

# THE HONOLULU REPUBLICAN.

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## DISTRUST LANSLOWNE IN FOREIGN OFFICE

### Liberals are Especially Bitter Against Him.

### GECIL FAMILY WELL PROVIDED FOR SUCCESS OF LORD ROSEBERY'S LIFE OF NAPO- LEON.

### Jealousy of the Success of American Jockeys Leads to a Bitter Crusade Against Them.

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LONDON, Nov. 3.—"Clad in the robes of dazzling failure," is the way one liberal newspaper describes the Marquis of Lansdowne's entry into the foreign office. This undoubtedly expresses the opinion of a preponderance of the British public, irrespective of party lines. Even among those organs feebly upholding the advisability of Lord Lansdowne's appointment there is a tendency to allot him the portion of a mere nominal head of the foreign office, blindly following out every wish of the premier.

This the Associated Press learns, is quite opposed to Lord Lansdowne's own idea. He does not share the general belief that in the war office he did badly. In fact, the premier is so convinced of the reverse that he gave Lord Lansdowne the option of continuing in his former office or taking the new billet. Lord Lansdowne was delighted that Lord Lansdowne was willing to accept the foreign office portfolio. He believes he will make a strong foreign secretary, and had long contemplated Lord Lansdowne as his successor, should the doctors refuse to allow him to continue the severe duties he underwent during the last parliament. One of Lord Lansdowne's closest friends said in a representative of the Associated Press:

"Lord Lansdowne, by his training and social career is especially fitted and available to meet diplomats and decide large issues. Should he fail of success it will only be because he is too much of a gentleman."

The under secretaryship in the war office and colonial office, vacant through the changes in the cabinet, must now be selected, which is no easy matter. Mr. R. W. Hannbury, the financial secretary of the treasury, is believed likely to succeed Mr. C. T. Ritchey as president of the board of trade, and Mr. George Wyndham, the parliamentary secretary of the war office, is frequently mentioned as the successor of Mr. Gerald Balfour as chief secretary for Ireland, though the latter's resignation is by no means certain at present.

With reference to Irish matters, an amusing story is going the rounds about the Duke of Marlborough, whom the papers frequently, without basis, mentioned as Earl Cadogan's successor in the lord lieutenantship of Ireland. On the strength of this, it is said, a large amount of Irish literature has been imported to Bloomsbury, where a recent visitor is alleged to have found the young duke almost buried amid histories of Ireland.

Mr. Gerald Balfour may change the chief secretaryship of Ireland for the lord of trade. If this occurs it will give the Cecil family four of the most important offices in the cabinet, which calls out from the liberal papers the cry of nepotism.

### Gossip About War Office.

Mr. Broderick's appointment to the war office is extremely well received among military men in the social sets. This may or may not be a good sign. Mr. Broderick is an experienced official, who knows the details of military administration, and is a man of great energy. He is also the eldest son of Lord Middleton and is extremely popular among the people of the West Side. Radical reformers, however, do not hesitate to say that he is an optimist who cannot be depended upon to resist social influence.

The truth is that social influence lies at the root of the worst evils of the military service. This is what every war correspondent who witnessed the campaign in South Africa frankly admits, and the conditions of society in London justify that conclusion. One of the best informed men about South Africa says: "General Kitchener is the only man who can reform the British army, for he alone cares absolutely nothing for the opinions of titled women and smart people."

Generals Buller, White Methuen, Gatacre and almost all the generals except MacDonnell and Kitchener have social backgrounds in London. What is needed more than anything else is a thorough-going reform which will open the army on democratic lines to the masses of the nation. There will be many technical improvements in the service and weak spots in the system of imperial defense will be strengthened, but there is not likely to be any infusion of fresh blood into the army.

Politicians assert that in place of the clean sweep of rusty functionaries the cabinet changes have merely strengthened the grip of Mr. Chamberlain upon the administration. There are many people who see Mr. Chamberlain's fine Roman hand in everything that happens in public life. No official announcement has been made of further changes in the personnel of the government, and it is evi-

dent that Lord Salisbury has not finished his task of reconstruction.

### Rosebery as an Author.

The publication of Lord Rosebery's History of Napoleon has not only brought forth unanimous and unbounded praise, but has given rise to a general feeling of regret that the present undistinguished cabinet could not avail itself of such a brilliant intellect. It is a careful monograph of Bonaparte's closing days, and while it discloses no new historical facts, it deals so masterfully and impartially with all the available evidence that it must stand so the critics say, as an authoritative record, in addition to being the most perfect character sketch ever penned. It teems with powerful epigrams and touches of humor and imagination, while the British ministers responsible for the arduousness of Napoleon's captivity are treated with merciless satire. On all sides it is admitted that this latest work reveals Lord Rosebery at his best. What will be the next? This is the question which arises on all sides.

How bitter politics are growing in Ireland can be judged from an open letter from Mr. William O'Brien, saying he re-enters parliament with the utmost repugnance, and with no more satisfaction than he would re-enter an English jail. But, Mr. O'Brien adds, he considers it a national duty. He also says the exclusion of Healy and his faction from the Irish party is the only means of enabling men of honor to remain in it.

Once more the introducing of American methods will revolutionize British traffic. As a result of a visit of the superintendent of the Southwestern railroad to the United States, the directors of the road have decided to substitute for the present lever system of signaling the pneumatic method employed on American roads. The latter's installation is now occurring. Other lines are likely to follow suit, so that the immense signal boxes which have long been features of the great termini will probably disappear.

The vexed question of the decrease of commerce of the port of London, owing to lack of docking facilities and high rates, is likely to be solved by the formation of a public body for the better management of the docks and water ways, which plan includes river quays on both sides of the river above Gravesend, thus avoiding lighterage, which, connected with railroads, will save time and expense.

### Jealousy of American Jockeys.

The Prince of Wales's dismissal of Tod Sloan is received with joy by the racing world of England, as a significant indication of the feeling against American jockeys and trainers. The Prince of Wales yielded to the popular clamor. While the methods and manners of a number of self-advertising American owners have undoubtedly given the Jockey Club an excuse for its present attitude, there is little doubt that jealousy of the continued American success had more than anything else, to do with the matter. There are many indications, too, that the campaign against the American horsemen was not undertaken without plenty of premeditation. This is evidenced by the sporting columns of almost every daily paper in England and many of the best weeklies who are reveling in the chance of a stir at American jockeys.

Truth cannot find words of vituperation enough wherewith to denounce Sloan and all the others it can reach. But the greatest of all prevails in the London sporting clubs and cafes where the English turf gamblers assemble to settle betting here. The gamblers who for years have held the English turf by the throat, and who finally found all their calculations smashed by the American success, hope to be able to resume their trade.

Sloan is much chagrined. His retainer was to have been £5,000. He had other offers of like amount, but now that the Prince of Wales has thrown him over, no English owner is likely to employ him as first jockey. Sloan returns to the United States, November 14th, but the story that he does not intend to apply for a license here in 1901 is regarded as being at least premature.

Leigh the trainer of Mr. Frank Gardner's stable, which Sloan manages, and whose application for a license to train at Newmarket caused so much of the present trouble, has secured quarters at Epsom. Twenty-six American yearlings have already arrived there. Rigby will not apply for a license here for 1901, as he is engaged by Madame Menier to ride in France. Morgan and Eddie Jones go to Austria.

### RENEWS MAIL SERVICE

### WITH SAN FRANCISCO

- \* VANCOUVER B. C., Nov. 2.—
- \* Australian advices indicate the probable selection of Albany, N. S. W., as the capital of federated Australia. Lord Hoptown, the first governor general, will arrive in Sydney on December 1st.
- \* Federated colonies are making strong objection to the proposed incorporation of the Fiji Islands by New Zealand.
- \* The New Zealand government has asked the approval of the parliament of that colony for one year of the agreement with J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Company for a continuance of the San Francisco mail service every three weeks, the time between San Francisco and Auckland to be not more than sixteen days. The payment for the conveyance of mails from New Zealand to San Francisco shall be at the rate of 1 shilling 6 pence per pound for letters, 1 shilling per pound for books, and 6 pence per pound for newspapers.

## WERE NOT DISCHARGED BECAUSE OF POLITICS

### Statements of the Independents Indignantly Denied.

### MEN VOTED AS THEY PLEASED AND NO ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO DISCIPLINE THEM FOR IT.

### Timekeeper Colburn of Oceanic Wharf Presents Notations from His Time Book—Why Men Didn't Work.

An effort has been made by the independents to show that Hawaiians who voted for Wilcox were being discharged because of the way they voted. Mrs. Wilcox furnished The Republican a list of names of natives late Friday night whom she claimed had been discharged because they voted for her husband and especially singled out the Oceanic wharf as one of the places where natives had been discharged for having voted for Wilcox.

Of all the firms doing business in Honolulu, Irwin & Co. would be the last to take such action as this. Throughout all the many changes and fierce political outbursts in Hawaii in the last ten years, Irwin & Co. have always kept clear of politics. In fact, so careful has the firm been that it has been worth any man's position with the company who would endeavor in any way to influence or control the votes of the employees.

As a matter of fact the timekeeper for the company keeps a complete list of all the employees and at the roll call every morning each man is checked off as called whether present or not, and if absent, the reason why is given, or if unable through drink or otherwise to go to work, that fact is stated on the time sheet. Among the names furnished this paper by Mrs. Wilcox as having been discharged for the reasons she stated, some of them do not now, and have not for years, worked on the Oceanic wharf.

In discussing the subject, Marcus R. Colburn, timekeeper on the Oceanic dock, prepared the following signed statement: "It has been stated in The Republican of the 9th and 10th inst. that longshoremen employed on the Oceanic dock have been discharged because of their having voted for Wilcox. In the issue of the 9th you mention my name as the party who had discharged the men in question; in that of the 10th you give the names of the men discharged. I wish to say that I have had charge of employing longshoremen on the Oceanic wharf for some years and my orders from headquarters have been and still are that Hawaiians are to be given the preference when laborers are required and that they be employed regardless of their political opinions. Neither the superintendent nor myself discharged any men before or after election because of their political opinions, and statements to the contrary are absolutely false and are no doubt being disseminated for political purposes. There were eight or ten men among the gang which turned up on the 7th inst. who were drunk and absolutely unfit to work at that time. These men I refused to employ that morning and told them to go home and sober up and come back to work later. As a matter of fact, four of these turned up later in the day and were put to work, although they were barely fit to do anything. The others I have since heard are the ones who have helped circulate the report, and which I have not the slightest doubt was for the purpose of showing me up in a wrong light to my employers."

"The following particulars cover the exact reason why the laborers mentioned in The Republican of the 10th inst. did not receive employment on the Oceanic wharf on the 7th inst.:

- \* W. E. Alohiaka, unknown.
- \* Hoopi, has not worked on O. S. S. wharf for years.
- \* Moiliili, struck for \$3.00 per day.
- \* John Kainana, unknown.
- \* Kekipi, did not show up.
- \* Kahuu, did not show up.
- \* Moses Heu, struck for \$3.00 per day.
- \* J. G. Kahulu, did not show up.
- \* Penehaki, struck for \$3.00 per day.
- \* P. K. Maeluenu, unknown.
- \* Kealoha, at home sick.
- \* Hooakama, did not show up.
- \* Kaelepu, did not show up.
- \* Maiali, did not show up.
- \* Ohia, did not show up.
- \* Piko, too drunk to work.
- \* Henry Kaaauai, struck for \$3.00 per day.

"Kiulau, too drunk to work."  
"Iopa, did not show up on 7th, but worked on 9th."  
"Kanui, struck for \$3.00 per day."  
"Kapoenu, was working but was drunk most of the day."  
"Pao, was working on the 7th."  
"Alaahine, was too drunk and worked only one-fourth day on 7th."  
"Nahine, did not show up."  
"Pia, did not show up."  
"Pio, struck for \$3.00 per day."  
"Kaiakolu, drunk according to his own statement."  
"Ikeole, did not show up."  
"Kahuli, did not show up."  
"Kahalepouli, unknown."  
"Sam Keoleha, unknown."  
"Geo. Kalakini, unknown."  
"Keoula, struck for \$3.00 per day."  
"Wm. A. Clark, superintendent of the Oceanic wharf, substantiates Mr. Colburn's statement in the following signed article:

"To the Editor of The Republican:

"Sir—The statements reported in your issue of the 9th and 10th inst. in connection with dismissal of laborers on the Oceanic dock are absolutely untrue. I wish to say further that no employee on this dock would dare dismiss men because of their political faith as we all recognize the fact that were we to either threaten or do what our timekeeper is charged with having done it would mean instant dismissal. The fact of your having given such publicity to the statements made by the independents forces me to make a public denial in justice to those who employ me. Yours truly,

"WM. A. CLARK,  
"Supt. O. S. S. Co. Wharf."

### WE WILL BRING A FIG PEST EXTERMINATOR

Wray Taylor received a letter yesterday from Professor Koebel, which states that he will sail for Honolulu on the Sierra. While in San Francisco Mr. Koebel met his old friend Professor Schwartz, of Washington, D. C. He has been in California for some time, studying the pests that have ravaged the fig orchards in that state. Professor Schwartz has discovered an insect that destroys the fig pest. The announcement is one of great importance and means much to the growers of the Smyrna fig.

### CONCERT TODAY AT THE CAPITOL GROUNDS

There will be a public concert this afternoon at the capitol grounds. The program will be as follows:

- PART I.
- "The Old Hundred".....Thomas
  - Overture—"Raymond".....Gillet
  - "The Gossiper".....Gillet
  - Cornet Solo—"Beautiful Lizzie".....Hartman
  - Mr. Charles Kreuter.
  - Grand Selection—"Faust".....Gunnod
- PART II.
- Selection—"Providence".....Tobani
  - Fantasia—"The Awakening of the Lion".....Kontzky
  - Intermezzo—"A Serenade".....Gregh
  - Overture—"The Oath".....Antier
  - "The Star Spangled Banner."

### TO PAY CASTELLANE'S DEBTS.

### Gould Family Want to Hush Up the Scandal.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—On the authority of a "sensitive friend" of the late Jay Gould, the World announces that the debts of Count Boni de Castellane will be paid in full by the Goulds at once. "The scandal attending the claims amounting to \$4,700,000 against the spendthrift husband of Countess Anna is to be stopped." The World adds, "A sum will probably be given by George, Helen, Howard, Edwin and Frank Gould to wipe out these debts, as they consider the honor of the Gould family is involved."

"Incidentally," the World article says, "it was elicited that the Gould millions have nearly doubled since Jay Gould's death; that Anna's share is nearly \$18,000,000 and her income nearer the \$1,000,000 than the \$600,000 mark as her estate stated. The total value of the Gould estate is now over \$125,000,000."

### FRAUDULENT REGISTRATIONS MADE BY DEMOCRATS

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of 350 men charged with being registered fraudulently at different precincts in the downtown wards of the Twelfth Congressional district. This action was taken on information filed by Chairman John B. Owen of the Twelfth Congressional district republican committee.

The committee sent registered letters to the names as they appeared on the voters' lists from rooming houses and saloons in the district, and more than 1,000 of these letters have been returned with the report of the postoffice department that the persons named do not live at the places shown on the registration list. On the strength of these reports warrants have been asked for the arrest of more than 1,200 persons, and 350 of the warrants have been issued.

### CARLISTS WELL EQUIPPED FOR THE CAMPAIGN

PARIS, Nov. 3.—A correspondent of Le Petit Parisien, telegraphing from a point in the French Pyrenees, says that if troops are not sent immediately to quell the great strategic importance will fall into the hands of the Carlists, who will then be masters of the upper valley of the Segre and will be able to obtain arms from France and Andorra. The Carlists in upper Catalonia are armed with Mausers and are well equipped with tents and campaigning material.

VENICE, Nov. 3.—Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, in the course of an interview had with him declared that the present rising in Spain is contrary to his orders and will retard instead of promoting his efforts to secure his rights.

## WILCOX HAS VOTES TO THROW TO BIRDS

### Carries the Other Islands by Five Hundred.

### HIS PLURALITY CAUSES A SHOCK AND A CONTEST IS REALLY SERIOUSLY SUGGESTED IN CERTAIN QUARTERS.

### Takes Root in Hawaii and is Sense- lessly Spreading in Oahu, But Will Not Succeed.

The Kinau came in last evening and brought the latest news from Hawaii. Wilcox leads Sam Parker in Hawaii by 218 votes. The successful senatorial candidates are J. T. Brown, independent, 651; J. B. Kaah, independent, 876; Dr. N. Russell, independent, 864; J. L. Paris, republican, 788. The representatives elected for the First district are R. H. Makiaka, democrat and independent, 640; S. H. Hauloe, democrat and independent, 613; William Na'ima, democrat and independent, 592; J. Ewaliko, independent, 564. Second district: J. W. Keli'ona, democrat and independent, 547; Julian Monsarrat, republican democrat and independent, 518; J. K. Ke'aula, independent, 493; G. P. Kama'oua, republican, democrat and independent, 433. This tells the story so far as Hawaii is concerned.

Commenting on these figures, the Tribune says: "The solidity of the independent vote will be observed from the table given above. They voted their ticket nearly straight right across the island, and therein lay their strength. The ticket carried itself by adopting this course, which was apparently thoroughly drilled into the party's adherents. Had they felt inclined to indulge in a few side candidates after the style of their republican opponents they very likely would have broken down their organization as effectively. The meaning of the result may be summed up in the statement that it is a silent protest against annexation and the reappointment of the Dele outfit, who stood in the minds of the Hawaiians as the symbol of their extinct rights and vanished nationality."

The returns for delegate from the other islands are as follows:

	Parker.	Wilcox.	David.
Oahu	2191	2912	1997
Molokai	89	90	106
Maua	485	486	605

And again: "There is another matter which will be found of interest to the observers of this first election under the new government. The number of registered voters in the precincts of the First district is as follows:

First District.	Registered.	Voted.
Pohokai	172	190
Hilo	400	460
Papaikou	104	102
Honoumou	83	80
Laupahoehoe	87	85
Kahe	68	64
Honokaa	88	76
Kukuiaale	112	109

"The votes for delegate cast in Hilo after 5 o'clock were as follows: Sam Parker, 34-36; David, 15-16; Wilcox, 17-15."

The plurality for Wilcox on Maui is reported at 159, on Maui at 75 and on Molokai at 69. This would seem to indicate his election by at least a 300 plurality.

A. B. Loebenstein, who came over on the Kinau, will file a notice of contest, the foundation for which has already been laid, as follows:

Hilo, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, November 7, 1900.

To L. A. Andrews, Sheriff of Hawaii:

"Sir—I, the undersigned, a citizen and elector of South Hilo, Kalama and Territory of Hawaii, enter this, my formal protest to the issuing of a certificate of election, to one Nicholas Russell of Olanu, Hawaii, Island, as a senator for said island.

My reason for the same being that the name of the said Nicholas Russell was improperly placed upon the ballot; that the petition upon which his name was placed upon the ballot did not contain the statutory names of duly qualified electors and voters as required by law; that the said petition contains a list of twenty-six names, as follows:

O. T. Shipman, S. Pail, John K. Wai-lehua, W. H. Smith, Cyril O. Smith, Geo. Jankin, J. H. Reinhardt, John H. Marlin, W. C. Borden, T. J. Ryan, J. E. Staples, W. von Graevener, H. E. Kelsey, H. L. Shaw, Ruela, W. Nicolls, L. A. Davis, Dan Kaihenui, J. S. Janeway, J. N. Wood, J. Brown, A. W. Todd, W. Geo. Kaihenui, John N. Morton, A. W. Richardson, Dan Kaonohi.

On said list of twenty-six names there appear the names of other than duly qualified voters as follows: W. von Graevener, Cyril O. Smith, Ruela, L. A. Davis, John H. Marlin, leaving but twenty-one names of duly qualified voters.

That a statement of said facts was by me duly presented to the board of inspectors of election of this, the Second precinct, First district, Island of Hawaii, prior to the taking of votes to the polls, and such statement of facts appears as a protest in the record of proceedings of the said board.

I, therefore, maintain that the name

of Nicholas Russell, not being legally upon the ballot, all votes cast for him are lost. Yours truly,

A. B. LOEBENSTEIN.

I, A. B. Loebenstein, being duly sworn, do upon my oath solemnly swear that the matters and facts set forth in the foregoing are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

A. B. LOEBENSTEIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of November, A. D. 1900.

THOMAS C. RIDGWAY,

Notary Public, Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.

Hilo, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, November 8, 1900.

L. A. Andrews, Esq., Sheriff of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii:

"Sir—I herewith protest against the acceptance of the returns from the Third or Kailua precinct of the Second district on this island, for statutory reasons. The board of inspectors of the aforesaid precinct permitted the erection of more than three compartments or polling booths in the said polling place and permitted voting to be conducted within the same, which was clearly an infraction of the statute providing for the holding and conducting of elections. Yours truly,

A. B. LOEBENSTEIN.

There will be an effort to keep Wilcox out of his seat and the talk in relation is not minced nor very polite. The foolish spirit that moves these people is set forth as follows by the Hilo Tribune: "There is more than one way to skin an enduring feline and there may prove to be more than one way to keep the brazen tongued Wilcox of many wiles from posing as the ideal of the citizens of Hawaii at Washington.

"There are a number of irregularities in the election just held on this island, which are as glaring as fresh whitewash on a high board fence. Noticeable among these was the use of four booths at the Kailua voting precinct instead of the three allowed by the regulations. A. B. Loebenstein left Thursday for Kona to prepare full data available relative to this matter. If the returns from Kailua leave Wilcox and Parker in such a position that candidate will go to Washington with this data and contest the seat with Wilcox. A republican congress can be depended upon not to seat Wilcox if Parker's protests are legal and sufficient to convince them that the election was irregular.

"If necessary, the Hilo vote will also be called in question, more especially upon the ground that the election law requires the count of the ballots to commence immediately upon the close of the polls, the time for which is fixed at 5 o'clock. As everyone knows, the polls were kept open long after 5 o'clock and the counting of the ballots delayed an equal time. Now the provision relative to immediate counting is to prevent so far as possible tampering with the boxes, and is a provision to be strictly enforced upon general principles.

"Mr. Loebenstein has been accused more or less directly of attempting in the recent campaign to gain votes at the expense of his colleagues. So far as is known, no proof of such charges has been adduced. In taking the initiative in the present movement to shut out the anti-Parker majority in Hilo and Kona Mr. Loebenstein cannot be accused of the like motives, as he is so far down on the ticket that no charge thus made would so far affect him as to bring him in the first four. His course is undertaken for the sole object of saving to the republican party, if possible, their candidate for congressional delegate. Even Mr. Loebenstein's enemies in the party can at least have the grace to quit snarling at him for a minute and to that extent help him in the undertaking, if they feel inclined to do so."

As soon as the famous circular letter reached the coast it created a great stir among the houses which received it. Each and every house began to cast about for some way of overcoming the difficulty. Some of them were caught between times, as it were, and to sensation here. The thing to do was to establish agencies and some of them seriously considered the advisability of starting branch houses in Honolulu. Drummers came the same as ever on every steamer. They did not all come with the idea of selling goods, but to fix their fences so their business would go on with as short interruption as possible.

The idea of starting branch houses did not seem feasible for the reason that it would not get around the plantation agency system. The course that would have been adopted was to constitute the local jobbers themselves as far as possible as local agencies for the mainland firms affected.

While the branch houses did not materialize just now their advent at least had a wonderful effect. It led to investigation of the money to be made. A report had gone forth and gained circulation that the Honolulu jobbers were making the enormous profit of about 20 per cent. A drummer was heard to say: "I guess my house will be a Honolulu jobber hereafter."

### YOUR UNCLE SAMUEL WANTS YOUR BUSINESS

Deputy Postmaster Kenake is very anxious for the people here to patronize the special delivery, as he wants to make it popular enough to have one or two men regularly employed all the time on the work.

Now that the holidays are coming there will be a great deal of need for parcel delivery, which will be done quickly and accurately. The numbering of the streets is being accomplished rapidly and will greatly aid in the distribution of mail and packages other than mail. Last month there were but forty-five special delivery drops in the postoffice. At that rate it would be a losing matter to employ a man to deliver the letters and as a result of the few special delivery letters the clerks in the office have been set out with them. The public is invited by the postal authorities to make use of the system at once, and the more special delivery letters and small packages the postoffice gets for delivery the better they will like it. The postal authorities request the public to call around and be informed about the many advantages to be gained by patronizing the special delivery and will be glad to explain the working of the system to all.

### OUTSKIRTS OF A STORM.

### The Gale is Traveling Rapidly to California Coast.

A wind storm of considerable velocity has been blowing for the past two days. Professor Lyons of the weather bureau gives out the news that it is the edge of a heavy storm that is moving toward the California coast.

The gale is principally disagreeable in that it makes considerable dust. There is a tendency to a cyclone in the movement of the wind and such things are not infrequent. A number of trees have been blown down at Waikiki and in more bleak places on the outskirts. Clouds of dust are traveling around in a promiscuous manner. Otherwise little damage has been done.

Port Surveyor Stratemeyer is still confined to the house with a bad cold and lame back.

R. C. Stackable, a brother of E. R. Stackable, who arrived here in the Alameda, has been appointed cashier at the custom house.

## EXCLUSION FALLS OF ITS OWN WEIGHT

### Honolulu Jobbers are Patronizing the Drummers.

### THREATENED BOYCOTT IS NO MORE FAMOUS CIRCULAR LETTER BEING QUIETLY IGNORED BY ITS AUTHORS.

### Commercial Travelers Never Ceased Coming Here—Plan of Estab- lishing Branch Houses Concluded.

The exclusion of drummers from Honolulu is a thing of the past. The local jobbing houses, while they have not seen fit to rescind their action publicly, are known to be buying goods through drummers.

It may be said in justice to the local houses that they regret the step they took and that were such a thing possible they would give a good deal if their circular letter to the mainland had never been sent. However, the thing has been done and the course being pursued now is to welcome the drummer as of yore, to patronize him and not to cause further publicity.

As proof that the boycott is no more, a single instance may suffice, as it will show that the jobbers themselves are patronizing drummers. The representative of a well known house dealing in canned goods came to the city. It is not necessary to mention the drummer's name nor that of his house. He went about his business here systematically.

He went over the ground and made sure of what he was doing before he made his presence known. Then he called upon the jobbers and to his utter surprise was courteously received, and what is more he made handsome sales to several of them. The only large house he is known to have not sold to is Harkfeld & Co. Those who placed orders with him were Davies & Co., May & Co., the Inter-Island Co. and one or two others.

To be sure, these sales were not made publicly and perhaps each firm placed its order thinking that it would remain a secret, but the orders were placed, just the same, which only goes to show that the combination is falling of its own weight. The seller has left here; the goods are on the way.

As soon as the famous circular letter reached the coast it created a great stir among the houses which received it. Each and every house began to cast about for some way of overcoming the difficulty. Some of them were caught between times, as it were, and to sensation here. The thing to do was to establish agencies and some of them seriously considered the advisability of starting branch houses in Honolulu. Drummers came the same as ever on every steamer. They did not all come with the idea of selling goods, but to fix their fences so their business would go on with as short interruption as possible.

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### YOUR UNCLE SAMUEL WANTS YOUR BUSINESS

Deputy Postmaster Kenake is very anxious for the people here to patronize the special delivery, as he wants to make it popular enough to have one or two men regularly employed all the time on the work.

Now that the holidays are coming there will be a great deal of need for parcel delivery, which will be done quickly and accurately. The numbering of the streets is being accomplished rapidly and will greatly aid in the distribution of mail and packages other than mail. Last month there were but forty-five special delivery drops in the postoffice. At that rate it would be a losing matter to employ a man to deliver the letters and as a result of the few special delivery letters the clerks in the office have been set out with them. The public is invited by the postal authorities to make use of the system at once, and the more special delivery letters and small packages the postoffice gets for delivery the better they will like it. The postal authorities request the public to call around and be informed about the many advantages to be gained by patronizing the special delivery and will be glad to explain the working of the system to all.

### OUTSKIRTS OF A STORM.

### The Gale is Traveling Rapidly to California Coast.

A wind storm of considerable velocity has been blowing for the past two days. Professor Lyons of the weather bureau gives out the news that it is the edge of a heavy storm that is moving toward the California coast.

The gale is principally disagreeable in that it makes considerable dust. There is a tendency to a cyclone in the movement of the wind and such things are not infrequent. A number of trees have been blown down at Waikiki and in more bleak places on the outskirts. Clouds of dust are traveling around in a promiscuous manner. Otherwise little damage has been done.

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HONOLULU, H. T., NOV. 11, 1900.

WEATHER YESTERDAY. Mean Temperature—71.7 degrees. Minimum Temperature—72 degrees. Maximum Temperature—76 degrees.

WEATHER FOR TODAY. Wind moderating, partly cloudy with a little rain.

Governor Dole is thinking about it. Gov. But some people are bad losers. And the government at Washington still lives.

The Parker men have one consolation, David didn't get there. There are no strings to county and municipal government now.

Silver money is good enough in which to pay political workers. If David had not been a candidate, just think of Wilcox's majority.

Think of Theresa trailing Haywood, the lobbyist, in Washington. Even if it didn't come your way, remember that there's another day.

The election of Wilcox is the cushion that saves the republicans from the jar. The sugar planters have at least had an experience, even if it did come high.

New for the legislature: that is very much more important than the delegate to Congress. The result of the election may be a repudiation of annexation on the part of the natives, but it will never be felt in Washington.

The first act of the independents in the legislature will be to organize counties and municipalities, the only form of government adapted to these islands. Despite the famous reputation of French shoes, American shoes are steadily gaining a foothold in that country.

The importations of American shoes during the month of May last amounted to 37,000 francs and American-made shoes are crowding those of French manufacture out of the South American markets. Another illustration of how American is leading the world foot by foot.

The board of health is disintegrating. It is a deplorable fact that the people are pleased that the break-up has come. There seems to be no doubt that the existing board was unnecessarily costly and extravagant if it wasn't worse. Money was squandered right and left. Every principle of honest civic government was violated by the members because they sold supplies to the board and passed upon their own bills. Whether the bills of such purchases were too high did not count; the principle that a man belonging to a public body should not sell to himself, a fundamental principle in municipal government, was violated. To do this has been common practice here. It was wrong. It is said that the corrupt practice, of which we have no doubt, and which goes to prove the correctness of the prohibitory rule.

In the Republican's news columns of Friday morning appeared a story of alleged discharge of workmen from the Oceanic wharf for having voted for Wilcox, in connection therewith a list of names of men discharged was given. This list was furnished the Republican late Friday night by the wife of the independent candidate for Congress and was published for what it was worth as a matter of news. Today appears in another column a statement by Mr. Marcus R. Colburn, time-keeper on the Oceanic wharf, and by Wm. A. Clark, superintendent of the wharf, showing that not more than ten men were discharged because of politics, but giving the reasons, as noted on the time book for November 7th, why certain men who had been employed on the wharf were not at work on that day. The Republican can add to these statements the fact that the firm of W. G. Irwin & Company has always been very strict about permitting any political intimidation or even the exercising of political influence by its head men over its workmen. So strictly has this rule been enforced that any violation of it was cause for instant dismissal of the employe so offending. We are glad to make this statement for the reason that the news item published Saturday morning did the company an injustice and the Republican, while a hard fighter, has not, and will not, knowingly do any one an injustice. It is in setting forth the complaints of the independents it was but carrying out that principle. Finding, however, that their complaints, so far as the Oceanic dock is concerned, are not true, it takes the first opportunity to say so.

A PUEBIL DENIAL. The senseless tale that an effort would be made to induce congress to disfranchise the native Hawaiian, is emphatically denied by the press, at whom the charge is leveled. It would scarcely need a denial to a community where the men against whom the charge is made, are as well known as they are here. But like the motive behind all such tales, the motive behind this one was to take advantage of the excited state of public feeling, accompanying and following the election, to create suspicion and distrust, knowing that in such a state of public feeling as assertions and accusations will receive some credence where in ordinary and normal states of public feeling they would gain none at all.—The Evening Star.

Well, now, this is too rich for anything. The fact that the men against whom the charge is made are so well known is the very reason why the charge made in the editorial columns of this paper, that they were inciting a plan to disfranchise the native Hawaiians, will be believed. It is a charge to which not only the Hawaiians, but all candid white men having any familiarity with the history of the family compact and the missionary party since the overthrow of the monarchy, will firmly anchor their credence; a credence which cannot be shaken by the excited denials of the venerable and impious occupants of the amen corner of the pharisaical minority.

Why will the Star lie about the situation when the record of years and recent events is squarely against it? Think you that the people of this Territory do not remember, will not always remember that William O. Smith, as the representative of the Planters' association, aided by A. S. Hartwell, did all in his power to have congress provide in the Organic law of this Territory for limitations and restrictions upon the right of suffrage?

Were not these limitations and restrictions aimed directly at the native Hawaiians and the poor, but honest and self-respecting white people of this country, for the purpose of enabling the missionary party to control this Territory for years to come as they had controlled it in the past? Does the political history of any civilized country in the past one hundred years record a baser, more mercile or more cowardly act than that committed by the Dole government in sending Hartwell to Washington at the expense of the tax payers of Hawaii?

(A)—To procure the appointment of Dole as governor? (B)—To disfranchise a majority of the very tax payers with whose money his pockets were lined?

No, gentlemen of the compact, not alone have you the natives to reckon with, but the whites of the Territory who have felt your arbitrary, selfish and tyrannical control, call you to account as well, and the account must be, shall be settled. "Gold may gild the straightened forehead of the fool" and render you ornamental, even though you can not, or will not be useful, but be liberties and the method of this Territory will not be listed in your narts of trouble they are not for sale.

No people are as jealous of their liberties as those who have been stung by the scorpion's lash of the petty tyrant. The case affords striking exemplification of the trite saying that "experience is the best teacher." We thank you for the lesson, a lesson which has taught us to hang out the danger signals when you approach, a lesson from the bitter experience given to freemen by free men in a century.

In the past, with your guns trained upon the people, protests were only uttered when the head was beneath the bed clothes; but now, armed as they are with the free man's weapon of defense, the ballot, their votes will proclaim their opinion of you and those who ally themselves with you. And be ye not deceived. Do not think your present deaf transient and that with it you have paved the way to victory two years hence. The success of those who opposed you at the polls has given your adversaries renewed strength, vigor and hope. They are flushed with the happy halo of victory and now that others know your infamy, their ranks will be filled with recruits. The election two years hence will suffocate you with overwhelming defeat.

The protest is not against the republican party. That party has the opportunity of achieving a success which may be permanent, but the opportunity lies, and lies only, in the rescue of those who now control it; from those who are republicans in name and nothing in principle; from those who would buy the votes which their character will not enable them to command. The protest is against the family compact, against a government of men and not of laws; against Doleism and all that the name implies. Possibly the president of the United States may understand that now. We trust he may.

Our telegraphic news of the last two days shows that the democracy of the mainland has recognized that its cause was hopeless and as a consequence made preparations to resort to all manner of fraud and corruption to prevent an honest ballot. In New York city a scheme was devised by Tammany for arresting colored voters at the polls on the west side of the city before election, which fortunately was found out by the republicans in time to prevent its full fruition. This was the plan adopted by the democracy of Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1885, when John R. McLean tried to steal the legislature so as to prevent the re-election of John Sherman to the senate. In St. Louis the republican committee sent registered letters to names on the registration lists that were believed to be fraudulent, and more than 1,000 of these registered letters were returned, the supposed residents being nowhere to be found. These things simply show that the democrats, realizing that defeat stared them in the face, were desperate and were ready to resort to any method to win the election.

There is a great deal of adverse criticism among the people in regard to the construction of a concrete pavement around Thomas Square by the street department. The objection is not made to the improvement of Thomas Square, per

se, those criticizing the work holding that the Republican that Honolulu needs sidewalks as much as she needs improved streets, but the policy of expending the large sum involved in the construction of sidewalks, at this time, is regarded as improvident in view of the condition of the most prominent streets, the failure to repair which is attributed to a lack of funds. And in speaking of concrete pavements, is it not pertinent to inquire if there is any truth in the statement that Superintendent McCandless is a heavy stockholder in the paving concern which constructed the ornamental sidewalk around Thomas Square? It would appear that an answer to this question is due the public and unless it is forthcoming this paper will take it upon itself to see that the matter is made a subject of legislative cognizance.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

Twenty-five Victoria crosses have been awarded so far in the South African war.

A. E. Towle, Son & Co., silverware manufacturers of Greenfield, Mass., have failed.

Extractions just made in the Forum at Rome have resulted in discoveries of great value and interest.

Several new cases of smallpox are reported at Dawson, by last steamer. A serious outbreak is feared.

Henry F. Wachsman, a retired capitalist, aged 75, died suddenly, November 3d, at his residence in Chicago.

Late reports state that the Yukon is now frozen over, and navigation is practically closed for the season.

Count Tolstoy met with a severe fall at St. Petersburg, October 23th, hence he will remain in Moscow all winter.

A large socialistic demonstration was one of the political features in New York City on the evening of November 3d.

Operatic stars of the first magnitude have arrived at New York from Europe and started for California immediately.

Six deaths resulted from the explosion in the Willis Creek Coal Company's mines near Phillipi, W. Va., November 3d.

The Chicago Board of Trade was termed a gambling shop by Judge Vail of the circuit court in a decision there November 1.

It has developed that the shocks recently at Jacksonville, Fla., and attributed to seismic disturbances were from heavy blasting near the city.

Stanley Waterloo, the Chicago writer is bankrupt. He has filed a petition for relief from debts aggregating \$12,776 in the United States district court.

William Schreiber, the defaulting clerk of the Elizabethport Bank, is reported as having arrived at Santiago, Cuba, October 11th, and remained there a week.

In competition with European manufacturers an American steel company has obtained an order for \$500,000 worth of rolling stock for San B African railroads.

James M. Lynch, the new president of the International Typographical union, succeeded S. B. Donnelly, the retiring president. The headquarters of the union are at Indianapolis, Ind.

A Harvard graduate, who is reputed to be worth several millions of dollars, is working on an Illinois railroad for \$1.25 an day just to learn what labor is in its roughest phases really is.

Because two students at the Culver Military academy, located at Terre Haute, Ind., were expelled from the school for a Halloween prank, 128 more have left the school for their homes.

A crane being operated at the Stanislaus river near Stockton, Cal., upset November 1, fatally mangleing R. W. Engles and seriously injuring Peter Staples.

Commander Booth-Tucker and several other officers of the Salvation Army have purchased homes in Mount Vernon, New York, in which city the American headquarters of the army will be located.

The overdue transport Idaho, with a large number of troops of the Canadian contingent who participated in the South African war, arrived in Halifax, N. S., November 1st, with all well on board.

Just about the time of young Geo. M. Pullman's departure from New York a deputy sheriff levied upon his horses, traps and harness to satisfy the judgment of the man who sold Pullman his harness.

The safe of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank at Jackson Center, Ohio, was blown at 2 o'clock on the morning of November 2d, and it is stated \$5,500 was secured. Citizens were aroused by the explosion.

On the representations of the trustees at Boston, Mass., of the late Fanny Davenport's estate, it is claimed that up to the present time they have not been able to dispose of the property so as to treat the debts.

Bridging the channel of the Delaware river at Reedy island, forty-five miles below the city of Philadelphia, is now in progress. It is planned to dredge a channel thirty feet deep for a width of 700 feet.

raising the duties, especially on steel and steel wire, copper wire liquid carbonic acid and copper alloys. For several months six British war vessels stationed at Delagoa bay have been testing the Marconi wireless system of telegraphy and it is reported, have found no flaw in it. Sixty-five miles is the longest distance covered. The capital of Armour & Co. is believed to have increased from \$25,000,000 to \$35,000,000, additional securities being issued to cover the great Armour plant at Kansas City, which heretofore has not been part of the assets of Armour & Co., the corporation at Chicago.

During the citrus year, which closed on October 31, there were shipped from the southern counties of California 17,821 carloads of citrus fruits, of which about 2,000 carloads were lemons, leaving 15,821 cars of oranges. This immense crop has been sold at good prices. November 15th is the date finally set by the New York Central for taking possession of the Boston and Albany railroad. The company will immediately have plans drawn for the double tracking of the Grand Junction railroad from Cottage Farm, and work will be begun upon the improvement of the East Boston docks.

Responsibility for Defeat.

The first return Governor Dole makes to President McKinley since his appointment as head of Hawaii's territorial government is a complete political defeat. The Hawaiian Territory, over whose administration the governor has more complete control than possessed by any governor in the Union, serves up its message to the president upon the platter of failure. This is the reward, this is the response which must be made to the chief executive of the nation and to the republican party by the gentleman placed at the head of affairs through the personal favor of the president and in spite of the opposition of the party. In face of the returns it must appear to Mr. Dole that his appointment was a political mistake and served to extend rather than end the bitter antagonisms created by the revolutions by which the Republic of Hawaii was created and maintained.

It is with no feelings of personal animosity toward the gentlemen concerned nor desire to impeach their personal integrity that the Bulletin, in reviewing the causes for the defeat of Samuel Parker and the republican party in Hawaii, places the appointment of Mr. Dole as the chief influence in accomplishing the result. This is the reward, this is the response which must be made to the chief executive of the nation and to the republican party by the gentleman placed at the head of affairs through the personal favor of the president and in spite of the opposition of the party. In face of the returns it must appear to Mr. Dole that his appointment was a political mistake and served to extend rather than end the bitter antagonisms created by the revolutions by which the Republic of Hawaii was created and maintained.

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CIVILITY AS CAPITAL.

The Expensive Lesson Taught the Careless Clerk. [From the Fourth's Companion.] "Black neckties, if you please."

Drummond, the salesman stared across the counter at the speaker as if his thoughts were in Egypt. "What is it?" he said, at last. "Black neckties! Silk."

Drummond threw a box down. The customer opened it. "These are red, and not silk, he said, quietly. "Nobody wears black silk now," Drummond said, yawning, and looking indifferently at the plain old man before him. Then he took up the box and threw it back into its place.

"Have you none of the kind I want?" asked the old man. "No; that kind of goods went out years ago. We don't keep 'em," said the salesman, insolently.

"There are plenty of black silk ties," said Sanders, the man at the next counter, in an undertone. "I know, but what's the use of bothering with an old back number like that? Methodist preacher I'll bet 5 to 1. But I was telling you about my cousins, the Harts. The three brothers all left the village and came up to town. One is now a railway boss, one a banker and the third is a sugar man. All of them millionaires."

"A lucky family! How was it?" "They all had capital to start with. The man with capital wins out every time."

"Perhaps you have neckties—black silk?" the old man said to Sanders. He had been lingering near the counter. "I think there are some, sir," said Sanders, taking down some boxes. He opened one after another, but there were no ties of the kind the old man wanted.

Drummond, with a half amused stare at the persistent customer, turned away to gossip and giggle with a salesgirl. Sanders anxiously took down box after box. "I am afraid I'm giving you a great deal of trouble," said the old man, kindly.

"That's what I'm here for," said the salesman, pleasantly. "I am sure I shall find them." The box was found at last and a necktie of the right width chosen wrapped and handed to the troublesome customer, with a smile.

The next morning Sanders received a printed slip, notifying him of his promotion in the store. Drummond also received a slip, but it informed him that after the end of the next week his services would no longer be required by Colton & Co. Underneath the printed form were written the words:

"Civility and efficiency are capital, as well as money. You will fail because you have neither."

"Who was the old bore?" demanded Drummond, in a fury. "It was John Colton, the silent partner of the firm," said one of the men.

THE ROYAL SCROLL.

Panoramic Views of the Events of Old and New Testaments. A. M. Mellis is introducing a novelty which he has just received the agency for. It is called the "Royal Scroll" and is a panoramic view of the principal events of the Old and New Testaments.

The views are splendid prints in colors of the paintings of the most noted artists who took religious subjects as their themes. The pictures are mounted on a roll and accompanying them is a short history of the life of the Savior and events in the Old Testament.

Mr. Mellis has exhibited the scroll to Bishop Colman and Sister Albertina, who were very much pleased with the pictures and accompanying history and recommend it very highly.

Mr. Mellis would be glad to afford the children of the different schools a chance to see the working of the novelty and on a request addressed to him being left at The Republican office, will be pleased to exhibit the scroll at any time or place.

Your Credit Is Good

AT THE COYNE FURNITURE CO. PROGRESS BLOCK.

You Don't have to pay Spot Cash For Furniture at our store.

Our System

"A Small Cash Payment and A little each month."

Come and let us explain our Installment Plan.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

Subscribed Capital - Yen 24,000,000 Paid Up Capital - Yen 18,000,000 Reserved Fund - Yen 8,100,000

HEAD OFFICE - Yokohama

The bank buys and receives for collections Bills of Exchange, issues Drafts and Letters of Credit and transacts a general banking business.

Branch the Yokohama Specie Bank. New Republic Building, Honolulu, H.T.

Mark Twain. [S. E. Kiser in Chicago Times-Herald.] What if the skies be dull and gray? He's home again at last.

And though he stoops somewhat today, And though his noon is past, -neath the frosted mane there lies The same old twinkle in the eyes— Come, for a space have done with sighs— Let's toot a merry blast!

Once more the grand old man of mirth Stands on his native shore, From straying far upon the earth Where fun was not before. The sun is slipping down the west— Come Mark, till sunset be the guest— Of those who like your lore and jest— And let us laugh some more!

McClellan, Pond & Co. Real Estate Insurance Investment. Residence Sites on Prospect Street, Punchbowl Slope.

are scarce, and held at increasingly high prices. WE offer a very choice corner with cottage, commanding the ...

Ocean View from the Harbor to Diamond Head. PRICE \$3,700!

M'CLELLAN POND & CO. Tel. Main 69 - Judd Building. News and Opinions of National Importance

The Sun ALONE CONTAINS BOTH

# Pacific Import Co.

Incorporated.  
Progress Block, Fort Street

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY:-

### Muslin Underwear Sale--

WE have just opened 3 case of Muslin Underwear for Ladies, Misses, and Children. These goods were bought from one of the largest Eastern manufacturers at special low prices. See our window display.

WE have just opened 1 case of Men's Umbrellas Paragon Frame, steel rod, 28 inches, in silk, for \$1.25. This is the best value ever offered. Ladies' 28 inch Silk Umbrellas from \$1.25 up. All the better grades.

TAFFETA Silks, heavy quality, in all shades. Special at 85 cents.

### Ladies' Wrappers--

WE are now offering for a few days special low prices in Wrappers. Our Female Shirt Waists for

**\$1.50**  
Cannot be Duplicated



### Ladies' Shirt Waists--



WE are closing out all our Ladies' Shirt Waists. We carry the **DERBY WAIST**. This is the most reliable Waist manufactured. Prices are to make a clean sweep. All our 50c and \$1.00 Waists, 50c All our \$1.25 and \$1.50 Waists at \$1.00.

All better grades reduced one-half.

### Boys' Clothing--

WE are now showing a complete line of Wash Suits, Blue Serges, English Tweeds in small checks, Boys' Pants, in serges, all wool Knee Pants in tweeds for 75 cents a pair. Every garment we guarantee; money cheerfully returned if you are not satisfied.

100 PIECES of Japanese Silk in every shade and color. 45 cents a yard.

## Fashions and Society.

How afraid people are of expressing an honest opinion! Unless a thing has been "marked approved" one seems scared to raise one's voice. We walk through art galleries, and read books, but almost some one tells us to be afraid to voice an opinion, fearing to strike a false note. Too bad that there are not stars and cross stars to say "lovely," "fine," etc., at the proper places, as they do in the guide books. It would probably suit the common herd to perfection, and save an immense amount of trouble. Every one has a right to his opinion. Because some one raves over this picture or that book it is not necessary to follow blindly, like sheep. Critics are not always infallible. The great painters were heartily abused by the critics in other days, and now the old masters are held in reverence by the whole world. Today, if we would allow our real feelings to influence our words, how different it would all be. If we read in a little different line from the others, do we not often hear some one exclaim: "Oh he is so odd!" Ye gods! how much that expresses! and what a hall mark for the person so designated. Different from the others;—may some brave soul arise who will teach us a lesson and make us more courageous to follow our own instincts. Until this occurs we must blindly follow the lead of any puppet who has an ax to grind.

Red is to be immensely worn as a complement to the army this winter. We will have red hats, red gloves, red ties, red gowns, and red wherever it can be placed. I saw a lovely gown of red pino the other day, made with those innumerable little tucks and ruffles which are all the rage. The fitted belt, yoke and neck band were of cream Venese lace; the shoes and gloves of red to match the gown. Needless to say, a brunette with an olive skin was to wear this pleasing gown. It was made over cream silk, which was much more effective than red silk would have been, although a bit odd.

Diamonds, rubies and emeralds for evening wear are cut to the shape for which they are required, and set so not an atom of gold is visible. The very best style of mounting is on an invisible wire or thread of platinum.

Trails of light flowers that can be joined together to make a parure for the hair are all the rage.

Harper's Bazaar says that Russian belting is used not only for belts but for collars. Some of the prettiest belts are extremely narrow and fastened with buckles that are set with colored stones, turquoise or amethyst being the favorite. These belts are not expensive, excepting when the buckle is unusually fine, and are worn with almost any sort of gown. They are not nearly so costly as the jeweled girdles finished with gold and silver tassels that trim some of the elaborate tea gowns. On one tea gown that is very elaborately made of lace and brocaded satin, but which has not a tinge of color is a girdle made of seed pearls, twisted like a rope, with tassels of the pearls. It goes around the waist and is knotted on the left side. The yoke and collar are of lace, on which is embroidered an odd design in seed pearls, but excepting on the collar and in the girdle there is no pearl trimming whatever. Pearl passementerie is only seen on some of the elaborate ball gowns, but girdles set with pearls and lace embroidered with pearls are used, as has been said, on these tea gowns, and pearls are set in the buckles that fasten the belts. Sometimes four or five handsome buckles will appear on the same gown. As a rule, when a buckle is used on the girdle it is put at the back, but this is not a universal rule. The butterfly bows that decorate the front of so many waists are often fastened with a big jeweled buckle or slide, and sashes are caught at the back with one, instead of being tied.

The oddest neck drapery of chiffon is shown on a brocaded satin dinner gown. The bodice of satin is cut low, finishing below the arm pits, with a narrow yoke and shoulder-straps of heavy Venetian lace. Passing under this lace and around the shoulders is a scarf of white chiffon which crosses over the bust. There are little half-sleeves of chiffon ending at the elbow, although they are only begun at some distance below the shoulder line. The front of the skirt has a panel of white satin with trimmings of Venetian point lace. The gown is of petunia shade, with big pink flowers and green leaves.

Some very pretty designs in taffeta and satin waists are shown by New York dressmakers. Most of these, if for anything but morning wear, have collars and yokes of handsome lace.

The prevailing mode of finishing the back of skirts, at present indications, will be in an inverted box pleat. As a rule these pleats are stitched flat to the gown for a few inches below the waist and allowed to flare below, giving almost the effect of the habit-back at the top. Of course, many of the gowns with box pleated skirts will still be worn, but some new ones are being made that way.

Like the famed shawls of India, the new corset cover might be almost drawn through a ring, so free is it of anything suggestive of bulk. Sizes 32 and 34 inch bust require but one-half yard each of cambric, thirty-six inches wide, cut on the ordinary fold of the goods. Two corset covers can be made for figure measuring thirty-six inches out of one and one-eighth yards of cambric of same width, the same as the other. To make the seamless garment for this size it will be necessary to cut material on the cross-wise (not bias) fold of the goods.

The English women are all going crazy over "Bobs—God bless him!" Physically speaking, the dapper little red-faced gentleman can hardly be called impressive; oratorically he has nothing valiant nor moving about him; professionally he has more than once laid himself open to charges of impudence in rash and rather "reckless" tactics which might have involved a less lucky man in serious disaster. But if a man is wanted to lead men whatever the difficulties and obstacles, to make a mixed array feel itself to be a single individual lump of willing-

ness to follow its commander anywhere and to do anything for him—if, in a word, you want a truly popular, great general, there is only one man in the world for the British soldier, and that is "Bobs—God bless him."

Can we wonder that all England, and America, too, is filled with admiration for this truly great and modest soldier? It is said of him: "E does not advertise."

Mrs. Walters gave a pot supper Saturday evening, which was much enjoyed by her numerous friends.

Mrs. E. D. Tenney gave an old-fashioned luau in honor of Mrs. Alfred Fowler, Saturday evening. The house was brilliantly illuminated and "there were sounds of revelry by night," so the neighbors say. The occasion was one of great merriment, and thoroughly enjoyed.

Luau seem to be all the rage just now. Mrs. Coney gave a charming one for Mrs. Fowler Monday evening and Mrs. C. Conrad was the hostess of a pot supper Tuesday evening in Mrs. Fowler's honor.

Governor Cleghorn, who has been very ill with influenza, is rapidly recovering.

Miss Jessie Kaufman will accompany Mrs. F. M. Hatch on her return to Honolulu. Miss Kaufman expects to make a long visit in Honolulu, where she is a great favorite.

The News Letter says: It really seems as if some fatality attended the formal debut of Miss Florence Breckenridge. The first projected ball for that purpose was postponed, owing to the serious illness in Paris of her step-father, Fred Sharon; the second time it was on the tapis the death of her grandfather, Lloyd Lewis, put an effective quietus upon it, and now for the third time there is disappointment for her and her friends, her granduncle, Josh Lewis, having passed away last week, and for a time at least the doors of her grandmother, Mrs. Lloyd Lewis, with whom she lives, will be closed to gay doings.

The engagement of Miss Edla Elston, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. A. M. Elston, of 2923 Channing Way, Berkeley, to Dr. B. F. Sandow, government physician of the Island of Kauai, Hawaiian Islands, has been announced.

Miss Irmgard Macfarlane gave a most enjoyable straw-ride Wednesday evening. The Misses Macfarlane left by the Mariposa for a six months' visit to the coast.

Bishop Willis has gone to Maui for a week's visit.

Mrs. William G. Irwin is in San Francisco. Mr. Irwin was expected on the Alameda.

Miss Lilian Baron's wonderful athletic performances are attracting a number of society women who wish to "go and go likewise."

Miss Eloise Castle's approaching marriage to Mr. B. L. Marks will be one of the social events of the season. The wedding gown, ordered from a famous modiste of the east, is said to be exquisite in its simplicity.

I understand that a certain gay young blood was the subject of discussion at a recent luncheon party given by a certain charming woman recently. If what I hear they said of this self same youth be true, God deliver me from my friends.

Mrs. Alfred Fowler and Miss Lily Neumann sailed by the Mariposa for England. They will be joined in New York by Mr. Alfred Fowler, who will escort them to England. Mrs. Fowler and her sister are great favorites in society and have been extensively entertained during their short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Welch, who were recently married in the private chapel of Archbishop Corrigan's residence, New York City, will spend their honeymoon in Honolulu.

Captain Merry, U. S. N., leaves on the naval transport Solace for Guam, where he will make surveys of the principal harbor of Guam.

The Misses Scott gave a dinner party Friday evening.

The Healan dance Friday evening was a social success in every sense of the word, although the wind threatened to carry the old boat house off to sea. A native orchestra supplied sweet music. "CHIFFON."

Two Views of a Joke.  
[Brooklyn Eagle.]

"You Americans," said the London young man, as he stopped sucking his cane, "are always insinuating that we Englishmen don't know what a real joke is. Now just hold your sides while I go over this one, which I read in a home paper a week ago:

"The Countess—'M'lord, you were at the grand dinner last night, were you not? Just a while ago I heard one of those vulgar Americans make the remark that this morning you had a big head.'"

"The Duke—'Bar, m'lady, there's nothing in it.'"

"The American looked as sober as a criminal court judge."

"Don't you see," explained the disgruntled Britisher, poking the other in the ribs with his cane, "the countess says some one accused her companion (ha!) of having a big head (ha! ha!), and he declares (p-h! ha!) there's nothing in it!"

"Yes—but—"

"Blarsted idioy, but what?"

"Her companion was a duke?"

"Yes."

"And not any different from the rest of the English nobility?"

"No. But the joke, the joke! It is so adroitly put. In apparent inadvertence, (desperately) 'the duke admits there is nothing in his head! Now do you see?'"

"Well, it's a little strange that the duke could make such a frank and candid admission, but—where does the joke come in?"

HONOLULU, OCTOBER 27th, 1900.

We Have This Day Appointed—

## E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

Sole Agents for the Territory of Hawaii

### For Cleveland Bicycles

AMERICAN BICYCLE COMPANY.

Cleveland Sales Dept.,

Per R. C. LENNIE.

Shipments of Men's and Ladies' CLEVELAND Bicycles with an assortment of extra parts were received by us per Zealandia and Queen. The Cleveland is a good bicycle.

## E. O. HALL & SON, Sole Agts.

KING STREET, HONOLULU.

# THE BARGAIN STORE

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

## ENGLISH SERGES AND TWEEDS

We offer for a few days only our entire assortment of English Serges and Tweeds at

**25 CENTS PER YARD AND UP.**

We invite you to come and see these goods. No better value ever offered in Honolulu for the price.

## ALBERT BLOM, Prop.

## PURE California Sauterne . . .

Is a Wine made from the

### Choicest Selected Grapes

This Wine is allowed to mature for several years before it is bottled. For Table Use

## Bacchus Brand CALIFORNIA SAUTERNE.

W. C. PEACOCK & CO., LTD.  
SOLE AGENTS TERRITORY OF HAWAII

OUR: NEW STORE Cor. Fort and Hotel Sts.

Importing Tobacconists: American, English, Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

## The Honolulu Tobacco Co., Ltd.

Read The Honolulu Republican.

## The Union Express Co.,

Office with Evening Bulletin.

210 King Street Telephone 86.

We move safes, pianos and furniture. We haul freight and lumber. We sell black and white sand. We meet all incoming coast steamers, we check baggage on all outgoing steamers.

W. LARSEN, Manager.

## Metropolitan Meat Co.

108 KING STREET.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHERS and

NAVY CONTRACTORS

## FRED HARRISON

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Jobbing Promptly Attended to

THE.

## A. Harrison Mill Co. Ltd

Kawaiahao Street, Kewalo.

WILL WORK IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Telephone White 121: P. O. Box 552

Orders Solicited. Prompt Service.

Ohia Wood For Sale.

In any quantity. Apply to

W. C. ACHI & CO.,

10 West King Street.

July 30 1900.

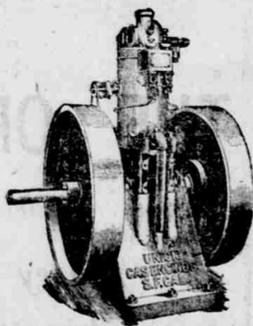
## Astor House Restaurant

Corner King & Alakea Streets.

Meals served at all hours.

First class in every detail

AH CHUCK, Proprietor.



## Gasoline Engines

AND HOISTS

For all Kinds of Work

(LAND AND MARINE)

Running Pumps,

Dynamos and Machinery

(THE UNION ENGINE)

Sole Agents: THE VON HAMM YOUNG CO. LTD.

## BAILEY'S BIKE ITS

Telephone 398  
P. O. Box 441

### Bicycle Repairing Our Specialty.

We are the pioneers in that line in Honolulu and carry a very large line of parts for repairs. Now is the time to have your wheel overhauled and put in good shape; during this wet spell you can spare it for a few days. Have the frame enamelled. We can do you a job equal to factory work in appearance and far more durable than the average factory job. A pair of new pedals will add to the appearance of the wheel 25 per cent; cost but \$1.50 upwards. Lamps from \$1.00 upwards, and a good article at that price.

GAS LAMPS REDUCED IN PRICE . . .

\$3.50 Lamps \$2.00 Each, to Clear.

Sole Agents Milwaukee Puncture Proof Tires.

BAILEY'S HONOLULU CYCLERY CO., Ltd. 327, 329 and 331 King Street

## The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.,

Has Removed its Offices and Showroom to

Alakea Street, Makai Merchant.

### BARGAINS IN ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

On and after August 9, all Electric Fixtures and Shades now in stock will be sold at a GREAT SACRIFICE to make room for shipment to arrive per "Andrew Welch."



THE arrival of the Gaelic, the departure of the Sherman and Port Stephens and the troubles of the captains of the ship Star of Russia and the bark Ceylon were the principal topics of conversation and interest on the waterfront yesterday.

There were quite a number of people at the wharf to see the Sherman off last evening. She got away at 5 o'clock, being helped out by the Fearless, Chief Engineer Kingsley had a number of farewells to say before he was released from the crowd at the foot of the gangway.

Fastest Adroit. NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Charles L. Flint's Arrow, under contract to be the fastest ship ever designed, was launched today at Myers' shipyard at Nyack, N. Y.

New Jap Line. LOS ANGELES, Oct. 31.—M. Shiranishi of San Francisco is at the Van Nuys hotel. Shiranishi is here on a mission which may mean a great deal to this section in the matter of trade with the Orient.

ARRIVED. Saturday, November 10. S. S. Gaelic, Finch, from San Francisco, November 3.

DEPARTED. Saturday, November 10. S. S. Gaelic, Finch, for China and Japan; midnight.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. Per stmr Iwalani, from Kauai.—C. Wikberg, J. T. Greenwood, J. Murrane, J. D. Simpson, A. McKay, nine deck passengers.

CHINESE COOK ON SOLACE. The Commander's Chef Not Allowed Ashore to Buy Provisions. Commander Winslow of the Solace is having trouble about his Chinese cook.

Take a Trip on the Trolley. The Pacific Heights electric railway will be in operation all day today from 10 o'clock this morning.

Table with columns: TIDES, SUN AND MOON. Rows: High Water, Low Water, Moon, Sun.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER. Diamond Head Signal Station, Nov. 10, 10 p. m.—Weather clear; wind light; north.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS. Steamers due and to sail for the next thirty days are as follows:

Table with columns: Steamer, From, To, Date. Lists various ships like Gaelic, Zealandia, Sierra, etc.

ITS SHIPS WILL PUT IN AT LOS ANGELES. New York-Hawaiian Company's Agreement With Jobbers of That Metropolis.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 2.—The Los Angeles Jobbers' association has induced the New York-Hawaiian Steamship company to agree to have its vessels touch at one of the Los Angeles ports.

Hereafter it has been necessary in making shipments by the Pacific Mail steamship line for Los Angeles merchants to pay the local tariff between Los Angeles and San Francisco.

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Take a Trip on the Trolley. The Pacific Heights electric railway will be in operation all day today from 10 o'clock this morning.

Oceanic Steamship Company TIME TABLE.

Table with columns: Steamer, From, To, Date. Lists ships like Zealandia, Sierra, Mariposa, etc.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO Wm. G. IRWIN & Co. LIMITED. GENERAL AGENTS OCEANIC S. S. CO.

How to Treat a Troublesome Corn. To remove a troublesome corn or bunion: First wash the corn or bunion in warm water to soften it, then pare it down as closely as possible without drawing blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily.

OFFICIAL NOTICE. AT a meeting of the directors of the American Messenger Service, held October 15, 1900, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

FOR SALE. Lots on Port St. Lots on King St. Lots on Beretania St. Lots on Kinau St. Lots on Lunallilo St. Lots on Wilder Ave. Lots on Spencer St. Lots on Prospect St. Lots at Manoa. Lots at Punahou. Lots in McCulla tract. Lots at Waikiki.

FOR EXCHANGE. A beautiful corner 200x200 feet situated in the best residence section of Honolulu. Will exchange for sugar stocks, Kibei, McBryde, Waiatus, or any other of the old line of dividend paying stocks.

FOUNDATION Stone, Curbing, Black and White Sand AND Soil of all Description for Sale. Dravs for Hire.

Purdy & Baron SHIP CARPENTERS. Caulking, Smithing and General repair Shop. Ships weights for small Schooner's. Scows built, repaired and rented.

ROCK FOR BALLAST. White and Black Sand In Quantities to Suit. Excavating Contracted For. Coral and Soil For Sale.

H. R. HITCHCOCK. Bethel St., next to P. O.

Silva & Vivas REAL ESTATE AGENTS, NEAR POST OFFICE

OFFER FOR SALE. A beautiful piece of property, corner Beretania and Punchbowl streets. Four beautiful lots, Kapiolani Extension.

James Sheridan PIANO TUNER. FORTY years practice. References if desired. All kind of Musical Instruments Tuned and Repaired.

Silva & Vivas REAL ESTATE AGENTS, NEAR POST OFFICE

STILL THEY COME! More New People THE ORPHEUM PER S. S. ALAMEDA—

Harry Conlon James Ryder and Anita Walton. Open To-night With the Latest Hits in New Songs.

NEW CHANGE IN PERFORMANCE. Prices—25, 50 and 75 Cents. Box Office Open From 9 A. M. TELEPHONE 540.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE. For one month only in all lines commencing Saturday, September 29, 1900.

GOO KIM. 210 Nuuanu St Above Hotel. Bargains in Grass Cloth (various colors), Handkerchiefs (embroidered), Heavy Pongee Silk for Shirts or Skirts, etc.

BRACE UP! Don't let your past errors wreck the happiness of your life. You can be cured. Over 8,000 such men as you have been cured during the past year by my DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT.



DR. A. T. SANDEN, Corner Market Street and Grand Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

NEWS OF CHURCHES

More Light on Genesis.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Professor H. P. Hilprecht of the University of Pennsylvania, after eleven years of exploration among the ancient mounds of Nippur, returned today. He brought with him some tablets marked with cuneiform inscriptions, which he recently discovered in an old temple in the ruins of Nippur. These tablets contain records of a civilization which existed as long ago as 5,000 years B. C. Professor Hilprecht's greatest discovery was made last year, when he found the library of the ancient temple of Nippur and the remains of a huge palace. The library tablets throw a strong light upon how the people lived at Nippur about the time that Adam and Eve were heretofore supposed to have been living in the Garden of Eden. The records found indicate that the civilization then existing was many thousands of years old. They supply many gaps which are known to exist in the Book of Genesis, and they turn the light upon the origin of the Jews and the Jewish religion, since they are wonderfully corroborative of the facts outlined in the Old Testament.

and spiritual interest of the family life of the city, and through inter-denominational conference and co-operation to meet its every religious and moral need. A committee of twenty-five pastors was appointed to further the objects of the organization.

Sufferings of Missionaries.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Chinese embargo is in a state of stagnation. Shanghai sends renewed rumors that the court at Sinan Fu is sending agents to collect funds in the southern and central provinces. Advice from Pao Ting Fu give harrowing accounts of the sufferings of the missionaries at the hands of the Boxers, and it is reported that ten missionaries are still at Chen Ten Fu.

The correspondent of the Morning Post at Pao Ting Fu, writing October 28th, says: "The Boxers declare the provincial treasurer has ordered them to kill all foreigners. He has allowed eleven Americans and four British to be massacred."

DOWN THE AISLES.

Kawaiahae Church.—The Rev. W. D. Westervelt will preach in Hawaiian Sabbath evening at 7:30; subject, "After Election, What?" Special singing by the Kawaiahae Girls' school as well as by the church choir.

The Christian Endeavorers will be addressed by the Rev. A. E. Cory at the Methodist church, Beretania street, at 7:30 o'clock next Tuesday evening. Plans will be laid at this meeting by the young people for the winter season.

At the request of members of the Hawaiian board, the Rev. F. M. Price, formerly engaged in missionary work in Micronesia, will speak at this morning's service in Central Union church, his subject being "Mission Work in Our Island Possessions."

Christian Church.—The pastor, John C. Hay, will preach; subject at 11 a. m., "Christian Zeal in Behalf of the Young People;" at 7:30 p. m., "The Fraternity of the Church in the Apostolic Age."

Bible school at 9:45 a. m.; Young Peoples' meeting at 6:30. A cordial welcome for all.

The Young Men's Christian association will observe the week of prayer, beginning this afternoon. The meetings will be held daily in Y. M. C. A. hall. The general topic is "One Thing is Needful." At 4 o'clock this afternoon Rev. A. E. Cory will speak at Y. M. C. A. hall, giving a report of his work on the transport Logan and the international work.

The Young Women's Christian association will have a meeting at the association rooms in the Progress block this afternoon at 4:30. The meeting will be led by Miss Florence Yarrow and is in celebration of the week of prayer of the World's Y. W. C. A. All women are cordially invited to attend. One week from today at the same hour Miss Yarrow will lead Y. W. C. A. services again.

Presbyterians Oct. 31.—

EDINBURGH, Oct. 31.—The formal union of the free and the united Presbyterian church decided upon yesterday at the joint meeting here of the Free Church Assembly and the United Presbyterian Synod, was consummated today. The members marched from the respective halls to the Waverly market and held the first meeting of the United Free Church of Scotland. Large crowds witnessed the procession. The Rev. Albert Robert Rainey, D. D., was chosen moderator of the United Free Church.

The scene at Waverly market was striking, though marred by rain. Some 3,000 ministers took part in the procession, and dense crowds along the route cheered them repeatedly. The hall where the uniting act was signed was draped with crimson and yellow and liberally bedecked with flags used by the Covenanters. The Earl of Aberdeen, Dr. Parker, the Rev. John Watson (Ian MacLaren) and delegates from Canada, Australia, Jamaica, Africa, France and elsewhere participated.

The small minority which opposed the union met in a separate hall today and constituted themselves a free church assembly.

Free Coffee Election Day.

Some of the young men of Kawaiahae church and students of the Theological seminary, under the lead of the Rev. W. D. Westervelt furnished free coffee at the former restaurant of the board of health, by the government building. This was not far from the polls and easily attracted the attention of the voters and their friends. In the forenoon coffee alone was dispensed, but in the afternoon a cracker lunch was added. The young men were crowded with work until this material ran out, a little before 5 o'clock. They gave out over 1,200 cups of coffee during the day. This was an experiment which proved so thoroughly successful that it will probably be more widely followed in the future.

Last Sunday evening Kawaiahae church was filled to overflowing to enjoy a special service of song prepared by Dr. Theodore Richards. Ex-Queen Liliuokalani encouraged the members of the church by her presence.

In Memory of the slain.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A union service in memory of the Presbyterian missionaries who were killed at Pao Ting Fu June 30th last was held today at the 11th Avenue Presbyterian church. The missionaries so remembered were Dr. George Y. Taylor, Dr. Courtland T. Van ensaeleer Hodge and Mrs. Hodge, and Rev. and Mrs. Simcox and their five little children. Five Presbyterian clergymen took part in the exercises, the Rev. George Sturges, pastor of the church; the Rev. Dr. H. A. Hanson, the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, Rev. Dr. A. J. Brown, one of the trustees of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and the Rev. M. D. Beck.

Federation of Churches.

"Federation of Churches and Christian workers in Chicago" is the name of an organization which has been formed at a conference of institutional methods church work in Chicago. The federation is the nucleus of an organization which promises to equal if not rival in service "The Open and Institutional Church League" of New York City, after the Chicago organization is patterned. The constitution of the organization provides that the organization of the federation is to "bring organized intelligence and love of our churches to bear on the material, social, economic, civic

KILOHANI ART LEAGUE GIVES ORIENTAL TEA

BOOMS BRIGHT WITH JAPANESE DECORATIONS—PAPER BY MRS. IMANISHI.

Tea is served by Oriental Costumed Women According to the Latest Vogue at Yokohama.

The Literary circle of the Kilohani Art club gave its second entertainment yesterday afternoon at the club rooms in the Progress block. The entire affair was Japanese. The decorations were in the plain, simple and effective Japanese style. The "Oriental Tea" which was served gave abundant play for Japanese settings. The style of the service was strictly Japanese and the cakes and confections were made in the delicate manner a la mode in Japan.

The decorations of the room and the arrangement of the tables were made under the direction of Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Kinney, Mrs. Rothwell and Miss Charlotte Hall.

There were three hundred guests present. They were received at the door by Consul Miki Saito and wife, assisted by Mrs. Imanishi and other Japanese ladies. All the members of the circle wore Japanese costumes.

The program was highly interesting. Mrs. S. Kinney, chairman of the literary committee, arranged the program and it was carried out splendidly.

The first was a Japanese song by Miss Carrie D. Castle, violin accompaniment by Miss Maude Kinney.

The main feature of the program was a paper by Mrs. Imanishi on "The Home Life of Japanese Women." The paper was heard with close attention and covered all phases of the career of Japanese women. In their childhood, Japanese girls are taught to reverence duty. Mrs. Imanishi treated in detail the marriage customs and Japanese home life. Her paper will be published in pamphlet form by the club.

A novel part of the entertainment was music played upon Japanese instruments. Mrs. Ikeda performed on the koto and Mrs. Ochi on the samisen. They played native airs and were heartily encouraged.

At the close of the program the delightful refreshments, under the caption, "An Oriental Tea," were served. The tables were decorated with chrysanthemums and Japanese vases. The tables were presided over by ladies in Japanese costume. They were Mrs. J. B. Atherton, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Meyers and Miss Carrie Castle. The tea was a most enjoyable part of the afternoon.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in Chicago. Higien Bros., the popular South Side druggists, corner 62nd street and Westworth avenue, say: "We sell a great deal of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and find that it gives the most satisfactory results, especially among children, for severe colds and croup." For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Territory of Hawaii.

Election of Officers.

At the adjourned annual meeting of stockholders of the estate of S. G. Wilder, Ltd., held in this city this day, the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

- G. P. Wilder, President. C. L. Wright, Vice President. S. G. Wilder, Secretary and Treasurer. G. R. Carter, Auditor. J. R. Galt, Director. E. D. Tenney, Director. The above constitute the board of directors.

W. R. SIMS, Sec'y. Protem. Honolulu, Nov. 8, 1900.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pearl City cemetery will be open for interments on and after Monday, November 5, 1900. A special funeral train will leave the railroad station at 2:15 p. m. daily, remaining at the cemetery until after all interments.

The rates for transportation are one dollar for the corpse and fifty cents for the round trip for mourners.

Lots are now on sale at the office of the company, ranging in price from \$10 up, according to location and size. No other charges of any nature.

HAWAIIAN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION, LTD. Room 3, Love Building, Fort St.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

Electric wires will get crossed and are a source of great danger to life. This hazard and all others of an accidental nature may be covered by one of those liberal accident policies issued by the solid old Pacific Mutual. Policies issued while you wait. Clinton J. Hutchins, general agent, 409 Fort street. Life, accident, fire and marine insurance.

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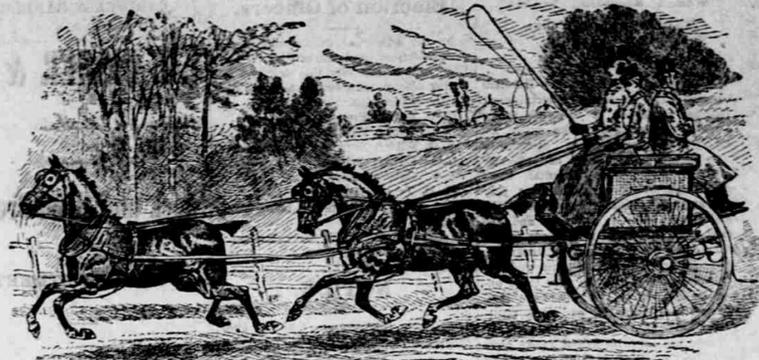
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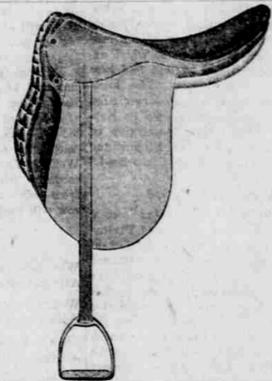


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### Fate of Last Island.

The terrible cyclone that destroyed Galveston island is not the first calamity of the kind that has occurred in the Mexican gulf. It vividly recalls an incident that will ever live in memory. Over forty years ago there was a similar calamity in the destruction of Last Island, off the Louisiana coast, by a cyclone, September 12, 1856.

Last Island was a long, low streak of green, bound around the edge with a line of intensely white sand. Seen in those days from the Louisiana mainland (fifteen miles away, the lower end of the parish of Lafourche), and part of the parish of St. Mary's (the garden of Louisiana), it seemed but a slender bit of green floating upon the bosom of the summer sea. As you drew nearer the land displayed its charms. The island proper was about seven miles wide by about twenty-five long. The soil was very rich and highly cultivated. Propinquity brought out as in a delicate photograph all its lines of radiant beauty. Of forest, so deep and dense in the far south there was none. But a few enormous live-oak trees had grown upon the island, and in the world of light of the semi-tropical moon, covered from crown to lowest bough with a long gray moss of the latitude, they seem like great giants wrapped in their funeral robes, waving their arms aloft as they fled from a coming sea.

Beyond these there were no forest trees, as has been said. The island was but one long sand spit (only a few feet above the highest tide level of the sea), covered with ever-living green. But it was a very Eden of flowers. The fallen leaves of the live-oak for centuries had created in their decay a bed of rich alluvium, which artificial means had greatly increased. The ever-warm air from the further south seas had given to the shrub growth an extraordinary richness of verdure. The orange and lemon trees, the olive, the cedar (which in Louisiana is a tree thirty feet high) all of the tribe of japonicas, and the scented summer flower, jessamine yellow and cape, and hundreds of others unknown outside the tropics, made the island circumscribed with brilliant colored blossoms. It seemed that all that was rich and lovely and beautiful in the vegetation of the semi-tropics here found its most congenial home.

#### Resort of Southern Fashion.

In the evening when the sun went down and the warm south wind drew in from the sea, the air would be heavy with sweet but unfamiliar flower odors. You would be enveloped in a very caress of perfume, direct from the heart of the great white Persian jessamine. Ah, the dreamy, happy life of that wonderful island in the days of long ago! True it was a watering place, with a most beautiful surf bathing on the side dext the open sea. But it had none of the garishness of sea-coast places of later days. It could never have been like Long Branch or Cape May.

To gamblers and games of the half-world Last Island was as difficult as paradise. It was impossible to pass the argus eyes of the doyen who watched the gangway of the boat as the passengers came on board for the enchanted isle, as for Adam to return to Eden when it was guarded by the angel with the flaming sword. The men who gathered there were not strangers to each other, for in Louisiana then everybody who was anybody knew of his social equal, if he was not a personal acquaintance, no matter in what region he lived. So there was a spot, not very much known to the outer world, where could gather, when summer days became long and the dog star raged, the great cotton planting magnates of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama, or the rich, courtly Creole sugar growers from the Bayou Lafourche country, or the Cote d'Or, or the Mississippi river, and their congeners, the American sugar planters from the Feliciana and wealthy, aristocratic Rapides.

Once a year the very cream of the country-side gentry from the states named, with a sprinkling of wealthy "city men," merchants and factors from New Orleans, a few bankers, popular clergymen from the rich city parishes, with their wives and daughters, would congregate at Last Island and eat of the divine combinations of the French cuisine, produced by cordons blancs, drink—sparingly, generally—of the good red wines of France for your old-time planter, especially if he was of Creole blood, never shunned "God's good things"—take daily plunges into the warm surf, and thus seasonally enjoy a month of dolce far niente. Never were men more courtly. Never were women lovelier. It was the very paradise of gentle, graceful, courteous attention to beautiful women.

#### Brightest Season of 1856.

The season of 1856 at Last Island was one of the most charming ever known since the famous watering place had been established. Never did brave men and charming women congregate at this charming rendezvous in greater numbers or in a fuller, finer spirit of happiness and hopeful expectation. The season was at its height. Not only was the hotel proper filled, but the dozen or so of cottages—generally known as the "bachelors' quarters"—were all occupied by a high bred, as gallant and gay a company of gentlemen as the entire south could show.

The morning of September 10, 1856, was one of almost unearthly loveliness. The sea was sometimes as smooth as translucent glass, now as green as an emerald, then sapphire-hued. Its surface was covered with a faint, misty haze. Its loveliness was superlative. The fishing boats in sight seemed like great white sea birds, trailing their wings as they basked in the morning sunbeams. As the sun rose higher the sea mist vanished. But such a day as it was! The

thermometric measurement of September in Louisiana is not greatly different in its altitude of heat from that of New York or Washington. This day, however, there was such a downpour of solar warmth that the island was almost burnt. The sun puffs of wind blew and rippled the sea water and turned it into apassent green. But the cooling sea breezes, reviving and refreshing all living things, did not come. The day was uncomfortable. Men wandered about listlessly. Politics—it was the great Know-Nothing year, yet talked of in Louisiana political annals—even ceased to charm. In the air there was a stillness as though nature was watching and waiting in silence, baleful, mysterious, ominous.

The sunset that evening frightened the timid souls. It went down in the west, and the sky red as vermilion, an angry sun, and left the Occident blazing across the waves as though a world was in flames. All that night the Dago fishermen (a curious, superstitious class, half Spanish-Italian and half Creole, taking to the strange sounds, means, as though some supernatural being was in awful agony. The morning of the 11th was like that of the previous day. Toward night there came up a terrible thunder storm. The thunder was as unlike that of the northern dash of storm as a firecracker is to the crack and roar of a 6-inch gun.

#### Lightning Was Terrifying

The dwellers on the mainland and the Teche and Lafourche planters had never before seen such lightning. It flashed from the zenith to the eastern and western horizon in great, broad green, purple and flame-colored bands of electric blaze, a degree in width. And after each awful crash that almost rent the ear-drums there would be a distinctly superlunary tinge perceptible in the air. Toward the evening of the 12th the thunder and lightning ceased, but the rain continued and the wind grew stronger from the southwest. The sailboats of the frightened fishermen could be seen in the early morning light flying before the wind for secure landings in the safe streams and waters of *cheniere caminade*.

There was to be at the principal hotel that evening the grand ball of the season, for it was to be the last. The band of the French Opera House was there from New Orleans, then unequalled for its music in America. There were no wind instruments except the cornet and flute; the others were stringed. The ballroom was distant from the main hotel perhaps twenty yards, and was reached by a covered way, elevated to the level of both buildings. It was built very near the sea and set upon brick pillars six feet above the surface of the earth. The hotel was constructed in the same fashion, so that the breezes could blow under both edifices and produce better ventilation. Broad, wide piazzas surrounded the ballroom on three sides, upon which doors opened, so that after each dance one might take a turn in promenading on the gallery and enjoy the coolness of the fresh night breeze from the sea.

occupied a high dais that extended across the end of the ballroom. The buildings were lighted with gas. So much in the way of description.

Toward noon of the 12th the sun shone out for an hour, but it was a dull, orange-hued orb, surrounded by a yellow, misty haze that changed constantly. As night came on the sky was covered with a cloud of deepest blackness. There was a renewal of the vivid sheet lightning, but no thunder. The sea was in such agitation as the best present had never before seen. Great, brilliant lights burst from the waves as they were rolled in by the tremendous southwest wind. Deep, phosphorescent fires, incandescent in serpentine forms, were seen rising from the waves like shadowy monsters. And, most terrible of all, there was distinctly audible at intervals in the blackness and gloom an unearthly moan from the depths of the sea.

#### Panic Among the Women.

The women became seriously frightened and the men realized that nature was in one of her most unusual and marvelous moods. Still, no one anticipated any real danger. There had been great storms before. This was but the beginning of the equinoctial blow. The ballroom was lighted. There was nothing else to do but go to the dance. Women clothed themselves for the evening's ball, aided by the deft-handed maids, but with hearts ill at ease. Other thoughts than those of conquests were filling their souls with dread of what might come. But they would go; perhaps the gay dresses, the brilliant lights, the soft sweet dance music might drive away the vague fears that oppressed their souls.

At 10 o'clock the dance was at its height. Outside the storm was raging. The intense blackness of darkness was broken by the constant broad flashes of lightning and phosphorescent blaze of lightening and phosphorescent haze of lightening. A terrible wind blew, with torrents of slanting rain that was as warm as newly drawn blood. The band was playing one of Gottschalk's sweetest dreamy waltzes (he was a Louisiana, you know), "Creole Eyes," when a girl screamed. Her white satin bootee had been wetted by water coming up through the floor!

Terror then beset all. A rush was made for the hotel, but the covered way was gone. It had been carried off by a tremendous wave of the raging sea. Mothers had left their little children asleep in the other house. How should they get to them? It was utterly impossible unless one had wings to pass over the tossing, boiling flood of maddened sea that rolled between them. Of the horrors that followed no living tongue could ever tell. But about midnight a strange sea moan that became a roar grew nearer and louder until it was like 10,000 thundering Niagaras. It was a tidal wave, 1,000 miles long, ten miles wide and sixty feet high! And as it rolled resistless, hotel, ballroom, all—was swallowed up in the maw of the pitiless sea. Men, women and little ones were parted never again to meet until that final day, "when the sea shall give up its dead!"

Such a tragedy had never been known before in the nation's history. Nothing was left of the lovely life but a few

broken brick pillars to mark where life and beauty had died such a death. For weeks patrol boats along the mainland shore found nothing but dead bodies. In one case the corpse of a lady in the last putrescent stages was identified by nearly \$50,000 worth of diamonds she had worn that fateful night. Think of the ghastliness of it. The only two survivors were a strong, powerful negro, who blindly caught on a door that was floating by and was carried in to the mainland; and the other was a tiny baby girl, not more than 18 months old. She had been placed upon a billiard table, which floated, and there she was found on the Lafourche shore forty-eight hours after the storm. Nearly every household in southern Louisiana was in mourning, for 400 adults were lost.

#### MONSTER-MAKING.

Horrible Transformation in Human Beings by Expert Chinese. [From the Morning Oregonian.]

From time to time the Chinese authorities by official proclamation warn the people of the country against child thieves. In Europe children are often stolen by strolling mountebanks, who, by a disjuncting process, make them simple and expert. In China monsters are often made of them.

To transfer a man into a beast would at first seem impossible. It is accomplished, however, by the Chinese, to whom nothing seems to be unknown. The skin is removed in small particles from the entire surface of the body and to the bleeding parts bits of the hide of living animals, bears and dogs, are usually applied. The operation requires years for its full accomplishment. After the person has had his skin completely changed and becomes a man-bear or man-dog, he is made mute to complete the illusion and also to deprive him of the means of informing the public he is intended to amuse of his long torture.

A Chinese journal, the Hupao, prints a description of one of these human animals exhibited at the Kiangsi. His entire body was covered with dogskin. He stood erect, although sometimes the feet are so mutilated that the bear is forced to walk on all fours; could utter articulate sounds, rise and sit down—in short, make the gestures of any human being.

A mandarin who heard of this monster had him brought to his palace, where his hairy skin and bestial appearance caused quite as much terror as surprise. Upon being asked if he was a man the creature replied with an affirmative nod. He also signified in the same manner that he could write. A pencil was given to him, but he could not use it, his hands were so deformed. As he was then placed on the ground in front of him, when the man-dog, leaning over, traced in them five characters, indicating his name and country.

was condemned to death, testified during the trial that barely one in five failed to endure the process of skin changing. He practiced it according to a traditional and doubtless old formula.

The Chinese have another still more horrible method of monster-making. They know how to graft a child on an adult in imitation of natural teratology. The operation is on the same principle as that of skin grafting. The circulatory systems are brought into close contact by means of deep wounds. According to a note of Consul Cinatti the Chinese are skillful in performing such experiments on animals. They delight in giving chickens the feet of ducks and in putting cocks' combs on the heads of ducks.

Darkness alone, it seems, is sufficient to make a curious specimen of a child, especially if a certain kind of food is given to it and its vocal cords are made useless. A living Buddha was made in this way and exhibited by the bonzes to their congregations. This child, after years passed in absolute darkness, had become as white as wax. He had been obliged to remain motionless in the posture of Buddha until his muscles had become rigid. No one had ever spoken to him, and he had grown in his cell as a fungus would have done. Brought out to the light, this mute, blinking, living statue was eagerly worshipped by the credulous.

At Shanghai, shortly after the opening of the port, there was an exhibition a monster whose enormous head, with its long hair and mustache was that of a person of thirty, while the body was as small as that of a child of two. This marvelous result had been obtained by placing the victim, when a child, in a jar from which the head alone protruded. This grew abnormally large, while the body remained stationary in its narrow prison home.

#### CONTRIVERSY BETWEEN A NOVELIST AND DRAMATIST

Mrs. W. K. Clifford, the English novelist, and Sydney Grundy, the dramatist, are the principals in a remarkable controversy which is attracting wide attention in London. Mrs. Clifford has written a play, a powerful one, somewhat after the manner of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," with Ibsenite touches, which was published in the Anglo-Saxon Review in March of this year. Its main idea, however, was already contained in a short story by Mrs. Clifford, published in Temple Bar fifteen years ago. When Mr. Grundy's new play, "A Debt of Honor," was produced in London a few weeks ago, Mrs. Clifford wrote at once to the papers, calling attention to the fact that there were many points of resemblance in motive, situation, and treatment between the two pieces, adding: "Mr. Grundy's piece is virtually—though of course quite accidentally—an adaptation of my play to what a careful manager might possibly think the scruples of the public and the modern stage require. The coincidence even extends to a close verbal similarity in some of the lines of the dialogue."

Mr. Grundy has replied to this that he was quite ignorant of the fact that Mrs. Clifford had written this play and that he had never seen the story on which it is based in Temple Bar, or the printed drama itself in the Anglo-Saxon Review. He adds: "My play was written two years before I heard of the existence of Mrs. Clifford's play and story. My contract with Mr. Alexander, made after the acceptance of the manuscript, bears date of July 2, 1888." What is still more remarkable is that Mrs. Clifford submitted her play to Mr. Alexander at a much earlier date, but the manager-actor evidently had forgotten all about it when he read Mr. Grundy's drama; he certainly did not mention the similarity. But, then, he probably sees too many plays to remember the ones he refuses. The discussion has been carried on with exemplary courtesy, Mrs. Clifford making it plain that she does not suspect Mr. Grundy of plagiarism. It is likely that her play, too, will be produced ere long, when the verdict of the public may be expected. The differences between the two are said to be as striking as the similarities.

Mrs. Corinne Churchill does not need the reflected glory given by her stepson's literary reputation as the author of "Richard Carvel" to make her famous. She is a woman of versatile talents and both vocal and instrumental, and that other gentle art so dear to the dilettante—painting. Mrs. Churchill is a native of New York. Her husband, Edward Spaulding Churchill, belongs to the titled English branch of that name. Her work as an artist includes both animal and marine painting and examples of each class of her work have brought high prices. Mrs. Churchill excels as a musician in the mastery of the organ and harp, and as a composer and song writer. Her "Richard Carvel" march is becoming widely known. Her latest effort is the "Sunshine Waltz," dedicated to Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden, president of the International Sunshine society. An opera entitled "Ouzrita," produced in Brussels some years ago, attracted much attention and general commendation. Mrs. Churchill is now at work on another opera, to be produced in New York this winter. She is often the leading figure at entertainments given for charity and is lavish with her talents for the benefit of others.

#### An Investment Not an Expense.

[From the Philadelphia Record.]

A large and successful advertiser says that when he first went into business he regarded newspaper advertising as an expense which was important, but not essential to success; but a little experience taught him to view regular and systematic advertising in the most widely circulated newspapers as an investment or as a necessary part of the capital put into his establishment. "Like any other safe investment," he says, "the newspaper 'ad' brings in profits, and without it an enterprise falls short of its possibilities."

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Divans

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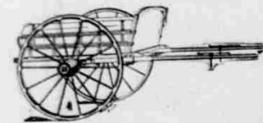
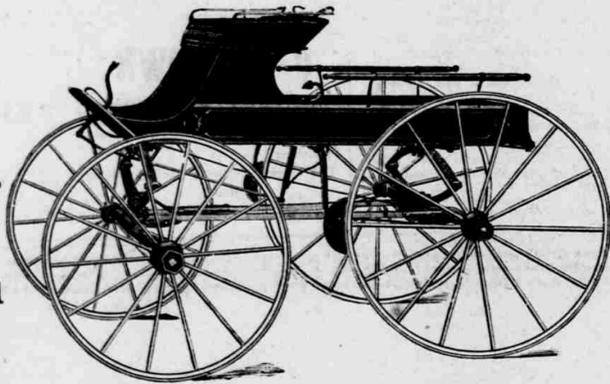
Extension Tables

Direct from Eastern Factories

**PACIFIC VEHICLE & SUPPLY CO. LTD.**

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

Trucks,  
Drays,  
Dump  
Wagons,  
Dump Carts,  
Farm Gears,  
Express  
Wagons and  
Delivery  
Wagons.



A new line of Surreys, Buggies, Runabouts, Phaetons,  
Buckboards, Harness, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Etc.

**PACIFIC VEHICLE & SUPPLY CO., LTD.**

DAY BLOCK - - BERETANIA STREET - - NEXT TO THE FIRE STATION.

**BEVERAGES**

SUPERIOR COLD  
ANIMATING LUSCIOUS

CARBONATED FOUNTAIN DRINKS  
(SODA WATER)

NUTRITIOUS DELICIOUS REFRESHING  
IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE PERFECT

Great Variety of Flavors Novelties Added Frequently

Our Vichy a Special Feature

Natural Fruits Our Own Selection

Our Ice Cream "par Excellence" the Finest

FOUNTAIN, COR. FORT AND HOTEL STS.

Noted as the Coolest Corner in Town.

**BENSON, SMITH & Co., LTD.**

**BOWER'S MERCHANTS' PATROL**

—AND—

**CONFIDENTIAL AGENCY**

OFFICE: ROOM 4, MODEL BLOCK. TELEPHONE 708. P. O. Box 284

Reliable and Confidential Watchmen furnished on short notice for  
Stores Residences, Property, Etc. First-class references furnished.

Read The Sunday Republican

**EXTRA-  
ORDINARY  
BARGAINS IN**



WE HAVE DOZENS of pianos taken in exchange which must be disposed of as we have no room for them in our salesroom.

**PAY A LITTLE DOWN,**  
balance in small monthly payments.

**UPRIGHTS—**

BORD ..... \$ 25 00  
CHAPPEL ..... 20 00  
KNABE ..... 150 00  
FISCHER ..... 165 00

**SQUARES—**

STEINWAY ..... 75 00  
BOURNE ..... 25 00  
BENSEN ..... 30 00

Every piano guaranteed exactly as represented.

**BERGSTROM  
MUSIC CO.**

Old papers for sale at this office.

**LOPEZ WRITES AN OPEN**

**LETTER TO SCHAURMAN**

Declares That the Filipinos Have Done Much to Advance Cause of Education.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Sixto Lopez the Filipino, has written an open letter to Jacob G. Schurman, president of Cornell University and a Philippine commissioner. The letter, in part, is as follows:

"The report of the late commission, of which you were president, professes to deal, in addition to other matters, with education in the Philippines. You represent that the part which the Spanish authorities played in matters educational was the sum total of educational activity among the masses of our people. That this is a most unfair and inadequate representation of the facts it will now be my duty to show.

"In matters educational the Filipino record is creditable to a degree. During all the years of the Spanish regime, notwithstanding monarchistic opposition and Spanish indifference, our system of education flourished and increased. University extension and collegiate schools, the result, solely of Filipino activity, have spread throughout the archipelago. The intense desire of our people for education, both in its elementary and higher forms, was known and feared even in Spain and has been admitted by yourself and your colleagues. Every program of reform put forward by our people has included a system of free state education.

"In most every branch of knowledge, in competition examinations, the Filipinos have shown themselves the superiors of the Spaniards. In all the learned professions, in science, in philosophy, in theology, the most prominent men are Filipinos. Notwithstanding the fact that the Filipino who came to Europe was immediately singled out for the hatred and persecution of the monks, many of the people sent their sons to the universities of Madrid, Paris and Germany, where they distinguished themselves, especially in philosophy.

"The latest addition to higher education in the Philippines is due entirely to the energy and liberality of the Filipinos. In July of this present year, amid the clash of arms and political strife, the Filipinos founded the Manila Lyceum, with forty-one teachers and professors, all of whom, with three exceptions, are pure Filipinos. Among the subjects taught are Greek, Latin, English, Spanish, French, universal and commercial geography and statistics, history, theology, philosophy, zoology, physics, chemistry, general science, drawing, etc. This institution owes its origin to Senores Guerrero, Mendiola and Villamer, all of whom are pure Filipinos two being Tagalogs and one Visayan, and the funds have been provided exclusively by Filipinos."

**LORD ROBERTS APPEALS  
TO HIS COUNTRYMEN**

Asks Them Not to Give the Returning Soldiers Presents of Liquor.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Lord Roberts sends from Pretoria a striking appeal to his countrymen to refrain from turning the welcome of the home-coming troops into a drunken orgy. He expresses the sincere hope that the welcome will not take the form of treating to stimulants, and thus lead to excesses that will tend to degrade those whom the nation delights to honor, and lower the soldiers of the queen in the eyes of the world, which has watched with undisguised admiration the grand work they have performed for their sovereign and country.

"I therefore beg earnestly," says Lord Roberts, "that the public will refrain from tempting my gallant comrades, but will rather aid them to uphold the splendid reputation they have won for the imperial army. I am very proud to be able to record with absolute truth that the conduct of this army from first to last has been exemplary. Not a single case of serious crime has been brought to my notice, indeed nothing deserving the name of crime. I have trusted to the men's own soldierly feeling and good sense, and they have borne themselves like heroes on all other occasions.

"The most malicious falsehoods were spread by the authorities of the Transvaal of the brutality of Great Britain's soldiers, but the people were soon reassured that they had nothing to fear from the men in khaki, no matter how battered and war-stained their appearance. "This testimony," concludes Lord Roberts, "I feel sure will be very gratifying to the people of Great Britain, and of that Greater Britain whose sons shared to the fullest extent the sufferings as well as the glory of the war, and who helped so materially to bring it to a successful close."

Lord Roberts explains that he thus appeals because of the distressing and discreditable scenes resulting from injudicious friends spending the parting soldiers by shoving bottles of spirits into their hands and pockets.

**A Ritualistic Murder.**

KONITZ, Prussia, Nov. 3.—The trial which has been in progress for a fortnight past of a number of persons suspected of being implicated in the mysterious murder of a boy, Ernest Winter, some time ago, in the so-called "ritual crime," has suddenly taken a sensational turn. The murdered boy's father, who is a high official, in a letter addressed to the state's attorney, charges a Jewish butcher, Eisenstaedt, of Prechlau, with accomplishing the murder. He also charges Eisenstaedt and a synagogue sexton, Hossek, with perjury committed during the course of yesterday's testimony. The actual murderers have not yet been discovered.

**London is Interested.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—London business circles are keenly interested in the American contest, says the Tribune's correspondent. Business in the street and on the stock exchange is virtually suspended until the decision of the American electorate can be known on the questions affecting the industrial interests of the world.

**PERSONALS.**

Mrs. Hanna, milliner, King street, between Fort and Alakea streets.

Bed spreads at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 each at L. B. Kerr & Co., Queen street.

L. B. Kerr & Co., Queen street, direct from the very latest styles in men's hats have from New York.

Three thousand dozen of Turkish towels at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.25 per dozen at L. B. Kerr & Co., Queen street.

Wagonettes, tandems, four-in-hands for moonlight excursion parties at the Territory stables, King street. Phone main 35.

A single gentleman advertises for an airy furnished room in private family. Will pay \$20 per month if suitable. See want column.

Men's suspenders, made of excellent elastic webbing of new designs, with leather-trimmed, cast-off or nickel-plated mountings, are now selling for 50c a pair at The Kash.

A magnificent large corner lot with fine view in the choicest part of Kalia is offered for sale on reasonable terms by J. H. Schnack, real estate agent, Merchant street, between Fort and Alakea streets.

The Misses De Lartigue, Alakea street, next to Dr. Anderson's office, have received an elegant line of side combs, shell combs, "Keep-Clean" hair brushes, etc., etc. These goods are on display at their parlors.

**Cloud Photographs.**

The demand for the best in photography has been met by King Bros. in their latest productions of cloud effects, finished in platinum.

Familiar and beautiful scenes surrounding Honolulu are now made in the most attractive form.

This is made possible by a discovery which permits treatment of the ordinary plate in such a way as to make them sensitive to certain color rays absolutely necessary in making perfect cloud photos. No means are spared in the production of these photos and it is a pleasure to note that their efforts are being appreciated.

**BELMORAL**

YOUNG STREET, bet. Alapai and Thomas Square.

Newly furnished rooms with board. Also table board. Telephone Blue 3371.

**HART & CO.**

(Limited.)

**THE ELITE ICE CREAM PARLORS**

Fine Chocolates and Confections, Ice Cream and Ices Water.

**Dr. W. H. MAYS**

OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10, 1 to 3, 7 to 8.  
SUNDAYS: 9 to 11.  
Telephone 602.

**DR. W. J. GALBRAITH.**

Office and Residence:

CORNER BERETANIA AND ALAKEA STS.

OFFICE HOURS—9 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.

SUNDAYS—9 to 10 A. M., 7 to 8 P. M.

TELEPHONE 204.

**BISHOP & CO.,  
SAVINGS BANK**

Office at banking building on Merchant street.

Savings Deposits will be received and interest allowed by this Bank at 4 per cent. per annum.

Printed copies of the Rules and Regulations may be obtained on application.

**BISHOP & CO.**

Office at banking building on Merchant street.

Savings Deposits will be received and interest allowed by this Bank at 4 per cent. per annum.

Printed copies of the Rules and Regulations may be obtained on application.

**"Little" by name!!**

Great in result!!!

Is the CARBON PAPER that the Hawaiian News Co. Lt'd., is distributing samples of.

A large stock of same received by the Australia.

For Sale by HAWAIIAN NEWS CO. LIMITED.

**SPECIAL SALE**

—OF—

**GOLF . . SHIRTS**

100 DOZEN Stanley and Wachusett Shirts. The usual One-Fifty quality. A profusion of patterns to select from.

—YOUR CHOICE—

**\$1 Each | Per Dozen \$12**

**Whitney & Marsh, Ltd.**  
519 Fort Street.

**Watch This Space**

-for-

**Important Items**

**BELMORAL**  
YOUNG STREET, bet. Alapai and Thomas Square.  
Newly furnished rooms with board. Also table board. Telephone Blue 3371.

**HART & CO.**  
(Limited.)  
**THE ELITE ICE CREAM PARLORS**  
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SUNDAYS—9 to 10 A. M., 7 to 8 P. M.  
TELEPHONE 204.

**Money Back if You Say So!**

Some men wear just what they please; others wear what other men affect. There is a certain style which most men regard as proper, and one must be independently rich or hopelessly poor to utterly ignore the dictates of fashion. One great point about our clothing which ought to appeal to every man who would be well dressed is that it is so well made and so entirely in accord with the right fashion without being costly.

It has all the merchant tailor's distinctiveness; is, in fact, tailor-made; but is much less expensive than the so-called custom-made apparel.

**SUSPENDERS**

The top notch of excellence, the low water mark in prices; that's the way it is in our splendid furnishing department. As typical of values here, we note today a strong line of MEN'S SUSPENDERS made of excellent elastic webbing of new designs, with leather-trimmed, cast off or nickel plated mountings—equal in make-up to the usual 75c or \$1.00 kinds.

**Price 50cts Per Pair**

**THE 'KASH'**

TWO STORES, TWO STOCKS. TWO TELEPHONES.  
P. O. Box 558. 96 and 676.  
9 and 11 Hotel Street and Corner of Fort and Hotel Streets.

an aid to digestion  
a tonic stimulant,  
aged in wood.

**Greenwood**  
sour mash

a pure  
old fashioned  
whole grain whiskey.

**H. Hackfield & Co., Ltd.**  
Sole distributors.

### The Boers' Woman Spy.

One of the fascinating stories of war man and war which has come out of the Transvaal is that told in the London Daily News by its correspondent in the Transvaal, A. G. Hayes. It is the story of a modern Dillibah—a woman whose charm and cunning beguiled from British officers high military secrets. These this spy of Krueger's conveyed to her Boer friends so quickly and accurately that, Mr. Hayes says, they accounted for several disasters to British arms. Mr. Hayes says:

Before the war there lived in Johannesburg a smart, good looking married woman of about 30 years of age. Madam was of German or Swedish nationality, married to a Russian civil engineer. She was not a beauty, but her face was full of charm, her eyes had the gift of eloquence, and she could say more without opening her mouth than most women can impart who possess a tireless tongue. She could be gay or sad, pathetic, pleading or imperious at will. Her hands were shapely, soft and white, and had the trick of clinging caressingly to masculine fingers when the humor suited the dame. The men who knew her well and later on came under her spell have told me that there was a magnetism in her touch which drew men to her as moonlight draws the sea—something dainty, like the scent of the wattle flower at the dawn in the nostrils of the bushman. Her waist would fit the crook of a man's arm. Her bust was fashioned on a model designed by the gods. When she reclined upon a settee she looked like a tigress basking in the sun, so full of life and grace and vitality did she seem, and when she walked her body undulated like the ripples on a running river.

When the war clouds gathered thick over the land it was an open secret that madam was deep in the councils of the Boer leaders. Her husband was given a mission in Europe, not because he was of any particular use, but he was in madam's way in South Africa. She was a desperate woman, prepared to play a desperate game for a big stake, and she hated the English. Rumor said that she had good cause to hate one of our broad, but that tale would take too long in the telling. Hate us she did, and she gave us good cause to know it. She had not too much money in the days of peace. Her husband earned a good salary, but he was a gambler, and a lot more of his salary went into the pockets of the professional harpies than into his wife's purse. Yet as soon as he carried his portmanteau to the sea coast madam began to live in finer style than she had ever done.

People said there was a man in the case, and so there was, but not in the sense that folks at the time imagined. Old Oom Paul was the man. When she left Johannesburg on her frequent trips she was not wasting her time, as folks fancied, or even spending her time with men at all. From town to town, from farm to farm she went with restless ac-

tivity, organizing a system of spying among the Boer women. It was madam who arranged that when our troops arrived anywhere in Natal or the Free States, the wives of the farmers and their best looking daughters should visit our lines with fresh eggs, fresh butter and other little luxuries. She instructed them to take note of the number of men in each camp, the number of guns and the quantity and condition of our horses. Each was advised to send all information so gleaned promptly to the nearest Boer commando, and right well they obeyed her when the time for action came. The Boers have been well served in many ways during the war, but by none better than their own women folk, who have worked for them with desperate earnestness from beginning to end, displaying a courage, determination and resource seldom equaled in all the history of the world.

When war was at last formally declared madam was one of the first women turned out of the republican territory. She was not sent away with a lot of other women. She was purposely singled out and ostensibly passed over the border and labeled "dangerous" by the smart agents of crafty old Oom Paul. When she reached Cape Town she lifted up her voice in lamentation. Her dear little happy home had been broken up by the brutal Boers. All that she valued on earth had been swept away by the tidal waves of war, and she was left like a piece of human wreckage on the coast line of life. But, strangely enough, she was not long in establishing another "little nest" in a charming suburb where the beautiful scenery was enough to intoxicate the senses of the most phlegmatic of men. The "nest" lay back in a dainty garden, surrounded by shady trees, and all around there were long, sleepy, silent avenues, where doves could bill and coo from dawn until dark, and where the footfall would not awaken the echoes. Along these avenues madam drove in her pretty little carriage, looking very pathetic in her loneliness. Pleasure seekers of the civilian type saw her and made advances, and were promptly snubbed.

Then to that suburb came one clad in khaki—not a common fellow of the baser sort, but one whom my Spanish-American servant would term a Hidalgo of the bluest blood. He was of noble birth and had a pretty face, with blue eyes and a brain to match. His teeth were of the whitest, his lips red, full and tremulous; his hair was fair and his skin pink and white. He held a high position in the non-fighting force of the British army, and many valuable secrets were in his possession, though God knows how any wise man could entrust a man with a soft, foolish mouth like his with secrets of any import of the nation. Yet as I have said, he was of noble blood, and that counts more than brains, or long service, or fitness of nature with some folk.

They met, and madam quivered all over under his gaze. Something went wrong with the ponies. The noble one went to adjust things. Madam, the spy, thanked him; he, possibly one of the most

gentle men in England on the field of war, one of the most dashing in the lists of love, pushed home his advantage, and from that hour during his stay in the Cape he was her shadow. He thought he was fooling the green grass-widow, but she "knew" she was squeezing him dry. All that she gathered from him went rapidly, either by trusty messenger or by code pre-arranged to Delagoa Bay, and from there it soon found its way into the hands of the Boer leaders, who laughed heartily around their mess tables at the doings in the "little nest" at Cape Town. At first the noble one had madam to himself but as his information petered out she snared others, and he had many rivals, and from each she gathered something of use to her and her Boer friends. Like a skillful angler, she played them all, varying her play to suit her fish. And those young men sniggered among themselves and made many wagers which will not bear repeating, and all the time our generals at the front, battling for a nation's honor and a nation's trust, wondered how in the name of all that was evil the Boer commanders always forestalled them in every important move.

When Lord Kitchener of Khartoum arrived in Africa he went to meet him, for she knew that if she could get inside his secrets she could learn all things. She made it her business to come casually in contact with the Egyptian Sphinx. She ran her eyes over the tall, gaunt figure, the rugged, ugly face. She looked into the prominent, all-seeing eyes, and knew at a glance that she was face to face with a magnetism stronger than her own, and nothing would induce her to go near him again. "That is the most dangerous man in Britain," she said. "I feel as if I were within the shadow of death when I am near him. He is a man for men to conquer. No woman can reach him to use him; he would read me like an open book in an hour, and I believe he would shoot me as he would shoot a Kaffir if he caught me red-handed. I will try all other living men, but not that living death's head. No wonder he conquered in Egypt. I think he would conquer in hades."

She went back to her work among the kid-glove contingent like a hawk in a poultry yard, until even our dull-witted officials became uneasy. So she closed up the "nest" in Cape Town and went up the country for a change of air. Wherever she went she was welcomed by our officers, and it was a noticeable fact that disaster to our arms followed her friendship. A time at last arrived when she found it absolutely necessary to confer with the Boer leaders. Dyeing herself as black as the inside of a camel with nitrate of silver and logwood, she stood transfigured as a Kaffir woman. From farm to farm, right through the Free State, on to Pretoria, she was passed. And in Pretoria she gave the Boers information worth a king's ransom.

When things took a decidedly bad turn for the Boers, and madam saw that her fertile brain would be of no further use to the sinking cause, she drew her check on a continental bank and sailed for Europe, and for aught I know her eyes may be the first to scan these lines in London. For it would be characteristic of the celebrated Boer spy if she elected to stay in our capital on the money she earned by trying to wreck us.

### Stolen Beauty.

[Clara Harcourt in Washington Star.]  
"Yes, dear, your new hats are quite pretty."  
I answered my three sweetest girls. Who questioned while pinning their treasures above their fair faces and curls.  
"But which is the loveliest auntie—Be honest and tell us, please do—Belle's hat with the bright bird upon it. May's blossoms, my egretts so blue?"  
"Were I a young man—spare those blishes—A-seeking a sweetheart or bride, Just judging your fair, happy faces, I'm sure I could never decide; But judging alone by your bonnets, With never a glance underneath, I'd choose for a wife, kind and gentle, The one with the sweet blossom wreath."

"Be-cause, my dear children, the blossoms Speak only of fields and blue skies, Of spring and its innocent pleasures, With which all true hearts sympathize; While birds that should gladden the woodland, Or egretts that stir at a breath, With all of their sad, stolen beauty, Speak only of suffering and death."

"The soft baby blanket of egretts Is torn from a dead mother's breast, 'Tis then that the feathers are fairest, Though little ones starve in the nest. The hunter cares not for the crying Of those he has orphaned for gold, The pitiful cries of the nestlings That perish of hunger and cold."

"The jewel-winged bird on your bonnet Last summer was happy and free; Was flashing across the blue heavens, Or filling the tree-tops with glee. He died in the midst of a love-song— O, woman's soft heart, think of that! He died never dreaming you wanted His beautiful corpse for your hat."

"Each bird that is worn for adornment, Each heaven-taught singer that dies For vanity's sake has two slayers— The hunter, the woman who buys. One kills and one pays for the murder: Both equally guilty, I hold; Because the sad slaughter would slacken If woman paid not with her gold."

"If earth should at last become birdless, And spring lose its glory and song, The worm and the locust bring famine, On woman would fall the dark wrong." "Enough" cried the dear, dainty maidens, While pity their kind voices stirred; "We'll nevermore wear for adornment What cost the sweet life of some bird."

**A Great Medicine.**  
"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and find it to be a great medicine," says Mr. E. S. Phipps of Potomac, Ark. "It cured me of bloody flux. I cannot speak too highly of it. The quick cures which it effects even in the most severe cases make it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Territory of Hawaii."

### CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Classified Advertisements in this column will be accepted at 10 cents a line per week; 5 cents a line second insertion; 25 cents per line per week; 35 cents per line for two weeks, and 50 cents per line per month.

#### WANTED.

WANTED—Anyone seeking a position. Call on Atkinson, room 11, Magoon building.

WANTED—To rent furnished house, close in; must have three bed rooms; good opportunity for parties going away to secure Al tenant. Call or address E. S. Gill, Republican office.

WANTED—Position as salesman or manager soda works; experience in all kinds of merchandise and plantation stores; recently retired from business in California; references. Apply Atkinson, Magoon building, Merchant St., room 11.

WANTED—TWENTY DOLLARS per month offered by single gentleman engaged in city office for airy, furnished room in well appointed private house; English or Scotch family preferred, but not stipulated. CLEANLINESS and PROPER SERVICE being the chief considerations. Address letter to BACHELOR, care of The Republican, before the 15th instant.

#### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room for two; with or without board. 446 Punchbowl St.

FOR RENT—Two new brick stores, plate glass front on Hotel street. Apply to J. Oswald Lutted, New England bakery.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room near the corner of King and Alapai Sts.; rent cheap. Apply at The Republican office.

#### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One handsome Crown piano in perfect order with harp and mandolin accompaniment. Has been used only five times. Can be had at a reasonable price by applying at the Orpheum Cafe.

#### LOST.

LOST—A safe key and a postoffice key. Reward for return to The Republican.

LOST—A bay horse with a white spot on left fore shoulder has been lost. Horse is the property of Robert Parker, Jr. and if returned to the police station a reward will be paid.

LOST—By accidental gate opening, large bay-colored Californian mare; weight about 900 lbs.; faint star on forehead; fat condition; a little pudgy or irritation on face, but hearing, right hind foot a little white. Finder please notify police station and reward will be paid.

STOLEN—From in front of Chas.

## The White House

2139190 420 Fort Street.

### New Shirt Waists

Up to Date

## STANLEY WAISTS

With Pointed Sleeves

Crown Tailor made Waists with the Latest Collar. These Waists are New and very Stylish.

AMERICAN DRY GOODS ASS'N, Ltd.

### For Sale!

THE PRICES ARE RIGHT.

ONE PACING TEAM.  
ONE PACING SINGLE DRIVER.  
TEN HEAD HACK HORSES.  
ONE FAMILY CARRIAGE TEAM.

The above are all guaranteed sound, gentle, young animals.  
Also several 3-minute and better Roadsters.

Apply to  
WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM.

### FOR SALE

Kalihi Property

Two lots 50x100.  
One lot 100x100 on which is a house containing six rooms. For particulars apply to DAVID K. UNAUNA, Wilder S. S. Warehouse, Esplanade.

Kind's restaurant, Nuanu street, a black pacer horse in saddle; white spot on forehead and branded "T-E" (connected) on right hind leg. Liberal reward if said animal is returned to police station.

### NOTICE.

The stock ledger of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., will be closed to transfers from November 15 to December 15 inclusive.  
C. H. CLAPP, Secretary.  
Honolulu, Nov. 9, 1900.

### G. H. BROWN

SANITARY PLUMBER.

Estimates made on everything in the plumbing line.  
Office Territorial Stables Building, King Street.  
PHONE : : : MAIN 48.

# "THE IMPERIAL"

McInerny Block, Fort Street.

## Up-to-Date Cigar Store

WE IMPORT THE FINEST GOODS THAT MONEY CAN BUY

HAVANA  
KEY WEST

MANILA  
AMERICAN

### cigars

HAVE YOU TRIED

## THE SANCHEZ & HAYA CIGAR?

EGYPTIAN AND TURKISH CIGARETTES

WILLARD E. BROWN. F. HALSTEAD.  
Member Honolulu Stock Exchange.

# HALSTEAD & CO.

## STOCK AND BOND BROKERS

Money Loaned on Sugar Securities

407 FORT STREET

We are Just in Receipt  
of a Handsome Line of

### Shell Combs and Pins, Hair Ornaments, Etc.

Also a New Stock of Human Hair Good. for our

## Hairdressing Department

These Goods are now on Display.

# Miss M. E. Killean

Hotel Street, Arlington Block.

## Woolen Blankets and Gomforters

Just in Time for the Cold Weather

Comforters.	Blankets.
We have them at all prices. Our cheapest is \$1.50, we also have some filled with down at \$6.50 and a few beautiful silk ones at \$14.00 and \$15.00.	\$4.00. Buys a nice pair white Woolen Blankets, assorted color borders. We have them to suit all pocketbooks. Get a beauty made in California for \$7.00.
Pillows.	Pincushions.
A good quality. 22x22 ..... \$1.25 18x18 ..... .75 14x14 ..... .50 Filled with Silk Floss 22x22 ..... .75 18x18 ..... .40 14x14 ..... .25	We have them in all sizes, small and large. If you want to make one, we have them as small sizes as 4x4 inch.

Come and inspect them; they are really good values.

## The Genuine Scriven's Elastic Seam Drawers

See that every drawer is marked "Scriven's." We claim that this drawer is far superior to anything in the market.

75 cents per pair or \$8.50 dozen.

# B. F. Ehlers & Co

FORT ST

## City Furniture Store

H. H. WILLIAMS, Manager

Love Building, Nos. 534-536 : : : Telephone 846  
FORT STREET.

A new line of BABIES' CRIBS, CRADLES and CARRIAGES. Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Furniture. Special attention paid to Undertaking and Embalming.

## Wm. Savidge & Co.

### Real Estate Agents

FOR SALE.

\$3,500—House and lot on Liliha St., 56x115; 6 rooms.

\$5,000—House and lot on College St., 75x125; house contains 7 rooms.

\$5,000—House and lot on Alexander St., 106x120.

\$3,300—House and lot on Vineyard St., 75x90.

\$3,500—House and lot on Young St., 60x140.

\$6,500—House and lot on Young St., 10 rooms, 90x140.

\$2,900—House and lot at Kalihii, 77 1/2 x 150.

\$2,750—House and lot on Alapai St., good view.

\$2,500—House and lot on Kinau St., 50x100.

\$1,000—Large lot at Kalihii, 77 1/2 x 150.

\$3,900—House and lot at Kalihii, 155 x 150.

\$5,500—Business property on Fort St., 47x98.

\$6,000—Lodging house in center of city.

\$7,500—Investment at Kewalo; monthly income \$110.

\$4,200—Leasehold on Beretania St.; 2 large stores; 20 years to run.

\$7,500—Large lot with buildings on Punchbowl St.; brings in \$90 per month.

\$5,000—House and large lot on Queen street.

\$1,400—Lot on Queen St., 50x100.

\$8,500—Large lot with 8 cottages; monthly income \$125.

\$1,250—Large lot at Kalihii, 105x102.

\$6,500—Elegant residence, 225 ft. front, on Makiki St.

\$5,500—Residence on Punchbowl near Lunaliilo Home, 120x150; a bargain.

\$4,000—Leasehold on Beretania St.; 30 years to run; net income \$30 per month.

900—Leasehold with building on Fort St.; 8 years to run.

Lots near Peterson's Lane, Palama; all sizes and prices.

Lots on Austin Lane, Palama; all sizes and prices.

Lots at Kunawai off Liliha and Judd Sts.; all bargains.

Lots at Kewalo from \$575 up, according to location.

\$4,000—Large warehouse at Kewalo; recently built.

\$4,000—Leasehold of city front lot on Queen St., near Fish Market wharf; 24 years to run.

A cottage on Peterson's lane, Palama. Possession given on the 1st of October.

TO LET.

Three summer residences near city, at Tantalus, Pearl City and Ni'u.

WM. SAVIDGE & CO.  
Real Estate Agent, 206 Merchant St.

## J. H. SCHNACK

### Dealer in Real Estate, 223 Merchant St.

Offers Sale Lots in the Following Tracts.

MANOA HEIGHTS.

A few large choice lots with unequalled view; terms easy; price from \$1,750 to \$2,000 per lot.

NUANU TRACT.

Various lots 50x100 feet at \$250 to \$400 each, according to location; terms \$25 per lot down, balance in monthly installments of \$10 per lot each month.

NUANU TRACT ADDITION.

JUST OPENED AND DIVIDED INTO LARGE LOTS of different sizes, which I will sell on easy monthly installments with a small cash payment down. These lots are almost level and have a rich soil, producing anything anybody may want to plant. They are only a couple of hundred feet from Nuanu avenue and of easy access. A bus runs to the premises. This is a rare chance to get a good home cheap.

NUANU VALLEY.

Five lots on lane just above the Queen Emma premises.

WAIKOA.

Near Kamehameha school. Three inside lots on a 25 feet wide street on easy monthly installments; cheap.

KALUAPALENA, KALIHII.

A large lot with a fine view on a good street; price \$1,200; terms easy.

A magnificent large corner lot with fine view in the choicest part of Kalihii; half cash, balance at your own terms. This is a real bargain.

KEWALO.

Four adjoining lots; aggregate area 100x200 feet; suitable location for warehouse; cheap for cash.

KAPALAMA.

A large lot on King street.

FOR LEASE.

One and one-third of an acre of land between Liliha street and Inaue Avenue road, close to King street, offering room for a large number of cottages.

A business site on Manuoa street, between "Hole" and Punchbowl street.

## SCIENTISTS LEARN THE OCEAN'S SECRET

### Result of Exploration by the Steamer Albatross.

#### EXPERTS SENT BY GOVERNMENT THEY FIND CHARTED ISLANDS MANY MILES OUT OF PLACE.

World's Record for Deep Sea Net  
Dragging Made Near the  
Tonga Group of  
Islands.

Discoveries of great value to navigation and to science are reported by the United States fish commission steamer Albatross, which has just returned to San Francisco from a fourteen months' cruise in the South Seas and in Japanese and Alaskan waters.

The naval officers controlling the vessel have learned that nearly all of the South Sea islands are mischarted anywhere from two to a dozen miles, making steering by chart extremely dangerous. The exceptions are the Fiji group, owned by Great Britain, and the Tahiti group, owned by France.

In about the middle of Behring sea they discovered a bank just 200 fathoms below the surface, where the charts showed 2,000 fathoms depth. This bank is from five to ten miles in extent. The knowledge of its existence will permit navigators to try sounding in that part of the ocean when they wish to determine their bearings in cloudy weather. As the sky is sometimes overcast in those latitudes for days and nights continuously, the usual solar or astral observations are not always possible. Knowing that there is this extensive area only 600 feet below the surface in latitude 54 deg. 30 min. north and longitude 179 deg. 30 min. east, confused captains may hereafter learn where they are in Behring sea if the lead strikes bottom where the charts show impossible soundings.

A world's record for deep-sea net-dragging was made about fifty miles east of the Tonga group of islands in latitude 20 deg. south. Specimens of marine life were brought up from a depth of 4,200 fathoms, or nearly five miles. The greatest previous record was less than 3,000 fathoms. It was made by the British scientific deep-sea exploration steamer Challenger, between 1873 and 1876. From the five-mile bottom the Albatross secured specimens simply of a low form of sponge life adhering to pumice stone, indicating neither a sandy nor a muddy bottom, but one of rough volcanic rock.

Whenever time and opportunity permitted in the southern group of islands the naval officers made careful hydrographic surveys to determine depths. At the same time they completed sailing directions, which will enable navigators to steer accurately into many of the more important insular harbors. They also took magnetic observations in connection with these surveys.

All this reliable data will be properly presented upon new charts and marine maps to be issued by the government. The maritime nations of the world will profit by the published information.

Another scientific fact determined is that the temperature at the bottom of the ocean is uniformly a fraction above 35 degs., or a little more than 3 degs. above the freezing point. This rule holds good for all depths from 500 fathoms to 4,200 fathoms, or from 3,000 feet to five miles below the surface of the sea.

Aboard the Albatross is a remarkable illustration of deep-sea pressure. There is a hollow glass globe eight inches in diameter with the walls three-eighths of an inch thick. The globe was empty when it was sent down to a depth of 12,000 feet, or nearly two and a half miles. When it came up it was three-fourths full of water, as it is yet. That amount was forced through the thick, smooth, flawless glass. A bottle of wine lowered deep to cool it came up with the cork forced inside the bottle and the wine spoiled.

Shrimps in infinite variety were brought up from depths varying from a few yards to 15,000 feet. They ranged from little ones a half inch in length to giant shrimps a foot long. All were edible. They were found wherever the nets were lowered among the South Sea islands and off the southern coast of Japan. That shrimps live at great depths was not known before. In San Francisco bay, where the Chinese annually catch about \$250,000 worth of shrimps for domestic and Oriental markets, the big nets are set at the bottom at depths of only twenty or thirty feet.

Specimens of red coral discovered deep in the Arctic ocean are among the curios on the Albatross. They proved to be the scientific world that red coral is not found solely in the temperate Mediterranean sea. This discovery was made on a previous voyage, but it never gained publicity.

Good weather and clear skies last June all the way across from Kamchatka on the Asiatic coast to Unalaska on the North American coast enabled the officers of the Albatross to make daily solar observations. This exceptional opportunity for accurate bearings convinced the observers that there are, not strong currents out in the Behring sea, as was generally supposed. The currents are strong inshore or near the straits.

South of the equator the Albatross brought up from the bottom of the ocean fossil bones from whales, ears and fossil teeth of sharks. These specimens were thought to have laid on the floor of the sea for thousands of years.

During the investigations off the south coast of Japan the Albatross entertained two Japanese government scientists. They knew much about the marine life, but they had never seen such effective apparatus and appliances as those used by the United States fish experts.

As a general result of the fourteen months' cruise the Albatross has a cargo of thousands of marine specimens pickled in formaline. These will be sent to Washington. These some of them will be distributed to experts all over the world for classification and study, and for sci-

entific collections. There are sea freaks by the hundreds, marine animals and fish with eyes out on the ends of long tentacles that permit them to look around corners, deep-sea things that look like hot eyes, silicious sponges that are mostly comb, curious starfish that look like miniature cocoon palm trees, and an endless number of fishes of many varieties.

The Albatross is a trim white vessel, 215 feet long, and carries a complement of sixty men. She is commanded by Commander Jefferson F. Mower of the United States navy. When she left San Francisco, fourteen months ago, to begin her latest cruise she took, in addition to her present officers and crew, a little party of government scientists, chief of whom was professor Alexander Agassiz. These scientists left the vessel at Japan and returned to America months ago, their particular work having been completed. Among the officers on the Albatross is Ensign Cyrus R. Miller, whose home is in Sacramento.

From San Francisco the Albatross went southwestward to Marquesas islands in the South Seas, and then thoroughly explored the neighboring Tuamotu group. Then she steamed westward to the Society Islands, then westward again to the Cook Islands, and west once more to the Tonga Islands, where the deep haul was made; then northward through the Fiji Islands to the Ellice Islands, then through the Gilbert Islands and the Marshall Islands to the northwestward; then westward through the Caroline Islands, touching at Guam last February; then to Yokohama. In May the Albatross explored the south coast of Japan to the southward and westward. Then she cruised along through the archipelago known as the Kurile Islands, stretching from Japan to the peninsula of Kamchatka. A stop was made at the Russian town of Petropavlovsk, near the southeastern end of Kamchatka. Thence the route was eastward across the Behring sea to Unalaska and the Aleutian Islands. From Unalaska southward the ship was engaged in salmon work through Bristol bay, along the southern shores of the Alaskan peninsula and throughout the southeast of Alaska.

Many of the islands of the Paumotu, the Ellice, the Marshall and the Caroline groups were accurately re-charted by the officers of the Albatross, and will be given their proper positions on new maps. The investigations seemed to show that hundreds of islands have simply been sketched in place on charts by sea captains and never correctly located. This is why they are miles out of the way.

The entire cruise was without storm or serious accident or notable occurrence other than the discovery of unexpected things.

NOTICE.

There will be a special meeting of the stockholders of the Robert Grieve Publishing Company, Limited, at the office of William A. Henshall, President, on Kaahumanu street, Honolulu, H. T., on Wednesday, November 14, A. D. 1900, at 4:30 o'clock p. m. of said day.

The general nature of the business to be considered will be the resignation of the business manager of the company, the selection of a new business manager of the company, the purchase of additional machinery and supplies, and such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

J. H. FISHER,  
Secretary Robert Grieve Publishing Co., Limited.  
Dated Honolulu, H. T., November 11, A. D. 1900.

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## R. W. ATKINSON

HAS  
REMOVED  
TO

More Convenient Premises in the Magoon Block, Merchant St.

CALL AND REGISTER  
Room 11

\*\*\*

THE man that is content to whisper down a well. About the kind and quality of goods he has to sell, Will never make one-half as many dollars As he who climbs a tree and "HOLLERS."

## ALL ABOUT THE NICE LUNCH

### THE NEW ENGLAND BAKERY

Serves every morning and noon in its cool Lanes, and which only a first-class Bakery could afford to furnish at the price. Rooms reserved for ladies.

We make up lunches, also cold sliced ham, cheese and sardine sandwiches, in any quantities, for basket picnics.

## New England Bakery

J. OSWALD LUTTER, Manager.  
Hotel Street - - - - - Phone 74

THE PEOPLE'S PROVIDERS

# N. S. Sachs Dry Goods Co.

LIMITED.

## JOBBERS AND RETAILERS

YOU CAN INVARIABLY BUY FROM US, A single yard or Article at less than Wholesale prices. There is certainly no one store, or combination of stores, can quote prices that we cannot match and oftimes go one better. All that we ask is, that the Ladies Examine Our—

### --IMMENSE STOCK--

We have sufficient confidence in the Styles and Qualities of Our Wares to know that it is utterly impossible to match them, let alone beat them.

We have some genuine surprises in values in

## Every Department

# N. S. Sachs Dry Goods Co., Ltd.

FORT STREET.

# G. Schuman

WE HAVE THE SOLE AGENCY FOR THE CELEBRATED

## Studebaker Goods

And have constantly in stock of their manufacture

### PHÆTONS SURREYS BUGGIES FARM WAGONS DUMP CARTS, ETC.

All goods of Studebaker make are guaranteed reliable.

\*\*\*\*\*

# G. SCHUMAN

Merchant Street, between Fort and Alakea Streets.

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## Dr. A. E. Nichols

### Silent Barber Shop

DENTIST.

Office: Alakea Street, with Dr. Anderson. Hours—8:30 to 4.

JOSEPH FERNANDES, Prop.

# NEWS WORTH READING

L. B. KERR & CO., LTD., have much pleasure in announcing that they have been successful in purchasing at their own price a large portion of the stock of **L. C. Thompson & Co., 898-900 Broadway, N.Y.,** who made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors, on September 16.

Our MR. KERR happened to be in New York at the time this stock was sold; but he had already purchased largely when this opportunity presented itself. Notwithstanding this he made an offer for goods suitable for this market which was accepted. We are now in a position to offer the finest stock of Dry Goods ever brought to Honolulu at prices never known before and probably will never be heard of again. There are bargains in every Department of this extensive stock. The following are only a few of the Leaders:

## DRESS DEPARTMENT

**Cotton Challies**—Beautiful patterns, fast colors—  
**25 yards for \$1**

**American Shirts**—Guaranteed to retain color even if boiled in soda—  
**20 yards for \$1**

**Liberty Silks**—Black Grounds, White Floral Designs—  
**15 yards for \$1**

**Ginghams**—Fast Colors, New Styles, Checks and Stripes—  
**14 yards for \$1**

**French Organdies**—Lovely Goods, a quality worth 25 cents per yard; our price—  
**Per yard. 10 cents**

Some extra superior lines. We will offer for—  
**15 cents and 20 cents**

**Satin Parisienne**—We have a beautiful line of these goods; we could only get a few pieces; Dark Winter Shades, Rich Floral Effects; make a handsome waist—  
**35 cents per yard**

## DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

In spite of the big rise in the Cotton Market, this purchase has enabled us to sell Goods in this Department cheaper than ever. Why pay an increase when we offer you special inducements?

**Turkish Towels**—We have over 3,000 dozen in stock; anyone can examine our books if they doubt the quantity. We had to take the lot or none. Come and judge the value—  
**\$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.75 \$2.25 per dozen**

**Bed Spreads**—No other house could ever come near us for value in these goods, but this purchase permits us to do better than ever. We can sell them at—  
**75 cents, \$1.00 and \$1.25 apiece**

Others may quote same price, but price is nothing; examine the goods.

**Shirt Waists**—Such bargains we can never get again they are true fitting and of the newest cut; Marzalous Value. Our prices—  
**50c. 65c. 75c. 85c. and \$1**

## MEN'S FURNISHING DEPT

HERE AGAIN WE SHINE. Gentlemen, if you don't know where our Store is ask the Ladies, they all know. If you find it inconvenient to call before 5 p. m., our closing hour, step in at lunch time. We will be happy to show you the Goods. If you don't buy now, you are sure to do so when wanting.

We have the very newest styles in **MEN'S HATS** direct from New York.

If you want a Hat come and look at ours, the price is half that of other stores, and the variety and style unequalled.

**Men's Shirts**—Our customers ask us how we can sell them so cheap. We'll tell you. Where others buy 10 dozen we buy 100 dozen. We can give you good shirts at—  
**45, 50, 65, 75 and 90 cents**

and up to any price you require and in any style. Our Golf Shirt (soft bosom) at—  
**75 cents**

cannot be bought elsewhere for less than \$1.50.

Men's Patent Elastic Seam Drawers, any size you want, our price—  
**50 cents**

The finest stock of Neckwear in the city.

Anybody who Studies their Own Interest, Must Buy From  
**. B. KERR & CO. Ltd.**  
QUEEN STREET

## NAVAL PROGRAM NOW PROVIDES FOR THIRTY-TWO NEW WARSHIPS

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—As finally adopted, says a Washington special to the Tribune, the United States naval increase program for 1901 involves the construction of thirty-two vessels of 152,800 tons displacement, or more than double that laid down in any preceding year. The list which congress is to be asked to authorize is: Three 15,000-ton battle ships, two 15,000-ton armored cruisers, six 2,000-ton gunboats, six 800-ton repair ships and one 7,000-ton marine transport. The board of construction has decided to omit the torpedo boats, both surface and submarine, recommended by the policy board, of which Admiral Dewey is chairman, but the program in all other particulars conforms closely to the initial project under discussion a week ago.

The program makers have confined their project to ships for of fence, for police and for naval auxiliary purposes by the new conditions imposed upon the navy by the increasing importance of the American interests in the Far East.

The five fighting ships proposed are more formidable than any of the same category yet designed. With the seventeen new building or authorized, and with the six battleships and two armored cruisers already in commission, they will give an offensive force of thirty ships.

The twenty-two gunboats are intended for police duty, principally in the Philippines, although adaptable for service in China. The 200-ton gunboats will be the smallest war vessels, except torpedo boats, ever built for the United States navy, but they will be of the size recommended by all officers of experience in the Philippines, as essential to preserving order among the small islands of the archipelago.

The three colliers are designed to deliver on a single voyage from Norfolk ten thousand tons of coal at Manila, Guam, Pago Pago or Hawaii. They are also to have sufficient speed to enable them to accompany a fleet of battle ships on a long cruise. They are to be equipped with automatic loading and unloading apparatus to secure greater economy of time, and, if necessary, would be quickly converted into cable-laying ships for use on the Pacific ocean. The repair vessel Vulcan is to be kept in the Philippines and is virtually to be a cruising navy yard.

The proposed maritime transport is to be like the Solace, but half again as large, and armed with light guns. She is needed by the Marine Corps, which now has 6,000 men dependent on the Solace, or on army ships for transportation. The new vessel is to have accommodations for two battalions and to have high speed for the purpose of taking a force quickly to any scene of disturbance in the east, her headquarters being at Manila.

## News of the Courts.

The supreme court, with Frear, Perry and J. T. De Bolt on the bench, has handed down an opinion sustaining the lower court in the case of Nettie L. Scott vs. Thomas Silva. The suit was over trespass, the plaintiff claiming the sum of \$290 for damages from the defendant. The district magistrate of North Kona, where the case originated, rendered judgment for Silva. The latter appealed to the circuit court of the Third circuit, who also found for the defendant, stating in the written decision that the plaintiff's evidence was too vague, indefinite and uncertain to justify a verdict in her favor. The case is remanded to the lower court for such further proceedings as may be proper.

Sister Albertina Polyblank has been appointed guardian of the estate of the five children of Wray Taylor and Beatrice Kuliakannu, deceased, in the probate court. The order was granted upon the petition of the guardian and of the father. The orphans are William Edward Bishop Wray Taylor, aged 18 years; Henrietta Kaliahoano Wray Taylor, 17; twins; Emily Augusta Wray Taylor, 16, and Beatrice Kuliakannu Wray Taylor, 14. The children are heirs to considerable property.

## SATURDAY'S MEDLEY IN THE POLICE COURT

Frank Santos was bound over to appear in the circuit court for selling a watch that did not belong to him and converting the proceeds to his own use.

Henry Kalamai, a wharf rat, was given six months in the reform school. The little fellow had been away from home since June 29th, sleeping in a barrel at night and diving for nickles in the day time. He frankly admitted that he played "hooky" and believed he ought to be sent to the reform school.

Dr. Spinora, a peppery Portuguese M. D., was assessed \$10 and costs for assault and battery on Philomena Ferreira, a daughter of a tenant living in one of his cottages on Vineyard street. The doctor wanted his tenants to move out, and got into an altercation with the lady of the house. Miss Philomena interferred, which was more than the landlord could stand. He was cautioned by the judge to evict his tenants with gentler means.

Chris Fisher, who tried to stow away on the Mariposa, but was discovered and put ashore by the captain, retaliated in language stronger than elegant. An officer arrested him for profanity. Judge Wilcox reprimanded him and sent him forth.

John Wilson and Charles Critton of the Port Stevens were in court on the charge of being mixed up with a street affray. When an officer stepped into the witness box and told how the defendants were found on Nuuanu street, fighting desperately, the two old cronies looked at each other and laughed fit to kill. The absurdity of their having been at war with each other struck the prisoners as

exceedingly funny, and they couldn't keep their faces straight during the argument of Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth. Judge Wilcox sized the two jolly saits up and said: "You have been a little drunker than you thought. Honolulu booze plays queer pranks on strangers. I don't believe you've been fighting. Be careful when you come to Honolulu again. Go back to your ship."

## TWO DIVORCES GRANTED.

Lam Sin Tet Freed From Her Leprous Husband.

Lam Sin Tet has secured a divorce from Lee Fay Young because the latter has contracted Chinese leprosy. The former appeared in court yesterday and established her case, when the relief was promptly granted.

A decree of divorce in the suit of Henrietta M. Toogood against Albert Toogood on the ground of failure to provide was signed yesterday by Judge Humphreys.

The summons of Bertha St. Clair in her suit against John St. Clair has been ordered published by Judge Humphreys.

Oahu stock sold on the exchange yesterday for \$151 and Waiaina went for \$114. Kibei took a little upward jump, as did McBryde and Olaa.

## Hawaii Shimpo Sha.

THE Pioneer Japanese Printing Office The Publisher of "HAWAII SHIMPO," the only daily Japanese Paper Published in the Territory of Hawaii.

Y. SOGA, Editor.  
C. SHIOZAWA, Proprietor.

Editorial and Printing Office, near King bridge, King Street. P. O. Box 907

## NOTICE TO OWNERS, ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

E. W. Quinn, 115 Union street, is prepared to furnish estimates on first class modern plumbing. Patronage solicited. P. O. Box 182.

## EGRY'S Violin Studio

ROOM 4, LOVE BLDG.

## SEATTLE BEER

On Draught or in Bottles at the "CRITERION"

You won't have to call up Central  
And ask him for the time u  
you buy a Clock from

## BIART'S

Jewelry, 404 1/2, Fort Street  
He has a large new stock to choose from.

## WESTERN ASSUR. CO

CAPITAL \$2,000,000.00  
J. H. FISHER,  
Agent Hawaiian Islands.

## MONUMENTS

Marble, Granite and Blue Stone  
CEMETERY COPING  
Monuments lettered and cleaned  
Stone yard, between King and Hotel on Alakea Street.

## SAFES . . .

THE MOSLER—The best in the world. Call and examine our stock. We have sold 250 SAFES since November 1st, 1899.

## HAWAIIAN IRON FENCE & MONUMENTAL CO.

644 King Street. Phone 502



## CHOCOLATE BON BONS.

For Sale By  
LEWIS & CO.,  
Grocers Sole Agents  
THREE TELEPHONES—240-240-240

## WHIPS WHIPS WHIPS

Per S. S. Queen 75 dozen o whips of all styles and grades  
Prices from 25 cents to \$10.  
Dozen lots at reduced prices.  
We also received a full line of Harness Supplies.



D. O. HAMMAN.  
LINCOLN BLOCK. NO. 689, KING STREET  
TELEPHONE 96 P. O. BOX 791

## HENRY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Do Your Mattresses Sag?  
If so bring them to us; we can make them as good as new at a very small cost.  
OFFICE—Honolulu Drug Co.  
FACTORY—Old Ice Factory, Young St.

## Oahu Ice & Electric Co.

ICE delivered now to all parts of the city—  
OFFICE:  
..KEWALO..  
YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED.  
HOFFMAN & MARKHAM  
Telephone 3151, Blue.  
P. O. Box 600



GAS & ELECTRIC CO., Ltd  
MAGOON BUILDING, Corner Me  
chant and Alakea Street.

## DIFFICULTY IS LOCATED.

### Says Wireless Telegraph Stations Should be on Low Ground.

A. Gray, the wireless telegraph expert, thinks he has solved the difficulty in the local system in short order. He says that the main trouble is that the stations should be located in valleys rather than on high hills, as they are now situated. The upper part of the works was found to be in the right order, but the ground wire did not reach water. Mr. Gray believes the same trouble exists at Moelaki and he has sent an assistant there to investigate.

The expert thinks the Hawaiian Islands are an ideal field for the development of the system. He believes with Marconi that it will reach perfection here.

## San Francisco People.

W. F. Goad, Jr., and sister, Mrs. Andrew Martin, Mrs. McNutt and daughters are society people of San Francisco on the Gaelic on their way to Manila. Miss M. McNutt is the fiancee of Lieutenant Ashton Potter, who was here some time ago with the First New York regiment, and the party are on their way to be present at the wedding, which will take place in the capital of the Philippines as soon as the bride arrives.

## McCarthy is Arraigned.

William McCarthy, the sailors' boarding house man, was arraigned in the United States court yesterday on the charge of unlawfully holding and detaining certain clothing of James McIntire, a seaman. McCarthy appeared without an attorney and did not enter a plea to the charge. He was allowed to go on his own recognizance to appear in court Wednesday at 10 a. m.