

THE HONOLULU REPUBLICAN.

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Ghina Practices Deceit and Prepares For War Against World

THE LAST MESSAGE WRITTEN BY MINISTER CONGER'S OWN HAND.

It Was Dated July 4th and Said There Was Grave Danger of a General Massacre By Chinese Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The following cablegram has been received at the Navy Department from Captain Charles M. Thomas, commander of the Brooklyn:

"CHEFU, July 24.—Navigation Bureau, Washington—Written message, signed Conger, dated July 4, received at Tientsin, July 21, says: 'Been besieged two weeks, British legation. Grave danger, general massacre by Chinese soldiers who are shelling legation daily. Relief soon if at all. City without government except by Chinese army. Determined to massacre all foreigners in Peking. Entry of relief forces into city probably will be hotly contested.'"

Five days ago when Minister Conger's telegram saying: "In British legation, under continued shot and shell from Chinese troops. Only quick relief can prevent general massacre," was received, a thrill of joy was felt in Washington over the belief that the members of the legation were still alive. This dispatch purported to have been forwarded on the 18th. In the light of the dispatch from Capt. Thomas it is now believed that the message from Minister Conger was sent on the same date as that from the Japanese Minister—June 29th—and that it has been held up by the Chinese Director of Posts until the last possible moment. When the American Government insisted, through Chinese Minister Wu, that it be allowed to get a dispatch through to Peking, this message of Conger was released as the reply to the American cablegram. The fact that it bears no date tends to confirm this suspicion. It is altogether likely that the Conger message was sent a week before the date of the reported massacre in Peking, and that in the interim it has been in the possession of Chinese officials. If this view be correct, it indicates that Sheng, the Chinese Director of Telegraphs, is in league with the Boxers, and that all of the so-called official messages reporting the safety of the legations have been falsehoods, concocted to deceive the powers and delay the advance on Peking until the Chinese shall have mobilized their army and been prepared for attack.

SIR CLAUDE MACDONALD'S APPEAL

FOR RELIEF FOR THE MINISTERS.

LONDON, July 24.—The Foreign Office has received a dispatch from the British Consul at Tientsin, dated Saturday, July 21, stating that he had just received a letter from Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister at Peking, and dated July 4, appealing for relief. There were enough provisions at the legation to last a fortnight, the letter said, but the garrison was unequal to the task of holding out against a determined attack for many days.

There had been forty-four deaths and about double that number wounded.

The Foreign Office thinks the dispatch does not affect the main question of the reported massacre of members of the legation at Peking.

PARIS, July 24.—Four dispatches from the French Consul at Tientsin, dated severally July 13, 14, 17 and 18, and forwarded from Chefoo July 18 to 20, have been received by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse. The dispatch dated July 13 says a courier from Peking relates that since June 20 the Foreign Ministers have been besieged in the British legation, and that the marines were making a vigorous defense. The supply of ammunition was low, and the peril of those in the legation was great. Up to the time the courier left Peking the loss of the marines had been sixteen killed and seventeen wounded.

The Consul had received no dispatches forwarded from Paris since June 20.

CRAFTY CHINESE PLAYING

THE POWERS AGAINST TIME.

LONDON, July 24.—All the world now believes that the foreign envoys at Peking have been massacred, and that Christendom is being made the victim of a cruel hoax in the form of daily messages from Chinese sources stating that they are alive.

With hopes raised to the highest pitch by the Conger message, only to be dashed when the dispatch was discredited, the whole civilized world has been kept in suspense by these official bulletins from China.

In spite of Sir Claude Macdonald's letter to the German Consulate at Tientsin, stating that the envoys were alive on July 4, the British Government believes that all have been massacred.

Lord Salisbury says that the letter only tends to strengthen the conviction, and he has very little hope.

Each day since the alleged Conger dispatch was sent out, a dispatch has been received at the capital of one of the powers in interest. Each has announced the safety of the Ministers. Each dispatch was sent to a Chinese Minister and by him communicated to the Government. Every one of these dispatches has emanated from Sheng, Director-General of Telegraphs at Shanghai. Every one of these telegrams the civilized world now believes to be a lie.

This shrewd, unscrupulous Chinaman, knowing that no power in the world can secure information from Peking, is using his position as an absolute censor of news to keep up the hope that the foreigners in Peking are alive. His object, undoubtedly, is to delay the advance of the allies; to dull the edge of the world's indignation and to ward off from the head of that arch conspirator, Prince Tuan, the vengeance of an outraged civilization.

Sheng is cunning. He knows that his messages may be discredited, but he knows, too, that they cannot be proved false. He knows men and the value of time. The advance of the allies now, which would threaten the integrity of the Chinese Empire, will, he believes, become a punitive expedition if he can only delay it two or three months. He knows that the truth must eventually come out, but until it does, he is hoaxing the world to suit his own conveniences.

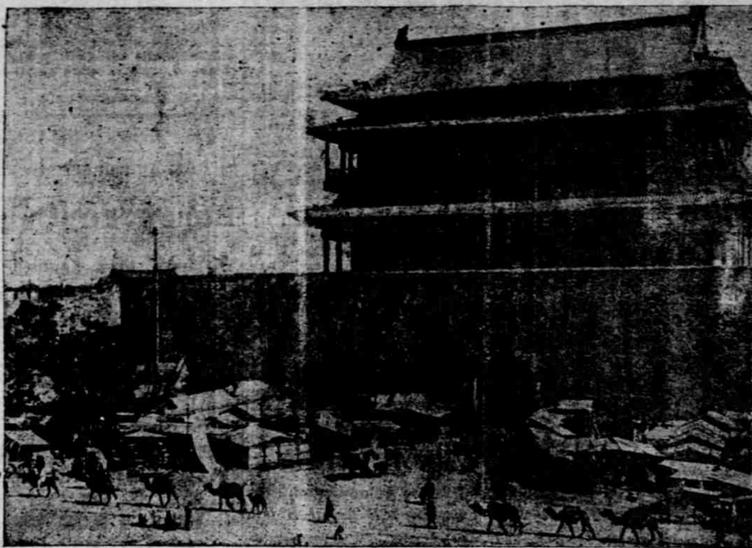
Convinced that this is the situation, Lord Salisbury, Ambassador Choate and several other Ambassadors, held a conference this afternoon, but no conclusion on a plan of action was decided upon. None of the Ambassadors had any proposals to make, and each sought information.

And thus Sheng's scheme is working out. The allies, undecided, delay and give him time. Their armies are at Tientsin, but they do not advance, and at the European capitals the governments are debating "What shall we do?"

Still Sheng, not satisfied with the saving of time by fanning the spark of hope that the Ministers are alive, sends out appeals to the President of the United States and European potentates. They are signed ostensibly by Kwang Su, whose name as the deposed Emperor, is bound to elicit sympathy. They ask for mediation. They are considered and acceded to, and Sheng gets time. He is crafty, he apprehends the fact that the powers are jealous of each other's influence in China. He hopes that this jealousy may become inflamed. He adds fuel to the blaze by setting one power up to interfere for China. He knows that any proposals it may make will be looked upon with suspicion by all the others. Then he plays his trump card. He promises to deliver the Ministers at Tientsin. He sends his promise in a dispatch to the Chinese Minister at Washington, and has it delivered just

(Continued on Page 2.)

GATE OF PEKING.—RESCUE OF FOREIGNERS AND LEGATIONS WAS ONLY POSSIBLE BY THE PASSAGE OF ALLIED FORCES THROUGH THIS GATE.



VICEROYS PREPARING FOR WAR AGAINST THE ALLIED FORCES.

Mandate Issued at Canton Which Shows That Foreigners Are to Be Expelled and a Bitter Warfare Is to Be Waged Against the Christian Nations.

LONDON, July 26.—The Daily Telegraph publishes this dispatch from its special correspondent:

CANTON, Tuesday, via Hongkong, July 25.—Viceroy Taksu to-day published the following mandate.

"An important imperial decree was issued on the 23d day of the sixth moon saying:

"We have lost Tientsin. Great precautions have been taken in Peking. No peace can be obtained without going through war.

"In the time of Chungow the agreement is made that no murder can be committed on Ministers from abroad. It is a month since the Minister from Germany was assassinated by the Boxers. Strict orders have been given to arrest the murderer:

"We are trying our utmost to preserve the lives of the other Ministers. They are still in safety. For fear that the Viceroys and Governors may misunderstand the intention of this decree and rely on the safety of these Ministers as a ground for making peace, let them—taking no heed whatever—prepare for attack and defense. Neglect in fortifying the districts under their jurisdiction will bring endless calamity. The Viceroys and Governors are to pay all their attention to and urge on preparations for coast attack and defense. They are to take the consequences in case of any territory being entirely lost through their delay or mismanagement."

Europeans here understand thoroughly the last part of this edict, which states that Viceroys and Governors are commanded by the Dowager Empress to prepare for a Chinese war against the allied forces. Viceroy Taksu is bitterly anti-foreign and is increasing his armaments, military and marine. His plans will be unmasked soon after the allied powers ascertain definitely the facts concerning the massacre in Peking, which are being sedulously concealed.

Chinese gunboats infest the channel at the back of Shameen. Eighteen Chinese gunboats lie below the Imperial Government wharf awaiting orders.

The Cantonese are daily becoming more hostile and the situation is critical. Business is almost at a standstill, and the leprosy and plague claim fresh victims daily. Native Christians assert that the notorious Black Flag, Chief Lao, who inflicted reverses on the French in the Tonquin war, now refuses to obey Li Hung Chang's command to go north and fight the Boxers. His soldiers are here and compose the crews of the gunboats in the Shameen.

Chinese Paper Says it Is All Over With Members of the Legations.

LONDON, July 26.—The Daily Mail publishes this dispatch from its special correspondent:

"Shanghai, Wednesday (urgent).—I have received further information from a native employe who escaped from Peking to Nihwang. He states that when he left Peking a majority of persons in the British legation were dead and the condition of the living was hopeless. This witness, who was an interpreter and writer at the British legation, states that Sir Robert Hart died on July 2.

"No other dates are given in the message from Miu Chwang. The leading Chinese newspaper here published yesterday a dispatch declaring that it was all over with the members of the legations. The president of a minor board at Peking wrote to a relative in Shanghai under date of July 9, saying:

"The foreign legations are still uncaptured, but owing to the daily fighting it is rumored that only about 300 persons are left alive in the legations, and if there is any delay in the arrival of the relief force I fear that none will be left to receive it."

"This letter is regarded in Shanghai as authentic. Strange enough it says nothing of any assistance to the legations by Prince Ching or General Lung Lu."

Three Battalions Coming West. NEW YORK, July 23.—Three battalions of the Fifteenth Regiment, stationed on Governor's Island, will go to San Francisco. They will take two carloads of provisions, medical stores, canvas warehouses, hardware and intrenching tools. The first battery of artillery from Fort Wadsworth and the first battery from Fort Hamilton will take the place of these three battalions on the island.

RUSSIA HAS ALREADY BEGUN WAR AGAINST THE CHINESE EMPIRE.

Believed That a Protective Force on the Railroad in Manchuria Has Been Annihilated.

St. PETERSBURG, July 25.—In the opinion of the Russian General Staff, the protective force on the railway between Charbin and Tilien must be in a critical position, since no definite news of the situation there has been received. All that is known is that the wives and children of the workmen have fled to Charbin.

The detachment, which numbers 200, was at the end of June threatened by 15,000 Chinese, with artillery. As late as July 17 it had not been heard of either at Charbin or Sungari, and it is feared that the force has been annihilated.

Colonel Artamohoff, of the Russian General Staff, a well known traveler, has been ordered to proceed to Kwangtung and then to place himself at the disposal of the Governor of Port Arthur.

General Sacharoff, Chief of the Russian General Staff, wires under date of July 24, from Mikhailo, in the Semenovskaya district:

"I am advancing. Today we bombarded the fortified post at Lauschi. The garrison fled, and the post was burned and its walls destroyed."

Admiral Skrydeloff, commanding the Russian squadron in Chinese waters, has received precise instructions to bombard Chinese coast towns immediately on receipt of confirmation of the reports of a massacre at Peking.

RUSSIAN GENERALS SURPRISED AT CHINA'S PREPAREDNESS FOR WAR.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A Sun cable from St. Petersburg says: An imperial ukase, dated to-day, orders the Minister of War to proclaim a state of war in the military districts of Siberia, Turkestan and Semiretchensk, and to summon all reservists in those districts to join the colors.

A state of war has been declared in Amour district, embracing the towns of Blagovestchensk, Khabarovsk and Vladivostok. There is general surprise in military circles at the energy with which the Chinese are entering on the campaign in Northern China, at the admirable state of preparation in which their armaments are, and at the effective use they are making of their weapons. Further extensive movements of Russian troops in Central and Eastern Asia are in progress. There is no doubt that Russia intends to bring her Asiatic forces generally up to the fullest possible strength. It is also noticeable that troops are being moved in the vicinity of Merv, on the Afghan frontier.

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND RUSSIAN SOLDIERS EN ROUTE TO CHINA.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.—Three hundred thousand soldiers from the various military districts are en route for China. While no information is given out as to the destination of this force, it is believed an early attack on Peking is contemplated.

One hundred and eighty army surgeons went through here on their way to Khabarovsk, to join the forces that are proceeding to the front. Several strong Red Cross corps will shortly be sent to China by way of Moscow. There are at present 400 military ambulances in operation with the Russian army. Prince Chakhovskiy, the head of the censors' department of St. Petersburg, has issued an order to all newspapers in Russia forbidding them to mention the movements of the Russian army or to give any information concerning the preparations for war.

Dispatches from Moscow say that the municipality of that city is arranging to give a farewell banquet to the local soldiers that leave this week for China.

Three thousand Russian troops have arrived at New Chwang from Port Arthur. Their advance is blocked by a force of 10,000 Chinese regular troops, well drilled and armed, and a battle is imminent. The Chinese are on the defensive, but will not permit the Russians to proceed.

DECLARES THAT SHENG IS A GREAT SCOUNDREL.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A Times' cable from London says: Sheng is the most notorious of all the scoundrels I have ever heard of among Chinese officials. Some six years ago the private memoranda of an old, high placed official of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company were put into my hands to be read for instructions. They constituted a most interesting human nature document, and this man Cheng turned up continually as the arch rogue of the piece. His function was that of Taotai at Tientsin, under Li Hung Chang, Governor of the province of Chi-li. This at least was his ostensible position. His real office was that of negotiator with foreign traders, commission-seekers and representatives of rival powers in quest of special privileges. In this capacity he became the best bribed individual in China, or rather, I fear, that he and his master together feeced royally. Again and again money was taken from both sides, and both sides were betrayed with most unblushing effrontery. Now and again the scandal got so open and complaints became so loud that Earl Li was constrained to exhibit great official wrath against his peccant subordinate, and more than once he ostentatiously dismissed him from his position as Taotai of the city. Within a week or two Sheng invariably came up again smiling and endowed with more ample authority than ever.

From his long familiarity with the affairs of the telegraph company, among other European enterprises, and his well established astuteness and fertility of resource, I have not the slightest hesitation in expressing my belief that he probably possesses the secret cipher of every foreign power

represented at the court of the Emperor. This being so, what was to hinder Sheng from concocting an answer to Mr. Hay's message? I refuse to believe in the honesty of Li Hung Chang. That he is a man perfectly devoid of scruple I have not the slightest doubt, and that he hates foreigners, except so far as they minister to his greed, I am also certain. The only prominent men upon whom the powers desirous of helping China, and free from all designs against its autonomy or independence, can rely are the Viceroys of the two Hu provinces, namely, Chang-shi-Tung and Li-La-Kien. These are understood to be men of greater acquaintance with Western ideas and civilization than any of their colleagues and also swayed by patriotic motives.

HEAVY ARTILLERY BEING RUSHED TO THE ORIENT.

FORT RILEY, Kas., July 22.—Rush orders have come for the Seventh United States battery of heavy artillery at Fort Riley to proceed with all haste to the Orient, calling for orders at Nagasaki. General Merriam promulgated the order in Denver. The battery was organized during the Spanish war, and since that time has been idle. The equipment embraces the heaviest calibre guns in the service, with a full complement of mortars, attended by 250 men and ten officers.

French Forces in China.

PARIS, July 22.—The Matin this morning publishes full details regarding the expeditionary corps of France which will participate in the operations in China. The corps will consist of two brigades, one of marines, under command of General Frey, and the other supplied by the War Department, commanded by General Bailion. The total French force will number 13,000 men.

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HONOLULU, H. T. AUGUST 2, 1900.

WEATHER YESTERDAY.

Mean Temperature—78.07 degrees. Minimum Temperature—74 degrees. Maximum Temperature—86 degrees. Barometer at 9 P. M., 29.96. Moon Low Point for the Day—47. Mean Relative Humidity—65. Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 9 A. M.—.45. FORECAST FOR TODAY: Partly cloudy; light showers morning and evening.

WHY CHINA EVADES.

Day after day the world has anxiously been waiting to ascertain whether or not the ministers in China were still alive. Despite the fact that China's representatives in Europe and the United States have been able to communicate with their government, none of the governments of Europe nor the United States have been able to communicate with their representatives in the Chinese capital.

All the while giant preparations for war have been going steadily forward throughout the empire, and it is the general belief of the civilized world that the worst concerning the fate of the members of the foreign legations and those who had taken refuge in them has not been told.

Throughout it all the trickery, duplicity and deceit of the Chinese has stood out prominently. To every student of the Chinese character there is but one solution for it, and that is the object of gaining time. Sheng, the director of the Imperial telegraph in China, is an avowed hater of foreigners, and if he could get messages through from Peking to Minister Wu in Washington it is reasonable to suppose that he could with equal facilities get messages through from Minister Conger to his government, were Mr. Conger alive.

As President McKinley well said a few days ago, when Minister Wu was protesting that the members of the foreign legations were still alive: "Let us have a dialogue with Minister Conger." But the request was not complied with, and very evidently for the reason that Minister Conger had long since been murdered, or else had taken his own life to escape the tortures of the fiendish Chinese.

Even Prince Li Hung Chang, great man as he is, is not trusted now, when it is seen what China is doing in trying to play the powers off against each other while she mobilizes an army for the protection of Peking which will make the entry of that city by the forces now proposed by the allied powers impossible. In the south edicts have been issued by the Viceroy, calling the people to arms and urging war against the foreigners. Generals or local officials who lose territory or towns are notified that they will suffer death.

Every student of affairs in the Far East realizes that China has committed the greatest crime in history in cruelly bombarding the foreign legations and killing their inmates and that she now seeks time by her evasions and deceit to so fortify and arm herself as to defy the world.

That she will be allowed to do this none believe. Christianity and civilization must wipe out this foul blot upon the page of history, great though the task be, and China must be brought to her feet before the onward march of progress and compelled to make ample restitution for her most bloody work.

Greater gallantry was never shown on the field of battle than by the battalion of the Ninth Infantry which the gallant Colonel Liscum led in the attack upon the walls of Tientsin. Of 426 men in the battalion five officers and ninety-one men were either killed or wounded, a total loss of 22 1/2 per cent. More than one man in every five went down before the Chinese fire, and yet these brave men held their position until nightfall, when they retired, carrying off every one of the killed and wounded. The story of the fight, published in another column, is as thrilling as anything ever written by Stephen Crane.

Morris M. Estee, an attorney of character and prestige, is in Hawaii to establish the United States District Court. This will be accomplished on Saturday and will mean one more step forward on the part of the United States in relation to Hawaii. It is a matter for congratulation that so able, learned and just a man should have been called to inaugurate and preside over the highest courts in the realm.

It will be hard for Secretary Hay to make the American people believe that peace is possible, even if Minister Conger and the members of the American Legation have all been murdered. The feeling that the old Jewish law, "An eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth," is right, in such cases, is so strong that undoubtedly the people will demand swift retribution for China's atrocities.

Prince David was like the gentleman from Georgia last night—he wanted the chairman to tell him where he was at.

CRAFTY CHINFSE PLAYING POWERS AGAINST TIME.

(Continued from Page 1.)

when he knows his plea for mediation by the United States is about to be answered.

He knows what the result will be. The United States, being territorially disinterested and opposing the partition of China, will be listened to by the powers. They will consider well any suggestions she may make, and Sheng will gain more time.

Efforts of the most vigorous kind continue for obtaining authentic news from Peking. At the Chinese Embassy a correspondent was informed that "imperial edicts cannot lie," but the embassy fears that any attempt by the powers to advance to Peking will result disastrously for the Ministers, and Sheng gains still more time.

The Japanese Minister, referring to the MacDonald letter, said: "I regard the news as very serious. I fear it confirms the reported massacre of July 6. Conger's message shagot my belief in the massacre, but MacDonald's message strengthens my first impression."

"I altogether discredit the Chinese messages with regard to the safety of the foreigners. They are all humbug."

"LET CONGER SPEAK," WAS THE PRESIDENT'S DEMAND.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—"Let us have a dialogue with Minister Conger," This, as stated laconically by the State Department today, is the substance of the whole reply of President McKinley to Emperor Kwang Su, who desires the United States to mediate between China and the European powers and Japan.

The propositions of the President, which have been condensed into three, are all embraced in one concrete proposition enunciated by the President through Secretary Hay on July 19th, which is as follows:

"The purpose of the President is, as it has heretofore been, to act concurrently with the other powers, first in opening up communication with Peking and rescuing the American officials, missionaries and other Americans who are in danger."

It can be stated as from official sources that the United States will withdraw its forces from China, whether or not Kwang Su accepts the terms of the President as enunciated today. It was stated on the very highest authority today that even if the Emperor should accept the demands of the United States, the final arbitration should take place at Peking, and that the objective point of the United States at the present time is Peking.

PEACE POSSIBLE EVEN IF MINISTERS ARE MURDERED.

CLEVELAND, O., July 25.—Secretary of State John Hay was shown the cablegram from Captain Thomas, U. S. N., referring to the message presumed to have been received from Minister Conger and dated July 4. "This message," said Secretary Hay, after he had read Conger's transmitted message, "does not necessarily contradict the message supposed to have been sent by Mr. Conger July 18 in response to my message to him. The state of affairs represented in this message of the 4th may still prevail. I hardly think Captain Thomas would have transmitted the message to the Navy Department unless he were sure of its authenticity."

Neither of the messages, however, change the situation. Whether they are genuine or not, the course of this Government, the course now being pursued, must be the same. The State Department is acting on the supposition that it has heard nothing from Minister Conger since July 12. China is at peace with the world, so far as the official facts are concerned. As yet no cause for war has been proved. Russia is not at war with China. It must not be thought that the only outcome of the present situation is a war, even if the worst that has been published is true. There is always a possibility of avoiding war. If the worst feared proves to be true, there may still be reparation without war. The situation is one of terrible uncertainty, and nothing that has come or purported to come from our Minister at Peking has lessened the danger or uncertainty."

FEDERAL COURT. It Will Probably Be Opened on Saturday Morning.

As quarters have been prepared in the Judiciary Building, it is more than likely that United States Court for the District of Hawaii will be opened on Saturday morning of this week. The first business will be the presentation of the commission of the Judge, Hon. M. M. Estee, and the various officers, all of which warrants will be spread on the records of the tribunal. If there is any pressing business which will be taken up in chambers, it will, if present, receive attention. There are already rumors of a couple of habeas corpus matters fomenting.

In some manner, perhaps by appointment of Judge Estee, a committee of bar members will be chosen to formulate rules for the court, these rules, of course, being subject to approval, disapproval or amendment by Judge Estee. After the rules are adopted the roll of members of the court will be made up. Nearly if not quite all the attorneys of the territory are keen to be admitted early to practice before the United States District Court, which will have original jurisdiction in maritime matters, certain bankruptcy proceedings and issues of certain kinds between residents and non-residents. There is plenty of work ahead for the new court.

BUSH EJECTION SUIT.

Supreme Court Holds That the Territorial Cannot Be Sued.

The Supreme Court rendered an opinion yesterday, the first in the history of the Territory. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Frear, Judge Humphreys acting in place of Justice Perry.

The case was John E. Bush, Mary J. Bush, A. K. Kuniakua and Kahiloua vs. the Territory of Hawaii.

An action of ejectment to recover possession of certain parcels of land situated in the city of Honolulu, part of what was formerly known as the

Charles Kanaina estate. The defendant demurred generally, and the sole question necessary to determine is whether ejection lies against the Territory.

The court holds that ejection does not lie against the government under the Act of March 16, 1899, relating to suits against the government.

Mr. Bush alluded to this case last night in his speech at the Democratic ratification meeting, and which is reported elsewhere in the Republican.

BACK FROM GERMANY.

Otto Isenberg and Family Return on the Australia.

Otto Isenberg, wife and family of Kekeha, arrived on the Australia yesterday. All of Kaula is anxiously awaiting the return of Mr. and Mrs. Isenberg, who are known the length and breadth of the Garden Isle for their kindness and hospitality.

They have been traveling in Germany on account of Mr. Isenberg's health. Since taking the trip he has improved greatly and returns to the islands much benefited by his vacation.

While here the family will be the guests of Mrs. James Campbell, who is Mrs. Isenberg's sister.

PREDICTS DEMOCRAT SUCCESS.

McClanahan, the War Horse, Talks of Bryan's Chances.

E. B. McClanahan, the attorney, returned from the mainland in the Australia yesterday, where he went on business matters, which proved a success. During his visit abroad Mr. McClanahan took in the Democratic National Convention at Kansas City.

Mr. McClanahan is confident that Bryan will be elected, and stated that the Democrats would not only carry all the States carried by them in 1896, but by a stronger vote than before. "Though the 16 to 1 plank has not been abandoned, the fight will be won on anti-imperialism," said he. The enthusiasm over the Hawaiian delegates at Kansas City was intense, the climax being reached when Hawaii was called on the roll of States and Territories.

John Wise got up to make the usual nomination, but was forced by the enthusiastic audience to mount the platform, where he shook his head until compelled by the uproar to make a speech. "The outlook, on the whole," continued Mr. McClanahan, "is very bright for the Democrats, I think, though I found the Republicans equally confident."

The business which took Mr. McClanahan to the mainland was the floating of Wahiawa sugar stock, in which he met with great success, capitalists agreeing to take \$2,500,000 worth. Mr. Schuster, an expert broker, will be here shortly to look over the Wahiawa property.

BAIRD TALKS ON POLITICS.

SAYS OUTLOOK FOR REPUBLICANS IS VERY BRIGHT.

Western States that Were for Silver Will Now Go to McKinley.

Colonel John C. Baird, the United States District Attorney for the Territory of Hawaii, was met at the Australia yesterday morning by a number of old friends from his commonwealth on the mainland. Among those to greet the Federal appointee were Joseph G. Pratt and wife, W. H. Goetz and wife and Ed Towse and wife. With Colonel Baird and son on the steamer were Charles A. Bon and wife, also former residents of Wyoming.

The District Attorney, from his voyage association with the returning national convention delegates and other island people, aside from the fact that he has been closely watching Hawaii for a number of years, enabled him to have a pretty fair idea of what to expect here. It was in one of the suites of the Snow cottage at the Hawaiian Hotel grounds that a Republican reporter found Colonel Baird in the afternoon. The newcomer said that he was more than delighted with the appearance of everything, that the city exceeded by far any expectations he had entertained, and that he was simply charmed with the hospitable manner in which he had been treated at San Francisco, on the steamer and on his arrival. He said at once that he intended to make Hawaii his home for all time.

A biographical sketch of the District Attorney has been published in this paper, appearing in the first number. Colonel Baird, who has long had an intimate knowledge of affairs political in the States, commented in this wise on the situation and outlook in portions of the transmississippi country: "Four years ago Bryan carried Wyoming by a few more than 1000 majority. This fall the State will go into the McKinley column by a majority of not less than 2500 to 3000. Some members of the State Republican Committee say the figure will be not below 5000. Senators Clark and Warren and Representative Mondell are leading the battle and have strong support. There are not in Wyoming any longer either Silver Republicans or Populists. Those crazes have passed into political history. At Cheyenne, where they have the big McKinley club of the State, men who defected four years ago and many old-line Democrats are joining for campaign labor. "Colorado is going back into the Republican camp, though there is a majority of about 95,000 to overcome. The Republicans who left the party four years ago are now satisfied that they were mistaken. They are more than satisfied with the Republican administration and are campaigning as hard as possible for McKinley and Roosevelt."

There are strong indications that Utah will go for McKinley. The fact of the matter is really that the business men everywhere and the workmen everywhere have had their eyes opened to Bryanism and are for continuance of the present administration and the present prosperity. "The Bryanites have given up New York already, and will fight in such States as Maryland, Indiana, Ohio and Wisconsin. They claim to have discovered disgruntled Germans in Wisconsin, but all the Germans seem to be shouting for McKinley. Ohio is safe enough, and the Republicans are not losing sleep over Maryland, while Indiana, with its renowned factories and

glass and iron works, will roll into the Republican column gracefully."

Byron K. Baird, son of the District Attorney, will be his father's clerk and stenographer. The young man has just left the State University of Colorado. He is an able giant, with strong liking for athletics, and for his business of life will take to the law.

THE CONVENTION AND SENATOR C. D. CLARK.

Delegate Parker and Others Talk About the Great Convention.

Genial Sam Parker, Judge Kepoikali and C. B. Wilson arrived on the Australia yesterday. Fresh from Republican achievements at Philadelphia? Well, not hardly. They stayed over a train or two in Wyoming; in fact, a week or two, and that means that they were the guests of Senator Clark. And what a time they had! If you don't believe it, ask them.

"The feature of the Republican convention," said Sam Parker to a Republican reporter, "next to our reception, was the selection of Roosevelt for the Vice-Presidency. I firmly believe that Teddy didn't want the nomination, but it was forced upon him. We wouldn't take no for an answer, and Teddy is there. He will make a great pace-maker for Billy Bryan."

"Did I go to Canton?" Indeed I did, and learned more of President McKinley's pleasing personality than I had ever known before. But say, Clark gave us a great reception. He's one of our kind of people. We're very fond of what it was in Chicago after the Senator met us."

"Great time? I should say so," said C. B. Wilson, after quaffing his glass of apollinaris. Philadelphia is a great city, but the convention exceeded my expectations. Never saw such enthusiasm. Our reception by Senator Clark? Ask Sam about that."

ENTERING PARADISE.

That Was the Impression of Court Reporter C. F. Reynolds.

C. F. Reynolds, official reporter for the United States District Court, arrived on the Australia yesterday.

Mr. Reynolds is a Californian and a thorough American. He is very favorably impressed with his first glimpses of Honolulu.

"I am charmed with what little I have seen," said Mr. Reynolds to a Republican reporter yesterday. "When I entered your harbor yesterday I thought I was entering paradise. People complain about the heat, but it isn't near as warm here as it is in California. I think Honolulu and the Territory has a great future. I have been most hospitably received."

New Money Order Offices.

Postal Inspector Flint announces that he established three new money order offices yesterday, as follows: Hamakua, in Maui; Paia, Maui; Hoolaloa, Hawaii. This makes fifty money order offices in the Territory.

Waiting on the Court.

Robert W. Cathcart, administrator of the estate of James Dodd, says that he has the diamond stud which Mrs. Rebecca Dodd has brought suit to recover. He is awaiting the decision of the court before surrendering it.

FINANCIAL.

BISHOP & CO. BANKERS.

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CLAUS SPRECKELS. - WM. G. IRWIN.

Claus Spreckels & Co., Bankers.

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DRAW EXCHANGE ON - SAN FRANCISCO - The Nevada National Bank of San Francisco.

LONDON - The Union Bank of London, Ltd.

NEW YORK - American Exchange National Bank.

CHICAGO - Merchants' National Bank.

PARIS - Credit Lyonnais.

BERLIN - Dresdener Bank.

HONGKONG AND YOKOHAMA - The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRIA - Bank of New Zealand.

VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER - Bank of British North America.

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COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ACCOMPLISHED.

THE BANK OF HAWAII.

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CAPITAL \$400,000.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Charles M. Cooke, President; P. C. Jones, Vice-President; C. H. Cooke, Cashier; F. C. Atherton, Assistant Cashier.

Directors: Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

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European Rugs

We have ever handled at prices that cannot be repeated, as the present Duty on these lines is prohibitive. They comprise: TAPESTRY, AXMINSTER, KIDDERMINSTER, VELVET PILE, KINGSWOOD, DAG DAG, and BODY BRUSSELS in CENTER, SOFA and DOOR MATS, HALL and STAIR CARPET in Tapestry, VELVET PILE and BODY BRUSSELS, in Great Variety.

JAPANESE JUTE RUGS, STRAW MATS and MATTING, LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH, COCOA FIBRE MATTING, DOOR MATS always on hand at

E. W. JORDAN

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A splendid large lot on Beretania Street near Miller Street is offered at a bargain for a short time only. For full particulars call at my office.

FOR SALE.

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FOR SALE.

A large piece of property in Chinatown very cheap.

FOR SALE.

A beautiful home, Waikiki, lot 75x120, only \$3500.00, on easy terms, a snap.

FOR SALE.

Lots and houses and lots in all part of Honolulu.

OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO.

TIME TABLE.

From and After January 1, 1900.

STATIONS: Honolulu, Ewa Mill, Waianae, Pearl City, Kahuku.

OTWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

INWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

STATIONS: Kahuku, Pearl City, Ewa Mill, Honolulu.

OTWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

INWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

STATIONS: Honolulu, Ewa Mill, Waianae, Pearl City, Kahuku.

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STATIONS: Honolulu, Ewa Mill, Waianae, Pearl City, Kahuku.

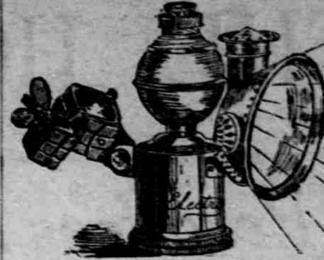
OTWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

INWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

STATIONS: Honolulu, Ewa Mill, Waianae, Pearl City, Kahuku.

OTWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.

INWARD: Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily.



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By the "AUSTRALIA."

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REPUBLICAN RALLY

AND RATIFICATION MEETING. All Republicans are requested to assemble at the Drill Shed at 6:30 p. m. SATURDAY, EVENING, to take part in the parade and

M'KINLEY AND ROOSEVELT RATIFICATION MEETING

Returning Republican Delegates to the National Convention will TAKE PROMINENT PART. Parade will form on Miller and Beretania Streets.

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O. H. Walker, AMNAGER.

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Read The Honolulu Republican.

FIERCE FIGHT BEFORE WALLS OF TIENSIN. How Colonel Liscum Led His Brave Soldiers.

HAD JUST SEIZED THE COLORS WHEN A BULLET FROM SHARP-SHOOTER'S GUN LAID HIM LOW. Misunderstanding of Orders Caused the Americans to Suffer Heavy Loss--Brava Work of Japanese.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The Evening World publishes the following from its Tientsin correspondent, under date of Chefoo, July 19, via Shanghai July 21: The attack on the native city of Tientsin on July 13 resulted in the narrowest escape from what seemed up to midnight would be a terrible disaster for the allies. The Russians swinging north and the other allies south, at daybreak the Russians were to take the fort near the native city wall and the other allies the city itself. General Fukushima, the Japanese commander, promised that the Japanese engineers, after three hours' shell fire from all guns, would cross the bridge over the wall, blow up the great south gate, making a breach for the infantry to enter. Upon this depended everything. General Fukushima had not scouted the bridge, and in twenty-four hours had not scouted the ground over which the charge on the bridge had to be made. The Chinese destroyed the bridge and flooded the land around it. The allies' shell fire in no wise subdued the Chinese rifle fire from the loopholed wall, which was thirty feet high, with a moat twenty feet in depth around it. An outer wall of mud made it impossible for the infantry and marines coming on the field to reply to the Chinese fire. They lost fifty men in ten minutes, then rushed back from the mud wall, which they had reached. General Dorward, the British commander, hastened forward with a fragmentary, instead of an integral skirmish line. The American marines and the Welsh Fusiliers, together, under command of Waller, were on the extreme left. Then the British infantry and the French advanced with the Japanese along the road toward the gate in the mud wall. Dorward's plan for the Americans to support the Japanese was not made clear to Colonel Liscum of the Ninth United States Infantry. Dorward lays the blame for the blunder and sacrifice of life on Liscum, but Dorward's chief of staff was heard to say when Liscum moved: "Get in down the road anywhere, quickly." Colonel Liscum hurriedly led his men through the gate in as open order as possible. They were immediately under fire. The staff saw a field which proved to be a cul de sac. Before the two battalions of Americans, numbering 425 men, could enter themselves they were subjected, besides the fire from the loopholes in the forts, to a fierce fire from the embankments in a line of fortified mud-houses on their flank. Three thousand rifles probably were turned on them with an accuracy which has amazed every officer among the allies. The blue shirts of the American troops made them distinct marks, whereas the khaki uniforms of the allies could not be seen. Colonel Liscum, guiding his men, walked up and down the line, not even ducking his head while the bullets fell around. The Americans charged into the flank fire with rushes. The ground over which they charged was marshy and lined with ditches. It was evidently Colonel Liscum's intention to rush the houses from which the flank fire was coming, and thus get a position for flanking the wall. At 12:30 o'clock the line had just reached the shore of the canal, and thirty yards separated them from the houses when the color-bearer fell. Colonel Liscum picked up the colors and stood looking around apparently for a ford. "Better get down or they'll hit you," shouted Major Regan. "I guess not," was Liscum's reply. The next instant a sharpshooter's bullet went through the colonel's abdomen. "I've got to be said, as he fell. "Get at them, if you can," the dying officer said, and added, as his last words: "Don't retreat, boys; keep on firing." Regan was hit immediately afterward. All day long the allies lay under any cover they could find, running out of ammunition. The July sun was beating down on them, and they had nothing to drink but the salty marsh water. Meanwhile, the wounded came straggling and crawling through the gate in the mud wall. There was no order. They were sent anywhere without men to carry the litters. The doctors were hit by the sharpshooters while trying to attend the wounded of the Ninth. They could not attempt to carry off the wounded from the bloody field. Major Regan, Captain Bookmiller and Captain Noyes were all hit twice. Noyes, who was adjutant, was hit in the arm before going in the field, and then hit in the leg. He crawled back through the ditch with water to his neck to report the situation to Colonel Dorward. At 1 o'clock General Fukushima reported in writing to Dorward that the Japanese were in the city. I could see the loopholes blazing bullets and lydite shells. No infantry could charge in the face of this fire from 2 o'clock until 5. Thus, as a consequence, neither Dorward nor Fukushima knew each other's whereabouts. Under cover of darkness the men of the Ninth crept back from their dangerous position, bearing their wounded. They executed this movement with the loss of one man killed. The casualties were 91 men and 5 officers out of 425. The marines lost 39, including Captain Davis, who was shot through the heart while talking to Colonel Meade on the night

of July 13. It was decided to withdraw when news came that the Chinese were evacuating. The Russians were not so successful as hoped during the day, and the total loss of the allies was 700. The Japanese losses were severe. The Japanese were most gallant in the fight. But for the Americans stopping the flank fire, the Japanese loss would have been much heavier. The French, Japanese, Americans and British entered the city at 2 o'clock on the morning of July 14. Their entry was unopposed. The American flag, at half-mast, was hoisted over the south gate. The walls were strewn with the corpses of Chinese soldiers killed by the shell fire, which caused their flight. None, apparently, were hit by bullets, the damage being done by lydite shells. "There is a terrible row over the burning of the town. Several foreign officers are reported lost. The tired soldiers remained on the walls. The natives went looting through the Chinese town. The bank and the arsenal were heavy sufferers. An advance on Peking is not contemplated soon. The American wounded crowd the hospital, but all are doing well. The flags of the allied armies are all half-masted. Col. Liscum was buried at Tong-fu.

THINKS IT WILL AFFECT THE WAR PARTY.

Chicago, July 25.—A dispatch to the Record from Tientsin, dated Saturday, July 21 (via Shanghai) says: Today's performance will break the backbone of the Chinese war party. At daylight this morning the combined forces turned their attack upon the Chinese left, which was penetrated. As the Russians failed to make a suitable bridge across the canal, the Chinese made a smart counter attack on our right and left outposts. This was repulsed by a handful or two of men, who fought with great bravery, but with heavy casualties. No American was injured. At 1 o'clock in the afternoon the allies bombarded the native city and after an hour of magnificent work by two 4-inch guns and three 12-pounders the fort and adjoining military pagodas were in flames. Their destruction was complete. The fort replied feebly with a few rounds, when one gun got the exact range and fired several lydite shells. This is the fort that has been shelling Tientsin since June 17. The allied forces have spared the portions of the native city from which operations have not been directed.

CASUALTIES IN THE TIENSIN FIGHTING.

London, July 21.—The Daily Express has received the following from Tientsin, dated July 18: The casualties in the three days' fighting before the native city of Tientsin exceed 10,000. It is now certain that there were several Russians and Frenchmen fighting on the Chinese side. The Chinese killed their own women in order to prevent them falling into the hands of the Russians. Yesterday the whole native city was in flames and the stench of the burning thousands of corpses was unspeakably horrible. Among the incidents of the fighting on July 13th were the precipitate flight of 500 French troops from Annan. They had been ordered to hold an important front, but on being charged upon by the Chinese bayonets the entire detachment became panic-stricken.

KEMPF'S REASONS FOR NOT BOMBARDING.

Washington, July 25.—The Navy Department today made public the mail reports of Rear Admiral Kempf explaining his reasons for refusing to join with the ships of the other powers in the attack on the Taku forts and giving an account of the attack. Admiral Kempf also encloses the report of Commander Wise of the Monocacy. Rear Admiral Kempf's explanation for refusing to participate on the attack on the fortifications of a power with which we were at peace is warmly commended by Secretary Long.

CLAIM SOLDIERS ARE KILLING THE BOXERS.

Tientsin, Friday, July 20.—Chinese coming in from the country report that the Chinese soldiers are killing the Boxers wherever the latter are seen, giving as a reason that the Boxers deceived them into embarking on a hopeless struggle. An intelligent Chinaman said he regarded this as a sign of widespread dissension. It was only a matter of a short time, he declared, before the same state would exist in Peking, when, in all probability, Jung Lu, commander-in-chief of the Chinese forces, and Prince Ching would be able to regain sufficient influence to make peace, especially if the foreigners in the capital were safe. This appears to represent the general native opinion here as far as it is possible to ascertain it. In the meantime reliable news as to events in Peking and whether the foreigners are alive is entirely lacking, or is only obtainable from Chinese sources, and even this is most meagre and contradictory. It is now thought that the forward movement of the allies will take place earlier than was first intended, possibly by the end of this month; but nothing definite will be decided before the arrival of General Sir Alfred Gaselee, commanding the Indian contingent. A runner who arrived from Peking yesterday, reports that the foreigners

were safe on July 16th and that there had been considerable fighting between the Boxers and soldiers inside the city.

Trying to Arrange a Surrender.

Taku, Saturday, July 21.—Chang Yi has unsuccessfully tried to arrange with the General commanding the Peh Tang forts for their surrender. The General refused to surrender the forts, but said that if the foreigners did not attack him he would agree to maintain a neutral attitude.

SUFFERING THREATENED AT CAPE NOME.

Condition of Affairs at the Gold Camp are Causing Alarm.

Washington, July 23.—The Secretary of the Treasury has received a letter from G. Rudolph, living at 825 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y., on the situation at Cape Nome, Alaska. The department sees no reason to doubt the trustworthiness of the story told by Rudolph, and suggests its publication. It is becoming daily more apparent to the officials that the conditions in the new gold field are almost certain to result in great suffering during the coming winter especially as epidemics of smallpox and typhoid fever are threatened. Rudolph takes a very gloomy view of the outlook at Nome, where he arrived on June 12th, and whence he departed on June 20th. Of the men working on the Nome beach, he says, not one was taking out enough gold to pay for his grub. The only place where he saw gold being taken out, he says, was between the beach and the tundra, and there men were only making wages of \$7 to \$10 a day. This place, he says, is about three-quarters of a mile long, and it is all taken up by about 500 men. Like the beach, it is now nearly worked out. Along the several creeks, the writer says, probably 1500 men were at work. Of general conditions at Nome, Rudolph says: "When I left 20,000 men were in the district, and the only work was in unloading or putting up new buildings. The former task kept about 500 men busy and the building employed 300. When I left, June 20th, between 500 and 1000 were arriving daily. I went up on the San Blas, which made a trip on to St. Michael and brought down 300 men. The Aberdeen, on which I came back, made two trips and brought a few more than 500. Several other boats made one or two more trips to St. Michael and brought more. There are far more destitute people at Nome than people on the outside know of. The water wells I saw were from twelve to fifteen feet deep, and are sure to be contaminated by all these people being huddled together. When I left there were tents twenty deep and three miles long. Now you don't want to forget that it took more than fifty vessels to bring all these people to Nome, to say nothing of over 5000 coming from the Yukon. There are no inducements for the steamship companies to send their vessels back again for a busted mob. You may think that I am a cold-foot miner, but ask any miner who was in that country whether he saw any gold dust in circulation. That is the way to tell a good camp. In eight days I saw only one man pay for a purchase with dust. When asked about it, he said it was from the Klondike."

Washington, July 23.—An attempt has been on foot some days to arrange between the powers now operating in China for an international cable connecting the base of Chinese operations either with Shanghai, Port Arthur, Yokohama or some other point through which more speedy communication can be had with the outside world. The State, War and Navy Departments here have all been parties to the conference, which has been conducted with a great deal of diplomatic secrecy. Both the War and Navy Departments have been flouting for months past on a trans-Pacific cable, and consequently have all the necessary information at their fingers' ends. The War Department now has fifty miles of cable ready to ship to Manila, to be followed by 400 more about the last of August. This was to be used for inter-island communication in the Philippines, but the urgency of the case may cause it to be diverted toward China. No point has yet been decided on for either end of this international line, but Chefoo and Taku have both been discussed for the Chinese terminus. It is 600 miles by water from Taku to Shanghai, the terminus of the English cable. It is less than 100 miles from Taku to Port Arthur, but the Russian land lines, both in Corea and Manchuria, have been subject to much serious interruption. The expense of this undertaking according to the present tentative arrangements, will be borne jointly by the powers interested. It is impossible at present to give a fair estimate of the time that would be consumed in carrying out the project, but it is probable that the United States is in a position to do the work more quickly than any other nation.

New Bicycles CHAINLESS at \$75.00, \$65.00 and \$60.00. CHAIN at \$50.00, \$45.00, \$40.00, \$35.00, \$25.00. Acetylene Gas Lamps LIBRARY \$9.00, LANTERNS \$1.00, BICYCLE \$3.50, DASH \$4.00, CARRIAGE \$15.00 pr.

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DAVIS & GEAR. Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Rooms 202, 203 302, Judd Bldg. Co. Fort and Merchant Sts., Honolulu. GEO. A. DAVIS. GEO. D. GEAR.

FREDERICK W. HANKEY. Attorney-at-Law. Corporation and Maritime Law, Campbell Building, COR. FORT AND MERCHANT STS., Honolulu, H. T. P. O. Box 315.

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REFINED SUGARS. Cube and Granulated. PARAFFINE PAINT CO'S. Paints, Compounds and Building Papers. PAINT OILS. Lucol—Raw and Boiled. Linseed—Raw and Boiled.

INDURINE. Water-proof cold-water Paint, inside and outside; in white and colors. FERTILIZERS. Alex. Cross & Sons' high-grade Scotch fertilizers, adapted for sugar cane and coffee.

STEAM PIPE COVERING. Reed's patent elastic sectional pipe covering.

FILTER, PRESS-CLOTHS. Linen and Jute. CEMENT, LIME & BRICKS

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ALONG THE WATER FRONT. The Australia and Coptic Arrive From the Coast.

HALEWOOD ALMOST MADE RECORD. FROM NEWCASTLE IN FAST TIME OF THIRTY-FIVE DAYS.

The Fearless Expected This Week—Klikitat Sails for the Sound—The Dirigo Getting Ready.

The Australia and Coptic, with passengers and mail from the Coast, arrived yesterday, after fine trips down. The Australia brought 125 passengers for this port and ninety-six bags of mail. The Coptic brought mail, but no passengers nor freight for this port.

The war in China and the American navigation laws are playing havoc with the O. & O. boats, and it is not unlikely that they will be taken off this run in a year or so to be substituted by American vessels. The Coptic has a very large cargo for Japan, and is deeper in the water than she has been for a long time. She will get away at 10 o'clock this morning.

AUSTRALIA'S REPORT. Left San Francisco July 25 at 2 p. m. with 67 cabin and 68 steerage passengers and 96 bags of mail. Experiences moderate to light breeze, smooth sea and fine weather all the way. Arrived August 1. Time, 6 days and 15 hours.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. Per O. S. S. Australia, from San Francisco—J. W. Alexander, B. K. Baird, J. C. Baird, B. R. Banning, John J. Barrett, Mrs. M. Barrett, Hiram Bingham, Jr., Charles Bon and wife, W. W. Bruner, Miss Mary Burdick, Captain W. D. Burnham, C. H. Chase, Miss E. L. Clark, Miss E. Clarke, Mrs. J. A. Colvin, Mrs. A. F. Cooke, Miss Margaret Cooke, W. H. Corwell, D. B. Dearborn, Jr., C. S. Desky, Mrs. K. C. Mooney, Miss F. Nolte, Samuel Parker, Miss A. H. Parker, J. C. Patterson, K. Quamstrom, C. F. Reynolds, Miss Kate Reynolds, Oscar T. Sewall, W. C. Stubbs and wife, W. A. Swinnerton, Mrs. C. B. Taylor, J. W. Tindal, George S. Waterhouse, A. C. Werner, Arthur White, C. B. Wilson, A. Zuckerman, George Trimble, Hon. M. M. Estee and wife, Mrs. C. Graham, C. W. Gray, Mrs. G. Groves, Miss Ella Holbrook, J. L. Horner, Otto Isenberg, wife, two children and nurse; H. S. Johnson, N. Johnson, Prince David Kawannakoa and servant, Judge Koyohji, Harry Laffin, E. P. Law, Mrs. A. K. Lewis, W. B. Malling, Dr. W. H. Mays, E. B. McClanahan, Mrs. H. F. Singer and son, W. Phillips and wife, C. A. Lewis, J. W. Sanderson, G. Brandner, Mrs. K. Bacon and child, Thomas Page, A. White, A. Park, H. Longton, B. Hamon, R. H. Long, J. W. Land, M. D. Schoenfeld, Peter McCue, Frank Thepley, W. W. Gransly, F. Horsman, Mrs. E. J. Lucas and children, E. Conklin, W. Hickey, M. Whitney, P. White, H. F. Armstrong, John Corea, Frank Joseph, Mrs. E. J. Poulson, C. E. Cutting, John Logan, J. Carroll, G. Brud, P. L. Griggs, J. S. Chase, D. Gibbs, S. W. Green, P. O. Koffo, J. R. Herbst, Miss W. Miller, J. L. McCauley, W. G. Wilson, T. O'Brien, L. Thompson, D. Corcoran, J. Jordan, J. C. Vogel, Joseph Pedro, Mrs. A. Hopkins, Mrs. C. Gracie, L. A. Temple, E. Goff, J. H. Howlison, W. Y. Edwards, John Rolani, B. Waggoner, C. H. Barby, P. Pool, J. M. Howe.

From Kapua, per stmr. James Macke, August 1.—Miss Kahuna, Miss Juliette King, Hans Isenberg, S. N. Huddley, Mrs. H. P. Hugus, X. Nyamoto, P. L. Tople and 10 on deck.

THE CONCORD AGROUND. The little schooner Concord missed stays in coming about off the light-house last evening and drifted onto the reef on the west side of the channel. She did not strike very hard, however, and got off without assistance.

WILL SHIFT TO-DAY. The City of Hankow will shift from the navy dock to the coal wharf this morning. Her place will be taken by the Inroquois, which is drawing too much water to dock uptown. The Skagit will move into the stream to make ready for sea, and the Maweeems will take the Klikitat's place at the end of Allen street.

THE FEARLESS. Now comes by the Australia that the tug Fearless was to have left San Francisco for this port on the 27th ult. She should arrive here this week, as it is possible for her to make the run in at least eight days. Captain Gilbert Brokaw, her commander, is one of the best known and most skillful towboat men on the Coast. He is a brother-in-law of Captain Friis, the assistant harbor-master of this port.

ALMOST A RECORD. The British ship Halewood, from Newcastle with coal, arrived yesterday after a remarkable voyage of thirty-five days.

Captain Jackson, her commander, is a very young man, being but 28 years of age. The Halewood is his first ship, and he considers himself very lucky to have made the trip he did. Some idea of the speed of the vessel may be had from the fact that at 3 p. m. on Tuesday the Halewood was off the head of Hawaii and yesterday morning at 5 o'clock she was off Diamond Head.

HAVE TO WAIT. The big ships Eskine M. Phelps and Dirigo are making hard times for the smaller vessels. Between them they carry about 11,000 tons of sugar. The Dirigo is being loaded now as quickly as possible, so she can be gotten away before her demurrage, which is very

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Table with columns for Day, High Tide, Low Tide, etc. for the month of August.

First quarter of the moon on the 3rd at 6:16 a. m.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

Table listing steamers, their destinations, arrival and departure dates.

heavy, begins to accumulate. On this account the little fellows have to wait, or else leave with light loads. The Curtis has been here almost two months, the Irmsgard since the 5th of July. The Diamond Head and W. H. Dimond left for San Francisco with light cargoes, and the Mohican, Alden Besse and Rosamond are waiting.

WHALE AND SCHOONER.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—A monster whale struck the pilotboat Bonita head on at 9:40 o'clock Friday night six miles southeast of the Farallon Islands, causing the vessel to leak so badly that she sank six hours later. It was a thrilling experience for the pilots and men on the Bonita. They were thrown down with considerable violence, and the man at the wheel was so badly scared, according to one of the pilots, that he could not speak for five minutes. Pilots Swanson, Scott, Wallace and Miller were on the Bonita at the time, all but Miller in the cabin, and on deck were Pilot Miller and the five sailors.

The school of whales was first noticed by the pilots on the Bonita when they were moving down toward the German bark J. C. Pfuger, which Pilot E. M. Freeman was to board. There were at least forty of the big fellows, and all seemed to be wild, and were splashing around in the water at a great rate.

After Freeman had boarded the bark the boat again got in the school of whales, and it was then that the disastrous blow from one of the mammals was struck. The men were below deck, just beginning to retire, when they heard a terrible noise, as though the port side of the boat had been torn away, and it was only a moment before all were on deck. Even before they reached the deck they were satisfied among themselves that one of the whales had done the business. Though willing to save the pretty little boat, it was soon seen that there was a fatal one, and that there was nothing to do but to take to the yaws. After watching the Bogita disappear up to the tops of her masts, the pilots and men rowed to the Gracie S., which was cruising at a distance of at least six miles from the point where the Bonita was when she sank.

AT SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 20.—The bark C. D. Bryant arrived yesterday from Honolulu after a passage of forty days with 22,000 bags of sugar. The slow passage was due to light winds which continued throughout the voyage. On July 3, in latitude 31 degrees 35 minutes north, longitude 133 degrees 38 minutes west, the Bryant saw a ship steering northwest with her foretopmast carried away.

The bark Annie Johnson, which has been off the port for several days, came inside yesterday, twenty-one days from Hilo, with a cargo of sugar.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The barkentine Archer arrived yesterday, twenty-three days from Honolulu, with 22,526 bags of sugar.

ARRIVALS.

Wednesday, August 1. O. S. S. Australia, Lawless, 6 days 16 hours from San Francisco, with passengers and general merchandise to W. G. Irwin & Co. Stmr. James Macke, Tullett, from Kapua, 2000 bags sugar. Dr. sp. Halewood, Jackson, 35 days from Newcastle; 3306 tons coal to Castle & Cooke. Am. schr. Maweeems, Smith, 21 days from Whatcom, with lumber. Am. bktn. Planter, McNeill, 20 days from San Francisco. O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Rinder, 6 days from San Francisco. Stmr. Wataleco, Green, from Waima. Schr. Concord, Sam, from Kona ports.

DEPARTURES.

Wednesday, August 1. Am. bktn. Klikitat, Cutler, for the Sound in ballast. LEAVING TO-DAY. Stmr. Maui, Parker, for Maui ports, at 12 m. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Kona ports at 5 p. m. O. & O. S. S. Coptic, Rinder, for the Orient, at 10 a. m.

ALONG THE WHARFS.

The Planter arrived yesterday with a large general cargo and a deckload of mules, twenty days from San Francisco. The W. G. Hall and Maui will sail to-day. The Coptic's boats were out for sailing practice yesterday afternoon. The barkentine Klikitat, for the Sound in ballast, sailed yesterday afternoon. The Eldwood is discharging her brick at Emma's wharf. The ship George Curtis went into the stream from alongside the Mauna Loa yesterday. Seven days out from Newcastle the City of Hankow spoke the Woolahra, now out sixty days for this port. The new schooner Maweeems, from Whatcom with 20,000 feet of lumber for Lewis & Cooke, arrived yesterday,

AMERICANS KILLED AND WOUNDED AT TIENSIN.

Full List of Boys in Blue Who Fell in Battle While Fighting Chinese.

TIENSIN, July 25, (midnight) via Chefoo, July 20 and via Shanghai, July 22.—Eighteen members of the Ninth United States Infantry were buried near the barracks this (Sunday) evening. The regiment paraded. Chaplain Marvin officiated and the bodies were enclosed in grandees' coffins and taken to Tiensin. Following is a list of the casualties suffered by the regiment.

KILLED.

Company A—John A. Potter and George H. Beckley. Company B—Corporal Richard B. Slater and Privates John M. Partland and Gottfried Strenson. Company C—Barney Goynes, Robert B. Gordon. Company D—John H. Porter. Company E—Oscar Olsen, John D. Dreher, Alexander Seiber, Casper Schwertfeger and James B. Taylor. Company G—Clyde B. Jameson, William L. Partlow, Frederick F. Bieffenacht, John P. Smith and Dewey Rogers.

WOUNDED.

Company A—Arnold Pernay, John J. Dimony, Martin Murphy, George F. Murphy and John Seymour. Company B—Corporals Myrtle Conrow, John Gallant and Privates Arthur W. Ruggles, Robert Crawford, Henry Stallings, Harry Van Leer, Patrick Cox, Frank W. Southworth, William S. Rowley and Clarence C. McBride. Company C—Sergeants E. Omev, T. Perry, Joseph A. Dory and Adelbert Walker; Corporals James R. Burton and Peter Savage; Musician Harry K. Ellis and Privates Samuel F. Whipples, Richard W. Webb, Calvin Matthews, John D. Closson, Ulysses Jumper, James J. O'Neil, Henry J. Scherer and Robert H. Von Schlick. Company D—Sergeants George Bailey and Edward Gorman, Corporals Sherman Jackson and Silas A. Christenberry and Privates Thomas E. Maloney, Joseph Munch, Fred E. Newhall, Davis Kennedy, Carroll L. Dingree, William Murphy and Joseph Ryan. Company E—Privates William Gilbert, Joseph MacMahon and Patrick J. Murphy. Company F—Corporals Frank M. Leonard and Gustav Barth and Privates Francis J. Macegoe, Frederick E. Shoecraft, Edward Wright, Arthur Ables, Ora C. Weston, David A. Murphy, David H. Hammond, Harry A. Norton, John P. Diamond and George F. Murphy. Company G—Corporals Dennis Mortarity, Stephen Oda and Thomas H. Curran and Privates L. B. King, Philip Wubing and Walker F. Coleman.

MISSING.

Company B—Private Myron C. Miller.

CASUALTIES AMONG MARINES.

Following is a list of the casualties to the marines: KILLED. Sergeant Charles J. Kollock, Corporal Thomas Kelley and Privates J. E. McConkey and Isaac W. Partridge. WOUNDED. Sergeants Frederick Winters and James Murphy, Corporals J. McDonald and Joseph W. Hunt and Privates A. S. Chapman, J. Cooney, Robert Desmond, F. T. Egglezen, P. J. Kelleher, Laurin Larson, G. E. Melvor, C. D. Miller, Calvin J. Matthews, J. C. McGonegal, A. B. Penney, Henry A. Reikers, John Stokes and J. Vanhora.

TRANSPORT HANCOCK IS ORDERED TO TAKU.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—The transport Hancock, which is to sail on Saturday with artillerymen, marines and recruits, will sail from here as first ordered, and proceed direct to Taku. The orders were received to this effect yesterday, and the Hancock will be the first transport to leave here with a Chinese port as her destination. She took in more coal yesterday, so that it would not be necessary for her to make a stop at Nagasaki for Japanese fuel. Rush orders were received at Mare Island yesterday to get the colliers Justin and Nero ready for sea. The naval vessels on the China station are in need of coal, and their engineers do not care for the Japanese product. The Meade, which sails on August 1st, has been ordered to proceed to Taku by way of Nagasaki. It was at first intended to send her to China, as she carries part of the Fifteenth Regiment, the first battalion of which sailed on the Sumner. The Arctee will sail for Manila via Honolulu on August 3d, and the Stratheyle will sail for Manila on the 7th. Both will carry horses.

IF CONGER IS DEAD, ROCKHILL SUCCEEDS HIM.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—W. W. Rockhill, who has been appointed a special commissioner to China by the President, will sail for his new post August 3d on the America Maru of the Japanese Line. Mr. Rockhill returned to Washington this morning and is now arranging his affairs for his journey. His final instructions were given him by Secretary Hay before the latter's departure through China in order to get such facts as the President may need in reaching a determination as to the indemnity China must pay for the loss of American lives and property. It is admitted that if Mr. Conger is killed, Mr. Rockhill will be appointed to succeed him, which appointment will give him full diplomatic powers.

LOTS AT KEWALO AT A BARGAIN.

FOR SALE. A few fine lots (about 100x200) on Manoa Heights, commanding an unparalleled view over Waikiki and ocean. Price, \$1,750 to \$2,000. A beautiful corner lot (120x150), high grounds, in best portion of Kalihi. Cash, \$400; balance on easy terms. A large lot on good street in Kalihi; area, about 15,500 square feet; good view, 7 terms easy. Lots (50x100) in various parts of Kalihi, just past Kamehameha Schools, on easy monthly installments. Lots (50x100) in Nuanuu tract, \$25.00 down, balance in installments of \$10.00 per month.

FOR LEASE. A valuable business site on Maunakea, near Hotel street. One acre ground, between Lihia street and Insane Asylum road; good residence sites. A large lot, with 109 feet frontage, on King street at Kapalama, just past the rice field.

FOR RENT. One New Modern Cottage, centrally located.

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THIS WEEK We Are Holding a Reduction Sale in the Following Lines

Heavy Pongee Silk, suitable for men's suits. Fine Grass Linen, white, blue, yellow, purple and green. Handwork Fancy Sandal Wood Handkerchiefs and Glove Boxes. Embroidered Best Silk and Grass Linen Table Covers. Embroidered Silk Piano Covers, different colors. Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs different colors and patterns. Woolen Goods, Navy Blue and Black for suits. Best Navy Blue Serge. India Linen, Victoria Lawn, Colored Muslin and Curtains. TAILORING A SPECIALTY.

GOO KIM 210 Nuanuu Street, above Hotel.

PACIFIC TRANSFER CO. 227 King St., Next to Bailey's Cyclopedia. EXPRESS WAGONS, DRAYS, LUMBER WAGONS AND DUMP CABS. ALWAYS ON HAND. TRUNKS, FURNITURE AND SAFES CAREFULLY HANDLED. TELEPHONE, MAIN 58.

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The HILO TRIBUNE W. H. SMITH, Editor. ARCH. C. STEELE, Manager. Published Every Saturday. CLEAN, RELIABLE and NEWSY. SUBSCRIPTION—Local, \$2.50 per year. Foreign, 3.50 " " " This publication has the largest circulation on the Island of Hawaii of any WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, and as an Advertising Medium is SECOND TO NONE. BEAVER LUNCH ROOMS. H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor. Fort Street, Opp. Spreckels' Bank. First Class Lunches Served With Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk. Open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

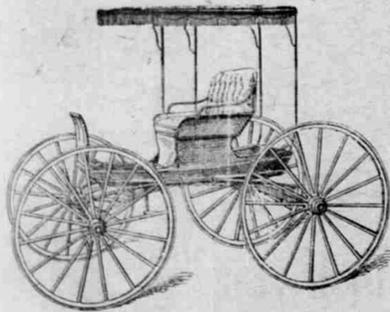
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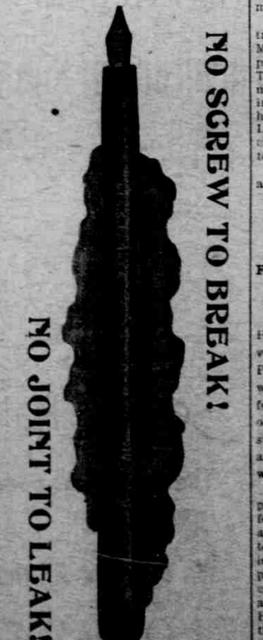
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ELECTRIC CARS UP PACIFIC HEIGHTS.

Many Tons of Material Arrive on Australia.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. C. S. DESKY.

HANDSOME CARS FOR THE LINE NOW EN ROUTE HERE.

Construction of the Finest Hotel Outside of San Francisco to Be Commenced at Once.

Among the arrivals on the Australia yesterday was Mr. C. S. Desky. Mr. Desky was called to San Francisco on account of the sickness of his daughter, Florence. On his arrival there he found her much better. Being relieved of family anxiety, Mr. Desky pushed his many enterprises in Honolulu with characteristic vigor. Yesterday Mr. Desky was seen by a Republican reporter.

"On the Australia," said he, "which reached port this morning, are 116 tons of freight in cases, castings and other appurtenances. This freight is for the Pacific Heights electric railway, and comprises everything requisite for the complete equipment and running of the railway, except the cars.

"The cars were shipped Sunday on the American bark Andrew Welch. They are very handsome, and I am sure will please the Honolulu public. They are made by the Holman Car and Elevator Company. They are very substantially built and artistically finished. Each car seats thirty-two passengers. The cars were especially constructed for the line and for this tropical climate. The comfort and convenience of passengers were taken into consideration in their building.

"The cars were shipped complete, that is, they were all set up in their entirety, and upon their arrival here they will be ready to be placed upon the trucks on the roadbed."

"What time, Mr. Desky, will the cars be running on the line?" was asked.

"I shouldn't be surprised to see the cars ascending and descending the Heights on or about September 1st," was the answer.

"They would have been running now," continued Mr. Desky, "but we have had great difficulty in getting our material shipped. Transportation companies, owing to the vast amount of goods to be handled, have refused freight, and additional compensation and remuneration have been offered in many instances for the shipment of invoices to Honolulu. Considering the vast amount of freight handled and to be handled, I think our company particularly fortunate in receiving the freight."

"Were there many inquiries among moneyed men in San Francisco about Honolulu and Territorial investments?" was asked.

"Yes, there were many inquiries concerning investments here, particularly of real estate and sugar stocks. I think by fall there will be any amount of mainland capital seeking investment in the Territory. Not only will it seek investment, but it will be invested. I know of no better field for capital than Hawaii. There are many enterprises here that promise large returns on money invested, enterprises that are gilt-edged and substantial and free from the feverish fluctuations which prevail in many places elsewhere."

"What about your projected hotel, Mr. Desky?" asked the reporter.

"The hotel on the Heights will be commenced with the running of the electric cars; that practically means right away. It will be pushed to a speedy completion. While I was away I was able to interest San Francisco people in the project. It will be the finest hotel, outside of San Francisco, in the Pacific. Taking into consideration the crowded condition of the Honolulu hotels and lodging houses, I am certain the hotel will pay handsomely on the investment."

"What is the political outlook on the mainland?" inquired the reporter.

"The business interests of the country favor the re-election of President McKinley. The country has greatly prospered under his administration. The serious complications in China make, in my judgment, his re-election imperative. I am reminded of that homely but forcible adage of Abraham Lincoln: 'Never swap horses while crossing a stream.' I think it won't do to swap horses now. Do you?"

And Mr. Desky turned to plunge into a pile of correspondence on his desk.

TOOK HIM BY SURPRISE.
 Friends of Professor Hosmer Present Him a Watch.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hall was the same Tuesday night of a very pleasant social affair, in honor of Professor and Mrs. F. A. Hosmer, who will leave in the steamship Australia for an extended tour abroad. About 8 o'clock numerous friends and former students of Professor Hosmer began to arrive, and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

A very agreeable and complete surprise was sprung on the popular professor, when a handsome gold watch and chain was presented to him in token of the high esteem in which he is held by the young people and their parents. On the back of the watch was engraved the monogram "F. A. M." and on the inside, "With the Aloha of His Friends in Hawaii Nel." A beautiful gold necklace, studded with amethysts, was also presented to Mrs. Hosmer. Accompanying the other presentations was a neatly engrossed list of the friends present.

Though taken utterly by surprise, Mr. Hosmer expressed his deep appreciation of the great aloha shown him in an appropriate little speech.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST

White Loulu native hats at Mrs. Hanna's.
 Prof. W. D. Stubbs and wife are at the Hawaiian.
 B. R. Banning is here from the Coast on a business trip.
 Meals served at all hours at the Astor House Restaurant, Cor. King and Alaka streets.
 Col. John C. Baird, U. S. District Attorney for Hawaii, arrived on the Australia, yesterday. Colonel Baird was appointed from Wyoming.
 Miss M. E. Killean, Hotel street, is offering her entire stock of imported hats at prices well worth while for the ladies of Honolulu to investigate.
 The latest importations by the Australia for "the Lace House," are shirt waists, silk shirt waists, wash skirts and underwear, which will be exhibited in a few days.
 J. W. Tindal a young business man of San Francisco is a guest at the Hawaiian. He is here for a vacation.
 John J. Barrett, a well known attorney of San Francisco is registered at the Hawaiian.

DIRECT TO POSTOFFICES.

Matter Sent to Localities May Easily Go Astray.

Postmaster J. M. Oul desires to call the attention of the general public to the fact that all mail matter must be addressed to a postoffice and not to localities.

"The reason for this request," says Postal Inspector Flint, "is that all matter addressed to localities may be sent to the dead letter office. It might be possible, don't you know, that experienced clerks would send such matter properly, but that is taking a risk; others might not. The newspapers should urge people to send their mail to postoffices only. Therein lies absolute safety."

Postoffice at Fango Fango.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Britton has established a postoffice at the United States naval station at Fango Fango, Samoa. Mrs. M. H. Hudson, wife of Chief Boatswain Hudson, United States Navy, has been appointed postmaster at Fango Fango.

Just a Few Words for the Honolulu Belle.

She succeeds where all others fail with the man that appreciates a good thing when he sees it. When you once obtain the delight that this new Maiden affords, there can be none in the field to cut her out, with those who understand how to blow their money into smoke economically. For the small sum of five cents you can enjoy the pleasure of the finest in the land, which is one of the best New York hand made Cigars.

Ask for and try the "Honolulu Belle." Sold by all retailers.

J. J. PRONSKY,
 Territory of Hawaii.

Good Medicine for Children

If you have a baby in the house you will wish to know the best way to check any unusual looseness of the bowels, or diarrhoea so common to small children. O. P. M. Holiday, of Deming, Ind., who has an 11-months-old child, says: "Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off of the bowels and sickness of the stomach. His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water, and he got better at once." For sale by all dealers and druggists, Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.



COOL COMFORT
 for the thirsty—that's our soda. A delightful cure for "that thirsty feeling" which is epidemic these hot summer days.

Our soda is pure and just as cold as ice can make it. The real fruit flavors (no artificial essences used) have been a drawing card for years. We never skimp quality.

Try a glass of fresh crushed strawberry or pineapple with a dash of appetizing ice cream. That's the reason for the crowds at our fountain.

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Made of
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Correctly Tailored, Finish, Style and Price to Your Taste

WHITNEY & MARSH, Ltd.
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AND OURS is the "Noblest Roman of them all." We have mastered the Serge Suit situation by sheer force of merit, and there is none now so stupid as to dispute our leadership. Our \$15 Suits are the \$30 in every other store. And every other merchant knows that is so. Why shouldn't you know it, too, when the knowledge is worth \$5 to you? We guarantee every Suit—guarantee them to hold color, shape and smoothness. We represent them to be absolutely flawless. If they prove otherwise, come and get another Suit. No other house dare make such a guarantee, but we know whereof we speak.

An Earning of 20 per Cent.

IS declared to purchasers of Boys' and Children's Vests and Sailor Suits. Come and get your choice out of the largest stock in town.

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 FORT STREET.

Bedroom Sets at Bargain Day prices.
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High Duty Flywheel Pumping Engines. All classes of Hydraulic Machinery.

Water Wheels for direct connected generators for long distance transmission.

Marine, Hoist Patent Water Tube and plain Tubular Boilers.

Corliss and High Speed Automatic Engines. Builders for all machinery for the complete of Sugar Mills.

OFFICE: Room 12 Spreckels' Block. Telephone 194, Honolulu.

Read The Honolulu Republican.

SIMPLY TRYING TO CONFUSE SITUATION.

Such Seems to Be the Efforts of the Chinese.

HOW EUROPEAN PRESS VIEWS IT.

SHENG, DIRECTOR OF TELEGRAPHS, SENDS OUT NEW MESSAGES.

Extracts From a Late Letter Written By Mrs. Conger to Friends in Des Moines.

London, July 25.—The tone of the European press with regard to the message dated July 4th received here yesterday from the British Minister at Peking, Sir Claude MacDonald, continues pessimistic and the endless and extraordinary succession of Chinese dispatches purporting to describe the situation at Peking only serves to bewilder. However, the earlier unqualified belief that a massacre took place, is to some extent shaken and it is now admitted, despite the heavy load of evidence supporting the reports of the massacre, that as Sir Claude MacDonald's letter disposed of the first story alleging that the crime occurred on June 20th, so Minister Conger's dispatch and other stories reporting the legations safe July 13, 14 and 18th give ground for assuming the possibility that second reports were also unfounded.

Another version of the story which reached General Li, commander of the Pei Tang forts, by a runner from Peking, who brought to him yesterday the report of anarchy in the Chinese capital, which General Li communicated to the British officer commanding at Tong Ku, says the British Legation was being bombarded when the messenger left Peking, July 14. Prince Ching, this report says, was assisting the Ministers and his place was protected by ten thousand Chinese troops. Prince Ching, according to this report, considers himself able to cope with the situation.

According to a dispatch from Chefoo, received here today Admiral Seymour has started for the Yang Tse river to arrange for the protection of the local ports, which are threatened with attack.

The Austrian warships Kaiserin Elizabeth and Aspern have sailed for China.

There is some fear in London that the Russian claim to control the railway from Taku to Peking will delay the proposed advance of the allies to Peking. It is thought that this claim is in pursuance of Russia's alleged fixed principle to prevent any power but herself from proceeding to Peking in sufficient force to be effective and to procure for herself sole occupation, either as conqueror or peace-maker.

Special dispatches received today from Berlin counteract the replies of President McKinley and the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count von Buelow, to the Chinese Emperor's appeal, from the standpoint obtaining at Berlin, that the object of all Chinese assurances is to gain time for military preparations and undermine the unity of the Powers. The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent asserts that the attitude of the United States Government is regarded as a decided triumph for Chinese diplomacy, while the Daily News says the attitude of the Washington authorities is regarded in Berlin as a regrettable affair. Similarly the London morning papers regret "that the President of the United States has taken a line that can hardly fail to encourage the Chinese to further duplicity."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Surely this is not the time for amicable tea-table talk about settlements. President McKinley has merely succeeded in conveying the impression to Peking that the United States will enter half-heartedly into a campaign of reprisals. His exuberant courtesy may not, however, have much bad result; as generals must soon take the conduct of affairs out of political hands."

MESSAGES THAT ARE INTENDED TO CONFUSE.

London, July 24.—A. M.—The Chinese Minister, Chih Chen Lo-fung Lu, has communicated to the press the following dispatch from Sheng, director of the Chinese railways and telegraphs and Tao-tai of Shanghai, dated Shanghai, July 23d: "Information from Peking, dated July 18th, says that the Tsung Li Yamen deputed Won Jui, an Under Secretary of the Department, to see the foreign Ministers and he found every one well, without any missing the German excepted."

"General Yung Lu is going to memorialize the throne to send them all under escort to Tientsin in the hope that the military operations will then be stopped."

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing July 23d says: "A letter from a Chinese official in Shanghai has been received by an active functionary here, containing the following passage: 'At the beginning of the month the foreign Ministers

made several attempts to send messages out of Peking, but thanks to the strict watch kept on the city the bearers were all caught and executed. On the 4th inst. only 400 foreigners, much exhausted, were left alive in Peking, and one night, when the big guns were incessantly fired, it was known that all the legations and foreigners were finished, although pretending telegrams contradicted these facts.'

EXTRACTS FROM A LETTER OF MRS. CONGER.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 19.—The last letter written by Mrs. Conger, wife of the United States Minister to China, to friends here, so far as known, was under date of May 1, shortly after her return to China from this country. Extracts from this letter follow: "I must tell you just a little of the way we found things at the Legation. First, the servants had made the house clean in every crack and corner. We see very much in our servants to respect, admire and even love. They are so patient, faithful, attentive, thoughtful and kind. The qualities of character they manifest surprises me. Heathens? In some ways, and so are we all.

"You hear much about the Boxers, don't you? Well, we do not feel at all in danger. Next week a party of us start overland upon a trip to the great wall of China. The Boxers do not like the foreigners. They greatly desire the foreigners to go home and stay there and let China alone. What the outcome will be no one can tell. 'There has been no rain during the winter and spring and the ignorant Chinese think the 'foreign devils' cause this lack of water and the great starvation that threatens them.'"

SHIPPING ANIMALS FOR USE IN CHINA.

Seattle, July 20.—The local quartermaster's office is doing a very large business in the shipping of army animals to the Orient. There are now about 800 mules and horses in camp and 100 more are to arrive this morning from Portland. Three hundred more are on the way from St. Asaph, Va. This will make 700 animals which the office will handle for the Orient, besides about 850 belonging to the First Cavalry.

Capt. Robinson stated last evening that it is not known definitely what transports will carry mules, but the Athenian will be one of them. There will be at least one more, making with the Belgian King, which will carry forage, and the Garonne and the Pak Ling, which will carry the First Cavalry and their horses, five army transports to sail from Seattle to the Orient in the near future.

Besides the Eastern transport service, shipments of troops, animals and supplies to Alaska employ several other ships.

American Troops Arrive.

Shanghai, Tuesday, July 24.—Two thousand American troops arrived at Taku, as well as eight transports filled with British troops. Both detachments are deficient in artillery. A cable steamer has started to lay a cable from Wei-Hai-Wei to Chefoo and Taku.

STEADILY PREPARING FOR THE GREAT STRUGGLE.

LONDON, July 26.—Shanghai sends a batch of reports indicative of preparations for hostilities on the part of the Chinese. It is alleged that the Yang-tse Viceroy has sent deputies to Shanghai to inquire as to the prospect of raising a foreign loan, ostensibly to pursue military operations against the Boxers, whose movement is extending rapidly southward with constantly growing strength and had reached a point where the provinces of Shantung, Honan and Shansi meet, leaving behind it a trail of burned missions and murdered Christians. Simultaneously there is a movement northward of Southern Chinese troops to join the main army gathered to oppose the foreign advance on Peking. The strength of this principal force is now estimated at 300,000 men. It is believed that about three weeks must elapse before the Chinese preparations are completed. It is rumored that 3000 Chinese troops and more are being sent to reinforce the garrison of the Kian Yin forts, commanding the entrance to the Yang-tse-Kiang, ninety miles east of Nanking.

Chuan Chi Tung, Viceroy of Wu-chang, on the Yang-tse-Kiang, telegraphs that he is apprehensive that he will not be able to restrain his troops for more than another ten days. He says that he has thrown the breach-blocks of the guns commanding Hankow into the river. These signs of unrest in the southern provinces are coincident with Li Hung Chang's presence in Shanghai. They are supposed to be the beginning of a general declaration against foreigners.

The Gold Democrats.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 25.—If the matter is left to the National Committee of the Gold Democrats there will be no gold standard ticket in the field. While the committee cannot settle the question its action will have great weight. There is a feeling with the Gold Democrats here that the anti-imperialists can put a ticket in the field if they wish to and that it will be independent of the Gold Democrats.

Aged Philanthropist Dead.

San Francisco, July 22.—Mrs. Almira S. Townsend died at her home in this city this morning from heart failure. Mrs. Townsend, who was a lady of wealth, became prominent through her charitable donations to the volunteer soldiers on their way to and from the Philippines. She was 69 years of age.

NEW AUTHORITY ON ISLANDS.

WHAT JUDGE ESTEE HAS TO SAY AS TO HIS DUTY.

United States Court Will Construe the Laws on the Evidence and the Facts.

Among the many arrivals on the Australia yesterday was Morris M. Estee, United States District Judge for the District of Hawaii. Judge Estee has been for many years one of the foremost men in the State of California, and he comes to Hawaii with a wide circle of acquaintances to greet him in his new home.

"I have come to fill a judicial position," said Mr. Estee to a Republican reporter yesterday. "It is well known to all American citizens that the Government is divided into departments—the executive, the legislative and the judicial—and it would be the height of wisdom for any of those departments to interfere with the others; and so I have nothing to say. I came here to represent the Federal Judiciary, which department, under our Government, has exclusive jurisdiction of all admiralty cases, of suits involving questions affecting constitutional questions or treaties, or the interests of a citizen of the republic with those of a citizen of a foreign state, and other jurisdictions not necessary for me here to detail. You will thus observe that an interview with me at this time would be highly uninteresting to the masses of the people."

"Personally, I think the people of these Islands ought to be congratulated upon the broad and far-reaching liberality extended to them by the general government. 'What of my court? You may say that my court will meet for preliminary purposes at a very early date. The time and place of that meeting will be hereafter announced in the Republican, when I shall be most pleased to see the members of the bar and others interested in all legal matters which may hereafter have to be considered.'"

"I have no personal staff," said Judge Estee in response to a question. "Colonel Baird of Wyoming came with us on the ship; he is the District Attorney. Mr. Malling, the clerk, who hails from Maine, is already here. Miss E. H. Ryan is my private secretary. She came with us on the Australia. When questioned as to the political situation on the mainland, Judge Estee threw up his hands, saying: 'Now, you will excuse me; it would be most unbecoming in me to discuss political matters. I have opinions on the subject—decided ones, for that matter—but I cannot express myself, don't you know.'"

As to the situation in China, Judge Estee said he hoped almost against hope that the legations were still safe. "It is believed, however," he said, "by most thoughtful people that if the Ministers and their wives and children have been killed it will become the duty of the powers to mete out such punishment as may be adequate to the enormity of the crime." Judge Estee said that they had a most delightful voyage, with excellent company. The management of the Oceanic company, Captain Lawless, Purser McComb and Steward Seeley had all taken precautions to make the voyage pleasant and attractive. The trip was marked with good weather, fine sea and without untoward incident.

HIRAM BINGHAM, JR., HOME.

Announces His Engagement to Miss Alfreda Mitchell.

Hiram Bingham, Jr., returned in the Australia yesterday for a brief visit to his parents, after which he will resume his studies in the States. Mr. Bingham has chosen history as his life study. He originally mapped out his career for the church, but on the advice of his physician, gave up preaching on account of the great strain on his voice.

Mr. Bingham was a member of the '98 class at Yale, and graduated from the University of California in May, 1900, taking the degree of M. A. In addition to the study of history and political science in general last year, he paid particular attention to the study of Hawaiian history, being the author of a thesis entitled, "The Growth of American Supremacy in Hawaii."

While in San Francisco in March and April Mr. Bingham gave a course of lectures in Mark Hopkins Institute on the subject of his thesis. During the absence of President Wheeler of the University of California he had charge of the class in Greek history.

Out of eight curtain-raisers written for a play in the Grand Opera House last Thanksgiving Day, that of Mr. Bingham was chosen. It was called "Stanford vs. Vassar, A Phairly Football Game," which was put on before a large house.

During his recent visit to the East, from whence he has come direct to the Islands, the engagement of Mr. Bingham to Miss Alfreda Mitchell was announced. Miss Mitchell is the daughter of Alfred Mitchell, who was in business here in 1853, and who will no doubt be remembered by many of the capitalists.

Mr. Bingham will shortly go to Harvard to make a special study of Spanish-American history and to gain the degree of P. H. D.

At the Hawaiian.

William C. Stubbs and wife, New Orleans, La.; Mrs. C. Graham, John J. Barrett, Mrs. Mary Barrett, C. H. Chase, J. W. Tindal, H. K. Selby, A. Zukerman, A. C. Warner, Dr. W. H. Mays, Harry Larkin, Morris M. Estee and wife, Miss E. H. Ryan, E. M. Serinath, Mrs. W. Bruner, San Francisco; Mrs. Hawkins Taylor, Washington, D. C.; Miss E. Clarke, Mrs. H. E. Mooney, Oakland, Cal.; J. C. Baird, B. K. Baird, Cheyenne, Wyo.; D. W. Kearton, Jr., Oscar T. Sewall, New York.

It Saved His Baby.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doak, of Williams, Or. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.

William Savidge Real Estate Broker,

206 Merchant Street.



A BARGAIN.

Newly Built 2 Story Cottage on Ala-pai Street

\$2750,

Only \$1250

Cash.

Balance on Long Time.

A BARGAIN.



William Savidge Real Estate Broker,

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LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

We have just received direct from the makers an assortment of

Ladies' Muslin Underwear

which, we believe, in

Variety of Styles, Completeness of Assortment and General Attractiveness,

has never been surpassed in Honolulu.

The line is too large to enumerate the different garments, so we have made a display of a few of them in our

Large Central Window,

which will give one a partial idea of what they are, and the variety of styles we have.

This Stock is Worthy of Inspection

In the same department will be found Ladies and Misses SHIRT WAISTS, Ladies' Waists in

Silk and Cotton White, Black and colored, a large variety of styles, but few of a kind.

Ladies' over skirts for dress, traveling, walking or riding, of silk, wool, linen, cotton pique, in white, black and colors. There need be no delay in one's supplying one's self with a skirt at short notice suitable for almost any occasion.

Ladies in want of a cape of any description, would do well if, before purchasing elsewhere, they inspect our stock of capes. Capes for the opera, for dress, for traveling, for walking, riding, golf, etc., in white, black and colors.

B. F. EHLERS & CO., FORT STREET.

BY THE BARKS "J. C. PFLUGER" AND "M. E. WATSON" We Have Received a Large Assortment of

Morton's and Grosse & Blackwell GROCERIES.

BICARBONATE OF SODA, WASH SODA, CAUSTIC SODA.

PAINTS and OILS CORRUGATED IRON, RIDGING, Etc., CEMENT and FIREBRICKS, CARBOLINIUM, STOCKHOLM TAR, BUCKETS, TUBS, TINPLATES, SAUCEPANS, TEAKETTLES, Etc

H. HACKFELD & Co., LTD.

Furniture at San Francisco Prices

No More Duty! No Entry Charges! No Consul Fees!

Therefore we will give our customers the benefit. 150 Double bedsteads, with mattress and pillows complete, \$6. Bedroom sets, 7 pieces, straight from the factory, \$22. Mattresses of every description, wool, excelsior, hair, fibre, etc., from \$2 up. Mirrors, all sizes, prices and styles, from 10c. to \$10. Hanging Lamps, lanterns, crockery, tinware, hardware, etc., at less than Chinaman's prices. Books lent to read, 5 cents per volume. 2000 books to choose from.

L. S. MATHEWS & SON, Between Fort and Nuuanu streets. No. 26 Beretania street.

Seattle Rainier Beer

The long looked for has arrived ex "IROQUOIS."

We can now fill the long felt want.

LOVEJOY & CO., 19 Nuuanu Street.

If you want to rent a house. If you want to buy a house. If you want to sell your house. If you want to rent your house. If you have something to auction. Ring up

MAIN 79

Will E. Fisher,

Corner of Merchant and Alakea St.

Ex Australia On Ice.

Apples, Pears, Grapes, Plums, Oranges, Peaches, Celery, Rhubarb, Cauliflower, Artichokes, Potatoes, Oysters, Cal. & Eastern; Salmon, Bass, Sole, Etc., Etc.

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Grocers, Sole Agents. 111 FORT ST. TEL. 240.

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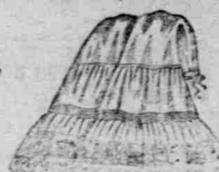
H. L. EVANS, MANAGER.

Foundation Stone, Curbing, Black and White Sand, AND Soil of all Description for Sale. Drays for Hire.

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On Draught or in Bottles at the "CRITERION"

THE LACE HOUSE
 Our Latest Importation.
 SILK SHIRT WAISTS,
 SHIRT WAISTS,
 WASH SKIRTS,
 UNDEARWEAR.



Just Arrived per Australia and will be Displayed in a few days. **WAIT.**
M. BRASCH & CO.

PARIS MODEL HATS

Not very many all told, but quite an aristocratic collection, each one of which will add distinguished beauty to the toilette of which it becomes a part. All are from FAMOUS MODISTES — the SHAPES, the MATERIALS, the STYLES are of the HIGHEST CHARACTER, COSTLY, as all SPECIAL and EXCLUSIVE BEAUTY MUST BE. But now this is changed. We have placed our entire stock of IMPORTED HATS at prices well worth while to investigate.



Miss M. E. Killeen,
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Arlington Block HOTEL STREET

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.
 Stockholders are hereby notified that the Fourth Assessment of 5 per cent, or Two and One-half Dollars per share on the Capital Stock of the INTER-ISLAND TELEGRAPH CO., Ltd., is due and payable July 1st, at the office of the undersigned, 411 Fort Street.

J. H. FISHER,
 Acting Treasurer Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd.
 Honolulu, June 1, 1900.

Sealed Tenders
 Will be received at the office of the undersigned, till 12 o'clock noon, Monday, July 30, 1900, for the construction of a store and stable buildings for the Territory Stables Co., Ltd. Plans and specifications at the office of Howard & Train, Progress Block.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.
 G. SCHUMAN,
 Treasurer Territory Stables Co., Ltd.

NOTICE.
 I HAVE this day disposed of my business at No. 3, ORPHEUS BLOCK, Fort Street, to Sing Lee Chan Co. All accounts prior to this date will be settled with me.
 YEE GEE WOT,
 Honolulu, July 28th, 1900. 35-6t.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS
 Classified Advertisements in this column will be inserted at 10 cents a line first insertion; 5 cents a line second insertion; 25 cents per line per week 25 cents per line per week, and 10 cents per line per month.

WANTED.
 MAN with \$500 to invest in sound business proposition. Liberal return on investment. No stock. Good security. Address D. A. W., Republican Office.

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 Piano taught by experienced teacher, a graduate of Leipsic Conservatory; new quick method, \$5 per month. Special attention to adult beginners. Address "Musician," Republican Office.

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 Apply to E. Walters, at the office of the Occidental Hotel.

ONE HUNDRED Families in buy lots on the Public Trust and start a suburban town at once. This tract is within ten minutes walk of the proposed Rapid Transit Railroad. For further particulars apply to A. F. Cooke, Room 5, Model Block.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.
 TWO GOOD compositors. Apply at office of THE REPUBLICAN at 9 o'clock this morning.

LOST.
 BY ACCIDENTAL gate opening, a large bay colored Chihuahua Mare, weight about 300 lbs., hind star on forehead, facelike, a little paunch or irritation on face but healing. Rights kind heart a little white. Finder please notify Police Station and reward will be paid.

OFFICES TO LET.
 DESIRABLE business offices in second story of new brick block, corner Alakea and Merchant streets, single or in suite. Apply to J. A. Mageau, Merchant street, next Postoffice, Honolulu.

FOR RENT.
 Comfortably furnished front room, reduced to \$10. 626 Vineyard, 3 doors from Queen Hotel.

FOR SALE.
 FOUR Lots, Hebron Street, Kapalama, Waikiki, \$400 each.
 JEFFS,
 101 King Street

COTTAGE of nine rooms at the corner of Alakea and Beretania streets. Apply to J. A. Mageau.

COY and **DOG** of eight rooms at corner of Spenser and streets. Apply to J. A. Mageau.

plum Republican will be de- any part of the city for 75c \$2 per quarter.

DEMOCRATS HOLD A BIG JOLLIFICATION.
 Eloquence and Cheers at the Drill Shed.
 McCLANAHAN RECALLS CONKLING.

JOHN H. WISE'S LUCID OPINION OF THE SIXTEEN-TO-ONE PLAN.

Prince David Makes a Speech Which Electrifies the Audience, While Testa Interrupts the Proceedings.

The Democrats held a ratification at the drill shed last night. The audience was largely composed of Republicans. Among the prominent Republicans present were: Lorrin Andrews, Julius Asch, Daniel Logan, T. McCants Stewart, J. H. Boyd, B. H. Wright, I. Rubenstein, Fred H. Hayselden, John W. McDonald, John F. Bowler and Samuel McKeague.

The Democrats on the platform were: C. J. McCarthy, W. H. Cornwell, John D. Holt, John H. Wise, Prince David Kawanakoa, E. B. McClanahan, John E. Bush, Edmund Hart and Charles Creighton.

In the audience F. J. Testa appeared without a coat.

C. J. McCarthy called the meeting to order. He stated that the Democrats and those who were interested in Democratic principles, which were as immutable as the hills, had been called together at short notice, for the purpose of hearing the experiences of the Kansas City delegates and to explain to the assembled multitude the 16-to-1 proposition.

But during the long speech-making, which followed, not a single word was said about 16 to 1, until the closing speech of the eloquent, the thrilling, the foot-arousing and the clap-hand provoking McClanahan, when, turning to the reporters, and, in stentorian tones, he wanted them to particularly state in their several and separate papers that the campaign of this year, as important as the issue was in 1896, wasn't 16 to 1, but that the Constitution followed the flag.

McClanahan commenced his desultory address by recalling all the national conventions that he had attended. He was at the convention when Roscoe Conkling nominated U. S. Grant; Ingersoll Blaine; Bryan himself. But never in the course of his natural life had he seen such enthusiasm displayed as when the name of W. J. Bryant was inadvertently mentioned by George Frederick Williams at the Kansas City Convention.

Now, as a matter of history, George Frederick Williams of Massachusetts never mentioned, inadvertently, the name of William Jennings Bryan (not Bryant) at the Kansas City convention.

Mr. McClanahan, probably with the roar of the Kansas City convention in his ear and the rolling of the Australia on the turbulent waters of the Pacific and the sight of Norris in the rear of the hall and Taylor in the press gallery, became confounded, something like the multitude that attempted to rear the Tower of Babel.

John H. Wise was the first speaker. Leaning over the gaily-decorated stand, which obstructed his view, Mr. Wise, like David Bennett Hill, declared that he was a Democrat. Testa uttered "Hear, hear hear!" and there was a shuffling in the rear of the hall. He went on to tell why he was a Democrat. There were five acres of ground at Kansas City and 25,000 people that were Democrats. At Kansas City he met Daniels, Tillman "and such like people," and why shouldn't he, John H. Wise, be a Democrat?

"After I voted for 16 to 1," said Mr. Wise, "Boss Croker gave me the pledge of honor."

Then Mr. Wise, with an eloquence that needs no tracing and reportorial interpretation, spoke about Hawaiian aloha for the Democratic party. "Hawaiians," said the speaker, "should vote, pull and work for us (meaning the Democratic party)."

Then wise made a center shot—at least the audience thought so—when he got up and howled, and for a moment the scene of the Kansas City convention was repeated. "Talk about our fealty to the Republican party," said the speaker, "didn't Hartwell and Smith try to disfranchise us at Washington?"

Then Mr. Wise touched upon the dress coat and civilization. To be a Democrat, then, all the Democrats and the many Republicans craned their necks at Testa. But Testa was immovable.

The Independent party was the strongest in these islands. He didn't see why it shouldn't join the Democratic party. At this there was laughter.

"I guess we will stay out a little while," came from Testa, and there was more laughter.

Mr. Wise eloquently depicted the regal manner in which Prince David was received at Kansas City. "Why, the Prince," said he, "opened wine and beer."

What a shout went up!

"No one in Hawaii can explain 16 to 1, and not even Bryan himself," he shouted Mr. Wise, seemingly forgetting that his note forced it upon the convention.

Prince David was the next speaker. The Prince appeared confused. He had never made a speech before the public of this kind. "All guess what I am going to say," said he, "I am one of those who are going to say very much. I left these shores with a very vague idea of what I was. The North and South are civilized. I was hospitably received by every State in the Union. Prior to my journey to Kansas City I was on the fence. I came back to Hawaii a full-blooded Democrat."

Prince David alluded to William Cullen Bryant as the great expounder of Democratic principles, the writings of Jefferson and the teachings of Jackson.

The speech of the evening was made by John E. Bush. In spite he went to the Kansas City convention with the delegates. He went there as a Democrat. The Republican party had taken away his liberty. He had made his bed with Democrats, and with one of the

finest Democrats, William Jennings Bryan.

The Republican party was a party of trusts and monopoly.

"Is it right," asked Mr. Bush with much feeling, "to take away a piece of land for the trusts?"

"No," shouted a voice.

"I shall suffer for this," went on the speaker, "but it is right. Talk about the ice trust! What is it to the road trust, the government trust (laughter), the rapid transit trust? (Great laughter). Is it right to have one law for the poor and another for the rich? The meeting broke up without a cheer.

New York Sugar Market.
 New York, July 25.—Sugar—Raw, strong; fair refining, 4 3/4; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 3/4; molasses sugar, 4 1/2.

Case Dismissed.
 The case of assault and battery against Frank Turk, the shipping master, was dismissed by Judge Wilcox yesterday morning. The case was dismissed because the judge addressed himself in an unmistakable way as to actions of sailors' unions. He said there were no strings to him and that unlawful acts on the part of members of the union here would meet with just punishment if brought before the court.

Favoritism Shown.
 There was a roar at the ladies' window at the postoffice yesterday. A long line of people was waiting for letters when a woman who claims royal descent elbowed her way to the window and asked for her letters. She was waited upon by the clerk while the rest of the people who had been waiting patiently in line had to wait till she got through; hence the roar.

GOWNS FOR THE JUSTICES
 The Woolsacks Were Made By San Francisco Tailors.

Court Clerk Henry Smith received yesterday a bill for the new gowns to be worn by the Justices of the Supreme Court. There are three gowns, and they cost \$50 each, or \$150 for the three. The express charges amount to \$2.40.

The gowns were made by Raphael Weill & Co. of San Francisco. Justice Perry took the measurements for the gowns when he went to San Francisco. They are said to be stunning.

HERE TO STUDY AGRICULTURE.
 PROFESSOR W. C. STUBBS ARRIVED IN HONOLULU YESTERDAY.

Will Examine Local Conditions and Establish Experimental Station.

Soldiers and sailors come and take the town captive. But now comes W. C. Stubbs, who appears unannounced. Professor Stubbs, accompanied by his charming wife, is a guest at the Hawaiian Hotel, having arrived on the Australia yesterday, fresh from his duties in charge of the United States Government Experiment Station at New Orleans. He is here for many purposes—to investigate the agricultural possibilities and to establish experimental stations. There are many things to be considered by him, primarily the preservation of the races and the economic use of water.

"I am here to establish an experimental station," said Mr. Stubbs to a Republican reporter last night, "but will call on the citizens later on for information about agriculture in the Territory."

"Labor? I cannot say anything about it. I prefer not to speak about that for reasons that are obvious. We are negro labor in Louisiana, but the Italians crowd them out. Preference? I have nothing to say. Some planters like one class better than another, and then others have the contrary feeling. For myself, I believe the negro is the better workman. I know he is as a plowman."

"What do we pay our people? It would be rather difficult to answer that, don't you know. Undoubtedly, we pay more than the sugar people do in Hawaii. With us \$1 a day is a very cheap wage."

Professor Stubbs is not a stranger to Hawaii. Every sugar planter knows him. There is nothing hidden from him. He doesn't have to establish his greatness. That is done by local conditions.

Dr. Walter Maxwell, foreman of the Territorial Experimental Station, now about to go to Queensland, is a graduate of Dr. Stubbs' school. So is Professor J. T. Crawley. Then there are Clark, Robinson, McQuaide, Olding, Shorey, Rodriguez, Collins, Putnam and others that lingered under his tuition. Maxwell and Crawley served under Mr. Stubbs at the Louisiana Experimental Station. The other gentlemen named were students in the Audubon Sugar School, at New Orleans, formerly supported and patronized by the planters, but now by the State of Louisiana.

It is understood that Mr. Stubbs desires to hear from the people—the producers—in regard to their work on the farms and plantations.

Mr. Stubbs is here as the agent of the Government; he will work in the interests of the people. He desires that all men engaged in agriculture and who have anything in their products to show will bring them in to him. He desires to gain all possible information for the Government about what can be produced in Hawaii and the cost of production.

BULL RUNS AMUCK.
 Escapes and Has Things Its Own Way for a While.

A wild bull from Kailua, which arrived in the schooner Eclipse, escaped from the cattle pen early yesterday morning and made its way to Palama, causing much excitement on its way. It ran up past Iwilei and onto King street, bellowing at a great rate and causing people to fly in dismay to places of safety.

At the junction of King and Beretania a Japanese, walking along with no thought of danger, was struck by the animal and hurled over a fence. Another Jap was bit by the bull and thrown with great violence through the entrance of Harry Jouen's saloon. He was the most surprised individual that has been in Honolulu for many a day, and it was some time before he could sufficiently regain his breath to ask what happened.

After elevating the second man the bull turned down King street and was

captured near the bridge by two mounted cowboys, who lassoed him and took him to the slaughterhouse. Luckily neither of the Japanese were gored, and besides a fright and some bumps they were uninjured.

Will Weigh Coin.
 Honolulu's hot weather is being taken account of in the U. S. Sub-Treasury at San Francisco. By the Australia Collector Stackable received a pair of scales to weigh gold coin by. In a shipment of \$50,000 recently made by him, when weighed, the coin was found to be light over \$29 worth. This might have been caused by "sweating," then again it might not.

Death of Dr. Hagus.
 Dr. H. P. Hagus died at Kealia, Kanaai, at 2:30 o'clock on Tuesday morning. The cause of death was hemorrhage of the brain. S. N. Hundley yesterday brought the body down and, in accordance with the wish of the deceased, had it cremated.

Judge Estee's Formal Call.
 Judge Morris M. Estee had scarcely been settled in the Snow cottage, at the Hawaiian hotel, when he made an official call on Governor Dole yesterday afternoon. There were no formalities in the call; Judge Estee went alone, in the most Democratic way, and had a very pleasant time.

RETURN OF DEMOCRATS.
 Prince David and Delegate Cornwall Enthusiastic Over Outlook.

Prince David and W. H. Cornwell were passengers on the Australia. They were present at the hurrah for Bryan at Kansas City. Prince David says that 25,000 throats became hoarse when Oldham pronounced the name of Bryan. All the delegates are of the opinion that Bryan will sweep the country at the coming election.

Mr. Cornwall declares that he wouldn't have missed the convention for \$500. He intends going to New York in October and remaining until after the campaign is over.

Tonight's Band Concert.
 The Government band will give a moonlight concert at the Hawaiian hotel tonight, for which an especially attractive program has been arranged for the benefit of the new arrivals in the city. The Hotel management request that all carriages avoid driving into the main entrance during the concert:

PART I.
 Overture—Isabella Suppe
 Ballad—Pilgrims of the Night Liddle
 Grand Selection—Il Trovatore Verdi
 (a) Ko Leo, Mihili Pua, Miss J. Kealia
 (b) Ka Inuwa, Kuwiliwili Iko Ana—Mrs. M. Alapai.

PART II.
 Selection—The Crackerjack Mackie
 Finale—The Wedding of the Winds
 Song—Alice Whang, Art Thon, Archer
 March—The Man Behind the Gun
 Sousa.
 The Star Spangle Banner.

NEWS OF THE TOWN

Guess your guess and try and win a Cleveland bike.

Honoka stock sold in San Francisco on July 25 at \$1.62 1/2.

The Lehu arrived last night with Olowalu and Paanahan sugar.

Mrs. A. F. and Miss Margaret Cooke have returned from the States.

Mr. Oscar T. Sewall of Williams, Dimond & Co., arrived in the Australia for a short visit here.

The engagement of Miss Henrietta Christian of Hanalei and H. Wedemeyer of Koloa plantation is announced.

Ferns and rare plants will be sold at 521 Kinau street, off Alapai, at 10 o'clock today, by auctioneer Will E. Fisher.

Harry Larkin, the travelling representative of the Paraffine Paint Co. of San Francisco and a well known club man of that city, is here on a business visit in the interests of his firm.

B. F. Dillingham is booked to arrive on the 15th. Mr. Dillingham was expected yesterday. He, so friends say, is busily engaged in San Francisco floating Oloa plantation bonds.

Captain Ed. Perks of the transport Egbert, died at St. Michael, Alaska, on July 2nd. For many years he was in the employ of the Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Co's.

It has given great pleasure to many Californians to find an old friend in John McGovern, a clerk at the Hawaiian hotel. Mr. McGovern was formerly connected with the California hotel in San Francisco.

There was a large crowd at the Hawaiian Hotel last evening. The many friends of returning Kamaainas and the United States officials were there to visit them. The front of the hotel was prettily decorated and a native orchestra furnished music.

The following people arriving on the Australia are guests at the Arlington: J. L. Horner, J. W. Alexander, San Francisco; Chas. E. Bryant wife and son, Seattle; Mary I. Burdick Berkeley; Mrs. I. W. Cochran, Misses Cochran, H. O'Connell, New York; Catherine J. Taylor, Elizabeth H. Donovan, Oakland; W. D. Schmidt, Berlin and Honolulu.

A Lame Shoulder.
 A lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles, and may be cured by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents Hawaiian Territory.

Ex Australia, on Ice.—Apples, Oranges, Plums, Lemons, Gooseberries, Grapes, Peaches, Apricots, Celery, Asparagus, Rhubarb, Cabbage, Oysters in tin and shell, Cauliflower, Onions, all Game in season. All kinds of Cheese, Salmon, Flounders, Crabs, etc., etc.—**CAMARINOS' REFRIGERATOR.**

Silent Barber Shop
 SEVEN FIRST-CLASS BARBERS.
 Arlington Block, : : : Hotel St.
 JOSEPH FERNANDEZ, Prop.

DON'T PAY FANCY PRICES!!

YOU RUN NO RISK OF DOING SO IF YOU TRADE WITH US. IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN OUR OBJECT TO GIVE OUR PATRONS THE FULLEST VALUE FOR THEIR MONEY.

BOTH IN QUANTITY AND QUALITY.

"WE LEAD THE WAY IN LACES,"
 AND WE SHALL CONTINUE TO SELL FOR ONE WEEK MORE AT VERY SPECIAL PRICES.

Valenciennes
 Edgings and Insertions

IN AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF NEW AND EXCLUSIVE PATTERNS.

YOU WILL ALSO ADMIT, THAT AT THE PRICES WE HAVE MARKED THIS LOT ARE RIDICULOUS. WHO EVER HEARD OF A FRENCH VAL EDGING BEING SOLD FOR

20c. A PIECE OF 12 YDS 20c.

THAT IS JUST WHAT WE ARE DOING.

N. S. SACHS DRY GOODS CO., Ltd.
 THE PEOPLES' PROVIDERS

SCHUMAN'S
 Carriage and Harness Repository,
MERCHANT STREET
 Between Fort and Alakea Streets.

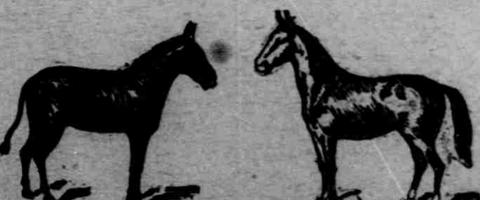
We have just received ex Alden Bessie, bark Irngard, Rosamond and W. H. Dimond and have now on display a

Large New Stock of Elegant and Up-to-date
SURREYS, PHLETONS, BUGGIES, TRAPS, RUNABOUTS, Etc.

Also **STYLISH SINGLE and DOUBLE CARRIAGE and BUGGY HARNESS.**

A new line of LAP ROBES, LAMPS, WHIPS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.

Just Arrived, ex S. N. Castle, a large shipment of Young, Strong Mules and Horses



SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

THREE IMMENSE STOCKS
FAIRCHILD'S LARGE STOCK
A. E. MURPHY & CO.'S ENTIRE STOCK
AMERICAN DRY GOODS ENTIRE STOCK
 IN THE SHOE STORE OF

L. B. KERR & CO. Ltd.

CORNER FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

These large and carefully selected assortments of fine-foot wear will be sure to suit the most particular, as they are all first class and being sold at prices that have never been offered for like quality in this City before. These prices are actually

50 PER CENT LESS

than elsewhere, and we feel convinced that it will not be much longer that we can offer such attractions, judging from the way the people are taking them home.

Come Early, as All Must Go!

L. B. KERR & COMPANY, Limited,
 Corner Hotel and Fort Streets.



GENTLEMEN, ATTENTION!

We have just opened up a new shipment of the very latest styles in Gents' Furnishings in which we offer at the most reasonable prices in the City.

PAJAMAS \$1.50, worth \$2.00, and at correspondingly reasonable prices for finer grades.

MENS' OFFICE COATS from \$2.00 up. These are exceptionally cheap and are rapidly becoming very popular.

EXCELLENT VALUES AND LATEST CUT IN

Boys' Clothing

made in the most workmanlike manner, at from 75 cts. per Suit up.



THE SAME MAY BE SAID OF

Youths Suits

Only the line to select from being much more extensive in variety of Patterns, \$1.50 per Suit up,

PERCALE ; AND ; MADRAS ; SHIRTS

IN ALL PATTERNS AND COLORS

FROM \$1.00 UP.

BATHING SUITS In the very latest designs, 1 and 2 piece Suits, Correspondingly Cheap.

L. B. KERR & CO., LTD.,

QUEEN STREET, - - - HONOLULU, H. T.

EMPEROR KWANG SU'S APPEAL FOR THE MEDIATION OF AMERICA.

Full Text of the Message to President McKinley and the Latter's Reply to the Chinese Ruler.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Department of State today made public the Chinese appeal for mediation, and the President's reply. The Chinese proposal is unquestionably an adroit proposition. The President's answer is equally clever and more sincere. That is the opinion of the officials here who have studied both. Following is the translation of a cablegram received by Minister Wu on July 20, 1900, from the Taotai of Shanghai, dated July 19, 1900:

"I have received a telegram from Governor Yuan of Shantung, dated 23d day of the moon, July 19, who, having received from the Privy Council at Peking a dispatch embodying an imperial letter to the United States, has instructed me to transmit it to your excellency. The imperial message is respectfully transmitted as follows:

"To His Excellency, the President of the United States—Greeting: China has long maintained friendly relations with the United States, and is deeply conscious that the object of the United States is international commerce. Neither country entertains the slightest suspicion or distrust toward the other. Recent outbreaks of mutual animosity between the people and Christian missions caused the foreign powers to view with suspicion the position of the imperial government, as favorable to the people and prejudicial to the missions, with the result that the Taku forts were attacked and captured. Consequently there has been clashing of forces, with calamitous consequences. The situation has become more and more serious and critical. We have just received a telegraphic memorial from our envoy, Wu Ting Fang, and it is highly gratifying to learn that the United States government, having in view the friendly relations between the two countries, has taken a deep interest in the present situation. Now China, driven by the irresistible course of events, has unfortunately incurred high universal indignation. For settling the present difficulty, China places special reliance in the United States. We address this message to your Excellency in all sincerity and candor, with the hope that your Excellency will devise measures and take the initiative in bringing about a concert of the powers for the restoration of order and peace. The favor of a kind reply is earnestly requested and awaited with the greatest anxiety.

"KWANG SU."
 "Twenty-sixth year, sixth moon, twents-third day (July 19)."
 "It is therefore my duty to transmit the above, with the request that your Excellency, in respectful obedience of imperial wishes, will deliver the same

FILIPINOS TIRE OF BEING CHASED ABOUT.

Many of Them Surrender to Uncle Sam With Their Arms and Ammunition.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Reports received at the War Department show that the late Filipino insurgents are accepting the situation with comparatively good grace and are surrendering their arms and ammunition to Uncle Sam's troops with commendable rapidity.

According to one correspondent, reports from different sections of the archipelago indicate that the rebels are getting tired of the game, and will lay down their arms at intervals as the troops press them to the point of starvation and the rainy season approaches. The Filipino has a dread of a heavy fall of rain, especially when he has not comfortable quarters in which to smoke his favorite cigarette, and he will not feel like enduring a campaign during that period unless there have been plenty of supplies gathered to last through the heavy downpour of rain.

In securing supplies and establishing required rendezvous for carrying on guerrilla warfare during the rainy season the rebels are said to be most unfortunate. The activity of the troops in different sections has made it almost impossible for them to secure a sufficient number of recruits to fill vacancies occurring in the ranks. They would choose a rendezvous and stock it up only to have it reduced and destroyed and their force scattered to the mountains, where they have been almost cut off from any base of supplies. The result has been that the more reasonable insurgents have seen the futility of further resistance, and not only come in and surrender, but are using their influence to induce their friends to follow their example.

THE MAIN ISSUE OF THE CAMPAIGN.

It Is McKinley's Conduct of National Affairs, Says Vice-Chairman Payne.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Vice-Chairman Payne of the Republican National Committee gave out a statement today which can be taken as foreshadowing the plan of campaign to be pursued by the committee this year.

"We are all doing a lot of talking about the issues," said he, "but the plain fact remains that with everything else brushed aside, the main issue is the McKinley administration, and on that the Republican party must stand or fall. The Democrats have adopted a 16-to-1 plank for one section of the country and declared 'imperialism' the paramount issue for another, but when everything is said and done their platform resolves itself into an attack on what has been done at Washington

during the last four years, and the answer to all their complaints, from our point of view, is the McKinley administration itself.

"Our campaign will be aggressive, and much so. It will not excuse or defend anything President McKinley may have or not have done, but will go out with the promise that his administration has been the best one possible under the circumstances, and invite the people to re-elect him in order that the same good government which has obtained for the last four years may obtain for the four years to come.

"We also deny that any of the so-called issues are paramount, but are prepared to meet and beat the Democrats on any 'issue' they may raise. They will preach free silver west of the Missouri river and 'imperialism' east of it, but they will find before they get through that they will have to discuss both on both sides of the river. The Democrats cannot dodge the money issue without losing what chance they have in some Western States, and they cannot advocate it in those States and avoid it in others."

THE COUNCIL OF STATE.

There Was No Meeting Yesterday Because of Certain Absentees.

Governor Dole hopes to get away tomorrow or Saturday on his annual vacation. It is possible, however, that public business may retain him here. If conditions should require his presence here he will remain.

An executive meeting was held this morning and all of the cabinet members were present save Superintendent of Public Land Brown and Superintendent of Public Work M. Candless.

No business was done, because of the absence of Messrs. Brown and Candless, and the board then adjourned.

A Minister's Good Work.

"I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Power, of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose; told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured. I think it the best medicine I have ever tried." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.

The Orpheum Hotel

after undergoing a Thorough Renovation is Now Open and will be conducted as a

FIRST CLASS HOTEL

American and European Plan.

MODERATE RATES.

A Well-Conducted Cafe is run in

Connection with the Hotel.

MEALS SERVED

TABLE D'HONTE AND A LA CARTE

LIQUID REFRESHMENTS

FURNISHED TO GUESTS.



OCEANIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO., Ltd. 46 MERCHANT STREET.

DELICIOUS CANDIES

- Ceylon and Maracabo
- CHOCOLATE CREAM and PRALINES
- HAND DIPPED FRENCH BON-BONS
- Large Assortment
- PEANUT CRISP, COCOANUT CRISP, MOLASSES CANDY, FRENCH BOSS, Etc.

Our goods are made FRESH every day and cost about HALF the price of State Imported Goods.

Now England Bakery,
 J. OSWALD LUTTED, Manager.
 Hotel Street.

Charles Bon of Bishop & Co. and his wife returned in the Australia after a short but enjoyable visit to the mainland.

Hiram Bingham, Jr., an Island boy who has distinguished himself in California, returned in the Australia.