

The Hilo Tribune.

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(TRIBUNE BLOCK.)

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FOR RENT—In Paueo, new and modern cottage; inquire of ALLAN WALL, at the Hilo Market.

NOTICES.

Fine job work in all its branches. Give us a chance to estimate.—TRIBUNE.

NOTICE—Neither the Masters nor Agent of vessels of the "Matson Line" will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. R. T. GUARD, Agent.
Hilo, April 16, 1901. 24-

WANTED.

WANTED—Young Japanese wants position as office boy with doctor or lawyer. Speaks English well; writes a little. P. O. Box 4, Hilo, Hawaii. 23 26

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.

SUMMONS.

The Lanipahoehoe Sugar Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants.

The Territory of Hawaii, to the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Hawaii, or his Deputy, or any Constable in the Territory of Hawaii:

You are commanded to summon H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants, in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the January Term thereof, to be held at South Hilo, Island of Hawaii on Thursday the 2nd day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of the Lanipahoehoe Sugar Company, a corporation, plaintiff should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their annexed petition. And have you then and there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. Gilbert F. Little, Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, at South Hilo, Hawaii, this 10th day of December, 1901.

(Signed) DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original Summons in said cause and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next Term of this Court.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
Hilo, Hawaii, Jan. 22, 1902. 13 29

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.

SUMMONS.

The Hakalau Plantation Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants.

The Territory of Hawaii, to the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Hawaii, or his Deputy, or any Constable in the Territory of Hawaii:

You are commanded to summon H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants, in case they shall file written answer within twenty days, after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the January Term thereof, to be held at South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, on Thursday the 2nd day of January next, at ten o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of the Hakalau Plantation Company, plaintiff, should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their annexed petition. And have you then and there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. Gilbert F. Little, Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, at South Hilo, Hawaii, this 10th day of December, 1901.

(Signed) DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original Summons in said cause and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next Term of this Court.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
Hilo, Hawaii, Jan. 22, 1902. 13 29

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J. C. BAKER.
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LATEST WORLD NEWS BY S. S. ENTERPRISE

Death of Two Notables.

Admiral Sampson Died at Washington May 6th.

Washington, May 6.—Admiral died at 5 o'clock this evening.

Washington, May 6.—Admiral Sampson today had a violent hemorrhage. His condition is critical.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon Admiral Sampson was unconscious and breathing laboriously.

His physicians state that he is failing rapidly and that the end may come at any moment.

Bret Harte Died in London, Monday, May 5th.

London, May 6.—F. Bret Harte, the American author, died suddenly last night at the Red House, Camberley, near Aldershot, from hemorrhage, caused by an affection of the throat.

Harte had been suffering from swelled tonsils since December last, but did not consider the attack to be serious. A week ago he went to visit friends at Camberley and was present at lunch, as usual, yesterday. He suddenly became ill in the afternoon, went to bed, and died in a few hours.

MAY BE EXTRA SESSION.

Alleged Plan of President to Force Cuban Concession.

Washington, May 5.—President Roosevelt, in conversation with a leading Senator today, made several statements on the Cuban situation that aroused great interest.

He said he expected Congress at this session to do something for the relief of Cuba, but that if it did nothing it was his intention to call an extra session early in the fall for the purpose of securing legislation.

The President intimated that if forced to call an extra session he would send a message to Congress that would render it impossible for Congress to adjourn without taking some action.

While not directly discussing the matter, the impression was gathered by the President's visitor that the Executive regarded the inaction of Congress as almost disgraceful, in view of the implied promise of the United States to assist Cuba. This matter of a promise to Cuba continually crops up in the discussion of this subject in certain circles. Who gave such a promise? No one has yet come out and stated positively that any such promise was made, but it is continually hinted that President McKinley pledged tariff favors in return for a speedy acceptance of the Platt amendment.

This vague story is used to the fullest extent by the sugar trust and its friends.

It is reported tonight that President Roosevelt will employ his influence to secure the recognition of Cuban rights by various state conventions with a view to influencing Congress and bringing the beet sugar insurgents into line. The Indiana Republicans have adopted a strong plank favoring tariff reduction for Cuba, and Ohio is to follow suit through an understanding with Senators Hanna and Foraker. Other states are getting into line on account of the pressure from Washington. Senator Hanna and Representative Payne spent the evening at the White House tonight.

Panacefote May Quit.

Washington, April 23.—Lord Panacefote, British Ambassador, is recovering from a serious attack of rheumatic gout. The recurrence of this disease has caused some of the Ambassador's friends to urge him to relinquish his post here and return to England. In view of the recent disclosures regarding the attitude of Great Britain during the war with Spain, the Ambassador feels that if he was to leave at this time his withdrawal would be attributed to dissatisfaction on the part of his Government with his conduct in 1898. He has, therefore, decided to remain in Washington for the present, but it is not expected that he will stay in this country for many months.

ROOSEVELT BLOCKS FRENCH.

Decorations for Miles and Dewey Turned Down.

Chicago, May 5.—A special to the Record-Herald from Washington says: President Roosevelt has intimated to the French Government that he does not think it desirable for that Government to confer the cross of the Legion of Honor upon Admiral Dewey and Lieutenant-General Miles.

This action has caused a sensation in diplomatic and Army and Navy circles. The officers directly concerned and their friends assert that the President's decision was due to a wish to further humiliate them, and thus to make humiliation international. Whatever may have been the reasons controlling the action of the President, it is certain that France will not, in view of his attitude, award the cross to either of the officers.

France desired to commemorate the ceremonies connected with the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue, to take place here on May 24th, and she believed it would be a graceful act of courtesy to select prominent Americans for membership in her Legion of Honor. Ambassador Cambon called at the White House about two weeks ago and stated that his Government, in consideration of the great services rendered to the world by Admiral Dewey and General Miles desired to confer the cross upon them. The President received the announcement with surprise. So far as Admiral Dewey was concerned, he said there would be no objection, but it could not be thought of in the case of General Miles.

FRESH PHILIPPINE OUTBREAK

May Mean War to the Finish in the Archipelago.

Washington, May 3.—Despite the earnest efforts to conciliate the Moros of Mindanao, war with them is in progress. Following hard upon the heels of the dispatch announcing the surrender of more than 1000 insurgents on the northern islands and in the province of Misamis, Mindanao, came this message from Major General Chaffee: "Manila, May 3.—General Davis, in command of the American forces on the island of Mindanao, cables that his ultimatum has not been answered; that his message has not returned, and that the American outpost was fired upon this morning. The troops advanced and shelled a Moro fort, but did not capture it until the infantry reached the ditch. This fort was strongly defended by 300 men.

Arch Bishop Dead.

New York, May 6.—Archbishop Michael Augustine Corrigan of the See of New York died shortly after 11 o'clock last night at the archiepiscopal residence.

HAVEMEYER ON SUGAR TARIFF.

Says Reduction of Cuban Duty Would Not Affect Trust.

Washington, May 5.—President Havemeyer of the sugar refining company today continued his testimony before the Committee on Relations with Cuba. He was questioned by Senator Teller regarding the reduction in the price of sugar at Missouri River points. He said that beet sugar generally sold ten points below cane sugar at the point affected. He did not object to the difference in price, but to the exclusive features of the contracts.

Havemeyer said attacks were made on the trust for the purpose of getting in foreign sugars at a lower duty. Cuban sugar would cost the company as much with the concession as without it. If the whole duty were taken off the Cubans would receive the benefit for a time. He said the apprehensions of the beet sugar men were fallacious.

Havemeyer said that if the tariff on sugar was reduced 20 per cent neither the trust nor the consumer would get the benefit of it because the price would immediately advance to offset this action.

Senator Teller insisted the trust had the power to say to the Cuban people, "We won't buy your sugar unless you put it at a certain figure," but Mr. Havemeyer contended that this was not so. He was then excused from giving further testimony unless the committee shall decide to summon him again. The committee adjourned until tomorrow.

LONDON HAPPY.

England Expects Boer War to End in Two Weeks.

London, May 5.—In official circles in London the opinion gains ground that the South African situation is improving, and that the burghers at their general meeting, fixed for May 15, will accept the British conditions of peace. To Dr. Leyds is attributed a contrary opinion; but so much as has been laid at his door which he has ultimately repudiated, that there is presumption of his having been misrepresented again. His reported assertions that "several republics will be established in the northwest of Cape Colony" is dismissed as apocryphal.

Pending the outcome of the Boer conferences, the friends of a generous settlement are doing splendid work. Even the Times has given prominence to the letter from Pretoria advising the British Government to promise a representative government within five years, and to give formal assurances that the Crown Government during that period shall become annually less restrictive. In admitting to its columns a plea for broad-minded conduct toward a brave and conscientious enemy, the leading British journal seems to begin a new departure.

Boers Confer on Finale.

Pretoria, May 2.—The general meeting of the Boer leaders, at which a final decision on the subject of the peace negotiations is expected, will take place at Vereeniging, Transvaal, May 15, not May 25 as announced.

London, May 2.—It is officially asserted that subsequent to the deliberations of the Boer Leaders at Vereeniging, they will proceed to Pretoria and deliver to Lord Kitchener terms they are prepared to accept.

EXCLUSION IS PASSED.

Island Chinese are Affected by Its Provisions.

Washington, April 28.—With only five working days left of the Geary Act, Congress today passed the Chinese exclusion bill. It is a compromise, but is stronger in terms than asked for by the Pacific Coast. The bill as passed is covered, broadly speaking, in five sentences.

First—All existing Chinese exclusion laws are continued in force "until otherwise provided by law."

Second—Sections 5 to 14 of the act of September 13, 1888, except section 12, are specifically reenacted.

Third—The exclusion laws are extended to the insular territory of the United States.

Fourth—Chinese are prohibited from coming from Island territory to the mainland of the United States. All Chinese in Island Territory except Hawaii must be registered within one year, registration in the Philippines being placed in the hands of the Philippine Commission.

PERHAPS NEW STARS.

Prospect of Three New States in Union.

Washington, May 3.—Republican leaders in the Senate, the House and the National Committee are thoroughly alarmed at the prospect of the passage by this Congress of the omnibus Territory bill, which provides for the admission to Statehood of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico. This measure has been reported favorably by the House Committee on Territories, is now on the House calendar and is privileged. It will be taken up early next week, probably on Tuesday.

In spite of the opposition of all the House leaders, the bill is likely to pass, because there is a combination in its favor of all of the Democrats and arid land Republicans west of the Mississippi River—a combination that may, for the second time in a month, overthrow the Speaker and his followers.

CUBAN LAWMAKERS MEET.

Listen to an Address by Governor Wood.

Havana, May 5.—The Cuban Senate and House of Representatives assembled at noon today in the Palace. Governor-General Wood made an address, wishing the legislators success in the work they were about to enter upon. He informed them that no executive power would be invested in Congress until after the formal transfer of the Government. Their work now will be to pass upon credentials and to inform the military government officials who have been selected President, Vice-President, Senators and members of the House of Representatives.

The Senators met in the Palacio Segundio and the Representatives in the Comandancia Generala Lamarinet building.

Holland's Queen Low.

The Hague, May 5.—The evening passed quietly at Loo Palace, but Drs. Roessingy and Pot have remained at the Queen's bedside, Baron Clifford, master of the Queen's household, said tonight: "Her majesty's fever has not increased, and we are quietly and hopefully awaiting the results of a good night's rest for the Queen. There is no cause for immediate disquietude."

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Liberal Terms

BRITISH CAMP IN UNITED STATES

Opinions Regarding the Mule Station in Louisiana.

Louisiana is greatly wrought up over the shipments of horses and mules, for the use of the British forces in South Africa, from Chalmette, in that state. Governor Heard has addressed a letter to the state department asking for directions as to his duty in the matter, and Attorney-General Knox has delivered an opinion on the subject at the request of Secretary Hay. The situation is further complicated by the arrival in New Orleans of Major-General Sir Richard Campbell Stewart on a tour of "inspection of the various departments of the remount service of the portion of that branch of the British military establishment that is in this country." General Samuel Pearson, a Boer military leader, is in New Orleans, and has called upon the governor to expel the British, threatening to take the law into his own hands if his request is not heeded. The attorney-general, in his decision, says very properly that the question whether there has been a departure from the rules of neutrality is a "delicate one." He goes on to state that "carrying on commerce with a belligerent in the manner usual before the war is not giving unlawful aid. The mere increased demand for warlike articles and their increased quantity in the commerce does not make that commerce cease to be the same as before the war. It does not seem to be settled that the fact that the belligerent government is a purchaser makes the neutral government's permission of the commerce a departure from the obligation to give no aid to the belligerent."

The New Orleans Times-Democrat declares: "It is now known of all men that Port Chalmette is, and has for months been, a British military camp, and that this camp is furnishing the British army in South Africa with the essential sinews of war." The Springfield (Mass.) Republican asks a very sweeping question of Secretary Hay. "Mr. Hay claims that American citizens may lawfully sell and ship to a belligerent horses and mules—which are universally recognized as contraband of war and as military supplies, rather than as simple merchandise—but how can he deduce from that the conclusion that the belligerent may establish, under his own immediate management and control, at a selected port, in the neutral territory of the United States, a horse and mule depot with a 'transport landing' where the belligerent's army transports constantly take on cargoes of military supplies—the establishment, by its very organization, equipment, and permanence, constituting a military base in every essential sense of that military phrase?"

The Detroit Free Press and the Philadelphia Public Ledger take a middle ground. Says the former: "The mere purchase of horses and mules is not, *per se*, a violation of the rights of the other belligerent, despite the fact that in this case the animals are plainly contraband of war. But the maintenance of a British military establishment on American soil is another matter." The latter holds that "there is no hard-and-fast rule which determines what is and what is not contraband. Munitions of war are always contraband, but horses, mules, and forage 'may or may not be contraband, according to the particular circumstances of the war.' In the Boer war, from the circumstances of the case, under any equitable decision, horses and mules would be declared contraband."

On the other hand, the Philadelphia Record comes out flatly against the suppression of the shipments. "No authority of the United States or of any state," it declares, "has the power to interdict the sale of war material to anybody, either during the continuance of peace or after the outbreak of hostilities. Manufacturers of guns and breeders of army mules have the same right as have the flour millers, cotton spinners, or wheat growers to sell their products to whomsoever they may find willing to pay the price."

ARE PREACHERS LAZY.

Methodist Bishop Draws Hot Shot From a Newspaper.

In an address to the applicants for membership into the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, Bishop Fowler made the statement that no other profession is so conducive to laziness as the ministry. "If during the six days of the week," he told the applicants, "you only put as much life, zeal, and energy into your work as the business man does, you will surely win." The New York Sun, comments as follows on the bishop's statement: "How do Methodist ministers find time to be lazy? The great city congregations bring a multifarious round of duties to their pastors, and we have heard more than one of these busy men regret without bitterness that he had too little leisure to give to his books and to keep his seminary learning from growing rusty. 'The parson has a soft time of it,' says the village butcher, or the oiled clerk in the old red store. 'Why, he hasn't nothin' to do but write sermons.' Nothing to do but preach, go to prayer meetings and evening meetings and praise meetings and revival meetings and children's meetings, Bible meetings and business meetings and temperance meetings and meeting of the church societies and village improvement societies and socials and Sunday-schools and sewing circles and funerals and so on. Nothing to do but to call on all his people regularly and visit the sick and look after the poor and entertain traveling clerical and semiclerical visitors and serve on the school committee and take a prominent part in all town affairs and in heaven knows how many religious, charitable, educational, musical, and miscellaneous concerns and consider letters from all sorts of persons who have no business to bother him and always neglect to send stamps. Nothing to do but to be at the disposal of every crank, busybody, and bore, to go to conference and ministerial meetings, to hear long yarns from seedy impostors whom his heart distrusts but who seldom go away empty—the poorer the minister, the more he gives away in proportion to his means. Nothing to do but to be preacher, lecturer, almoner, unofficial overseer of the poor, man of business, general public character, counsellor and agent and everybody's friend and servant seven days a week for the love of God and \$300 a year on an average! Decidedly, if we had a lazy young friend we should advise him to enter the Methodist ministry. Bishop Fowler must have been joking."

Hilo Band Outing.

The Hilo band excursion to Puna last Sunday was a very successful event. Besides the musicians, a large number of ordinary Hiloites went along making up a jolly throng. The crowd captured the district of Puna as Mrs. Ferry and her Sunday School had captured it the day before. The band gave the principal homes at the Puna plantation a delightful serenade. The boys were piloted to the hot springs, where they laved themselves in the transparent waters. They were afterward feasted by the officers of the Puna plantation. The dinner was followed by more music.

While the day was rainy at Hilo, there was not a sprinkle at Puna.

Don't Drink Contagion.

One of the new theories of hygiene that doctors are teaching to persons who have children to rear is concerned with the comparatively unimportant duty of drinking out of a glass in the proper way. The new way of drinking, according to the physicians who teach it, avoids any contact of the lips with the rim of the glass. The lips are held so that the rim of the glass touches the outside of the lower lip. By the usual method of drinking, the glass is held between the two lips. The newer way is urged by doctors as a means of avoiding any possible infection from using a glass that had been previously handled by a sufferer from a contagious disease.

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R. T. GUARD,

Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

ORDERS FILLED AT SHORT NOTICE.

Hilo Railroad Co.

TIME TABLE

To take effect March 1, 1902. Trains will leave Hilo as follows; Sundays excepted:

Train	Class	Hilo	Olaa Mill	Keeau	Ferndale	Mountain View
1	Passeng'r	A.M. 7:00	7:20	7:30	7:45	8:00
2	Freight	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30
3	Passeng'r	P.M. 3:30	3:50	4:00	4:15	4:30
RETURNING—NORTH. Leaves Mountain View:						
Train	Class	Mountain View	Ferndale	Keeau	Olaa Mill	Hilo
4	Passeng'r	A.M. 8:30	8:45	9:00	9:10	9:30
5	Freight	P.M. 1:30	1:45	2:00	2:30	3:00
6	Passeng'r	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:40	6:00
SOUTH—Sunday Trains leave Hilo for Mountain View.						
Train	Class	Hilo	Olaa Mill	Keeau	Ferndale	Mountain View
1	Passeng'r	A.M. 8:00	8:20	8:30	8:45	9:00
3	"	P.M. 3:30	3:50	4:00	4:15	4:30
RETURNING—NORTH. Sunday Trains leave Mountain View.						
Train	Class	Mountain View	Ferndale	Keeau	Olaa Mill	Hilo
4	Passeng'r	A.M. 9:30	9:45	10:00	10:10	10:30
6	"	P.M. 5:00	5:15	5:30	5:40	6:00
SOUTH—Trains will leave Hilo for Puna every Thursday and Sunday						
Train	Class	Hilo	Olaa Mill	Pahoa	Puna	
7	Mixed	Thursday	A.M. 11:00	11:20	11:40	12:00
8	Passeng'r	Sunday	A.M. 9:00	9:20	9:40	10:00
RETURNING—NORTH. Leaves Puna:						
Train	Class	Puna	Pahoa	Olaa Mill	Hilo	
9	Mixed	Thursday	P.M. 1:00	1:20	1:40	2:00
10	Passeng'r	Sunday	P.M. 3:25	3:45	4:05	4:25

Excursion tickets will be sold on Saturdays and Sundays at reduced rates, good until the following Monday noon. Commutation tickets are now sold, good for twenty-five trips between Hilo and Olaa at a reduced rate, subject to certain conditions printed on the same.

W. H. LAMBERT, Supt.

Entered at the Postoffice at Hilo, Hawaii, as second class matter

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

L. W. HAWORTH - Editor.

SUGARS.

New York, May 6.—Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3c.; centrifugal, 95 test, 3 1/2 c.; Molasses Sugar 2 1/2 c.; refined, firm.

The Enterprise has magnificently lived up to all the promises made by Captain Matson.

The new Exclusion bill is more drastic than its friends hoped in the beginning. It is virtually perpetual and is as vigorous in Island territory as at home.

LET Hilo invite Col. Thomas Fitch of Honolulu to make the oration on July 4. He is one man on the Islands whose eloquence is like an outburst of Kilauea's crater.

LAST week Hilo was hoodooed. We had a band concert without the band; a balloon ascension without the ascension; and Sunday evening church services without a congregation. Rain had a good bit to do with it.

The sparring match at Spreckels hall tomorrow night will round out a period of unusual excitement in Hilo. A balloon has been in the city for a fortnight and a kitescope on Front street has been dispensing sensations for more than a week past.

Hilo's champion boxer, L. D. Brown, has some of the characteristics of Cincinnatus of old. He leaves the pursuit of agriculture to enter the lists of battle. If defeated he can return to the shades of his banana groves. If victorious he can go to Honolulu, from whence he will return in a triumphal chariot.

THE Hawaiian Republicans of Hilo do not attach much significance to the movement started by the Home Rulers at the convention at the Puuoa church last week. They say that there are some names among the nominees which have been in pickle for the regular Republican convention and that the mere fact that they have been picked by the Home Rulers is no reason for the Republicans to throw them down.

THE officials of the leading labor organizations are trying to induce Congress to see a great saving of the money of the people, by having government war vessels built in government navy yards. The source of the agitation would indicate that the owners of private shipyards have been making enormous profits which they refuse to divide equitably with the man who wields the hammer. If there is money to be saved to the government and a better wage paid to laborers in the building of ships without impairing the fighting qualities of the ships, then the government should build its own navy.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

That the Fourth of July is near at hand is proved by the petition that has been passed around calling for a mass meeting tonight at the Firemans hall to make plans for a celebration. The petition bears the signatures of practically every business and professional man in town and with the start already made the outlook is good for the biggest celebration of Independence Day that has ever been seen on this island. There is talk of having a big parade, with floats and marching bodies of men including a regiment of calithumpians, composed of all nationalities.

The meeting tonight should be well attended. The time is short for preparations and those who are on the committees should lay themselves out and leave nothing undone that will make the day in Hilo attractive to all classes.

We must have the best orators and the reddest kind of fire.

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

ARE OFFERING A

20%

REDUCTION ON

RUGS

GOOD QUALITY GOOD VALUE Don't Miss the Opportunity

SOCIABLE—OF COURSE.

The Agricultural Fair to be held in Honolulu the third week in July, should be participated in by the farmers of this Island. No doubt they would come home laden with blue ribbons and diplomas, thus further establishing the supremacy of the Big Island. The Merchant's Week at Honolulu during Fourth of July week, will not attract so many visitors from this Island as it would, had it been held at a more propitious time. Hilo will have Berger's Band and a glorious celebration on hand. But this need not prevent Hilo and Hawaiian Merchants from having representatives at the Merchant's Fiesta. If Honolulu has benefits in the way of prices and goods for the merchants of this city it is to Hilo's interest to take advantage of them. However it is plain enough that to the independent merchant Honolulu cannot compete in prices with Mainland houses, since the Enterprise came with quick connection.

Hawaii will never cease to be sociable with Oahu and take all the Diplomas she may hang up. But our Commercial Independence cannot be cajoled by "Fiestas."

OREGON AND EXPANSION.

The Oregon state election which occurs in June, it is said, is likely to go Democratic. Such a result would attract the attention of the whole country and give rise in administration circles to apprehensions of a change of sentiment on the Pacific Coast on the question of expansion. In McKinley's first campaign, Oregon went Republican by 2100; in his second run McKinley lead by 12000. To drop from this splendid endorsement of McKinley to a Democratic victory would amaze the country.

However, any one acquainted with the temper of the population of the Northwest, regardless of party, knows that upon the new issues of national expansion, they are for taking no backward step. Bryan talked himself hoarse in the Columbia river valley two years ago and made 10,000 votes for McKinley in Oregon. If expansion were the issue or if President Roosevelt's administration were the issue, there could be no misgivings for Oregon.

But in State politics there are more factions and personal quarrels in Oregon than there are in a South American republic. In off years, these factions get in their work. This year, the Republican nominee for Governor, W. J. Furnish, is a man who left the Democratic party in 1896, on account of the money question. The Democrats in Geo. E. Chamberlain, are fortunate in having a candidate who is for sound money and always has been. Many of the old time Republicans promise to knife Furnish saying if they must vote for a Democrat, they prefer a genuine one.

Therefore, if the apprehensions of Republicans in Oregon who smell defeat, are realized, the result cannot be charged to a change of front on expansion.

CUBAN RELIEF MAY FAIL.

A Deadlock Between House and Senate in Sight.

Washington, April 30.—Senators who stand for the Administration program of tariff reduction in favor of Cuba declare that a change has come over the opposition in the Senate during the past few days, and that the original plan of relief will be carried out, with about 25 per cent reduction, free on the differential amendment that wrought havoc in the House.

But the temper of the House continues unbending. The California Congressmen say, with emphasis, that they cannot go back on the record made on the Cuban business. They will stick out for the removal of the differential on refined sugar and will vote with the Democrats against the removal of the Morris amendment. The best informed and most impartial observers of the current of events here believe Cuban relief under the reciprocity scheme is impossible at this session, and predict a move on the part of the Administration's friends in the Senate attempting to obtain relief for Cuba in some new form.

PORTUGAL THREATENED.

Apprehension as to Attitude of the Troops in Official Quarters.

London, May 5.—A dispatch to a news agency from Madrid says that advices received here from Portugal indicate that there is danger of an active revolution in that country. Considerable apprehension is felt in official quarters as to the attitude of the Portuguese troops. The Sixth Infantry, stationed at Oporto, has been disarmed and disbanded for fear the soldiers would join the rioters. The military and naval officers are advocating that King Charles establish a dictatorship.

Subsidy Bill May Fail.

Washington, May 3.—The House Merchant Marine Committee are continuing the consideration of the ship subsidy bill. They had several hearings upon it and there are more to follow. Andrew Feruseth of the National Seamen's Union of America, and Charles Campbell of the Marine Industrial League of New York, were before the last meeting. Mr. Feruseth opposed the bill, Mr. Campbell favored it in the main. Requests for future hearings against the bill have been filed by the Joint Committee of the American Anti-Trust League and local Knights of Labor. Postoffice officials have accepted an invitation to appear. Other interests both for and against the bill are expected to be heard.

The trend of Congressional sentiment is now in opposition. Recent developments in the shipping world have done much more to arouse the opponents of the bill than to encourage its friends. The Democrats are united against it. Republican opposition is widespread.

Captive For Six Years.

New York, May 5.—A cable to the Sun from Rome says: A trooper writes from Abyssinia that he and twenty other Italians are still prisoners of Negus Menelek. It was supposed that these men were killed at the battle of Adowa in 1896.

Chile to Lay a New Cable.

Santiago (Chile), May 5.—The Chilean Government is asking for tenders for the work of laying an ocean cable to the Straits of Magellan, starting from Talcahuano, Chile.

W. E. Peacock & Company, Ltd.

Dealers in

Choice Wines and Liquors

Cocktails

OLD FASHIONED, ASSORTED

Beers

AMERICAN BREWING CO. FABST BREWING CO. BUFFALO BREWING CO.

Bulk Wines

A Full Assortment at Popular Prices * * *

Mineral Waters

SHASTA, HIRANO, SHASTA Ginger Ale WHITE ROCK

Whiskies

AMERICAN, SCOTCH, CANADIAN, and IRISH.

Brandies

DE LAAGE HENNESSEY MARIE BRIZARD

Wine

EUROPEAN PORTS & SHERRY CALIFORNIA CLARETS AND PORTS

Liquors

MARIE BRIZARD AND OTHERS

BRIDGE STREET HILO

The Hilo Tribune

Subscription price,

\$2.50

in Advance

Send in your order

THE TRIBUNE is the oldest and best known paper, published in the Metropolis of the biggest Island in the Hawaiian group. Its policy is "Build up Hilo and Develop the Big Island." It should be in every home in Hawaii. It should be sent to people on the Mainland and elsewhere who are interested in Hawaii and Hawaiian people. It tells all that is worth knowing about the people and affairs of Hawaii.



The Tribune Job Printing Plant

IS EQUIPPED WITH MATERIAL AND MACHINERY FITTING IT TO DO ANY JOB THAT MAY BE DEMANDED BY ANY BUSINESS HOUSE IN THE ISLANDS COMPETENT WORKMEN ARE EMPLOYED AND WORK IS TURNED OUT WITH DESPATCH

THE TRIBUNE desires the news from every locality in the Island

Correspondents sending in stuff for these columns will receive reciprocal benefits from this end of the line. Send in the News.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Money to loan—Wise.
 J. S. Canario is home again from Honolulu.
 Rev. S. L. Desha is again at home looking well in health.
 N. C. Willifong was a returning passenger on the Kinan this week.
 For Rent—Office, corner King and Pittman streets.—Wise.
 C. E. Richardson came home from Twenty-two miles last Tuesday.
 C. A. Stobie was a guest at the Moir home at Papaikou last Sunday.
 FOR SALE—Cash—Large lot in business center of Hilo. CHAS. M. LEBLOND.
 Mr. and Mrs. C. H. W. Hitchcock, celebrate their first wedding anniversary today.
 The Hilo band concerts in the future will always begin and end with the Hawaiian Royal March.
 Dr. Wachs arrived yesterday morning by the Enterprise from a month's vacation in San Francisco.
 Mrs. Reid and the Misses Peck spent last week visiting the home of Mr. and Mrs. Moir at Papaikou.
 CAME SEED FOR SALE—Yellow Bamboo and Yellow Caledonian. Inquire of W. J. Stone, Hilo, Hawaii.
 The Roderick Dhu arrived in port yesterday morning, 18 days from San Francisco with a general cargo.
 Misses Carrie and Clara Shipman arrived by the Enterprise to spend their summer vacation with their parents.
 Look over your sideboard and see if you have any Acme Rye, among your stock of wet goods. If not, then we will be pleased to supply you.—W. C. PEACOCK & Co.
 J. W. Mason, of the Hilo Mercantile Co., arrived by the Kinan from an extended business trip to the Mainland.
 A bunch of keys has been lost; the finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to this office. 28-21
 The Hilo Teachers Union will meet at the Union School tomorrow at 9 a. m. An interesting program will be rendered.
 Kaumana furnished house for rent. Good roads, convenient to town, bracing climate. Terms reasonable. Apply to L. C. Lyman.
 A representative of the Mackey Cable Company is in Honolulu to select a landing for the cable which he promises within six months.
 Tickets for the athletic exhibition to be held at Spreckels' hall, Saturday evening, May 17, are on sale at the Union Saloon and Owl Drug Co.
 Misses Bertha and Etta Loebenstein were among the arrivals by the steamer Enterprise. They will remain in the city during their vacation.
 Mrs. A. B. Loebenstein, her two daughters Etta and Bertha and son Bert have taken the Wall home in Puna and will be at home to friends in a few days.
 Don't forget that the American Grocery is selling out all stock at cost for cash. You can secure the best value at the lowest prices. 28 31
 "God?" will be Mr. Cruzan's subject Sunday morning. There will be no evening service, the congregation joining in the union meeting at Hall Church.
 The union meeting at Hall Church Sunday evening promises to be of unusual interest. Miss Harriet Hitchcock has the preparation of the program in charge.
 It is our aim to please all. We have a varied assortment, and are always glad to show customers the same. Pommery Champagne still leads in the race.—W. C. PEACOCK & Co.
 The record day for loading sugar in Hilo harbor was made last Wednesday when 10,753 bags were transferred from the warehouses to the spacious hold of the Alaskan in one day by one gang of men.
 The annual election of the officers for the Hilo Cotillion Club will be held Friday evening May 23 at the Hilo Hotel. There are several candidates for office and the event promises to be as lively as a German.
 Edward Bertrand Schoen, the little more than one year old child of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Schoen died Friday May 9, of cholera infantum. The funeral was held Friday afternoon, burial taking place in the Hilo cemetery.
 Mr. and Mrs. Lyman report that they received excellent financial encouragement in Honolulu in behalf of the plans for enlarging the Boarding School. With a few more generous subscriptions the construction of one building at an early date is assured.

MAY FESTIVAL.

Hilo Ladies are Planning for a Big Fair.
 Extensive preparations are under way for the May day festival to be given under the auspices of the Ladies Social Club some, Friday, May 23. The festivities will be given on the Hilo Hotel grounds. Booths will be constructed and every sort of inviting refreshments will be served to the people who attend. The fortune teller's bower promises to be an unique attraction but the name of the sorceress has not been made known.
 One of the prettiest exercises of the day will be the May Pole dance which will be done by sixteen of the prettiest young ladies of Hilo. A 25-foot pole has already been procured. The May pole dancers will introduce numerous new figures and a number of surprising novelties.
 The whole affair is being gotten up under the superintendence of Mrs. L. Severance. Her first Lieutenants are Mrs. Marsh and Mrs. Holmes.
 Booths will be constructed for the sale of knick knacks and refreshments. The candy booth will be conducted by Miss Harriet Hitchcock and Miss Lyman. Mrs. Cruzan will preside at the cake and ice cream booth. The booth de bouillon will be under the supervision of Mrs. J. U. Smith and Mrs. Balding. Salads and cold meats will be dispensed by Mrs. Shipman and Mrs. Reid. Mrs. Terry will have charge of the booth carrying coffee and sandwiches. Tea will be served by Mrs. R. T. Guard and Mrs. Shaw.

FIRST TICKET OUT.

Home Rulers Hold a Convention and Luncheon in Puna.
 The Home Rulers met in convention last week at the Puna church and nominated a full legislative ticket. The ticket named was hurled into publicity so abruptly that no one seems to be able to measure the importance of the political gathering or figure the ticket will cut in the coming campaign.
 The convention was attended by Home Rule delegates from this side of the island. There were some fifty or sixty spectators and after the work of the meeting was over, all adjourned to partake of roast pig which had been prepared in the meantime.
 The most named for the Senate were Palmer Woods of South Kohala, and John T. Baker of Hilo.
 The representatives named are Wm. B. Nallima, David Ewakioku, J. N. Kamoku and D. Kadipio.

Piano Club Concert.

The programme of The Piano Club which met May 7th at the home of Mrs. J. A. Scott was as follows:
 Idilio..... Theodore Lack
 Miss Severance
 Hunting Song..... Rheinberger
 Alyah Scott
 Reading—Can Piano Playing be Taught?..... Finck
 Mrs. Severance
 Norwegian Wedding March..... Greig
 Mrs. Turner
 Two Waltzes..... Chopin
 Miss Potter
 Reading—Dance Music..... A. C. Murihead
 Mrs. Furneaux

Aeronaut Perseveres.

The second unsuccessful attempt by Prof. Leonard to make a balloon ascension was tried Tuesday evening near the fish market. The big gas bag was nearly inflated when a second accident happened.
 One of the long poles erected to steady the balloon while filling, fell down. This so frustrated the men and boys who were halting it down that they let go. The balloon lurched into the air, while the crowd scrambled in all directions. The partially filled air ship careened like a drunken man across two blocks and fell beyond the electric light works.

C. Lehmann, the tailor, has removed his tailoring establishment to lower Waiannue street.

Shooting at the new rifle range was inaugurated by the members of Company D. The best score was made by J. D. Easton and John Herring. The range is over a mile from the powder magazine instead of 200 yards as was stated last week.

As Summer is coming on soon, it is necessary that your system be braced up. Don't forget that Pabst Best Tonic is the Best, and that we have it, as well as the Drug stores—W. C. PEACOCK & Co.

In a letter to Mr. Stobie, P. Peck wrote that the Enterprise arrived in San Francisco nine days after leaving Hilo. He states that the Enterprise is the steadiest ship he ever travelled on and that the voyage was pleasant and comfortable.

C. C. Pringle, by the Kinan before the last, received a telegram announcing the death of his wife's sister at Kansas City April 12. The deceased lady was Mrs. Pringle's favorite sister and the former had sailed for the mainland a few hours before the news arrived.

The item in the TRIBUNE last week referring to the Barnard wagon smash-up resulting in the death of a mule on the Papaloa road was an error to the extent of location. The catastrophe happened in Kukuhihale. There are no dangerous places in the roads of Papaloa.

Double daily trains to Mountain View are run by the Hilo Railroad. Get up where the air is of the kind that gives you new life, vigor and energy. The trip will do you good. Try it. Fare for the round trip \$1.40 and \$1.10. See schedule of trains elsewhere in this issue.

DEATH OF ROBERT LISHMAN.

A Mad Bull Charged Him With Fatal Results.

Manager George Ross of Hakalau plantation received news Wednesday of the tragic death of Robert Lishman, father of Mrs. Ross, at Honolulu last Monday. Death was caused by a vicious Jersey bull. The enraged animal charged upon Mr. Lishman and tossed him into the air. He fell upon his head and shoulders and died immediately. The accident was seen from the house, but the physicians called at once were unable to do anything for the victim. Mr. Lishman had gone into the paddock to discipline the brute, which had shown an ugly temper on his son George. The animal turned on him with the fatal result.

Robert Lishman was one of the oldest inhabitants both in years of his life and Honolulu residence. Few citizens were more closely identified with what may be called the city's great middle stage of development, yet Mr. Lishman continued diligent and prosperous in business until the hour of his death. He was born at Horsley, Northumberland, England, on April 17, 1831, and was therefore a little more than 71 years of age. In 1871 he was summoned from Australia, where he has been living for many years, by King Kamehameha V. to come to Hawaii to superintend the construction of the present Judiciary building, which was the house of the Legislature, the higher courts and the departments of government under the monarchy. He was afterwards Superintendent of Public Works under Minister of the Interior S. G. Wilder, and for many years following his public service was a contractor and builder. Among the monuments to his skill are St. Andrews Cathedral and the Lunalilo Home.
 The funeral took place last Tuesday.

Japanese for Larceny

Simono a former employee of E. Barnard at Laupahoehoe, is in jail awaiting action by the grand jury for larceny. Being under suspicion for some time, when it was learned that he was about to depart for Japan, he was placed under arrest by Deputy Sheriff Swain. His quarters were searched with the result that several articles belonging to the store were found besides \$500 in cash and drafts.

Alaskan Sails.

The Steamship Alaskan, Captain Richard Bamfield, sailed yesterday evening for New York with the biggest cargo of sugar that has ever been shipped from these islands. She carried 1,000 tons and if all goes well, will round the Horn and land her cargo at Philadelphia within seventy-two days. She took 2,400 tons from Olat; 500 from Waiakae; 500 from Pepeekeo; 400 from the Havi Mill; 5,000 from Honolulu and 2,000 from Kahului.

Kinan Passenger List.

The following passengers arrived by the Kinan this week: N. C. Willifong, G. C. Stratmeyer, Mrs. M. R. Riddell, W. Nallima Jr., Mrs. J. Nawahi, Mrs. Peterman and 4 children, C. H. Erickson, Mrs. F. K. Aluli and child, Ralph Brown, P. W. Spencer, A. G. Frederick, I. Schweitzer, J. C. Hummel, E. H. Clay and wife, Geo. Wilson, J. W. Mason, Sam Jones and David Jefferson.

Late News.

The S. S. Enterprise brought fourteen bags of mail. The papers contained news five days later than that which came by the Kinan from Honolulu. All the important news of the world up to ten days ago is to be found in the TRIBUNE of today.

W. T. McManus is managing the City Stables express business.

FOCND—Hawaiian feather lei. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Enquire of Miss Mabry, Pleasant street.

A. Humburg as assignee for W. Nicholls will sell at public auction tomorrow in the building adjoining Wilder S. S. Co.'s office the entire stock and store fixtures without reserve. The stock consists of Dry Goods, Hardware, Glassware, Groceries, Crockery, etc. F. SOLZA, Auctioneer.

Bids will be received at the office of A. Richley, on Bridge street, Hilo, for the erection of a two story and attic frame residence for Mr. J. T. Moir, manager of the Onomea Sugar Company, on their plantation at Papaikou. Plans can be seen on Monday, May 19, 1902, and after at my office on Bridge street, Hilo.—A. RICHLEY, Architect.

Rev. John P. Erdman, the very bright and eloquent Assistant pastor of Central Union Church is to spend the month of June on this island. Mr. Cruzan has arranged for an exchange with him for the Sunday June 8th and 15th. Mr. Erdman will arrive in Hilo June 4th and be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Cruzan. Mr. Cruzan will sail for Honolulu on the 6th of June.

That trip to Puna by the Hilo Railroad can be made on Thursdays and Sundays of each week. There is not a more interesting trip in the Hawaiian Islands. See Green Lake, bathe in the Warm Spring and explore the caves. You will enjoy an outing of this kind. Fare for round trip \$1.90 and \$1.70 on Thursdays; \$1.50 and \$1.30 on Sundays. See schedule elsewhere in this issue.

STEAMER ENTERPRISE ARRIVES.

Brings General Cargo, Passengers and Mail.

The good steamship Enterprise arrived on her second trip to Hilo at 5 o'clock Thursday morning. She made the run from San Francisco in a little more than eight days, brought thirteen passengers, fourteen bags of mail, 2000 tons of general cargo and a lot of cold storage stuff. The trip was an unusually pleasant one. There was a congenial crowd of passengers on board and all enjoyed the trip immensely. The Enterprise will sail for San Francisco about May 25. Her last sailing date was April 18, which brings her within the limit of the forty day service promised by the company.

The passengers arrived by the Enterprise were Mrs. Captain Miller and daughter, Miss Claire Dispaux, Misses Carrie and Clara Shipman, Misses Etta and Bertha Loebenstein, Miss May Paris, Miss Madeline Fuller, A. A. Pinnell and Captain Chas. E. Foye.

Teachers Meet.

The Teachers Union met last Tuesday evening, the program being much shorter than usual. Current events were covered by Mr. Harold Cruzan, Grecian History was finished by Miss Dovo, Rev. J. A. Cruzan then read the paper of the evening on Socrates and Plato. He was well received and was warmly thanked by the teachers for the excellence of his talk. The meeting then adjourned.

Baseball Challenge.

The Maui Athletic Association has challenged Hilo to play a game of baseball on Maui grounds June 11. The challengers offer to pay all expenses except steamer fares and make a liberal division of the gate receipts. Three-fifths of the income go to the winning team the balance to the losers. The Hilo baseball boys cannot afford to allow this chance to go by default.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Schoen wish to thank their neighbors and friends for kindness and sympathy in their recent bereavement.

No Loss of Time.

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning—H. R. PHILLIPS, Plymouth, Okla., U. S. A. As will be seen by the above threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this Remedy in your home. For sale by the Hilo Drug Co.

BY AUTHORITY.

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Public Works until 12 m. of TUESDAY, MAY 20th, 1902 for laying 6-inch, 8-inch, and 10-inch water pipe in Waiannue and Front streets, Hilo.

Specifications on file in Office of Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu; also in office of E. E. Richards, Agent Public Works, Hilo. The Superintendent of Public Works reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JAMES H. BOYD, 26 6t Superintendent of Public Works.

Distinguished

FOR SERVICE AND APPEARANCE

ARE THE FEATURES PORTRAYED IN THE **BLACK FEDORA HAT** OF MY OWN SPECIAL BRAND @ \$4.50.

IT WILL NOT FADE AND IT KEEPS ITS SHAPE BETTER THAN ANY HAT MADE AND SOLD AT THE SAME PRICE

M. F. McDONALD,

HABERDASHER CLOTHIER HATTER

HILO

E. N. HOLMES

White Dress Goods and Linens

Just Received Large and Choice Line Comprising

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| INDIA LINEN | PIQUE |
| PERSIAN LAWN | DIMITY |
| ORGANDIE | DUCK |
| INDIA MULL | LONG CLOTH |
| NAINSOOK | DOTTED SWISS |
| LINEN LAWN | FIGURED SWISS |

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|--------------------|-----------------|
| EMBROIDERY LINEN | FRONTING LINEN |
| HANDKERCHIEF LINEN | BUTCHERS' LINEN |
| PILLOW LINEN | SHEETING LINEN |
| TABLE LINEN | NAPKINS |

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Monumental Work

Fine "Italian Marble" and Bronze Statuary Granite and Native Stone Monuments Iron Fencing, Gates and Posts

Bronze Statues of the late President McKinley sitting or standing any size. Write for Terms and Particulars

J. C. Axtell

383, Beretania Street Honolulu

BEGINNING MAY 1st

I will sell out for COST (retail and Wholesale) All stock of American Grocery Also Building, 2 Leascholds, Horses, Wagon, Fixtures, etc. Strictly for CASH, no credit

Don't Lose this Opportunity!

I offer for sale very good lots in Villa Franca and Riverside Park at

SPECIAL PRICES

In order to close out business, all persons owing the American Grocery (or S. M. Potemkin's Store or Potemkin, as before) are required to pay their bills before the last day of May. All bills unpaid 31st of May will be placed in hands of an attorney for collection.

A. M. POTEMKIN

NEW PIANOS FOR SALE FOR CASH

OR ON INSTALLMENTS Free tuning 1 year

BERGSTROM MUSIC CO.

Pianos on view at KERR'S old stand PEACOCK BLDG. Waiannue Street Hilo



There is Lots to Say IN FAVOR OF OUR NATOMA BRANDY

which has been for 15 years in vogue and has made the trip around the world twice. But one trial will convince you of its excellence.

\$15.00 per Doz. Qts.

Hoffschlaeger Co., Limited

Pioneer Wine and Liquor House CHURCH STREET

SEND FOR FREE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' WEAR

GOODS OF QUALITY REASONABLE PRICES

I. MAGNIN & CO.
 510-522 MARKET ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.



With Every Pair of ECONOMIC Shoes

We Sell \$4.00 worth of Satisfaction.

Economic Shoe Co., Ltd. THE SHOEMAKERS HILO

Buffet Beer



If you are young, you naturally appear so. If you are old, why appear so? Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely restore color to your gray hair, and will give to it all the wealth and gloss of early life. It will stop falling of the hair also; and will keep the scalp clean and healthy, entirely free from dandruff.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

There's a pleasure in offering to you such a preparation; while you will certainly feel a sense of security in using something that others have used for half a century. Do not be deceived by cheap imitations which will only disappoint you. Make sure that you get the genuine Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Prepared by Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Union Barber Shop.

GARCIA & CANARIO, Props.

We Shave, Cut Hair and Shampoo at Cut-Price Rates.

We also take particular pains with Children's Haircutting.

UNION BUILDING, Waiuanuenu Street.

JAS. M. CAMERON,

Plumber, Tinner, Metal Worker.

Mr. Cameron is prepared to give estimates on all kinds of Plumbing Work and to guarantee all work done.

Hilo Barber Shop

CARVALHO BROS., Proprietors.

The Old Reliable Stand is still doing

UP-TO-DATE WORK

Razors honed, Scissors and all edged tools perfectly ground.—Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WAIUANUENUE STREET.

The CITY STABLES

F. BRUCHELLI, Proprietor

TELEPHONES:

Hack Stand, No. 126
Stable, Volcano Street, No. 125

Livery and Boarding Stables

HEAVY TEAMING and LIGHT EXPRESS.



Telephone Orders promptly attended to.

Koa! Koa!!

or Lumber in small and large quantities; well seasoned. Furniture made to order, any style wanted. Repairs made on any kind of furniture. Prices moderate.

Serrao Cabinet Shop. Apply to JOSE G. SERRAO.

Oceanic S.S. Company

Time Table

The steamers of this line will arrive and leave this port as hereunder:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Alameda	Feb. 21
Sonoma	March 5
Alameda	March 14
Ventura	March 26
Alameda	April 4
Sierra	April 16
Alameda	April 25
Sonoma	May 7
Alameda	May 16
Ventura	May 28
Alameda	June 6
Sierra	June 18

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Alameda	Feb. 26
Sonoma	March 4
Alameda	March 19
Ventura	March 25
Alameda	April 9
Sierra	April 15
Alameda	April 30
Sonoma	May 6
Alameda	May 21
Ventura	May 27
Alameda	June 11
Sierra	June 17

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CHAS. M. LEBLOND.

WHY ARE SEA BIRDS WHITE?

John Isabell, in the April Longman's Magazine, London.

There are five possible explanations of that whiteness which is so characteristic of sea birds—namely, first, that it is given them as a protection from their enemies; secondly, that it is due to that absence of elimination to which land birds dressed in an eccentric garb are subjected; thirdly, that it enables them more easily to procure their food; fourthly, that it is due to sexual selection; and, lastly, that it forms, in combination with dark wings or tail markings, a badge by which they may be recognized by their friends. The first explanation, which finds most favor with naturalists, the writer ventures to dispute altogether. Color may be either a screen, behind which its owner can safely live and freely move, or a signal of danger, like the warning red flag above a powder magazine. The tawny hue of the lion and of the gazelle, which assimilates them to their surroundings, and aids the pursuer and the pursued in turn, is an example of the first. As an example of the second we have the gaudy colors of many butterflies, and the black, white, and yellow of the magpie moth, which advertise the paradoxical fact that the insects are unfit for consumption. Sea birds live under totally different conditions. They have no snow as a background; they do not swim in milk, or fly in an atmosphere resembling that of a flour mill, and the supposed analogy between their circumstances and those of Arctic birds is a poetic figment. The normal hues of the ocean are blue, green and gray. White upon blue is one of the most striking contrasts possible, and white upon green is little less distinctive. If gray in itself does not excite attention, while on a background of gray is thrown into instant relief. Upon the supposition that whiteness confers invisibility on sea birds, we are driven to the strange conclusion that the young, which are often gray or brown, are left without protection, although they need it most. Before coming to the conclusion that whiteness makes sea birds invisible to super-aquatic eyes it surely is desirable to face the question, Is protection needed? Protection against what? We can quite understand why white land birds are so rare. A white vegetable feeder would not long escape the talons and beaks of birds of prey, and birds of prey which called attention to their presence by obtrusive raiment would soon find their larder bare. But what have sea birds to fear? They are clamorous, greedy, fierce, and pugnacious; capable of defending their own interests, and feeding almost entirely on fish.

It is a suggestive circumstance that the colors of sea birds correspond in one important respect with those of the fishes on which they feed. Almost invariably a fish is dark above and light beneath, this distribution of colors helping it to escape observation. Now, nearly all sea birds are black and white, or gray and white, the darker tints being found on the wings and back, and the white feathers on the breast and abdomen. It may be, and probably is, an advantage to aquatic birds to have their white feathers turned seawards, so that they may be less easily seen by the fishes they are in quest of, and the fact that the eagles which have taken to fishing are colored like their nautical colleagues lends weight to this consideration. The tendency to whiteness once encouraged, whether by absence of danger or as an aid to the procuring of food, might well be intensified by sexual selection. Lastly, there can be little doubt that a potent influence in the decoration of birds is the necessity for marks whereby members of a species may recognize each other. These "banner colors," as they have been called, are shown in the wings and tails of many sea birds, black bars crossing the outer feathers of the gray or white pinions and of the expanded fans.

Such are the considerations which lead to the conclusion that

the usual explanation of the whiteness of sea birds—namely, that it is a device to make them invisible to aerial enemies—is entirely erroneous. Why, then, are sea birds white? The answer is, for four cumulative reasons. First, they are white because flesh-eating enemies powerful enough to weed out whiteness are absent from the element which they frequent; secondly, because whiteness, and especially a white under-surface, facilitates their approach to the fishes which form their food; thirdly, because the preference of the sexes for each other, taking the line of least resistance, has accentuated the tendency to whiteness; and, lastly, because a white plumage forms, in combination with black markings, an excellent signal by which friend can recognize friend, and the whereabouts of food be quickly indicated.

TOLERANCE.

A Writer in Harpers Moralizes on a Dry Sunday.

Religious toleration is greatly in the ascendant in America in our day. It is not universal, but it is dominant. In the early years of the magazine, when Dr. Holland was enthusiastically preaching from this pulpit a liberal orthodoxy, he was assailed by the then representatives of institutions which since that time have themselves been under criticism for that very lack of firmness in the faith of which he was accused. Doubtless Dr. Holland's own writings, so clear, so devout, so humane, were themselves largely instrumental in bringing about the very toleration which now exists.

Tolerance in religious matters is further advanced than toleration in some other matters. Take, for instance, the liquor question: that is today more of a firebrand than the question of fire everlasting itself. There are many persons—very good and in many directions very tolerant persons—who are able to tolerate no difference of opinion whatever on the question of spirituous liquor. They are addicted to totality—to total abstinence for themselves, and total abstinence, by law and compulsion, for every other person. They especially are attached to the idea that the law should be "total," even if the practice does not conform to the law. Those who are troubled by the blackmail and other evil effects of trying to stop by law the consumption of alcoholic beverages on Sunday in a community like New York, where a very large portion of the population refuses to consent to the prohibition,—those who are so troubled, we say, are apt to charge the upholders of Sunday prohibition with being more anxious about the facts. On the other side of the question, certain clergymen and other "reformers," who, in certain circumstances, would consent to some modification of the severity of the law, maintain that they are not in favor of more drinking on Sunday, but of less, and that less under stricter regulations and oversight.

It is not of the question directly at issue that we wish to speak, but of the unfortunate circumstance that so many good men refuse to consider the matter coolly and sensibly and in relation to the actual facts and conditions, and approach it with preconceived notions and in a spirit of inflexible intolerance. And yet, even in this field, we see a growth of tolerance on the part of men who are among the strictest advocates of temperance. Nor is all the tolerance monopolized by those who object to intolerance.

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The Clansmen of Scotland.

The Highlanders of Scotland by the Manipulation of Native Dyes Have Made for Themselves a Series of Multi-colored Tartans. These With Their Badges, Battle Cries, and Pibrochs Serve to Distinguish the Clans in Peace and in Battle.

[BY DOUGLAS STORY, FROM MUNSEY'S MAGAZINE.]

It were hard for the Lowlander to realize the inspiration that rests in the skirl of the bagpipes, the swish of the Highland kilt, and the glint of the sun on the tartan. To the true son of Scotland, these are as the breath of battle to an aged charger, as the cry of the mother ewe to the wandered lamb, as the smoke of his childhood's home to the returned prodigal. Sensitive though sentimental, emotional while reserved, the Scotsman to the third and fourth generation reacts to the sight of his nation's garb as a babe to its mother's crooning.

To explain this high sentiment of the Scot it is necessary to remember that all the wearers of a clan tartan are members of the same family, common descendants of a common father. The Gaelic word *clann* means seed, or children. The MacArthurs are all sons of the far back chieftain Artair. The MacDonalds of the Isles are all blood kinsmen of that Donald who sheltered Robert the Bruce in Dunavertie.

So, when a MacArthur sees the green tartan traversed with the yellow bar of his clan, or a MacDonald discovers the red crossed with green, the heart of each leaps at the sight of a brother, a brother in blood as well as in sentiment.

Two thousand years ago there were twenty one of these families inhabiting North Britain. From them have descended all the hundred clans of Scotland.

THE CLAN TARTAN.

Originally a huge blanket, belted round the waist and carried over the head and shoulders, the Highland dress has developed into the most ornate and most complicated costume in existence. In its earliest form the dress was blanket colored, made of the wool of the sheep, undyed and indistinguishable. With time the Highlanders learned to dye the cloth with the roots and barks of their native flora. Their blacks were obtained from the bark of the alder tree, their blues from the blueberry, their greens from the broom and the whin bark, their reds from the rock lichen, and their yellows from the root of the ash tree and bracken. The heather mixed with alum gave them their darkest green, the dandelion their magenta, and the bramble their dark orange.

With these the Highlanders worked curious designs on their cloth, and every clan came to have its own tartan—or *brecan*, as it is called in the Gaelic. By means of these was every family distinguished, and the various members of the family differentiated. There was the clan tartan, worn by every member of a common family; the chief's tartan, worn only by himself and his immediate heir; the dress tartan, for occasions of state; the hunting tartan, for use in the hills; and the mourning tartan, worn when death had robbed the clan of its chief, or *daoinensal*.

BADGES AND BATTLE CRIES.

In addition, each clan chose for itself a badge, or *suai-chantas*, as a further aid to identification. The MacQuaries wore in their bonnets a sprig of the Scots fir; the MacArthurs, a branch of wild myrtle; the MacDonalds of the Isles, a slip of heather. The Stewarts carried the thistle as their badge and gave it as a national emblem to Scotland.

These badges were common to the entire clan. The Scots fir, badge of the Clan Alpine, was worn by all the subsidiary families—the MacGregors, the Grants, MacKinnons, MacNabs, MacPhies, MacQuaries, and MacAulays. The wild myrtle, badge of the Clan Campbell, was worn by all of its contributory clans. All of the clan Chattan carried the red whortleberry or boxwood. This was the badge of the MacPhersons, the MacIntoshes, the MacDuffs, the MacBeans, the Shaws, the MacGillivrays, the Davidsons, and the

MacQueens. In great enterprises the clans marched to battle under the clan *suai-chantas*. In smaller excursions, the tartan served to distinguish them.

CATHGHAIAM AND PIBROCHS.

In addition to the differences in tartans and badges, every clan had its own pipe music. The cries, or *cathghairm*, as the Highlanders call them, were taken as a rule from some place-name indicative of the locality in which their homes lay.

The Campbells rushed to battle with the cry "Cruachan!" from the giant mountain shadowing their fastnesses along Loch Awe. The rallying cry of the MacIntoshes was "Loch Moidh!"—the Lake of Meeting. The Grants yelled "Craig Elachail!"—the hill in Strath Spey overlooking their country. Some of the clans chose their *cathghairm* from a clan peculiarity. The MacQuaries dashed to the charge with the battle cry "An t-Arm Breac Dearg!"—"the army of the checkered red!"—in reference to their tartan. The Gordons shouted "A Gordon! A Gordon!" The Camerons cried, *Chlanna nan con thigibh a so's gheibh sibh feoil!*—"Sons of the hounds, come here and get flesh!"

The Mathesons chose as their *cathghairm* the cry: "Dail ach'nda thear na!"—"the field between the two hills." In this plain the Mathesons gathered for battle, and it was a tradition in the clan that no luck would be theirs did they muster elsewhere. With these and the clan pipe music, every family of Highlanders was easily and definitely distinguishable.

Each clan has its own gathering music, its march or pibroch, and its laments. The Camerons march to "The Pibroch of Donald Dubh," the Campbells to "The Campbells Are Coming," the Grants to "Stand Fast Craigellachie," the Stewarts to the march "My King Has Landed at Moirdart."

Each of the pibrochs records some famous deed of the clan, or some great chieftain's prowess in the past. As the post of piper is hereditary in Highland clans, the pibrochs have been handed down from father to son from the remotest times to the present day. With them have come the traditions of the family, its past greatnesses, its victories, and its history of failure and success. Its laments record its saddest days, its direst losses.

No nation possesses so vast a storehouse of family history as do these Highlanders of Scotland. The Campbells wail "The Marquis' Lament," and the MacIntoshes "The MacIntosh's Lament," as dolefully in Canada or in Australia, and with as true a knowledge of the events upon which they are founded, as do the gillies on the banks of Loch Awe or on the braes of Lochaber. Each Highland heart beats to the music of its own clan as certainly today as ever in the past.

THE HIGHLAND GATHERING.

Sir Walter Scott, in "Waverley," tells how Flora MacIvor sang to him the "Roll Call of the Clans." As a "gathering" it may be taken as a fair translation of the songs which fire the blood of the Gordons and the Camerons in the presence of the Afridis, the Boers, and the dervishes of the twentieth century, as truly as they did the warring clans of five hundred years ago.

Awake on your hills, on your islands awake,
 Brave sons of the mountain, the firth, and the lake!
 'Tis the bugle—but not for the chase is the call;
 'Tis the pibroch's shrill summons—but not to the hall.
 'Tis the summons of heroes for conquest or death,
 When the banners are blazing on mountain and heath;
 They call to the dirk, the claymore, the targe,
 To the march and the muster, the line and the charge.
 Be the brand of each Chieftain like Fin's in his ire!
 May the blood through his veins flow like currents of fire!

Burst the base foreign yoke as your sires did of yore,
 Or die like your sires and endure it no more!

"Lochaber No More" brought tears to the eyes of the Highland soldiery over the grave of General Wauchope at Magersfontein as sincerely as ever it did on Highland moor by the graveside of the chief.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE KILT.

In considering the development of the Highland dress it is probably easiest to begin with the long saffron garment worn by the chiefs and daoinensal of the middle ages. This was a garment of a single piece, made of fine linen, and containing some thirty yards of material. As a consequence, it was reserved for the use of men of wealth and position in a clan. Although not a warlike garment, it seems to have been used in battle; since in the records of the Gordons it is told how Angus, chief of the Clan Chattan, was shot by one of the Earl of Badenoch's men, who had distinguished him by reason of his being "clothed in a yellow war coat." In this garment kilt and plaid were one.

A modification of the blanket colored garment worn by the MacArthur is the tunic of MacIvor. In the old burial grounds of the Highlands the monumental effigies of the chiefs most frequently wear this dress. A sash wound round the body acted as a belt to bind the cloak and as a baldric from which to hang the clai'mor, or sword of the Highlander. The spear in MacIvor's right hand is of a pattern eighteen hundred years old. It might be used as a stabbing spear, or could be thrown as a Zulu throws his assegai. The small round shield, or target, of the Highlander appears in different patterns throughout all the existing pictures of men in battle array. It was invariably round, covered with hide, and studded with nails. Sometimes it was carried in the hands as a defense against missiles, frequently it was worn buckled to the arm as a protection against clai'mors and battle spears.

The MacDonalds of the Isles are heirs to the long time separate kingdom of the Western Highlands and Islands of Scotland. In 1544 Donald Du, chief of the clan, crossed to Ireland with four thousand men, transported in one hundred and eighty galleys. Most of these warriors were clothed in habergeons of mail. This shirt of mail was the common defensive armor of the Highlanders. It covered the warrior from neck to ankle and is of the same pattern as that adopted by the Romans, according to Varro, from the Gauls. Underneath the body armor the Highlanders wore a leather doublet, the cuffs of which were made of the tartan of the clan.

THE MACDONALDS OF THE ISLES.

A distinctive feature of the Highland dress was the buskins, or cuarans. Those were the boots of the Scottish warriors. Their manufacture was speedy and simple—a mystery to the slower minded English. Placing his foot on the skin of a deer or the hide of a bullock, hair outward, the clansman cut out a portion suited to his purpose. This he doubled over the toe, outward and inward across the foot and upward behind the heel. A thong of hide run through eyelets made of the whole a boot. The MacIvor wears badger heads as an additional embellishment, the MacQuarie possesses buskins of cowhide, and the boy of the Matheson clan cuarans of deer skin.

The MacIntoshes, sons of the Thane of Fife, have carved their name with the clai'mor into the history of Scotland. Along with the MacPhersons they claim the honor of having been the branch of the Clan Chattan who fought with the Clan Dhail on the North Inch of Perth in 1396, as told by Sir Walter Scott in "The Fair Maid of Perth." The MacIntosh of the illustration wears the Highland court dress of the beginning of the eighteenth century, a much ornamented and elaborated costume.

THE CHARM OF THE TARTAN.

Today the kilt is preserved as the uniform of the Highland regiments in the British army. In the war with the Boers, when the War

Office ordered a transformation from kilt to khaki, there came near to being a mutiny, and the authorities were glad to compromise matters by compelling the wearing of khaki apron over the blue-black kilt of the Black Watch and the yellow striped kilt of the Gordons. Behind that apron the stout legs of the Highlanders have carried them to death at Magersfontein and Paardekraal, to victory at Johannesburg and Pretoria.

Made a transportable offense in 1747, the wearing of the tartan has become for Highlanders a matter of conscience as was the maintenance of the covenant to the Lowlanders of the west and south. Today it lives as the garb of the finest soldiers the world possesses, as the costume of Scottish gamekeepers and gillies, as the hereditary vestment of the clan pipers and minstrels, as the dress of the retainers of the oldest Highland families.

To the Scotsman the tartan speaks of the mist on the hills, of swift rushing streams and heather clad mountains, of lonely moor stretches and cozily nestled clachans, of the cry of the grouse and the wail of the whaup, of the gentle Scots tongue and the call of the mother land.

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