

MAUI



NEWS.

VOLUME I

WAILUKU, MAUI, H. L., SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1900

NUMBER 9

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FOREIGN NEWS

LONDON, March 31; 4:15 a. m.—The head of the army of Lord Roberts is now about twenty-one miles north of Bloemfontein. It occupies a cluster of hills won from the Boers after a stiff fight, in which the British lost seven officers and 100 men.

The reason why a hot chase was not made after Commander Olivier is that Lord Roberts did not wish to wear out the cavalry transport. General French lost 3,000 horses in the relief of Kimberley and the pursuit of General Cronje. Lord Roberts lost 3,000 transport cattle at Waterval Drift, and it is estimated that he has lost 4,000 other animals since the forward movement began on Feb. 13.

The advance beyond Bloemfontein is through a bare country and the supply officers foresee an increasing difficulty in providing for a great army moving along a single line of railway, even when the latter is working smoothly and with ample rolling stock.

LONDON, March 29.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing yesterday, says:

"General Joubert died of peritonitis. The funeral will take place tomorrow (Thursday). The Government is pleading with the widow to allow a temporary interment here, with a state funeral. Joubert always expressed a desire to be buried in a mausoleum built on his farm."

"His successor in the chief command will probably be General Louis Botha, now commanding in Natal."

LONDON, March 30.—Queen Victoria has cabled to Lord Roberts asking him to convey to Mrs. Joubert, widow of General Joubert, her sympathy at the loss of her husband, and to tell her that the British people always regarded the dead general as a gallant soldier and honorable foeman.

LONDON, March 30.—The War Office has issued the following from Lord Roberts to the Secretary of War:

"BLOEMFONTEIN, March 30.—Owing to the activity of the enemy on our immediate front and their hostile action toward burghers who surrendered, I found it necessary to drive them from some kopjes they had occupied near Karsie Siding station, a few miles south of Brandfort. The operation was successfully carried out by the seventh division, assisted by the first and third cavalry brigades under French and Le Galleis' regiments of mounted infantry. The enemy retreated to Brandfort, and our troops now hold the kopjes.

LONDON, Mar. 28, 5 A. M.—The Standard gives double-leaded prominence to the following dispatch from Odessa:

"There can be no longer any doubt as to the object of the war-like preparations now being completed in South Russia. Nearly 250,000 troops have already been mobilized for active service. The Black Sea squadron, with transports, is held in instant readiness.

"The tension in the relations between St. Petersburg and the Sublime Porte becomes every day more acute. The position is looked upon with the gravest apprehension.

"If the Ottoman Government, supported by Germany, should prove stubbornly intractable with regard to Russia's concessionary demands in Asia Minor, serious complications must inevitably ensue. The Russian garrisons in the Caucasus and along the Armenian frontier have been increased fourfold and equipped for active service."

LONDON, March 28—4 A. M.—Comandant Olivier appears to have gotten his 5000 men and twenty-five miles of wagons into rugged country, where he can make an easy rear-guard defense. Charles Williams, the military expert, says:

"If this column gets through substantially Olivier will have carried out the great feat of the war, seeing that he ran every chance of being ground between the upper millstone of Lord Roberts' army and the nether millstone of the broken Basuto frontier. He will have done it within fifty miles or so of Lord Roberts' main strength. Certainly it looked for a week though Lord Roberts held Olivier in the hollow of his hand. If Oliver gets through to Kroonstad with even 3000 men it will be an important addition to the Boer gathering there. His escape is attributable in part to the worn out condition of the British cavalry horses."

The correspondent of the Daily News at Lourenzo Marquez, telegraphing Sunday says: The Transvaal War Office announces that the southern commandos from Colesberg and Stromberg will join the main body within forty-eight hours. Some apprehension exists that Comandant Olivier and Comandant Grobler may be cut off.

The Boers are having a little good luck and are showing some boldness again, as a raiding party estimated at 400 is believed by the British forces at Warrenton to have headed for Jacobsdal, with the intention of cutting the railway ten miles west.

Lord Roberts' transports appear to have been badly dislocated by the loss at Reit river, before Cronje's surrender, of the wagon train and in addition to this the army with which he purposed to advance toward Pretoria is nearly double that of the earlier rapid movements.

Ten thousand transport, cavalry and gun animals are due to arrive at Cape ports during this and next week.

It is given out at Cape Town that Lord Roberts' advance may be delayed for a month. Although such statements should be received with reserve, it seems positive that he intends to go to Cape Town to meet Lady Roberts, who is due to arrive there in ten days.

The War Office has issued another table of British losses, showing an aggregate of 16,652, which does not include 4004 who have been invalided home.

YOKOHAMA, March 27.—A Russian squadron has arrived at Chemulpo. It is believed this presages a demand for a concession at land at Masanpho, a small harbor twenty miles south of Chemulpo, and is arousing uneasy comments in Japan.

PEKING, March 27.—The "Boxer" movement in the north is assuming alarming proportions. News has been received here that an indecisive but severe fight has taken place between the "Boxers" and imperial troops at Yen Chiu, province of Chi Li. Each force numbered about 1500 men and there were heavy casualties

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS

The sale of the library of the late Augustin Daly realized \$100,000.

There is fear of another outbreak between the native factions in Samoa.

General Sir George White was accorded an immense reception in Cape Town, March 27.

Ex Secretary of the Interior, Hoke Smith, has sold the Atlanta Journal to a syndicate of Bostonians.

J. Pierpont Morgan has gone to Europe to arrange with William E. Vanderbilt for a big railroad deal.

Krueger threatens to hold Lord Salisbury's son as a hostage for the good treatment of Boer officials.

H. C. Grosvenor of Ohio has been nominated to Congress for the sixth time. In accepting the nomination, he made a strong speech favoring the renomination of McKinley.

James B. Dilla, corporation lawyer of New York is reported to have received a fee of \$1,000,000 for his services in healing the breach between Carnegie and Frick.

It is stated that the first act of the Boer Peace Commission, on arriving at Brussels will be to relieve Dr. Leyds the diplomatic agent, of his official position.

A resolution was to be moved in the Cape Parliament, March 30, by J. Rose Innes, former leader of the British in the Parliament, in favor of the annexation of the Boer republics.

The Duke of Orleans was soundly thrashed by an Englishman on account of his letter of congratulation to M. Willette, the artist who caricatured the Queen in Le Rire.

Congressman Kahn of California has secured the introduction of an amendment in the Hawaiian bill excluding Island Chinese from the United States.

The Australian Premiers have joined in a cablegram to Mr. Chamberlain declaring that it is undesirable to conclude peace in South Africa except on terms guaranteeing the absolute supremacy of British rule.

Secretary Root has created a new military division to be known as "the Division of the Philippines," embracing all of the Philippine archipelago.

General Bates will command the Department of Northern Luzon; General Hughes, the Department of the Visayas, and General Kobbe the Department of Mindanao and Jolo.

Copies of Filipino documents captured by the American troops disclose the fact, that a meeting at Honkong, May 5, 1898, it was decided by the Filipino junta to fight the United States if this government declined to give them complete independence, and measures were taken to secure arms for the Tagalos.

No apology was demanded or received by the United States from Lord Salisbury for tampering with Macrum's mail. An explanation was voluntary made by the British officials to the effect that in the rush of mail to be censored it was possible that some of Mr. Macrum's mail was opened by mistake.

St. Mary's Catholic Church in Chinatown was recently robbed by William Porter and Edward Jackson, two notorious crooks. They completely stripped the altars and vestry, carrying away over \$2100.00 worth of plunder. A few hours later, they were cornered on the roof of a dwelling, and after a long struggle, were knocked senseless and handcuffed. Later, both men confessed.

A gold statue of Miss Maude Adams, weighing 712 pounds, has been cast in the bronze foundry of Henry Bonnard in New York City.

Bessie O. Potter Vonnoh is the sculptor, and Miss Adams gave her twenty five sittings. The statue is of life size, and stands six feet on the pedestal. It portrays Miss Adams as "the American Girl", in a simple pose, erect, her hands close to her sides, and wearing a plain evening dress, with lace at the throat.

It is pronounced an excellent like-ness of Miss Adams.

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WAHLUKU, MAUI, H. I.

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G. B. ROBERTSON, Ed. and Prop.
MRS. G. B. ROBERTSON, Bus. Mgr.

Saturday, April 14

MAUI BLUE BOOK

Hon. J. W. Kalan, Circuit Judge	Wailuku
J. K. N. Keola, Clerk Circuit Court	Wailea
Judge, First Session Dist. Magistrate	Wailea
Kahoolawehi, "	Makawao
" Kahoolawehi, "	Lahaina
" Kaleleku, "	Honolulu
" Josepha, "	Hana
" Pitman, "	Molokai
" " Kahoolawehi, "	Lanai
L. M. Baldwin, Sheriff	Wailuku
A. N. Hayesdeia, Deputy Sheriff	Wailea
C. H. Kline, Sheriff	Makawao
C. R. Lindsay, "	Lahaina
E. Pittroch, "	Hana
G. Trimble, "	Molokai
Guy Goodness, Captain Police	Wailuku
M. Kataoma,	Makawao
M. Kaupauhaa,	Lahaina
F. J. Fecary,	Hana
C. H. Dickey, Tax Assessor	Molokai
W. T. Robinson, Deputy Assessor	Hulu
W. W. Aiken,	Wailuku
G. Dunn,	Lahaina
J. Gross,	Hana

MAUI SANITARY COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Maui Sanitary Committee held at Kahului, April 3, 1900, the following members were present: H. P. Baldwin, Chairman; D. C. Lindsay, W. J. Lowrie, L. M. Baldwin, L. Von Tempsky, C. H. Wells, Dr. J. Weddick and J. L. W. Zumwalt.

The following resolutions were presented and passed:

Resolved; that, whereas the National Board of Health has voted that the port of Kahului be declared a free port thirty days from the last case of plague on Maui; and whereas, it is now thirty seven days since the last case existed on Maui; therefore, be it resolved, that we the Sanitary Committee of Maui, acting under the authority of the National Board of Health, do hereby declare the Port of Kahului a free and open Port: Carried.

Moved that the Board of Health of Honolulu be requested to order and furnish a fumigating plant to be located at Kahului, to be under the control of the Maui Sanitary Committee: Carried.

The following resolutions were offered. Resolved that we, the Sanitary Committee of Maui, allow P. W. Wadsworth to remove from his Soda and Ice works in Kahului such articles as Dr. Weddick will authorize him to take out, the same to be properly disinfected.

Resolved that lime and cement may be shipped from the warehouses of the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Co's store after the barrels have been whitewashed, and that the fertilizers that have been treated with sulphuric acid may be shipped from Kahului to Spreckelsville after the same have been sprayed with a solution of sulphuric acid; also coal and agricultural implements such as Dr. Weddick will approve of, may be shipped after proper disinfecting. And articles generally owned by the Kahului R. R. Co. and on grounds heretofore quarantined by the Board of Health may be allowed to be shipped from Kahului to the other parts of Maui under the same restrictions and regulations as passed by the Board of Health of Honolulu for the shipment of goods to other Islands, on Mar. 19, 1900. Resolved that D. Quill be allowed to remove the Knights of Pythias paraphernalia and several wagons under the supervision of Dr. Weddick: Carried.

Moved that J. L. W. Zumwalt and D. Quill be employed by the Sanitary Committee of Maui to attend to the disinfecting of all freights and articles shipped from Kahului, under the direction of Dr. Weddick: Carried.

Resolved that the Executive Committee, Messrs. Lowrie, Wells and Baldwin, be authorized to employ assistance to burn such buildings and sheds as Dr. Garvin recommended should be burned in the rat-proof fence in Kahului, to thoroughly disinfect such portions as may be necessary to disinfect within said rat-proof fence and to put all the premises within said enclosure in a thorough sanitary condition: Carried.

Moved that the parties owning the sugar now held in the Kahului R. R. Co's warehouses be allowed to remove the same after it has been thoroughly fumigated with sulphur in a sulphur tight-room built in said warehouses, such fumigation to be conducted to the satisfaction of Dr. Weddick: Carried.

Moved that the residents of such portions of Kahului as are enclosed in the rat-proof fence, may be allowed to remove certain articles from their houses, such as may be approved by Sheriff Baldwin and Dr. Weddick; said articles to be thoroughly fumigated or disinfected under the supervision of Sheriff Baldwin and Dr. Weddick: Carried.

Signed:
J. L. W. ZUMWALT
Secretary

Some Doubts.

There still exists doubt as to whether the two cases of suspicious sickness reported in Koolau by Dr. A. B. Carter, are the plague. Dr. Carter himself insists that they are genuine cases of bubonic disease and is much exercised over the fact that the Board of Health physicians failed to pronounce them such. Although Dr. Carter has never had any experience with the plague he is an expert microscopist and bacteriologist and a physician whose opinion counts for a good deal.

Celibacy of the Priesthood

Some weeks ago a rumor was started from some irresponsible source at Rome that Pope Leo XIII had dispensed Catholic priests throughout South America from the law of celibacy. It was also said that this order was soon to be followed by a decree permitting all priests throughout the world to marry. While this rumor was taken seriously by many papers we were skeptical and waited for official confirmation. Instead of confirmation we now get official disavowal in an article from the pen of Mgr. Sebastian Martinelli, the Papal delegate to America, in which he says:

"A long-cherished project of our holy father—the reunion of the Christian churches—was used to give this statement a semblance of truth. In the entire Christian world only the Catholic church requires the celibate life of the clergy, so fervently advocated by Christ and those to whom he delegated the power of teaching His Word. There were those who feigned belief that, so anxious is Pope Leo to regraft all the sects upon the parent stem, he would be willing to surrender one of the cherished traditions of the church discipline."

Mgr. Martinelli explains that, contrary to popular belief among non-Catholics, celibacy is not a part of the Catholic doctrine. And while it has been an "immemorial custom of the priests and bishops" it was not made obligatory even on these until the decree of Pope Gregory VII.

"This papal mandate renders the marriage of a priest, deacon, or subdeacon duly ordained, not only unlawful, but null and void according to the church, and in Catholic countries null and void according to the law of the land. The marriage of a priest, deacon, or subdeacon is regarded precisely in the same light as the marriage of a divorced person whose husband or wife is living. In the sight of the church it is concubinage, and not matrimony. The monastic orders take seldom vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience; many of the religious take the vow of chastity and obedience to their superiors, but do not include the vow of voluntary poverty. These are deliberate promises to God, and as such there is no power in the church to dispense them." He goes on to explain that in some orders there are "lay brothers" who take the vow of celibacy.

He says that Pope Leo has entire power to rescind the decree of Gregory, but that "nothing is more unlikely." Even if he should take such action, Martinelli thinks that few priests would marry.

GHOSTS.

The newest of American haunted ships is the Fern, used throughout the Spanish war as a supply vessel, but now turned over as a practice ship to the naval militia of the District of Columbia. After the Maine disaster the Fern was the first United States vessel to visit Havana; several of the injured sailors were taken aboard and two of the victims died on her deck. Now it is stated that the ship is pervaded by a peculiar and inexplicable mystery. Being an old wooden vessel, she never went to sea, before her visit to the Maine's wreck, without carrying a large cargo of rats. On her return from Havana, it was noticed that the rats were deserting her, singly, or in parties of three or four. Little attention was paid to this until one night a water-tender, who had been sent down into the coal-bunkers, came up trembling and white as a sheet. This man, a Maine survivor, affirmed that while below, he had distinctly heard the voice of one of his old shipmates groaning. Several officers started down toward the coal-bunkers, and, when nearing them, plainly heard noises such as the sailor had described. As the party went on the sounds grew fainter and finally ceased. They are said to have been heard since on several occasions.

Another Fern ghost story is based on the alleged apparition of a strange beast that roams about the coal-bunkers, and, when any one approaches, takes refuge near the propeller shaft. It is described as a shadowy creature, somewhat resembling a wildcat, though larger, with two big yellow eyes that glare ferociously out of the darkness. Dogs have been taken down to attack this mysterious creature several times, but they have fled to the deck invariably with howls of terror, after nosing around a few moments.—N. Y. Sun.

ISLAND NEWS

FROM HONOLULU

(FROM THE ADVERTISER.)

Harry A. Bigelow has been admitted to practice as an attorney at law in Hawaii. He is a newcomer and a native of Norwood Massachusetts. He was graduated from Harvard University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and from the Harvard law school with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Mr. Bigelow brings letters of commendation from distinguished men of the East who speak of him as possessing exceptional talents.

Dr. Chas. A. Peterson has retired from the post of a call physician of the Board of Health and will resume his duties as Inspector of Immigration.

Goo. D. Gear, who left in the Doric Saturday goes direct to Washington. He stated before leaving that an important dispatch received by the Gaule from President McKinley was at about the time of the discovery of the Islands by Captain Cook. His father was Kekelieku of Maui, and Hoapili was born at Wai'apu, Maui, in 1845. He was educated in Lahaina. Early in life he developed strong military tastes and he was for many years an officer in the Household Troops, for a time a Captain and later a Colonel. He was a warm personal friend of King Kalakaua and the King made him Governor of Maui, a position he held for many years.

In the later years of his life he has not been actively engaged in business. He owned considerable property and lived a life of retired leisure. He married in the 70's, Miss Emma Merzeberg. Four children were born of him. Robert Hoapili Baker, Jr., Mrs. C. W. Booth, Victoria Baker, a son, and Emma Baker. His wife and children all survive him. Hoapili Baker was a man of commanding presence and splendid physical proportions. He was chosen as the model for the design of the statue of Kamehameha the Great, and in the statue in front of the Judiciary Building is preserved his figure, the acknowledged ideal type of Hawaiian physical manhood.

John T. Baker of Hilo, for years governor of Hawaii up to the time of the overthrow is of the same family as the deceased. Hoapili Baker accompanied Kala'au to San Francisco in 1890, and was with him when he died, accompanying the remains back to Honolulu.—Star.

attention to the speakers seldom observed on such occasions.

As the meeting was about to disperse one of the speakers called for three cheers for President McKinley. They were given with a vigor which seemingly indicated a deep regard for the Chief Magistrate of the United States. Besides, ear-splitting cheers for China and Japan were voiced.

Robert Hoapili Baker.

Robert Hoapili Kekalupukania Baker, of the royal family of Liloa of Hawaii, died Wednesday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock of heart disease, at his residence, Pawas. His body will lie in state at Mililani Hall from 2 to 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The funeral will be at 4 o'clock from Mililani Hall, conducted according to the rites of the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints. The interment will be in Kawahao cemetery. Robert Hoapili Baker, or as he was best known in his life time, Hoapili Baker was a descendant in the sixth degree of Liloa, king of Hawaii. His great grandfather was Napunupahoehoe, high chief of Maui at about the time of the discovery of the Islands by Captain Cook. His father was Kekelieku of Maui, and Hoapili was born at Wai'apu, Maui, in 1845. He was educated in Lahaina. Early in life he developed strong military tastes and he was for many years an officer in the Household Troops, for a time a Captain and later a Colonel. He was a warm personal friend of King Kalakaua and the King made him Governor of Maui, a position he held for many years.

The committee does not notice material in any respect, and in reality strikes direct from the shoulder.

The ultimatum is that the commissioners shall work not nominally, but shall put in 4 hours each day and instead of receiving \$10 per diem, their salary shall not be more than \$5 a day. One stenographer is enough for the court, so the committee thinks, and instead of believing that \$20,000 should be appropriated, it has recommended that the amount be cut down to \$8,250. Business men for the Court of Claims, seems to be the key note of the committee's report.

The Council of State has refused money to run the Court of Claims.

Yesterday the bill appropriating funds for the Court was shelved indefinitely. President Magoon of the Court says that he will serve without pay, but the other members of the Court have not expressed themselves on this subject. Magoon asserts that as the Court was legally appointed, any debts it might contract in the course of its business would be a legal charge against the Government.

He says that that his colleagues share this belief. Whether the employees of the Court will coincide with this theory may determine the Court's ability to begin its work. Already two interpreters, a stenographer and a bailiff have been appointed, but their salaries have not been fixed.

George A. Davis of the Court is said to have tendered his resignation, but his brother members professed ignorance of his having taken such a step. Magoon says he will not resign. Lorin Andrews of the Court is at Kahuku. Attorney Kepoiakai is on Maui. A. F. Judd Jr., has gone to Molokai, and only Magoon and Davis were in the city yesterday when the Council of State took action.

Herbert P. Williams, literary editor of the Boston Herald, whose Hawaiian correspondence has been a special feature of that paper for some months past and a specimen of which is given elsewhere in these pages, has become a member of the Advertiser's local staff. He intends to remain in Hawaii perhaps permanently and at any rate for some time to come. Another acquisition is H. M. Freck, a talented illustrator of newspapers and magazines, who is common with Mr. Andrews, the half tone artist, will give pictorial interest to these columns. City Editor O'Brien's writing staff now consists of Messrs. Taylor, Sabin, Conkling and Williams.

There are at present a rather large number of cases of typhoid and malarial fever in town. This may result from the stirring of old microbes by the vigorous work of the sanitary committee.

There seems to have been some trouble during the past week over the attempt to use the long wharf for both foreign and domestic freight.

The structure is certainly not adapted for both at the same time, and the Customs authorities will hardly allow it to be used for both. Owing to its distance from town, if it is used for local freight, it must be practically a storehouse as well as wharf.

At the present time the amount of local freight justifies its being used for both at the opinion of these acquainted with the situation.

Another long wharf is certainly needed by the demand of Hilo com-

mece.

The narrow width of the bridges that are being constructed by the Government in and near Hilo is a cause for much complaint. Hilo is not a one-horse town to such an extent that it finds a one-horse bridge sufficient for its needs, and the new bridges may properly be considered one-horse affairs, since two teams can hardly pass each other on them. Hilo teamsters are both plios in disposition and Chesterfieldian in manner, but it can hardly be wondered at that they sometimes fall out over question of precedence and right-of-way, using language that would shock a deaf man, when they get blocked up in large numbers as they frequently do at the Waikiki and Wahluku bridges.

The worst of it is that the new bridges are no better.

Mr. Philip Peck, manager of the First Bank of Hilo, to celebrate the occasion of the opening of that institution, sent a check for \$25 to the First Foreign Church, the Haoli Church, the Portuguese Church, and the Catholic Church.

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mece.

LOCALS

LAHAINA LOCALS.

Easter Sunday tomorrow.

Several country teachers are in town enjoying Easter vacation.

Don't forget to attend the meeting of the Maui Racing Association at the Court House tonight.

Mr. Helmick, former foreman of the News, is slowly improving, but is still confined to his room.

Johnny Kerr is seen quite often on the street behind his fast pacer. Guess he is shaping him up for the July races.

Superintendent Filler of the Kaluhi R. R. Co. and wife have come to Wailuku to stop for awhile as guests at Shrader's New Hotel.

A new job printer has developed spontaneously in the News office, and arrears of job work are being rapidly turned out. Send along your orders.

Messrs. Kinder and Beach will locate in Wailuku for some months as plumbers and pipe-fitters. This will prove quite a convenience to Wailuku-householders.

We notice a number of life insurance men around town, but as they have not "seen" the News, we shall make no mention of the fact of their presence in our midst.

Mrs. H. P. Baldwin will leave for the coast shortly to place her two children, Sam and Lottie, in school. She will probably remain till July and return with her son Frank and his bride.

W. G. Scott, the head luna of the Spreckelsville Plantation, has had to resign his position on account of the serious injuries which his eyes suffered, while fighting cane fires at Spreckelsville recently.

MEETING NOTICE.—A meeting of the Maui Racing Association will be held at Wailuku Court House on Saturday, April 14th, at 7:30 o'clock, P. M. All members are urgently requested to attend.

GEORGE HONS,
Secretary Maui Racing Association.

NOTICE.—The steamer Centennial will take passengers from Kahului to the Coast at reasonable rates. She will sail about the 17th. For further particulars apply to,

THE KAHLULI RAILROAD OFFICE,
KAHLULI, MAUI, H. I.

Dan Quill called at the NEWS office the other day and reported a serious case of "plague" at Kahului. Waiting patiently till the reporter pencil was sharpened, he gravely assured the reporter that he himself was the unfortunate victim who had been "plagued." His remains can be found back of Hoffman & Vethsen's stable by enquiring friends.

J. R. Higby, who had the road contract at Keanae, has about finished his contract. He has made about six miles of eight foot road, for foot and horseback travel. The work done commences at Keanae and extends three miles toward Nahiku, and also commencing at Nahiku extends three miles toward Keanae, leaving some three miles between the two places unbuilt.

Moses Waiwaiole, son of Attorney Waiwaiole of Wailuku, has become an entered apprentice in the mechanical department of the MAUI News, and by his adaptability for the work promises to become an honor to the craft. It is the policy of the News to man its office entirely with young Hawaiians, and the experiment so far has proved quite successful.

Superintendent Taylor is making very satisfactory progress in laying pipe for the Wailuku waterworks. Pipe has been laid along Market, Main and High streets and almost from town to the reservoir. The Superintendent of Public Works at Honolulu woke up long enough this week to send over a tardy but most welcome remittance on Thursday, and the work will now be rapidly pushed to completion.

Chief Engineer Petersen of the Kaunakakai Plantation, Molokai, is visiting Maui this week. He reports that the water being pumped for the plantation is becoming more brackish all the time. One large pump which was furnishing water for about one thousand acres of fine, young, growing cane some three feet high, last week pumped nearly pure sea water, and the pump was shut down, leaving the cane without water. Smaller pumps are to be tried at frequent intervals, each throwing a small stream into one main aqueduct from which it will be handled by a larger pump.

LAHAINA LOCALS.

Judge Kalan, Judge Kaleikau and Attorney George Hons, attended Court at Lahaina on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

J. J. Conobs, the energetic and irrepressible Wailuku merchant came over to Lahaina on Tuesday of this week and established a branch store with headquarters in the rear of John Readson's law office.

Several Kona (Hawaii) boys came back to school last week, having been kept away since Christmas vacation by the plague quarantine. Several others on Hawaii will not return till next term, on account of being behind with this term's work.

On April 5, two wood turning power lathes were received by the Lahainaluna School. These are excellent machines, simply and thoroughly built, and well adapted to school work. They will be run by water power. Special attention is now being given to various kinds of manual work at the Lahainaluna School.

A test case was brought by a Japanese against the Olowalu plantation to cancel his contract on the ground that its terms had been violated by the plantation, by withholding his pay for two weeks after the end of the month. An appeal was taken by the plantation from this decision, to the Circuit Court, and the appeal will be heard at Lahaina this afternoon.

Sheriff Baldwin returned to Wailuku from Lahaina on Wednesday night, leaving everything quiet here. The Kaanapali Japanese have returned to work, but the Lahaina contingent are still out. They have formulated sixteen different complaints, and it is a poor day when they do not formulate another. Most of these are both ridiculous and untenable.

The Lahaina Plantation seems to be willing to meet the Japanese half way in all reasonable complaints, but of course cannot cohere to the many absurd claims of the Japs. A few days since, the Lahaina Japanese ordered the representative of the Honolulu Japanese Consul to leave their camp. The Lahaina Japanese are still on a strike and the Pioneer mill is idle.

SHIPPING

Vessels in Port—Kahului.

Brigantine Larine, Turlaff, S. F. April 2.

Ship Emily F. Whitney, Pendleton, Manila, April 2.

Sch. Mokihana, Joseph Koolau.

Strm Centennial—Eagles from S. F. April 7.

Sch. Lady Martin, from Koolau, April 10.

Vessels Arrived—Kahului.

Apr. 7 S. S. Centennial, Eagles, 10 days from S. F. with general trade and passengers.

Apr. 8 S. S. Claudine, McDonald from Hana.

Apr. 10 Sch. Lady, Martin from Koolau with Rice.

Apr. 9 Sch. Norman, Weisbarth, from Hana and Nahiku.

Apr. 13 S. S. Mokihana, — from Honolulu.

Vessel Departed.

Apr. 7 S. S. Claudine, McDonald for Hana.

Apr. 8 Ship "Antiope", Murray for S. F. with 33600 bags sugar.

Apr. 13 Sch. Norman, Weisbarth, for Hana with sundries.

Apr. 13 S. S. Mokihana, — for Honolulu.

Honolulu Post Office Time Table.

DATE	NAME	FROM
April 7	Hongkong Maru	San Fr.
" 10	Nippon Maru	San Francisco
" 11	Australia	San Francisco
" 11	Miowera, Colonies	
" 14	Warfimo, Victoria, B. C.	
" 14	China, San Francisco	
" 17	Rio de Janeiro, Yokohama	
" 24	Doric, San Francisco	
" 25	Moana, San Francisco	
" 27	Alameda, Colonies	
" 27	Coptic, Yokohama	
May 2	Nippon Maru	San Francisco
April 7	Hongkong Maru	Yokohama
" 10	Nippon Maru	San Francisco
" 11	Miowera, Victoria, B. C.	
" 14	Warrino, Colonies	
" 14	China, Yokohama	
" 17	Australia, San Francisco	
" 17	Rio de Janeiro	San Francisco
" 24	Doric, Yokohama	
" 25	Moana, Colonies	
" 27	Alameda, San Francisco	
May 2	Nippon Maru	Yokohama

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

British Convoy Captured. Seven guns lost. Cronje off to St. Helena.

The Queen in Dublin.

LONDON, April 2.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts dated Bloemfontein, April 1st:

"I received news late yesterday evening from Colonel Broadwood, who was at Thabanchu, thirty-eight miles east of here, that information had reached him that the enemy was approaching in two forces from the north and the east. He stated that if the report proved true he would retire toward the water works, seventeen miles nearer Bloemfontein where we have had a detachment of mounted infantry for the protection of the works.

Broadwood was told in reply that the Ninth Division with Murtry's mounted infantry will march at daylight to-day to support him, and that if he considers it necessary he should retire from the water works. He moved there during the night and bivouacked. At dawn to-day he was shelled by the enemy, who attacked on three sides. He immediately dispatched two horse artillery batteries and his baggage toward Bloemfontein covering some of them with his cavalry.

"Some two miles from the water works the road crosses a deep nullah or spruit, in which during the night a force of Boers had concealed themselves. So well were they hidden that our leading scouts passed over the drift without discovering them, and it was not until the wagons and guns were entering the drift that the Boers showed themselves and opened fire. Many of the drivers of the artillery horses were immediately shot down at short range and several of the guns were captured. The remainder galloped away, covered by Roberts' Horse, which suffered heavily.

Meantime Lieutenant Chertner of Birmingham's Scouts found a passage across the spruit unoccupied by the enemy, by which the remainder of Broadwood's force crossed.

They reformed with steadiness notwithstanding all that had previously occurred.

"Broadwood's report, which has just reached me and which contains no details, stated that he had lost seven guns and all his baggage. He estimates all his casualties at about 350, including 200 missing.

LOXBO, April 4.—6:49 A. M.—No news has yet been received of the expected battle between General French and the Boers. There is now but a remote prospect of the recapture of the guns. This, however, is regarded as quite trifling compared with the political effect of the disaster. As the Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times remarks, Commandant Olivier's strategy in reoccupying Ladysmith and Thaba Nchu was bold and even brilliant. Most of his force is composed of Free Staters and the advantage gained by them will have a most disturbing effect on the mind of the Free State population.

The impossibility of offering complete protection for the moment to all farmers in the south and south-east sections of the Free State is recognized at Bloemfontein. Men who surrendered under the proclamation of Lord Roberts are now being punished for the reliance they placed in the ability of the British to protect them. As the correspondent further remarks, "this is a hard fate and every possible effort will be made to help them, but consideration for the sufferings of repentant belligerents at the hands of their fellow countrymen cannot be suffered to prejudice the military plans of Lord Roberts."

The Daily Telegraph, which takes a more humane view, says: It is just as important to protect those burghers who have trusted in our power and surrendered all means of defending themselves as it is to win victories against those who are still in arms. The Daily Chronicle whose Cape Town correspondent joyfully predicted that the war would be over in three months, says: In order to re-establish our position in the Free State we need a brilliant success won on the scene of our latest reverse.

It is announced from Springfontein that the censorship has again curtailed the dispatches. Therefore important developments must be pending.

There is little news from other

STILL LATER

Shot at Prince of Wales.

BRUSSELS, April 4.—As the train was leaving the Northern station for the southern railroad station an individual fired a revolver at the Prince of Wales, but missed His Royal Highness. The attempt upon the life of the Prince of Wales occurred at 3:35 p. m. The would-be assassin jumped upon the footboard of the Prince's saloon car as the train was starting and fled into the car aiming at the Prince of Wales. The man was immediately arrested.

Dewey Will Run.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Associated Press has confirmed the World's statement that Dewey is a candidate for the Presidency.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—It is not known what ticket Dewey wants to run on. He is a nominal Republican and his wife is an active Democrat, as becomes the sister of John R. McLean, of Ohio. She is ambitious to rule the White House, and probably imagines the Admiral as a candidate of patriotic Americans without respect of party.

SALVATION ARMY NEWS.

Major Wood, in command of the Hawaiian Salvation Army, will visit Maui next week, and will conduct a series of special meetings as follows:

Honolulu	Tuesday night, April 17.
Pearl City	Wednesday night, " 18.
Springsville	Thursday night, " 19.
Waialae	Friday night, " 20.
Wailuku	Saturday night, " 21.
Waikiki	Sunday night, " 22.

J. H. BAILEY, CAPTAIN.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At a meeting of the shareholders of the "Hui Aina o Huelo, Maui," held at Huelo, Maui, on Thursday, the 8th day of March, 1900, the following officers were elected to serve in accordance with the Constitution and By-Laws of said Hui:

HON. A. N. KENOGAI	President
HON. H. P. BALDWIN	Vice-President
F. C. ALLEN, Esq.	Secretary
W. J. LOWRIE, Esq.	Treasurer
H. N. LANFORD, Esq.	Auditor

The above officers constitute the Board of Directors.

F. C. ALLEN, Secy
Springsville, Maui, March 9, 1900.

LOST DRAFTS.

Drafts No. 47 for \$500.00, No. 48 for \$100.00, and No. 49 for \$150.00, dated February 14th, drawn by the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company on Alexander and Baldwin, Honolulu, and payable to Tang Yen, have been lost. Payment has been stopped, and all persons are warned against negotiating same.

HAWAIIAN COMMERCIAL AND SUGAR COMPANY.

NOTICE

The Merciful Man

Regardeth the Life of His Beast . . .

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he is in the business of horse dentistry, rasping, or shaping, horses' teeth which have become crooked or shapeless. I have just received a fine class of instruments from the East for this work and guaranteed satisfaction in all work. Horsemen understand and practice this treatment. I do business on the "no cure, no pay" principle. Will examine free of charge and leave owner to examine and see if the work is needed.

A noted horseman says: "The first thing I do with a colt whose speed I wish to develop is to have a veterinary dentist examine his teeth, for if his teeth are not all right he will not come up and take a good, strong hold of the bit." This is equally true of saddle, driving and work horses, and mules.

The only difference between my work and that of a veterinary dentist is that where he charges \$5 I only charge \$2.50, with a slight reduction for a number of animals.

C. B. MILES.

Wailuku, March 24, 1900.

Subscribe

For the MAUI NEWS

NOTICE.—The Undersigned has purchased the Lahaina Restaurant owned formerly by W. A. Yeats, and is conducting the same. No responsibility will be assumed by undersigned for any debts contracted by said restaurant prior to Mar. 31, 1900.

SING HOP.

LAHAINA

SALOON

MATT McCANN PROPRIETOR.

Choice Brands

of

American & Scotch Whiskey.

Beer, Ale AND Wine

Ice Cold Drinks.

Lahaina, & Maui H. I.

For Sale



Stationery OF ALL KINDS

can be had at the office of the

Maul News

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
Foreign and
Island News

We also have a complete and up-to-date line of Job Type and are prepared to do.

FINE ARTISTIC JOB WORK PRINT

- Letter Heads
- Bill Heads
- Statements
- Envelopes
- Programmes
- Invitations
- Cards
- Circulars
- Posters
- Etc., Etc.

All work executed in a

NEAT AND SATISFACTORY MANNER

When in need of Printing
of any kind

GIVE US A CALL THE Maui News



AN UNDESERVING BEGGAR.

BY
HOWARD
FIELDING.

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Crowded close to the curb of Sixth avenue in the New York shopping district sat a beggar man on a rickety camp stool. He seemed to be 60 years old, but the poor age rapidly. He might have been much younger. A chilly wind went stirring up the avenue, and it tossed the old man's white hair about his ears as he took off his battered hat and laid it appealingly in his lap.

On that side of the thoroughfare the breeze and the crowd were moving in the same direction and they seemed to take about equal heed of the beggar's plight. Presently he began to sing an old time, sentimental ballad in a weak but not unmusical voice. The elevated railroad trains rumbled and roared, and the electric cars contributed the rattle of their wheels and the whining whirr of their motive machinery, but the beggar was not to be discouraged by a discordant accompaniment or an unsympathetic audience. He sang his best despite all.

There was a pretty girl in the crowd who had an ear attuned to everything musical. She recognized some merit in the beggar's singing, and she paused to hear him. No one else paid the slightest attention to his music, and he received no alms until just as the song was done, a robust and fair young man dressed in good style approached and put some money into the hat.

"Heaven bless you, sir!" said the beggar. "This is the first penny I've had this day."

"Penny?" cried the young man. "Did I give you a penny? I thought it was a dime!" And he immediately began to search for coins in the small pocket in his overcoat.

But the beggar hastened to explain that it wasn't penny. What he had meant to say was that he hadn't had a penny before that.

"Sing another song as well as you sang the last one and I'll give you a quarter," said the young man.

This colleague had excited some attention, and a score of people were grouped in front of the beggar as he prepared to earn his fee. He sang "My Old Kentucky Home," and when he came to the chorus his benefactor supplied a tenor that was clear and sweet as the note of a flute.

The duet furnished by this strangely assorting pair would have found favor with a much more critical audience, but it was probably the unusual spectacle rather than the excellence of the music which impressed this knot of shopping women. The result, in the beggar's hat, must have been nearly \$2, for the pretty girl who has been already mentioned enthusiastically started the collection with a half.

The beggar, evidently realizing that he had, as the slang phrase goes, struck a good thing, hastily started another old time negro melody, and as he did so he looked up out of the corner of his eye at the real cause of his prosperity, but the young man seemed to feel that he had attracted more attention than was agreeable, and he prepared for flight.

At this moment, however, he caught the eye of the pretty girl, and its glance was bent upon him appealingly. He stopped, hesitated a moment with flushed face, and then with an air of good humored recklessness stepped

as he came up the beggar stopped singing.

"Well, Mr. O'Mara," said the young man cheerily, "how's the lulu today?"

"Bad—very bad, your honor," replied the beggar. "Ah, I'll never see the likes of that day on Sixth avenue!"

"Oh, yes, you will?" was the reply.

"But I say, what's the matter with your voice?"

"I have the devil's own cold on me chist, savin' the lady's prisince!" answered the beggar as he laid his hand upon the region of his trouble.

"You oughtn't to be out in this weather," said the young man, dropping his bantering manner and speaking in a tone of serious concern.

"It might ruin his voice forever," said Miss Alston, so much interested that she forgot to be conventional.

"I'm really afraid of it," said the young man, aside to her. "I believe I'll try to send the old fellow home for tonight at least."

He turned to the beggar.

"O'Mara," said he, "what'll you take to go home and stay there for two days?"

"I can't do it today, sir," was the reply. "The rent's to be paid, or out we all go."

"You have a family?" asked Anne.

"A wife and six children, ma'am," said he, "the oldest of ten."

A rather flashy young woman standing behind O'Mara laughed irreverently, and the tenor looked somewhat disturbed. But Anne saw nothing extraordinary in this statement, and she looked on the beggar with greatly increased pity.

"Suppose I give you \$10," said she. "Will you agree not to sing upon the street again until your cold is better?"

"Heaven bless your kind young heart," said the beggar. "Not a foot will I stir from me own fireside till I'm well ag'in, for it's me voice that's all I've got to keep the wolf from me dhu."

Before the young man could restrain her—though he made a move to do so—he had taken a \$10 bill from her purse and had put it into the beggar's hand. O'Mara, with many words of gratitude, picked up his stool and trudged away.

"I hope he is worthy of your great kindness," said the tenor with deep respect, "but I am afraid!"

He paused as if at a loss just how to express his doubts.

"Why do you think him undeserving?" asked Anne.

"I'm afraid," he replied gently, "that he was not telling the truth just now."

"About his wife and children?" said she. "Indeed he was. I saw his sincerity in his face. I shall find out more about him and send some things to his house for the children. Oh, why didn't I ask him where he lives? You know his name. Perhaps you can tell me where to find him."

The tenor hesitated a moment. Then he said earnestly:

"If you will permit me to do so, I will try to investigate this man's case thoroughly for you."

"With you?" she cried. "It would

be so kind of you. Here is my card. Please let me know about him as soon as you can."

In exchange for her card he gave her his, on which she read the name Douglass Wayne.

"I shall expect to see you tomorrow or the next day at the latest, Mr. Wayne," said she as they waited for a car which was to take her home.

He hesitated for a moment and seemed very much embarrassed.

"I could write," said he at last, "if it isn't convenient to have me call."

"Don't let that disturb you," said the tenor.

"You will call on a matter of business, and after we've settled that I hope you'll sing for me."

He tried to say something appropriate, but could only manage a "Good-bye" that was like a bairish schoolboy's.

On the following afternoon Mr. Wayne called upon Miss Alston, and she received him alone in a manner as unconventionally friendly as their earlier acquaintance had been. But no cordiality of welcome could put Mr. Wayne at his ease.

"It's a pitiful story I've got to tell you," said he.

"About our friend, Mr. O'Mara?" queried Anne.

"Yes; about our friend, Mr. O'Mara. I've looked him up, and he is entirely unworthy. In fact, he's a fraud."

"Isn't he really poor enough?" she asked.

"Oh, yes, he's poor enough!"

"Then why shouldn't I help him? A man of his years?"

"Ah, there's the point!" said Wayne. "He isn't really old. He's only 24, and—"

"Twenty-four! And with a wife and six children?"

"No; he hasn't any children, and he isn't married. His name isn't O'Mara either, and he's not an Irishman. He's Scott Barron, a vaudeville performer. He and his partner had been out of an engagement for several months, and their money was gone almost to the last cent. They had an engagement in sight, but it looked as if they would starve to death in the meantime. At this juncture the partner—a worthless fellow who ought to be something better, for he comes of a good family and was well brought up and educated—suggested this scheme of street beggary. They squared matters with the police in the usual way and, I understand, have made quite a bit of money."

"That's just too funny for anything!" exclaimed Anne. And she laughed like a child. "It's a great joke on me! That fellow must be dreadfully clever. The idea of his fooling me in broad daylight! I'm sure he's welcome to my money!"

"I forced him to return it," said Wayne, drawing the identical \$10 bill from his pocket. "I was unwilling you should be robbed in that way."

"Robbed?" she cried. "Not a bit of it! I've had more than the money's worth, and I'd be very much obliged if you'd return it to him."

"I can't do that," he protested. "You see, it's not only that 'O'Mara' is a fraud, but there's his rascally partner, who—"

"Oh, yes!" exclaimed Anne. "Tell me about the partner."

"Why, you see," said he, "the scheme they made up between them was that



"IT WOULD BE SO KIND OF YOU. HERE IS MY CARD."

severe cold, for the voice with which he gave thanks was very hoarse. One might have expected music like a crow's from him, yet he began a ballad quite tunefully.

Suddenly he tripped in the melody, and Anne saw that something had started him. Following his glance, she beheld the young tenor coming along Tenth street westward. He saw the beggar when within 20 yards of the Broadway corner and seemed to have an impulse to avoid him. Then like the good Samaritan, he decided not to pass by on the other side.

As he came up the beggar stopped singing.

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"Mrs. Johnson," said Mr. Johnson when he got home at 4:30 the other afternoon, "just let me take this early opportunity to remind you again that we're scheduled to go to the theater this evening. It is my desire and purpose to reach the theater in time to see the rise of the curtain on the first act, for once in the whole course of my married life, this evening, I want to see the beginning of the show. I was unable to get aisle seats, and I feel unwilling on this particular occasion to trample seven or eight unfriendly men and women underneath in order to reach my seat just 14 minutes after the performance has begun, when the orchestra is rendering silvery music and the abused and starving woman with the dimples is narrating the history of her life. Not do I feel resigned this evening to the spectacle of your completing your toilet on the street after we start. Just see if you can't tot up in time for us to make the break for the cars somewhere in the neighborhood of 7:30, and you'll do me a favor."

Mrs. Johnson smiled and superintended the setting of the table. The dinner passed off quietly. After dinner Mr. Johnson settled himself in his easy chair and buried himself in *The Star*. Darkness began to creep on space, as the lady novelists put it, and he illuminated the house. When he finished *The Star*, he picked up the copy of "David Harum" that Mrs. Johnson had been reading and plunged into it.

"This is the stuff they've been making such a row about," muttered Mr. Johnson to himself when he sat down with the book, and in less than eight minutes he had read 12 pages of it and had forgotten his name and number. Mrs. Johnson had disappeared up stairs some time previously, but he didn't even hear her moving about in her dressing room. After awhile, however, she called him.

"It's getting late," she said. "Aren't you going to begin to dress?"

"Uh-huh," replied Mr. Johnson, turning over a page. He had only an indefinite idea of what she was saying. Ten minutes later she called to him again.