

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1903—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2449.

CABLE IS HERE AT LAST

Messages Sent To President Roosevelt and Officials of the Company.

For Hours the Line Works Without the Slightest Hitch and is Held Open at Midnight for the Response to the Congratulatory Address Sent From the People of Territory.

through which was gathered within and without the office, and the people were full of interest in the goings on of the many officials who were on duty.

Steadily through the guides of the recorder the slender tape was drawn. There was never a faltering and the line which was drawn through the center of the strip was perfectly straight, until at about half past eight o'clock the line suddenly began to vary and the vibrations of the needle sent the tracing into hills and valleys along the clear horizon of the paper. "San Francisco" was spelled out, and as the half dozen operators and officials grouped about saw the tracing of the words their enthusiasm grew until it took the form of a cheer, and the people without

took up the shout and then Manager Dickenson stepped from the room and imparted the news which showed that the thought of the continent was within the minutes' touch of Hawaii.

From that time until after midnight there was nothing but excitement about the office of the company. As soon as the first service instructions had been put through, the wire was opened for the congratulatory words of the Secretary of the Territory to the President of the United States given elsewhere.

Secretary Cooper, Manager Dickenson and a group of intimate friends were close about Superintendent Gaines as he sent the message over the wire. It

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Cable Day Will Be Celebrated With a Mass Meeting and Ball.

Holiday May Be Declared in All Lines of Business and the Merry-Making Continued During the Remainder of the Week. Engineers and Others to Leave for Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 1st.—Compliments of the season. Weather finer than California has ever known at this time.

With this message in his hand, Manager Dickenson stepped out into the rotunda of the offices of the cable company at 8:41 o'clock last evening and announced that the cable between Honolulu and the Pacific Coast of the continent was open and working successfully. In the office were gathered a number of the representative citizens of the city, and with him was Secretary Cooper, and the announcement was greeted with cheers.

To be exact, this was eight minutes after the recorder had shown that the great task of bringing Hawaii within a second of San Francisco had been finished, as the sensitive instrument which indicates the passage of the electric impulse began to vibrate about 8:30, and the preliminary service calls occupied the first few minutes of the action of the wire, and engrossed the attention of the busy officials who gathered about its end. It was the culmination of a generation's hopes and aspirations, and the people who saw the working of the instrument could not restrain a cheer.

The closing of the gap which intervened between Hawaii and San Francisco occupied the attention of everyone connected with the cable company yesterday. The cable ship Silvertown left the outside, where its anchors had held since returning from the unsuccessful trial of Monday, at 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning and at once ran to the buoy which marked the end of the line in the channel, some six miles off Diamond Head. This was the end of the intermediate cable, which had been joined to the rock line, the laying of which had been the cause of the demonstration of Sunday. The ship was seen from shore to proceed to the buoy and pick it up handily, and at 6:30 o'clock the work of putting in the splice was begun. For four hours the cable ship laid in the gentle

swells of the channel, and then with a hoisting of the signals which indicated that the cable was astern started for the east, paying out the great line.

The progress of the ship was watched from Diamond Head light by many visitors, and the officials of the cable company were just as anxiously waiting beside the tape which was being unreeled through the recorder in the main office. They had been informed that they should open the wire for communication at 12:30 o'clock, and when that hour was reached the recorder slip was sent through the wheels which drew it under the pen which receives the messages from the outside world.

Four minutes of waiting and the first waving line of slender tape told of the setting to work of the speaking instruments of the ship. The message was strictly a service communication, but it told of the picking up of the cable, the splicing and the progress of the ship to the East. It was announced that half the distance to the buoy was completed, that every thing was going well, and that the ship would be able to complete its work.

At this time the lookout reported that the ship was proceeding at the rate of about seven miles, toward the East, and no change of course had been made to permit the reaching of the sea end buoy without a direct alteration of the plan of sailing. There was nothing doing for three hours, for the cable ship had announced that that length of time would be taken up with tests, and then the recorders again told in the waving line of the alphabet that the end of the journey had been reached and without any trouble at all the buoy had been picked up and the San Francisco end of the cable was on board the ship, and that everything was correct. After some few minor messages the local office was notified to look out for San Francisco within four hours.

Then ensued the long wait which told on the nerves of those who had spent days in watching for the speaking of the Coast to the midocean. Slowly the hours passed. It was an anxious



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

RAPID TRANSIT TO ACQUIRE THE TRAMWAYS

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The directors of the Rapid Transit Company and Col. Davidson, representing the Hawaiian Tramways Company, arrived at a tentative understanding yesterday, by which the Rapid Transit Company will acquire all of the franchises and property of the Tramways company.

As Col. Davidson is president of the Tramways Company and is the personal financial representative of the owner of the controlling interest, there is no question but that the understanding arrived at will be ratified in London.

It was the desire of the English company to buy out the Rapid Transit Company, and part of Col. Davidson's mission here was to attempt to achieve this object. The owners of the Rapid Transit Line absolutely refused to consider such a proposition, however, and the counter proposition to buy out the Tramways Company was thereupon taken up and practically agreed upon.

It is the expectation that Col. Davidson and L. Tenney Peck, the latter representing the Rapid Transit company, will proceed to San Francisco on the steamship Korea leaving here Friday or Saturday, and that the deal will be speedily concluded in San Francisco.

Until the controlling stockholders in England can be communicated with and it is ascertained that it is a certainty that the arrangement negotiated on their behalf by Col. Davidson will be ratified, the details of the sale are withheld from publication.

So certain does Col. Davidson feel that the transaction negotiated by him will be ratified, that all hostile local action on the part of the Tramways company against the Rapid Transit Company will cease and the two interests will, from this time forward, co-operate in harmony.

Cable Day will be celebrated by a great meeting in the grounds of the Executive Building this afternoon at 2 o'clock, with a Ball in the evening.

Now that the connection of the cable has been made the celebration of the opening of communication will be the feature of today. It is expected that the merchants and business men in general will close their places of business at noon, and that the merrymaking will consume the remainder of the week.

The committee which will have in charge the celebration of the event last evening decided that the affair would be made the feature of the afternoon. The open air meeting will be held in the grounds of the Executive building, commencing at 2 o'clock, and in the time before the meeting and during the intervals between speeches, there will be music by the band. There will be addresses by Secretary Cooper, Commissioner Eustis, General A. S. Hartwell, Henry E. Highton, and a response to the address of welcome by the representative of the company, not only here, but in the South Seas, S. S. Dickenson, whose title of manager does not tell all of his duties and honors, for he is the personal representative of Vice President Ward, with whom he has been associated for nearly a generation, and who will tell of the gratification of his principals upon the completion of this first leg of the great line across the Pacific.

The receipt of the message from the President of the United States will be the signal for a salute of 100 guns, and there will be special musical features. There will be, as well, other musical features, and the afternoon will be given over to merrymaking.

From half past six to eight o'clock

the fireworks display from the grounds of the Capitol will be the feature and after that hour will come the reception by the Secretary of the Territory and Mrs. Cooper, in the Executive building. The guests of honor will be the men from the cables and they will be entertained as well by several of the private citizens who have met them during their short stay.

The holding of the celebration today will mean that there will be present many of those who have had to do with the completion of the cable work. As soon as the local tests show that the task has been well done, and this should be completed today, Mr. Henry Benest, the engineer in charge of the expedition, and the staff of the India Rubber, Gutta Percha and Telegraph company in general, will depart for the Coast on their way to England. They are booked for the Korea, as are Mr. Martin and Mr. Trebell of the underground company. Four men may be left here to look after the work until the end of the month, during which the cable stays in charge of the contracting company.

Up to four o'clock this morning the cable steamer Silvertown had not been reported by the Diamond Head lookout. This is taken by the officials of the cable company to mean that the vessel had not succeeded in taking on board the marking buoy put down Monday. This is a task which is extremely difficult at night and the vessel may have decided to stand by the buoy until morning. The lost buoy is presumably in shore on the beach on the windward side and this also may be recovered by a search of the shore which could be made only by daylight.

The delay of the return of the engineers may mean some delay in the general opening of the cable for general commercial business, but it is not regarded as at all probable that the celebration will be interfered with in the slightest.

COOPER TO MACKAY.

MR. CLARENCE H. MACKAY,

President Commercial Pacific Cable Company, N. Y.

We send this token of our high appreciation of the completion of the great enterprise undertaken by your company of laying a telegraphic cable from the Coast of California to these Islands.

Mingled with our joy there is a feeling of deep regret that John W. Mackay did not live to see the completion of his project, and we assure you that his name will ever be cherished in fond remembrance by our people.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Secretary of Hawaii.

COOPER TO ROOSEVELT.

THE PRESIDENT, Washington.

The people of the Territory of Hawaii send their greetings to you, and express their gratification at the inauguration of telegraphic communication with the mainland.

We all believe that the removal of the disadvantage of isolation will prove a strong factor in the upbuilding of a patriotic and progressive American commonwealth in these Islands.

HENRY E. COOPER,
Secretary of Hawaii.

DOLE TO SETTLE ON SITE

Has No Opposition to Proposed Location.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Governor Dole has tentatively signified his assent to the proposal of the Federal building site committee, and in the opinion of the men who have been most concerned in the matter of the securing of the site for the erection of a suitable structure for the housing of local offices, only detailed consideration is needed to settle the entire transfer of lots. The information from Governor Dole came yesterday in a message from that official at Puuwaawaa, where he is now stopping on a visit to Eben Low.

The matter being brought before the Governor in a message from Chairman Thurston of the committee, the letter to Mr. Thurston contains the view of the official upon the matter at hand. Governor Dole says that he has not at hand all the information which he must have to enable him to make the proclamation of exchange, and so would hold over the final settlement of the affair until his return to Honolulu, which is now expected on January 10th. At no point in the communication occurs an expression which may be construed as finding any fault with the selections of the committee, and the tenor of the communication leaves in the minds of the committeemen only the idea that the settlement will be concluded favorably immediately upon the coming of Governor Dole.

The bases for this belief are in part the fact that Governor Dole knew the site for which the committee desired an exchange, before his departure, and while no decision had then been taken by the body, he had been unofficially apprised that there was a strong pressure in favor of the Bishop street corner, and that Esplanade lots would be requested in exchange. On the occasion of one meeting when Governor Dole was asked as to the disposition of the Governor as to the making of exchanges to secure such a property as that desired in this instance, he said without hesitation that the local Government would do all in its power to effect a transfer which would bring about a speedy conclusion of the matters at point.

Commissioner Eustis was seen yesterday and the conclusions of the letter of the Governor conveyed to him. He said that he thought there would be a satisfactory settlement from the tenor of the note. He then said that he would try and take his departure in the Korea of Saturday or Friday, so that he might be in Washington before the middle of the month and thus expect to secure action upon his report before the conclusion of the present session of Congress. Departure from Honolulu in the Korea would mean that the Commissioner might hope to reach Washington by January 13th, if the best connections are made along the straightest lines.

It is understood that Mr. Eustis will bear with him full maps and statements of the lands comprised in the plot which has the commendation of the committee. There will be also a statement from the United States Attorney bearing upon the title under which the Bishop Estate lands are held, and thus all that is needed for his making an ample report is the simple word signifying that the offer of the Bishop Estate, of the lands, has been accepted and that the deed will go forward at once. This should reach Washington not later than January 12th, Monday, as the return of Governor Dole on Saturday will be followed immediately by conferences on the matter of the exchange.

The members of the committee are of opinion that there shall be no delay in the getting together of the various interests in the case, and Mr. Eustis will leave with the report that naught but formal approval of details remains to make the site question a settled thing.

DEMURRER IN THE BANK SUIT

An amended demurrer was filed yesterday in the First American Savings & Trust Co. suit in which it was set out that there had been a misjoinder of parties defendant and that the proceedings were not properly brought. It is further alleged that the petition does not set out the regularity of the meetings of those of the respondents. It is further claimed that the action of President Brown in ruling out the Huntington estate proxies was legal and proper.

Judge Robinson yesterday accepted a bond of \$1,000 from M. G. Silva to insure the payment of alimony to his wife, and the contempt citation will be dismissed.

W. H. Johnson has been appointed guardian of his minor daughter, Helen Johnson.

Goal for the Poor.

NEW YORK, December 16.—The board of aldermen today voted \$250,000 to buy coal for the poor of the city.

CABLE LAYING WAITS ON A CALMER SEA

Silvertown Will Stay at Anchor Until Indications Are That the Winds and Waves Have Alike Subsided and That There Will be a Chance to Complete Laying and Splicing.

THREE great blasts from the siren of the Silvertown will tell that the cable steamer has decided to make another attempt to ride out the seas and find the end of the cable, so that communication may be established between Honolulu and San Francisco, the contract of the corporation making and laying the strand carried out, and everything that may be done here by a ship completed.

All day yesterday the cable men afloat and ashore watched the clouds and the sea, looking for an abatement of the wind and waves which would permit the Silvertown to go out and make another attempt to pick up the cut end of the deep sea line. But while the winds went down and the conditions became more favorable above, there was little abatement of the seas, and the result was that even when the night came there could be no definite announcement made as to the time when the ship would renew its trial to complete its mission into the mid-Pacific.

The expressed opinion last evening when the last communication was had between the ship and the shore was that an attempt would be made early this morning to make the run out to the spot where the cable had been dropped and pick up the end. The difficulty of this operation is apparent when it is realized that the very first thing to be done before the end is landed on the ship is to lower a boat for the purpose of getting the buoy aboard the ship. This is impossible, unless there is a fair sea, and the captain of the Silvertown was not, last evening, too well pleased with the prospect of staying here for several days with the work undone, though that prospect was in sight.

It is estimated that it will take a four hours' run from off the harbor to the location of the cable buoy, and in the event that the sea will permit the tackling of the job of lifting the cable, this operation will consume, with the splicing on of the intermediate cable, something like two hours, and the chances are that even more time will be consumed in making ready for the last run of the long trip.

The intention now is to keep up the plan as outlined by the journey if the Silvertown Monday. The first splice will be made in the deep seas, something like 35 miles off port, or nearly 30 miles away from the buoy indicating the point at which the last end was dropped during the run of Monday. From that point the cable will be stretched in to meet the intermediate and shore ends, and thus the final junction of the lines will be witnessed from the Diamond Head cliffs. The feeling in San Francisco is perhaps as strong as here, though the fact that the cable people were told that the cable was to be cut and dropped preceded the closing of all communication with that land end. From that the cable people knew that there was nothing at this end to cause great alarm, and their tests will show that the line now extends very close to the Islands.

THE MASONS OF KAUAI HAVE ANOTHER SUMPTUOUS LUAU

On the 21st of June the masons of Lihue invited all the masons of Kauai to a banquet, and on Dec. 27th, this fraternal hospitality was returned by the masons of the leeward side of the island. The gathering took place at the Waima hall which was most beautifully decorated. At 8 p. m. twenty-five masons sat down to the table, replete with the good things of this and other lands. The table was in the form of a square or at an angle of ninety degrees at the apex of which sat Mr. Boie, the toastmaster of the occasion, who conducted the exercises in a most inspiring and happy manner. He welcomed the brethren, spoke of the universality of masonry and its good work and commended the spirit which prompted these gatherings.

Mr. Rosenbleit next read letters of thanks from various lodges on the islands for invitations received, and letters of regret from absent brethren. Toasts which had been assigned were now in order as follows: H. H. Brodie, "Masons of the Hawaiian Islands;" "Blue Lodges," John Bush; "Masonry and the Grand Lodges," by Prince L. Topple, who presented the subject most ably. Following these the toastmaster called upon all the members for impromptu toasts.

The exercises then turned into a discussion of the advisability of forming a lodge of masons on Kauai. It was stated that the brethren had membership in lodges in various states and

ing at this end to cause great alarm, and their tests will show that the line now extends very close to the Islands. As to the date of the opening of the line, nothing can be arranged as yet, owing to the fact that there can be no forecast of the state of the sea during the next few days. It is regarded as certain by Mr. Dickenson and others, however, that the tests which are to be made by the engineers of the company, before the cable may be turned over to the operating corporation for service, will occupy from one to two days, and even after the ends of the strand are connected and the speaking instrument shows that San Francisco is in actual communication with Honolulu tests will be made at great length, and upon the results of these will depend much of the data that is to be collected for guidance in relation to future work in the Pacific.

This would indicate that there will be such delay that it will be either Friday or Saturday before the line may be used for even the formal communications, and the Cable Day celebration will not be held until that formality is possible. As soon as the Silvertown gets under way and goes out to sea, then the constant watch will be kept upon the tape from the recorder, for the purpose of keeping in touch with the ship in case the officers may decide to pick up the end which is in the channel. The failure to catch the first word sent by a ship is regarded as the crime of an operator's life, and the machines will be kept hard at work all the time for the purpose of being ready for any action.

The installation of most of the machinery has been accomplished, and everything is ready for keeping up the work, once the ends of the line have been spliced.

PORTUGUESE WILL CELEBRATE.

Not the least of those who are expected to profit by the installation of the Pacific Commercial Cable are the Portuguese residents of Honolulu. On the day when the cable is open a congratulatory cablegram will be sent in the name of the Portuguese colony of Hawaii to Don Carlos I, King of Portugal, the Queen, Crown Prince and the royal family in general.

The initiative was taken by J. F. Durao, M. A. Gonsalves, J. M. Vivas, Frank Andrade and J. P. Rodrigues, who constitute a committee to arrange for the sending of the cablegram. A subscription list is now being circulated in the name of the committee by Mr. Durao, which says in effect that in view of the opening of cable communication between Hawaii to the mainland of the United States, the Portuguese residents wish to salute by this medium their Majesties and the members of the royal family, wishing them and the kingdom of Portugal long continued prosperity. The project is meeting with general approval.

Senhor A. de Souza Canavaro, the Portuguese Consul, will send the cablegram in the name of all the Portuguese colony of the Territory.

The fact that the members are scattered over the island, and that they have no hall, makes them carefully deliberate upon the proposition. A committee was appointed to consider and look up the matter and report at the coming luau to be held next June at Lihue. Special credit is due Messrs. McClellan, Rosenbleit, Olmstead, Goudie and Hofgaard for the preparation of the luau and decorations. The exercises were varied by fine music rendered by the Koioa quartette, supplemented by the entertaining specialties of Mr. Vaughn.

The following brethren were present: Messrs. Anderson and Topple from Keala, Wishard, Crawford and Wm. H. Rice from Lihue, Flohr and Bush from Koloa, Boie, McKenzie and McKechnie from Eleale, Brodie from Hanapepe, Hastie, Dyson, Greig and Wilkinson from Makaweli, Hofgaard, Wells, Goudie, McClellan and Rosenbleit from Waima, Payne and Olmstead from Kekaha. The visiting brethren present were Capt. Gregory and Chief Engineer Norton of the Mikahala and Mr. Tannatt of Honolulu.

These luaus are most commendable masonic gatherings for brethren scattered as they are on these Islands. All present regretted the absence of Messrs. J. H. Conroy and E. E. Conant, whose presence was required in Honolulu at that time.

The Tunnel Franchise.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—A motion to recommit the majority report favoring the grant of the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel franchise was voted down by the board of aldermen today. The vote was 25 to 17. To pass the franchise a majority of the board and not a majority of those voting is necessary. Thus, forty votes will be needed to grant the

NEW YEAR COMES WITH A HEARTY GREETING FROM ALL

Din of Night Noises Welcomes the Stranger. Many Merry-Making Parties Dance the Old Year Away.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Whirr of whistle, boom of bomb and flash of fire, blare of brass, din of detonation and aloha of all who witnessed the incoming of the youngest of the years, greeted the change of Father Time from the last of the old to the first of the new last midnight. And when at the stroke of 12 o'clock the myriad noises of the night gave token that the people were placing their homage at the feet of the incoming guest, every one who had waited for the moment showed their interest and with the most varied of expression added to the noise and the merriment.

There was nothing lacking. The whistles of the various factories of the city were kept going for a quarter of an hour after the minute hand indicated the birth of the period which will bring to Hawaii so many good things, and as their din made the night alive with echoes, from every corner of the downtown district arose shouts which were almost instantly drowned by the crack of bombs and the sputter of crackers. There was more than a fair representation of the life of the city on the streets and the uproar continued until a late hour with the many means of making noise, used to their fullest extent by the people who wished to show appreciation that a year, which had witnessed such peculiar times for the people of the Territory, had passed into history to give place to 1903, which comes with all the pathway of progress cleared and everything made ready for the greatest development. The New Year had lived for an hour before the din ceased and gave place to the quiet of the night.

MERRYMAKING MARKS THE OCCASION.

The close of the year was the occasion for many merry parties. Of the public ones none exceeded in jollity the dancing party which was given by Manager James of the Moana Hotel, for the guests of the establishment and such of the townspeople as gathered to take part in the festivities. There were many dinner parties preceding the event of the evening and the pretty dining room, ablaze with colored lights and bright with greens and blooms formed a fitting setting for the gowns and decorations. The feast was a notable one too, worthy of the occasion and place.

The largest party was one which was given for the enjoyment of a coterie of friends who joined for the occasion, and saw the death of the year. For their entertainment a special setting of a banquet table had been made and the favors were peculiarly fitting to the season and the party. There was much of merriment during the feast and after it had concluded the forty guests formed the center of the dancing party which filled the Waikiki parlors of the hotel. Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Church were the leaders and among the others who were included were all the young officers from Camp McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. George Angus, the Misses Angus, Miss Roth, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Hutchins, Mr. Willis, Mrs. Winters and a number of others.

Dr. and Mrs. Humphris entertained Mr. and Mrs. Hayes and Mr. and Mrs. Baird, and Mr. H. W. Lake, entertained in honor of Mr. E. D. Moore, of the Associated Press. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lewis had Capt. and Mrs. Fuller and Mrs. Widdifield for guests and M. Phillips and wife were the center of a party of friends. There were numerous other small companies and the dancing after the dinner was general. The Glee Club played during dinner and for the dancing later.

PUNAHOU CELEBRATE.

The most elaborate dinner was the annual one of the Punahou Athletic club, in honor of the football team. There was a full table and the evening was spent with spirit and enjoyment. The dinner was enlivened by music from a Glee Club and the cheer of the college was heard to resound through the great building when a punctuation mark was needed for any of the many speeches which recounted the glories of victory and the valor of opponents.

Clarence H. Cooke acted as toastmaster and brought out speeches from almost every member of the club present and the visitors as well. There were toasts to the men whose individual records had made the record of the season so brilliant, and to the clubs of the league, and the occasion was one of the utmost good feeling and the appreciation of the occasion was unanimous. The men who sat down to the dinner were: F. H. Armstrong, H. A. Widemann, C. F. Morse, C. H. Elston, F. W. Kiebahn, F. A. Iaukea, T. W. Dibblee, C. A. Mackintosh, H. C. Elston, W. S. Rycroft, H. A. Walker, W. H. Rawlins, Percy Benson, C. H. Cooke, W. A. Anderson, H. P. Judd, H. W. Forbes, W. S. Walker, C. G. Fuller, N. B. Lansing, A. Marcellino, J. L. P. Robinson, J. D. Marcellino, C. C. Cunha, and M. A. Robinson, with certain others who joined the company only for a moment.

KAMEHAMEHA CELEBRATE.

The graduates of Kamehameha schools danced the old year out last evening at the club of the alumni on Fort street. There was a merry party and the hours were gladly speeded. The entertainment began at 8 o'clock with music by the Emerald quartet. There was then dancing and the display of costumes was a striking one.

The main assembly room was given over to the dancing and the rear apartments were used for the service of an excellent supper and refreshments in general. There were some special features such as an enjoyable selection on the phonograph by E. Stiles. The dancing was under the direction of a committee with C. H. Siensen as chairman, and everything was of the most enjoyable.

THE REBEKAHS.

The New Year's eve dance of the Pacific Rebekah lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., at Progress hall was a huge success in point of numbers as well as in the enjoyment derived from several hours of alternate dancing the waltz and deus temps. In a hall strikingly decorated with strings of flags of various nations, embellished with flowers and greens and a motto, "Happy New Year" conspicuous over the archway of the platform, hundreds of young people danced from one year into another, only stopping for a few minutes as midnight came to greet 1903 with a blast from horns and ear-splitting whistles.

Captain Paul Smith was the floor manager and made a distinct hit with the young folks who demanded an encore after each dance by gallantly acquiescing. The music was good, the lemonade and cake excellent, the crowd was in the merriest frame of mind, and the hall rang with laughter and "Happy New Year" greetings. The program consisted of nearly twenty dances with an intermission before midnight for a light repast. One of the principal features was in the observance of the birth of the new year and at the first blast of a horn given by a charming member of the Rebekahs the hall resounded with noise for several minutes.

The investment in taro growing is from \$450,000 to \$500,000, and Prof. Sedgwick says the cultivation of taro is exceedingly profitable.

There is also a sketch of the method of culture and a lengthy explanation of the taro rot, which more readily affects wet land taro than the dry land plant. The disease is said to destroy on an average one-half of the crop and in many cases it has compelled the growers to give up cultivation entirely. All the islands are reported to be alike affected. The disease is said to be of two forms, one due to soil conditions and lack of drainage; the other to the planting of diseased hules.

The effects of the experiments at Kaili are told in detail, with a record of the investigations and Prof Sedgwick suggests improved methods of irrigation and of culture. Attention is paid also to the need of fertilizers, many of the taro fields having been in constant use for cultivation for nearly a century.

The following are the conclusions given in the bulletin as the conditions necessary to secure a good crop of taro:

1. A supply of good hules, free from disease.
2. A patch so laid out as to secure the most economical use of the irrigation water.
3. The application of proper fertilizers at the right time.
4. A constantly running stream of water circulating over the fields, or when this is not possible, a frequent change of water.
5. An occasional change in the variety of the taro planted.
6. An entire change of hules from one patch to another, or a rotation of crops, such as taro, and for the or bananae, at

ASSESSORS FOR NEW YEAR

Treas. Kepoikai Makes But Very Few Changes.

Treasurer Kepoikai has approved the list of deputy tax assessors and collectors for the year 1903. There are but half a dozen changes in the list from those of a year ago, and these only in case of resignations or dismissals for cause. Treasurer Kepoikai in reappointing the assessors for another year signifies his adherence to the statement made by him upon assuming the duties of his office, namely, that there would be no clean sweep of the offices for political reasons only.

The following are the newly appointed officers:

OAHU.
Honolulu—James L. Holt, M. C. Amama, A. W. Neely, Charley Phillips. Honolulu, Income Tax—J. M. Riggs. Ewa and Waianae—Frank K. Archer. Waiialua—Edward Hore. Koolauloa—James Davis. Koolapoeko No. 1—Henry C. Adams. Koolapoeko No. 2—James Davis.

MAUI.
Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai—G. H. Dunn. Wailuku—James N. K. Keola. Makawan—W. O. Aiken. Hana—M. H. Reuter.

HAWAII.
South Hilo—George H. Williams. First Deputy: R. A. Lyman, Sr., Second Deputy.

Puna—Henry J. Lyman. Kau—Wm. P. Fennell. North Kona—J. Kaelemakule. South Kohala—Moses Koki. North Kohala—Wm. P. McDougall. Hamakua—William Horner.

KAUAI.
Waima and Niihau—J. K. Kapuniia. Koloa—Henry Blake. Lihue—J. B. Hanaki. Kawaihau—J. W. Neal. Hanalei—W. E. H. Deverill.

SUGAR LOADED AT A FAST RATE

The Oahu Railway people did some very fast work at their sugar wharf on Tuesday afternoon in conveying on board the steamer Nebraskan 22,000 bags of sugar during twelve and one-half hours' work. The sugar wharf is equipped in such a manner that sugar can be loaded here as fast as at any port in the world.

Only two conveyors were used on Tuesday, and but forty men were at work trucking the sugar from various parts of the warehouses to the conveyors. One thousand seven hundred and sixty bags of sugar went into the vessel every hour, or twenty-nine bags went over the conveyors every minute.

Leaving for the Coast.

Mr. F. J. Eckart, director of the Hawaiian Planters' Experimental station, is booked to leave on the Korea for a vacation. Commissioner of Agriculture Taylor will also leave by the same steamer. He goes especially to obtain all the information possible relative to regulations of quarantining and excluding plants, fruits, etc., accompanied with plant pests, from the Territory.

The territorial laws at present are inadequate. Plants and fruits coming from domestic ports cannot be examined by the entomologist—only those from foreign countries. With Mr. Eckart they will consult with Mr. Albert Crow, the state quarantine officer and entomologist, not only on the blight question but as regards a fumigating plant and sundries, which are badly needed. Governor Dole wrote the Commissioner by last mail heartily approving of the means to attain the desired information and gives Mr. Taylor nineteen days' leave of absence. He will bring forest tree and grass seeds with him. Prof. Perkins will have charge of the office during his absence.

A New Summer Resort.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 15.—The Courier-Journal this morning says: A deed was recorded yesterday in the county clerk's office whereby South Park, formerly a summer resort situated thirteen miles from Louisville on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, passes into the hands of William H. Beach, a Los Angeles (Cal.) capitalist. It is stated that he will convert part of the property into a summer resort and another part into a children's home where abandoned waifs will be given every care and attention. The place contains about 300 acres of land and a 25 acre lake.

Looking for Poachers.

SAN DIEGO, December 16.—Officers of the Mexican government came up on the steamer St. Dennis yesterday in search of a sloop that is alleged to have had on board a cargo of guano, taken from one of the islands off the lower coast without permission. The sloop was overtaken within United States waters, however, and nothing could be done. It is claimed that the sloop landed at the island and took aboard about 400 sacks of guano that was ready to be shipped by the owners of the concession from Gerotimo Island, the value of the stuff being about \$500.

A cough is not a disease, but a symptom. It indicates that the lungs and bronchial tubes are inflamed. This inflammation often leads to pneumonia. The surest way to ward off pneumonia is to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at the first appearance of the cough of cold. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Chamberlain, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for

TARO ROT REMEDY

Bulletin Issued by Mr. Jared G. Smith.

The Hawaii Agricultural Experiment Station has just issued its second bulletin, dealing this time with taro rot and suggesting remedies for its cure and prevention. The bulletin is issued under the supervision of Director Jared G. Smith by T. P. Sedgwick and his suggestions regarding the prevention of the destructive disease which threatens the extinction of the crop are of great importance. Taro is the staff of life for the native, being the principal ingredient of poi, and its extinction would be a loss not easily replaced. A history of taro cultivation is given in the bulletin, with the information that the plant is fourth among the products of the Islands though less in

Hawaiian Gazette.

Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. I., Second-class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY. ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Per Month, Foreign, \$1.00; Per Month, Domestic, .75; Per Year, Foreign, \$11.00; Per Year, Domestic, \$8.00.

Payable invariably in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON, Manager.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1903.

THE TOURIST QUESTION.

The rush of tourists to Los Angeles has, within three or four years past, added an estimated population of 40,000 to the 100,000 already in the city. Many who came to visit remained to live and that is a result which any American town that becomes a favorite tourist resort may anticipate.

These obstacles are no longer to be feared. Foreign rule has passed into history; the era of physical revolutions came to an end with the raising of the new flag; the cable is now at the point of completion.

Added to all this is an improvement in methods and means of transportation from the Coast and around the Islands. Ten years ago the old Australia was the one ship of the ferry service with the Mariposa and Alambra running through to the Colonies.

Better steamship service, with its qualities of refrigeration, have amplified the local menu. Tourists need not live, as Mark Twain said he did many years ago, on climate, fish and pol.

In a word, Honolulu is now ready for all the tourists who will come—ready as it never was before and with more to offer than many places which are annually crowded with seekers for pleasure and health.

Yang Wei Pin, late Chinese Consul General here, is having an unhappy time at home. He went away under a cloud, charges of smuggling hanging over him.

The times are still uncomfortably good for Mr. Bryan and if his Commission can't let off a calamity how soon it will probably lose its voice.

CONSULT WITH THE EXPERIMENTAL STATION.

Those who are interested in horticulture should freely consult Mr. Jared Smith, of the Experiment Station. Many do not clearly understand that he is an official, sent here by the Agricultural Department to promote our agricultural and horticultural interests.

Many persons are planting fruit trees and are making small but interesting experiments in plants, but they are not fully informed of the present conditions of knowledge on the subject.

In the near future, after Mr. Jared Smith has classified the knowledge which he is rapidly acquiring of plant life in the Territory, we would suggest that he hold monthly or semi-monthly talks about plants, in some public place where ideas may be exchanged.

As there is now ample instruction in the scientific way to be had, for the asking, there can be no excuse for any errors in growing plants, fruit trees and flowers.

NEGLECTED OPPORTUNITIES.

Just one hundred years ago Aldini, a nephew of Galvani, the famous investigator of electrical phenomena, was near Calais, France.

There were three ways of sending swift messages in Napoleon's time—by semaphore, a clumsy device of moving wooden arms placed on a high pole; by flag signals and by carrier pigeons.

The most conspicuous instance of this weakness showed itself when he let Robert Fulton go back to America with the steamboat in his brain.

The wireless telegraph is doing well but the voiceless telephone and the motionless messenger boy still stick in the old groove.

NEW YEAR PROSPECTS.

The new year opens with promise for Hawaii along the following lines:

1. Steady gains in the good prospects of sugar indicate an easier money market about the middle of the season.

2. An increase of tourist custom. The coming of the cable has removed one chief obstacle to the development of tourist business.

3. A better local administration. The old year saw the rule of the most dangerous and least reputable element in the Home Rule party reach its zenith and decline.

4. The opening of Pearl Harbor. There is every reason to believe that, during 1903, deep-sea ships will enter Pearl harbor.

5. The settlement of vacant public lands. It is proposed to make such lands more available to small farmers and to induce them to settle upon arable tracts as individuals or as colonies.

6. The health of the Territory will be conserved by more vigorous measures to keep inhabited places clean and to ward off the diseases of the Orient.

NEW YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

There will be plenty of good resolutions made today, some to be kept, others to be broken. The first of January is, in a wider sense than casual people suppose, a time of personal introspection, of a desire for a better life and of a surer strength against temptation.

The man who swears off this morning had better stay at home or ride out into the country with his wife or sweetheart. He has no business down town. He will find if he gets through the first day safely that the gauntlet of the second is easier to run.

CABLE IN, TRAMWAY OUT.

Two typical events signaled the beginning of the new year and the new era in Honolulu: the arrival of the first cable message from San Francisco and the passing of the Tramway system into the control of the Rapid Transit & Land Company.

Then the Tramways line, nothing stood more unmistakably for the Honolulu that has gone. It fitted in with the old easy-going, backward ways of an isolated rural community.

Poor old Tramway! And yet what a booming, prosperous, up-to-date line it might have been, had it been run by a man who realized that the world moved and that mules could not keep up to the gait of modern progress.

WORLD'S NEWS TODAY.

The Advertiser, at a late hour last evening, expected to be able to give its readers the news of the world this morning. As soon as the cable got into working order Mr. Dickenson wired San Francisco for a resume of the press reports since the last Silvertown advice.

The message of greeting sent last night to President Roosevelt was to have been handed to him at 5 a. m., his rising hour. It was his morning eye-opener.

January 1, 1903, saw the first cable message pass between San Francisco and Honolulu. It is a memorable date.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION. This successful remedy is used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Albert, Deland, and others, contains all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Table with columns: NAME OF STOCK, Capital, Val, Bid, Ask. Lists various stocks like Mercantile, Sugar, and Miscellaneous.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Secretary's office in the Capitol building will probably be converted for use as a Senate chamber. Plans with that end in view are now being made.

The Inter-Island Telegraph Co. has made a rate of twenty-five cents a word for cablegrams to be sent to the other Islands.

The Kamalo Sugar Co. has settled its back rent with the Bishop Estate for about one-half of the total due.

Gerrit P. Wilder has finally declined the offer of the Merchants' Association to act as tourist agent at San Francisco.

Half a dozen Japanese who were confined in Oahu Prison for safekeeping were sent to Hilo yesterday for trial at the January term of court.

A letter has been received from a Honolulu Chinese now in China to the effect that Consul Yang Wei Pin is having a hard time of it there.

The Japanese are busy raising a fund for the appeal in the Tanbara case, but it is likely that the Japanese will be hung before the writ of error can be sued out.

Judge Estee yesterday heard the case of the United States vs. H. Hackfeld & Co., involving the escape of the two Japanese from the Korea recently.

Manuel Jardin, an Ewa saloon keeper, is in trouble because of an alleged assault upon two Chinese.

Frank Hustace is to be appointed fire commissioner to succeed J. H. Fisher who resigned to accept the auditorship.

The bankruptcy case of J. H. Taylor & Co., was closed up by before Estee yesterday and H. G. Middleditch discharged as trustee.

The Hawaii Shippo has issued an illustrated booklet for distribution in Japan telling about the advantages of Hawaii.

Wailua people will celebrate New Year's day with a program of sports at Mokuia track. There will be a tug of war, horse races, foot races and other amusements.

Judge De Bolt has allowed the sum of \$250 per month to Mrs. Otto E. Isenberg for her temporary support.

George Paris is cited to appear before Judge Robinson this morning to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

John Emmeluth expects to get a draft of a county and city bill for Honolulu from the Municipal League soon.

R. W. Cathcart has been summoned as a witness for the defendant in the Sumner case for this morning.

Pooniki, an aged Hawaiian, got very drunk yesterday and made life so miserable for his daughter at her home in Asia that she was compelled to call for the police and have him taken to the station house.

Boils are always painful and frequently quite serious, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment especially suited for such injuries.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Sufferers dread to move, especially after sitting or lying long, and their condition is commonly worse in wet weather.

"It has been a long time since we have been without Hood's Sarsaparilla. My father thinks he could not be without it. He has been troubled with rheumatism since he was a boy, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine he can take that will enable him to take his place in the field."

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take them.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver. Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichmarks 5,000,000. Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000. Total reichmarks 107,650,000.

North German Fire Insurance Co. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichmarks 2,800,000. Capital their reinsurance companies 25,900,000. Total reichmarks 28,700,000.

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watehes convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H.F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Wm. G. Irwin & Co., LIMITED.

Fire and Marine Insurance Agts.

AGENTS FOR THE Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, Alliance Assurance Company of London, Alliance Marine and General Assurance Co., Ltd. of London.

Scottish Union National Insurance Company of Edinburgh, Wilhelms of Madgeburg General Insurance Company, and Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd. of Munich and Berlin.

THE SUMNER TRUST DEED

Says He Can Revoke It at His Own Pleasure.

Are the attorneys so actively engaged in the trial of the Sumner case, really anxious that it should be brought to an end, and the old man come into his own? The question is suggested in view of the proceedings so far attendant on the trial of the case. The fight has not been so much between the parties to the suit as among the attorneys who are apparently more anxious to air the good qualities of their own reputations than to protect the interests of their respective clients. The Bishop of Panopolis is not himself a party to the present long drawn out proceedings, though he is the plaintiff in the case. Sumner was put on the stand by the Bishop for but a few minutes and his cross examination, supposedly on those few questions has already occupied several days, with little possibility of an early let-up.

It is said by a local attorney that the trust deed about which all the fight is being made, is revocable at the will of John K. Sumner, though the deed does not so state in express terms. It is in a manner contingent upon a will which has since been destroyed, though there are no other parties to the trust deed than Sumner and the Bishop. When the suit was first begun this appeared also to be the view of Sumner's attorneys. There was a demurrer at that time on behalf of Sumner and R. W. Davis in which it was alleged that the trust deed was voluntary and revocable at the pleasure of Sumner, and furthermore no request had ever been made by the Bishop to Sumner to be relieved of the trust. This demurrer was filed by Magoon & Peters on November 17th for both Sumner and Wylie Davis. The demurrer has never been argued, though it is admitted that a decision on the questions thus raised would settle the case one way or the other without recourse to lengthy court proceedings. Why this has never been done is not apparent, though the court records show that no disposition was made of this demurrer before the case went to trial on its merits.

The whole case centers around the validity of the trust deed which Sumner claims he has revoked. To have the trust deed declared invalid would shut the Ellises out of their inheritance, though Sumner says that he settled whatever claim they might have had by the payment of \$10,000 apiece. The will which is mentioned in the trust deed was cancelled by Magoon and later burned by Sumner, according to his testimony. No copy of the document is now in existence, though an effort will be made to introduce the contents. The will it is said left the Sumner property on the other side of the island to Mrs. Maria S. Davis and Wylie Davis. All the remainder was to be divided into four equal parts. Of this one-fourth was to go to the Catholic church and the remainder was to be divided into three equal parts for Willie Ellis, Victoria Buffandeau and John S. Ellis.

The trust deed contains no reference to the Ellises or the Davises. It does refer however to the will of the same date, September 17th, 1888, which makes the above distribution of the estate. Only the Honolulu property of Sumner is in trust, his valuable estate in Tahiti still being in his own hands. The following is a copy of the trust deed: "This indenture made this 17th day of September, A. D. 1888 between John K. Sumner, resident of Tahiti, at present temporarily in Honolulu, in the Island of Oahu of the Republic of Hawaii, of the first part, and the Right Reverend Gulistan F. Robert, Vicar Apostolic and Bishop of Panopolis, of said Honolulu, (hereinafter named the Trustee) of the second part. Whereas the party of the first part desiring that his property and interests in the Hawaiian Islands shall be in charge of some competent and disinterested person, and the party of the second part has kindly agreed to accept the trust and confidence in him hereinafter expressed.

"Now this indenture witnesseth: That in consideration of the premises and in order to effectuate such desire and agreement, the party of the first part doth hereby give, grant and convey to the party of the second part, all and singular, the lands, tenements and hereditaments situated within the Hawaiian Islands of him, the party of the first part, or to which he, the party of the first part, is or may be in any manner entitled.

"To have and to hold the same together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining unto him, the party of the second part, and his successors in office, upon trust, however for the following uses and purposes, that is to say: "To collect all the rents and profits thereof and to pay thereout all taxes and other expenses incurred in respect of managing or attending the same together with any expenses incurred by the party of the second part, for legal advice or services concerning the same or the management thereof, and to pay the balance thereof from time to time as received by the party of the second part during his lifetime and at his death to grant and convey said property and pay such unpaid income to such uses and purposes and to such persons as the party of the first part shall by his last will and testament made and executed on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1888 appoint and in default of such appointment, to such persons as shall by the laws of Hawaii be entitled in case of persons dying intestate. And in further trust and with power

herby expressly granted to the Trustee to make such leases and agreements of lease of the said property or any part or parcel thereof, and upon such terms and conditions and for such rentals as the Trustee shall think proper, and to collect and give receipts for the rentals and to collect all moneys now or hereafter due, payable and coming to the party of the first part, within the Hawaiian Islands and to apply the same as above directed in respect of the income of said property. And also, in trust, and with power hereby expressly granted to the Trustee to adjust, compromise and settle all claims of every description now or hereafter made against the party of the first part, in such manner as the Trustee shall think fit, and to bring such actions and proceedings in law or equity in respect of such property or any part thereof, or of any other rights, or claims of the party of the first part, and to conduct the same to final judgment and execution or adjust, compromise and settle the same as the Trustee shall think fit. And in all respects to conduct and manage the said property and the matters hereinabove mentioned as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as the party of the first part could do. And hereby expressly exempting the Trustee and his successors from any personal liability for any loss resulting to the party of the first part, or others concerned with him by reason of any unintended or accidental act or omission of the Trustee or his successors. And the Trustee hereby accepts the trusts hereinabove expressed and covenants with the party of the first part to execute and perform the same in absolutely good faith, and upon the termination of his official duty in the Hawaiian Islands to transfer said property and money then remaining in his hands and unapplied to the purposes of this trust to his successors or to the persons entitled thereto as designated in said will, or falling such to those entitled thereto by law.

"In witness whereof, the said John K. Sumner and the said Right Reverend Gulistan F. Robert have hereunto and to another instrument of the same date and like tenor, set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

"JOHN K. SUMNER, (Seal.)
"GULISTAN F. ROBERT (Seal.)"

Sumner's signature is attested by Nellie M. Lowrey, and the Bishop's by W. L. Peterson. The instrument was recorded September 30, 1888.

SAILOR STEPPED OFF THE WHARF

Had it not been for a prompt rescue on the part of watchman "Jack" and two men from the custom house, Captain McGrew and Night Inspector Wirud, a drunken sailor from the Helene would have been drowned late Wednesday night.

The sailor had returned from town after celebrating New Year's eve, and in trying to reach his vessel stepped off the Irmgard wharf and fell into the water. "Jack" heard the splash and shouted "man overboard." The trio then rushed to the rescue. McGrew flashed his searchlight on the water. This found the drowning man, who was quite close to the wall of the wharf. Wirud took off his overcoat and, climbing down on the wharf, threw its end toward the drowning sailor with the injunction to "grab hold." The sailor did this, and several people assisted in pulling him to the wharf.

The water did not sober him, and it required half a dozen persons to push him up the Helene's gang plank and into his bunk.

Japanese residents generally celebrated New Year's day by making of it a holiday. Sun-disk flags fluttered all over the city and the subjects of the Mikado spent the day in making calls, attending the Japanese theater in the evening and participating in various amusements. Their New Year really falls on January 2, but all decided to unite with the white residents in celebrating on the regular New Year day.

Crying for Help

Lots of it in Honolulu But Daily Growing Less.

Backache is one of the first indications of kidney trouble.

It is the kidneys' first cry for help.

Heed it.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are what is wanted.

Are just what overworked kidneys need.

They strengthen and invigorate the kidney; help them to do their work; never fail to cure any case of kidney disease.

Heed the proof from a Honolulu citizen.

Mr. Charles Conroy, of Cyclometer street, this city, one of the many persons who have tried Doan's Backache Kidney Pills with great advantage, relates his experience thus: "I have been a hack driver for a number of years past and this is an occupation in which, through exposure to weather and much jumping up and down from the vehicle, one is particularly liable to kidney complaint. I suffered myself from a lame back for a long while, and in my anxiety to get rid of it tried several things which did not reach the root of my trouble. An advertisement acquainted me with what grand work Doan's Backache Kidney Pills were doing, and I got some of them at the Hollister Drug Co's store. I used them and with very much profit, for they relieved my back wonderfully."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE TRAMWAY IS UNDER CONTROL OF RAPID TRANSIT

The Rapid Transit-Tramways Company street railway deal has progressed so far that the management of the Tramways Company was yesterday formally turned over to the Rapid Transit Company. The business of the Tramways Company will be carried on until the confirmation or failure of the negotiations now under way by the Rapid Transit Company.

The first and most radical move that will be made by the Rapid Transit Company is the taking off of the mule cars on King street and on the Waikiki Road as far as the present terminus of the Rapid Transit line in the McCully tract.

Until the Rapid Transit line is extended all the way to Kapiolani Park, the Tramways Company cars will run on the Waikiki Road from the present terminus of the Rapid Transit towards Kapiolani Park, the Tramways Company car meeting each of the Rapid Transit cars at the terminus.

This schedule goes into effect this morning, the tram cars ceasing their runs at midnight last night, so that in all probability the public has seen the last of the mule cars on King street.

Mr. Pain will still remain manager of the mule car lines until the final ratification of the negotiations, subject to the control of the Rapid Transit Company.

As the two systems will technically be separate, fares as usual will be collected on both the Rapid Transit and Tramways cars.

It is a curious coincidence that the Tramways system should have been inaugurated on the King street line on January 1, 1889, and cease on the same day in 1903. The Advertiser of January 2, 1889, has the following to say of the inauguration of the mule car system: "The tram cars did a heavy traffic, the opening day, New Year's, on King street where they ran. It was a very unsatisfactory service for the public, however, as hundreds waited at the corners for belated cars only to be disappointed, the fullest complement allowed being already on board. The company should have had double the cars on the line that it had. Otherwise, the traffic seemed to be conducted without much friction. It will be well if permanent effect be given the prevention of over-crowding—a grievous nuisance elsewhere—through the virtue in

this case is owing partly to the interference of the police. The remedy, however, must not be effected at the sacrifice of public accommodation, but by the company being obliged to supply a sufficiency of cars for every emergency."

In the initial time-table of the company published at the same time, headed "Opening of the King Street Line" it read: "To insure punctuality, it is requested that passengers will, as far as possible, join and leave the cars at the corners of the blocks."

"They are also respectfully cautioned against attempting to enter or alight from the cars whilst in motion; to see that the ticket handed them in return for their fare is actually torn from the driver's strip; to retain that ticket during the journey, and to destroy it on leaving the car."

MAY BE A CANAL SCANDAL

WASHINGTON, December 16—In the Senate today Mr. Morgan of Alabama asked that his bill fixing the salaries of the Isthmian Canal Commission at \$5,000 a year be referred to the committee on inter-oceanic canals. He said that he had been informed that the present commissioners were paid \$1,000 a month each, and that their service had extended over twenty-nine and a half months.

In response to an inquiry from Mr. Hale Mr. Morgan said that out of the twenty-nine and one-half months the commission had spent six months in Nicaragua and two weeks in Panama. "That is a very remarkable statement," said Mr. Hale.

"It is a very true one," replied Mr. Morgan, "and shows the necessity of our doing something to regulate these expenses." Continuing, Mr. Morgan said it was necessary "in advance of striking one lick on that canal to make such provision as will prevent the United States from running into the horrible iniquities of the old Panama Canal Company, as well as the new one."

He said that there had been spent on that canal \$260,000,000 and there was nothing to show for it except two-fifths of a ditch dug there, which was filled up to a large extent.

The bill was referred, as requested, and consideration resumed on the military bill.

An amendment offered by Mr. Foraker was agreed to, striking out as much of Section 34 as related to drills, inspection and instruction of men enrolled in the reserve force.

At 2 o'clock the military bill was displaced by the Omnibus statehood bill, but before discussion was resumed the Senate passed a bill relating to ceded lands in the Fort Hall Indian Reservation in Idaho and a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the Senate the report of Dr. Jackson upon the introduction of domestic reindeer in Alaska.

When consideration of the statehood bill was resumed Mr. Beveridge suggested the advisability of discontinuing the debate upon the bill upon the conclusion of Mr. Dillingham's remarks until the Senate meets on January 5. The arrangement was agreed to, but Mr. Quay required it to be understood that Mr. Dillingham should complete his remarks and print them in the Record this week, and that on January 5 some other Senator will be ready to address the Senate on the bill.

Mr. Dillingham then resumed his speech in opposition to the omnibus bill.

CABLE IS HERE

(Continued from Page 1)

took only a few seconds to pass it through to the other side of the United States but the gentlemen gathered saw in it more than the simple ticking off of the Morse characters which sent the words throbbing across desert sea spaces and through populous cities until it found its way to the operator in the White House.

The original of the message was given to Secretary Cooper and it shows that it was sent through at 8:48 o'clock. There was a short wait when it was finished, and then the waving lines told of the receipt at the residence of the President and the answer sent by the operator told as well that, tired with the fatigue of the New Year's reception, the President had retired. The message, it was said, would be submitted to him as soon as he arose, so that those who are conversant with his early rising habit conjectured that the answer would be along by 1 o'clock. Secretary Cooper's message to President Mackay, with others to the Governor of California and Vice-President Ward followed.

The interim was given over to the sending of the account of the laying of the cable as recounted by Associated Press representative on the expedition, E. D. Moore, and the many congratulatory messages which were forwarded to newspapers and friends of the officials of the company throughout the United States. There was nothing from the mainland at all. There will be nothing until the message of President Roosevelt for everything must be sidetracked for that, and there is no intention on the part of those who have the management of the cable to permit delay in this message transmission.

The scene in the office during the late hours of the night was a memorable one, for the men who have been interested in every form of cable endeavor were there. Manager Dickenson looked over the messages as a whole. Superintendent Gaines took part of the work of sending, Manager Martin of the Okonite Company, which put down the underground cable, took a trick at the sending key that he might have the satisfaction of a part in the first working of the wire. Operators Harwood and Macmichael were on hand and hard at work, and every one who has taken part in the inauguration stood the watch until the hour of midnight gave no hope for more.

PUNAHOU WIN FIRST

Defeat Customs In a Hard Game.

There were times when the baseball game between the Punahou and the Customs at Punahou yesterday was as exciting as any exhibition of the game as one has ever seen in the city. The edge of the bat was again there were moments when the fan who was out to have a trial with his lungs, was made right sore by the performances of the eighteen in uniform.

The game drew several hundred people to the campus and right heartily did they seem to enjoy the exhibition. The game was played by the same old Punahou team, with the exception of Underwood, catcher, who takes the place of Hemenway, the change being on account of the business calls upon the time of the latter. The Customs came in with several alterations in the make up of the team, principally owing to the new battery. Honan, who won the championship for the Makikiis, was in the box, and Anthony, a new man, behind the bat. Macfarlane, another new man, was at second and Wilbur of the Artillery was with Wilson in right field. Taken as a whole the play was fair and for the time of the season spoke well for the condition of the men. The game was won in the seventh by some pretty hits and Honan was not looking well for a moment. The pitching department of the winners was in fair shape, the oldtimers showing in fine fettle. Altogether the promise given was of high class play during the season, of which the game yesterday may be taken as hardly a curtain raiser, and of some new faces all along the line.

Underwood hit safely past third to open the game, got to second on Babbitt's sacrifice, scoring on Steere's liner which was too high for third, after a pretty steal. Steere got to second but died there. With two out Marcellino threw Lishman's grounder to the fence over Soper's head and the runner scored easily, no one else crossing the plate. The second inning netted nothing though Marcellino got to third, the Customs failing to send a man to first. Macfarlane furnished the feature of the third with a splendid stop and assist in a double play. Tucker got the first hit clearly over second.

With one out in the fourth A. Marcellino was safe on Kiwa's error and when Cooke bunted prettily Anthony calmly threw to the fence and Marcellino tallied. Bowers' double scored Kiwa who was safe on A. Marcellino's error. Honan hit and Bowers scored, a double play ending the inning.

The fifth found Waterhouse safe on a good hit and second on a passed ball. Two sacrifices sent him home but Umpire Thompson seemed to think there was something forced about it and called Waterhouse out at the plate, a decision without precedent since the good old days of rounders, but loyally everybody accepted the decision. Marcellino put King safe at first and Lishman's single with a little rattles made it look like trouble until Kiwa died at first.

It looked like something for Punahou in the sixth when Soper got four balls and Steere won an error, but Soper ran on a phantom chance and two were out in a row. Bowers was given two by Cunha's misjudgment of a liner, Honan was out at first and Soper gave A. Marcellino a chance for a double which he missed and the inning was saved by a strike out.

The lucky seventh started with a base on balls by J. Marcellino and a hit by Cunha, both scored on Waterhouse's hit and the play. Underwood scored Waterhouse with a single and he with Babbitt who had singled scored on Steere's bungle over second, he tallying on Cooke's sacrifice, ending the scoring with six runs to the good. Wilson for Wilbur faced Williamson who succeeded Babbitt and got down as a passed strike being doubled off second on Tucker's fly. Lishman got four bad ones and Kiwa hit, Anthony's long fly scoring the former and a wild pitch clearing the bases. The ninth was unprofitable all around. The score:

U. S. CUSTOMS.		PUNAHOU.	
T.	R.	B.H.	P.O.
Tucker, lf.	5	0	1
King, lb.	5	0	1
Lishman, ss.	3	2	1
Kiwa, 3b.	4	2	1
Anthony, c.	3	0	10
Bowers, cf.	4	1	1
Honan, p.	3	0	1
Macfarlane, 2b.	4	0	2
Wilbur, rf.	2	0	0
Wilson, rf.	2	0	0
	35	5	27

PUNAHOU.		U. S. CUSTOMS.	
T.	R.	B.H.	P.O.
Underwood, c.	4	2	3
Babbitt, p.	2	1	0
Williamson, p.	1	0	0
Soper, lb.	4	0	15
Steere, 3b.	5	1	3
A. Marcellino, 3b.	5	1	0
Cooke, ss.	3	0	0
J. Marcellino, lf.	2	1	0
Cunha, cf.	4	1	2
Waterhouse, rf.	3	1	0
	33	8	27

Score by innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Punahou.....100100000-8
U. S. Customs.....100200000-5

Summary:
Earned runs—Punahou 2, Customs 2.
Two base hits—Bowers and Steere.
Double plays—Steere to Soper to Marcellino, Cunha to Steere; Macfarlane to King.

Struck out—By Babbitt 2, by Williamson 3, by Honan 2.
Passed balls—Underwood 2, Anthony 1.
Wild pitches—Williamson 1.
Umpire—Gleason and Thompson.
Scored—E. H. Carter.

INSURANCE
Theo. H. Davies & Co.
(Limited.)
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1834.
Accumulated Funds ... £2,978,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.
Capital £1,000,000

Reduction of Rates.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

IMPERIAL LIME
99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the best containers.

In Lots to Suit.
Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.
AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.
ASSESSMENTS.

The twenty-fourth and final assessment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been called to be due and payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assessments unpaid ten days after the same are due at the rate of one per cent (1%) per month from the date upon which such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be payable at the office of The B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Sitougenwaid building. (Signed) ELMER E. PAXTON, Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co. May 12, 1902. 2383

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER. IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and Sores of all kinds, it is a never failing and permanent cure. Cures Old Sores, Cures Sores on the Neck, Cures Sore Throat, Cures Blackhead or Pimple on the Face, Cures Scurvy, Cures Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the Blood from all impure matter, From whatever cause arising. It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from any injurious effect to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles, 4s 6d each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDERS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and shams are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World Famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., Ld.
MONOLULU.

Commission Merchants
SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR
The Ewa Plantation Company,
The Waiaina Agricultural Co., Ltd.,
The Kohala Sugar Company,
The Waimea Sugar Mill Company,
The Fultou Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.,
The Standard Oil Company,
The George F. Blake Steam Pump,
Weston's Centrifugals,
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston,
The Actua Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.,
The Alliance Assurance Company, of London.

RUBBER STAMPS
At the Gazette Office.

Bombay-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ers Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Now is the Time to Plant

SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received. It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few day's from the

Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

The Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

Chas. M. Cooke, President
P. C. Jones, Vice President
C. H. Cooke, Cashier
F. C. Atherton, Assistant Cashier
Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.
Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in pass books, copies of which may be had on application.
Judd Building, Fort Street.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted to cure Brains, Pains in the back, and all kindred complaints. Five from Mercury. Establishments upwards of 25 years in business. A. S. Clark, of the Hawaiian Islands and Foreign Medical Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Hawaiian Islands and Foreign Medical Vendors, Honolulu, Hawaii.

SUMNER HAS HIS JOKELET

All Right But in Clutches of the Law.

"I have a sound mind," said John K. Sumner yesterday in response to a question at the hearing of the Sumner case, "and I am able to take care of myself when I do not fall into the clutches of the law." This expression by Sumner seems to fit the case of the old man best of anything, though the word "lawyers" might better be substituted for "law," as was suggested by some of the attorneys present at the hearing.

Sumner was on the stand all day yesterday, and seemed eminently able to take care of himself, excepting the fact that he was "in the clutches of the law." He went over in detail, on cross-examination, all the transactions leading up to the cancellation of the trust deed and his will, though he exhibited a shrewd forgetfulness when the answers seemed likely to involve Attorney Magoon or himself. Whenever the questions of Attorney Thompson became too pointed Sumner would answer, "I have forgotten that," and it was found impossible to extract any information which he didn't want to give of his own free will.

Sumner testified that he got the money and his will first, but that when Mr. Magoon returned to the Bishop with a deed conveying all property to Sumner, the trustee would not sign it. "What did the Bishop say when he refused to sign it?" asked Mr. Thompson.

"I have forgotten," replied Sumner. "Who was there at the time?"
"Mr. Magoon."
"Were you there?"
"I don't think so."
"Don't you know, as a matter of fact, you were there?"
"I've forgotten."
"How did you find out that the Bishop refused to sign the deed?"
"Mr. Magoon told me."
"Well, what took place at your meeting with the Bishop?"

"There wasn't much conversation. The Bishop simply handed me the money and the trust deed. I got the will and Magoon took the money."
"So Magoon took the money, did he?"
"Yes; he took the check, and I got the cancelled will."
"To whom was the check made payable?"
"To me."
"Did you indorse it before Magoon put it in his pocket?"
"I have forgotten that."
Humphreys interrupted at this point to state that he had kept count of the examinations, and that Sumner had forgotten sixteen answers out of twenty-three, though he had displayed a remarkable memory on Magoon's examination last Saturday.

Sumner next told of the destruction of the will, saying that he had met Wallie Davis on the wharf and gone with him to his island home, where the document was consigned to the flames. The witness stated that he did so without any compulsion or suggestion from anyone, adding that he knew nothing of the contents of the will. It developed here, also, that John Keller, a witness of the will, had suddenly left the Territory, going to Tahiti on the Zealandia. Sumner admitted that he had paid Keller's passage, and said he had left Honolulu in October or November, but he didn't remember whether it was before or after the present suit had been instituted.

There was some discussion also as to where the \$48,000 was, originally deposited, whether in the First National or in Bishop's bank, though the examination of Sumner finally showed the check to have been drawn upon the First National and deposited with Bishop & Company for collection.

"Was this money deposited so you could take it out?" Sumner was asked by Thompson.
"It was left in the bank, because the matter had not been fully settled with the Bishop. There were several little things the Bishop had to fix up."
"Wasn't it because you couldn't get the Bishop to sign the deed?"
"No."
"Did you get a deposit book, and could you draw the money out without anyone saying so?"
"Yes; the money was deposited in my name."
"You didn't need Mr. Magoon's O. K. to get it out?"
"No."
"Did you give Mr. George A. Davis a check for \$48,000, which wasn't paid?"
"Davis told me he could draw out the money, and he wrote something and told me to sign it; but I told him it was no use, though I signed the paper."
"Why did you sign the paper when you thought he wouldn't get the money?"
"Well, Davis boasted so much to me about being able to get it; but I didn't think he could, so I gave him the check. I could have drawn out the money all right on my personal check."

By the court: "Why was Mr. Davis boasting like this, if there had been no trouble?"
"I don't know. It was through Mr. Davis boasting and talking so much that I gave him this paper to Mr. Bishop."
"Where was this check given?"

RAVAGES OF SILVER FISH RECEIVE OFFICIAL NOTICE

Little Wardrobe Insect Which Has Been the Bane of Household for Centuries Invites Governmental Inspection.

Commissioner of Agriculture Wray Taylor has received from the Division of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, a report on the "silver fish," the insect which is the bane of householders of Honolulu. Few trunks, bureaus or wardrobes are safe from the assaults of this peculiar insect and the report gives remedies with which to combat it.

This insect is often one of the most troublesome enemies of books, papers, card labels in museums and starched clothing, and occasionally stored food substances. Its peculiar fish-like form, scaly, glistening body, together with its very rapid movements and active efforts at concealment whenever it is uncovered, have attached considerable popular interest to it. The peculiar appearance of the common silver fish rarely drew attention to it, and a fairly accurate description of it, given in a little work published in London in 1865 by the Royal Society, is as follows:

It is a very small, silvery, shining worm or moth which I found much conversant among books and papers, and is supposed to be that which corrodes and eats holes through the leaves and covers. It appears to the naked eye a small, glittering, pearl-colored moth, which, upon the removing of books and papers in the summer, is often observed very nimbly to scud and pack away to some lurking cranny where it may better protect itself from any appearing dangers. Its head appears big and blunt, and its body tapers from it toward the tail, smaller and smaller, being shaped almost like a carrot.

On account of its always shunning the light and its ability to run very rapidly to places of concealment, it is not often seen and is most difficult to capture, and being clothed with smooth, glistening scales, it will slip from between the fingers and is almost impossible to secure without crushing or damaging. It is one of the most serious pests in libraries, particularly to the

"It was at the house in Kallih, Maria, Wallie Davis and George Davis were there."
"What Davis did you give the check to, George A. Davis, or Wallie Davis?"
"One George A. Davis," interrupted the attorney, whereat everyone in the court room laughed.
"That George A. Davis," replied Sumner, indicating the attorney, at which the laugh grew louder, as the even more objectionable form of reference was used by the witness.

A demand was here made upon Davis to produce the check in court, which he agreed to do, stating that there had been no fraud or anything wrong in the matter.
"Who placed the embargo on your money, so you couldn't get it; was it Magoon?" asked Thompson.
"I wanted to draw checks without anyone saying anything, except where they were of large amounts, like \$2,000 or \$3,000; then I wanted somebody to stand by my side and see that I didn't get cheated."

There was considerable more testimony, Thompson trying to get an admission from Sumner that Magoon had tied up the \$48,000, but he was not successful, the witness sticking to his first story, that he didn't intend to have anyone interfere with his money. A new line of examination was then developed.

"How old are you?" asked Thompson.
"Victoria knows. She has the book," replied Sumner, and then he added, "I was born in 1820," looking to Mrs. Buffandau for confirmation.
"Where were you born?"
"Where the palace is now."
"How old are you?" asked Judge De Bolt.
"I am 86," said the old man, smiling and missing the mark by three years.

"How is your general health?" inquired Thompson.
"Good."
"How is your eyesight?"
"Good; considering."
"Can you read the newspapers?"
"With specs."
"Can you read English?"
"A little."
"Do you hear well?"
"Yes."
"How is your memory?"
"Probably the physicians can tell you that."

"But I want you to tell us; do you forget easily?"
"I have a sound mind, and can take care of myself when I do not fall into the clutches of the law."
Thompson then wanted to know if anyone had made a copy of the will, or whether Magoon had seen it before it was destroyed. To both questions the witness replied in the negative, and also to the question as to whether Stewart had ever been called in to examine the will while it was in possession of the Bishop.

At noon an adjournment was taken until this morning at 10 o'clock, when the examination of Sumner will be resumed. At this time Davis promises to bring in the \$48,000 check, about which there has been so much talk, and Sumner will bring in his book of deposit upon Bishop & Company's bank.

Life Saving Service.

The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury gives details of the United States life-saving work for the last fiscal year.

The number of disasters to documented vessels within the scope of the service was 355. On board these vessels were 3,424 persons, of whom nineteen were lost. The estimated value of the vessels was \$9,353,430, and that of their cargoes \$1,159,330, making the total value of property involved \$10,512,760. Of this amount \$13,125,320 was saved and \$2,287,790 lost. The number

binding of books, and will frequently eat off the gold lettering to get the paste beneath, or, as reported by Mr. P. H. Uhler, of Baltimore, often gnaws off white slips glued on the backs of books. Heavily glazed paper seems very attractive to this insect, and it has frequently happened that the labels in museum collections have been disfigured or destroyed by it, the glazed surface having been entirely eaten off. In some cases books printed on heavily sized paper will have the surface of the leaves a good deal scraped, leaving only the portions covered by the ink. It will also eat any starched clothing, linen, or curtains, and has been known to do very serious damage to silks which had probably been stiffened with sizing. Its damage in houses, in addition to its injury to books, consists in causing the wall paper to scale off by its feeding on the starch paste.

Remedies are suggested in the official report, which are said to be entirely feasible in the Hawaiian Islands. The report says:

"Advantage may be taken of the liking of these insects for fabrics and other articles containing starch to poison them by slipping into all the crevices where they occur—in bookshelves and backs of mantels, under washboards, and in the bottoms of drawers—bits of cardboard on which a thick boiled starch paste liberally poisoned with arsenic has been spread and dried. The silver fish readily succumbs to pyrethrum, and wherever this can be applied, as on book shelves, it furnishes one of the best means of control. For starched clothing and similar objects liable to be injured by it, frequent handling and airing and the destruction by hand of all specimens discovered is to be recommended, in addition to the poisoned cardboard remedy. Little damage is liable to occur in houses except in comparatively moist situations or where stored objects remain undisturbed for a year or more."

Total number of disasters, 746; number of vessels totally lost, 51; total number of persons involved, 4,220; total number of persons lost, 25; total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations, 712; total number of days' succor afforded, 1,272; total value of property involved, \$14,567,130; total value of property saved, \$12,292,795; total value of property lost, \$2,274,335.

The foregoing summary does not include seventy persons who were rescued from various positions of danger, most or all of whom would otherwise have perished, nor the seven members lost from the Monomoy life saving crew.

HOW THEY SPENT CHRISTMAS DAY

Supt. Jack McVeigh has received several letters from the leper settlement telling how Christmas Day was observed at Kalaupapa. The day was wet and stormy and for that reason there could be no outside Christmas exercises. There were services in the various churches, but the lepers for the most part spent the day among themselves holding small luaus without much display.

Supt. McVeigh says that the real holiday celebration has been postponed until his return to the settlement. He will leave on Monday taking with him the Christmas boxes and the fund donated by the Honolulu people and there will be a monster luau for all the people of the settlement some day next week.

ACTIVITY AMONG SAILING FLEET

There is considerable activity about the vessels of the sailing fleet now in port, owing to the fact that a number of them must get away before the first of the year in order that the owners of the sugar may not be obliged to pay property taxes on it in Hawaii. There are a fair number of vessels in port. The schooner Alice Cooke arrived in port yesterday after a passage of twenty-three days from the Sound, bringing a cargo of 330 telegraph poles and lumber. During the first part of the vessel's passage she met with considerable bad weather.

The bark R. P. Rithet, Captain McPhail, sailed for San Francisco at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, with a cargo of 33,000 bags of sugar. The barkentine John L. Evison, Captain Ramsellus, left during the afternoon in ballast for Eureka to load lumber, but the vessel's skipper does not know yet what the destination will be after leaving Eureka.

The bark Alden Ross will sail for the Coast some time today with a cargo of sugar, and it is likely that the barkentine E. N. Castle will also get away with sugar some time during the day. The barkentine Archer is also loading sugar. The bark Edward May was to have sailed from Makawala yesterday with a fair cargo of sugar. The bark Martha Davis is loading sugar at Kallua for San Francisco. The bark Marcus Via is also loading sugar here for San Francisco.

SAY HE IS BANKRUPT

Petition Is Filed Against H. C. Austin.

A petition was filed in United States court yesterday asking that Herbert C. Austin, late auditor of the Territory of Hawaii, be declared a bankrupt.

The complaining creditors are Lewers & Cooke, E. O. Hall & Son, and the Washington Mercantile Co. The petition "respectfully shows that Herbert C. Austin of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory and District of Hawaii, has for six months preceding the date of filing this petition aforesaid resided in Honolulu in said District of Hawaii and owes debts exceeding the sum of Three Thousand Dollars.

"That your petitioners are creditors of said Herbert C. Austin, having claims amounting in the aggregate in excess of securities held by them, to the sum of \$3,517.09.

"That the nature and amount of your petitioners' claims are as follows:

Lewers & Cooke, Ltd., note dated October 31st, 1899, three months from date, \$2,650.72.

Interest on same at 8 per cent from date, \$719.80.

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd., Goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered, \$28.18.

Washington Mercantile Co., Ltd., goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered, \$118.39.

"And your petitioners further represent that the said Herbert C. Austin is insolvent, and that within four months next preceding the date of this petition, the said Herbert C. Austin committed an Act of Bankruptcy in that he did, to wit:

"On the 20th day of December, 1902, suffer while insolvent a creditor, to wit, one H. G. Middleditch to obtain a preference through legal proceedings and did not within five days before a sale or final disposition of the property affected by such preference, vacate and discharge such preference.

"Wherefore, your petitioners pray that service of this petition with subpoena be made upon the said Herbert C. Austin as provided in the Acts of Congress relating to Bankruptcy and that he may be adjudged by the Court to be a bankrupt within the purview of such acts."

Judge Estee ordered that "Said Herbert C. Austin do appear at this court as a Court of Bankruptcy to be held at Honolulu, in the District aforesaid, on the 12th day of January, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted."

FRENCH BOUNTY EARNING VESSELS

Editor Advertiser: The coming of several of the so-called French bounty earners to this port during the past few months has caused much talk in shipping circles regarding the inability of American and English ships to compete in foreign trade with these subsidized vessels, and as agent of these vessels I have often been asked to explain just what advantage they had over ships of other nationalities.

In order to foster and encourage the upbuilding of a large merchant marine the French Chamber of Deputies, during the session of 1899, passed a bill the provisions of which granted a subsidy to all ships built in French ship yards for French owners during the years 1900, 1901, 1902. The subsidy is to be paid over a period of ten years, dating from 1900, and is calculated on the following basis:

The first year 1.7 francs, or, roughly, in American money, 34 cents, per gross ton register is paid for each 1,000 miles sailed from port to port, distance measured by great circle route. Each succeeding year the subsidy is decreased .06 francs; that is to say, the second year the ship would be paid 32.8 cents per gross ton register for each 1,000 miles covered.

Owing to the fact that the subsidy is paid on the gross tonnage, it is the endeavor of the builders to furnish the ships with all possible superstructure, which does not carry freight but does earn subsidy. An instance of this was seen on the ship Champlain, lately in this port. The net registered tonnage of this ship was 2,445 tons, while the gross measured 3,320 tons. It might here be stated that an American or English ship measuring 2,445 tons net, would not ordinarily gross more than 2,700 tons. Thus, it will be seen that the builders added on space above decks which measures about 700 tons for the purpose of increasing the bounty earning capacity.

No Strength

Are you easily tired? Is your work a burden? Do you often feel weak and faint? Do you appetite poor? Are you easily discouraged? Then your nerves are weak and your blood impure. Sickness is not far away.



Mr. Frederick Devigne, of Claremont, Cape Colony, South Africa, sends his photograph and this letter:
"My blood often becomes impure, causing eruptions on the skin, and my general system gets all run down, causing indigestion and great debility. But I take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which quickly brings me out of my troubles. For all these who are debilitated and weakened by the long, hot summers of our country, there is no remedy equal to this grand family medicine."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitations "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's.
Always keep your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills. They are purely vegetable, act on the liver, and cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

THE FIRST American Savings & Trust Co. OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

President Cecil Brown
Vice-President M. P. Robinson
Cashier W. G. Cooper
Principal Office: Corner Fort and King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon

January 2, 1903

Commencing with the new year we will, until further notice, have a series of special stock sales with only one article at a time, and for one week only.

Watch our advertising column for you will be sure to see many things you want at greatly reduced prices. This sale will include many household necessities.

W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S. NEW YORK LINE

Bark "NUUANU"
Sailing from
NEW YORK TO HONOLULU
About Dec. 15.
For freight rates apply to
CHAS. BREWER & CO.,
27 Kilby St., Boston.
OR C. BREWER & CO.,
LIMITED, HONOLULU.

Gross tonnage, 3,320x32 cents equals \$1,128.80, subsidy for 1,000 miles; distance, approximately, from Cardiff to Honolulu, 12,000 miles, gives us the total subsidy; \$1,128.80 multiplied by 12 equals \$13,545.60.

These figures are startling when it is considered that these classes of ships are in direct competition with American and English ships that derive no subsidy from their home governments, and must depend entirely on their freight earnings to exist and pay dividends to their owners.

NOHMAN WATKINS.
Toothache is a severe test of a man's philosophy. A simple remedy is to saturate a piece of cotton with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and place it in the cavity of the affected tooth. One application gives relief. Try it. All dealers and druggists sell it. Boston, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

LOCAL CHRONOLOGY OF 1902

Jan. 1st.—News arrives of death in Philadelphia in street car accident of Archibald F. Gillilan.—Carmichael divorce suit started.

4th.—A laborer on the Young building is struck on the leg and sustains a compound fracture.—The Rapid Transit Company reports a total of 270,465 passengers carried over the line during December, resulting in net earnings for the month of \$5,898.98.—Home rulers have their long talked of meeting at the Drill shed "to ratify the President's message."

5th.—Sudden death of Mrs. Dr. J. S. B. Pratt.

6th.—Collision of the J. A. Cummins and Malolo off the entrance to the port, causing considerable though not serious damage to both vessels.

7th.—Claudina, a Porto Rican, is caught in the act of stealing a safe from a Richards street cottage.

8th.—Alex. Solomon, an Eias Indian, in demolishing Davies & Co.'s old office building, is caught and buried beneath a falling wall and instantly killed. Another workman narrowly escaped.—A native in a dazed condition is run over by a tram car and badly hurt. He was sent to the hospital.

9th.—Prompt response to an alarm for fire at the corner of Fort and King streets averts serious disaster.—Night prowlers and attempted burglaries in eastern part of the town are becoming matters of daily report.

11th.—Annual meeting of the Historical Society. After the election of officers the paper of the evening on Hawaiian Superstitions by J. S. Emerson was read by the author.

12th.—Death of Jose Rosa under circumstances that subsequently arouse suspicions of foul play, which resulted in exhuming the body and the arrest of the widow and his brother.

13th.—The jury in the second Pearl Harbor land case award damages in favor of Honolulu Plantation Company in the sum of \$105,000. Both sides note an appeal.—Two Porto Ricans are arrested in an attempted hold up of a hack near South and Queen streets.—Following the inquiry relative to the condition of electric wires throughout the city Mr. W. F. C. Hasson is appointed inspector.

14th.—As a result of the coroner's jury inquest on the body of Jose Rosa the charge of murder in the first degree is entered against George Rosa, his brother.

15th.—Annual meeting of the Wireless Telegraph Company. Officers elected and proposition to reduce the capital stock. Directors are empowered to secure a loan wherewith to operate the system, which practically suspended last November.—William Farrant, from heart disease, falls dead in the arms of his wife.

16th.—Sheriff Brown plans to round up the idle Porto Ricans of the city and apply the vagrant act; alternative, work on plantations or roads.

17th.—Anniversary of the overthrow of the monarchy, a legal holiday.—Dr. Walters is thrown from his horse and seriously injured on the head.

18th.—Early morning fire at residence of C. L. Rhodes, Yongg street, occasions considerable damage to house and loss of personal effects.—Clash among sailors near the Railroad wharves results in several arrests and the surgeon's aid.

19th.—Bishop Willis posts a notice on St. Andrew's Cathedral door officially terminating the existence of the Second Congregation, but it continues its services.

20th.—Truschler, a German shoemaker, tried to shoot a Japanese woman, then blew out his brains with his pistol.—Death of Frank Brown, a well-known kamaaina, after a long illness.—Kilohana Art League's musicale, at the home of Mrs. Castle, Manoa, was a brilliant social and artistic success.—United States training ship Mohican arrives from La Paz, Mexico.

22nd.—Much anxiety felt over the long overdue British sloop-of-war Condon, which left Victoria, B. C., December 2, last, for this port.

23rd.—Thos. E. Krouse, well-known hotel keeper, suicides by shooting himself twice.—The police cleverly capture an illicit distillery outfit at Diamond Head; three Japanese of the reported gang of six were secured.—Mrs. Dr. E. Hoffman passes away at the full age of 83 years.

25th.—Arrival of United States transport Kilpatrick and French cruiser Protet from San Francisco.—Farmers' Institute organized at the Wahiawa colony.—Kilohana Art League holds its literary contest of essays, poems and story by local writers.

27th.—German Emperor's birthday celebrated by an official reception at the consulate and formal opening of the new Hackfeld building at noon.—Mission Children's Society meet at the Dillingham home and plan for a golden jubilee in May.

28th.—Death of W. R. Buchanan, aged 72; a resident of this city for the past 30 years.—Tua-tua herb remedy for leprosy favorably reported on from Tahiti, from supplies sent from here.

29th.—Reception on the Protet; very generally attended.—A Japanese, dependent through reverse, commits suicide.—In the Kamaoia Plantation case, again in court, the promoters get a bad set back.—Iwilei notoriety reviving, the police raid the den of iniquity and make many arrests.

30th.—Temperance rally day. Meeting of workers at the Y. M. C. A. hall at 10 a. m.; of business men at Chamber of Commerce room at 4 p. m. addresses by Governor Dole, W. A. Bowen and others, and evening meetings of several nationalities at various central points.—Annual meeting of the Rapid Transit Company; Manager Ballentyne makes a fine showing of road earnings for its four months since opening. It was voted to increase the capital stock from \$300,000 to \$400,000 for the extension of the road.—Bishop Willis, according to posted notice, closes the Cathedral doors against the Second congregation.

FEBRUARY.

Feb. 2nd.—Death of Mrs. Abigail

Drew, a well-known resident, aged 75 years.

3rd.—A lottery scheme to swindle Japanese laborers is being foisted, with promise of prizes as high as \$3,000, to be drawn in front of the Judiciary building.

4th.—Vital statistics for January show 77 deaths, 76 births, and 33 marriages registered.

5th.—Iwilei wash house conditions are condemned by the board of health; alterations and improvements suggested to cost probably \$1,500.—At Wade's retrial for the death of Gillespie he is found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree.—So-called "calico" mask ball at the Drill Shed, for the benefit of the Eye and Ear Infirmary, was largely attended.

6th.—Chinese begin their Konohl (New Year's) celebrations, to the discomfort of many households.—The Tua-tua plant is in demand for experimental use at Moakai, and a quantity will be sent thither.

7th.—New Year's reception at the United Chinese Society's building from 11 to 1 o'clock; Berger's band in attendance.—J. S. Bailey is thrown from his wagon, in a runaway, and sustains severe injuries.

8th.—A mass meeting addressed by Hawaiians, at the Drill Shed to consider the Wilcox leper bill introduced in Congress strongly protest against its passage, as also any attempt to amend the Organic Act relating to the suffrage of the natives of these islands.—A Chinese woman, disturbing a burglar in his search for valuables, is stabbed in the shoulder, the assailant escaping in the darkness.

10th.—The two-story building on Fort street, adjoining the Convent premises, once the Aldrich residence, is another landmark that succumbs to the march of improvements.

11th.—An unusually large ulua, weighing 27 pounds and measuring three feet in length is caught with hook and line off the Irmgard wharf.

12th.—Work begins on the Waikiki extension of the Rapid Transit line by the construction of a road through the McCully tract.—Weight-Paty wedding at the residence of the bride's mother, Rev. H. H. Parker officiating.

13th.—Judge Estee renders a decision declaring the Primo beer law unconstitutional and void.—E. M. Griffith, expert forester from the department at Washington enroute to the Philippines, gave an interesting address on conditions here, from his observations in a recent tour of the windward islands.

16th.—Steamer Sierra arrives from San Francisco four days late on account of delayed English mail and an unusually stormy passage.—In the throes of a rainless Kona storm Honolulu awoke this morning to find the thermometer down to 52 degrees, her lowest record.

17th.—Six-acre block on crest of Kaimuki tract is selected as the Hospital for Incurables' site; building operations soon to commence.—Death of Dr. G. M. Saul, from typhoid fever after but a brief illness.

19th.—Judge Robinson, the new third judge of the First circuit, opens his court this day.—Work on dredging Pearl Harbor bar commenced, the dredger, built at this port, having been towed to its location yesterday.—Two more retail liquor licenses granted for central Honolulu, and an attempt is made to extend the permitted area.

21st.—William Meyers, a well borer, shoots his wife, a native woman, then takes his own life.

22nd.—Washington's birthday observed as a general holiday and commemorated by the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution at the residence of its president, W. R. Castle, as also in several schools of the city.

23rd.—Steamers Alameda and Doric make a longer passage than usual from the Coast. They both left the city on regular schedule time and experienced unusually rough weather the entire trip.—Patriotic services at Central Union Church, with addresses on the life and influence of Washington by Governor Dole and Judge Estee, listened to with marked attention by a packed house.

24th.—The Chamber of Commerce met to consider a resolution of the Merchants' Association relative to Federal aid for city sanitation. A committee of three was appointed to confer with the board of health and the Federal quarantine officers as to possibilities, for early report.—Bids received for the construction of the long-desired ditch for the improvement of the Kewalo and Kakaako tracts, in which Asiatic labor is to be excluded.

26th.—R. W. Breckons, United States District Attorney for this Territory, arrives, with his family, on the transport Warren.

27th.—Several sugar plantation corporations hold their annual meetings for the presentation of reports, etc. Ewa heads the list, both for total crop, 32,840½ tons, and yield per acre, which averaged 10.89 tons throughout, for plant and ratoon cane.—Kilohi votes to issue bonds for \$500,000 to provide funds for further development of the plantation.—The Attorney General, replying to the Treasurer's inquiry for legal authority to restrict the number of liquor licenses, says the discretionary power he holds is in the nature of a public trust; limited, not absolute.

28th.—Blustering March winds.—Transport Warren leaves port for Manila with loss of one blade of her propeller, and returns six hours later having lost another.

MARCH.

March 1st.—Scores of large algaroba trees in Kapiolani Park, uprooted by sale; also throughout the city.

4th.—News of death in Chicago, by pneumonia, of E. C. Macfarlane, on the tenth day of his marriage. The deceased was long prominent in Honolulu business and politics.

5th.—T. de Oute of Waikuku swept away in Maliko gulch. Body found four days later.

6th.—Abatement of six days' north-easterly gale. The best of weatherbound visitors get away.

14th.—John Williams, a native, kills

himself by a shot through the mouth. Cause, jealousy. Edward Stiles, handling a live wire at Waikiki, is barely resuscitated, with badly burned hand. Hakakau Mill, Hawaii, shuts down for broken tubes.

9th.—Bishop Willis consecrates the Anglican Cathedral with a three hours' service. The Second Congregation are absent and roundly scored by the Bishop.

10th.—Death of William Auld, a prominent half-white, and president of Kakaaua's Hale Naha Society.

Reports given from unprecedented rain deluges on Maui and Hawaii last week; the higher records as follows:

On Maui: Grove Ranch, 23 inches; Hana, 25 in.; Puuomalei, 26 in.; Haleakala Ranch, 27 in.; Nahiku, 42 in.

On Hawaii: At Hilo, from 25 to 40 inches; Honokaa Mill, 23.55 in.; Upper Honokaa, 44.56 in.; Upper Paauilo, 48 in.; Kukaiua, 45.72 in.; 59.86, and 87.91 inches, at elevations of 255, 900, and 2,000 feet respectively.

Hilo and Hamakua swept by destructive floods. Roads and bridges extensively destroyed.

Waipio valley entirely flooded, ten feet deep along the shore, set back by heavy surf; 27 inches rain at Mountain View, Olaa, in 24 hours.

11th.—M. F. Lennon disbarred by Supreme Court, after serving time for gross cheat. On a second trial before Judge Estee, a jury assess the value of Honolulu Plantation land condemned for the Naval Station, at \$102,523, or nearly the same as at the former trial.

13th.—Editor Walter G. Smith, of P. C. Advertiser, sentenced by Judge Gear of Second Circuit Court, to thirty days' imprisonment, for contempt of court. Judges Humphreys and Robinson sit in banco with Gear. Smith released by Chief Justice on \$500 bail. It is contended that the contempt was only constructive, not actual, being in a cartoon derogatory to Gear. Gear construes it as actual contempt because it affected the trial of a case pending in his court.

Woods, a negro life-terminer, escapes from the prison gang at Makiki quarry. Kaahue, a native, falls from roof of two-story house and is killed by impaling head on a picket.

14th.—Governor Dole receives summons from Washington to visit and confer with the President.

15th.—Judge Humphreys orders assets of Kona Sugar Co. to be sold at auction.

16th.—Stately funeral of late E. C. Macfarlane, at R. C. Cathedral and Nuanu Cemetery.

18th.—At noon, thunder storm in upper Nuanu discharges 5.55 inches of rain in 15 minutes. Heaviest freshet for many years, sending torrent down Nuanu street to Vineyard street. Little damage; rain confined to one valley.

21st.—New building of Hackfeld & Co. opened to crowds of visitors.—Great snow-cap reported on Haleakala on 17th.

23rd.—Skillful and daring recapture by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth of negro desperado Woods in Punchbowl lantana.

24th.—Fish Commission Steamer Albatross arrived to study marine life in Hawaiian waters and explore Hawaiian fisheries.—William Crews, a formerly successful carpenter, hangs himself in his bath-room.

25th.—Thunderstorm over the city. Streets flooded. Electric connections disturbed. Flood finds access to lime stored in Automobile building and starts a fire, soon extinguished.

26th.—Arrival of Bishop W. L. Nichols of San Francisco, to receive from Bishop Willis the transfer of the Diocese and property of the Anglican Church here to the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States. Governor S. B. Dole leaves per Sierra for Washington.

27th.—Decision to proceed with erection of Hospital for Incurables on six-acre lot at Kaimuki Summit. Subscriptions to fund, \$139,950. Paid up, \$26,862.50.

30th.—General observance of Easter Sunday in Honolulu churches with lavish decorations and music. Heavy thunder in afternoon and evening. Floods along railway west of Ewa Mill at 4 p. m. Baggage car derailed. Hall falls in same locality.

31st.—Record of March rainfall on School street, 11.31 inches, being the largest single month's rainfall for four years.

APRIL.

April 1st.—Bishop Willis makes formal transfer of the Diocese of Honolulu and its property to the Protestant Episcopal Church of America, represented by Bishop Nichols of California.

5th.—Bishop Nichols reinstated Rev. Alexander Mackintosh, and Rev. John Osborne, recently excommunicated by Bishop Willis.

8th.—The special election for Representative of Fourth District. Harris elected by 881 votes against Dreier 674 votes.

9th.—Head of Otto Fetter crushed in gearing of a dredger.

16th.—The Committee of the Board of Health to investigate alleged case of death of leper prisoner through neglect, report, calling for the removal of Superintendent Reynolds and Dr. Oliver.

17th.—George Ferris captured at noon near Punahou, after the murder last night of John Watson, a horse-trainer.

20th.—Sudden death of James K. Kaula, a chief leader of the Royalist Home Rule party.

25th.—Native named Hoonohoho smothered by caving of earth and black sand at Makiki quarry.

26th.—Mrs. Jane L. Stanford entertains at dinner, at the Moana Hotel, 25 former students of Stanford University in attendance.

29th.—Suicide of Frank B. Auerbach, Manager of May & Co., Ltd. He shoots himself through the head at 5 a. m. near his residence in Makiki. He had been suffering much pain from increasing malady in stomach and head for three years.

MAY.

May 1st.—Chas. M. Cooke's carriage wrecked while driving down from Laka, and his left arm broken. Mrs. Montague Turner much bruised, and her maid broke two ribs.

2nd.—Ten business employees, arrested on the 2nd, in a gambling resort, having each given fictitious names, forfeit \$25 bail each.—Ewa Mill reports record-breaking week; output of sugar of 1222 tons.—Hawaiian Lodge F. & A. Masons, celebrates its 50th anniversary.—Bishop Nichols dedicates the Parish house of St. Clement's Chapel, near Panahou.—Welaui, a native, drowned in surf off Quarantine I.

9th.—S. S. Dickenson, of Mackay Pacific Cable Co., inspects shores near Honolulu to find a landing place for the cable.—A. M. Hewitt, an old resident shoots himself through the head, leaving a large destitute family.

10th.—Wahiawa Irrigating Ditch opened, amid cheers of colonists. Ditch three and three quarter miles in length, all but 1500 feet being in thirty-seven tunnels, the longest being 1855 feet.—Olaa Mill farther breaks the record by reporting the previous week's output of sugar, as 1312 tons, made in 98 hours' work.

12th.—Robert Lishman at Makiki, killed by his young Jersey bull, being tossed over a fence, and his neck broken. Mr. Lishman among other structures had erected the Judiciary building, Lunalilo Home, St. Andrew's Cathedral and Central Union Church. In less than two years more he might have celebrated his golden wedding.

14th.—The Board of Health accede to the request of Bishop Gulstan, not to remove Father Wendelin from the Lepers' settlement.

18th.—Kunura, a Japanese at Wai-lua murders Kane, a Japanese woman by cutting her throat, and is speedily arrested.—Cruiser Manila arrives, the first of Dewey's captured Spanish gunboats to cross the Pacific.—News of violent floods last week in Nahiku, Keanae section of Maui, also on the Waikapu and Ukumehame mountains, stopping travel between Lahaina and Wailuku.—Frederick Andrecht, a German aged 68 years, shoots himself at Kakaaua suburb.—Heavy lighter of Pearl Harbor dredger robbed of its lines and set adrift.

21st.—Fire in Dickey & Newcomb's office on Fort street, extinguished without destructive damage.

22d.—Death at Queen's Hospital, in consequence of an accidental shot two weeks before, of David Kanawanui, editor of the Kuokoa, a prominent young Hawaiian.—Jubilee observance in Central Union Church of the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Hawaiian Mission Children's Society.—"Red Sunset Glows" appear, believed to be caused by the volcanic eruption of May 9th in Martinique.

26th.—Ten acre tract in Pawaia, beyond McCully lands, selected for McKinley Memorial Park.

30th.—Decoration Day impressively observed. Oration by Judge Estee.

31st.—Dr. S. E. Bishop and wife observe their Golden Wedding. Over 270 friends called to congratulate them. Valuable presents made them.

JUNE.

June 1st.—Mr. John D. Waldron ordained to the Christian Ministry, in Central Union Church by a Council called for the purpose.—Somewhat violent emissions of ashes and gases from Halemauau pit, in Kilauea volcano, with much smoke. Reappearance of lava apparently at hand, after six years' quiescence.

2d.—Annual meeting of Woman's Board of Missions.—Mrs. Hyde re-elected President.

3d.—Kilauea resumes activity, by the reappearance of boiling lava rising in the bottom of Halemauau.—Brilliant glow on clouds above.

4th.—Attorney C. C. Biting given fifteen days in prison by Judge Gear for contempt of court.

5th.—Appeal of Walter G. Smith to Supreme Court rejected, and he goes to prison for thirty days under sentence of contempt by Judge Gear, on account of cartoon in the Advertiser.—U. S. Fishery Steamer Albatross returns from four weeks cruise to Laysan Island.

6th.—John A. Hassinger, an esteemed and popular public official of forty years' standing, dies of acute heart-disease.—Governor Dole, per steamer Alameda, is welcomed home with ovations and salutes.

7th.—News arrives of the safe landing on Kauai of Captain Gibbons and 32 members of the ship's company of the Fannie Kerr, after a voyage of 800 miles in three boats, the ship having burned and blown up on May 29, with 3,750 tons of coal from Newcastle for San Francisco, when north-west of Kauai.

—Editor W. G. Smith, after two days imprisonment, for contempt, is pardoned out by Gov. Dole, on the ground of excessive penalty.—Rapid Transit Co. begins active track laying on King street from Alapai street to Waikiki corner.

10th.—C. C. Biting pardoned out of prison on the ground of excessive penalty.—Reports confirmed of fire and smoke sent issuing from summit crater of Mauna Loa.—Stranger's Friend Society celebrates its 50th anniversary.

11th.—Kamehameha Day observed by the multitude by horse races at the Park; by the Evangelical churches, with great Sunday School picnics at Punahou, Waikiki, and Pearl City.

20th.—Closing exercises held of many public and private schools.—Lava continues slowly rising in Kilauea, with dense smoke.—Increasing brilliancy of sunset afterglows, caused by Martinique eruptions.—Early morning fire in Mercantile building, west corner of Fort and Queen streets. Considerable damage to building and goods.

21st.—Death of George Ernest Thurum, eldest son of T. G. Thurum, of pulmonary consumption.

22d.—Rapid Transit Cars begin running on King street, from Alapai street to Waikiki corner.

—Evening arrest of Chinese gamblers in den near corner of Kekaula and King streets; 105 persons captured and released on \$15 bail apiece.

23d.—Bishop Relate withdraws appeal from decision of Federal jury, and accepts their award of \$2,177.50 for Pearl Harbor land taken by Navy Department.

24th.—Kamehameha Boys' School graduates 15 pupils.

26th.—Hitchhikers make observance of

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Soft White Hands

Luxuriant Hair

Produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humours, with loss of hair, when all fails. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," post free, of Aust. Depot, R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney, N.S.W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.



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No Need of Argument

The delightful flavor and healthful qualities are the test for

Primo Lager

Order a trial case from the brewery or your liquor dealer.

their Coronation Day. Gov. Dole gives half holiday.—U. S. Steamer Albatross reports channel between Kaula and Nihaun only 400 fathoms deep.

27th.—Oahu College graduates eight students.

JULY.

July 2d.—Disappearance of fire in Kilauea reported—smoke still copious. An enormous fall of rock in the pit has smothered up the up-welling lava.

4th.—Independence Day fully celebrated.

5th.—Missionary schooner Carrie and Annie arrives on her way to Micronesia.

10th.—A large section of the Home Rule party, led by Prince Cupid, breaks away from the leadership of Delegate Wilcox, with severe recriminations.

13th.—Board of Health visit leper settlement, and report an unwonted absence of complaints. Lepers greatly interested in sports.

14th.—Ex-queen arrives back from Washington, after falling to secure any attention from Congress for her alleged claims to the crown lands. Hum. his homage paid her by her old adherents.—Home Rule bolters begin to organize Hul Kuokoa, or Independent party, denouncing the incapacity of last legislature.

17th.—Arrival of long-missing U. S. training ship Mohican, Kaunakapili church receives award of nearly \$50,000 from Court of Fire Claims.—Walter, third son of Manager G. F. Henton of Ewa plantation, shoots himself in abdomen while toying with parlor rifle, and lives only a few hours.

20th.—Hormons found inside Diamond Head, subsequently fully identified as those of Ernest C. Horner, a jeweler, missing for nearly a year. Probable suicide.

26th.—Merchants' Fair opens in evening, to continue next week.

28th.—Agricultural Fair opens in drill shed. Nevada arrives from Coast—the first oil burning steamer here.

29th.—Agricultural Fair closes, after successful exhibits of fruits, vegetables, grasses, etc.

30th.—Merchants' Fair closed, after much interest.

31st.—Rear Admiral Merry surrenders command of Honolulu naval station to Capt. W. H. Whiting, U. S. N.

AUGUST.

August 2d.—Republican primary elections held throughout city with immensely increased vote.

6th.—The Fred J. Wood arrives with the body of Capt. J. J. Jacobsen, murdered eight days before by the Japanese cabin boy, prevailed by the cook. The widow and two little ones on board.

8th.—Bishop Henry B. Restarick arrives to take supervision of the Protestant Episcopal church in Hawaii.

11th.—A. W. Mitchell, a wealthy nervous patient, throws himself into the sea from S. S. Coptic, and is drowned.

18th.—Heavy fire in early morning. About one acre burned over of new and slightly built two-story structures crowded by Asiatics, on River street, between Pauahi and King streets. Trolley wire down on Hotel street. Loss estimated at \$80,000. Insurance, \$50,000. Fire started from lamp upset by cat. Native Legislature again blamed for refusing to extend the fire limits to River street.

19th.—Prof. Wood and four lady teachers of Normal School ascend Kaula by new trail. A few days later over twenty young people made the same ascent.

22d.—U. S. A. Transport Buford from Manila puts in with leaking boilers. About 300 soldiers on board besides officers.

23d.—Fire in rear warehouse of Campbell block, corner Fort and Merchants streets. Started from gasoline container and lantern. Several stores and offices damaged, chiefly by water. Losses estimated at \$100,000. Heavy insurance. Fire starts again next day, but soon subdued.

24th.—Relief steamer Hanalei sent to Laysan I. arrives with whole ship's company of missing bark Cayton, which sank July 24, with cargo of guano, ten days from Laysan, and 300 miles E. S. E. Bark oil and leaky. People escaped in two boats, four days in returning to Laysan.

Continued on page 8.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, December 30. S. S. Nebraskan, Greene, from Kahului. Steer. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui, Kona and Kau ports at 6:30 a. m. Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Punaluu, from Port Gamble, at 7:30 a. m. Wednesday, Dec. 31st. Steer. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai ports at 8:15 a. m. Steer. Mikabain, Gregory, from Kauai ports at 5:15 a. m. Steer. Nihaui, Pedersen, from Kauai ports at 4:30 a. m. Thursday, Jan. 1. Steer. Neoru, Pederson, from Lahaina and Hawaii ports, at 4:15 a. m. Steer. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, from Anahulu, Kapa, Kilauea, Hanalei and Kailiwhai, at 6:30 a. m. Schr. Chas. Levi Woodbury, Harris, from Hilo, cargo of wood, at 6 p. m.

DEPARTED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, December 30. Steer. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at noon. Am. bk. R. P. Rithet, McPhail, for San Francisco, at 10 a. m. Am. bktn. Jos. L. Eviston, Ramseilus, for Eureka, at 4 p. m. It. sp. Wallacetown, Russo, for Sydney, at 1 p. m. Steer. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Kauai ports, at 5 p. m. Steer. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m. Gas. schr. Eclipse, Townsend, for Maui and Hawaii ports. Wednesday, Dec. 31st. S. S. Nebraskan, Greene, for San Francisco at 5 p. m. Am. bk. Alden Besse, Kessel, for San Francisco at 5:10 p. m. Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Nilson, for San Francisco at 4 p. m. Steer. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai, Lanai and Maui ports at 5 p. m. Thursday, Jan. 1. Cable steamer Silverton, Morton, to lay cable, at 4:20 a. m.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per steer. Mauna Loa, Dec. 30.—From the volcano: W. F. Drake, Mrs. M. A. Hill, Willis P. Pope, Dr. G. H. Huddy, T. Roth, D. A. Berger, A. M. Merrill, K. A. Trent, from Kauai; J. Campbell, Miss W. Marcos, Mrs. W. Lehmitt, Miss P. Panali, from Kona; W. Willgeroth, Miss A. Ackerman, Miss Mary Edwards, J. Cooper, W. Muller, R. A. McWayne, Miss T. Marcos, D. August, from Maiala; C. B. Wells, Mrs. W. Conway, from Lahaina; C. Ah Nee, P. Hoke and 39 deck. Per steer. Mikabala, Dec. 31st, from Kauai ports.—Mrs. F. G. Prescott, Miss A. C. Rice, E. T. Tannatt, F. E. Greenfield, Mrs. Kiteat, Pa On, Ah Hing Wo, F. G. Prescott, Mrs. W. H. Rice, Miss Harrison, J. K. Gandall, Mrs. Charman, Mrs. Schofield, A. P. Knight. Per steer. Lehua, Dec. 31st, from Kanaakal.—Harold Castle. Departed. Per steer. Kinau, Dec. 30.—For Hilo: E. See and wife, Miss H. E. Higgins, Mrs. E. J. Higgins, L. E. Plinkham, F. J. Amweg, Mrs. F. M. Wakefield, F. M. Hatch and son, S. Peiser, C. Daisenberg, A. K. Nawahi, A. W. Van Valkenberg, J. P. Sisson, Mrs. H. M. L. Walker, Mrs. Snares and 3 children, Miss Jacinthia, E. E. Paxson, P. Romano, R. R. Berg, C. P. Benton, F. E. Clark, E. A. Douthitt and wife, T. Thomas Fortune, for the volcano; James Mauldwin, T. H. Hutchins, Miss B. Hutchins, Miss Ellis, for Kawaihae; Ng Aon, for Mahukona; J. W. Atkins, for Lanaiua; Mrs. C. V. Duldorf and P. Klamp. Per steer. Claudine, Dec. 30.—For Kahului: J. M. Coulson, Tang Young, For Hana: Miss L. Ayau. Per bark R. P. Rithet, Dec. 20.—For San Francisco: E. B. Savage, G. H. Hanna and G. Bonberg.

Shipping Notes.

The steamer Nihaui brought 4,040 bags of sugar from Kauai yesterday. The steamer Lehua reports encountering rough weather at Molokai ports. The bark S. C. Allen will load McBryde plantation sugar at Eleie for San Francisco. The Mikahala brought 3,250 bags of sugar and other freight from Kauai ports yesterday. Afternoon at 5 o'clock on her regular run to Kauai ports. The barks Mohican and S. C. Allen and the schooner Aloha are berthed at the Bishop Estate wharves. A pile driver was at work yesterday constructing the new dolphin near the end of the Bishop Estate dock. The bark Willcot is discharging her stone ballast at the Railway wharf preparatory to taking in sugar. Owing to the fact that a quorum was not present the annual meeting of the Sailors' Home, called to meet yesterday, was postponed. The gasoline launch Pearl made a trip to port on Pearl Harbor yesterday, and reported that the tug Kaena sustained but little damage through going on the Miwera reef.

LOCAL CHRONOLOGY OF 1902

(Continued from page 7) 26th.—Cargo of nitrate at R. R. wharf, on barkentine Addenda, takes fire while unloading. Fire department, much damage from water. 28th.—Wireless telegram from manager of Volcano House, "Active lake formed at Halemauau 400 feet in diameter." 29.—Small fire in early morning in Japanese brick store opposite Love's bakery. 30th.—Full report from Hilo shows that the volcano boiled up on the night of the 25th, preceded by an earthquake felt at Hilo.—While addressing a public meeting in Kona, Delegate Wilcox was stoned by natives.—E. F. Merry commits suicide at Lahua, Kauai. SEPTEMBER. Sept. 30.—The Territorial Republican convention unanimously chooses Prince

ROYAL Baking Powder. Makes the bread more healthful. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

"Cupid," Iona Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, to be the Republican candidate for Delegate to Congress.—Five-foot tidal wave sweeps the coast of Puna.

3d.—George Graham commits suicide, at third attempt. A victim to use of morphine. 5th.—Incendiary fire in early morning in Maogon block, corner Queen and South streets. Speedily extinguished. 6th.—Tenement near Iron Works burned to the ground in early morning. Arrival of 18,000 ton steamer Korea, the largest ship in Pacific waters.—Senators Mitchell and Foster arrive, of the U. S. Senatorial Commission. 8th.—Senatorial Commission begins work at the U. S. naval station office.—Fusion of Wilcox Home Rulers and Democrats reported as complete. 10th.—Capt. Rosehill arrives from his Marcus I. expedition, after two months' absence. Was expelled thence by Japanese soldiers.—Wireless reports abatement of activity in Kilauea. Fresh accession of sky glows, doubtless from Martinique eruptions of August 30th. 12th.—Death of Charles Gibbs, foreman of a pile driver gang—struck on head by pile hammer. Arrival at Hilo of Rev. T. L. Nash, the new pastor of Hilo Foreign church. 14th.—Activity renewed in volcano. 17th.—U. S. Senators and party sail for Hilo and volcano, after subpoenaing many additional witnesses to appear before their commission. 18th.—News of the appointment of J. T. De Bolt as First Circuit Judge, in place of A. S. Humphreys, resigned. 19th.—After two laborious days of inquiry at Hilo, the Senators spend the evening in observing a magnificent display of fires in the crater at Kilauea. 23rd.—Senators having returned, hear testimony for two days, largely in respect to propriety of United States granting aid to ex-queen for her loss of revenues.—P. W. McChesney, a leading business man of Honolulu, and member of Advisory Council in 1893, is reported by wireless to have been killed this p. m. by falling off a cane car in Kona, Hawaii, where he was inspecting plantation affairs.—Norwegian bark Andromeda arrives in distress, having been dismantled Aug. 29, 2,000 miles east of Honolulu.—The proposed fusion of Home Rulers with Democrats defeated by Kalaupokalani against Wilcox. 24th.—Territorial Treasurer Wm. H. Wright is believed to have absconded per Alameda, leaving a shortage of \$18,000 in public money under his personal care. 25th.—Gov. Dole suspends Auditor H. C. Austin and formulates charges against him of various irregularities. The Auditor strongly resists suspension.—Fire last night destroys Lucas' planing mill.—Senatorial Commission closes its work after a laborious day. 27th.—J. T. De Bolt installed as First Circuit Judge, vice A. S. Humphreys, resigned. 29th.—Death of Father Leonore, a much venerated Catholic missionary.—Death of Miss Mary E. Green, a lifelong and ardent missionary worker for Hawaiians, after two days unconsciousness from paralytic stroke, having fallen in the street. OCTOBER. Oct. 2.—Gov. Dole appoints Secretary H. E. Cooper as his special agent in charge of the Public Works department, now disabled by absence of Superintendent Boyd, and arrest of his deputy, B. H. Wright. Payrolls for past month immediately made out. 5th.—Young James Lucas goes surfing, and is drowned in the breakers beyond Diamond Head, at Niu. Body not recovered. 9th.—Lieut. General Miles arrives en route to Manila.—Board of Registration closes its labors after registering 6,543 voters on Oahu, an increase of 830 over the registration of 1900. 10th.—Cable steamer Colonia arrives from Fanning Island with cable news to Oct. 5th, having laid 3,455 knots of the longest and heaviest stretch of cable in the world from Vancouver I. to Fanning I. 16th.—America Maru from Japan had the rare experience of crossing the vortex of a typhoon, narrowly escaping destruction. Steering gear disabled, she was for some time steered by her twin screws. 16th.—Colonia sails to make cable soundings to Manila, via Midway and Guam. 17th.—Lunar eclipse in early evening. 23.—James H. Boyd, Supt. of Public Works, returned from San Francisco, and satisfactorily explains about the \$3,000 apparently missing. 24th.—J. M. Garrattia instantly killed by premature explosion at Punaluu quarry.—Magnificent display in Halemauau; lava lake 570 feet across, has risen 137 feet since first outbreak in June. 26th.—Jury in Federal Court renders verdict against Tanbara (disbarred) of "guilty" of murder on the high seas. 28th.—J. H. Boyd passes in to the Treasury the sum of \$2,367, deferred payments, in addition to the \$3,000 from Davies & Co. On account of these irregularities, Gov. Dole proceeds to declare Boyd suspended from the office of Superintendent of Public Works. Boyd publishes an announcement declaring such suspension illegal, and that all acts of any other person claiming to be such Superintendent are illegal. 29th.—J. H. Boyd attempts forcible possession of his office of Superintendent.

and is required. At 1:30 p. m. Mr. Boyd was arrested on the criminal charge of embezzling \$1,500, paid by Dr. Cooper and unaccounted for. He was released under \$1,000 bail bonds. 26th.—At 2 a. m. the house of R. H. Peiel on upper Nuuanu street is burned. Mrs. Friel and younger daughter perish in the flames. Mrs. Friel was younger sister of Col. William Cornwall and Mrs. Widdfield. A daughter, Mrs. Nigel Jackson, was also fatally injured. NOVEMBER. Nov. 4th.—Biennial Territorial elections held, after an extremely active campaign of the Republicans, led by Prince Kuhio, against Home Rulers or native party, led by R. W. Wilcox. Kuhio elected delegate to Congress.—Wireless telegraph begins to operate to Kauai. 5th.—Great elation of Republicans over sweeping defeat of Home Rulers. Business hopes revive. 8th.—Cruiser New York, Rear Admiral Rodgers, arrives from Yokohama. The first warship of her size to enter the harbor.—Full returns give Kuhio 6,553 votes as delegate against 4,996 for Wilcox. Republicans elect a large majority of both houses of the Legislature. 10th.—Battleship Oregon anchors outside.—Gov. Dole issues call for extra session of Senate on the 20th instant, to act upon proposed changes in high officials, owing to recent defalcations. 11th.—Wireless reports violent activity in Kilauea. 17th.—Official report gives total sugar crop of these Islands as 35,611 tons for 1902, as against 360,058 tons in 1901. 18th.—Cotton Bros' heavy dredger, moored on Pearl bar, wrecked and sunk by surf in heavy gale.—James H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, indicted by Grand Jury for embezzlement of \$8,271.55. 19th.—End of heavy N. E. gale for four days. No serious marine disasters reported. 20th.—Territorial Senate meets in extra session. 21st.—Hon. J. B. Atherton, suddenly prostrated by lung hemorrhage. 22d.—Furious gale from Northeast. 25th.—Thanksgiving Day observed by services in the churches and by polo and football games. 29th.—Senate after investigation confirms the Governor's removal of Auditor Austin from his office. DECEMBER. Dec. 2d.—Minister Wu Ting Fang here on a visit.—Senate confirms the Governor's removal of James H. Boyd from his office as Superintendent of Public Works. 5th.—Work begins on threading six miles of double cables in the conduits, from Young building to landing place in Kapiolani park. 6th.—Senate adjourns sine die, after confirming the following appointments: Auditor, J. H. Fisher; Treasurer, A. Noah Kepoikali; Supt. of Public Works, Henry E. Cooper. 9th.—New freight steamer Nevada, leaving port at night, without a pilot, strikes on reef, but is soon pulled off by tug Fearless, little damage.—Two bridges on Kauai washed away and two people drowned. 11th.—Protracted discussion of Federal building sites by business men. Much disagreement. 12th.—Dwelling of Poepeo in Kaili valley, destroyed at 6 a. m. by explosion of fifteen sticks of dynamite in the hands of Kekaha, who was blown into fragments. Six others injured and one nearly fatally. 23d.—First shipment of sisal fibre from Hawaii made today, fifty bales of 550 pounds each, from Ewa Sisal Co. Sudden death by hemorrhage of T. S. Nobles, colored attorney.—Final decision of local committee on sites for Federal buildings: For post office and court offices, the former site of Paki mansion, Bishop and King streets; for custom house, etc., the site of the present custom house, extended to waterfront and Alaska street. U. S. Commissioner Schultz accepts these propositions. 26th.—Shore and of Pacific cable laid, from end of same buoyed five miles from shore. 29th.—Cable steamer Anita and of deep sea cable 22 miles out but rough weather forbids touching it. 31st.—Rough weather still forbids cable connection. Honolulu gets no cable news this year.

The greatest danger from colds and influenza is their tendency to result in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of influenza in less time than any other treatment. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii. AFTER EQUINOX. The season has changed. Cold winds, damp air, coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia—that's the order of events. This is the time of year for those with weak lungs or a tendency to heavy colds to fortify themselves against exposure by taking Scott's Emulsion. Regular doses give great protection to the throat and lungs. What's the use of staying near the edge when such easy treatment will keep you out of danger. For obstinate colds, for old coughs, for catarrh and bronchitis Scott's Emulsion is a standard remedy. You can feel the effects of even a small bottle. We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

BY AUTHORITY. Auction Sale of Delinquent Sugar Stock. ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon, at my saleroom, 65 Queen street, Honolulu, I will sell at Public Auction by order of the Treasurer, Mr. Elmer E. Paxton, the following certificates of stock in the Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd., unless the 23rd assessment due October 21, 1902, and delinquent December 21, 1902, with interest and advertising expenses is paid on or before the day and hour of sale at the offices of The E. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald Building, Honolulu: Cert. Name. No. of Shares. 583—R. W. Sharpe 67 968—Miss Whitman 5 1025—Louis S. Gear 25 1267—W. F. Howard, trustee 10 1572—1579-1648—Mrs. M. F. Scott 250 1587—Jou. I. Silva 25 1935—M. F. Scott 48 1990—J. B. Rohrer 150 Honolulu, October 22, 1902. ELMER E. PAXTON, Treasurer.

BABIES AND CHILDREN should be fairly plump. They ought to put on fat as fast as they use it up; for fat is fuel, and the burning of it makes power and force. Thin children—even along to the age of eighteen or twenty—are in danger from consumption, and from other wasting complaints. The children who starve, and the young men and women who are consumed—why, the very idea of it is frightful. For such as they there is always what the Bible calls a "mighty famine" in the land. Food, though it may be taken plentifully, does not nourish them. It makes no fat; it gives no strength. To prevent this, to cure this, to save the young ones at the mother's knees, and the bright boys and girls who are just looking at the world with ambitious eyes, is the purpose of WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION. Its success is decided and settled. Thousands owe to it life and health. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. In building up pale, puny, emaciated children, particularly those troubled with Anemia, Scrofula, Rickets, and bone and blood diseases, nothing equals it; its tonic qualities are of the highest order. A Medical Institution says: "We have used your preparation in treating children for coughs, colds and inflammation; its application has never failed us in any case, even the most aggravated bordering on pneumonia. The children like it, they love the taste of it, it looks good to them, and it builds up their bodies in many little children owe their lives to it." Effective from the first dose. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by chemists here and everywhere.

aid at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon, of said day. The property covered by said mortgage consists of a portion of grant No. 1601 of Kanehahala, situated in Moesaka, North Kona, and being the property formerly leased to W. Akua (Ch) together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deed at purchaser's expense. For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii. Dated December —, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees. G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated May 25, 1899, made by W. M. Kalaivaa of Kahului, N. Kona, Hawaii, mortgagor, to the Kona Trading Company of Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registry office of Oahu, in book 192 on pages 367-368, the said mortgage, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered by said mortgage consists of a part or parcel of land situate at Kealahou, North Kona, Hawaii, containing an area of 20 acres more or less and being Lot No. 8 of the homesteads there situate, together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deed at purchaser's expense. For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii. Dated December —, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees. G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 1st, 1899, made by Jesse Makainai of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liber 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit: 1. Four lots in Kailihi being Ap. 1 and 13 of R. P. 3280 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3695 to Pomakelani and Ap. 1 of R. P. 1592 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahuiku, making in all 6.00 acres. 2. Premises covered by R. P. 3286 1/2 to Mahoe in said Kailihi covering 2.02 acres. 3. A parcel of land in said Kailihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 681 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahola, covering .70 of an acre. 4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoining Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki, and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kailihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Kekio Tract being Lot 12 as described in book 172 at page 115, Hawaiian Registry of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 Land Commission Award No. 5931 to Pelu. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the provisions of a certain mortgage made by John D. Holt, Jr., to Mary E. Soper, dated December 16th, 1888, recorded Liber 187, page 150, now held by Waialua Agricultural Company, Limited, as assignee, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of both interest and principal. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1902, at 12 noon of said day. Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee. Dated Honolulu, December 23rd, 1902. WAIALUA AGRICULTURAL COMPANY, LIMITED, Assignee of Mortgagee. The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: 1st. One undivided ninth share in the property and estate of Owen J. Holt, deceased. 2nd. One undivided twenty-seventh share in the Estate of R. W. Holt, deceased, which estate covers amongst other property, the following tracts of land: The Ahupuaa of Paalaa in Waialua, Oahu, Apana 34 of Royal Patent 4475, in L. C. Award 7713, said to contain..... acres. The Ahupuaa of Makaha, Waianae, Oahu, Apana 5 of Royal Patent 2248, on L. C. Award 16613, said to contain: Grant 225, Kamananui, Waialua, 36 acres. Grant 228, Kamananui, Waialua, 25.8 acres. Grant 431, Paukaula, Waialua, 100 acres. Grant 978, Wahiawa, Waialua, 1943 acres. Excepting 40 acres sold Jones. A lot in Waianae, Liber 9, page 252, 36 acres. All of which is now fully set forth in deed to R. W. Holt, Liber 18, page 95. Interest of said Owen J. Holt in premises in Grant 1092, Waialua, Waianae, 103 acres, covered by deeds recorded in Liber 10, page 103 and Liber 47, page 152. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9, 16.

JAS. F. MORGAN. AUCTIONEER. 2448—Dec. 30; Jan. 2, 6, 9.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS. ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the Estate of Hanai Parker (w), late of Waimea, Island of Hawaii, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, at his office in the Stangenwald Building, in Honolulu, T. H., within six months from date hereof or they will be forever barred. ALFRED W. CARTER, Administrator Estate of Hanai Parker, Deceased, Intestate. Dated Honolulu, H. T., Dec. 10th, 1902. 2443—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed as Administrator of the Estate of David Trask, late of Koolau, Island of Kauai, deceased, hereby gives notice to all creditors of said deceased to present their claims, duly authenticated, and with proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to him, either at his residence or place of business, within six months from the day of this publication, or within six months from the day they fall due. If not so presented they will be forever barred. (Signed) HANS ISENBERG, Administrator of the Estate of David Trask. Lihue, Kauai, December 3, 1902. 2442—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated September 25, 1899, made by Kaluna Kapela and Wahinekapu of Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to the Kona Trading Company of said Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registry office of Oahu, in book 212 on pages 312 and 313, the said mortgage, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII. Franc Robbins Winslow vs. Henry E. Winslow.—Term Summons. The Territory of Hawaii: To the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Oahu, or his Deputy: You are commanded to summon Henry E. Winslow, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 4th day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Franc Robbins Winslow, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition. And have you then there this Writ with full return of your proceedings thereon. Witness Hon. Abram S. Humphreys, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu this 13th day of May, 1902. J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

Territory of Hawaii, Island of Oahu, ss. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original summons in said cause, and that the said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next February, A. D. 1903, Term of this Court. GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii. 2441—Dec. 5, 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated September 26th, 1897, made by Meleana Davis and William A. Davis of Waiea, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, and Ilama (k) of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory aforesaid, mortgagors, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in Liber 174 on pages 123-125 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property covered and conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the District of South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows: 1st. All of the undivided two-thirds interest of said mortgagors in Royal Patent (Gr.) 1586 to Preston Cummings, containing an area of 1371 acres in Waiea, South Kona, Hawaii. 2nd. All of those premises described in Royal Patent 5304, Kulaeua 10,389, to Nuhl, containing 4.25 acres, and situate in Kealla 2, South Kona, Hawaii, and conveyed to said Meleana Davis by deed of Henry Smith, Commissioner, recorded in Liber 172 pages 365-366, records of said Registrar's Office. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. WM. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee. 2445—Dec. 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 1st, 1899, made by Jesse Makainai of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liber 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit: 1. Four lots in Kailihi being Ap. 1 and 13 of R. P. 3280 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3695 to Pomakelani and Ap. 1 of R. P. 1592 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahuiku, making in all 6.00 acres. 2. Premises covered by R. P. 3286 1/2 to Mahoe in said Kailihi covering 2.02 acres. 3. A parcel of land in said Kailihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 681 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahola, covering .70 of an acre. 4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoining Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki, and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kailihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Kekio Tract being Lot 12 as described in book 172 at page 115, Hawaiian Registry of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 Land Commission Award No. 5931 to Pelu. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 1st, 1899, made by Jesse Makainai of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liber 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit: 1. Four lots in Kailihi being Ap. 1 and 13 of R. P. 3280 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3695 to Pomakelani and Ap. 1 of R. P. 1592 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahuiku, making in all 6.00 acres. 2. Premises covered by R. P. 3286 1/2 to Mahoe in said Kailihi covering 2.02 acres. 3. A parcel of land in said Kailihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 681 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahola, covering .70 of an acre. 4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoining Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki, and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kailihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Kekio Tract being Lot 12 as described in book 172 at page 115, Hawaiian Registry of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 Land Commission Award No. 5931 to Pelu. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 1st, 1899, made by Jesse Makainai of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liber 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit: 1. Four lots in Kailihi being Ap. 1 and 13 of R. P. 3280 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3695 to Pomakelani and Ap. 1 of R. P. 1592 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahuiku, making in all 6.00 acres. 2. Premises covered by R. P. 3286 1/2 to Mahoe in said Kailihi covering 2.02 acres. 3. A parcel of land in said Kailihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 681 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahola, covering .70 of an acre. 4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoining Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki, and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kailihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Kekio Tract being Lot 12 as described in book 172 at page 115, Hawaiian Registry of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 Land Commission Award No. 5931 to Pelu. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee. 245—Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9.

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