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S. S. AUSTRALIA.

Arrive Honolulu from S. F. Leave Honolulu for S. F.

May 17 May 24

June 14 June 21

July 12 July 19

Aug. 9 Aug. 16

Sept. 6 Sept. 13

Oct. 4 Oct. 11

Nov. 1 Nov. 8

THROUGH LINE.

From San Francisco From Sydney for

for Sydney. San Francisco.

Arrive Honolulu. Leave Honolulu.

MONOWAI, June 1 | ALAMEDA, June 1

ALAMEDA, June 29 | MARIPOSA, June 29

MARIPOSA, July 27 | MONOWAI, July 27

MONOWAI, Aug. 24 | ALAMEDA, Aug. 24

ALAMEDA, Sept. 21 | MARIPOSA, Sept. 21

MARIPOSA, Oct. 19 | MONOWAI, Oct. 19

MONOWAI, Nov. 15 | ALAMEDA, Nov. 15

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Fancy Silk Japanese Umbrellas,

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Inspection cordially invited. No trouble to show Goods.

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All advertisements for this department must be paid in advance. Orders to continue should be given the afternoon the advertisement expires. Advertisements for the Registry must be handed in before 12 o'clock noon of the day they first appear. The rates given below under each head are for advertisements not exceeding five lines counting seven words to a line. Five cents a line will be added to each figure for all above five lines.

Employment Wanted.

Ads. under this head, 25c. one week or less; continued, 10c. a week.

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Ads. under this head, 50c. one time; continued, 10c. each time.

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Ads. under this head, 50c. one time; continued, 25c. each time.

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Rooms To Let.

Ads. under this head, 25c. one time; 50c. one week; continued, 10c. each week.

Rooms Wanted.

Ads. under this head, 50c. one time; continued, 10c. each time.

Rooms To Let.

Ads. under this head, 25c. one time; 50c. one week; continued, 10c. each week.

Rooms Wanted.

Ads. under this head, 50c. one time; continued, 10c. each

Give a hearing to the 40,000 educated natives, is the note sounded by the Fort Wayne Sentinel on the Hawaiian question.

Jingoism is repudiated, on behalf of Americans, by the Kansas City Times, as appears elsewhere. The untrammeled sentiment of the great republic is undoubtedly on behalf of a fair deal for Hawaii and Hawaiians.

Only the wilfully blind can fail now to decry the policy of President Cleveland with regard to Hawaii. He has had nothing but crushing rebuke thus far for everybody under the American Government who in any way promoted the present situation.

Should the rash counsels of the organ of the Annexation Club prevail and prove successful in adoption, there would be a burst of indignation from Maine to California which would compel the United States Government to sit heavily on the whole filibustering crew.

It is enough, in reply to the scurrilous abuse of Mr. Nordhoff by the Government organs, to refer to the high reputation that gentleman bears, as an able and honorable journalist, throughout the United States. We have published newspaper tributes to the Herald correspondent from every quarter of the Union, which show that he is esteemed at home as a man of eminence.

An article in the New York World, after declaring that the Democratic party has been placed in power partly to abolish the sugar bounty, adds: "Whether or not a duty will be imposed on raw sugar depends on the exigencies of the Government revenue. It will not be done simply to enable a few persons engaged in a business naturally unprofitable to secure a profit by taxation of the whole people."

From an article in the Springfield, Ohio, Democrat the following square American talk is taken: "We believe in the right of the people to rule, and we cannot honorably consent to the annexation of Hawaii unless the people of that country, of their own free will desire it. We cannot trample on the rights of the weakest people on the globe, without being dishonored in the eyes of the friends of freedom in all parts of the world."

Replying to papers that had made a great ado about President Cleveland's mention of Mr. Blount as "my commissioner," a prominent American journal says that the fat has been knocked out of their pan by the Democratic papers showing that General Grant in 1869 while President of the United States desired the annexation of San Domingo, and sent General Babcock with letters to the effect that the latter was "his special agent," and that President Cleveland acted upon this precedent to guide him in the Hawaiian matter."

HEAR THE PEOPLE.

Plea From the Middle States for a Hearing for Hawaiians.

The United States are at liberty to take the Sandwich Islands if that is considered a wise thing to do, and no foreign power can or is likely to object. But the idea that the people of the islands are begging for somebody to come and govern them is the sheerest pretense. The natives and probably most of the foreign-born residents were satisfied as they were, and at least prefer an independent government of some sort. The annexation movement comes entirely from Americans whose interests would be served by incorporation with the United States, but who have no interest at all in an alliance with any other nation.

These men arranged the revolt against the crown and set up the provisional government with the aid of the naval power of the United States. To put it plainly, they and Mr. Stevens undertook to draw the United States into a forcible seizure of the islands, without any authority from the government at Washington.

If these men cannot maintain a government at home they can have no authority to make a treaty abroad, and we cannot allow ourselves to be drawn into an uncertain enterprise merely to oblige them. The 40,000 educated natives are entitled to some consideration as well as the 2000 American traders and sugar planters, if we are pretending to act under the civilized form of a treaty.—Fort Wayne Sentinel.

CLAUS SPRECKELS.

Talks With Charles Nordhoff on the Situation.

Annexation Would Turn the Islands into a Cow Pasture.

Mr. Spreckels Has No Fears that a Stable Independent Government Cannot be Maintained.

HONOLULU, May 20, 1893.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—

On May 21 I had the honor of a long conversation with the Hon. Claus Spreckels, which seemed to me so interesting and valuable as an exposition of his views and of the situation here, that by his permission I sent it to the New York Herald. As it cannot return here for some weeks, in course of mail, I have now the permission of Mr. Spreckels to send a copy to the newspapers of this city; and as I have but one copy I send you this and request you to send slips to the other journals.

Yours respectfully, CHARLES NORDHOFF.

HONOLULU, May 2, 1893.

I asked Mr. Claus Spreckels to-day whether he would not give to the Herald his views on the island situation, which he has been carefully studying since his arrival here. He readily consented.

"I am opposed to annexation," he said, "because it would ruin the sugar industry on these islands. This industry, the only considerable one here, has been built up with great expenditure of capital and labor. It is the only great industry possible here; on which all other business depends, and what seriously affects that must be a matter of grave importance to every man on the islands who intends to stay here. But sugar depends on labor. For many years the question of labor and the possibility of securing a sufficient supply to meet the requirements of the planters has been the subject of many experiments at great expense.

"Laborers from different parts of the world have been brought to the islands; but with the exception of those of the Asiatic type the experiment has always proved a failure; either from the fact that it was impossible for laborers of the Scandinavian class to do field work in this tropical climate, or by reason of the great expense involved in obtaining laborers from Portugal and similar countries. Realizing these conditions, the island planters have been compelled, in order to compete successfully with other sugar raising countries, to negotiate for a class of labor competent to do plantation work at a rate of wages which would admit of a profit to the planters. The Hawaiian Legislature realizing the condition of the sugar culture here, and its great importance to the islands, was induced to amend certain parts of the laws which formerly restricted Chinese immigration, and to allow, under certain conditions, the admission of a limited number of Chinese laborers. As this, however, was entirely inadequate to meet the demand of the plantations, a convention was entered into with Japan, by which labor from that country was assured in sufficient quantity, and to-day about sixty percent of the labor employed on plantations is of this nationality, all of whom came originally on a three years' contract. The importance of the contract system is easily seen; for not only does it secure to the plantation the payment back of the heavy advances which are made to transport the laborers from their native country, but it also protects the sugar planter against strikes, which might occur at any time under a free labor system, and which, from the peculiar nature of the sugar business, might prove ruinous to the sugar industry here. I will add that not only is the contract a protection to the planters, very necessary to them, but it was one of the conditions under which the Japanese government consented to let its subjects come to these islands, as the contract assures the laborer regular employment and the faithful observance of the contract by the employer.

"I and no doubt a majority of the other planters would prefer free labor if there was sufficient on the islands to guarantee us against strikes and labor combinations, such as would, if begun about harvest time, result in disastrous loss to the plantations; and, until the supply of labor is fully up to the demand, the contract system is clearly the only way on which we planters can rely for the safe prosecution of our industry. But this system necessary to us is contrary to the laws of the United States; it would be broken up by annexation. While any one can see that there would be some gains to us from our becoming a part of the United States, it is clear to me that any political change which would annul our present labor system would only ruin our sugar plantations, and the United States,

instead of acquiring a prosperous and wealthy group of islands, would be taking under their protection a country whose chief and only great industry had been bankrupted by the change."

I asked Mr. Spreckels: "Are the planters generally of your mind on this matter?" He replied: "Yes, yes—they all see plainly that Asiatic labor is necessary to sugar planting here. We do not prefer it, but we are dependent on it. Some planters still hope that the United States would agree to accept us with a maintenance of our labor system and laws. You will find if you ask them that they are for annexation on that condition, but not without. They have been told by some one that the United States so greatly need and desire the sugar islands that they will submit to any conditions we island planters choose to impose. I see no evidence of that."

I asked Mr. Spreckels: "Is sugar the only possible important crop of the islands?" He replied: "Yes, I say that confidently, other things have been tried. We now grow a good deal of rice, but you know that this crop is got only in the flat region near the sea-shore, where lands can be flooded; and even this industry is entirely conducted by Chinese and Japanese; no natives are engaged in it. Coffee has not hitherto succeeded here on a large scale; the blight has been the danger for that, but it is again being developed, and if we have labor, that will decide its success, as the soil and climate are excellent. If the sugar were destroyed the islands would relapse into a big cow pasture, which they were before sugar was begun. But for sugar culture they are admirably suited, so long as we can be sure of labor at a reasonable price and under such conditions that the laborers shall not be able to combine to take advantage of our necessities. For that end Asiatic labor is necessary to us, and I will venture to assert to you that we are not singular in this, for cane sugar is not now profitably cultivated anywhere in the world, except by colored and in the main Asiatic labor."

I said to Mr. Spreckels: "It is urged by annexationists here that no settled or stable government is possible in the islands without annexation." He replied: "I can't see why we should not have a stable independent government. There is no disorder whatever here now, as you know. If the present government should disband its troops there would not be the least danger to life and property or public order. It is the soldiers in the barracks who keep the peace, but the people themselves; and this though the native people are almost unanimously opposed to the annexation prospects of our present rulers; and though the Provisional Government has so far excluded both natives and Portuguese from its membership. To answer your question, I am sure that stable, orderly and economical government is possible here; and I am the largest taxpayer on the islands, and have more property at stake and pay more taxes than the whole Provisional Government, you will admit that my interests must make me conservative. I need a stable and economical government more than any man on the islands."

I asked: "Has the government not been wasteful in the past?" Mr. Spreckels replied: "Of course it has. We have had here an unexampled period of rapid money making for a term of years; and economy was not practiced by any one. Under the treaty and your sugar duties everybody got rapidly rich here—not only the planters, but merchants and traders and everybody. There was naturally no disposition to economy, and the government became extravagant because everybody was extravagant. Now at last the wheel has turned, and we must economize on the plantations, in our daily lives, and of course in the government. Sugar planters who practice rigid economy will make money this year even; but not the great dividends they made in years past. That boom is over, not only for planters but for the workmen as well. Look at Honolulu—I suppose you scarcely recognize it, from twenty years ago when you were here. Think of the hundreds, yes, thousands of workmen of all kinds who were brought here to build the fine houses which surprise you all over Honolulu. But that is the least of it. Go to the plantations and see what has been done there—fine factories, costly machinery, miles of houses for the work people, expensive water works, often luxurious homes. I myself had nine hundred workmen in wood and iron employed at one time on my Maui plantations for over ten months, to say nothing of the thousands of men employed in making machinery in San Francisco for all the islands. Workmen now here complain of hard times, but they forget that the sugar mills, the laborers and overseer's houses, the water works, and also the splendid homes in Honolulu have now been completed; the work is done and the boom has burst, and we are down on a strict business basis. That was inevitable from the first; and annexation cannot make a new boom as some of our people seem to think."

I asked Mr. Spreckels: "Is it true that the natives are responsible for the government's extravagance in the boom period?" He replied: "No; it is not right to charge that upon the poor natives. Of course they had the preponderance in the Legislature, but it was largely the influence and instigation of white men, brought to bear upon the natives in various ways, that led them to consent to extravagance. Under wiser leadership, I do not fear them. I believe that stable and economical government is possible in these islands without the interference of the United States, and with the independence of Hawaii as a nation undisturbed. It can be got by the willing co-operation of the natives and the tax payers, and that co-operation can be secured."

"What is your idea about the future?" I asked.

Mr. Spreckels replied: "When President Cleveland understands from Commissioner Blount the truth of the situation here, he and Congress will see the annexation against the will of the mass of the people of the islands would be an act of great injustice, whilst it would also ruin the sugar industry, on which depends the prosperity of all the people of the islands. Of course I can see that a great political necessity might lead a great government to such an act of oppression and spoliation. But there is no such necessity. The United States can always have the full use of the islands by treaty and yet leave here an independent government, under which all here have prospered. We can get on without outside interference from any power; and such interference is not to be expected, for the United States, I perfectly understand, will not tolerate that any other power shall seize us; and I hope that President Cleveland will see, when he gets the report of Commissioner Blount—if he gets at all the facts, as I believe he will—that the interference of the United States, as in last January, is only evil and ruinous to us. That act of Minister Stevens, entirely unnecessary, has deranged business here, made dull times duller, and injured every real interest in the islands.

"One more question, Mr. Spreckels," I said. "Thinking as you do, why did you not oppose this annexation movement in the beginning?" He replied: "Because I know nothing of it. It was a complete surprise to me. I was in San Francisco, and my resident partner, Mr. Irwin, was in New York, in January, when the revolution broke out. We were both completely surprised. The movement was managed secretly by the American Minister and a small number of men, few of whom at that time, so far as I know, were sugar planters; but many planters were brought to acquiesce in it by delusive promises that they would get the sugar bounty if annexation came, that the labor system would not be disturbed; that the United States were so eager to possess the islands, that all terms demanded here would be at once granted, and other nonsense of that kind."

This was the end of the conversation. [The copy of the foregoing interview was received too late for copies to be furnished to contemporaries in advance of publication in this paper.—EDITOR BULLETIN.]

"German Syrup"

Asthma. "I have been a great sufferer from Asthma and severe Colds every Winter, and last Fall my friends and myself thought because of my feeble condition, and great distress from constant coughing, and inability to raise any of the accumulated matter from my lungs, that my time was close at hand. When nearly worn out for want of sleep and rest, a friend recommended me to try thy valuable medicine, Boschee's German Gentle, Refreshing Sleep. I am confident it saved my life. Almost the first dose gave me great relief and a gentle refreshing sleep, such as I had not had for weeks. My cough began immediately to loosen and pass away, and I found myself rapidly gaining in health and weight. I am pleased to inform thee—unsolicited—that I am in excellent health and do certainly attribute it to thy Boschee's German Syrup. C. B. STICKNEY, Pictou, Ontario."

SONS OF ST. GEORGE

Queen Victoria's Birthday, Wednesday Evening, May 24th, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Social Dance — AND — Oyster Supper

At their Hall over H. F. Wichman's Jewellery store, Fort Street.

Tickets, : : \$2 Each

To Admit One Gentleman and Lady. To be had at the GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

As only Seventy Tickets will be issued British residents or their descendants desiring to take part will oblige the Committee of Arrangements by securing Tickets early, so that nothing may interfere with the comfort of guests. 730-td

SITUATION WANTED. EXPERIENCED JAPANESE ECONOMIC Cook and Wife wants situation to work for a first-class family. Good references. Apply "COOK," 732-24 BULLETIN Office.

ANNUAL MEETING. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE British Benevolent Society will be held at the Y. M. C. A. Hall on TUESDAY EVENING, 24th May, at 7:30 o'clock. 731-31

FOR SALE THE SCHOONER "NORMA," 53 Tons Register, substantially built of Oak and Cedar; Copper and Copper Fastened. For price and particulars apply 729-11 THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd

Saturday, May 20, 1893.

The "S. N. Castle" arrived last Tuesday with sixty tons of freight for us. Does that look as though business had gone to the bow-wows? We trow not. The "Amy Turner" brought us a lot goods from Beanopolis, things for the builders and the plantation. Our stock is complete.

Among the "Castle's" cargo for us is that which will bring joy to the wife and mother, and places the cook in position to snub the man who wants to be clothed in the divine right of suffrage. Instead of his dividing the cares of the household, letting his master take one half and the mistress the other, his merriment will create in him a desire to preempt the whole aggregation; harmony will be restored and the glad sunlight will come back to the roof tree. Dyspepsia will disappear and the gastric nature of the family will depart with the entrance of—the Fischer Steel Range.

Get one of them and give your stomach a chance to rid itself of verdigris, get one of them and abandon the old style of sallow breakfast rolls that will resist the action of acids, get one and save half the fuel you are now using, get two and save it all. The Fischer Range has done more to lessen the breach in families where politics had crept in and opened the gates to discord than all stories ever written, and has lowered the death rate in cities where dyspepsia was epidemic twice a year. In Ohio and Indiana where office seekers thrive better than anywhere else they are used by party leaders to increase the voting population, they're used in every State in the Union and in all parts of the world. The Provisional Government has one in the barracks and it is pronounced by cooks to be the best range manufactured.

We had fifty come in this shipment made of steel, twice the thickness of the old style, they are stronger than ever and made to last until the Hawaiian Islands sink into obscurity. They will heat up quicker than a politician and require less fuel than any stove of the same size. To those people who have prospered since the Fischer Range it is safe to say that it is due to the fact that this range has occupied a prominent place in the house.

These ranges come in sizes from number 7 up, hot water coils are in them and all that is needed is a boiler and fifteen minutes of the plumber's time and you have hot and cold water in the kitchen and bath room. There is a charcoal broiler made to attach to one side, so that in case you want to broil meats and do not wish the trouble of a large fire you have only to light a charcoal fire in the broiler and put on your fish or fowl. This alone will drive out malaria and keep you so healthy that you'll lie awake nights. If you are anxious to better your condition and give your cheeks the color of a russet apple get a Fischer steel Range.

The demand for the Hendry Breaker increases and it is only by special arrangements with the manufacturers that we are able to keep up the supply. We are up with the times and the people who use the Fischer Range and the Hendry Breaker are with us.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd Opposite Spreckels' Block, Fort Street.

TEMPLE OF FASHION

Corner Fort & Hotel Streets.

TWO GREAT SPECIALTIES!

1st

I beg to inform the Ladies that I have received a Large and Complete Line of the Celebrated

Diamond Dye Fast Black Hose

For Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and Children in Silk, Lisle and Cotton. INFANTS' OPENWORK SOCKS IN BALBRIGAN INFANTS' OPENWORK LISLE SOCKS IN FAST BLACK

I CALL ATTENTION THAT I WILL HAVE A

SPECIAL HOSIERY SALE

Commencing SATURDAY the 13th, WHERE GREAT INDUCEMENTS WILL BE OFFERED.

Prices as Advertised in my Windows! 2d

Window Curtains! Window Curtains!

I am offering Extra Inducements in that line. Received about 150 Pairs of WINDOW CURTAINS

Manufacturers' Samples!

IN SWISS, APLIQUE & NOTTINGHAM. New Designs! Very Choice Patterns! Prices of Above Goods as Advertised in Windows

Curtain Materials!

I AM OFFERING SWISSES, 48 INCHES WIDE, AT 25c.

S. EHRlich, Corner Fort and Hotel Sts., Honolulu, H. I.

"G B D"

EVERY SMOKER KNOWS THAT THE G B D Briar Pipes!

Are of the Very Best Quality, the Trade Mark "G B D" being a guarantee of their excellence. We have received a lot of these

JUSTLY : CELEBRATED : PIPES

Direct from the Factory, which we offer at Prices to Please the People! HOLLISTER & CO., DRUGGISTS, 523 Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO. IMPORTERS.

RECENT ARRIVAL "TACORA" —128 DAYS FROM LIVERPOOL— Regular Additions to Stocks Received per Sail and Steam from Europe, Australia, New Zealand and the States.

White Bros. Portland Cement!

Roche Harbor Lime, Powell Duffryn Large Steam Coal. ANGLO CONTINENTAL GUANO WORKS CO'S

Guano "Concentrado"

Ohiendorf's Special Cane Manure, Ohlendorf's Dissolved Peruvian Guano. Steel Rails, 14, 16, 18 & 20 lbs.; BOLTS, NUTS and FISH PLATES TO SUIT. BAGS—Rice, Coal and Paddy; WIRE—Galvanized, Varnished, Black and Galvanized Barbed; GARDEN FENCE, GATES, ETC., ETC.

Anchor and Chains

Yellow Metal Sheathing, Coal Tar, Iron Tanks, 400 gallon; Plain and Corrugated Galvanized Iron Square and Arch Fire Bricks, Down Pipe, Guttering, square and O. G. 4 1/2 to 6 in.; Ridging, Galvanized Water Pipe, from 1/2 to 2 1/2; Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc; Widden's Charcoal Tin Plates, Roofing Slates, Fire Clay.

Higgin's Fine Eureka Dairy Salt!

58 Pound Bags; LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT, 112 1/2 bags; HAWAIIAN COARSE SALT, 100 lb. bags; ROCK SALT, SODA CRYSTALS, LUMP ALUM.

Useful and Ornamental Furniture

BEDROOM SETS IN MAPLE, WALNUT and ASH, SCOTCH CHESTS OF DRAWERS, WRITING DESKS IN ROSEWOOD and MAHOGANY, CORNER and HALL CHAIRS, CARD TABLES, Etc., Etc.

French Iron Bedsteads!

PAINTS and OILS!

COMPLETE STOCK OF SADDLERY, Grain, Hay and Feed Stuffs Always on Hand

OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO.

Time Table

FROM AND AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1892.

Table with columns for Train Name, AM, P.M., and P.M. listing various routes and times.

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1893.

MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals.

SATURDAY, May 20. Am bk Matilda, Svenson, 33 days from Nahu...

Departures.

SATURDAY, May 20. Strm C R Bishop for Kauai.

Vessels Leaving Monday.

Strm Kaala for Kahuku and Punalulu. Strm Mokolii for Moloakai.

Cargoes from Island Ports.

Strm Kaala—1430 bags sugar and 16 pkgs sundries.

Passengers.

From Kauai per strm Iwaleani May 20—Mrs Robinson, Miss E. Gay, A. Robinson, F. Gay, Mrs D. D. Baldwin, Miss Baldwin, Miss Binley, W. A. Baldwin, Capt T. Green and 5 deck.

Born.

KEKONA—On Thursday, May 18th, to the wife of D. Kekona, a son.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

Whitsunday. The Cathedral Congregation of St. Andrew's will hold services to-morrow, as follows: 6:30 a. m., Holy Communion; 11 a. m., matins and sermon; hymns 157, 152 and 154.

SECOND CONGREGATION.

The services of the Second Congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral to-morrow, Sunday, will be as follows: 9:45 a. m., morning prayer with sermon; Venite, Maundy in B flat; Te Deum, Hodges in C; Jubilate, Dudley Buck in A; hymns, 156 and 207; anthem, "Thus speaketh the Lord of Hosts," by Stainer.

CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL.

Sunday Services—6 and 7 a. m., Low Masses, English sermon; at the 7 a. m. Mass, every Sunday during the whole year.

REORGANIZED CHURCH.

The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Millilani Hall, near the Opera House, services will be held Sunday as follows: 10 a. m., Bible class; 11:15 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., preaching, by Elder J. C. Clapp.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh Day Adventist Church, corner Punchbowl and Beretania streets, in G. West's cottage. Sabbath school, 1:30; social meeting after Sabbath school. Bible reading every Sunday evening. Everyone welcome.

Y. M. C. A. HALL.

Sunday, 11 a. m., services in Oahu Jail; 1:15 p. m., services in Barracks; 3:30 p. m., Bible Study in Y. M. C. A.; 6:30 p. m., Gospel Praise Service in Y. M. C. A. Tuesday, 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting at Y. M. C. A.

CENTRAL UNION CHURCH.

Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. Public Worship at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Rev. E. G. Beckwith, D.D., pastor.

BETHEL HALL.

Evangelistic services will be conducted by the Y. M. C. A. in Bethel hall on Saturday and Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Everyone welcome.

The most painful cases of rheumatism may be relieved by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm; its continued use will cure any case, no matter of how long standing. It is equally beneficial for lame back, pain in the side, pain in the chest, lameness, and in all painful affections requiring an external remedy.

A "complete photographic outfit" is now sold in the city for 50 cents. In England the amateur photographic field can do business on a still cheaper capital, the "complete outfit" costing only the equivalent of 29 cents in American money, postage included.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

An experienced Japanese Cook wants a situation.

Benefit concert to the Hawaiian National Band at the Opera House this evening.

An intimation appears elsewhere to ladies interested in the new Masonic Temple.

Diamond Head, 12 noon—Weather hazy, Wind, fresh northeast. Albert and Matilda off port.

Louis Sykes, hackman, was arrested this afternoon, on a charge of having impersonated an officer in February last.

Captain W. A. Penhilton, formerly of the Martha Davis, is the present master of the bark Amy Tabor, which arrived from Boston yesterday.

The murder trial proceeds this afternoon. It is expected to last until Wednesday evening. The jury will have to be locked up over Sunday.

The P. G. band will play at the baseball game between the Crescents and Hawaii this afternoon. Both teams expect to put up good ball.

Lovers of good music should not fail to attend the concert at the Opera House this evening, when the best local talent will appear. Signor Barsotti, the operatic singer, will contribute several solos.

Since the opening of the athletic school at the Beretania street armory, there has been a decided increase in attendance. Prof. Lohede expects to have horizontal bars and other athletic apparatus put in soon.

THE WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published on Monday morning. It contains Mr. Nordhoff's letter to the N. Y. Herald, also Commissioner Blount's instructions from President Cleveland, besides other interesting matter. Mail a copy to your friends abroad.

The flagship band serenaded U. S. Minister and Mrs. Blount at the Snow Cottage, Hotel, yesterday evening. Neat programs printed on board the U. S. cruiser Boston by Mr. Humphreys were distributed. The music was much enjoyed by the neighborhood and the crowd it attracted.

On Saturday next a benefit will be given at the Opera House for the most prominent of our benevolent societies. The men of the Adams and Hyacinth with some talented townsmen have combined. Mr. Crowley is stage manager, which is a guarantee that it will be a good and select entertainment.

A gentleman living on the Asylum road heard noise as of stones falling on his house at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning. On going out he saw about ten girls and three boys enjoying themselves with pelting the fruit off his mango trees. He succeeded in catching one girl who, when questioned, said they only wanted mangoes.

In to-day's paper is an essay on the Fischer steel range, showing that it is a source of wealth in a household second only to a police-proof opium closet with time-lock attachment. There is an appendix telling more about the Hendry breaker, which he rapidly breaking up all the bad effects of the McKim bill. It is easy to find the column with all this information.

Woman's Board of Missions.

At the annual meeting of the Woman's Board of Missions held yesterday, there was the large attendance of 150 ladies. Reports of officers were presented, that of the treasurer showing receipts of \$1655.16 and expenditures of \$1376.07, leaving in the treasury a balance of \$279.09.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Mrs. C. M. Hyde, President; Mrs. Cooke, Miss Chamberlain and Mrs. E. A. Jones, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. A. B. Lyons, Foreign Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. S. E. Bishop, Recording Secretary; Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, Treasurer.

Lunch was taken at noon, with a few gentlemen guests. The President's address dealt with the Board's work in these Islands and in Micronesia, which in both cases had been prosperous during the year. She expressed the sentiment that the society could wait with patience for the full fruition of their hopes in regard to annexation.

Victim of Police Search.

Johnson, who sings the modern song of the shirt, had his place searched above and beneath the floor for opium yesterday. The nearest approach to opium pots found was the form of flat irons. Johnson did not kick a little bit, but there is the faint shadow of a frown gathering on his open countenance to-day, as he sees a policeman on watch at every corner, sending away the people on their way to his shop to be measured for shirts. As the police do not need shirts under their heavy coats, Johnson doesn't want to haul them in. He has been heard to mutter, on his periodic peeps out the door, something about a big suit for damages to fit on somebody instead of a shirt.

District Court.

The following cases were concluded in the District Court this morning: J. Allen and R. Robertson, for selling whisky, sentenced to pay fines of \$200 each; Akai, for having opium in possession, fined \$75; Kahalo, assault and battery on a Chinaman, 30 days imprisonment. G. Trask and W. Ringer at first pleaded not guilty to a charge of selling swipes, but later changed their pleas to that of guilty; sentence suspended until Monday. Chris Gertz and Miss Nelson, charged with having opium, were remanded until Tuesday.

It costs 33 cents a thousand to manufacture illuminating gas in Boston.

MORE OPIUM.

Large Haul Landed from S. S. Australia Found at Kalihi-kai.

Captain Schlemmer while making his usual rounds was accosted by a Portuguese named Antone Bright, formerly a police officer, at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, on King street. Bright told the officer that Kealoha and himself had located two boxes, partly broken, full of opium at Kalihi-kai. Schlemmer brought the Portuguese to the Station, where they equipped themselves for the expedition. On arriving at the place designated the Captain saw that the information was correct. He found the boxes and a boat in the water near by. The boxes were not searched then, but were put in the boat and conveyed to the landing, where the boat was turned over to the boat boys. The boxes were carried to the Station, where they were opened and found to contain 234 tins of opium. On the outside of the boxes were the words, "keep cool."

Bright and his companion had noticed two men in the boat, and, suspecting a smuggling scheme, had gone down to the place and found the boxes. No doubt the smugglers had seen their theme was discovered and taken flight.

Early this morning Alex. Smith identified the boat as his property and stated that he had leased it to a Portuguese bumboat man named Antonio Martins. The services of the Portuguese officer, J. M. Ferreira, were called in and Martins was found. Martins gave the name of his companion as Joaquin da Silva, and the latter was immediately summoned. Both men after being questioned turned state's evidence, stating that the 234 tins of opium were landed from the S. S. Australia, at 11 o'clock on Thursday night.

Antone Bright was seen by a BULLETIN reporter this morning. He stated that after he had picked up the opium and taken it to his house, which was near, he noticed that the men had returned to the boat in the act of carrying off another box from the boat. He was at quite a distance and it was very dark, so he gave up all thoughts of a chase. The men who were carrying the boxes were heading for a pineapple ranch, and had to cross Mr. S. M. Damon's pasture. When he first saw the men he thought they might have a pistol, so he sang out to his native companion, "Never mind, I've got a pistol."

In accordance with information given by the Portuguese arrested, a warrant will be issued for the arrest of Mr. P. G. Camarinos.

TOMA'S RUSE.

He Leads Five Japanese Deserters Into a Trap.

Toma Abbie, the Japanese detective, received six warrants last week for the arrest of six Japanese deserters from the Olowalu plantation. Mr. Eldredge of W. G. Irwin & Co.'s office, requested the detective to make all possible haste to secure the men. Toma went to work in a Pinkerton, and met a fellow-countryman who told him he had seen five of the men working on the Waimanalo plantation. Toma's quick comprehension suggested a ruse to secure the men. First, he gave his informant \$250, and, having got into his good graces, told him to go to Waimanalo and tell the Japs that Mr. B. F. Dillingham, who has just returned from the United States, was in need of one hundred and twenty-five Japanese laborers. He (Dillingham) was so hard up for laborers that he would give them \$1 a day and board. The informant went over and told the story to the deserters. They eagerly grasped at the bait and immediately set off for town. While they were coming down Nuanu street yesterday, they should confront them but Detective Toma, by whom they were escorted to the Station. One more deserter is wanted but Toma is in receipt of information that the man is at the Ewa plantation.

OPIUM AT EWA.

Unclaimed Stuff Captured and One Conviction Secured.

Sheriff Wond of Ewa has during the past few days been scouring the district for opium, and watching the coast for smugglers. The other day he found a box full of old clothes, a tin and a half of opium and a pipe, presumably the property of a Chinaman. As no one claimed it, the box was sent to town, to await a claimant, which it is likely to do till the law is changed.

On Thursday the deputy sheriff made a raid on a Chinese house and captured a Chinaman with an opium smoking outfit and two tins of opium. Yesterday the District Judge sentenced the Chinaman Ah Yon to pay a fine of \$200 and to be imprisoned at hard labor six months. Ah Yon was brought to town this morning and is enjoying life in Tripp's cool retreat.

No Jingoism in Theirs.

Mr. Charles Nordhoff's Hawaiian letters to the New York Herald have an enlightening quality. That journal has performed an important public service in sending a veteran journalist to these islands. Mr. Nordhoff is a man of cool head and sound judgment, and he is especially well fitted for his present work. It will be observed that he justifies the course taken by President Cleveland, and to some extent by President Harrison's administration also, though the latter made an unfortunately blunders mistake in accepting a treaty more with a view to political capital at home than with consideration for the credit of the government. We have fortunately reached a point where the presumption that Americans are in love with jingoism does not prevail among ourselves, and our people themselves of both parties are showing their sanity by quietly watching the chaotic conduct of the affair—Kansas City Times.

"On Its Own Merits."

EDITOR BULLETIN—

Under the heading of "Flotsam" the organ of monopoly and advocate of despotism says in this morning's issue that the "people" had quite unexpectedly knocked the political chip off the shoulder of "royalty" etc. Who the "people" are, we are left entirely to conjecture, but according to the "signs of national evolution" which have already attracted the eyes of the outside world" (vide P. C. A.) the "people" are the handful of planters and their dependents who have usurped the government and are prepared to scoop out the last dollar in the treasury to pay a horde of strangers, mostly claiming American citizenship—not one in ten of whom is long enough in the country to have a vote—in order that a rampart of bayonets may stand guard night and day between the "people" and those in power.

We are told the "royalists" (which name of course includes every American not endorsing bayonet rule) fail to recognize the fact that the "foreign residents" have by their pluck, etc., "transferred Hawaii from the grass house to the modern home; from savagery to civilization with all its attendant blessings." This is a sample of what the Advertiser family compact butler dishes up for foreign consumption. Here on the spot we know that the "blessings" of the last twenty years, and especially of the last ten, have been for a business monopoly to get everything into their hands and fill the country up with coolies. This is the most visible and tangible "blessing" which the "people" as representing the masses can see at present. The interior of many a grass house was a cool and comfortable home, especially when it stood as it generally did on its owner's kitchen. Compared with a "plantation house" of rough boards it was a mansion.

"The Provisional Government is confident of its own strength, is able to stand on its own merits and can run for an indefinite time," etc., so we are told. All of which lead us to speculate curiously as to the underlying principles of some people's Americanism. It is well, however, that the organ and exponent of "national evolution" should plainly state that the people can remain just where they are for an "indefinite time."

Business and Industrial. There is not a wagon factory in Mexico. A new freight car is double the ordinary size. Machine lace is made to look like hand work. In 1892 17,296 vessels arrived in New York Harbor. Women serve as switchmen on the Italian railroads. Four hundred patents were issued to women last year. The Southern strawberry crop will be large this season. Over 4,000 books were published in United States last year. On the Arabian coast the pearl fishery produces annually a sum little short of \$1,750,000.

While Mr. T. J. Richey, of Altona, Mo., was traveling in Kansas he was taken violently ill with cholera morbus. He called at a drug store to get some medicine and the druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy so highly he concluded to try it. The result was immediate relief, and a few doses cured him completely. It is made for bowel complaint and nothing else. It never fails. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

NEW MASONIC TEMPLE.

LADIES INTERESTED IN THE NEW Masonic Hall are invited to contribute to the Furnishing Fund. Contribution to be sent to MRS. HANSEN, Eagle House, 732-101.

Royal Hawaiian Opera House

L. J. Levy, Lessee. H. Berger, Manager.

Saturday Evening,

May 20, 1893. AT 8 O'CLOCK.

GRAND BENEFIT

TO THE HAWAIIAN National Band

PROGRAMME:

- 1. In March—"Welcome".....Libertino 16. Overture—"Martha".....Flotow Hawaiian National Band. 2. Song.....Miss F. Nolte. 3. Trio for Male Voices Messrs. Barsotti, Aylett and Kapua. 4. 3 Native Hawaiian Songs with Chorus Hawaiian National Band. 5. Overture.....String Orchestra Hawaiian National Band. 6. Duet.....Miss Parker and Miss Ward. 7. Trio.....Bellario Miss Nolte, Messrs. Barsotti and Kapua. 8. Solos.....Mr. Ordway. 9. Duet.....Miss M. Camarinos and Mr. C. Booth. 10. Saxophone Solo.....Mr. Libornio. 11. Waltz.....String Orchestra Hawaiian National Band. 12. Solo.....Mr. Barsotti. 13. Song and Chorus.....Hawaiian Quintette Club. 14. March—"Aloha Oe".....Berger Hawaiian National Band. HAWAII POSTER.

POPULAR PRICES.

Box Plan now open at the office of L. J. Levy, corner Fort and Queen street, 725-9.

Hon. Wm. S. Warner

Cordially Endorses Hood's



Edw. William S. Warner Fond du Lac, Wis.

The following is from ex-Congressman Warner, a gentleman highly esteemed by all who know him:

"I can truly say that I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine for purifying the blood. It did me good when physicians and other medicines failed. It has increased my appetite and

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

seemed to renew my youth. This is absolutely true." W. S. WARNER, Fond du Lac, Wis.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

World's Fair

Tickets

TO

CHICAGO

AND

RETURN



The undersigned are prepared to give intending Tourists the advantage of a

Special Round Trip Rate

Chicago and Return

IN CONNECTION WITH THE STEAMERS OF THE

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

AND THE UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Wm. G. IRWIN & CO. LIMITED.

"NEXT!"

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING & SHAMPOOING

Queen Street Shaving Parlors

HAWAIIAN JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

MAN LEE COMPANY HAS LEASED the rice plantation from L. Akau, formerly known as Yee Tai Wai Company, at Waialua, with all the cattle, water rights, tools, etc., for the term of six years from April 9, 1893, to July, 1899, at the rate of \$1000 a year. Hereafter Man Lee Company will not be responsible for any debts owing by Yee Tai Wai and Mrs. Tai Wai. M. L. LEE COMPANY. Honolulu, May 19, 1893. 731-18

N. S. SACHS

104 Fort Street, Honolulu.

Summer Dress Materials

Newest Materials! Latest Designs!

Cotton Pongee! Cotton Chaille!

Light and Dark Ground Effects—Pretty Patterns; SOLID COLORS COTTON CRAPE

In Pink, Cream, Light Blue, Cardinal and Black; FINE FIGURED MUSLINS IN NEW DESIGNS,

SHADED & FIGURED SATEENS

WHITE-GOODS

In Plaids, Checks and Stripes. Come and see the White Goods we are selling at 7, 6 and 5 yards for \$1.

Laces and Embroideries!

AN ALLROUND CHANGE!

COMMISSIONER BLOUNT, Minister to Hawaii. THURSTON, Minister at Washington. WILDER, Consul at San Francisco.

P. G. DRY GOODS STORE P. G. M. S. LEVY

TRUNKS AND VALISES,

Gentlemen's Underwear, Sashes, Crepe Shirts, Neckties, Hats, Umbrellas, Shoes, Etc., Etc.

The Popular German Dry Goods Store,

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

B. F. EHLERS & CO.

Chenile Portieres & Smyrna Rugs

Sateen Gloria and Cashmere Sublime, Etc., Etc.

JUST ARRIVED

Baby Carriages

"HOUSEHOLD" Sewing Machines

WESTERMAYER'S Celebrated Cottage Pianos

Parlor Organs, Guitars

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.

Camera and Full Outfit

JAS. H. LOVE DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE that he has retired from the business of a Butcher carried on by him at the Central Market on Nuuanu street, and that he has transferred his interests to the Metropolitan Meat Company. Honolulu, May 17, 1893. 730-31

TO LET.

- 1 Cottage on Willet Avenue. 1 Cottage on Beretania Street—\$25 per Month. 1 Cottage on Beretania Street—\$20 per Month. 1 Cottage on Fort Street. 1 Cottage on Beretania Street, opposite Joe Works. 3 Stores on Nuuanu Street, near Beretania Street.

FOR SALE.

11 Building Lots and 3 Fish Ponds on the road to Waikiki. House and Lot on Beretania street near Pensacola. Lot 200 feet frontage and 140 feet deep. Also a Valuable block of Brick Building in the heart of the City. 1 Upright Piano For Sale. G. E. BOARDMAN, Agent. 727-41

COTTAGE TO LET.

A COTTAGE TO LET ON Punchbowl street, near Queen's Hospital; six Rooms. Rent \$18. Apply to L. ADLER, 13 Nuuanu st., Boot & Shoe store, 729-3w

FOR SERVICE

One Ayrshire Bull! FEE \$1 IN ADVANCE. Apply to J. N. WRIGHT, Little Britain, King street, (729-1W) P. O. Box 456. 729-1W

For Sale Cheap! Economical in Working. Suitable for a beginner. Apply to C. S. BULLETIN Office, 729-1W

FORTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE New-York Life Insurance Co.

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

SUMMARY OF REPORT:

BUSINESS OF 1892.

Premium Income.....	\$25,040,113.93
Interest, Rents, etc.....	5,896,476.90
Total Income,	\$30,936,590.83
Death Claims.....	\$7,896,589.29
Endowments and Annuities.....	2,484,432.29
Dividends, Purchased Insurances, etc.....	3,613,990.75

Total to Policy-holders, \$13,995,012.33

Number of New Policies Issued.....	66,259
Amount of New Insurance Written.....	\$173,605,070.00

CONDITION JAN. 1, 1893.

Assets, \$137,499,198.99

Liabilities, 4 Percent Standard.....	\$120,694,250.89
Surplus.....	16,804,948.10
Number of Policies in Force.....	224,008
Amount of Insurance in Force.....	\$689,248,629.00

PROGRESS IN 1892.

Increase in Benefits to Policy-holders.....	\$ 1,323,521.45
Increase in Assets.....	11,551,908.18
Increase in Surplus.....	1,663,924.79
Increase in Insurance Written.....	20,940,088.00
Increase in Insurance in Force.....	60,165,451.00

C. O. BERGER,
General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.

HAVE JUST OPENED OUT A CHOICE DISPLAY OF

Cut Glass

Salt and Tumblers
Pitchers
Ice Buckets
Etc., Etc.

Royal Worcester

Vases
Chocolate Jugs
Rose Jars
Etc. Etc. Etc.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

General Crockery and Glassware!

French Center Rugs,
French Sofa Rugs,
French Door Rugs,
French Stair Carpets in Latest Designs, French Iron Beds, Double and Single; Baby Cots

CHINESE MATTING

Sets of Telescopic Card and Fancy Tea Tables!

Basket Trunks, Steamer Trunks, Wooden Trunks.

TO CLEAR OUT CONSIGNMENT

American & English Bicycles

ARE OFFERED
AT
REDUCED FIGURES.

CHAS. HUSTACE,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR AND FEED.

Fresh California Roll Butter and Island Butter

ALWAYS ON HAND

New Goods Received by Every Steamer from San Francisco.

All Orders faithfully attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Island Orders solicited and packed with care.

LINCOLN BLOCK, King Street - Bet. Fort and Alakea Streets.

TELEPHONE 119. P. O. BOX 372.

BOTH TELEPHONES 240. P. O. BOX 257.

LEWIS & CO.,

111 FORT STREET.

Importers, Wholesale & Retail Grocers

Provision Dealers & Naval Supplies

Fresh Goods by Every Cala. Steamer

ICE HOUSE GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Island Orders Solicited. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

TELEPHONE 92. P. O. BOX 145.

H. E. McINTYRE & BRO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions and Feed.

New Goods Received by Every Packet from the Eastern States and Europe.

FRESH CALIFORNIA PRODUCE BY EVERY STEAMER.

All Orders faithfully attended to and Goods delivered to any part of the City free.

Island Orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

West Corner Fort & King Streets.

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A NEW MINISTER.

If Commissioner Blount Returns Minister Stevens Should Be Recalled.

[Charles Nordhoff in the N. Y. Herald.]
HONOLULU, April 12, via SAN FRANCISCO, April 13, 1893.—There is a rumor brought down by steamer yesterday that Col. Blount is to be hastened in his investigations, in order to return within a month to Washington to make his formal report to President Cleveland.

If this true it is of great importance that before Mr. Blount departs the President should send down there as minister some one who will thoroughly represent the views of the administration. Mr. Stevens, the present minister, has been and will continue to be, so long as he remains here, an intermeddler in local differences openly on the side of annexation. He can do no good and may help to serious harm.

His continued presence here as minister is necessarily a direct encouragement to the hopes of the planter annexationists and a blow at their opponents.

The native people and those foreigners who sympathize with them, though everything is quiet here, understand that the material exist for serious trouble. The provisional government people feel they were uneasy at the possible results of Col. Blount's withdrawal of troops, as unhappy as the Southern carpet baggers when Gen. Grant refused troops or when Mr. Hayes withdrew them entirely, but the queen's party are quiet.

They wait for the President's action and are content to wait, because Col. Blount has held an entirely even hand between the contending sides. If he should be summoned home before Mr. Stevens is replaced by a minister representing and favored by Mr. Cleveland's views and wishes, that would alter the situation materially.

The Japanese have not yet taken possession of these islands. The British lion is not seen to wag his dreadful tail. Col. Blount has not forcibly restored the queen, and everything is quiet, even the discussions between those who want annexation and those who do not.

Of these discussions there are many and in one at which I assisted by request a singular and, I believe, hitherto unmentioned fact came out. Being urgently pressed for my opinion of recent events, I felt free to say to two influential and eminently respectable, though not official, members of the planters' party: "We in America have not the least objection to your revolution if you do it yourselves. What we dislike is that you got U. S. troops to help you, and made yourselves the rulers of the islands. Then you began to cry for annexation, and hastened to Washington to get us to take off your hands what was just then your stolen property."

"You were not a de facto government, for a de facto government ought to stand on its own legs, and that you didn't do. That is why your movement was regarded in the United States by most people with contempt." You may imagine my surprise when those gentlemen exclaimed: "Oh, but you don't understand what was our situation. We have to promise annexation. If we hadn't done that we couldn't have got 20 men to join in our movement. It would have been an entire failure if we hadn't held to the promise made of a prospect of annexation."

"But," I asked, "did you have any promise which authorized you to hook this bait to induce people to join you in a revolutionary act, who otherwise, as you tell me, wouldn't have done so?" They owned that they had no such promise; they hadn't even consulted the Washington government on the subject.

There are countries where a conspiracy which begins by deluding and swindling its own followers would be called a fraud. Certainly this sugar planters' revolution, in spite of the fact that many of its leaders are respectable and amiable members of society, cannot itself claim respect when, without practising a gross deceit, "it could not have got a following of 20 men."

I have found two or three men who would not object to one independent republic, but a republic not in favor with the planters, who do not want to govern, but to use some outside force to keep down the natives, and the Chinese and Japs and Portuguese as well. Finally I have had the benefit of a long conversation with one of the most intelligent, and, on the whole, sanest man in this movement, though not a member of the provisional government.

"If annexation doesn't come, as you don't believe it will, what do you gentlemen really propose?" I asked. "I don't know, because we have not got so far yet," he replied. "But I see nothing for it myself except the formation of a small and strong oligarchy. That would secure peace and order, and is what we want."

"That strikes me, on the whole, as the most sensible of all the propositions I have so far heard of." You will observe, of course, that none of these suggestions look to a free popular government. None of them are of a kind which would be a benefit or blessing to us to have as part of us.

If the 40,000 native population wouldn't make such citizens as the United States would be benefited by, if the 16,000 Chinese, the 13,000 Japs, even the 8,500 Portuguese, would not be model American citizens either, in view of what they desire, would the Americans, English and Germans represented in the planters' government be a valuable addition to us?

When President Cleveland or congress refuses annexation, in my belief the ablest men of the planters' side will set to work upon the "oligarchy" my friend spoke of, the rule of a few strict and probably not unjust men, for injustice would have evil consequences.

Such a form of government left independent and free to act by an agreement of the great powers to neutralize these islands as the Suez Canal is neutralized and as a canal across the American isthmus would be neutralized might do well. It might even be the best possible for such a mongrel population as has been gathered to-

gether by the acts of sugar planters. For the present, however, they will talk only of annexation.

Why should we of the United States burden ourselves with the possession and the government and the defense of these far-away islands? The only answer is because the stockholders on about 65 sugar plantations want a chance to make more money, being rich already, and do not want the trouble of justly ruling the people among whom they have chosen to settle themselves and to whom, while they did rule, and then added, by importation, to government expense, thousands of Chinese, Japanese and other aliens.

Of course, they are playing for what they believe to be a great game and in good years, and almost all the years were good under the treaty until the McKinley bill came to spoil all.

In good years these lucky planters made from 20 to 60 and 80 p. c. per annum clear profit in their investment. I mean that the most favorably situated made between 60 and 80 p. c., the least favorably placed and managed 20 p. c. They had under the treaty and our sugar duties an advantage of about 2 cents per pound over their competitors in every part of the world, and they have the richest sugar lands on the planet. They are not doing so well now and it is not probable they will do so well again.

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Prof. F. Lombard, A. B., will continue giving instruction in private and in classes; French, Spanish, and Latin. Residence, Alakea street, near Y. M. C. A.

Received per S. S. Australia, May 17, fresh frozen oysters, fresh salmon, smoked salmon, California lobsters, celery, cauliflower, olives, in bulk, Riverside oranges, Sicily lemons, Mexican limes, chestnuts, etc., etc. California Fruit Market, Mutual Telephone 378.

An Ingenious Trick.

"Of all the humiliating positions that I was ever in," said a well-known New England clergyman to a Journal man, "by far the worst happened when I was a young man and an usher in a large city church."

"Vesper services were held every Sunday evening, and the church was always crowded. There were living in the city at that time two girls, acquaintances of mine, who, for some slight inattention on my part, had seen fit to take no notice of me when we met on the street. This gave me no worry, however, and so they devised another plan to punish me."

"One Sabbath evening, as the congregation was gathering for the service and the great church was about two-thirds full, these two girls entered. I asked them very politely if they would like a seat when one of them spoke up and said that they wished to sit in the second or third seat from the front. So, I started grandly off down the aisle, feeling about twice life size. I went straight to the next to the front pew and, laying my hand on the back of it, as is customary with ushers, I bowed low and looked up the aisle to see the girls, whom I supposed were coming. Imagine my surprise on seeing that they were not in the aisle at all! If ever wanted the earth to open and swallow me up it was then."

"But no such friendly catastrophe occurred, and then I realized that I must walk back in the face of all those people, of whom nearly all were tittering. I got up the aisle some way, only to find that the two girls had quietly dropped into a back seat as soon as I had started. They laughed in their handkerchiefs all the rest of the evening, and I fell several degrees in my own estimation."—Boston Journal.

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