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is Best for the News

MAUI NEWS.

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VOLUME XVI

WAILUKU, MAUI, H. T., SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1909

NUMBER 5

New Judge Holds Court

Judge Kingsbury Delivers
First Charge to Jury.

Judge Selden B. Kingsbury who was recently appointed judge of the Circuit Court of the Second Judicial Circuit opened court Tuesday for the March Term.

Edmund H. Hart is the Clerk and John Ferreira bailiff. Deputy Attorney General W. L. Whitney and County Attorney J. L. Coke were both present to represent the territory in all criminal matters.

The Attorneys present were Enos Vincent, A. G. Correa, J. W. Kaula, J. M. Vivas, A. N. Kepoikai, W. F. Crockett, D. H. Case, J. L. Coke, W. L. Whitney, R. P. Quarles and M. F. Prosser.

Miss Eva Scholtz is official stenographer.

By an oversight one of the jurymen Mr. H. A. Baldwin named was not called by the clerk and the rest of the grand jurors were instructed by the court and examined by the Deputy Attorney General before the oversight was discovered.

The charge to the jury was able and scholarly. It is as follows:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, MARCH 1909 TERM.
CHARGE TO THE GRAND JURY: GENTLEMEN OF THE GRAND JURY:

The fundamental responsibilities in our Government rest upon the whole body of electors whom you now represent, whose interests are in your hands and whose power you are to exercise.

Your duties are important, but your powers are ample.

Public interests and the general welfare of this community, and to some extent, of this Territory of Hawaii, are the rights which correlate the great powers and grave duties you, as Grand Jurors, are empowered and compelled to perform.

The benevolence of our government is such that here no person can be held to answer for a charge of felony or infamous crime, except on indictment or presentment of a Grand Jury; hence as long as this is the law and some men continue to violate the rights and imperil the lives of others and to offend against right conscience, and righteous law, so long will we continue to select good men and true from the body of the people to initiate proceedings for the punishment of the wicked and the enforcement of the criminal law to secure the safety and happiness of the people of our Territory.

In the very nature of things, so long as crime exists to produce misery, and virtue combats it for the sake of happiness, so long must some tribunal perform the duties you now assume. Under our government our liberties are so jealously guarded that punishment must be by law, set in motion by a representative body of the people, the Grand Jury.

This is of the necessary nature of self government.

Self government is both the highest conception of right government and is also the most benevolent form of government, since it is government presumably for the good of the governed. Only the wise, the enlightened and the good can safely be entrusted with self government.

You, Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, are the duly summoned, em-

School Exhibit

Will Soon be on Display
in Wailuku.

All who are interested in the public schools are invited to visit the Wailuku school on Tuesday, April 6th, 1909 at 10 A. M. On that date there will be on view an exhibit of industrial and manual training work from the various public schools of the county. This exhibit will comprise plain and fancy needlework; bamboo, lauhala and bead work; drawing, painting and map work; raffia and other basket making; Venetian ironwork; carpentry and cabinet-making, &c.

After being on exhibition here, the best of the work will be selected by a committee and sent to Honolulu, where a Territorial exhibition will be held, and where the best work from all the counties will be selected to form the Hawaii educational display at the Seattle Exposition next summer.

Reports from the various schools indicate that much interest is being manifested by both scholars and teachers; and there is no doubt that the exhibit will be well worth a careful inspection by all who live within reach of it.

panned and sworn governmental tribunal, constituted for the purpose of performing the functions pertaining to the enquiring into, investigating, and if need be, indicting on account of crimes and offences in this jurisdiction.

For the March Term, A. D. 1909, of the Circuit Court of the Second Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, you are the initiating, investigating, inquisitorial, presenting, indicting, governmental tribunal which is to determine who is to be prosecuted and on what charges, and it is of your duty, to, for the people, decide what the public good requires in the way of the prosecution of crime under the provisions of law, at this term of Court. You are the Grand Jury for this present service. As such, it is your duty to inquire into such matters and charges as shall be brought before you for investigation and action, or, as shall in any manner come to your knowledge touching or regarding liability or obligation of any person to answer charge of so offending against law as to be guilty of crime or infamous wrong doing.

On points of law you will be advised and aided by the Attorney General and his deputies, of the latter of which is our able County Attorney. These officers are learned in the law and to them is, by law, given the duty of taking charge of all criminal matters and prosecutions in this jurisdiction, and for brevity and convenience, I will hereafter herein refer to them as Attorney General.

Remember then that all criminal prosecutions are in the hands of the Attorney General, that all your indictments or presentments must be endorsed by him in his official capacity and by official title.

It is the constant containing care and duty while in office of the Attorney General to discourage illegal wrong doing and prevent crime by the prosecution to punishment of those guilty of great offences against criminal law, by trespassing upon the rights, liberties and happiness of others, by degrading public morals and by violating both just law and good morals.

Continued on Page 6.

Reservoir Gives Way

Does Much Damage Below
Kaupakalua.

One of the disasters occasioned by the heavy rains of last week was the bursting of a large plantation reservoir at Kaupakalua. This reservoir which supplies with water the Kaulanui section of the Maui Agricultural Company's lands is situated in a gulch some distance mauka of A. S. Medeiros's house now occupied by Asst. County-Surveyor Foss.

At 8 o'clock P. M. Thursday evening, the 11th, the overburdened dam broke at the center of the side fronting the gulch and with a great rush and road the torrent swept downward carrying everything before it with irresistible force. It not only uprooted large kukui trees several feet in circumference but took soil and all, utterly destroying taro patches, orchards, and vineyards and leaving nothing to mark their sites excepting great boulders.

During the flow of waters which lasted only ten minutes the banks on either side of the 50 or 60, foot gulch shook violently causing people residing near by to fear for the safety of their dwellings and their lives.

Nine small farmers suffered losses variously estimated from \$25 to \$600. One man stated that last year his vineyard of grapes (the first crop) yielded him \$75 and that his taro patches realized \$100 per annum. Besides the losses in taro and grapes, peach and alligator pear orchards and vegetable gardens were entirely demolished.

The plantation authorities have been appealed to and are looking into the matter as to damages.

Among those suffering losses are Manuel Castro, Manuel Castro Jr., Manuel F. Pereira, John da Costa, A. S. Medeiros, Mrs. M. Gomes, and Manuel B. Costa.

There's a large force of laborers at work repairing the break.

On Tuesday, the 16th Deputy Sheriff Edgar Morton brought four alleged cattle stealers before District Magistrate Chas. Copp of Makawao who committed them to the next grand jury.

Their names were Frank Robello, Frank Pires, Solomon Kenloha, and Mau Fong. Seven head of cattle belonging to Haleakala Ranch were found in a pen of Frank Robello at Omapi, Kula, under circumstances that have not been satisfactorily explained.

At a meeting of the trustees of Maunaloa Seminary, held at Paia plantation office, Monday afternoon, the 15th, a resolution expressing regret at the death of Rev. Dr. Beckwith and sympathy for his daughter was spread upon the minutes. Rev. R. B. Dodge of Wailuku was chosen to fill Dr. Beckwith's place on the board. The resignations of three teachers of the school, Misses Lindsay, Haywood, and Aki were accepted to take effect the end of the June term.

Peter Gibb, of Amaulu, left on the 12th for Cuba, taking the China from Honolulu. He has been a resident of Hawaii for eighteen years and his future home will be at Camaguey, Cuba, three hundred miles from Havana. He is succeeded at Amaulu by Alexander Frasier.

Representative Long's bachelor tax Bill may be amended on a graduating scale: \$2 for bachelors between 23 and 25; \$3 between 25 and 30; \$4 between 30 and 35; and \$5 between 35 and 40 after that being gradually decreased until when a man is 60 or 70 the yearly tax gets back to \$2.

A Whale Visits Lahaina

Correspondent Writes of Lahaina Happenings.

Lahaina has had an excellent rain lasting from the 12th to the 15th. It is the first good soaking this district has had for two years. Molokai and Lanai have had their share of it. It has been worth thousands of dollars to the plantation, cattle and sheep ranches.

Several people called at the Lahaina School on Tuesday to congratulate Miss Ho on her success in winning in The Bulletin contest. Miss Ho is a daughter of Mr. Ho Fong of Bishop's Bank, Honolulu. She was a pupil of the Kauluwela School when Inspector Wells was principal. She is a graduate of both Punahou and the Normal School. Miss Ho made no effort to win in the contest. In fact, if her friends had not urged her, she would have kept out of the contest. On account of her kindly disposition and graceful manners all who meet her become her friends. She has even many friends among those who have only heard of her.

Miss Naman of the High School, Honolulu, is visiting in Lahaina. She is a very bright young woman.

The Rev. C. G. Burnham and Mrs. Burnham have been in Wailuku this week. They have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dodge.

Last week Inspector Wells visited the schools of Lahaina district. He went over to Wailuku on Monday.

County Attorney Coke was over on Molokai last week. He spent Friday and Saturday in Lahaina on business.

About a week ago a large whale remained in the harbor several hours and gave a free entertainment to a number of persons who watched it spirt water.

Robert, a pupil of Lahainaluna, who came from Hilo nearly three months ago sick of a fever, and who was very low for weeks has been doctor-ed and nursed into life again. He is nearly well and the teachers and students are rejoicing.

The new manager of the Pioneer Company, is in Lahaina studying up conditions with Mr. Barkhausen. He will take charge of the plantation about the first of April.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mrs. Wall, wife of our popular postmaster. She has been very sick for several months.

The schools of Lahaina district are working hard, preparing articles for the Seattle exposition.

Attend the Auction Sale at Peplowski's Monday.

For the benefit of the mothers and children that can not attend the evening performance, The Gem Theatre will give a matinee at Aluli Block, Market Street, on Saturday March 20th at 3 o'clock. Admission: Adults 25 cents Children 10 cents. An afternoon of pleasure and Entertainment is promised to those who attend the performance.

M. Vieira will take charge of the Union Barber Shop in Chuanha's Alley, Honolulu on March 27th. Mr. Vieira was formerly proprietor of the Wailuku Shaving Parlors and while here made a number of friends.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank my many friends for their kind assistance to me in the recent Bulletin Contest and assure them that their efforts are greatly appreciated.
JENNIE HANSEN.

ALIEN FISHING BILL HAS PASSED THE SENATE

Will Arrest Lobbyists--Liquor Bill May Not Pass--
Immigration Bill In Danger--Boycots Jap
Goods--Nicaragua Will Fight.

(SPECIAL TO THE MAUI NEWS.)

Sugar 96 deg. test 3.92 Beets 10 1/2 6d.

HONOLULU, March 19.—The alien fishing bill passed the Senate. It is doubtful if it can be enforced.

Holstein has called on the Sargent at arms to arrest any lobbyist for interfering with any member of the House.

It is not believed the liquor bill can pass the house unless the Senate holds up the immigration bill which has been threatened.

The Alameda arrived this morning.

The Lurline will arrive Sunday morning. She has a large cargo for Kahului.

Harold Waterman, a boy, was killed by a hack last night.

HAVANA, March 19.—The insurgent army of seven men have surrendered.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 19.—It is reported that President Zelaya says Nicaragua will resist American intervention, and resort to arms in the event that Marines are landed.

Preparations for war continues.

PARIS, March 19.—There has been no session in the strike situation. It will continue until the conditions of the employees of the telegraph and post offices are changed.

The attitude of the government will be firmly maintained and soldiers will be used for the distribution of mail.

HONGKONG, March 19.—The Japanese boycott has been renewed because the Japanese are entering Prates and the Paracles islands for guano.

LONDON, March 19.—Asquith declared that four Dreadnaughts will be begun this year if Germany continues to build that class of vessels.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Lieutenant Semmes Reed was thrown from a horse and fatally injured today. He was Tafts naval aid.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The house has passed the 13th census bill.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Queen Liliuokalani is on her way to Honolulu.

HONOLULU, March 18.—Balentyne has resigned from the license board. The House is still economizing. It will probably pass the liquor bill.

HAVANA, March 18.—The insurgents have been surrounded by government troops.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Senator Hale predicts that the tariff bill will be before Congress for three months.

PARIS, March 18.—Paris is completely cut off by telegraphers strike. The strike has spread to other cities. In Paris 200,000 telegrams and 2,000,000 letters are undistributed.

REGGIO March 18.—There were several strong earthquake shocks with a high tide here yesterday.

SALT LAKE, March 18.—The House has passed the bill making it a misdemeanor to buy a baseball, theatre or other entertainment ticket for a Sunday entertainment.

NASHVILLE, March 18.—The Jury to try Cooper in the Carmac case has received its instructions.

JOHNSTOWN, March 18.—The Cambria Steel Company employing 18,000 men has cut wages 10 %.

HONOLULU, March 17.—The booze bill passed the Senate eleven to four.

Wolley arrived and will renew his fight on the liquor traffic.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The tariff bill has been referred to the ways and means committee. It provides a downward provision for minimum and maximum tariff. Inheritance tax is provided for.

Duty on refined sugar is reduced by the bill by four one hundredths of a cent per pound.

Coffee and leather are put on the free list. Steel and timber are taxed at one half the present rate, lemons are increased one quarter of a cent.

HAVANA, March 17.—One death has occurred at the outbreak at at Vueta.

HONOLULU, March 17.—The Logan was pulled into deep water by the Iriquois at midnight.

The Organic Act amendments are threatened with defeat in Washington.

The House may kill the appropriation bill.

The Attorney General's department has been reduced in number and the salary of Lydacker has been slashed.

Holstein wants a session every year.

The Federal judge bill is not to go into effect until July 1st.

The Hilonian will arrive at noon today.

HAVANA, March 17.—The first uprising against the Cuban government occurred at Guerta today.

The troops are in pursuit. The indications are that the movement is a widespread conspiracy.

THE MAUI NEWS

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Hugh M. Coke, Editor and Manager

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1909

Teacher's Salaries. The Territory of Hawaii is, at the present moment, deeply in debt, and governmental expenditures are constantly increasing. In order to make the amount of expenditure smaller than the amount of income, two methods are feasible:—retrenchment of expenditures, or increase of income.

Increase of income means increased taxation, which is looked upon with disfavor. Retrenchment of expenditure means a more agreeable method, and we therefore hear among divers measures before the present legislature, of several bills proposing to further reduce the salaries of the teachers of the public schools.

The folly of such proposed "cutting" of salaries does not appear to be as evident as it should and an enumeration of a few facts may therefore be appropriate at this time.

1. The teacher's salaries are cut three per cent. The schedule of salaries, which is virtually a contract, and supposedly approved of and supported by the Legislature, is, so far as actual salaries is concerned, a pleasant fiction. So, to begin with, the salaries are "below par", the present cut falling heaviest, of course, on the smaller, and most numerous, salaries.

2. The rapidly increasing cost of living, both in Honolulu and in other parts of the Territory, already taxes the present meagre salaries of teachers to their utmost, many teachers are barely "making a living", and are moreover, definitely prohibited from adding to their scanty livelihood by outside work.

3. The general movement everywhere else is for the increase in the salaries of teachers. Their tremendous importance in the welfare of the state, and in the true establishment of democracy, is realized more and more and everywhere on the Mainland and in many parts of Europe their salaries are regularly and systematically advanced. The idea of reducing their salaries is opposed to all sound advance, and in the Territory represents a most retrograde movement.

4. The peculiar race conditions here make especially necessary a large, efficient, and compulsory public school system, that will weld these heterogeneous peoples into an intelligent citizenship. Nothing is so destructive to democracy as ignorance, most especially when it exists in large masses of propertyless people. Any thing whatsoever that prevents the education of citizens is most undemocratic and most dangerous to the welfare of the Territory.

5. This proposed "cut" in teacher's salaries, resulting most surely in inefficient public schools, thus effects most seriously the majority of citizens. The rich can send their children to private schools, but for the great mass of the people, for the rank and file, the public schools are of paramount importance. The future welfare of their sons and daughters is directly and vitally affected. The verdict of history has ever been that poor schools and poor government go hand in hand.

The teachers in the public schools are fundamentally the most important employees of the Territory. The public school is the cradle of democracy. Despots and autocrats fear and hate them. The great question now before this Territory—indeed, the greatest question—is this: Shall we foolishly cripple our public school system, endangering our future political and social prosperity, or shall we systematically and increasingly advance its efficiency?

May Consolidate. It is pretty safe to predict that a great change will be made in the Department of Public Works and the Land and Survey Bureaus and that these will be practically consolidated while much of the work that is now done by these several heads will be done by certain county officials.

Such a scheme, if intelligently worked out, would be in keeping with economy and would be a popular move as there is a general tendency to get our government affairs more and more in the hands of the county officials instead of centralized government in Honolulu.

It is idle to argue that centralized government is the most economical and the most efficient. A great majority of the people on every island outside of Oahu believe that the Territorial officials as a rule run their respective departments for the welfare of Honolulu first and for the interests of the rest of the community afterwards. Of course there are exceptions and the Superintendent of Public Works seems to be the most noticeable exception to this rule but none of the present scheme is so popular as local self-government and no American state would countenance the expensive and dual form of government that we have here and we fail to see the use of keeping up the two systems that are now in vogue.

Whether the changes contemplated are wise or otherwise we are not in a position to say but we do know that material changes are practically decided upon and believe that changes could be made to the best interests of the community.

That Land Commissioner Pratt and Treasurer Campbell will not be confirmed is the opinion of those who are in close touch with inside affairs. Pratt has failed to meet the popular demand for lands for settlement while Campbell has run his office in such a way as to engender bitter antagonism. His refusal to grant Tax Assessor Robinson a leave of absence after he had been continuously in office for over fifteen years lost him many strong friends here. His utter disregard of the wishes of Maui citizens in the appointment of a successor was another slap at Maui and more than the people here will stand for.

It is not denied that Mr. Kunewa, who was appointed as local tax assessor, is a most efficient officer and a gentleman, but the utter disregard of the wishes of the people here and the endless scheme of making everything centralized in Honolulu, for Honolulu, and by Honolulu, has gone so far that a reaction has set in and will probably not only result in the non-confirmation of efficient officials but the discontinuance of the offices which some of them fill.

Park Site Is Chosen

Citizens Strongly Favor Lower Site.

In response to a call issued by the President of the Wailuku District Improvement Association about twenty-five members of the Association and a few other citizens met at the court house for the purpose of expressing their wishes in regard to the selection of a park site for Wailuku.

Charles Wilcox for the committee reported that the committee recently appointed to investigate the matter had visited the various sites and that they had seen the manager of the plantation, Mr. Penhallow who had stated that he was willing to negotiate for either site but personally preferred the lower site. Mr. Wilcox reported that the majority of the committee favored the lower site.

Mr. Case then reported that he had gone to Honolulu and seen the members of the Maui delegation in the Legislature and that they and he had gone to see the Governor and that he was very favorably impressed with the plan to give a site for a park for the use of the citizens of Wailuku. The Governor also wished to negotiate for increased lands for the use of the public school.

President Keola strongly advised the members to agree unanimously and not agree to disagree and thereby block the plan to get any park.

D. L. Meyer pointed out many reasons for the selection of the site below the new depot. He said that in the past there had been strong objections to the old site for the reason that a number of people were opposed to the noise that always goes with baseball. He urged the choice of the lower site.

J. Garcia said that a site should be chosen not for baseball alone but for the many purposes to which a park is usually put. He said that he believed the lower site would be ideal for baseball and better adapted to the many needs as a park.

He said the present grounds are surrounded by buildings and that it is but natural that the noise at a baseball game should disturb many persons. He said that if he for instance were occupied in prayer on a Sunday afternoon he would not want a baseball game going on in his back yard at the same time. He strongly favored the lower site.

Mr. Wadsworth said that probably the Improvement Association had acted with some haste in selecting a site and that probably the supervisors had but that both bodies had acted with perfect good faith and that both were working for commendable objects. He said that he thought that the supervisors from Hana and Molokai were not particular as to which site should be chosen and that probably none of them but the local supervisor was particularly interested in the matter. He said that the local supervisor might have acted without the knowledge that there was a move on foot to secure the lower site and expressed the belief that all would agree to select the site that the majority wished regardless of which site that might be.

He then pointed out that the present ball grounds could never be made an ornament to the town and strongly favored the lower site.

County Attorney J. L. Coke said that we now have an opportunity to get grounds which we could use when and how we chose and stated that at one time we had to go to Kahului for grounds on which to play ball. He said that for years we had been but tenants at will of the present park site and that we could have been put off the grounds at any time that it suited the whim of the former manager. He also

pointed out that there had been strenuous objection to the noise there and that if the same site is chosen it is almost certain that residents in that vicinity would make complaint to the authorities and in all probability put a stop to the use of the grounds for ball playing. He said that he believed that suitable arrangements could be made for the continuation of the games on the present grounds for the present season. He urged all to unite on one site and agree to a unanimous choice whichever way the majority went. He strongly favored the new site.

County Clerk W. F. Kane pointed out the fact that the new site will cost more than the old one for leveling up the grounds.

George Cummings expressed a fear that if the new grounds were chosen that they would not be ready for the games of this season.

Mr. Wadsworth said that he believed that we should look to the future as well as the present and that the selection of a suitable site for a park is a most important matter. That under no circumstances could a suitable park be made of the old site and that if the question was to be determined solely on whether we could get the old site for this seasons games that he would pledge a hundred dollars of his own money for the use of the old grounds if it were necessary in order that the games there could be played and a suitable site selected.

J. L. Coke said that he favored the new site for the reason that the new grounds were ample for all purposes, that he believed the old grounds could be had for the season's games and that the new ones were not in the residential section while the old ones are. He therefore moved that the citizens choose the new site. This was seconded by D. L. Meyer.

L. M. Baldwin opposed the motion and was strongly in favor of the site formerly used. He urged the Association to postpone action until another committee could measure the grounds and report as he pointed out that the first committee had not measured the grounds.

Supervisor Lyons stated his position and was roundly cheered several times. He said that he had not known of the action taken by the Improvement Association at the time of his introducing his former resolution and that if he had he would have given in. That it was his desire to get a park for the town and that it was not material to him where the same was so long as it was the most suitable site that could be had.

He said that this district will expend \$8000 on the Puunene Avenue in a very short time and that the district will not be able to do much for the new park this season.

He said that he was also trying to get a playground for the children of the town.

On the original motion of Coke being put everyone present but Mr. L. M. Baldwin voted in favor of the new site. It was then voted to make

Teachers Up In Arms

Are Fighting the Cut In Salaries.

At a called meeting of the Territorial Teacher's Association, on Friday of last week, the following committee was appointed to investigate and act upon certain measures now before the Legislature, relative to reducing the school appropriations, and the salaries of teachers:

Mr. M. M. Scott, Chairman; J. C. Davies, Edgar Wood, C. W. Baldwin, V. McCaughey, forming the Executive Branch of the Committee; Mrs. N. L. D. Fraser, Miss Nellie McLain, Miss L. K. Iauken, Miss A. Mossman, Miss A. E. Judd, Miss E. C. Lyons, forming the Advisory Branch of the Committee.

The proposed action of the Legislature, cutting the already scanty salaries of the teachers, is decidedly retrogressive, and will greatly lower the efficiency of the public school system. The tendency of the Legislature to become so concerned in immediate financial matters, as to ignore the great political and moral importance of popular education, is to be deplored. The public school teacher is the most important employee in the service of the Territory, and frequent cutting of salary is conducive to inefficient service.

The Legislation Committee of the Territorial Teacher's Association, Saturday morning, sent message to the Committees on Education, of the Senate and of the House, requesting an audience. This Committee wished to present the present public school problems from the standpoint of those actually engaged in this work—the teachers.

Several measures are now before the Legislature that, if passed, will have a most disastrous effect upon the schools. No retrenchment of expenses can be more ill advised than that affecting the public schools. The schools of the Territory are already over crowded to a most alarming extent. Great expansion, increase in seating capacity, and in the number of teachers, is needed. These children will be citizens in a few years, and history has shown repeatedly the political danger and economic failure of ignorant citizenship. The social and political safety of this Territory lies in its public school system, and any curtailment of its efficiency, is a most short sighted policy.

The choice unanimous which motion was seconded by Mr. Baldwin and every one present voted in favor of the same.

It was then voted to wire the result of the motion to S. Keliini on the suggestion of Supervisor Lyons which was done.

DR. F. A. ST. SURE
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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10 A. M. to 12 M.
1 P. M. to 3 P. M.
7 P. M. to 8 P. M.

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NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that all parties indebted to me are requested to call at my store and settle the same prior to March 20th, 1909.
F. T. TAI HING.
Y. FUN TRUNG.
Mar. 6, 13, 20.



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Time Table--Kahului Railroad Company

WAILUKU-PAIA DIVISION

KAHULUI-PUUNENE DIVISION.

STATIONS		A. M.	Pas.	P. M.	Wednesd y Pass only		STATIONS		A. M.	P. M.
		Pas.	Fri.	Pas.					Pas.	Pas.
Kahului	Leave	7.00		2.00			Kahului	Leave	6.20	1.20
Wailuku	Arrive	7.12		2.12			Puunene	Arrive	6.35	1.35
Wailuku	Leave	7.20		2.20		4.15	Puunene	Leave	6.40	1.40
Kahului	Arrive	7.35		2.35		4.30	Kahului	Arrive	6.55	1.55
Kahului	Leave	7.40	9.40	2.40	4.35	5.10	Kahului	Leave	8.10	3.10
Sp'ville	Arrive	7.52	9.55	2.52	4.47	5.22	Puunene	Arrive	8.25	3.25
Sp'ville	Leave	7.55	10.15	2.55	4.50	5.25	Puunene	Leave	8.30	3.30
Paia	Arrive	8.10	10.35	3.10	5.00	5.40	Kahului	Arrive	8.45	3.45
Paia	Leave	8.20	10.50	3.20	5.05	5.45	Kahului	Leave	9.45	
Sp'ville	Arrive	8.35		3.35			Puunene	Arrive	10.00	
Sp'ville	Leave	8.40		3.40			Puunene	Leave	10.30	
Kahului	Arrive	8.52	11.30	3.52	5.30	6.05	Kahului	Arrive	10.45	
Kahului	Leave	8.55		3.55						
Wailuku	Arrive	9.10		4.10						
Wailuku	Leave	9.20		4.15						
Kahului	Arrive	9.35		4.30						

Kahului Railroad Company

AGENTS FOR
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San Francisco and the Hawaiian Islands;—AMERICAN-HAWAIIAN STEAMSHIP CO.;—

World Bitter Against Japan

Distrust of Japs Ambitions Causes Ill-Feeling.

Tokio, Feb. 20.—The special correspondence to the Asahi from its San Francisco correspondent continues to represent the situation as most alarming. These specials claim that the anti-Japanese sentiment is rapidly spreading and that the war feeling in America is general. The specials, widely circulated and copied, contribute to sustain the feeling of uneasiness among the Japanese people.

Nichi-Nichi, a paper owned by K. Kato, the Japanese Ambassador to England, which commented with great bitterness during the earlier stages of the anti-Japanese legislation by the California Legislature in a lengthy editorial on the anti-Japanese sentiment in America, published today, says: "Americans continue to regard Japan with suspicion, and this ill feeling continues notwithstanding the efforts of the Japanese Government and people to prove the sincerity and cordiality of their feeling. This distrust extends throughout Europe."

"It is incomprehensible to our people why America and Europe continue to regard Japan as seeking war. Two wars were sufficient. We want peace in the future. War with America could only be forced by the United States threatening the independence of Japan. It is unnecessary for America to fortify itself against Japan."

The editorial concludes by quoting the text of the Roosevelt telegraph to the California Legislature, expressing the belief that the passage of the bill would lead to serious consequences. The paper contends that this message shows that even the Federal Government regarded war as probable, but it was utterly mistaken.

Japanese Admit Auctioning Fish.

Honolulu, March 12.—That the auctioning of fish in wholesale lots by virtue of a commission broker's license has been sanctioned by Treasurer Campbell, was the statement made this morning to a Bulletin reporter by Dr. Mitamura, president of the Hawaiian Fisheries, Ltd.

Investigation by the Bulletin man disclosed the fact that fish is being sold daily in wholesale lots by merchants holding no auctioneer's license, and that apparently no effort has ever been made to stop the practice. The defense is that only recognized dealers are allowed to bid, and that, in consequence, only a commission license is necessary.

Mayor Fern stated this morning that, a daily visitor to the Fishmarket, he had repeatedly seen fish auctioned off, but supposed that the auctioneers held the same form of license as those handling other lines of merchandise.

He said today that he wished to study the matter carefully before taking any action. It is not unlikely that he may call Sheriff Jarrett into consultation.

Dr. Mitamura made the following statement this morning:

"Under the arrangements made between us (the Hawaiian Fisheries, Ltd.), through our attorney, A. L. C. Atkinson, and Treasurer Campbell, we were advised that the fish could be sold at auction on the strength of the broker's license. This only, however, to the retail brokers; meaning thereby those who have fish stands at the fishmarket. No fish is sold to those who have no fish stands in the market. The number of the retail brokers is limited and none other is allowed to bid."—Bulletin.

Great Losses Incurred From Bad Roads.

In his "Treatise on Highways," Austin T. Byrne concludes that the average cost of hauling over the 2,155,000 miles of country highways of this country is 25 cents a ton mile. For hauling over the roads of France, Germany and England, the cost ranges from 7 cents for the incomparable national routes of France to 13 for the worse roads in England.

A generous average is 12 cents. The difference is the mud, rut and hill-climbing tax imposed upon all Americans, but first against the farmers. The corn hauled to market during the harvest season of 1905-06 weighed 19,083,000 tons. The length of the haul was 9.4 miles.

The mileage on that crop was 179,380,200. At the American bad-roads rate of 25 cents the total cost was \$44,845,050. At the European good-roads rate of 12 cents it would have been \$21,525,625. During the same fruitful year 85,487,000,000 pounds of recorded farm products were hauled over the roads. The saving on that weight at the rate of \$1.17 a ton for the average haul would have been \$52,232,933. Best obtainable figures prove the presence on farms of over 23,400,000 horses and mules, worth \$4,423,697,000. If, through improvement of roads, one-fourth as many horses and mules could haul the products of the farms to market, the farmers could at once credit themselves with a billion. Another element of gain would be the immediate increase in value of rural lands near which good roads are built. This gain ranges from \$2 to \$9 an acre.

Steel Trust Cut Prices to Get big Contract.

New York, Feb. 23.—Wall street learned for the first time today just why the United States Steel Corporation cut the price of steel. Only one week before the announcement was made the Pressed Steel Car Company's contract, which calls for \$12,000,000 or more worth of material annually, expired and was not renewed. Other heavy buyers let it be known that for the next year at least they would purchase in the open market.

The loss of all the business indicated could have been sustained and still the stockholders and surplus account of the billion-dollar concern would not have suffered materially. But it was reported that smaller independent companies were cutting prices and making contracts to furnish steel for the current year at figures materially lower than those charged by the United States Steel Corporation, Bethlehem, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania, Cambria and Jones & Laughlin companies.

This meant that more orders than the officers of the larger group had information about were probably being secured by the little fellows. For this reason war was declared, and it is to be continued until these little fellows surrender or go to the wall.

When this information permeated Wall street today there was frenzied selling of United States steel stocks, which resulted in sensational declines and evidences of demoralization very like those which prevailed during the panic of 1907. But there was this difference: In 1907 the demoralization represented the culmination of a long period of commercial and banking inflation. The stampede of today merely means the precipitate return of an overinflated market to levels nearer intrinsic values. At the closing prices of today the market is very close to the levels of last summer. In this instance nobody has been hurt but the speculators.

It was reported today that the price of other products of iron would be announced at an early date. Among those mentioned is tin plate.

To Consolidate Three Offices

Plan to Make Several Offices One.

Honolulu, March 12.—There is a plan simmering somewhere in government circles for the consolidation of the Public Works Department with the Land and Survey Bureau, to bring all three under one head, presumably of the Public Works Department, so that both economy and greater efficiency may be gained.

There is said to be more or less of direct connection between all these departments and efficiency and dispatch, it is argued, would result from a consolidation.

Furthermore, it is argued that under the present triple system much red tape has to be cut which causes some matters to be delayed in being worked out. It is also argued that if all three departments were under the head, say of the Superintendent of Public Works, that when an order is given for certain surveys to be done, the order would go direct from the superintendent and be carried out without loss of time. The matter of saving in draughtsmen's offices is said to have been considered in this connection.

Just who may spring the plan to consolidate is not altogether clear as yet, but the plan is reported to have been presented to certain legislators for their consideration.

The same dicky-bird claims that the Senate has been canvassed and stands 9 to 6 in favor of not confirming Treasurer Campbell and Land Commissioner Pratt. Rumors have from time to time been spread that these nominations, and others, might be held up, but it is said that there is more or less certainty about the two officers named.

U. S. Building Wors of Canals, He Says.

New York, February 21—Philippe Jean Bunau Varilla, engineer, says there are three ways to build canals; one good, one poor and one very bad indeed and the United States has chosen the very worst way to set about making Cape Horn into a lonesome headland.

Bunau Varilla, who worked on the canal in 1884 under De Lesseps and afterward assisted in negotiating the isthmian canal treaty in 1903, will speak before the Boston Club on February 25th, discussing his proposition of the "Straits of Panama" as opposed to the lake and lock system and the so-called sea level canal.

"There are three classes of communication between oceans," said Mr. Bunau Varilla, "The best and the perfect one is the wide, deep, open communication which I call the Straits of Panama. This would be 500 feet wide at the bottom, 600 feet wide at the water level and 45 feet at the lowest stages of the tide."

"The next best one, though greatly inferior, is the so-called sea level canal. It is open on the Atlantic ocean, which at the point has no tides, but is closed on the Pacific side by a tidelock, because on the Pacific ocean there are tides of twenty feet range, ten feet above and ten feet below mean level."

"The third class of solution—the worst one and the most dangerous—is the one actually under construction. It is what is known as the lake and lock solution."

"It consists in placing two dams, one on each side of the isthmus, in order to raise the level of the river waters to eighty-five feet above the sea. The Culebra continental divide is, therefore, much reduced and for lifting the ships from the ocean level it is necessary to use the sort of steps which are called locks."

"The danger of this system is terrific, because all the money expended, all the efforts of ten years, would be annihilated in a quarter of an hour if one of the two dams should give way."

Thwing Will be Back Here in May.

Honolulu, March 12.—Rev. E. W. Thwing will return from China in May.

It was reported this morning that the gentleman had resigned his position as head of the Chinese mission here, but the rumor was denied by Theodore Richards of the Hawaiian Board.

"The report that Mr. Thwing has resigned his position as head of the Chinese Mission here is not correct," said Richards. "He went to China on a leave of absence, and ever since then I have been receiving letters from him."

Just a Few Assorted Jokes.

Rastus—Ah done proposed t' Liza Conner bout a yeah 'fore yo' married her.

Mose—Am dat so?

Rastus—Yassah; an' ah had mah rabbit's foot on mah pusson at de time, but she done turned me down.

Mose (sighing)—Yo' shore was lucky in havin' dat rabbit foot wid yo'.

At a party, while a young lady was playing with peculiar brilliancy of touch, a bystander bachelor exclaimed:

"I'd give the world for those fingers!"

"Perhaps you might get the whole hand by asking," said the young lady's observant mamma.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Hudson Maxim, at the British Schools Club's recent banquet at Delmonico's, referred to the fogs of London.

"In one of the worst London fogs," said the inventor, "an old friend of mine tried to find his way from Trafalgar Square to the Savoy, where he had an engagement to dine."

"The sulphurous air made the eyes smart and the head ache and it brought on terrific fits of coughing. You could not, literally, see your hand before your face. There was a continual crashing in of windows; bells jangled; vehicles and foot passengers collided, shrieks and oaths arose."

"Threading his way in the midst of this pandemonium, through the Strand, as he supposed, from Landseer's lions to the waiting dimer at the Savoy, my old friend, to his great bewilderment, soon found himself descending a broad stairway. He put his hand to the balustrade. Yes, a broad and stately stairway, with a rail of carved stone. Amazing!"

"Suddenly in his descent my friend collided with some one ascending the stairway."

"Hullo!" he said.

"Hullo!" a gruff voice replied.

"Can you tell me," said my friend, "where I am going?"

"Certainly," said the other. "If you keep straight on you will walk into the Thames, for I've just come out of it!"

The old gentleman who was always declaring that boys were not what they used to be stopped in front of the smart child.

"Well; Buddy," greeted the old gentleman, "how are you to-day?"

"Very well, sir," responded the smart child, shyly.

"And do you ever think what you are going to do when you are a great big man?"

"N—no, sir."

"Ah, I knew it. Children are so shiftless these times. And why don't you give it any thought?"

"B—because I am a little girl, sir."—Tit-Bits.

The rigid observance of English rules in South Carolina courts, and the neglect of the same on the part of a barrister well known in his day, gave rise to the following passage:

"Mr. —," said the Judge, "you have on a light coat. You can't speak."

Prof. Pope on Plant Life

Botany In College Course of Lectures.

Honolulu, March 12.—Two very interesting lectures were delivered last night at the College of Hawaii. Prof. Pope spoke first on "Botany of Economic Plants" and was followed by President Gilmore on "Plant Improvement."

Prof. Pope presented first a classification of economic plants, calling particular attention to those of importance in Hawaii. Next the methods of detailed study of plants were taken up in connection with an explanation of the instruments used. Microscopes, microtomes, etc., were shown and explained.

The speaker then took up the detailed study of the vegetable cell, its structure, content, and the changes that take place during growth. Plant products—starches, sugars, oils, gums, resins, were shown and their formation explained.

President Gilmore introduced his subject by saying that though plant improvement as such has been known for a long time it has only been in recent years that science has been applied to it and much progress made.

Plant improvement is based on the theory of evolution. Lamarck explained variation by "use and disuse" of certain organs, while Darwin, some years later, developed the theory of the "survival of the fittest," or the perpetuation of the race by the keeping of a balance between production and food supply. The importance of a liberal education combined with good judgment was pointed out as necessary to one's success in plant improvement.

The following reasons were shown to have hindered progress: First, the sexuality of plants was not discovered until about 1611. Secondly the pollination of plants is difficult to control since some plants are self-fertilized, some wind-fertilized, and others only by man's assistance. Thirdly, the seed was formerly considered as the unit; today we recognize the individual plant as the unit.

Three essential steps that must be followed in all improvement are: First to produce variation by modifying environment or by crossing; then select from the variations those plants which best seem to suit the needs; and finally test the plants selected under field conditions.

"May it please the Bench," said the barrister, "I conform strictly to the law. Let me illustrate. The law says the barrister shall wear a black gown and coat, and Your Honor thinks that means a black coat?"

"Yes," said the Judge.

"Well, the law also says the sheriff shall wear a cocked hat and sword. Does Your Honor hold that the sword must be cocked as well as the hat?"

He was permitted to proceed.—Penny Magazine.

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Hetty Green's Daughter Wedded to M. A. Wilkes.

New York, February 23.—Miss Sylvia Green, daughter of Mrs. Hetty Green, the world's richest woman, was married quietly at noon to-day to Matthew Astor Wilkes, the 65-year-old great grandson of the original John Jacob Astor. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Philemon F. Sturges, rector of St. Peter's Church at Morristown, N. J.

Woodbury Langdon was best man, but the bride was without attendants, there being no bridesmaids or maid of honor.

Following the ceremony the guests repaired at once to Morristown Inn, where a wedding breakfast was served.

The wedding of Miss Green, a sensational flight from the broken flat in a tumble-down the Delaware, Lackawanna Western railway, where she had a special car provided for her mother.

Miss Green wore a gray suit with a hat decorated with feathers and a white boa. She was accompanied on her mother.

Her mother was dressed in silk, with a black coat turned in the front with white lace. She also wore a black hat with red roses.

Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Langdon, Miss Sophia and Miss Helen Langdon, Miss Katherine Wilkes, sister of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Wilkes, Byron K. Stevens, Mrs. T. S. Williams, Charles Emmett, Mr. Leroy, Miss Ruth Lawrence, Howland Pell, who gave the bride away, Mrs. Lewis C. Hoyt, Mrs. Charles Brown Oakley and Mrs. S. Jones. They went to the wedding in a special car.

By her mother's death Mrs. Wilkes will come into an income of nearly \$2,000,000 a year. Her husband is a millionaire in his own right. The nuptials signify the termination of a persistent wooing of ten years.

Mrs. Green, whose hair was dressed in a manner to remove ten years from her age, chatted excitedly and happily with her guests.

"What did you give your daughter for a wedding gift?" suddenly asked an inquisitive newspaperman.

"What would your mother give you?" parried the old lady cleverly. "I gave her all my love, and when I die she will have a great deal more from me."

"Will she have all that you own?" asked the inquisitive one.

"She will have it all when I am dead," responded Mrs. Green.

"I can't tell you how happy I am," she continued. "You know I have always wanted my daughter to marry if I was sure that she was to be happy. I know now that that is true and I suppose some day I shall be a grandmother."

When asked why it was that so essentially a New York woman chose Hoboken for her abode, Mrs. Green smiled whimsically.

"You see, it is like this," she said. "I was born in Vermont, and there I was reared by my father and almost frozen to death. I would be clean baked if I did as my son would have me and live in Texas. And so, as there are so many lawsuits afoot these days, I chose Hoboken as a happy medium."

I am surprised to hear persons talk of my flat as being plain. It is really a very fine apartment and perfectly suitable to a woman with no frills, like myself.

"Now suppose," continued Mrs. Green in the same happy vein, "that I should wear all the gorgeous fripperies of a woman of fashion, and to which my money entitles me. Just suppose I should sail into my bank some morning, with fifteen men capitalists waiting for me, rigged out in a Parisian creation and a millinery confection on my head adorned with flowing ostrich plumes. Imagine how much business I could transact. That isn't my style. I am neat, but not dressy."

Mrs. Green then stated that her daughter and her husband were going abroad for their honeymoon, and on their return would buy a residence on the upper West Side.

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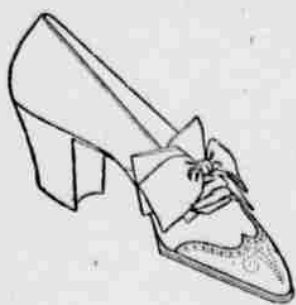
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Telegraphic News.

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HONOLULU, March 16.—The prize winners in the Bulletin contest are as follows:—

OAHU: Miss Sophie de la Nux 799,661, Miss Ida McKeague 749,028, Miss Lela Dinklage 741,091.

HAWAII: Elizabeth K. Victor 478,128, Mercy Akau 446,138, Trinnie Marcos 445,023.

MAUI: Florence Ho 632,926, Jennie Hansen 556,362, Mary Gohier 194,967.

KAUAI: Florence Deverill 402,413, Mabel Hastie 352,590, Mirriam Munden 288,168.

The skull of Rademacher with a bullet hole in it was found in possession of a boy at Diamond Head.

Van Dine goes to Texas to assume charge of an experiment station. The cargo of the Logan will have to be removed before she can be floated. The attempts of the Cambrian yesterday failed to move her.

The House of Representatives has refused to aid the Promotion Committee.

The appropriation bill has been cut in the House. The teachers meet today to protest against the salary cut.

LONDON, March 16.—150,000 persons attended the opening of the First Department Store here today. This marks an epoch in the retail trade of England.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Joe Canon was elected as speaker by a majority of four votes. The insurgents succeeded in abolishing the Canon rules of procedure and will frame new ones.

NEW YORK, March 16.—Edward Payson Weston, 79 years old, has started on a walk to San Francisco.

HARRISBURG, March 16.—A 10 % cut in the wages of 9000 men employed by the Pennsylvania steel works has been made.

CARSON NEVADA, March 16.—The Senate has passed the Anti Gambling law which has already been passed by the House.

OYSTER BAY, March 16.—Roosevelt spent yesterday testing guns for his prospective hunting trip.

PARIS, March 16.—A general strike has been declared by the telegraphers.

LOS ANGELES, March 16.—The city Council has elected M. G. Stephens as Mayor.

HONOLULU, March 14.—The Transport Logan ran on the reef Saturday night. Sanders was the pilot in place of Lorentzen who was ill. The cable caught in her propeller. It looks as though blasting or dredging will be necessary. A photograph shows her fourteen feet deep.

Miss Rumble who kept the Elite lodging house, an old resident of Honolulu committed suicide by shooting this morning.

Sullivan put out Peterson by the Solar plexus route in the fourth round last night.

The Governor vetoed the enabling bill. A new bill to pay the men who actually worked will be introduced.

The liquor bill and medical bill are probably doomed.

John Kea, who for twenty five years has been connected with the Attorney General's department is dead from heart failure.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Canon was elected for speaker in a caucus in accordance with Taft's desires. The session begins tomorrow.

MEXICO CITY, March 14.—Mexico will join the United States in an intervention for the preservation of peace in Central America.

HONOLULU, March 15.—John C. Lane was married to Miss Napoleon yesterday.

The Logan is still hard and fast.

YOKOHAMA, March 15.—The training ships Aso and Faya sailed for Honolulu yesterday.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Insurgent republicans will combine with the Democrats to prevent the election of Canon and will attempt to overthrow the rules in force.

PARIS, March 15.—The sudden collapse of telegraphers strike may precipitate a general strike of telephone and telegraph operators.

LOS ANGELES, March 15.—A special jury has been empanelled to investigate the charges against Mayor Harper.

HONOLULU, March 13.—The vote on the Liquor bill has been rescinded and it was taken from the table.

The civic Federation scores Senator Quinn for breaking faith with them on the Liquor question.

Freight and passenger trains are stalled at Kahuku on account of rain.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 13.—The news of the battle between gunboats of Nicaragua and San Salvador has been confirmed.

The annexation of Central America by Mexico is advocated.

The Secretary of the American Legation at Nicaragua has been ordered home thereby severing relations between the two governments.

SALT LAKE, March 13.—James Christanson Treasures of Utah, has been arrested for the embezzlement of \$70,000 of public funds.

LONDON, March 13.—The naval estimates show an increase of \$50,000,000 over last year. In 1911, Great Britain will have 14 Dreadnaughts as against Germany's 13.

OYSTER BAY, March 13.—Roosevelt has refused permission to newspaper men to accompany him to Africa.

**Meets Death in Vat
of Boiling Hot Soap.**

Honolulu, March 8.—John Joaquim de Reis, a Portuguese employed by the Honolulu Soap Works fell into a vat of boiling soap late yesterday and died in terrible agony a few hours later in the Queen's hospital, to which he was hastily removed. The skin was literally burned off of his body, and in large places the flesh was also burned. Reis was working in his accustomed place over a vat when he either slipped or the board upon which he was standing tipped to the side throwing

him over. He went into the scalding stuff up to the neck and was barely alive when drawn out by a rope. Before he died Reis made a statement tending to show that the accident was due to no fault of anyone, save perhaps, his own carelessness. He spoke in the highest terms of his employer and the treatment he had received at the soap works.

This morning Deputy Sheriff Rose empanelled a jury to make an official investigation of the case. The body was viewed and a meeting for the taking of testimony will be held at 7 o'clock this evening. The jury consists of the following: Bert Sharrett, Archie J. Smithies, G. B. Cameron, John Huihui, F. T. Putnam and Charles Aimaka.

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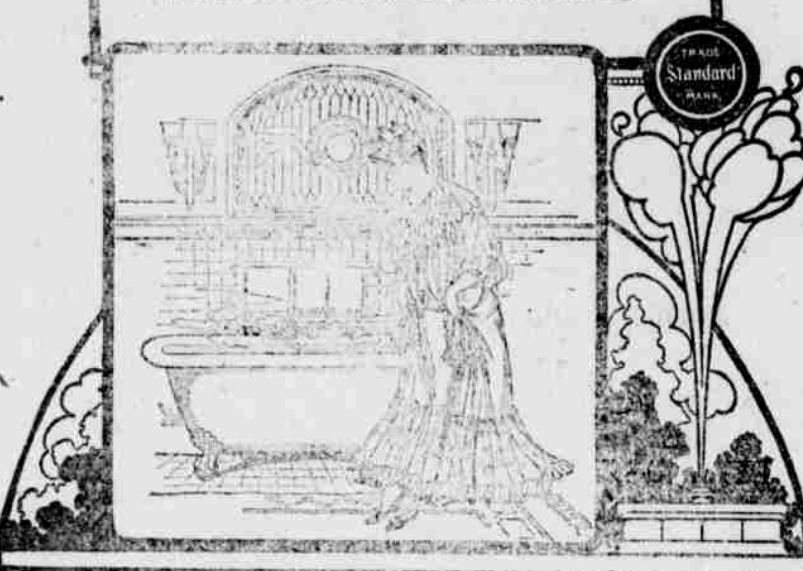
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Locals and Personals

Moral: If you feel as bad about it don't go to work.

Sister Helena went to Honolulu this week on the Clarendine.

Mrs. J. Thomas was a passenger from Hana this week to the metropolis.

Manuel Dutro and Jim Hoy went to Honolulu this week by the Clarendine.

J. Freitas and wife of Spreckelsville were passengers to Honolulu this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walsh of Punahoa spent Sunday with relatives in Wailuku.

There are many useful household articles that will be sold at Peplowski's Monday.

All of the personal household effects of R. E. Peplowski will be sold at auction Monday.

D. L. Austin of the firm of T. H. Davies & Co. was in town several days this week.

The punishment of Lieutenant Evans was reduced to a loss of fifty numbers and a reprimand.

The road overseers are busy repairing the damage done to the roads and bridges by the recent rains.

Representative Shingle has introduced a petition in the House, urging Congress to place a duty on coffee.

Attorney M. F. Prosser of Honolulu came up from the metropolis Tuesday evening and returned Wednesday.

John G. Woolley, the temperance advocate, was expected in Honolulu, Wednesday of this week by the Hiloian.

Tai Hing, one of Market Streets most prosperous merchants went to Honolulu this week and will visit his old home in China before his return.

Rev. Roland B. Dodge was detained by washouts in Hana last week. The roads must be bad when this indefatigable worker must turn back.

The Women's Guild of the Church of the Good Shepherd will hold its regular business meetings on Tuesday, March 23, 1909 at the Rectory 2:30 p. m.

John A. Palmer of the tax office was in Wailuku on business connected with local taxation on Monday of this week. He left Tuesday evening for Hawaii.

A. Enos of the Gem Theatre exhibited the Damon and Pythias moving pictures Sunday to a number of friends. The pictures were excellent and greatly appreciated.

A Japanese laborer, when on the way to work one morning last week, sat down by the roadside in Kau and died. The inquest showed that he suffered from heart failure. Hawaii Herald.

The County Supervisors have adopted an order of business that is of great assistance to the public. The announcement is made from day today of the time for hearing various matters of public interest.

An important Bill introduced in the Senate branch of the Legislature proposes to divide Hawaii into two counties, to be divided as follows: Hamakua, the Kohala and Kona to be known as Hawaii County; the Hilo, Puna and Kau to be known as Hilo County.

The Roseburg Review, published at Roseburg Oregon has the following relative to J. S. Coke who is a brother of Hugh M. and James L. Coke of Wailuku.

Judge J. S. Coke, of Marshfield, the newly appointed circuit judge for Coos and Curry counties, was in Roseburg last night enroute to San Francisco. On Wednesday Judge Coke occupied the bench with Judge Harris in the circuit court at Eugene. -Review.

In Hawaii County there were 1442 births during the twelve months ending June 30, 1908, 323 marriages and 812 deaths. Of the deaths, 326 were Hawaiians, 246 Chinese, 121 Porto Ricans and only 37 Japanese. Of the 1442 births there were 759 Japanese, 61 Chinese, 96 Porto Ricans and 172 Hawaiians. From this it will be seen that over half of all births on Hawaii are Japanese while a little over four per cent of deaths were Japanese.

The baseball enthusiasts held a meeting Wednesday evening in the Wailuku court house and decided to call a meeting for Wednesday evening of March 24 for the purpose of receiving suggestions and schedules for the games of the season. A committee consisting of J. L. Coke, J. J. Walsh and J. Garcia was appointed to receive such suggestions. All teams who wish to enter the league should communicate with this committee as early as date as possible.

Rev. Curtis E. Shields has tendered his resignation, as pastor of the Foreign Church of Hilo, to the trustees. Mr. Shields has been in Hilo for six years and feels that it is time for him to return to his own, the Presbyterian, church, the Foreign church being non-denominational and unsectarian. Other reasons contributing to his departure are the health of Mrs. Shields and that of his father. He will return to his home in Loveland, Ohio, leaving the affairs of the Foreign Church in good shape.

The total bonded debt of this Territory, on June 30, 1908, was \$3,959,000.

Mr. C. D. Lufkin of Wailuku, Maui, sells the Inner Player Piano, now so extensively advertised in the magazines. If you want a piano of any style or price it will be to your interest to consult him. When in the East last Spring Mr. Lufkin renewed business relations with piano manufacturers with whom he had done business before coming to these islands. It will be to your interest to ring up Mr. Lufkin if you contemplate purchasing a piano. The Inner Player can be seen in Wailuku by calling on Mr. Lufkin.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Bismark Stables Company Ltd., up to February 11th 1909, are hereby requested to present said claims to the undersigned or to D. H. Case at Wailuku, Maui, within Twenty days from this date.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, March 15th 1908.

W. T. ROBINSON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 29th day of March 1909 at twelve o'clock noon, in front of the First National Bank Building, in Wailuku, Maui, the undersigned will sell for cash to the highest bidder the rest, residue and remainder of the term of that certain lease from Kamaka Kalumaina and Leimamala Ikuwa to S. Ahmi, dated January 19, 1901, embracing a piece of land lying just south of the Old Skating Rink in Wailuku, Maui, together with the buildings thereon, said lease being of record in Liber 219, on pages 33-35; and including all rights belonging to the lessee and his assigns.

The foregoing leasehold interests were given as collateral for the purpose of securing the payment of the promissory note of Yeong Young, for \$1100.00 dated June 30, 1905, payable one day after date, drawing interest at ten percent per annum, and payable quarterly, and this sale of said collateral is made because of the non-payment of a portion of said principal sum and interest past due and unpaid.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WAILUKU, March 20, 27.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is given hereby that under the power of sale contained in that certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 8th day of December A. D. 1905, appearing of record in Liber 276, on pages 218, 219 and 220 of the Registry of Conveyances, at Honolulu, executed by PETER N. KAHOKUOLUNA and SARAH A. KAHOKUOLUNA, his wife to W. L. Decoto. The undersigned holder and owner of said mortgage intends to foreclose the same and to sell the mortgaged property because of the non-payment of the principal and interest due on the promissory note and debt secured thereby.

The said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a promissory note for the sum of Three Hundred and fifty (\$350.00) dollars of even date with said mortgage, payable one year after date, and executed by the said PETER N. KAHOKUOLUNA.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of the first publication of this notice, to wit, on Monday the 19th day of April A. D. 1909, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, said mortgaged property for the reasons above stated will be sold at public auction at the front entrance to the Court House in Wailuku, County of Maui, Territory of Hawaii.

Terms of sale: Cash, deeds at the expense of the purchaser; for further particulars apply to James L. Coke, attorney for the mortgagee, Wailuku, Maui.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, this 20th day of March A. D. 1909.

W. L. DECOTO,

Mortgagee.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TO BE SOLD.

All of the undivided right, title and interest owned by said PETER N. KAHOKUOLUNA and his said wife in and to that certain piece, parcel, or lot of land situated at Hamakua, County of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, containing an area of 11-51-100 acres, and being the same premises described in Royal Patent No. 2213, L. C. A. No. 5500, to Palala, said interest being composed of an undivided 13-18 of said lot, and having been previously conveyed to the mortgagor by some of the heirs of Loke Papu, now deceased.

March 20-27, April 3-10.

HOOLAH A KA MEA PAA MORAKI E PANI A E KUAI.

Ke hoolaha ia aku nei ma keia mamuli o ka mana kuai i hoikeia maloko o kekahi Palapala Moraki i hanaia Dekemaba 8, 1905, i hoopaia ma ka Buke 276 aaoa 218, 219, aaoa 220 o ke Keena Hoona Aina ma Honolulu i Kakaninoina e Peter N. Kahokuoluna ame Sarah A. Kahokuoluna kama wahine mare ia W. L. Decoto. Ke mana nei ka mea malalo nei a o ka mea

e paa nei a ona o ka moraki nei e pani a e kuai aku i ka waiwai i moraki ia no ka uku oleia o ke Kumupaa ame ka Ukupanae maluna o ka Nota aie i hoopaia malalo oia.

Ua haawia ua moraki nei i mea hoopaa i ka nku ana i Kekahi Nota aie no ka huina o Ekeolu Haneri ame Kanahina (\$350.00) Dala oia la hookahi no me ka Palapala Moraki e ukuia hookahi makahiki mahope iho a i kakaninoina e Peter N. Kahokuoluna.

Ke hoolaha pu ia aku nei no hoi mahope iho o Ekeolu pule mai ka la o ka hookahi ma ana o ka hoolaha, oia hoi, ma ka Poakahi ka la 19 o Aperila M. H. 1909, ma ka hora umikumamala awakea o ua la nei, a no na kumu i oleloia maluna ae e Kuai Kudala ia aku ana ua waiwai moraki nei ma ke alo o ka Hale Hookolokolo ma Wailuku Kalana o Maui, Teritori o Hawaii.

Ma ke dala kuiki ka uku ana o na lilo hana Palapala no ka mea kuai mate uku. No na mea e ae e ninan ia James L. Coke Lolo no ka mea paamoraki, Wailuku Maui.

Hanaia ma Wailuku Maui i keia la 20 o Maraki M. H. 1909.

W. L. DECOTO,

Men paa Moraki.

KA WAIWAI E KUAI A ANA.

O ke kuleana a pau loa i mahale oleia o ua Peter N. Kahokuoluna ame kama wahine mare iloko o keia apana aina e waiho nei ma Hamakua, County of Maui, o Makawao, Kalana o Maui, Teritori o Hawaii nana ka nui he 11-51-100 eka, a oia no kahi i hoakakaia ma ka Palapala Sila Nui Helu 2213 Kuleana Helu 5500 ia Palala. O ua kuleana la i mahale oleia he 13-18 o ua apana la i hoolilo mua ia i ka mea moraki e kekahi o na hoolilo o Loke Papu i make.

March 20-27, April 3-10.

Mortgagee's Notice Of Intention To Foreclose, and of Sale.

Notice is hereby given that, under power of sale contained in Mortgage dated August 10, 1905, from Mary and William Feuerpeil to C. D. Lufkin, recorded in Liber 275, pages 220-222, the present owner and holder thereof intends to foreclose same, and sell the mortgaged property because of non-payment of principal and interest due on promissory note secured thereby.

The above mortgage was given to secure payment of a promissory note for six hundred dollars, of even date, therewith, payable one year from date, executed by said Mary and William Feuerpeil to C. D. Lufkin. On September 13, 1905, for value, said note, together with said mortgage, was sold and assigned by said Lufkin to J. Garcia, Trustee, the present holder and owner thereof.

NOTICE IS LIKEWISE GIVEN that, after the expiration of three weeks from date of first publication of this notice, to wit, on Monday, March 22, 1909, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, said mortgaged property, for the reasons above stated, will be sold at public auction at the front entrance to the Court House, in Wailuku, County of Maui, Territory of Hawaii.

Terms of sale: Cash, and deeds at expense of purchaser.

For further particulars apply to J. Garcia, or D. H. Case, Wailuku.

J. GARCIA, Trustee.

Assignee of mortgage.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, this 6th day of March, 1909.

Description of Property to be sold: "All of those certain premises situate in Aki Nui, Lahaina, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, described in Royal Patent number 1176, L. C. A. number 487, to Kaiala, containing an area of 45-100 of an acre; being the same premises conveyed on April 6, 1903, by L. B. Jones to Mary Feuerpeil, of record in Liber 248, pages 382-383."

March 6, 13, 20.

HOOLAH A KA MEA PAA MORAKI NO KE PANIKU AME KUAI.

Ke hoolahaia aku nei, oia malalo o ka mana kuai maloko o kekahi Moraki i hanaia i Augate 10, 1905, e Mary ame William Feuerpeil ia C. D. Lufkin, a i kopeia ma Buke 275, ma na aaoa 220-222, o ka ona i keia manawa a o ka mea hoi nana e paa nei ua makemake e paniku i ua moraki 'la, a e kuai hoi i ka waiwai i morakia no ka uku oleia o ke kumupaa ame ka ukupanae o ka nota i hoopaia e ua moraki 'la.

Ua haawia ka moraki maluna a'e no ka hoopaa ana i ka uku ana o kekahi nota no eono haneri dala ma ia la hookahi no, e ukuia iloko o hookahi makahiki mai ua la 'la, i hanaia e ua Mary ame William Feuerpeil 'la ia C. D. Lufkin. Ma Sepatemaba 13, 1905, no kekahi kumu waiwai, o ua nota 'la, ame ka moraki i oleloia, ua kuaiia ame ka hoolilo e Lufkin i oleloia ia J. Garcia, Trustee, ka mea nana e paa nei a ona hoi i keia manawa.

KE HOOLAH LIKE IA AKU NEI NO HOI, mahope o ka pua ana o ekeolu pule mai ka la e hoopukaia ai keia hoolaha, oia hoi, ma ka Poakahi, Maraki 22, 1909, ma ka hora umikumamala awakea o ia la, o kahi i morakia, no na kumu i hoikeia maluna a'e, e kuaiia ana ma ke kudala akea manawa o kahi komo i ka Hale Hookolokolo ma Wailuku, Kalana o Maui, Teritori o Hawaii.

Ke ano o ke kuni ana, ma ka dala kuiki, ame na ka mea kuai mai e uku na lilo o na palapala.

No na mea i koe e ninan ia J. Garcia, a i ole ia D. H. Case, Wailuku.

J. GARCIA, Trustee.

Mea i hooliloia ai o ka Moraki.

Hanaia ma Wailuku, Maui, Maraki 6, 1909.

Ke ano o ka waiwai e kuaiia ana:

"O kela wahi apana e waiho 'la ma Aki Nui, Lahaina, Mokupuni o Maui, Teritori o Hawaii, ia hoakakaia ma Palapala Sila Nui Helu 1176, Kuleana Helu 487 ia Kaiala, nana ka III o 45-100 Eka; a o kahi no hoi i hooliloia ma Aperila 6, 1903, e L. B. Jones ia Mary Feuerpeil, a i kopeia ma Buke 248, ma na aaoa 382-383."

Mar. 6, 13, 20.

N. NICHOLAS

HOUSE PAINTING AND PAPERING

Carriage Painting Estimates Furnished

Vineyard Street, : : Wailuku, Maui.

ALOHA LODGE NO. 3 KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.



Regular meetings will be held at the Knights of Pythias Hall, Wailuku, on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month.

All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

WM. AULT, C. C.

JOHN J. WALSH, K. OF R. & S.

Gem Theatre

NOW OPEN

Aluli Block, Market Street

Latest Moving Picture Successes

Wednesday and Saturday evenings

Admission: Adults, 25c., Children, 10c.

TWO CHANGES A WEEK.

LINDSEY'S GARAGE

KAHULUI

Tire Vulcanizing, Auto Repairing.

Our prices are right and our work is guaranteed.

RIDE IN

The Green Flyer

The most Popular Car on the Island.

Call up Lindsey's Garage, Kahului.

DR. J. J. CAREY

DENTIST

Office over First National Bank

Wailuku, Maui, T. H.

J. C. FITZGERALD

M. B. C. V. S. L.

VETERINARY SURGEON

Residence: Burien House

WAILUKU, MAUI.

LODGE MAUI, No. 984, A. F. & A. M.



Stated meetings will be held at Masnie Hall, Kahului, on the first Saturday night of each month at 7.30 P. M.

Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

C. E. COPELAND R. W. M.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS,

t. f. Secretary.

Hawaiian Iron Fence and Monument Works, Ltd

HONOLULU T. H.

IRON FENCE GREAPER THAN WOOD



We Sell Iron Fence

Whose Fence received the Highest Award, "Gold Medal," World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904.

The most economical fence you can buy. Price less than a respectable wood fence. Why not replace your old one now, with a neat, attractive IRON FENCE, "LAST A LIFETIME."

Over 100 designs of Iron Fence, Iron Flower Vase, Sottees, etc., shown in our catalogues. Low Prices will Surprise You.

CALL AND SEE US.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WAILUKU

Chas. M. Cooke, President W. T. Robinson, 1st Vice-President
D. H. Case, 2nd Vice-President R. A. Wadsworth, Director
C. D. Lufkin, Cashier A. Aalberg, Auditor

SEVENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT
at the close of business, December 31, 1908

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$127,787.14	Capital Stock.....\$35,000.00
United States Bonds.....16,500.00	Surplus and Profits.....24,783.19
Premium on U. S. Bonds.....300.00	Circulation.....16,267.50
Other Bonds (quickly convert) 44,817.50	Deposits.....156,641.51
Cash and Due from Banks.....50,433.48	Due to banks.....1,307.31
Banking House, Furniture, etc 6,525.00	Div lends Unpaid.....1,428.00
5% Redemption Fund.....925.00	
\$250,457.54	\$250,457.54

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, } SS,
COUNTY OF MAUI, }

I, C. D. Lufkin, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. D. LUFKIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1909.

JAS. N. K. KEOLA, Notary Public Sec. Jud. Circuit.

The Lahaina National Bank

Chas. M. Cooke, President Wm. Hemming, Vice-President
W. L. Decoto, 2nd Vice-President A. N. Hayselden, Director
C. D. Lufkin, Cashier V. C. Schoenberg, Asst. Cashier
A. Aalberg, Auditor

THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT
at close of business, December 31, 1908.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$39,869.20	Capital Stock.....\$25,000.00
Cash and Due from Banks.....34,312.65	Surplus and Undivided Profits.....756.95
Bonds.....12,000.00	Circulation.....6,250.00
United States Bonds.....6,250.00	Dividends Unpaid.....750.00
Premium on U. S. Bonds.....200.00	Depositors.....61,327.40
Furniture and Fixtures.....1,240.00	
5% Redemption Fund.....312.00	
\$94,084.35	\$94,084.35

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, } SS,
COUNTY OF MAUI, }

I, C. D. Lufkin, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. D. LUFKIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1909.

JAS. N. K. KEOLA, Notary Public Sec. Jud. Circuit.

Good Cigars

Not every cigar is a good cigar; every smoker knows that from experience.

That's why we carry only the Staple Brands of cigars. Send for them. We pay special attention to all mail orders.

Robert Burns, Little Bobbies,

Van Dyck, General Arthur,

and Owl Cigars

M. A. Gunst & Co.

HONOLULU.

Kodaks and Cameras

We have Kodaks and Brownie Cameras of all sizes and prices, and everything that goes with them. Write us for particulars.

We do Developing and Printing by mail.

Honolulu Photo Supply Co.

Everything Photographic FORT ST., HONOLULU

One Needs a Tonic

in this climate; and the best tonic for one to take, and the pleasantest, is a glass of

PRIMO BEER with lunch or dinner.

PRIMO BEER for HEALTH

PURITY

should be the first requirement in all foods. Preserves, jellies, relishes, sweetmeats, etc. are often put up with artificial flavorings, coloring, or preservatives. There's no need to tell an intelligent housewife that these are harmful—dangerous, in fact.

HEINZ GOODS

are absolutely pure. That is a fact that is known and recognized the world over. And that is the main reason why they taste the best. Nothing is ever sold under a HEINZ label that is "off color" in the slightest.

ASK FOR HEINZ

Just Enough

Many people need nourishment and **Stout** is recommended by very prominent physicians. For this particular trade we have imported it in half-pints, just enough and no more. No waste. We have also just received a consignment of **Lexington Club Whiskey** in bulk and in bottles. There is none better.

Maui Wine & Liquor Co.

Seeing is Believing.

We have in exhibition in our show room a choice selection of nickel plated **BATHROOM ACCESSORIES**, such as

- Soap Dishes for the Bathtub,
- Shower Heads,
- French Plate Glass Mirrors,
- Soap Dishes for the Wall,
- Sponge Holders,
- Sponge Cups,
- Soap and Sponge Holders,
- Towel Bars in various sizes,
- Towel Racks, 2-3 and 4 fold,
- Comb and Brush Trays,
- Tooth and Brush Holders,
- Tumbler Holders,
- Bath Seats,
- Sprays,
- Robe Hooks, etc., etc.

To realize their beauty and usefulness they must be seen and used. Taken as a whole these fittings are the most artistic, practical, easily cleaned and therefore the **MOST SANITARY**.

Our prices bring them within the reach of all.

We invite your kind inspection.

KAHULUI RAILROAD CO.'S MERCHANDISE DEPT.

Masonic Temple, : : KAHULUI.

FARM PRODUCTS

Delivered in Wailuku every Saturday and at Paia and Hamakua on Wednesdays at lowest prices.

POTATOES, WATERMELONS, BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, SUCKLING PIGS, CORN, ETC.

Telephone Orders to
A. H. Landgraf
PROPRIETOR KA LUA FARM.
Telephone No. 359.

Fine Job Printing at the
Maui Publishing Co.

CENTRAL SALOON

MARKET STREET, WAILUKU
ANTONE BORBA, Prop.

Full line of popular brands of
WINES, LIQUORS,
CORDIALS, BRANDIES
WHISKIES, GINS

Celebrated Primo & Seco

Bottled Beer

25c 2 Glasses 25c

(Continued from page 1.)

In short, this officer conserves the public good by the enforcement of law relating to prosecution and punishment of crime.

You and this Attorney General properly working together for the same good, both cooperate in action and also balance each other in power and function in order to avoid the evil effect of improvidence on the part of either.

This Attorney General is not only your safe advisor on questions of law, but as he has had all criminal matters in his care and has been a constant investigator of such cases, he is in position to, and it is his duty to bring to your attention such matters, things and cases as should be investigated by you, and this duty the Court is advised he will perform.

Gentlemen, you enter upon your present grave duties with no private wants, no fears, no hopes, no hatreds, no favors, no enemies and no personal desires whatever; a stern sense of duty to be performed in justice and mercy and as our just and benevolent laws command, is your only desire and safe guide.

Remember, the law itself is just, wise and benevolent, and do not act or think as being yourselves better or kinder or wiser than the law; be the true exponent in this service of the law.

Your duties are not legislative in character, not to make law, but they are, in nature, quasi judicial. You are under the law and in light of it, to investigate into alleged wrongdoing, into crime, and if you think sufficient cause for criminal prosecution exists in any case, you will rightly make presentment or indict the offender, and this always for no private motive, profit or gain, without fear or favor, and under a sense of public duty and of the solemn binding obligation of your oaths as Grand Jurors.

First, inquire into the case of each and every person now under arrest for crime triable in this Court, for as such persons are now in prison and not yet under indictment, it is due both to them and to the public, that their cases are first determined, to the end that speedy justice be done them on the one hand, if they should not be indicted that they be set at liberty; and on the other hand, that the punishment lag not too long behind the crime, if they are to be indicted.

Second, find who are now held under bonds, that is, who are out on bail, to appear here and to answer, if you so determine, to a charge of illegal, criminal wrong doing,—to a charge of having committed in this jurisdiction an indictable offense; because they, having been charged, arrested, examined, and put under bonds by the magistrate for an alleged indictable offense, and not yet indicted, the question of their innocence or guilt should be speedily determined to the end that if they ought not to be indicted the cloud over them be lifted, and that if they should be indicted that their punishment be kept near their crime.

Farther, it is for you to inquire into each and every alleged illegal wrongful act, done in violation of the criminal laws of Hawaii, and which is indictable in this judicial circuit, and this do without fear or favor, without thought of yourselves, and without any private or personal bias or motive, and make presentment in such cases as the law requires.

You may also inquire into the official acts and conduct of every public officer within this judicial circuit, and find if there is or has been willful and corrupt misconduct in office, for malfeasance in office is in general an indictable offense and is always a matter for the investigation and action of the Grand Jury.

You may also inspect condition of the jail here at Wailuku and make report thereon.

For your guidance in matters of law you will have the aid of the Attorney General who will cause to be presented to you for your consideration and action matters he deems proper for your notice. He will aid

in the examination of witness but will not advise you as to the sufficiency of the evidence to cause you to indict, or to take any special action in any matter.

An official interpreter may be present during the examination of a witness, when his aid is needed to interpret testimony of that witness.

Except such interpreter, when needed, no person excepting the Attorney General and the witness under examination, can be present when you are in session; and during the expression of your opinion, and when voting, no person, not even the Attorney General, can be present.

Nor should you discuss, among yourselves, outside of the Grand Jury room, any case or matter which has been or may be submitted for your consideration. Neither should you permit any person to discuss with you or any of you or in your presence or hearing, any case or matter which is or may be before you as a Grand Jury.

You are sworn to secrecy as to all matters and all the business brought before you, and so is every witness, as your Foreman will inform them.

You have no power to summon the accused before you to testify in his own case or behalf, nor can he appear in person or by attorney. The accused and all outside parties are not supposed to know that his case or any other particular case is being examined by you.

However, if the Grand Jury has sufficient reason to think, and does think that the charge is groundless and that there are facts which will show this and fully exculpate the accused, that such facts will explain away and render of no effect the testimony which has been given, and that such facts are within its reach, and the Grand Jury may require witnesses to be called to prove such facts in order that truth and justice may prevail and no one be presented who is innocent.

You are entitled to all the evidence which will throw light on the subject under examination, whether it tend to prove guilt or innocence of the accused.

Let no guilty man escape, but let no innocent man be indicted when there is other evidence within your reach that will explain or do away with that which would by itself cause a presumption of guilt.

Yet you must remember that your proceedings are ex-parte and are not a trial of the case.

If you find an indictment, it must be endorsed, "A TRUE BILL," by your Foreman, whether he voted for it or not. It must also, on presentation, be endorsed by said Attorney General.

The indictment or presentment must be handed to the Court by your Foreman in presence of the other Grand Jurors.

No member of the Grand Jury can be excused except by the Court, and if any are absent or delinquent, it will be the duty of the Foreman to bring the fact to the attention of the Court.

Court will convene at 9 o'clock A. M. and adjourn at 4:30 P. M. with a recess from 12 M. to 1:30 P. M. on all judicial days, except Saturdays, when the Court will adjourn at 12 M. and these will constitute your working hours, except, that if you deem best you may begin morning sessions at 9:30 A. M. but not later.

You will be furnished with a copy of these instructions. Your attention is also called to Rule 33 of this Court, wherein you will find forms of the oath to interpreters, also oath to witness before the Grand Jury, and also the oath which you have taken qualifying you as Grand Jurors.

You will also note Court Rule 34 regarding secrecy required of witnesses and the warning your Foreman is to give each witness.

A copy of these Rules will be furnished you so all these directions may at all times be read over by you.

You will elect one of your number to act as clerk or secretary, who will keep minutes of your proceedings, which account of the business done

by the Grand Jury will be handed to said Attorney General, if you so direct.

The Court appoints Mr. H. B. Penhallow to be your Foreman, who will be your presiding officer, and will largely direct and manage your order of business.

The Court appoints police officer John Ferreira to be Bailiff of the Grand Jury.

When you retire to the Grand Jury room, elect your clerk or Secretary, and proceed to business. The Court will ask such Attorney General to call upon you at once and confer with you regarding any matter he may wish to submit for your investigation and determination.

It takes the affirmative vote of twelve or more of your number to find an indictment.

Finally, I urge upon you the importance of system and expedition in the conduct of your business that you may finish the same with all convenient and reasonable dispatch. In short, take no more time than is absolutely necessary for the proper performance of the grave duties imposed upon you.

You may from time to time make such report or presentation as you deem best, and when your whole duty as a Grand Jury for this term and this jurisdiction is performed, you will present to the Court your Final Report.

Gentlemen, you may now proceed to the Grand Jury Room to enter upon the grave duties of your present service.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, March 17, 1909.

SELDEN B. KINGSBURY,
Judge 2nd Circuit Court, T. H.

Roosevelt's Last Act

Calaveras Big Tree National Forest Bill Signed.

Washington, March 3rd.—By signing the bill for the creation of the Calaveras National Forest, California, President Roosevelt has completed the legislative act which saves for all time the most famous grove of trees in the world. The people of California, particularly the 500 women of the California Club, have been working to interest the Government in this wonderful grove of Big Trees for more than nine years, but not until now has it been possible to arrange a plan satisfactory alike to the owner of the land and to Congress.

The Senate Bill passed by the House of Representatives has just been signed by the President. Everyone interested in the great natural wonders rejoices that as a means of saving the Big Trees, the way has been paved for a practical exchange of the timber in the groves for stumpage on other forest land owned by the Government. The first Calaveras Bill was introduced in the Senate four years ago by Senator Perkins of California. Bills for the same purpose were passed in the upper house of Congress a number of times, but always failed of favorable consideration in the House until Senate Bill 1574, also introduced by Senator Perkins, was called up by Congressman S. G. Smith, of California, last week.

Robert B. Whiteside, of Duluth, Minnesota, a prominent lumberman operating man the Lake States and on the Pacific Coast, is the owner of the Calaveras Big Trees. After his agreement to the proposals which are simply a practical exchange of timber for timber, the entire California delegation gave its solid and enthusiastic support to the bill. No appropriation is needed to carry out the provisions of the act.

The land to be acquired under the bill includes about 960 acres in what is known as the North Calaveras Grove in Calaveras County, and 3,040 acres in the South Grove

in Tuolumne County. The North Grove contains ninety-three Big Trees and in the South Grove there are 1,380 of these giant sequoias. Any tree under eighteen feet in circumference, or six feet through, is not considered in the count of large trees. Besides the giant sequoias there are hundreds of sugar pines and yellow pines of astonishing proportions, ranging to the height of 275 feet and often attaining a diameter of eight to ten feet. There are also many white firs and incense cedars in the two tracts. A government study of the land was made by a field party under the direction of Fred G. Plummer, United States Forest Service, in 1906.

The Calaveras Big Trees are known the world over. The North Grove contains ten trees each having a diameter of twenty-five feet or over, and more than seventy having a diameter of fifteen to twenty-five feet. Most of the trees have been named, some for famous generals of the United States and others for statesmen and various states of the Union. "The Father of the Forests," now down, is estimated by Hittell, in his "Resources of California," to have had a height of 450 feet and a diameter at the ground of more than forty feet when it was standing. "Massachusetts," contains 118,000 board feet of lumber; "Governor Stoneman" contains 108,000 board feet, and the "Mother of the Forest," burned in the terrible forest fire which licked its way into a part of the grove last summer, contains 105,000 board feet. Each of these trees named grows as much lumber as is grown ordinarily on fifteen or twenty acres of timberland. The bark runs from six inches to two feet in thickness. Among the other large named trees in the two groves are "Waterloo," "Pennsylvania," "James King," "Old Bachelor," "Pride of the Forest," "Daniel Webster," "Sir John Franklin," "Empire State," "U. S. Grant," "W. T. Sherman," "J. P. McPherson," "Abraham Lincoln," "Connecticut," "Ohio," "Grover Cleveland," "Mrs. Grover Cleveland," "Dr. Nelson," "General Custer," "Dr. J. W. Dawson," "General Hancock," "Knight of the Forest," "Two Sentinels," and "Old Dowd."

BY AUTHORITY.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

In Probate—At Chambers.
In the Matter of the Estate of P. KEALIPONA, late of Kaanapali, Maui, deceased, before Judge SELDEN B. KINGSBURY.

Order of Notice of Petition for Allowance of Final Accounts and Discharge in this Estate.

On Reading and Filing the Petition and Accounts of Joseph F. Welch, Administrator with the Will-annexed the Estate of P. Kealipona, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed nothing and he charges himself with nothing, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of Distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such Administrator.

It is Ordered, that Monday, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M. before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of the said Court at Wailuku, Island of Maui, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said Petition and Accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And that notice of this Order, in the English language, be published in the "Maui News," a weekly newspaper printed and published in Wailuku, for three successive weeks, the last publication to be not less than two weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Wailuku, Maui, this 8th day of March, 1909.

BY ORDER OF THE COURT:

(Sd) EDMUND H. HART,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit.

Attest: (Seal.)
March 13, 20, 27, April 3.

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