

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER  
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU  
Sept. 7, 1916.—Last twenty-four hours: rainfall, 0.20. Temperature, Min. 70; Max. 82. Weather, clear.

# Hawaiian Gazette

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS  
Cents Dollars  
85° Centrifugal N. Y. per lb per ton  
Price, Hawaiian basis 5.14 \$102.80  
Last previous quotation..... 5.02 \$100.40

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1916.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

SEP. 25 1916

WHOLE NUMBER 4545

## RETALIATION CLAUSES IN REVENUE BILL STILL STAND

Representatives Pass Measure By Viva Voce Vote, After Considering Reports of Conference Committees of Both Houses

LOWER HOUSE WILL QUIT LABORS AT TEN O'CLOCK

New Bill For Protection of American Commerce and Industry Against Dumping of Goods On This Market By Europeans

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 8.—Late last night the house adopted by a viva voce vote the new revenue bill which carries the "retaliation" amendments to provide protection for United States trade against interference by the Allies. The conference committee after being in a deadlock for twenty-four hours, finally reached an agreement after a number of extremely radical features of the measure had been toned down.

The bill as it finally passed both the upper and lower house retains the provision reducing the minimum of incomes subject to taxation to \$3000 for unmarried men and \$4000 for married men. This feature of the new bill was injected in order to raise the revenue from this source, as the previous income tax set the minimum at \$3500 for single men and \$4500 for married men. This feature of the measure was passed only after serious objection by members of both houses.

**Inheritance Tax Stands**  
No change has been made in the inheritance tax in the new bill and the same schedule of taxes on beer, wine, liquors, theaters and houses of amusement will remain as before.

One of the most radical features of the new bill is the increase in the tax on the net profit on all munition manufactured. Under the new schedule this tax has been raised to twelve and one half per cent. The tax on all corporation stock has been raised to fifty cents for each \$1000 of capital stock paid in, despite strenuous opposition made to this section of the bill. All stamp and copper refining taxes have been eliminated in the new bill.

One of the jokers of the new national measure is the retaining of the tariff commission without any appropriation for paying the members of the commission. Originally the members of the commission received a salary of \$10,000 yearly. Later this was reduced to \$7500. Under the new law members of the commission will find themselves occupying positions that do not carry any salary.

**Protect American Trade**  
In order to protect American industries against any possible trade war following the European war the bill carries what is popularly known as the "anti-dumping" provision. Under this provision foreign nations will find it unprofitable to ship goods to the United States at a loss in order to compete with and drive out of the market goods of American manufacture that cannot be produced at the same low figure that they are produced in Europe.

Another provision in the new bill that will give an impetus to the development of the chemical industry in the United States is the increased duty on all dyestuffs manufactured in foreign countries. With the beginning of the European war the United States was confronted with a serious problem by a threatened shortage of dyestuffs. The price of these materials has reached a figure never dreamed of before. Under the provisions of the new schedule American manufacturers of dyestuffs will be enabled to compete with European manufacturers.

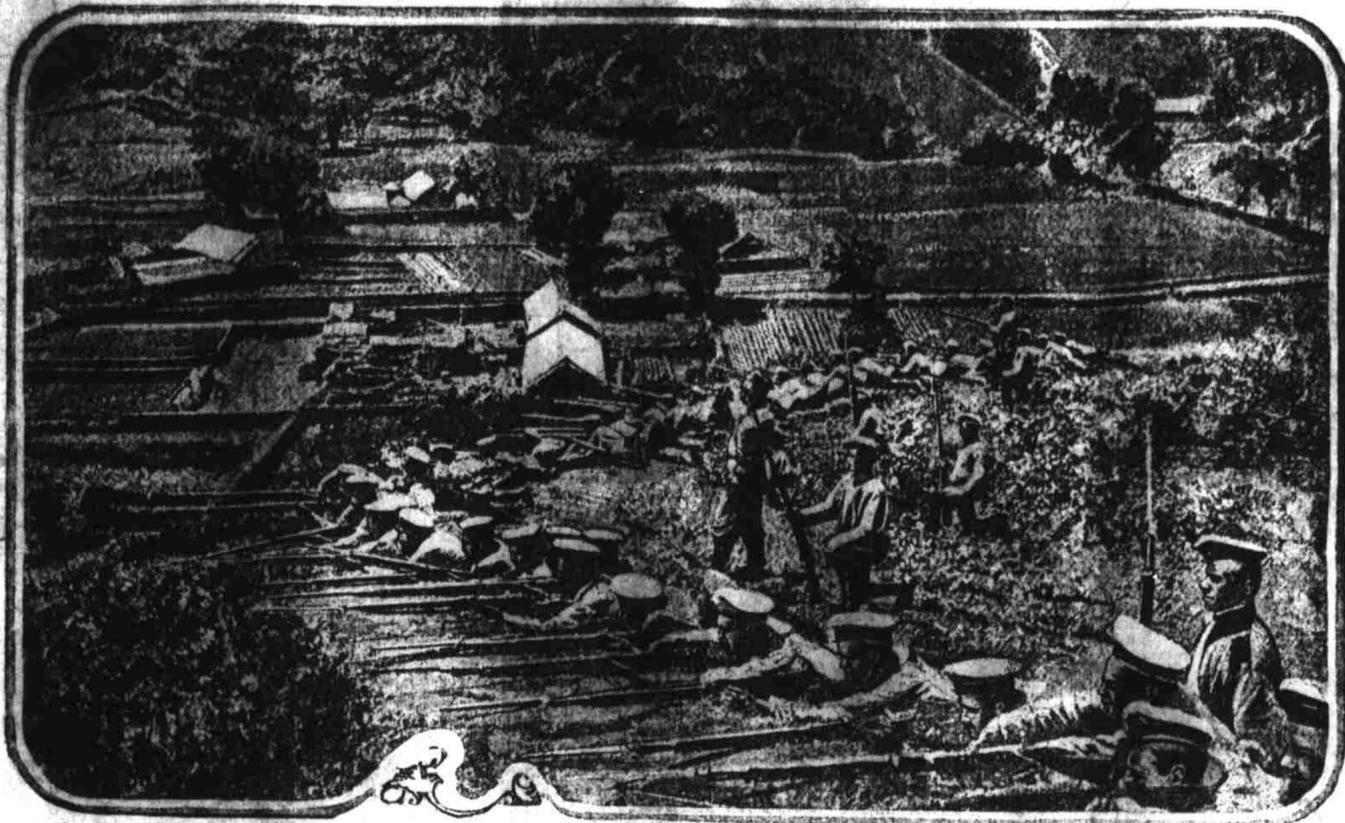
**Retaliation Provisions**  
Probably the most drastic feature of the new bill is the now famous "retaliation" clause. This section of the bill has been the cause of endless debate in both houses of congress and as it finally came from the committee conference it is a complete triumph for the administration.

Under this provision the President is given power to authorize officers at all ports to refuse clearance papers to foreign-owned vessels which seek to discriminate against any American manufactured goods. The bill specifically states that clearance is to be refused to all ships which refuse to take shipments of American made goods for any other reason than lack of cargo space.

Following the passage of the revenue bill a resolution was passed by both branches of congress to adjourn the

(Continued on Page Three.)

## Russian Troops In the Field Against the Austrians In Galicia



## RUMANIAN GARRISON ON DANUBE SURRENDERS

Twenty Thousand Men Taken Prisoners By Bulgars and Germans, When Heavy Guns Block Way To Retreat Across River

ALLIES ELSEWHERE ARE UNIFORMLY SUCCESSFUL

Slavs Report Gains In Galicia, Both Vienna and Berlin Admit; French and British Continue Their Advances On Somme

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
ARIS, September 8.—The Rumanian armies on the southern border of Rumania have suffered a heavy defeat, with the loss of 20,000 men and large quantities of munitions of war, in the fall of Turtukai, one of the border cities, and an important railroad junction about sixty miles southeast of Bucharest.

The news of this reverse is tempered somewhat by the reports from the other fronts. Everywhere else the Allies have been successful. In the Galician fields and the Carpathians the Russians are still forging ahead rapidly, in Transylvania the Rumanians have advanced, according to the formal admissions of the Vienna and Berlin general staffs, while in Armenia and South Africa the Teutonic allies have been the target for repeated and violent attacks.

**Rumanian Defeat Severe**  
Accounts of the fighting between the Germans and Bulgars and the Rumanians in the vicinity of Turtukai told of the sensational defeat of the latter. The Rumanian garrison, hemmed in from the front by the overpowering numbers of their foes, and in the rear by the Danube, faced annihilation or surrender. Their commander chose surrender.

The city of Turtukai is situated on the south bank of the Danube, and when the Bulgars and German forces attacked it they succeeded in flanking the city on both sides. At the same time their guns commanded all the crossings of the Danube, making it impossible for the Rumanian garrison to cross the river under the curtain fire of the heavy guns. Confronted with this situation the Rumanian commander yielded.

But the same despatches that told of the capitulation of Turtukai also reported the Rumanian victories on the northern, or Transylvanian, battlefields. There Vienna concedes that the Austrians are in full flight before the attacks of the Rumanian king, Ferdinand, who is in personal command of the Rumanians in that sector.

**Austrians Defeated**  
At Olas Toplitza the Rumanians have struck heavily and the Austrians were unable to withstand their assaults, and were compelled to fall back precipitately, according to the despatches from Bucharest, which are substantiated by the reports from the Austrian general staff. The Rumanians also captured the Gyergo Ditra Pass, southeast of Orsova, where the fighting has been severe for several days.

Farther north on the East front the Russians are still hammering hard at the Austrians and the Germans. Both Berlin and Vienna continued last night to report reverses for the armies of the two Kaisers, especially in the vicinity of Halicz, one of the key positions defending Lemberg, toward which the Russians are pressing steadily.

Near Byzanzny, the Russians launched a heavy offensive which broke through the lines of the Teutons, driving them back, and resulting in the capture of a large number of men and much war material. This fighting on the Zlota Lipa river was successful elsewhere as well. In the direction of Halicz, which the Russians bombarded yesterday with great effect, the Slavs are advancing swiftly, and both Berlin and Vienna admit defeats and retreats. The city of Halicz is burning fiercely, and although the Austrians are stubbornly defending every inch of ground, the Russians yesterday reported the capture of an additional 5645 unwounded prisoners in that sector.

**Berlin Admits Defeat**  
In the angle between the Zlota Lipa and the Dnieper river, which the Russians have cut across at the base, they are moving ahead rapidly, according to the reports from Berlin, Vienna and from Petrograd. Berlin reports that the Slavs are losing heavily in making

(Continued on Page Three.)

## STREET CAR MEN OF GOTHAM STRIKE

Thousands of Workers Quit Their Jobs On Elevated and Subway Lines

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
NEW YORK, September 7.—At two o'clock this morning union employees of subway and elevated street car lines were called out on strike, but as the hours progressed it was seen that the city is but slightly affected.

The unionists asserted that 9000 men were not working today, including those who walked out at two and those who did not report for the morning detail, and that of these 4000 were in subway and elevated lines employment.

Representatives of the traction companies say that not more than 2000 struck, and that strike-breakers are maintaining the normal schedules of the lines.

The "green car" surface line is chiefly affected. Only thirty per cent of its cars are running.

## STANDARDIZATION OF HOSPITAL WORK PLAN

(By The Associated Press.)  
PHILADELPHIA, September 8.—Standardization of hospital work and the training of nurses will be the principal subjects of discussion at the eighteenth annual conference of the American Hospital Association here September 26 to 30. Fifteen hundred professional hospital men are expected to attend.

According to Dr. William H. Walsh, former superintendent of the Municipal Hospital of this city, the convention will take action toward establishing uniformity in hospital work, possibly even to the use of surgical instruments, and toward placing the nursing profession on the highest plane. The question whether hospitals which reject several cases should not be cut off from state appropriations may also be considered. Many members of the association believe that a hospital should be prepared to receive any kind of a case, even to contagious diseases. Many persons who are seriously ill from a contagious or venereal disease prefer to undergo treatment at home rather than feel the stigma of entering a special hospital for the treatment of such diseases.

**SHIPPING BILL SIGNED**  
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—The President today signed the new shipping bill.

## PROFESSOR JORDAN HAS PEACE PLANS

Announces President Will Not Act On Definite Policy Until After Election

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, September 8.—David Starr Jordan, member of the permanent peace committee, returned to Stanford University yesterday after a tour of several months in the United States and Europe where he has been lecturing on the peace movement.

Dr. Jordan reported that he had had a conference with President Wilson on the subject and indicated that while the President would use his influence to bring about peace in Europe, that he will make no move to approach the belligerent nations until after the November elections.

Jordan admitted that definite peace plans had been outlined for a peace program and that probably congress would join in the movement to end in the European war in a few months.

## SENATORS RATIFY SALE TREATY WITH DENMARK

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 8.—The senate yesterday formally ratified the treaty with Denmark, providing for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000 by the United States. There was no roll call, but less than half a dozen senators opposed the treaty. Among them were Senators Clapp, Jones and Norris.

## HENRY FORD SUES PAPER FOR MILLION DOLLARS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
CHICAGO, September 7.—Henry Ford, the Detroit auto manufacturer and peace propagandist, filed a damage suit for \$1,000,000 against the Chicago Tribune today. The suit charges that the Tribune in an editorial called him an "anarchist." Personal damages are asked.

## SUFFRAGISTS INSIST ON HARMONY IN RANKS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
ATLANTIC CITY, September 7.—The National American Woman's Association today passed a motion changing the constitution so as to bar from membership all organizations not in harmony with the policy and constitution of the association.

**BIG CANADIAN-PACIFIC LINER RUNS ON SHOAL**  
(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shippo.)  
TOKYO, September 8.—The Canadian Pacific liner Araban was vent ashore in Tokyo Bay yesterday afternoon. It is believed that she can be floated.

## GERMANS READY FOR TRADE WAR

Gathering Resources For Big Struggle

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 8.—Official despatches from Berlin indicate that Germany is gathering all her available resources to meet the trade war "after the war" which the Entente powers are planning to launch. According to information received in official circles here the general attitude of the German industrial classes toward the threat is one of unconcern. Indeed in many quarters the threatened trade war is regarded lightly. Nevertheless the Germans are getting ready for the keenest kind of competition in the world's markets as soon as peace is declared.

In the meantime industrial Germany is making ready in every possible physical way for the struggle. The ship yards are busy building large numbers of merchant ships of all classes from Transatlantic liners to tramps. Industrial plants are being remodeled and equipped so as to operate with the greatest possible efficiency. Internal development is being pushed as much as possible during the war, and arrangements are being made to carry several large commercial projects into effect as soon as peace releases the enormous numbers of men now on the different battle fields.

## ALLIED AEROPLANES BOMBARD BRUSSELS

Air Raiders Believed To Have Been British

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
THE HAGUE, September 8.—Brussels has been bombarded by aeroplanes according to information reaching this city.

The air raiders, believed to have been British, flew low over the Belgian capital, about one o'clock in the morning. The amount of damage done by the bombardment has not been ascertained here, but it is reported that one of the machines was brought down by anti-aircraft guns.

## WIDOWS OF VETERANS TO RECEIVE PENSIONS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 8.—A pension bill giving to the widows of veterans of the Civil War, the Mexican war and the War of 1812, who have reached the age of seventy, a pension of \$20 a month, passed the senate yesterday. The measure had already passed the house.

## SUSPECT ARRESTED FOR THREATENING GOVERNOR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SACRAMENTO, September 7.—C. Annapoli, a foreigner, was arrested here today, suspected of having sent a letter to the governor threatening to dynamite him unless given a large sum of money.

**BRITISH STEAMER SUNK**  
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
PLYMOUTH, England, September 7.—The British steamer Tarridge has been sunk and nineteen of the crew reached land safely. No news of other members of the crew can be gathered.

## SOLONS OF DENMARK AGREED ON POLICY

Will Appoint Committee To Investigate Proposed Sale of Danish West Indies

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
COPENHAGEN, September 8.—Following a heated debate in the Rigsdag here yesterday, committees of all parties in both houses of parliament agreed to the proposal of the conservatives made yesterday to appoint a comprehensive committee to study the subject of selling the Danish West Indies to the United States. After the investigations of the committee it is proposed to submit the question to a plebiscite. Unless the plebiscite results in more than half the electors voting for the sale the proposed treaty with the United States cannot be ratified.

There was no agreement reached on the formation of a coalition cabinet. The subject will come up for further discussion today.

## ARCTIC RELIEF SHIP REACHES PORT SAFELY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
BATTLE HARBOR, Labrador, September 8.—The schooner George B. Cluett, relief ship which went into the Arctic region in July, 1915, for the relief of the Donald R. McMillan Arctic expedition, reached here yesterday. The master of the schooner reported that the exploring party had been saved and brought to Greenland. After wintering all winter on the Cluett, McMillan, Dr. E. O. Hovey and other scientists decided to remain in Greenland for further scientific researches.

## MANEUVERS FOR JAPAN'S WAR FLEET ANNOUNCED

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)  
TOKYO, September 8.—The navy department here last night announced that the grand naval maneuvers will be held this fall near Ise Bay. Admiral Baron S. Dewax, was yesterday appointed to command an inspector general extraordinary of the maneuvers.

## GUARDSMEN ON BORDER TO STAY INDEFINITELY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—Fifteen thousand National Guardsmen who returned from the border recently have been ordered mustered out of the federal service. The order will stay there indefinitely, it is stated in official circles.

(Continued on Page Three.)

# REVENUE BILL BLOCKS PLANS OF CONGRESS FOR QUITTING

### Conference Committees Break Deadlock On Stamp Taxes, But Measure Hangs Fire Spoiling the Adjournment Preparations

### SOLONS NOW HOPE TO BE ABLE TO LEAVE SATURDAY

### Owens Corrupt Practices Act Stirs Wrath of Senators and Starts Heated Fracas Between Arizonan and G. O. P. Kansan

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—Prospects of an early adjournment of congress grew slimmer yesterday with the conference committee on revenues unable to come to an agreement on several sections of the measure.

It is believed that the deadlock of the house and senate committees on the revenue bill with its provisions for retaliation against the interference of the Allies with American commerce, will cause a delay on two or more days.

From present indications congress probably will not adjourn until Saturday, if it is able to finish its work this week at all.

### Reach Agreement

Late last night the conference committees on the revenue bill came to an agreement with regard to stamp taxes. It was agreed to eliminate all stamp taxes, now placed on stocks, bonds, telegrams and other negotiable papers. An attempt to raise the loss of revenue from stamp taxes on all the production of all munition manufacturers probably will be considerably increased. It is proposed to tax the net profits of munition makers.

### Senators In Fracas

During the discussion of a filibuster in the senate against the passage of the Owen corrupt practices act, an acrimonious debate between Senator Curtis, a Republican from Kansas, and Ashurst, a Democrat from Arizona, almost resulted in a personal encounter between the two members.

During the heated debate Senator Curtis charged Senator Ashurst with franking 70,000 copies of a letter which he declared had been sent broadcast for campaign purposes. In his reply Ashurst asserted that he had not violated the law on the subject and that he had the approval of the postmaster general to send the letters through the mail free.

### Ashurst Grows Angry

Walking over to the seat of the Kansas senator Ashurst shook his finger in his colleague's face and called Curtis a "Pharisee from Kansas."

The senate conference committee discovered that there were obstacles in the way of acceptance of the senate amendments to the revenue bill, but it is hoped these will be smoothed out today. If this is accomplished, Congress will adjourn after passing the measure with the "retaliation amendments" included.

# SUBMARINE BREMEN IS REPORTED NEAR PORT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
LONDON, September 7.—Persistent rumors are current here to the effect that the German submarine merchantman, Bremen, sister ship to the Deutschland, has sailed from a German port and is now on its way to the United States. The rumor is definite in its prediction that the underwater boat will dock at New London, Connecticut, and that it probably will finish its long voyage in ten days.

# THREATEN STRIKE ON GOTHAM'S CAR LINES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
NEW YORK, September 6.—A strike of employees on both the subway and the elevated lines was forecast today by union leaders, who say that it will begin at 2 o'clock on Thursday morning, the hour when the new street railway day starts. The union men demand an annulment of the contracts binding the men not to seek a wage increase within two years. The unionists will hold a mass meeting tonight in preparation for the strike.

# BELGIAN GOVERNMENT TO FINANCE SHIPPING LINE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
NEW YORK, September 6.—A new steamship fleet, to be financed by the Belgian government, will begin operations on October 6 and run steamers every ten days between New York, French and Italian ports.

# REFINERIES CUT PRICE OF SUGAR

### Announce Drop of Seventy-five Cents a Hundred In Refined

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, September 6.—The larger sugar refiners today announced a drop of 75 cents a hundred in refined sugar, due to the decrease in the quotations for raws. The drop leaves cane granulated at \$6.45 a hundred.

As late as August 24 refined granulated was held at \$7.30 per hundred pounds, less trade discounts, while sugar crop levels were being offered as low as 7.00 to 7.10. Eastern trade papers have devoted considerable space to the possibility of an organized war by the refiners against the domestic beet sugar manufacturers whose product is just beginning to be a factor in the market although the bulk of the crop will not be offering until November and December.

Normally domestic beet granulated sells about twenty cents per hundred under cane granulated. With the latter now being offered to the jobbers at 6.45 the beet people will have to drop to 6.25 or surrender to the refiners at whatever compromise basis can be arranged.

The domestic beet sugars enter the market at a disadvantage, being for all practical purposes in the same category as "distressed" raws shipped to Atlantic ports subject to quick sale on arrival. If buyers hold off, the shippers are compelled either to bear the cost of unloading their cargoes and warehousing them, or accept prices lower than the market, to effect immediate sale. Domestic beet sugar producers are compelled therefore, because they do not usually contract their crops ahead, to sell in a market which is in the control of the refiners eight months in the year, at the best prices they are able to negotiate.

# BIG INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OPENS

### Joint Peace Commission Begins Sessions With General Discus- sion of Border Conditions

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
NEW LONDON, Connecticut, September 7.—After being formally opened yesterday, the meeting of the American-Mexican joint commission appointed to discuss the problem of bringing peace on the Mexican border adjourned until tomorrow in order to allow Senator Luis Cabrera to attend to some personal affairs in Boston.

With Senator Cabrera, one of the Mexican representatives, presiding, the initial meeting of the commission got under way without much ceremony. Informal exchange of views looking to the protection of life and property along the international border was made and consideration was given to the "growth of the control and strength of constitutional government in Mexico."

A summary of the proceedings by one of the commissioners allied to the de facto government is having "become stronger every day during the last two years."

# SAVE AMERICANS ON TORPEDOED SHIPS

### Italian and British Vessels Sent Down By Attacks of Teuton Submarines

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—According to reports that have reached the state department, two Americans were killed, when the Italian steamship Stella Delmar was sent to the bottom of the Mediterranean by a Teutonic submarine. The ship was not attacked in violation of the understanding entered into between the German government and the United States, according to information the State department has received.

A thorough investigation of the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the British steamer Kelvinia, Captain Meikle in command, which was sunk by a submarine or a mine while enroute from Newport News to Glasgow, has been ordered by the State department. It was learned that there were twenty-eight Americans aboard when the ship sank and that they have been landed at Glasgow. It is believed that they were in charge of a shipment of munies intended for the Allies army.

# LA FOLLETTE RENOMINATED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
MILWAUKEE, September 6.—Senator Robert La Follette has been renominated for the United States senate, according to incomplete returns from the state wide primary yesterday.

# TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a dose of castor oil will effectually cure the most stubborn case of dysentery. It is especially good for summer diarrhoea in children. For sale by all dealers. Beeson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# COOPER IS FOULLY SLAIN

### Prominent Hana Man Shot to Death Whose Body Was Found Early Yesterday Morning, With a Gaping Bullet Wound In the Back



# Body Found On Railroad Track Near Plantation Office —Police and Citizens Seek Murderer

George O. Cooper, bookkeeper of the Kaeleku Sugar Company, of Hana, Maui, was foully murdered at an early morning hour yesterday, according to wireless messages received in the city. The body of the dead man was found at five o'clock in the morning lying on the track of the plantation railroad near the company's office. Cooper was shot in the back and death must have been instantaneous.

No clue to the murderer has been found, according to yesterday's messages. Whoever committed the deed made his escape. Sheriff Clem O. Crowell and the police, assisted by many indignant citizens have been out guarding the district in an attempt to locate and discover the murderer. So far as can be learned no real motive for the dastardly crime is known.

Robbery may have been the motive, however. This is the theory advanced in Honolulu at the offices of Theo. H. Davies & Company, the local agents for the Kaeleku Sugar Company. Mr. Cooper was in the habit of arising early in the morning and going to the company's office, which he opened up in preparation for the day's work. He may have found some one in the building and given chase to the man, for a man it must have been, and was shot, possibly by some confederate of the fugitive, if not by the latter.

George O. Cooper died on his birthday, yesterday being his forty-third anniversary. He was born in the Island of Hawaii and was educated in St. Louis College, this city. His parents lived at Kukuhaele, Hamakua, and Napoohoa, Kona, on the Big Island. The deceased was married and is survived by the widow and seven children. A number of his children, who have been attending St. Louis College and the Academy of the Sacred Hearts, Kaimuki, were to leave yesterday for Hana for Honolulu in the Claudiine, to resume their studies in this city.

# BERLIN ADMITS BIG SLAV VICTORY

### Announces Teutonic Defeat In Galicia Field

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
LONDON, September 7.—The German general staff last night conceded that the Russians in Galicia have won a big victory on the line of the Zlota Lipa and the Dniester rivers, and that the Slavs are rapidly drawing closer to Lemberg.

Four thousand five hundred Germans and Austrians fell into the hands of the Russians in their attacks, together with a large quantity of war booty of all sorts. They also captured a number of fortified positions defending Halicz.

In the Carpathians the Russians also were victorious, driving back the Austrians defending the passes, and advancing still deeper into Hungary. There also they captured a number of prisoners and some material.

# Austrian Army Menaced

The victory in Galicia still further imperils the army of the Archduke Carl and his fellow commanders to the north of the Danube for it lends their flanks still further back, in addition to menacing their lines of retreat and communication. Incidentally it takes the Russians just that much nearer to the city of Lemberg, most important center in Galicia, and one of the keys to the Kovel, which the Russians have been attempting to capture for months. Their frontal attacks on the Stokhod river having been repulsed, the Slavs are apparently attempting to enter the place by the side door.

# On Rumanian Frontier

Along the Rumanian frontier the fighting has been heavy, but the reports of results are conflicting. The German official report says that "German Bulgarian troops stormed and occupied advanced positions at a bridgehead near Trutskan. The town of Dobric was captured by Bulgarians. Bulgarian cavalry dispersed repeatedly Rumanian battalions. German naval planes bombed Zostina and Russian night sea forces. Our airships bombed successfully Bucharest and petroleum establishments in Ploiesti."

Petrograd however, has a different story to tell. The Russians say that they have retaken the Dobrudja frontier positions, and that the Teutonic bombardment of the towns of Ilex and Kalesat, on the Danube was without much military effect. Bucharest reports continued gains in Transylvania; where the Rumanians took 650 prisoners.

The Russians also report that they are making large strides in Armenia, inflicting heavy casualties as they go, especially in the vicinity of Agnoff, where the Turks have been badly defeated. There have been continuous bombardments in Macedonia, but otherwise nothing of importance to report.

Berlin declared last night that the Austrians have succeeded in halting the Italian advance in Albania, and that the Teutons have recaptured some of the positions formerly taken by the Italians.

# CARNIVAL PLANS TALKED OVER AT CLUB'S LUNCHEON

### Secretary Hardy Announces Military Will Not Take Part In the Celebration

### MAKES PUBLIC LETTER FROM COLONEL McRAE

### Canvass Shows Men Themselves Not In Favor of Visiting City That Week

Elaborate plans for the Mid-Pacific Carnival were discussed at a luncheon given yesterday in the Commercial club and although complete details of the week of festivity were not worked out enough was brought forward to indicate that the celebration will far exceed any heretofore attempted.

An interesting development of the meeting was the disclosure of the fact that the troops from Schofield Barracks will not be camped in Honolulu for the 1917 carnival.

Following rumors to the effect that the men of the barracks did not as a whole favor to take any part in the affair officially, and that the trouble of encamping in Honolulu was far in excess of the benefits obtained, efforts were made to learn just how the men themselves felt about it.

### Soldiers Objected

The canvass showed that they were not in favor of coming to the city during carnival week, as was brought out by the following correspondence which was presented at the meeting yesterday.

Honolulu, July 29, 1916.  
Commanding General, Hawaiian Department,  
Honolulu, T. H.

Sir:  
The president and board of directors of Mid-Pacific Carnival, Ltd., desire to extend an invitation to the officers and enlisted men of the Hawaiian Department to participate in the coming Carnival, February 19-24, inclusive, 1917. The program is now being written and in the tentative draft provision has been made for one afternoon for the use of the army.

The president and directors would greatly appreciate an expression of opinion as to whether or not the organizations of the department desire to take part in the carnival.

With continued thanks for the obligations under which we remain, I am,  
Very respectfully yours,  
(Signed) THORNTON HARDY,  
Executive Secretary, Mid-Pacific Carnival, Ltd.

### Colonel McRae Replies

Col. J. H. McRae, under date of August 24, sent the following reply to the carnival board's letter:

Referring to your communication of the 20th ultimo, requesting an expression of opinion as to what part the military organizations in the department desire to take in the Mid-Pacific Carnival to be held February 19-24, 1917, the Department Commanders direct me to inform you that the consensus of opinion of the various commanding officers in the department relative to the participation in this command is adverse to such participation. This does not refer to the military parade on Washington's Birthday, which will probably be held as usual.

Very respectfully,  
(Signed) J. H. McRAE,  
Adjutant General.

Comment yesterday showed that the decision of the army men was almost unexpected as arrangements had already been made to fill the day that had been allotted to the soldiers with a monster hukilau at Kalaehoa Minne. This big fishing spectacle is being arranged by Mayor Lane who will endeavor to make it the most spectacular affair of the kind ever held on the Island.

### Plans For Hukilau

Part of Mayor Lane's plans were explained by William E. Miles, secretary of the Kamehameha Day Celebration Committee, who was present at the luncheon by invitation.

It also was learned yesterday from reports of committees that the Japanese are already organizing for a lantern parade to be held on the evening of Washington's Birthday. Henry W. Kinney, superintendent of public instruction, has agreed to act as chairman of the committee in charge of the exercises of the school children. Harry Denison, it was learned, has agreed to act as chairman of a committee in charge of the water pageant.

### Will Run Special Trains

In order to accommodate the thousands who are expected to attend the hukilau, the O. E. & L. will run special trains to the beach. It is estimated that the event will attract many hundreds of automobile parties to the big fishing festival. Preparations are being made to seat and feed 3000 persons.

It was suggested that an aquatic display would add to the interest of the hukilau and it is proposed to stage a battle of war canoes which will be representative of the victory of Kamehameha the Great.

Those present at the luncheon were George P. Denison, Emil A. Bergdt, F. E. Blake, Guy H. Buttolph, Capt. Norris Stayton, Thornton Hardy, Louis E. Davis and W. C. Miles. The board will meet again next Monday.

# COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

# SALE OF TREATY STILL IN DOUBT

### Fate of Treaty With Denmark Depends On Vote At Danish Plebiscite

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
COPENHAGEN, September 7.—Unless more than half of the voters of Denmark vote in favor of the project at the plebiscite which is planned, the government will not be able to ratify the treaty to sell the Danish West India to the United States government. This was the gist of a discussion of the subject held in both houses of parliament yesterday.

In order to placate the liberals the conservative members of the upper house proposed that a committee of thirty members be appointed to reconsider the entire problem in which it is proposed to sell the islands to the United States for \$25,000,000. This committee, it is suggested, after making a thorough investigation of the subject, will make a report.

The report then will go before the convention and under the constitution the matter will have to be submitted to a plebiscite. If more than half the voters vote against it the United States will have to be notified that the treaty cannot be ratified.

Further discussion of the proposals is scheduled for today by both houses of parliament.

# T. K. K. WILL BUILD SUCCESSOR TO CHIVO

### New Vessel Will Be Called San Francisco Maru

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shipper.)

TOKIO, September 7.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Toy Kisen Kaisha held here yesterday, an appropriation was made for the construction of a 16,851 net ton steamer to take the place of the Chivo Maru which was wrecked on Laysan Islands near Honolulu last spring.

The new steamer will be called San Francisco Maru and will enter the freight and passenger service between San Francisco and the Orient. Honolulu will be a port of call for the new liner.

# SUFFRAGISTS DECLINE TO PLAY POLITICS

### Refuse To Endorse Any Candidate For the Presidency

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

ATLANTIC CITY, September 7.—The National American Woman's Suffrage Association, which has been in session here this week, passed a resolution yesterday declaring that they would continue to support the policy of the association to bring about equal rights for women through both national and state legislation.

The association, which is holding its fourth annual convention, also declared that it would not endorse or criticize any organization any candidate now in the field for President of the United States because of the views he holds on the suffrage question.

# AMERICANS RESCUED FROM WRECKED SHIP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
WASHINGTON, September 6.—Consular reports today on the sinking of the British steamer Kelvinia, blown up by a mine or torpedo while enroute from Newport News for Glasgow reveal the fact that there were twenty-eight Americans aboard the steamer, and that they have been landed at Glasgow. It is believed they were in charge of mules carried for the Allies.

# MONGOLIANS MARCHING AGAINST JAPANESE

(Special Cablegram to The Hawaii Hoichi)  
TOKIO, September 6.—More than 3000 Japanese soldiers have centered at Kungehuling in Mongolia to prepare to meet a body of Mongolians which has been marching south. Mongolian troops fired upon a Japanese garrison in China, and one of the officers of the garrison was killed. Word is expected at any time that the two armies have clashed.

# PRESIDENT NAMES THREE BRIGADIER GENERALS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—Under the provision of the new navy bill the President yesterday appointed three brigadier-generals of the United States Marine Corps. The names that will be sent for the confirmation of the senate are Charles H. Lauchheimer, adjutant and inspector; George Richards, paymaster, and Charles L. McCawley, quartermaster. All the appointees are at present members of the general staff located here.

# CLERY FALLS INTO FRENCH POSSESSION TEUTONS SAY

### General Foch Reports Capturing Outskirts of Chaulnes, and Cutting Railroad Leading To Roye As British Take Leuze

# VERMANDOVIILLERS SALIENT FLATTENS UP UNDER ATTACK

### French Troops Drive Deep Into Heart of German Lines, and Officially Report Having Made Gains South of River Somme

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
PARIS, September 7.—The steady pressure the French and British have been exerting north and south of the River Somme, following the first burst of their great offensive there, beginning July 1, has come to an end and the Allies have resumed their terrific hammering of the German lines, and with good effect.

Berlin has been compelled to admit that the Germans have lost the town of Chilly in the fighting of Tuesday, and last night the official German statement told of the capture by the French, of the important town of Clery sur Somme, just to the north of the river, where it bends to the westward after passing Peronne. This step forward brings the French lines north of the stream and level with the most advanced of the British positions about four miles north, and beyond Comblis.

### Avoiding Front Attacks

Military observers here last night declared that the evident object of the French commander, General Foch, is to avoid frontal attacks upon Peronne, if possible, and by flanking the town, compel the Germans to evacuate it under the fire of his artillery, and without exposing his men to the risks of an assault upon the powerful works that defend the place.

But while the capture of Clery sur Somme was taking place the French were striking hard at the German lines south of the river. In the same sector of the front where they reported successes the day before the French last night announced that they have made most notable gains. Chilly is already in their hands and they had pushed their lines well to the east and south of that place and drove the Germans back from their advanced positions over a four mile line, between Chilly and Vermandovilliers.

### Capture Vermandovilliers

The men under General Foch had already taken a large part of Vermandovilliers in the attacks of the day before, and yesterday they drove the Teutons out of their last positions, occupying the crossroads to the south and east of the place, as well as cutting the turnpike that leads to Estrees. The capture of Vermandovilliers flattens still more the sharp elbow in the French line. As the situation in that sector now stands, there is a rounded German salient sticking into the French positions. The present line coming southwest from Belloy en Santerre to Berry runs then on a slight slant to the little town of Denicourt, just to the south of Estrees.

### Nearing Chaulnes

Here the line bends westward and southward and runs in an almost straight line to Vermandovilliers. At this point there has been an elbow, almost a right angle, as the line of trenches swept directly south toward Chaulnes an important junction town, from which runs the railroad to Roye and Peronne, as well as to a number of minor towns and cities.

Yesterday General Foch launched a series of attacks in this sector. He battered at the German lines between Barleux and Belloy en Santerre, until he finally forced the Germans out of the trenches southeast of the latter town. This is an important point for a number of highroads converge just south of Belloy en Santerre. Incidentally it flattened out a slight salient in the French positions.

### French Out Railroad

Foch also pounded along the four mile front between Chilly and Vermandovilliers and he threw his men against the outskirts of Chaulnes, taking them after a severe struggle.

South of Chaulnes he cut the railroad to Roye and moved his troops some distance down the road, driving back the Germans as he advanced and capturing a number of prisoners.

Berlin reports a number of German counterattacks and so do the official French communiques the latter claiming that the attacks were driven back by the curtain fire maintained by the French "seventy-fives" and the French infantry.

# CANAL WILL REOPEN FOR GENERAL TRAFFIC TODAY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)  
WASHINGTON, September 7.—Notice was issued yesterday from official sources that the Panama Canal would be reopened today for all classes of vessels. For several days the canal has been closed to all traffic due to large boulders that had fallen into the big ditch.



# THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON, EDITOR

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 8, 1916.

THE ADVERTISER'S SEMI-WEEKLY

## BREVITIES

(From Wednesday Advertiser)  
The offices of Libby, McNeill & Libby have been moved from the Kaulaokalani Building, King street, to the firm's factory in Kalihi.

The management of the new Hotel Dyckmann, of Minneapolis, has written asking A. P. Taylor, of the promotion committee, to give a name to the Hawaiian dining room or cafe, which it is proposed to decorate in Hawaiian style.

Asking for the appointment of Harold H. Smith, formerly United States marshal here, as administrator, a petition in the matter of the estate of John D. Holt, deceased, was filed in the circuit court yesterday. The estate is valued at \$900.

Jack Deha, secretary to the Delegate to Congress has written A. P. Taylor, announcing that there is to be a reunion of the members of the territorial party which visited Hawaii last May a year ago. Hawaiian pineapples will be a feature of the menu.

Miss Janet Dewar, superintendent of the Kaulaokalani Children's Hospital made her report of the institution's activities for August, which was the busiest the hospital has ever had. 117 children were admitted and one died. There are now 34 youngsters under care there.

The suit of Mrs. Mary Allen Moore against the Oahu Railway & Land Company, in which the plaintiff sought to compel the company to return over to her 145 shares of stock held by her deceased husband, was discontinued in the federal court yesterday by the plaintiff, at her cost.

Three divorces have been filed so far this month, the two filed yesterday being those of Mrs. Kiku Ogi against Toko Ogi, and Mrs. Nami Ozaki against Genkiichi Ozaki, both for nonsupport and desertion. The first of the year 211 actions for divorce have been instituted in Honolulu.

Lee Chew, who was arrested Friday of last week on a federal warrant charging him with having opium in possession, was discharged yesterday after a short preliminary hearing before Judge George S. Curry, United States commissioner. Lee was represented by Attorney Robert W. Breckons, former United States district attorney.

Finding the first annual accounts of H. M. von Holt, trustee of the estate of August Dreier, deceased, correct, Melville T. Simonson, master, yesterday filed his report in the circuit court recommending approval of the accounts. The trustee charges himself with receipts of \$2802.02 and asks to be allowed \$3020.45. The inventory shows the estate to be worth \$18,005.05.

(From Thursday Advertiser)  
William H. Robinson, an enlisted man, died at the Department Hospital, Fort Shafter, on Monday. The body will be transported to Hawaii for burial. Robinson was a native of Florida, unmarried and twenty-three years old.

Mrs. Rosa Gomez, widow, filed yesterday in the circuit court a petition for her appointment as administratrix of the estate of Antonio George Gomez, deceased, whose estate is valued at \$2530. The petition will be heard on October 9.

A motion to set the injunction suit of Fred Harrison against Robert Witt Davis for trial will be heard by Judge Ashford tomorrow. Under a stipulation filed yesterday the defendant was given until September 15 in which to answer the complaint.

All the branches of the District Woman's Auxiliary of the Episcopal Church will meet at the residence of Mrs. H. M. von Holt, 422 Judd street, at three o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The last semi-annual collections of the united auxiliary will be taken up.

A suit to annul the marriage of Miles P. Covar and Mrs. Edith Covar was filed in the circuit court yesterday by the wife. Since the first of the year 212 actions for divorce have been instituted in Honolulu, four of these being filed since the first of the month.

Filed on August 28, the papers in the divorce suit of Mrs. Maria Nagoski against Leonard Nagoski were returned yesterday from service to the circuit court. The Nagoskis were married in Poland, Europe, on August 22, 1907. Non-support and cruelty are charged by the wife.

Attorney Alexander D. Larnach, administrator, filed in the circuit court yesterday the final accounts of the estate of David J. Garden, deceased, showing receipts of \$231.65 and disbursements of \$285.60. The administrator says he has on hand property worth \$545.25, in addition to two promissory notes of no value. The matter will be taken up for hearing on October 16.

(From Friday Advertiser)  
Charles L. Hopkins, Harold Giffard and Arthur E. Bestwick, appraisers of the estate of Peter Adler, deceased, filed in the circuit court yesterday the inventory of the estate which, they report, is worth \$391.90.

The \$40,000 bond of the Guardian Trust Company, ancillary administrator of the estate of Helen E. Carpenter, deceased, was reduced by Judge Ashford yesterday to \$3000, on motion of the ancillary administrator.

The arraignment and taking of the plea in the case of the Territory against Elena Rojas, the Filipina charged with the murder of Alejandro Castro some weeks ago at Waipahu, this island, was continued again yesterday, this time to nine-thirty tomorrow morning.

Mrs. Juliette C. Melanphy filed in the circuit court yesterday a petition for her appointment as guardian of the person of her minor daughter, Margaret Lydgate, and Martha Annie Melanphy. The estate is worth \$10,000. The petition will be heard by Judge Ashford today.

Attorney Charles S. Davis, master, filed in the circuit court yesterday his report in the matter of the accounts of H. M. von Holt, trustee of the estate of Godfrey Rhodes, deceased. The master found the accounts correct and recommends that they be approved by the court. The trustee charges himself with receipts of \$6491.06 and asked to be allowed the same amount.

## PERSONALS

(From Wednesday Advertiser)  
Lorin A. Thurston returned in the Wilhelmina on Sunday morning from Hilo, where he spent several weeks looking after his business interests.

Arthur M. Brown, city attorney, and Mrs. Brown, who have been visiting in the mainland for some time past, will return in the Matsonia next Tuesday from San Francisco.

Manuel Thomas and Miss Mary Silva of Waipahu, this island, were married in the Catholic Cathedral last night by Rev. Father Patrick St. Leger, the witnesses being Manuel Ornelas and Miss Virginia Silva.

Judge John L. Kaulaokalani, district magistrate of Kalihi, Kona, Hawaii, arrived yesterday and will return to his Big Island home in the Mauna Loa next Friday at noon. He is making his first visit to the city in six years.

Frank Nichols of this city received news yesterday of the death of his father, John W. Nichols, at New Canaan, Connecticut, on August 17. The elder Nichols was seventy-five years old and leaves a fortune of \$30,000, which his son inherits.

Roderick O. Matheson, editor of The Advertiser, who has been on a three months' vacation, visiting in Canada and the mainland of the United States, will return to Honolulu in the Ventura, which is due here next Monday morning.

(From Thursday Advertiser)  
Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Young of 1233 Lunalilo street welcomed yesterday the arrival of a little daughter.

C. S. Dunning, a newspaper man who spent some time in the city, returned in the Wilhelmina yesterday to San Francisco.

Judge and Mrs. Alexander Lindsay, Jr., have returned to their city home from a two weeks' stay at Laie, Windward Oahu.

Walter M. Argabrite was a passenger in the Wilhelmina yesterday from San Francisco, where he will visit for some weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Pietsch of 1000 Avenue, near Ocean View Drive, Kaimuki, welcomed the arrival of a little daughter on Tuesday.

Among the arrivals in the Mauna Loa steamer from San Francisco was Robert E. Stone, who will become an instructor at Mills School, Manoa.

W. W. McGowan, who was operated at the Queen's Hospital on Tuesday by Dr. W. C. Hobdy, is doing nicely and will shortly be out and about.

John K. Kai, former clerk of the County of Hawaii, who spent the past week in Honolulu, returned yesterday in the Mauna Kea to his home in Hilo.

L. L. Wise of San Francisco, H. E. C. of San Jose, and Miss Florence E. Whittier of Berkeley, California, are among the mainland visitors now in Honolulu.

Among outside islanders now visiting in the city are Fred Murphy and R. Franklin of Makawao, Maui; Mrs. David Pullar of Pepeekeo, and James Alexander of Hakalau, Hawaii.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Treadway were passengers in the Wilhelmina yesterday from San Francisco and will spend several weeks visiting in the Pacific Coast.

Judge Antonio Perry left in the Wilhelmina yesterday for San Francisco, where he will meet Mrs. Perry. The Perrys will return to Honolulu early in November.

With Rev. Leopold Kroll of St. Andrew's Cathedral officiating, August Sun and Miss Dung Kam Yam, were married on Tuesday. The witnesses were Mrs. H. Y. Lee and Jim Young.

Wade Warren Thayer, Secretary of Hawaii, accompanied by Mrs. Thayer, who have been visiting in the mainland for the past three months, will return next Tuesday in the Matsonia from San Francisco.

Rudolph Silva, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Silva of Wilhelmina Rise, Kaimuki, left in the Wilhelmina yesterday for San Francisco, from where he will go to New York to enter one of the eastern educational institutions.

Tadanoo Inai, newly appointed secretary to the local Japanese consulate, who is transferred to the Tokyo foreign office, will arrive here from San Francisco next Wednesday on the Ventura.

Archie C. Kasun of Waimea, Hawaii, is visiting in the city. He came to Honolulu to place his eleven-year-old son in St. Louis College. Mr. Kasun expects to return in the Mauna Loa tomorrow at noon to his Big Island home.

Among island boys who left in the Wilhelmina yesterday for the mainland were Elbert and Malcolm Tuttle, who are returning to Cornell, and Clifford Melim, who will take a course in engineering in an Oakland, California school.

At Waialua, this island, last Sunday, Roman Granate and Miss Junia Tidlos were married in the Catholic Church by Rev. Father Sebastian Kovze. The witnesses to the nuptial ceremony were Edward Amoroso and Mrs. Tomas Lamoya.

Victor H. Kohl and Miss Maude Slaght of Kaimuki avenue, Kaimuki, were married on Tuesday by Rev. Leon L. Loohorbour, pastor of the First Methodist Church, the witnesses being Mrs. H. Flasher and Mrs. Anna H. Loohorbour.

Samuel K. Au and Miss Daisy Lee, well known young members of the local Chinese society circles, were married on Tuesday by Rev. Kong Yin Tet, pastor of St. Peter's (Episcopal) Church, the witnesses being L. S. Wong and Miss Gertrude Heu.

R. C. Bowman, vocational instructor for the territorial schools in Maui, accompanied by Mrs. Bowman, returned in the Mauna Loa from Tuesday from the mainland. They spent some time in Mexico, where Mr. Bowman made a study of the vocational work in the Mexican schools.

Prof. M. C. Mott-Smith of the University of Washington, D. C., and Prof. R. M. Lovett of the University of Chicago, brother and brother-in-law of E. A. Mott-Smith, left in the Wilhelmina yesterday for their mainland homes, after a visit of several weeks here. In the party was Stanley Mott-Smith, who is returning for his second year at Cornell.

## YOUNG IRISHMEN ARE OUT OF WORK

### Hundreds Have Been Refused Jobs in English Fields As Harvest Hands

LONDON, September 6.—Hundreds of Irishmen, young and old, are walking the streets of many English towns because they have been refused employment on harvest work, in quest of which they crossed the Irish sea. The English laborers have barred the Irish and the English farmers refuse places to them for fear of getting into difficulties with the native labor.

The whole trouble is said to be due to the fact that while English labor in the army is in Ireland receiving one shilling a day as government pay the Irish laborers—excluded from provisions of the military service act—take their places in England at six and seven shillings a day.

In Lincolnshire and other important farming counties on the east coast the situation is said to have grown serious. There is no denying that labor is needed to harvest the crops, but the farmers are unable to employ the Irish. They have been told that a rupture will result which will leave them without any labor at all. The difficulty is said to be increased by the shopkeepers in the villages who decline to sell them food.

## PRICES WERE FIRM BUT BUYERS FEW

### Market Was Stationary Except in Unlisted Stocks and Minerals Group

The stock market was firm and business slack yesterday, total sales being only 1350 shares. Twenty-five Alexander & Baldwin sold at \$300, a five point reduction from last sale. H. C. & S. Company also dropped one and a half points. Ewa, Brewery, Olan, Oahu and Pioneer were unchanged. McBrady moved up an eighth and Onomes a quarter.

There was a flurry in Mineral Products, bidders moving up to 1.05. Two hundred sold at 98, 1000 at 99, and 100 at 1.05. One thousand Engels Copper sold at 2.50. Bids and asked prices were: Mineral Products, 1.05-1.10; Mountain King, 75-80; Honolulu Oil, 3.07½, and Tipperary 9 cents asked; Engage Copper 2.50, and California-Hawaiian 10 cents bid.

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## CHOLERA TESTS ARE NEARING COMPLETION

### Remainder of Steerage Passengers Pronounced Non-carriers

Detained for further tests, four steerage passengers who arrived from the Orient in the Okaia Shonan Kaisha steamer Seattle Maru August 30, were pronounced non-carriers of cholera by Dr. F. E. Trotter, surgeon-in-command of the quarantine service yesterday.

Arrivals in the T. K. K. steamer Shinryo Maru who are now held in detention at the compound on quarantine island, numbering 207 steerage passengers, three stowaways and two members of the crew will be passed upon today. Samples of 113 were taken yesterday afternoon and the remainder will be ready for examination this morning.

Since the cholera epidemic in the Orient has been reported the local health authorities under the command of Dr. Trotter have been stringent in their quarantine rules and investigations.

## H. L. MESICK TALKS AT TRADE SCHOOL

H. L. Mesick yesterday spoke to the boys of the Y. M. C. A. Trade Schools on "Making An Investment." In the course of his talk he told the boys that they were making an investment now that would show profit in the years to come.

He said in part, "you boys must not be too eager to be advanced, do not watch the clock, but try to put forth good honest effort and in the end you will succeed."

He told the boys about the inventing of printing and traced its development from the middle of the fifteenth century to the present time. He also told them that the development of the paper industry went hand in hand with the printing.

He said that the United States leads the world in the making of paper and printing. In the United States the products of the soil rank first the iron and steel industry second, paper making third, and printing fifth.

## PRIVATE SOLDIER SHOT

Pvt. B. Vitillo, First Infantry, was shot through the ear at target practice yesterday morning when a machine gun discharged accidentally. He was taken to the post hospital where first aid was rendered. The wound is not serious.

## PROCLAMATION FOR CITY BOND ISSUE IS MADE PUBLIC

### Mayor Lane Loses No Time In Taking First Step To Secure Cash

### HE PROPOSES TO HURRY ALL FUTURE MOVEMENTS

### If Citizens Vote Securities Work On Filtration Plant Will Be Pushed

With the publishing of the proclamation yesterday announcing a municipal bond issue for \$400,000 it was made certain that the matter will go before the voters at a plebiscite at the general election on November 2.

No time was lost yesterday by Mayor Lane, Supervisor Daniel Logan and City Clerk D. Kalaokalani in signing the proclamation and all other business of the city government offices was in abeyance until the proclamation had been prepared for publication. With its announcement yesterday, just sixty days before election, no obstacle can prevent it going before the electorate in November.

The most significant fact in connection with the proclamation—and one that meets the approval of practically all the city officials, is the diverting of \$150,000 for the completion of the Nuuanu filtration plant. When the first allotment of the new municipal bonds was made only \$100,000 was allotted for the entire water department. Manager Murray of the water department at that time stated that the amount was not sufficient and that anything less than \$150,000 to complete the filtration plant would be so much money wasted.

City Will Move Rapidly  
If the proposed bond issue secures sixty per cent of the registered voters of the city, at the plebiscite in November no time will be lost in issuing the bonds and going ahead with the construction of the Nuuanu filtration plant.

Another item in the bond issue is the sum of \$130,000 to be used for the installation and equipment of a pumping unit sewer system throughout the residence section of Waikiki, between Diamond Head and King street and including the low lying section maula from the sea.

One of the items that will meet with the approval of practically every Honolulu is the proposed extension of the concrete roadway of the highway commonly known as the Belt Road, from the Nuuanu Pali toward Kualoa Point. For this work \$100,000 is to be set aside from the bond issue.

### Want Office Building

"I hope that when we make another issue next year that there will be enough money to construct a building for the city offices. Honolulu surely needs a city hall. I am keeping my eye on several sites and when the money is available I do not believe it will be difficult to secure a suitable location," said the mayor.

In signing the proclamation Mayor Lane used a pen which he has had in his possession for fourteen years. "I hope that I shall be able to keep this pen for a long time," he said, "as a souvenir of the first municipal bonds ever issued by the City of Honolulu."

Other items in the proposed bond issue are \$34,320 for the purchase of the land known at Atkinson Park which will be converted into a park and playground; \$12,000 for the purchase of Panoa Park to be used as a public park and playground; \$15,000 for improvements of the public baths at Kapiolani Park, and \$38,880 for the construction of a recreation building in connection with the public baths at Kapiolani Park.

### Ad Club Favors Bonds

The variety of ideas as to how the proposed municipal bond issue should be spent appears to be limited only to the number of persons who are consulted regarding the subject. At least that seems to be the result of the postal card vote that has been taken by the Ad Club.

Of the members of the club who have expressed themselves in regard to the bond issue, sixty-one have voted in favor of the issue, and only nineteen registered disapproval. At luncheon given by the club yesterday at the Young Hotel, Albion Clark, chairman of the roads committee announced the result of the votes received.

There are still many returns expected, he stated, but those already received show a wide range of opinion. One vote stated "Bonds are wanted first." Another wrote "The water rates will be sufficient in the future to pay for improvements." "Kalakaua avenue must be fixed first." "Levy a duty of \$10 a ton on outgoing sugar." These are some of the views expressed.

### As Castle Sees It

Probably the most interesting communication was in a letter from George P. Castle in which he favored the bond issue with some restrictions. The communication follows:

"I believe in bonds for extensions, but think that water and sewer users, and no one else, should pay for their privileges. Therefore the rates for both should be high enough to cover running expenses, repairs, upkeep and enough to build up a reserve sufficient for the eventual payment of bonds. If this is not done then it becomes a tax on parties not benefited. I do not think that a man living in the city suburbs, and not having the benefit of city water or sewer, should help to pay the cost of same, for the benefit of city users, any more than he should pay for their gas or electricity."

"Very truly yours,  
"G. P. CASTLE."

## A Sealed Island

CONDITIONS are apparently a good deal worse in Ireland than the British government has permitted to be known, for an edict has just been published making it an offense liable to summary punishment for any one to go there. The Springfield Republican says that "neither Germany nor Russia, countries where despotism is supposed to prevail, has gone to such length as Great Britain in its new order in council. Germany carefully keeps people out of Poland, and Austria is equally solicitous about the occupied Servian territory, but so far as travelers have reported; to start on a journey to those closed regions has not been made a crime."

The new orders in council make it a crime for a person not a British subject or for a British subject from overseas to "enter Ireland or to take ship to go there." Says the Republican:

"Presumably an Australian, Canadian, or neutral taking ship for Queenstown or Belfast would not be barred at the yardarm of the first British cruiser met, but 'summary offense' sounds rather alarming in wartime; travelers will do well to heed the warning. Coupled with other recent happenings, this new order in council is likely to give the impression that so far as Irish policy is concerned tourism has for the present got the upper hand. The only alternative supposition is that affairs in Ireland are more alarming than the government permits to be made known, and demand that the island be hermetically sealed up, with drastic penalties for so much as embarking on an Irish port. This new order does not bode good."

## Maui County Fair

MAUI is going to have a real old-fashioned County Fair, at Wailuku, the last day in November. That its success is already assured goes without saying because F. G. Krauss, the best farmer in Hawaii, is at the head of the agricultural section. There used to be agricultural fairs devoted to the products of the soil back in the '50s and the '60s, before the Reciprocity Treaty of 1876 made the sugar industry possible. From time to time since that date there have been exhibitions of diversified products, here and on each of the other islands, but Maui is the only one of the four larger isles where diversified farming has kept its toehold, through thick and thin, through prosperous years and hard times.

If a reason must be supplied it is probably to be found in the circumstance that the Maui plantations, or at least the largest one, is owned by a group of men who live on Maui by preference, and are interested in anything that is good for their community. They have been friendly to small farming and the small farmer, and have helped the latter succeed.

The Haiku experiment station has had the active support of the sugar planters, and has in turn been helpful to them, how helpful may be judged from the high esteem in which the accomplished agriculturist at its head is held. With Professor Krauss in charge of the farm exhibit the Maui County Fair is bound to be a marked success.

## This Looks Bad

THERE is certainly a bad look in the refusal of the United States civil service commission to grant the National Civil Service Reform League's request for permission to examine the official rosters and registers for fourth-class postmasters," says the Nation. "Lists of this kind are constantly opened to public inspection by local commissions. Is there any reason why the federal commission should be unwilling to take the public equally into its confidence?"

"The league asserts that politics is behind it all, and quotes President McMillen, of the commission, as saying that to make the lists public might 'seriously embarrass' the administration. President Wilson deprecates any such suggestion—but sustains the commission's ruling. Why should the commission, with the evident sanction of the President, maintain this 'policy of secrecy'? Surely the freest publicity within reason is essential to the proper administration of the civil service law."

## Health Insurance

COMPULSORY health insurance for wage-earners, which is now being strongly advocated in this country, is pretty certain to be given a further boost by the adoption of the measure as a plank in the platform of the national liberal party of Canada, led by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Compulsory insurance, with provision for contributions from the state, employers and employees, has already been established in Germany, Austria-Hungary, Russia, Great Britain, Holland, Norway, Rumania and Servia. The new Canadian plan includes maternity benefits. There is considerable expectation that the conservative party will follow the liberal lead and that legislation will follow soon after the war. A model bill for the United States has been drafted by the American association for labor legislation and will be introduced next year, the association announces, in twenty state legislatures.

## The Webb Bill

ONE important administration bill which was to have been enacted at this session of congress will have to await a more favorable opportunity, this being the so-called Webb Bill, which was to have legalized the formation of "trusts" for the development of export trade. It would have been the first step towards the repeal of the Sherman Act, for if combinations in restraint of trade could have been shown to be perfectly innocuous in promoting closer relationships between the United States and foreign countries, the application of the same broad principle of "Laissez faire" would, by implication and analogy, have been more readily adopted to domestic trading as well. Free trade abroad, which is fundamental of Democracy, must sooner or later be correlated with unhampered trading at home.

A committee of the National Foreign Trade Council reports that in the fiscal year 1913 the per capita foreign trade of Great Britain was \$149, of Germany \$79, and of the United States only \$44. For the year 1916 the per capita trade of this country is estimated at \$63, or only \$58 if ammunition and firearms are excepted.

This excess of export trade over normal rests largely upon abnormal war demand and prices, elimination of European competition, through loss of labor or of factory capacity devoted now to munition work, or to curtailment of investment of European capital in neutral markets. The cessation of war demand, lower prices, resumption of European competition, renewed activity of European export and import combinations, and renewal of European investments abroad, are expected to restore much of the present abnormal trade to its usual channels, checked for a while by demand upon us for materials for recuperation and repair.

Europe's instruments for the restoration of its normal trade activities will, to use the words of the committee, be "cooperative effort beginning with cartels and trade associations of producers, manufacturers, exporters and bankers reinforced by the backing of the state. And, unless the discussions with which industrial Europe now vibrates shall fail, supplemented by economic alliances succeeding the war alliances now in force. Continuation of the present condition spells European industrial and governmental cooperation versus American compelled competition." The principle of the pending Webb bill authorizing cooperation by exporters, with adequate safeguards against restriction of domestic commerce, is strongly indorsed by the council committee as a means of this country holding its present advantages as an exporting country.

## An Amiable Prospect

THE Democrats say they intend, if their party is returned to power at the November elections to wipe "every vestige of protection" from the statute books. This being the amiable intention of the political party now in power we critics say that it naturally follows that Hawaii has no interest in national affairs, and that political debate should be limited to such highly important matters as roads, schools, the dog tax, and other topics of strictly local interest.

Hawaii has more to lose through the continuation of this administration in power in congress and at the White House than the mainland States. The Democrats promise to give the country free sugar, and allow Cuba and other foreign countries to do the supplying. That would put Hawaii off the map. In the mean time they have broadened federal practise in the collection of taxes, taking over for the support of the national government the income and inheritance taxes that formerly went into the Territorial treasury. With "free sugar" to cut off income and federal income taxes on anything there may be left, it is a joyous prospect.

Our esteemed afternoon contemporary has let the cat out of the bag. Kuhio Bay wharf is safe and always has been, as the steamship companies are well aware, and as they have known from the time the wharf was completed. That is not the real trouble at all. Listen to this—

Kuhio wharf at Hilo may be safe, but its operation is inconvenient, and until more facilities are provided the Matson line will not scrap its barge-carrying service or tie its steamers up in the wharf-breakwater pockets.

If the Hilo people whose interests the transportation companies are supposed to serve had voiced this plain statement of the facts in the case there would have been a tremendous howl from the officials of the steamship company.

The victory of Hiram Johnson in California in securing election as United States senator, in the recent three-cornered fight, is noteworthy, in one important particular. Running as a Progressive, or independent Republican, on his record as Governor of the Bear State, he undoubtedly owes his success to the support given his candidacy by the "unaffiliated voters," that steadily increasing group of citizens who express their preferences outside of orthodox party lines. This class is becoming a dominant factor in Central and Western communities, more than in the South, where election to office is a family affair, or than in the manufacturing States where the average man lives within a narrower horizon and is less prone to independent expression of political choice.

# SENATE PASSES REVENUE BILL PROVIDING FOR RETALIATION

Considered One of Most Drastic Measures Ever Passed By American Congress, and Alarms Representatives of the Entente

## DIPLOMATS DECLARE IT IS NON-INTERCOURSE MEASURE

Frankly Fear That It Will Precipitate Serious Trouble Between United States and Countries At Which It Is Aimed

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, September 6.—By a vote of 42 to 16 the senate last night rushed through the revenue bill, with amendments, providing retaliatory measures for interference with American commerce and American mails.

The bill, "one of the most drastic ever passed by an American house," has caused the most intense alarm among representatives of the Entente in Washington, who point out that it constitutes an "act of non-intercourse and as such the preliminary of a great war."

The bill also creates a tariff commission, with six members at a salary of \$7,500 each, and wide powers in dealing with the tariff and similar questions.

### Retaliatory Measures

Among the other retaliatory measures contained in the amendments to the bill is one prohibiting the importation of goods from any country which forbids the importation of goods legally made in the United States. This is admittedly aimed at the Allied blacklist, which bars goods and dealing with German firms or firms which have German connections.

By the amendments to the revenue bill, the United States government is launching a vigorous counter-blow to the interference by the Entente Allies with American trade and commerce.

### Amendments Adopted

The senate yesterday adopted amendments to the bill which are of far-reaching significance and importance. They authorize the President during any war in which the United States is not engaged, not to clear vessels discriminating against American shippers.

The President is empowered to authorize orders withholding privileges from ships of such nations as are withholding from American ships privileges accorded the vessels or shippers of other nations.

Placing the power of the United States behind the proposed law, there is a provision authorizing the President to use the army and navy if necessary to prevent the departure of offending vessels or vessels of nations discriminating against American trade.

### May Deny Use of Mail

The President is authorized to deny the use of the mails, express, telegraph, wireless and cables to citizens and subjects of nations not acceding Americans all the facilities of commerce, "including unhampered traffic in mails."

This provision, it is declared, is aimed particularly against British interference with American mails.

The diplomatic representatives here of the Allied powers are in consternation at the emphatic language and implication of the amendments.

The following Republicans voted for the bill: Senators Cummins, La Follette, Norris, Kenyon and Clapp. All the Democrats voted in favor of the measure.

## SENATE APPROVES TREATY TO PURCHASE WEST INDIES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, September 5.—The treaty for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000 was favorably reported to the senate today from the foreign affairs committee, and an effort will be made to ratify the treaty before congress adjourns.

# ORIENTAL CRISIS CAUSES ALARM TO ADMINISTRATION

Secret Demands Made By Japanese Government Upon China Regarded As Menace

## TOKIO'S REASSURANCES FAIL TO SMOOTH MATTERS

Open Door Policy and American Trade in Far East Believed Imperiled

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, September 6.—State department officials yesterday again admitted they are anxious over the situation created by the action of Japan in formulating and pressing a number of secret demands upon China, which, it is declared, threatens the policy of the United States in the Far East, providing for the inviolability of the Chinese Republic.

The official assurances of the Japanese government that Tokio has no intention of changing the status quo, and their assurances that the recently consummated Russo-Japanese alliance, will not affect the relative positions of the great Powers in China and the Orient generally, have done little to ease the minds of the administration officials who have been watching the gradual development of the situation in China.

Reports which reached here last night gave some indication of the secret demands which the government at Tokio, in pressing upon Peking. It is asserted that the demands include the summary punishment and dismissal of the Chinese officers involved in the clash between the Japanese and the Chinese troops at Cheng Chiatun, governmental instructions to all Chinese troops not to interfere with Japanese troops under any circumstances, and to give Japanese civilians a free hand, official and formal recognition of the so-called "special interests" of Japan in China.

In addition to these the Tokio government insists upon China pledging itself to give preference to Japanese bankers and financiers in all future loans, and the further pledge that China will employ Japanese military inspectors and instructors in the Chinese schools and colleges, as well as in the Chinese army.

The Mikado's officials also insist that the Chinese governor of Manchuria at Mukden, tender his formal apology to the Japanese governor at Dairen for the clash between the Japanese and Chinese at Cheng Chiatun.

The Chinese control of Inner Mongolia is menaced by these demands, which it is more than likely China will be compelled to grant. The principle of the "open door" for which the United States has stood for many years, is also threatened, as well as American commerce in the Orient, and the right of Chinese self-rule, another policy of this country since the days of John Hay, secretary of state.

# UNCLE SAM BALKS AT DIVER PROBLEM

Tentatively Refuses To Accept Principle Advanced By Members of the Entente

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, September 5.—To the proposal of the Entente Powers that neutral nations accept the principle that all submarines are vessels of war, the United States has replied with tentative refusal, it is understood. It is said in well informed diplomatic circles here that the United States holds the principle that the character of each submarine must govern the ruling in its case, and that some submarines may, manifestly not be vessels of war.

It is announced that Norway, Sweden and Spain have barred submarines from the merchantman class on the ground that it is impossible to distinguish whether they are commercial vessels or warships.

## LOS ANGELES CITY COUNCIL ELECTS A NEW EXECUTIVE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) LOS ANGELES, September 6.—The city council last night elected Frederick Woodman, president of the harbor commission as mayor in place of former Mayor Sebastian, who has resigned his office.

## VILLA STILL PLOTS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) CITY OF CHIHUAHUA, September 6.—Military authorities here believe that General Villa is now plotting with a revolutionary junta at El Paso and is timing his movement toward the Santa Clara Canyon for political effect. There is little likelihood that the bandit chieftain will attack the troops under General Pershing.

## JAPANESE FALLS FROM CAR

Y. Umiami, a Japanese, jumped from a moving street car at King and Alapai streets last night. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital in a semi-conscious condition. His head was badly bruised. According to Police Surgeon R. C. Aver the injured man had been drinking.

# ARCTIC CIRCLE IS REPORTED VERY HOT

Many Travelers Reaching Stockholm Tell of Intense Heat Farther North

STOCKHOLM, September 6.—Travelers returning from the north this summer are complaining of the intense heat prevailing at the southern edge of the Arctic Circle. Travelers to Russia, who have had to make the journey by rail all the way around the Gulf of Bothnia, say they have suffered intensely from the heat while on the northern reaches of their four days' trip.

At Haparanda, where passengers transfer from Sweden to Finland, the temperature this summer has ranged from 100 to 120 degrees warmer than here in Stockholm, several hundred miles to the south. This difference is, of course, attributed to the longer hours of sunshine prevailing in the north, Haparanda being but a short distance from the zone of the midnight sun.

In company with the rest of Europe Sweden turned up the clock one hour this summer, although "daylight saving" was hardly a necessity in this land of long twilights and white nights. Daylight football games have been played this summer beginning at 8:30 p. m., and eighteen holes of golf have been possible after 7 o'clock dinner.

# INFERNAL MACHINE MURDERS GENERAL

Chinese Commander of Powder Works and Four Assistants Instantly Killed

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

HANKOW, China, September 6.—Major-General Shen, director of the Hanpang powder works, and four of his assistants were blown to pieces recently by an explosion of an infernal machine. A mysterious box was sent to General Wang at Wuhsang. The general was suspicious of its appearance and forwarded it to the powder works for its examination. He had many political enemies, and was afraid some of them were trying to kill him. Upon the arrival of the box at the powder works the director and his assistants made an examination of it with fatal results. The director's office was completely blown out and all the occupants of the room were turned into small pieces.

## R. N. WILLIAMS BEATS CHAMPION JOHNSTON

Philadelphia Youngster Shows Remarkable Tennis Form

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) FOREST HILLS, Long Island, September 5.—R. Norris Williams, 2nd, of Philadelphia won the national tennis championship this afternoon at the West Side Courts defeating William Johnston, the San Francisco youngster who won the national championship last year.

Williams has played great tennis throughout the tournament and his victory in the final today gave him the championship for the second time. The Harvard man has been credited with being the foremost exponent of tennis in America, but although he won the national championship in 1914 was ranked second to Maurice McLoughlin. In the semi-finals on Labor Day in 1915, Johnston won from Williams in a great match.

## TRANSPORTS WILL CARRY ALL MAIL FOR MANILA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) WASHINGTON, September 6.—The war department announced last night that in future United States army transports will be employed to carry the mail to Manila, in order to avoid the possibility of British interference. It was also announced that mail for the United States station at Shanghai, will no longer be routed through Vancouver, as heretofore.

## NEW HUGE APPROPRIATION WILL BE ASKED OF FRENCH

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) PARIS, September 6.—M. Ribot, French minister of finance, announced last night that he intends to ask the chamber of deputies for an appropriation of 6,347,000,000 francs to carry on the war during the last quarter of 1916. This will bring the total French appropriation for war purposes up to 61,000,000,000 francs, or approximately \$12,000,000,000.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

This remedy has no superior as a cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. It has been a favorite with the mothers of young children for almost forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and grip, but prevents their resulting in pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# ISSUE OF BONDS MEETS APPROVAL OF SUPERVISORS

Robert Horner Alone Votes Against Election Proclamation On This Question

## PUNCHBOWL STATESMAN EXPLAINS HIS ATTITUDE

Objections To Proposed Apportionment Raised and Then Voted Down By Board

With Robert Horner offering the only active opposition, the supervisors last evening authorized issuance of an election proclamation which will put the question of a municipal bond issue before the voters in a plebiscite at the general election, November 7.

The form of the proclamation was completed by Acting City Attorney Crispy yesterday. It must be advertised for sixty days before election, which means that the board has only until tomorrow to begin advertisement.

Whether the bond issue will have the official approval of the chamber of commerce appears, at the present time, to be doubtful. When a copy of the finance committee's report recommending the plebiscite and the apportionment of the \$480,000 was sent to the chamber the other day it carried a request from the supervisors that the merchants' organization give the scheme its endorsement.

In reply a letter from Secretary R. C. Brown was read last night saying that the chamber on August 16 had approved a plan of increased direct taxation for public improvements, and that "no occasion had since presented for changing its position."

Supervisor Horner in two or three lengthy talks assailed the bond issue proposition in its present form because he disapproves the apportionment of the \$480,000 which the issue of bonds would raise. A hundred and fifty thousand dollars of it would go toward the purchase and installation of a filtration plant at Nuuanu reservoir. A hundred and thirty thousand dollars would go for permanent improvement in the sewers, chiefly those in the Waikiki district.

Horner frankly declared he believed it was a case of "hogging it" by the water and sewer departments to the expense of the rooms and other public improvements. The proposition would put only \$100,000 to roads and would put all this amount in concrete pavement on windward Oahu, starting at the foot of the Palis.

"We are using perhaps 3,000,000 gallons daily from Nuuanu reservoir," Horner argued. "Not more than a million gallons go for cooking or drinking purposes. Yet by this scheme we would spend \$150,000 for a filter for the water which we are using on our lawns and small gardens."

"I contend we could save money by acquiring the great flow of pure artesian water which the plants of the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Company are dumping into the bay. This artesian water is ours to have. The companies have told us we can have it and the only cost would be that of pumping it from their pipes to our reservoirs."

"This surely would be more reasonable than spending \$150,000 to purify the Nuuanu water."

Would Improve Streets  
As to roads, I think we should confine our permanent investment just now to some of our own thoroughfares in the city, such as Nuuanu and Berea streets, which certainly need good pavement at present."

Horner later added that he did not object to the two items of \$54,000 and \$46,000 for public parks, which are to be included in the bond issue question coming before the electorate. He agreed that parks are one of the best forms of permanent improvement.

Loren declared the expense of taking the artesian water which the two big utility corporations are turning to waste now, would be too great. The Hawaiian water is used constantly by the people and the municipality could not act too quickly in insuring its purity.

Amount For Year Only  
"However," he said, "the amount which we ask now is for this one year only. We have outlined the projects which seem to us to require most immediate attention. We can come back and ask the voters to authorize issue of another \$480,000 of bonds next year, and can use that for other affairs not quite so urgent but just as worthy as these which we have proposed."

"We cannot rebuild all our roads in a year. It took Los Angeles twenty-five years to get the big system of boulevards she has today, and she still has a few poor stretches of highway. Our plan is to get started on the belt road around Oahu, hoping that our successors may be able to take up this work where we leave off and complete the belt route."

## NON-UNION RAILROADERS OPPOSE ADAMSON MEASURE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) CHICAGO, September 5.—Thousands of railroad men who are not members of the four great brotherhoods are determined to fight the Adamson eight-hour law, it is reported here today. There are said to be very much dissatisfied with the negotiations and compromise by which the brotherhoods won a victory in the fight for the shorter day.

# LABOR LEADER URGES FOR PREPAREDNESS

(By The Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, September 6.—Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, made public tonight the following statement in review of the labor situation:

"It is impossible to record fundamental gains during the past year because of organized labor's agitation or to individualize probable gains during the year to come. The best we can do is to observe tendencies. Prominent among these is the workers' seizure of the cry for preparedness to emphasize a danger in industry more deadly than battle fields."

"Government statistics show that 200,000 men are annually killed and 700,000 are annually injured for a period of four weeks or over. It has been stated that every year there are over 3,000,000 cases of industrial illness, caused mainly by long hours, low wages, dust, bad air, fumes, smoke, poisonings and poor ventilation, and that through typhoid fever and malaria alone 200,000,000 is annually lost to this nation—enough to equal the largest army and navy in the world and then have a balance sufficient to pay the tuition of every boy and girl in college."

"A system of national preparedness that does not include recognition of the frightful and preventable wastage in the preparedness urged by big business. A morality that ignores these facts and condemns war is based on meaningless phrases."

"Another present day tendency is the acceptance of organized labor's position on immigration restriction. During the past year the acid test of experience has verified the claim of trade unions that American institutions cannot assimilate our American living standards resist the flood tides of immigration set by the workers. Information and reports received by the officers of the American Federation of Labor clearly demonstrate the fact that a 'labor famine' exists where employers still demand long hours at low wages, and where they ignore the living standards set by the workers."

Another element among employers who talk of the scarcity of labor do so to entice a sufficient number of idle workers to their factory gates as a menace to those employed and who are liable to demand better conditions. These employers oppose restriction of immigration because restriction will defeat their policy of having two or more men for every job."

"Another tendency is the growing opposition to labor injunctions, which class labor power as property. The Congress of the United States has voiced this opposition in amendments to the anti-trust laws. Judicial interpretations of the term 'property' in the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution are losing their force. What was originally intended to end slavery has been used to thwart the enactment of social legislation, but courts have failed to check the swelling tide of democracy."

"The trade union movement is conscious of the part it has played in the tendencies above referred to and this consciousness will be an inspiration to greater effort during the coming year."

# WEBB BILL BLOCKED IN UPPER HOUSE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, September 5.—The Webb bill, designed to promote United States trade abroad through cooperative associations given wide powers, cannot pass at this session. Administration leaders said at the Hotel de Seville La Follette and Reed have formed them to abandon hope of passing the bill.

La Follette notified the leaders that he would filibuster the bill to death.

## ALABAMA REPRESENTATIVE NAMED TO SUCCEED HAY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Hubert Dent, Jr., of Alabama was to day elected chairman of the house military committee, to succeed James Hay of Virginia, who has been appointed to the federal bench. Dent is the ranking member of the committee.

## MR. CRANE WILL COME BACK TO MIDPACIFIC

Famous Actor Has His Mind Set Upon Hawaii

Under date of August 28, William H. Crane, the eminent American actor, who visited Hawaii several weeks ago, writes from the Bohemian Club of San Francisco to Honolulu friends, saying he is expected to leave the Pacific Coast in two weeks' time but will not reach New York until October.

On arrival in the metropolis he will begin rehearsals of "Father and the Boys," in which he is to star in Broadway during the coming season. He sends his aloha to island friends and says he hopes to meet all of them again next summer, as he plans returning to Hawaii for another vacation at that time.

## AN IMPROVED QUININE DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD

Because of its tonic and laxative effect, CASATRO QUININE will be found more than ordinary Quinine. Does not cause dizziness, nor ringing in the head. Remember, there is only one "Bromo Quinine." The signature of R. W. Grove is on each box.

# FRENCH AND BRITISH DRIVE GERMANS BACK ON THE SOMME FRONT

Poilus Flank Combles and Are Reported To Be Steadily Advancing On Peronne While Allius Move In From North; Russians Batter Their Way To Hungarian Plains Taking Many Thousands of Teuton Prisoners

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

PARIS, September 6.—From the Balkans and from the new Rumanian field come reports of Allied successes of greater or less importance. Although the Russian steamroller has resumed its progress toward Hungary, and the struggle in the Carpathians is reported to be tremendous, the real center of the world's attention last night was still on the Somme battlefields, where the French and British troops are again sounding fierce and hard at the stubborn German lines. And on the Somme front the Allies were successful. Gradually their lines are lightening upon the Combles salient, where the Germans have been sitting furiously to hold back the tide that is lapping at the foot of their rock-like fortifications.

COMBLES DOUBLY FLANKED  
Combles, flanked on two sides, north and south is slowly being surrounded by the attackers, and its present owners' tenure grows more and more insecure, as the French move forward from Le Forrest, and the British strike successful blows from the north.

Peronne also is tottering, if the statements issued by the French and British official communiques last night tell the full story, or anything like the full story. The French are hitting heavy blows north of the Somme and each step in advance makes the German occupation of Peronne the more difficult. Last night the official statement told of a long string of positions which have been taken by the poilus under the command of General Foch to the north of the river. The outskirts of le Bois D'Anderlu were rushed and captured by the French in spite of a terrific bombardment from the German gunners at Combles.

This advance takes the head of the French line well to the east of Combles in the direction of Rancourt. The woods are but a small patch of land, but the Germans have fortified them effectively. Farther south the French lines have also been pushed forward. The Hopital Farm has fallen into French hands, together with the Bois Rainette. The latter is a position northeast of Clerly, and closer to the Perrone-Bapaume road.

CLERY ALMOST SURROUNDED NOW  
Clery itself is almost surrounded. Yesterday a heavy attack by the French carried them well to the east of the town, and they cut the road leading from the town to Bouchavenne. Clery is on the north or east bank of the river Somme, or the same side as Peronne, and the French evidently plan straddling the stream as they move eastward.

South of the river the French also were markedly successful. East of Soyecourt they smashed through the German defense and took a number of trenches near Chilly. They also captured isolated positions between Vermandovillers and Chilly, where the Teutonic defensive failed to hold back their assault.

The British also were victors in a number of heavy struggles north of the river. Between Falfanton farm and Leuze wood they pressed their advantage, taking trenches and a large number of prisoners. Between the wood, which flanks the German positions at Combles on the north, they also succeeded in their attacks, pushing back the Germans and taking more prisoners and guns.

Since Sunday, according to the official reports of last night the Allied offensive on the Somme has netted them 6550 men and thirty-six heavy guns, as well as a large quantity of other material. All told the British have advanced 1500 yards deeper into the German positions in this sector. The French reported that they have taken back 29 French villages since their offensive began.

Petrograd also announced a number of successful attacks in the east. Along the line of the Carpathians the Slavs are hammering harder than ever at the Austrian armies. Petrograd says that the Slavs are engaged on three separate fronts, and that on two of them they were marked successes. On the Vladimir-Volynski sector the struggle has been bloody, but the men upon General Brusiloff have captured 115 Teuton officers and 4515 men, with six cannon and thirty machine guns in the period from last Thursday to last Saturday, and are continuing to press forward, pushing the Germans and Austrians backward.

## REACH HUNGARIAN PLAINS

To the south, where the Carpathians are a natural bulwark for the plains of Hungary the Russians declare that they are moving ahead steadily. The invasion of Hungary has begun, they declare, and masses of Slavs are said to be moving down upon the Hungarian cities, thrusting back the defending armies as they go.

Berlin in an official statement last night reported that the Russian offensive was checked at Brzezany, where repeated Russian attacks were repulsed. The German general staff also claimed that the Bulgarians and Germans who are attacking the Rumanians on the southeastern border of that country were successful in capturing a bridgehead at Tutrakan, and it adds that the Bulgars have taken the Rumanian town of Dobric, after severe fighting.

The Russians however are reported to be active on this front, and their cavalry yesterday got into action, cutting down a Bulgarian outpost, and chasing the men back to their main body. It is expected that the Slavs and the Bulgars will clash in earnest soon. Greece has called five classes of her reservists to the colors with orders to report at once.

## EXPLORERS FIND NO TRACE OF LAND PEARY SIGHTED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.) NEW YORK, September 6.—Ensign Fitzgibbon, who accompanied the McMillan Arctic exploration expedition in 1911 in search of Crockerland, reported to have been seen by Admiral Peary during his journey to the north pole, arrived here yesterday from Copenhagen. He confirmed the statement already made that no trace of the supposed land could be found by the party, although they covered the territory in which Peary claimed to have seen the land. It is believed the famous Arctic explorer saw a mirage.

# BRITISH AND GERMANS WILL 'SWAP' PRISONERS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

BERLIN, September 5.—Plans were announced today for the parole and exchange of German and British interned citizens who have been virtually prisoners, on pledge that they will not enter military service during the war. The plan will release thousands of men and solve the concentration camp problem.

# JACK LONDON HITS BACK HARD AT HIS CRITICS IN CITY

R. C. Lydecker, Keeper of Archives, Target For Some of Author's Hottest Shots

REPLIES TO ATTACK ON HIS ARTICLE IN COSMOPOLITAN

Wants to Know Why Some 'Knocker' Always Hammers Boosters For Hawaii

"Why in the deuce does some fellow in Hawaii always get out a hammer and knock any man who tries to give Hawaii some loving, wide-spread advertising over the rest of the world?" queries Jack London, the author, in a letter to The Advertiser.

His question is pronounced in the second postscript of a communication wherein the author of "The Call of the Wild," "The Sea Wolf," and, incidentally, "My Hawaiian Aloha," replies with exceeding warmth to R. C. Lydecker, keeper of the territorial archives.

The Advertiser of August 17 Lydecker severely criticized the first installment of "My Hawaiian Aloha," appearing in the September Cosmopolitan. London's reply confirms the theory, gaining credence shortly after Lydecker's criticism appeared, that the novelist obtained his historical data from the writings of William N. Armstrong, member of the cabinet of the late King Kalakaua, who accompanied the Hawaiian monarch on his world tour.

London's article recounted an alleged attempt by King Kalakaua to betroth the Princess Kaiulani to a son of the Mikado of Japan while he was the Mikado's guest in Tokio in 1881. Lydecker declared this statement a "historical mistake," because history shows that in 1881 Princess Kaiulani was only five years old. Lydecker also accused the writer of carelessness in gathering data, because the magazine story said that the princess was betrothed to the Hawaiian throne. Not until ten years after the Tokio incident says Lydecker, did she attain this position of royal heritage.

London's letter, written at Glen Ellen, his home in Sonoma county, California, under date of August 27, is as follows: "Editor Advertiser: In your issue of Thursday, August 17, 1916, I have just read R. C. Lydecker's criticism of my article on Hawaii published in the September number of the Cosmopolitan Magazine.

"But what is Mr. Lydecker's contention all about? Surely Mr. Lydecker has heard historically and as a keeper of the archives that often, at tender ages, princesses were betrothed. Surely Mr. Lydecker has found, as well, in history where princesses were betrothed before they were born! Why should five years of age be a bar to an international alliance by marriage such as I described as being proposed by King Kalakaua to the Mikado of Japan?"

"My authority for this matter is William N. Armstrong, a member of King Kalakaua's cabinet, who, with Col. C. H. Judd, accompanied King Kalakaua on his trip around the world. I do not know whether Armstrong's book is in the archives provided over by Mr. Lydecker, but, surely, Mr. Lydecker, speaking as an authority must have had access to that book. Now, if Mr. Lydecker at second hand knows more about this affair than Mr. Armstrong at first hand knows, that is a quarrel between him and Mr. Armstrong, and not of the authorities quarrel that is no picnic of mine.

"In reading the later portion of Mr. Lydecker's criticism on my article of this matter, I discover that he takes the same case that I took for the proposition marriage between Princess Kaiulani and a Prince of the Japanese reigning house, and that Mr. Lydecker does not know as much about the situation as Mr. Armstrong knew.

"At the end of Mr. Lydecker's criticism, I find the cue to the whole situation. Mr. Lydecker has had his feelings hurt because I did not call at his office to verify the data that I had more straight than he has. Now, Mr. Lydecker is caught on the horns of the dilemma. Either he must call me a liar, or he must call Armstrong a liar.

"One final word in reply to the flimsy word of Mr. Lydecker's criticism. Mr. Lydecker intimates that I was probably afraid that my story might be spoiled by the facts in the case, had I preferred to tell it as he would have straightened me out, rather than tell it as I did tell it from my 'reminiscent' informants. Please, Mr. Lydecker, I have had no such good stories spoiled in the past by the sort of persons who insist on spoiling good stories to have any fears about any of my present or future good stories being spoiled by that sort of persons.

Sincerely yours,  
JACK LONDON.

"I. S. If Mr. Lydecker has not read Armstrong's book, Mr. Lydecker is woefully deficient in his knowledge of things Hawaiian. If Mr. Lydecker has read Mr. Armstrong's book, then he has been woefully unfair in not mentioning Mr. Armstrong as my authority when he, Mr. Lydecker, attacked me in your column.

# HILO HAS DETENTION HOME Shelter For Homeless Boys Ready

Bishop Libert Will Dedicate Institution For Life's Unfortunate Ones

Hilo's detention home for neglected and homeless boys has, to a certain extent, been completed, but much remains to be done to place the institution in such condition that it will serve the purpose it is intended for, and to this end Rev. Father Aloysius Borghouts of the Catholic Mission in Hilo is bending every effort.

Mgr. Libert H. Boeyens, head of the Catholic Church in the Territory, will leave for Hilo on Wednesday of next week and will assist the following day at the dedication and opening of the first institution of the kind in the Territory.

The new home is located on the grounds of the St. Mary's School for Boys, a Catholic institution, but is non-sectarian in character. Father Aloysius, appointed by former Circuit Judge Parsons as juvenile probation officer for Hilo, conceived and has brought to ultimate success the idea of such a home for unfortunate children.

The need of such an institution has been felt in the Second City (Hilo) for a great many years," said a well-known Honolulu philanthropist yesterday while discussing the subject with a representative of The Advertiser.

"The sending of unfortunate youths to the Industrial School for Boys at Waialeale, this island, because they were poor, neglected and homeless, has been found to be but a makeshift solution of an important educational problem.

"While everybody in Hilo said so, and Hilo alone has come to the front in this important issue and advocated the establishment of an institution here youngsters, whose greatest crime was to have the wrong kind of parents, could be brought up decently and humanely. Father Aloysius alone has been quietly but persistently working and preparing the way for the ultimate and real answer to the question, 'What an we do for the homeless?'

"From nothing but an idea, soul inspired, \$4000 out of \$5000 needed for its home has been collected, but much more is needed for the Hilo detention home.

"The remaining \$1000, and much more is needed before the home can honestly answer its purpose, will doubtless be readily obtained, but even then the boys, several of whom have been for some time sheltered at the Catholic orphanage in Hilo, will have only a roof over their heads. Their stomachs will require some attention, it is felt, and for this and other purposes quite a sum is desired.

"Father Aloysius has been for several years interested in the welfare of Hilo boys. Owing to this, alone, if not to other reasons, Charles F. Parsons, who was until recently judge of the fourth circuit court of Hilo for twelve years, appointed the well known religious worker of the Second City as probation officer for Hilo.

"On Judge Parsons' recommendation, assisted by the Hilo delegation, the last legislature appropriated seventy-five dollars a month for a probation officer at Hilo. The amount has been used month in and month out entirely for the benefit of Father Aloysius' youthful proteges. Quite sufficient as a start, the monthly stipend has fallen miserably short as the months have gone by and at present hardly begin to meet the calls made on the good priest.

"And now I wish to become personal, in the interest of a good cause, and I hope some of our substantial citizens in Hilo, whom the Pates have favored with peace and plenty, will look this deserving work in Hilo worthy of some substantial donation, so that the good priest will be able to carry on the work so nobly begun.

"Donations for the Hilo Detention Home may be sent to the cashier, a receipt direct to Rev. Father Aloysius Borghouts, Hilo.

# 'NIGHT IN HAWAII' BOOSTS FOR ISLANDS

Mainland Papers Tell of Boom For All Things Hawaiian

Hawaii continues to claim a good deal of attention on the mainland, particularly at the big seaside resorts. Hardly a mainland paper comes to Honolulu, but has some mention of the islands, and in most of them the news is 'featured,' showing the importance the editors attach to the subject.

A. P. Taylor, secretary of the promotion committee gets a number of these papers, and yesterday the mail brought him a New York Herald of August 16, containing accounts of a fête given by Mrs. C. C. Guy Smith of Montgomery, Alabama, at the Clifton Hotel, Parkside, Long Island, at which the entertainment of the evening was a "Night in Hawaii."

The affair was held on the big lawn of the hotel and hundreds of guests were present.

**RHEUMATISM**  
Have you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism? If not, you are wasting time, as the longer this disease runs on the harder it is to cure. Get a bottle today, apply it with a vigorous massage to the afflicted parts, and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all dealers. *W. S. Chamberlain & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.*

# BISHOP LIBERT



# MILL ENGINEERS' CONVENTION SOON

Fourth Annual Gathering of Body Will Be Held Early Next Month

The sugar mill engineers' fourth annual convention will be held at the Library of Hawaii October 9, 10 and 11, and the Hawaiian sugar chemists' convention immediately thereafter, October 12 and 13. A banquet will be tendered the two organizations at the Commercial Club the evening of October 11.

The principle topics for discussion by the mill engineers this year will be boilers and furnaces, raw juice filtration and the electrification of sugar mills. The program as arranged by the convention committee, includes papers on Field Machinery and Cane Transportation by Joseph Miller, of Pepee; Milling, by W. Wylie of Onomea; Boilers and Furnaces, Robert E. Hughes, of Paunene; Clarification and Filtration, Ernest W. Kopke, of Kealia; Evaporation and Vacuum Pans, J. Lewis Renton, of Ewa; Crystallizers and Centrifugals, George F. Winter, of Waialua; Lubrication, Joseph Meier, of Paie; Testing and Recording Instruments, Charles E. Wilson, of Paikahi; Sugar Room Machinery, H. K. Scholerfeld, of Halawa, and Heat Conservation, R. Renton Hind, of the Honolulu Iron Works.

The individual papers will be printed in pamphlet form and if they come to all the members of the association before the convention. This was done last year, giving engineers interested in the different subjects time to acquaint themselves with the topics and enable them to take part in the discussions.

The convention committee is composed of R. Renton Hind, chairman, Ernest Kopke and W. A. Ramsey. Mr. Kopke is now on the mainland but is expected to return before the convention. The committee requests that the mill engineers throughout the Territory communicate with the above chairman whenever anything of interest arises which should be brought to their attention. This applies to articles appearing in the technical press as well as data gathered from individual experiences during the coming year.

All contributions to the proceedings of the fourth annual convention of sugar mill engineers must be in the hands of the general committee by October 1, 1916.

# COPY OF FRANCHISE REACHES COMMISSION

The public utility commission yesterday received a copy of the Hilo Traction Company franchise measure which passed Congress and was signed by the President on August 7. Attorney J. L. Coke explained that this was not the original franchise, but a number of amendments sought by the company, all of which apparently are granted.

C. G. Ballentyne, who with R. W. Shingle has been given charge of the financial affairs of the Hilo corporation, said yesterday that it was impossible to say how soon actual work of construction will begin on the street railway line in the Crescent Bay City.

"The entire company must undergo reorganization now," Mr. Ballentyne said, "and until that is accomplished no steps can be taken toward construction."

# JAPANESE STUDENTS HERE FOR COURSE AT INSTITUTE

Three Japanese students, Shigeo Nakatsu, Akiko Matsushima and Guchi Mitsu, arrived yesterday on the Shinyo Maru, and will begin their studies in the Mills School immediately under the direction of Mr. Richard Kelly. They were selected for the peace scholarship of the Friends from the hundred applicants, by passing the highest examination on an essay in English, the subject being "How to promote the friendship between the United States and Japan." Premier Akatsuki Okuma, Dr. I. Nitobe, Dr. S. Morita and J. Naruse of Japan are among the prominent members of the peace society.

# ROWERS GRINDING FOR BIG REGATTA

Four Crews Entered This Year; Senior Courses Shortened; Program Out

Now that the big sporting carnival is over, the next event on the sporting horizon to catch the eyes of Honolulu will turn is the twentieth annual regatta of the Hawaiian Rowing Association. This annual holiday is less than two weeks away, and every club is working overtime in an effort to whip their crews into the best possible condition. The committee, composed of E. J. Hardesty, chairman, Carl von Aspe and W. L. Lyde, in charge of the program has been working hard in framing a card and has arranged twelve events.

The senior barge course has been changed this year and made the same length as the freshman course. The old course, rowed by the senior crews, was from the end of the Matsuo dock, the spar buoy and return to the leeward boat house, a trifle over two miles. The new course has been shortened to two miles, and will be from the naval wharf to the spar buoy and return. This will make the freshmen, junior and senior six-oared barge races somewhat over the same distance. With the change in this course it will be much easier to obtain a relative comparison of all the crews rowing.

This year will find four crews entered in the senior event. Last year but two crews were seen in this event, and the news that four clubs will have entries leads added interest.

The Myrtles, Healanis, Honolulu Yacht Club and Hilo will put a six in this event. The Myrtles and Healanis have been rowing the course every night for many weeks and their crews should be in excellent shape by regatta day. It is not just certain as to the seating in the barges, for there are a score of good crews from each club who look good for places.

# NIPPON GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE IMPLICATED IN SMUGGLING PLOT

Assistant Postmaster of Shinyo Maru Tried to Bring Stowaways Here

For complicity in an attempt to smuggle two Japanese into the United States Binsaburo Yamaguchi, assistant postmaster of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha liner Shinyo Maru, was removed from the steamer yesterday and will be returned to Japan, probably in the Nippon Maru, for punishment by the Japanese government. This was by order of the Japanese authorities.

An assistant postmaster, Mr. Yamaguchi is a Japanese government employee. Heiji Norita, a quartermaster of the Shinyo Maru, also will be returned because of complicity in the same plot. The two stowaways and one other, not a party to this attempted smuggling, will be sent back to the Orient as well.

The two stowaways were discovered in a locker of the mailroom about an hour after the Shinyo Maru had departed from Yokohama. They were asked what they were doing there, and confessed that the assistant postmaster had hidden them. The quartermaster was to supply them with food.

On the facts being communicated to Tokio, the Shinyo Maru was instructed by the government to land the assistant postmaster here for return to Japan. It was decided to leave the quartermaster here, too, as the third stowaway represented himself as being a stevedore who had gone to sleep on the vessel and thus had stowed away involuntarily. His story was given credence on the ship.

The men hidden by the assistant postmaster had baggage with them, and were well dressed when the Shinyo Maru arrived from Yokohama yesterday morning.

It is probable that severe punishment will be inflicted upon the assistant postmaster. It was said on the Shinyo Maru that the postmaster had nothing to do with the affair. The offense is considered exceptionally grave because of Mr. Yamaguchi being a government employee and because the Japanese police search vessels carefully to make sure that there are no stowaways aboard. The gentlemen's agreement would tend to increase the gravity of the offense in the eye of the Japanese government.

# EMERGENCY HOSPITAL BUSY DURING AUGUST

At the Emergency Hospital during the month of August, 462 persons applied for and received treatment from Police Surgeon R. G. Ayer. The city ambulance answered sixty-nine calls. Six operations in which anæsthetics was used were performed. Nine autopsies were conducted; nine persons were examined as to their sanity and two committed to the insane asylum. In addition to emergency calls Dr. Ayer made two calls a week to the city and county jail where sick prisoners were treated. The monthly report was submitted to the board of Supervisors last night.

# BENNY CAMARA

With Rev. David Carey Peters, pastor of the Christian Church, officiating, Cecil George Benny and Miss Constance Edna Camara, daughter of Major and Mrs. Joaquin M. Camara, were married last night, the witnesses being Miss Helen F. Bell, a cousin of the bride, and Richard Banny, brother of the bridegroom. The wedding was a quiet affair, only relatives and a few intimate friends of the young couple being hidden to the ceremony.

**PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS**  
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure blind, bleeding, itching or protruding PILES in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Manufactured by the FAKIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

# SHIPPING MEASURE MAY ALTER CONTROL

New Law May Give Board Control of Vessels Plying Regular Routes

The new shipping bill, which recently passed congress and ere this date probably has been signed by the President, may materially affect relations between the public utilities commission and the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, but the full extent of its force as applied to the Inter-Island's fleet is not known here yet.

James L. Coke, the commission's legal counsel, advised the board yesterday that the shipping board of five members, which the new law creates, probably will have control of the vessels plying on regular routes, thus relieving the territorial board of a large part of its jurisdiction. But as said by thought the commission would still retain supervision of the rates on the ships which do not have permanent and regular routes.

The measure has undergone a number of amendments since it was introduced and no information is at hand concerning its final passage.

Coke expressed the opinion of the board that the shipping board might not take an active hand in Hawaiian affairs any more than has the interstate commerce commission in the affairs of island rail ways, and arrangements may be made whereby the territorial commission will receive authorization to act as the shipping board's local representative.

# CITY DADS CHANGE VOTES ON TENDERS

Ben Hollinger's Cry of 'Unfair' Causes Instant Alteration in Their Point of View

Because Ben Hollinger rose to his feet and shouted "Unfair! Unfair!" the supervisors hastily experienced a change of heart yesterday evening, reversed action and accepted the bid of Richard J. Blake for automobile and motorcycle license number plates.

Blake was lowest of six bidders to supply the police department with 7000 automobile license plates and 1000 motorcycle license plates. He offered to supply the usual flat plate, such as now in use in Oahu, for \$1405, for the entire lot. He also offered to supply an embossed plate, on which the numbers are raised, for a total figure of \$3535.

The other bidders based their tenders upon the flat plate. Arnold insisted that since the bidders had not been given definite specifications concerning the kind of material desired, the matter should be referred to the police committee, with instructions to prepare specifications. He wanted the present bids rejected. The board voted with him.

Hollinger then arose and declared this was patently unfair to the bidders. They already had given their best figures; these figures had been made public and each knew what price the others were able to make. Upon reconsideration, the board adopted Hollinger's motion granting the contract to Blake, Arnold and Logan voting against it.

# GOVERNOR APPROVES KALAKAUA DAY PLAN

Governor Pinkham would like to see a day set aside for honoring Queen Liliuokalani similar to that for which plans are being made to keep alive the memory of Kalakaua. He made this plain in a letter to Mayor Lane, received yesterday morning, in which the Governor also expressed his desire to honor the Queen's birthday. The proposal for a Kalakaua Day, to be held here November 16, the birthday of the former ruler of these islands. Copies of the Governor's letter have been sent to the Ad Club, The Commercial Club, the Chiefs of Hawaii and the Sugar Planters Association.

# CAN'T STAND THE WORK

No matter how hard a man's work is he can enjoy it if he has a clear head, a sound body and steady nerves. But many, aching backs and "jumpy" nerves make hard work harder.

Often it's only weak kidneys. The work itself may bring kidney trouble. Work that requires constant bending, reaching, stooping or lifting strains the kidneys in time. So will jolting, vibration, dampness, sudden changes of heat and cold, chemical fumes, or being always on one's feet.

Kidney sufferers complain of being tired all the time, lame in the morning, dull and nervous; they have headaches, dizzy spells, darting pains and bladder troubles.

Don't give up. Don't let gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease make a start. Help the kidneys. Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, the kidney remedy that is praised everywhere.

# REASONABLE RATES FOR KAPPA SECURE

Commission Believes It Has Solved Problem of Insuring Satisfactory Service

The public utility commission believes it has found a way to insure reasonable freight charges and railway service for the small merchants and landowners of Kapa, Kauai. The Mahee Sugar Company, which has been handling freight for those people at rates which the patrons have protested as exorbitant, is reported to have sold its interests to Lihue Plantation.

The transfer of property presumably has not taken place yet, but the approval of the Governor must be obtained for the exchange of a certain light-of-way license across public lands that is held now by the Mahee company.

An effort will be made to elicit some kind of a promise from the new owners, the Lihue Plantation, before the transfer of the license is approved. In this way the government may be guaranteed satisfactory to the Kapa merchants.

To this end the commission yesterday addressed a letter to the Governor asking that he grant it a conference before approving the license transfer.

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# SHINYO REPORTS CHOLERA RAMPANT THROUGH ORIENT

But T. K. K. Liner Given Clean Bill of Health Thanks To Preventive Measures

All steerage passengers arrived in the T. K. K. Liner Shinyo Maru from the Far East yesterday, 380 all told, were held in quarantine. One hundred and seventy-nine Filipinos, who had been tested at Manila as for carriers of Asiatic cholera, now epidemic in the Orient, were turned over to the planters to be detained pending bacteriological tests of the others. The remaining 207 passengers and three stowaways were taken to Quarantine island. Tests will begin today.

They joined four suspected carriers who arrived in the Seattle Maru a week ago, tests of whom have not been completed.

**Clean Bill of Health**  
No contagious diseases were found in the Shinyo Maru. Daily throughout the voyage, from ten-thirty to eleven-thirty, Dr. E. L. Wemple, ship's surgeon, Capt. W. C. T. S. Filmer, Chief Officer M. Otani, Purser John P. Bourne, Chief Steward J. J. Richards and the second steward had a muster of all steerage passengers on deck and in inspection. If any were found in their berth the reason was ascertained, in this way the Shinyo officers kept a close check upon the steerage.

Notices were posted in Chinese and Japanese giving rules for the prevention of cholera infection, and ailing persons were sent to the ship's hospital immediately.

As showing the four-fold in Japan, ship officers said that only 1200 tons of coal were taken at Nagasaki, instead of the usual 2900 tons, because the coolies, residing near the city, would not enter it to work the vessel, and she had to coal at Kobe and Yokohama as well.

**All Stay On Board**  
No passengers left the vessel at Nagasaki, it was stated. One or two clerks, whose business was urgent, went ashore, but the reason was ascertained, in this way the Shinyo officers kept a close check upon the steerage.

According to the Shinyo's bill of health, there were sixteen cases and seven deaths from dysentery and 140 cases and seventy-two deaths from Asiatic cholera at Nagasaki during the two weeks ended August 29. Former reports said there were 202 cases from August 8 to 18.

The Kobe report showed eleven cases and two deaths from cholera and seventy-seven cases and eighteen deaths from dysentery during the two weeks ended August 17. Kobe has continued to report "dysentery" and "pseudo-cholera" cases in large numbers. Eighty-one cases of cholera had been reported at Osaka, the Kobe bill of health said. Passengers taken at Kobe were six first-cabin, six second-cabin and 129 steerage.

**Cholera Demon Busy**  
At Yokohama, during the two weeks ended August 23, there were six cases of cholera and five deaths in the city and ten cases and five deaths in the suburbs, and thirty cases of dysentery and eight deaths. Passengers taken on here were 127 cabin, twenty-two second-cabin and 170 steerage.

Steerage passengers taken at Yokohama had been under observation four and five days before embarking, it was stated.

A new and additional bill of health from Yokohama was carried by the Shinyo. It certified that Yokohama was free of epidemics of infectious or contagious diseases, and was signed by the governor of Kanagawa-Kyoto. Full shore liberty was granted at Yokohama, Ia and about Tokio, according to recollection of officers, 900 cases of "suspected" cholera had been reported. This was not on the Yokohama bill of health.

The Shanghai bill of health showed that cholera was said to be epidemic in Nagasaki and vicinity and also was present in Osaka and Dairen. Spread of the disease thither indicates that the situation is becoming worse, and may mean also that cholera has been present in Japan for a longer time than has been thought.

At Shanghai twenty-three first-cabin and three steerage passengers were taken. No cholera was reported at Hongkong during the two weeks ended August 14, but there were cases at Macao, South China.

**Many Cases In Manila**  
At Manila, during the two weeks ended July 29, there were forty cases and nineteen deaths from cholera. Passengers from Manila were nine first-cabin, seventeen second-cabin and 180 steerage.

Advisors to Dr. F. E. Trotter, chief quarantine officer, and to the chief quarantine officer of Port Townsend, received from Dr. S. N. Manson, passed assistant surgeon, health service, Shanghai, said that cholera was epidemic in Nagasaki and that the Osaka Shosen Kaisha steamer Mexico Maru, sister of the Panama Maru, bound from Manila and Hongkong to Port Townsend or Tacoma via Japan ports, had eighty cases and about half as many deaths. She was last reported at Yokohama August 11, bound from Hongkong, and Shanghai to Victoria.



# SHIPPING MEASURE MAY AID ISLANDS

## Coastwise Provisions Kept In Bill After It Became a Law

### Despatches To Chamber of Commerce Explains Effect of the Act

According to advices received yesterday by Raymond C. Brown, secretary of the chamber of commerce, from the national organization in Washington, the shipping bill which recently passed congress is distinctly advantageous to Hawaii. Pacific Mail steamers and other foreign built vessels which have passed through the shipping board become eligible to engage in Hawaii trade. The matter at control of inter-island traffic is not touched upon in the report from the national chamber of commerce.

In order to secure accurate information concerning the new bill which appeared, from information received, to be ambiguous. Brown called the Washington headquarters for a report. The following answer was received:

"Our bulletin thirty-seven mailed August 21 described shipping bill in all important ways. In becoming a law coastwise provisions as described in the bulletin are kept and broadened so that any foreign built vessel passing through the shipping board into private ownership is eligible for all coastwise trade."

The inference drawn from the bulletin and the cable answer is that the restrictions contained in the syllabus of the bill originally are removed and that Pacific Mail steamers are or can readily become eligible for Hawaii passenger and freight service.

The original bulletin received from Washington follows:

"The shipping bill, after being before the senate since August 8, passed on August 18 by a vote of thirty eight to twenty-one (H. R. 15455, page 335). The regulatory powers of the shipping board, the senate insisted, should apply to vessels on the Great Lakes, but limited them to regular lines on the lakes. Tramp steamers are by express language removed from the regulatory jurisdiction of the board.

"The senate adopted the suggestion of its committee that vessels which had passed through the hands of the shipping board, even though foreign built, should be eligible for use in coastwise trade, thus leaving this question to be decided in conference.

**Senate Adds to Bill**  
"Several subjects were in the senate specifically added to the shipping board's jurisdiction to investigate. They include discriminations by foreign governments against American vessels, the rules of construction and classification used abroad, and conditions in marine insurance. The amendment which is perhaps most important was adopted with no dissent. It provides that if any vessel carrying cargo for a foreign or domestic port and having empty space unreasonably refuses to carry any proper cargo tendered by a citizen of the United States and accompanied by a proper tender of freight charges, clearance may be refused by the secretary of the treasury."

# RUMORS OF SALE OF LANAI BOB UP

## Shingle and Lorentzen Making Another Trip of Inspection To the Island

Rumors of the sale of Lanai to Nevada capitalists were revived yesterday with the departure of Robert W. Shingle, H. J. Lorentzen, a deputy in the U. S. internal revenue office and John T. McGrawson on the Mauna Kea for the island.

According to the rumors, Lorentzen who is a former Honolulu man, represents the capitalists of the mainland who are interested in the deal. On a previous visit to the island, Attorney Pittman accompanied the party, which gave rise to the rumor that his brother U. S. Senator Pittman, was in on the deal.

In an interview yesterday Shingle denied that any deal would be consummated in the near future. Persistent reports, however, lead color to the rumor that negotiations are continuing at a rate which indicate that acceptable terms have about been reached.

# ABE LOUISSON OPENS HIS POLITICAL FIGHT

Abe Louisson, independent Republican candidate for the Delegate to Congress, who arrived yesterday from Hamakua, has commenced a series of campaign speeches, having delivered the first of his arguments before the morning session of the Honolulu Stock and Bond Exchange. Speaking as a business man Mr. Louisson dwelt particularly on the protective tariff in its relation to the development of the sugar, pineapple, coffee and tobacco industries in Hawaii. He laid special stress on the necessity of having this territory represented at Washington by a practical man of affairs during the trying reconstruction period that is sure to follow the end of the European war.

## Defends Kuhio Wharf

If the Hilo bureau of misinformation concerning happenings at the Kuhio wharf in Hilo Bay was as accurate as it is industrious a huge fund of knowledge concerning this wharf would soon be accumulated.

A half-column in yesterday's Star Bulletin, furnished by the Hilo bureau in question, states that on last Friday the Mauna Kea "broke her heavy gangplank in two as if it were a lath when she was ranging at the wharf in the grip of an undertow, although there was hardly any wind and the sea was apparently calm."

The bureau article also makes the statement that the wharf is dangerous whenever the wind is coming from any direction between west and north, as claimed by seafaring men and masters of vessels having to use it.

"They say that even a light wind from these points creates a current which makes vessels tied up to the wharf range dangerously."

The Hilo Island claims it is not safe for the Mauna Kea or any other vessel to lie alongside the wharf when the wind is in the west, regardless of whether the weather is fair. Steamers cannot lie in safety at the wharf when the wind is to the west, sea captains assert.

It is possible, according to a Honolulu shipping agent who has studied the situation carefully, that another breakwater may have to be erected to break up and change the course of the current which now causes vessels lying at the wharf to range when the wind is coming from any point between the north and west.

There is just one true statement in the foregoing article, and that is that the Mauna Kea smashed her gangplank at Kuhio Wharf last Thursday night.

The reason why it was smashed was not because of a "west wind," a "current" or a "fierce undertow while the bay was calm," but by reason of the rank carelessness of the officers in command of the Mauna Kea.

The gangplank was not on the open wharf, but was projecting through a narrow slot cut down into the wharf reaching across the intervening space between the wharf and the ship, and into the narrow freight port in the side of the steamer. Both the slot in the wharf and the port of the steamer are so narrow that any motion of the steamer over a foot or so, fore and aft, was bound to crush the gangplank.

Instead of the bay being calm, a gale, during Thursday night, a heavy northerly swell set into the bay, causing heavy breakers on the reef and up to the breakwater. The swell setting into the bay was so heavy that the steamer Santa Maria, discharging oil at the railroad wharf, broke several times but the steamer continued a voyage by hoisting off from the wharf by means of her anchors.

At Kuhio Wharf the swell was slight but the Mauna Kea had no difficulty whatever in lying immediately alongside the wharf, tied up to the same, without strain on her anchor to keep her away from the wharf and so stern line whatever to the buoy which the harbor commission has placed for the express purpose of holding the steamer away from the wharf in case there is any swell.

The fore and aft motion of the Mauna Kea was so slight as to interfere not at all with the loading or unloading of the steamer or with passenger and did not interfere in the remotest with the gangplank reaching from the top of the wharf to the deck of the steamer.

It was only necessary for the steamer to move fore and aft, a foot or two to break the gangplank, which had been carelessly left overnight projecting from the slot in the wharf into the sea, which broke the gangplank.

As a matter of fact there was no wind from the north or west. In fact it was a dead calm.

As a further matter of fact, the wind from the west has no effect on the harbor, as it comes off the land and an ebb tide nothing but a surface ripple.

As a further matter of fact, neither the west wind nor any other wind created an ever existing current which has an effect as to any appreciable extent, which is lying at Kuhio Wharf.

The statement that there was a "current" at the Kuhio Wharf which caused the damage to the gangplank is a pure fabrication.

It is a well known fact that certain interests are seeking to discredit the Kuhio Wharf, but the continuous stream of misstatements magnifying exaggerating every little incident of the discredit of the wharf, and even manufacturing statements out of whole cloth, is being carried to a disgraceful extreme.

LORRIN A. THURSTON.  
Honolulu, Sept. 13.

# FIVE RECORDS SMASHED IN EXCITING SWIMMING CARNIVAL

## Kruger, Langer and Healan Boat Club All Have Hand In Setting Marks

### THE WINNERS

50-Yard Boys Under Thirteen—1, Matsumura; 2, Cook; 3, Danti. Time 30.4-5.  
100-Yard National Championship—1, Duke Kahanaumoku; 2, Clarence Lane; 3, George Cunha. Time, 53.1-3, equaling his own world's record.

50-Yard Novice Race—1, M. Matsumura; 2, K. Matsumura; 3, D. Carter. Time, 29.2-3, equaling his own world's record.  
25-Yard Service Race—1, Arthur Pingry; 2, V. Hostetter; 3, U. Jones. Time, 25.2-3.

150-Yard Back-Stroke—1, Harold Kruger; 2, Clarence Lane; 3, Francis. Time, 2:14. Kruger breaks American record for the 100-yard back-stroke. Time, 1:14.1-5. Former record, 1:10.4-5.  
80-Yard Hawaiian Championship—1, Ludy Langer; 2, Tedford Cann. Langer breaks own record for 80, 1:29.3-5. In swimming 1000 yards Langer breaks American record, 13:07.2-5.

High Diving—1, Fuller, 141.3; 2, North, 121.3; 3, Cottrell, 118.4.  
600-Yard Relay—Healani broke American record for five and six hundred yards, 5:12-6:10.

Smash! smash! smash! That is the way record went Monday night. Five American records went into the discard and one World's record was equaled. It was a mighty fitting ending for the last night of the big three nights swimming carnival. Harold Kruger, Ludy Langer, and the Healani Boat Club all established new marks and Duke Kahanaumoku tied his own world's record for the 100 yards by swimming the century in 53.1-3. Never before in the history of swimming in Honolulu has there been such a record smashing time. It all began with the 100 yard national championship when Duke tore through American records in the naval slip course equalling his own mark.

**Duke Cheered**  
The audience was looking for a spectacular performance and burst in cheers when Duke appeared, clad in a white bath robe, followed by his rainers. Six men took positions on the starting stand of the barge. Volmer and Lane were a trifle nervous and made a false start. Duke was the first man to hit the water, but pulled into his stroke before fifty yards, and was leading the field, by a yard. Lane was second at the half-century mark with Cunha two strokes behind him, Volmer and Cann trailing the young star.

**Cunha Leads**  
At the 75-yard mark Cunha had 'orged ahead of lane. Duke finished like a torpedo, two yards ahead of the 'eld. The little Palama swimmer ought it out with George Cunha in the last twenty five yards and touched the barge barely a stroke ahead of the Healani sprinter. It was a fight for second place over the entire course and Lane sprung a big surprise by following Duke to the end of the century. The two New Yorkers did not have a look in this event.

**Kruger's Record**  
"Stubby" Kruger made good and is now the possessor of an American record. He went out with the intention of breaking the back-stroke record held by Walter Brecker of 1:10.4-5 and did the trick by swimming the hundred in 1:14.1-5. The blonde haired Healani has worked hard for this event and his performance of last night was received with loud acclaim. Kruger continued to the 150 yard mark and finished in 2:14. Lane took second and Francis came home quite a distance in the rear. There were but three men entered in this event.

**More Records**  
Ludy Langer the coast star gathered in more honors for himself by breaking his own record for the 80 and smashing the 1000 yard record held by Volmer. But three men entered the half mile, Langer, Cann and "Tough Bill" Langer walked away at the start and finished the 80, 75 yards, ahead of Cann.

It was announced before the race began that Langer would attempt to break the 1000 yard record and continue to swim the 120 yards necessary after the finish of the 80. He tore the former record all to pieces by fifty seconds, swimming the ten centuries in 13:07.2-5. He broke his own American record in the 80 by sixteen seconds. John Keli, who had been expected to show up well in this event and also in the 100, did not enter, due to a very bad leg. The little "comer" has established himself with the swimming fans by his performance on Saturday evening, and it was a disappointment to not find him among the starters.

**Healani Smashes**  
The fast six from the Healani boat club closed the evening by smashing their relay records held by the Illinois Athletic club in both the five and six hundred yards. A picked team was sent against them composed of Duke, Cann, Volmer, Hustace, Langer and Kanaka. The Healani team was made up of "Stubby" Kruger, George Cunha, Frank Cunha, Keli, Frank Kruger and Keoloha. The picked team was a little too fast for the Healani aggregation. Duke who swam last for the all star picked up the lead and came down the course in the fastest time he has ever made. The timers caught him for the hundred in 53 flat but it was unofficial. The picked team won the relay but the starting stand of the Healani will stand as a record. Time winners were not all from one club and the time they made cannot be accepted. The Healani sextette made the first 400 yards in 4:09 flat, the 500 yards in 5:12 and the 600 yards in 6:10. This breaks the record held by the Illinois Athletic club made a month ago in Chicago of 5:04.3-4 and establishes a new American record for the 600 yards.

**Pringry Again**  
Pringry took the 250 yard service race with little competition. O'Brien swam a good race to the one yard mark and then dropped out. There were only three men in this event.

In the 50 yard novice two heats were required to determine winner for second place over the entire course and Lane sprung a big surprise by following Duke to the end of the century. The two New Yorkers did not have a look in this event.

**BABY ELEPHANT ARRIVES**  
**Miss Daisy Makes Herself At Home**  
Ben Hollinger is a proud man today. At least he was a proud man last night for the Niagara had brought his such advertised and long-hoped-for second baby elephant, Miss Daisy, of African extraction and pedigree. She is but a baby, and will be, if all goes well, or about fifteen years at the most, for elephants do not mind telling their age and take their own time in growing up, probably on the theory that youth is the best time of life, anyhow.

Miss Daisy is accompanied in her travels by her trainer and keeper, Ellis Joseph, who possesses the necessary tact and discernment for dealing with ladies of Miss Daisy's proclivities and sentimental, not to say emotional, storms.

Miss Daisy was purchased, as all the Hawaiian world knows by this time, for \$3000, raised by Ben Hollinger and some friends who, like him, are lovers of animals, of Honolulu's fame, and of children. They wanted the Zoo to grow, and took steps accordingly. Hollinger announced last night that practically all of the money needed to complete the sale has been raised.

Daisy was very curious after they had released her from the dock and had wonderful fun poking about the warehouse much to the disgust of several teams of horses present. Ben Hollinger was supposed to ride the terror-horses through the main streets to her new home in the park, but at the last moment declined the honor. No Miss Daisy covered with leis had a little parade all her own up Fort Street and out Hotel to her little grass house by the sea.

Two kangaroos, male and female were given by the Zoo to the Honolulu Zoo. He has also brought along an assortment of bird cockatoos, which he expects to sell to bird fanciers in the islands.

# SPORTS

## RECORDS FALL IN LABOR DAY SPORTS MEETS

### Seven Pacific Coast Swimming Records Broken At San Diego Yesterday

#### NATIONAL TENNIS TITLE TO BE DECIDED TODAY

#### Welsh Retains World's Title In Lightweight Class; Eller Scores

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)  
SAN DIEGO, September 5.—Seven Pacific Coast swimming records went by the board in the big Pacific Coast championship swimming meet held here yesterday afternoon. Norman Ross, expert merman of the Olympic Club, was the star actor of the day, having broken two records. Miss Frances Cowells also made two new marks.

Ross swam the 100 yards free in 0:59.2-5 and covered the 200 yards in 2:31.1-5. Miss Cowells lowered the times for the girls' race in the fifty-yard backstroke and in the 250-yard event. She covered the half-century in 0:43 and made the furlong in the 3:08.1-5.

Lincoln Johnson, the one-legged swimmer who made a good showing in Honolulu two years ago, made a new record in the 150-yard backstroke, covering the distance in 2:07.2-5. S. Goodman lowered the existing Coast record in the fifty-yard dash by covering the distance in 0:24.2-5. G. Sandman swam the 200-yard breast stroke in 2:08.1-5.

FOREST HILLS, Long Island, September 5.—Today will see the finals in the national tennis championships here. R. Norris Williams of Philadelphia will meet William M. Johnston, the national champion, in today's play. Williams has been ranked second for three years and is picked by some critics to beat the national champion today.

Johnston made his place in the finals by defeating K. Lindley Murray of San Francisco yesterday and Williams defeated Clarence J. Griffin of San Francisco.

#### ELLER SETS MARK IN HIGH HURDLES

LEWISTON, Maine, September 4.—John M. Eller broke the world's record over the hurdles at the fair grounds here today. His time was 14.15 seconds.

#### AITKEN WINS 300 MILE AUTO RACE

CINCINNATI, September 5.—Johnny Aitken, driving a Peugeot car, won the 300 mile race here yesterday. Wilbur d'Alene was second and Frank Galvin third. Dario Resta led for the first 180 miles when engine trouble forced him to quit. Gilbert Anderson, one of the Stutz drivers skidded and ran through a fence causing serious injury to himself and to his mechanic.

#### WELSH WINS TITLE IN TWENTY ROUNDS

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., September 4.—Welsh was given the decision over White on points in their championship twenty round fight. Referee Roche declared Welsh did most of the leading. White adherents hurled cushions at the official after the decision. He was rushed in an automobile to his hotel. The fight was spectacular, being featured by clinching. There was little blood shed.

#### LEVINSKY BESTS BROWN IN TEN

EAST CHICAGO, September 5.—Battling Levinsky bested Knockout Brown in a ten-round no-decision fight here yesterday.

#### BASEBALL BETWEEN U. S. AND S. AMERICA PROPOSED

NEW YORK, August 24.—The Brazilian minister of foreign affairs, Dr. Paul Miller, suggests athletic contests between representatives of his country and this as a means of getting better acquainted, and diplomatically advocates the introduction of baseball in the South American countries. Whether or not trade follows sport the doctor's suggestions ought to be taken up.

#### HAWAIIAN WOMAN LEAVES ESTATE VALUED AT \$9000

A petition asking that she be appointed administratrix of the estate of Um T. K. Haluani (w.), deceased, was filed in the circuit court yesterday by Annie Puleloa and will be heard on October 9. The estate, consisting of land at Waipahu, this island, now under lease, is worth \$9000. The heirs are a son and two daughters, namely: Solomon Kaiapa, living in England; Mary Apo of Waipahu, and Annie Puleloa, the petitioner, of this city.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

## PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR BASKETBALL

### Five Fast Teams To Be Entered In Senior League; Season Opens October 4

Basket-towers are turning their attention toward the coming season and according to Glenn Jackson, physical director of the Y. M. C. A., prospects are bright for a banner year in basketball. There is a wealth of material for the senior league and indications are that there will be a large squad out for the teams in the other leagues. Probably five leagues will compete this season, the senior, intermediate, inter-scholastic, Bible club and old stars. It is not expected that the inter-scholastic league will be very active until after the close of the football season.

In the senior league there is good prospects for five fast teams. Sergeant Brush of the Hospital Corps, who managed the championship team last year, has signified intentions of entering another speedy five from the service. Fort Kamohameha has sent in for details on the league and has assured the association that they will enter a quintet.

One feature of the coming season is the quantity of material from the student and intermediate leagues, three teams of which graduate into the senior league. The H. A. C., who rapidly came to the top in the student league last year, and the Triple A strengthened by new high school men will break into the senior ranks this year. El Globo, champion of the intermediate league last year, will have a team capable of holding its own with the fast headliners. The dormitory may be a sixth entry if given permission to recruit outside their own ranks.

Baird, the new assistant physical director, will be active in promoting the basket ball season, which will open October 4.

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