



Established July 2, 1856.

VOL. XXI. NO. 3914.

HONOLULU, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1895.

PRICE: 5 CENTS.

Business Cards.

C. BREWER & CO., LIMITED
Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.
AGENTS FOR

Hawaiian Agricultural Co., Onomea Sugar Co., Honoumou Sugar Co., Wailuku Sugar Co., Waihee Sugar Co., Mahee Sugar Co., Haleakala Ranch Co., Kapaeha Ranch.
Planters' Line San Francisco Packets, Chas. Brewer & Co.'s Line of Boston Packets.
Agents Boston Board of Underwriters, Agents Philadelphia Board of Underwriters.

LIST OF OFFICERS:

P. C. JONES.....President
Geo. H. ROBERTSON.....Manager
E. F. BISHOP.....Treas. and Secy.
Col. W. F. ALLEN.....Auditor
O. M. COOKE.....
H. WATERHOUSE.....Directors
C. L. CARTER.....

THE HAWAIIAN SAFE DEPOSIT
AND
INVESTMENT COMPANY,
HONOLULU, H. I.

Have Safe Deposit Boxes of various sizes to rent by the month or year.

Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold

AGENTS FOR—
Sun Insurance Office of London.

AGENTS FOR—
Great Northern Railway. Tickets Sold to All Points.

AGENTS FOR—
The Hawaiian Land and Improvement Company (Limited).

Some of the finest Coffee and Fruit Land on the Islands for sale upon very favorable terms. 3878-4f

The Hawaiian Investment Co.
REAL ESTATE

LOANS.

FOR SALE.

Desirable Property in all parts of the City.

Four Houses on Punchbowl street at a bargain.

A 4-acre Lot at Makiki.

Lots 4 and 5, Block 25, Pearl City.

A 2 1/2-acre Lot at Kalihi.

Residence at Kalihi with barn, pig pens and chicken coop, 120x10; suitable for a Chicken Ranch.

13 and 15 Kaahumanu Street.
Telephone 639. Near Postoffice.

Castle & Cooke L'd.
LIFE AND FIRE
INSURANCE AGENTS.

AGENTS FOR

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company
OF BOSTON.

Metna Fire Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD.

HONOLULU

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY!
W.W. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

Carriage :- Builder
AND REPAIRER.

All orders from the other islands in the Carriage Building, Trimming and Painting Line, will meet with prompt attention.

P. O. BOX 321.

NOS. 128 AND 130 FORT STREET
3863-y

Massage.

MRS. PRAY WOULD ANNOUNCE that she will attend a limited number of patients. Address at H. M. Whitney's, King st.; Bell Telephone 75. 3228-4f

Business Cards.

DR. R. I. MOORE
DENTIST.



Office: Arlington Cottage, Hotel Street
Office hours: 9 A. M. to 12 M. and 1 P. M. to 4 P. M. 3860-1m

M. E. Grossman, D.D.S.

DENTIST.

98 HOTEL STREET.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

S. NISHIMURA,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

Japanese Provisions, Dry Goods,

Fancy Goods, Etc.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.

Foster Block, Nuuanu Street.

New Goods
A FINE ASSORTMENT.

TILES FOR FLOORS!
And for Decorating Purposes;

MATTING OF ALL KINDS,

MANILA CIGARS.

WING WO CHAN & CO.

No. 22 Nuuanu Street.
3601-q

F. W. MAKINNEY,

TYPEWRITER,

Conveyancer and Searcher of Records

FIRE, LIFE AND

Accident :- Insurance.

All kinds of Typewriting done, promptly, cheaply and accurately.

ALSO

GENERAL COLLECTOR.

OFFICE: 318 FORT STREET 3848-4f

WM. L. PETERSON,

Notary :- Public, :- Typewriter

AND COLLECTOR.

OFFICE: Over Bishop & Co.'s Bank.
3812-y

DR. J. UCHIDA,

Physician and Surgeon.

No. 5, KUKUI LANE.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 8 p. m.

Mutual Tel. 532.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.,

Steam Engines,

Boilers, Sugar Mills, Coolers, Brass and Lead Castings.

And machinery of every description made to order. Particular attention paid to ships' blacksmithing. Job work executed on the shortest notice.

LEWERS & COOKE,

[Successors to Lewers & Dickson.]

Importers and Dealers in Lumber

And all kinds of Building Materials.

NO. 22 FORT STREET, HONOLULU

P. O. Box 386. Mutual Tel. 544.

NAN-YU COMPANY, LIMITED,

Commission Merchants

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Japanese :- Provisions

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

411 KING STREET,

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

New Goods by every steamer.

3878-1y

Business Cards.

JENNIE L. HILDEBRAND, M. D.
Homeopathic Physician.
HOTEL STREET,
Opposite Y. M. C. A.
Office hours: 9 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Mutual Telephone No. 610.
3838-3m

C. J. WHITNEY,

Teacher of Elocution and Dramatic Art.

Arlington Hotel. 3884-1m

S. T. ALEXANDER, H. P. BALDWIN,

ALEXANDER & BALDWIN,

Commission Merchants

No. 3 California st., San Francisco.

Island orders promptly filled.

3897-6m

A. PERRY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

And Notary Public.

Office: Over Bishop's Bank.
3692-1y

WILLIAM C. PARKE,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW

—AND—
Agent to take Acknowledgments.

OFFICE—No. 18 Kaahumanu Street, Honolulu, H. I.

GONSALVES & CO,

Wholesale Grocers and Wine Merchants.

225 Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

H. MAY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers

98 FORT STREET.

Telephones 22. P. O. Box 470.
3450-y

HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,

HARDWARE,

Cutlery and Glassware

307 Fort Street.
3575-1y

BEAVER SALOON,

FORT STREET, OPPOSITE WILDER & CO.'S

H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor.

First-class Lunches served with Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.

OPEN FROM 3 A. M. TILL 10 P. M.

Smokers' Recruits a specialty.

WM. F. THURM,

SURVEYOR.

Room No. 11, Spreckels' Block.
3859-6m

LEWIS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers

111 FORT STREET,

Telephone 240. P. O. Box 297

CONSOLIDATED

Soda Water Works Company, Limited

Esplanade, Corner Allen and Fort Sts.

HOLLISTER & CO.,

Agents.

3710 1559-1y

M. W. McCHESNEY & SONS

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND DEALERS IN—

Leather and Shoe Findings

HONOLULU.

AGENTS Honolulu Soap Works Co., Honolulu Tannery.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,

General Commission Agents

Cor. Fort and Queen sts., Honolulu.

T. E. LINDSAY,

Manufacturer of Native Jewelry

—DEALER IN—

Imported Jewelry,

Gold and Silverware,

Diamonds, Etc.

Just the things suitable for the holidays.

208 MERCHANT ST.,

Between Fort and Kaahumanu streets.

3861-3m

LILUOKALANI'S CASE CLOSED.

Argued and Submitted to the Military Court Yesterday.

CAPT. KINNEY'S MASTER EFFORT.

Paul Neumann Gives His Reasons Why the Accused Should be Acquitted. The Judge-Advocate Answers the ex-Queen's Talented Attorney.

I believe, and so does the Court, I think, that Nowlein told the truth when he stated, in answer to a question by the Judge-Advocate, that he managed and planned the affair, to overthrow the Government, without any aid or assistance from the accused. He does not beat about the bush, his answers are straight and, although incriminating himself, he acknowledges the affair as his plan to restore the monarchy and by force. His story for the prosecution, as against himself, should receive proper recognition at the hands of the Court and should weigh well in favor of the accused. The Waimanalo went out. Nowlein sent her. The agents on board, Warren and Townsend, were Nowlein's. The date set for the uprising was January 23. Nowlein knew it. Thursday was made the day for the venture and only then, does Nowlein believe that the hour is at hand for he gives orders to Clark for the arming of men to guard the residence and person of the accused while he, full of his mission, maybe believing that he may never again see his beloved chief, visits her, on her veranda, where she is sitting, surrounded by other ladies.

At 8:30 o'clock, on Sunday morning, Nowlein, the commander-in-chief, the manager and the planner, as he testifies, of the revolution, in order to be at hand when the move to be made takes place leaves Washington Place for Diamond Head, he bids adieu to his chief and, although with his mind full of the hazard, leaves the presence of the accused with lips still sealed to her of the purport of his mission. "Then I went off," he says, and have not spoken to the queen since leaving her on Sunday morning. The cross-examination is a clear and honest renunciation of having given any information to the accused about the rebellion or any intended plans or movements.

Captain Kinney opened the argument late in the forenoon and had not finished at the noon hour when a recess was taken to 1 o'clock. Captain Kinney's remarks were as follows:

May it please the gentlemen of the Commission: The acts of treason principally relied on, for there are thirteen counts, are the procuring and engaging of men for the purpose of carrying out a conspiracy to overthrow the Government, and of procuring of arms and ammunition for the same purpose, and the partial establishment and preparation of a government and a military force to take the place of the government that they intended to overthrow; all of which acts we content are clearly acts of treason as soon as committed, and which we claim were within the guilty knowledge of the accused.

Now, some matters are undisputed and undisputed in this case. It cannot be disputed that an uprising has taken place. It is now practically a matter of history that after some long months of muttering, agitation and incitement on the part of the press and supporters of the late monarchy the matter took an active and tangible shape under the leadership of four men—Mr. Gulick, Mr. Seward, Mr. Rickard and Nowlein; and these four men procured the landing of arms both here and abroad, and ammunition, and enlisted or engaged men to take part in the undertaking; that when the affair came off that some 200 men were there armed and on the field with the intention of taking part with about 400 rifles, as shown by the evidence, and bombs and munitions of war gathered and partially used in attempting to carry out this purpose. It is also a matter of undisputed fact that certain commissions, some eleven in number, for the principal offices under a monarchy, were prepared and engrossed, and a new constitution, which fitted the uprising, and which was to be used in case the uprising was successful, was drawn and engrossed together with a proclamation of martial law, a proclamation for citizens to assemble at the station house and at the government building, and a proclamation that it had pleased Her Majesty to appoint to certain offices. This is history. This is not disputed by even the learned counsel. But it is contended that the accused was entirely unconscious of all this that was transpiring, and presents herself spotless and immaculate before this court with the statement, so far as this uprising, which the learned counsel characterizes and dignifies by the charge of an insurrection and a riot, is concerned, that her hands are clean, morally and legally, from any connection with it. Says the accused in her personal statement: "The movement undertaken by the Hawaiians last month was absolutely commenced without my knowledge, sanction, consent or assistance, directly or indirectly, and this fact is in truth well known to those who took part in it. I received no information from any one in regard to arms which were or which were to be procured, nor of any men who were induced, or to be induced, to join in any such uprising. I do not know why this

information should have been withheld from me unless it was with a view to my personal safety or as a precautionary measure. It would not have received my sanction and I can assure the gentlemen of this Commission that had I known of any such intention I would have demanded the promoters from such a venture."

Now I submit and agree with counsel that this case should be decided upon the evidence, and I am willing and most earnestly desirous that it should be decided upon that and nothing else. I wish to call attention to certain other facts which are practically undisputed in this case, before we come to the question of the knowledge of the accused of the entire affair. We find in the first place that the entire uprising was in behalf of the accused. It was according to her version a surprise party tendered to Her Majesty by the residents of these islands, a conspiracy far reaching, wide, and extending over months, but with a caution that was only equalled by their love and affection. The whole affair was hidden in Christmas stockings to be opened on the Christmas morning that was to inaugurate the completion of all that could be desired. We draw more upon the fund of our credulity, and advance to that point to which we must advance if we are to follow the will-o'-wisp of innocence which she has displayed before this Commission and which this Commission, if it is to follow, must follow through swamp and marsh and you may well put on top boots before starting. Let us admit that in this surprise, the one who was to be surprised and receive the benefit of it all, did not know anything about it. We have gone that far, and perhaps some foolish man may not be willing to accept that, but I am willing that we should start at that point. It is understood further that one of the four men who carried out this conspiracy actively, earnestly working night and day, was housed under the roof of innocence, her confidential servant and advisor, the man who among those four was selected to pass the word along throughout the island of Oahu, as he himself admits to everybody, to get ready to do the work when the time came to do it. I understand from this statement, made upon the honor of a queen, that this was going on when she was engaged as indicated by her statement, "To prevent the shedding of the blood of my people, natives and foreigners alike, I opposed armed interference, and quietly yielded to the armed forces brought against my throne, and submitted to the arbitrament of the Government of the United States the decision of my rights and of the Hawaiian people. Since then, as is well known to all, I have pursued the path of peace and diplomatic discussion, and not that of internal strife." And while the mistress of the house was pursuing "the path of peace and diplomatic discussion," her head man, her confidential advisor, the one close to her, under her own roof, was pursuing the path of peace with a bucket full of bombs in his hand and a rubbish pile full of rifles at his command, all under the roof of the accused. The learned counsel has reminded this Commission repeatedly of its oath, as if only the disregard of your oaths stood between the acquittal of the accused. Let us swallow that. It turns out that while the accused was in pursuit of truth, some one, against her will evidently, and against her wishes, had smuggled this arsenal right into her own grounds, and in different parts of her yard, and that her household, forty in number, that Thursday night were armed to the teeth and surrounding her in the pursuit of peace and diplomatic discussion. We are told that she knew nothing about it. Some men in the bog suggested, might go in over their heads at once, but I urge the Commission on, in order that no injustice may be done, to hunt out some solid piece of ground in sight and let us get on it. I can and think of this individual with forty men—the learned counsel says there were only ninety engaged in the war; we will take his say so for that—inside the acre lot occupied by the innocent accused, armed to the teeth that night, five of them within fifty feet of where she was in the habit of going to rest.

Upon the evidence it appears that certainly not over 200 men were in the field or prepared to go into the field, and out of those 200 men over 40 were in the Queen's yard ready to take a hand, according to their own evidence, and 50 out of the probable 400 rifles used were hidden on the premises as were also most of the bombs, only a few being elsewhere, and abundant ammunition for the forty men and the fifty rifles. The Queen is made to say in this statement that she had no information from anyone in regard to arms that were to be procured. That is a matter to be submitted to the Commission upon all the evidence. By the undisputed evidence it is shown that commissions were drawn by the direct order of the accused and signed by her on or about the 28th of December, at an hour when the evidence shows the Waimanalo was out for the arms, the schooner had been sighted and the revolution was upon their hands whether or no. It further appears that within a few days of that time a proclamation by her of martial law, carrying with it all the significance that that document means, the proclamation to loyal citizens to rally to the support of the Government and to the preservation of property and her announcement that it pleased her to appoint certain persons were in her hands at Washington Place. Now the learned counsel would have us understand, while admitting all we allege in regard to these suggestive documents, asserts in cold blood that all this admitted action on her part

was merely in the exercise of a legitimate right in anticipation of a possibility of a legitimate restoration. It is unfortunate, is it not, that when this Commission is called upon to absorb that statement, the circumstances should be such that it turns out that out of eleven men who were commissioned, "legitimately and as a matter of right," nine are now in jail, one of them being in jail at the time, Nawahi, the intended governor of the island of Hawaii. It is unfortunate that at the time this Commission is called upon to absorb this statement, it turns out by the undisputed evidence, that this new constitution came direct from the hands of the three of the leading conspirators who had charge of this rebellion. Samuel Nowell, Mr. C. T. Gulick and Mr. Rickard, forsooth, drew the document which was to inaugurate a new era of liberty and contentment! It is strange, is it not, and unfortunate, that those proclamations, the proclamation of martial law, the proclamation to rally to the assistance of the proposed government and the appointment of certain persons to hold commissions under this would-be Government, were drawn in the hands of C. T. Gulick, and found their way into the hands of innocence we know not how or when. It all may be true, but is it not unfortunate that these documents flitted from the hands of innocence to the hands of treason back and forward, until a discriminating public did not know who was who, or which was which—until the learned counsel stepped upon the stage and dividing the two and separating two, labeled one as innocence, and the other as high handed treason. It is certainly astonishing, is it not, that these documents should have passed from the hands of the accused just at the right time into the hands of traitors—men who had a musket in one hand and these declarations in the other. Unhappy coincidence, strange coincidence, is it not? We are called upon to believe it without any hesitancy, and our oaths invoked as the only stumbling blocks in the way of believing it.

It is an unfortunate circumstance, is it not, that in 1889, out of the premises of this accused marched Wilcox and his men from Palama. Unfortunate coincidence, strange coincidence! An easy going public accepted the declaration that her premises were used at that time without her knowledge, consent or authority, but when the thing comes back again in the shape of Washington Place turned into an arsenal without her knowledge, consent or approval, and while in the insidious pursuit of "peace and diplomatic discussion," if this Commission can swallow it, well and good, but I submit that it is a rare exhibition of candor if the Commission can be led to the block. With whom, in the "pursuit of peace and diplomatic discussion," the discussion was going on, the learned counsel has not vouchsafed us information. It is to be hoped it is not going on upon Hawaiian soil now, or under the flag of the Republic, and I do not believe that it is.

However, with all the pursuit of peace and diplomatic discussion, and avoidance of internal strife, and the assurance of the accused that if she had known of this thing, she would have dissuaded the promoters from the venture, with all of this paraphernalia of peace, was concealed from Washington Place the other day that God knows what would have happened if the lady really had turned her mind to war instead of peace. Whether we would have a Gibraltar in that acre lot, she probably could have divulged, but if these are trails of peace, these by all means let us take our chances at open war.

The accused has spoken feelingly of a charge of bloodthirstiness on the part of Hawaiians. I have not heard those charges. Has any one here at these trials charged the Hawaiian people as a blood thirsty people? Whose long bow was drawn when the assertion was made? It is made in the shape of an extra edition to send off on the steamer, but here in this tribunal where all things are to be weighed and tested by the truth and nothing else, that accusation we must believe in deference to the lady, who has put it there, she signed without realizing what she said. It is true that the talk of wholesale decapitation of property, and of banishment of wives and children, has been discussed in these unhappy two years, but I do not think any man laid it to the Hawaiian people, nor has any man before this Commission charged that they are a bloodthirsty people, nor has any man thought so. Any riot of any race is a bloodthirsty affair, and a thing to be avoided, a thing to be dreaded, a thing to be crushed. But more than that, no such accusation has come to my knowledge or with my consent before this Commission.

Now, it has been said here, and truly said, by the accused, that it would have been sad indeed if that doctrine of the Christian missionary fathers "taught to my people by their example and those who succeeded them, should have fallen like the seed in the barren ground." This reverence for the missionary fathers, and as evinced between the lines, to their descendants, surely must effect all of that blood and lineage who have heard that announcement. Unfortunately, not being one either of that original stock or the descendants, can simply say that it is to be lamented. I think it is lamented by the learned counsel or any one undertaking the lady's defense, that her "pursuit of peace and diplomatic discussion" for the period of two years has been upon such barren ground within her own house and under her own roof. She must have been discouraged. We have heard of Elijah, who, after long years of service, in an hour of discouragement announced that there was not one in Israel who had not bowed the knee to Baal. As the lady sat here and listened to the disclosures that, without her knowledge, without her sanction, and against her wishes, and while she was in the pursuit of peace, her whole household that Thursday night was armed to the teeth, and every mother's son of them had bowed to Moloch. She must have exclaimed: What does it mean? Surely there is "barren ground." If that be peace, it is a different kind of peace than we have known in the past two years.

These papers was an exercise of right in anticipation of a possibility of restoration. It is unfortunate, in conjunction with other unfortunate circumstances, that the lady, after having indulged in this innocent recreation, legitimate recreation, her right claimed in open court by the learned counsel, should, a very few days after this uprising, have had nothing to do with these papers, and lost all interest in believing these probabilities, and since that date they have been lost so securely that even that lynx-eyed Marshal of ours, who discovered bombs growing in a flower garden, and rifles in a rubbish pile, has not been able to find a trace of those legitimate possibilities since. If they are legitimate, it is to be hoped that counsel in the discharge of his arduous duties before the parting of the ways shall come, will furnish her with a new set for this legitimate use, for this legitimate possibility, which has not been explained to an interested public in any surmise, and that ought to be so, that this legitimate possibility is not at all connected with this uprising.

As an advance sheet of the prospectus for the new order of things, her statement does well, and it is wise it should go forward. It is unfortunate that as to her diary, which recorded the visits of the faithful who stayed by their fallen queen, and evinced confidence in her hour of trial, that she should have so slighted them, or that she or her attendants should have had such a slight disregard of them that it was found necessary to burn and commit it to the ashes in the back yard before her arrest, and before the minions of the law came down. Perhaps it was a duty which more honored in the breach than in the observance. Certainly the gentlemen who visited her, and who are temporarily retired from public gaze, I have, no doubt, appreciated the act, and have nothing to say against it, but in the burning of documents of that kind, in the playful and innocent performance and exercise of a legitimate right, in one of those stumbling blocks that I submit to the Commission and to their judgment.

I submit that the undisputed facts raised an irresistible presumption that she knew what was going on. Two-thirds of that affair ripened in her own yard under her own roof, and this whole defense, I submit to the gentlemen of this Commission, cannot be raised above the dignity of a common police court defense in a petty incident. That is all it amounts to. The fact that a queen stands on trial makes it all the more lamentable; but, with the light of truth upon it, it is simply that and nothing more. It is a defense that has its home and finds its greatest operation upon the criminal side of a petty court. Lamentable it is that it should have been offered on the part of a woman, and much that is in her statement may well be passed by, leaving to your consideration whether this is any statement to make to the charge on which she is on trial. I submit to the Commission that by all the rules of evidence she is guilty of the charge preferred against her, and that it should be so found.

I submit there is not one of us would have put her where she has been put today. Does this Commission believe that upon any probability, any human probability, if those men were armed that night—that Thursday night—the accused knew nothing about it? Every probability points to the fact that she did know. Even if by the selection of her own household we have to introduce someone here to prove it who they now say is a veritable Munchausen, that is their misfortune, but not our fault. The lady herself has testified that he, in the absence of Mr. Nowlein, was in charge of her household. It is undeniable that a company of men were there armed to the teeth that night, no other night and not before. Nowlein says he left the man orders. He had to introduce a man, he was put in charge. He was, however, put on the stand and if he is what they say, there rise up a cloud of witnesses, and the circumstances that carry Munchausen along and would carry the truth along whether he was there or not against a very much more substantial evidence that was offered in defense. It is a police court defense. It is an "Irish alibi" to the effect, that this lady, having eyes to see and ears to hear and an understanding to grasp, neither saw, heard nor understood, though treason by the undisputed evidence enveloped that house for months, flitted out of those doors day and night, and rested in the shape of the guilty shell in the privacy of her own room, and upon her own testimony.

This raises a decided presumption that as soon as we introduce the evidence of Kaese, of Nowlein, or Clark, and of Kaauwai, it clinched the matter, and ended all possibility of denial or escape. The learned counsel surprised us with a good deal with the contention that it was not treason; there has been some remarkable advice given to these native rulers and at this hour looking back it must strike them with peculiar force. It is a matter of history that the royal brother of the lady who now stands accused at this bar, wrecked his throne with a carefully drawn opium bill and an outrageous opium bribery. Backed by white people who are lost to the light but who wrecked his throne, and when the people arose in resentment and demanded their rights, stood aloof, but when peace had come again, stood like Absalom at the King's gate and said "would that I might be here that we might do justice to this poor deluded people." The lady herself had referred to the 16th of January when she stood with the Lottery Bill in one hand and the New Constitution in the other, when she also wrecked her throne, and again, Absalom has been at the Queen's gate whispering "would that I might be here that we might do justice to this poor deluded people." And the Absalom who acted as a party to it and brought it about now stands before this Commission and contends that the situation as it stands today is the result of the guilty advice of those now in power.

She has testified in that portion of her statement, which is not stricken out, that she promulgated that constitution in 1893 with the advice and consent of her cabinet, showing squarely on the face of it that she had unquestionably been advised with the consent and advice of her cabinet, that she could abrogate the constitutional law of the land. What world of infinite mischief, designed mischief, there was in that advice, the records of the past two years have shown, it is to be hoped, has been shown to her who stands arraigned

before this tribunal today. We are not responsible for that, and I submit that all the blame lies with the man who contends here in broad daylight, that what this accused has done is not treason to this Republic; that she could do all this within the limit of a legitimate right, and who also makes the contention that Kaese, a man who was there, and testified, was guilty of subornation of perjury and was levying war, but that she was not. His contention is that the man who saw this guilty thing go on and testify to the fact and who took no part in it is not guilty of treason; that the accused is not guilty, but this man is guilty of subornation of perjury! That learned counsel for the accused has taken frequent occasion to refer this Commission to the oath he has taken; allow me this once to refer him to, and let me in justice remind him of his oath to this Republic, and his responsibility as a counsel of the courts of this country and as one who is before this community. This course is on a par with the guilty advice of the past; if the counsel has, from association with those charged with treason or with the accused has so mingled their confession and so blended in his mind their ideas of their guilt and his idea of treason that he does not know where he stands, well and good; but to charge here that a government in an hour like this cannot do what has been done with the provocation which the Republic has had is simply nonsense.

There is a good deal of the heroic in this paper. She waives all right to any immunity or any consideration for herself. There is a good deal in the heroic line that has been put in here, either to help her or to hurt her. What the present Government wants is peace. They are looking for peace, and they are holding the situation with eyes still strained and turned to the mother country under whom this country has lived, moved and had its being, with the belief that ere long her eyes will be opened and she will take us to herself and give us the peace and prosperity which she has stood for the past, and which we hope will do in the future, and give to us all what is right and just, and restore prosperity and peace in the land. The accused has reminded us, and it is well to put it to the Commission, that she is a woman, and much that is in her statement may well be passed by, leaving to your consideration whether this is any statement to make to the charge on which she is on trial. I submit to the Commission that by all the rules of evidence she is guilty of the charge preferred against her, and that it should be so found.

This is all very well for an extra edition to go abroad; it may have effect there, but it won't have any effect here, either to help her or to hurt her. What the present Government wants is peace. They are looking for peace, and they are holding the situation with eyes still strained and turned to the mother country under whom this country has lived, moved and had its being, with the belief that ere long her eyes will be opened and she will take us to herself and give us the peace and prosperity which she has stood for the past, and which we hope will do in the future, and give to us all what is right and just, and restore prosperity and peace in the land. The accused has reminded us, and it is well to put it to the Commission, that she is a woman, and much that is in her statement may well be passed by, leaving to your consideration whether this is any statement to make to the charge on which she is on trial. I submit to the Commission that by all the rules of evidence she is guilty of the charge preferred against her, and that it should be so found.

REBELLION IN HAWAII.

Account of it as Appeared in Australian Papers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22—News was received on the 19th that a number of Hawaiian natives resisted an attempted to search the house of a prominent member of their party, and killed Mr. Charles Carter, a member of the Legislature. Afterwards the rising became serious. The insurgents at first repelled the regulars, but reinforcements were obtained and the rebels were pursued into the bush. Fifty-eight were captured, 12 killed, and many wounded. It is admitted that the leaders of the outbreak were Nowlein, Colonel of the Queen's Guard, and Wilcox, the leader of the revolution in 1887. Another band of rebels were driven into an impasse. Several were killed, and the capture of the rest is inevitable. The queen has been placed under surveillance. Twenty six thousand Japanese are inclined to side with the Royalists.

DISCUSSED HAWAII.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21—The discussion in Congress over the outbreak in Hawaii was rather excited owing to the report that a British steamer had conveyed arms for the use of the insurgents. Mr. Lodge asserted that Great Britain was trying to establish her supremacy over the islands.—[Auckland, N. Z. Herald, Jan. 26.]

Telegraph Notes.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—It is reported that Sultan Bey has escaped from the Mahdi.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A steamer sank in the Ohio river, and 37 passengers were drowned.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Italians have occupied Harrar in East Africa.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—An agreement has been signed between England and France respecting the Hinterland behind Sierra Leone.

ATHENS, Jan. 23.—M. Tricoupiis, the Premier, has resigned, owing to the Crown Prince personally directing the movements of the soldiery without reference to the Executive.

ATHENS, Jan. 22.—Delyannis has succeeded Tricoupiis as Premier of Greece.

Elect Their Officers.

Squad 8 of the Citizens' Guard met last evening at the American League hall and elected the following officers: Sergeant, Jerry Simonson; corporals, P. O. Sullivan, Charles B. Dwight, C. R. Dement and E. Hingley. Thirty-five members were present.



Mr. D. B. Bradfield, Blocher, Arkansas.

The poisons with which the system is permeated in typhoid, malarial and scarlet fevers, and other wasting diseases, are not easily gotten rid of. When the patient gets "on his feet" once more, the uncertain step and feeling of intense weakness remind him of the severe struggle he has been through. Often the poisonous accumulations in the blood break out in dreadful sores, and then what misery must be endured no one can tell!

The inestimable value of Hood's Sarsaparilla in all such cases, to thoroughly purify the blood and drive out the last vestige of deadly poison, is well indicated in the following letter from Mr. Bradfield:

"Blocher, Ark., Sept. 6, 1894.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs: Up to the 25th of December, 1893, I had enjoyed good health. I had not had a spell of fever since 1859 and but little sickness of any kind. On the above date I was taken down with sickness, which developed into slow fever and confined me to my room for six weeks.

ment prescribed at Hot Springs, I went to bed with a second attack of fever. My limbs began to break out with something like eczema, which extended all over my body. From the top of my head to the soles of my feet

I was Covered With Pimples.

Every sweat pore seemed to be filled with a clear sticky fluid, which when dried would become a small black scab. The flesh was swollen and the itching was so intense I could not sleep but for a few minutes at a time. No tongue can tell and no pen can write what I suffered. In the morning, where I had slept at night, the bed looked as though a handful of wheat bran had been thrown upon it. This lasted four or five weeks before I got relief. I was reduced to almost a skeleton. I could not bear any weight upon my left foot, and I was without an appetite. I called in my family doctor again and he gave me some relief and

Advised Me to Take Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had used one bottle my appetite had returned. I am now taking from the fifth bottle and feel like a

Hood's Sarsaparilla

During my illness a severe pain settled in my left leg below the knee. The calf of the leg was swollen to almost double its natural size. Failing to get any relief from my family physician, I went to Hot Springs and treated with a doctor who was said to be one of the best at that place. I took his prescriptions and special baths for two weeks and then returned home and continued the treatment for some days. When I had nearly finished with the course of treatment prescribed at Hot Springs, I went to bed with a second attack of fever. My limbs began to break out with something like eczema, which extended all over my body. From the top of my head to the soles of my feet

I was Covered With Pimples.

Every sweat pore seemed to be filled with a clear sticky fluid, which when dried would become a small black scab. The flesh was swollen and the itching was so intense I could not sleep but for a few minutes at a time. No tongue can tell and no pen can write what I suffered. In the morning, where I had slept at night, the bed looked as though a handful of wheat bran had been thrown upon it. This lasted four or five weeks before I got relief. I was reduced to almost a skeleton. I could not bear any weight upon my left foot, and I was without an appetite. I called in my family doctor again and he gave me some relief and

Advised Me to Take Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had used one bottle my appetite had returned. I am now taking from the fifth bottle and feel like a

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

WRINKLED BEAUTIES SHOULD

Use LOLA MONTEZ CREME. Skin Food and Tissue Builder. Does not cover, but heals and cures blemishes of the skin. Makes the tissues firm and builds up the worn-out muscle fibers, and makes them plump. Lowest in price and best in value. 75 CENTS LARGE BOT.

Mrs. HARRISON'S FACE BLEACH. Cures most aggravated cases of Freckles, Blackheads, Fish Warts, Sunburn, Salowness, and Moth Patches. Quick in action and permanent in effects. PRICE \$1.

Mrs. HARRISON'S FACE POWDER. Pure adhesive and positively invisible. Three shades—white, flesh, brunette. Will not clog the pores, stays on all day. PRICE 50 CENTS.

Mrs. HARRISON'S HAIR VIGOR. Stops Falling Hair in one or two applications. Prevents Gray Hair and causes rich and luxuriant growth of hair to grow on bald heads. Cases of years standing specially invited to a trial. PRICE \$1.

Mrs. HARRISON'S HAIR RESTORER. Only four to ten days required to restore hair to its natural color. Is not a dye or bleach. No sediment or stickiness. Color is permanent when once your hair is restored to its natural shade. Hair becomes glossy and clean. PRICE \$1.

Mrs. HARRISON'S PRIZZ. For keeping the hair in curls a week at a time; not sticky; don't leave a white deposit on the hair. PRICE 50 CENTS.

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON, America's Beauty Doctor.

26 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

For sale by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, 523 Fort Street, Honolulu.

Any lady call at Hollister Drug Company will be given a Lady's Journal containing a Beauty Lecture written by Mrs. Nettie Harrison.

EVERYBODY KNOWS

Geo. W. Lincoln

Is Burned Out, but Still Prepared to Superintend or Build Anything from a One-roomed House to a New City Hall.

All Orders Left With John Nott, King Street, Will be promptly Attended to.

Japanese Bamboo Store

MASONIC TEMPLE, ALAKEA STREET.

Wish to call your special attention to their excellent stock of

Bamboo Ware!

and wish to call your attention to their exceedingly low prices on a few of their leading articles

Chinese Hats on stands as work baskets 75 cents and up; Writing Desks with or without mirrors \$10 and up; Music Racks \$3.50; Fern Stands \$1 and up; Everything and anything in Bamboo Ware.

Don't fail to patronize us and save money.

3895 ft

THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY manufacture rubber stamps of all descriptions.

BY AUTHORITY.

PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE BUILDING, HONOLULU, H. I., January 7, 1895.

The right of WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS is hereby suspended and MARTIAL LAW is instituted and established throughout the Island of Oahu, to continue until further notice, during which time, however, the Courts will continue in session and conduct ordinary business as usual, except as aforesaid.

By the President: SANFORD B. DOLE, President of the Republic of Hawaii.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that they are strictly forbidden to use fire crackers, Chinese bombs, or any fire works whatever within the limits of Honolulu.

E. G. HITCHCOCK, Marshal Republic of Hawaii. Honolulu, January 22d, 1895. 3859-1f

NOTICE.

Special Orders, No 26.

The Military Commission now in session in this city, convened by Special Orders No. 25, dated January 16, 1895, from these Headquarters will hold its sessions without regard to hours.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, JNO. H. SOPER, Adjutant-General. Adjutant-General's Office, Honolulu, January 19, 1895. 3897 ft

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, REPUBLIC OF HAWAII, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, HONOLULU, Island of Oahu, H. I., January 16, 1895.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 25.

ORDER FOR A MILITARY COMMISSION. A Military Commission is hereby ordered to meet at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Thursday, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., and thereafter from day to day for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it on the charges and specifications to be presented by the Judge Advocate.

The Officers composing the Commission are:

1. Colonel William Austin Whiting, First Regiment, N. G. H.
 2. Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Fisher, First Regiment, N. G. H.
 3. Captain C. W. Ziegler, Company F, N. G. H.
 4. Captain J. M. Camara, Jr., Company C, N. G. H.
 5. Captain J. W. Pratt, Adjutant, N. G. H.
 6. Captain W. C. Wilder, Jr., Company D, N. G. H.
 7. First Lieutenant J. W. Jones, Company D, N. G. H.
- Captain William A. Kinney, Aide-de-Camp on General Staff, Judge Advocate.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, (Signed.) JNO. H. SOPER, Adjutant-General. 3893-ft

NOTICE.

On and after this date, all persons wishing passes, will please call between the hours of 11 and 12 a. m., and 7 and 9 p. m., for the same.

E. G. HITCHCOCK, Marshal Republic of Hawaii. Honolulu, February 9, 1895. 3914-1w

Saloon Notice.

From and after date liquors of all descriptions will be allowed to be sold at the licensed saloons, between the hours of 6 A.M. and 6 P.M., providing the same be drunk on the premises.

No liquors shall be taken away from such saloons excepting beer.

Any violation of this will cause such saloon to be immediately closed.

The presence of any person under the influence of liquor upon any saloon premises will also be sufficient to cause such saloon to be immediately closed.

E. G. HITCHCOCK, Marshal, Republic of Hawaii. February 6th, 1895. 3912-ft

STORY OF THE DEPORTATION.

What Dame Rumor and the Officials Have to Say.

MINISTER WILLIS TALKS FREELY.

Attorney-General and Consul Mills Tell What They Know—Flat Denial on All Sides—How the Story Ran and How the "Wholesale Deporting" Came Out.

A more contagious fever of rumor news never struck this community than that which swept over the town previous to the departure of the Mariposa. To all appearances they were founded on fact and more than one man was ready to stake his "little all" on naming the political prisoners whom the Government was intending to send out of the country.

Plenty of men and women at the wharf expected to have an opportunity to bid farewell to Greig, Widemann and Marshall, and Dame Rumor only knows who else, and when they were disappointed, everybody with a "straight tip" wondered what it all meant. Not a few were so certain of what was to happen that they said they were prepared to enter a protest, should events confirm the predictions.

The crowd waited—no prisoners appeared. The crowd continues to wait, and the prisoners, with one exception, are behind the walls of Oahu Prison. Then the crowd began to look about for reasons.

The story, as it passed from mouth to mouth, was rather feasible, and ran something like the following: The Government had decided to deport some ten prisoners, among them being Widemann, Greig and Marshall. The presence of Judge Widemann on the wharf with a hand satchel and a guitar added credence to the Widemann part of the story. The Government was prepared to carry out its plans, when Minister Willis protested against men convicted of political crimes being put on board a vessel flying the American flag. Furthermore, the recent immigration laws of the United States would not allow any such men to enter the country. In pursuance with this idea Consul Mills had held the clearance papers of the vessel until assurance was received that no attempt would be made to put these men on board. President Dole and Ministers King and Smith were on the steamer and got together in the captain's cabin. There they were rumored to have come to a decision that they had better let the matter lay over to some more auspicious season. Consul Mills went on board with the clearance papers and the steamer sailed, a little after 5 o'clock with but one political passenger and he a most willing member of the ship's company. This is the story and to prove its truth or falsity a representative of the ADVERTISER called upon members of the Government, Minister Willis and Consul Mills.

Attorney-General Smith said, "I can't see how such a thing got started. We have not thought of such a thing as deporting any men who have been before the Court. I think we have more use for Greig and Widemann here than in the United States. There is no foundation whatever for the rumor."

Consul Mills was seen at the American Legation last evening. He said: "I had no official notice of any deportation. I heard the rumor on the street, and went to the steamer to see what truth there was in it. Marshall is the only man of the three that our Government has an interest in. I didn't refuse the clearance papers or think of it. We usually have considerable correspondence which we take to the steamer after the mail has closed, and I usually have the clearance papers filled out so as to take them down with the late letters. I had no communications from the Government or Mr. Willis."

When Minister Willis was asked whether he had received any notice of an intended deportation of prisoners, he replied, "No, I was informed quite to the contrary, I did not enter any protest or make any request to hold the steamer. In fact, I have not yet filed the protest consequent to the deporting affair last Saturday. It is farthest from my purpose or desire to take any action which would tend to embarrass this Government. I have the most friendly feelings toward the officials. I know they are pressed with many difficult questions, and are using their best

judgment in the solution of the problems. Of course, it is my duty to look after the interests of American citizens, but I most certainly have no intention of making any unnecessary trouble for the representatives of the Government in so doing. I had no information that a deportation was intended today."

ALOHA NUI DOC.

Genial California Physician Makes a Tour of the Islands.

Affable, amiable, all round jolly good fellow, Dr. H. W. McDaniels, than whom there is none more popular and accomplished physician and surgeon in California, returned to his home in Santa Clara, Cal., yesterday by the Mariposa after a visit of six weeks spent in touring the islands. Dr. McDaniels was called to Honolulu to attend Mr. E. B. Fowler, a horse dealer from Santa Clara, who was on a business trip to dispose of a lot of horses. Shortly after Mr. Fowler's arrival he met with a severe accident by a horse falling on him, and which resulted afterwards in the loss of one of his legs. It was to perform this service that the well known professional skill of Dr. McDaniels was called into service.

After due attendance on the injury of Mr. Fowler, Dr. McDaniels concluded to extend his stay in the islands and commenced systematic sight seeing.

When he had been but one week in Honolulu the insurrection broke out.

He immediately volunteered his services to the Government and went to the front, where he performed efficient service. This action soon brought Dr. McDaniels into prominence and acquaintance with the people of the islands.

Being of a naturally genial manner, the doctor soon counted friends by the score and became a pronounced favorite in the highest circles of society and enjoyed an enviable reputation.

Dr. McDaniels visited the islands of Hawaii, Maui and Kauai; viewed the kaleidoscopic scenery of Hanalei and Iao valleys, ascended the precipitous cliffs of Haleakala, Mauna Kea and Mauna Loa; explored the wonders of Kilauea and caves of Waimea mountains, witnessed the awe inspiring Halemauuanu, partook of the health giving sulphur baths of Kilauea; inspected the wonderful lava flows around Hilo; saw the glories of Rainbow Falls and Cocoon Island; visited the Nuuanu Pali, Punchbowl, Diamond Head, Manoa and Palolo valleys; laved in the refreshing waters of Waikiki, of Sans Souci; inhaled the salubrious atmosphere of the Paradise of the Pacific and returned to his native health, filled up to the brim and running over with pleasant personal reminiscences, of which he will never tire of expatiating to his friends and progeny. Aloha Nui Doc.

HUMOROUS & DRAMATIC RECITAL

—BY—
Mr. C. J. Whitney

Assisted by A. E. Murphy and the following well-known Musical Talent:

Prof. Pesquale, (U.S.L. Philadelphia)
Mr. U. Ordway,
Prof. Berger,

—AT—
Y. M. C. A. HALL,

—ON—
This Saturday Evening, Feb. 9, '95

PROGRAMME.
Piano Solo..... Prof. Berger
"Too Late for the Train"..... Burdette
"The Raven"..... Poe
Cornet Solo..... Prof. Pesquale
(U.S.S. Philadelphia).
"How Ruby Played"..... Adams
"Little Orphan Annie"..... Riley
Instrumental Duet.....
Messrs Ordway and Hennessey.
"The Editor's Guests"..... Will Carleton
"Mark Antony's Oration"..... Shakespeare
Finale.
General Admission 50c.
School and College Students 25c.
3909-1w

KAMEHAMEHA MANUAL

PREPARATORY

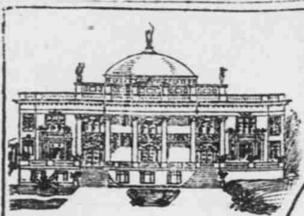
REOPEN

February 12.

3908-td

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, CHOICE LIQUORS

—AND—
FINE BEER,
Corner of King and Nuuanu streets.
Telephone 805. 3907-tf

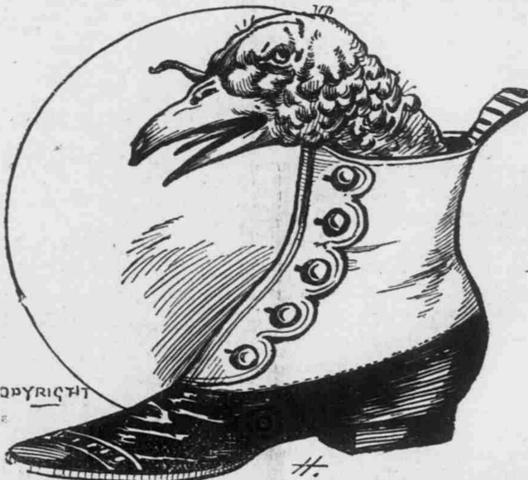


WOMAN'S BUILDING ATLANTA EXPOSITION

MISS ELISE MERCUR



A FAIR ARCHITECT'S WORK.
The proposed Woman's Building at the coming Cotton States and International Exposition in Atlanta was designed by Miss Elise Mercur, of Pittsburg. Miss Mercur's design was considered the best of thirteen submitted by as many women architects in the United States. Miss Mercur's picture looks surprisingly like that of a man.



AHEAD IN SHOES

In our position, and, for that reason, the public of Honolulu have their feet in ours. The Grand Turk can't be dislodged from the table, and it is just as certain that nothing can make us relinquish our foothold. Our incomparable footwear makes it solid and permanent. Those who have use for feet are as pleased with a shoe bargain as they are with a turkey on a Thanksgiving Day. A glance at our stock will show what a shoe bargain is in the highest sense of the word. Our footwear presents the best, the most and the strongest points and, therefore, offers the largest values. Their quality and price give our shoes double wear and make them twice cheap. We have a gent's window being filled with Heywood Shoes in all styles, shapes and colors for \$4.50. Look at it and see what you paid \$5 and \$6.50 for.

THE MANUFACTURERS' SHOE COMPANY,
516 FORT STREET.

Royal Insurance Co.,

OF LIVERPOOL.

"THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD."

Assets January 1st, 1892, - \$42,432,174.00

by **J. S. WALKER,**
Agent for Hawaiian Islands
3140-1m

DELICATE ! DELICIOUS !! DAINTY !!!

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

RED LABEL OYSTERS

These are new pack—Large, Fat, Extra selected. One trial will prove their merits.
N. B.—The Cans of This Brand Contain a Greater Quantity Than Those of any Other

Frank B. Peterson & Co., Coast Agents

THE MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY - President.

Assets December 31st, 1893 : \$186,707,680.14

A Good Record, the Best Guarantee for the Future.

FOR PARTICULARS, APPLY TO

S. B. ROSE,

General Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

Arrived by the Alameda

And added to our large and selected stock of

Hardware !

Steel Garden Trowels, 5, 6 and 7 inches, Hawaiian Flags 4 1/2 to 12 feet, Wostenholm Pocket Knives, 150 dozen assorted; Stubs' Jewellers' Files, 109 dozen assorted; Door Mats, "Aloha" and plain, large assortment; Brass Blacksmiths' Rules, Steel Blacksmiths' Rules,

A FINE LINE OF

RAZORS

The best Swing Strops, Mixed White Shellac, Hair and Horse Clippers, Hunning's Transmitters, L. D. Hand Telephones, Bull's Eye Dash Lanterns, Powder Loading Measures, Hammock Hooks, Paint Brushes, Patent Castors, Turn Buckles, etc., etc., etc.

E. O. HALL & SON

Corner Fort and King Streets.

NO SIGN OF PEACE.

THE WAR between Japan and China is still on, although active work in the field has been suspended until spring.

Through my agents, I made arrangements before war was declared for an immense stock of goods to be shipped as I required, consequently I can afford to sell at the same low figure.

Ex Bentala I received a consignment of goods comprising all the latest and freshest designs in Dress Goods, Scarfs, Morning Gowns for ladies and gents, Silk Kimonos, Smoking Jackets, Silk Pajamas, Japanese and China Ware, Screens, Portieres, Lamp Shades, etc.

The latest thing in Lacquer Ware, is the Cherog Lacquer made up in handsome designs which cannot help to please the most fastidious.

Remember, I have the leading store for first-class Japanese Goods.

DAI NIPPON,

HOTEL STREET, ARINGTON BLOCK.

MRS. J. P. P. COLLACO,

Proprietress.

OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY

Is what we want, but in order to obtain it, we must give

VALUE FOR VALUE

and invite the attention of the PEOPLE (tourists especially) to make a thorough examination of our stock and prices, in Sterling Silverware, Souvenir Spoons, Plated Ware, Watches and Diamonds, Native Jewelry, manufactured in unique designs and to order.

Jacobson & Pfeiffer.

FORT STREET,
Wenner & Co.'s Old Stand.
3858-tf

Wanted.

A GENTLEMAN OF PUSH WITH A few hundred dollars to invest in a business paying 10 per cent. per month. Address "INVESTMENT," this office.
3900-1w

LOOKING BACKWARD

On our success for the past year that we have been in business we are more than pleased with our sales, and we feel confident that all our transactions with our customers have been of such a nature that they are as fully pleased as we are.

Looking Forward

To the prospect for the coming year we hope that we have so pleased our patrons that we will see them again, and that their friends will see how nicely they have been fitted out and profit thereby.

We shall greatly increase our stock this coming year, receiving new and fresh goods by every steamer direct from the most reliable manufacturers of Europe.

Timely Suggestions

for the coming few months and hints on our specialties.

Ladies' Underwear in Muslin, Flannels and Silks at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' hosiery in White, Black, and Tan at prices that will surprise you.

A fine assortment of Silks in all shades and grades from 50 cents up.

Complete stock of Ladies' Gloves, and Silk Mitts, Nitting Silks, (in all shades) in prices that can't be duplicated.

Don't fail to inspect our stock of Ladies', Gents' and Childrens' fine Shoes and Slippers.

Temple of Fashion

519 Fort Street,

M. G. SILVA, Proprietor

HUSTACE & CO.

—DEALERS IN—

WOOD AND COAL

Also White and Black Sand which we will sell at the very lowest market rates.

BELL TELEPHONE No. 414.

MUTUAL TELEPHONE No. 414.
3498-1y

Stop Her

Why let her waste her strength and time running all over town for goods when

THAT WOMAN

can come to my store and find just what she wants in my

Clearance SALE

which will last for 30 days; a specialty each week. I must have room for my new Spring Stock which will be large and choice. This week I am offering my entire stock of Millinery, Flowers, Feathers, Aigrettes, Un-trimmed and

Trimmed Hats

—FOR—

50 Cents.

ON THE DOLLAR.

J. J. EGAN.

514 Fort Street.

3819-tf

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

Issued Every Morning, Except Sunday, by the

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY

At No. 318 Merchant Street.

WALLACE R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1895.

ONE listening to the evidence of the witnesses before the Military Commission little realizes the amount of labor entailed in preparing the testimony that rolls out with such apparent ease at the call of the prosecuting officer. The preparation of the testimony has necessitated a physical and nervous strain that is fully realized only by those who have been laboring early and late, in season and out of season, in following out clues and making the cases ready for the court. Much credit is due Messrs. Kinney, Carter, Roberston and Castle, who, though they do not appear prominently before the public, have constituted the working arm which has enabled all proceedings to be carried on without delay.

THE "CIVILIZED WORLD."

When a man who knows so little about the past, present and future conditions of this country that he knows everything, desires to give force to his opinions upon our affairs, he shrouds his arguments in the cloak of superiority which he is pleased to term the verdict of the "civilized world." With a tender thoughtfulness, not always necessitated, he kindly informs the people of Hawaii that the eyes of that indefinite "civilized world" are upon them. This is a wonderfully strong expression on account of the length and breadth, the beautiful generality that always accompanies it. When the man with a grievance is argued out of every possible corner, we know of no better haven of refuge than this same combination of words. It has a learned, mysterious sound.

The civilized world is a great and good affair and we would certainly be the last to cast reflections upon it from the simple fact that the citizens of this country, the men who have the fate of the nation in their hands, are part and parcel of that same "civilized world." They are possessed of the same principles of humanity and justice that prompt each and every other section of the world which has the good fortune to include civilized beings in its make-up. The man or woman of self-esteem broad ideas should call to mind that every nook and corner of the "civilized world" has conditions peculiar alone to itself, and no one is better able to judge of those conditions than persons coming in daily contact with them.

It is an interesting fact that good Republicans from the Northern States of America, who have spent a good portion of their lives crying down the Democrats of the South, once they come to live in the Southern States, become as good Democrats as they were Republicans in the North. But by so doing they do not forego their right to be considered members in good standing of the "civilized world." Certainly not. The conditions have changed, and the plucky Northerner finds that what's sauce for the goose is not always sauce for the gander. The "civilized world" might hold up its hands in holy horror should a resident of Hawaii go into Delmonico's, New York, and eat poi with his fingers. Notwithstanding this, it is no one's business but his own how this man satiates his cravings of hunger, and when more of the "civilized world" have eaten poi they would doubtless pursue the same methods. Just so with the political conditions of Hawaii. Let the "civilized world" spend a life time in this country and many members would wonder that they had talked so foolishly. The same principles of civilization are regarded by this Government that hold sway in the most advanced communities of Europe and America, and no one is

better able to judge what is good and just in Hawaii than the citizens of Hawaii.

ALLEGIANCE TO THE REPUBLIC FIRST.

Champions of the new annexation movement have practically begun to put their ideas into operation, and we have reason to believe that ultimate success will attend their efforts. Unity of action and constantly keeping at it, together with the present spirit of the American people, are bound to bring about the desired result—political and commercial union with the United States. One all-important necessity should not slip the minds of the leaders of the new recruits: The first duty of whatever political clubs may be formed, with this purpose in view, is to give formal allegiance to the Republic. It is proposed to inaugurate the campaign of annexation among a class of people many of whom have denied the right of the Republic to exist, and, while they may not have come out in open opposition, certainly have done little to add to its stability. It would be the height of political foolishness to continue an anti-Republic policy in clubs formed for obtaining political union with the United States.

The Republic was formed as the indirect result of a determined annexation movement, and still exists with that object in view. We must present a solid phalanx to that country, and not a house divided against itself. Strengthening the present recognized government is proof of the country's fitness to take on the dignity of statehood, which must constitute one of the best arguments of the case in presenting it to the American people. How much better is it to appear before those who have the power to accept or reject, a healthy, robust nation, rather than a weakling, torn with internal disorders pleading the protection of an all-powerful hand to save us from the turmoil which we have failed to subdue. A strong rally to allegiance to the Republic is the first necessity of the new annexation era.

Auction Sales.

By Lewis J. Levey.

TO-DAY,

Pine Tops at Auction!

Saturday, Feb. 9, at 10 O'clock A. M. I will sell by Auction, at my Salesroom, corner Fort and Queen streets,

1150 Pine Tops!

Just Received ex Mariposa.

Lewis J. Levey,

3914-1t AUCTIONEER.

THIS DAY.

Regular Cash Sale!

THIS DAY, FEBRUARY 9th, '95

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

I will sell at Public Auction, at my salesroom,

General Merchandise

Dry Goods, Household Furniture, Flannels, Groceries, Etc., Etc.

Also large quantity of Books and lot of good Laying Hens.

Lewis J. Levey,

3914-1t AUCTIONEER.

WAIPIO

ROLL BUTTER

(Brown & McCandless, Ewa.)

New mile-stone in Hawaiian progressive enterprise.

Destined to supplant the California article.

Quality superlative. Weight unvarying.

Each roll not less than 1 pound and 14 ounces.

Price: 90c. per Roll

For sale by

HENRY DAVIS & CO.,

505 Fort Street. 3913-1m

Timely Topics

February 4, 1895.

The outlook for the sugar industry in the United States is at least blue and how it is to be made brighter is beyond the ken of the average man. The nation cries out against any further tariff tinkering, the farmer uses his voice against the bounty and the sugar producer of Louisiana has grown hoarse in denouncing free sugar as an insult to American industries. Verily the producer and the legislator are between "the devil and the deep blue sea." Nor is sugar the only staple that is sailing in troubled waters; closely allied to it is the meat industry, between the United States and Europe there has been a sort of interchange of commercial relations that has been considered, generally, mutually satisfactory, but, if the United States will not sweeten its coffee with German sugar Uncle Sam cannot expect Uncle Fritz to gorge himself on American spareribs. In this instance retaliation works harder on the United States than it does on Europe. How long can the American producer continue selling sugar at a half cent a pound under cost of making? And where is the remedy except in cutting off the production and planting the fields with something more profitable. There's no help in legislation; to add to the duty would make the situation worse for the legislators through the power of the trusts that would be worked against them. Influence cannot be brought to bear upon the European governments to reduce the bounty because the interests of their people are at stake and must be protected. Take off the duty and the position is worse because the day of bounties to the producer of any particular article in the United States is buried with the dead past. We would suggest that the matter be submitted to the committee on dehorning hydraulic rams, in the American Congress and let them find a relief.

The Claus Knives are without question the best thing in the world for cutting warm bread or cake; best because of the facility with which they go through the materials. For young married ladies who persist in baking their own bread these knives are particularly recommended because all weighty effects are removed by their use.

A fish scaler for a quarter is one of the best investments you can make because its use saves time. Besides the scales are more thoroughly removed from the fish than with a knife.

We have received another invoice of the large size Pansy Stoves. We consider this the best wood or coal stove on the market because it is a quick heater, and uses very little fuel. We've sold thousands of them and every one has given satisfaction. The price is easy for an article as good as this. The Dietz Oil Stoves will arrive within the next two weeks. If you prefer using oil to wood or coal the Dietz is the best stove we have ever seen for the purpose. If you contemplate buying a new oil stove wait and examine the Dietz. It will broil, fry or bake as well as the best coal stove you ever saw, perhaps a little better.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co. Ltd.

Opposite Spreckels' Block, 507 FORT STREET.

WE DO IT!

What?

WE FIT

1st, The Eye;

2d, The Foot;

3d, The Purse.

WHAT ELSE CAN YOU EXPECT?

McINERNY'S

SHOE STORE.

H. F. WICHMAN

Fort Street.

JUST A FEW WORDS

on a subject which we know will interest every one: For years we have done the fine watch repairing in Honolulu.

Difficult work of every description which had formerly been sent to the Coast, was first properly handled in our Repairing Department. Such work as

CHANGING KEY TO STEEL WINDERS

repairing complicated watches of every description; demagnetizing; making by hand any lost part of a complicated watch; in fact any difficult work pertaining to the repairing of fine watches is our especial forte.

The number of watches which find their way into our Repairing Department after having been through the hands of numerous EXPERTS (?) is beyond belief. Whilst we are at all times ready and willing to do every conceivable kind and condition of a job—would it not pay you better to bring your watch to us in the FIRST PLACE and be assured of an honest amount of work at a reasonable price, rather than take it from one to another, causing you delay and annoyance, to say nothing of the greater expense?

We Charge Less

For Perfect Work

than you have been used to paying for inferior work right along.

As a matter of fact, the EXPERT (?) who cleans your watch with a pair of bellows and a crow-bar for 50 cents makes more money than the honest workman who does an honest job and charges an honest price.

Because your watch is returned to you running fairly well, it is no criterion that it has been properly repaired. The great annoyance attendant upon the repairing of a watch, is that 99 out of 98 cannot tell if the work is well done—but are satisfied if the watch is keeping somewhere near the correct time.

Who can see the jewel protruding half way out of the plate, or worse, sunk down through the plate, fastened in with a little glue, or hammered in with a sledge. How often the EXPERT grinds off the broken staff, sinks the jewel a little lower, tells you he has put in a new staff and charges you a little less than the price and you go on your way rejoicing. But some day you will discover the fraud, such work cannot last long. It is dear at any price, which you soon discover to your sorrow.

Moral: Make no mistake; take it where you know it will be well treated and that is the Repairing Department of

H. F. WICHMAN.

Something New.

I have just returned from the Coast and have opened up a complete stock of Groceries. Everything and anything from sugar to the choicest of luxuries. My motto is to give VALUE FOR VALUE. Everything new and fresh. Come and get my prices and be convinced.

J. H. GUY,

Cash Grocer.

Hotel and Union sts., opp Arlington Hotel. 3859-3m

Jas. W. Bergstrom,

PIANO, PIPE AND REED ORGAN Tuner and Repairer. Orders left at 1315m's Bookstore, will receive prompt attention. 3868-v

VALUE OF BALL BEARING.

An experiment with ball bearings was recently made in Canada. A street-car fitted with ball bearings was drawn a distance of several hundred feet by men pulling on the three strands of ordinary sewing thread. A carriage manufacturer put another style of ball bearings on the axles of a coach ordinarily pulled by four horses. A trained dog was hitched to the pole, and he drew the coach around the yard with little effort.—[Daily Bulletin.

Our Imperial Ball-Bearing Axles can be adjusted to any Carriage or Hack.

HAWAIIAN CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

NO. 70 QUEEN STREET.

GOOD MORNING!

HAVE YOU TRIED

ALOHA TOOTH POWDER?

A MAP OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS GOES WITH EACH BOTTLE.

The Hobron Drug Company, Limited

PROPRIETORS.

H. E. McINTYRE & BRO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions and Feed,

EAST CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS.

New Goods received by every packet from the Eastern States and Europe. Fresh California Produce by every steamer. All orders faithfully attended to, and Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. Island orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice Box 145. Telephone No. 92.

FERTILIZERS!

YOU MUST HAVE TO MAKE GOOD CROPS.

THE HAWAIIAN FERTILIZING COMPANY keeps always and constantly on hand all the well known CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS and offers them for sale at the lowest market rates. They manufacture complete High Grade Fertilizers to any special formula and guarantee the analysis, and all that other firms do. Planters would do well to write the undersigned before ordering anywhere else. A dollar saved is a dollar made.

A. F. COOKE,

Proprietor and Manager Hawaiian Fertilizing Company

FIJI VISITED BY HURRICANE.

Shipwreck and Loss of Life Reported

A Remarkable Feat of Endurance—Fate of the Bark Ophir and Cargo.

The Union Company's steamer Ohau arrived from Suva on January 18, bringing intelligence of the Fiji group having been visited by a most destructive hurricane on the 6th and 7th instant, says the Auckland Herald of January 26th.

The hurricane appears to have come from the direction of Samoa, and reached the group at Rambi and Taviuni, traveling in a direct line through to Suva, thence going in a southwesterly course. So far the following reports are to hand: Island of Taviuni devastated. The coconuts are all spoiled and trees broken down. It will take at least four years to recover. Nearly all the houses are wrecked. Near the town of Rewa, the mill was blown flat. At Levuka, however, as usual, the shipping suffered very severely. Nine cutters of from five to twenty tons were lost, and the bark Ophir, with 600 tons of copra, was made a perfect wreck.

Rewa suffered also badly. Thirty lighters are under water, and also two launches. A lot of cane is blown down and spoiled. The mill stood well, but the manager's house and the officers' quarters were unroofed or blown down. In the Lower Rewa town, three-quarters of the houses are down, and several natives were killed. The Wesleyan church was partially spoiled. The river rose fifteen feet, but fell quickly again.

At Suva the damage is appalling. Three churches, including the Presbyterian, are in pieces blown and scattered all over the place. The Customhouse and Bond are wrecked, and many houses are flat. The Mikado held well—did not drag at all—but the Elsinore went across the harbor, but was not wrecked.

A remarkable instance of endurance is reported from Levuka. A Fijian and Rotuman were on board a cutter lying close to the bark Ophir, the wind in the evening being from the southeast. During the night the cutter broke away owing to the Ophir coming into collision with her. The men at once jumped overboard and commenced to swim, as they thought, for the beach of Levuka, being unaware that the wind had changed to the west. After several hours' swim they reached the reef at Batiiki, a distance of about eighteen miles. After a short rest they started for the shore. The Rotuman reached the beach, but his comrade was either drowned or caught by a shark.

A NEW ACT PASSED.

The Marshal Will Have Power to Carry Out Sentences.

The act introduced at the meeting of the Councils on Thursday, providing for the carrying out by the Marshal of sentences of the Military Commission, was amended yesterday morning and now reads as follows:

"It shall be the duty of the Marshal or his deputy, whenever so required by the order of the Commander-in-Chief of the Military forces or by the precept or mandate of the President, and upon and in conformity therewith, to execute and carry out the sentence of any Military Commission or court-martial convened or to be convened in the manner and at the time and place designated in the order approving the findings and proceedings of, and confirming or modifying the sentence imposed by such Military Commission or Court-martial.

"Any jail or prison of the Republic or other place designated by the President or Commander-in-Chief, may be used as a place of imprisonment or detention of any person convicted and sentenced to imprisonment by any such Commission or court-martial."

Concert at the Square.

The following programme will be played at Emma Square this afternoon by the Hawaiian band:

1. Overture—"Esmeralda"..... Herman
 2. Gavotte—"Abschied" (new).....
 3. Selection—"I Martiri" (new)..... Kappay
 4. Dance—"Habenera" (new)..... Donizetti
 5. Waltz—"Phantoms" (new)..... D'Orso
 6. Schottische—"Little Alabama Coon" (new)..... Starr
- "Hawaii Pono!"

Ladies' Column.

Commencing SATURDAY, February 9th, and continuing for ONE WEEK, we will hold the LARGEST REMNANT SALE of the SEASON. At the prices we are asking every piece will be sold. Read what follows and kindly bear in it mind.

POPULAR APPROVAL

Goes far toward establishing the standing of a business house in any community, and the good-will and patronage we have had during the last forty years indicate, not only that we have the POPULAR APPROVAL, but that those who have dealt with us have been eminently satisfied with their transactions.

WE ATTRACT

And retain patronage more by the EXCELLENCE OF QUALITIES shown and our REASONABLE PRICES than by preposterous claims of selling goods below cost, etc.

WE REPEAT

As we have said before that when you pay less for goods than we ask for them you get an inferior quality.

WHILE WE

Carry a stock of dry goods that is complete in every sense, from the lowest priced goods to the most luxurious made, we make a specialty of the highest grade, and exclusive designs of the most recent and accepted styles.

IT IS

Worth your while always in making purchases to look at our stock before deciding. If we have what you want you will certainly buy it, if quality and price are any consideration.

B. F. EHLERS & CO.

G. WEST,

Commission -- Merchant

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Carriage Materials

Of Every Description Including

OAK, ASH, HICKORY

AND

WHITE WOOD LUMBER,

Spokes, all sizes; Savern Wheels, Wood Hub Wheels, Sawed Fellos, Bent Rims from 1 to 2 1/2 inches, Dump Cart Shafts, Wagon Foles, Double-trees, Single-trees, Wagon and Cart Hubs, all sizes;

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Trimmers' Materials

Carriage Hardware, Norway Iron, and Steel Tires.

Having a long experience in the Carriage Business, I am prepared to supply Carriage Builders, Plantations, etc., with first-class materials, personally selected, at the very lowest cash prices.

All Island orders will receive prompt attention.

MASONIC BLOCK,

Corner Alakea and Hotel Streets.

Telephone No. 350. 3878-tf

Mothers

Nestle's Milk Food for infants has, during 25 years, grown in favor with both doctors and mothers throughout the world, and is now unquestionably not only the best substitute for mother's milk, but the food which agrees with the largest percentage of infants. It gives strength and stamina to resist the weakening effects of hot weather, and has saved the lives of thousands of infants. To any mother sending her address, and mentioning this paper, we will send samples and description of Nestle's Food.

Theo. Leeming & Co., Sole Agents, 29 Murray St., N. Y.

Nestle's MILK FOOD

The Agency for

NESTLE'S MILK FOOD

IS WITH THE

Hollister Drug Company, Limited

523 Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.

PIONEER

Steam Candy Factory and Bakery

F. HOHN,

Practical Confectioner and Baker,

NO. 71 HOTEL STREET.

3783-tf

The Latest by the Steamer

"China!"

Silk Goods,

Silk Shirts,

Silk Underwear,

Straw Hats,

Cotton Crape,

Also a fine assortment of

JAPANESE --:-- GOODS!

Of every description.

The finest Japanese Goods in town.

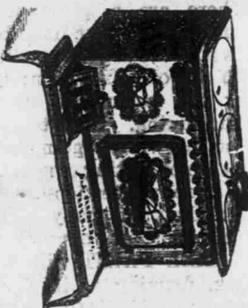
K. FURUYA,

Robinson Block. Hotel Street.

3653-v

JOHN NOTT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN



Steel and Iron Ranges

STOVES AND FIXTURES,

House Keeping Goods

— AND —

Kitchen Utensils,

AGATE WARE, RUBBER HOSE

PUMPS, ETC., ETC.,

Plumbing, Tin, Copper

— AND —

Sheet Iron Work.

DIMOND --:-- BLOCK

KING STREET.

Japanese Goods.

- Silk Dress Goods,
- Cotton Dress Goods,
- Gent's Silk Shirts,
- Gent's Cotton Shirts,
- Gent's Fancy Crepe Shirts,
- Straw and Felt Hats,
- Umbrellas and Parasols,
- Fancy Screens, Hosiery,
- Handkerchiefs and Neckties,

For both ladies and gentlemen.

Watch our advertisement for new goods arriving by every steamer.

IWAKAMI,

HOTEL STREET,

Next to Peck's Commission Rooms

3902-tf

H. JAOUEN,

Practical Gunmaker

Will do any kind of repairing to Firearms, also Browning and Blueing and restocking equal to Factory work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Union street, with C. Sterling, Painter. 3908-y

WE'VE GOT THEM!

The Right Goods, Right Prices, Right Shades at the Right Time.

NEW SPRING NOVELTIES

— IN —

WASH MATERIALS.

Printed Irish Lawns in new designs; New Dimities in figured and solid colors; Plain and Satin Striped Cotton Crapes in delicate shades and fancy figured.

COTTON DUCK! COTTON DUCK!!

In solid colors, stripes and polka dots.

Ginghams, Gingham, Gingham; an immense variety in stripes and plaids; New Percales, New Prints, New Mualins; Latest designs in Flannelettes.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE

New Golden Draperies

N. S. SACHS',

520 Fort Street --:-- --:-- --:-- Honolulu

SOMETHING NEW!

Mexican Cigars!

VERY FINE.

Said to be Superior to Havanas!

TRY THEM.

HOLLISTER & CO.

Importers of Tobaccos, Cigars, Smokers' Articles, Wax Vestas, Etc., Etc.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer COMPANY.

G. N. WILCOX... President. T. MAY... Auditor.

J. F. HACKFELD... Vice-President. E. SUHR... Secretary and Treasurer.

P. O. BOX 484. MUTUAL TEL. 467.

OUR NEW WORKS AT KALIHI being completed, we are now ready to furnish all kinds of

ARTIFICIAL --:-- FERTILIZERS!

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer Salts ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist.

All goods are guaranteed in every respect.

For further particulars apply to

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

Give the Baby

A Perfect Nutrient For GROWING CHILDREN, CONVALESCENTS, CONSUMPTIVES, DYSPETICS, and the Aged, and in Acute Illness and all Wasting Diseases.



— THE —

Best Food

for Hand-fed Infants.

OUR BOOK for the instruction of mothers, "The Care and Feeding of Infants," will be mailed free to any address, upon request.

DOLIBER-GOODALE CO., BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

BENSON, SMITH & CO.,

Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

ENTERPRISE PLANING MILL

PETER HIGH & CO., Proprietors.

OFFICE AND MILL:

Alakea and Richards near Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

MOULDINGS,

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Screens, Frames, Etc.

TURNED AND SAWED WORK.

Prompt attention to all orders.

TELEPHONES:

MUTUAL 55. BELL 496.

A FRESH, NEW

FINE LINE

Gents' Furnishing Goods

413 Fort Street.

MERCHANT TAILORING

A Specialty.

Notice is called to our window of

UNDERWEAR

75 CENTS PER GARMENT.

Great Bargains!

Call and inspect our stock.

VANCAMP JOHNSTON & STOREY

413 Fort Street.

3845-tf

The Hawaiian Electric Company



Are now prepared to wire houses either by contract or day labor and to furnish electric lamps, chandeliers and fittings of all descriptions and of elegant modern styles at reasonable rates.

The Company is now extending its line to Kapiolani Park, and parties dwelling on the route who are desirous of being connected on the system, will please communicate with

THEO. HOFFMANN, MANAGER, Hawaiian Electric Co

In the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

DECEMBER TERM, 1894.

BEFORE JUDD, C. J., BICKERTON, J., AND CIRCUIT JUDGE COOPER, IN PLACE OF MR. JUSTICE FREAR, ABSENT FROM ILLNESS.

REPUBLIC OF HAWAII VS. OISHI, SUGINAGA, UEDA, ODA, EGAMI, MATSUMOTO, KOBASHI (all Japanese) and JOHN GASPAR, -accused before the fact.

- 1) A defendant was committed for trial for instigating others to commit an offense. The Attorney-General declined to indict him on this charge and he was discharged from custody and again arrested, committed, indicted, tried and convicted on the fact of being an accessory before the fact to the commission of the said offense. Held, that the former proceedings were no bar to the conviction and there was no "mistrial."

OPINION OF THE COURT BY JUDD, C. J.

On the 3d of September, 1894, at Keel, South Kona, Hawaii, two parties, John Gaspar and D. H. Kahaulelio, claimed certain coffee. The execution of the warrants was resisted; a fracas ensued in which one officer, Kallihwa, was severely injured and a Japanese was shot and killed.

All the above named Japanese defendants were charged in the District Court of South Kona with the offense of assault and battery on certain police officers with intent to resist, bludgeon and obstruct them in the discharge of their duty as such officers. They were committed for trial. John Gaspar was examined and committed for the offense of instigating the said Japanese to commit the said offense.

The Circuit Court Third Circuit sat at North Kohala on the 3d October last and was adjourned to the 7th. The Attorney-General at Kohala declined to indict or prosecute John Gaspar on the charge upon which he was committed, and the Circuit Judge presiding ordered his discharge from custody. Gaspar was immediately re-arrested upon warrant of the District Court of North Kohala, on a charge of being accessory before the fact to the offense of assault and battery by the said Japanese upon public officers with intent to resist them in the exercise of their duty. Gaspar waived examination and was duly committed for trial at the Circuit Court then sitting. The above mentioned Japanese were indicted for the afore-said assault and battery together with Gaspar as an accessory before the fact. Gaspar demurred to the indictment and also filed a "Plea in bar," setting out the previous arraignment and committal and claiming that the declination to prosecute upon it, followed by discharge, was an acquittal therefrom, the two offenses being identical in law and fact. Both these pleas being overruled, the Japanese defendants then pleaded not guilty. Gaspar refusing to plead, the Court ordered the plea of not guilty to be entered for him. This is statutory and this course was approved by this Court in Herring's case, 9 Haw. -The trial resulted in a conviction.

We observe, in considering Gaspar's plea, that the statute, Compiled Laws pp. 338-9, authorizes the Attorney-General to grant a certificate that he declines to prosecute any person committed for trial, addressed to the Judges of the Supreme Court or any one of them, who shall order the discharge by warrant to the Marshal or Jailor who has the person in custody. The Attorney-General followed this course and the Circuit Judge signed the warrant of discharge. It would seem as if this enactment was only intended to apply to prisoners before indictment and not necessarily during term. The power is distinctly given to the Attorney-General to decline to present an indictment. The warrant of the Judge would follow as a matter of course, the duty being mandatory and not discretionary. The law has not been amended so as to give this authority to Circuit Judges who now preside at jury trials - but, granting that the Circuit Judge had no statutory authority to sign the warrant of discharge, the declination of the Attorney-General to present an indictment still stands. We consider that it has the same effect as a nolle prosequi entered after indictment with the consent of Court. We must remember that the failure to prosecute or a nolle prosequi is not as acquittal. It was so held in Rex v. Manner, 3 Haw. 339.

The proceedings on the second charge against Gaspar appear to be regular. He was re-arrested by warrant of the District Magistrate of North Kohala, who had jurisdiction, upon the sworn information of the Attorney-General. He waived examination and was committed upon the charge made. This is the usual course and it has been followed for years in a case where the facts being essentially the same the prosecuting officer desires to change the form of the charge. This is a far better course to pursue than to present an indictment for a different offense than that upon which the defendant was originally charged and committed. We doubt if this latter course could be legally followed. The original offense charged against Gaspar was "instigating the Japanese to commit assault and battery on the officers" etc. But section 4, Chap. 44, Penal Code, prescribes that "The instigation is merged in the offense committed in pursuance thereof, when the offense is committed in such a manner that the instigator is guilty thereof, by reason of his being an accessory before the fact, or otherwise." In our case the facts in the knowledge of the prosecution were that the offense of assault and battery on the officers had been committed in pursuance of Gaspar's instigation and that Gaspar was not present when the assault and battery was committed. He, therefore, was an accessory before the fact, in accordance with the definition given in Chap. 5, Penal Code, Sec. 2.

But suppose the proceedings of the Attorney-General and the Circuit Judge on the original charge were ineffectual to properly dispose of the same, we cannot see how the pendency of another charge against the defendant constitutes a bar to a subsequent charge and indictment, the regularity of which is not called in question. In no sense can the trial of Gaspar as an accessory before the fact be considered a "mistrial" on account of alleged irregularities preceding the same.

We overrule this exception. Although the Japanese defendants and John Gaspar were tried jointly, they were represented by different counsel and the Circuit Judge allowed two bills of exceptions. We shall consider the several points made in both bills, treating them as one. At the trial two papers were offered in evidence purporting to be the warrants for the arrest of defendants and others, under which the officers were acting at the time of the assault. They were objected to until proven to have been issued by the District Magistrate of South Kona on the 3d September, 1894, and that he was regularly commissioned and legally acting on that date. The presiding judge said that "he had official knowledge that Thos. H. Wright was commissioned as District Magistrate of S. Kona on the 1st September, 1894, for two years." The warrants were admitted in evidence. Further objections were made to them. The warrants were signed "Thos. H. Wright, District Magistrate of South Kona, Island of Hawaii." They were on the printed form furnished by the Judiciary Department to the Magistrates and follow on the same page the sworn information upon which the warrants were issued. The informations are signed by D. H. Kahaulelio, and bear the signature, "Signed and sworn to before me this 3d day of September, 1894. T. H. Wright, District Magistrate of South Kona, Island of Hawaii."

We find from the evidence (transcript, pp. 101, 125 and 126) that Mr. Wright was exercising the functions of District Magistrate of South Kona at the time of his signing the warrants. A judge de facto is a judge de jure to all parties except the State. Wharton's Crim. Ev., Sec. 164. Coyle v. Commonwealth, 104 Pa. State, 117. Walcott v. Wells, 24 Pac. R., 387 (Nevada). It was not necessary that Mr. Wright's commission should be produced. State v. Roberts, 52 N. H. 492, 1 Gr. Ev., Sec. 92. Moreover, the presiding judge's statement, that he took judicial knowledge of the fact was sufficient, and it was not essential that he should take the stand and recite under oath the facts from which this knowledge was derived. State v. Wright, 16 R. I., 518. Hancock v. Town, of Worcester, 16 Vt., 106. Graham v. Anderson, 42 Ill., 515.

We find nothing to modify these rules of law in the fact that by the Constitution of the Republic of Hawaii all Commissions were vacated on the 1st September, 1894. The presumption exists that the Executive performed its duty and appointed a District Magistrate for South Kona on or before that date. This exception is overruled. Objection was made to the warrants on the ground that the names of the persons to be arrested were not recited in the body of the warrants, but were referred to as "A. B. et al., charged with the offense of larceny in the third degree as fully set forth above, and when found to bring their bodies before the District Magistrate of South Kona, etc." As before stated, the warrants were proceeded upon the same paper by the sworn information which named all the persons charged with the offense. Apparently the warrants was not room in the printed form of the warrants for the insertion of all the names of the persons to be arrested, and we see no possible objection to referring in the warrants to the complaint for the rest of the names of the persons to be arrested.

In Commonwealth v. Dean, 9 Gray, 284, C. J. Shaw said that "where a paper was annexed and definitely referred to it is to be treated as recited in and a part of the process or instrument in which it is recited." In that case the warrant referred to the "offense described in the annexed complaint." The statute required that the warrant should recite the substance of the accusation. Rev. Stat. Mass. c. 135, Sec. 2.

So also Com. v. Dana, 2 Met. 329. Here the articles to be seized on a search warrant were described as the things mentioned in the above complaint.

Donohue v. Shed, 8 Met. 326. The warrant ordered the arrest of the party mentioned in the above complaint." So also State v. Goyette, 11 R. I. 502. We hold that the warrant sufficiently complied with the statute. Judiciary Act of 1892, Sec. 18.

One of the warrants which was in the Hawaiian language contained the name of "Ois" in the indictment was the "Ois" in the warrant. This was objected to on the ground that parol testimony cannot vary or explain a written instrument. The witness testified that the Hawaiian rendering of "Oishi" was "Ois." We hold that it was competent as a matter of identification to show that these names represented one and the same person, and the rule of evidence above referred to was not thereby violated. To a Hawaiian they are idem sonans. A Hawaiian, unless educated in the English language, would add to a word ending with a consonant a vowel sound and "Ois" would be ordinarily pronounced "Oisi." As to the insertion of the "h" after the "s," an ordinary Hawaiian would not distinguish between the sound of "sh" and "s."

We do not hold anyone to extreme strictness in the paraphrasing or Anglicizing of names foreign to the English tongue, especially when a Hawaiian undertakes to write a Chinese or Japanese name, and whose unaccustomed ears are not sensitive to the pronunciation of their names by the persons themselves. The point is untenable. See Herring's case, 9 Haw. Moreover, Oishi plead not guilty to the indictment, and it makes no difference whether or not his name was in the warrant whose execution he was charged with resisting. The officers named in the indictment were named in the warrants were not present at the time of the attempted arrest.

The trial judge refused to charge at request of defendant Gaspar, "that there was no evidence of Gaspar's having advised or counseled or incited the defendant Japanese to resist the police officers named in the indictment in the event of such officers being in the due and legal discharge of their official duties and while the officers should be so engaged."

It was proper to refuse this instruction because the evidence shows that the orders Gaspar gave to his Japanese were broad and made no exception whether the officers had warrants or not. He said that if the Kona policemen came in any of the coffee "You beat them with stones and tie them up with rope to a tree, etc." (Transcript p. 5). Evidence also went to the jury that after the first dispute about the coffee the prosecuting witness, D. H. Kahaulelio, left them saying he was going to get a warrant of arrest for them and so Gaspar must have inferred that the police would come later with warrants. Pp. 94, 97 and 273. Gaspar having given orders to assault the police he is responsible for the probable result of his orders.

The latter part of instruction No. 10 was refused. It reads - "And if said defendant attempted to arrest any person for whom they had no warrant and who was not at the time of such attempt to arrest, him in the act of committing an offense, then such person so sought to be arrested by the officers or any of them without a warrant were justified in resisting such arrest." This instruction could not properly be given. The warrants were, as held by us, legal, and when two of those named therein, namely, Oishi and Matsumoto, resisted and those not named in the warrant joined in the attack on the officers they were liable to arrest without warrant for the new offense. See Caecires' case 9 Haw.

The last part of request No. 11 was refused: It is as follows - "Therefore if the law will not presume the responsibility of Gaspar for the illegal acts of others, done in his absence, and, in order to find him guilty under this indictment, the jury should be convinced, not only that Gaspar incited the defendant Japanese to assault the officers named in the indictment, while in the discharge of their official duties, and that the Japanese defendants understood from his language that Gaspar was so inciting them; but also that Gaspar exercised a peculiar power and influence over the minds of the defendant Japanese, to a degree which deprived the persons so by him incited, of the freedom of their wills, and deprived them of the character of free moral agents; and so as to render each of them merely the instrument of Gaspar, in making the assault complained of."

The law does not require that in order to hold a person guilty of inciting another to do a criminal act he must have "hypnotized" him so that his own will is destroyed. Wharton's Crim. Ev. Sec. 225, and notes. There remains an exception to the verdict. The other points were either abandoned or have been discussed and decided in other portions of this case. As to the verdict. There were two, one in the case of the Japanese and the other in Gaspar's case. They were tried together, and there was no necessity for two verdicts.

One is as follows: "We the jury in the case of Republic of Hawaii v. John Gaspar and the Japanese defendants, find J. Gaspar guilty of the charge of accessory before the fact as charged." The objection that the "J" being the initial to Gaspar's surname does not come below the line and therefore is "I" and not "J. Gaspar," is too puerile to be discussed further than to say that the foreman who wrote the verdict wrote "John" in the title of the case in the same way, not bringing the "J" below the line.

The other verdict is as follows: "We the jury in the case of the Republic of Hawaii v. seven Japanese, find Oishi, Suganaga, Ueda, Oda, Egami, Matsumoto guilty of the charge of resisting the officers but recommend them to the mercy. Kobashi we find not guilty." There was no necessity for adding in the verdict after "truthy" the words "of the charge of resisting the officers," but we can readily understand that it was so written in order to distinguish the Japanese named from Gaspar who they found was the accessory before the fact. There was no uncertainty in the verdict; resisting the officers was the gist of the offense and it was necessary to put all the particulars of the indictment in the verdict. The title of the case is no part of the verdict. The verdict enumerates the seven Japanese by name. It cannot be misunderstood, and it must stand. We do not find warrant on a review of the whole evidence to order a new

trial on the ground that the verdict is contrary to evidence and overrule the motion for this purpose.

The exceptions are overruled and new trial refused. Messrs. Attorney-General Smith and Deputy A. G. M. Robertson for prosecution. Messrs. Neumann, C. W. Ashford and A. S. Hartwell for defendants. Honolulu, February 1, 1895.

WAR PHOTOS.

New lot of Crepe and Plain Tissue Paper. Latest designs in Picture Mouldings. Lots of other Goods, new and novel, just received.

KING BROS'.

3557-1y HOTEL STREET. CASTLE & COOKE LIMITED, Importers, Hardware and General Merchandise

There are a great many homes having zinc-lined bath tubs that are in good condition with this one exception: they lack the features of a porcelain lining. How to overcome this without going to the expense of getting a new tub, has been a question that has worried a great many.

One pot of our WHITE ENAMEL PAINT will do the work, forming as it does a GLOSSY SURFACE, almost equal in hardness and durability to that of porcelain itself, being at the same time hardly distinguishable from porcelain.

Consult your physician and he will tell you by all means to paint your bath tub with Enamel Paint. The KEYSTONE EGG BEATERS are little gems. Try one if you want your eggs quickly and thoroughly beaten.

We also call your special attention to our economical BARREL and CYLINDER CHURNS, they are easy workers, have all sizes and prices. We have a handy CLOTHES DRIER, having ten arms made to fasten on the wall, when not in use by a simple pull these arms fold up like a fan, thus taking up but little room.

Remember we sell Standard Oil Co.'s PEARL OIL at \$1.80 per case, C. O. D., delivered to any part of the city free.

CASTLE & COOKE L'd IMPORTERS. Hardware and General Merchandise Election of Officers.

AT A MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the Honolulu Soap Works Company held January 31st, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President..... F. W. McChesney Vice-President..... W. B. Godfrey Secretary and Treasurer } J. M. McChesney Auditor..... Geo. McLeod John Ena was elected as Director, to act with the above officers. J. M. McChesney, Secretary. January 31st, 1895. 3910-3t

BEES WON'T STING

The man who is smeared with honey. Cod Liver Oil can't offend the taste when it is disguised in Wild Cherry. You only get the good then, the vim, the flesh. Ask for WAMPOLE'S TASTE-LESS PREPARATION. For sale by the

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, 523 Fort Street.

J. HOPP & CO., FURNITURE JUST RECEIVED!

A COMPLETE STOCK OF BEDROOM SUITS AT LOW PRICES; Wicker Ware, Rugs and Portiers of all sizes, Shaving Stands, Card Tables, AND ROCKERS In Oak or Cherry, and other goods too numerous to mention. Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to. Furniture packed for the other islands. Special care given to Piano moving. 74 KING STREET.

Pacific Hardware Co.,

Water Filters - Paint Brushes - An invoice of choice Etchings, Photogravures, Actotypes, Monochromes, etc. Just to hand - 10,000 Ft. Moulding - ex. Schooner "Transit"

ATTENTION.

A Special Christmas Sale, commencing MONDAY, December 17. We will everything regardless of cost for 3 days only. Come and inspect our stock of Holiday Goods; the LOWEST and BEST.

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, CORNER NUUANU AND HOTEL STREETS. MURATA & CO., Proprietors.

S. TAKEMURA 405 KING STREET,

Commission Merchant, Wholesale and Retail Silk Goods, Cotton Crepes, Underwear, Towels, Hats and Caps; Fine Line of Japanese Metal consisting of Match Safes, Ash Trays, Card Cases, Soap Boxes, Decorated Japanese Hand Bags, etc. Just received by China and Bantala from Japan, Provisions, Matting, Toilet Soap, Cotton and Silk Goods, etc. Samples of all kinds of Japanese Goods which I can import on short notice. Try our S. T. TEAS. Prices the lowest.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

J. F. Hackfeld has gone to Hawaii. F. M. Wakefield left for Hilo yesterday. New water hydrants are being placed on Fort street. The band will play at Emma Square this afternoon. The Military Court will sit this morning at 10 o'clock. Levey will hold a cash sale at his auction rooms this morning. The Hawaiian band played the Mariposa off yesterday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sawyer departed for their new home yesterday. Minister Willis entertained Admiral Beardslee at a dinner last evening. Tenders are wanted for building a women's ward at the insane asylum. Mr. and Mrs. Sumner left for Tahiti via San Francisco by the Mariposa. A fine line of dress gingham, 8 yards for \$1, can be found at Sachs', Fort street. Whitney's recital will be given this evening at Y. M. C. A., commencing at 7 o'clock. The Oceanic wharf was simply packed yesterday afternoon when the Mariposa departed. Mr. G. O. Nacayama, Japanese Inspector, left for Kauai last evening on a tour of inspection. B. K. Denbigh and the members of the Cook Excursion Party left for San Francisco yesterday. Thirty-six creditors have proved claims amounting to \$27,126.19 against C. L. Brito, a bankrupt. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Gray left on the Kinau yesterday for a two weeks honeymoon tour of Hawaii. Five new pieces will be played this afternoon at Emma Square. The list includes the "Little Alabama Coon." This morning, at 10 o'clock, Levey will hold two auction sales; 1150 pine tops will be disposed of at one of the sales. Joseph Cunningham, employed at the Honolulu Iron Works, left on the Mariposa yesterday for the Coast hoping to improve his health. Twenty-three hundred and fifty dollars will be divided among the native policemen today. The presentation will be made at 1 o'clock. People who wish to obtain passes may obtain them by calling at the Marshal's office between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 m.; and 7 to 9 p.m. Messrs. Kevan and Silva will be "at home" today at the Commercial saloon. They will serve a hot clam-chowder during the noon hour. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. O'Neil left on the Mariposa for their home in St. Louis, Mo. Mr. O'Neil has had charge of the erection of the new mill at Ewa. The Hawaiian Mission Children's Society will meet this evening at the residence of Mr. J. B. Atherton, at 7 o'clock. Directors' meeting at a quarter to 7. Gus Bruno, a well-known comedian, was a through passenger in the Mariposa. He entertained the crowd on the wharf previous to the departure of the steamer. Master Cyril Tyler, who has been crowding the theaters of Australia for some months past with artistic violin performances, was a through passenger by the Mariposa. During the disastrous hurricane that recently swept over Fiji, the warships in the harbor at Samoa weighed anchor and went to sea. The captains were afraid the port would be visited by a storm similar to the Vandalia disaster. A rumor was current yesterday that the Government intended deporting Widemann, Greig and Marshall by the Mariposa. In consequence of this a large crowd of people gathered on the Oceanic dock to witness their departure. They were disappointed, however, for these parties failed to put in an appearance. Edgar Frantz Deported. Edgar Frantz, a young man who was charged with treason in connection with the late insurrection, was sent out of the country yesterday by the Mariposa. Frantz was a sailor on the Charleston and deserted while that vessel was in this port on her last visit. A purse of \$150 was made up on the Philadelphia for Frantz, and he was given besides a letter to Superintendent Filmore of the Southern Pacific, who will furnish him transportation from San Francisco to Reading, Penn., the home of Frantz.

A DRAMATIC RECITAL.

An Entertainment to be Given This Evening at Seven. The Whitney musical and dramatic recital will take place this evening at the Y. M. C. A. commencing at 7 o'clock. The following programme will be carried out: Piano Solo..... Prof. Berger. "Too Late for the Train"..... Burdette "The Raven"..... Poe Cornet Solo..... Prof. Pasquella (U. S. S. Philadelphia) "How Ruby Played"..... Adams "Little Orphan Annie"..... Riley Instrumental Duet..... Messrs. Ordway and Hennessey. "The Editor's Guests"..... Will Carlton "Marc Antony's Oration"..... Shakespeare. Unpleasant Adventure. A reporter of this paper and a well known detective came near getting a free ride to San Francisco yesterday on the Mariposa. They went out in the steamer just beyond the harbor and intended returning in the pilot boat. While engaged in inspecting a portion of the steamer's machinery the pilot boat was cast off, and they found themselves in rather a puzzling predicament. The captain was perplexed over the affair and ordered the steamer to stop. In the meantime the pilot boat pulled alongside and took the adventure-some pair aboard and returned to town. The Gray-Chapin Wedding. Charles Bryant Gray and Miss La Vaucha Maria Chapin were married yesterday by Rev. H. W. Peck. The ceremony took place at Haalelea Lawn, the parlors of which being beautifully decorated for the occasion. After the wedding a collation was served which was partaken of by a large number of friends of the young couple. Mr. Gray is book-keeper for the Union Feed Company. His employers made him a substantial present. Mr. and Mrs. Gray left for the Volcano to spend their honeymoon. Meeting Notice. THE ADJOURNED ANNUAL MEETING of the Honolulu Sailors' Home Society will be held at the Room of the Chamber of Commerce, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of February, at 10 o'clock. Immediately after adjournment of the Society's annual meeting, the Board of Trustees will meet. Per order. F. A. SCHAEFER, Secretary. Honolulu, February 7th, 1895. 3913-2t

SPECIAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

The Singer has again arrived, and if you wish to see him call at 113 BETHEL STREET. We wish to call special attention to our exhibit of embroidery work. B. BERGENSEN. Mr. E. A. Hegg, a Crayon Artist, with his headquarters at Williams' studio, will be in Honolulu for a short time only. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Hawaiian Boat House, Foot of Richards street, Have fine pleasure boats of all descriptions for rent by the hour or day. BALLS & SHAW. When you wish to discontinue housekeeping let Hawkins & Henry bid on your furniture in its entirety. It will avoid inconvenience of selling in pieces or sale. King and Alakea streets. Hawkins & Henry make estimates on all classes of painting, wall papering and upholstering. All work guaranteed. King and Alakea streets. New and second-hand furniture, all kinds of second-hand books, jewelry and diamonds bought and sold. Contracts for painting. HAWKINS & HENRY. Beach Grove, Waikiki, near Bishop's Switch—Bathing and Picnic Resort. Reserves for families, ladies and children. Terms reasonable. CHAS. F. WARREN, Manager. Bargains in Handkerchiefs—Children's fancy-border Handkerchiefs at 50 cts. a dozen, Ladies' fancy-border Handkerchiefs reduced to 65 cts. a dozen; Special, Ladies' white, hemmed-stitch handkerchiefs \$1 per dozen, at N. S. SACHS', 520 Fort St. Just Opened—A new lot of Ladies' and Children's Capes, Infant Cloaks; also a fine assortment of Silk-olene, in figured and solid colors, at Sachs' Store, Fort Street. Patronize Ilaniwai Baths, Waikiki. Tramcars pass the door. W. S. BARTLETT, Proprietor. For Bargains in New and Second-hand Furniture, Lawn Mowers, Wicker Chairs, Garden Hose, etc., call at the I. X. L., corner of Nuuanu and King streets. Bedroom Sets, Wardrobes, Ice Boxes, Stoves, Hanging Lamps, Rugs, Bureaus, Chiffoniers, Steamer and Veranda Chairs, Bed Lounges, Sofas, Baby Cribs, Clothes Baskets, Sewing Machines, Whatnots, Meat Safes, Trunks, etc., sold at the lowest Cash Prices at the I. X. L., corner of Nuuanu and King streets. If you want to sell out your FURNITURE in its entirety, call at the I. X. L. G. K. Harrison, Practical Piano and Organ Maker and Tuner, can furnish best factory references. Orders left at Hawaiian News Co. will receive prompt attention. All work guaranteed to be the same as done in factory.

For Sale.

A One-Undivided Twentieth Share In the Ahupuaa of HONOKUA, situate in SOUTH KONA, HAWAII, containing an area of 6578 ACRES and being Apua 9 of R. P. 6857, L. C. A. 7713. There are 328 9-10 Acres to every share. This Land adjoins Kalahiki on the South and is a valuable property. A good deal of it is suitable for Coffee and the balance for pasturage. It lies near Hookena Landing. Price \$800. Title perfect. Warranty deed, acknowledged and stamped given to purchaser. For further particulars apply to J. M. MONSARRAT, Honolulu, January 4, 1895. 3884-t E. VANDOORN & CO., DEALERS IN Havana, Manila and Domestic Cigars We also carry a full line of Tobaccos, Pipes, etc., etc. ICE COLD DRINKS A SPECIALTY. Step in on your way to the city front and get a cold drink and a good cigar. No. 208 Fort St., Esplanade 3877-y CLEARANCE SALE! COMMENCING February 4th, for 3 Weeks I will sell my entire stock consisting of JAPANESE SILKS! Dress Goods, Sashes, Handkerchiefs, etc. REGARDLESS OF COST! YAMAUCHI, 320 Nuuanu street, next door to Geo. McIntyre's grocery. 3909-lw Offices to Let IN THE IMPROVED CARTWRIGHT BUILDING. LAWYERS AND PROFESSIONAL men generally are requested to inspect office rooms in the CARTWRIGHT BUILDING on Merchant street. There are three rooms on suite, one facing Merchant and Bethel streets. These offices will be rented at a reasonable rent to a responsible tenant. Apply on the premises to BRUCE CARTWRIGHT. 3796-tf Store and Cellar TO LET, No. 23 Nuuanu street, premises formerly occupied by Tahiti Lemonade Works. Apply to Benson, Smith & Co. 3735-tf For Rent. FURNISHED DOCTOR'S OFFICE and living rooms adjoining at the corner of Punchbowl and Beretania streets. The premises formerly occupied by Dr. Focle and lately by Dr. Atcherly. The premises consist of Waiting Room, Laboratory, Operating Room, Bed Room, Kitchen, Bath Room, etc. Possession given December 1st, 1894. Apply to J. ALFRED MAGOON, Office, next Postoffice. 3852-tf Read This! IF YOU WANT A MOTIVE POWER, order a REGAN VAPOR or PACIFIC GAS ENGINE; they are the best, safest and simplest in the world. JOB. TINKER, Sole Agt. Honolulu, 3888-tf Notice. MR. G. E. BOARDMAN IS AUTHORIZED to collect all accounts for William Bros. ED. A. WILLIAMS, Manager. 3891-tf ATTENTION! I WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform my friends and the public that I am still in the Tinsmith and Plumbing business. That I am now offering for cash regular size 2x6 feet, Zinc Lined Bath Tubs, with Plug, Chain and small piece of pipe ready for connection for only \$10 each. Also Stone Pipe at bed-rock prices: 6 in., 45c. a length; 5 1/2 in., 40c. a length; 5 in., 35c. a length. All kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to. Ring up Telephone 844 and your orders will receive prompt attention at lowest prices. JAS. NOTT, JR. Assignee's Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Assignee in Bankruptcy of the Estate of J. A. Alfonso of Honokaa, notice is hereby given to all creditors to have their approved claims presented at once to him at the office of H. Hackfeld & Co. All persons owing the above named Estate are requested to make immediate payment to THE UNDERSIGNED WILL NOT be responsible for any debts contracted without his written order. 3911-3t ROBERT LAING.

C. & C.

FLOUR Has gained the confidence of all consumers. Prices below any other No. 1 Standard Flour in market. WE GUARANTEE EVERY SACK. Theo. H. Davies & Co., SOLE AGENTS. FRANK J. KRUGER, Practical Watchmaker CUMMINGS' BLOCK, FORT STREET, HONOLULU, H. I. IMPORTER AND DEALER WATCHES AND CLOCKS! Repairing of fine Watches a specialty. Give me a call before buying. 3858-3m FIRST IN THE FIELD WITH 1895 WHEELS! Model No. 14 Rambler WOOD RIM AND DETACHABLE TIRES. Call and see it. RAMBLER AGENCY 3906-lw 107 King Street. Election of Officers. AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Pearl City Fruit Company, Limited, held this day, the following persons were elected to serve during the ensuing year: W. J. Lowrie.....President J. Lyle.....Vice-President D. B. Murdoch.....Treasurer and Secretary J. A. Lyle.....Auditor These officers together with E. Kopke, constitute the Board of Directors. D. B. MURDOCH, Secretary Pearl City Fruit Company. Honolulu, January 31, 1895. 3908-6t Notice. EVERY DAY FOR SUPPER WE will serve chicken or duck. Thursdays and Sundays we will serve same for both dinner and supper. The only first-class meals in Honolulu. NEW MODEL LUNCH ROOMS, 3865-1m Bethel street. For Sale. A FINE HOUSE LOT, 100 FEET front by 150 feet deep, situated on Kinau street near Persacola. Only a short distance from the tramcar line. It is a very desirable place for a residence. For further particulars apply to J. ALFRED MAGOON, Attorney at Law, near the Post Office. 3847-tf

H. G. BIART,

(Formerly with Wenner & Co.) Jeweler and Watchmaker, 515 FORT STREET, Hawaiian Jewelry and Diamond Setting A SPECIALTY. SOUVENIR SPOONS at very low prices. Don't forget the number—515 Fort street. 3863-y CRITERION SALOON Fort. Near Hotel Street. CHAS. J. MCCARTHY, Manager. Popular Brands of Straight Goods ALWAYS ON HAND. Try the Great Appetizer THE BROWNIE COCKTAIL, a specialty with this resort. DEPUTY OF THE FAMOUS WILAND LAGER BEER 3863-y FOR SALE! THE AHUPUAA OF Kaluaaha! On the Island of Molekai. Said Land contains an acreage of about 1200 acres, 200 of which is the best coffee land, and the balance is grazing and kalo land. A good House and a fine well of sweet water included in the above. Enquire of E. G. Hitchcock, At Marshal's Office, Honolulu, 3868-3m CENTRAL MARKET! NUUANU STREET. First-class Market in every respect; besides carrying a full line of Meats, we make a specialty of Breakfast Sausages, Head Cheese, Pressed Corn Beef. WESTBROOK & GARRETT, 3437-c PROPRIETOR. FOR SALE! Second-hand Pneumatic Bicycle IN GOOD CONDITION. PRICE \$50.00 ENQUIRE W. E. BROWN, 3905-tf This Office. The Accommodation Line. ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 26, 1894, there will be a daily line of Stages from WAIALUA to PEARL CITY (Sundays excepted), leaving Waialua at 7 A.M. and arriving at Pearl City in time for the 11 o'clock train for Honolulu; leaving Pearl City on arrival of 1:45 train from Honolulu, arriving at Waialua at 6 P.M. ED. BOGART, Driver and Manager. Waialua, November 26, 1894. 3854-1m Building Lots. AT WAIKIKI ON CAR LINE, and on PALAMA ROAD near Fertilizing Plant. These Lots are very cheap and will be sold on easy terms. Desirable ACRE TRACTS near the city and other properties for sale. BRUCE WARING & CO., 503 Fort Street, near King. 3867-3m JAPANESE STORE, S. NISHIMURA Proprietor. FANCY GOODS! AND Provision Merchants. NEW GOODS EVERY STEAMER. P. O. Box 277. Telephone 317. Foster Block, Nuuanu Street. 3879-y WING WO TAI & CO., HAVE RECEIVED EX BARK LINA A LARGE INVOICE OF RATTAN CHAIRS! AND LOUNGES. 3878-y

Notice to Contractors.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of Ripley & Reynolds, until 2 o'clock P. M. on the 16th day of February, 1895, and opened immediately thereafter for all the labor and materials required for the erection and full completion of a building for women's ward, insane asylum, in accordance with the plans and specifications, copies of which may be obtained of the architects, 410 Fort street. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. By order of Board of Health. 3914-2t

Waimanalo Sugar Company.

MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of Waimanalo Sugar Company will be held on MONDAY, February 11th, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Bruce Cartwright's office. C. BOLTE, Secretary. Honolulu, February 7, 1895. 3913-3t

Edison's Kinetoscope!

FOR 10c. YOU CAN SEE THE greatest marvel of science. TODAY—"The Boxing Cats." Subjects changed daily at Hart & Company's, Hotel street. Exhibition hours: 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. 3907-tf

To Let.

A VERY CONVENIENT new Cottage, with all modern improvements, on Kinau street, one block from the car line. Servant's Room, Bar and table on premises. For particulars, apply to N. S. SACHS, 520 Fort Street. 3913-tf

Wanted.

A RESPONSIBLE PARTY wants a furnished Cottage or furnished Rooms for house keeping; no children. Reply, address P.O. Box 104. 3913-tf

CHOICE TABLE BUTTER

FROM THE Sydney Creamery!

FOR SALE BY H. MAY & CO. 2911-19t

An Employment Bureau

HAS BEEN OPENED BY MR. JOHN A. BAKER, near the O. R. R. & L. Co. depot. Parties desiring the services of Carpenters, Cooks, Plantation Laborers, Mechanics, Nurses, Linnas, Bookkeepers, Stewards, Sailors, Teamsters, House-servants, Kanchmen, &c., of any nationality can be supplied by communicating with the Bureau, either by Post Office, Telephone or personal visit. P. O. Box 116. Telephone 1005. 3910-1w

THE ATLANTIC OCEAN takes

its name from Mount Atlas— [Star. SO DOES

The ATLAS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, H. W. SCHMIDT & SONS, AGENTS.—Advertiser.

3908-1w

To Whom it may Concern:

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL NOT be responsible for any debts contracted without his written order. 3911-3t ROBERT LAING.

OAHU RAILWAY & LAND CO.'S

TIME TABLE.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1, 1892



TRAINS

TO EWA MILL

Table with columns for train times: Leave Honolulu, Leave Pearl City, Arrive Ewa Mill.

TO HONOLULU

Table with columns for train times: Leave Ewa Mill, Leave Pearl City, Arrive Honolulu.

A Saturdays only, B Daily, C Sundays excepted, D Saturdays excepted.

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

Issued Every Morning, Except Sunday, by the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY

At No. 215 Merchant Street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: THE DAILY PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER (8 PAGES)

Per month \$ 75, Per 3 months if paid in advance 2 00, Per year in advance 8 00

Per year, postpaid to United States of America, Canada, or Mexico, 11 00

Per 1 year, postpaid other Foreign 14 00

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, SEMI-WEEKLY (8 PAGES—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS)

Per year—104 numbers.....\$5 00, Per year, Foreign Countries..... 6 00

Payable Invariably in Advance. GEO. H. PARIS, Business Manager.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1895.

THE ADVERTISER CALENDAR, February, 1895.

Calendar table with columns for days of the month and moon phases.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco, Vancouver and Sydney in the following dates, till the close of 1895

Table of foreign mail services with columns for ship names, destinations, and dates.

Meteorological Record.

BY THE GOVERNMENT SURVEY, PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

Meteorological data table with columns for barometer, thermometer, wind, and other weather conditions.

Tides, Sun and Moon.

Table of tide and moon information with columns for day, time, and moon phase.

Full moon on the 9th at 6h. 52m. a.m. ADVERTISER 75 cents a month.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT.

MEN OF WAR. U.S.F.S Philadelphia, Cotton, S.F. MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.) Schr Norma, Swenson, Claxton, B.C. Bk Velocity, Martin, Hongkong.

FOREIGN VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessels. Where from. Due. Sch Maid of Orleans, S.F. Due Bkne C F Crocker, S.F. (Hilo) Due

ARRIVALS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 8. R M S S Mariposa, Hayward, from the Colonies.

DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 8. R M S S Mariposa, Hayward, for San Francisco.

IMPORTS.

Per stmr Ke Au Hou—2088 bags paddy, 506 bags sugar.

PASSENGERS.

For San Francisco, per R M S S Mariposa, Feb 8—D H Walker and wife, J F O'Neill and wife, Mrs George Farnham.

WHARF AND WAVE.

DIAMOND HEAD, Feb. 8.—10 P. M. —Weather, clear; wind, light north-east.

Bell buoy is undergoing repairs. The Velocity is undergoing slight repairs.

Several racing sculls were out on the bay yesterday.

Barkentine S. N. Castle will probably leave some time today.

A schooner was reported off port yesterday, but she did not come in.

Ke Au Hou brought a large amount of paddy on her last trip.

Work was being done yesterday on the tracks of the Marine Railway.

Men were busy mending rubber joints of the pipes leading from the steam dredge yesterday.

Bark R. P. Rithet has begun loading sugar. She is a large vessel and will carry a heavy cargo.

Brig W. G. Irwin, reported off port early yesterday morning, has not arrived. She will probably be in today.

Several gentlemen aboard the Mariposa took pictures of people on the wharf just before departure yesterday.

Ship Kenilworth has shifted her position slightly nearer to Wilder's wharf. She has finished discharging ballast.

Men of the Philadelphia are anxious to play football against a team from the city. They are also anxious to have a tennis tournament.

Four-masted schooner Robert Lewers was towed out by the Eleu yesterday at 1:30 p. m. She is loaded with sugar for San Francisco.

Bark Kikikat is an uncertain quantity so far as her date of sailing is concerned. When she does sail she will have nothing but ballast aboard.

Steamer James Makee arrived early yesterday morning from Kapa. She brought 18 deck passengers, 2069 bags sugar, 677 bags paddy and 30 bags rice.

Captain Penhallow, of the Alice Cooke, received callers aboard his ship yesterday in honor of Alice Cooke, mentioned in yesterday's ADVERTISER. Refreshments were served and a general good time was indulged in by every one who called.

The Mariposa sailed yesterday at 5:30 p. m. with a full passenger list from this port. She was delayed an hour on account of the large cargo of sugar and bananas she had to load.

Schooner Lyman D. Foster left Dillingham's wharf yesterday afternoon, and as soon as the Mariposa hauled away from the O. S. S. dock she took her position for the purpose of loading sugar.

Archie Gillfillan searched the Velocity all day yesterday with his men, but failed to discover any more opium. The vessel's cargo of general merchandise has been discharged, she still has 3004 paving stones aboard.

Panama and Colon, on the first of January, 1895, ceased to be free ports. A decree has been issued ordering that on and after that date a duty of ten per cent. ad valorem be collected on all imports.

News has been received, says the Sydney Herald, that the Italian man-of-war Christopher Columbus has started on a cruise round the world. She possesses six big guns and six 6-in. B. L. guns and a complement of 234 men all told.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS.

A Regular Weekly Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon.

The regular weekly meeting of the Christian Workers was held yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. with a good representation of members.

"We are now entering upon a new era in Christian work here, and there is a vast field open for us. As soon as this trouble is over and the feeling of unrest has subsided, there will undoubtedly be great progress in our work."

"Perhaps there is no country under the sun where such a good opportunity for Christian work is afforded as right here in our little city and upon these islands. Here we find all nationalities, and the promotion of a feeling of universal brotherhood would be one of the grandest works that could be accomplished."

"Our little band of workers are earnest and have it in their minds to do what their hands find to do with all their might and main. We need more workers. No one should stay away on account of denomination, for we have decided to be simply Christian workers, taking heed of nothing but the good, and working together each helping the other."

CHURCHES TOMORROW.

Sunday Services of the Various City Congregations.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL—The services of the Second Congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral tomorrow, Sunday, will be as follows: 9:45 a. m., morning prayer with sermon; Venite to Temple chant; Te Deum, Bergin C.; Benedictus, Whitfield in G.; Hymns, 82, 254 and 292; 6:30 p. m., Evensong with sermon; Magnificat, Chard in E flat; Nunc Dimittis, Blow in F; hymns, 291, 83 and 12. All seats will be free. Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, pastor.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. H. W. Peck, pastor. Sunday services, February 10: 10 a. m., Sunday school, C. J. Day, superintendent; 11 a. m., sermon by Rev. L. E. Schneider; 7:30 p. m., sermon by Pastor—subject, "The Little Dogs." Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30. Meeting held in the hall over Tracy's store, corner Fort and Hotel streets. Entrance on Hotel street. Everybody welcomed.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Harmony Hall, King street, between Fort and Alakea streets. T. D. Garvin, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Bible class at the parsonage, on the corner of King and Richards streets, Monday, 7:30 p. m.; Lesson second and third chapters of Genesis. All who desire to study the Bible are invited to attend. Prayer meeting Tuesday, 7:30 p. m.

CENTRAL UNION CHURCH—Dr. Hutchins, pastor. Strangers cordially welcome. Y. M. C. A. SERVICES—Sunday, 11 a. m., at Oahu Jail; 1:15 p. m., at the Barracks; 3:30 p. m., Bible study at Y. M. C. A.; 6:30 p. m., Gospel praise service at Y. M. C. A.

NEW GROCERY STORE

322 NUUANU STREET, Between Hotel and King Streets.

American and English Groceries. Fresh Canned California Fruits, Provisions of all kinds.

New Goods received by every steamer from the Coast and Europe. Satisfaction guaranteed. Purchases delivered to all parts of the city. TELEPHONE 1004.

GEO. MCINTYRE

CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN

Steamship Line.



Steamers of the above line, running in connection with the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., between Vancouver, B. C. and Sydney, N. S. W., and calling at Victoria B. C., Honolulu and Suva (Fiji).

Are Due at Honolulu

On or about the dates below stated, viz:

From Sydney and Suva, for Victoria and Vancouver, B. C.: S. S. "MIOWERA".....March 4, S. S. "WARRIMOO".....April 1

From Victoria and Vancouver, B. C., for Suva and Sydney: S. S. "WARRIMOO"..... February 24, S. S. "MIOWERA".....March 24

Through tickets issued from Honolulu to Canada, United States and Europe.

For Freight and Passage and all general information, apply to Theo. H. Davies & Co., L'd. GENERAL AGENTS.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO



Australian Mail Service.

For San Francisco: The New and Fine A1 Steel Steamship "MARIPOSA."

Of the Oceanic Steamship Company will be due at Honolulu, from Sydney and Auckland, on or about

FEBRUARY 7th, And will leave for the above port with Mails and Passengers on or about that date.

For Sydney & Auckland: The New and Fine A1 Steel Steamship "ALAMEDA"

Of the Oceanic Steamship Company will be due at Honolulu, from San Francisco, on or about

FEBRUARY 14th, And will leave for the above port with Mails and Passengers for the above ports.

The undersigned are now prepared to issue THROUGH TICKETS TO ALL POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

For further particulars regarding Freight or Passage apply to Wm. G. Irwin & Co., Ltd., GENERAL AGENTS.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO

Time Table.

LOCAL LINE.

S. S. AUSTRALIA

Arrive Honolulu Leave Honolulu from S. F. February 28, February 25, March 18, March 20, April 8, April 13

THROUGH LINE.

From San Fran. From Sydney for San Francisco. Arrive Honolulu, Leave Honolulu, ALAMEDA Feb 14, MARIPOSA Feb 7, MARIPOSA Mar 14, ARAWA Mar 7

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S Boston Line of Packets.

Shippers will please take notice that the AMERICAN BARK JOHN D. BREWER

Leaves New York on or about MAY 15 for this port, if sufficient inducement offers.

For further information, apply to Chas. Brewer & Co., 27 Kilby St., Boston, Mass., or to O. BREWER & CO. (L'D.), Honolulu, Agents.

National Cane Shredder

(PATENTED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.)

Mr. John A. Scott, Manager of the Hilo Sugar Company gives the following wonderful record of the working of the NATIONAL CANE SHREDDER, which was erected by their works at the commencement of the crop just harvested:

"During the past week the Hilo Sugar Company's mill exceeded any of its former records by closing the 125 hours grinding with an output of 300 1/2 tons. This is fully 10 per cent. more than the best work of former years.

"The three roller mill being 26 in. by 54 in. and the two roller mill 30 in. by 60 in. The first mill doing this amount of work in an efficient manner and with great ease, compared with work on whole cane, owing to thorough preparation of the cane by the National Cane Shredder, recently erected by the Company. And by its use the extraction has been increased from 3 per cent. to 5 per cent. on all kinds of cane, and in some cases 80 per cent. has been reached; the average being 75 to 78 per cent., according to quality.

"I continue to find the megass from shredded cane better fuel than from whole cane. The shredder has been working day and night for seven months and has given me entire satisfaction, having shredded during that time about seventy thousand tons of cane, and a large part of it being hard ratoons. The shredder and engine require very little care or attention."

Plans and specifications of these shredders may be seen at the office of Wm. G. Irwin & Co. L'd.

Wm. G. Irwin & Co. L'd.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. 3594-3m

National Iron Works

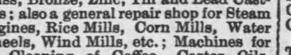
QUEEN STREET, Between Alakea and Richard Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED to make all kinds of Iron, Brass, Bronze, Zinc, Tin and Lead Castings; also a general repair shop for Steam Engines, Rice Mills, Corn Mills, Water Wheels, Wind Mills, etc.; Machines for the Cleaning of Coffee, Castor Oils, Beans, Ramie, Sisal, Pineapple Leaves and other Fibrous Plants and Paper Stock; also Machines for Extracting Starch from the Manioc, Arrow Root, etc. All orders promptly attended to.

White, Ritman & Co.

3882-y

THE HAWAIIAN BEST SAFETY MATCH



The above is our special brand of SAFETY MATCH.

First-class in quality. Controlled by ourselves only and at prices to suit the times.

CASTLE & COOKE L'D.

3860-4f

WIRE NAILS,

All Sizes. Common and Finishing!

VERY LOW PRICES!

WILDER & CO. LIMITED.

3851 1606-3m

Republic of Hawaii

Official List of Members and Location of Bureaus.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Sanford B. Dole, President. Francis M. Hatch, Minister of Foreign Affairs. James A. King, Minister of Interior. Samuel M. Damon, Minister of Finance. William O. Smith, Attorney-General.

ADVISORY COUNCIL.

C. Bolte, John Emmeloth, Edward D. Tenney, James F. Morgan, Wm. F. Allen, Alex. Young, Jos. F. Mendonca, John Nott, D. B. Smith, John Ena, F. A. Hosmer, Geo. P. Castle, C. B. Wood, Jas. A. Kennedy, William F. Allen, Chairman.

SUPREME COURT.

Ron. A. F. Judd, Chief Justice. Ron. E. F. Bickerton, First Associate Justice. Lon. W. F. Frear, Second Associate Justice. Henry Smith, Chief Clerk. Geo. Lucas, Deputy Clerk. C. F. Peterson, Second Deputy Clerk. J. Walter Jones, Stenographer.

CIRCUIT JUDGES

First Circuit: (W. A. Whiting,) Oahu. Second Circuit: (H. E. Cooper,) Oahu. Third and Fourth Circuit: (Hawaii) S. L. Austin. Fifth Circuit: (Kauai) J. Hardy. Offices and Court-rooms in Court House, King street. Sitting in Honolulu—the first Monday in February, May, August and November.

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Office in Capitol Building, King street. F. M. Hatch, Minister of Foreign Affairs. Geo. O. Potter, Secretary. Lionel R. A. Hart, Clerk. J. W. Girvin, Secretary Chinese Bureau.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Office in Capitol Building, King street. J. A. King, Minister of the Interior. Chief Clerk, John A. Hassinger. Assistant Clerks: James H. Boyd, M. K. Keohokale, Stephen Mahaulu, George O. Ross, Edward S. Boyd.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY.

President: the Minister of Interior, Wm. G. Irwin, Allan Herbert, John Ena, Joseph Marsden, Commissioner and Secretary.

CHIEFS OF BUREAUS, INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Surveyor-General, W. D. Alexander. Supt. Public Works, W. E. Rowell. Supt. Water Works, Andrew Brown. Inspector, Electric Lights, John Cassidy. Registrar of Conveyances, T. G. Thurston. Road Supervisor, Honolulu, W. E. Cummings. Chief Engineer Fire Dept., Jas. H. Hunt. Supt. Insane Asylum, F. I. Cutter.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Office, Capitol Building, King street. Minister of Finance, S. M. Damon. Auditor-General, H. Laws. Registrar of Accounts, W. G. Ashley. Clerk to Finance Office, E. A. McInerney. Collector-General of Customs, Jas. B. Castle.

Tax Assessor, Oahu, Jona. Shaw.

Deputy Tax Assessor, W. G. Weedon. Postmaster-General, J. Mort Ost.

CUSTOMS BUREAU.

Office, Custom House, Esplanade, Fort street. Collector-General, Jas. B. Castle. Deputy-Collector, F. B. McStocker. Harbormaster, Captain A. Fuller. Port Surveyor, M. N. Sanders. Storekeeper, George O. Stratmeyer.

DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Office in Capitol Building, King street. Attorney-General, W. O. Smith. Deputy Attorney-General, A. G. M. Robertson. Clerk, J. M. Kea. Marshal, E. G. Hitchcock. Clerk to Marshal, H. M. Dow. Deputy Marshal, Arthur M. Brown. Jailor Oahu Prison, J. A. Low. Prison Physician, Dr. N. B. Emerson.

BOARD OF IMMIGRATION.

President, J. A. King. Members of the Board of Immigration, J. B. Atherton, Joseph Marsden, J. A. Kennedy, James G. Spencer, J. Garden. Secretary, Wray Taylor.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Office in grounds of Court House Building, corner of Millilani and Queen streets. Members—Dr. Day, Dr. Wood, N. B. Emerson, J. T. Waterhouse, Jr., John Ena, Theo. F. Lansing and Attorney-General Smith. President—Hon. W. O. Smith. Secretary—Chas. Wilcox. Executive Officer—C. B. Reynolds. Inspector and Manager of Garbage Service—L. L. La Pierre. Inspector—G. W. O. Jones. Port Physician, Dr. E. B. Day. Dispensary, Dr. H. W. Howard. Leper Settlement, Dr. E. K. Oliver.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Court House Building, King street. President, W. R. Castle. Secretary, F. J. Scott. Inspector of Schools, A. T. Atkinson. DISTRICT COURT. Police Station Building, Merchant street A. Perry, Magistrate. James Thompson, Clerk. BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS. Andrew Brown, President; Geo. W. Smith, James H. Hunt, Chief Engineer. John Edinger, Clerk.