

THE DEMOCRAT

VOL. I

HONOLULU, T. H., WEDNESDAY, NOV. 2, 1910.

No. 8

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR DELEGATESHIP A TAX-DODGER

Why doesn't Jonah Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, delegate to Congress and nominal head of the Republican party in Hawaii, pay his taxes?

The records of the tax office show that Kuhio's taxes are unpaid since 1902. They show that he owes the Territory for that length of time taxes to the amount of no less than \$2185.59. And this does not include the taxes owed the Territory by the Kapiolani Estate, in which Kuhio holds a very large share of the stock. The Kapiolani Estate, Limited, also owes taxes from as far back as 1902—a total of \$1879.45. And it should be borne in mind that these debts of Kuhio and the Kapiolani Estate owing to the Territory are only for taxes assessed on the Island of Oahu alone. The records of how much Kuhio and the Kapiolani Estate owe in taxes on property held on the other Islands of the Territory are not available at present, but it is known that they own large values in property on the other Islands.

The following, obtained from the tax office yesterday, shows how Kuhio and the Kapiolani Estate have for years been neglecting or refusing to pay their debts to the people of Hawaii:

TAXES UNPAID BY KUHIO AND NOW DUE AND PAYABLE TO THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

1902 to 1910, Both Inclusive.

Income Tax:	
1903	\$ 336.59
1904	368.80
1905	283.85
	\$ 989.24

Property and Personal Tax:	
1902	\$ 35.80
1903	306.95
1904	321.10
1905	102.90
1906	99.30
1907	97.75
1908	85.25
1909	78.25
1910	69.05
	\$1196.35

Total Taxes Kuhio\$2185 59

Kapiolani Estate, Limited.
Income and Property due from
1902 to date\$1879.45

Grand Total Kuhio and Kapiolani Estate\$4065.04

KUHIO SPECIALLY FAVORED.

Why have these taxes not been paid? Why have not the tax officials of the Territorial government compelled payment of them? The answers are obvious. Kuhio is the head of the Republican party—and the Kapiolani Estate and Kuhio are so closely connected as to be to all practical purposes one and the same. Should the head of the Republican party be expected to pay taxes? Surely not! What is the Republican party for if not to protect its own—to relieve them from the disagreeable necessity of paying taxes? Why should Cupid pay taxes so long as they

can be wrung from the scanty pocket-books of less-favored persons, from the poor Hawaiian, the Portuguese laborer, the middle-class haole?

If it were the ordinary man, the every-day citizen, who had not paid his taxes for eight years—! But the ordinary man, the every-day citizen, would never be allowed to get eight years behind! If it were one of the common people who got behind in his taxes, his property would be seized by the government and sold for taxes. That is what would happen to you, Mr. Voter, or to any of us.

UNJUST DISCRIMINATION.

If a clerk in a store, a newspaper reporter, the employe of any one of the big mercantile or manufacturing firms of Hawaii fails to pay his taxes when they are due, the tax assessor files suit against him, gets judgment, and garnishees his wages. And to the original amount of the tax is added usurious interest, together with an unjust penalty and the costs of court. And the poor devil has to pay up, even though his underfed and poorly-clothed family go without food or clothing.

But Kuhio need not pay his taxes. And the Kapiolani Estate, Limited, need not pay its taxes. They belong to the "Few Of Us"! They are of those who must be protected.

They are the ones for whose benefit the laws are made and enforced. They do the dancing while the common individual pays the piper. They are of the Special Interests beneath whose domination the common people of the Territory groan.

TAX-DODGER FOR CONGRESS!

And this Jonah Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, the tax-dodger, is the man whom the Republican party and the Special Interests for whom it stands want to send back to Congress as a fit representative of the people of Hawaii!

Why should not Cupid pay his taxes? And why should not the Kapiolani Estate be sued for nonpayment of taxes?

The big corporations that have for so long dominated the conduct of public affairs in this Territory take great credit to themselves in that they are paying a special two-per-cent income tax, the revenue of which is used for their own private benefit and to the detriment of the rest of the community. They pat themselves on the shoulder-blades and assume an aspect of great virtue because they are helping to keep alive a law which they themselves acknowledge is unconstitutional and therefore unlawful and invalid.

But do they pay their fair proportion of the ordinary taxes? Do they pay taxes on the actual value of their property? Everybody who has paid any attention to the matter knows they do not. They undervalue their property in their tax returns and pay taxes on only a moiety of it. And they call this, if not honesty, at least commercial sagacity!

POOR MAN MUST PAY IN FULL.

But the Hawaiian, the Portuguese, or the middle-class American white gets

REPUBLICANS CLAMOR FOR UNCONSTITUTIONAL LAW

The special two per cent income tax law, commonly known as the Conservation and Immigration Act, is unconstitutional. The sugar interests admit it. The Advertiser, organ of the Republican party, claims it. The Republican party itself boasts that it is.

And yet the Republican party—which includes all the others above mentioned—boldly states that it wants to perpetuate this fraudulent, unconstitutional, and invalid law. It wants to do this, not for the benefit of the common people of the Territory but for the benefit of the Special Interests, The System, and Dominating Power that for so long has made a joke of the constitution and a farce of the administration of the laws in Hawaii.

The Republican party and its paid organs, the Advertiser and Bulletin, take it upon themselves to blame the Democratic party for suggesting that, instead of using the revenues derived from this law for the importation of immigrants that the Territory does not need, it might be turned to other and more profitable uses—and in the same breath claim that the Conservation and Immigration Act is unconstitutional and is only kept on the statute books by the tacit consent of the Special Interests who, for their own reasons, have not seen fit to have the law tested and have not gone into court and questioned its constitutionality.

If they know that the law is unconstitutional, are they not virtually aiding and abetting a violation of the law every time they pay this special two-per-cent income tax? Are they not making a joke of the constitution, a farce of justice, a laughing-stock of the statute book?

"We are the ones who pay the special tax," whine the Special Interests, "and therefore we ought to be allowed to go on paying it if we want to, and we ought to be permitted to use the revenue as we please." Sure, they ought to be allowed to use this tax-money as they please, even though what they please to use it for is against the best interests of the Territory as a whole!

They want to use the revenues to

bring in more immigrants to work in their cane-fields and keep wages down to a starvation level! They want to bring in foreigners who, even though they do go to work in the fields of their masters for a while, come back in great numbers in time to Honolulu and to the other cities and towns of the Territory and enter into other work where they come into competition with our citizen-labor and reduce the wage level to that of the countries from which they have come—or to that of the sugar plantations of Hawaii whence they seek to escape. An example of what happens is the recent Russian fiasco. The planters brought the Russians in to work on the plantations. But what are they doing now? Of those who have not already gone on to the mainland, a large proportion are working on the waterfront and at other tasks that rightfully belong to the Hawaiians.

The Republican party claims that the coming of the Russians has raised wages in Honolulu.

The claim is absolutely false and those who make it know that it is. The Russians have not been the cause of any increase in wages. There has been no increase in wages. But the Russians have come into competition with the citizen-labor of this Territory and have crowded much of it out.

Even were the Conservation and Immigration Act constitutional, its results are disastrous to the common people of this Territory, and the present use of the revenues derived from it should be abolished. If it is not constitutional, as the Republican Special Interests and their runner, the Advertiser, claim, then it should either be wiped off the statute books or it should be so amended as to make it conform to the Constitution of the United States. And if it is to be amended, the amendments should include one, such as that proposed in the Democratic platform, to use the revenues to be derived from the law for the benefit of all the people, not merely those arrogant Special Interests who care not who else is hurt, so they keep on making their enormous profits and growing richer every day.

no rebate! If his tax-return looks too small to the assessor, it is raised and a penalty added because the assessor and the taxation board claim that he has tried to cheat the government. He pays taxes to the full value of his property, and frequently to the value of a good deal more than the property is worth.

Why? Because he is not of a "Few Of Us"! Because he is not of The Elect! Because he is not a Sugar-Planter, a Rich Manufacturer, the owner of sugar-stocks! He owns perhaps his little home, an acre or less of land, and a house just large enough for his family.

How long are the voters of these Islands going to stand for this sort of thing? Are they going forever to be trodden under foot by the Insolent Rich or are they going to assert their rights and elect to office men who will see that all men are treated alike and that no

special favors are extended to those who need them least?

THE ONLY REMEDY.

Next Tuesday is election day. The Democratic ticket and the Democratic platform offer the common people a chance to remedy the evil conditions that now exist. Let's make Cupid and his fellow-conspirators pay their fair share of the taxes. **Let's see that every man gets a Square Deal!**

Candidate Cecil Brown, in his speech at Iwilei, asked that the Hawaiian-born white be trusted to help along the general welfare of these Islands. Judging from Mr. Brown's past, the general welfare of these Islands is best served by employing Asiatics. How about those Japanese carpenters he employed on his own home four years ago when he was running for office on the inde-

THE DEMOCRAT

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H. A. JUEN

E. P. IRWIN Editor

WEDNESDAY NOV. 2, 1910

TERRITORIAL TICKET

DELEGATE TO CONGRESS:
ELELE:

L. L. McCANDLESS
(Linekona Eliwai)

SENATORS—NA SENATO:

J. S. KALAKIELA
B. G. RIVENBURGH (Livini)
W. S. EDINGS (Ekini)
E. K. HANAPI

REPRESENTATIVES 4th DISTRICT:
LUNAMAKAAINANA APANA EHA:

SOLOMON MEHEULA
FRED TURRILL (Wela ka Hao)
G. K. KEAWEHAKU (Gabriel)
E. H. F. WOLTERS (Walaka)
F. C. BENEVEDES (Palakiko)
E. K. RATHBURN

REPRESENTATIVES 5th DISTRICT:
LUNAMAKAAINANA APANA 5:

GUS KALEOHANO
J. K. LUKA
DAVID KUPIHEA
EDWARD LIKE
J. M. POEPOE
SAM KAOHELE

COUNTY TICKET

MAYOR—MEIA:

JOSEPH J. FERN (Keo Pana)

SUPERVISORS—NA LUNAKIAI:

IOELA KIAKAHI
W. H. McCLELLAN (Makalena)
M. C. PACHECO (Kahuna Nui)
ROBERT PAHAU
H. H. PLEMER (Palima)
LESTER PETRIE (Pikale)
M. E. SILVA (Manuela Kiliva)

SHERIFF—MAKAI NUI:

WM. PAUL JARRETT
(Haalilio Opio)

AUDITOR—LUNA HOOIA:

J. C. ANDERSON
(Keoni Anekona)

CLERK—KAKAUOLELO:

CHAS. BAKER (Kale Beka)

ATTORNEY—LOIO:

WADE WARREN THAYER
(Kea)

TREASURER—PUUKU:

R. H. TRENT (Kalena)

DEPUTY SHERIFFS:

NA HOPE MAKAI:

Honolulu:
CHAS. H. ROSE (Kale Loke)

Ewa:
J. KUHIMANA

Waialua:
THOS. CLARKE (Kalaka)

Waianae:
R. GILLILAND (Kililana)

Koolauloa:
HENRY K. KALAWAIA

Koolaupoko:
R. W. DAVIS

**REPUBLICANS CALL
FOR SAM JOHNSON**

Sam Johnson is coming to town to look after Republican interests in Kakaako on election day. Such is the apparently authentic report that has come up from Hilo, and it is, therefore, advisable for the voters to be on their guard and see to it that the disgraceful proceedings of four years ago are not repeated this year. The ballot-box should be watched—so should Sam.

Republican desperation is amply demonstrated in their sending to Pahoa for Sam Johnson. And in order to get him, they must have had his employers send him special orders to drop his work at the Pahoa lumber mill and hurry to Honolulu to get into the political whirl.

For Sam Johnson stated before he left Honolulu for Hawaii that he was out of politics, and apparently he was sincere. Ever since then he has, whenever questioned on the subject, reiterated the statement. "I am out of politics for good," he has said.

But Sam Johnson is an employe of the Castles and others of the rich men of the Republican party, and it is his duty to obey orders. If they have instructed him to come to Oahu to do politics, he will come, if he values his job. And, to repeat, it is authentically and authoritatively stated that Sam Johnson will be up on the Mauna Kea next Saturday to look after the Kakaako precinct. It behooves the Democratic party to pay special attention to that precinct and see that nothing is allowed to be done that will intimidate the voter or deprive him of his ballot.

In bringing Johnson to Honolulu the Republicans are sacrificing the ticket of the Big Island, but that is not unreasonable. They realize that Hawaii is going Democratic by an immense plurality. And they know that the situation on Oahu is desperate. But they are trying frantically to save a few pieces out of the wreck, and they have sent for Sam Johnson to help them.

Johnson is a clever politician, too clever some say, but he cannot save the day for the Republicans. They are lost, and they are realizing it to the bitter full.

**KAUAI REPUBLICANS
ARE BADLY SCARED**

"This is the first time the sugar interests of Kauai have ever been scared. Always before we have had things all our own way and knew before election that we were going to win. But now we are badly frightened, for it looks like a Democratic landslide."

This statement was made a few days ago by one of the big Republican sugar men of the Garden Island. An honest confession is good for the soul, so it is to be hoped that he is feeling some better now, thank you.

It is true. Heretofore the little clique of sugar barons that virtually own Kauai—and think they own the souls and bodies of everybody else on the tight little Island—have had things their own way. They have dictated the politics of Kauai and have never before had to worry about the outcome of an election. But now they see the storm approaching. They have learned that they cannot fool the people all the time, nor can they bluff and bulldoze them forever.

The voters of Kauai have been awakened and have taken the reins into their own hands. Something is due to drop on the barons of Kauai about November 8, and they are now trying to pnd a cyclone-cellar or a bomb-proof to save themselves!

Sixty gallons of beer, and gin galore, were the strongest arguments at the Republican meeting at Palama last Saturday.

**MORE EVIDENCE OF
INTIMIDATION**

One more evidence of the attempt on the part of the Republicans to intimidate and coerce the Hawaiian voters is the retention of Fred Meyer, manager of the Waianae plantation, as judge of election for his precinct.

When Governor Frear announced that he had appointed Mr. Meyer as judge of election for Waianae—which was not until after another man had been induced to resign in favor of Mr. Meyer—a protest was immediately voiced by the Hawaiian voters of Waianae. "If Mr. Meyer is judge of election," they said, "we will not dare to vote the Democratic ticket for fear that we will lose our jobs on the plantation."

The matter was brought to the attention of Mayor Fern, who went to Governor Frear and asked him to withdraw the appointment of Meyer and appoint another man. The Governor pretended to consent and later stated that he had asked Meyer to resign but that Meyer had refused to do so. The Governor's letter to Meyer was referred to the Republican county committee, the members of which are now backing up Meyer.

The situation is this: Fred Meyer, manager of the plantation, knowing full well that the Hawaiians are afraid of him and fear that if, with him acting as judge of election, they vote the Democratic ticket, they will be discharged, refuses to resign. It may be that Meyer as judge of election would act fairly. But Meyer knows now that his Hawaiian laborers are afraid to vote the Democratic ticket with him sitting as judge of election—and Mr. Meyer refuses to resign. The inference is plain. Meyer, as a Republican wardheeler, wants to intimidate his Hawaiian employes.

Incidentally it may be stated that a railroad engineer at Waianae who was at first appointed judge of election, is to be induced to resign to make room

again for Meyer, if Meyer himself resigns. This is further proof of the intention of the Republicans to intimidate the voters of Waianae.

This is the way the Republican party is trying to win its losing cause. The leaders know they cannot hope to win by fair means but they are perfectly willing to win by foul means if they can. As Republican Bill Aylett said on the stump last week: "If we can't win this election honestly, we will steal it."

POLITICAL PARAGRAPHS

Let the people elect a Democratic majority in the next legislature, which might see fit to pass a vote of want of confidence in the chief executive for misdirecting the contingent fund appropriated by the last legislature for certain emergencies. See to it, voters.

Report says that Chief Justice Hartwell has promulgated the ukase "the incident is closed" in regard to his appointment of district magistrate for Honolulu. Oh, is that so? The people are yet to be heard from at election, when they may inquire as to the exact time it was closed. The people will very likely consider his gratuitous snub of them a closed incident, and he may hear of it later.

It seems that Woolley's at it again. It wouldn't be surprising if the Republicans did not try to blame Woolley on the Democrats, with their own side rushing to the rescue!

The Advertiser is becoming more panic-stricken every day. Now it says "It is 'improbable' that McCandleless will be elected." A little while ago the Advertiser declared it was "impossible." Now it editorially admits the possibility. On November 9 it will have the duty of recording the actuality, for on November 8 the voters of this Territory, awakened to their responsibilities, will elect the Democratic candidate for Delegate to Congress.

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This space reserved for
"The Two Jacks"

IMPORTING A POPULATION

BY EDWARD P. IRWIN,
In the Pacific Monthly

(Continued from Yesterday)

Then a "Dash of Spanish."

Three years ago E. R. Stackable, Collector of the Port of Honolulu, was sent to Europe to drum up labor for the plantations. He sent in several shiploads of Portuguese and Spaniards. The Portuguese, as previously stated, have done well in Hawaii, and promise to make good citizens in the second and third generation. The Spaniards, however, are not so satisfactory. One shipload of them arrived by the steamship Heliopolis on April 27, 1907. They were small but wiry people and have demonstrated their ability to stand fairly well the hard work of the plantations. But few of them, for many years, anyway, will ever be anything but plantation laborers. They have little initiative and are afraid to take on any proposition that looks big to them. A few of them have taken out their first citizenship papers and filed on Government land, but the large majority are still working for the pitiful wage paid by the plantations, which, in many instances, is only eighteen dollars for twenty-six days' work in the month.

The Spaniards are an immense improvement over the Porto Ricans, but there are few, even of the plantation men, who have the assurance to proclaim that they are liable to make good American citizens as Americans understand the term.

Welcome, the Little Brown Brother.

President Taft ought to be delighted at the appreciation of the little brown brother that is being shown by the sugar planters of Hawaii. They have within the past two years developed a mighty affection for his proteges and are not happy unless they have plenty of them about. Almost every steamer that arrives at Honolulu from the Orient brings a consignment of Filipinos for the plantations, and thousands of them are now working in the cane fields of the Territory.

As the Philippines are part of the United States, the laws against the employment of contract labor do not apply to immigrants from those Islands, nor have the Federal immigration authorities any jurisdiction. Consequently, Hawaii can bring in all the Filipinos that can be induced to leave their native home, and there is no one to forbid.

This being the case, it is not necessary for the planters to work through the Territorial Board of Immigration. They can send their own agents to the Philippines to recruit labor, and this is what they are doing. The labor bureau of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association has two special agents, L. E. Pinkham and O. A. Steven, in the Philippines enlisting laborers, and they have been fairly successful, so far as the number of laborers sent to Hono-

lulu is concerned. In fact, they have been so successful that for months the Manila press has been protesting vigorously against the Hawaiian agents being allowed to take out of the country the laborers which the Philippines need as badly as Hawaii does.

The Filipinos who have been brought to the Territory have given little or no trouble since their arrival, and they work fairly well in the cane fields, though on account of their small size and lack of strength, they cannot do the work of a sturdier race.

Unless the United States finds some dignified way of losing the Philippines, we may have to greet the little brown brother as a fellow citizen—but he hardly seems exactly the material that one would naturally choose to aid in the Americanization of the Hawaiian Islands. Yet he is part of the concoction that some of the disinterested and patriotic financiers would have their fellow citizens accept as evidence of the "Americanization of Hawaii."

In the year 1900 a small experiment in the importation of Tyrolese was made, a special agent, named Joe Lucca, bringing in a few people of this nationality from Austria. The number imported, however, was so small that no judgment can be formed as to their desirability.

Latest Experiment Most Disastrous.

The latest experiment in the importation of material wherewith to create a population for the Hawaiian Islands has proved to be the most disastrous and vexatious.

Last summer a Russian, named A. Perelstrous, a well-educated and intelligent man, who, so he said, had been a big contractor in Siberia, went to the Territorial authorities and the heads of the sugar planters' association and made a proposition that they turn to Manchuria for laborers. There were in that country, he said, many thousands of sturdy Russian peasants who had been sent out there by their home Government to populate the country and make it thoroughly Russian. But the Government had failed in its promises to provide them with land, tools and the means of sustenance, and they were, consequently, in an almost starving condition. These people, he was sure, could easily be persuaded to migrate to Hawaii if their passage were paid.

The proposition looked good to the labor-hungry planters, and a contract was entered into with Perelstrous, by the terms of which he was to go to Harbin and enlist fifty families, totaling about 250 persons, as a sample of what he had to offer. A. L. C. Atkinson, formerly Secretary of the Territory, was sent with Perelstrous to represent the Territorial Board of Immigration so that everything should be legal and ac-

ording to the requirements of the Federal immigration authorities — ostensibly so, at any rate.

The two special agents went and got the fifty families, who, a few months later, arrived at Honolulu. They were a sturdy-looking lot of men, women and children, and the planters and Government officials were delighted. Perelstrous and Atkinson reported that any number required, even up to 100,000 or more, could easily be obtained on the same terms. So they were sent back for more.

A Threatening Cloud.

But even before the second lot arrived a cloud considerably larger than a man's hand had appeared on the Russian labor horizon, and it spread rapidly until now it has overcast the whole industrial sky.

The second lot of Russians were met at the wharf by their fellow countrymen and were told awful tales of what they might expect on the plantations. The work, complained the first arrivals, was very hard, the wage too small to live on, the houses given them were not fit to live in—in short, all the promises of the planters and the immigration agents were being ruthlessly disregarded by the plantations. In short, everything was wrong and Hawaii no place in which to hope for anything better than they had left in Manchuria.

Without further investigation, the new arrivals accepted the word of their countrymen and flatly refused to go to work on the plantations. And every steamer from the Orient brought more

Russians to swell the ranks of the discontented.

Diphtheria, contracted in Kobe, broke out among the new immigrants, and it was necessary to place them all in quarantine. This they took as an indication of the tyranny of the Government and they became more dissatisfied and rebellious than ever. When the disease was finally eliminated and they were told that they might leave quarantine and go to work, they refused to do so. They said the planters, and the Government owed them a living, having brought them to the Islands, and they would stay right where they were and collect that living.

The Governor and his assistants argued with them, pleaded with them, reasoned with them, pointed out how they might better their condition by going to work. All to no effect. They didn't want to work and they wouldn't work.

Meanwhile, the board of health and the board of immigration had been feeding them and providing them with shelter while the Governor and Secretary handled them with gloves and dealt out soft words. As a last resort it was decided to stop this, the officials believing that starvation might drive the Russians to the plantations. So they were cast out of Eden—driven from the quarantine shed where they had been taking life easy, and were told that they must shift for themselves. Their miserable bundles were moved off the quarantine reservation and dumped on the ground outside.

(To be Concluded)

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DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS

Tonight, November 2nd

AT KALIHI PUMP, WAIPAHU AND AIEA

THE FOLLOWING CANDIDATES WILL SPEAK

AT KALIHI PUMP

B. G. RIVENBURGH
IOELA KIAKAHI
LESTER PETRIE
CHAS. H. ROSE
W. W. THAYER

JACK S. KALAKIELA
W. H. McCLELLAN
WM. P. JARRETT
R. H. TRENT

AT WAIPAHU AND AIEA

W. S. EDINGS
J. J. FERN
M. C. PACHECO
M. E. SILVA
CHAS. BAKER

EDWARD HANAPI
ROBERT PAHAU
H. H. PLEMER
J. C. ANDERSON



W. S. EDINGS
For Senator



M. E. SILVA
For Supervisor



E. K. RATHBURN
For Representative, 4th District



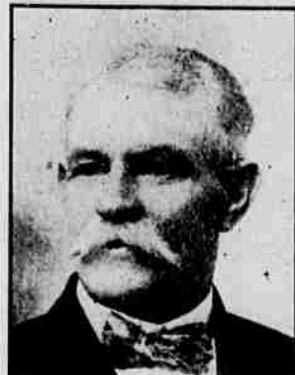
SOLOMON MEHEULA
For Representative, 4th District.



B. G. RIVENBURGH
For Senator



JOSEPH J. FERN
For Mayor



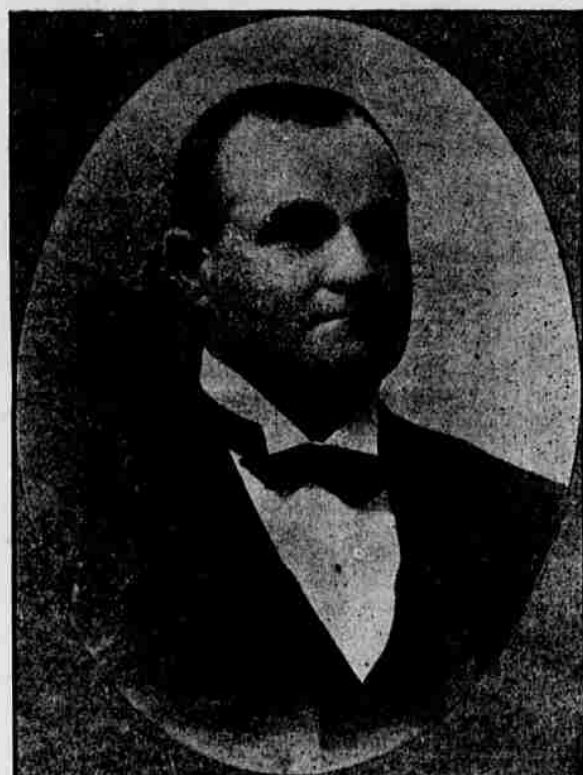
H. H. PLEMER
For Supervisor



LESTER PETRIE
For Supervisor



F. COSTA BENEVEDES
For Representative, 4th District



L. L. McCANDLESS
Delegate to Congress



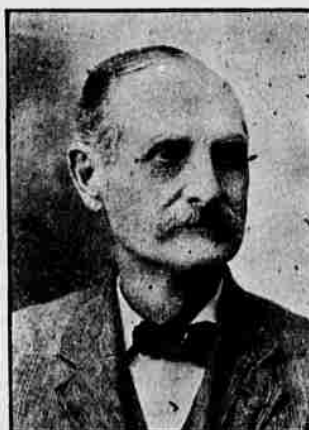
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