

RUINS OF CLAUD SPRECKELS' MANSION, VAN NESS AVENUE.



MONTGOMERY STREET, LOOKING TOWARD TELEGRAPH HILL—RUINS OF THE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL IN THE MIDDLE OF THE STREET.

GREATER SAN FRANCISCO PLANNED

While twisted iron girders are yet glowing, bricks smoking and charred merchandise smoldering, plans are being formulated for the rebuilding of San Francisco on the site selected by the fathers, says the Chronicle—a San Francisco that shall make the fathers proud of the inherited pluck and determination of their sons, and excite the wonder and admiration of the world. The ashes and ruins of the city that has passed will give place to great offices and business buildings that will soon arise, and among the stone-bound and iron-girdled sky-scrapers will be oases of green parks, playgrounds and gardens.

The engineering department of the city will accomplish this, and City Engineer Thomas P. Woodward is already working his plans into shape. Streets will be changed, driving thoroughfares widened and beautified, and property will be condemned wherever and whenever such process will work to the general good of the community. In doing this private interests will not be sacrificed; neither will personal holdings be confiscated, but everything taken by the municipality for its regeneration will be regularly paid for.

THE CITY'S OPPORTUNITY.

"This is our opportunity," said Woodward. "It is for us to now make the city that we have dreamed of in the past as it should be. As great sections are to be rebuilt I think that all public-spirited citizens will agree that they should be rebuilt along the lines of art."

One of Woodward's plans is the widening and parking of Van Ness avenue its entire length east to Polk street. This, according to Woodward, would give the city one of the finest boulevards in the world and be an effective fire protection.

From all over the United States come assurances that capital will come as soon as needed. Those who suffered most were large property owners, whose fortunes depend on the rebuilding of the burned district. Within a month Market street will be lined with temporary structures. The Chronicle building, the Claus Spreckels building, Sireve building, the St. Francis, Merchants' Exchange and many more of the first-class structures can be put into good condition. Many property owners living abroad have telegraphed their agents to begin reconstruction at once, and in this they show the blood of their fathers. They may prefer to spend part of their time in the luxurious capitals of Europe, but when it comes to the "show down" they hold by the blood of their clan—California.

NEW BUILDINGS ORDERED.

Antoine Borel has ordered the re-



ST. DUNSTAN HOTEL, ON VAN NESS AVENUE.

building of the McDonough corner, at Clay and Kearney streets, and his other properties. Josiah Howell of Baldwin & Howell has received instruction to rebuild the properties of the Belden estate and the McDonough Estate Company. Howell says:

"It is the sentiment of property owners to keep the city in the same location. There has been an effort to direct business to streets further up town, but I think it will not be accomplished. I believe that the retail district will remain as it was, close to the wholesale district, and that must be as near as possible to the docks."

George Boyd is arranging for the rebuilding of the Market-street properties of the Boyd estate. Mrs. Eva K. Barron, who owned the O'Connor & Moffatt building and the gore at Eddy and Market streets, has ordered the reconstruction of each, and handsome modern structures will replace the old buildings at the gore that had been an eyesore since pioneer days.

With remarkable energy the work of preparing the ground for the new buildings has begun. Wrecking contractors, with their crews, have already tackled the stupendous task; derricks and derrick engines are at work, and within a week, on some of the sites of the pioneer business houses of the city, foundations will be started for the new and regenerated San Francisco.

SPIRIT OF CONFIDENCE.

The managers of the City of Paris dry goods store have been making inquiries for a large lot on which to put up a temporary building. The Scottish Nite property, on the northeast corner of Sutter street and Van Ness avenue, is considered desirable, and may be secured. The intention is to have the "City of Paris" reopen as soon as possible at the old place, Geary and Stock-



LOOKING UP POWELL STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

ton streets. Payot, Upham & Co. are negotiating for the lease of a 50-vara lot in the neighborhood of Seventeenth and Polson streets, to be used for warehouse purposes. The spirit of confidence is exemplified by the offer of former tenants of

the property at the east corner of Market and Fourth streets to pay the former rents as soon as they can get back there. They want to return to the old location as soon as possible. There are other evidences that the value of Market street locations has not depreciated, and that merchants

will go to the down-town district again as soon as they can.

Real estate agents state that larger sites than were had before are now wanted by business houses which formerly used a large deal of space. The demand for large areas is noticeable now with regard to the district between Ninth and East streets and Market and Townsend. Manufacturing, draying and other firms are looking for larger sites. Fifty-varas and larger lots are wanted. Everybody concerned has an idea that the business done in this city will be far greater than it was before.

EASTERN CAPITAL.

Henry P. Sonntag, now located at 25 Broad street, New York, has arrived on a special train. He comes to look over the field for Eastern capitalists, who are ready to put money into real estate here.

Among the news items which he brings are these: D. O. Mills will not only rebuild the Mills building, Bush and Montgomery streets, but make it a considerably higher structure. The United Railroads will put \$3,000,000 into the improvement of its beds and rolling stock, and make its railway system equal to the best to be found anywhere. The size of its power-houses is to be increased. President Patrick Cahoun of the United Railroads is to be here this week. Will Crocker left New York for this city last Tuesday, P. H. Lillien, that leaves this week, and Maurice Schmidt leaves on Sunday. Dudley

Bank of New York shipped \$2,000,000 in money last Friday and \$6,000,000 on Saturday for distribution to banks here.

PAY INSURANCE.

"On the special train on which I came," said Mr. Sonntag, "were many adjusters and other insurance men, and without exception they expressed their willingness to pay in full and settle the matter without a day's delay. When I left the general understanding in the East was that the losses to be paid would foot up between \$100,000,000 and \$125,000,000. Eastern capitalists have every confidence in the future of San Francisco, believing that it will be the second city of the United States commercially. Real estate values have depreciated somewhat in the burned district, naturally, but they will not remain down, for old, dilapidated buildings in the business section having been wiped out, large modern structures will be erected."

Owners of property on Fillmore street are now getting high rents. Bonuses of from \$1000 to \$10,000 are asked and given for one or two year leases of stores on this street. In some cases even a higher bonus than \$10,000 is wanted. In most instances the leases cannot be transferred without the consent of the owner of the property, and the bonus is divided with him. For stores which used to rent for \$25 to \$35 per month as much as \$250 is now paid, and some agents expect that the rates will go even higher, as inquiries from retail dealers grow more numerous every day.

PAY HIGH RENTS.

A client of G. H. Umbson & Co. offered \$500 per month rent for the vacant lot on the southeast corner of Fillmore and Bush streets, and the lease was to have been closed last Wednesday, but another party stepped in and offered not only to give \$600 per month but to erect a \$10,000 building on the lot and let it revert to the owner at the termination of the lease. This proposition was accepted by Hornlein, the owner. The building, it is stated, is to be used by Darby & Immel, oyster dealers and restaurant proprietors.

"If we had store accommodations on Fillmore street," said a member of a prominent real estate firm yesterday, "we could rent them twice over from Haight street to Washington. Flats on Fillmore are now being taken fast by doctors, lawyers and other professional men. Flats which used to bring \$22.50 per month are now rented for \$100 per month. On good corners the rent of a good six or seven room flat is from \$125 to \$150 a month. A single room costs not less than \$25 a month today on Fillmore street. Corporations are using dwelling houses for offices. I expect that by the time the people who were frightened get back to town rents will go even higher. Inquiries are being made for store space on Devisadero street, as there is not enough of it on Fillmore."

FILLMORE THE CENTER.

J. S. Webster, owner of the stores and apartments on the northwest corner of Golden Gate avenue and Fillmore street, who paid Baldwin & Howell the amount of their commission in order to be released from a contract to sell this property, which

(Continued on page 7.)



HOWARD STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, BETWEEN SEVENTEENTH AND EIGHTEENTH STREETS.



SAN FRANCISCO RUINS—LOOKING NORTH ON SANSOME.

FIRES BURNING IN SAN FRANCISCO TWENTY-ONE DAYS AFTER EARTHQUAKE

Business Men at Work in Temporary Offices so Close to the Hot Coals That They Would Seem to Be in Dan- ger of Taking Fire-- No Politics for Ten Years to Come.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—Twenty-one days have now passed since the beginning of the fire which wiped out the business sections of San Francisco, and still the flames are leaping from ruined buildings near the water front. Five large fires were counted yesterday in the vicinity of Spear and Beale streets, showing the wonderful longevity of half smothered conflagrations.

The most curious of these lingering fires was at the corner of Mission and Spear streets, where, on the site of the M. J. Brandenstein warehouse, a huge pile of coffee is still roasting, though long since overdone. Several tons of tea are doing their best to add to the aroma which floats over the spot, and it will be many days before the expensive fuel is exhausted.

Another fire which promises to outlast all others is on the premises of the Richmond Coal Company, on Spear street. Many carloads of coal are burning there, and though the firemen kept a hose playing on the pile yesterday, it does not seem likely that any of the coal will be saved.

The ruins of the Haslett Warehouse Company's building, at 140 Beale street, and that of Taber & Co., in the same locality, are still burning, while heaps of bricks and mortar, from which smoke continues to ascend, are very numerous in this section of the burned district. Under such conditions it is a remarkable sight to see the snug temporary offices that are being erected, so close to the hot coals that they would seem to be in danger of taking fire.

EUF AND GAVIN McNAB TO ELIMINATE POLITICS

A. Ruef and Gavin McNab have agreed upon the elimination of politics from San Francisco for the next decade. At a meeting of the sub-committee on law matters yesterday Ruef said no matter of purely political legislation should be submitted at the special session, and McNab added: "Let us keep politics out of San Francisco for the next ten years at least."

At yesterday's joint session of the sub-committees to which all questions of law before the committee of forty are referred, W. S. Wood suggested that a law should be passed at the special session of the Legislature providing for the making of proof by the title insurance companies as to the verity of their records. These records will have to be made use of, it is supposed, on account of the partial destruction or loss of official records.

Judge Murasky reported that the Sheriff had lost all his records, and that the County Clerk had saved such wills as were in his vault.

Judge Morrow reported that the United States bankruptcy records were practically all destroyed. Some of them were important, and Congressional action will be necessary. All of the District Court records were preserved with the exception of a few which had been taken to the Judges' chambers.

E. S. Heller stated that he had consulted with I. W. Hellman on the subject of municipal bonds, and Banker Hellman expressed the opinion that the conditions relative to the city's bonds should be changed. Instead of having them mature fully in forty years, Heller would extend the period to seventy-five or a hundred years; would have them begin to mature in ten or fifteen years, and would fix the rate of interest at not less than 4 per cent. Heller thought that the city, being quite free from debt, could stand an issue of \$100,000,000 in bonds of this kind, and said that he would be glad to get some of them.

PLENTY OF MONEY IS COMING FROM THE EAST

The transfers of money from the East to the Sub-Treasurer and Mint continue to be large. Those recently received are emergency transfers to corporations, firms and individuals.

Sub-Treasurer Jacobs is receiving United States bonds for cash at the Mint. The method of procedure is for the individual bondholder to communicate to the Secretary of the Treasury in Washington that he wishes to exchange his bonds for cash. The Secretary forwards instructions to the Sub-Treasurer and the exchange is made.

Superintendent of the Mint Leach is in receipt of the following telegram from Secretary of the Treasury Shaw: "Accept thanks for your heroic conduct and that of the men under you. What national banks are there in San Francisco and suburbs in condition to do business? What action of this department would you recommend to relieve the situation? Can you locate Sub-Treasurer Jacobs?"

I. W. Hellman, president of the Wells Fargo Nevada National Bank, the Union Trust Company and the Union Savings Bank, expresses the greatest confidence in the financial situation and the ability of the commercial banks, not only to meet the present situation, but to develop even better conditions than existed before the catastrophe.

"The financial situation is getting quieter and better every day," said Mr. Hellman. "The bankers are all anxious to resume, and none more so than I. In our report made on April 6th of this year we had immediately available in cash \$20,737,340.00, and since that time additional large payments have been made. One of the most encouraging features of the situation is that our deposits yesterday were ten times larger than the withdrawals. While we have over \$2,000,000 of treasury money lying idle in the Mint we

have found no use for it, because more money is now coming in daily than we need."

UNITED RAILROADS RUNNING ALL THEIR ELECTRIC LINES
The United Railroads now has in operation all the electric lines outside of the burnt district and is operating on Market and Mission streets in the devastated section. To meet this business it has 250 cars in service.

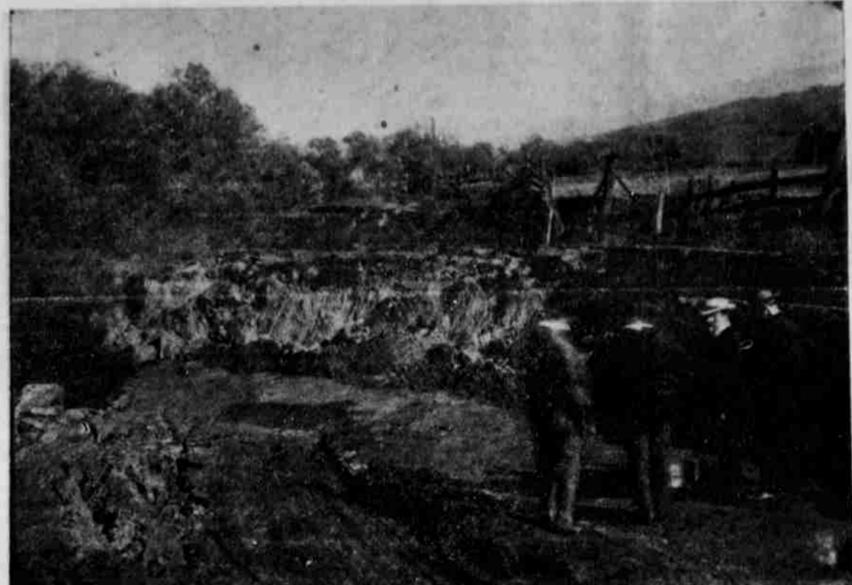
The opening of the lines on Turk, Eddy and O'Farrell streets on Monday relieved in a large measure the congestion on Fillmore street, as they carried their passengers through without transfer. So gratified were the public with these additional street traffic accommodations that passengers on the outboard cars cheered and otherwise gave demonstrations of their approval all along the route from the ferry to Devisadero street.

The United Railroads now has in its employ 2200 men, including platform men on the cars and laborers engaged in various kinds of employment. Since it resumed business it has paid out \$75,000 in wages, which money has been brought from New York, thereby introducing outside or new money into San Francisco. Up to the present the company has been feeding its men at the carhouses but will seek to arrange its business so that the men with families may eat at home. To insure good food for its employees the company will send out men and wagons to the supply markets and purchase the best goods available, and, in turn, sell them to its employees at cost. The messrooms will be maintained in the car barns on a limited scale for the accommodation of those employees who may be single or have no accommodations for supplying themselves with wholesome, well-cooked food at regular intervals.

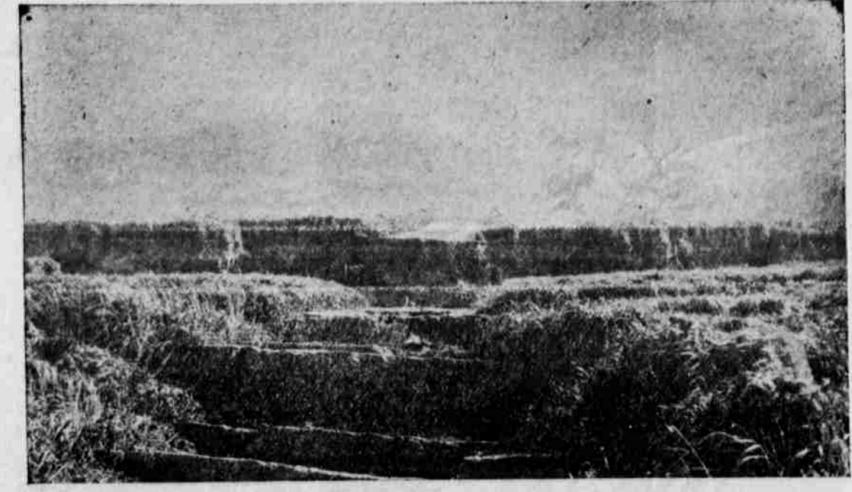
GET FOOD DISTRIBUTION DOWN TO A SYSTEM
Beginning tomorrow at noon, it is planned by Major Felbiger to have five stations for the distribution of hot meals established in the fifth relief section, bounded by Market, Castro, Nineteenth street and the bay. Meals will be furnished to all who apply at a uniform rate of 15 cents. Any person unable to pay the price of a meal will be given a meal ticket at the relief station of the district, which will entitle the bearer to a free meal. The tickets will subsequently be redeemed by the relief committee from the general emergency in absence of the work, D. J. Desmond. All of the five stations had not been located yesterday afternoon when the general announcement was made, but it was definitely known that one would be at Recreation Park, at Eighth and Harrison streets, and another at South Park.

The adoption of the 15-cent meal idea is considered, but it is the proposition of Major Felbiger and his aids, Captains Madden and Fly, that the system will prove highly successful and will ultimately be adopted through all of the seven general relief sections. All persons living in the five districts of the fifth relief section where the food kitchen will be operative tomorrow will have to take their meal tickets and sit down at the common board or on benches. It is planned in that fashion to reduce the number of applicants for food materially. It is a well known fact

EARTHQUAKE SCENES AT SALINAS, CAL.



COUNTY ROAD FOLLOWING THE SALINAS RIVER.



ROAD THROUGH BARLEY FIELD, SALINAS, SUNKEN SECTION IN FOREGROUND.

that thousands of people are taking their places in the bread line who are fully capable of buying what they need. Most of them, so the authorities judge, will think twice before they will accept a meal ticket and sit down at the common mess.

MEAL TICKET SYSTEM TO ELIMINATE REPEATERS

Again it is planned by the meal ticket system to eliminate the thousands of "repeaters," or members of the same family who line up at different relief stations.

D. J. Desmond of Los Angeles, who holds the contract for supplying the five experimental stations with meals, said that he is prepared to live up to his agreement. It is expected that the five stations will accommodate from 15,000 to 20,000 people. Rough sheds will be thrown up with an enormous seating capacity, where hundreds can be accommodated at one time. The success of the system in the fifth relief section will result in its extension to the various other sections.

Numerous anonymous letters have been received by Chief of Police Dinan relative to the looting of cars bringing relief supplies to this city for distribution by the Army, and Colonel Maus has made a statement that cars bearing provisions for the needy here are being entered en route and that wholesale stealing is going on.

He also stated that some of the looting occurred on the ferry-boats transporting cars from the Oakland terminals to San Francisco, and that suspicion had fallen on many for stealing from cars at Third and Townsend streets.

No arrests have been made, but a general investigation is to be taken up by the Army that may lead to the capture of the culprits engaged in rifling the cars.

BODY OF ONE LOOTER FOUND IN THE RUINS

On the body of a man found Friday in the ruins of the California Market were found indications that at least one looter had been overcome by his greed and had perished in the glowing ruins with the goods in his possession.

Men working at the place came across the charred body and reported the find to the Coroner, who sent two of his deputies with the Morgue wagon to make an investigation. They found the corpse, burned past all identification. It was not possible to tell the age of the man or to approximate his appearance, but fragments of the clothing showed that he had been dressed in a black suit of clothes, a fine sweater with white stripes, lace shoes, and that he had been a Caucasian.

The incriminating evidence consisted of pockets stuffed with junk of various sorts and probably little value, looted from the ruins. It was surmised that there was a great wealth of booty to be gathered up among the piles of buildings deserted by panic-stricken inmates, had ventured among the charred walls before the heat and stinging gases were so intense as to have driven them, and that he had broken himself down that or exhausted by greed, had meant his feet or that, possibly, he had been strangled by some mad man, and left among the ruins.

At 9:30

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into his face was more and quick, and the evidence of his rapidity remained when almost all traces of his identity had disappeared.

It was suggested at first that the man was the "black letter" but the letter is accounted for and the finding of the man-filled pockets would seem to indicate the fact that the man was a looter—and to many have fallen from a bullet from a soldier's rifle.

DECLARING A QUARANTINE AGAINST OAKLAND BOOZE

San Francisco has declared a quarantine against Oakland and "across-the-day" whisky. Acting under the orders of Chief of Police Dinan, Captain Martin of the Harbor Station has detailed fifty policemen in plain clothes to patrol the water front and watch for infected or suspected cases. Any men or men in any stage or industry will be promptly returned whence they came, and on the return boat. Any man whose general appearance leads the police to suspect that he may have a flask concealed about his person will be searched and any liquor found will be confiscated after which the bearer will be given a clean bill of health.

The men on the quarantine line were formerly stationed in the tenement, and along Barbary Coast and the water front and are noted for their ability to detect illicit of jag on sight. In addition to this the wharves and piers must be watched for smugglers. Now that blood has resumed its normal circulation, there is any number of men on the lookout for their "mornin's mornin'" and their "evenin's evenin'" and the police are on the watch for "speak easy," "bootlegs," etc., under the guise of a soft drink banner.

Some of the soft drink dispensers were bartenders in the old days and the faces of thousands of rounders are familiar to them, hence they know to whom they may safely hand out a drink that has a barb on each drop. Some places must secure stock and as it is not possible to bring it across on the ferries, launches, sail boats and whitehalls must be resorted to. The situation may yet demand a police launch to overhaul and search every small craft for contraband.

WILD STORIES ABOUT KILLING ARE NOT TRUE

Disproof of the wild stories about people killed by soldiers during the great fire is furnished by the records of the Coroner's office and the records of the military authorities. The only killing of that kind officially known to the Coroner is that of H. C. Tilden, shot by members of a citizens' patrol. Two were killed by National Guardsmen—Joseph Myers and Joseph Riordan.

Coroner Walsh said yesterday: "My office has reports showing three hundred and fifty-eight deaths. In each case, either shortly after death or when hastily-interred bodies were exhumed, an examination was made. We handled just one gunshot case, that of Huber Tilden. In the time of great excitement we heard of many cases of shooting, but the fact that we never got the bodies convinces me that the stories were false. For instance, we were told that three men were shot on East street on the day of the earthquake and buried where they fell. We dug up three bodies at the place mentioned, and Dr. Kueich, my autopsy physician, performed autopsies in each case. These victims, one Chinese and the other two white, were not shot, the condition of their bodies proving conclusively that they were killed by falling walls.

"In all our three hundred and fifty-eight cases, with the exception mentioned, death was due to one of three causes, fractured skull, crushing of the body, or asphyxiation."

PACIFIC MAIL SERVICE ON REGULAR FOOTING

"The earthquake and fire have not affected, nor will they affect, the maintenance of a regular service by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company," announced R. P. Schwerin, vice-president and general manager of the company, who returned from the East a few days ago. "All our steamers are running on a schedule time, both on our Oriental line and to Coast ports. I am just advised that the Mongolia, which is due to arrive on Sunday, is bringing 200 passengers.

The Pacific Mail will continue, so far as conditions will permit, to conduct its business as if nothing had happened. One of the company's new docks has been turned over by the Harbor Commissioners, temporarily, to the Oriental Warehouse Company for the warehousing of merchandise consigned to local merchants who are unable to accept their freight, but as soon as this condition is relieved the two docks will be given to the Pacific Mail. Just how long it will be necessary to continue the storage of merchandise in these temporary quarters I am not in a position to say."

Mr. Schwerin says he has not as yet given any thought to the question of establishing permanent quarters for the general offices of the Pacific Mail. There is a possibility, he says, that the company will return to its former quarters in the Merchants' Exchange, which, he is assured, will be made habitable as soon as the Merchants' Exchange recovers its insurance money.

GREAT SUTRO LIBRARY HAS BEEN SAVED

The Montgomery block escaped unscathed from the fire that devastated the surrounding property, and that fact saved to the Sutro heirs 125,000 volumes, or one-half of the library of Adolph Sutro. After the death of the finest in the United States, containing many priceless original editions and quarters of the early writers, was placed in storage, the heirs being undetermined as to what disposition to make of it. One portion was stored in a warehouse on Battery street, and was destroyed.

Among the other rare volumes contained in the half of the library in the Montgomery block that were saved were a number of early quarto editions of Shakespeare, a collection of misprinted Bibles, notably the "Vinegar" Bible, the first folio edition of Ben Jonson's works, and a priceless collection of pamphlets on the Civil War and the Revolutionary War.

Contained among the books that were destroyed in the Battery street warehouse were 4000 "black letter" parchment volumes written by the monastic monks, and dating from the second and third centuries up to the time of the invention of printing. The collection was one of the most complete of its kind in the world.

ALMOST ALL THE TRAINS NOW RUNNING ON TIME

That conditions in San Francisco and

ASKS FOR CHURCH LOT

An application made by Elder Lorenza Taylor of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, for an acre of land for a site at Kapua, Kaula, has been passed along by Acting Governor Atkinson to Land Commissioner Pratt to find out whether there is any provision in the Land Law of the Territory whereby such a grant can be made.

"I don't think there is any provision," said the Land Commissioner, but he is making a search for it.

Attorney-General Peters, who may be called upon to pass on the matter in the last analysis, says that he does not think there is any such provision in the law, either. There are, however, a lot of references in old laws to church sites, putting them under the jurisdiction of the school department, although there does not appear any provision for the granting of such sites.

There are, or were, two church leases in the Territory although one of these has now expired. This was a lease to the Evangelical Church on a lot in Kaula, Hawaii, containing three and seven-twentieths acres of land. The rental charged for this leasehold was one dollar a year. The Catholic Church holds two and three-tenths acres on a thirty year lease on Kaula, paying the sum of one dollar for the term of the leasehold.

Church property is exempt from taxation by the law of the Territory, but of course there is no official church and so no provision, so far as has yet been found, for the setting aside of lands from the public domain for religious purposes.

vicinity are rapidly becoming normal is evidenced by the fact that nearly all railroad trains are being operated on regular schedule.

In addition to trains being operated to San Jose, Del Monte and Santa Cruz, trains leave the Third and Townsend street station for Tres Pinos daily at 3:30 p. m., and for Los Gatos daily (except Sunday) at 5 p. m. Inbound trains arrive from Tres Pinos at 10:35 a. m. and from Los Gatos at 9 a. m.

The narrow-gauge line between Santa Cruz, Glenwood and Boulder Creek is now conveniently served by several daily trains. Passengers on route to points on this line can leave Third and Townsend streets at 7 a. m. or 3 p. m., or leave the Ferry station at 8 a. m., making direct connection through to destination via Pajaro and Santa Cruz. Returning trains arrive at Third and Townsend streets at 12:15 p. m. and 4:30 p. m., and at the Ferry station at 11:58 a. m. (the Coaster). Passengers from these narrow-gauge points can also make connection with through trains for points on the Coast line, Los Angeles and the East, at Pajaro.

In view of existing conditions the Southern Pacific Company has instructed its agents that the same rates apply to narrow-gauge points, via Pajaro and Santa Cruz, as were in effect when trains were running direct through to Santa Cruz, Wrights, etc.

The regular schedule of local trains from Third and Townsend streets will be resumed as soon as equipment is released from other service and water is supplied, which will probably be in the course of a few days.

For the sake of convenience through trains to Los Angeles, via the Coast line, will continue to be operated from Oakland pier in connection with regular ferry service. This condition, however, is temporary, and as soon as street car service to Third and Townsend streets is in operation trains will start from that point.

QUESTION OF INSURANCE IS OF VITAL MOMENT

An understanding as to what the insurance companies propose to do has been obtained by the committee of forty's sub-committee on insurance. It was secured yesterday at a meeting in the Hamilton School of this sub-committee with a committee from the Fire Underwriters' Adjustment Bureau. The statement there made was, in brief, that the insurance companies would treat policy holders fairly; that no attempt would be made to take advantage of mere quibbles or technicalities; that losses on buildings destroyed by fire would be paid as soon as adjusted, and that the adjustment of losses would proceed as rapidly as possible. The insurance in the burned district is estimated by the underwriters at \$200,000,000.

The committee of insurance men consisted of George W. Spencer, chairman of the Adjusting Bureau; Whitney Palache, chairman of this bureau's executive committee; W. H. Lowden and Washington Irving. Chairman William H. Metson of the insurance sub-committee started the discussion by asking for some assurance as to what the companies proposed to do, and William F. Herrin, James D. Phelan and A. Ruef, members of the sub-committee, put numerous questions, all of which were answered promptly.

SMALL POLICY HOLDERS WILL BE PAID FIRST

It was stated that the question of what would be done in the case of buildings which were partly destroyed by the earthquake before the fire reached them would have to be left for later deliberation and decision.

Metson, in summing up, said: "The understanding is that the insurance companies are as much interested as other concerns in the rebuilding of San Francisco, and that they will pay their fire losses as quickly as their men, working as rapidly as possible, can get them adjusted."

The insurance men agreed that this was correct. "The people of San Francisco will get their money and be able to rebuild," said Spencer.

Spencer, who represents the Actus, said in conclusion: "The losses of small property owners will be handled first and will be settled rapidly. Some are being settled now and as fast as possible by those companies which records are intact. Just as soon as I get my records I will put an advertisement in the papers, asking policy holders to come to my office. I have no interest in Oakland, and I am anxious to get back to my old location as soon as I can."

WANT NURSE FOR KAUALI

MAKAOHELE, Kaual, May 18.—The Waiwala hospital is without a trained nurse, and the ladies of the district have undertaken to provide one whose headquarters shall be at the hospital but whose services may be secured when required, by resident sick throughout the district. For the purpose of raising funds with which to pay the salary of such a nurse, arrangements have been made for a fair to be held on July 14th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Gay at Ke-kupuna. The affair will be given on an elaborate scale; booths will be built wherein will be offered for sale ladies' and children's wearing apparel, fancy work of every description; Hawaiian curios, mats, fans, hats, etc.; preserves, jams, pickles etc.; candy, flowers, potted plants, ferns, palms etc.; fruits, photographs and post cards, burnt work. In addition to these there will be an exhibition of stereopticon views, and a graphophone musical entertainment. A feature of the fair will be a supper which will be served by the ladies. There will be both Hawaiian and foreign dishes and no one will go away hungry. There will be a variety of entertainment such as dancing, target shooting and all the amusing adjuncts of the county fair. The ladies of the entire district are interested in the work and are holding meetings every second week to discuss plans and make articles for the different booths.

The patronesses of the fair will be Mesdames Robinson, Faye, Baldwin and Fassoth. The following ladies will have charge of the different booths:

Mrs. Faye—Burnt work.
Mrs. Baldwin—Clothing.
Mrs. Fassoth—Fancy work.
Mrs. Hofgaard—Preserves, etc.
Mrs. N. Greig—Candy.
Mrs. Landow—Flowers.
Mrs. Ewart—Hawaiian articles.
Mrs. Brandt—Ice cream.
Mrs. Danford—Fruits.
Mrs. Wright—Dining booth.
Miss Decker—Lemonade.

With these ladies at the head, assisted by many others, the success of the enterprise is assured.

Prof. Hart will have charge of the stereopticon and graphophone.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Gay and Mrs. Elston are enthusiastic workers and are doing all in their power to help this worthy cause. A general invitation is extended to the public and the occasion will doubtless be a most enjoyable one.

Mr. and Mrs. Gray are now in Japan but are expected home on June 28.

BULLETINS FOR FARMERS

A number of interesting reports were presented at the meeting of the Board of Agriculture and Forestry yesterday, these dealing with the seed collection and distribution of the department and the precautions being taken to prevent the importation of infected plants and seeds. In the absence of the regular chairman, W. A. Giffard was named to preside, the others present being G. P. Wilder, C. S. Holloway, J. F. Brown, Assistant Entomologist, Kotinsky and David Haugis.

A letter from the plantation managers and the managers of the O. H. & L. Co. and the Dowsett ranch, asking that the forest reserve area be extended to take in the unreserved parts of the Waianai district, was read. In the absence of the superintendent this was laid over.

The bid of John McGilre of \$450 for the construction of 10,500 feet of fence for the Kona reserve was accepted and the work ordered to proceed.

The question of putting a tabu on the gathering of plants and the cutting of evergreens on Tantalus was discussed at length. It had been decided that a permit should be necessary for this, but Mr. Holloway said that only three permits had been issued but the cutting of the foliage went on just the same. It was decided that the ranger was not as aggressive as he should be and Mr. Haugis was instructed to tell him to do some arresting. It was further decided that anyone getting a permit should be obliged to hire one of the men from the bureau to go with the cutter and direct where the evergreens be cut.

IMPORTING FANCY LANTANA.

An inspection of imported plants from 84 vessels was reported by Entomologist Crow, in which a number of infected plants were found and either disinfected or destroyed. Two weeping lantana plants had been sent here through the mail, the owner explaining that they were to be put into hanging baskets. They were put into the fire instead.

A new variety of coffee seed had been imported by G. R. Ewart and turned over to Mr. Haugis for a season's testing before being permanently planted. This variety is the Maragogopie, yielding a large and excellent berry that commands the highest price on the London market. It is said to thrive 100 feet above the sea level to any elevation where Arabian coffee grows and is very free from disease.

The historic oak, sent from Washington to Acting Governor Atkinson, had been found to have a borer industriously at work in the root. The borer was dug out and executed and the oak passed. A number of beneficial insects for "mealy bugs" and "horn flies" were among the imports received by the department.

COAST MARKET CLOSED.

Mr. Kotinsky further reported that a very promising market which had been opened up at San Francisco for early tomatoes and egg plants by a Waialua farmer had been closed by the Coast officials finding melon flies in the egg plants shipped. The mango flowers on Maui and Hawaii were also suffering from a caterpillar of an unrecognized variety of moth.

DISTRIBUTING RUBBER SEEDS.

David Haugis reported the sending out of a circular letter to a selected number of persons on Maui, asking for their cooperation in the making of experiments in growing Ceara rubber. All who accept the rules drawn up by the Division of Forestry will be supplied with 25 seeds, filed and ready to plant, and full instructions will be sent with each seed package. Thirty-two pounds of this Ceara rubber seed has been secured from Fred Meyer of Waianae, which is now being sold at the bureau. The rubber trees at Moanalua were reported in excellent condition and growing well.

Over 5000 farmer's bulletins have been sent the bureau by Delegate Kalaniana'ole for distribution, including many of great interest to Hawaiian farmers. These will be sent to anyone sending in their names to the mailing clerk of the bureau, there being no charge whatever. The bulletins cover the following subjects:

- No. 22—Farm Animals, Feeding of.
- No. 24—Hog Cholera and Swine Plague.
- No. 34—Meats, Composition and Cooking.
- No. 35—Potato Culture.
- No. 36—Cotton Seed and Its Products.
- No. 39—Onion Culture.
- No. 41—Care and Feeding of Fowls.
- No. 51—Standard Varieties of Chickens.
- No. 59—Bee Keeping.
- No. 60—Methods of Curing Tobacco.
- No. 70—Grapes, Principal Insect Enemies of.
- No. 82—Tobacco Culture.
- No. 83—Tobacco Soils.
- No. 91—Potato Diseases and their Treatment.
- No. 94—Vegetable Garden.
- No. 100—Pork Raising in the South.
- No. 118—Grape Growing in the South.
- No. 120—Principal Insects Affecting Tobacco.
- No. 137—Angora Goat.
- No. 140—Pineapple Growing.
- No. 183—Meat on the Farm.
- No. 198—Strawberries.
- No. 205—Pig Management.
- No. 231—Spraying for Cucumber and Melon Diseases.
- No. 235—Experiment Station Work, Various Subjects, XXXI.
- No. 234—Guinea Fowl, Its Uses as Food.
- No. 239—Corrosion of Wire Fences.
- No. 251—Experiment Station Work, Various Subjects.

SPRAINED ANKLE, STIFF NECK, LAME SHOULDER.

These are three common ailments for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm is especially valuable. If promptly applied it will save you time, money and suffering when troubled with any one of these ailments. Sold by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.



RUINS OF THE \$40,000 ARCH AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE STANFORD UNIVERSITY GROUNDS.

ENDLESS VOLCANIC CHAIN ALL AROUND THE PACIFIC

According to geologists there is a "sympathetic feeling" in the volcanic vents which surround the Pacific Ocean as a chain of fire, and extend through California and the northwest. This is demonstrated by the local disturbances which are occasionally felt at about the same time in the various sections.

This almost endless chain begins far away in Tierra del Fuego, appropriately, "The Land of Fire," and it extends along the west slope of South and Central America, where the belt is only about thirty miles wide. But when it reaches Mexico it broadens to nearly eight hundred miles. It touches the Gulf Coast, and causes disturbances in that region. From Mexico the belt of fire extends northward to California, Oregon, Washington and along the coast line of British Columbia. Thence it extends to Alaska, where there are large active craters, and thence through the Aleutian Islands, New Zealand and to the Hawaiian Islands. The burning craters of frozen Alaska, unite this chain of fire of the western world with the old world, including our newly-acquired Philippines, Korea, Formosa and Japan.

In Alaska this belt of slumbering fire contracts to about twenty-five or thirty miles in width—the same as in South America. In California and throughout the northwest the belt again broadens to the width of about eight hundred or nine hundred miles—about the same width as in Mexico. The southern extremity of this molten belt line curves eastward—thus forming the shape of the capital letter "S."

VOLCANOES OF OREGON.

All of the mountains in the Cascade range in Oregon and in Washington have craters either at the summit or on the sides. There are seven in Oregon and five in Washington, ranging from seven thousand to fourteen thousand feet in height. Mount Klamath, 8233 feet in height, is one of the most remarkable extinct volcanic mountains on this continent, and perhaps in the world. It is thirty-five miles north of Lake Klamath, and, strangely, encompasses a lake. It is now as Crater Lake, is about two thousand feet deep, and is surrounded by nearly vertical walls of about the same height above the surface of the lake, which gives the crater a depth of about four thousand feet. Geologists hold that an eruption in prehistoric times blew the mountain's head off, and that the melting of the glacier caused the lake.

Mount Ranier, the highest in the range, contains a bowl-shaped crater almost of exact circular form. This mountain is said to be the grandest and most picturesque single peak in the known world. Lovers of mountain scenery say its picturesqueness consists not so much in its height as in its isolated position, and because it rises almost straight from the ocean level.

ERUPTION OF SHASTA.

Mt. Shasta, crowned with eternal snows, the mecca of tourists and writers, also lost its head in prehistoric ages, according to geologists. It is a typical volcanic formation, and has a double cone. The second, known as "Shastina," or "Little Shasta," is about two thousand feet below the summit. The ambition of tourists is to climb to the summit of Shasta, or at least reach "Little Shasta," to look into the vent, which splits the mountain in twain. One of the immense lava streams extended fifty miles down Sacramento Canon, where it cooled and stopped, as the traces of the flow indicate. This eruption, geologists say, is of very ancient date. Some geologists, however, do not believe that this eruption was of sufficient force to blow out the smaller vent, or Shastina.

Three years ago Mount Hood became very active and threw out sulphuric fumes, much to the discomfort of the natives, especially the noble red men on the reservations. This mountain also lost its head in prehistoric ages, and now retains only its original walls. It forms a picturesque background to Portland, but the recent disturbance did no damage, other than frightening the timid.

Mount St. Helens, which is ten thousand feet in height, has shown activity only once within the last half century. The pioneers, trappers and Indian braves look to the woods, believing that the end of the world was at hand, according to the local chronicles of that time. It was stated that the light from the flow of molten lava was as light as day, and that one could easily see to read a newspaper. But, it is not recorded in local print that any stopped to prove that it could be done.

J. M. SCANLAND, in San Francisco Examiner.



LOOKING TOWARD THE BAY FROM VAN NESS AVENUE.

FREAKS OF TEMBLOR

(Continued from Page 13)

out of alignment. How this could have happened seems inconceivable. It resembles the trick performed by certain dexterous jugglers who pull a tablecloth from a table without disturbing the position of the dishes. Near the two monuments is a narrow piece of stone left standing. A child could push it over.

Over in the Odd Fellows' Cemetery the way the shock affected the three largest monuments is interesting. That of Charles de Young was scarcely disturbed at all, the column supporting the statue being but a little more than an inch out of alignment. Down the graveled road a little way is the statue of John F. Morse, a past grand master of the order. The statue itself has moved forward about six inches at right angles to the slight movement of the column on the De Young statue. One's first impression is that the figure has taken a step forward and will topple over if it takes another. While these two statues escaped serious injury the monument erected in honor of S. M. Parker, the first past grand master in the State of California, and the founder of Parker Lodge, was shattered into a thousand pieces. Up on the hill in the southeast corner of the cemetery it lies in broken ruins, surrounded by beds perfumed by flowers. A cow grazing near the place yesterday lent a jarring touch of incongruity to a scene that awed.

EFFECT OF EARTHQUAKE IN ALL THE CEMETERIES.

In all of the cemeteries this side of the county line the effect of the shock is to be seen, even with a birds-eye glance. Were one to carefully examine all the monuments in Calvary, Masonic, Laurel Hill, Odd Fellows and the old city cemetery the result would be astonishing. The keeper of one of these cemeteries ventured it as his opinion that there weren't three pieces of stone in his cemetery that hadn't been disturbed some way or other. To a sightseer it is an easier task to pick out the damaged monuments than it is to find those that were not affected in some way or other.

In Calvary Cemetery all but the base of the monument to Edward Martin, husband of Eleanor Martin, is lying on the ground. There are fallen cherubim up a winding road to the left of the entrance and Madonnas that have toppled over. A few of the larger monuments escaped, and the mausoleums were not injured seriously. The Donahue mausoleum, with its Madonna on top and its four spires, was unharmed beyond the displacement of one of its corner spires. The W. S. O'Brien mausoleum was not touched, even the glass door remaining unbroken.

Over in the Masonic Cemetery the principal damage was done to the Brittain monument, the tallest in the cemetery. It was hurled to the ground. The Irvine monument suffered some bad twists in its columns, and the Conrad vault was badly damaged. The Judson vault was wrecked and the bust on the William T. Garrett monument lies in the grass. The monument to Ben Freeman, an old California pioneer, was demolished.

The columbarium at the Odd Fellows' Cemetery sustained a crevice in its west wing. This, however, was used for a storeroom and no damage inside resulted. All of the windows are intact. The Schwerin monument near by was thrown from its base. The top part of the Calvin P. Collins monument is twisted considerably out of position and the urn which once surmounted it lies broken on the ground. Opposite the Charles de Young statue is the David Hunter monument, which, had it moved an inch further on its base, would have fallen.

SOME MONUMENTS RUINED, SOME OTHERS ESCAPE.

The new Fair mausoleum, in Laurel Hill Cemetery, all white and shining with its polished marble, weathered the shock with no more serious damage than the breaking of a small Gothic spire on one of its four corners. The Senator Broderick monument, only a few steps away, is minus a capstone and is out of plumb, so that it may have to be rebuilt. The midsection of the Alexander Pope Whitell monument has moved eastward a few inches, and the top section of the Tonjes, Joost monument has moved northward, while the midsection moved southward.

Beyond the county line, down among the beautiful cemeteries of San Mateo county, the damage done was not so extensive as here in the city. The shock may have been as great there as here, but the fact that the monuments and mausoleums are, for the most part, of more modern and more expensive construction perhaps saved them.

The mausoleums escaped damage almost entirely. For instance, in Cypress Lawn Cemetery, the Kohl and the Hobart mausoleums are intact, while midway between them the Hancock monument is demolished, and lies on the daisy-dotted lawn, a pile of shattered marble. Topped spires are everywhere, some of the taller ones being broken into several pieces, besides being broken from their bases.

The gray-green sandstone building which has served as the office of the Holy Cross Cemetery is a wreck! It was affected very much in the same way as the City Hall here in town. The Rudolph Buecklein mausoleum, in Cypress Lawn, stands as it did before the quake, while just across the roadway there lie fallen columns from the Samuel Greer monument, the top section of which is twisted to an oblique position.

Sam George is one who disapproves of the present manner of conducting the scheme of the Forestry, so much so that he established a boycott. Falsely in the guise of a tourist officer, broke the boycott yesterday by arresting Sam for bribery.

FIGHT FOR DELEGATE

"Are you a candidate for Delegate to Congress?"

This question was put directly to W. W. Harris yesterday. The reply, likely to be historic, came in a very soft voice indeed.

"Not as you'd notice it," said Mr. Harris.

And that disposal of one of the so-called "candidates" who are said to be putting up lines to cross the lines of Delegate Kihio and the little Laha change.

There were four of these candidates mentioned, besides Mr. Harris, who has said that his wife is not even a kite string at the first mention.

McClendon, the Sage of Kaneohe, is not coy. Not a bit. Not any more than any wild bird of Hawaii.

As to W. Washington Smith, well, Mr. Harris says he is not a candidate, "so as you'd notice it."

Of course the First Mayor learned a lot in Washington about parliamentary law and things, in fact somebody gave him a book about it.

It takes votes to elect a Delegate, and there is reason for the supposition that when it came to votes G. Washington Smith would be found to be shy.

WATCHING EVERYBODY. This race for Delegate, by the way, is even beginning to overshadow the county fight—and it takes something to do that, because it is the county that has the jobs to give out, and most men in politics in Hawaii are not in it for their health.

THE WORRIED WOMEN. They say men must work and women must weep; but alas, in this too busy world women often have to work and weep at the same time.

WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION a true and sure remedy for the ills and maladies of women. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry.

Mr. Holt said last night that he expected to get more than one hundred thousand more from the outside districts, from Honolulu, Waikanae and the rest. This money will be turned in to the Tax Office before the end of this week.

It is the fight for Delegates that has brought the Hawaiian, whose watch-dog every piece of the country, with its eyes on the lines that may appear anywhere, of the Republic's main-line a white man, the Democrats are ready to get in behind Kihio to a man.

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COFFEE PROSPECTS KEEP FAVORABLE

Willett & Gray's Journal for April 29 has the following advice regarding coffee: They contain much to encourage the growers of good coffee in Hawaii.

The May liquidation is virtually settled by the tenders of May delivery today, and has made no disturbance in the market, nothing more than the changing of the coffee from one hand to another to a moderate degree.

As regards Rio, the information points out that the crop in the State of Rio is almost exhausted, but that some coffee remains in the State of Espirito Santo, which finds its outlet partly from Victoria and partly through the port of Rio de Janeiro.

The spot market is quiet, but steady, and without evidences that a good deal of coffee is wanted. The quotation for No. 7 Rio, on the spot, is 8 1/16c; Rio 4, 8 3/4c, to 8 7/8c; Santos 4, 8 7/8c, to 9c.

They were about ten thousand affected by the disaster, of which about seven thousand were being taken care of in camps. There are now in camp here about seven hundred people, and a total of about four thousand in the city.

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MORGAN REPORT TO GOVERNOR

It Is Not a Part of His Policy to Send a Lot of Idle Men Back to the Islands Now.

424 Scott St., San Francisco, Cal., May 9, 1906.

Dear Sir: Since last writing, a great deal of my time has been spent in investigating requests for transportation to Honolulu, of parties who formerly resided there, and of others who simply had friends there, and who would enjoy a trip.

When I first arrived here, I talked with Mr. Fraser, and he said that it would require several thousand dollars to pay for the passage of those who wished to return. Of course, this matter has to be studied out and decided as the different requests come in, and I can now say that I think that unless some unforeseen cases arise that I will not be compelled to expend more than one thousand dollars (\$1000) in this line.

REVIEW EXPENDITURES. By Dorie yesterday, I received a letter from Mr. L. T. Peck, Treasurer of your committee, with enclosures amounting to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and asking me to disburse said sum as follows:

To Japanese Consul.....\$ 1250 To Chinese Consul..... 1250 To Salvation Army..... 2500 and at my disposal..... 5000

There were about ten thousand affected by the disaster, of which about seven thousand were being taken care of in camps. There are now in camp here about seven hundred people, and a total of about four thousand in the city.

STATEMENT OF HAWAIIAN RELIEF FUND.

May 2, 1906, Don'ts	\$10,000.00
May 2, 1906, Registered Mail	10,000.00
May 2, 1906, Drafts	10,000.00
	\$30,000.00
Disbursements:	
Finance Committee of Red Cross, S. F.	\$15,000.00
Japanese Consul	2,150.00
Chinese Consul	2,150.00
Sanitary connected with office work, back hire, stationery and rent	122.65
Money advanced on passage to Honolulu, said advances to be returned to fund	112.50
Advances for Honolulu orders to be returned	35.00
Relief, passages, assistance and clothes	210.83
	\$18,271.98
Cablegrams	6.85
	\$18,278.83
Balance	17,014.43
	\$40,000.00

have gone away from the city. I was informed that those who had left the places north that had been drawing some of our labor away. The Japanese remaining here are mostly clerks, house servants, merchants, and residents of this city, and there are not many laborers.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO SAN FRANCISCO RELIEF. When I called that I would want thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000) more sent me, I had in mind that the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) should be given as a lump contribution to the Red Cross Relief Committee of San Francisco.

There were about ten thousand affected by the disaster, of which about seven thousand were being taken care of in camps. There are now in camp here about seven hundred people, and a total of about four thousand in the city.

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List of the Names of the Saved Reported Since the Free Cables Were Stopped.

The following list of Honoluluans found safe and well in San Francisco since the discontinuance of Fraser's free cables was received by Acting Governor Atkinson yesterday from J. P. Morgan:

- Howard Kilbride and family, 123 Lyon St.
- Mable Renshaw, 2212 Dalgait Way.
- Mrs. Mary Murphy, Gen'l P. O., S. F.
- Chas. Shipman and family, 181 Delvestere St.
- Mrs. Mary Johnson and family, Duboce Ave.
- Mrs. E. M. Allen and Misses Ward (2), Belvedere Hotel, Belvestere.
- Mrs. Isabel, 577 Fell St.
- Mrs. Agnes Stein, 859 Grove St.
- Hoag, 740 Castro St.
- Mrs. Hughes, 250 Webster St.
- Mrs. A. W. Rice, 4315 Grove St., Berkeley.
- Julius Blumenthal, 404, 14th St., Oakland.
- A. Forest, Sallors' Home, Harrison St. to May 6th afterwards Gen'l. P. O., S. F.
- Geo. A. Aldrich, P. O. Box No. 320, S. F.
- Hall Mc. Claughy Main P. O., 320, and Mission Sts.
- Mrs. Anna Joost and family, 1825 Page St.
- Justin and Gertrude Gales, 2024 Pierce St.
- Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sterna Fabelle, 914 Linden St., Oakland.
- Mrs. Elizabeth Baker and family, 25 Prosper St.
- Mrs. Judge Gear, Napa.
- Geo. H. Paris, care of Byron Jackson Machine Works, 18 Telegraph Ave., Oakland.
- Alfred H. Jengelaus, 306 McDonald Richmond, Contra Costa.
- Pillani Jones, Lane Hospital.
- Tony P. Bento, 2nd Infantry, U. S. A.
- Mrs. Sweeney, 153 Ney.
- Geo. Sackwith, 951 Clay St.
- Mrs. Edith Dood, 3623 25th St.
- Mrs. Kohler, Berthean Hodges, 2501 Scott St.
- Miss Meyer, 332 Spruce St.
- Clifford White, 535 Alvarado St.
- Mrs. Hughes, 535 Alvarado St.
- Eddie Burns, 718 Elm Ave.
- Mrs. Geo. H. Paris, 504 Broderick St.
- Mrs. T. Maxwell, 2611 Pacific Ave.
- Ethel Agnes Palmer, Cottage Hospital, San Rafael.
- J. McKinnon, 119 Elbert St.
- Mrs. Little, 3092 Laguna.
- D. W. Douthitt, 2480 Sutter St.
- Mrs. J. S. Martin, 1844 Val Dez St., Oakland.
- Miss Leonora Martin, 1844 Val Dez St., Oakland.
- J. J. Barry, 2227 Webster St.
- C. L. Rooney, 2082 Union St.
- E. J. Hart, 1945 Capp St.
- Mrs. F. Lawrence, corner Boston and Chicago Ave., Fruitvale.
- Miss E. G. Lawrence, corner Boston and Chicago Ave., Fruitvale.
- Dr. E. E. McKay, 2534 Howard St., near 22nd.
- Edith Cook, Martha J. Scoffey, Leonidas Scoffey, 2612 Webster St.
- Mrs. M. L. Silvers, 1981 Geary St.
- Mrs. M. A. Waterbury, S. W. corner Scott and Waller Sts.
- Mrs. Dougherty, S. W. corner Scott and Missouri St.
- Elizabeth H. Ryan, 1521 Scott St.
- Gerald King, 4124 Gilbert St., Oakland.
- Mrs. C. H. Dacker, 4124 Gilbert St., Oakland.
- Mrs. S. C. Solomon, 4650 24th St., S. F.
- Grace Morgan, 719 West 11th St., Los Angeles.
- Mrs. Carrie Bryant, 729 Girard St., S. F.
- Herbert Thomas, 3225 Folsom St.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

MOVING PICTURES

Moving pictures of scenes in and about Honolulu may be taken by the Edison Manufacturing Company of Orange, N. J. In response to a request of Secretary Wood of the Promotion Committee, the company states that it may send a man down here after he has finished taking views of the destroyed San Francisco.

Orange, N. J., April 25th, 1906. The Hawaii Promotion Committee, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.



BURNED DISTRICT OF SAN FRANCISCO, FROM MINGON HILL.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.

Very truly yours, JAS. F. MORGAN.



SEA AND SHORE. Piled up on the reefs of Kahoolawe Island, south of the island of Maui and in the line of steamship travel from Lahaina to Mahukona, are the remains of the American schooner Olga which sailed from Honolulu May 11 for Mahukona to load sugar for San Francisco.

The captain, his wife and five of the crew were rescued by the Inter-Island steamer Mauna Loa and conveyed to Kailua. The mate and two sailors left the wrecked vessel in a small boat and arrived at Honolulu yesterday afternoon.

The first information received of the loss of the vessel came in a wireless message to President Kennedy of the Inter-Island Company, as follows: Lahaina, May 15, To Inter-Island Steamship Company, Honolulu.

Tuesday, 7:25 a. m. Schooner Olga total wreck on windward side Kahoolawe. Mate and two sailors on way to Honolulu in boat. Captain, wife and five sailors still aboard. Mauna Loa will land them at Mahena tonight. Later in the morning the following dispatch was received: To Inter-Island, Honolulu.

Captain and crew of schooner Olga landed at Kailua. Schooner total loss. MAUNA LOA. The Olga arrived here from San Francisco April 27 with a load of lumber. After discharging cargo she took in ballast and departed for Mahukona on the 11th. The vessel was built at Eureka, Cal., in 1889. She had a gross tonnage of 498 and a net tonnage of 44. She was 164 feet in length, 26 feet beam and 12.2 feet depth of hold. The vessel was well known at the island ports.

Mate Martin Christopherson and his two companions, Felix Lopez and Thomas Williams, arrived here a little after 1 o'clock yesterday. The mate states that after leaving Honolulu the Olga stood to leeward and finally on Saturday night stood into the channel between Maui and Kahoolawe. The vessel was tacked up to make the channel and all of Sunday she drifted in a calm between the islands. On Monday morning the Olga began to edge up toward the beach. Two anchors as well as a kedge anchor were put out but the vessel came close in before the anchors would hold as the water was very deep there. The vessel was within 100 yards of the beach when bottom was found in 100 fathoms. A strong swell was running and finally all the anchor chains parted, leaving the schooner helpless. The Olga was swept up on the rocks, striking between 3 and 4 a. m. on Monday. The rudder was broken off and floated up in a few minutes. Half an hour after striking the boat was half full of water. The small boats were jammed and for sometime none could be launched. It was decided finally that somebody should go to Honolulu for help and the mate took one sailor in a small boat. The instant the boat was lowered a gale sprung up. At 4 a. m. on Tuesday the boat got away from the ill-fated vessel. It landed at Lahaina at 7 p. m. There the mate saw the captain of the Mauna Loa who said he would take the crew of the vessel. The mate then continued his trip to Honolulu. There were left on the Olga Captain Ingaard, his wife, the cook and three sailors. The mate says the vessel is a total loss. The bottom is clean out.

Captain Ingaard is a new master on the Olga, former Captain Waldeck having retired sometime ago. CRUISE OF MARBLEHEAD A MYSTERY. The reported sailing of the cruiser Marblehead for Honolulu en route on a secret mission, which was confirmed by news received yesterday in a private letter to Captain Parker of the naval transport Lawton, is as much a mystery to the naval authorities here as it was to those interviewed on the matter at the Coast. The published reports are to the effect that she has been fitted for sea in a great hurry and despatched on the 9th inst from Mare Island with Honolulu as her ostensible destination.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. ARRIVED. Tuesday, May 15. O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, from the Colonies, 5 a. m. Am. ship Marion Chilcott, Larsen, from Monterey, 5 p. m. Tuesday, May 15. Am. ship Marion Chilcott, Larsen, 15 days from Monterey, 5 p. m. Wednesday, May 16. Strmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kauai ports, at 6:40 a. m., with 460 bags sugar. T. K. K. S. S. Nippon Maru, Greene, from San Francisco, 3:20 p. m. Schr. Ka Moi, from Maui, 8 p. m. Thursday, May 17. T. K. K. S. S. Hongkong Maru, Bent, from the Orient, 5 p. m. Strmr. Claudine, Parker, from Kahului, 4:20 a. m. R. R. Baccantaur, Ritson, from Newcastle, 12:15 p. m. DEPARTED. Strmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, 12 noon. Strmr. Mauna Loa, Simpson, for Kona and Kauai ports, 12 noon. O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, for San Francisco, 4:15 p. m. Strmr. Ikaheke, Naipala, for Molokai and Maui ports, 5 p. m. Strmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Kauai ports, 5 p. m. Strmr. Nona, Peterson, for Mahukona, Honolulu and Kaula, 5 p. m. Strmr. Maui, Bennett, for Mahukona ports, noon. Strmr. Nibau, W. Thompson, for Aiea, 8:15 p. m. Strmr. Nelson, Nelson, for Mahukona, 8:40 p. m.

THE OLD RELIABLE ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

Strmr. Maui, Bennett, for Hawaii ports, 5 p. m. Strmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Kauai ports, 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. Per strmr. Mikahala, May 16, from Kauai ports—S. Lesser, A. Garley, Konishi, H. Dreda, Kee Fat, Ton Chew, G. D. Freeth, Mrs. O. B. Blackstad, Miss Blackstad and 62 deck. Per strmr. Claudine, from Maui ports, May 17—S. A. Deel, H. Haneberg, R. H. Anderson, W. O. Smith, Rev. W. A. Taylor and family, Miss Cummins, Mrs. S. E. Taylor and daughter, Mrs. C. S. Weight, M. Randall, Miss Goodin, Miss S. Amakawa, Thung Chong, A. Borba Jr., Miss A. Paaniala, Master Anu, Mrs. Lyons, J. R. Parker, Rev. S. Myura, D. S. Austin, Dr. Derby, Mrs. South and child.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED. Per strmr. W. G. Hall, May 15, for Kauai ports—Mr. and Mrs. O. Omsted, Mrs. Julian Monsarrat, J. H. Coney, Adj. Hamberry, Mrs. Kamaka Pauro, C. Hoy, Miss A. Levey, T. R. Robinson, Miss Omsted, W. A. Kinney. Per strmr. Likelike, May 15, for Molokai, Lanai and Maui ports—Joe Goldstein, A. C. Dowsett, Nalole, Mrs. Jas. Kapheha, Mrs. A. Caesar, J. F. Brown, Mrs. K. Kauhine, Miss Alice Brown. Per strmr. Kinau, May 15, for Hilo and way ports—Mrs. W. K. Keiwi, T. A. Birmingham, Mrs. J. T. De Bolt, infant and servant; Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss Creighton, F. J. Cross, C. F. Herrick, P. R. Keag, George W. Carr, S. T. Deacon, M. M. O'Shaughnessy, E. Lengeheim, C. F. Peterson, Mrs. Orma Holland, Miss Gelsendorfer, W. O. Smith, A. B. Ebner, Mrs. J. M. Raymond, Master Raymond, A. W. Carter, J. H. Feller, F. J. Hare, R. S. Johnson, Mrs. W. P. McDougall, W. A. Wann, John Powell, A. Hickey. Per strmr. Mauna Loa, May 15, for Maui and Hawaii ports—W. F. Wilson, Frank Gouvala, A. V. Peters, Rev. W. Kalatwa, R. Wassman, Mrs. E. J. Hardee, W. W. Bruner, J. T. Stayton, Miss Lloyd, H. L. Lewis, Miss Noble. Per strmr. Mikahala, May 17—Miss S. Lyman, R. A. Lyman, Miss Clara F. Hemenway, Miss Eva Gonzales, Rev. J. M. Lidgate, Miss Ruby L. Purple, A. D. Hills, K. Roendahl.

TO ELECT DELEGATE. The Organic Act of the Territory makes provision for the election of a Delegate to Congress, but does not provide for the form and manner of his election, nor for the filling of a vacancy if one should occur. Consequently, every Delegate chosen so far has been selected as the result of a "butt-in" on the part of the Secretary of the Territory, who has gone ahead and done things because things had to be done, and done them in the best way possible. Nobody knows what might have happened if these acts of the Secretary in this regard had ever been questioned. What would happen if there should be a vacancy in the office of Delegate is pretty clear. The vacancy would stay until the next regular election, and the Territory would be without a Delegate in Congress. It is to remedy this condition that a bill has been introduced in Congress by Delegate Kalaniana'ole, reported favorably from the Committee on Territories and ordered printed. This bill, after providing specifically for the election of a Delegate to Congress by the voters qualified to vote for members of the legislature, provides: "Such elections shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of every even year and at such places as shall be designated by the Secretary of the Territory. The ballot for Delegate shall be such as the legislature of the Territory may designate, and until provision is made by the Territorial legislature, the ballot shall be of pink paper and shall be of the same general form as those used for the election of representatives to the legislature. The method of certifying the names of candidates for place on this ballot and all conduct of the election of a Delegate shall be in conformity to the general election laws of the Territory of Hawaii. "The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the Governor duly elected, and a certificate shall be given accordingly. "Every such Delegate shall have a seat in the House of Representatives with the right of debate but not of voting. In case of a vacancy occurring in the office of Delegate, the Governor of the Territory is directed to call a special election to fill such vacancy. Provided, however, that no vacancy shall be filled which occurs within five months of the expiration of a Congressional term. "The legislature of the Territory of Hawaii shall have the right to alter or amend any part of the election laws of said Territory, including those providing for an election of Delegate to Congress, and its action shall be the law, with full binding force, until ab-

NEWS NOTES FROM THE COAST FILES

It will cost \$238,000 to rebuild Arizona. The report of a revolution in Cuba is denied. An earthquake was felt in London on May 9. A half million dollar hotel is to be built in Manila. There will be no contest in the Catalane divorce suit. Ten thousand Boers are to be colonized in Venezuela. The Amir of Afghanistan will visit India next winter. A heavy earthquake shock was felt in Chile on May 8. Count de Witte will be appointed Russian Minister to France. Four Indians are dead as a result of a debauch on Florida water. Mark Twain is confined to his bed by an attack of bronchitis. Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison left an estate appraised at \$3,805,925. Not even drug stores are allowed to sell liquor in San Francisco. The school census shows the population of San Diego to be 34,000. Loot from San Francisco is being offered for sale all over the east. The Monte Carlo Casino has just paid the biggest dividend in its history. The people of Santa Rosa are putting up temporary buildings in the town. China has paid America \$6,000 for damages done in the Lianchow riot. Caterpillars are doing serious damage to the fruit crops in Sonoma county. Electric cars are once more running between San Francisco and San Mateo. There are grave fears of a flood in Capay valley, Yolo county, California. The bid of Sneyler & Co. to build railroads in the Philippines will be accepted. The new 20,000 ton battleship will probably be built at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The army transport Logan will load for her next trip at San Francisco as usual. A lumber syndicate has made a purchase that includes all of Mount Washington. The National Convention of Commercial Telegraphers is in session at Cincinnati. The new American Minister has presented his credentials to the King of Serbia. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals will not be removed from San Francisco. Fourteen tunnels are now in course of construction under the Hudson and East rivers. San Francisco has appointed a press committee to give out true stories of the disaster. Augustus St. Gaudens will design the new Jefferson monument to be built at Washington. All steamers crossing the North Atlantic report icebergs and great fields of floating ice. German manufacturers can give San Francisco no structural steel before the end of the year. Count Boni di Castellane has been selected a member of the French Chamber of Deputies. Forty insanity cases a day, mostly due to deprivation of liquor, is the San Francisco record. The New Alcazar, the first San Francisco playhouse, will be opened within sixty days. Edward Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, is a candidate for the United States Senate. William Hanson hurt in a California railroad accident was a San Francisco and not a Honolulu man. The battleship Rhode Island, which ran ashore in the lower Chesapeake, has been floated uninjured. R. M. Smoot, who was in the plot to kidnap President Lincoln, died at Fort Smith, Arkansas, on May 9. New York has become the leading center of the United States for dealing in Nevada mining securities. T. G. Daniels, editor of the Alameda Argus, has been appointed Register of the San Francisco Land Office. Police Judge Cabanis of San Francisco holds court daily on the sidewalk in front of his old court room. Premier Sedden of New Zealand announces a project for a state-owned line of steamers to run to England. It is said that a plot has been discovered among the Boers to seize Portuguese territory in South Africa. The British have taken captive the Emir of Hadeija, one of the most powerful rulers of Northern Nigeria. The government will establish a supply depot and build great transport locks at Fort Mason, San Francisco. An unknown man kicked an American flag along the street in Hoboken and was sent to jail for six months. Dexter J. Perkins, the heaviest taxpayer in Danbury, New Hampshire, was once a pauper lad in the town. Statistics show that American exports to China have increased very largely, notwithstanding the boycott. Charles Birch, a Los Angeles tailor, was run down and killed by a large auto loaded with sight-seeing tourists. The Oakland city council has given the Western Pacific, Gould's railroad, a franchise to run through that city. The British House of Commons has passed a resolution in favor of the reduction of the armament of the powers. The American Civic Association has taken up the fight for the preservation of Niagara Falls from the utilitarians. Three thousand wild horses have been rounded up in Eastern Washington. This is the last herd in the northwest. Because of losses in the San Francisco fire, the Traders' Insurance Company has gone into the hands of a receiver. Nelson Joseph B. Hartwell, who lives there, says that in 800 years from now Aiea will be the center of white civilization. Mrs. Julia Childs of Bayonne, New Jersey, is leading a movement to secure the appointment of women as policemen. The Russian transport Balize struck a floating mine while enroute off Aiea, and is now near Vihigaia, a few weeks ago.

Fainting Spells.

CAUSED BY WEAK CONDITION OF THE BLOOD.

Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the Remedy Which Actually Makes New Blood.

Anemia makes the patient short of breath so that there is often a sense of suffocation, sometimes there is a cough and the sufferer seems to be going into consumption, at others there is a murmur of the heart and heart disease is feared. In the following case severe fainting spells were an alarming symptom resulting from "too little blood." Mrs. George Forrester, of 1 Curtis street, Watertown, N. Y., says: "Some time ago I took a heavy cold and it left me in a very weak condition. I became worse and worse until finally I had anemia. I lost flesh and appetite, had no color and was subject to fainting spells. Sometimes they would attack me suddenly and I would fall to the floor with hardly any warning. I had one of our best physicians, but after he had been attending me about a month without any improvement in my condition, I decided to see what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would do for me. "The pills were well known to me for, about two years before, members of my family had taken them with the best results. I soon found that the pills were just what I needed, for I soon began to notice an improvement. After I had taken them a while longer I was entirely cured, and we all believe in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and recommend them highly." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Forrester because they actually make new blood. They do that one thing and they do it well. Impoverished blood is deficient in red corpuscles. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills increase the number of these red corpuscles and in this way send health and strength to every tissue. Medical authorities are agreed that the health of the nervous system depends directly upon the red corpuscles in the blood and in this way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many nervous disorders as well as blood diseases that have not yielded to ordinary treatment. All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A woman jumped from a ferry boat into the East River and was rescued by a deck hand who knew how to throw a lasso. SELF CURE NO FICTION! MARVEL UPON MARVEL! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR, but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily, and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of the New French Remedy, THERAPION, a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, while thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence. THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, effects a cure, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. THERAPION No. 2, for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, gout, rheumatism, secondary symptoms, etc. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body. THERAPION No. 3, for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of dissipation, worry, overwork, etc. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

A PLAN

(Continued from Page 1)

wise ones say that this Maui scheme was cooked—and spoiled in the getting out of the oven. Many another political cake has been made dough in the same way. For it is wise to catch your man, in politics, before you roast him.

In the meantime, the Lane chaps are continuing to urge the candidacy of Kuhio, in season and out of it, but even the little Lane chaps are preparing for a place for themselves to alight in the event that Kuhio should be turned down. It was whispered yesterday that one of the alternative candidates these had in view was Chief Clerk Buckland, of the Secretary's office, and it is a fact that they might go farther afield and get a worse man for Delegate.

However, this is probably a mere rumor. The whole essence of the Lane movement is the candidacy of a Hawaiian, Kuhio for choice.

If it be not Kuhio, either as a Republican, a Home Ruler, a Democrat, or an Independent, then some other Hawaiian—say, Iaukea, or Palmer Wood, or Notley, or any old body, so long as it be not a haole. It is, in fact, a race matter with the Lane chaps, and nothing else, and they are all in it, although all the Lane Sunday school class are not Hawaiians. They are all in the class for Hawaiian support, and there is reason to believe that the Hon. and Rev. Stephen Desha has added the aegis of his saintly halo to the bunch since he has been in town attending the meeting of the Evangelical Association.

NATIVE—OR WHITE.

As to the possibility of electing anybody but a Hawaiian to Congress, that is a point that is being discussed with a good deal of interest just now—and some diversity of opinion. "Huh!" roared Senator "Link" McCandless, the Sage of Kaneohe, when the matter was broached to him. "You say that the natives would not vote for a white man for Congress? Have the natives ever been given a chance? Answer me that!"

And, as a matter of fact, the natives never have. Neither has anybody else. "The natives are better party men than the white men," went on the Sage; "the records of the past prove it. Look at the vote in the last county election! The native Republicans elected Brown, didn't they? It was not native votes that defeated Jim Quinn, was it? The natives stick to the party."

As Senator McCandless is a white man who wants to be voted for, for Congress, it behooves him to know what the natives would do. It is strange, however, that in his estimate of the native voters and their party fealty the Sage should agree with that Brown Wolf of the Lantana, the wicked Mr. Aebi, who is the most intimate and particular enemy of the McCandlesses. For he dares bring strange men into accord, strangely.

LAME BACK.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the spine and may be cured by applying Chamberlain's Pain-Expeller two or three times a day and rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If this does not afford relief, send for a bottle of Chamberlain's Kidney and Bladder Remedy, which will give quick relief in almost every case. For sale by all druggists and grocers. Chamberlain, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

KINCAID OUT

(Continued from Page 1)

office have endeavored him to a wide circle. "We commended him to the grace of God and pray that his future life may be crowned with rich blessing. "To the church thus deprived of their pastor we express our sympathy and trust that God may soon unite them in the choice of a new leader sent by Him."

THE ANNUAL TEA PARTY.

This delightful social function crowded the chapel. Prominent among the guests was the Governor, A. L. C. Atkinson, who after the refreshments were served occupied the seat of honor at the right of the President of the Woman's Board, Mrs. Doremus Scudder. After a brief devotional preface and a few introductory words the President introduced the Governor, who welcomed the delegates and friends in the name of the Woman's Board. The Governor expressed his pleasure at this opportunity to assure the representatives of the churches that the Executive depended largely upon them for support in his great task that they had the power to back up the laws and secure their enforcement. He added that he looked to them to send representatives to the Legislature to change the present liquor laws, and assured the members of the Woman's Board that he was glad to speak this decisive word for the women of Hawaii. This mainly stand on the liquor question was loudly applauded. After the Governor concluded, the treat was continued for nearly an hour. The Mainland was represented by Rev. Charles Simpson, sister denominations spoke wisely and wittily in the person of Rev. G. D. Edwards, new workers appeared and told their stories briefly but well, the speakers being Mrs. Ruth B. Baker for Kona, Rev. E. G. da Silva for the Portuguese, Dr. Minette Burnham for the new hospital, Revs. K. Yamaguchi and Eugene Siu on behalf of Japanese and Chinese and Rev. R. B. Dodge for Maui. Mrs. M. K. Nakulani, Revs. S. L. Desha and O. H. Gulick interpreted. Singing by a band of Chinese young ladies and a company of Japanese boys added greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion, which recorded high water mark in affairs of this nature. The evening was spent at Kawailaha Church in a rousing song service in many languages. Altogether convention Thursday proved the best yet.

A woman jumped from a ferry boat into the East River and was rescued by a deck hand who knew how to throw a lasso.

SELF CURE NO FICTION! MARVEL UPON MARVEL! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR, but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily, and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of the New French Remedy, THERAPION, a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, while thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence. THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, effects a cure, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. THERAPION No. 2, for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, gout, rheumatism, secondary symptoms, etc. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body. THERAPION No. 3, for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of dissipation, worry, overwork, etc. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

FORECLOSURES

MORTGAGEES' NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated June 25, 1888, made by W. H. Daniels, A. N. Kepelkai, both of Wailuku, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, and J. D. Holt, of Honolulu, said Territory, to Mary S. Parker, W. C. Parke and W. O. Smith, Trustees under the Will of W. C. Lunallo, deceased, which said mortgage is recorded in the Office of the Registrar of Conveyances, in said Honolulu, in Liber 110, on pages 468-471, said Mary S. Parker and W. O. Smith, said Trustees, and Ernest A. Mott-Smith, of said Honolulu, one of the present trustees under said Will as a successor in trust, who together, as the present trustees under said Will, are the present holders and owners of and mortgagees under said mortgage, intend to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of principal and interest thereon when due.

Notice is likewise given that those two parcels of land hereinafter described conveyed by said mortgage will be sold each as a separate parcel at public auction at the front entrance of the court house in said Wailuku, on Wednesday, the 14th day of May, 1906, at 12 o'clock noon of said day. The property conveyed by said mortgage which still remains subject to said mortgage and which will be sold as aforesaid is the two following parcels of land situated in the district of said Wailuku, to-wit: 1. All that parcel of land situated at Wailuku and being the first premises described in a certain deed from A. Barnes to the Alden Fruit and Taro Co., dated November 12, 1885, and recorded in said Registry Office in Liber 87, pages 318 and 319. 2. All that parcel of land situated in the 11 of Kalaheena in said Wailuku and being the second premises described in a certain deed from A. Barnes to the Alden Fruit and Taro Company. Together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto in anywise lawfully attaching. Terms: Cash in United States gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchasers to be prepared by the attorney of said Mortgagees.

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Notice is likewise given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage described, will be sold at public auction, at the auction room of James F. Morgan, on Kaahumanu street, in Honolulu aforesaid, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 12 o'clock noon of that day. The property covered by said mortgage is all that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Auwaloimu, being a portion of Royal Patent No. 4462, L. C. A. 5697 and described as follows: Being formerly a "Lot" and being 15 fathoms long along T. C. Polkapa on the Waikiki side thereof, and on the makai side and adjoining H. Waterhouse, 12 fathoms and 2 1/2 feet and on the Ewa side and along H. Dimonds 15 fathoms, and on the mauka side 9 fathoms and 3 feet, and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagee by deeds of record in Liber 120, page 90 and Liber 231, page 250. Terms cash, U. S. Gold Coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser. Dated, Honolulu, May 1, 1906. E. H. F. WOLTERS, Trustee, Mortgagee. 2739—May 18, 25; June 1, 8.

Energy, Ambition, Cheerfulness, Strength, a Splendid Appetite, and Perfect Health



may be secured by all who follow the example of the young lady who gives this testimonial: "Every spring, for years, I used to have intolerable headaches and total loss of energy, so that the season which should be welcomed by me was a dread for, as the warm, pleasant atmosphere, they brought to me lassitude and pain. A friend advised me to take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla and the first symptom of headache. My appetite improved, and I performed my duties with a cheerfulness and energy that surprised myself. I take pleasure in telling all my friends of the merit of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and the happy results of its use."

There are many imitations Sarsaparillas. Be sure you get "AYER'S." Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A. AYER'S PILLS, the best family laxative.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, said Honolulu, Attorneys for said Mortgagees. Dated, Honolulu, T. H., April 10, 1906. MARY S. PARKER, W. O. SMITH and ERNEST A. MOTT-SMITH, Trustees under the Will of W. C. Lunallo, deceased, Mortgagees under said Mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that the above sale has been and is postponed until Wednesday, May 30, 1906, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, at the place and on the terms above set forth. Dated, Honolulu, T. H., May 17, 1906. MARY S. PARKER, W. O. SMITH and ERNEST A. MOTT-SMITH, Trustees under the Will of W. C. Lunallo, deceased, said Mortgagees. May 18, 25.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE. Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated the 19th day of May, A. D. 1902, made by J. Kumakahiapo of Auwaloimu, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, as mortgagor, to E. H. F. Wolters, Trustee, as mortgagee, and of record in Liber 232, pages 468 to 461, Hawaiian Registry of Conveyances, the said E. H. F. Wolters, Trustee, intends to foreclose said mortgage for breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit: the non payment of the principal and interest when due.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage described, will be sold at public auction, at the auction room of James F. Morgan, on Kaahumanu street, in Honolulu aforesaid, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1906, at 12 o'clock noon of that day. The property covered by said mortgage is all that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Auwaloimu, being a portion of Royal Patent No. 4462, L. C. A. 5697 and described as follows: Being formerly a "Lot" and being 15 fathoms long along T. C. Polkapa on the Waikiki side thereof, and on the makai side and adjoining H. Waterhouse, 12 fathoms and 2 1/2 feet and on the Ewa side and along H. Dimonds 15 fathoms, and on the mauka side 9 fathoms and 3 feet, and being the same premises conveyed to said Mortgagee by deeds of record in Liber 120, page 90 and Liber 231, page 250. Terms cash, U. S. Gold Coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser. Dated, Honolulu, May 1, 1906. E. H. F. WOLTERS, Trustee, Mortgagee. 2739—May 18, 25; June 1, 8.

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of the latest dates and Photographic Material of every description.

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a specialty, and satisfactory work guaranteed.

Give us a trial!

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THE PIONEER PHOTOGRAPHIC DEALERS, FORT STREET, NEAR HOTEL.