Maui's War Work Quiz Now $37,500
Increase of 50 Percent For Extra-Estate U.-To Last Night $37,500 Had Been Saberhaged—Drive Ends Monday

The United War Work Campaign on Maui, which began on Monday and will close next Monday, has been making very satisfactory progress, according to Rv. B. H. Dods, who has been handling the campaign for the Smithsonian Institute, for Chairman R. W. Rice. Up to last night Maui had raised $37,500, or about three quarters of its quota of $52,500. But it is expected that the amount will be increased to about $57,500, and seven figures of the total amount, raised by several Maui churches, can be expected to be reached before Monday.

The reason for this is that the war work campaign on Maui is in a much more advanced stage than that in any other county and that the amount of money needed is much greater than has been expected. The organizers of the war work campaign on Maui have been working very hard to raise the necessary amount of money, and it is expected that they will be able to do so within the next few days. This has been made possible by the fact that many of the churches on Maui have already raised a large amount of money, and that the community as a whole is deeply interested in the war work campaign.

LEADER Comment

The war work campaign on Maui is a very important one, and it is hoped that the amount of money raised will be sufficient to meet the needs of the campaign. The organizers have worked very hard to raise the necessary amount of money, and it is expected that they will be able to do so within the next few days. This has been made possible by the fact that many of the churches on Maui have already raised a large amount of money, and that the community as a whole is deeply interested in the war work campaign.

JOYOUS DEMONSTRATION MARKS DAWN OF PEACE

Maui Folk Turn Out At Midnight To Celebrate News Of Victory—Cheering Crowds Parade Streets Singing And Shouting—Maui News Special Dispatch Pouchese Whole Island From Slumber—Wonderful, Spontaneous Joyous Greeted The Hun

Maui's reception of the news of the end of the war was a surprise event to everyone. In the midst of the darkness, a great demonstration of joy and relief took place. The news spread quickly, and within minutes, people were pouring out onto the streets. The streets were filled with cheering crowds, singing and shouting.

The news of the end of the war was received with great joy and relief on Maui. The streets were filled with a great demonstration of joy and relief. The news spread quickly, and within minutes, people were pouring out onto the streets. The streets were filled with cheering crowds, singing and shouting.

Maui News

Folklore

Revolution Sweeping Despotism Europe With Power Of Tornado—Germany And Austria In Hands Of Revolutionaries—Kings And KInglets Migrate To Healthier Climes—Holland Even Faces Crisis—Terms Of Armistice Being Carried Out—American Prisoners Have Been Freed—Plans For Great Peace Conference Being Formulated

(ASEOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES)

LST OF DUTCHMEN CULLED ACCOUNTED FOR SAN FRANCISCO, November 10—The Dutchmen who will soon be accounted for are the last survivors of the U.S. Cotton War. They are expected to be accounted for by the end of the month.

(Continued on Page Eight)

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American Missionaries

DON'T WANT EX-EMPEROR HANGING AROUND

LONDON, November 15—Vienna newspapers of the 14th announced that a German-Austrian republic was to be proclaimed tomorrow. The ex-empire's request to reside in Vienna is a private citizen denied.

American Missionaries

BELGIAN CAPITAL, SOON TO FUNCTION

HASTEN, November 15—The Belgian government, which has been considering the establishment of a capital in Brussels, has decided to go ahead with the project. Brussels will be the capital of the new state, which is to be called the Kingdom of Belgium.

The Belgian government has decided to go ahead with the project to establish a capital in Brussels. Brussels will be the capital of the new state, which is to be called the Kingdom of Belgium.

SKELETON OF MAN missing since June found dead

The discovery of a man's skeleton in a quiet corner near Caratoon, has caused a great deal of excitement. It is not yet known how the man died, but it is believed that he was probably killed in an accident. The skeleton was found in a quiet corner near Caratoon, and the cause of death is not yet known. It is not yet known how the man died, but it is believed that he was probably killed in an accident.

LAISANTEJURIS- REJOR

GENEVA, November 14—Clips from Alas-Lorene are reprinted from Tovar's German papers. Clowns needle them as they do not understand the evidence to show.
RED CROSS NOTES

American Red Cross, From October 1, 1918

The Mail Branch, A. C. R., was established at the Red Cross Building, near the library, by Mrs. E. P. Baldwin, vice-chairman, and Mrs. H. R. King, chairman, of the women's division. The work is being carried on in the library, and the contributions of the women are being collected. Mrs. R. H. King, a member of the women's division, is in charge of the work.

Casualty List on File

The Red Cross News is a weekly publication, giving news of the Red Cross activities. The list of casualties is compiled by the Red Cross, and is available to all who are interested in the Red Cross work.

Christmas Packages

The list of Christmas packages is as follows. The packages are being delivered direct to the Red Cross Office, and are being delivered in time for Christmas. The list is compiled by the Red Cross, and is available to all who are interested in the Red Cross work.

Casualty List

The list of casualties is compiled by the Red Cross, and is available to all who are interested in the Red Cross work.

FOR SALE

Extra Free Card Number

The Red Cross Society is offering its extra free card number for sale. The card number is available to all who are interested in the Red Cross work.

N. SANO CONSTRUCTOR AND BUILDER

N. Sano is the constructor and builder of the Red Cross building. The building is available to all who are interested in the Red Cross work.

Announcement

We have been appointed agents for the Hotpoint Stove Company. We will continue to sell the Hotpoint Stove Company's goods and services.

The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.

Electric Headquarters.

As, to us at home, the firm, staunch, grim visage of General Pershing stands for our splendid army in France and in encampments, so do the United War Work emblems symbolize the gentle associations and wholesome cheer of the homeland—home, father, mother, sweetheart—to the boys over there.

As we have supported our army so that it might fight for us, so must we also support these other organizations that are ministering to the human and spiritual needs of those who are doing the fighting.

The comforting, cheering, clearly, healthy home association that these seven organizations represent, is the finest, biggest, and best Christmas present that we at home can give to them "over there".

Let us open our hearts and our purses wide and give.

Participated in by—

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
NATIONAL WAR WORK COUNCIL
THE JEWISH WELFARE BOARD
WAR CAMPS COMMUNITY SERVICE
AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION
THE SALVATION ARMY

United War Work

Campaign This Week

K. Nozaki

First Class Auto-Body Varnisher.

Work Guaranteed. Moderate Prices.

WAILUKU, MAUI

Mill Road, below Main Winc.
MOLOKAI BEING CONTAMINATED

Old Kona Coffee

Do you know that it costs you only 10 cents postage to receive 6 pounds of old KONA COFFEE at your door? Why not try it? It costs you only 1.59 cents a pound! Why not try it? It costs you only 1.59 cents a pound!
The war is over and the world has entered upon a new era. It will never be the same kind of world again. Peace has come, and those who expect a return to the old order are doomed to disappointment.

And it will be a better world than we have known. Never again will a treaty rule. The great struggle for all times, the struggle for freedom and security and human dignity, has been finally won. It has been the triumph of democracy.

But the millennium is not arrived. Human greed, rapacity, and avarice have not disappeared from the earth. But the consciousness of the world has been awakened and the divine spirit of brotherhood and justice are in the ascendency.

Things will not be the same as they were. Nor has the burden been lifted. Rather has it been increased by a harvest of human misery never before known. But the storm has passed and the sun is shining. And the courage and devotion which triumphed in the darkest hour now gives itself with renewed confidence for the work of reconstruction.

The new era of promise has dawned. The struggle is ended, and the victory is won. The blood of our war dead has not been in vain.

Dr. John R. Mott, Chairman of the National Executive Committee of the United World War Council, whose drive for funds was made during the 15th and 16th of November, believes that the conclusion of the war will mean for the seven societies that a result of the merger.

"Without doubt," he says, "the new cooperative arrangement, which will be made possible or facilitated by the United War Work Council, will mean increased and more public meetings in the coming years. The seven societies will be enhanced as a result of the merger.

"And in the future, I believe that it will be possible to bring to bear the power of the entire movement to bring about a world community.

ECONOMY IN GIVING

For more than a year many have made an enviable record in their efforts to encourage saving and giving by the American people. This is what does the Red Cross Shop work, which opened on the public last Saturday.

For more than a year many have made an enviable record in their efforts to encourage saving and giving by the American people. This is what does the Red Cross Shop work, which opened on the public last Saturday.

But its success would have been impossible without the wholehearted cooperation of all the public. The public is interested, their donations of the stock in trade, and their willingness to associate themselves with the cause, and the success of the shop, which is the sole purpose of the United War Work Council.

But it was never applied better to anything than in the creation of the Red Cross Shop.

Red Cross Shop is Splendid Success

(Continued from Page One.)

Joyous Demonstration Marks Dawn of Peace

(Continued from Page One.)

 Longer Life

for delicate hangnails is given by the use of

Peets Crystal White

Soap

This pure, white, vegetable oil soap clears cutaneous, dainty lips, damps and hangnails quickly and without injury to the skin.

It's the preferred household soap in Hawaii. Order from your dealer.

AMERICAN FACTORS, LTD.

Wholesale Distributors for Hawaii.

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU

THE LEADING TRUST COMPANY IN HAWAII

LET OUR YEARS OF EXPERIENCE BE OF ASSISTANCE TO YOU IN THE SELECTION OF YOUR INVESTMENTS

CALL or WRITE.

THE WORLD'S BEST INVESTMENT-

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS SEPTEMBER PRICE $4.20

Make Your Butter Go Twice As Far

Two pounds of merged butter from one pound of butter and one pint of milk, is possible with

The Wonder Butter Merger

Simple and specially constructed, it merges butter and milk into a truly delicious and creamy product. Tastes like Country Butter.

one size only, $1.25

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd.
The horse of dependable merchandise.
Honolulu, T. H.

Cleaning and Dyeing

and general restoring to usefulness.

FRENCH LAUNDRY

J. ARABBE, Proprietor.

LADIES' BLACK KID LACE BOOTS

$5.50 and $6.

We recently received these, lace boots with cloth tops, and are able to sell them at the prices quoted. We cannot buy more than a few dozen at the wholesale price quoted. We are the manufacturers being conclusive that shoes will cost more.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Ltd.
P. O. Box 669

"Zerolene is the Best"-

Say marketing motor car distributors, because the results of their service demonstration show that ZEROLENE, correctly refined and injected California asphalt-base Cities, gives as better service, wear and less carbon deposit. Most cars we have试验ed with ZEROLENE become better cars. We have learned through experience that there is no better oil. ZEROLENE is the correct oil for asphalted engine automobiles. It makes your car last. Get all the facts, choose the correct consistency for your car. At all dealers everywhere and STANDARD OIL COMPANY agencies.

Correct Lubrication for the Ford Engine

One country and one oil, Am.

Sharing the Day of Life

The only real happiness in this life comes to those who are contented, and nothing gives us greater pleasure than to help you in the matter of choosing the correct consistency for your car. At all dealers everywhere and STANDARD OIL COMPANY agencies.
WASHINGTON, January 20—Spokesmen for the National Shipping Federation, Washington, D.C., today announced that the contract which binds the United States to the Navy for the construction of a fleet of seaplanes has been signed by the Government and the shipbuilders. The contract will provide for the construction of six seaplanes, each of which will be capable of carrying a crew of four men.

The contract was signed by Secretary of the Navy William H. Taft and the shipbuilders, headed by Charles M. Brown, president of the National Shipping Federation. The seaplanes will be built at the Navy Yard in Washington, D.C., and will be used for the training of naval personnel. The seaplanes will be used for scouting, reconnaissance, and antisubmarine warfare. The contract was signed on behalf of the Government by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin K. Lane.

The seaplanes will be powered by four engines and will have a range of 1,500 miles. They will be armed with two 3-inch guns and two machine guns.

The contract provides for the delivery of the first seaplane in April, with the remaining five to be delivered in May, June, July, August, and September. The seaplanes will be used by the Navy for training purposes and will be operated by the Navy at the Navy Yard in Washington, D.C.
Latest News By Wireless

TERMS OF ARMISTICE

WASHINGTON, November 11—President Wilson addressed a special session of congress today as follows:

"Concerning the Armistice."—It's been a most striking and momentous change of rapid and tremendous character. It will do in a degree lighten my sense of responsibility with the people, and give them a sense of the future that is surely to come. They have not yet come to terms, not to production, but they will come.

The German authorities who have, at the invitation of the supreme council, come to the armistice, have accepted the terms it was agreed to. The armistice will be in operation in all theatres of war as from 11 o'clock, 11th hour, 11th day of November, 1918.

There will be no further fighting in any theatre of war other than that necessary for the protection of the inhabitants. The German forces are placed under the control of the American commanders. The German armistice will take effect at 11 o'clock, 11th hour, 11th day of November, 1918.

The terms of the armistice are as follows:

1. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 30,000 men, with a maximum of 75,000, to be held in the area of the mountain passes.

2. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 25,000 men, with a maximum of 50,000, to be held in the area of the river Meuse.

3. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 20,000 men, with a maximum of 40,000, to be held in the area of the river Dyle.

4. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 15,000 men, with a maximum of 30,000, to be held in the area of the river Ouse.

5. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 10,000 men, with a maximum of 20,000, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

6. The German forces on the Austro-Hungarian front will be reduced to 5,000 men, with a maximum of 10,000, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

7. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 5,000 men, with a maximum of 10,000, to be held in the area of the river Po.

8. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 5,000 men, with a maximum of 10,000, to be held in the area of the river Vistula.

9. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 2,500 men, with a maximum of 5,000, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

10. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 2,500 men, with a maximum of 5,000, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

11. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 500 men, with a maximum of 1,000, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

12. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 500 men, with a maximum of 1,000, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

13. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 250 men, with a maximum of 500, to be held in the area of the river Tiber.

14. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 250 men, with a maximum of 500, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

15. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 100 men, with a maximum of 200, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

16. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 100 men, with a maximum of 200, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

17. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 5 men, with a maximum of 10, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

18. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 5 men, with a maximum of 10, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

19. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 2 men, with a maximum of 4, to be held in the area of the river Po.

20. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 2 men, with a maximum of 4, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

21. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

22. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

23. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

24. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

25. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Tiber.

26. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

27. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

28. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

29. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

30. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

31. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Po.

32. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

33. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

34. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

35. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

36. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

37. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Tiber.

38. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

39. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

40. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

41. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

42. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

43. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Po.

44. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

45. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

46. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

47. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

48. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

49. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Tiber.

50. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

51. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

52. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

53. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

54. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

55. The German forces on the Italian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Po.

56. The German forces on the Russian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Volga.

57. The German forces on the British front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Thames.

58. The German forces on the French front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Seine.

59. The German forces on the Belgian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Scheldt.

60. The German forces on the Austrian front will be reduced to 1 man, with a maximum of 2, to be held in the area of the river Danube.

These terms will remain in force until the armistice is signed by the representatives of the Allied Powers.
Molokai Settlement Being Investigated

Committee Looking Into Charges Of Mismanagement—Bill Of Births At Settlement Illegitimate—Mr. Veivas Blames Legislature

Attempts to remedying certain phases of the social order which the settlement at Molokai and the hospital in Hahului have been failures was reported by J. D. Veivas, superintendent of the hospital, at a meeting of the legislature investigation committee held Thursday afternoon. Particularly in securing legisla- tion by the legislature necessary to plan worked out by the officials involved.

Mr. Veivas, according to the Advertiser, said that magistrates of the island were turned down and in some instances his recommendations appear to have found their way only to the newspaper column. While the superintend- ent did not throw all the blame for failure upon the board of health in the matter of certain needed re- forms he did say that the health department had failed to see the wisdom of his recommendations.

The superintendent did not claim that such failures were on the part of the board of health, but he did say that the work was not being carried on as it could be. Mr. Veivas was himself composed of by Mrs. Wa- te Keong and the members of the investigating committee and admitted that the purpose of any of the magistrates who were aiding and abetting the work.

No charges were brought up for discussion.

At the meeting were Dr. R. C. W. Boni, Dr. F. C. Cooper, Dr. C. C. Wright, Dr. W. M.瑶, and Dr. W. A. M. Anderson, who was acting as secretary. Mrs. Veivas was also present.

The committee reported to visit Ka- lohi, the hospital in Hahului, and were there in advance. The hospital he said was in a very bad condition, which however, had not affected the medical standing of the institution. The committee stated that it was possible to maintain the hospital if it was properly staffed. The matter of the hospital in Hahului was also discussed. The committee stated that there was no chance to maintain the hospital.

Mr. Veivas was asked what was the cause of the poor condition of the hospital between its status at Kalaheo and Ke- wai that could not be maintained.

Asked as to who looked after the hospital between its status at Kalaihe and Kewai, Mr. Veivas said that the Busby had no one there before. Mrs. Veivas had her com- pletely restored to its original.

Mr. Veivas stated that he had been discharged from the hospital in Molokai, but was relieved of duty there by the

Committee, Molokai. Mr. Veivas as conditions at Ka- lohi in the presence of its mayor for Molokai either tomorrow or the day after, returning. There was one question which arose and that was concerning the marriage of children born at the Leper Is- land. It was brought to the attention of Mr. Veivas that some children born there.

THE HOUSE OF SILENCE

THE "HOUSE OF SILENCE" is the most recent addition to the list of attractions in the city, and is a very interesting feature to the public. The house is situated in a quiet corner of the city, and is the work of Mr. Peter H. Smith, who has recently been engaged in the construction of several other buildings in the city. The building is of the most modern design, and is equipped with all the latest appliances. The house is furnished in the most luxurious style, and is open to the public from ten o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night. The view from the terrace is very interesting, and the house is very convenient to all parts of the city.

For the benefit of those who may be interested, a brief description of the house is given below:

The house is situated in a quiet corner of the city, and is the work of Mr. Peter H. Smith, who has recently been engaged in the construction of several other buildings in the city. The building is of the most modern design, and is equipped with all the latest appliances. The house is furnished in the most luxurious style, and is open to the public from ten o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night. The view from the terrace is very interesting, and the house is very convenient to all parts of the city.

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AUSTRIAN ÈX-ROYALTY WILL STICK

GENEVA, November 14—The former Austrian royal family will reside in a town on Lake Constance until peace is signed.

BRUSSELS AGAIN FREE OF HUN RULE

CHICHT, November 14—The German yoke at Brussels has ended with the hutner part of last week. At about 4 p.m. the German troops left Brussels and the Belgian troops re-entered the city. The Belgian government has released all political prisoners.

PEACE CONFERENCE PREPARES AT VERSAILLES

PARIS, November 14—The associated governments feel that Versailles is the most convenient place for the peace conference.

GERMAN GKDNEY

BERLIN, November 14—Berlin dispatch says new German government has proclaimed a program emphasizing changes towards democracy and peace.

MORE AMERICANS FREED

AMERICAN CITIZENS CAPTURED. 600 Americans prisoners freed last week, have reached their lines.

WASHINGTON, November 14—Baker and householders, beginning today, are permitted to purchase flour without subsidies.

WASHINGTON, November 14—The Committee of Public Information announces that the U.S. government is in charge of the volunteer censorship under which the American press has granted to the enemy of the United States military and naval plans and movements, the secretary of war and the secretaries of the navy and army.

ITALY GETS ANOTHER LOAN

WASHINGTON, November 14—A $31,000,000 loan for Italy has been granted making total loan to the Allies nearly 8 billions.

FORUSD.

COPENHAGEN, November 14—Polish troops have entered upper Peru, Patagonia, according to Berlin.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE

BERLIN, November 14—The German cruiser Königsberg, with 1300 officers and men, was handed over to the representatives of the British admiralty concerning the execution of armistice terms.

NEW GERMAN CABINET ANNOUNCED

COPENHAGEN, November 14—The following cabinet of the new German government was announced by the minister of interior and military, Friedrich Ebert; foreign affairs, Hugo; finance and co-ope- ratives, Fritzsche; education and justice, Karl; propaganda, Clemens; public etc., and literature, Labrador; social policy, Beth.

AFRICA SENDS CONGRATULATIONS

PARIS, November 14—The king of Spain has wired congratulations to President Poincaré.

AMERICAN PRISONERS FREED

PARIS, November 14—All American prisoners were released immediately on the signing of the armistice. They include all those captured up to November 12.

GERMAN TROOP MOVEMENT

AMERICAN ARMY, FRANCE, November 14—German opposite line is moving rapidly.

RUSSIAN CROWN PROPERTY ENTAIRED

LONDON, November 14—Property of the Russian crown is to be confiscated by the British government. According to a previous臂usion by new Russian government the enstated property of the Russian crown is to be confiscated by the government of Russia as enstated property. Personal property of former royal family will not be confiscated.

AMERICAN TROOPS NOW IN GERMANY

PARIS, November 14—Leaflets which instructed the German frontiers met at Metz and Strasbourg. Foch will make solemn entries into and inspections of the German frontier lines.

BEGIN PLANS FOR PEACE

PARIS, November 14—President Poincaré, Clemenceau, Balfour, Italian, and American delegations to assemblage to draft peace terms.

HERZENBURG STILL IN SADLER

Homburg, November 14—Hindenburg remains as head of German army. It is expected that he will issue a message ordering all army commanders to lead their troops home in order and without discipline.

HUN SOLDIERS CANT HELP IT

ON THE SNOWY, November 14—All Hun soldiers have received and are pillaging Bel- green. Belgian troops are half way between Ghent and Ypres and have started flying squadrons to protect their interests.

GERMAN AUSTRIA PLANS REPUBLIC

Berlin, November 14—Austria now being a republic. The secret cabinet of the minister of foreign affairs has passed the council. A constitutional assembly is to be elected in January. The new republic will consist of three provinces, Austria, Carinthia and Styria.

HARD TO RESTRRAIN BRUTALIZED TROOPS

LONDON, November 14—Sir George Curzon, the minister of war, is trying to commit acts of violence against and pillaging, according to wires of Allied high command. It is stated that unless this stopped Allies will take steps to end German threat.

BUSINESS AND FINANCE

WASHINGTON, November 13—Through the Swiss mission Germany has urgently requested President Wilson to inform German Cabinet whether the United States is ready to send food stuff. A definite answer, if a prolonger of the United States is ready to send food stuff. A definite answer, if a prolonger of the United States is ready to send food stuff, is expected in a few days. If a prolonger of the United States is ready to send food stuff, is expected in a few days. The German cabinet has been assured that the United States will continue to send food stuff.

SERIOUS SITUATION IN ITALY

TRIESTE, November 14—Serious situation prevails in all regions of Austria. Soldiers returned from the front are turning their backs on the war. Strikes and mutiny among seamen and soldiers.

CHARLES HAPSFIELD AND FAMILY LEAVE ROME

WASHINGTON, November 13—Charles Hapspfield, president of the Rome Lusitana Line, and his wife, left Washington on Tuesday for Eckert-San.

FRENCH NAVAL OUTFIT

NEW YORK, November 13—Former French naval officer arrived at Eckert-San by automobiles.

A petition for the adoption of Senator Roger B. Taylor's (D-Mo.) measure to establish a national residential law school in the districts of the territory of the United States, was received by the Senate Education Committee on education, on Tuesday, September 29, 1914. It is signed by 45 Senators. It has been referred to the Senate Finance Committee. A bill providing for the building of a new and larger residence for the university of South Dakota, was introduced by Senator John M. Shelly, (D-Mo.), and referred to the Senate Education Committee.