

BUSINESS NOTICES.

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History of the Kamehamehas.

Translated from the Hawaiian of E. M. KAMEHA. Kamehameha I. CHAPTER IV. Keawapala having succeeded to the Kingdom of Hawaii, the chiefs as well as his brethren lived under him. Some of the chiefs, however, began to conspire together, because they considered that they were deprived of their rights in land. These were Keamooka, Keawepoepo, and Kamakua—all brethren of Keawapala. In the fight which ensued, Keamooka's party were defeated; that was known as the battle of Kaimo—Keamooka being unable to escape, except by sea. A canoe came from Kakaia, [a little way to the northwest of Kailua] bringing the intelligence that Kalanionou—[a son of South Kona] was for the purpose of making war against Keawapala, whereupon Keamooka concluded to side with Kalanionou, and embarking in a canoe, he met him at Honolulu and there agreed that Kalanionou should have all his rights (Keamooka's) to the kingdom of Hawaii. Keawapala having heard of the junction of Kalanionou and Keamooka, made ready for his war and proceeded to South Kona with his chiefs and warriors. The principal fighting took place at the hill called Pa, from there to Kaapehi; but all the way between Keel and Honanuan was a battle ground. The ground is a very uneven and rocky one, full of holes and cut up with ravines—suitable, however, to those skilled in the ancient style of warfare in Hawaii. The fighting lasted for a long time, with the advantage sometimes on one side and sometimes on the other. Kalanionou had a priest named Hoia, who said to his chief that the only way to get Keawapala killed was first to procure the death of his priest, Kaaka by name. So it accords with this advice, Kaaka was caught and cruelly put to death. [Whether it was owing to this that Kalanionou succeeded in his enterprise, the historian does not say, but we are led to infer so from what follows.] It was in the year 1764 that Kalanionou became king of the entire island of Hawaii. He was the son of the King of Kaa, and his grandfather was king of the whole island of Hawaii. His mother was Kamakakua. Upon coming into the kingdom the new king proceeded to arrange his government by fixed rules. He appointed certain chiefs as governors for the different districts; to others he gave the charge of divisions and aliquots of land, and to others again, the smaller subdivisions—so dividing up the land among his chiefs and warriors. The business of canoe-building, and that of fishing, was also preserved distinct. He also set apart the classes of persons known as kaohaka, (counselors) kioa, (priests) and those skilled in the various occupations with the ancient heiau, or temples. One of the principal counselors was Kioa, and others associated with him, named Kaala, Kapala, and Punone. Kalanionou was a wise king, and also very much skilled in the athletic arts of wrestling, boxing, etc. But his great fault was that he was prone to war, fond of display, and did not pay much respect to the rights of others in regard to lands. This led him to make a raid on Maui, in the year 1759, when he took possession of the districts of Hana and Kipahulu, and appointed a chief named Puna as governor, who was Kalanionou's kahu, and a skilled warrior as well as a wise counselor. After Kalanionou returned to Hawaii from his conquest of East Maui, Kamehameha Nui made war upon Puna, the King of Hawaii's governor, whom he had left in charge of East Maui. Kamehameha Nui was assisted by the chiefs of Molokai and Lanai in the war, which goes by the name of Kapalili, owing to the large number of chiefs and warriors engaged in it. There was a strong fastness called Kanawiki, built of Ohia logs and other woods, which had been famed from ancient times as an impregnable place. As the materials for this place were brought from different localities that were noted for one or another circumstance in the history of the people, so it became to be valuable in the eyes of the chiefs. And Hana has always been regarded with peculiar affection by the chiefs on account of this noted fort, and also on account of the salubrity of its climate. This war lasted a long time between Kamehameha Nui and the chiefs of Hawaii. In one of the battles there came a chief of Molokai and took part. His name was Kaohela, and he was said to be a most extraordinary expert warrior, quick as to running, and very strong physically. He would allow a man to get on top of him—he would not—and then, in a little or no time, he would tear his antagonist in pieces; such was his strength and agility. But on the side of the chiefs of Hawaii there was also a celebrated warrior—celebrated for his agility and strength—named Kamakakua, who was said to be the fastest and most enduring runner ever known, and the most skillful in throwing the spear. It is related of him that such was his quickness, that he could catch birds before they had time to take wing. These two met at the battle of Makoleha, and the champion of Hawaii, Kamaka, was the first trial of attempting to pierce his antagonist with a spear. The Molokai champion said to him of Hawaii at the commencement of this duel: "Break off the end of your spear, Kamaka." "No," said the other, "I shall not do so for you." The reason why Kamakua made that remark was, that he felt a regard for Kamaka—they having been children together on Molokai. But Kamaka appeared to have forgotten this, and his mind was set on war. The Hawaii champion exhausted all his death-dealing weapons on him of Molokai; fast and furious they came, like falling leaves of the ohia or the hala, (thick as the autumnal leaves that strew the brooks in Vallambrosa,) or like the drops of rain, when a shower comes on. Kaohela, however, was not touched by any of these weapons. He had besides, a breastwork or defense from the spears and other missiles. When these were all exhausted, Kaohela said to his antagonist: "Tomorrow, my god shall eat you." [It may be mentioned here, that the chiefs in olden times—and even their descendants of the present day—were remarkably expert in the spear exercise. Some now living, septuagenarians, have not forgotten their skill.] The next day the champion of Hawaii did not go into the general battle, but remained in the reserve. Kaohela, however, was watching him, and in order to bring him to action, he sprang into the midst of the engagement, where the fighting was fiercest. To a warrior like him, the attempts of ordinary men were quite futile; every one tried to strike him in vain; the showers of spears that were sent at him were as harmless to him as the showers that come from the clouds. He fairly bathed in weapons. As fast as a spear was thrown at him he would catch it, and holding it in reserve, either on the right or left side, it was made a bulwark of defense. In that battle, the soldiers of Hawaii were so badly used that they became like a whirlwind, rushing first and way and then another, and Kaohela followed them on. On this occasion Kaohela killed Kamakakua, having beaten him in a chase, and overtaking him thrust him through with a spear. However, Hana remained an appanage to the kingdom of Hawaii, because Kamehameha Nui gave up the war. A chief named Mahiela came from Hawaii and landed on East Maui, and observing that Puna was governor of that place, set his wits to work to get it for himself. He said to Puna: "I have been sent here by Kalanionou from Hawaii to relieve you from the charge of this district, because he wishes to have some secret talk with you; I am to remain in charge of the fort until you return." Puna took these words to be true, as coming from his kiki, the king, and left for Hawaii, leaving Hana in charge of Mahiela. And so the latter got possession of Hana and Kipahulu. Those lands however, belonged to his family by descent. But the remark was made by Kalanionou: "The root prepared for the cock has been usurped by the hen. I did not send for you to return to Hawaii." Kamehameha Nui reigned twenty-nine years king of Maui. He had numerous wives and children, but the kingdom did not descend to any of his own children. In making his circuit of Maui, when he arrived at Kaawapala, he was attacked with sickness. At Kakaia, in the district of Hana, he said his wish was, that Kaheki should be his successor in the kingdom. He died at Hana, but his remains were afterwards conveyed to Moaloa, on Molokai. The character of Kamehameha Nui, as preserved in traditions, is that of a kind king, in favor of peace. It is not said of him that he got up war expeditions against any of the other islands. In the year 1766, Kekihi became King of the Island of Maui. He was noted for his fondness for sports—such as jumping from precipices into the sea. He was known to have jumped from a height of 100 to less than three hundred and sixty feet, and sometimes four hundred. The places from whence he made his leaps are still pointed out on Maui. He was fond of the art of taotuing, and half his body, from head to foot, was marked with different characters. He was of a weak voice, and after he became king described the society of women and lived a secluded life on the hills. He was King of Maui twenty-seven years, and seven years he reigned over Oahu. During this time, Peleoholani, the King of Oahu, (formerly King of Kanai in this history) had taken possession of Molokai, and about this period, that is to say from 1750 to 1766, there were numerous wars and small fights between the chiefs. Kaheki of Maui, and Keamooka of Hawaii, were at war constantly. There are many interesting stories related concerning the wars—how they were commenced on very frivolous grounds, and also how they were ended without any result. [Sometimes a little dispute between relatives about fishing rights would result in what they called war, (kaui) and for months together, in whole districts, the ordinary pursuits of life would be suspended.] While Keamooka was at Hana, on Maui, carrying on war with the Kekihi, the delicate Kaahumanu was born there—she whose name is so intimately connected with the history of the Kamehamehas. Hereafter, in the course of this history, she will be frequently mentioned in connection with the names of Kamehameha I, 2nd, and 3d. [To be continued.] THE ORIGIN OF WOMAN.—Ladies doubtless will feel interested in the following account of their origin, taken from a Madagascar myth: "The inhabitants of Madagascar have a strange myth touching the origin of woman. They say that the first man was created of the dust of the earth, and was placed in a garden where he was subject to none of the ills which now afflict mortality; he was also free from all bodily appetites, and though surrounded by delicious fruits and limpid streams, yet he felt no desire to taste of the fruits or quaff the water. The Creator had, moreover, very strictly forbidden him either to eat or drink. The great enemy, however, came to him, and painted to him in glowing colors the sweetness of the apple, the lusciousness of the date, and the succulence of the orange. In vain; the first man remembered the command laid upon him by his Maker. Then the fiend assumed the appearance of an effulgent spirit, and pretended to be a messenger from heaven, commanding him to eat and drink. The man at once obeyed. Shortly after a pimple appeared on his leg; the spot enlarged into a tumor, which increased in size and caused him considerable annoyance. At the end of six months it burst, and there emerged from the limbo a beautiful girl. The father of all living turned his way and that was, sorry perplexed and uncertain whether to pitch her into the water or give her to the pigs, when a messenger from Heaven appeared and told him to let her run about the garden till she was of marriageable age, and then to take her to himself as a wife. He obeyed. He called her Bahonna, and she became the mother of all races of men." FRENCH ALFRED has composed a waltz.

THE AMERICAN NATURALIZATION TREATY WITH BAVARIA.

The following is a free translation from the German of the text of the naturalization treaty recently concluded between Bavaria and the United States: Article I. Subject to the Kingdom of Bavaria who have become naturalized citizens of the United States of North America and have uninterruptedly lived during five years in the United States, and are considered as American citizens and accordingly treated by Bavaria. Likewise shall the subjects of the United States of America who have become naturalized citizens of Bavaria be considered as subjects of Bavaria and be treated as such by the United States. The mere declaration of intention to become a citizen of one or the other State shall have no effect of naturalization with respect to one or the other State. Art. 2. Any naturalized citizens of one State may be indicted and punished after returning into the territory of the other State if he has committed any act threatened with punishment before his emigration, providing the crime has not become obsolete according to the laws of his original country. Art. 3. The treaty between the Kingdom of Bavaria and the United States, and the States of the other party, concluded on the 22nd of September, 1853, respecting the extradition of fugitive criminals, to be granted in certain cases, shall continue in force. Art. 4. If a Bavarian, naturalized in America, takes up his residence in Bavaria without intending to return to America he is to be considered as renouncing his naturalization in the United States. Likewise an American naturalized in Bavaria is to be considered as renouncing his naturalization if he again takes up his residence in America, and he is to return to Bavaria. The renunciation may be considered as valid if the naturalized citizen of one State lives for more than two years in the territory of the other State. Art. 5. The present treaty will be valid immediately after the exchange of ratifications and will be valid for ten years. If one party fails to announce its intention to repeal it within six months prior to its expiration it shall remain in force until the expiration of twelve months after the time that one of the contracting parties gives notice to the other party of its intention to repeal. Art. 6. The present treaty shall be ratified by His Majesty the King of Bavaria and the President of the United States, and the ratification shall be exchanged at Munich within twelve months from this date (May 20th, 1858). A MILITARY SPECTACLE IN ROME.—The Roman correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette writes: "On the 24th inst., the Pope paid a visit to his army on the plateau of Monte Cavallo, arriving at Rocca di Papa, in a carriage at eight o'clock in the morning. As his Holiness entered the camp, rain began to fall, and was driven on by furious gusts of wind, which rose to a storm when the Holy Father reached the temporary chapel, erected at great cost in the midst of the camp. In this fabric the Pope, seated on a throne, heard the Pope's mass, which he accomplished under great difficulties, for at that elevation he was extremely cold, obliging him to wear his cassock, or red robe, and as the rain pierced the roof of the chapel, a red umbrella was held over his head. The white linen for the altar was stained in places by the weight of bullets, and in places by the rain. The Pope's carriage, to prevent its being carried away by the tempest. In spite of these disadvantages, the Holy Father went through all the service of the mass with his usual deliberation. The troops then gathered in the middle of the camp, where the Pope mounted a high pulpit, and regardless of wind and rain, bestowed upon them his solemn benediction. Gen. Kazerly wished him to wait for the troops to be assembled, but the Pope, who was impatient to see his army, intended to proceed to the descent from the summit of the camp. This operation, however, proved even more fruitful of discomfort than the celebration of mass in the camp chapel, and the cover of the Pope's carriage was blown away by the wind. The Pope, however, was not deterred by this, and he proceeded to catch at the rites of the service, who led the way. Finally, the aged Pontiff reached his carriage, and was conveyed to Grosseto. The journey, which has been a real martyrdom for the old man, has already produced a bad effect on his health, and he is expected to be unable to accompany the Pope's journey to the Pontifical capital, 3,000,000, and promises another installment of its debt next week. WHAT IS TEAR?—The principal element of a tear is water; this water, upon dissolution, contains a few hundredths parts of the substance called mucus, and a small portion of the salts of soda, of potash, and of phosphate of soda. It is the salt and the soda that give to tears that peculiar savor which earned for them the peculiar epithet of "salt tears." The tears are composed of a flat of "bitter" at that of ours. "Salt" is, however, the more correct term of the two. When a tear dries, the water evaporates and leaves behind it a deposit of these salts and phosphates, these amalgamated, and as seen through the microscope, array themselves along cross-bands, which look like diminishing arcs-benue. These arcs-benue are called the "lacrimal gland," which is situated above the eye-ball, and underneath the upper lid on the side nearest the temple. Six or seven exceedingly fine canals flow from it on the under surface of the eye-lid, discharging their contents a little above the delicate cartilage which supports the eyelids; these canals or canaliculi carry the tears into the eye. But tears do not flow only on certain moments and under certain circumstances, as might be supposed; they are continuous; all day and all night, although less abundantly during sleep; they trickle slowly over the surface of the eye-ball, giving them that bright enamel and limpid look which is one of the characteristic signs of health. It is the ceaseless movement of the tears over the surface of the eye-ball, which is the cause of its brilliancy, and effect the regular spreading of the tears, and the flow of these has to be constantly renewed. In the way just mentioned, because tears are not only a fluid, but also are carried away through two little drains called "lacrimal points," situated at the corner of the eye near the nose. Thus, all tears after leaving the eyelids, flow into the nostrils, and if the reader will assure himself of this, he has only to notice, as people do the fact may be, that a person after crying much is always obliged to make a two-fold use of his or her pocket-handkerchief.—Chambers' Journal.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

GENERAL LEE is a delegate to the Virginia Episcopal Convention. When is he most likely to hatch? MARVIN T. HEAD is said to be one of the most men in Chicago. His enemies invariably write his name M. T. Head. JOHN RICHARDS, of Durham, Maine, died recently at the advanced age of 100 years, 9 months and 5 days. He was one of the earliest settlers in that part of the State. THE Yale Courant proposes that the students who graduate with the late President Day, should contribute one dollar each to erect a suitable monument to him on the College grounds. E. PERRY, of Montreal, was left with few provisions, left full to take care of a light-house on one of the islands of Lake Superior. The setting in of winter prevented a visit to him afterwards, and he starved to death. THE equipage of Col. T. B. Lawrence, General of the United States for the Kingdom of Italy, at the recent course of Gale held in Florence, surpassed in elegance and good taste any of the turn-outs of the nobility. A FULL-LENGTH engraved portrait of Queen Elizabeth, in miniature, by Miss Rogers, a contemporary artist, no other impression of which is known to exist, has been discovered in England. A RETURNED CALIFORNIAN found the baby he had left at home a fine five summer. One day he offered her a present, and she exclaimed: "I wish you had never married into the family!" THE Supreme Government of Peru has ordered that all the consignees of guano should increase by ten shillings the price of each effective ton of guano that they sell in their respective deposits. THOMAS NEVER COME SINGLE.—An honest old lady in the country, who had her husband's death, exclaimed: "I wish I were dead, our troubles never come alone! It ain't a week since I lost my best hen, and now Mr. Hen has come, too, poor man!" SUBSCRIPTIONS.—The Alfred Memorial Fund have newly elected the amount already received to nearly £20,000, and it is intended at once to commence the erection of the hospital. Another election was held on the 10th inst. with the Prince's visit has been the enrollment of a Scotch brigade of volunteers, to be called "The Duke of Edinburgh's Own." THE London correspondent of the New York Tribune says a curious accident befell Swinburne, the poet, on July 10th, in a reading-room of the British Museum. The poet was busy at one of the desks when he was seized by a convulsion, and he fell forward by it to the floor, and striking his head against an iron staple, received a blow that nearly fractured the skull. The violence of the fit was so great, that he was obliged to be held to be held down on the floor for some minutes. THE Bishop of Argyle tells several stories about the churches in the western Highlands of Scotland. He was lately compelled to remove from one of the churches in his diocese, one of the illuminated texts:—"Drink, and let the camels drink also." He was originally intended to be a precept inculcate kindness to animals; but the people, who had very slight knowledge of English, interpreted it to be a permission at least to induce in liquor, and allow the old enemies on the other side of the hills, the Campbells, to refresh themselves in the same way. BLACKWOOD, the Scotch publisher, brings out a volume of songs by Lord Byron, an eminent judge of the northern Kingdom, and the new edition of his works, and a scientific world. Mr. Darwin's theory of the origin of species, by natural selection is made thus to explain itself: "A deer with the neck that was longer by half than the rest of its family (try not to laugh) By stretching and straining its long neck, As a bird of Creation, which nobody can deny. A very tall pig with a very long nose, Sends forth a protuberant quill down his nose, And he then by the same means, Which nobody can deny, An ape with a pliable thumb and big brain, When the gift of the gods has managed his brain, As a bird of Creation, which nobody can deny. ICEBERGS IN THE ATLANTIC.—The New York Sun says: "Vessels arriving at this port during the past few days all report an unusual number of icebergs in the Atlantic Ocean. A steamer Atlanta encountered twenty-five in a single day, and it is estimated that the iceberg lengthened by the slow rate of speed she was compelled to adopt to avoid dangerous collisions. It has been suggested that the coldness of the water, and the coldness of the atmosphere of the ocean by these Arctic visitors is the cause of the excessive rains we have been having during the past few weeks; and it is proposed to make the idea. The cold blasts from the sea, meeting the warm, damp air which floats over the land, must, of course, condense it, and cause it to deposit in the form of rain. Why there should be so much ice this season is a subject for still further inquiry. The ship Adolphus, at New York from Bremen, reports passing in the Gulf of June, between fields of ice, some of them being at least two hundred feet high. She had to go many miles out of her course in avoiding them." On May 1st, William Marry Drummond, Police Magistrate of Daylesford, Victoria, died from the effects of a bite by a tiger snake. He allowed himself to be bitten by the reptile in order to test the efficiency of an antidote which a man named Shires protested to have discovered. Shires has been committed for manslaughter. THE return of the Registrar-General of Victoria, recently published, shows that in the first quarter of 1868 there were 3,227 males and 3,137 females born in the colony; and that 5,973 males and 5,838 females arrived in the colony. Of the males, 1,601 and of the females, 1,179 died; and 5,327 males and 5,189 females left the colony by water. The total increase of population in the quarter was 3,688 and the estimated population of the colony on the 31st of March was 664,570 persons. FROM January 1st to May 15th, the value of imports amounted to £4,600,570 against £4,705,578 during the same period—1867, £4,885,198; 1868, £5,973,854. THE Constitution has the following curious paragraph relative to the Chilian colony of Magallanes: "Persons supposed to be well informed assure us that the government, so solicitous of immigration, and anxious for the colonization of the territories of Arasco and Magallanes, is on the point of concluding, or has already concluded with the government of H. M. the King of Italy, an agreement that the King of Italy will furnish as many emigrants as the colony can accommodate, and will pay half the cost of their passage, the Chilian Government providing the rest. Up to this point the agreement is singularly liberal, and the terms are not so very onerous; but the second part of the agreement is not quite so satisfactory—the class of subjects of which King Victor Emmanuel wishes to send to the colony, is well known, that on the Italian frontier the royal army—or at least a portion—has been occupied for some time back in combating the brigandage fomented from the Farnese Palace by the ex-King of Naples, in agreement, it is said, with the Holy Father, who employs in that object a good portion of the money called St. Peter's pence. Well, the Italian army frequently makes numerous prisoners among these gangs, who fight for God and their king, and which constantly insist Calabria, the Abruzzi and other places of very hottest fame; and of these prisoners, with whom the King knows not what to do, our Government wishes to avail themselves, according to a rumor, in order that Magellan's may flourish marvellously."

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

J. MOTT SMITH, Director of the Government Press. HONOLULU: WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 16, 1868.

BY AUTHORITY.



To ROBERT G. DAVIS, Esq., and RICHARD H. STANLEY, Esq., Greeters: Whereas, by an Act to compile and publish the Penal Laws of the Kingdom...

We having full confidence in your skill and ability to make the compilation of Penal Laws above directed to be made, do hereby commission you jointly to compile ready for publication the Penal Laws as herein directed...

Official information has been received at this department that during the temporary absence of Elias Perkins, Esq., from Lahaina, Wm. G. Needham, Esq., has been duly appointed Acting Vice Consul of the United States for that port...

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Vessel Wanted.

By authority of the Board of Immigration, the undersigned solicits proposals for furnishing a Schooner or other Vessel.

Of sufficient capacity to accommodate at least Forty Immigrant Passengers. Such vessel will be required to proceed to the GILBERT AND CAROLINE ISLANDS...

PROPOSALS will be received until the First Day of September next. Further information may be obtained by application to...

List of Tax-Collectors Appointed for 1868.

- OAHU: Honolulu, G. H. Lane; Ewa and Waianai, W. K. Kamae; Waialua, W. C. Lane; Kaula, W. C. Lane; Lanai, W. C. Lane; Maui: Lahaina, Peter H. Treadway; Waikaloa, H. K. Kamae; Makawala, J. K. Kamae; Hanalei, T. C. Forsyth; Molokai and Lanai, D. Kaopahu; Hawaii: Hilo, G. W. Akao; Hamakua, J. K. Kamae; North Kohala, W. Merseburg; South Kohala, H. Cooper; North Kona, J. H. Kamae; South Kona, K. Kamae; Kauai: Hanalei, Sam' l'ileal; Anahulu, S. Kamae; Lihue, T. H. Marshall; Koloa, W. O. Smith; Waimea, J. H. Kamae; Niihau, Frank Sinclair.

His HIGHERNESS M. KEKULANOA shows no marked symptoms of improvement. Daily consultations of physicians have been held at his bedside, but they can give no great hopes, as yet, of his recovery.

We are not disposed to dispute with our neighbors upon the definition of terms, and therefore, so long as the application of the word coolie to our Chinese immigrants is conceded to mean voluntary laborers, as they really are, the use of the term will not falsify facts.

There are other questions growing out of the effects, influences and results that arise from the introduction of the Chinese in large numbers, that may well engage our attention and awaken our thoughtful consideration as Hawaiians...

European coolieism? Such a result is exceedingly desirable, and though beyond the power of the government to accomplish, can perhaps be brought about by private enterprise. We should be glad to see starting Swedes and Polish-Prussians, in large numbers, locating on these islands, and content to take to rude labor and small pay. Our national prosperity would thereby receive an impetus that would make world-wide our reputation for smartness.

Fortunately or unfortunately, the arable lands in this kingdom are not capable of division into small farms that can be worked as such to profit. Some of the larger sugar estates, if prosperity attends their future operations, might with advantage to the national wealth be divided, while there are many small lands that can be put into sugar or rice that only await an assured reward for their cultivation to find men willing to work them.

Foreigners by almost every packet leave these islands who are not above rude labor at home—will work on farms for small wages or a bare subsistence, but they cannot afford to work, and they will not work at the wages our agriculturalists can pay.

Eight or ten dollars per month will not keep a meat-eating, woolen-dressed European. The cost of living for him in this country is much above such wages, even were he content to work in the field with the laborers now employed there.

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The Labor Question.

MR. EDITOR:—To the Planters and others interested in the development of agriculture on these islands, and its concomitant, the labor question, it is amusing, if not surprising, to witness the erratic course of your contemporary journal, the Advertiser.

The down-right practical men among us who have experience in the matter of laborers, and who also are cognizant of the schemes and flights as set forth in that journal from time to time during a long period, make charitable allowance for them, as coming from a literary or reliable one—and therefore, many of its views which are set forth pass away "like the idle wind which is heeded not."

Having a personal interest in the labor question, I have given some attention to the late articles on the subject that have appeared in the journals of your city, as also to former articles that have treated on the topic, and I cannot but attest to the general correctness of your observations relative thereto as given in your last issue.

As a matter of curiosity, some of the views that the Advertiser has given to the public may be recalled and compared with its present expressions. In the year 1867, in an article on the "Labor Question," the following may be found: "We have got enough of Chinese."

"We think the case clearly stated in this article, showing that any further importation of coolies is unwise." "The history of our plantations and of our courts of justice all go to show that our coolie laborers are of the lowest and most degraded class of humanity, but little elevated above the brute creation."

"These coolies are imported solely for laborers, and unless they show a disposition to follow an honest calling, they should be compelled to continue in the service they enlisted in." "A law will be required compelling them to re-engage in service for a term of years, or to return to their own country, or to enter the government public service."

"The faithful labor of one northern European will produce more in one day than the labor of five coolies, and save the expense of a field driver or overseer."

Now, in a late article in said paper on the "coolie system," we read: "No reasonable man objects to the introduction of emigrants from China, Japan or elsewhere." "We need laborers, we must have them from China, from Japan, from wherever they will come."

It now seems apparent that our would-be guide, the Advertiser, which one year instructs that "a law will be required compelling them," does the next year, when a law is made bearing upon their case, turn about and rebel against its own sage advice!

Advertiser for its index of direction for business in their line—whatever the planters and others may think of the suggestion!

The history of some of our plantations the present year show conclusively, that many of these same coolies "but little elevated above the brute creation" have been gathered into schools for religious instruction, and have made progress under the benevolent efforts of Christian masters and overseers.

The Press reports that only the last month, one who was imported a coolie having been deemed a thoroughly worthy Christian and competent man, received appointment under the auspices of a Hawaiian Christian organization as a teacher and preacher to his fellow countrymen on the plantations, and we doubt not, he will receive all encouragement from our worthy and well-disposed planters and masters of Chinese coolies.

"O consistency thou jewel!" Your correspondent has had experience in their capacity as laborers on these islands, with the Swede, the German, English, Irish, "the irrepressible Yankee," Negroes, Kanakas and Coolies, and can affirm, that with good treatment and good wages, great shirks and good working men will be found among each class; and that the view put forth that "the labor of one northern European will produce more in one day than the labor of five coolies," is a delusion which will "vanish in thin air" when the one is "pitted" against the five under equal conditions.

This is not said with the design of detracting from the good qualities of the northern European laboring class or any other. By all means let them be tried, and the Southern Polynesian Islanders also.

The coolies of the Beaufort importation, a lot of which the writer has good acquaintance, are a manageable and efficient set of laborers, giving prime satisfaction, and are regarded preferable to Hawaiians, and in our view, verify the report of Dr. Hillebrand, that the Chinese coolies of all the Asiatic races available, possess the best physical capacity for labor.

The labor question is truly one of momentous importance to this nation, and the Board of Immigration have a most responsible, and as is witnessed, a most thankless task in any effort to supply the clamorous demand for laborers.

Dissolution of the Firm of J. Robinson & Co.

The oldest firm in Honolulu, that of James Robinson & Co., was last Saturday dissolved by the death of Robert G. Lawrence, one of its two original members.

It was commenced in 1822, and the shipyard located on the point (Pakaka) in 1827, where by patient industry, close application to business, and prudent management of their affairs, the firm has accumulated wealth and grown aged with the flight of years.

Mr. R. W. Holt was for many years a partner. He died in 1861, leaving a large estate to his family. The commencement of this firm was through a common friendship and a common misfortune—the result of one of those accidents which give a turn to human life, and which divert it from its former course.

In 1821, Mr. Robinson and Mr. Lawrence, both young men, left England to seek their fortunes in the distant and then imperfectly known Pacific Ocean. They sailed in the Hermes, reaching Honolulu in the spring of 1822. The Japan whaler-rocket had been just brought into notice, the Hermes, together with the British ship Port, started the same day from this port to cruise there.

Twenty days out, on the same night, both vessels ran upon an unknown reef and were totally lost. More than sixty persons were thus thrown upon a desolate, barren lagoon island, in an unexplored part of the ocean, with no prospect of success except through their own management and skill.

Mr. Robinson commenced to build a schooner from the wreck of the ships, in which, with eleven others, he subsequently reached these islands in October, 1822. Before the completion of the schooner, an English whaler made the reef, and took away all the men except Mr. Robinson's party of six, and six sailors, who would neither go away nor work for their own deliverance.

Four months were spent upon the reef—now known as the Pearl and Hermes Reef—and the schooner, short of water and provisions, started for Honolulu. A long passage of ten weeks, with no other nautical instrument than an old quadrant and a pinbeck watch to determine their position, brought them in sight of Hawaii with scarcely any provisions left, and only three gallons of fresh water on board.

Mr. Robinson and Mr. Lawrence, thus thrown upon this island as waifs from the sea—their original plans entirely broken up, had really, by their indomitable energy and thrift, made the wreck on the Pearl and Hermes Reef the foundation of their subsequent business and financial success.

That time from the East. They found that a shipyard was already a necessity of the port, and they entered upon the business. In 1827 they obtained from Kalaikouka, Pakaka—the Point—then nothing more than a coral reef, on which they established their shipyard and built the first wharves able to take alongside vessels and ships.

Through the long period of forty-six years this firm has identified itself with the business interests of the islands, and its name and financial resources have become familiar to all our residents. The partnership that existed was not one founded on legal forms or written conditions. It was commenced and has been carried on these long years through the simple force of individual character and confidence in personal integrity.

That either member of the firm insisted upon a business transaction or an investment contrary to the opinion of the others, was an unknown fact. The firm has always been an unit in its plans and transactions, keeping their affairs to themselves and continuing steadily prosperous.

Mr. Lawrence was born at Bromesbury, England, January 9th, 1793, and was consequently, at the time of his death, 76th year. Three sisters and a brother are yet living in England, all in advanced years. He leaves no children.

For some years past, on account of his growing infirmities, he has seldom left the premises on the Point, and latterly was confined to his house. Since his arrival in 1822 he has left this island but once—on a business trip to Maui—and has never been off the group. Such another instance of adherence to one locality, we think, can hardly be pointed out.

His large estate has been divided by will, the terms of which are not yet made public. The funeral will be attended from the house on the Point, where he has so long resided.

R. H. Agricultural Society.

The following business was transacted at the annual meeting of the Royal Hawaiian Agricultural Society, held in the Supreme Court room in Honolulu, on the 28th day of August:

The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and approved. The President, Judge Montgomery, read his report to the Society. The Treasurer, Mr. F. A. Judd, read his report for the year, which was approved and filed, and ordered to be published.

A motion was unanimously passed that a Certificate of Life Membership be presented to the Hon. W. Hillebrand, M. D., in consideration of his eminent services and expenditures of private funds, in the service of the Society.

A motion was carried that the address of the Ex-President, just read, be published. The election of officers was then held. [The names of the officers elected were published in our issue of Sept. 2d.—Ed.]

Mr. Castle moved that the thanks of the Society be presented to Judge Montgomery for the interest he has ever manifested in the prosperity of the Society, and the manner in which he had presided in the administration of its affairs.

Mr. Castle remarked that in making this motion he felt that his thanks were due to Judge Montgomery for what he had done to promote the interests of the Society. The motion was passed unanimously. Adjourned.

President's Report.

The close of another year brings together the members of the Society at the Annual Meeting provided in its original Constitution of 1851, in which it is also a fundamental rule that the retiring President shall deliver an address, epitomizing its proceedings for the past year.

Such, however, was the torpid condition of the Society for several years, that its annual meetings, and consequently its annual meetings, had entirely died out. It is, therefore, with no small amount of gratification that I now ask leave to revive that salutary rule under more cheering and favorable auspices.

A fatal error had been committed by the Society in the selection and purchase of a site at so great a distance from town as to be inaccessible to pedestrians, who form a vast majority of the community; as was too conclusively proved by the rapid and total cessation of annual meetings, (on whose money it must always depend for support.)

After that purchase, so that the property of the Society was, for some seven years, vested in the few life members who had originally qualified by paying \$50 each to its funds.

The sale of that ill-fated garden, in 1860, placed the Society in the position for which I had steadily and almost privately, for several years, and enabled us to purchase another site more eligible; and I have now the pleasure to report that a site has been purchased in fee, in Emma Street, containing about three acres of excellent land, within very few minutes' walk of the town, well watered and commanding a splendid view of the town and adjoining ocean, and in all respects unobjectionable, except in its too limited area, a defect quite within the reach of remedy by the purchase of other adjacent lands, if only the funds shall be contributed for the purpose, which I by no means despair of.

Already the new garden, under the management of our vigorous gardener, Mr. Crowell, has been graded, cultivated, fenced, and partially planted with about 300 choice and valuable exotic trees and plants—the result, mainly, of Dr. Hillebrand's Asiatic tour—and when completed, will contain a specimen of every useful and ornamental plant collected by him, the value of which, to all who have any appreciation of such matters, it would be difficult to over-estimate.

Many of them have already proved to be well adapted to our soil and climate, and it is hoped that by judicious and careful management in our garden, where those already planted seem most healthy and vigorous, almost all of them may eventually become acclimated. I am quite safe in asserting that so extensive cultivation of such valuable exotics has never before been accomplished anywhere in so limited a period.

It will be seen by the report of Mr. Derby, the Society's excellent and competent Curator, (to whose skill and untiring energy in the successful care and culture of the planted seeds forwarded by Dr. Hillebrand, the King-dome is mainly indebted for so valuable and splendid a collection,) that he has distinguished over the Kingdom, gratuitously, 632 plants; and has sold for account of the Society the Coffee and Standish steam plow, a California invention, has been successfully tested at Martine, where the inventors reside. It is said to be alike practical and economical in its working. The plow is about thirty feet long and thirteen feet wide, and weighs about a third and a half ton. It is capable of a speed of six miles an hour, but when working moves at about the pace of a walking horse, at the same time plowing, harrowing, and sowing a breadth of twelve feet, leaving the ground fully powdered mellow, and level as a floor. With the resper and thrasher attached it leaves nothing to be desired for wholesale farming.

Another steam plow, on quite a different principle, has been recently invented by George Willard, of Chicago. This plow operates by means of revolving spades, power to propel the machine being separately applied. It excavates a width of six feet—each of the six "spades," at every revolution, turning a section six by thirteen inches in size and ten inches in depth, with forty pounds of steam a speed of about one mile per hour can be attained. The cost of the machine is from \$2,000 to \$2,500 currency, and it is said to be able to turn over the ground at the rate of an acre per hour. A company with \$50,000 capital has been formed in Chicago to manufacture these plows somewhere in the West, but we have seen no account of its operations. The beginning, however, has been made, and in a few years the application of steam to plowing will be common all over the country. The changes which this will work can hardly be over-estimated.

Crows—The crow has found a friend at the East. He has but few in these islands. A warm discussion for and against crows took place at an Agricultural Congress in New York. Most of the speakers were down on crows; but one farmer of admitted intelligence and success, excited great laughter by announcing that he kept time crows to protect his corn-fields from the ravages of the grub and cut-worm. They spend the whole day hunting them for amusement, and their appetite is appeased. He counted over a hundred June bugs that one of his crows picked up for breakfast. He says that what crows and fruit are consumed by crows and Jays is trifling compared with what they save from destruction by insects.—Alto.

It is frequently suggested that a Society assuming the title of "Agricultural," ought to embrace in its projects and operations more elements of that all-important department than can be achieved by a mere metropolitan garden, such as the introduction of improved live stock, and experiments on the culture of food-producing plants and seeds—a suggestion fully appreciated by those who have had the management of the Society's affairs of late years.

It ought not to be forgotten that the Society has already made some progress in the latter branch, and amongst other valuable introductions, has established the cultivation of Carolina Rice, which has proved so admirably adapted to the soil and climate of the country, as well as to the habits of the natives, and which was originally raised in, and distributed from, the former garden, by the Society's energetic Curator, Mr. Holstein, and which has since become an important and lucrative staple export. It is intended to devote an adequate portion of the new garden to experiments on the culture of new plants and seeds, with a view to the distribution of such as may be found of practical value; but as regards the introduction of live stock, its cost is quite beyond the reach of any funds at the disposal of the Society. If the community resident on the several Islands shall see fit to sustain the Society—now, as I feel convinced, effectually resuscitated—with adequate funds, we anticipate, ere long, being in a position to encourage individual enterprise in that department by premiums for the introduction of meritorious stock, which is as much as the Society can reasonably aspire to do at present.

This Society, which originated in 1850, is by its original Constitution and subsequent Charter, composed of two classes of members, viz: Life Members, whose qualification is the payment of \$50 in one sum to its funds; and the other, Annual Members, who pay \$5 each, yearly, and who, on ceasing to pay, cease to have any voice in it. It is not endowed in any way, and does not own any property yielding revenue, and is, therefore, entirely dependent for its subsistence on the good will of the public, and such assistance as the Board of Immigration and Agriculture may be pleased to render. If, therefore, the operations of the Society, of late years, have been less efficient or satisfactory than might be desired, the public, who have withheld that assistance so indispensable to its efficiency and progress, must be content to bear the responsibility of its shortcomings. It is to be hoped that when the progress made by the Society since the last annual meeting, shall become known and appreciated, our fellow citizens will not fail to contribute the very trifling amount necessary to qualify a life member, and acquire a voice in its management. I anticipate the day, and at no very remote period, when the lack of a right to visit the Society's garden will be a matter of reproach, as its possession will be an indispensable luxury, to at least every citizen of the metropolis.

The election of officers of the Society for the ensuing year, is one of the duties of the present meeting. It is to be regretted that so few take an interest in its progress, and that its officers must be selected from so limited a number, for it is worse than useless to place any in office whose taste or interest in its objects is not sufficient to induce them to devote a small portion of their time to it. Allow me to request that the meeting shall elect another member to fill the Presidential chair for the coming year. That office was not originally intended to be a monopoly, and I do not think it is for the interest of the Society to allow it to become so. I know that there are others amongst its members in every way qualified to discharge its duties, and who, I hope, will not object to do so. In whatever position it may please you to place me, I shall not fail to take the same interest in, and devote the same attention to, its affairs as heretofore.

Steam Plows.

The application of power to replace human hands in the performance of rude labor, has in agriculture been as successful as in any other department of industry. The farm, of late years, has become the field for the introduction of many labor saving machines, that have so reduced the cost of production as to make lands valuable that were once deemed not worth tillage. This is particularly the case with California, most of whose immense agricultural capabilities are due to improved implements. Her fields are plowed, sowed, reaped, and the grain thrashed and bagged for market by machines. The reaping and thrashing machines are so perfect and do their complicated work so thoroughly that little is left for inventive genius in that direction.

Attention is now given to the accomplishment of plowing by steam. This is not difficult on level grounds and in favorable ground, and steam plows are not a new practical idea. But the cost has been a great hindrance to the general use of steam plows, as not every farmer can afford ten to fifteen thousand dollars for a plow. The latest improvements are thus noticed in a late exchange. The Coffin and Standish steam plow, a California invention, has been successfully tested at Martine, where the inventors reside. It is said to be alike practical and economical in its working. The plow is about thirty feet long and thirteen feet wide, and weighs about a third and a half ton. It is capable of a speed of six miles an hour, but when working moves at about the pace of a walking horse, at the same time plowing, harrowing, and sowing a breadth of twelve feet, leaving the ground fully powdered mellow, and level as a floor. With the resper and thrasher attached it leaves nothing to be desired for wholesale farming.

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THEOD. C. HEUCK Offers for Sale New and Desirable Goods SHORTLY EXPECTED FROM EUROPE & THE UNITED STATES.

R. C. Wylie from Hamburg, Wilhelm I. from Bremen, Ceylon from Boston, AND PER Steamers Idaho and Montana.

By Every Packet from San Francisco AS FOLLOWS: Shipment per R. C. Wylie, JUST RECEIVED, CONSISTING OF Dry Goods, &c.

DALEE FANCY PRINTS OF SUPERIOR quality and new styles. White Cottons, Blue Cottons, Brown Drills, Blue Drills, Heavy Blue Denims—a sup' art.

A Complete and well selected Assortment of Cotton, Linen, Doeklin, Cashmere and Fine Cloth Coats, also, Pantaloons of various styles and qualities, Fine White Mantles and Black Satin Vests, etc. etc.

In great variety and styles, viz: White Madapolam and Fancy Boston Shirts, White and Printed Cotton and Hickory Shirts, Fine White Linen, Bosom and all Linen Shirts, Plain, Colored, Striped and Fancy Colored Flannel Shirts, assorted, Heavy Grey and Blue Flannel Shirts, open Front Shirts,

A Choice Assortment of Men's Cotton, half Wool, Merino and Silk Undershirts and Drawers—all large sizes. A complete invoice of Men's Socks in Cotton and Wool—white, colored and fancy. Ladies' Fine White and Black Stockings, superior quality.

Of the very best of German and French manufacture, in Calfskin, Cloth, Cashmere, Patent Leather, etc. etc.

Men's Superior English, German and French Saddles—large. Ladies' Saddles, Bridles of various styles, Bits, Spurs, Saddle Cloths, etc.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF Groceries & Provisions, Crushed Sugar in half barrels, Superior West-phalia Hams, Bologna Sausages, Sardines in half and quarter boxes, Assorted and Choice Canned Goods in Glass and Tin, etc.

Casks very Superior Pale Brandy, Fine old Whisky in wood, Superior Port Wine, Sparkling Hoek, Champagne, Claret, the Celebrated Gin of Remygin, and Sons, Schiedam, Ails and Porter in quarts and pints, of the well known Brewery of Deuten & Schroeder, Hamburg, the famous Liebfrauenhoek Hoek.

Paints and Oils—Superior White Lead, Zinc White, Boiled Linseed Oil, CASKS ZINC, in Sheets of 36 by 72 and 37 by 84 inches. ROLL SHEET LEAD, of 2, 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, 5 and 6 pounds per square foot. ROUND BAR IRON, from 3 to 13 inches diameter. WINDOW GLASS, in boxes of 50 feet each, from 15 by 24 to 30 by 40 inches.

ON HAND, Besides Other Merchandise, Downer's best Kerosene Oil, in a gallon tin, Fresh California Lime, Best Portland Cement, Rosendale Cement, Marble Dust and Plaster of Paris, Roseng's Fein, Superior Kona Coffee. Also, First Shipment of the well known MESS BEEF, packed by C. Berle-mann, on Kauai, Just Received and Ready for Inspection.

Expected Daily to Arrive per Ceylon from Boston, Bales best Assorted Denims, White and Blue Sewing Cottons, Cases Fine Merinoes Printed Assorted Patterns, Superior White and Brown Cottons and Drills for family use, Lauapwick, American Sullins—large size, Hosiery Superior Handles Assorted sizes, Native Spades, of the best make (O's), Card Matches, Gutta Percha Hose and Couplings, 1/2 inch, 3/4 inch, Saltpeper, Mason's best Blacking, Barrels Turk's Island Salt, etc. etc.

Also, Soon to Follow per Wilhelm I. A SHIPMENT OF VERY DESIRABLE German, English & French Goods, To be Specified Without Delay.

The Steamers and Packets From San Francisco, by every trip, will bring Invoices of New and Desirable Merchandise, Consisting of all the various branches of manufactures and all provisions of California, the Eastern States, England, and the Continent of Europe, Which Shipments will be Classified on arrival.

All of the above is offered for Sale at Reasonable rates by THEOD. C. HEUCK, Cor. Fort & Merchant Streets.

THEOD. C. HEUCK Offers for Sale New and Desirable Goods SHORTLY EXPECTED FROM EUROPE & THE UNITED STATES.

R. C. Wylie from Hamburg, Wilhelm I. from Bremen, Ceylon from Boston, AND PER Steamers Idaho and Montana.

By Every Packet from San Francisco AS FOLLOWS: Shipment per R. C. Wylie, JUST RECEIVED, CONSISTING OF Dry Goods, &c.

DALEE FANCY PRINTS OF SUPERIOR quality and new styles. White Cottons, Blue Cottons, Brown Drills, Blue Drills, Heavy Blue Denims—a sup' art.

A Complete and well selected Assortment of Cotton, Linen, Doeklin, Cashmere and Fine Cloth Coats, also, Pantaloons of various styles and qualities, Fine White Mantles and Black Satin Vests, etc. etc.

In great variety and styles, viz: White Madapolam and Fancy Boston Shirts, White and Printed Cotton and Hickory Shirts, Fine White Linen, Bosom and all Linen Shirts, Plain, Colored, Striped and Fancy Colored Flannel Shirts, assorted, Heavy Grey and Blue Flannel Shirts, open Front Shirts,

A Choice Assortment of Men's Cotton, half Wool, Merino and Silk Undershirts and Drawers—all large sizes. A complete invoice of Men's Socks in Cotton and Wool—white, colored and fancy. Ladies' Fine White and Black Stockings, superior quality.

Of the very best of German and French manufacture, in Calfskin, Cloth, Cashmere, Patent Leather, etc. etc.

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PACKET LINES. HAWAIIAN PACKET LINE. For San Francisco.

THE FINE CLIPPER SHIP D. C. MURRAY, N. T. BENNETT, Commander, WILL HAVE DISPATCH for the above port, This-day, Wednesday, Sept 16.

For freight and passage, having superior accommodations for Cabin and Steerage passengers, apply to WALKER & ALLEN, Agents.

CALIFORNIA OREGON AND MEXICO STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S San Francisco and Honolulu Line. The Company's Splendid A 1 Steamship

IDAHO, or MONTANA F. CONNOR, Commander, Due here on the 30th Inst. will leave for San Francisco ON OR ABOUT THE 3rd OF OCTOBER.

COMMERCIAL.

HONOLULU, SEPT. 15, 1888. Our market is well supplied with assorted merchandise...

LOCAL NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE. PREPARED BY CAPT. DANIEL SMITH. For the month of August.

Table with columns: Day, Wind, Bar. Svm., Ther., Rain, Rainfall. Rows for days 1 through 31.

Phases of the Moon for the month of Sept. 1st, Full Moon, 21 23 P. M.

HONOLULU MEAN TIME. 1st, Sun Rise, 5 48 A. M. Sun Sets, 6 12 P. M.

THE D. C. MURRAY sails to-day at about 2 P. M. The mails at the Post-office will close at 12 o'clock.

LAST WEEK, M. BERANGER, H. I. M.'s Commissioner and Consul, called for Kaula, and will be absent from town for a short time.

CAPT. McGRIGOR reports having seen the Milo off the Kona coast, having fallen in with whales on that coasting ground.

ACCIDENT.—While Mr. C. S. Bartow was driving up Nuanuu Valley on Thursday afternoon, in a carriage with several ladies...

THE atmosphere last Saturday morning was very smoky. Since then the heavens have been clouded, and the wind variable...

EARTHQUAKES.—Three smart shocks of earthquake were felt at Waimea, Hawaii, on Tuesday night, the 8th instant.

THE desire to appear well is contagious. The new, clean finish of Mr. Rhodes's new building has inspired his neighbors to brush up the exterior of their stores also.

WHALER.—The whaling schooner W. H. Allen returned on Saturday from a seven months' cruise on the Line and near the Bonin Islands.

WE have several times been indebted to A. J. Cartwright, Esq., for facts and dates connected with the personal history of our residents...

STUDENT DEATH.—Mr. Thos. H. Marshall, Sheriff of Kaula, died at his residence, at Nawiliwili, on Saturday, the 5th inst.

HILO SCHOOL.—Some of the Government public schools at Hilo have been consolidated, and placed under the care of Mr. H. R. Hitchcock...

PASSENGERS. From Windward Ports, per steamer Kilauea, Sept. 12—Capt J. Mako, Capt C. Brewer, Miss C. Smith, E. F. Adams, A. S. Mason.

THE LIGHTHOUSE.

During the past few days several expeditions have been made to the point of the reef at the southeastern side of the entrance of the harbor...

MR. EDITOR.—The Commercial Advertiser.

has a very blunt perception of the tendency of its articles, if it supposes that they have no effect...

DIED.

MARSHALL.—At his residence, Nawiliwili, Kaula, Sept. 5th, Thos. H. Marshall, of epilepsy, aged 53 years.

OLD KONA COFFEE!

Fresh Roasted and Ground, at 25 Cents per Pound, at HENRY MAYS.

N. B. FOR THIRTEEN YEARS THIS COFFEE HAS MAINTAINED A HIGH REPUTATION...

JUST RECEIVED! FRESH MOLOKAI BUTTER!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD NOTIFY Consumers of the above, that he has contracted for the whole of the Butter made on the Molokai Dairy Farm...

NOTICE TO AMERICAN CITIZENS AND SHIP-OWNERS!

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES, At Honolulu, Aug. 31, 1888.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF AMERICAN CITIZENS AND SHIP-OWNERS...

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, January 16, 1887.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. HAVE RECEIVED FROM BREMEN, AN ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS...

Per Haw'n Bark R. C. Wylie, FROM BREMEN, An Assortment of Dry Goods, Woolen Goods, Hosiery, FRENCH DRESS GOODS and Fancy Articles.

TO THE LADIES Honolulu, and Adjoining Islands

Ladies' & Children's Hosiery, Gaiters, Slippers, Shoes, Balmoral & Croquet Skirts, Hoop Skirts, etc., etc.

AT THE PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY On Fort Street, MAY BE SEEN THE VIEWS TAKEN OF THE LATE LAVA FLOW AT KAHUKA!

NOTICE! THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE to all persons, that from and after this date, all animals found straying on his land...

Licenses Expiring in Sept., 1888.

RETAIL, Honolulu.—M. Akiko, 5th, Tok Tok, 4th, J. O. Nelson, 4th, J. O. Nelson, 4th, J. O. Nelson, 4th.

Pilot and Navy Bread.

FOR SALE BY (32-3m) BOLLES & CO.

List of Foreign Jurors

DRAWN for the October Term, 1888, of the Supreme Court. Peter Dalton, J. McShane, J. P. Hughes, J. McCullagh, H. L. Chase, Wm Jarrett, G. Emmes, S. G. Wilder, C. N. Spencer, S. S. Savige, J. J. Clifford, S. C. Allen, J. J. Dowdell, R. Love, L. L. Torbert, H. E. McFayre, J. S. Smith, J. B. Atherton, J. C. Gleas, J. P. Peterson, I. Bartlett, R. Lewis, A. McKibbin, L. McCULLY, Clerk.

Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

William W. Wilber, vs. Phoebe T. Wilber. WHEREAS, the complainant in the above entitled case has filed a petition...

WANTED!

TWO SHEPHERDS. Wages, \$15 Per Month, and Board. Apply to T. H. DAVIES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF MULLER'S, DEETJEN'S, and BREMERMAN'S (GERMAN) ALES...

Valuable and Desirable REAL ESTATE FOR SALE!

THE HOUSE AND LOT at present occupied by the Rev. E. H. Corwin, situated in NUANUU VALLEY.

Northwestern Mutual Life and Endowment Insurance Co.

\$3,700,000 Assets. PARTIES WILL FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST to investigate the NORTHWESTERN before insuring elsewhere...

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EX R. C. WYLIE!

SQUARE AND ARCH Fire Bricks, Floor Oil Cloth, 36 inches wide, in pieces of 25 yards each—elegant patterns.

SUPREME COURT.

In the Bankruptcy of AKAU, of Waialua. ALL CREDITORS who have PROVED their claims and are entitled to vote, are hereby notified to attend at my office in the Court House, Honolulu, for the election of Assignees on THURSDAY, the 17th inst., at 12 o'clock noon.

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