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FOREIGN NEWS

New Expedition Starts Saturday.
LONDON, February 19.—"Count von Waldsee has prepared his plans for the new expedition," says the Peking correspondent of the Morning Post wiring yesterday, "and it will start next Saturday. All the powers except Russia and the United States have agreed to allow their forces to join."

England Not Yet In The Movement.
LONDON, February 18.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir William Vernon Harcourt asked: "Is it true that an expedition into the interior of China has been ordered by Count von Waldsee? and if so, how does the order affect our troops? At the end of such an operation we might find ourselves in another guerrilla war among a population far greater than the Boers."
Lord Cranborne replied that so far as the Government was aware no power was contemplating an expedition into the interior of China. If it was so, the British commanders would require fresh instructions.

Government Majority Reduced.
LONDON, February 19.—The first division of the first Parliament of King Edward VII, which took place yesterday, resulted in cutting down to forty-five the Government's normal majority of 130. The interest caused by this unexpected event was heightened by Winston Churchill's first speech at Westminster, and Chamberlain's heated defense of his own policy.

Carnegie May Build Big Ships.
NEW YORK, February 18.—The Press says: Another of Andrew Carnegie's dreams is nearing realization. That is the establishment here of the greatest shipbuilding yards in the world right alongside the largest iron and steel plant ever projected. Staten Island is the place named for these industries, and some recent purchases of several hundred acres of shore land are said to have been made with this object finally in view.

Britons And Boers.
LONDON, Feb. 16.—General Kitchener, telegraphing from De Aar, Cape Colony, under today's date says: "De Wet's force crossed the railway at Boartman's Siding, north of here, before daylight February 15, closely followed by Plumer, Crabbe and armored trains. They engaged the enemy while crossing. The Boers, however, cut the lines north and south of the place of crossing. We captured over twenty wagons, many of which were loaded with ammunition, and also a Maxim, twenty prisoners and over 100 horses. The troops are still in close pursuit."

Weyler Proclaims Martial Law.
NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A special to the Times from Washington says: It is learned that General Weyler has not only proclaimed martial law in Madrid, but has posted his troops in such a manner as to command every part of the city. The downfall of the Ministry is said to be certain, and that of the Government possible. The reason given by Weyler for his action is the inability of the civil Government of the Province of Madrid to maintain order.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS

The Paris seamstresses are out on strike.
The Cubans are said to be in a defiant mood.
Hundreds of deaths from plague are occurring in Bombay.
Bernhardt and Coquelin have met with great success in San Francisco.
Ten cases of supposed plague at Cape Town have been isolated.
French, Russian and Chinese diplomats will visit the Chicago University.
The Law and Order (Hatchet) League has been organized in Kansas City.
Chinese troops are garrisoning passes beyond territory held by foreign troops.
The visit of the Kaiser to England has strengthened the German-English alliance.
A Chicago judge set aside a verdict which was given entirely upon the testimony of women.
A Prussian scientist believes he has discovered a great curative property in blue rays of light.
The Chinese Empress Dowager is said to have yielded the reins of government to the young Emperor.
King Edward and Queen Alexandra are reported to leave England in March for a visit to the continent.
The bill providing for the restoration of capital punishment in Kansas has been killed in the state Senate.
The Ministers at Peking have decided to ignore the protest of the Chinese envoys and insist on the death penalty.
A California legislative bill for a State highway from Redding to Eureka will be introduced, specifying an appropriation of \$100,000.

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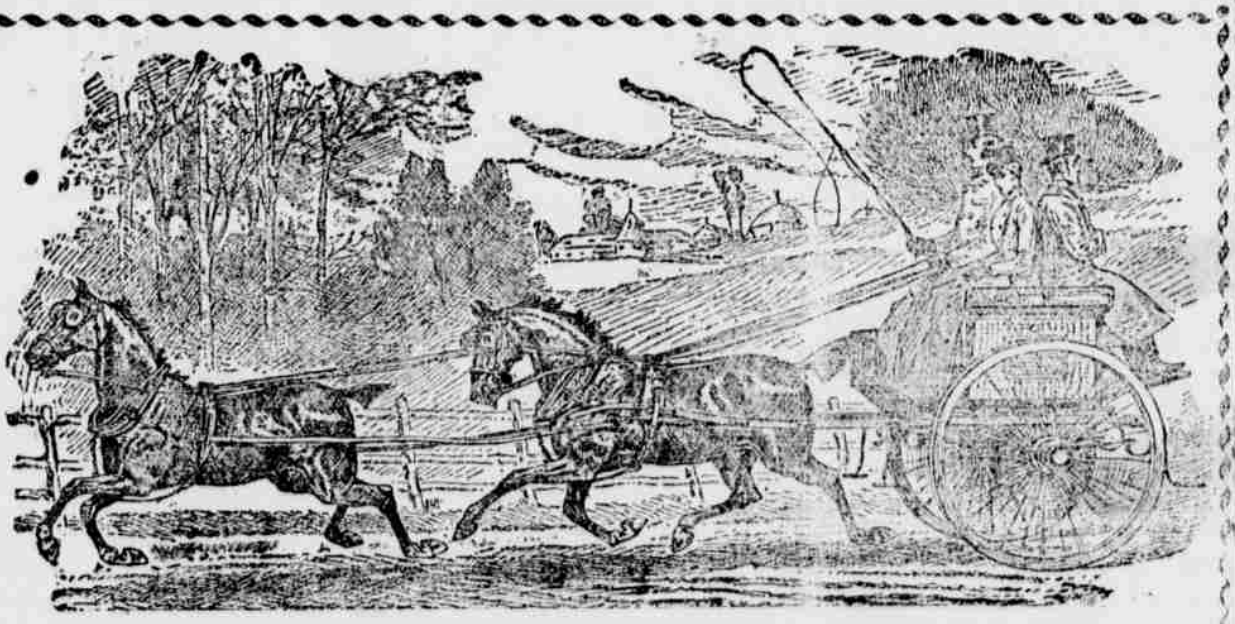
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G. B. ROBERTSON, Ed. and Prop.
MRS. G. B. ROBERTSON, Bus. Mgr.

Saturday, March : : : 2.

MAUI BLUE BOOK

Hon. J. W. Kaula, Circuit Judge.	Wailuku
J. W. Keolu, Clerk Circuit Court.	Wailuku
Judge W. A. McKay Dist. Magistrate.	Wailuku
Chas. Copp.	Maunaloa
Kapaneie.	Lahaina
Kalepou.	Honolulu
Joseph.	Hana
Pipman.	Kihei
Schoon.	Molokai
Ranohohohaha.	Lanai
L. M. Baldwin, Sheriff.	Wailuku
A. N. Hayward, Deputy Sheriff.	Wailuku
S. R. Lambert.	Maunaloa
F. Wittrock.	Lahaina
G. Trimble.	Molokai
W. E. Sadery, Captain Police.	Wailuku
H. Copp.	Maunaloa
M. Kaimashian.	Lahaina
L. E. L. Eddy.	Hana
P. J. Emery.	Kalaupapa
W. T. Robinson, Tax Assessor.	Wailuku
J. N. K. Keolu, Deputy Assessor.	Wailuku
W. O. Alton.	Paia
G. D. D.	Lahaina
J. Gross.	Hana

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The Act of Congress providing a government for the Territory of Hawaii completed the process of annexation, begun with the Hawaiian acceptance of the joint resolution of Congress for the union of the Hawaiian Islands with the United States of America.

The period between such acceptance, on the 12th day of August, 1898, and the going into effect of the Territorial Act on the 14th day of June, 1900, was one of transition. While the Hawaiian Government had come under the jurisdiction of the Government of the United States, it still continued to administer some of the prerogatives of an independent power. It collected duties under its own laws on goods imported from other countries and even those coming from the United States. It preserved its consular relations with other countries, including the United States. It continued its quarantine regulations against the rest of the world.

This quasi-independent status gave rise to many questions difficult of solution, and made it necessary in the public interest to maintain a representative at Washington.

The changes made by the Territorial Act in the departments of the local government caused some difficulty in adjusting the civil service in the absence of legislative assistance. Department clerks have had in some cases to follow their duties into other departments.

The powers and duties of the new office of Superintendent of Public Works, correspond substantially with those of the Minister of the Interior under the Republic, with the exception of certain specified matters relating to licenses, corporations, partnerships, business enterprises of married women, and registry of conveyances, which were transferred to the Treasurer; matters relating to prisons, notaries and escheat of lands, which were transferred to the Attorney General, and those relating to the preservation of laws and proceedings of the Legislature, and the duty of promulgating executive proclamations, which were transferred to the Secretary of the Territory.

The duties and authority of the old Commissioner of Public Lands and Agent of Public Lands have been combined in one person, the Commissioner of Public Lands.

At the present time under the appropriations made in the Legislative Session of 1898, the pay of the heads of departments is very uneven. While the Attorney General, the Treasurer and the Superintendent of Public Instruction receive each six thousand dollars a year, the Superintendent of Public Instruction receives nothing, the corresponding position of Minister of Public Instruction having been formerly held ex-officio by the Minister of Foreign Affairs who received his salary as such Minister. The annual salary of the Commissioner of Public Lands is three thousand dollars, that of the Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry is two thousand one hundred dollars, that of the Surveyor is three thousand dollars, while the President of the Board of Health receives nothing.

As will be seen in the estimates, I have placed the four leading executive officers in a class by themselves with an annual salary of four thousand five hundred dollars each; such reduction of pay being consonant with the rates established for such Territorial officials as are paid by the Federal Government.

The Commissioner of Public Lands, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry and the President of the Board of Health are placed in another class with salaries corresponding to that of the Auditor. It is a question in my mind whether the President of the Board of Health should not receive four thousand five hundred dollars.

In connection with efforts for the suppression of the bubonic plague, which was epidemic in Honolulu during the winter of 1899 and 1900, a number of buildings and other property were destroyed by the Board of Health, and a larger number of buildings and a greater amount of other property was destroyed by the great fire of January 20th, 1900, which was the accidental result of a fire started by the Board of Health as a measure for the suppression of the plague. By this disaster a large number of people

were rendered homeless and suffered serious loss of property.

In response to a suggestion of the Executive Council, the following telegram was received from the Secretary of State: "The President approves the appointment of the Court of Claims to consider losses caused by the burning of Chinatown and to make awards and judgment on such losses to be paid out of appropriations made by the Council of State in conformity with the Hawaiian law." Such a court was appointed on the second day of April, 1900, and principles and rules established for its government. The court began operations at once, but the Council of State, upon being called together, refused to appropriate funds for the expenses of such court on account of a disagreement of the Council with the principles and rules for the government of the court adopted by the Executive Council. The court thereupon ceased operations.

The matter is now referred to the Legislature of the Territory.

Although, as a rule, sovereign states are not, and the Republic of Hawaii by its own laws was not legally bound to recognize in damages claims arising from such cause, and there is nothing in the brief message from the Federal government which makes it clear that the President intended to authorize a departure from the usual rule and Hawaiian law, my view of policy in this matter is as follows: The bubonic plague with the resulting deaths, the losses by fire and the damage which for months menaced the whole island population, was a national misfortune, which should as far as possible be borne approximately by the whole community. Consistently with this view the tax payers should assume a reasonable proportion of the losses of the sufferers in this calamity, but no logical theory requires them to assume the whole of such losses, as the sufferers are equally called upon to bear their share also. What that proportion should be is difficult to say; it can only be decided arbitrarily.

The fact however that many householders and proprietors of premises that became infected, by their own culpable neglect of cleanliness in their surroundings not only invited infection but gave plague germs a foothold from which it was most difficult to dislodge them, is a circumstance that should greatly reduce awards of damages to such persons if not indeed cause their claims to be refused altogether.

The matter of awarding damages is one of such difficulty and delicacy that provision should be made for the establishment of a court or commission composed of persons of integrity and conservative judgment for this work.

The project of recognizing these in damages being one of government bounty rather than of legal requirement, the Legislature is not called upon to impede the progress of the country in its treatment of the subject, but simply to extend reasonable and approximate relief to the innocent sufferers in this great disaster.

Although the estimates cover an aggregate amount near to the limit of prospective revenues, a large part of the item for interest on government indebtedness will probably not be required, as the Federal Government may be expected to carry out provision of the joint resolution of annexation assuming the payment of interest on four million dollars of the indebtedness of the Republic of Hawaii. This reduction of that item will amount to \$381,726.96. For the same reason the interest paid by the Territorial government since the 14th day of June, 1900, in this account, may be expected to be refunded by the Federal Government. This amounts to \$196,069.44. There will therefore be a saving in the estimates of \$487,796.40, which will be available toward the settlement of fire claims.

Congress has conferred on the Legislature authority to create counties and town and city municipalities within the territory and to provide for the government thereof.

This is an enterprise requiring for its success a high degree of patriotism and civic intelligence. Careful study of local conditions and the experiences of other communities in the creation and administration of municipal corporations are necessary to safeguard the country against costly mistakes. Many problems will arise in the consideration of such legislation that are difficult of solution, calling for sincere deliberation.

Continued on fourth page

Wanted,—a lawn tennis club. All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy. There a number of youngsters, and oldsters too, for that matter, who would be glad to join a tennis club, and there are several delightful sites in Wailuku for tennis courts. It would not prove an expensive luxury, and if an archery club were added to the tennis club, a rare lot of innocent and healthy sport would be afforded to the people of Wailuku. Talk it up.

Mr. B. D. Hicks, a banker of New York City, whom some of our readers may remember as the gentleman who visited Wailuku and spent a week or so at the Windsor Hotel, about two years since, has written a letter to the Advertiser, deprecating the importation of negro labor to the Islands, for the reason that they will over populate the Islands and relapse into barbarism. But there is one point which Mr. Hicks overlooks, or does not fully appreciate, and that is that the negroes, or any other class of labor which may come to the Islands, will not be able to buy lands or make homes for themselves, exception very limited numbers. The land worthowning is already owned by private parties, and is not and will not be for sale, and for that reason no imported labor will be able to gain a fixed hold in the Islands in large numbers, but will simply be hewers of wood and drawers of water for the land owners.

Some wiseacres are predicting that the end of the next four years will mark the decadence of the sugar industry on the Islands. While this is not true, still it is not too soon for the sugar men to quietly initiate experiments in the line of developing new agricultural industries. The United States, through the bureau of forestry, will gladly co-operate with the people of the Island, and while it is not advisable to try to supersede the sugar industry at present, or for some years yet, still a knowledge of what might actually be done in other lines of profitable production, will be a useful knowledge; and when there does come a decadence in the sugar industry, in case it does come, the planters and people of the Islands will not have to wait and experiment about what to raise, as a money making proposition.

Imprimis, the lower house of the legislature made entirely too much fuss about Secretary Cooper. Instead of introducing a formal resolution of expulsion, Beckley should simply have asked the house to instruct the sergeant-at-arms to order the janitor to sweep Mr. Cooper out and throw him in the waste basket, as would have been done in any legislature in the States. Had it been necessary for Secretary Cooper to have a seat on the floor of the house in order to get the "proceedings," common courtesy should have prompted him to ask for the privilege, which would doubtless have been granted him. But whenever an outsider claims as a right, the privilege of a seat on the floor of the house, it at once becomes the duty of the sergeant-at-arms to show him into the lobby.

On our third page in an editorial reproduced from the Advertiser, in which one Rev. Mr. Leftwich, a colored minister from Alabama, severely criticises the proposition of bringing white men from the south as lunas. The News has never, editorially or otherwise, advocated that idea, but has simply suggested that one white man from the south should be employed on each plantation to have general charge of the interests of the negroes, for the reason that he would understand their real needs and interests better than the managers, who are not acquainted with this class of labor.

Wireless telegraphy, which like other inventions, met with derision from the public up to the time of its demonstrated success, is now in active and successful operation between Honolulu and Maui, and it will be only a short time till Mahukona on Hawaii will be included in the circuit. Of course there will be some hitches at first, but wireless telegraphy can now be allowed a place among the useful inventions by the side of ordinary telegraphic and telephonic communication.

The legislature has no more right to take the initiative in the matter of preparing a charter for Honolulu than they have for preparing a charter for San Francisco or New York. If the City of Honolulu desires a charter and prepares one, the legislature may properly approve it and submit it to a vote of the people of Honolulu. The next thing we know, they will be making a charter for Wailuku.

The malihinis should go slow in the matter of sneering at the kamaiinas and their ways of doing things on the Islands. When the history of the Islands is written and read in a far perspective, it will be discovered that "iffere were giants in those days," and the giants will not appear among the ranks of the malihinis, either.

The property of Maui, if fairly and equably assessed and taxed, will run all departments of a county on Maui at a less rate of taxation than is now levied. This is easily susceptible of demonstration to a mathematical certainty.

The present legislature will prove to be a liberal education in the matter of self government on the American plan, both to the Eawallians and to the hales.

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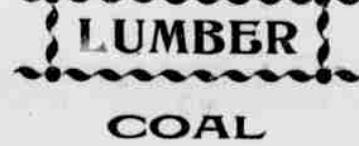
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LOCALS

Another kona storm on Maui this week, but it was a little one, and did no harm.

Lesson given in Embroidery and Battersburg Lace. Mrs. James H. Painter. Kahului, Maui.

Mr. Henry Longton has closed up his sales of mining stock on Maui, and leaves for Honolulu today.

The road between Wailuku and Lahaina is now in fairly passable condition for carriage travel.

Arthur Wall, postmaster at Lahaina, received his commission from Washington last Saturday.

Counterfeit quarter dollars of 1900 are in circulation. Neither give nor ask quarter without first weighing it.

Be sure to attend the services at the native church this evening and tomorrow evening. The exercises will be very interesting.

Rumors of a frightful railroad accident reached the News office last Monday, from Spreckelsville, but investigation proved it a false alarm.

W. A. Robinson, of the U. S. Mail Service, visited the post office at Lahaina last Wednesday, remaining over till today, when he leaves for Honolulu.

A large lot of script and fancy job type has just been received from the coast, and the News job office is prepared to turn out first class work. Send us your orders.

Subscriptions for the new year are beginning to pour in, and we are simply rolling in wealth. Now is a good time to bring around your subscription papers for deserving charities. Book agents specially invited to call.

The Bulletin publishes the delinquent tax list for Maui this year, in a supplement to its weekly edition. By this time next year, it is sincerely hoped and believed that there will be a weekly paper published on Maui.

Lieutenant McLeod of the Salvation Army leaves today for Waimea, Kauai, and his place will be taken in the work on Maui by Lieutenant Hellersath of Koloa, Kauai, who will arrive on Wednesday's Claudine.

On Wednesday, the Mauna Lef property was sold at sheriff's sale, Mr. J. M. Dowsett being the purchaser for the sum of ten thousand dollars. The property was sold in one lot. The judgment on which execution and sale was had amounted to fifteen thousand dollars.

The Iao Stables stage line between Wailuku and Lahaina begin to run regularly today. This company has just completed a large stable in Lahaina, containing 12 stalls, and will do a lively business there in connection with the Iao Stables in Wailuku.

An injunction has been sued out by the Wailuku Plantation Co., to stop the construction of the H. C. & S. Co tunnel commenced at the Iao bridge, and a bond of \$2000 filed. Unless a counter bond is allowed, work will be suspended during the determination of the respective rights of the parties.

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Waihee School and School Grounds.

Under the energetic management of Principal Hugh Coke of the Waihee School, a transformation is being brought about in the grounds belonging to the school premises. The unsightly rocks and rock piles have all been removed from the school grounds, some blasting having been required to do so, and the lantana thickets have all been cleared off.

New fences have been built and old ones repaired and whitewashed, and plans are well under way to make the grounds very beautiful. Mr. Coke, who is an enthusiastic horticulturalist, has at his own expense procured some very fine varieties of deciduous fruits peculiarly adapted to tropical climates, including Ceylon, Waldo and Jewel peaches, LeConte, Garber and Keifu pears and Excelsior, Kelsey and Burbank plums. These trees are all set out in the school grounds, and are growing nicely. It is Mr. Coke's intention to teach the boys how to graft and bud fruit trees, and he hopes thus to encourage fruit culture among the parents of his school children. This is a most excellent idea, and other teachers might well follow his example in this respect.

There are four teachers in the school, Mrs. Coke, Mrs. Ogg and Miss Morris being the assistants. The ladies have charge of the industrial education of the girls, lau hala work and sewing having had a regular place in the curriculum ever since Mr. Coke took charge.

The boys have two sets of carpenter's tools and a work bench, and are learning to use the hammer, saw and Jack plane. This is the correct idea of teaching Hawaiian, or in fact any children, and Waihee is to be congratulated on its corps of teachers, and on the work being done.

School Inspector Keliinoi had charge of this school for several years past, and had worked it up to a high degree of efficiency, and the standard has not been lowered under the new management, consequently the Waihee school now ranks among the banner schools of the island.

NEGROES AND LUNAS.

The letter of John C. Leftwich of Montgomery, Alabama, a man of color who visited the Islands some time ago to look into the labor question, contains this paragraph:

I was surprised on reading an editorial in your paper, dated January 15, 1901, stating that it would be well to import Southern white men to act as lunas over my people. If this is the intention of the sugar planters, then I am ready to throw my whole influence against the movement, and will do everything to keep any more colored people from going. The colored people have had enough experience in the South of poor white bosses, without going thousands of miles to be put under the very same condition.

Mr. Leftwich's mistaken about the origin of the proposal, which was an interview with Judge G. B. Robertson of Maui, himself a Southerner and one intelligently concerned for the future of the negro race. The facts upon which Judge Robertson based his conclusions were, as we remember them, as follows:

A certain number of negroes were brought to Maui and put in charge of a man who knew nothing of their peculiarities. They were very poor and needed beds, blankets and food at once. The superintendent sent them to the plantation store, telling them to buy what they needed. The first man asked for a razor and the second for a rocking chair; no one asked for a blanket, but cigars, looking-glasses, hair oil and red neckties were in demand. As soon as the superintendent saw how things were going he stopped the sale and tried the men with a little money; but it all went for razors or ornaments.

If the superintendent had been a Southern man, said Judge Robertson, he would have lined the negroes up, dealt out what he knew they would require and taken no back talk. In that way things would have gone along smoothly; as it was, the dissatisfaction of the negroes was as evident as that of their employers.

It is proper to say, that in publishing the opinions of Judge Robertson, who is not a planter, the Advertiser did not assume to represent the plantation interests. It does not and does not know what the planters will do for lunas; but it can trust them to take such action as will best conduce to the orderly and efficient management of their estates.—Advertiser.

Let's All Go.

Even if you don't understand Hawaiian, the music and slides at the Kaahumanu Church this evening will please you,—and perhaps do more than that for you. The praise service will be centred around some new slides just brought from Honolulu, and several local singers will assist. The quartette will sing and there will be some solo work. Everybody is invited. A special effort will be made to have the evening free from other inducements.

After all, Sunday night promises to be even more interesting. A meeting of all nations is planned, with singing and short speeches in Hawaiian, Japanese, English and Chinese. Part of the interest will be in the attendance of the various bodies including the Salvation Army, and in the appropriate decorations in the church. Everybody is invited, though there is no positive assurance that anyone coming late can find a seat.

Wireless Telegraphy.

Wireless telegraphy between Honolulu and Lahaina is a demonstrated success. On Wednesday, the Bulletin, with its usual enterprise, wired to Capt. Keola, its Wailuku correspondent, for news, and Thursday's Bulletin probably won out a scoop by presenting to its readers the first wireless news message between the Islands.

Communication has not yet been satisfactorily established between Maui and Mahukona, but will be in a few days. To the Islands will belong the honor of having first made a success of the Marconi system, and it is not too bold a guess to say that many who read this article will live to see wireless telegraphy in operation between the islands and the mainland.

Hana Happenings.

Arrivals by the last Claudine were School Inspector Keliinoi, Mrs. M. H. Reuter and grandchild.

A meeting of the teachers of the Hana District was held at the Wanaialua School on yesterday. School Inspector Keliinoi delivered an address on the course of study. He leaves for Honolulu on the Claudine. The Stanley will probably leave tomorrow with 10,000 bags of sugar aboard, for San Francisco.

Mr. Raven, who had the contract for the construction of the bridge at Keanae, has completed his contract.

On last Wednesday there was the heaviest surf running at Keanae which has been experienced for years.

Extension of Clearance Sale.

Owing to the fact that the late heavy storm prevented many from taking advantage of the clearance sale held last month at Rodriguez's Store, it has been resolved to continue the sale for ten days longer consequently the sale at reduced rates will continue till March 10, and those who wish to take advantage of cut rate prices should call at once.

Glanders in Wailuku.

Dr. Shaw, the Honolulu veterinary surgeon was yesterday called to examine one of the horses at the Iao Stables, and he pronounced it a case of glanders and ordered the animal killed. The matter was postponed to today in order to permit a further examination.

Messrs. Lake and Bergstrom of the Bergstrom Music Co. of Honolulu, are still with us, and have a lot of work to do yet before they can get away.

SALVATION ARMY MEETING.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Wailuku, Sat. Mar. 2, at 7 & 7:45, P. M.

Wailuku, Sun. 3, Bible Class 9 a.m. Jr. mtg. at 3 p. m. Open Air at 6:45 p. m.

Wailuku, Sun. Big Union meeting at night in Native church.

Jr. mtgs. in Kahului & Waihee at 11 & 3 respectively Sunday.

Wailuku, Mon. 4, Soldiers meeting at 7 p. m.

Hanalei, 5, Junior meeting at 7 p. m.

Kahului, Thurs. 6, mtg. at 7 p. m.

Waihee, Fri. 7, mtg. at 7 p. m.

J. H. BAMBERY, CAPT.

Personal Mention.

School Inspector Keliinoi goes to Honolulu by today's Claudine.

Manager Olsen of the Lahaina Store was in Wailuku on Thursday, on a flying trip.

William Goodness of the Bismark Stables is still in Honolulu as a witness in the Hefferan case.

Mr. Bush and his wife are in Wailuku for the purpose of giving a stereopticon exhibit at the skating rink this evening.

Robert Moore of the Risdon Iron Works, Judge Stanley of Honolulu and Mrs. Malony of Lahaina, paid Wailuku a visit on Thursday, and visited Kihel on Friday, returning to Lahaina on Friday afternoon.

Mr. Theo. Richards, connected with the Hawaiian Board, came over on the Claudine, and will assist Rev. J. Leaningham in the series of meetings now being held at the native church at Wailuku. Mr. Richards will probably spend a couple of weeks on Maui.

Ben Bruns spent the week on Maui, spilling for the Honolulu Republican and yodeling for the amusement of his friends. He has taken somewhere in the neighborhood of 'steen thousand new subscribers for the wide awake and come-to-stay paper which he represents.

Dr. Shaw, the veterinary surgeon of Honolulu, came over on the Claudine to look into the matter of glandered horses at Kihel. He reports having a found a well defined case, but states that there is no fear of the disease spreading, as proper precautionary measures have been adopted by Manager Pogue.

Arthur Jones, representing McInerney of Honolulu, came over this week with a large line of sample shoes which he is displaying at Col. Richardson's office on Main street. Of course everything that this house sells is gilt-edged, and the McInerney sales are always popular on Maui. Mr. Jones will probably remain another week, and visit other parts of the Island.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of David Center late of Spreckelsville, Island of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said Estate whether same be secured by mortgage or otherwise, to present same, DULY AUTHENTICATED, to him the Administrator at his Office with C. Brewer & Co., Ltd. on Queen street in Honolulu within six months from this date or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment of such debts to the undersigned at the aforesaid address.

E. F. BISHOP, Administrator Estate D. Center, deceased.

Dated at Honolulu Feb. 21st 1901.

REMOVAL.

On December 1st I will open an office for general business at the Makai-Ewa corner of King and Bethel streets, Honolulu, down stairs.

All business of whatever nature entrusted to me by my Maui neighbors will be promptly attended to.

C. H. DICKEY.

IMPORTED FRUIT TREES.

I have just received from Florida a choice lot of young Peach, Apple, Pear, Plum, Apricot, Quince, Fruiting Mulberry and Japanese Persimmon Trees. These will be sold at reasonable prices, to encourage experimental planting. Write for prices.

BYRON O. CLARK,

Manager Clark Farm, Wailawa, Oahu.

HARRY ARMITAGE.

Stock and Bond Broker.

Member of Honolulu Stock Exchange, Office 100 Campbell Block, Merchant Street.

Telephone Main 181. P. O. Box 663

BY AUTHORITY Candy

GOVERNMENT POUND

In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 36, Section 456, of the Civil Laws of 1897, I do hereby give notice that a Government Pound has been established for the Island of Lanai, at Koele, Nanae; the same being located on the mountain side of the Government road near the Ranch Houses.

David Steward, Esq., has this day been appointed, Poundmaster, for the above Government Pound.

J. A. McCandless, Supt. of Public Works Public Works Dept. Honolulu, Feby. 5, 1901.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

By telephone on your arrival in Honolulu you can procure the very best of livery service from the Honolulu Stock-Yards Co. Orders by mail for anything in the line of harness, riding or driving stock, carriage materials, etc., will receive careful attention and prompt dispatch.

We have also a number of the finest plantation mules, ready for immediate delivery, which we will sell at a small margin above cost.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial. P. O. Box 330. Tel. 301, Main.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, on the 4th day of January 1901, against Maunalei Sugar Co., Ltd. a Corporation, Defendant, in favor of the Hisdon Iron & Locomotive Works, a Corporation, Plaintiff, for the sum of Sixteen Thousand seven hundred twenty-nine and 94/100 dollars. I have levied upon and shall expose for sale at the Store of the Maunalei Sugar Co. on the Island of Lanai, at 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday the 13th day of February A. D. 1901, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the said Maunalei Sugar Co. Defendant, in and to the following described property, unless said judgment, interest, costs, and my expenses be previously paid.

One Cross Compound Condensing Corliss Pumping Engine. Engine 15 x 28 Pumps 9 1/2 x 36

Complete with condensers, air pump and all circulating pipe. Capacity of pump 3 1/2 million gallons. 20 feet high.

One cross Compound Condensing Corliss Pumping Engine. Engine 12 x 22 Pumps 12 1/2 x 30

Complete with condensers, air pump and all circulating pipe. Capacity of pump 5 1/2 million, 30 feet high.

Pumps are complete with all suction, discharge pipes and fittings.

Two 30 h. p. Helme water tube boilers, with stack.

All steam and exhaust pipe connecting boilers and pumps.

A. N. HAYSLEDEN, Deputy Sheriff, Maui, January 14th A. D. 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the above sale as advertised to take place on February 13th 1901, is postponed for one week from the said 13th day of February 1901, at the place etc. as above set forth, for the purpose of giving intended purchasers a chance to be present.

A. N. HAYSLEDEN Deputy Sheriff, Maui.

Dated Feb. 15th 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the above sale, advertised to take place on the 30th of February, 1901, is postponed for one week, and will be held on the 27th day of February, 1901, at the place, etc., as above set forth, for the purpose of giving intended purchasers a chance to be present.

A. N. HAYSLEDEN, Deputy Sheriff, Maui, dated Feb. 26, 1901.

NOTICE

The undersigned, having been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of David Rough late of Pala, Maui, deceased, hereby gives notice to all creditors of the deceased, to present their claims, duly authenticated, with proper vouchers, even if the same is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to him at Pala, Maui, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred.

D. C. LINDSAY, Administrator of the estate of David Rough, deceased, Pala, Maui, February 9th 1901.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee of the Estate of J. J. Coombs, a bankrupt, will on Monday the 5th day of February A. D. 1901 apply to the Judge of the Circuit Court, 2nd Circuit T. H. for a settlement of his accounts and for his discharge from further liability as such assignee.

JAS. L. COKE, Assignee Estate of J. J. Coombs a Bankrupt. Dated January 31st 1901.

NOTICE.

The Lion Fire Insurance Company of London has appointed A. N. KEPOLAI, of Wailuku its local agent for Maui, and solicits business for him.

P. L. WEÄVER, General Agent, Wailuku, Feb. 2, 1901. Honolulu.

Send 75c \$1.00 \$1.25 or \$1.50 for a nice box of Chocolates and confections, sent post or freight free to any part of the islands.

Hart & Co., Ltd. The Elite Icecream Parlor. Honolulu H. I.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

On September 1st, the following regulations in regard to freight handled by the Kahului Railroad Company, will go into effect.

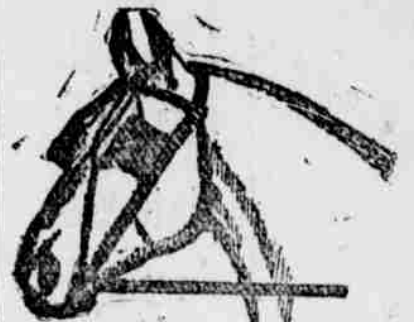
- 1. No freight will be received at any of the depots unless accompanied by a Shipping receipt, stamped as he law directs. Blanks may be obtained of any of the Station Agents.
2. No freight will be received unless delivered at depot 30 minutes before departure of trains.
3. Freight for shipment per S. S. "Claudine" to Honolulu or way ports must be delivered at Kahului before noon of day of sailing, and freight for East Maui ports must be delivered at Kahului before 9 a. m. of sailing day.

Kahului Railroad Company. R. W. FILLER, Manager. Kahului, Maui, August 23rd 1900.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the decree of the Honorable A. S. Humphreys filed in the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit on the 8th, day of January 1901 in that certain suit entitled Hoffschlaeger Company, Limited, plaintiff vs. F. Akin, defendant, I will expose for sale and sell at public auction at the store heretofore occupied by F. Akin in Lahaina, Maui, on Saturday the second day of February 1901 all the stock of goods, wares and merchandise and all store fixtures furniture and sewing machines in the store in said F. Akin.

Terms: Cash U. S. Gold Coin. GEO. H. DUNN, Commissioner. Dated January 9th 1901.



California Harness Shop. Special attention given to Island Plantation orders. Harness, Saddles, Spurs Bits, etc., etc. Largest assortment of whips in Honolulu. All goods warranted as represented, at California prices.

D. O. HAMMAN

Lincoln Block No. 147 King Street P. O. Box No 791. Honolulu.

OUR Shoes

are built for wear, they are made to our order, are made specially for Hawaii climate.

- Ex Falls of Clyde we have:
75c Fat Baby shoes.
\$1.00 Child's shoes.
75c Boy's strong lace satin calf shoes
\$1.50 Ladies' lace, cloth top or kid top shoes.
\$2.00 Ladies' cloth top lace shoes.
\$3.50 Ladies' black cloth top Oxfords
\$4.50 Ladies' heavy sole kid lace shoes - perfect walking shoe.
\$1.25 Men's split oxfordmore's - soft leather.
\$1.75 Men's and boys' oil grain creed shoes.
\$1.75 Men's wax calf dress shoes.
\$2.00 Men's calf lace shoes.
\$2.50 Men's superior oil grain creed shoes.
3.00 Men's box calf dress shoes.
3.00 Men's Transvaal calf shoes.

RUBBER GOODS—Slippers, Overs, Footboards

We stand by the goods we sell. We guarantee satisfaction with every pair bought of us. Study economy and buy at

"Economic" Shoe Co LIMITED.

WAIANUENUE ST., HILO.

Wholesale & Retail dealers in Boots & Shoes. All that Wear.

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Maui News

BY AUTHORITY

SANITARY REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH FOR ALL VILLAGES AND POPULOUS LOCALITIES IN THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII OUTSIDE OF THE SANITARY DISTRICT OF HONOLULU.

The following regulations shall apply to, and be enforced in all villages and populous localities in the Territory of Hawaii outside of the Sanitary District of Honolulu.

REGARDING BUILDINGS AND YARDS.

RAIN WATER.

Sec. (1) Where the space between buildings is less than fifteen feet the water from the roofs of the buildings shall be conducted in water tight leaders and made to discharge into suitable drains leading onto street or alley gutters and if any buildings is so situated that the water from the roofs of said building will run under the building and not drain off the same rule shall apply. This regulation shall not apply to buildings where the amount of water discharged from the roofs will not be detrimental to the public health or public sanitation.

AIR SPACE BETWEEN BUILDINGS.

Sec. (2) No building, flush with a street or streets bounding the lot on which it is to stand, shall hereafter be erected within five feet of any other boundary line of said lot, unless the nature and location of such building and the purposes for which it is to be constructed and adapted, do not require said vacant space for the preservation of public health and public sanitation. There shall be a clear air space of ten feet between all buildings, except such as are flush with a street or streets bounding the lot on which they stand, unless the nature and location of such buildings and the purposes for which they are to be constructed and adapted, do not require said vacant space for the preservation of the public health and public sanitation. The word "buildings" in this paragraph shall be construed to mean and include sheds, lean-tos, privies, outhouses and all other structures of similar character."

LIGHT AND VENTILATION OF DWELLINGS.

Sec. (3) Each and every room intended for use for human habitation shall be provided with at least eight square feet of window area having unobstructed access into the open air for each 100 square feet of floor space in said room; and at least one half of said window space shall be movable and available for ventilation.

AIR SPACE UNDER BUILDINGS.

Sec. (4) Every building shall have on an average at least twenty inches of clear space for the circulation of air between the floor timbers and the ground, and shall have sufficient openings for ventilation in the outer walls to admit a free circulation of air; but, in case this air space cannot be secured without reaching "ground water level" then there shall be no air space, but the floor shall be of concrete or masonry.

YARDS, AREAS, COURTS ETC.

Sec. (5) Yards, areas, courts, alleyways and other open space within or between buildings, where water is used for washing of any kind, shall be properly graded and cemented, or paved so as to be water proof, and drained into trapped drains properly connected with sewer or cesspool where practicable or drained away 50 feet from any dwelling and no permanent wooden floor or grating shall be maintained over the same.

WATER TIGHT FLOORS.

Sec. (6) All houses, structures, rooms or parts thereof, in which water is used, or intended to be used, in such quantity as to render the floor or floors thereof constantly damp, shall have such floor or floors, made absolutely water-proof, with proper drainage into trapped leaders conveying the water away into cesspool or sewer where practicable or drained away 50 feet from any dwelling, and the water proofing of all such floors shall be done in a manner satisfactory to the Board of Health.

Sec. (7) No building or structure shall be used as a residence or place of human habitation or abode which

is situated upon land where there is standing water within eighteen inches of the surface of the ground; nor shall any building or structure be so used that is placed on land that has been made by filling in with dangerous and insanitary refuse or garbage or any substance dangerous to the public health.

REGARDING PRIVY VAULTS AND CESSPOOLS.

Sec. (8) No privy vault, sink or cesspool shall hereafter be located or constructed within fifty feet of any stream, lake, pond, well or spring of water, nor within two feet of the line of any lot; nor shall it be made more than eighteen or less than six feet deep, or placed in such a position that it is not easily accessible for emptying and cleaning.

Sec. (9) When necessary for the preservation of the public health the sides and bottom of any privy-vault, sink or cesspool, shall be made either wholly or in part water tight, so as to prevent any saturation of the ground about the said vault, sink or cesspool, and shall be provided with suitable ventilating arrangement.

Sec. (10) No structure or cover shall be put upon or over any privy-vault, sink or cesspool, until it has been inspected by the proper agent of the Board of Health and approved as meeting the requirements of these regulations and of public health.

Sec. (11) Any privy-vault, sink or cesspool, already constructed which has become a nuisance, or in any way dangerous to life or detrimental to health, shall be removed, re-constructed, or altered to meet the requirements of these regulations and of public health, as directed by the Board of Health or its Agent.

Sec. (12) The Board of Health or its Agent may cause the emptying or disinfecting of any privy-vaults, sink or cesspool that is dangerous to the public health, at the expense of the owner or occupant of the premises after 48 hour notice and failure to comply therewith.

Sec. (13) No privy-vault or cesspool shall be excavated or maintained within ten feet of any dwelling house or inhabited building or cooking-house or place where cooking is done.

Sec. (14) All waste, soil, sewer or drain pipes shall be of cast iron, lead or vitrified clay. If of iron or lead the joints shall be caulked with molten lead; if of vitrified clay, they shall have tight cement joints all joints to be smooth in the inside; open drains may be of water tight masonry.

Sec. (15) All cesspools or privy-vaults when abandoned and the use thereof discontinued shall be at once disinfected and filled with earth, sand, ashes, or other clean material. In no case shall material dangerous to the public health be used in filling such privy-vault or cesspool.

SANITARY REGULATIONS FOR STABLES.

Sec. (16) The floor of the stalls shall be made water tight and may be made of the following materials; Tongue and grooved planks, cement, asphaltum or broken (coral) rock to the depth of six inches covered with clay well tamped.

Sec. (17) All stalls shall be constructed with a slant of at least three and one half inches from front to rear.

Sec. (18) The water tight flooring of the stalls may be covered with suitable material, provided such material shall not be allowed to become saturated with animal discharges and remain until insanitary.

Sec. (19) Liquid discharges from animals shall be conducted into a drain or ditch to a cesspool or sewer where practicable and said drain or ditch shall be flushed and kept clean.

Sec. (20) All manure from stables shall be removed at least one in each week.

Sec. (21) These regulations shall apply to livery, hack, bus, tramcar, truck, express, dairy and all other stables where five or more horses or mules are kept.

REGARDING GARBAGE.

Sec. (22) No garbage, stable manure, night soil or animal or vegetable refuse of any nature which is dangerous to the public health shall be used for grading purposes, or for filling up any house lot or other tract of land.

Sec. (23) Any person violating any of the foregoing regulations shall be punished as provided by law.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Continued from page two.

There are important questions to be weighed by you in the consideration of this subject. Should such local governments be established in communities that do not asked for them? Should the whole area of the territory be occupied by such governments, or should experiments be made in one or two localities before going further? What will be the approximate burden of the aggregate taxation of the city or county and the territory on the tax payer? How will the small proprietor be affected by such combined taxation, and by the probable greater stringency of municipal regulations? These questions are better answered before than after the character of such corporations is finally settled.

Probably the most satisfactory method of conferring such privileges is by means of a general statute, stating the conditions precedent to the establishment of such governments, and the principles and limitations to be recognized in their organization, under which any community within the conditions may proceed to acquire corporate existence whenever it shall so desire.

Should the Legislature find unable, at this session, to agree upon satisfactory legislation in this matter, it would doubtless facilitate the progress of the work in the future if it should make provision for the appointment and adequate pay or a commission of several persons to prepare a general scheme for both county and city government, and report to the next regular session of the Legislature.

The executive is in correspondence Federal Government in regard to the temporary services of an expert forester to examine the forests of the territory, and advise the Government on questions pertaining to their preservation, the need of reforestation, and the extent to which deforestation may be safely permitted. The Bureau favors sending one of its own skilled foresters as soon as one can be spared. The territory will, however, be required to pay his expenses and a reasonable salary. An item has been placed in the estimates for this purpose.

The plan of the Department of Agriculture at Washington to establish an agricultural experiment station here is one of great importance to the territory. Such a station, conducted by trained men, will be of inestimable value to our agricultural population in testing the capabilities of various plants producing food, fibre and other valuable products in our climate and soils, and in introducing scientific methods of cultivation. The small farmer will be especially benefited by such experiments, and it is to the prosperity of the small farmer that much of our social and political advancement will depend. Our own Department of Agriculture and Forestry will work with such a station in promoting the development of our agricultural resources.

Vessels in Port--Kahului

Am. Sch. Compser, Larsen, from Port Townsend.	Am. Ship Chamer, John Slater, from Lady Smith, B. C. coal.
Am. Hgnc. Lurline, Shaube, from San Francisco, merchandise.	Am. Sch. Ottilie Fjord, Bosch, from Europe, lumber.
Am. Hk. Edward May, Hansen, Honolulu.	Am. Sch. S. T. Alexander, Ipsca, San Francisco, merchandise.
Am. Sch. Serena Thayer, McVicar, from lumber port.	Am. Sch. Dora Bluhm, Seymour, S. F., mds.
Am. Sch. May Dodge, Olsen, lumber, 30 days from Tacoma.	
Arrived.	
Feb. 23--Am. sch. Mary Dodge, Olsen, lumber 30 days from Tacoma.	Feb. 27--S. S. Claudine, Parker, from Honolulu.
Departures.	
Feb. 23--R. R. Hind Hollingsen, Port Townsend.	Feb. 23--Honolpo, Olsen, Port Townsend.
Feb. 25--Lurline Shaube, San Francisco.	March 2--S. S. Claudine, Parker, Honolulu.
Expected.	
Sch. Honolulu, from Newcastle, coal.	Sch. Metha Nelson from S. F., mds.
S. S. American from Honolulu.	S. S. Centennial from Honolulu.

Honolulu Postoffice Time Table.

DATE	NAME	FROM
Feb. 19	Sierra	San Francisco
" 19	Coptic	Yokohama
" 19	Nippon maru	San Francisco
FOR		
Feb. 19	Sierra	Sydney
" 19	Coptic	San Francisco
" 19	Nippon Maru	Yokohama

Bailey's Honolulu Cyclery Co., LIMITED.

Stearns Bicycles

AT \$25, \$40, \$50

Cushion Frames, \$60.

1900 Chainless \$75.00 FULLY GUARANTEED

The Milwaukee Patent Puncture Proof Tires. Sole Agency and only place where the guarantee on these tires can be filled is at:

Bailey's Honolulu Cyclery, Ltd. HONOLULU

AGENTS For the Morgan & Wright Hack Tires.

If you wish to . . .

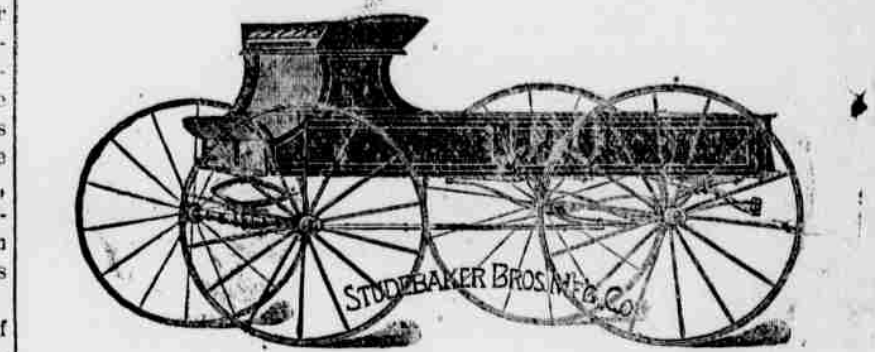
keep your papers in order, either in the office or at your home, buy one of MACEY'S DESKS. They are cheap, as we sell them at San Francisco prices, at the same time elegant and durable, and they will save you much time and trouble.

A whole carload arrived on the "Wrestler" of which several styles and grades are already on exhibition. Call and see them.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Ltd.

Exclusive Dealers for the Hawaiian Territory.

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY



Every Thing on Wheels

AT Coast Prices

Harness For EVERY PURPOSE ALL PRICES

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G. SCHUMAN

Merchant Street, between Fort and Alakea Streets.

The Bank of Hawaii KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO. LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii. CAPITAL \$400,000.00 OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Chas. M. Cooke, President; P. C. Jones, Vice-President; C. H. Cooke, Cashier; F. C. Atherton, Assistant Cashier; Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenny, J. A. McCandless. Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in pass books, copies of which may be had on application. Judd Building, Fort St., Honolulu.

Pacific Cycle & Mfg. Co.

AGENTS FOR STERLING and IVER JOHNSON Bicycles. DEALERS IN All kind of sporting Goods.

Theo H. Davis & Co

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