so exclusive a trade that the prices would be so high she couldn't trade here. That's not true. We have exclusive styles—yes, in point of fact our prices are lower than many—and as low as any store that carries reliable goods. (It's the very cheap that is the very expensive.)

We are always willing to exchange or refund money on goods bought from us which are not entirely satisfactory when returned to us in good condition within a reasonable time after purchase, but with the distinct understanding that all such goods will have all charges paid.

When sending for sample information, write plainly and postoffice. After replies, and they prove satisfactory, order quickly, and if possible, order three selections, making the order of your preference to prevent the delay of new samples which when goods to be purchased are sold.

It sometimes happens that goods of that kind and in such quantities are equally and prices. In case, please our Green department completely that can

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, JULY 1, 1899

SUPPORTING THE GOVERNMENT.

The members of the Legislature would find much profit in reading the article of Mr. Sidney Low, late editor of the St. James' Gazette on "The English Governing Oligarchy."

He states that which has so often been stated before, that the people rule in England, that the Government is much more directly responsible to the people in England than it is in the United States. He even states that it is difficult to see what further extensions of the rule of the multitude could be made in England. And yet, he says, "the multitude does not rule."

"The Cabinet, is the keystone of the English Government as administered today." The Cabinet may be turned out at a moment's notice. And yet the Cabinet rules, so long as it remains in office.

Without entering into the history of the causes for this perhaps singular situation, it may be stated generally that it is the result of the experience and common sense of the British nation. With vast schemes of commercial expansion on hand, together with schemes of conquest as incident to it, it was found necessary, that the Government should have "a head on it."

Under our Hawaiian system, as it stands at present, there is no such organization for practical work. If there were, a party, behind the Government, in the Legislature it would say to it, "Spend money as you choose to spend it. You know just how much you can raise by taxation, without making trouble. We do not hamper you until we have lost confidence in you."

As things now stand, the members of the Legislature in entering into and disposing of the details of administration, become in fact semi-Cabinet officers. In the fixing of offices and salaries, in determining the amount of public work to be done, the party in power should leave these matters to the Government, as the best method of securing effective administration, and only interfere when it no longer has confidence in the Government.

In the management of a large plantation, the stockholders and directors leave the administration largely to the discretion of one or two men. The stockholders do not hold meetings, and administer details. When the management is bad, it is simply changed, this procedure is the result of experience.

If this course were followed by the Legislature the disagreements of the appropriation bill would not place. The Government would be able to do its work.

A reply to this view of the case is, it is not the American way. It is not. The American way, owing to the youth of its democracy, was to annex Alaska over twenty years ago, and then neglect ever since to give it the territorial form of government.

It may be advantages in this method of government. It has also many disadvantages. Speaker Reed showed a number of the disadvantages.

ANNEXATION DEBATE.

Representative Walker of Mass., who has recently changed his opinion about annexation, and now favors it said: "With the firing of Dewey's guns at Manila, the United States leaped to a plain higher than ever before obtained, a height not theretofore dreamed possible in his life time, and that of many who heard him, and never again would it sink to the limits of a pigmy nor evade the obligations resting upon the foremost nation of the earth."

"The situation strongly tempts us to feel 'thankful' that the Spaniards are a cruel and ignorant race, because it brings annexation in this indirect, but very effective way. Let us have the strength to resist such unrighteous thoughts. It is only the regular course of human events which we do not control."

There appears in another column a brief history of the origin of the Red Cross Society. The children especially should be made to understand it. Its origin and growth is one of the great events of the nineteenth century. The vague desire to aid the sick and wounded appearing spasmodically through the centuries, crystallized into a living force only in the middle period of this century.

gated the Pacific for years and years had never taken advantage of it." On the other hand, Champ Clark of Missouri, opposed the resolution. "If we annex Hawaii," he said, "and you, Mr. Speaker, should preside here twenty years hence, it may be that you will have a polygon house, and it will be your painful duty to recognize 'The gentleman from Patagonia,' 'The gentleman from Cuba,' 'The gentleman from Santo Domingo,' 'The gentleman from Corea,' 'The gentleman from Hong Kong,' 'The gentleman from Fiji,' 'The gentleman from Greenland,' or 'with fear and trembling, 'The gentleman from the Canibal Islands,' who will gaze upon you with watering mouth and gleaming teeth." (Laughter.)

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It was not the universities, nor the platforms, nor the churches that pointed the way to the sites upon which this Red Cross is planted. "No creed, no nation, no sex" was a sentiment which was strange to men, and was the perilous rationalism of the new thinking. Even the Bible itself, with its grand aspirations for the common good of all had not arrested men's attention. The Spectre of Death, standing on the battle field and pointing his bony finger at the mutilated and the dying, fixed the gaze of men and women in the great object lesson which doctrines were powerless to teach.

So it is, that not out of moral teaching, but out of carnage, and destruction, and boundless suffering comes the advance of the race. War called the Red Cross into being. Its jurisdiction of mercy was confined at first to the victims of bullet and shot and shell. It now extends its jurisdiction beyond and stays the hand of famine. The German proverb says "generosity is for men, humanity for women."

While the charge of the churches is in the hands of men, this new and broad Church of Humanity, in which today sixty-two nations of the earth humbly kneel together, is placed by some divine decree in the hands of women, and not of men. The rights and privileges of the true womanhood are at last vindicated.

THE BISHOP'S INTENTION.

In the "Sequel to two letters on the Anglican Church in Hawaii," Rev. John Osborne makes some very interesting revelations regarding the Bishop of Honolulu. The principal point discussed in this paper is the application of the Ecclesiastical law of the English Church in local affairs here.

Among other things, however, Mr. Osborne publishes an extract from a letter received by him from the Bishop several years ago, in which the latter disclosed his intention to get rid of the Rev. Mr. Mackintosh, as soon as he could conveniently do so.

This community well knows and appreciates the integrity, the intelligent work, and the unflinching energy of Mr. Mackintosh, and therefore it has some right to become indignant, without any reference whatever to denominational lines, at this secret, undesired and malicious attack upon him.

The Bishop seems to be constantly liable to physical or psychological disturbances, which impel him to concoct mischief in every direction. The Indians of Dakota described a cantankerous missionary clergyman of the same kind as "Man-with-half-stones-in-his-stomach." Perhaps this term is not quite as expressive as it might be of the Bishop's general attitude towards some of the best Christian work done here.

As soon as the Established Church put forth here, through good agencies, the green leaves of a fresh growth, this extraordinary Bishop at once creates a center of disturbance over it, and, as the Indians would say,

kills off all the tender vegetation with a shower of hail stones cast out of his stomach. The Indians look at things directly.

Every layman, with liberal thought, and independent of sect, must regret that so noble an institution as the grand old Church of England has had the misfortune to be so unfairly represented here in the person of the Bishop. The coming political changes will undoubtedly reconstruct the most unfortunate arrangements that now exist. Whatever may happen, the community cannot afford to dispense with Mr. Mackintosh, even if the condecorated "Man-with-half-stones-in-his-stomach" intends to pelt him out of existence.

OUR NEUTRALITY.

Some of the American papers comment severely upon those men in Congress, who still oppose annexation. The New York Tribune expresses the views of the Advertiser in this matter. It says:

"Of course, in giving us the use of the islands the Hawaiian Government will be breaking the law of nations. It will, under the rules adopted at the time of the Geneva Award, be responsible to Spain for all damage to that country resulting from our use of the islands. But that will not matter, for we shall have the making of terms of peace, and we can easily require Spain to relinquish all such demands upon Hawaii."

"That is the fine moral argument. We are to let Hawaii, for our benefit, break an international law which was made at our own instance, and then use our strength as victor in the war to shield her from the penalty of her crime. We are to seek to win this war through a flagrant breach of international law. And we are to refuse to make peace with Spain until she agrees to condone international law-breaking. We are to incorporate in a solemn treaty a proviso that a nation shall not be called to account for law-breaking, so long as the law-breaking was done for our benefit. We are to put ourselves on record as obeying the law of nations only when it pays us to do so, or when we are not strong enough to break it with impunity. Truly, that is the sort of righteousness that exalteth a nation! That is the sort of morality that commends itself to those pure souls who think it would be a wicked thing to do an act desired by the people of both nations."

The question of our neutrality will cease, in a few days, to become a practical one. The law of the sword settles it. The question is now an historical one only. As we have said before, it is such an interesting one, but as a community we have regarded it as one of those affairs that involve intricate moral and legal considerations which should be treated from a practical and not a theoretical standpoint. At least some records should be preserved of this interesting phase of our closing national life.

REMARKABLE GUNNERY.

The Military and Naval Record (English), says: "The remarkable shooting of the American gunners at the battle of Manila has opened the eyes of the naval men of Europe."

It would be expected that the most accurate and effective gunnery ought to be found, where the largest standing armies and navies exist. But, on the contrary, it appears where the standing army is the smallest and the navy inferior in size. And why? During the war with the British in 1812, the American gunners were, on the whole superior to the British, owing to the fact that the Napoleonic wars compelled the British to man their ships, through the cruel "press-gang," with the riff raff of all nations. The American seamen came largely from the sturdy New England stock, and took a patriotic interest in the naval engagements. The American commanders were also compelled to economy in the use of ammunition. These causes, among others, made better gunnery in the American navy.

More important still, the Military Academy at West Point, and the Naval Academy at Annapolis have been, in many ways, superior to any similar institutions in the world, for the reason that they have not been hampered by old usages, old traditions, family interests, and political abuses. Their one object has been to make the best soldiers and sailors, and nothing has been allowed to stand in the way of reaching this result. The similar schools in Europe are not on this independent basis. Social and political influence still meddles with the best efficiency of the services.

While the American army was small and the navy almost insignificant, the soldiers and sailors, graduated from these academies, have clearly realized the very simple and elementary principle that if you wish to kill your enemy you must hit him; if you hope to hit him you must know how to shoot, and, therefore above all things good marksmanship is absolutely necessary. So good gunnery has been a

Spanish Atrocities. In the "History and Memoirs" of General Compe de Segur, who served on the staff of Napoleon I. in his passage regarding the Spaniards, in their treatment of the French soldiers captured on Spanish soil: "Our first army had learned too well by experience how atrocious

monkish anger could be; what hatred and revenge can be concentrated in the soul of an insulted Spaniard. They (the Spaniards) had seen tears in the eyes of the images of the saints. Therefore, our sick, our stragglers, our officers sent with orders, surprised and seized, had been, the most fortunate of them, murdered on the spot; others thrown into cauldrons of boiling water; others again either sawn between planks or roasted by a slow fire. Amongst a thousand victims of similar atrocities our men elected one of the worthiest and most humane of their generals, whom they found still living, hanging on one of the trees by the road side, when these monsters had sawn off his four limbs."



GENERAL WILLIAM R. SHAFTER. To General William R. Shafter, commander of the department of California, came the honor of being selected for the first important command of our forces in Cuba. It is generally believed that no better selection could have been made.

specialty in the American navy. As the London Times once said: "When the Americans realize the value of an art, they quickly surpass other nations in giving it practical value." Is it not indeed strange that a British journal, devoted to both arms of the service, in speaking of the most powerful navy in existence, should say: "Just now the sea owes its origin to the remarkable accuracy and deadliness of the American gunners. Britons are comparing the records made at Manila with the scoring during the practice fire of the British crews, and are asking with a good deal of feverish apprehension where their own gunners come in." This journal also quotes the opinion of a prominent naval officer that "the gunnery practice in Her Majesty's navy is regarded as rather more than a necessary evil than as a duty that, for the good of the service, should be of first place importance."

MANILA'S CLIMATE.

Meteorological Observation Thirty-two Years.

A bulletin recently published by the United States Department of Agriculture, under the direction of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, contains an interesting note on the climate of Manila. Observations of rainfall have been made at the Observatorio Meteorologico de Manila for thirty-two consecutive years, and of the other meteorological elements for seventeen consecutive years, and have been published by the observatory. The average temperature of the year is given as 80 degrees Fahrenheit. April, May and June are the hottest months, May with an average temperature of 84 degrees being the hottest of the three. December and January, each with an average temperature of 77 degrees, are the coolest months. The greatest variation recorded is 25 degrees. The highest the thermometer has ever reached is 100 degrees, which was in May, and the lowest 74 degrees, in January. The average annual rainfall is 75.43 inches, more than half of which falls during the months of July, August and September, and more than 80 per cent. of the whole falls from June to October, inclusive. September is the rainiest month in the year, with an average fall of 15.61 inches, while February has the smallest average fall of 0.47 of an inch. The heaviest rainfall in any one month is 61.43 inches, in September, and no rain has been known to fall during the months of February, March, April and May. As much as 129.98 inches of rain have fallen in a single year and as little as 25.65 inches in another. September has been known to have a rainfall of 60.43 inches in one year and of only two inches in another.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S BIRTHDAY.

There was a remarkable celebration of Queen Victoria's birth day at Tampa, Florida. General Shafter gave a banquet in honor of the Queen, and the ships of war, and the transports were dressed in bunting, the flags of England and the United States being intertwined.

The American army and navy men know too well how the Jingoes have been shouting the power of the United States to everlastingly whip all creation, while at the same time, they have doggedly kept the condition of the navy and army down to such a point that their immediate capacity for war is hardly greater than that of played out Spain.

It is not strange that these men should regard with grateful feelings, the evident intention of the Queen's Government not to permit any disaster to the American fleet to retard the freedom of Cuba, or to injure any American city. As the Westminster Gazette says, these manifestations of friendliness spring from sources that lie deep in the policy of both countries.

A Surprised Spaniard.

Lieut. Blue made a visit to Gen. Gomez and planted the American flag in Cuba. With only an armed boat's crew, he passed through many creeks guarded by the Spanish. In one of them he surprised two small vessels, and the crews fled, taking the boats with them. On one of them, a fat Spaniard, had been left by mistake. He jumped frantically into the water and reached the shore. The American boat's crew opened fire on the Spaniards, but the desperate attempts of the fat man to run swiftly beyond fire were so ludicrous, the crew fell to laughing and could not take good aim. He escaped.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE ON THE 2ND DAY OF JUNE, 1898, purchased all of C. Aho's right and interest in the firm formerly styled "C. Aho & Co." All persons indebted to the estate must make payment to me without delay. C. AKAU, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, June 13, 1898.

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A CANE AGAIN

Mr. Low Receives a Present From His Men.

Tribute of Oahu Prison Employees to Their Retiring Chief—Address. Wood From a Spear.

James A. Low has been caned again. The last time this was done by political offenders who had been in his charge at Oahu prison. Now that Mr. Low is leaving the place, he has been given a testimonial by the employes.

The presentation was made at 5:30 last evening in the receiving room at the jail. Deputy Kamana, a native, made the address. He said:

"When we, the employes of Oahu Prison, heard of your resignation as Jailor, it came to us with regret as you have always held our respect as our superior officer and have ever treated us justly and well."

"Now that the day has come round when you take leave of us, we take pleasure in presenting you with a slight token of our Aloha in the shape of a gold-headed cane. The weed is a piece that was taken from a spear that tradition says was used by Kamehameha I. The gift is of little monetary value, but we ask you to value it not on this account but rather because of the good wishes that go with you to your new sphere of labor. We rejoice to know that in your new position you have a bright prospect before you; rest assured that you carry from Oahu Prison, the sincere good wishes for true success as Manager of The Honolulu Sugar Co."

The cane was handed to Mr. Low by T. Burke, one of the lunas. The inscription says: "Presented to James A. Low by Employees of Oahu Prison." The stick is one with historical interest and coming as it does, with the earnest tribute of men with whom Mr. Low has long been associated, will be valued highly. The remarks made by Mr. Kamana, were a genuine expression of the sentiment the employes hold for Mr. Low, who they unite in saying has been exactly as described. While discipline has been maintained, the kindest feeling has always existed between Mr. Low and his men from the highest to the lowest in the force. Only a brief response could be made by Mr. Low, who was taken by surprise completely. He said he was glad that the men who had been with him so long realized that he had tried upon all occasions to treat them fairly and impartially. On his own behalf for the men he would say that he found them responsive to all his desires for the very best and cleanest and most intelligent management of the place. He subscribed not a little of what measure of success had been achieved in his work to the co-operation of the men.

TO COMMAND THE PHILADELPHIA

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Commander George H. Wadleigh, now on duty at the Boston Navy Yard, will command the Cruiser Philadelphia. Captain Wadleigh was formerly in command of the cruiser Minneapolis. He has been on duty at Boston only about a year. The Philadelphia will be put in commission about the 1st proximo, and will be the flagship of the Pacific squadron. Her first cruise will probably be to Honolulu.

Advertising is not an expense. It is a business investment.

If you want to invest your money profitably you will therefore put your advertisements in such a paper as the P. C. Advertiser, that is read regularly and thoroughly by everybody worth reaching. The Advertiser is the recognized leading journal of the Hawaiian Islands, and has no rival as an advertising medium.

The Cricket Club dinner at the Arlington Hotel tomorrow night will be the largest of the kind had here. There will be about seventy present.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

Table with columns: DATE, TEMPERATURE (Max, Min, Mean), WIND (Dir, Force), CLOUDS, MOON (Phase, Time), RAIN (Inches), and other meteorological data for the week of June 27 to July 3, 1899.

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Table with columns: DAY, SUN (Rise, Set, Meridian), MOON (Rise, Set, Meridian), and other tidal and astronomical data for the week of June 27 to July 3, 1899.

The tides and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in Local time, to which the respective corrections to standard time applicable to each different port should be made. The standard time whistle sounds at 12 m. on the midnight, Greenwich time, which is 10.30 a. m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

REPORT ADOPTED

Transit Bill Passed Second Reading as Returned.

PUBLIC DEBT IN THE HOUSE

Long Discussion on Right of Eminent Domain—Light Wine License Bill Passed.

SENATE.

One hundred-fiftieth day, June 30. Notification was received that the House had laid the opium bill on the table.

The Special Opium Committee returned the House bill removing the grant of half the fines to informers on conviction of opium cases with no recommendation.

The Rapid Transit Bill at once came up on the reading of the report on the bill by Senator Brown. The report was signed by Senators Brown, Baldwin, Lyman and Kepoika. Senator McCandless did not agree with the report as a whole.

The Committee on Finance brought in their report on the conference with the House Committee on the salaries appropriation bill. The total of the bill as returned by the Conference Committee is about \$1,000 less than the amount as returned from the House. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Public Lands as a Conference Committee reported on the current account appropriation bill. As returned from the House the bill was some \$700,000 in excess of the Senate total. As returned by the Conference Committee the bill is still \$100,000 in excess of the Senate total. The report was adopted. Notification was at once sent to the House.

A joint resolution was passed transferring an absolute property to the Bishop Museum all the articles loaned by the Minister of Interior to the Museum as relics of the Monarchy, and all such articles now in possession of the Minister of the Interior.

HOUSE.

The business of the morning commenced with the reading of the following protest from the Beckley estate against the Government taking the Honolulu landing, Molokai:

"As trustee and one of the heirs of the F. W. Beckley estate I must protest to your Honorable Body at the action of the Minister of the Interior in declaring to you that the harbor of Honolulu, on Molokai, is a Government harbor and landing. I hereby solemnly protest at any seizure by the Government without compensation, of our private property, the Ahupuaa of Honolulu comprising from mountain to sea to the breakers as awarded to us by Land Commission Award 8,525, has been surveyed, including the same harbor and passed on by a Commissioner of Boundaries. The harbor in question constitutes a large and valuable fishing right and we most strenuously object to its being declared a Government one as Government seal rights are free to all for fishing. The Molokai and small schooners have from time to time entered this harbor but only as carrying freight or passengers for us or those under us; never for the general public, and in no sense has it ever been used as a public harbor and landing; moreover, the Government does not own a foot of ground within a mile of said harbor. The trustee and heirs of the above estate would have no objection of the Government using said harbor and putting in improvements for shipping purposes, but we must decidedly object to any action that would curtail or interfere with our fishing privilege as an infringement of our private rights and contrary to the spirit of the Constitution.

Respectfully submitted, EYMA M. NAKUNA, Trustee F. W. Beckley Estate, Honolulu, June 27th, 1898.

Representative Fogue presented the following report of the Finance Committee on House Bill 53, "The Consolidation of Public Debt":

"This bill was introduced for the purpose, as explained in its title, of consolidating the public debt now due and paying six per cent interest, at a rate of interest not to exceed five per cent. Your Committee, after careful consideration and after having had interviews with some of our most prominent financiers, as well as with the Minister of Finance, believe that this bill grants too much power to the Minister of Finance and the Executive Council. We may not always have as good a financier and as patriotic a Minister of Finance as at present. To grant therefore practically unlimited power to the Minister and the Executive Council, we do not consider would be wise. If, however, the bill should pass, it would be necessary either to amend the same or to introduce a new bill to limit and define the powers of the Minister of Finance.

"Act 68 of the Session Laws of 1896 was passed by the Legislature for this very purpose of consolidating the Public Debt, and your committee believe, that taken in conjunction with Act 69 of the 1896 Session Laws and with a few amendments, is preferable to the present bill. Act 68 limits the amount to be paid as interest to 4 per cent; this your committee believe should be increased to 5 per cent in order that

the Executive may have more latitude as well as to encourage the taking up of all of this issue of bonds by our own residents.

"We recommend that Section 5 of said Act 68 should be stricken out. Why should not our Finance Office be the paying office of our Government? Why should we be obliged to have agents appointed abroad, and in this way be obliged to pay all exchanges on the interest of bonds taken up abroad? We believe our credit is such that the time has now come that we can say to those abroad who desire to take up our bonds, 'Come to our office and we will pay you your interest, we no longer feel disposed to pay all expenses of transmitting the interest to you.' We believe the time at which the Government may redeem the bonds should be reduced from twenty-five to ten years, thus giving the Government the chance at the end of ten years to again consolidate the public debt.

"We do therefore recommend that this bill be laid upon the table and as a substitute would present a bill, amending the present law as herein recommended by us.

W. F. FOGUE, A. V. GEAR, J. D. PARIS.

Report laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

The Loan Act was taken up for consideration. Various changes were made. When it came to the section providing for the employment of fifty per cent of Europeans, Americans and Hawaiians as laborers on Government contract work, Representative Achi moved that this be stricken out of the bill. The Senate had taken the same provision out of Appropriation Bill 4. Representative Gear argued that just because the Senate had stricken out a provision in one bill was no reason why the House should take the same thing out of another bill. The motion was lost by a vote of 8 to 6.

The substitute bill for the Waiuku Water Works bill was read first and second times.

Senate Bill 22, Loan Act, then passed third reading by a vote of 14 to 1. Representative Iseberg casting his vote in the negative.

Second reading of substitute to House Bill No. 23, relating to the right of eminent domain for those engaged in the business of developing electric power. The Attorney General moved for the indefinite postponement of the bill. He characterized it as "going too far."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon the bill under consideration in the forenoon was again taken up for consideration. Representative Gear made a speech of an hour in favor of the condemnation clause of the power bill. He had not finished but the speaker was asked to yield the floor in order that Senate Bill 28, relating to sale of light wines, beers, etc., be considered. This was carried and the bill was taken up on third reading, section by section. The bill passed third reading by a vote of 10 to 3.

Speaker Kaulukou announced the following committee to consider House Bill 78, relating to civil processes, and to hand in a report at the next session: Representatives A. G. M. Robertson, W. C. Achi and A. V. Gear. Substitute to House Bill 53, relating to the consolidation of the public debt, was taken up for consideration on first reading and referred to the Printing Committee.

House adjourned at 3:30 p. m.

OFF FOR AMERICA.

Honolulu People Who Are Making Trip Abroad.

Among the departure for San Francisco on the Rio de Janeiro last evening were the following:

Col. Geo. W. Macfarlane, who goes on a flying trip to San Francisco to attend to certain business matters. Mrs. Macfarlane did not accompany him on account of the shortness of his proposed stay in San Francisco.

W. R. Farrington who goes to San Francisco on business and also to bring his wife and child back with him. Mr. Farrington will be in Honolulu on the Ocotie of July 14th.

Edward Dowsett who goes to the States to place his two younger sisters in schools permanently and also on account of his health. He will be away but a short time.

Geo. H. Paris who goes to New York to purchase goods for W. W. Dimond & Co. and also by way of a vacation.

R. G. Van Ness who has been here several months for his health. Mr. Van Ness is a naval engineer and goes to Mare Island to be assigned to duty aboard one of the American men of war. He expects to go to Manila and, in that event, will pass through here wearing brass buttons.

L. M. Veltusen who is returning for a three months' vacation to his home in Norway which he has not visited for 18 years. He expects to be back here in October.

Miss Anna Forbes who goes to spend her summer vacation with friends in Oakland, Cal.

They Met Rev. Smith.

There was an interesting meeting of the Hawaiian Board yesterday afternoon to meet Rev. Judson Smith who was a through passenger on the Rio. Rev. Mr. Smith is the Secretary of the American Board and has for his special charge the islands of the Pacific, China, Japan and India. He is now returning to the United States after a tour of the missions. The affairs of the Pacific Islands were thoroughly discussed and more especially those in the South. Plans also made for the coming of the Morning Star.

Soldiers and Saloons.

During the last invasion of Boys in Blue an attempt was made by a wing of the temperance element of the city to have the saloons closed while the transports were in harbor. This was carried to the extent of having Gen. Greene, commanding the brigade, sign a statement to the effect that such action would have his approval.

This letter was carried to Marshal Brown, who said at once that he could not suspend the licenses of the saloon keepers on such a showing. He thought it would be casting an imputation on the Boys in Blue and would be unfair to a business that is legalized same as any ordinary traffic. The Marshal did say that in case there was any approach to rioting he would in all likelihood be compelled to close the saloons.

THE NEW JAILOR.

Mr. Low Retires and Mr. Henry Takes Charge.

James A. Low today transfers the governorship of Oahu prison to Wm. Henry. Mr. Low retires to engage in the plantation business on this island. He leaves the institution in capital condition in every way. His administration has been successful and satisfactory.

The new jailor is a kamaaina of nineteen years and has the esteem and



WM. HENRY.

respect of all who know him. His record has been made in the Koolian district, this island. Mr. Henry has resided at Kaneohe ever since he came to the Islands. He was at one time a planter. For many years he has been road supervisor, school agent and tax assessor. In all positions Mr. Henry has shown ability and capacity and has gained full confidence of all. He is a young man yet well educated. He is energetic, companionable, steady of judgment and quick to act. Mr. Henry in his new position will have the counsel of Mr. Low for a couple of weeks. The new man is a Yankee from Maine. He was in California four years before coming down here.

Summer School.

The following has been issued by the Minister of Public Instruction: The Minister and Commissioners of Public Instruction announce that the Summer School will be in session at Honolulu from the 11th to the 29th of July, 1898.

As there will be no examinations for teachers' certificates at the end of this term the time will be given chiefly to the study of Practical Pedagogy. Col. Parker will be the principal teacher in this line. He will be assisted by Mrs. Parker, Miss Annie E. Allen, kindergarten training teacher, in Chicago Normal School, will teach kindergarten and primary teachers. Special work will be done by a number of island teachers.

A practical course in agriculture will be one of the features of this session. In this work the Commissioner of Agriculture and others will co-operate. It is hoped that this will prove an important step in the development of island education.

Work in the common branches will be a minor feature. The Minister and Commissioners invite the attendance of all teachers of public and private schools, of all persons desirous of becoming teachers, and of all other persons interested in any line of work to be pursued.

For New Plantation.

Senator J. A. McCandless made an important trip into the country yesterday. He went over some of the lands of the newest plantation company. This was done for the purpose of selecting places to sink artesian wells. The brief prospecting tour was really the beginning of the work of establishing the sugar estate that will soon be a realization and that will be another big concern for Oahu. The land is in the neighborhood of Hala, a short distance beyond Moanala and the enterprise is called the Honolulu Sugar Company, Ltd. Jas. A. Low will be manager.

A German physician, Dr. Coetz, has been attempting for the past three years to cure leprosy cases at the Pretoria Hospital. He was paid \$4000 a year by the Government, which has grown impatient because his cures have not been instantaneous, and has dismissed him, employing a new doctor, who must report cures in six months or follow Dr. Coetz.

I. O. O. F. Memorial day services will be observed by the local lodge on Sunday, July 3, at 3 p. m., at the rooms of Harmony Lodge, King street. Buses will convey members to the cemetery. Those having floral offerings are requested to send the same to the lodge rooms in the forenoon of Sunday.

All Bushmen Use it For Cleansing the Blood it has no Equal.

We give below the portrait and testimonial of Mr. Granger Ward of Brisbane, Queensland



"Some years ago while in America I had fever and ague. It left me in a very weak state and quite done up. I took some of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla and it soon put me to rights and my strength returned. I can safely recommend it."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

to others. While in the bush of this country I had an attack of scurvy but I soon got free of this complaint by using the same remedy. For cleansing the blood and for eruptions of the skin I do not think it can be beat. All the bushmen use it.

For Constipation take Dr. Ayer's Pills. They promptly relieve and surely cure. Take them with Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one and the other.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This is Dominion Day in Canada.

The Government will fire the usual salutes on July 4.

William C. Kenake has been granted letters of Denization.

Capt. Jas. A. King today returns to his post as Minister of the Interior.

The U. S. S. Mohican is back in port after a short target practice cruise.

President and Mrs. Dole paid a visit to the Monitor Monterey yesterday forenoon.

F. A. Schaefer & Co. give notice that Mr. Julius Hoting has retired from their firm.

A horseback party composed of Punahoa teachers and friends will make a tour of the island.

G. M. Boote and bride left for their home in Spreckelsville on the Claudine yesterday afternoon.

A short reception to the diplomatic and consular corps will be held by the American Minister on the 4th of July.

"Bob" Bromley, brother of Walter and Charles, of this city, is an assistant engineer aboard the U. S. collier Brutus.

J. Hopp & Co. talk special offers in cheffoniers at prices that bring the cost of very rich furniture down within everybody's reach.

An excellent program has been arranged for the race meet on Maui on the fourth of July. Quite a number of Honolulu people will go up.

S. C. Allen has become surety for J. M. Dowsett, the newly appointed temporary administrator of the estate of the late Jas. L. Dowsett. The bond is for \$15,000.

W. H. Charlack is to take the custom house clerkship made vacant by the resignation of W. E. Beckwith, who goes into the offices of the Paia plantation, on Maui.

Rev. Mr. Kincaid, the new pastor of the Central Union Church will arrive here late in August and will preach to his charge for the first time on the first Sunday of September.

The Noeau brought the news of the death of Mrs. J. A. McGuire in Kona on Monday night, June 27th. A telephone message to this effect was received at Honolulu from Honolulu. No particulars were given.

Special music has been engaged for the Fourth of July ball of the Healan Boat Club. Tickets may be had of Walter E. and Dr. A. C. Wall and C. B. Gray or upon application to any member of the club.

As Mr. Wray Taylor has returned, the members of the choir of the Second Congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral will have a rehearsal after evening service tonight at 8 o'clock. All members are asked to be present.

Invitations are out for the marriage of A. F. Clark of Hualapai & Co., Ltd., to Elean Roberto Osmond, to take place on Saturday, July 9th, at 8 p. m., at St. Andrew's Cathedral. Rev. Alex. Mackintosh will perform the ceremony.

S. F. Chillingworth, who has been a lawyer in Hawaii for thirty-two years, is falling readily into practice in Honolulu after a long stay on Maui. Mr. Chillingworth has his office with Harry Armitage, at the corner of King and Bethel streets.

Reports are that "Tony" Ahlo, the Oahu college graduate now at Cambridge University, is doing exceedingly well. He is in excellent health and is making satisfactory progress with his studies. He sends a group photograph showing himself with a number of young officers of the Chinese navy.

"Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble," says Mrs. E. G. Gregory, of Fredericktown, Mo. "Our doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

Table with shipping schedules for PERU, COPTIC, RIO DE JANEIRO, GAEUC, CITY OF PEKING, etc.

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd. AGENTS.

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

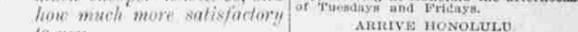
You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN BOX 342.

Our Claim

Upon your attention today will prove a safe investment for you.



THE SAFETY DOCUMENT FILE.

Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds safe. Enameled Metal Case, strong Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing Leases, Contracts, Insurance Policies, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc. Two sizes:

No. 19. Size 3x5 1/4 x 11 inches closed. Contains 24 pockets 4 1/2 x 10 1/4. Price \$2.

No. 20. Size 4 1/2 x 5 1/4 x 11 inches closed. Contains 31 pockets 4 1/2 x 10 1/4 inches. Price \$2.50.

Sole Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Wall, Nichols Company

Cures while you Sleep

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds

Cremolone when vaporized in the sick room will give immediate relief. Its curative powers are wonderful, at the same time preventing the spread of contagious diseases by acting as a powerful disinfectant, sanitizing the youngest child. Sold by druggists. Valuable booklet free.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., HONOLULU, H. I.

H. E. McINTYRE & Co.

East Corner Fort and King Streets IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions and

General Agents for the Sanitarium Brand of Health Food

New and Fresh Goods Received by Every Passenger Steamer from Eastern States and European Markets.

Standard Grades of Canned Vegetables, Fruits and Meats.

Goods Delivered to Any Part of the city. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Island Trade Solicited.

P. O. BOX 145.

Read the Hawaiian

Issued Tuesdays

FIRST RED CROSS CAMPUS AND HALL

Republic of Switzerland Gave it to the World.

THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO

Insignia of Organization—Self-Sacrifice of its Members—Miss Barton's Amendment.

It is nearly forty years since M. Henri Dunant, a native of the republic of Switzerland, witnessed the battle of Solferino, and was a horrified observer of the unnecessary suffering of the wounded from lack of care. Being greatly impressed by the sight, he published a little book called "Souvenir de Solferino," and pointed out the urgent necessity of forming a corps of surgeons and nurses who could work in the cause of humanity regardless of nationality, and who might be protected by a flag of neutrality, and be permitted to serve on the field of battle and aid the wounded. This little volume appealed to all who read it, and the outcome was a convention held at Geneva, Switzerland, in August, 1864, by representatives from sixteen of the great nations of the world, who then signed a compact of strict neutrality that insured, under certain specified regulations, a complete protection to the members of the association when caring for the wounded on the field of battle. The flag of Switzerland is heretofore described as "on a field globe, a cross argent," and the society adopted it out of compliment to its birthplace, only reversing the colors. Today the insignia of the International Committee is the red cross on a white field, and is the only military hospital flag in the civilized world which protects all persons from molestation who work under it or rightfully wear the emblem when performing their services.

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Attractive Exercises at the Kamehameha School.

CONCERT AND A DRILL

Battalion Makes a Fine Showing. "An Hawaiian Evening" at the School for Girls.

There was a band concert and a military drill and inspection at Kamehameha yesterday afternoon and a large number of town people witnessed the maneuvering of the battalion on the campus after listening to the delightful music of the band. The drill and inspection came under the close attention of President Dole and a number of the officers of the First Regiment, N. G. H. An excellent display was made. The fancy movements especially showed the efficiency of both officers and men. Wooden guns were used.

At night there was an Hawaiian evening in the Kamehameha School for Girls. This was a closing entertainment and the program was of the very highest order. Particularly favored by the audience was the paper "Industries for Hawaiian Women." Many practical suggestions were made. Congratulations are due Miss Ida Pope, who has been so successful and effective in her position as principal of this school. Following was the program:

- Hymn—"Hoomakahi... Hoku Ao Nan
- Invocation..... Rev. O. P. Emerson.
- Lord's Prayer.
- Recitation—"Waikiki"..... Maria Maby.
- Sketch—"Kaahumani"..... Hattie Awana.
- Solo..... Lullia Ahoia.
- Kamehameha School for Girls.
- Na Iwi o Pae—(A Famous Fish Hook) A Legend told by Mrs. E. M. Nakulua.
- Reproduced by Emma Kaipa.
- Recitation—"Peace"..... M. C. Kirtledge.
- Elizabeth Robinson.
- Solo—"Pauahi"..... Lilliuokalani.
- Kamehameha School for Girls.
- Essay—"Hawaii Nel"..... Helen Desha.
- Recitation—"Hawaii Nel"..... Maria Richmond.
- Solo—"Hawaii Nel"..... Teresa Bowler.
- Rosina Shaw.
- Poem—"Sleep Sweetly Hawaii"..... Philip Dodge.
- Concert Recitation.
- Essay—"Industries for Hawaiian Women"..... Lewa Iokai.
- Miss Iokai received a Certificate of Graduation from the Normal Department.
- Address..... Rev. S. L. Desha.
- Presentation of Certificate.
- Solo—"Pauahi ke Alii"..... K. G. S. Call.
- Benediction..... Rev. S. L. Desha.

PAUHAH, KEALII.

(Words and Music by Cordelia Clymer)

I.
Best type of womanhood,
So true, so pure, so good,
Thy praise we sing;
For bounteous gifts and free
In all around we see
Of what God gave to thee
Full hearts we bring.

II.
Ever thy spirit dear
Dwell in thy people here,
Thou lovest so well;
Ever thine influence grand,
In youth of his bright land—
A joyous, loving hand—
Most richly dwell.

III.
Pauahi, Kealii,
Loyal we bend to thee,
Queen of our heart;
Alohas loud resound
From all these hills around,
Where'er thy name is found
Where still thou art!

Delagoa Bay Now.

Some of the Portuguese here have read lately in the mother country papers that the home Government would not be likely to at present assist any further immigration to Timor. This is the place so many were anxious to leave Hawaii for a short time ago. The people who want to emigrate from the Paradise of the Pacific are now talking Delagoa Bay and want one of the Macao transports to call here and carry them thence. It is said that about 500 families are willing to leave.

Mailing Finished.

The Hawaiian Foreign office people yesterday about finished up with the Boys in Blue mail and this was the total of it:
Books, 150; post cards, 249; letters, 5,392; papers, 1,422.
The postage on this mail amounted to \$425.

NOT KNOWING WHAT ELSE TO DO.

To save ourselves trouble and suffering by learning from the experience of others—that is the wisdom of history. Otherwise every generation, and every man and woman therein, would have to begin back where their ancestors did. Every soul of us has to learn the alphabet for himself; but after that he can read and benefit by what others have written. Is that idea plain as peas

in a split pod? Yes. Well, then, let us see whether it has anything to say to the facts set forth in the following letter:

"After my confinement," writes a woman, "in August of last year (1893), I could not get up my strength. My food did not seem to be of any use to me. In some way I was ill, but I could not give a name to the ailment. My tongue was swollen and thickly coated, and I was constantly spitting out the thick phlegm which gathered in my throat and mouth. No matter how little food I took—even a morsel—it gave me great pain at the chest and sides; and sometimes it would dart through to my back between the shoulders.

"Often I would be sick, and leave and strain until I was quite sore. Then, again, a pain would take me in the stomach and cut through me like a knife. I had a dry, hacking cough which never left me, and I sweat terribly at night. The cough was so bad that I often had to hold my sides when I had spells of it.

"Nearly every bit of flesh went off my bones, and I got so weak I could not put my foot to the ground. People said I was in a consumption, and I had little hope of getting better. I was so nervous that the least noise would startle and upset me. Those who called said it was pitiable to see the condition I was in.

"I saw two doctors who gave me medicines, but I only got worse and worse. At the end of October (1893) I came by a small book telling about Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and, not knowing what else to do, I sent to Mr. Baxter, the druggist, Brookhouse, and got a bottle. After I had taken it but a few days I was better. I could eat something, and it stayed on my stomach, and the pain was less severe. As I took dose after dose of the Syrup the improvement went on, all the bad feelings abated, and I gained strength. It wasn't long before the cough was quite gone, and I was well and strong as ever.

"After my recovery, a neighbor said to me, 'Mrs. Redhead, you have made my heart and many a time when I see you so glad.'

"Thank you," I replied, "and I was glad enough myself, but Mother Seigel's Syrup has made me glad again, for it has given me back my good health."

"And in thankfulness for it I am very willing you should publish what I have told you. (Signed) Mrs. Mary Jane Redhead, 73, Peter Street, Blackburn, April 4th, 1894."

We congratulate Mrs. Redhead, and tender our regards to the kind-hearted neighbor who was so sorry for her. But what a pity that Mrs. R. didn't know in August what she learned in October—namely, that her disease was indigestion and dyspepsia, and that Mother Seigel's Syrup is a cure for it; some folks say the only cure. Well, we suppose she had to wait her turn to find that out. There's a deal of mystery about these things.

Anyway, she knows now, and the printing of her story will enable lots of other sufferers to begin where she left off. They won't take the Syrup as she did, not knowing what else to do, but they will take it the very day they fall ill, knowing that to be exactly the right thing to do.

Up It Goes.

If you did not take our advice and lay in a good supply of Flour and Feed before the last advance, do it now, as there is every prospect of higher prices. The two most powerful agencies are at work to make the advance:

DROUTH AND WAR.

We try to protect our customers but are compelled to follow the market as our stocks become exhausted.

WE CARRY ONLY THE BEST.

When you want the best Hay, Feed or Grain at Right Prices order from

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

TELEPHONE 121.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Theo. C. Porter, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Theo. C. Porter, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned at the office of Cecil Brown, on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

MARY PORTER, Administrator.

Dated Honolulu, June 14, 1898. 1977-4F

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of Stephen Spencer, late of London, England, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Stephen Spencer, deceased, duly authenticated, whether

secured by mortgage or otherwise to the undersigned at his office on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOHN M. DOWSETT, Administrator with the will annexed. Dated Honolulu, June 8, 1898. 1975-4F

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of W. Y. Horner, Sr., late of Lahaina, Maui, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present their claims duly authenticated at the office of W. L. Decoto, Lahaina, Maui, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

W. L. DECOTO, Administrator Estate W. Y. Horner, Lahaina, Maui, June 14, 1898. 1977-9F

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Executor of the will of Achi Keakanihama Akau, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate to present their claims duly certified, at the office of William O. Smith, Merchant street, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, Executor of will of Achi K. Akau, deceased. Honolulu, June 7, 1898. 1975-4W

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THE Assignee in Bankruptcy of the Estate of Maria G. Leinho gives notice that he has filed in the Circuit Court, First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands, his accounts as such assignee, and has asked for a settlement of the same and a discharge and that hearing on the same has been set for Friday, July 1st, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m.

M. A. GONSALVES, Assignee of the Estate of Maria G. Leinho, Bankrupt.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of J. W. Lota, deceased, late of Hanalei, Kauai, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to him at his office at Hanamaulu, Kauai, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice, or they will be forever barred.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

W. G. SMITH, Administrator of the Estate of J. W. Lota. 1979-6F

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of James Adams Martin, late of Hilo, Hawaii, deceased, hereby gives notice to all parties having claims against the estate of said deceased, to present the same to the undersigned at South Hilo, Hawaii, within six months from the date of first publication of this notice, or they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

RUFUS A. LYMAN, SR., Administrator with will annexed, Estate of James Adams Martin. 1975-4F



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOMMENDED REMEDY. Its ingredients are selected from the most valuable medicinal plants.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
"The Dear of Westminster's Verger writes:—'I was advised to try the Balsam of Aniseed; I did, and have found very great relief. It is most comforting in allaying irritation and giving strength to the voice.'

LORENZ BAUER, Esq., the eminent actor writes:—'I think it an invaluable medicine for members of my profession, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister artists.'

Mr. Thomas Howson, Chemist, Llandudno, October 1st, 1897, writes:—'Singularly, I have commenced my fifth season of business today. I remember my mother giving me four Balsams for coughs and colds nearly 50 years ago. My chest and voice are as sound as a bell now.'

LOOSENS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER.

See the words "Thomas Foxall, Blackfriars Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824. QUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OWE THIS TIME-HONORED REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH, POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND CAPE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 3d., and 6s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands: HOLLISTER DRUG CO., LTD. BENSON, SMITH & CO. HOBSON DRUG CO.

GIVEN AWAY FREE!

To every purchaser of a 50 cent box, containing three cakes of EGG WHITE SOAP, we will give free a beautiful picture worth twice the price of the soap.

WHITE

Nothing else like it. Makes the skin white and as smooth as velvet. Equal to any 25 cent soap on the market. Single Cake for 10 cents.

OF

Perfumed with delicate odor from French Flowers. Leaves a sweet refined odor made from the sweetest materials obtainable. The grandest soap for the toilet and complexion.

EGGS

Those using EGG WHITE SOAP will not suffer from chapped face or hands. SAMPLE Cake given free on application. Come early as the supply of handsome pictures is limited. WE ARE SOLE AGENTS.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

TIMELY TOPICS

June 24, 1898.

Anti-Caloric Boiler Compound.

As this is about the season when grinding on the plantations is about over and managers are considering putting their plant in condition for next season's grinding and in order that we may catch all the contemplated moves we want to call the attention of the plantation managers to our

ANTI-CALORIC BOILER COMPOUND.

At a recent test made by Engineer Kopke of the Pioneer Mill, Lahaina, Maui, the following results were disclosed:

Asbestos - - - - 115F.
Scotch Compound - 108F.
ANTI-CALORIC - - 101F.

Is it necessary to say anything more than that

ANTI-CALORIC BOILER COMPOUND

is economical in every way?

The Hawaiian Hardware Co. Limited. 307 FORT ST.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

(LIMITED)
Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paulsenberg" and "J. C. Pfluger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.
A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Flushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.
Silkies, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meltons, Serge, Kammezzens, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Hugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Rechten & Seller Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Cautic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrap ping Paper, Burins, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Plates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Balls (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks, Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flours, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

H. HACKFELD & CO. (LIMITED.)

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.
In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

Metropolitan Meat Company

No. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Are warranted to cure Gravel, Pain in the back, and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 30 years. In boxes 4s. 6d. each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

A STRONG REPLY

Princes Make a Complete Answer to Queen Dowager.

SHE UNDERSTOOD TRANSACTION

Inquired About Recording—Signed Every Page of Deed—Every Allegation is Covered.

An historic estate and one of the largest private properties in the Islands is involved or figures in the pending law suit between Queen Dowager Kaploani and the Princes David Kawananakoa and Jonah (Cupid) Kalaniana'ole. Following is the text of the answer to the petition of the Queen Dowager:

In the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, Republic of Hawaii.—In Equity.

Kaploani vs. David Kawananakoa and J. Kalaniana'ole.—Bill to Declare a Deed Null and Void.

ANSWER OF DEFENDANTS.

David Kawananakoa and J. Kalaniana'ole, defendants herein, residing at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, by way of answer to the plaintiff's bill of complaint here, saving all right of exception to the errors and insufficiencies thereof, say:

That they admit the allegations in paragraph 1 of said bill.

In answer to paragraph 2 of said bill, defendants say that the conveyance, a copy of which it attached to the bill of complaint, was duly executed by the plaintiff and defendants, whereby the property set forth in said deed was conveyed and transferred by the plaintiff to the defendants in consideration of certain payments, arrears and undertakings in said deed contained and entered into by the defendants, as in said deed fully set forth; but these defendants deny that there was any other consideration, agreement or understanding leading up to the making of said deed, or any other consideration therefor than as in said deed set forth. And defendants specifically deny that at the time of the making of said deed, or at any other time, any understanding or agreement was entered into between the plaintiff and the defendants in reference to said property or the making of said deed other than as appears in the same.

And in answer to paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of said bill, defendants say that plaintiff has always been economical and saving and disposed to the mortgaging or selling of her property or any other disposition thereof, and has frequently indicated upon the defendants the propriety of following the same course; but defendants say that no promise was exacted from defendants by plaintiff at the time of making said deed or in connection therewith that they would not execute any mortgage, lease or conveyance of said property without first consulting or obtaining the consent of plaintiff or until so advised by plaintiff, nor was any such condition imposed before executing the deed in question.

In further answer to said last named paragraphs of said bill of complaint, defendants say that said deed was signed by the plaintiff in the presence of defendants and others, and that they say that said deed was carefully read to the plaintiff by her legal adviser, J. M. Kaneakua, in the presence of defendants and of others, and thereafter said deed was taken by plaintiff and carefully read by herself, and thereafter plaintiff signed the deed with a full knowledge and understanding of the nature and effect thereof.

And defendants further say that after the deed had been signed by plaintiff and defendants, Carlos A. Long, the Notary who took the acknowledgments to said deed, notwithstanding that said deed had been read to plaintiff and read by herself, as well as asked her if she fully understood and comprehended the nature of said deed and stated to her that it was a deed by which she conveyed away all of her property in fee simple to the plaintiff thereupon stated that she understood said deed and was prepared to sign it, and thereupon the Notary suggested to plaintiff that she write her name across the face of each page of said deed as well as in the accustomed place; that plaintiff asked why this suggestion was made, and what effect so doing would have, and that thereupon the Notary, J. M. Kaneakua, said to her that it would show more conclusively her intent to make this a good and valid deed, and that said act would contribute to make it a secure and binding deed, and that if that was her desire that she would comply with the suggestion made by Notary aforesaid, whereupon plaintiff acquiesced in the suggestion and wrote her name across the face of each page of said deed. And thereupon, after the signing of all of the names to said deed, the plaintiff referred to the possession of said deed and stated that she desired to be the custodian of said deed; that the Notary aforesaid then stated that it would be necessary for him to take the deed to his office to attach his notarial seal, and further suggested the necessity of having the deed recorded, and that thereupon said J. M. Kaneakua indorsed the proposition, and the plaintiff gave her express sanction to the recording of said deed, and accordingly said Notary took the deed aforesaid and attached his acknowledgment thereto and his seal. And thereafter the defendants caused said deed to be duly stamped and recorded, the said J. M. Kaneakua furnishing the information as to the amount of stamp duty. Thereafter the defendants received the deed from the Record Office through J. F. Colburn, who was instructed by them to receive the same from the Record Office. The deed was then delivered by the said J. F. Colburn to the defendant David

Kawananakoa, who in turn took the deed and delivered it to the said J. M. Kaneakua as the attorney for the plaintiff, it being understood and agreed between the plaintiff and defendants that she should have the custody of the deed, defendants consenting thereto, knowing that said deed was an indenture signed by all the parties and the plaintiff had a certain allowance secured to her thereby. These defendants say, however, that the retention of the deed or the custody thereof by the plaintiff was with no intention whatsoever of preventing the same from going into immediate operation and effect, nor was any suggestion to that effect made by plaintiff or defendants in any conversation whatever between them in reference to the custody of the said deed, and on the contrary these defendants say that the plaintiff made it apparent in many ways before and after the making of said deed that it was her purpose and intention to vest all the property aforesaid immediately in the defendants under and by virtue of said deed and that the same should go into full force and effect and operation at the hour of the execution thereof by the parties aforesaid in the manner aforesaid.

And defendants further state that the plaintiff herself conceived the idea of making said deed and having it executed the same without connivance or instigation on the part of these defendants or either of them; that the defendants are the heirs at law of the plaintiff and have been brought up by her as her own children, and defendants have been given to understand by plaintiff that they were to inherit her estate, and that plaintiff has no other near relatives besides the defendants that plaintiff has for some time past been in poor health and unable really to attend personally to the affairs of her large estate and defendants say that the making of the deed at this time and occasion came about through the enfeebled health of the plaintiff and consciousness that she might not live very long, and to consummate the purpose and intent of her life time that the defendants were to succeed wholly to her entire estate.

And defendants further say that plaintiff had under immediate contemplation the making of some instrument disposing of her property to defendants for some months prior to the making of said deed and had advised and consulted with defendants and others with reference to the best means and method of carrying out her ultimate wishes in reference to the disposition of her property and that the making of the deed in question was the consummation of months of consideration and consultation. And in this connection defendants say that the preamble and recitals in said deed embody the views of plaintiff and were suggested by her own conversations as often expressed to the defendants and others.

And in further answer to the paragraphs aforesaid of said bill defendants say that the plaintiff, while said deed was at the Record Office, several times made inquiry as to when the recording thereof would be completed and expressly instructed the defendant David Kawananakoa when said deed had been obtained by him from the Record Office, to deliver the same to J. M. Kaneakua, her attorney aforesaid, which was accordingly done as aforesaid. And these defendants say that said deed was recorded for the express purpose of making said deed of immediate force and effect and of publishing the same to the world as an authoritative conveyance from plaintiff to defendants, and immediately thereafter the defendants advertised in the public press in the Hawaiian and English languages in said Honolulu to the effect that claims against the plaintiff should be presented forthwith to the defendants and that all rents accruing from the estate aforesaid covered by the deed aforesaid be paid thereafter to the defendants, and these defendants say that the plaintiff was aware of said advertisements and approved of them.

Furthermore, defendants say that after the execution of said deed the defendants from time to time executed and delivered new leases to tenants of portions of the estate aforesaid covered by said deed, and that plaintiff was well aware of the execution of said leases, and that defendants never thereafter executed leases as aforesaid, the defendant David Kawananakoa having signed several leases for her and in her name and by her express sanction thereto, whereas subsequent to the making of said deed the leases were executed by the defendants in their own names and as of their own right with the knowledge and acquiescence of plaintiff.

Furthermore, defendants say that the plaintiff has been paid by the defendants her monthly allowance of one thousand dollars since said deed and as provided therein and that plaintiff has received for the first two months' allowance thereof and has executed receipts therefor, receiving and receipting for the same as allowance under said deed.

Furthermore, defendants allege and say by way of answer to the paragraphs aforesaid in said bill last heretofore named, that pursuant to the terms of said deed they have paid and discharged all outstanding indebtedness of the plaintiff other than that secured by the mortgage deed to A. S. Wilcox, out of funds other than those forming a part of the estate conveyed to defendants as aforesaid, said obligations amounting to some five thousand dollars. And these defendants say that plaintiff has been made aware of the payment of said bills pursuant to the terms of said deed and that plaintiff after the execution of said deed and by virtue of the terms thereof, and when defendants complied with said request, said plaintiff remarked that the defendants must have borrowed money or mortgaged a portion of the property to have paid said bills.

Furthermore, the defendants say that after the execution of said deed and by virtue of the immediate ownership of the property set forth in said deed created thereby the defendants effected \$23,000 worth of insurance upon certain buildings and personal property forming a part of the estate conveyed by the deed aforesaid, and that said policies were made out in the names of defendants as the absolute owners thereof; that the defendants informed plaintiff of what they had done and plaintiff asked to see the

policies, which request was complied with and that plaintiff examined said policies and was aware that defendants had insured the said property as their own, and expressed no disapproval of said action.

Furthermore, defendants state that on the 1st of April of this year, they presented to plaintiff a statement of the payments made by defendants for and in behalf of plaintiff's current expenses for two preceding months, defendants having paid the same on account of the instructions of plaintiff's physician that she, the plaintiff, should not be bothered by business of any kind, defendants making payment of the monthly allowance secured to plaintiff by said deed by settling of all of her current expenses and current bills and payment of the balance in coin.

And defendants further show and state that on said 1st day of April, the plaintiff stated to the defendant J. Kalaniana'ole that she preferred that her monthly allowance under said deed be paid to her in coin and that she would pay her own bills; that thereupon the defendant aforesaid explained to her that the doctor did not wish her to be bothered with any business and thereupon plaintiff assented and made no further objection.

Defendants further say that after the making of said deed plaintiff upon a number of occasions, dismissed parties applying to her for leases of portions of the property covered by said deed, stating to said applicants that the property had been made over to the boys, meaning the defendants, and that said applicants were to apply to said defendants for the lease in question.

Defendants further answering the paragraphs aforesaid in said bill state that in many other ways plaintiff has unmistakably manifested her intention that said deed should go into immediate force and effect upon execution thereof, and has recognized said deed as in full force and effect in favor of defendants, and has claimed and received from defendants the allowance and consideration and benefits secured to her thereunder.

And defendants further answering the paragraphs aforesaid in said bill state that it is the opinion and belief of defendants that the institution of this suit was not the real wish or desire of plaintiff, nor does it express her true sentiments in reference to said deed and to the making thereof, but is largely the result of efforts of third parties whose plans and designs in reference to the estate of plaintiff have been thwarted by the execution of this deed.

And defendants further answering, say that while they did not obligate themselves to explain all their transactions in reference to said estate after the execution of said deed to plaintiff, nor to seek and obtain the consent of plaintiff to all transactions in reference thereto, as a matter of fact, defendants have lived in complete accord with plaintiff since the making of said deed, and that such friendly relations now continue regardless of said suit, and that defendants have in most of their transactions in connection with said estate freely consulted with plaintiff and have told her what they were doing and intended to do in reference thereto, and defendants say that in their judgment they have good reasons for not mentioning to plaintiff their transactions in reference to said estate which they have kept to themselves.

These defendants admit that since the execution of said deed and the delivery thereof into the custody of plaintiff after being recorded, no demand for the possession or delivery of said deed has been made, defendants believing and understanding that there was no occasion to make any demand therefor, or now, or at any time, for that said deed, by a clear and perfect understanding between plaintiff and defendants, was delivered and went into force and effect immediately after the execution thereof.

In answer to paragraph 8 of said bill, defendants deny the said deed has never been delivered, defendants claiming that there has been a complete and effectual delivery of said deed in law and otherwise.

In answer to paragraph 9 of said bill, defendants admit that they are claiming that said deed is in force and effect, and that thereby they are owners of all the property set forth in said deed subject, however, to the terms and conditions and charges thereon set forth in the deed aforesaid.

Defendants deny all other matters in said bill contained not hereinabove specifically admitted, answered or denied, and pray to be hence dismissed with costs.

DAVID KAWANANAKOA,
J. K. KALANIA'OLE,
Honolulu, Island of Hawaii—ss.
David Kawananakoa and J. Kalaniana'ole, the above defendants, being duly sworn, severally depose and say, that they have heard read the foregoing answer and that all singular matters and things therein alleged and set forth are true, except as to such matters as are alleged on information and belief and as to the same they believe them to be true.

DAVID KAWANANAKOA,
J. K. KALANIA'OLE,
Subscribed and sworn to before (Seal) me this 29th day of June, 1894, (Signed) E. A. MOTT-SMITH,
Notary Public.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. V., and one of the most widely known men in the State was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered, my physicians told me that nothing could be done for me and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wheeling Drug Co., recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I declare that I am entirely cured. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.



Whispering in Beauty's Ear

The secret of preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair to be found only in CUTICURA SOAP, greatest of skin purifying and beautifying soaps, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of unsightly blemishes, red, rough hands, and falling hair, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES

Sold throughout the world. British depot: FRANCIS NEWBERRY & SONS, 1, King Edward St., London. PORTER, DRUG AND CHEM. SUPPLY, Sole Proprietors, Boston, U.S.A. Send to Messrs. NEWBERRY for "The Skin, Scalp, and Hair," a book of 64 pages, fully illustrated, with complete description and treatment, post free.

- Hollister & Co. Import Cigars direct from Havana.
- Hollister & Co. Import American Cigars direct from the Factories.
- Hollister & Co. Import Manila Cigars direct from the Factories.
- Hollister & Co. Import Smoking Tobaccos direct from the Factories.
- Hollister & Co. Import Chewing Tobaccos direct from the Factories.
- Hollister & Co. Import Snuff direct from the Factories.
- Hollister & Co. Import Three B Pipes direct from the Factory in London.
- Hollister & Co. Have Havana and Manila Cigars in Bond.
- Hollister & Co. Are TOBACCONISTS.
- Hollister & Co. Are Located at—

Corner of Fort & Merchant Sts.

California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal. Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.
MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:
HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

The Steamer Service between Honolulu and San Francisco is sadly mixed just at present, and as a result it is hard to know just when goods that are due will arrive. We still have a store well filled with nearly everything that anyone needs in the Hardware line, to say nothing of Paints and Oils, Leather of all kinds, Guns, Rifles and Cartridges, Bicycles and Bicycle Supplies, and as we depend largely on sailing vessels from New York, England and San Francisco we are able to keep our stock well up all the time. When needing anything in any of the above lines try—

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

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LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co
OF BOSTON.
Etna Fire Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1893.

Authorized Capital—£3,000,000	£	3,000,000
Subscribed	2,750,000	
Paid up Capital	687,500	0 0
Fire Fund	2,742,500	7 0
Life and Annuity Funds	1,107,000	1 0
	£13,589,000	8 0

Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,551,377 3 9
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches..... 1,376,611 1 0
£2,927,988 4 9

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.
ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co. (Limited)
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836.
ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... £3,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.
CAPITAL..... £1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATES.
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ld.
AGENTS.

J. S. WALKER,
General Agent the Hawaiian Islands;

Royal Insurance Company:
ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.;
ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO.;
WILHELM OF MADGERBERG INSURANCE CO.;
SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA;
SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Rm. 12, Spreckels Bldg. Honolulu, H. I.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored thereon on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Co

OF HAMBURG.
Capital of the Company
serve, reinsurance,
Capital their reinsurance
panies - - - - -
Total reinsurance

North German

OF HAMBURG.
Capital of the Company
serve, reinsurance,
Capital their reinsurance
panies - - - - -
Total reinsurance

The undersigned above two islands, and Furniture, chinery, and damaged.

Re (Semi

STUDY DAYS OVER

Class of 13 Graduates From Kamehameha.

Col. W. F. Allen Presides—Address. Program of Essays and Music. Engrossed Diplomas.

The commencement exercises were held at the Kamehameha Manual Training school for Hawaiian boys last evening and the attendance was very large. In the absence of Vice President Hyde, who is ill, Col. W. F. Allen presided. Col. Allen mentioned that the absence of Rev. C. M. Hyde was for the first time. The president's address as given by Col. Allen was replete with expression of the sound thought and ripe experience of the speaker.

- Invocation..... Rev. Henry Kapu President's Address..... Col. W. F. Allen Music. Salutatory..... Daniel Kaonohi Kalo "Food for Hawaiians"..... Daniel Kaonohi Kalo "Peter Cooper"..... Jacob Kane Ordenstein Music. "The Orientals in Hawaii"..... James Frank Abbey "Current Events"..... John Nelson Travis Music. "The Mitre Box"..... Joseph Kalaina Nakahu "What Shall We Do?"..... Clarence Kumukoa Lyman Valedictory..... Clarence Kumukoa Lyman Class Song..... Lowell Kalamahai Kupan "Finding Out and Being Told"..... Lowell Kalamahai Kupan Presentation of Diplomas. Benediction.

The graduates are: John Nelson Travis, James Frank Abbey, Charles Pihlala Baker, Joseph Kalaina Nakahu, Daniel Kaonohi Kalo, William Kaleokalani Kamano, Samuel Kalaisalo Kekahuna, Clarence Kumukoa Lyman, Louis Kaohamani Makanani, John Puniani Nawai, Jacob Kane Ordenstein, John Pula. Normal class of '98—Lowell Kalamahai Kupan, '97. The members of the '98 class are very proud of their diplomas. The lettering was done by Virgo Jacobsen, the pen artist, and is beautiful. It is in an ancient text with the capitals illuminated.

California Mules.

G. Schuman has just received 65 head of young, strong mules from 4 to 7 years old suitable for plantation work. Mr. Schuman will endeavor to keep on hand mules so that rush orders from the Islands can be promptly and satisfactorily filled.

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal. By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent. Mariners are requested to report to the office any dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The American ship George Curtis sailed for New York yesterday with a full cargo of sugar. The steamer Upolu will leave at 2 p. m. today for Honolulu, Mahukona, Kaula and Kona ports. The Upolu is at present 17 foreign sailing vessels, one man-of-war, one merchant steamer and one collier in port. The American barkentine Planter, of New York, has come in from Laysan on a trip of fifteen days. She has a full cargo of guano.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals. From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr Kinau, June 28.—A. Brerely and wife, W. C. Heers, E. D. Tenney, C. M. Cooke, R. A. Cooke, G. P. Cooke, F. M. Wakefield, Cyril Smith, Miss M. K. Nallima, Miss E. K. Ewaliko, R. G. Abercrombie, J. D. Abercrombie, Geo. Chalmers, E. M. W. Benckelspiel, W. McNutt, Miss Della Weight, C. McLenan, Sam Wo Kee, P. P. Kurada, N. G. Chan, Wray Taylor, L. K. Mederious, J. W. Nell and wife, Miss Ray Bell, Miss A. Walker, Miss C. Wright, Mrs. S. W. Brown, Rev. J. Kelpi, L. A. C. Parish, W. L. Lowrie, H. R. Hitchcock, C. B. Reynolds, Mrs. Dan McCarrison, Miss L. McCarrison, Master McCarrison, Captain R. Andrews and 62 deck passengers. From the Orient, per P. M. S. S. City of Rio de Janeiro.—Rev. Judson Smith, A. Margolis, Geo. F. Saywell, wife and child, C. W. Prescott, W. H. Wickins, E. Roepert, Nurley Sorokimonsky, C. Swinerton, Geo. Frew, Lieut. Kosamin, Geo. Munro, John F. Hubert.

Departures. For Hawaii, per stmr. Ke Au Hou, June 30.—Mrs. E. J. G. Bryant, Miss Deerman, Z. McKeager, and 7 on deck. From Kapa, per stmr. James Makee, June 30.—Mrs. Yashloka, Master Yashloka, Ha Hoan, and 3 on deck. For Kona ports, per stmr. Kaula, June 29.—Josephine Jackson, Miss L. B. Tong, Thora Oas, A. Dreier, A. Con-

TOURNAMENT ENDED.

Program Completed With Last of Mixed Doubles. The finals in the mixed doubles of the tennis tournament were played on the courts of the Beretania Tennis Club yesterday afternoon. There was a small but interested attendance. The contestants were Miss Hart and D. Shanks vs. Miss Lucy Ward and W. A. Wall, the former winning by a score of 6-2, 6-0, 6-2. As may be seen, the victory was easily won. The men admit freely that the ladies did the best part of the playing. With yesterday's match ends the tournament of 1898 which has been in all respects a most successful one. The playing has been of the very best kind and all who have been in attendance at the matches have expressed their entire satisfaction.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT.

- NAVAL. U. S. S. Mohican, Book, cruise, June 28. MERCHANTMEN. (This list does not include coasters.) Ger. ship Marie Hackfeld, Kruse, Bremen, May 30. Br. bk. Veritas, Christianson, Newcastle, N. S. W., June 19. Am. bktn. Kikikat, Cutler, Port Townsend, June 29. Br. sp. Otterspool, Reid, Liverpool, June 22. Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, San Francisco, June 25. Am. schr. E. B. Stinton, Carver, Victoria, B. C., June 25. Am. schr. Emma Claudina, Nelson, Eureka, June 26. Am. schr. Queen, Edwardson, Port Townsend, June 26. Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, San Francisco, June 26. Am. bk. Diamond Head, Ward, Nantimo, June 27. Am. bktn. Planter, Dow, Laysan Island, June 27. Am. schr. Bering Sea, Leas, Seattle, Wash., June 28. Am. bk. John C. Potter, Meyer, Newcastle, N. S. W., June 29.

ARRIVALS.

- Tuesday, June 28. U. S. S. Mohican, Book, from a cruise off Maui. Am. bktn. Planter, Dow, from Laysan Island. Am. schr. Bering Sea, Leas, from Seattle, Wash. Stmr. Kinat, Clarke, from Maui and Hawaii ports. Stmr. Helene, Macdonald, from Hawaii ports. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports. P. M. S. S. City of Rio de Janeiro, from Hongkong and Yokohama. Wednesday, June 29. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Hawaii. Thursday, June 30. Stmr. Upolu, Nelson, from Hawaii ports. Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Kapa. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kapa. Am. bk. John C. Potter, Meyer, from Newcastle. DEPARTURES. Tuesday, June 28. Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Lahaina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau. Stmr. Kaula, Bruhn, for Kona ports. Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for Kona ports. Wednesday, June 29. U. S. Monitor Monterey, Leutze, for Manila. U. S. Collier Brutus, Cottman, for Manila. P. M. S. S. Rio de Janeiro, Ward, for San Francisco. Thursday, June 30. Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, for Kapa. Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, for Kahuku. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina, Honokaa and Kukuihaele. Am. bk. S. C. Allen, George H. Johnson, for San Francisco. Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Penhallow, for San Francisco. Am. sp. Geo. Curtis, Sproul, for New York.

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stable, W. Weight, J. Knudsen, Kawohl Peleko.

For Kona ports, per stmr Mikahala, June 28.—W. H. Rice and family, Miss Fontala, L. E. Maynard, Lizzie Bungo, Mrs. Buehler, Mrs. C. M. Cooke, Miss L. Duchalsky, Mrs. C. Akina, Mrs. Spaulding and son, Henry Christian.

For Maui ports, per stmr Claudine, June 28.—P. MoLane and wife, W. E. Howell, F. A. Alexander, Dr. Weddick, and wife, Master Desha, Maurice Damon, Mrs. Decato, Miss E. Boote, Mr. G. M. Boote and wife, W. E. Beckwith, Dr. Boote, P. S. Seales, W. A. Robertson, J. H. Clairborne, Jr., G. O. Cooper, R. Von Tompsky, V. A. Vestlesen, W. L. Decato, F. W. Hinning, A. Enos, wife and son, Miss E. Lima, Miss Z. Lima, Miss L. Ball, Master W. Horner, Master John Robinson, Rev. Kihara, Master H. Robinson, Master S. Robinson, Master C. Ching, Mrs. Ahia and boy, Miss Su Ha, Ying Hing, Afon, Rev. S. K. Kaalua, S. Fukuda, Ahing, A. B. Wood, Dr. Wood.

For Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr W. G. Hall, June 28.—Mrs. S. C. Allen and party, Lawrence Robinson, Mark Robinson, Allen Robinson, S. C. Willis, Miss Willis, Laura Pohl, Hele, Laau, Miss Foley, Fred Adler, S. F. Thomas, Mary Kruse, Miss Irene Willis, Winnie Marcos, Mrs. M. R. Abbott, Miss Ellis, Thomas Eua, J. D. Paris, Jr., Master Jagger, Mrs. A. Jagger, Miss Jagger, George Clark and three children, W. Muller, L. P. Lino, J. Greenwell, Julian Yates, Master Kawoha, W. McWayne, J. M. McChesney and wife, Mrs. Jennie Miles and two children, J. S. McCandless, Oliver Naniipi, Jim Napiua.

For San Francisco, per P. M. S. S. Rio de Janeiro, June 29.—L. M. Vettleson, C. F. Brown, Sam'l Wilcox, Chas. H. Wilcox, S. P. Wilcox, Miss Anna Furber, G. H. Paris, Henry H. Pierson, Jr., W. Stanton, R. G. Van Ness, C. A. Johnson, Ed. Dowsett, W. R. Farrington, Geo. W. Macfarlane, Norman C. Harbard, ten soldiers and sailors and eighteen steerage.

For San Francisco, per bk. S. C. Allen, June 29.—W. E. Reaves, Nelson Lansing, W. E. P. Roth and Mrs. McCullough.

NOTICE.

MR. JULIUS HOTING HAS THIS DAY RETIRED FROM OUR FIRM. F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. Honolulu, H. I., July 1, 1898.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF FINE PUPS, PART Mastiff and part Great Dane. Make fine watch dogs. WAIALAE RANCH.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Haina Imhop and Edward Imhop, her husband, of Honolulu, Oahu, to The Western and Hawaiian Investment Co., April 1st, 1897, recorded Liber 179, page 164, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Moran, Honolulu, on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, Trustee Honolulu, June 23, 1898.

THE WESTERN AND HAWAIIAN INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: 1st. All those certain pieces or parcels of land in Hapakihi, Kailhi, Oahu, described in Apana 1 containing 4.17 kaul, and Apana 2 containing 3.02 kaul, set forth in R. P. No. 4182 on L. C. A. 1546 to Kahalehohu, conveyed by J. O. Halal, heir of Patentee to Kamawai, by deed recorded in Liber 33, page 281, and inherited by said Haina as only child and heir of said Kamawai.

2d. All those certain pieces or parcels of land in Mokuia, Kailhi, described in Apana 1, containing 0.71 kaul, and Apana 2 containing 1.48 kaul, set forth in R. P. No. 3292 on L. C. A. 1548 to Kubaamalu and conveyed by J. O. Halal, heir of Patentee to Mawae (Kamawai), mother of said Haina, recorded in Liber 23, page 328.

3rd. All that certain piece of land, consisting of Apana 1 and Apana 2 in Mokuia, Kailhi, and described by metes and bounds in deed of Mochoma to Aswan, father of said Haina, recorded in Liber 35, page 241.

4th. All that certain piece of land at Kailhi, Oahu, containing 8 kapual, described in deed of J. H. Kalapaa and wife, to said Aswan, recorded in Liber 47, page 310; and

5th. All that piece of land described in deed of A. I. to said Aswan, recorded in Liber 79, page 226, being premises in Kuleana 1665, and also the buildings, structures and appurtenances to said premises appertaining. 1879-31F

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S New York Line.

The Bark "Numann" will sail from New York to Honolulu on or about July 15, 1898. If sufficient inducement offers. Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston or C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu Agents.

BY AUTHORITY.

MONDAY, JULY 26, 1898, being a National Holiday, all Government Offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day. HENRY E. COOPER, Minister of the Interior ad Interim, Interior Office, June 23, 1898.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

To the Tax-Payers of the First Division, Island of Oahu: The Tax Assessor's Books for the year 1898, for the several Taxation Districts, will be open for inspection by persons liable for Taxation between the 1st and 15th day of July (Sundays excepted), from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, as follows:

- DISTRICT OF HONOLULU. At the Assessor's Office, Judiciary Building, Honolulu. DISTRICTS OF EWA AND WAIANAE. At the Court House, Waianae, between the 1st and 5th days of July. At the Court House, Ewa, between the 6th and 15th days of July. DISTRICT OF WAIALAE. At the Post Office, Waialae. DISTRICT OF KOOLAULOA. At the Court House, Hanalei. DISTRICT OF KOOLAUPOKO. At the offices of the Deputy Assessor, Kaneohe.

JONATHAN SHAW, Assessor, First Division, Honolulu, June 30, 1898.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On July 28th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, will be sold at public auction, on special terms of payment and improvement, Lot 13, Kahohuna, Hilo, Hawaii, containing an area of 65 9-19 acres, a little more or less.

Upset price, \$533.20. For full particulars as to terms and conditions, plan, etc., apply at Public Lands Office, or at office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands, June 29th, 1898. 1979-31

AUDITING DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS, NO. 1.

PERMANENT SETTLEMENTS AND SALARIES. Under the provisions of the new Audit Law all persons and officers of the Government specifically named in the "Salaries and Pay Rolls Appropriations" bill, and all other permanent employees of the Government receiving regular monthly salaries, will be paid from the Audit Office after July 1st, 1898, by individual warrant on the Treasury.

To insure the completeness and promptness of the issuance of each month's salary warrants by the Auditor-General, complete pay-rolls or lists of employees, containing name, official title or position, and amount of monthly pay of each employee, will be required to be deposited with the Auditor-General by the heads of the several Departments, as soon as practicable before the last day of each month, such pay-rolls or lists, bearing the approval of the Head of the Department employing such persons.

Upon the receipt of such pay-rolls or lists, the Auditor-General will issue individual warrants in favor of the employees named therein, and said warrants will be forwarded to the payees by the best practicable method.

PAY-ROLLS.

For mechanics and laborers, and others temporarily employed, Pay-Rolls will be required, specially certified to by the officer directly incurring the expense, that the services charged for have been faithfully performed; upon the approval of such pay-roll by the Auditor-General, he will issue a warrant in favor of a disbursing officer duly authorized by the Head of the Department employing such labor; such disbursing officer will receipt temporarily for such warrant, draw the money from the Treasury, and immediately pay the same to the laborers or employees entitled thereto, taking their individual receipts therefor, and as soon as practicable thereafter, return the receipted pay-roll to the Auditor-General, receiving in return therefor his temporary receipt, and being thus discharged from further liability.

The law specially prohibits the Auditor-General from holding at one time more than one such temporary receipt from the same disbursing officer for pay-rolls under the same item of appropriation.

BILLS.

It will be the aim of the Auditing Department to make monthly settlements by warrant for all valid claims against the Government; in order that this may be done, bills for material, supplies, and incidentals will be required to reach the Auditing Department as soon as practicable after the close of each month, through the Department or Bureau incurring the expense; said bills to be made out on uniform bill heads which will be furnished by the several Departments, to contain items of one month only (except in the case of quarterly, semi-annual, or annual rents, subsidies and the like), and must specify the following particulars, viz:

- Marginal Dates, showing date of actual supply of goods; Quantities Supplied, i. e. number of lbs, tons, doz., etc. Rates Charged, so that numerical calculations can be verified. If material or labor is furnished in accordance with contract or tender, the same is to be stated in the bill. Said bills also to be specially certified to by the officer of the Government directly incurring the expense, that the material, supplies, and incidentals have been received in good order and condition. It will be the duty of the several Heads of the Departments and Bureaus to present not later than the tenth of each month for expenditures on the Island of Oahu, and not later than the fifteenth of each month for expenditures on the other Islands, to the Auditor-General a summarized statement of all bills of the previous month fulfilling the above conditions, together with the bills, in budgets or summaries, under the titles of the several appropriations to which they are chargeable; each budget to contain bills of one month only, and to bear the approval of the Head of the Department incurring the expense. The Auditor-General, on receipt of such budgets will proceed to check the bills contained therein, and when approved will issue warrants in payment of the same; warrants will in every case be drawn in favor of the person to whom the Government is directly indebted, unless such person indicates by endorsement on his bill some other person in whose favor he desires the warrant to be drawn.

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS.

Copies of all Contracts, Agreements, and Accepted Tenders for Material or Labor, together with a copy of the advertisement calling for such contract or tender, must be filed with the Auditor-General at the time of acceptance. The above regulations governing bills for material, supplies, and incidentals, will apply to bills on account, or in full, of contracts and agreements.

TRANSCRIPT OF TREASURY CASH BOOK.

The Registrar of Public Accounts shall transmit to the Auditor-General daily a transcript of his cash transactions of the day previous as recorded in the Treasury Cash Book, in such form as shall be agreed upon between the Minister of Finance and the Auditor-General.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

Sworn returns of collections of revenue or other moneys, will be required to be made monthly to the Auditor-General as heretofore; by Public Accountants in Honolulu, not later than the fourteenth day after the expiration of each month.

EFFECT OF REGULATIONS.

These regulations go into effect and have the force of law at the same time with the new Audit Law, i. e. on and after July 1, 1898.

H. LAWS, Auditor-General.

APPROVED:

- SANFORD B. DOLE, President. HENRY E. COOPER, Minister of Foreign Affairs. S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance. HENRY E. COOPER, Minister of the Interior ad Interim. WILLIAM O. SMITH, Attorney-General, Honolulu, June 21st, 1898. 1997-31

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In re the application of Kela Kaka Marquez, for an order empowering her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

It is hereby ordered that all persons having interest in any of her said property or desiring to be heard upon her said application, be and appear before this Court at the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Oahu, on Friday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1898, and show cause, if any they have, why the order prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolulu, June 6, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of James Cowan, late of Waiakoa, Hilo, Hawaii, deceased, intestate.

Petition having been filed by John A. Scott, praying that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issued to said John A. Scott, notice is hereby given that Wednesday, the 27th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Court House, at Hilo, Hawaii, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, June 24th, 1898. By the Court, DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of Godfrey Rhodes, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the Executrix of the will of said deceased, wherein she asks that her accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in her hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging her from all further responsibility as such Executrix. It is ordered, that Monday, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Honolulu, June 10, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of Kaelipua Kanoa, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the Executor of the will of said deceased, wherein he asks that his accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him from all further responsibility as such Executor. It is ordered, that Monday, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Honolulu, June 10, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In re the application of Kela Kaka Marquez, for an order empowering her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

It is hereby ordered that all persons having interest in any of her said property or desiring to be heard upon her said application, be and appear before this Court at the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Oahu, on Friday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1898, and show cause, if any they have, why the order prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolulu, June 6, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In re the application of Kela Kaka Marquez, for an order empowering her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

It is hereby ordered that all persons having interest in any of her said property or desiring to be heard upon her said application, be and appear before this Court at the Judiciary Building, in Honolulu, Oahu, on Friday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1898, and show cause, if any they have, why the order prayed for in said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolulu, June 6, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In re the application of Kela Kaka Marquez, for an order empowering her to make contracts, etc.

Kela Kaka Marquez, having applied to this Court for an order granting and empowering her to convey and dispose of her property and to make contracts under seal, during the absence of her husband, and other relief as more particularly appears in the petition on file in this cause:

the same is hereby appointed the time for proving said will and hearing said application when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same. Dated Honolulu, H. I., this 21st day of June, A. D. 1898. By the Court, J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk. 1879-41F

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of James Cowan, late of Waiakoa, Hilo, Hawaii, deceased, intestate.

Petition having been filed by John A. Scott, praying that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issued to said John A. Scott, notice is hereby given that Wednesday, the 27th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Court House, at Hilo, Hawaii, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, June 24th, 1898. By the Court, DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

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Honolulu, June 10, 1898. By the Court, P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

In the matter of the Estate of Kaelipua Kanoa, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the Executor of the will of said deceased, wherein he asks that his accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him from all further responsibility as such Executor. It is ordered, that Monday, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.