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HONOLULU, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1891.

WHOLE No. 1362.

Hawaiian Gazette.

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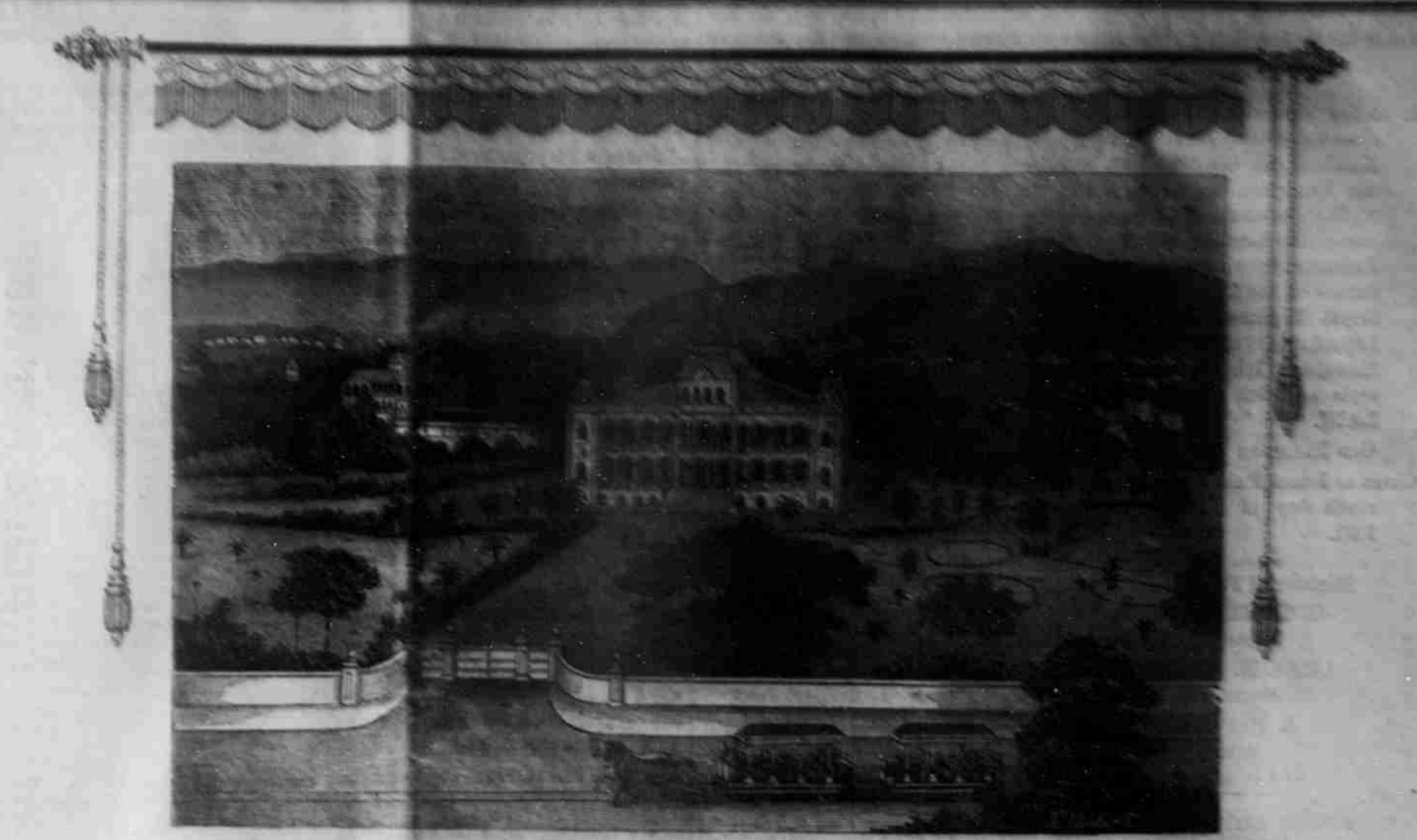
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IOLANI PALACE, HONOLULU.

AT REST.

King Kalakaua In- terred in the Royal Mausoleum.

THE LAST HONORS.

An Imposing Funeral Pro- cession.

Yesterday morning the sun dawned upon as bright and beautiful a day as that King of Light ever shown upon. No more auspicious morning could have been wished. The elements seemed to sympathize with the one universal desire of having a glorious day in which to pay the last sad rites to Hawaii's departed Sovereign.

Early in the morning Honolulu put on an aspect of quiet, mournful activity for which the occasion called. The streets along the route of the procession began to be filled long before the procession was to leave the Palace.

The following is the form of invitation issued by the Vice-Chamberlain, James W. Robertson:

IOLANI PALACE,
February 5th, 1891.
The Religious Services on the occasion of the Funeral of
His Late Majesty Kalakaua,
Will take place at Iolani Palace, on Sunday, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M.
Your Obedient Servant,
JAMES W. ROBERTSON,
Vice-Chamberlain.

No one was admitted to the Palace who had not received an invitation nor possessed the following permit of admittance:

ADMIT
To the Funeral Services of
His Late Majesty Kalakaua,
To be held at Iolani Palace, on Sunday, the 15th February, 1891.

At 10 A. M., those invited to attend the funeral services held at Iolani Palace, began to assemble in the Throne Room, where the casket rested upon a pall covered by a large cloak of yellow feathers, as was also the lower portion of the casket. At the head of the casket were held four kahilis—two small ones of yellow feathers and two larger ones of white feathers surmounted by black caps. On either side were kahilis, large and small, held by uniformed guards, each wearing a leather cloak.

Floral Decorations.
Around the foot of the casket were placed in great profusion some of the kingdom's choicest and most beautiful flowers, almost too numerous to mention. Conspicuous among the floral tributes were a large kahili made of marigolds; a harp made of roses; another, a most

beautiful harp, was formed of tuberoses with two white doves, with partly spread wings, on the upper corners. A combination of many flowers was worked into a large pillow with the initials "K. K.," a crown, a royal tribune, was arranged from white marguerites, one of carnations, while a third was of white roses; a kahili composed of ferns and white roses added to the beauty of the collection, with a beautiful cape made from various flowers. Besides these there were thousands of fragrant flowers woven into many handsome bouquets of various shapes and designs, a hack load of flowers having preceded the procession to the Mausoleum.

Services in the Throne Room.
At 11 o'clock the services in the Throne room commenced with a funeral march, "In Memoriam," by Mr. Wray Taylor. His Lordship the Bishop of Honolulu solemnly read in Hawaiian the sentences beginning, "I am the resurrection," etc. The choir from St. Andrew's Cathedral sang the hymn, "When our heads are bowed with woe." The chant, composed for the occasion by Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, of psalm 90—Domine Refugium (The Lord is our Refuge, etc.), was sung by the combined choirs. The choir then sang, "Blest were they who walked in love," followed by a reading lesson—1st of Corinthians, 15th chapter. The choir from Kawaiahaeo church closed the vocal music by singing a hymn, after which those assembled in the room gradually withdrew. As the casket was being carried out, Handel's Dead March in Saul was played on the organ.

Her Majesty Queen Dowager Kapiohāni, H. B. H. Princess Poamohani, Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, the Hon. John O. Dominis, Prince Consort, and Hon. A. S. Cleghorn, were the chief mourners by the head of the casket.

At the foot of the casket sat the Ministers of the Hawaiian Kingdom, their Excellencies John A. Cummins, Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, C. N. Spencer, Minister of the Interior, Godfrey Brown, Minister of Finance, A. P. Peterson, Attorney-General.

Hon. A. F. Judd, Chancellor of the Kingdom and Mrs. Judd, Mr. Justice and Mrs. McCully, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Dickerson, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Dole, Admiral George Brown and staff of the U. S. F. S. Charleston were seated on the right.

His Excellency John L. Stevens, Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary of the United States, Senhor A. de Souza Canavaro, Portuguese Charge d'Affaires; Major and Mrs. J. H. Wodehouse, H. B. M.'s Commissioner; Mons. G. B. d'Anglade, French Commissioner; Mr. Taizo Masaki, Japanese Consul and Diplomatic Agent; Mr. H. W. Severance, U. S. Consul General; Mr. F. A. Schaefer, Consul for Italy and Chili; Mr. J. F. Hackfeld, Consul for Belgium, Acting German Consul and Acting Russian Vice Consul; Mr. T. R. Walker, British Vice Consul; Mr. H. R. Macfarlane, Consul for Denmark; Mr. H. W. Schmidt, Consul for Sweden and Norway; Mr. A. W. Richardson, U. S. Vice and Deputy Consul General; Mr. E. Schur, Acting Consul for Austro-Hungary; Mr. C. Alee, Chinese Commercial Agent; Mr. H. Renjes, Acting Vice Consul for Spain and Acting Consul for Mexico, occupied places on the left of the casket.

The members and wives of the Privy Councilors present were: Hon. and Mrs. S. M. Damon, Hon. and Mrs. W. D. Alexander, Hon. and Mrs. J. Kaee, Hon. and Mrs. D. H. Nahinu, Hon. H. M. Whitney, Hon. W. F. Smith, Hon. W. E. Rowell, Hon. F. H. Hayselden, Hon. W. G. Irwin, Hon. and Mrs. J. T. Waterhouse, Jr., Hon. H. Kuibehani and Miss Kuibehani, Hon. E. K. Liliuokalani, Hon. J. G. Hoopili, Hon. A. Rosa, Hon. P. P. Kanoo, Hon. and Mrs. J. B. Atherton. Sitting at the foot and towards the left were President of the Legislature, J. S. Walker, Hon. A. P. Paeahole, Hon. and Mrs. T. B. Lucas, Hon. and Mrs. H. A. Wideman, Hon. and Mrs. Samuel Parker, Hon. B. D. Walbridge, Hon. E. C. Macfarlane, Hon. W. H. Cornwell, Hon. C. O. Berger, Hon. W. H. Rickard, Hon. J. Nawaihi, Hon. W. Y. Hanner, Hon. A. Kanhi, Hon. G. N. Wilcox, Hon. and Mrs. W. White, Hon. A. Marquis, Hon. H. P. Baldwin.

Colonel B. Hoapili Baker, A. D. C., was standing on the right near the head of the casket; he and Major J. T. Baker

carried the crown, sword and some of the jewels of the late King to and from the Mausoleum. Clergy: Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Honolulu, Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, Rev. W. H. Barnes, rector, and Rev. V. H. Kikat, of Lahaina.

Major J. D. Holt and Major H. F. Berteinmann stood beside the bier in front of the kahili bearers who belonged to the Iolani club, organized by His Majesty the late King. Behind the Queen stood Col. Geo. W. Macfarlane, H. M. Chamberlain and the retainers of His late Majesty Kalakaua.

Among others present were Judge and Mrs. Wm. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Boardman, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Ross, Mr. J. W. Mabelona, Mr. H. J. Nolte, Mr. G. West, Miss M. Ladd, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Naeve, Mrs. Mackintosh, ex-Governess Lanikau, Deputy Attorney General and Mrs. C. Creighton, and Mrs. M. K. Keohokaloie.

In the south-west corner of the Throne room were the choir from the St. Andrew's Cathedral, the Kawaiahaeo church choir and the Kawaiahaeo musical club (organized by the late H. R. H. Prince Leleiohoku), all under the leadership of Mr. Wray Taylor, F. C. C. G.

The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers, and were selected to represent the various interests named:

Judge Bickerton, representing Judiciary. Chas. S. Spencer, representing Cabinet. Gibson West, representing 32 deg. Masons. H. C. Nolte, representing Knights Templars. H. W. Severance, representing Consular C's. H. A. Wilemann, representing Privy Council. J. O. Carter, representing Chamber of Commerce. Ex-Gov. Kanoo, representing native Hawaiians. Lieut. Dyer, representing U. S. Navy. Dr. L. H. Keliitt, representing H. B. M.'s Navy.

The following chiefs were delegated to bear the casket into the catafalque into the Royal Mausoleum: Kapahuluna, Kamakuhikihani, A. P. Pelekihoi, J. G. Hoopili, Laanui, Mokuapouli, I. J. Ilenle and William H. Tell.

The Procession.

Undertaker H. H. Williams led the procession as it wended its way from the Palace, with Marshal C. L. Hopkins and two aids, who were followed by about fifty police. The St. Louis Band came after the police who in turn were followed by about 150 pupils dressed in black and white uniforms, from the St. Louis College. These preceded 100 from the Kamehameha schools all dressed in grey. A deputation from the Royal school followed by a large number from the various public schools came next in order. The general order was then as follows: a representation of girls dressed in white from the Catholic schools; another from the English schools; 100 girls from Kawaiahaeo Seminary in white, boys from Oahu College; Chief Engineer C. B. Wilson, assisted by Secretary Henry Smith, Assistant Engineer George Norton, and John C. White, Fire Marshal, kept the different companies in splendid order. No. 5 of the Fire Department, a Chinese company, Chang Kim, foreman, of seventy members, dressed in black and blue uniforms; Protection Hook and Ladder Company, Henry Kais, foreman, numbered twenty-five in the procession; Company No. 2, fifty-eight members, Jas. H. Hunt, foreman; J. W. McDonald, assistant foreman; No. 1, H. E. O., comprising fifty-four members, Robert More, foreman, J. D. McVeigh, assistant foreman, and George L. Bittman, captain of hose; Fire police twenty-five in number; Thos. Krouse, Captain, Chas. Purdy, Lieut., Larry F. Dee, Sergeant; Company No. 4 of Hawaii, King's Own Military Company, forty-eight members in red and black uniforms, in charge of First Assistant William Keawe; Myrtle Boat Club, under Captain A. G. Robertson, added twenty-two to the line; over one hundred members of a Chinese Society preceded about one hundred of San Antonio Beneficencia de Hawaii; Portuguese Benevolent Society; a representation of the American Legion of Honor; Uniform Bank, K. of P., thirty-five members in beautiful uniforms; C. J. McCarthy, Captain, C. W. Zeigler, S. K. Herald, S. K. Herald, H. J. Gallaher, acting S. K. Guard, J. L. Torbert, S. E. Sentinel; Geo. W. De Long Post, contributed forty-five to the column; then twenty G. A. R.; sixty

in number formed the Masonic deputation; about fifty Hui Kalaialana; a large number of teachers and members of two Liliuokalani Educational Societies; over 400 delegates from the Honolulu and Hilo Lahua Society—all dressed in black—formed a considerable part of the procession; Hale Nana Society, an organization for research of Hawaiian antiquities, dressed in white with yellow caps and aprons, carrying emblems of their order, composed of fifteen males and thirty-six females; Col. O. F. Lukes, who had general supervision of the procession, with Col. Samuel Nowlin, Capt. E. W. Parker and Mr. T. F. G. Cummins as aids, dressed in white and mounted; Charleston Band; a large number of marines, with arms reversed, under command of Capt. Sheppard and aids of the Charleston; Charleston sailors; followed by a detachment from the Mohican, then from the Nymphs; Hawaiian Military Band, under leadership of Prof. H. Berger; about ninety of Household Guard proper and of King's Own Volunteers for the occasion, dressed in white and blue; stewards, ohmas, King's retainers and intimate personal friends; Rev. Dr. Hyde, Rev. E. G. Beckwith, Rev. S. E. Bishop, Rev. O. P. Emerson, Rev. H. H. Parker heading the Protestant clergy and students of the North Pacific Missionary Institute; His Lordship Bishop of Oahu and the clergy of the Roman Catholic Cathedral; surprised choir from St. Andrew's Cathedral; Clergy of the Anglican Church; His Lordship Bishop of Honolulu; King's charger, led by two of the King's coachmen; His late Majesty's Chamberlain, Geo. W. Macfarlane; four torch bearers, carrying the "kukunaikeawakes," or mid-day-burning torches, symbolical of the late King's ancestors; Col. R. H. Baker and Major J. T. Baker, bearing the crown, sword and jewels; over 100 Native Sons of Hawaii, all dressed in white, with black sashes with badges, drawing the catafalque, immediately in front of

the casket. The casket was borne by Miss R. Bowline, Misses Edith and Maude Andl, Miss McGuire, Miss Annie Holmes, Misses Mary and Lizzie Leleo, Miss Fanny Markham, Miss Cummins, Miss Elizabeth Hoopili, Maids of Honor, carrying beautiful leis; around the catafalque were ninety-five large and small kahilis. The catafalque was about thirteen feet high to the top of the crown, which was draped with black, resting upon a circular base, trimmed with black crape, wound with a white ribbon; the top of the catafalque was covered with potted black cassiniers, having a fringed mantle thrown over it; the four pillars bearing the top were twined by white satin ribbons over the dark covering; at the top of the pillars were large black plumes surmounted by white. The casket was covered with a large Oo feather cloak. Following the catafalque came the royal carriage bearing the Queen Dowager Kapiohāni; state carriage bearing Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani and Hon. J. O. Dominis Prince Consort; carriage of H. R. H. Princess Kaiulani, bearing Hon. A. S. Cleghorn and Rear-Admiral George Brown, U. S. N.; carriage of Chief Justice A. F. Judd; carriages of the Cabinet Ministers, their Excellencies John A. Cummins, Godfrey Brown, A. P. Peterson; American Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to Hawaii, John L. Stevens; Senhor A. de S. Canavaro, Charge d'Affaires and Consul-General of Portugal; Major J. H. Wodehouse, Commissioner and Consul-General of Great Britain; Mons. G. M. G. B. d'Anglade, Commissioner, and Chancellor Mons. A. Vissavona, of France; Diplomatic Agent and Consul Taizo Masaki and S. Ban, of the Japan Legation; Justice McCully and Mrs. McCully; Justice Dole; President of the Legislature, Hon. J. S. Walker; followed by members of the Legislature, officers of the Charleston, Mohican and Nymphs, Privy Councilors, Members of the Bar, Government officers, and a long line of citizens.

At the Mausoleum Bishop of Honolulu officiated in the ceremonies of the Church of England, the choir singing in English, "Now the laborer's task is o'er."

The Masonic Service.

After the Anglican service the choir and clergy and others, in fact all but the chief mourners and kahili bearers, retired from the Mausoleum. A few moments later the Masons marched in, and

(Continued on Page 4.)

By Authority



PROCLAMATION.

It having pleased Almighty God to close the earthly career of King Kalakaua on the 20th inst. in San Francisco, California, U. S. A., We, the members of the Cabinet of His late Majesty, hereby PROCLAIM, by virtue of the 22d Article of the Constitution, Her Royal Highness the Princess Liliuokalani QUEEN of the Hawaiian Islands, under the style and title of LILIUOKALANI.

GOD PRESERVE THE QUEEN.

Given at Iolani Palace, this twentieth day of January A. D. 1891.

J. A. CUMMINS, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

GODFREY BROWN, Minister of Finance.

CHAS. N. SPENCER, Minister of Interior.

A. P. PETERSON, Attorney-General

2676 71 1360 41

FOREIGN OFFICE NOTICE.

FOREIGN OFFICE, HONOLULU, Feb. 9, 1891.

GEORGE R. CARTER, Esq., has been appointed Hawaiian Consul at Seattle, State of Washington, United States of America.

Monsr. PETRUS JOHANNES BOUWMAN has been appointed Hawaiian Consul at Dordrecht, Holland, vice J. F. van der Made, deceased.

Monsr. FRÉDÉRIC AUGUSTE BONET has been appointed Hawaiian Consul at Papeete, Tahiti, vice J. T. Cognet, resigned.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

At a meeting of the Privy Council of State, held at Iolani Palace on Thursday, Jan. 29, 1891, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

AFTER a reign longer than that of any other sovereign of Hawaii but one, the earthly life of our beloved King, Kalakaua, was closed at 2:30 o'clock on Tuesday, the 20th day of January, 1891, in San Francisco, California, United States of America.

Falling health for some months past made it seem advisable that he should seek to regain it by a voyage to the more bracing climate of California, and inspired with this hope, he left his kingdom in November last. The voyage and change of circumstances at first seemed to benefit him, but at length mortal disease appeared with increased vigor, and he sunk to sleep scarce nine days ago in a foreign land. The friendly ship which the Hawaiian people were waiting for with expectant eyes, came this morning, bringing back, not their Sovereign in renewed health, but, alas, his lifeless remains. The decorations of loyal affection preparing for his reception are speedily changed into those of mourning, and we meet to-day in the impulse of a common sorrow.

The reign of our departed King was memorable as an era of remarkable and increasing prosperity. In the seventeen years of his reign, now closed, this nation has made rapid strides in its material industries, education and the arts of civilization.

But death comes alike to King and commoner, and the seventh Sovereign of Hawaii has gone to join the roll of the illustrious dead. We humbly bow to the will of God.

RESOLVED, That the Privy Council of State here assembled, join with his beloved Consort, His Royal Sister and relatives, and the Hawaiian people, in expressing our great sorrow at this untimely decease of our late King.

RESOLVED, That the foregoing preamble and resolutions be entered upon the records of the Privy Council and published in the newspapers of this city, and

RESOLVED, That the members of this Council wear the customary mourning for a period of thirty days.

C. P. LAUKEA, Secretary.

It is with deep sorrow that we announce the death of His Majesty King Kalakaua, which lamented event took place on the 20th instant, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., at San Francisco, Cal., the cause of death being Bright's disease.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, J. A. CUMMINS.

Minister of Interior, C. N. SPENCER.

Minister of Finance, GODFREY BROWN.

Attorney-General, A. P. PETERSON.

Iolani Palace, Honolulu, January 29th, 1891. 2676-61 1360-44

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE STAR MILL COMPANY FOR DISINCORPORATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Honolulu, January 29th, 1891.

Whereas the Star Mill Company has,

pursuant to the laws in such case made and provided, duly filed with the undersigned a petition for the dissolution of the said Corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law. Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given to any and all persons who have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said Corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in the office of the undersigned on or before the 18th day of April, 1891; and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned at Aliolani Hale, Honolulu, at 11 o'clock A. M. of that day, and show cause why said petition should not be granted.

C. N. SPENCER, Minister of the Interior. 1360-104

S. E. KAIUE, Esq., has this day been appointed an Agent to Take Acknowledgment to Labor Contracts for the District of Waialua, Island of Maui.

C. N. SPENCER, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Feb. 5, 1891. 1361-31.

Mr. JESSE AMARA, has this day been appointed Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights for the District of Waialua, Island of Oahu, vice S. N. Emerson, resigned.

C. N. SPENCER, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Jan. 27, 1891. 1360-31.

THE GAZETTE CALENDAR.

February, 1891.

Calendar table showing days of the month, including Feb. 1st, 8th, 15th, and 22nd with moon phases.

Hawaiian Gazette

EST. MODUS IN REBUS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 17, 1891.

KAHUNAS.

We notice some strictures in the Bulletin by a correspondent signing himself "Hawaiian" on our article of the 7th on the mortuary statistics of the past month. "Hawaiian" does not for very sufficient reasons question the prevalence of kahunaism or the mischief it is doing, but refers us back to the good old times when every rood of ground maintained its man, and chiefs, kahunas and kanakas flourished alike. We can point out several reasons why the kahuna of old was not so deadly as his modern successor. First then the Hawaiian of old was not so susceptible to ailments of many kinds as his successor. The kanaka of old worked as hard, at all events during the planting and harvesting season as his descendant, but not in rain soaked clothing. Simple diet and life generally gave him more power to resist and vitality to throw off diseases. A wound would heal by the first intention then, where now it would be likely to run a complicated and more dangerous course. But the kahuna himself has changed for the worse still more. He clings to what little he knows of the sorcery part of the business, but has largely lost the knowledge of herbs and simples and handy aperients and innocent febrifuges, and has seized with the profanity of ignorance some of the most powerful, and in hands such as his the most deadly drugs of the modern pharmacopeia. Calomel is said to be in frequent use. What preparations of opium are administered without knowledge only a few Hawaiian speaking foreigners can know. With what cathartics kahuna's patients are drenched few are aware. But the reckless way in which surgical attentions are either avoided at the time of accident, or reversed after treatment is not so easily hidden. But what we more particularly meant to point out, is the sorrow and shame of it, that people who are rearing the third generation of Christian-born children, should be, as unquestionably they are open to such pernicious influence.

SCOTT WILSON'S HAWAIIAN BIRDS. Many of our readers may remember the visit some few years ago of Mr. Scott Wilson, F.Z.S., the energetic and eminently successful ornithologist, who whilst here made a most valuable collection of Hawaiian birds. We have been privileged with permission to examine a paper "On some of the birds of the Sandwich Islands," by this gentleman, which he intends

as "a slight sketch, to be elaborated in the large work which he hopes to publish on the ornithology of the Sandwich Islands," but which now constitutes a number of a periodical devoted to bird-science, called the "Ibis."

Before touching on the main subject Mr. Wilson gives an interesting description of the principal forest trees of the Islands, with the altitude at which each species flourishes most abundantly, and adds some very pertinent remarks on the imminent danger of deforesting large tracts of land, which, he justly says, "would lose much of their charm were their native birds, conspicuous for the brilliancy of their plumage, and remarkable from their peculiarities, to be replaced by the noisy Mynah, the pugnacious Sparrow and the Singapore dove." Mr. Wilson was able to secure several specimens of the "Oo," but believes that the still more valuable "Mamo," "Drepanis Pacifica," is absolutely extinct, as the only specimen he was able to get was from the collection of Mr. Mills of Hilo, formed thirty years ago.

This number is illustrated by a most beautifully executed colored lithograph of two varieties of the Akihiloa, "Hemignathus," which he names the H. Hanapepe and the H. Stejnegeri.

We can only say that if Mr. Wilson's larger work be carried out and completed in accord with this fragment, it will be companion volume worthy to take its place beside Mr. Sinclair's Flora of Hawaii, and which greater commendation could we give.

The Electric Light System.

The attention of readers is called to the notice of E. O. Hall & Son in another column, and more particularly to the fact that this firm is now paying special attention to the installation of electric light plants in sugar mills and other buildings. Among those who have received electric light plants from this firm, which are now in use and working satisfactorily, are the following: Raymond Grove Pavilion, Kekaha mill, Kauai, Union Iron Works, Waihee mill, Hana mill, Pauhanu and Hilo mills.

The following have been installed by Mr. Wm. V. Lockwood: Honolulu Iron Works, Paia and Hamakua mills, Maui, Waiakea and Honokaa mills, Hawaii.

Visiting Berlin.

Among the passengers of the Australia last week was Dr. Brodie, who is off on a vacation, in which he will combine both pleasure and business. He passes through to London where he will visit some of his former fellow practitioners at the London Hospital. Thence he will go to Berlin to make a thorough study of Dr. Koch's lymph, expecting to return to the Islands in four or five months with some of the lymph to be used here. The doctor expressed himself as having great faith in the lymph not only for consumptives but for those affected by leprosy.

New Advertisements.

EAGLE HOUSE

NUUANU AVENUE.

THIS FIRST-CLASS FAMILY Hotel (situate in the most pleasant part of the City) continues to offer the comforts of a home to transients and others. Adjoining the Main Building are several New Cottages specially constructed for family use. Table unsurpassed. Terms \$2.00 per day, \$12.00 weekly. Special arrangements for monthly boarders. T. KROUSE, Prop., 123 1350-y Honolulu, H. I.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S

Boston Line of Packets.

IMPORTERS WILL PLEASE take notice that the fine BARK JOHN D. BREWER CAPT. W. L. JOSSELYN, Will be laid on the berth in Boston to leave for this port on March 15, 1891, if sufficient inducement offers.

For further particulars apply to 79 1345-q C. BREWER & CO.

ATLAS Assurance Company

FOUNDED 1808. LONDON. Capital, \$ 6,000,000 Assets, \$ 9,000,000 Having been appointed Agents of the above Company we are now ready to effect Insurances at the lowest rates of premium. H. W. SCHMIDT & SONS. 1348 112-q

Honolulu and San Francisco Mail Service



TIME TABLE OF THE Oceanic Steamship Co. (SUBJECT TO CHANGE.)

THE AUSTRALIA AND ZEALANDIA Leave San Francisco at 2 o'clock P. M. Leave Honolulu at 12 M. Tuesdays. The Through Steamers Leave San Francisco and Honolulu Thursdays.

Table with columns: STEAMER, LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, ARRIVE HONOLULU. Lists routes for Monowai, Zealandia, Australia, Alameda, Mariposa, and Zealania.

Table with columns: STEAMER, LEAVE HONOLULU, ARRIVE SAN FRANCISCO. Lists routes for Australia, Zealandia, Mariposa, Monowai, and Zealania.

New Advertisements.

READ THIS!

JUST RECEIVED and FOR SALE CHEAP

- Galvanized Ridging, Galv. Screws and Lead Washers, Plain Galvanized Iron, Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc, Boxes of Tin, Galvanized WATER PIPING, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/2 and 2 inch; Pipe Fittings, HAIR FELTING and Asbestos Sponge, for covering steam pipes; Rubber Packing, all kinds; BLACK FENCE WIRE, Galvanized Fence Wire, Galvanized and Copper Telephone Wire, Genuine Bell Telephones, Electric House Bells, and

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES!

ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANTS of any size and description furnished and installed.

SHIP CHANDLERY:

- Bbls. Coal Tar, Bbls. Stockholm Tar, Bbls. Pitch, Asphaltum; Blocks, in great variety; Manila Rope, 1/2 to 7 inch; Iron and Steel Wire Rope, Iron Seizing, assorted; Yellow Metal Sheathing, 14 oz. to 26 oz. Oakum, Oars, all sizes; Patent Logs, Nautical Almanacs, Bunting, assorted colors; American and Hawaiian FLAGS. A great variety of SHIP HARDWARE of latest designs. NO OLD STOCK! Also, constantly on hand, a full stock of SHELF HARDWARE, Tools of all kinds, Agricultural Implements, KEROSENE OIL, of good quality; SPERM, and all other LUBRICATING OILS; Boston Card Matches, Rubber Hose, assorted; ALCOHOL of high test for mechanical and medicinal purposes, just received

ALL OF THE ABOVE FOR SALE BY

E. O. HALL & SON, Cor. Fort and King Streets. 1362 2684-1m

MR. W. F. ALLEN, HAS AN OFFICE WITH MESSRS. BISHOP & CO., corner of Merchant and Kahuamoa streets, and he will be pleased to attend to any business entrusted to him. 1364-6m

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A LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK OF

Wines, Liquors, Beers, Ales, Stout, Etc. COMPRISED IN PART AS FOLLOWS:

CHAMPAGNE in Pints and Quarts: G. H. Mumm & Co. "Extra Dry," Pommery & Greno "Sec." Louis Roderer "Grand Vin Sec."

CALIFORNIA and EUROPEAN Port, Sherry, Malaga, Muscat, Madeira, Zinfandel, Claret, Malbec, In Kegs and Cases.

IRISH WHISKIES—John Jameson & Son, * * *. E. & J. Burke, * * *. Mitchell's Cruiskeen Lawn.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—Tappithen, Islay Blend, Glengarry, Royal Blend, Lochiel.

BOURBON WHISKIES—Belle of Nelson "1881," Golden Sheaf, O. F. C. Sourmash, Kentucky Favorite, Cutters A1.

Hiram Walker & Sons 1883 "Club" Whiskey

HIRAM WALKER & SONS 1884 "IMPERIAL" RYE WHISKEY, Ex FAUST, 306 Days From New York.

GIN—Palm Tree, J. D. K. & Z., J. J. Melcher's "Elephant," Board & Son's "Old Tom," Large Stone Jugs "Exquisite," "Royal Club."

BRANDIES—De Laage Fils & Co. * * *. Hennessy * * *. John Eschaw Extra No. 1, Gonzalez & Co. 5 Crown.

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Which we offer at Very Low Prices.

Plush Toilet Cases, consisting of Comb, Brush and Looking Glass, at \$1.50 and upwards. Manicure Sets in Fish Boxes, 75c, \$1 and upwards. Plush Collar and Cuff Boxes, \$1.25 and upwards. Plush Handkerchief and Glove Boxes (two pieces), at \$1.50 set. Jewel Cases and Work Boxes, at \$1.25 and upwards. Fancy Plush and Metal Whisk Broom Holders, \$1.25 and upwards. Fancy Hand Mirrors, 75c, \$1 and upwards.

Porcelain Plaques! -:- Porcelain Plaques!

Painted, illustrated with a Variety of Subjects, among them ANIMALS, FLOWERS, LANDSCAPES, Etc., Etc., Etc. NEW HAND SACHELS, KID GLOVES and FANS, in Great Variety. FANCY TABLE COVERS and PLUSH EMBROIDERED TABLE SCARFS, in the Latest Designs, from \$3 upwards. INFANTS' CASHMERE CLOAKS, BABY BLANKETS and BUGGY ROBES, in Great Variety. TORCHON LACE TIDIES and SASH RIBBONS, in all Colors.

IMMENSE ASSORTMENT OF Silk Shawls, Mohair Shawls, Embroidered Cashmere Shawls, and Fine SILK EMBROIDERED SCARF SHAWLS.

Gent's Silk Umbrellars, Fine Neck Wear, Fancy Socks, AT VERY LOW PRICES. HANDKERCHIEFS! -:- HANDKERCHIEFS!

IN THIS LINE WE OFFER GENUINE BARGAINS: Fine White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Scalloped edge, only 25c. White Hemmedstitch Handkerchiefs with Mexican Drawn Work, only 30c. Fine White Hemmedstitch and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, only 25c. White Hemmedstitch Handkerchiefs, Embroidered and Mexican Drawn Work, only 40c. Extra Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, in White or Colored, from 50c. upwards. Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, 1/2 dozen in a Box, \$2 a Box. Ladies' Dainty Silk Handkerchiefs, Embroidered, from 65c. and upwards. Children's Printed Border Handkerchiefs, only 60c. a dozen.

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS!

Gent's Silk Handkerchiefs, solid colors, 22 inches square, only 50c. Gent's White Silk Handkerchiefs, colored border, 19 inches square, only 30c. Gent's Colored Broadcast Silk Handkerchiefs, from 60c. upwards. Gent's White Hemmedstitch Silk Handkerchiefs, 23 inches square, only \$1. Gent's White Hemmedstitch Silk Handkerchiefs, embroidered corner, only \$1.25. Gent's Cardinal Hemmedstitch Silk Handkerchiefs, white embroidered corner, only \$1.25.

Stamped Goods! Stamped Goods!

IMMENSE VARIETY AND LATEST DESIGNS. Stamped Splashers, Side Board Scarfs, Tray Covers, Plate Covers, Ties, Doilies, etc. Also: Stamped Laundry Bags, Stamped Dust Bags, Button Bags, etc. Toilet and Newspaper Holders, Linen Floss in all colors. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ISLAND ORDERS. 1362-2w

The Weekly Gazette and Daily Advertiser ARE THE LEADING JOURNALS OF HONOLULU.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

The Committee Visit the Charleston, Royal Palace, and the United States Legation.

TOUCHING RESPONSES BY REAR ADMIRAL BROWN, HER MAJESTY, THE DOWAGER, AND HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN L. STEVENS.

The Citizens' Committee Faithfully Carry Out the Painful Duty Entrusted to It.

The Committee appointed by the Mass Meeting of citizens held at Kaunakapili Church on February 6th to present the Resolutions of Condolence passed on that occasion, met in a body at 5 P. M. Monday afternoon, Feb. 10th.

The Committee consisted of Hon. P. P. Kanoa, Mr. P. R. Isenberg, Hon. Antone Rosa, Hon. Jno. L. Kaulukou, Hon. Wm. G. Irwin, Hon. C. O. Berger, Hon. E. C. Macfarlane, Mr. S. K. Kane, Mr. W. L. Holokahiki, Mr. J. F. Colburn, Mr. M. P. Robinson, Mr. Alex. Young, Mr. F. M. Swamy, Hon. Samuel Parker, Hon. S. K. Hoakano, Hon. Jno. W. Kaula, Hon. W. H. Cornwell, of which Hon. Ex-Governor Paul P. Kanoa was chairman.

Under arrangement with Admiral Brown a steam launch met the Committee at 5:15 and conveyed them to the Charleston, upon arriving on board, the Committee were invited into the Admiral's cabin, where Hon. Wm. G. Irwin, on behalf of the Committee, read the resolutions passed by the meeting, which are given below. He addressed the Admiral as follows:

REAR-ADMIRAL GEORGE BROWN, U. S. F. S. CHARLESTON.

Sir:—At a mass meeting of the citizens and residents of Honolulu, these gentlemen and myself were appointed a Committee to wait on you with a copy of the resolutions which were passed at that time, expressive of the appreciation and gratitude which are felt by all classes on these Islands for the great courtesy, kindness and devoted attention which has been extended by yourself, officers and crew to our lamented Sovereign Kalakaua, from the time he left on your vessel until you returned his remains to our midst.

At the request of the Committee I will now take the liberty of reading the resolutions.

Admiral Brown replied in a touching speech referring to his personal regard and friendship for the late King and his aloha for these Islands which he first visited some thirty years ago.

After leaving the Charleston the Committee proceeded to the Palace where they were ushered into the Blue Room and presented to Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani.

Governor Kanoa then made an address, expressing the loyalty and affection prompting this committee of her subjects to come and present the resolution of condolence which were handed to her.

Her Majesty was too much affected to answer in words, but bowed her alohas to those present.

From the Blue Room the committee were taken upstairs and presented to the Queen Dowager, where a copy of the same resolutions were given her with appropriate remarks, to which the Dowager Queen feelingly responded and a substance of which was to the effect that Her Majesty fully appreciated the resolutions presented; that the King was dead and could not be restored, but as you say let us remember him by what he has done for the country and his people, and I hope you will remember me while I live, in prayers to Almighty God and that we may have peace and continued prosperity over the kingdom which my late husband reigned.

The committee next proceeded to His Excellency John L. Stevens, where Mr. W. R. Castle, on behalf of the committee, made the following remarks and presented a copy of the resolutions given Admiral Brown.

On behalf of the committee, Mr. Castle said:

YOUR EXCELLENCY: At a meeting of citizens and residents recently held, we were deputed to convey to you on behalf of the country you represent and on behalf of several of its state officers and others, these resolutions, adopted at that meeting, expressing in a small degree the deep sense of the obligations and thanks due by our country to yours for the more than courteous attentions and honors bestowed upon our late Sovereign His Majesty King Kalakaua in his recent visit to that country, and subsequently during his illness and after his lamented death in the honors bestowed upon his remains. We are deeply sensible of the fact that the courtesies and honors we now thank you for, were but expressions of the unfeeling good will entertained for Hawaii by our great neighbor, and that will cement still closer the ties of friendship existing between the two countries.

The resolutions were then read by Mr. Rosa and presented to Mr. Stevens, who then replied to the committee as follows:

GENTLEMEN: It is with no ordinary emotions that I meet you under the afflicting circumstances which call to this Legation. I recognize in your committee the honored representatives of a large and influential portion of the native citizens of Hawaii, all equally interested

in the welfare of their country. As the American Minister at this capital, I receive the Resolutions which you place in my hands, as the expression of the warm and sincere feelings cherished by the citizens of Hawaii for the citizens and Government of the United States. The manner in which these sentiments are called forth and the attending circumstances of your late Sovereign's death, cannot fail to strengthen permanently the fraternal and friendly relations between this Island Kingdom and the American Nation, which are united by the triple bonds of moral sympathy, of near neighborhood and of commercial interests.

It will be my duty, as well as my pleasure, to transmit copies of your Resolutions to the President of the United States, to the Governor of California, and to the Mayor of San Francisco.

It is worthy of remark that during the whole time the committee were attending to the duties assigned them a terrific rain storm was going on, as though the elements were weeping for the departed Monarch, and which is looked on by the Hawaiians as a tribute to the departed Alii.

The following are the resolutions:

WHEREAS, the unbounded courtesy and kind attentions extended to His late Majesty, King Kalakaua, in his recent visit to California by the United States Government, the State of California, the City of San Francisco, as well as citizens and residents in San Francisco, and by Rear-Admiral George Brown and the Officers and men of the United States Flagship Charleston, have placed the Hawaiian nation under a deep debt of gratitude to the United States and to citizens of said country, and to said Rear-Admiral Brown, his Officers and men, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Hawaiian Kingdom recognizes with the deepest gratitude the great courtesy of the United States Government, and of officials and citizens of the State of California in the courtesies extended to His late Majesty the King upon the occasion of his recent visit to California, where he met his most untimely death. And be it further

RESOLVED, That we recognize a like debt of gratitude to Rear-Admiral Brown of the United States Flagship Charleston and to his officers and men in their more than courteous treatment and care of His late Majesty King Kalakaua, both in going to California and in their tender care and attention during his illness and in returning his remains to our midst. And be it further

RESOLVED, That an engrossed copy hereof be presented to His Excellency John L. Stevens, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, in Honolulu, for transmission to Washington, that a like copy be sent to the Governor of California, another to the Mayor of the City of San Francisco, and another be presented to Rear-Admiral Brown, on behalf of His late Majesty's grateful subjects and friends.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove His Majesty Kalakaua after a reign of nearly seventeen years of unbounded prosperity to the Hawaiian Kingdom; and

WHEREAS, The prosperous condition of the Kingdom during His late Majesty's reign has been largely due to the Keopokopuki Treaty and other enlightened measures inaugurated or consummated by the wisdom and sagacity of His late Majesty; and

WHEREAS, The nation has sustained an irreparable loss in the death of its great friend, and Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, Her Majesty the Queen Dowager Kapiolani and the Royal Family have thereby been plunged into inconsolable grief; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That we, citizens and residents of Honolulu, do hereby express our sense of the great loss sustained by the Hawaiian Nation in the death of His late Majesty King Kalakaua, as well as the sad bereavement inflicted thereby upon Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, Her Majesty Queen Dowager Kapiolani, the relatives of His late Majesty, and the large circle of his personal friends; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we do hereby respectfully express to the Royal Family our deep and heartfelt sympathy in their sorrow; and be it further

RESOLVED, That an engrossed copy of these Resolutions be presented to Her Majesty the Queen Liliuokalani, and a like copy to the Queen Dowager Kapiolani.

Chamber of Commerce Presents Resolutions to the Queen, the Queen Dowager, the United States Minister John L. Stevens, Admiral Brown and Captain Remy.

A committee of the Chamber of Commerce, consisting of Messrs. W. G. Irwin, T. R. Walker and J. F. Hackfeld, waited Thursday morning at the Palace upon Her Majesty the Queen, to present a copy of resolutions which had been passed at a special meeting of the Chamber held upon the receipt of news of the death of the King. The committee addressed Her Majesty as follows:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY: We respectfully address you as a deputation from the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, appointed to ask Your Majesty's permission to carry to you the record of resolutions of that body, duly inscribed upon the minutes of its proceedings, at a meeting called immediately after the arrival of the mournful news of the decease of his late Majesty.

We have the honor of representing an association which, during the reign of five of Your Majesty's predecessors, has with sincere loyalty to the Crown of this Kingdom, endeavored at all times to labor for the prosperity of the commercial relations which we believe have so greatly constituted to the importance, in the roll of nations, of Hawaii. Representing also, as we do, several of the countries in other parts of the world, whose people have long resided happily in these Islands, and who have enjoyed here the blessings of justice, peace and order, we desire Your Majesty's permission to express, on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce, our constant sense of the cordial hospitality and friendship which those who come from other lands have at all times found in Hawaii; and the constant wish of all of us, of whatever nationality by birth, for the welfare in every respect of Hawaii and its people, and in the same expression, our belief that, under Your Majesty's reign, these warm relations will continue to increase, and ever tend to the welfare of

Your Majesty and your subjects and dominions.

We now respectfully ask Your Majesty's permission to read the following address from the Chamber of Commerce:

WHEREAS, By the death of His Majesty King Kalakaua, Hawaii has lost one of her most illustrious sovereigns, under whose reign the country has advanced in commercial prosperity to an extent unparalleled in any period of her history, and

WHEREAS, To him the nation is heavily indebted for its general advance in all material things, because of his continuous and untiring efforts in all things tending to further or increase such prosperity, more especially in the securing of the Treaty of Reciprocity with the United States; Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That in the death of His Majesty King Kalakaua, the Hawaiian Kingdom has sustained a heavy loss in all of its commercial and material relations, and that the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce cordially unites with the other organizations and with all citizens in paying tribute to his memory.

RESOLVED, That this association herewith tenders its most heartfelt and respectful sympathy to the stricken widow, Her Majesty the Queen Dowager Kapiolani, to the bereaved sister, Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, and to the other members of the Royal Family.

RESOLVED, That an engrossed copy of the above preamble and resolutions be presented to Her Majesty the Queen Dowager and to Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani by the committee of this Chamber of Commerce.

RESOLVED, That the above preamble and resolutions be entered upon the records of this Chamber and be published in the newspapers of this place.

RESOLVED, That the members of this Chamber of Commerce wear the customary badge of mourning for a period of thirty days from date.

The committee were then graciously received by Her Majesty the Queen Dowager, to whom they presented a copy of the same resolutions, addressing Her Majesty as follows:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY:

We respectfully address you as a deputation from the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, appointed to convey the deep and respectful sympathy of the members of that body in the circumstances of your sad bereavement.

We sincerely trust that Your Majesty may be pleased to receive from the Chamber this expression of its sense of the benefits which, during the reign of His late Majesty, your lamented husband, the material interests of your beloved country, so greatly furthered during his reign, have derived from his constant efforts, continued to the hour of his sad and fatal illness, for their welfare.

We beg also to be allowed to express to Your Majesty the constant hope of the Chamber that this respectful expression of our regard may be permitted to add to the consolations, which, in the mournful circumstances of the loss of your beloved husband, we trust may ever be given to Your Majesty.

The remarks of the committee, and the resolutions, were translated into the Hawaiian language by the Hon. Chief Justice Judd; and Her Majesty, who spoke with deep emotion, briefly assured the committee of her appreciation of the kind feeling and sympathy which were indicated.

The committee afterwards waited on the United States Minister with a copy of the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The Hawaiian Nation is under obligation to the United States Government, to the State of California, to the corporation of San Francisco, and to the citizens of said State and City for their truly royal welcome and entertainment of His Majesty King Kalakaua, and for the distinguished feelings of friendship and esteem existed toward him and the Hawaiian people in their tender and sympathetic care of the King during his recent illness, and in the funeral obsequies held in San Francisco, and in returning His Majesty's remains to his home; and

WHEREAS, A like obligation has been incurred to Rear-Admiral George Brown and his staff and to the officers and crew of the United States S. S. Charleston, for their unflinching care and attention to the King in his recent visit to California, and in the return of his remains to Hawaii; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce joins with all others in this country in expressions of the most cordial thanks to the United States Government, to the State of California, to the corporation of San Francisco, and to the citizens of said State and City for their courteous attentions to His Majesty the King during his recent visit and for the like respectful and tender care of the dead King's remains; and

RESOLVED, That we likewise tender to Rear-Admiral George Brown and his staff and to the officers and crew of the United States S. S. Charleston the heartfelt thanks of this association for the courteous attentions paid to His Majesty during his recent visit to the Pacific Coast and in the honorable attentions paid to his remains upon their return to the land of his birth;

RESOLVED, That an engrossed copy of the above preamble and resolutions be forwarded to the Secretary of State of the United States, to the Governor of the State of California, to the Mayor of the City of San Francisco, to Rear-Admiral George Brown and Captain Remy commanding U. S. F. S. Charleston;

RESOLVED, That the above preamble and resolutions be spread upon the records of this Chamber of Commerce, and that the same be published in the newspapers of this place.

The committee stated that they were instructed by the Chamber of Commerce, in order to express the earnest sense entertained by that body of the great hospitality and courtesy offered on behalf of the Government of the United States to the late King, the unceasing and watchful care of him during his fatal illness, and the respect paid to his remains, to request that the Minister would forward to the Secretary of State this copy of the resolutions of the Chamber, which had been passed at a meeting held on February 4, 1891. His Excellency replied as follows:

GENTLEMEN: With sincere respect for the sentiments and considerations so well expressed by the Chairman of your Committee, I receive the resolutions of your Chamber of Commerce as the views of an influential body of Hawaiian citizens deeply interested in the welfare of

these Islands and earnestly in favor of maintaining friendly relations with the United States. The recent demise of King Kalakaua, in San Francisco, with its attending circumstances, have produced a deep impression on the American people, and I fully concur in the opinions of the commercial association which you represent, that the fraternal ties between Hawaii and the nation of which I am the agent at this capital, was never stronger than it is at this time. I will promptly transmit the copy of your resolutions to the President of the United States.

In the afternoon the committee were received on board the U. S. S. Charleston, where they had the honor of presenting copies of the latter resolutions to Rear-Admiral Brown and Captain Remy. Admiral Brown expressed in a few well-chosen words the deep sorrow which he and his staff and the officers and crew of the Charleston had experienced concerning the illness and death of the King, and stated his intention of forwarding a copy of the resolutions to the Secretary of the Navy.

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A Magnificent Popular Work on the Skin, with Engraved Plates, is wrapped about the Resolvent. Also, one hundred Testimonials, solemnly sworn to before the British Consul, which repeat this story: I have been a terrible sufferer for years from Diseases of the Skin and Blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors; have had the best physicians; have spent hundreds of dollars, and got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin and blood as pure as a child's. Send for our sixty-four page book, "How to Cure Skin Diseases." Address HAWAIIAN CONSIGNEES, Benson, Smith & Co., Honolulu.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, cleanses the Blood and Expels all Impurities and Poisonous Elements, and thus removes the CAUSE. Hence it cures speedily, permanently, and economically.

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Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from CUTICURA, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Blemishes, Prickly Heat, Rashes, Sunburn, and Rough, Chapped, or Grassy Skin.

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For Sale by all retail chemists and wholesale druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the world. CUTICURA, 50 cents per box, large boxes, \$1.00; CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents; CUTICURA SHAMPOO SOAP, 15 cents; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, per bottle.

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AT REST.

(Continued from Page 1.)

A very impressive funeral service was performed. Mr. John Phillips as Master read the sermon, after the Masons had formed around the coffin. Then Mr. David Dayton went on with the service, the Masons saying the responses, after which the brothers mowed in procession round the body, each depositing a sprig of evergreen on the coffin. The grand honors were given three times. The chaplain, Rev. Alex Mackintosh, offered up the prayer in a most touching manner. He pronounced the benediction, the service ending by the singing of the funeral dirge, "Solemn strikes the funeral chime." Mr. Wray Taylor also presided at the organ for the Masonic service, which was most impressive throughout.

Along the Way.

The procession was one of great length, taking one hour and fifteen minutes to pass a given point, and many of the different delegations marched four and five abreast, while a great number of the carriages drove by twos. The procession was orderly, unbroken and proceeded with an evenness that bespoke well of discipline of the different companies and delegations. The route of the procession was crowded by a continuous throng of people, who viewed it from sidewalks, verandas, windows, balconies and roofs. At no other time during the past history of Hawaii has been or is likely to be for some time in the future, such a large cosmopolitan concourse of people assembled in Honolulu. Thus has been the last look of the public upon the remains of Kalakaua. They rest in quiet with a long line of royal ancestors gone to join the vast majority. Hawaii has seen one of her most illustrious sovereigns die on a foreign shore, his remains suddenly brought home at a time when her people were preparing for a festal event, all of which preparations were soon changed into deep mourning. The death of Kalakaua will go down in the history of Hawaii, marking the end of an epoch that during his seventeen years' reign has been a prosperous one.

Farewell Salutes.

From the time the funeral cortege left the Palace, minute guns were fired from the top of Punchbowl and from the two American men-of-war—Charleston and Mohican. Bells were mournfully tolling throughout the city and bonfires were burning from Punchbowl, adding an impressiveness to the solemn procession as it slowly wended its way to the Mausoleum.

The Casket.

The casket, as mentioned in the columns of the ADVERTISER some days ago, is made nearly all of wood, having only the rivets made of metal. The two woods both native of Hawaii are the koa and the kou. Of the former, which is the lighter in color, the body of the casket is made. Around the lower part of it are two moldings of kou. On each side are three ornamental handles made of the same wood, as are also the four corner pieces. Immediately below the lid are what might be termed lace moldings in the shape of arches. These are also of kou.

The lid comprises layers of the two woods. The upper is made of koa. The length of the casket is seven feet seven inches and two and a half feet wide, with a height of two feet two inches, excluding the crown which is six and a half inches high. The screws fastening the lid are covered by nicely rounded caps of kou. The whole structure contains 600 pieces of wood, and they are so well fitted that only where the same wood is of a little different shade of color at the joints can they be distinguished, and a polish has been given to it that makes it almost bright enough for a mirror.

The only metallic ornaments placed upon the casket, in which is enclosed the metallic case with the remains as sent from California, are a silver crown, a silver and gold shield, and a beautiful wreath of oxidized silver. The crown of solid silver, lined with black velvet, is fastened eleven inches from the shield towards the head of the casket. Surrounding the crown is a Maltese cross, and both crown and shield are mounted upon polished cushions of kou wood.

The shield or plate is eleven inches in length by eight inches broad at the widest part. Beginning at the upper end of the plate is a small gold crown resting upon the stems of two small fern leaves wrought in silver which border the upper part. Immediately beneath these is the Hawaiian coat-of-arms worked in gold and enamel, with colors red, white and blue, and on the center of this is the King's crest in gold. On either side of the royal arms is a gardenia branch containing each a large gardenia flower, while at the top part of the branch, a tuberose. Underneath the coat-of-arms is inscribed, in raised letters the Hawaiian motto—"Ua mau ke ea o ka Aina i ka Pono." (The life of the land is established in righteousness)—upon a golden ribbon. Next is engraved

His Majesty DAVID LAAMEA KAMANAKAPU MAHINULANI NALOAIEHUKALANI LUNALANI KALAKAUA, Seventh King of Hawaii. Reigned From February 12th, 1874, to January 20th, 1891. Born November 16th, 1836. Died in San Francisco, January 20th, 1891.

At the lower point of the shield is a large gardenia, with two small sprays of gardenia, back of which are two large ferns, one extending each way around the lower edge and corners nearly halfway up the sides of the shield. There are also two small ferns beneath the larger two. All of the ferns, branches of gardenia, with the tuberose, are in dead white silver, while the gardenias have gold stems.

Placed near the foot of the casket is the handsome oxidized silver wreath that was on the casket in which the remains were brought from California. This wreath is wrought into roses, rose buds and rose vines, with a buttercup entwined on either side. Inside the wreath are the symbols of the Masonic Fraternity, by whom it was given. Two large screws of solid gold fasten the whole to the lid of the casket.

Singing of Dirges at the Palace.

Not the least among the attractions to the Palace during the past two weeks

was the singing by the native choirs in the evenings, often till after midnight. The songs were mostly recent compositions in honor of the late King, and were sung either by a full choir of twenty or more voices, or as solos with a chorus from the choir. Among them was one written on board the Charleston, commencing:

"Mourn ye sons of Hawaii, Sad news to you we bring, No more you'll gaze with loving eye, Upon your generous King."

The refrain at the end of each verse, "King Kalakaua's no more," gave it a most melancholy finale.

Another dirge described the sorrow spread over the land at the appearance of the Charleston draped in mourning, the chorus to which touched every heart:

"His voice is hushed, His spirit fled, Our royal father, King no more."

The last line, in particular, was sung with most touching pathos. Several of these dirges were composed by those singing them, the last referred to having been by Mrs. Holt. Others are ascribed to the Queen. It is noteworthy that they take the place of the senseless wailing which was heard after the deaths of the earlier chiefs and kings, which is seldom heard now-a-days in the city.

K. of P. Uniform Rank.

The P. H. Brook's Division No. 1, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, appeared to great advantage in their magnificent new uniforms; theirs were a great contrast to the sombre color adjacent and along the line. The bright red plumes on their white helmets; the silver braid on the shoulder straps; the red belt, with silver hangings and sword tended to relieve the monotony of the dark colors to the eye.

The Division has been in existence only a few months; they are all, with the exception of two, members of Mystic Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias.

Unlike a military company, all the members wear shoulder-straps, that to the eye of a military man, each member of the division appears like an officer.

The full dress uniform, which the division appeared in, consists of the following: White helmet with nickel chain chin strap, surmounted with red fountain plume; on front of helmet is a shield in red with silver bullion border, and in center of same a calla lily device in silver bullion. The coat is the regular military single-breasted frock, made from black broadcloth. A row of nine white metal buttons fastens the coat in front; these buttons have on the border raised letters the name of the order, also a calla lily; besides these buttons two appear at the waist and two on the coat tails. The shoulder straps worn by each individual is made up like the shield on the helmets, with the exception that they are rectangle in shape. The pantaloons are ordinary black cloth trousers. Encircling the waist is a red enameled leather belt, with open calla-lily hangers, attached to which are three chains in white metal; the buckle is made of the same metal, and bears the initials "U. R." with the calla-lily between.

Hanging from the belt in the rear the fatigue cap was worn, which added to the beauty of the outfit; it is of regular military shape, with silver bullion braid across the front above the peak, above that the figure "1," surrounded by callalilies. The top of the cap, which is shown when hanging, has a blue background, on which rests a double triangle in red, the angles made by braid of silver bullion, and in center of same a calla lily; underneath the double triangle the word "Hawaii" appears in silver braid.

The sword, which was draped with crape, is an elaborate affair. The scabbard is made of hard white metal, with fine scroll work of Pythian insignism on it; the hilt is covered with black leather, which is entwined with gold braid. On the head of the hilt is a knight's head covered with helmet, on which rests a lion in repose. Each blade has the owner's name etched on it.

Official Order of Procession.

- Mounted Torch Bearers. Police. Marshal of the Kingdom and Aids. Band. Students of St. Louis College. Kamehameha School. Iolani College. Public Schools. Kawaiaho Female Seminary. St. Andrew's Priory. Oahu College. Band. Portuguese Societies. Honolulu Fire Department. Mechanic's Benefit Union. Ancient Order of Foresters. American Legion of Honor. Knights of Pythias. Geo. W. De Long Post, No. 45, G. A. R. Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Representatives of the Masonic Veteran Association of the Pacific Coast. Free and Accepted Masons. Members of the Medical Fraternity. Attending Physicians to the late King. Ahaui Opiopio Puuwa'i Lokahi. Liliuokalani Educational Society. Hoala and Hoolu Lahui Society. Lei Mamo Society. Halo Mamo Society. Konohiki's of Crown Lands. Konohiki's of Her Majesty's Private Lands. Konohiki's of the late King's Private Lands. Colonel Commanding and Staff. Royal Hawaiian Band. Band of U. S. F. S. Charleston. Detachment of Marines and Blue Jackets from the U. S. Flagship Charleston. U. S. S. Mohican. H. B. M.'s S. Nymphs. Her Majesty's Household Servants. Servants of the late King. Protestant Clergy. Clergy of the Roman Catholic Church. Right Reverend the Bishop of Oha. Choir. Officiating Clergy. Right Reverend the Bishop of Honolulu. The late King's Charger. His late Majesty's Chamberlains. The Honorables Majors R. H. Baker and J. T. Baker bearing the Crown Jewels. The Native Sons of Hawaii drawing Catafalque.

Mai Fai intends leaving for San Francisco in the next trip of the Anstralia, and in the meanwhile is staying with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Reynolds, corner of Beretania and Punchbowl streets. On her return to the Coast, she will superintend the publication of a second edition of her book, "Fruits of Passion," the demand for which has exceeded expectations.

The State Carriage with Her Majesty the Queen and His Excellency the Hon. J. O. Dominis, Consort.

Carriage of H. R. H. Princess Kaiulani, bearing the Hon. A. S. Cleghorn. The Chancellor of the Kingdom. The Cabinet Ministers. The Diplomatic Corps and Rear-Admiral Brown and Staff. Justices of the Supreme Court. The President of the Legislature. Members of the Legislature. The Ladies of the Court. The Privy Councilors. Officers of the U. S. F. S. Charleston. U. S. S. Mohican and H. B. M. S. Nymphs. Consular Corps. Circuit Judges. Members of the Bar. Government Officials. Foreign Residents. The Public Police.

THE ROYAL MAUSOLEUM.

The Kamehameha Tomb.

Names of the Nation's Honored Dead.

On a beautiful lawn at the entrance of Nuuanu Valley, overlooking this city, the harbor and ocean beyond, stands the Royal Mausoleum, erected by the Hawaiian Government, as the resting place of the remains of the Royal Family of Hawaii and a few of their greatest benefactors. It is built in Gothic style of architecture, of concrete stone, with the lawn handsomely laid out with walks and studded with trees, the whole presenting from the avenue an attractive appearance.

A short distance to the left of the building is a vault, constructed mainly underground, which has been named "The Kamehameha Tomb." It was built some six or eight years ago, as it became necessary to provide some other place for the increasing number of coffins which had nearly filled the main building. A portion of the coffins have been transferred to this large and spacious tomb, thus relieving the main building, so that space is now provided for all the requirements of many years to come. Prior to the transfer of the remains of the kings to the present mausoleum, they were kept in a temporary mausoleum in the Palace yard. In bold contrast with that rude structure, it is a credit to the nation that such a building has been erected for the purpose, and it will ever remain an ornament to the city, as long as it stands. Few people are aware how many coffins are deposited here, including that of our late King Kalakaua, whose number fifty. The following may not be a complete list of all whose remains are in the Royal Mausoleum, as the information has been obtained from several sources, nor have the dates when they died been ascertained.

The body or bones of Kamehameha the Great are said to have been deposited in the caves near Kealakekua Bay, where those of other royal chiefs were laid; but as they have never been recognized, they still remain where first deposited. This accounts for his name not being in the list. He died May 8, 1819.

KAMEHAMEHA II., died in London July 14, 1824.

QUEEN KAMAMALI, died in London July 8, 1824.

The above bodies were brought back to Honolulu by Lord Byron, commanding H. B. M. S. ship Blonde.

QUEEN KAAMUANANI, wife of Kamehameha I., died June 5, 1832.

KAMEHAMEHA III., died Dec. 15, 1854.

QUEEN KALAMA, wife of Kamehameha III., died Sept. 20, 1870.

KAMEHAMEHA IV., died November 30, 1863.

PRINCE OF HAWAII, son of the above, died Aug. 27, 1862.

QUEEN EMMA, wife of Kamehameha IV., died April 25, 1885.

PRINCESS KINAU, wife of Gov. Keekouanao, died April 4, 1883.

PRINCESS VICTORIA K. KAAMUANANI, daughter of Kinau, died May 29, 1866.

KAMEHAMEHA V., died Dec. 11, 1872.

GOV. M. KEKUNAHOA, died 1868, Nov. 24.

KAMANELE, daughter of Gov. Kuakini, died April 1833.

A. PAKI, father of Mrs. Bishop, died June, 1855.

L. KOHA, wife of Paki and mother of Mrs. Bishop, died July, 1857.

Mrs. BISHOP, wife of King Kamehameha IV., and V., died 1848.

DAVID, another brother of Kamehameha IV., and V.

WM. PITT LELIUKOHI, died in 1848.

KEOLA, son of Government of Hawaii.

KEAWALEWALA, infant son of Kamehameha III.

LILLOA, an ancestor of the Kamehamehas.

LOKONAKAMAKAHII, an ancestor of the Kamehameha family.

Mrs. BERNICE PAUANI BISHOP, died Oct. 1884.

MR. RUTH KEKIKOHI, sister of Kamehameha IV., and V., died May 24, 1883.

KEKAULOHU, mother of Lunahoa, died June 7, 1845.

C. KAPAHEKA, father of Queen Liliuokalani.

KEOHOKALOHE, mother of Queen Liliuokalani.

PRINCESS MIRIAM LIKELIKE, wife of Hon. A. S. Cleghorn and sister of King Kalakaua. Died Feb. 3, 1887.

DAVID L. KALAKAUA, died in San Francisco, Jan. 20, 1891.

KEONI ANA (John Young) died in 1857, July 18.

MAUNA LOA—A MEMORY.

(FOR THE GAZETTE.)

Lonely and cold, with the snow on the crown of it, Under the tropics, and ringed by the sea, I see Mauna Loa, far 'neath the frown of it, Came fields, and orange, and waving palm tree. The sun of the morning, shining serene on it, Painteth its summit in bloom of the rose; Far off the sailor descrieth the sheen on it, As southward he comes from his land of the snows. Spectral and still, like a ghost on the face of it, Lieth untainted the mantle of snow; Drowsy and sweet, like a song, round the base of it, Surgeth the sea, in its ebb and its flow.

Hark! the loud roar that now comes from the deeps of it, Sweaveth the solid earth under your feet; Fissures and chasms are cleft in the steep of it,— Roaring of thunder and hissing of sleet. Columns of vapor, ascending in clouds on it, Tinted in crimson, and purple, and gold; Volcanues of smoke, drooping o'er like a shroud on it, Eerie like shadows on valley and wold. Yawning and fearful, far up on the sides of it, Suddenly openeth a crater of yore: Belching forth lava—the red pushing tides of it, Roaring and fierce down the mountain sides pour.

Lurid and awful the river like blood on it, Swept like a pestilence all in its flow, Sweeping the forests, deep down in the floods on it, And swathing in fire the valleys below. Pleasant and cool, far away at the foot of it, Encircled by palms, and close by the shore, Hilo lay lovely and fair at the foot of it, Approaching it now, the fiery floods roar. For long, weary weeks the fire issued forth of it, Hilo folks gathered for watching and prayer, The lava floods ceased; came winds from the north of it, Cooled the red river—arrested it there.

Lonely and cold, with the snow on the crown of it, Under the tropics and ringed by the sea, I see Mauna Loa, far 'neath the frown of it, Came fields, and orange, and waving palm tree.

CHARLES A. EWART. Dalbeattie, Scotland, 1890.

"TIS ONLY A STEP."

LINE OF CONDOLENCE TO THE BEREAVED QUEEN DOWAGER.

The distance seems not far to me— Over the river—into futurity; As oft I marvel that this should be— As oft I'my answer full of surity.

"Tis because those of whom I am apart Have opened up the way before me; I feel not afraid—the way is dark— 'Tis lighted by lamplight—until I see— How close it is. With eyes clearer grown I can almost see the heavenly band; Sometimes I feel—when all alone— I'm nearer and nearer, e'en clasping a hand.

I cannot find it a journey to tread— When 'tis but a step to the other side— Let us quicken our path to meet the dead; And dip our oar in Eternity's tide. I never can stand by the bier and see The dreaded messenger on the face of love, But I pause to think—"One more welcome for me." When I've crossed the river to the shore above.

MAI FAI. Honolulu, Feb. 15th, 1891.

Song of the Ocean Shell.

Upon a mountain height, far from the sea, I found a shell; And to my listening ear this lovely thing Ever a song of the ocean seemed to sing— Ever a tale of ocean seemed to tell.

How came this shell upon the mountain height? Ah, who can say Whether there dropped by some too careless hand, Whether there cast when oceans swept the land, Ere the Eternal had ordained the day?

Strange, was it not? Far from its native deep, One song it sang: Sang of the awful mysteries of the tide, Sang of the storied sea, profound and wide,— Ever with echoes of old ocean rang.

And as the shell upon the mountain height So do I ever, leagues and leagues away, So do I ever, wandering where I may, Sing, O my home! sing, O my home, of thee!

—[Eugene Field.

Telephonic.

A fifty-foot whale, With a twenty-foot "tale," Was seen off Diamond Head; A story was about, That some kanakas went out, To harpoon him until he was dead.

The news of this same Bell Telephone came, To whom it was told "on a wire," Although we don't doubt it, There is something about it That will tend to make you step in and inquire.

MONUMENT COMMITTEE.

Permanent Organization—Constitution Adopted—Officers Elected.

A large attendance was present at the meeting of the committee selected to push the matter of raising, by popular subscription, money to erect a statue in memory of the late King Kalakaua. The committee met at the Hawaiian Hotel at an early hour on Friday evening, and earnestly considered the matter from all points of view.

After due deliberation the following Constitution and By-laws were unanimously adopted:

CONSTITUTION OF THE KALAKAUA MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

ARTICLE 1—NAME. The name of this organization shall be the Kalakaua Monument Association.

ART. 2—OBJECT. Its object shall be to provide ways and means for the erection of a suitable monument or statue in honor of His late Majesty Kalakaua.

ART. 3—MEMBERSHIP. The members of this association shall be as follows: J. J. Williams, Paul Isenberg, W. F. Love, C. J. McCarthy, C. F. Wilder, J. O. Carter, Jr., J. H. Wodehouse, Jr., W. G. Ashley, W. C. King, J. M. Monsarrat, E. F. Bishop, Hugh Gunn, J. M. Dowsett, A. Rosa, T. P. Cummins, S. K. Kane, M. P. Robinson, Samuel Parker, Jno. Ena, J. F. Colburn, P. D. Kellett, Geo. Norton, Geo. Allen, Geo. C. Beckley, Samuel Nowlin, E. C. Macfarlane, Carl Metz, T. R. Lucas, R. More and W. H. Cornwell.

ART. 4—OFFICERS. The officers shall be a President, two Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor and a board of three Trustees, whose duties shall be as prescribed by the By-Laws.

ART. 5—BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The affairs of the association shall be conducted by a Board of Directors to consist of all the officers and trustees, and its meetings shall be open to the members. They shall make all arrangements to provide means to carry out the object of the association. They shall not contract with any person or persons for the statue or monument except by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the association.

ART. 6—BOARD OF TRUSTEES. All moneys collected by the association shall be vested in the Trustees, their successors in office and assigns, subject to the power of the Board of Directors.

BY-LAWS. SECTION 1—The meetings of the association shall be subject to the call of the President, or a majority of the Board of Directors or upon the written request of one-third of the members of the association.

SECTION 2—SHARE CERTIFICATE. The association shall issue Share Certificates to each of the subscribers which shall be signed by the President and Treasurer. It is hereby provided that no person shall hold in his or her name more than one of these certificates. The price of these certificates shall be \$1 each.

SECTION 3—PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENTS. It shall be the duty of the President to preside at all meetings of the Association and Board of Directors. He may call meetings and shall call such when requested to do so in accordance with Section 1 of these By-laws. The first Vice-President shall perform all the duties of the President in his absence or disability. The second Vice-President shall do the same in the absence of the first Vice-President.

SECTION 4—SECRETARY. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep a record of the proceedings of the meetings of the Association and of the Board of Directors. He shall call special meetings when requested in accordance with Section 1 of these By-laws.

SECTION 5—TREASURER. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to take charge of the moneys of the Association and pay the same to the Trustees. He shall disburse moneys in accordance with the instructions of the Board of Directors.

SECTION 6—The Auditor shall audit and approve all accounts of the Association.

SECTION 7—A majority shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. After the adoption of the above Constitution and By-laws, the convention (for such it was) proceeded to the election of a permanent set of officers, resulting as follows: President, Hon. Samuel Parker; First Vice President, Hon. C. J. McCarthy; Second Vice-President, Hon. John Ena; Secretary, Mr. W. G. Ashley; Treasurer, Mr. M. P. Robinson; Auditor, Mr. E. F. Bishop; Trustees, Hon. E. C. Macfarlane, Hon. Antone Rosa and Mr. J. F. Colburn.

The committee on permanent organization comprised Hon. A. Rosa, Hon. E. C. Macfarlane, Hon. C. J. McCarthy, Messrs. J. F. Colburn, J. J. Williams, S. K. Kane and E. F. Bishop.

By reading the names of the members of the convention and of the various officers will convince the public that the work is in good hands, and perfectly non-partizan in political complexion. The officers of the organization are also the directors. They are well known as men of ability on whom the people of the Kingdom can thoroughly rely for the collection of the amount required and the proper expenditure of the same.

Just inside the Richard street entrance to the Palace yard, a cave-in occurred presumably Wednesday night, as on Thursday morning an opening was discovered fourteen inches in diameter at the surface, four feet deep with a diameter of five feet at the bottom. The depression has been filled.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. F. A. Schaefer has a coffee and cattle ranch for sale.

Have you read about that "walking match" and the "best tonic" in another column?

The ball to be given by the Uniform Rank, K. of P., this month, has been indefinitely postponed.

The resolutions of condolence of the Chamber of Commerce have been handsomely engrossed by Mr. Viggo Jacobsen.

The Dowager Queen Kapiolani presented Admiral Brown with a handsome diamond ring that was worn by the late King.

Many were the clicks of the kodak made Sunday during the procession. On almost every good point of view the "fiends" were to be seen.

The United States Flagship Charleston will be ready to leave by the 16th inst., but will quite likely remain over until the 18th on account of the mail arriving on the 17th.

Messrs. H. Hackfeld & Co., sole agents for the celebrated Bechstein piano, have received a number of pianos per the bark Charlotte, which are ready for inspection and sale.

Messrs. W. C. Peacock & Co. have received large and choice stocks of wines, beers, gins, brandies, etc. Read their advertisement elsewhere and see for yourself what they have to offer.

An excursion train of twelve cars, bearing between 700 and 800 Chinese, went over the Oahu Railway on Friday. It was the wind-up of Chinese New Year, the excursionists taking a whole cartload of fire-crackers, bombs, etc., with them.

Kalaniiwahine, a Hawaiian, was found dead at Kukuhihale, Hanalei, Hawaii, some day last week. He was from Kawaihau. Death at the hands of some unknown persons was the verdict of the coroner's inquest.

A curious flying fish is to be seen bottled at Hollister & Co.'s store. The fish has a head much resembling the head of a bullfrog, with wings abnormally large. It was caught by a native and is now the property of Mr. A. Barnes.

The Bell telephone operator telephoned a big whale story to the ADVERTISER office Thursday forenoon. The "fifty foot whale with a twenty foot tail" seen off Diamond Head was, perhaps, looking out for the whale fleets expected in these waters soon.

A call has been made for a meeting of the Nobles for the purpose of establishing the line of accession to the Hawaiian throne, H. R. H. Princess Kaiulani is likely to be declared the next in accession to Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani.

Captain Marston, formerly of the Hawaiian bark Andrew Welch, was to leave Sydney during last month for Scotland to superintend the construction of another iron vessel under the Hawaiian flag. Work completed, the new craft will be placed on the trade between Australia, Honolulu and San Francisco.

The drapings of the Government buildings were intrusted to Mr. J. A. Hassinger, Chief Clerk of the Interior Department. The tasty manner in which the work was done above for itself the efficiency of Mr. Hassinger's abilities to carry out successfully the difficult undertaking.

Messrs. H. H. Williams & Co., who made the casket for the remains of the late King, executed as beautiful a piece of cabinet manufacture as can be done anywhere. While the casket was on view at their furnishing store, Saturday, it was viewed by a continuous throng till removed to the Palace.

Supreme Court—At Chambers. BEFORE McCULLY, J. FRIDAY, Feb. 13. In re estate of Henry M. Stillman. Petition of J. M. Dowsett for probate of will and letters testamentary. The Court orders the will admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued to petitioner upon \$6,500 bond. Whiting for plaintiff.

In re guardianship of Mary, Charles and Ella Bridges. Annual account of W. O. Smith, guardian. Court orders account approved.

Facts About the Fair. Robert P. Porter, Superintendent of the Census, is a candidate for an executive position in connection with the World's Fair.

A French wine firm is building for the Columbian Exposition a touneau in Hungarian wood capable of holding 1,000 hogshheads, or 250,000 bottles of wine.

A Columbus celebration in 1892 will be held by Spain at Huelva, in Andalusia, "the discoverer having sailed from the estuary now known as Huelva Harbor."

Alberto de Palachois, of Bilbao, Spain, has a \$6,000,000 Columbus monument scheme which he asks Director General Davis to promote.

Three-fourths of the letters that are received at the World's Fair headquarters are from persons who want employment.

Brain workers, and all who have to stand the severe mental strain consequent on intellectual employment, find Clements' Tonic invaluable. Dr. Clements & Co. are the Agents for the Islands.

Hawaiian Gazette

EST. MODUS IN REBUS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 17, 1891.

By the Australia's mail, we received from the Hawaiian Consul at San Diego two poems in type-writing, handed to him by the author, J. C. Pelton, a well-known poet of that city, to be forwarded to the ADVERTISER for publication.

Elsewhere will be found the full charge of Judge McCully in the libel suit of D. M. Crowley vs. The Hawaiian Gazette Company.

The table of rainfall for eleven months of the past year, given in another column, furnishes some of the most interesting data obtained of late years.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE COLUMBIA RIVER.

The attention of the public of Washington State, and indeed of all the Northwest of the Union, is called by the Hon. Jas. G. Swan to the approach of the one-hundredth anniversary of an event which has proved of vast importance to the westward extension of the States, and, with the acquisition of California, has helped to complete the magnificent Pacific sea board of which Americans are justly proud.

of Boston in the American ship Columbia of the same port.

Mr. or Judge Swan, who is Hawaiian Consul at Port Townsend, in a long and most interesting contribution to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer gives the history of two North Pacific cruises of Capt. Gray, in the first of which he carried the American flag round the world for the first time, having sailed from Boston by Cape Horn for the N.W. coast, and thence to Canton, calling at the Sandwich Islands for refreshments and provisions.

This priority of discovery of Gray's harbor, which, however, he named Bullfinch's, after the chief of the merchants who fitted out the expedition, and of the Columbia River, "gave to the United States," says Mr. Swan, "the western empires of Oregon and Washington, over which, but for Gray's discovery the British flag would now be flying, and we would be but a province of Canada, like British Columbia."

Curiously enough, as Mr. Swan quotes from Vancouver's journal, on the 29th of April the English navigator "discovered a sail to the Westward, standing inshore. This was a great novelty, not having seen any vessel but our consort during the last eight months."

"She soon hoisted American colors and fired a gun to leeward. At 6 o'clock we spoke to her. She proved to be the ship Columbia commanded by Captain Robert Gray, belonging to Boston, whence she had been absent nineteen months." Vancouver had then just recently attempted the entrance to the river but found the breakers impassable, and only twelve days after the meeting of the two ships Gray ran through the breakers with all sail set and anchored in "a large river of fresh water" ten miles above its mouth.

Gray had been a long time trading and exploring along the coasts of Vancouver's and Queen Charlotte's islands and had built a schooner for the purpose which he named the Enterprise. On one occasion when preparing for sea he was visited by a couple of chiefs with a number of their followers between whom and a Hawaiian seaman on board Gray thought there appeared to be some understanding; he questioned the Hawaiian who at length informed him that the Indians had formed a plan for seizing the vessel, and murdering the crew and had promised to spare his life and make him a chief if he would aid them by wetting the priming of all the guns at a particular time.

When Gray first returned from the North West he called, as has been stated, at these islands, and carried to Boston as a passenger the "crown-prince," (?) "son of King Kamehameha, who was received with great honor by Governor John Hancock, and on his return to his native isle," says Mr. Swan, "a friendship sprang up between the natives and the Americans, which, by the sagacity and energy of the American missionaries and merchants has been cemented into a fraternal bond of amity and commerce."

The Spaniards of those days had very grand notions of territorial rights over the open sea. The Columbia on her way out having rounded Cape Horn, put into Juan Fernandez to repair. The Govern-

nor received the Americans with great kindness and aided them in refitting their vessel, and allowed them to go on their way in peace. For this he was recalled, placed under arrest, and the Viceroy expressed his "surprise and displeasure" at the conduct of the Commandant of Juan Fernandez in not having seized the ship under the Royal Ordinance of 1692 which provided that any foreign vessel in these seas (the Pacific) without a license from the Court of Spain was to be treated as an enemy, because no other had, or ought to have, in those seas any territories making it necessary for its vessels to pass round Cape Horn or through Magellan's Straits!! The authorities of Chile and Peru were cautioned to keep a sharp look out for the intruder, and a ship was actually sent out from Callao to track or intercept her! "Tempora mutantur."

AN EXTRAORDINARY PROCEEDING.

There has been no phase of the Behring Sea dispute so remarkable as that developed in the United States Supreme Court on Monday.

A more extraordinary move has never been made in that tribunal, and, looking at its diplomatic significance, its parallel is not to be found in the annals of diplomacy.

It is nothing less than an appeal by Great Britain from the executive to the judicial department of our government of a diplomatic issue still under diplomatic discussion. It can only be taken as an amazing flank movement of Lord Salisbury which can hardly be reconciled with established diplomatic usage or international courtesy.

This view is amply disclosed by the character of the proceeding. The avowed object is to get the whole Behring Sea dispute before the Supreme Court, to bring under review every question discussed by Mr. Blaine and Lord Salisbury, every point bearing on the issue, and to have the Court decide whether the United States or England is right in its contention.

To accomplish this a writ of prohibition is asked for to annul the judgment of the Alaskan District Court in the case of one of the seized Canadian sealers.

Two petitions are presented. One is by the owner of the vessel. That is merely formal.

The other is signed by Sir John Thompson, Attorney General for the Dominion of Canada, "with the knowledge and approval of the Imperial Government of Great Britain." That is, a petition by the British Government—the same authority represented by Lord Salisbury in the diplomatic controversy.

The petition of the owner of the vessel is regular and legitimate. It shows an aggrieved person seeking redress in a proper channel.

The petition of Great Britain is extraordinary. Its chief purpose cannot be to secure indemnity or protection for individual subjects. The Supreme Court affords in this instance no other or better remedy to the nation than to the subject. In such a case it is usual for the person to act for himself.

What Great Britain really seeks is an adjudication of the international right in dispute.

With such a right it is for diplomacy to deal until diplomacy fails. To appeal to another tribunal while diplomatic discussion is still pending is a resort to tactics as inadmissible as they are extraordinary.

It is by no means clear that the Supreme Court will or can review and adjudicate this matter.

But if in view of Monday's development Mr. Blaine should curtly notify Lord Salisbury that this action, unless it be disavowed, will bring the pending diplomatic negotiations to an abrupt end, the English Minister could attribute the result only to his own blunder in permitting, if not authorizing, a move unprecedented in friendly international intercourse and well calculated to arouse national indignation.—N. Y. Herald, Jan. 14.

RAINFALL FOR 1890.

From Reports to the Weather Service.

Table with 2 columns: Location and Rainfall (Inches). Locations include Hawaii-Pepeekeo, Hamakua, N. Kohala, Maui, Waikapu, Spreckelsville, Hamakua, Kula, Oahu-Punahou, Honolulu (town), Kilauea, Lower Nuuanu, Upper Nuuanu, Waikiki, Kona-Kilauea, Kealia, Lihou, and Kona.

C. J. LYONS, In charge of Weather Service.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Hearing in the Case of John E. Bush - Motion Made for a Discharge of the Rule - Argument of Counsel.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 11.

The Supreme Court in banco opened at 10 o'clock this morning. Case called was that of John E. Bush to show cause why he should not be adjudged guilty of contempt of Court.

Mr. C. W. Ashford appeared as counsel for respondent, who read a motion to discharge the rule, as follows:

John E. Bush, respondent in this cause, moves the Court that the rule entered against him on the 6th day of February instant, wherein and whereby this respondent is cited to appear before this honorable Court and to show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt of said Court; may be discharged and that this respondent may be allowed to go free of any further proceedings herein.

And respondent alleges the following grounds for the discharge of said rule, viz.:

1. The act complained of in the petition upon which said rule is based, is not in law a contempt of this Court, for which this Court has power to punish this respondent.

2. This Court cannot legally punish as for a contempt, a publication of the nature of that herein complained of, made in a newspaper and not done in the immediate presence of the Court.

3. No publication out of Court in relation to the Court, or to any of its individual members, amounts in law to a contempt, and the same cannot be punished as such.

4. It is nowhere alleged or intimated in said petition, or in the rule issued in pursuance thereof, that the said publication was made while this honorable Court was sitting as such, nor that said publication was designed or calculated, or had any tendency to obstruct, embarrass or prevent the due administration of justice.

5. If this respondent were in fact the publisher of, or legally responsible for said publication, which he doth in nowise admit to be true, then such a fact and the offense involved therein are matters concerning which this respondent is, by the Constitution and the statute law, entitled to trial by a jury of his peers.

Attorney General Peterson, not being ready, asked for time to prepare a reply to the motion, which request was granted by the Court. An adjournment was made till 1:30 p. m.

The Court convened at 1:35 o'clock in the afternoon, when Mr. Ashford proceeded with his argument. He confined his remarks to reference to the different contempts of Court, the kind under which the respondent's case came and to quoting various authorities on law to substantiate his arguments.

He traced the origin of contempt of Court to an ancient period in the history of the British Isles. He classified the same into the direct and the consequential contempt. By the former the contempt consists of an open insult to the Court, open vituperation, hindrance to the passing of decrees, and disturbance at the time of the session of the Court was being held. Consequential contempt comprised a more indirect contempt, having a tendency to prejudice the Court in the eyes of the jury and people. Cases of direct contempt of Court are not so numerous as the construction contempt, as the latter is styled in later times. The point and pith of his arguments lay in the fact that the Legislature had abolished constructive contempt of Court. Under the constructive contempt the present case undoubtedly was to be classed.

While taking for granted that the publishing of the articles in question before the passage of this law would make the publisher liable to punishment, since the abolishing of the former constructive contempt law, the case was one in which no punishment could be made. If considered a constructive contempt, counsel held that the Court had no authority to punish. Cases were cited showing the case constituted nothing of contempt under the new law. There is nothing in the publication that in any way interferes with the Court, to influence the opinion of jurors, or to bring the Court into contempt. It was worthy of considering whether the publication of the respondent was brought against the Court or against individual members of the Court. It is possible that one or several members of the Court being libeled without the Court being libeled. If the article had been read in Court with the intention of injuring decision of Court or to put it in any disrepute, etc., then that would be a different matter. But no trial was pending, the Court was not in session, the publication had no tendency to interfere with a case then pending, consequently it did not constitute a contempt of Court. In this case it cannot be held the Court was in session or in banco, hence the publication had no tendency whatever of interfering, obstructing or influencing the opinion of the Court. Nothing in the publication had any design to exert influence, consequently could not come under the head of constructive contempt.

Attorney General Peterson argued the case for the Crown. It was thought proper by Department to bring the case as a contempt of the Court. With one exception this is the first time the Court has been

asked to give judgment. Could not distinguish between a judge acting as a judge and the Court. Counsel made one point in classing it as constructive contempt. Reports read by counsel refer only to questions of contempt in the common law. The bill passed by the Legislature was so considered by that body as that nothing should be construed as contempt except what is found on our statutes.

The Court took the case under advisement and adjourned for the day.

PRIZES AWARDED.

Mr. C. B. Ripley Gets the First Prize - Committee Appointed to Push Construction of the Building.

At a meeting of the Sailors' Home Society held yesterday forenoon at the Chamber of Commerce, prizes were awarded for the best plans submitted by the competitors at the meeting held last week.

Mr. C. B. Ripley received the first prize of \$200 by a unanimous vote of the members of the society; Mr. Geo. L. Dall received the second prize of \$50; Mr. Harry Mills, the third prize of \$25.

A committee of five, consisting of Messrs. C. M. Cooke, F. A. Schaefer, W. W. Hall, J. F. Hackfeld, J. H. Paty, was appointed to prepare plans and specifications for a building, using Mr. Ripley's plan as a basis; the committee was further authorized to make any change or addition in the plan, the same to be submitted to the society for approval. When the plans are ready, bids will be advertised for the construction of the building.

New Advertisements.

Notice of Election.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE A. Ewa Plantation Co., held this day, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. M. Cooke, President; J. B. Castle, Vice-President; E. D. Tenney, Secretary; J. B. Atherton, Treasurer; J. H. Paty, Auditor.

M. S. GRINBAUM & CO., (LIMITED).

Honolulu, H. I., and San Francisco, Cal. M. S. Grinbaum, President; C. Bolte, Vice-President and Treasurer; A. Aschheim, Secretary; M. Louison, Auditor.

M. S. Grinbaum & Co., Limited, Honolulu, H. I., and San Francisco, Cal., has assumed the assets and liabilities of M. S. Grinbaum & Co. and of C. Bolte, and will continue the General Business formerly carried on by those two firms.

Notice of Incorporation and Election of Officers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on the 23d day of January, A. D. 1891, the Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company, Limited, organized as an incorporated Joint Stock Company; that the articles of association and affidavit required by law have been duly filed in the office of the Minister of the Interior and the following named persons have been elected officers of the Company: Tom May, President; C. M. Cooke, Vice-President; F. A. Schaefer, Treasurer; W. W. Hall, Secretary; T. W. Hobron, Auditor.

Notice of Election.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Kahuku Plantation Company, held this morning, the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year: Alexander Young, President; John A. Cummins, Vice-President; Jas. B. Castle, Treasurer; Wm. W. Hall, Secretary; C. Bolte, Auditor.

Kona Coffee and Fruit Company, L'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the subscribers of the above named Company held in Honolulu, Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, on January 21, 1891, it was voted to accept the Charter of Incorporation granted by the Hawaiian Government. Notice is further given that the limit of said Charter is fifty years, and the liability of the stockholders limited to the amount due and unpaid on the shares.

Advertisement for Big G medicine, featuring a circular logo and text describing its benefits for various ailments.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.



Arrival of Blengfell

141 Days from Liverpool!

LARGE CARGO OF

New Goods

- List of goods including: Anchors, Chains, Cocoa Mats, Kettles, Sauce Pans, Fry Pans, Bedsteads, Fence Wire, Sheathing Metal, Roofing Iron, Cane Knives, Cutlery, Sole Leather Trunks, White Lead, Red Lead, Boiled Linseed Oil, Castor Oil, Belting, Coal Tar, Water Tanks, Fire Brick, Red Brick, Alum, Red Ochre, Fire Clay, Bags, Twine, Filter Cloth, Soap, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Perfumery, Flags, Rope Brushes, Croquet Sets, Dressing Cases, Mirrors, Saddles, Bridles, Felts, Whips, Spurs, Blankets, Sheeting, Dry Goods, Merinos, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Victoria Lawns, Mosquito Netting, Leggings, Laces, Ribbons, Hats, Helmets, Velvets, Embroidered Dresses, Flannel, Basket Trunks, Picnic Hampers, Rugs, Mats, Carpets, Clothing, Tweeds, Gingham, Hosiery, Scarfs, Suits in latest styles, Underwear, Braces, Sofa Pillows, Gloves, Flouncing, Embroidery, Curtaine, Table Napkins, Table Cloths, Water-proof Coats, Artificial Flowers, Dust Cloaks, Pajama Suits, Fine Hosiery—Silk, Lisle, Cotton, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Desert Sets, Fancy Crockery, Common Crockery, Wedgwood Ware, Vases, Wicker Ware, Fancy Chairs, Hammocks, Tables, Baskets, Umbrella Stands, Decanters, Salad Bowls, Mosh Sets, Flower Pots, Filters, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Theo. H. Davies & Co

Supreme Court, Hawaiian Islands.

D. M. CROWLEY VS. HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY, LIMITED.

MR. JUSTICE McCULLY PRESIDING.

JANUARY 30, 1891.

CHARGE OF THE COURT.

THE COURT: There is no doubt, gentlemen of the jury, that a case of this description should be tried carefully, conscientiously and judiciously; judiciously and strictly according to the facts of the case here and to the law relating to libel suits.

There are two methods of redressing injuries which one is supposed to receive by publications in a newspaper which arouse angry feelings and are supposed to inflict injury; one by personal castigation, personal assault sometimes proceeding to the last degree of assassination; the other, is by recourse to the courts of law, I need not say that the last is the proper way, and that when suits are brought, as I may say, conscientiously into courts of law, they are to be very carefully considered.

This complaint I ruled in the beginning of the case, or soon after the beginning, at the close of the plaintiff's case, you will find to be of and concerning this plaintiff, D. M. Crowley. I think any other ruling than that would be considered by you to be extremely technical and throwing him out of Court without an opportunity to try his case.

It is in three branches, the first charging that Mr. Crowley who has been shown to be D. M. Crowley, was engaged in the upholstering business in this city a few years since in partnership with Mr. Hastie. The firm became involved and made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. A day or two before the assignment Mr. Crowley and his partner sewed up a lot of valuable furniture covering, fringes, etc., in bagging and it was hidden in an upstairs back room under Crowley's stairs. A list of the firm's property was then delivered to the assignee, omitting the secreted goods.

It is not contended by the defendant that these words are not libellous per se; that is, in themselves, and therefore it is not necessary to claim special damage for having published them. An injury is presumed without an allegation that the plaintiff was injured in his credit, his business, his character, his feelings or in any way that would do him a money damage, or a damage which should be compensated by money. Then comes the question of justification.

If the statements here were true and published not maliciously, I think that it is understood here, what maliciously means, seeking out even true incidents in the private lives of private men might be maliciously published. But it is claimed here that it is not maliciously done, Mr. Crowley being a man before the public and this occurring in a political campaign and this paper being the organ of the party opposed to Mr. Crowley. Is it true? It requires proof, and I charge you that it requires satisfactory proof that it was true. I will not quite say that it requires proof that would convict Crowley of the crime of as I may say, embezzling his own goods, embezzling goods that had been delivered to the assignee in a way by that list, for on a trial for the crime reasonable doubt and many other things come in to acquit a person so charged, but it must be satisfactory proof to you that it was true. Then it being proved to you to be true and published without malice, no damages could be given as to this statement. I will merely call your attention to the different parts of it again: "The firm became involved and made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors and that Mr. Crowley and his partner sewed up a lot of valuable furniture covering, fringes, etc., in bagging." Whether it is proved that Mr. Crowley did that along with Hastie who is not on trial here in any way makes no difference. "That it was hidden in an upstairs back room under Crowley's bed." Of course the gist of the offense is not that it was Crowley's bed, but it would be a very strong circumstance if it had been Crowley's bedroom and under his bed to bring it home to him. There is evidence before you as to whether it is Mr. Crowley's room at all. On the other hand, there is testimony, and it is testimony in defense by the plaintiff in rebuttal of Mr. Cavanaugh as to the way it was deposited there by the other partner. Then the next item is that a list of the firm's property was delivered to the assignee, omitting the secreted goods. The truth of that you have heard. The list has not been and cannot be produced and that is nothing to charge Mr. Atherton or to imply that he has withheld a paper. It is an old transaction, very old transaction, done with so far as the business part of it is concerned with the creditors and it might not be produced, so that you lack certainly the certainty of proof which the paper would afford itself.

Mr. Atherton has testified, I understood, according to that list which was produced here that these articles had been included in it and then taken away from the goods; that is for your consideration, whether it is so proved; that the goods were on the list and then abstracted; that a few days later Mr. Crowley and his partner had a falling out, that I have no doubt that has been proved, and the partner gave information. No matter who gave information in this case, the information is not before you in this case. That in consequence of the information Mr. Atherton made some search there with some others and they were found there; that Mr. Crowley then admitted that it was firm property but claimed that he had "forgotten all about it." There is a broad conflict, and it is for you to be satisfied from all the testimony and all the circumstances that Mr. Crowley did admit having done it, having secreted the goods. So that upon this first item of the complaint you would find a verdict for damages for the plaintiff if it is not proved satisfactorily to your minds that it is true, and further that if true the publication was without malice, and in regard to that a proof of want of malice would go in connection with the truth of it to relieve the defendant from damages altogether. It would further go, if it did not do that, to a mitigation of damages. Of course publication would have a different application under one state of circumstances as to malice and a different one under another. It says under our statute, and it is the statute relating to criminal prosecutions for libel, which this is not, that: "In every prosecution for writing or publishing a libel, the defendant may give in evidence in his defence upon the trial the truth of the matter contained in the publication charged to be libellous; provided, however, that such evidence shall not be deemed a justification, unless it shall be further made to appear on the trial that the matter was published with good motives and for justifiable ends."

Coming to the second part of the complaint, that "After this little episode Mr. Crowley took to stamping the country in the interest of temperance reform under the auspices of W. C. T. U. This palled upon his tastes after awhile and he proceeded to organize a troupe of native hula girls at Kohala. He thought that the show would 'take' better if the girls were dressed in silktights and opera boots. He accordingly ordered them through a Honolulu merchant, but as his credit was not sufficient to get them, he induced a Kohala friend to guarantee payment. Meanwhile 'Hawaiian Opera' did not pay the dividends expected of it. The fight came, Mr. Crowley left his friend in the lurch and the friend had to pay for them. That friend has very 'sober recollection' of the event."

As to the charge that the plaintiff in this case proceeded to organize a troupe of native hula girls and to get tight for them and so on, that is not in itself libellous per se, there would have to be a special allegation of damages. I will illustrate: It might not injure him in the upholstering business, might not injure a man to have been engaged in the show business, even in a low class show business. The point is that he does not allege specially that it did injure him in his business, and unless there is an allegation of that kind he could not recover. It would undoubtedly injure very much the character he will say of any minister of religion and of many other persons in society and in professions; I think it would injure a lawyer as well; it would injure a judge to have it said that he had been in some low show business, or a show business we will say, but a person in alleging such a libel would have to set forth his injury, and allege, for instance, that it had prevented him from getting employment in his profession, or caused his discharge from his situation. But there is no allegation in this complaint that the plaintiff has been injured in his business by it being published of him that he had organized or attempted to organize a hula troupe.

The latter part of the charge, however, is libellous per se, because it makes a charge against his credit, and if it injured the credit of a tradesman, I take it for granted that it is not to be controverted that Mr. Crowley is a tradesman, a man doing business to some extent upon credit, at all events that injury to his credit would be an injury to him, so it is not necessary to set that forth here. And it is said, that Mr. Crowley left his friend in the lurch and that his friend had to pay for him. It also said, that his credit was not sufficient and he induced the Kohala friend to make the payment. That part would be libellous, the other part is not; that is, there is no special damage alleged for it.

The third article relating to his interviews with Mr. Thurston, the Minister of the Interior, is: "Mr. Crowley being a prominent leader of the Mechanic's Union, went to a member of the Reform Party and stated that it would be easy to break up the Union," and so on, and treated for a bribe or a purchase for a thousand dollars, a purchase of his honor or integrity, but I take it that it does go to his credit financially in any business in which he might be engaged, in his business as a tradesman, a mechanic, working and dealing, buying and selling stock, and unless this should appear to your minds to be true and published with a good purpose he would be entitled to damages for this publication of the third article.

I do not propose to speak at great length, and I believe I have given or

refused to give all the charges asked for.

Now, if you should find that those things which I have stated to be libellous per se are not true, or published with no good end or motive, you would have to consider the amount of damages; that is a matter that rests very much with the jury. You are not to be carried away with sentimental considerations, you are to consider so far as possible what would be fair damages if you should find such. I may say that the amount named or claimed is no guide whatever to the amount that you should award beyond this, that you cannot give in excess of it, for a person bringing a suit could put in what he pleases to ask for; Mr. Crowley could have put in fifty thousand or a hundred thousand dollars. There is no proportion necessary; that is to say, the claim for fifty thousand does not entitle claimant to fifty thousand or a quarter of it.

Mr. Crowley's rights are to be carefully regarded, as I stated to you in the beginning, and you are to consider any other principles which I have laid down. Whether he is entitled to damages and if so, in what amount, can range from the lowest amount which you please to give plaintiff to the amount claimed. You are to bear in mind throughout that if you should find that these libellous matters are not true, how far there is a justification or rather, a mitigation by the form of publication.

Mr. Hatch offering a correction as the statement of Mr. Atherton's testimony, the Court said it would leave it to the jury to remember what Mr. Atherton said. Mr. Crowley's list had not been produced. The list in evidence was that made by Mr. Atherton, with an addition of the goods found in the bedroom.

Supreme Court, Hawaiian Islands.

JANUARY TERM, 1891.

IN THE MATTER OF W. C. ACHI, AN ATTORNEY AT LAW.

JUDD, C. J., McCULLY, BICKERTON AND DOLE, J. J.

OPINION OF THE COURT PER JUDD, C. J.

During the trial of a cause in this Court at the January Term, 1891, a witness gave some evidence alleging misconduct on the part of W. C. Achi, Esq., an attorney of this Court. He was notified orally by the presiding Justice to appear on the last day of the Term and answer the charges made by the witness, as shown by the minutes of the evidence taken.

Mr. Achi appeared, and his counsel moved the Court for a more specific charge. We are of opinion that this motion should be granted. The statute under which the Court is empowered to admit persons to practice, prescribes also that, "practitioners shall be summarily amenable to the Courts of record, and may be fined, imprisoned or dismissed from the roll of practitioners, for satisfactory cause, upon complaint of parties aggrieved by their malpractice, or for non payment of moneys collected by them for private parties or for any deceit, or other gross misconduct." Comp. Laws, p. 312.

In the case before us the alleged misconduct was not committed in open Court, nor is there before us any formal complaint by a party aggrieved thereby. It is not essential to the administration of the disciplinary power of the Court over its licensed practitioners that a formal complaint be made in every case by a party aggrieved. The matter may come to the notice of the Court in the progress of a trial. Ordinarily the Court would call the attention of the Attorney-General to the matter and request that charges be preferred, which being done a Rule to show cause would issue. But where the Court has heard a case based upon misconduct of an attorney and has passed upon the facts, an order to show cause based upon the decree could issue, without the intervention of the Attorney-General. In the matter of Geo. W. Wool, 36 Mich. 300.

The attorney is entitled to have the proofs sustaining the alleged misconduct presented and be afforded an opportunity of meeting them. The principles laid down in the matter of Eldridge, 82 N. Y. 161, and matter of H. Bolus, 28 Mich. 507; matter of Mills, 1 Mich. 333, are ample authority for this practice, and it accords with the precedents in this Court.

The facts upon which the alleged misconduct is based, not having been an issue in a case passed upon by the Court and not occurring in the presence of the Court, the Court requests the Attorney General to prefer specific charges against the attorney, upon which a Rule to show cause may issue.

L. A. Thurston for the motion. Honolulu, February 6, 1891.

Abstract of Titles.

Mr. Henry E. Cooper, who arrived by the Australia, is here to work upon a subject that will be hailed with considerable satisfaction by attorneys and business men in general. Mr. Cooper is at present engaged in making an abstract of all titles of real estate in the kingdom. The only method at present of finding the title for property is by searching the index, thereby finding but part of the property's title. With Mr. Cooper's system all the transfers affecting any property by whomsoever conveyed, will be shown as on a page of a ledger or "Lot Book."

Supreme Court, Hawaiian Islands.

In Banco.

JANUARY TERM, 1891.

MARIA GOMAZ DA SILVA VS. JOAQUIN GOMAZ DA SILVA.

PETITION FOR SEPARATION.

ON APPEAL FROM MR. JUSTICE McCULLY.

JUDD, C. J., McCULLY, BICKERTON AND DOLE, J. J.

OPINION OF THE COURT BY BICKERTON, J.

The petition in this case sets out that the parties were married in Honolulu in December, 1889. That differences began to arise between them about one week after the marriage. That the respondent since the said marriage has excessively and habitually ill-treated the petitioner and generally abused her and driven her from her house, and in consequence thereof she has on several occasions been forced to seek shelter and protection from her friends and relations. That the petitioner has suffered much abuse from the parents of the respondent in his presence. That respondent refuses and neglects to provide the petitioner with the necessities of life and that she has no means to employ counsel and to pay costs.

The petition prays that a decree from bed and board be granted her, and that she be allowed five dollars per week alimony and seventy-five dollars for counsel fees, costs and expenses of proceedings.

The answer of the respondent admits the marriage and denies all the allegations in the petition, and alleges that petitioner left respondent and went to reside with her parents, with her and their own free will and consent. And further, that respondent is without money, property or means to support herself or his wife or both; that he has been and is engaged in learning a trade, but without wages; that he and his wife have heretofore been supported by his parents, brothers and family, and that he is unable otherwise to provide for his wife and himself; that he is unable to pay any costs of Court or counsel fees, and prays that the petition be dismissed.

This matter came on for hearing before Mr. Justice McCully in May, June and July, 1890, and on August 2d the petition was dismissed, and the case now comes here on a general appeal.

A separation from bed and board may be decreed for the following causes:

- 1. For excessive and habitual ill-treatment of the one party by the other;
2. For habitual drunkenness of either party;
3. For refusal or neglect of the husband to provide his wife with the necessities of life." Comp. Laws Sec. 1336, p. 440.

The petitioner relies on the first and third causes, and as they are denied by the respondent the burden of proof is on her, (the petitioner). "In a suit brought for a separation, the defendant shall be permitted to prove in justification the ill-conduct of the complainant, and on establishing such defense to the satisfaction of the Court, the suit may be dismissed." Comp. Laws, Sec. 1337, p. 440.

From the evidence we find at the time of the marriage of these parties the petitioner was nearly eighteen years of age and the respondent about twenty-one, and although he had been employed up to November, 1889, he at the time of the marriage had no employment, or means, and was dependent on his family for support, and has been so ever since he being employed learning a trade without wages. The petitioner must have known these circumstances at the time, and that the only home he had to take her to was that of his parents. It is fair to presume that she knew this, for there is no allegation or attempt to show that she had been deceived by the respondent; she had accepted the situation with her eyes open, and she was bound to submit to it, even if it was not a pleasant one. She should not show the independence and resistance which the evidence shows she did, for she and her husband were both dependent on the husband's family. It is unfortunate that young people will place themselves in such positions, but when they do they must abide the results.

The evidence as to the excessive and habitual ill-treatment of the petitioner is almost entirely confined to her own testimony; the other testimony for the petitioner is very slim and uncertain in its nature and leaves the case in a very firm way for supporting the allegation of excessive and habitual ill-treatment. The evidence for the respondent rebuts very strongly the petitioner's case, and shows considerable ill conduct on her part, and substantiates the respondent's answer as to his want of means and inability to support his wife; and that he is dependent on his family for the support of himself and wife, also, that he is unable to comply with the order in regard to costs and counsel fees. The husband should endeavor as soon as possible to support his wife, and the wife should do all in her power to assist him.

We are of opinion that the showing made in the case fully warranted the Court in finding that there was not sufficient reason shown for making a decree of separation. Appeal dismissed. A. Rosa for petitioner; W. A. Whiting for respondent. Honolulu, Feb. 9, 1891.

New Advertisements.

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Beware of Counterfeits.

From the Greatest Living Prima Donna, Madame Adelina Patti-Nicolini, all over the world, July 29th, 1888. Messrs. Barry & Co., New York. Dear Sirs—I take pleasure in announcing to you that Barry's Florida Water is one of the few articles always to be found on my dressing case. In my conception it is one of the best of toilet waters, and for the bath it is not only delicious, but refreshing and invigorating. I recommend it without reserve.

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A New Cooking Stove!

Messrs. KING BROS. have been appointed Agents for the

JEWEL GRAND

GASOLINE COOKING STOVES

Which they are now offering for sale.

The following are a few of the merits of the Stove:

It requires no Chimney, there being no smoke to carry off. It does not blacken the cooking utensils. By the simple turning of a screw and the application of a match the Stove is ready for use.

Water can be boiled in five minutes from the time the fire is started. Any kind of cooking can be done on this Stove, that can be done on any other.

The expense of fuel is reduced to one-tenth and fifteen cents per day, and in some cases to much less. No cutting of wood or bother about coal with this Stove.

The fuel comes in cases like kerosene oil, and a year's supply can be easily stored in a very small space. The best refined Gasoline is the fuel used, with which there is no more danger than with kerosene oil.

For people who do their own cooking this Stove can not be beaten, and we venture to say that after they have gotten over the prejudice of the use of Gasoline, that they will not give the Stove up for a wood and coal stove under any consideration.

There are at present six of these Stoves in successful operation on the island of Kauai and one in Honolulu, the owners of which will gladly furnish information to those wishing to know more about the Stove.

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By Authority.



G. KALUAKINI, Esq., has this day been appointed an Agent to take Acknowledgments to Labor Contracts for the District of Lahaina, Island of Maui.
C. N. SPENCER,
Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Feb. 12, 1891. 1862-91

Hawaiian Gazette

EST MODUS IN REBUS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 17, 1891.

It is very pleasant to have absent friends remember their former homes, and describe our natural wonders, as the facile pen of our correspondent does in the sparkling verses which will be found on the fourth page. Those who have seen Mauna Loa in action, with the lava streams rolling down its slopes, will know that the graphic picture is not overdrawn.

"Lard and awful, the river like blood on it
Swept like a pestilence all in its flow,
Sweeping the forests, deep down in the
Roods on it,
And swathing in fire the valleys below."

THIS week's GAZETTE, contains a full biographical sketch of King Kalakaua, illustrated with a portrait.

A full account of the funeral of the late King, and of the procession to the Mausoleum, where the remains have been deposited.

This is illustrated with a picture of Iolani Palace, where the funeral services took place.

A full list of those whose coffins are deposited in the Mausoleum.

In it will also be found the resolutions of the Chamber of Commerce, and the various benevolent and other societies.

Also the time table of the Oceanic mail steamers between Honolulu and San Francisco for the year 1891.

This number of the GAZETTE offers the best medium to be had for conveying full accounts of the late stirring news, and will serve instead of letters to friends at home.

It can be had at the news agencies, and also at the office of publication, 46 Merchant street, in wrappers.

THE GOVERNMENT.

A question has arisen as to whether the present Ministers survive the King, by whom they were appointed, or whether their term of office terminated with his death. The only law on which the decision rests is Article 41 of the Constitution, which reads as follows:

Article 41. The Cabinet shall consist of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Minister of the Interior, the Minister of Finance and the Attorney-General, and they shall be His Majesty's special advisers in the executive affairs of the Kingdom; and they shall be ex officio members of His Majesty's Privy Council of State. They shall be appointed and commissioned by the King and shall be removed by him, only upon a vote of want of confidence passed by a majority of all the elective members of the Legislature, or upon conviction of felony, and shall be subject to impeachment. No act of the King shall have any effect unless it be countersigned by a member of the Cabinet, who by that signature makes himself responsible.

If no decision can be reached, except by reference to the Judges of the Supreme Court, this should be done at once. They alone are the last resort to settle the meaning of the Constitution. While a change of Government at this time might prove a misfortune, the question should be set at rest by a judicial decision.

A COFFEE ENTERPRISE.

We are glad to be able to put before our readers some reliable particulars of what appears to be one of the most promising undertakings ever set on foot in these islands, that is, The Hawaiian Tea and Coffee Company (Limited).

In a casual notice of this company in our "Summary" for the last month, published on the 10th inst., we gave a bare outline of the work as proposed in a prospectus, we are now in a position to enter more fully into detail.

By next June the company expects to have planted out 100 acres and in successive years to raise the

area under coffee to possibly 500 acres by an annual increment of 50 to 100 acres.

The land obtained for the purpose is in the district of North Kona, inshore of the landing at Keauhou, and not very far from Kailua, an already frequented port of call. In the fourth year from planting, say in the summer of 1895, the crop of the first hundred acres should be ready for the market, and this estimated at only 1 lb. per tree, would return at 15 cents, the sum of \$18,000, but there is every reason for believing that both the yield will be larger and the price higher than the above estimate. The following particulars of a coffee plantation in the Samoan group are believed to be trustworthy. At the Otu-matu Plantation, on the island of Upolo, 55 acres planted with coffee trees, 7 ft. x 7 ft. apart, which gives 889 trees to the acre, yielded a first crop, four years' planting, of 56,000 lbs. of cleaned, marketable coffee, or 1,018 lbs. to the acre, or nearly 1 1-6 lbs. per tree. This coffee realized 25 cents per pound in Apia, and a German firm in Hamburg offered to this plantation to take at the same price all the coffee produced for ten years (as per sample). The plantation lies about 1,000 feet above sea level with an annual rainfall estimated at about 130 inches. This information was gathered in 1887 and Mr. Chas. D. Miller who is about to undertake the planting and management in Kona is engaged in correspondence with Apia with a view to further information on the subject.

Mr. Miller has further informed us that a comparatively small parcel of coffee, which he procured in odd quantities from natives, who had gathered it in the gulches of Hamakua, realized in London in its "parcment" state ninety-two shillings per cwt., and that of all the coffees offered in the mart, only one a choice brand of Ceylon, stood above this almost chance-grown Hamakua sample. Other varieties of coffee, notably the Liberian, will be tried by the company, as well as tea, and possibly where the ground is not suitable for either of these product ramic may be attempted, and we would invite the attention of the company to the production of Sisal a valuable fibre which may be raised on ground otherwise almost valueless and which has, in the last few years many times multiplied the revenues of New Providence and other islands of the Bahamas.

With such promising prospects we leave the Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company for the present, wishing them all good luck, and hoping that they may earn the gratitude proverbially due to whomsoever has made two blades of grass grow where only one grew before, and in a greater degree inasmuch as adding one, or several, staple products to the wealth of the country, for a long time too much given up to one almost too engrossing an industry, deserves well of the country. Here, we believe that soil and climate are alike favorable, and that with watchful management, guided by the experience of this and other coffee planting countries, may avoid or overcome the pests which have hitherto been so fatal.

Mr. Miller, the manager for the company, has personal experience of coffee culture under both favorable and unfavorable circumstances in Ceylon, and will enter into the undertaking with a full knowledge of the practical way to success.

Beautiful Photos.

Within a day or two past we have seen some very fine views of the Throne Room at the Palace, in which the coffin of His late Majesty is lying in State, surrounded by its beautiful paraphernalia of royalty, taken by Mr. Williams. There will be several views in the set, and we are safe in saying that no pictures equal to these have ever been taken on any previous occasion of the kind. They will not be ready to offer to the public till after the funeral, when the series illustrating events before and at the funeral, will be complete. When finished, the series will make one of the best memorables of the occasion procurable.

The bark Andrew Welch discharged 197 tons of coal Thursday for the Union Iron Works, at the Oahu Railway's wharf. A pretty large day's work.



Kalaka'ua

BORN NOVEMBER 16, 1836, DIED IN SAN FRANCISCO, JANUARY 20, 1891, INTERRED IN ROYAL MAUSOLEUM, FEBRUARY 15, 1891.

Lineage.

DAVID LAAMEA KALAKAUA was born November 16th, 1836, in Honolulu, near what is now the site of the Queen's Hospital. Kalakaua's father was the High Chief Kapaemahu Kapaemahu; his mother, the High Chiefess Analea Keohokalo, was the great-granddaughter of Keaweahu, a distinguished warrior, who at one time was confidential councillor and Kuhina nui, or prime minister, of Kamehameha I.

Ancient Custom.

According to the prevailing ancient Hawaiian custom, relatives of the newborn baby chief stood ready to adopt him; and it was understood before the birth that the expected offspring of Keohokalo was to be adopted by the High Chiefess Liliha, known in Hawaiian history as Madame Pooki. But another High Chiefess, Haahoe Kainu, learning of this arrangement, determined to frustrate it and herself adopt the child. On the eve of the expected birth of the child, she repaired to the house of the parents, and waited for the event, which occurred about 2 A. M., the 16th of November, 1836. She succeeded in getting the infant away to her house, Honua-kaha, still one of the residences of the King.

Upon hearing of this, Liliha's disappointment was keenly felt; however, as long as she lived, she took a great interest in the child. Having, through her husband's instructions, learned to become an adept in such astrological art as had been developed among the Hawaiians, she drew David Kalakaua's horoscope, and predicted that he would make his mark in the world, saying, "From this child the bones of our forefathers will have life."

School Life.

The Court of Kamehameha III. moved to Lahaina shortly after this, where the King spent his infancy. At the age of four he was taken back to Honolulu to commence his education at the Royal School, just then founded under the tuition of Mr. and Mrs. Cook, where his education was continued till 1849. His instructors, besides Mr. and Mrs. Cook, were Mr. Burgess, Miss Whitney—afterwards Mrs. Pogue, Mr. Thos. Douglass, Mr. Lyman, who was later on a professor in Yale College, and Mr. Fuller.

While at school, the then future king was more noticeable for his fun and humor than for any brilliancy as a scholar. He was of a strong and pug-nacious temperament and would unflinchingly stand up for any cause he espoused, especially in defense of his older but less robust brother, James Kalokolani, when older and stronger boys interfered with him.

After leaving the Royal school he attended at the Kawaiahaeo school for some time, then enrolled himself at the Royal day school, under the charge of Prof. E. G. Beckwith, which had succeeded the old Royal school, leaving two months later to join his mother on account of illness at Lahaina. At the age of fourteen Kalakaua took his first military lessons under Captain Funk, an old Prussian soldier. While not continuing to follow this profession, he always took a great interest in military matters, translating with slight modifications the German Tactics into the Hawaiian language.

Military Appointments.

His cadetship ended in 1852, receiving at that time his first commission in the army with brevet rank as captain on the staff of Lihouho, who at that time was the commander-in-chief. He afterwards held the position of first lieutenant in Kapaemahu's militia. For some time he pursued the study of law in the office of Hon. C. C. Harris, afterwards Chief Justice of the Kingdom, when he was appointed to the position of Military Secretary under General Maikai; and on the accession of Lihouho to the throne, he was promoted to the rank of major on the King's staff. One of his duties while filling this position was the receiving of H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh when

that prince visited these Islands. In 1856 he was made a member of the Privy Council of State, being called two years later to the House of Nobles. After a journey, the first he made abroad, he was appointed Third Secretary to the Interior Department, which position he occupied till 1863, when he was made Postmaster-General. This position he resigned to become Chamberlain to Kamehameha V. in 1865. He received his first decoration in 1867, the Knight Companion of the Royal Order of Kamehameha. With a desire of again pursuing the profession of law, he resigned in 1869 his post as Chamberlain, and in the following year was admitted to the Bar, receiving about the same time the appointment of a clerkship in the Land Office, which he held till his accession to the throne.

Ascension to the Throne.

David Kalakaua on February 12th, 1874, ascended the throne of Hawaii by the election of the Nobles of the Kingdom and the Representatives of the Hawaiian people. He was chosen by a large majority, having obtained forty-two out of forty-eight ballots cast by the Electoral Assembly. Notwithstanding this overwhelming majority of the votes, a serious riot took place on the day of election, owing to a strong local feeling of hostility to the King Elect by the partisans of his rival, Queen Emma. In consequence of the the grave events connected with the accession, the newly elected King was influenced to adopt a policy of compromise, and to place in office several of the supporters of Her Majesty Queen Emma. Having been elected to the throne, February 13, 1874, he was inaugurated February 13, 1874, but not crowned till February 12, 1883, the first crowning known in the Kingdom.

His Ambitions.

One of the leading ideas animating King Kalakaua on his ascending the throne was to replenish the islands of his dominion with a new population, to mingle with and to increase his own declining native race—his watch-word at that time being, "Hooia Lahui," or "increase the nation." His tours abroad about this time were for the purpose of cementing more closely the Kingdom's relations with foreign powers and for the purpose of studying other countries thereby improving his own and placing it upon a firmer financial basis. His tour in 1881 had a result in making the diplomatic action of his Government more effective in its relation to foreign powers.

Although he reached the throne with no hereditary rights of an heir, he ever recognized the fact that he came to the throne by the choice of the people. Imbued with patriotism he ever aimed to inspire and strengthen a national spirit among his people, and ever strove to maintain an order of government that should fully recognize the rights and interests of the people under the law. Moved by these principles of government, His Majesty called around him a Ministry that was made up of Mr. W. M. Gibson, who at that time received the largest suffrages of the voters of Honolulu. This period of his reign was a severe trial, the financial condition of the country being depressed, the industrial enterprises at a standstill owing to the low prices for Island products.

During Kalakaua's reign, he as a ruler of a peaceful and industrious people moved to and fro throughout his Kingdom unattended except by the kindly interest and affection of a loyal people. And well may they have done this, for he took an active interest in everything that tended to result for their welfare, that engaged their sympathies and support from the grave questions of state down to the old sports they love and the athletic exercises they learned from other nationalities. Yet he never lacked in his solicitude towards everything that concerned the welfare of the foreign element that forms so important a part of the population of

this kingdom, and which has been greatly multiplied in numbers since he ascended the throne. He was more alive to his country's interests than to the care of his person, and would never consent to going abroad merely for pleasure or health, but always determined that his travels should subserve to the welfare of the Islands.

He "had a strong love for his people, and of late years he also took an interest in establishing industries that would benefit his people, and part of his financial embarrassment is attributable to this cause. He sometimes became the victim of misplaced confidence in this regard. As a generous host and entertainer, King Kalakaua had few equals. As a man he had many faults, but when his opportunities are fairly considered, and it is borne in mind that he was born at a time when his race had barely emerged from savagery, it will be conceded that the late King of Hawaii will stand comparison with most kings of Europe who reigned in the nineteenth century."

As a crowned King he, perhaps, stood less upon ceremony and courtly etiquette and dignity than any other of the world's kingly sovereigns. As an entertainer he put away his royalty, and it was almost as easy to get an audience with him, even by the humblest of his race, as to approach a common citizen. He was always willing to listen attentively to the affairs, circumstances and complaints of his people, seldom, if ever, refusing them an audience. Frequently, when hearing of the straitened circumstances of any of his subjects in foreign lands, did he open his purse to aid them in their distress or to get them back to their native Isles. Two of the most touching of these incidents occurred during his last trip to California. A destitute band of Hawaiians had returned to San Francisco on their way to Hawaii from the place where too many of his deluded subjects have gone under false promises of finding a home. The late King hearing of their circumstances and forgetting they had left their native shores through no sanction of His Government, at once sent them money to pay their passage home, and while the Hawaiian Consul went to the steamer to see if they were all there, not content at having paid their passage the King, with that noble generosity so characteristic of him suddenly appeared before the homeless Hawaiians and greeted them with their national salutation, aloha, causing in their breasts a sense of shame at having left their hospitable shores for a delusive phantom mingled with a happy, grateful, contented delight at again hearing from those royal lips the sweetest word of all their language. The other was when learning in San Francisco of the pitiful abandoned condition of a woman formerly residing in Honolulu, he, although his thoughts were occupied with the many objects around him, yet, during his last moments ordered that the poor woman should be aided, thus, while he himself was passing away, he smoothed the last steps of a deserted, needy, sorrowing being. Chroniclers need no other than these two instances to record the unstinted generosity of the late Monarch of the "Paradise of the Pacific."

Political Dissension.

While his reign introduced many things for the welfare of his country, yet the last few years of his reign were far from peaceful. Through ill-advised influences brought to bear upon him, acts of spoliation were carried on with such an extravagant and high-handed manner, that an outbreak occurred June 30, 1887, by which citizens with the Honolulu Rifles besieged the Palace and other public buildings. The result was that the Constitution of 1864 was abrogated, and a new and more liberal one was signed and promulgated by the King, under which the Kingdom is now ruled. On July 30th, 1889, an insurrection, led by a Hawaiian who had received a military education abroad, occurred, and

while not accomplishing any change in the Government, yet aimed at the re-establishment of the Constitution of 1864.

As a Mason.

In 1858 Kalakaua became a member of the Masonic Fraternity, at once taking an active part in and up to the time of his death became an ardent supporter of the order. He received the 33rd degree—the highest in the order—in 1875, General Pike of Virginia officiating. On his last visit to California, the Mystic Shrine, a branch of Masonry, gave him an honorary degree in that branch. There are few men who reach higher than the 32nd degree of Masonry, and in Kalakaua's case the 33rd degree was conferred upon him more as a compliment than for perhaps any attainments the King may have possessed. During his membership he held several high positions in the order.

Tours Abroad.

In the year of 1876, during President Grant's Administration, King Kalakaua accompanied by Hon. Jno. O. Dominis, the Governor of Oahu, Hon. John M. Kapena and the U. S. Minister H. A. Pierce, paid a visit to the United States. It was the first time in the history of America that a king was a guest of the Republic. Kalakaua was received with marked distinction by the President and the American people. His visit had an important bearing on the leading commercial interests at that time, the main feature being his desire to secure the ratification of the Reciprocity Treaty by the United States Senate, in which he was entirely successful.

The beneficial results of this visit led him to take a more extended tour in 1881. This time he was accompanied by his Excellency W. N. Armstrong and Hon. C. H. Judd, his Chamberlain at that time. During his tour of the world he visited nearly all of the courts of the Great States of Europe, several Asiatic monarchs and a short visit to British India. It was evident throughout the royal tour that he was not received merely as a Prince from a distant and curious state, but as an enlightened sovereign who had set out upon the mission of acquiring knowledge for the greater benefit and advancement of his country. It was the first and so far only time of a monarch making a tour of the world. Turning to the annals of ancient history and you find a King of Ithica undertaking an expedition to settle a question of honor; an Alexander marching through Asia leaving a track of desolation wherever he went; in more modern times was seen the adventurous Charles of Sweden, madly seeking to destroy his neighbors and meeting his own destruction; a Shah of Persia traveling to squander barbaric wealth and to display barbaric tastes; an Emperor of Brazil going abroad to attend scientific congresses simply to gratify his desires of studying scientific lore; but King Kalakaua went to increase his knowledge of the world in order to benefit his Kingdom and to promote the welfare of his people. While on this tour he met the Maharaja of Johore, India, whose likeness to Kalakaua's Minister of Interior, Major Mosekua, so struck and favorably impressed the King that a friendship grew between them, cemented and strengthened by a continuous correspondence till the late King's death. And it is a matter of affectionate tribute to His late Majesty's memory that one of the first telegrams of condolence received was from this same friend, now Rajah of Johore.

His last trip to California is still fresh in the memory of the thousands on the Islands and the hundreds of thousands in California who so enthusiastically, fervently and loyally contributed towards the entertainment of the lamented monarch while seeking pleasure, health and benefit for his people on the hospitable shores of the great State, and who so tenderly and sorrowfully closed his eyes in their last sleep.

Chief Justice of Samoa.

In reply to the address of welcome made to Chief Justice Cederkrantz by the Samoans upon his arrival at Samoa the Chief Justice said: "I am much obliged for the kind words you have addressed to me in this island. As you have said yourselves I am going to undertake a difficult enterprise. There is one condition without which no great work can be done by me; without which there can be no success at all. You are all interested in this as well as the natives in the islands. That condition is that you will all help me in my work. It is a great thing to ask for; I ask you to sacrifice private interests if they stand in the way of public good. I ask you to forget personal feelings if they are opposed to the public welfare. I ask you to remember, white men as well as natives, that we have common interests; interests that one ought to think about before everything else. It is a great thing to ask for, but I trust that it will be done."

At the conclusion of the Chief Justice's speech, which was very favorably received, the whole assemblage gave three hearty cheers for the Chief Justice of Samoa. The Chief Justice was then escorted to Seumanatafa's boat and conveyed to his residence at Matafele.—[Samoa Times.

"Hookupu" to Admiral Brown.

Hon. P. P. Kanoa, Chairman of the Hawaiian citizens' mass meeting recently held at the Kamakapili Church, gives notice that a Hookupu Aloha (gifts of love) will be given Rear-Admiral Geo. Brown of the United States Flagship Charleston to-morrow afternoon, February 17th, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock. The hookupus or presents are to be left at Brewer's wharf, and the flagship's barges will call and convey them to the ship. All loyal Hawaiians are entreated to join in this hookupu. After the presentation of gifts, the Charleston will depart for San Francisco.

The Government Survey Bureau report that the barometer was down to 29.63 on Friday, Feb. 13, the lowest, with two exceptions, observed in 13 years. Where the storm was is not yet known, though it rained heavily on Hawaii from the 9th to the 12th.

PORT OF HONOLULU, H. I.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

MONDAY, Feb. 9.
Star Claudine, Davies, from Maui.
Am tern Zampa, Dyerberg, 29 days from Port Townsend.

TUESDAY, Feb. 10.

Haw bk Andrew Welch, Morrison, 51 days from Newcastle, NSW.
Star Kilanea Hou, Nye, from Hamakua.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 11.

Am bk John Smith, Kusel, 57 days from Newcastle, NSW.
Star Kaulimoa, Walker, from Lahaina.

THURSDAY, Feb. 12.

Star Pele, Smythe, from Hamakua.
Star J A Cummins, Neilson, from Koolau.

DEPARTURES.

MONDAY, Feb. 9.
Star James Makee, Macaulay, for Kapaa.
Star Kaala, Hagland, for Kilauea.

TUESDAY, Feb. 10.

S S Australia, Houdiette, for San Francisco.
Star Kinau, Lorenzen, for Maui and Hawaii.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 11.

Star Iwailani, Weir, for Lahaina and Honolulu.
Star Likelike, Cameron, for Paauhau and Laupahoehoe.

THURSDAY, Feb. 12.

Star Kilanea Hou, Nye, for Ooakala and Pepeekeo.
Star J A Cummins, Neilson, for all ports in Koolau.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.
From San Francisco, per bkt W H Dimond, Feb 8—E Magee, Ed Baker and Miss Ella Woods.
From Kahului per star Claudine, Feb 8—Rev W D Westervelt and wife, Robert Hunter, Mrs G E Richardson, child and servant, Mrs Mary Uili, Mrs James Loutlet, A D Marshall, G Warner, B Katimakaole, J Kaulimakaole, Loui Joseph, Mr Awai, Mrs Kaula, Miss Kaulimakaole, H Kaulimakaole and servant, Mrs M H, Miss Nalekana, Miss Kaulimakaole, James Makee, Wm Hunter and 51 deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.
For Maui and Hawaii, per star Kinau, Feb 10—Mrs Hapai and 4 children, Mrs J L Richardson, Miss Richardson, Rev S Kapu and wife, J A Spear, G W R King, Mr Samayo, son and servant, and about 40 deck passengers.
For San Francisco, per S S Australia, Feb 10—M S Gribbaum, Major Benson, Miss M Kelly, Rev M Kiley, Miss Grace Cooke, Rev Gervino, Miss Stoenesler, Miss E C King, W C Andrews, J Lyons, Mrs C H Judd and daughter, C H Schilling, wife and child, Mrs J A Loutlet, Dr S G Tucker, Wm Cardon, R Jubitz, W C Gillette, Capt J M Gilman, Miss M B French, Master Fisher, Mrs D S Canavero, child and maid, C F Fisher, Mrs E B Marshall and 25 second class passengers.

SHIPPING NOTES.
The Oceanic Company's clipper brigantine John D. Spreckels, Captain C. Christiansen, arrived at Kahului at 1 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, February 8th, with a cargo of general merchandise from San Francisco. She came down in about 10 days—another report crediting her with a passage of less than 90 days. This quick trip of the J. D. Spreckels is only excelled by the brigantine W. G. Irwin, belonging to the same line.
Late arrivals from the Pacific Coast report splendid weather and favorable winds all the way to this port. Smart runs either way will therefore be common this season.
The bark Charles B. Kenney, now stationed at the Oahu Railway and Land Company's wharf, received her first lot of sugar from the steamer Hawaii on Monday. This is the first case of a vessel receiving sugar at that wharf.
The brigantine Geo. H. Douglas, Captain A. Jacobsen, arrived at Kahului on Sunday, February 7th, about 11 days from San Francisco.
The American bark Alden Besse, in charge of Captain C. S. Pries, formerly of the bark Alexander McNeil, arrived at Kahului last week with about 1,200 tons of coal from San Francisco, British Columbia. She will load sugar for San Francisco.
The steamship Alameda, which left this port February 7th for San Francisco, carried away cargo valued at \$104,940.47. Messrs. W. G. Irwin & Co. shipped 15,477 bags sugar, weighing 1,334,325 pounds. The other items were: 2 bags coffee, 24 boxes betel leaves and 1,025 bunches bananas.
The American tern Zampa, Captain Dyerberg, was docked at the Fort street wharf on Monday, February 9th, 26 days from Port Townsend, with 430 M feet lumber for Messrs. Lewers & Cooke. She was 20 days from Cape Flattery. After unloading she will go to Hilo to load sugar for San Francisco.
The steamship Australia took her departure for San Francisco at noon February 10th. The shippers were: W. G. Irwin & Co., 9,110 bags sugar; J. T. Waterhouse, 1,223 bags sugar; W. C. Sproull, 2,712 bags sugar; H. A. Wideman, 4,070 bags sugar; M. Phillips & Co., 3,000 bags rice; M. S. Gribbaum & Co., 1,000 bags rice; Sing Chong & Co., 445 bags rice; Hyman Bros., 440 bags rice; C. T. Gulick, 180 bunches bananas; D. Governo, 28 bunches bananas; M. Rodrigues, 390 bunches bananas; C. K. Domoto, 804 bunches bananas; G. Lycurgus, 239 bunches bananas; Campbell, Marshall & Co., — bunches bananas; F. F. Porter, 306 hides and 66 skins; sundries: 338 packages.

180 bunches bananas; D. Governo, 28 bunches bananas; M. Rodrigues, 390 bunches bananas; C. K. Domoto, 804 bunches bananas; G. Lycurgus, 239 bunches bananas; Campbell, Marshall & Co., — bunches bananas; F. F. Porter, 306 hides and 66 skins; sundries: 338 packages.

The United States cruiser Charleston has received a new dressing of pure white paint.
The ship John C. Porter sailed for San Francisco Feb. 11. She carried 29,487 bags sugar, weighing 3,524,841 pounds, and valued at \$152,882.06. The shippers were: C. Brewer & Co., 15,138 bags sugar; Castle & Cooke, 2,492 bags sugar; Theo. H. Davies & Co., 4,927 bags sugar; F. A. Schaefer & Co., 6,930 bags sugar.

The following Honolulu agents shipped sugar to San Francisco by the barkentine Mary Winkelman, February 12: H. Hackfeld & Co., 10,921 bags sugar; M. S. Gribbaum & Co., 3,445 bags sugar. Totals: 14,366 bags sugar, 886 tons; domestic value, \$68,815.15. The shippers by the S. N. Castle were: C. Brewer & Co., 3,993 bags sugar; F. A. Schaefer & Co., 5,288 bags sugar; Theo. H. Davies & Co., 3,921 bags sugar; Castle & Cooke, 2,001 bags sugar; J. H. Bruns, 200 barrels molasses. Totals: 14,303 bags sugar, 845 tons; domestic value, \$74,471.26.

MEMORANDUM OF VOYAGE

The Hawaiian iron bark Andrew Welch, 863 tons register, arrived off Honolulu harbor on Monday evening, February 9th, about dusk. After vainly burning her lights, which is a signal for a pilot to come and anchor, the vessel, she captain steered his ship off land again, thinking it not safe to lay close toward the shore, especially when dark, murky clouds obscure the land. At about 10 o'clock the following morning, she was safely moored in the stream. The following is a brief abstract from the skipper's log-book: We sailed from Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia, on the 22nd of last December. We had splendid westerly winds to the north point of New Zealand; thence to long. 173 deg. W. variable winds set in, the prevailing winds being from the south and west. From that position to Tahiti, Society Islands, experienced strong S.E. and S. winds. After passing Tahiti, S.E. winds were the most prevalent till reaching the line, which was crossed in long. 148 deg. W., 40 days out. Thence winds from E. to N.E. were encountered, and continued till arrival in Hawaiian waters. Passed on the eastward of Hawaii, and made Oahu on the 9th inst. The passage was accomplished in 51 days. The Andrew Welch is now commanded by Capt. P. H. M. Morrison. Her cargo consists of 1,394 tons of coal and 95 tons of coke for the Union Iron Works. The Andrew Welch has gone to the Oahu Railway and Land Company's wharf to land her cargo, which will be stored in the company's warehouse. Messrs. C. Brewer & Co., the agents, will load her with a cargo of sugar for San Francisco after discharging.

VOYAGE FROM THE ANTIPODES

The American barkentine John Smith made another of her yearly calls to this port on February 11th. She was 57 days from Newcastle, N.S.W., with a cargo of 883 tons of coal for the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company. Harbor Master Fuller docked her at the Fort street wharf where she commenced to unload this morning. Captain Oscar Kustel, who has made many voyages to these waters in her, gave a brief account of his trip as follows: After leaving Newcastle, head winds were experienced for a very extended period. Jarvis Island was sighted on Jan. 19th, crossing the line in longitude 169 deg. 10 min. W. the same day. Three days later, she was abreast of Fanning's Island. After running to the leeward of the island for 450 miles, the vessel's course was turned toward the Hawaiian Islands. Being on the winds occupied the remaining time till Honolulu was reached. Messrs. F. A. Schaefer & Co. have chartered her to take sugar to San Francisco. Captain Kusel will make all haste to unload his vessel, as sugar is in readiness for last page.

(LATER SHIPPING ON LAST PAGE.)

New Advertisements.

THE "BEST" TONIC

CURES DYSPEPSIA, STRENGTHENS THE SYSTEM, RESTORES SOUND REFRESHING SLEEP. PRICELESS TO NURSING MOTHERS.

THE QUESTION IS SOMETIMES ASKED—Tell us concisely which ailments The "Best" Tonic will most effectually correct? Here is the answer: Dyspepsia, All Nerve Troubles, Loss of Sleep, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, Exhaustion from any cause. To those Recovering from Illness, nothing better can be prescribed.

A WALKING MATCH.

FOR ATHLETES. "We the undersigned participants in the six-days' walking match, ending at the Mechanics' Pavilion, February 27, 1889, fully endorse the vitalizing effects of The "Best" Tonic.—Frank Hart, Charles J. Sheridan, Gus Guerrero, Pat Guerrero, Old Sport Campana, James Davis, Oofy Goofty, John Brodie, E. C. Moore, Thomas Howarth, George Cartwright, James Leahy, Gus Brown, L. Crozier.

W. C. PEACOCK & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS HONOLULU. P. O. Box 504. Telephone 46. 1862 2688-3m

HO, FOR HILO!

TRAVELERS VISITING HILO WILL find first-class accommodations at the undersigned. Visitors wishing to stay a week or more, will find that they can enjoy a stay in "BEAUTIFUL HILO" highly.

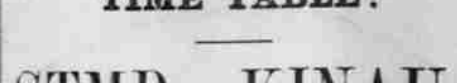
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Will be open to our Guests! Terms reasonable. Apply by letter to D. H. HITCHCOCK. Hilo, Feb. 3, 1891. 284-31 1861-3m

Daily Advertiser 50c. per month.

Advertisements.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP CO.'S



TIME TABLE:

STMR. KINAU,

LORENZEN, Commander, Will leave Honolulu at 2 o'clock P. M., touching at Lahaina, Masaoa Bay and Maekena the same day; Mahukona, Kawahae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving at Hilo at midnight.

LEAVES HONOLULU

Friday.....January 9
Tuesday....." 20
Friday.....February 10
Tuesday....." 21

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU

Wednesday.....January 7
Friday....." 16
Wednesday....." 28
Saturday.....February 7
Wednesday....." 18
Saturday....." 28
Wednesday.....March 11
Saturday....." 21
Wednesday.....April 1

No Freight will be received after 12 noon of day of sailing.

STMR. CLAUDINE,

DAVIES, Commander, Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 o'clock P. M., touching at Kahului, Huelo, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu. Returning will arrive at Honolulu every Sunday morning.

No Freight will be received after 4 P. M. on day of sailing.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight, as we will not hold ourselves responsible after such freight has been landed. While the Company will use due diligence in handling live stock, we decline to assume any responsibility in case of the loss of same, and will not be responsible for money or jewelry unless placed in the care of Purser.

W. C. WILDER, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary. Capt. J. A. KING, Port Supt. 1843-q

E. G. SCHUMAN

Hotel Street near Fort, Fine Columbus Buggy Co.'s Phaetons and Carriages

For Sale Cheap! Warranted to Wear! A Large Assortment of Carts, - Brakes and WAGONS.

E. G. SCHUMAN

Carries a Large Stock of Cart, Wagon and Carriage MATERIALS, Hubs, Spokes, Fellos, Rims, OAK, HICKORY SECOND GROWTH ASH.

All of which are offered at Reduced Prices. Correspondence Solicited. 1856-3m HONOLULU, H. I.

Wing Wo Tai & Co.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Chinese, Japanese, American and EUROPEAN GOODS.

Per Bark VELOCITY, from China, RATTAN CHAIRS, And a full Line of Japanese Crockery,

Camphor Trunks, White Silks, Pongee Silk, Silk Handkerchiefs, Manila Cigars, best quality, etc. 1843-3my

Steamer For Sale!

"FRANCIS CUTTING." AN 1800 TON STEAMER, schooner rig; nearly new and in first-class condition. Dimensions: Length 87 feet; breadth 22 feet; depth of hold 8 1/2 feet. Suitable for Passengers or Freight. Speed nine knots.

For further information apply to T. W. HOBSON. 120-3m 1354 60 Fort St., Honolulu.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUSAN BERTELMANN of Pila, Kauai, will not be responsible for any Bills, except contracted by her or by her written order; and hereafter all moneys due to her or her written order, are to be paid to her or her written order. JNO. ROSS, Attorney in fact for Mrs. C. Bertelmann and Mrs. S. Bertelmann. 1890-1m

General Advertisements.

Boston Board of Underwriters. AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands. C. BREWER & CO. 1824 1y

Philadelphia Board of Underwriters AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands. C. BREWER & CO. 1824 1y

HAMBURG - - - BREMEN Fire Insurance Company.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings, and on Merchandise stored thereon, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1304 1y

GERMAN LLOYD Marine Insurance Company, -OF BERLIN- FORTUNA General Insurance Company, -OF BERLIN-

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Dangers of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

1276 1y F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agts. NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Insurance Company.

TOTAL ASSETS AT 31st JANUARY, 1890. £10,075,212 17s. 2d.

1-Authorised Capital, £3,000,000 £ s. d. Subscribed .. 3,750,000 Paid-up Capital..... 687,500 0 0 2-Reserve Funds..... 2,694,858 19 10 3-Life and Annuity Funds..... 6,693,498 17 8 £10,075,212 17 2

Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,963,856 9 6 Revenue Life and Annuity Branches..... 808,998 14 2 £2,772,855 9 8

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other. ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO., 1308 1y Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, For Sea, River & Land Transport -OF DRESDEN-

Having established an Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Danger of the Seas -AT THE- Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1304 1y Agent for the Hawaiian Islands. - THE - Mutual Life Insurance Company, -OF NEW YORK-

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1890. - - - \$136,401,328.02 Reliable, Profitable, Prompt and Certain.

Those who desire safe Life Insurance are invited to apply to S. B. ROSE, 1298 1y General Agent Hawaiian Islands.

Northern Assurance Company. [ESTABLISHED 1836.] Accumulated Funds: - - - £3,000,000

The agent of this Company in Honolulu has received instructions to Reduce the Rates of Life Insurance

In this country to a minimum rate, without any extra premium for residence in the Hawaiian Islands. Among the principal advantages attaching to a Life Policy from the "NORTHERN," attention is specially drawn to the following:

SURRENDER VALUES of Lapsed Policies held at the disposal of the Assured for Six Years. IMMEDIATE PAYMENT of Claims, without deduction of discount.

ABOLITION of restrictions on Foreign Travel and Residence. Theo. H. Davies & Co., 1279 9m AGENTS.

TRANS - - - ATLANTIC Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG-

Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichs marks..... 6,000,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies..... 101,650,000 Total..... Reichsmark 107,650,000

NORTH GERMAN Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG-

Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichs marks..... 8,500,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies..... 35,000,000 Total..... Reichsmark 43,500,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above three companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms. H. HACKFELD & CO. 1304 1y

W. H. RICE, STOCK RAISER and DEALER BREEDER OF

Fine Horses and Cattle From the Thoroughbred

Arabian Stallion.....ALIF Norman Stallion.....SPAYDON Norman Stallion.....ROYER

ALSO A CHOICE LOT OF Bulls, Cows and Calves From the Celebrated Bulls

Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham A LOT OF Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses FOR SALE.

2 PURE BRED HEREFORD BULLS FOR SALE Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communication to be addressed to 1819-1y W. H. RICE, Lihue, Kaua 243 113 and 115 Fort Street. 3m

General Advertisements.

Insurance Notice The Agent for the British Foreign Marine Insurance Company (Limited) has received instructions to Reduce the Rates of Insurance between Honolulu and Ports in the Pacific, and is now prepared to issue Policies at the lowest rates, with a special reduction on freight per steamers. THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., 1298 1y Agents Brit. For. Mar. Ins. Co., Limited.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO LIVERPOOL, Capital and Funds, - \$ 29,000,000 UNION—New Zealand, Capital, - - - \$ 10,000,000

TAKE RISKS ON BUILDINGS, MERCHANTS, MACHINERY, FURNITURE, And all other Insurable Property at Current Rates.

JOHN S. WALKER, 1822-1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

MARINE INSURANCE. The undersigned is authorized to take Marine Risks on HULLS, CARGOES, FREIGHTS and COMMISSIONS, At Current Rates in the following Companies, viz:

Union Fire and Marine, of New Zealand, Madgeburg General Ins. Co., Sun Insurance Co., San Francisco.

JOHN S. WALKER, 1822-1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE CO [ESTABLISHED 1864.]

Assets.....\$ 40,000,000 Net Income.....9,075,000 Claims Paid.....112,569,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture, on the most favorable terms.

Bishop & Co. 1320-6m

FRANK GERTZ, Fort Street, Honolulu. Importer and Manufacturer of Ladies', Misses', Gents' and Youths' -FINE- BOOTS & SHOES

Of the Best and Latest Make. 1323-3m

BEAVER SALOON H. J. NO-TE, Proprietor.

Bevs to announce to his friends and the public in general That he has opened the above Saloon where first-class Refreshments will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a Competent Chef de Cuisine

— THE FINEST GRADES OF — Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes and Smoker's Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers, has been obtained, and will be added to from time to time. —One of Brunswick & Balke's— Celebrated Billiard Tables

Is connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate. 1343 3m

BENSON SMITH & CO. JOBBING AND MANUFACTURING PHARMACISTS

A FULL LINE OF Pure Drugs. CHEMICALS, Medicinal Preparations, AND PATENT MEDICINES AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Supplied on Short Notice - AND AT THE - Lowest Market Prices.

All Meats delivered from this Market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties, and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat. 1343 3m

FRUITS OF PASSION By MAI FAI. DEDICATED TO ELLEN WHEELER WILCOX. Containing Nevada Christmas Story of 1879.

For sale at the Pacific Home Supply Co.'s office, Central House, Alakea street; and at the Hawaiian Hotel.

Foreign Advertisements.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Shipping & Commission Merchants 202 Market and 3 Pine street, San Francisco. 1251

W. H. CROSSMAN & BRO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 77 and 79 Broad Street, New York.

Reference—Castle & Cooke, and J. T. Water house. 1304 1y

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 12 & 13 The Albanv, LIVERPOOL. 1304 1y

Only "Pebble" Establishment 1885-1893

Muller's Optical Depot 135 Montgomery St., near Bush, S. F., Cal. Specialty 35 Years.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

Advice to Invalids.—If you wish to obtain quiet refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary aching of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous system, regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will procure Medical Staff, to which marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Surgeon) and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhoea, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, etc.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, 51, January 5, 1880. To J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the wide-spread reputation of this esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, but all over the East. As a remedy for general utility, we must question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are sorry to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and are not to be compared with the Chlorodyne. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other form of Chlorodyne is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain. His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which he regretted to say had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 15, 1884.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 15d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

Caution.—Beware of Piracy and Imitations. Sole Manufacturers.—T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. 1329 6m

Metropolitan Market King Street. Choicest Meats -FROM- Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Prop. FAMILIES AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE - AND AT THE - Lowest Market Prices.

All Meats delivered from this Market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties, and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat. 1343 3m

FRUITS OF PASSION By MAI FAI. DEDICATED TO ELLEN WHEELER WILCOX. Containing Nevada Christmas Story of 1879.

For sale at the Pacific Home Supply Co.'s office, Central House, Alakea street; and at the Hawaiian Hotel.

KALAKAUA.

(Written for the GAZETTE.)

Hail King of the Isles, In the midst of the sea; Those beautiful Isles, Where nature e'er smiles, Kind greetings to Thee.

San Diego, Jan. 1, 1891.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

At a meeting of the members of the Central Union Church and Congregation, held February 4th, 1891, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that: WHEREAS, The people of these Islands have been suddenly called to mourn the death of a King whose reign had been long and renowned as the period of the Hawaiian Nation's greatest advance in material and political prosperity.

Resolved, that we as a band of Christian women would express respectfully our heartfelt sympathy with her in this great sorrow.

Resolved, that in view of the responsibility to which she is now called, we would entreat our Heavenly Father, to grant her wisdom and grace to rule her people in such a manner as shall tend to his glory and their good.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani.

Resolved, that we as a band of Christian women would tenderly express our heartfelt sympathy with her in this great sorrow.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Queen Dowager, Kapiolani.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Queen Dowager, Kapiolani.

many years; His beloved sister, Queen Liliuokalani mourning the loss of a kind and affectionate brother; and the other members of the family sorrowing for the loss of Him to whom they always looked with affection; and

Supreme Court—At Chambers. BEFORE JUDD C. J. SATURDAY, Feb. 7th. Ruphina B. Baker vs. Mary Buckle and Jane Clark. Petition for partition of real estate.

BEFORE JUDD, C. J. TUESDAY, Feb. 10. In re estate of David Manaku. Petition of W. O. Smith, administrator, for allowance of accounts and discharge.

BEFORE JUDD, C. J. WEDNESDAY, Feb. 11. Estate William Brash. The account of W. G. Brash, executor for 1890, is examined and approved.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. CASTLE & COOKE, Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agents!

UNION IRON WORKS CO. Engineers and Iron Founders, Office and Works, Esplanade, Honolulu. MANUFACTURERS OF Sugar Machinery, Irrigating Machinery, Steam Engines, etc.

WAIALAE BREEDING RANCH Pedigrees of all Horses Kept. BREEDING DEPARTMENT: Well-bred Stallion "MARIN", Norman Stallion "CAPTAIN GROWL", etc.

THE RISDON California FEED CO., Iron and Locomotive Works, Corner of Beal and Howard Streets, San Francisco, California.

CASTLE & COOKE, Importers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Plantation and Insurance Agents, Dealers in Builders' and General Hardware, Agricultural Implements, etc.

W.M. G. IRWIN & COMPANY, (Limited.) President and Manager CLAUD SPRECKELS, Vice-President WALTER M. GIFFARD, Secretary and Treasurer THEO. C. PORTER, Auditor.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., L'd. Successors to DILLINGHAM & CO., Fort Street. DILLINGHAM RICE PLOWS, made from our own patterns, from the suggestions of practical Planters.

JOHN NOTT, Dimond Block, Nos. 95 & 97 King Street, RANGES AND STOVES. TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WORKER. Plumbing, in all its branches; Artesian Well Pipe all sizes; STOVES AND RANGES, House Furnishing Goods, etc.

CASTLE & COOKE, Importers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Plantation and Insurance Agents, Dealers in Builders' and General Hardware, Agricultural Implements, etc.

Pianos Just Arrived PER BARK CHARLOTTE. WESTERMAYER'S PIANOS, NEW STYLES. ONE WESTERMAYER GRAND WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS. ALSO, Piano Stools, Piano Stools.

PORT OF HONOLULU, H. I.

Table with columns: Day, Tides, Sun and Moon, High tide, Low tide, etc.

The Time Signal for the Port is given at 12.15 p.m. (midnight) of Greenwich time, or 1 h. 25 m. 34 s. P. M. of Honolulu Observatory time.

It is given by the Steam Whistle of the Honolulu Flaming Mill, a few doors above the Custom House. The same whistle is sounded exactly at Honolulu Mean Noon, Observatory Meridian, or 10 h. 31 m. 26 s. of Greenwich time.

Meteorological table with columns: Day, Barom., Thermom., Wind, etc.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13. Stmr W G Hall, Fremantle, from Maui and Hawaii. Stmr J A Cummins, Nelson, from Koolau. Schr Kaulitua put back.

DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13. Stmr C R Bishop, Le Claire, for circuit of Oahu. Stmr J A Cummins, Nelson, for Koolau. Schr Lavinia for Kauai.

FOREIGN VESSELS EXPECTED.

Table with columns: Vessels, Where from, Due, etc.

VESSELS IN PORT.

(This list does not include coasters.) U S S Charleston, Brown, San Francisco. U S S Mohican, Shepard, from Hilo. M S Nympha, Turner, Hilo.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS. From Maui and Hawaii per stmr W G Hall, Feb 13—From Volcano: F M Farwell, Miss J M Farwell, F P Pitney, Miss F Stone, Dr H W Sawyer and wife, Miss L Church, L G Clark, H E Wilcox, A W Van Valkenburg, From way ports: Geo C Beckley, J K Naalea, P Peck, Hon W H Cornwell, Miss L Cockett, Judge C Copp and wife, Miss E Copp, O V E Dove, Judge Kila Nahaolele and wife, J K Kekania, Miss Mano, Mrs Kekania, Miss Kelli, Hon W J Horner, Chas Wilcox, A Akana, Judge Kauloamaka, J Makaina, Mrs J H Sherwood, Miss E Lyons, Judge A N Kepoikai and wife, C L Brito, Miss Thompson, Hon J H Waiulani, Mrs Kania, Mrs J D Johnson, D H Kahina, wife and family, J M Samayoa, R Samayoa and servant, Col Z S Norris, Jno M Bright, H G Treuday, Miss Rodgers, T K Anolii, J Abudai, Mrs W F Roy, A Kina and 163 deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13. Am schr Rose Sparks, Brandt, for San Francisco. Schr Kaulitua for Kauai. Am bk Chas B Kenney, Hanson, for San Francisco.

DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13. Am bk Chas B Kenney, Hanson, for San Francisco. Schr Kaulitua for Kauai.

DEPARTURES.

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DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13. Am bk Chas B Kenney, Hanson, for San Francisco. Schr Kaulitua for Kauai.

RAINFALL.

For the Months of December and January.—From Weather Service Reports.

Table with columns: Station, Dec. Inches, Jan. Inches.

DALGETY & COMPANY.

Quotations of Coal—Vessels Leaving Australia for the Islands.

The following is quoted from Dalgety & Co's monthly circular, dated January 1, 1891:

The year just ended will be a memorable one in the history of Newcastle, inasmuch as the coal miners of this district, for a period of nearly three months, laid down their tools to fight for a cause which was not directly their own, but in support of their fellow-unionists in this and neighboring Colonies of Australia.

The month's output of coal has been an exceptionally heavy one. California and the West Coast of South America have taken liberal supplies, and large contracts for future deliveries have been booked. Notwithstanding the very keen competition of the Japan coal exporters, it is very satisfactory to find that China and India are again drawing large supplies from Newcastle. Shipments to the East have been exceptionally heavy during the month. The tonnage in port waiting loading turn continues very large.

Approximate freight rates for Honolulu, 16s. Honolulu.—Departures during the month comprise six vessels, with 7,759 tons coal. The Harvester, 1,428 register, at 21s. 6d. freight; Golden Shore, 664 register, on ship's account; and Infatigable, 843 register, at 20s., are in port to load.

Miscellaneous Items. Dr. Widner, of California, who has lived among the Indians for thirty years, says no white man can hope to equal their physical development. The average Indian boy of 15 can bear more fatigue than an athlete among white men.

One of the greatest marvels of all the rich possessions of the Maharajah of Baroda is a carpet, about ten feet by six, made entirely of strings of pearls, with center and corner pieces of diamonds. "The carpet took three years to weave and cost £200,000."

Driftwood is in great demand for open fires among fashionable dwellers by the sea, because the remains of old copper nails and perhaps chemical substances from the sea water cause it to burn with a brilliant green flame that is very beautiful.

Wisconsin and Minnesota appear to be doing well in the way of the formation of school libraries. During the past year the two States have established over 1,200. The books for each of these libraries are selected from a list prepared by the State Superintendent.

It appears according to Postmaster Van Cott's annual report that there were delivered from the New York Post Office during 1890, 343,497,329 pieces of mail matter. The total number of pieces of mail matter of all kinds handled during the year was 1,024,198,721.

A writer in the Christian Intelligencer says: "We should have a convenient term to denote a message sent by telephone; and I beg leave to propose the word telephem. If you approve the suggestion will you recommend it to your brethren of the press?"

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements made, or opinions expressed by our correspondents.

Horner's Banking Bill—No. 12.

MR. EDITOR: In further discussion of the above bill permit me to say without further development of our natural resources, or the "Bank of Hawaii," our national financial prospects are far from bright. It is true our material resources are being slowly developed, but it must be remembered that our Government's money requirements are rapidly augmenting. Our last Legislature appropriated double the amount of our current income. But with a Government bank such as proposed to assist in developing the country, our large appropriations would be only comparatively large.

All must admit that our Government has a right to give its present bank the powers this bill provides for it, and that the income from it then would in time pay our entire public debt, yet its direct income would be but a small part of the advantages to be realized from it by both Government and people.

Our present bank is not a business institution working for the good of the people. It is a bank of savings and deposits. The past period, the bank took from the channels of trade something less than one million dollars, which neither the bank nor the Government had power to again put in circulation.

That certainly was more of a hindrance than a help to either the Government or the people, except the few depositors. But if our present bank was endowed with the powers this bill provides for it, it would at once be a business bank, profitable and creditable to this kingdom and a blessing to the people. As working without selfishness for the good of all, it would be a bank of "issue and redemption," a "loan and borrowing" bank, and a bank of "savings and deposits," where rich and poor could deposit either large or small sums and have their money returned to them on demand with an interest, and no fear of the bank breaking while their money was there deposited.

It would encourage enterprise to an extent never before known in these Islands, as it would supply the only tool—money—that can be used under our civilization to develop and produce wealth, open new enterprises, build railroads, etc., without going abroad to get the tool to do it with.

JNO. M. HORNER.

(To be Continued.)

New Advertisements.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED DOING business under the firm name of Hanalei Store Co., hereby give notice, that they have dissolved the said partnership heretofore existing between them, and the same have been transferred to Z. KAKINA and Sam Lonia, and they will pay all the debts of the said partnership, and they only are responsible to the management of said partnership.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE DRY GOODS STORE known as the Hanalei Store Company is now conveyed to the undersigned, and we are the sole Owners of said store. All bills must be paid to us, and all accounts against said Company must be presented to us.

A VALUABLE PREMIUM

Every subscriber to the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE or the PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER

Who pays his subscription to the undersigned, for the year 1891 (viz.: \$5.00 for the GAZETTE, or \$6.00 for the ADVERTISER), strictly in advance, or during January, 1891, will receive as a premium, free of charge, one copy of

THE TOURISTS' GUIDE!

Through Hawaii.

Subscribers who are in arrears for their subscription to either the GAZETTE or ADVERTISER, will be expected to settle such arrears before becoming entitled to this premium.

Any person wishing both the DAILY and WEEKLY will be supplied with the two papers, for one year, for \$10.00, paid in advance, which will also secure one copy of the TOURISTS' GUIDE.

The premium offered is too well known to need any description. Suffice it to say that it is the most picturesque account of these islands that has ever been published and hundreds of copies of it are sent away every month.

Address HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO., 46 Merchant St., Honolulu.

Legal Advertisements.

I desire to call the attention of all concerned to the fine quality of Watch Work now being done at my establishment. Owners of high grade Watches have been placed to much inconvenience from time to time, by finding it necessary to send their Watches abroad for the slightest repairs.

Since October 1, 1890, I have been in a position to repair the finest known makes of watches, and at no higher cost than the same would be charged for in the U. S. The same attention is paid to an ordinary watch, as to one costing you \$500. Remember that even the comparatively simple process of cleaning a watch should be done by a skilled workman; or more harm than good will result therefrom. If your time-piece is beyond repair, you will be told so, and put to no expense in having it overlooked.

Watches from outer districts will be securely packed and mailed to the owners. H. F. WICHMAN, Box 342, Honolulu.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALE OF

Stallions and Colts

By order of Mr. Paul R. Isenberg, I will sell at Public Auction, at the Stables at rear of the office of J. I. Dowsett, Queen Street,

On Tuesday, Feb. 17th

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

One Norman Stallion,

1 Hawaiian Bred Stallion

—AND—

25 Head of Horses and Colts

Broken to Saddle and Harness.

J. F. MORGAN,

1361-td AUCTIONEER.

CATTLE RANCH

—AND—

COFFEE PLANTATION

For Sale Cheap!

THE "ELDARTS RANCH" AT

KAPOHO, PUNA, HAWAII, is offered for sale. It consists of

- 1—Land in Fee Simple, 76 acres more or less, and Leases for 20 years from March, 1888, of: 2—The Land of Kopohe, area 4000 acres. 3—The Lands of Kula and Halekamaeha, area 2903 acres. 4—The Land of Puna, area 4919 acres. 5—The Land of Kanihiku, area 7,65 acres. 6—The Land of Kahawai, area 2969 acres. 7—The Land of Pualaa, area 1110 acres.

Total area of Leasehold, 11,807 acres more or less.

The Land constitutes a GOOD CATTLE RANCH, and a large area is the FINEST OF COFFEE LAND.

The Land is NEARLY ALL FENCED and paddocked, with suitable pens.

The RANCH BUILDINGS are ample in size and number, and in good fair condition.

Also for sale—ALL THE LIVE STOCK now on the Ranch, consisting of about

5 to 600 HEAD OF CATTLE and 15 HORSES, Mules, Pigs, Chickens, Etc. Etc.

The Ranch will be sold as a whole, or the Stock will be sold separately.

Liberal time for payment will be given to responsible purchasers.

Apply to F. A. SCHAEFER, Honolulu, Feb. 11, 1891. 2680-1w 1362-4t

Administratrix Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Administratrix of the Estate of WILLIAM REINHARDT, deceased, intestate, by order of the Honorable S. B. Dole, Justice of the Supreme Court, by order dated the 27th day of January, 1891; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the said estate, to present the same with the vouchers duly authenticated, within six months from the date hereof, at the office of W. R. Castle, Attorney at Law, Merchant Street, Honolulu, or to the undersigned at Singer's Bakery on King Street, or such claims will be forever barred.

KATHARINE SINGER, Administratrix of the Estate of W. Reinhardt. Dated Honolulu, February 17th, 1891. 1362-4t

WM. J. WRIGHT, Notary Public,

Agent to Grant Marriage Licenses, Agent to Acknowledge Labor Contracts, General Business Agent, Collector of Debts, Auctioneer. 1362-6m

Hawaiian Annual.

NO HAND-BOOK EXCELS THE HAWAIIAN ALMANAC and ANNUAL for reliable statistical and general information relating to these Islands. Price 75 cents; or mailed abroad at 95 cents each.

THOS. G. THURM, Publisher, Honolulu, H. I. 1349-1y

TRESPASS NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY forbidden to go on my land, Kahaloa, without my permission.

JOHN GASPARD, Kahaloa, S. Kona, Hawaii. February 12, 1891. 1362-1m.

MR. W. F. ALLEN,

AS AN OFFICE WITH MESSRS. BISHOP & CO., corner of Merchant and Keshamman streets, and he will be pleased to attend to any business entrusted to him. 1254-6m

Legal Advertisements.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of His Late Majesty KALAKAUA, deceased. Order appointing time for Probate of Will and directing Publication of notice of the same.

A document, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of His Majesty Kalakaua, deceased, was presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the Probate of Will and directing Publication of notice of the same, was filed by George T. Tronseau having been filed by George Tronseau.

It is hereby ordered, that THURSDAY, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Honolulu be, and the same is, hereby appointed the time for proving said Will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the said Will, and the granting of Letters Testamentary.

It is further ordered, that notice thereof be given by publication, for three successive issues, in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE and Kookoa newspapers printed and published in Honolulu.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Lillian H. Auld, Executrix of the Will of Henry W. Auld, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, wherein she asks to be allowed \$1942.12, and charges herself with \$10,000.00, and the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in her hands to said persons therein entitled, and discharging the said executrix from all further responsibility as such Executrix.

It is hereby ordered, that THURSDAY, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., before the said Justice, at Chambers in the Court House at Honolulu, be and the same is, hereby appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., this 14th day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the Court: ALFRED W. CARTER, Second Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate.

In the matter of the Guardianship of SARAH RICH, LOUIS RICH, WILLIAM RICH and ANNIE RICH, minors. Order to show cause on application of guardian for Order of Sale of Real Estate.

On reading and filing the petition of William O. Smith of Honolulu, the Guardian of the persons and property of Sarah Rich, Louis Rich, William Rich and Annie Rich, minors praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said wards and setting forth certain legal reasons why such real estate should be sold.

It is hereby ordered, that the next of kin of the said wards and all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this Court on MONDAY, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of this Court, in Honolulu, and then to show cause why the said real estate should not be granted for the sale of such estate.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., February 6, 1891.

By the Court: ALFRED W. CARTER, Second Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of THOMAS H. HOBSON, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased.—At Chambers, before Mr. Justice Dole.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Frances Hobson, Executrix of the Will of Thomas H. Hobson, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, wherein she asks to be allowed \$57,162.12, and charges herself with \$100,111.33, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in her hands to the persons therein entitled, and discharging her and her executors from all further responsibility as such Executrix.

It is ordered, that MONDAY, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., before the said Justice, at Chambers, in the Court House at Honolulu be and the same is, hereby appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 28th day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court: J. H. REIST, Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of MRS. ELLEN R. EVERETT of Waikapa, Maui, deceased. Order appointing time for Probate of Will and directing Publication of notice of the same.

A document purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Mrs. Ellen R. Everett, deceased, was presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of letters testamentary to Thomas W. Everett, having been filed by him.

It is hereby ordered, that TUESDAY, the 17th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Honolulu be, and the same is, hereby appointed the time for proving said Will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the said Will, and the granting of Letters Testamentary.

Dated at Honolulu, H. I., February 2nd, 1891.

By the Court: ALFRED W. CARTER, Second Deputy Clerk.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—January Term 1891.

HENRIETTA T. COTTELL vs. WM. L. COTTELL, Divorce.

By the grace of God, of the Hawaiian Islands, King: To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon WILLIAM L. COTTELL, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the Supreme Court at the January Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on MONDAY, the 3rd day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of HENRIETTA T. COTTELL, plaintiff, should not be awarded her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition.

Witness Hon. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at Honolulu, this 25th day of November, 1890.

J. H. REIST, Deputy Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next April Term of Court.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk, Supreme Court. Dated Honolulu, January 17, 1891. 1359-4t

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.

KALALEA: By the grace of God, of the Hawaiian Islands, King: To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy in the Third Judicial Circuit—Greeting:

You are commanded to summon CHANG WAI (Ch), defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court on the November Term thereof, to be held at the Court Room of the Court House at Waimea, in the Island of Hawaii, on TUESDAY, the 4th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of MARY CHANG WAI, plaintiff, should not be awarded her pursuant to the tenor of annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness, Hon. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at Hilo, this 8th day of September, A. D. 1890.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk, Circuit Court. Dated Honolulu, January 17, 1891. 1359-4t

Due and diligent search was made for the within named defendant Chang Wai, but he could not be found as he left the Kingdom on the 8th of October, 1890, and is now in Honolulu on the 15th of January, 1891.

I hereby return this summons not served.

G. L. HOPKINS, Marshal.

I certify the foregoing is a true copy of the summons in said cause and the return of the said Marshal, and that said Court, on the November Term, 1890, ordered that the said cause continue until the next May Term, Hilo, Hawaii, and that an attested copy of said summons be published as required by law.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court at Hilo, this 29th day of December, A. D. 1890.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk. 1257-5t

New Advertisements.

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed dated 30th of March, A. D. 1887, made by J. W. H. Keane and Kala, Alexander J. Cartwright, Island of Oahu, recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in Liber 108, page 388, and for breach of the conditions in said mortgage deed contained, to-wit: the non-payment of both the principal and interest due, the said mortgagee and principal herein, do hereby give notice to the mortgagor and all persons claiming under or by him, that the said mortgage deed contained and described will after the time limited by law and at a time to be hereafter designated be sold at public auction in and to the extent of the breach of the conditions as hereinbefore mentioned.

The property in said mortgage described being described below as follows: parcel of land situated at Kahahuna, near Panchowah Street in said Honolulu, being a part of Royal Patent No. 1208, L. C. Award No. 948 to Keo, and the same premises were conveyed to the said J. W. H. Keane, under the name of Keoni Keane, by deed dated the 7th of September, 1885, and recorded in Liber 108, page 197, and bounded and described as follows:—He Paialea a penel na palena: E hoomaka ana ma ka anawai ma ka noao maika a pika ana i ka Opepeka maika i ka holo ana Ak. 37 Kom. 54g paika ma ka anawai a pili i ka Kekino, aiala, Ak. 74g Hik. 89g paika a pili i ka Kahukihiko, aiala, Hena P. K. 189g paika a pili i ka hiki i ka hiki i hoomaka ai, 189g anana.

—3d—The undivided share and interest of the said Kalaawauomoku of and to all that certain piece of land situated on said Panchowah Street, being the same premises described in Royal Patent No. 600 L. C. Award No. 948 to Kahukihiko, and that were conveyed to said Kalaawauomoku and said Kala by deed dated the 12th of August, 1872, and recorded in Liber 51 folio 277, excepting such portions of the above described premises as were heretofore conveyed to the Mormon Church and to P. K. Keane and Namska.

—3rd—All the respective undivided shares and interests of the said mortgagors of and to the Ahupuaa of Kahana, situated in Koolaula, in said Island of Oahu, and described in Royal Patent No. 488 to K. K. Keane, and the same premises were conveyed to the said J. W. H. Keane, by deed dated the 31st of October, 1881, and recorded in Liber 70 folio 38-39.

Share purchased by the said Keane from Koluhi, by deed dated the 17th of April, 1882, and recorded in Liber 78 folio 47-48.

Share purchased by the said Ke