

Hawaiian Gazette

VOL. VI, NO. 177

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1913.—SEMI WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 3863

HUERTA SENDS MESSAGE TO WILSON

Belief Is That Dictator Seeks Terms for Abdication—Rebels Capture a City and Prepare for Advance—Chester Steams Into Vera Cruz and Report That Marines Will Be Land'd Follows.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
BROWNSVILLE, Texas, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—General Gonzales is making a forced march to Tampico, having captured and pillaged Ciudad Victoria, the capital of the State of Tamaulipas, which the rebel leader terms the "bloodiest battle of the revolution."
General Gonzales is less than fifty miles from Tampico and expects to join the rebel force working north from Tuxpan and throw about eight thousand men against Tampico in a night attack.

HUERTA IS SENDING A PERSONAL MESSAGE TO WASHINGTON

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
CITY OF MEXICO, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Provisional President Huerta's son-in-law, Gen. Luis Fuentes, who left here last night on a mysterious mission, is reported today to be on his way to Washington with a message from Huerta to President Wilson.
The supposition was that Huerta had a proposal to make which was a little short of unconditional retirement that he could not make to Washington direct because the White House refused to receive any message from him other than announcement of his resignation.

FAMINE NOW MENACES PEONS IN MEXICO

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
CITY OF MEXICO, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Famine threatens hundreds of residents in this city. Supplies already are short and prices so high that the poorer classes are compelled to stop buying necessities.

HUERTA MESSAGE IS READ TO CONGRESS

CITY OF MEXICO, November 20.—(By Associated Press Cable to St. Paul, Minn.)—The new Mexican congress, re-elected largely by General Huerta and under the domination of the dictator, convened today.
Tonight President Huerta personally read to the congress his unadorned message on the present crisis. In it he defends his acts, taking up the circumstances surrounding them, and asks the congress either to sanction his conduct or fix the responsibility for carrying on affairs in the future.
The dictator's message is a striking one, and, taken in conjunction with certain acts, shows plainly his intention to hold to power as long as he is able. The message says in part:
"The house became the focus of insurrection. There came a time when the government must either consent to preserve an assembly of illegals, or its congress, or, waiting this kind of popular representation, appeal to the people's ultimate sovereign desire."
"It will always appear high and noble and preferable to any compromise to save the nation, though painful as it may be, than to insist on intent to annul provisions whose justice is doubtful."
Huerta then goes on to quote Benito Saez's saying that law is not violated when the country is saved, and that the saying is always true."

REBEL SHARPSHOOTERS WITH FORCES OF GENERAL GONZALES IN MEXICO



DR. WU TING FANG MAY COME BACK

Offered Post as Minister to United States Refuses Unless Position Is Made Ambassadorship.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
SHANGHAI, China, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Dr. Wu



DR. WU TING FANG.
Hotel Chinese diplomat who may return to United States as ambassador. Dr. Wu, former minister to the United States, was today offered the position of minister to Washington. He refused unless the office is elevated to an ambassadorship. Doctor Wu is living here in retirement.

AWAIT DEVELOPMENTS OF MEXICAN CONGRESS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Secretary Bryan indicated clearly today that the United States is awaiting the developments of the Mexican congress before making any further steps in the Mexican situation.
He said that no instructions "having a certain date" have been sent to "charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy concerning the closing of the American embassy."
RUMORS THAT MARINES WILL LAND AT VERA CRUZ

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
VERA CRUZ, Mexico, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Rumors that the American marines will be land'd were received today because the United States scout cruiser Chester has come into the harbor.

FOREIGN PLUMS BEGIN TO FALL

President Wilson Sends Large Number of Nominations to Senate.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—President Wilson today sent to the senate the following nominations:
Henry M. Pindell of Illinois, as ambassador to Russia; George J. Fuller of Wisconsin, as consul general large; Frederick M. Deering of Missouri, secretary to the embassy to Madrid; Hugh S. Gibson of California, secretary of legation to Brussels; Gustave Scholle of Minnesota, secretary of legation to Havana.
Consul Generals Wm. Hadley of New York to Calcutta; Michael J. Hendrick of New York, to Christiania; Ramsford Miller of New York to Seoul, Korea; George H. Seidmore of Wisconsin, to Yokohama; Robert P. Ginis of Ohio, to Berlin.

BOMBARDIER WELLS MATCHED

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
LONDON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The National Sporting Club announced today that Bombardier Wells, heavyweight champion of England, has been definitely matched to Lou George Carpentier of France on December 3 in this city.

WILHELMINA BRINGING SUPPLIES FOR ARMY

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
SAN FRANCISCO, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Wilhelmina sailed for Honolulu today. A considerable tonnage of military stores and supplies for the government forces are on board.

HARVARD COACH IS SURE OF VICTORY

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Harvard football eleven of 1913 is going to be a record breaker and will defeat Yale in the Stadium Saturday. Coach Haughton told a mass meeting of students to night.

OFFICERS PREPARING FOR ANNUAL RIDE

Preparations are being made at the headquarters of the Hawaiian Department for the annual test ride of the officers. It is expected that all the officers in this department will take this ride of sixty miles some time next month. The plan, it is understood, has not been completed as yet, but they will be ready in a short time.

COMMITTEE VOTE TO REPORT CURRENCY BILL TO SENATE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—By a vote of seven to five the senate banking committee voted today to report to the senate on Saturday the house Currency Bill, together with the Owen and Hitchcock amended drafts. The usual explanatory report upon these bills has not been made.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ADDRESS BANQUET OVER LONG DISTANCE 'PHONE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Senator O'Gorman and a delegation from Rochester asked President Wilson to speak over the telephone to a banquet of the chamber of commerce of that city on December 10, where telephones are to be arranged for each diner. The President has promised to do so.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON ARRESTED FOR SPEEDING

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
LONDON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Sir Thomas Lipton was arrested at Streatham today for exceeding the speed limit in his automobile and was fined \$50.

JAPANESE CRUISER OFF FOR MEXICO

Admiral of Navy Present as Vessel Steams Out of Yokosuka—Will Stop Here.

YOKOSUKA, Japan, November 20.—(Special Cable to the Nippu Jiji)—With colors flying and signals of "bon voyage" from the warships assembled in this harbor, the first class cruiser Idzumo, 9800 tons displacement, sailed this afternoon at 3 o'clock for the West Coast of Mexico, via Honolulu, with Commander K. Moriyama in command.
Admiral Baron Saito, minister of the navy, was an early arrival this morning from Tokyo and held a conference on board the Idzumo with Commander Moriyama, to whom he gave the instructions governing his mission in Mexican waters. Later Minister Saito stated that the destination of the Idzumo is Mazatlan, on the West Coast of Mexico, and that the mission of the cruiser is entirely one of relief in behalf of Japanese residents of that country.
According to the modified schedule the Idzumo will maintain a speed of ten knots an hour and is expected to reach Honolulu on December 5, or two days ahead of the schedule at first announced. The cruiser will remain in the harbor of Honolulu for four days taking on coal and water, and on December 9, the warship will leave direct for Mexico and Mazatlan, via the port of Manzanillo. The cruiser is expected to reach Mazatlan by January 1 next. She will remain in Mexican waters for six months.

POLITICS IMPROVING SAYS A DEMOCRAT

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
ST. LOUIS, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—That the politics of the United States is steadily climbing toward a higher plane was the declaration here today in an address by Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy. Speaking on the purification of politics, Mr. Daniels said:
"No more are elections sold in America. Contributions for campaign purposes from selfish interests are under the ban, and this better political condition is not confined to any one party."

Taft Condemns Philippine Policy of Democratic Party



WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT
Who believes Filipinos are far from being ready for self-government.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
NEW YORK, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Speaking on the subject of "Holding the Philippines" before the Brooklyn Institute of Arts last night, former President Taft attacked the policy of the Wilson administration as demonstrated in the acts of Governor General Harrison since he took over the reins of government of the Islands early last month.

In taking exception to the policies of President Wilson in granting more powers in the government and legislation to the Philippine politicians, Taft declared this action to be far in advance of the time of even the approach of self-government.

CAPTAIN DAVIS HEADS BOARD

Officers Appointed to Conduct Examinations in Honolulu for Promotion of Medical Officers.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
WASHINGTON, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser).

The following boards have been appointed: Maj. Charles R. Reynolds, Medical Corps, to meet at Manila for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.
Lieut.-Col. Frederick P. Reynolds, Medical Corps, to meet at Honolulu for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.
Lieut.-Col. Merritte W. Ireland and Paul F. Straub, Capt. Lloyd Smith, Medical Corps, to meet at Manila for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.
Machine gun board ordered to Kansas: Lieut.-Col. E. Hinds, Fifth Field Artillery; Walter G. Penfield, Ordnance Department; Capt. Wm. Suedberg Jr., Cavalry; Capt. Frank N. Brown, Infantry; First Lieut. Austin G. Pardee, Ninetieth Infantry.
Capt. Lawrence Carson, First Cavalry, transferred to Twelfth Cavalry; Capt. G. E. McNeely, Ninth Cavalry, transferred to Fifth Cavalry. Capt. Henry M. Merriam, Coast Artillery Corps, ten days' leave.

Navy Orders.
Lieut. D. P. Wickersham to the Minnesota; Lieut. L. E. Rogers, from the Hannibal to the Florida; Lieut. C. M. Yates, to command the submarine "P2"; Lieut. F. T. Chew, from the command of the submarine "P2" to command the submarine "K3"; Assist. Surg. J. K. Bassin, M. R. C., commissioned.
The South Dakota will proceed to Mare Island from San Diego about November 20.

SPANISH AERO SCOUTS WOUNDED BY ENEMY

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
TETUAN, Morocco, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Returning from an aeroplane scouting expedition today, Lieutenants Gillies and Captain Barreton were lifted out of their machine badly wounded. The aviators were shot while flying over the enemy's position and had barely strength to reach the Spanish camp.

FOES OF ULSTER ARMING FOR FRAY

Nationalists in Ireland Prepare to Defend Home Rule Against Orangemen.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
DUBLIN, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—In view of the fact



SIR EDWARD CARSON,
Leader of fight against Home Rule for Ireland.

that the Orangemen of Ulster are forming an armed volunteer force to resist Home Rule, the Nationalists have decided to adopt the same tactics.
A circular was sent to all members of the national volunteer force today to secure and maintain the rights and liberties common to all the people of Ireland.

QUEEN OF SPAIN IS ILL IN PARIS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
PARIS, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Queen of Spain has been stricken with a severe attack of influenza and is in bed in the state suite of the Hotel Maurice.

ASKS REDRESS AFTER ELEVEN YEARS

Max Matson Avers That He Was Sent to Settlement Without Being Sufferer from Leprosy—Interesting Report Read at Meeting of Board of Health.

Eleven years or more ago Max Matson, employed on a plantation on Maui and living on a small adjoining farm with his wife and eight children was declared to be suffering from leprosy and sent to the Settlement at Molokai, seven physicians, after repeated examinations, it is said, found the bacilli in the blood of the afflicted man to confirm their diagnosis. Matson was given very care that is afforded to residents of the Settlement and during the eleven years his condition improved until a few weeks ago Doctor Goodhue, Doctor Pratt and other physicians examined him, tested his blood and found that there were no further traces of his former malady. He was released and went back to join the family which he had left under such sad conditions more than a decade ago. The physicians had found him free of all signs of the malady for which he had been declared a sufferer. He was forty-seven years old when he went to the Settlement; fifty-eight years old when he again greeted his family.

And after all this time Matson declares, according to a communication filed with the territorial board of health at its meeting yesterday, that he was never a sufferer from leprosy, that he was detained and kept from his family without reason and he asks the board of health to make restitution, so far as such a thing is possible in a monetary way for the eleven years he was kept off from his friends and family.

Examined by Seven Physicians.
An investigation of the records yesterday showed that Matson had been thoroughly examined by a board of seven physicians, among them Doctor Pratt, now president of the board of health. The papers showed that the minute details had been carefully followed.

Referred to Attorney General.
However, the board did not feel like taking any action on the question yesterday, and on motion of Dr. Kalamandal, seconded by F. C. Smith, the communication was referred to Attorney General Thayer for an opinion.

Three persons recently declared cured at the Settlement yesterday filed applications to be allowed to return to Molokai as kukanas. Their requests, upon recommendation of Surgeon General McVeigh, were granted. One of the petitioners has resided in the Settlement since 1890, having gone there when he was nine years old.

There was a long session of the board yesterday, President Pratt presiding, Attorney General Thayer, G. R. Carter, A. R. Keller, Dr. Kalamandal and F. C. Smith being the other members present.

Health Conditions Good.
Reports from the sanitation officers on all the other Islands were received and showed not only a general improvement in health conditions and the prevalence of only a small amount of sickness, but that much sanitary work has been done during the past quarter.

An interesting feature of Chief Sanitary Inspector Bowman's report from the Island of Hawaii was that showing where 31,000 rats had been killed in that Island under his direction during the past thirteen weeks.

The report of the territorial food inspector was also full of interest, especially that portion relating to his work on Hawaii. It showed where hundreds of articles of impure food had been destroyed, improperly labeled drugs condemned and other regulations enforced.

Dr. A. N. Sinclair's report of conditions at Leahi Home and the progress being made in the fight throughout the Territory against the Great White Plague, was full of interest to the board.

Health Exhibit a Success.
Nearly six thousand persons have attended the health exhibit of slides and moving pictures being given on the Island of Oahu under the direction of the board of health. P. Anderson, in charge of the exhibit, submitted his report, giving figures in detail showing the attendance at the different plantations and small settlements where the pictures have been shown. Much interest has been shown in the work by the people and Mr. Anderson reported that he believes much good is being accomplished.

Mr. Carter reported yesterday that he had attended one of the exhibitions in one of the small villages of Oahu recently and was surprised not only at the attendance but at the interest taken in the pictures and the lectures.

Next Thursday being Thanksgiving Day it is probable the regular meeting of the board will not be held until a week from today.

YALE STILL FAVORITE.
(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
NEW YORK, November 20.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Betting odds in the financial district which have stood up to now in favor of Yale shifted today to ten to seven.

TROOPS HELD ON TEXAS BORDER

Fear of Trouble with Approach of Huerta Forces to Give Battle with Rebels Near Border Causes Government War Department to Get Ready to Protect American Lives and Property.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
VERA CRUZ, Mexico, November 19.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The battleship New Hampshire was dispatched to Tuxpan today under "full speed" orders. This action was at the request of the commander of the battleship Louisiana which has been at Tuxpan since last week. No explanation of the sudden naval movement was made at the United States consulate here, but it is believed the situation at Tuxpan which the rebels have been menacing for ten days has become very serious.

AMERICAN TROOPS TO BORDER TOWNS IN TEXAS

WASHINGTON, November 20.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Two sinister events connected with the military and naval situations around Mexico attracted interest in Washington today. General Bliss was authorized by the war department to detain indefinitely the Second Regiment of Cavalry at Fort Bliss and the Fifty Cavalry at Fort Huachuca. Both these regiments are within striking distance of the border. They were under orders to proceed north and relieve the two regiments recently ordered to Texas for border duty.

It is believed that this change in plans has been made following the pointing out by Senator Shepherd and Representative Henry of the danger which threatens the populous city of El Paso, directly across the line from Juarez, as well as other important towns and cities along the border in Texas due to the reported approach of a large force of Federal troops to engage the Constitutional forces who are in control of the Mexican side of the border.

It would require but very little, said these gentlemen to precipitate trouble and Texas border cities without ample military protection would be in grave danger. They urged the necessity of keeping the entire four regiments on the border.

THIRTY ARE SAVED FROM BURNING STEAMER

LONDON, November 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—The battleship Iron Duke today rescued thirty people from the burning steamer Scots-lyle off the Isle of Wight. All on board were saved.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
PARIS, November 19.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The newspaper Martin announced today it has secured positive information that William F. McAdams has definitely refused the American ambassadorship to France. Frederick Allen, a New York lawyer, is mentioned as a probable successor to M. T. Herrick, the present ambassador.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
LONDON, November 19.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The militant branch of the suffragette organization is busy raising an army in the East End of London to force the government to yield to their demands. Sylvia Pankhurst announced this at a meeting this evening.

Miss Pankhurst said the "army" is to be under the command of Sir Francis Vane who was captain of the Third Royal Lancers Regiment in the Boer War and will have several army officers to assist him.

HUERTA EMBRACES O'SHAUGHNESSY

Marked Affection Shown American Representative by Mexican Dictator.

CITY OF MEXICO, November 20.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Provisional President Huerta, the iron-handed dictator of Mexico, during an official reception at the National Palace here last night, left his place at the head of the banquet table and walking to where Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy, representing the United States, stood, grasped him by the right hand and with his free arm affectionately embraced that official after the fashion of the Mexican people in expressing their good will toward a friend.

This unlooked for proceeding over, Huerta with upraised glass proposed a toast to "The American People," carefully expressing himself to show that he discriminated against mentioning the American government. The toast was responded to with a will.

BRITISH SQUADRON OFF FOR MEXICAN WATERS

BRIDGETOWN, Barbadoes, November 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—The British squadron, consisting of the warships Suffolk, Lancashire and Berwick, has been peremptorily ordered to Vera Cruz, where sixteen warships of four nations will be assembled in case of an outbreak of Mexican hostilities with the United States.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—A desperate mutiny aboard the British freighter Santa Rosalia, which cleared from this port last night, caused the vessel to put back today, and the remainder of a day of excitement brought out a riotous remembrance of piracy. The Santa Rosalia cleared for Swansea, but after getting eight miles out anchored and returned to port today. Twelve firemen and five seamen mutinied, alleging excessive hours. Nine armed men from the revenue cutters, Golden Gate and McCullough guarded the vessel's hatch today to prevent the mutineers from deserting while war-rats were being sworn out for their arrest. They will be charged with mutiny on the high seas.

Providing you have any interest coupons which have matured on March 1, last, or since then, there are certain formalities which must be followed before they can be cashed at any of the local banks. This is due to the federal income tax law, which is now in effect.

Following a joint meeting of representatives of the Bank of Hawaii, Bishop and Company, the Bank of Honolulu, First National Bank of Hawaii, First American Savings and Trust Company, Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Trust Company and the Guardian Trust Company, notice has been given to their depositors, customers and correspondents regulating the cashing of coupons.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—For the first time since the historic conference of Governors at the White House, at which the conservation movement started five years ago, a national report is to be made, showing just what conservation has accomplished in the different States. A national conservation clearing house will assemble at the New Willard Hotel on Monday, November 17, the day before the big conservation congress opens. This clearing house will be made up of conservation commissioners from all the States. The name of the organization is "The National Association of Conservation Commissioners." Dr. George E. Condra, of Lincoln, Nebraska, is its president. The commissioners will discuss what has been done in their States since the White House conference, and will exchange ideas and plans for carrying the work into other States. This national clearing house will meet with the conservation congress every year.

In the opinion of Mr. Pohlmann, the importer, the best pen of layers in the chicken family reached here for his poultry yards by the Lurline on Monday. These birds of the Leghorn breed are on exhibition in the window at E. O. Hall & Son today only and should be seen by those interested in poultry. They are not show birds, only first class utility birds with egg records of two hundred eggs and over in a season, one of them has a record of 241, and that is what makes them valuable. The male bird, a wonderfully vigorous fellow, is the progeny of a two hundred and forty-one egg bird.

REBELS REFUSE TO COMPROMISE

Carranza Ends Negotiations With Hale and Leave Nogales to Rejoin His Troops.

NOGALES, Sonora, Mexico, November 20.—(By Associated Press Cable)—General Carranza, commanding the Constitutional forces, practically severed his relations with the United States yesterday afternoon, when, accompanied by his official staff and aids, he left on a special train for the south to join his troops. Earlier in the day, Dr. Bayard Hale, special representative sent here from the state department at Washington, to confer with Carranza and seek an adjustment of the Mexican situation, took his departure for Nogales, Arizona.

Seen at that place last night Doctor Hale refused to discuss the conditions under which the negotiations came to an end, stating simply that he had forwarded his report to Washington. It was confirmed, however, that all negotiations have been cancelled. Carranza under no condition would listen to any talk of compromise that had for its aim the recognition of any of Huerta or any of the so-called "Scientificos" whom the Constitutionalists claim are backing Huerta in his fight to retain control of the Mexican government.

What effect the severing of relations by the Constitutionalists will have on the lives and property of Americans in Sonora and other States controlled by the rebels is difficult to foresee.

Acting City Prosecutor Chillingworth Says He Has Been Acting Without Compensation.

The surprising fact was brought out yesterday that Charles F. Chillingworth has been acting as assistant city prosecutor and handling a good portion of the city business in the Honolulu police courts for the past several months, without compensation, and, to use his own words yesterday, "without hope of compensation."

This was brought out when Senator Chillingworth asked that it be denied that he had anything to do with the prosecution of the gambling charge against Au Lin Tim in the police court. The latter, it will be remembered, is now in the hands of the federal officers, charged with aiding and abetting in the sale of unstamped opium. This is said by some to be the plight Au finds himself in, following an alleged fracas on Sau Kai, a Chinese merchant, with the gambling hut in Honolulu. Sau Kai was instrumental in the arrest of the gamblers. City Attorney Cathcart is defending Au Lin Tim before the United States commissioner.

Pertinent Questions by C. G. Bockus in Ad Club Address on "Home Buying."

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
"Who's getting the benefit?"
This was the main question that was asked by C. G. Bockus in his talk on "Home Buying" before the members of the Ad Club at their weekly luncheon held at noon yesterday. There was a good attendance at the meeting. Mr. Bockus cited as an instance the curiously of the buying public, the consumers, to know what is becoming of the money that is supposed to be saved as a result of the operation of the new tariff law. He pointed out that a few weeks ago he had published that a consignment of meat was received here from Australia just as the tariff bill went into effect. As a result, a tariff duty to the amount of approximately \$2600 was remitted on this shipment, he said.

"Where did this money go?" asked Mr. Bockus yesterday. The effect, so far as he, as a consumer, was concerned had not yet become noticeable in his monthly meat bill or the daily price of his beefsteak or chops.

Mr. Bockus insisted that he is perfectly in sympathy with this movement to encourage home buying, but he maintained that it is up to the merchant to take the buyer into his confidence, to be more exact, to tell him the "why" of prices quoted and to present facts showing where it is to the advantage, as it generally is, of the consumer, to do his trading at home. His remarks were listened to with interest.

Mr. Swift, a live member of the San Jose Ad Club spoke briefly praising the Honolulu organization for the interest its members take in the affairs of the organization.

UNCLE SAM WELCOMES FOREIGN SHIPS IN MEXICAN WATERS

WASHINGTON, November 20.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Welcome news was received here yesterday announcing that the British government has ordered three British cruisers now stationed at West India ports to proceed at once to Vera Cruz. This, coupled with the fact that Germany, France and Japan also have war vessels now on the way to Mexican waters, will it is believed have the effect on Huerta of showing that he will not be able to protect foreigners in Mexico. Despite the news coming from the Mexican capital last night that Huerta at the moment indicated his determination to hold on and announced that he is prepared to convene the new congress, the belief is strong here that the dictator is rapidly formulating plans tending to his abdication.

Triangular Scrap Over Aloha Aina Transfer Develops Some Fine Points.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Announcing that he had helped draft the existing liquor license law, which gives the various boards of license commissioners almost arbitrary powers, but that the law would not stand even a fifteen-minute test before the Supreme Court of the United States as to its constitutionality, Judge George A. Davis made a striking pronouncement at the board of commissioners yesterday afternoon. He was not attacking the law, particularly, and his announced belief in its unconstitutionality was incidental only to a plea on behalf of a client, S. Ichiyama, who requests the transfer to him of the safe license now held by Mrs. Klemme of the Aloha Aina, in Kakaia. It was a three-cornered hearing of the board, with Judge Davis arguing for Ichiyama, Attorney Ozawa arguing for Usui & Company's right to secure the transfer of the Klemme license to them, and Judge Humphreys arguing for the Anti-Saloon League against the granting of either petition.

Surprises Develop.

A number of surprising things developed in the course of the argument. For one thing, Ozawa announced that he had been advised by a member of the commission what to do in his course in pursuit of the license which had twice before been refused Usui & Company. Judge Humphreys opened the way for an explanation by suggesting that Ozawa must have misunderstood the advantage of this to the fact that he could have grounds for his statement. Senator Wirtz took a hand in the proceedings, not officially as a senator or as chairman of the civil service commission but as layman-adviser of Mrs. Klemme, and he and Judge Davis had a verbal battle. George W. Paty, agent of the Anti-Saloon League, entered a general objection to the two petitions, and also took exception to the high value placed upon the Klemme license, for which the two parties stood each willing to pay \$5000, and on which, as option money, each had already put up \$1000.

"But what value has this license anyhow?" asked Paty. "It has only a few months to run and I contend that it has no property value whatever."
"It has all the value of a vested right," said Judge Davis, but took that back later and claimed that the value consisted in the goodwill of the business.

The main point in the whole discussion, and the one which the commissioners finally decided to refer to the attorney general, was the right of the commission to allow the transfer of a safe license and in the transfer reissue it as a wholesale license. That the commission had no such right under the law was the issue raised by Judge Humphreys.

The situation, so far as it could be untangled, is this: The commissioners have renewed the Klemme license on the grounds that Mrs. Klemme should be allowed adequate time to dispose of her business, it being against the policy of the board to grant licenses to women. She gave Charles Chillingworth a ten days option, which Chillingworth transferred to Davis as attorney for Ichiyama. On the eve of the expiration of the option, Davis paid down \$1000, to be counted upon the purchase price, in the meanwhile filing an application with the board for a transfer of the license, his understanding being that the deal would be completed when the board acted favorably.

Paty Would Cancel License.
Wirtz, who represented Mrs. Klemme, had a different idea and stated that the deposit must be regarded as a forfeit, to which Davis took vigorous exception. Then Wirtz declared the option cancelled and gave Usui & Company an option, taking \$1000 down, and on the strength of this option the latter corporation applied for a transfer of the license, announcing that they regarded the issuance of a wholesale license to them for a business as not connected on being as a consumer, was concerned. At that time the question of changing the time of meeting to Tuesday of each week will be discussed.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
ST. PETERSBURG, November 19.—Grand Duke Alexis, the eight-year-old Grand Duke, had a narrow escape from death today when he was thrown from an automobile when it collided with another machine.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
BERLIN, November 19.—(Special to The Advertiser)—An official denial was issued today to the rumor that the wife of Prince Eitel Friedrich, the Kaiser's second son, was to bring suit for divorce.

SEES GOOD IN CURRENCY BILL

Business Interests Look for Trade Expansion Following Its Enactment, Says James D. Dole.

James D. Dole, president of the Hawaiian Pineapple Company, who returned this week from a business trip to the mainland, looks for an expansion in business following the enactment of the Currency Bill.

"Business interests on the mainland," said Mr. Dole yesterday, "consider the Currency Bill the most important legislation of recent years. Bankers and legislators are at variance as to whether the issues of the central bank should or should not be guaranteed by the government. The passage of this law will undoubtedly be followed by an expansion along all lines of trade."

Head of Civil Service Commission Surprised at Apparent Antagonism of Supervisors.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Some surprise is manifested by the members of the civil service commission over the manner in which members of the board of supervisors jumped upon the report, suggestions and recommendations of the commission at their meeting Tuesday evening. They believe that it is well within the province of the commission to make recommendations for the betterment of the service in the police and fire departments, and that the supervisors should back up the commission in this.

"We stand for efficiency in the personnel of the departments," said Chairman Wirtz yesterday, "but the efficiency of the personnel is largely dependent upon the efficiency of the equipment. Also we are supposed to be responsible for the efficiency and discipline in the departments, but how can this be when the supervisors hold we have only the right to examine applicants for positions and say when they should be suspended or discharged. If we are really responsible for the baby we should have some control over it between birth and death."

More Policemen Needed.
Chairman Wirtz stated that it was imperative to have more men on the police force, and the recommendations made to the supervisors for this purpose would entail an added expense of about \$26,000 a year. At present there are only eight policemen on watch at night in the city, and the city absolutely needs more police boxes, fire alarms and especially fire hydrants.

In the very introduction of the report of the commission to the supervisors the commissioners state that it is their aim and ambition to bring the efficiency of the two municipal departments to the highest possible standard. The commission says it hopes no blame will be attached to it for making a study of the efficiency, or rather lack of efficiency, in the departments, and then proceeds to make the recommendations which it thinks would raise the departments to a higher standard.

Supervisors Resent Activity.
But at the meeting of the supervisors these suggestions by the civil service commission were dissected, jumped on and misinterpreted. The fact that the commission made such recommendations was resented, while the small expense report was allowed only in part, \$150 for printing being disallowed altogether, and this the commissioners may be called upon to pay out of their private funds.

The report on the recommendations submitted by the ways and means committee of the supervisors, the committee, among other assertions, says that: "If we allow the powers assumed by the commission to go unchallenged, we would be negligent in our duty. The board has been elected to have entire control of the two departments, except as otherwise provided."
This report of the committee denies the right of the chief engineer of the fire department to make reports to the commission, and the same with the head of the police force. In conclusion the report says:

"The report contains suggestions for legislation in making up a yearly budget and a report of the civil service commission it is out of place. It appears to us, strictly speaking, that such use of power is a usurpation of the powers of the board of supervisors, which the board is bound, by the powers granted to it, to prevent. Especially is this the case with the chief engineer of the fire department and superintendent of the police and fire alarm. It was probably done without due consideration, and when called to the attention of the commission the error will be apparent."

The committee report was adopted unanimously and the findings of the supervisors will be sent to the commission, along with a decision by County Attorney P. L. Weaver, defining the powers of the commission, which he holds are very limited.

PROMOTION FOR TWO OFFICERS

Sheriff Jarrett Recognizes Efficient Services; Approved by Civil Service Commission.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Commending the course of Sheriff Jarrett in calling in all outstanding police commissions and in carefully inquiring into the character of the new ones issued, the civil service commission last night also went on record as being heartily in accord with the sheriff's action in denying the application of Clarence D. Pringle for a special police commission for Upper Palolo Valley.

A routine meeting of the civil service board was held last night at the supervisors' chambers. Commissioners Wirtz, Kupihua and Secretary Ruffaudeau being present.

When the matter of Clarence D. Pringle's application for a special police commission for Upper Palolo Valley came up, a communication from the sheriff was read in which the application was referred to the board.

Man Accused of Murder of Brave Officer Will Be Brought Into Circuit Court.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Harry Francis Ferguson, charged with the murder of Officer Abreu, will appear before Judge Robinson in the circuit court for trial at eight-thirty o'clock this morning. A variety of tales have been summed up to appear at that time for jury duty. The trial of "Baron" von Woelwirth, arrested several weeks ago on charges of gross cheat, is also on the calendar for this morning before Judge Robinson, but it probably will be continued.

Savidge Fined Five Dollars.

William Savidge yesterday pleaded guilty to speeding his automobile and was fined in the sum of five dollars by Judge W. J. Robinson for the offense. Costs of court, to the tune of three dollars and fifty cents, were also taxed against Savidge. He will enforce the judge on a commitment from the district court of Honolulu.

"Really, until I pleaded guilty this morning," said Savidge yesterday, "I never knew that I was a speeder. I know that if my machine was ever to run at the rate of twenty miles an hour it would fall to pieces. I was really innocent of the charge, but, worse luck, could not prove it."

Hocking Found Not Guilty.
A. Hocking, who had been fined twenty-five dollars in the district court, after being found guilty by Judge J. M. Monratt on a charge of speeding his automobile on the streets of Honolulu, was yesterday found not guilty when his case, on appeal, was tried before Judge Robinson.

All these cases were heard jury waived. The one charge against M. Montgomery and two against Jack Scully, also charged with automobile speeding, were yesterday continued to be reset.

FAREWELL LU AU TO VISITING ENGINEER
W. T. Donnelly, the New York designer of the Honolulu, is to be the guest of honor at a luncheon to be given on Saturday at noon at the yards of the marine railway, at which the hosts will be the marine railway men, headed by Superintendent Lyle. The luncheon will be in the nature of a farewell to the noted engineer and designer and a number of prominent citizens will be among the guests.

Richmond, Va., is calling for a law to enable the municipality to put back to work the men who have been laid off by the support of their families.

ASK POLICE TO PUT END TO GAMBLING

Japanese Press of Honolulu Censures Detective Department for Allowing Che-fa Games to Run in Moiliili Without Making an Effort to Have Them Closed Up.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
The renewal of the most dangerous form of gambling—the che-fa lottery—and two or three cases of bankruptcy among the prominent Japanese business men are made the subject of a warm attack on the police department and especially on Captain of Detectives McDuffie, once again back in "control" of the gambling situation, by all four Japanese newspapers. The Hawaii Hochi yesterday denounced the police vigorously for the resumption of the gambling and the apparently inert attitude taken toward it by the detective department following the relinquishment of its command by Deputy Sheriff Rose.

"We wonder if the captain of detectives, once again back in 'control' of the gambling situation, by all four Japanese newspapers. The Hawaii Hochi yesterday denounced the police vigorously for the resumption of the gambling and the apparently inert attitude taken toward it by the detective department following the relinquishment of its command by Deputy Sheriff Rose.

"As stated previously, the police management is so extremely dull, that we cannot but infer mismanagement on the part of the sheriff. For example, twice in one year the captain of detectives escorted criminals abroad. Seeing the increase of crime during his absence and watching it continue after his return, there is no alternative but to believe our theories true. If the sheriff has not got the right to restrict or regulate the actions of his captain of detectives, we hope that the next legislature will give him that authority."

Attorney General Thayer Refuses to Assume Authority as Governor of Territory.

The condition of the business of the Territory as a result of being without an executive head was brought out strongly yesterday when it was discovered that a quarantine regulation adopted at the special meeting of the board of health Monday cannot be put into force for the reason that it has not been signed by the Governor of the Territory or any one upon whom the duties of government would otherwise fall. Secretary Mott-Smith as well as Governor Frear are out of the Territory and Attorney-General Thayer, upon whom it was thought the minor details of the administration would fall, yesterday refused to sign the regulation. He stated that he feels it is not within his power to sign any documents as acting governor of the Territory.

"The only difference the lack of the Governor's signature makes," said President Pratt of the board of health yesterday, "is that it delays putting into effect the regulation passed by the board. As Attorney-General Thayer did not feel that he should assume the responsibility of signing it, I guess all we can do is to wait for the new Governor to arrive."

L. A. Thurston and Harold Dillingham, representing the Hilo Railway Company, while in the East closed contracts with the Philadelphia Breakwater Company, an Ohio concern the controlling interest in which is held by Philadelphia capitalists, for hauling the 200,000 tons of rock which will be used in completing the Hilo breakwater. E. J. Lord, manager for the Breakwater Company, left for Hilo on the steamer Kilaua yesterday morning. On his arrival in Hilo, he says he will discontinue the quarrying operations at Waikiki and remove the entire operating plant and machinery to Kapoho, the Breakwater Company having leased from the Lyman estate a large acreage along the face of the same ledge from which stone was secured for completing the first Hilo contracts. This contract for hauling a minimum of about ten thousand carloads from Kapoho to Hilo is a big thing for the Hilo Railway Company, because with Ed Lord as manager for the construction company there is a guarantee that there will be a full amount of freight offered that the freight contract covers.

A FAVORITE RUB DOWN
The golfer, the football player and the all round athlete know the value of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is just the thing for a rub down after a hard game. All soreness disappears like magic and sprains and swellings are cured in one-third less time than by any other treatment. For sale by all druggists, Denton, Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

BODERICK O. MATHESON EDITOR
 Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-Class matter.
 Semi-Weekly—Issued Tuesdays and Fridays.
 Subscription Rates:
 Per Month..... \$ 25 Per Month, Foreign..... \$ 35
 Per Year..... \$ 2.50 Per Year, Foreign..... \$ 4.00
 Payable Invariably in Advance.
CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 21

AN EXTRAORDINARY PROCEEDING.

Although the Kellett investigation is on before the civil service commissioners, and is in a degree subjective, at the same time we cannot refrain from expressing an astonishment at the tactics of the defense and at the apparent acquiescence of the prosecution, borrowing these terms for the sake of brevity. Here is Kellett, charged with the commission of repeated crimes as well as lesser illegalities as a police officer, and the witnesses against him are turned over to his attorney to be threatened, browbeaten and maligned, not only when actually appearing as witnesses but in some cases in the privacy of the attorney's own office. Detective Woo testifies that he was abused, called a "fresh Korean" and the intimation given him that he might be sent to jail, and this by the attorney for the defense, in McDuffie's office. Detective Swaden was told by the same attorney, in the attorney's office, that the defense "had his number" and would see that proper action was taken against him. Detective Karada was abused by Captain McDuffie because he exercised the right of choice given him by the sheriff and declined to place himself where he could be similarly abused and threatened. Detective Apana, who had been ordered to the attorney's office, was threatened and intimidation was attempted.

What kind of an investigation is this, where witnesses can be subjected to abuse of this degree? What is the attorney general's department and what is the sheriff thinking of that they tolerate it? Either Kellett stole evidence money or he did not. He either abused prisoners under arrest or he did not. We presume that the commission wants to get at the facts, but how does it expect to secure these facts if witnesses are to be intimidated with impunity. It commences to look as if this investigation was to be very much of the "farce" Deputy City Attorney Weaver predicted. It will be if the ordinary commonsense that should govern an action of this kind be set aside and technicalities on one side and abuse on the other are to be interposed between the commissioners and the truth. Let the commissioners get out their heads any ideas they may have that they are sitting as begowned and learned judges and take a grip on the fact that they are presumed by the community to be men of good commonsense, anxious to get at the actual truth of the case before them. Remembering that they will protect the witnesses and not be led as far astray as to mistake noise for knowledge, bluster for argument, or abuse of witnesses as something that discredits their testimony.

A CORPORATION AND THE PUBLIC.

A series of "talks" by the Mutual Telephone Company, in the form of display advertisements, has just been started by that company in this paper to the end of securing public cooperation for the purpose of giving improved service to subscribers.

It is the intention of the telephone company to publish from day to day brief, instructive hints which if carefully followed will do much toward making the service of the local company superior to that anywhere. To reach this desired efficiency it is quite necessary that the public understand something about the use and limitations of a telephone instrument and the "talks" are designed to secure that result.

When one considers the high class of service secured in Honolulu he is likely to be thankful that this city has not the difficulties of weather conditions to contend with that disturb telephone service on the mainland. An illustration of this point came in the wireless news to The Advertiser last week when the City of Cleveland was reported in the throes of a storm that almost entirely disabled telephone and electric light service for an indefinite period.

It would probably give Honoluluans a degree of pride in their telephone service to accept the Mutual Telephone Company's invitation to see its \$200,000 switchboard and get an idea of the complex and wonderful system of automatic switching that goes on uninterrupted day and night, giving Honolulu an almost matchless service.

CLEAN THE RASCALS OUT.

Up to the end of October, the Hawaii graft probe commission had spent \$16,500 out of the appropriation of \$20,000 for its work, and it has already succeeded in getting back for the taxpayers practically three times the cost of the investigation to date, while the great accomplishment has been the uncovering of a nest of grafters that were driving the county towards bankruptcy and giving it a government that was not only hurting the county itself but was discrediting the whole Hawaiian electorate. In addition to what has been actually accomplished, the commission is hot on the trail of some of the alleged "higher ups" and has also laid the foundation for further recoveries of various amounts of stolen and mispent funds aggregating many more thousands.

The commission requires a further appropriation for its work. The supervisors of Hawaii should vote it unhesitatingly and make the amount as large as the commission requests. Even if it takes every cent of the money recovered to get to rock bottom in the grafting mess and Hawaii only breaks even financially in the matter, it will be far ahead in having had its political house cleaned out and a lesson taught that will ensure clean government in the future. The county should adopt as its motto: "Clean the rascals out," and provide all the funds the cleansers require. To stop now would be infamous; even to hesitate would be for the supervisors to cast a suspicion upon themselves. We do not believe that the supervisors will hesitate or balk, even if the taxpayers at large would tolerate either a refusal of the appropriation or the passing of one with any strings on it.

WAR AND SUGAR.

It is not very pleasant, says the Louisiana Planter, to contemplate war with Mexico, as war is a horrid thing and should be avoided if possible. The situation in Mexico, however, is so complex and so embarrassing to our federal government as the natural custodian of peace in the western hemisphere that there may be some outbreak at almost any moment that would result in immediate war. Should this be the case and a war with Mexico occur, in all probability the duties on sugars would be restored, as giving the quickest financial relief possible and certainly no means could be utilized that would more evenly distribute the increased taxation throughout the entire federal union than would be secured by the sugar duties.

When in 1870 the sugar duties were first reduced and a sliding scale was established, it was soon found that the revenues were inadequate to cover the needs of the government and a straight twenty-five per cent increase of the specific duties was adopted. The duty on sugars coming in at two cents was raised to two and a half and so on with the rest of the rates, each being increased one-fourth. Let us hope that we shall not have a war, but if it does come there will almost surely come with it an entire change of the complexion of our present sugar legislation.

THE SUPERVISORS AND THE COMMISSION.

The supervisors will be making a mistake if they suppose that the community generally is not prepared to back the civil service commission or if they insist upon taking the ground that the recommendations of the commission regarding improvements necessary in the police and fire departments may be tossed aside as unimportant. It may be, as the opinion of the deputy city attorney states, that the civil service commissioners have not the extensive powers they took for granted they possessed, but at the same time the commission stands for a great deal in the estimation of the public and is entitled to something besides hostility from the supervisors. Even if the commission had no power officially, and it certainly has some, it is made up of three representative citizens who have given the needs of the police and fire department much consideration and their report thereon and their recommendations are entitled to respect and consideration from the supervisors, whose wider responsibilities have naturally not allowed them to specialize on the two departments in question.

The civil service commission may have gone off on a tangent in much that it has done. We believe that it has and said so several weeks ago. At the same time, we appreciate the fact that the commission means to do what it can for the best good of the city and is in a position to do much, even if it should go no further than to study the needs of the departments of public safety and furnish the supervisors with intelligent reports thereon. The trouble with some of the supervisors, and the civil service commissioners are edging to the same thing, is that they have an exaggerated idea of their own importance and are giving that so much attention that they have small time left to give to the importance of the general public whose business they are supposed to be doing.

Surely the two bodies can "get together" as men and citizens and reach a basis of cooperation where they can work for Honolulu. We want no more law suits. It took enough of those to teach Mayor Fern to satisfy the taxpayers for a long time to come. The members of the board and the commissioners do not want to squabble themselves down to the mayor's level, let us hope.

GIVING HAWAII THE SHORT END.

Congress and the administration seem to forget that Hawaii is within the Union or is on the map. The income tax law, or certain provisions of it, went into effect November 1, before the first treasury regulations telling what to do and how to do it had been received in Honolulu. Three days after issuing the first batch of rules the treasury discovered it had made a mistake or two and took some of the rules back and made some new ones. These did not get to Honolulu until last Tuesday and will not reach Hilo before today. In the mean time dire penalties are accruing against those few residents who are fortunate enough to have incomes large enough to get penalized.

In letting contracts for steel work at the naval station our own splendidly equipped and organized foundries and machine shops are left distinctly out of it, just because clerks back in Washington neither know nor try to find out how long it takes the post-office to deliver plans and specifications made in the Washington offices to possible bidders in Honolulu. There are a lot of men in the government departments with just about enough guile to drive a blind mule down a corn row, who are very high and mighty in the transaction of business. The Good Book has some rather caustic sayings about "a servant when he reigneth," so the phenomenon is not one peculiar to the Democratic administration. However, the aforesaid administration is peculiar in so many ways that it would be a shame not to call their attention to some of the things they do to us.

"GET TOGETHER" WITH THE ARMY.

The Army of Oahu will take a large part in the events of the Mid-Pacific Carnival and the celebration of Washington's Birthday, which is one more reason why the citizens of Honolulu in particular and those of the Territory in general should each do his or her individual part to make the affair a noteworthy one, each contributing to the general whole according to his own means and opportunity.

While the men in khaki are a part of the community, and a decidedly important part, it would be well for Honolulu during the holiday period to consider the soldiers as among the city's guests and make some special effort to see that these ten thousand welcome guests enjoy themselves. The carnival period offers a splendid opportunity for the citizens to wipe out forever the idea that continues to prevail to too large an extent that in some ways the man in uniform is discriminated against here. The average citizen knows that this idea is a mistaken one, but the average citizen does not know to what a great extent it prevails among the soldiers. The Advertiser is constantly in receipt of letters from enlisted men protesting against this supposed discrimination, and appreciates the situation. Let the carnival correct this. Honolulu wants to do what it can to make Uncle Sam's boys feel at home and contented here, and if the "get-together" spirit can be made to work between the citizens and soldiers the fact can be proven.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS WANTED.

The Society of Sons of the American Revolution requests that if there is any one who knows the location, in private collections, or libraries, of any documents giving names, enrollment-lists or any other data concerning revolutionary soldiers and sailors they will communicate with Gen. George Andrews, War Department, Washington. Through the efforts of the society the Library of Congress has compiled a list of over 1650 vessels, with their captains that fought on our side in the Revolution. There were probably over forty thousand sailors and marines on these vessels but there is hardly a single copy extant of the ship's articles of any of the privateersmen or of revolutionary vessels sailing under letters of marque.

The names of these "minute men of the sea," now largely buried in oblivion, should be recovered as far as practicable, and their memory preserved. The Continental Navy, equipped through provision by the Continental Congress, was limited in size through lack of funds, and letters of marque were therefore granted to private armed vessels to supplement the regular naval fleet. The prizes captured were the reward of this naval militia, the sale of the prizes and distribution of the money to the seamen being properly supervised by courts of admiralty.

AN EPOCH-MAKING DISCOVERY.

Day's discoveries at Halemauau promise to be revolutionary in their scope. When the extensive investigations now in progress at Kilauea have been completed, the scientific world will know more about the physical constitution of the earth's core, and the causes of volcanic eruptions, than has been contributed by all the geophysical investigators that have previously attempted the solution of these problems.

The logic of Doctor Day's discovery is that lava-flows are neither squirted out from a molten earth-core by the contracting pressure of the cooling globe, nor that they result from violent chemical combination of sea-water with a crystallized earth-core,—the initial heat to start the chemical reaction being produced by the enormous pressure of land masses under the impulse of the force of gravity.

The analyses made by the Carnegie Institution investigators of samples of gases taken from within the molten depths of "Old Faithful" seem to prove that all the previous theories of lava emission are at fault and that these gases are themselves the cause of volcanic eruption through the fierce heat which they produce as they enter into chemical combination with one another in their flow from within toward the periphery of the globe.

THE POLICY OF THE KELLETT DEFENSE.

All the braggart advance notices of the Kellett defense that it is going to demonstrate the existence of a conspiracy to oust the detective sergeant from his position, and that it is going to show that this paper is a party to any such a conspiracy, is the veriest rot, known to be such by the attorney who makes the allegation and by the paper which prints his press notices. The Advertiser would not consider it necessary even to deny what it knows cannot be demonstrated, because lacking in the first element of truth, were there the least disposition on the part of the Star-Bulletin to publish any of the facts so far brought out before the civil service commission in the Kellett hearing or to pay the least regard to newspaper ethics in its handling of news stories. What that paper has seen fit to offer its readers as reports of the proceedings so far has never been equalled in the history of the press in the Territory for sheer mendacity and perversion of truth. That paper has tossed to the winds every pretense it ever had for fairness, accuracy or the ordinary decency that are supposed to make the news columns of a paper reflect facts.

It is cheap tactics for an attorney to denounce a witness as a liar when his testimony cannot be controverted; it is cheaper tactics still to announce in a perverted newspaper things that in no possible way can be demonstrated, in no possible way because they are absolutely and utterly false to begin with and wholly incapable of proof. The Advertiser would not feel constrained to thus denounce the "cheap tricks of any lawyer" were it not made necessary by the continuous and groundless attacks made in the Kellett hearing and in the columns of the Star-Bulletin upon this paper and its representatives—as if we had inspired Kellett to beat up defenseless prisoners; as if we had induced gambling games to run openly while McDuffie and Kellett were on the force, in order to have them available for the raids of the deputy sheriff; as if we had persuaded detectives to wear valuable jewelry that did not belong to them, or made other offers to split loot with the desk clerk, or deal in stolen opium or use the police automobile in white slave traffic or a score of other things that have been rumored and may yet be proven.

This whole question of police malfeasance has by no means been wholly exposed to the public, nor has the light yet been let into the back alley policy of the Star-Bulletin. Let it deny, for instance, the fact that its editor openly explained that he cared nothing whatever about the truth of the charges made against either McDuffie or Kellett but that he proposed to have the Star-Bulletin defend them so long as The Advertiser was on the other side! That is the kind of policy upon which the afternoon paper has based its recent action! Beat it if you can.

QUEEN EMMA PARK.

Visitors to Honolulu often inquire where they may find the home of the old kings and rulers of Hawaii. If there were no such thing as "aloha" among our people for those who have gone before, the preservation of the homes of the kings and queens would be a business asset to this city from a tourist standpoint alone. Fortunately, there is an aloha for the alii, and our county solons do not have to look to the monetary value of such an institution as the proposed Queen Emma park.

The daughters of Hawaii would like to create here a Hawaiian garden, filled with the giant tree ferns, and a collection of native plants, vines and shrubs. There could be no better memorial to the Kings and Queens of old Hawaii. There is no fern forest within easy reach of ordinary means of travel anywhere near Honolulu. A native botanical garden would make a beautiful memorial to this noble benefactress of the Hawaiian people.

BUSINESS COMPLAINTS.

The New York Commercial voices the annoyance of business men over the income tax law and says that the whole law is unconstitutional and confiscatory. It is a clumsy attempt to compel private citizens to act as tax collectors without compensation for their services or their time. The confusion, delay and added cost of handling business is characterized as "outrageous." One banking house in New York had to employ fifty additional men to handle the accounts; another had to rent new quarters, install furniture and hire many employes to get its customary accounts in proper shape. There is a fine of \$2000 and imprisonment as a penalty for non-fulfillment of the new regulations, and business men all over the country are up in arms against the right of the government to inflict these enormous losses on individuals and corporations.

LET THE JIJI FOLLOW SUIT.

The Nippu Jiji should acknowledge, as The Advertiser does, that it was grossly misinformed when it stated that an outrage had been committed in Iwilei upon a Japanese woman by three negro soldiers, and make what amends are possible to the men of the Twenty-fifth Infantry. The facts are that, through an astonishing coincidence, there were two assaults about the same time in the Iwilei district by soldiers upon women, in one instance three negro soldiers from the transport in the harbor being involved; in the other and greatly lesser affair three white soldiers being implicated. The reports of the two affairs were confused into one report, which report received publication. The fact that an immediate investigation was instituted by the military authorities demonstrated to the satisfaction of every one who might have entertained any doubts upon the subject that nothing such as was reported to have taken place would be tolerated in any degree, and, as this paper took the earliest opportunity to point out, not the slightest excuse remained for anyone to condemn the military as a whole or for anyone to suggest that any portion of the community either lacked proper protection or stood in need of special protection. We believe that the absolute demonstration of this to be the one bright spot in an otherwise most unfortunate mixup.

THE PASSING HOUR.

A visitor suggests a nut plantation for Hawaii. Just what people is he hitting at, anyway?

Charley Chillingworth says that neither the city nor the city attorney pays him for appearing in the police court as deputy prosecuting attorney. The question then naturally arises: Who does pay him?

Huerta had Madero shot in the back and now the indications are that Blanquet will have Huerta shot in the back. Just who will shoot Blanquet in the back has not yet developed. Otherwise the situation in Mexico is rapidly clearing itself up.

The belief of some of the local Japanese that a Japanese cruiser squadron is on the way to Mexico via Honolulu sounds probable. The American fleet is well represented in Mexican waters, while the British, German and French are ordering numerous fighting craft to the scene of expected trouble. It would be strange if Japan were content to have only one cruiser among the many.

In the midst of the disturbance created by the first exaggerated reports concerning a purported outrage upon a Japanese woman by soldiers came one clear point and that was the earnestness of the military authorities and the readiness they displayed to take up all such matters at the first mention and search out the culprits, if any such are to be found. The officers and men of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, which regiment was apparently concerned in the matter, lost not a minute after hearing of the supposed affair and practically every man in the regiment showed an eagerness to either find the guilty ones or clear the good name of the organization. That they have been successful in the last is a matter upon which this paper takes this first opportunity to congratulate them. The Twenty-fifth came to Honolulu with an excellent name and has lived up to it here.

BANKS AGREE TO CASH WARRANTS

Treasurer McCarthy Agrees to Register Claims and City Employees Will Receive Money.

An entirely new point was uncovered yesterday in the controversy regarding the registering of county warrants for money due creditors of the county through Treasurer McCarthy, and this was the fact that all the time warrants presented to the county treasurer by Bishop & Co. had been registered without question.

Speaking upon the subject of this registering of warrants last evening, former Governor George R. Carter stated that he took the matter up as the president of the chamber of commerce and in behalf of the merchants and laboring men of the city, with the idea of assisting them in securing the money they were entitled to by the warrants which had been issued in their names. "If what I have done has in any way eliminated any misunderstanding and brought about arrangements for the payment of this money, I am perfectly satisfied," asserted Mr. Carter.

According to the latest developments it appears that Treasurer McCarthy has simply done what he could to postpone the registering of the county warrants issued by the auditor to save extra work for his office and interest for the county, and thus misunderstandings have come about.

As a matter of fact Mr. Lewis, of the Bank of Hawaii, says he went to the treasurer and asked him if he would register warrants and pay interest and was given a negative answer. Consequently when warrants were presented at his bank the interest was taken out in advance.

This was also a misunderstanding, according to all accounts, and Treasurer McCarthy states he is perfectly willing to register warrants when presented by the banks. This is satisfactory to the banks, it is said, and it was announced yesterday that the county will pay the face of the warrants and then send them to the treasurer's office to be registered.

When Governor Carter's attention was called to the fact that McCarthy had made a statement to the effect that only about \$14,000 worth of warrants was outstanding, he said he was glad to hear it, as he had believed after his investigation that it would take the county about \$65,000 or possibly \$70,000 to tide over the payments due until the money due the county from the Territory, amounting it is said to about \$200,000, is received on November 29.

Mr. Carter also expressed his pleasure last evening at the fact that other banks beside Bishop & Co. and the Bank of Hawaii would cash warrants. He added that while the banks could get the warrants registered, many merchants and laborers had trouble, and they were entitled to use the money due them if they needed it. In a number of cases, he asserted, merchants were asked to wait for their money without registering their warrants.

As for the money due the county, it is asserted that it is not "lying idle," for the reason that this money, or much of it, has not been collected as yet.

MILLIONS TO CORNELL GIVEN ANONYMOUSLY

ITHACA, New York, November 3.—A gift of \$4,000,000 to the Cornell University Medical College in New York City has been announced by the board of trustees of the university. The gift, the largest in the history of the university, was anonymous, but upon the best of authority it is stated that the donor is Col. Oliver H. Payne of New York City.

The gift was made, it was announced, with the statement that the donor did not care to have the public know his name, although he exacted no pledge that his identity be kept a secret. Among the trustees and the members of the faculty it was stated without question that Colonel Payne had turned over to the trustees securities of a par value of \$4,000,000 and that the interest would amount to \$200,000 annually, all of which is to be spent in the maintenance of the medical college in New York City.

Colonel Payne always has been deeply interested in Cornell University, although he is not an alumnus. He was graduated from Yale in 1863, but from the time Cornell was founded he has taken a great interest in its affairs. On one occasion he said he did this because it was the state university.

The additional income of \$200,000 a year will be used, it was said, to make the equipment of the college the most complete in the country, if not in the world, and to increase the salaries of professors. It was also understood that the accommodations for students would be increased.

JAPANESE MAKES RECORD.

In the trials at Tokio, November 2, for the next Olympic games at Berlin, Kanaguri of the Japanese team ran the marathon in two hours, thirty-one minutes and twenty-eight seconds. The marathon distance is twenty-six miles, 385 yards.

K. K. McArthur of South Africa won the marathon at the last Olympic games at Stockholm in two hours, thirty-six minutes and fifty-four and four-fifths seconds.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

It may be impossible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is not beyond anyone's purse, and with a bottle of this liniment you are prepared for most anything. For sale by all dealers. Beware, South & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

HUERTA'S HOLD IN MEXICO WEAKENS

Plan Under Way to Forcibly Depose Iron-Handed Dictator, Who Is to Be Placed Under Arrest as Blanquet Assumes Reins—Army Backs Up Blanquet, Who Is Now at War With Huerta.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

PARIS, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The coup d'etat by which Huerta will be forcibly deposed from power in Mexico is expected within a short time, according to the Mexico City correspondent of the Paris Herald. In the dispatch today from the City of Mexico he said political war has broken out between Huerta and Blanquet and it is expected that the dispatch goes on to say, a pronouncement will be issued introducing Huerta's arrest. The army is said to be solid behind Blanquet.

VILLA PREPARES TO LEAD REBEL FORCES TO CITY OF MEXICO

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

DOUGLAS, Arizona, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Rumors that General Carranza is head of the Constitutional forces in the field and failing will move on the City of Mexico independently with the command that captured Juarez are spreading today among Constitutional sympathizers. Constitutional leaders here predict that Chihuahua will fall before Sunday night.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CITY OF MEXICO, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Despite the pressure brought upon him through the European and South American diplomats, Dictator Huerta is maintaining his policy of defiance of the United States. He summoned Doctor Urrutia, the former minister of the interior, to Chapultepec today and offered him his old post which was made vacant by the resignation of Manuel Garza Aldape. Doctor Urrutia is expected to accept. He has always hated the Americans and if he goes into the cabinet he will undoubtedly use all his influence against the United States.

No important developments in the situation involving the American and Mexican governments is now expected until Thursday. On that day congress is scheduled to complete its permanent organization.

Huerta is keeping close watch over all the congressional leaders. This was shown today when he detailed officers of his military household to act as a bodyguard for General Francisco Proenca, chairman of the senate. This officer in reality is in custody. All prisoners arrested by order of Huerta are held incommunicado.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—"Let Huerta hang himself." This is the key-note of the present administration policy toward the Mexican dictator. It was learned today that even if the Mexican congress meets and grants valuable concessions this government can take no action.

Reports from Dr. Bayard Hale now conferring with Carranza in Sonora show that the northern rebels have a strong compact organization strongly armed. Although President Wilson is keeping a strong patrol of troops along the border and maintaining a powerful fleet in Mexican waters only the mere mere of Americans could precipitate intervention in Mexico, according to the present fiscal policy.

President Wilson believes that Huerta cannot hold out much longer against the pressure from without that besets him. The President and the cabinet at the meeting today reviewed the Mexican situation. The President believes events within the last twenty-four hours have hurried forward the national solution of the Mexican problem. No dissenting voice has been raised in the cabinet against his policy.

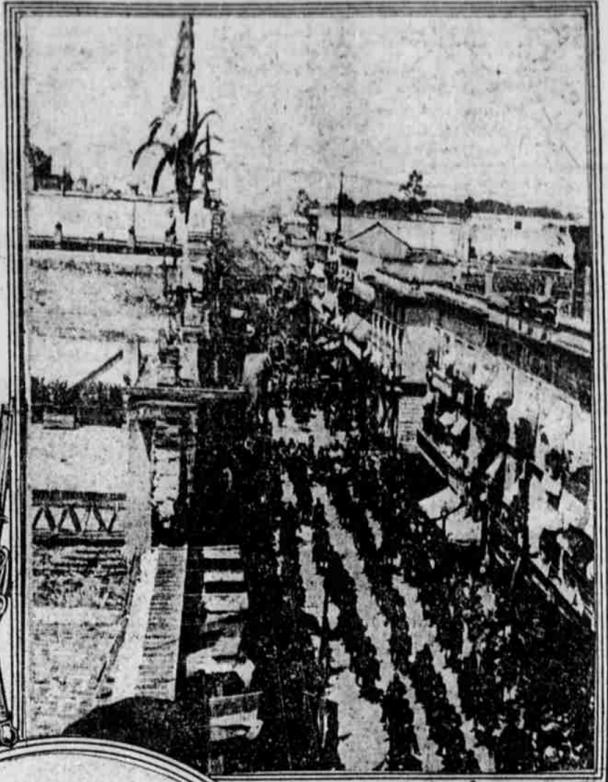
Scenes on the streets and around the City of Mexico, from photographs taken as troops were being hurried into National Capital to strengthen Huerta during recent presidential campaign.



NATIONAL PALACE IN THE CITY OF MEXICO, FOOTHILLS OF VOLCANO POPocatepetl IN THE DISTANCE



INFANTRY MASSED IN FRONT OF NATIONAL PALACE



SAN FRANCISCO STREET MEXICO CITY



THE CASTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC

Could Open Canal In Three Weeks Would Be Done Only As War Measure

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

PANAMA, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—On three weeks' notice, if necessary, it was stated today a fleet could be put through the Panama Canal. There is a thirty-foot channel, through the Guayabara slide. There is fifteen feet of water in it. The channel could be widened and deepened to admit the passage of a fleet if there was a concentration of dredges at that point. It would be attempted only as a war measure.

TAMPICO REPORTED IN HANDS OF THE REBELS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

GALVESTON, Texas, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—That the Mexican rebels had captured Tampico was reported here by wireless today. The report was unconfirmed. A steamship was on its way from here to Tampico is expected to reach there tomorrow when a full report is expected by its captain.

(By Associated Press Cable.)

NOGALES, Arizona, November 18.—(By Associated Press Cable)—The Mexican situation took a new angle last night when the Constitutionalists, under General Carranza, demanded of Dr. Bayard Hale his credentials as a representative of the state department at Washington. Doctor Hale has been here for several days attempting negotiations looking toward a settlement of the Mexican imbroglio. His plan, it is believed, seeks to cause the warring factions to settle upon a successor to Huerta who will be satisfactory to both sides.

The demand of the Constitutionalists camped across the border in Mexico last night is taken as equivalent to a demand for recognition of the Constitutionalists by the United States.

SON OF HARRIMAN TO BEGIN AT BOTTOM

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

OMAHA, Nebraska, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—That he may know something of the practical end of operating a railroad, W. Averell Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, will come to Omaha next week and go to work in the Union Pacific headquarters and afterward in the big general shops.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

When you have a bad cold you want a remedy that will not only give relief, but offer a prompt and permanent cure, a remedy that contains nothing injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these requirements. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the large, raw, inflamed membrane, opens the secretions and restores the system to a healthy condition. This remedy has a world wide sale and use and can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers. Chamberlain, South & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

KEEFE ON HIS WAY TO THE PHILIPPINES

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

Daniel J. Keefe has written to friends here that he will be passing through Honolulu in company with Mrs. Keefe on the Chiyo Maru due here November 25, bound for Manila. He does not state whether he is going to Manila in an official capacity or for a pleasure trip. Daniel Keefe was commissioner of immigration in President Taft's cabinet and came to Hawaii in 1910 to study immigration.

NEW YORK CENTRAL PRESIDENT RESIGNS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—William C. Brown, president of the New York Central lines, resigned today. His resignation was presented at a meeting of the directors and was accepted to take effect July 1. His successor has not been selected.

THAW ORDERED ARRESTED

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CONCORD, New Hampshire, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—By order of Judge Aldrich, Harry K. Thaw today was arrested on an extradition warrant issued by Governor Peck. The attorneys will at once take the matter before the federal court on habeas corpus proceedings.

ARMY ORDERS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

Col. William J. Nicholson assigned to the Second Cavalry, relieving Col. Frank West; Capt. Peter W. David, transferred from the Fifteenth to the Thirtieth Infantry; First Lieut. William C. Still, relieved at Columbus, Ohio, detailed for duty with organized militia; Charles Samuel H. Bell, First Field Artillery, relieved; First Lieut. Irving J. Phillips, First Infantry, leave extended six days.

NAVY ORDERS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

Lieut. G. C. Pogran, navy yard at Norfolk, to be aide to the commander in chief of the Pacific Reserve Fleet; Lieut. J. H. Blackburn, fleet engineer, Atlantic Reserve Fleet, to be aide to the commander in chief of the Pacific Reserve Fleet.

Graft Probe in New York Getting Close to Tammany

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—District Attorney Whitman this afternoon issued subpoenas for the officers of the Bradley Construction Company in which the name of Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, it is said, will be introduced, to testify in the John Doe graft inquiry. This is the first intimation that the political graft inquiry would lead directly to New York City. It has heretofore been confined to up-State contractors.

MONEY KING'S HEIR IS ILL WITH DIPHTHERIA

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

GROTON, Mass., November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Harry Morgan, youngest son of J. P. Morgan of New York, was taken to the Groton Infirmary today suffering from diphtheria.

DAYTON SEEKS SERVICE OF COLONEL GOETHALS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

DAYTON, Ohio, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Colonel G. W. Goethals, builder of the Panama Canal, has been asked to become city engineer of Dayton. The message was sent him today.

McCOMBS DECLINES TO HEAD A CROKER CLUB

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—William McCombs today refused to accept the presidency of the National Democratic Club, an old Croker organization, because he felt his other affairs would not permit him to give the needed attention to the club.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. SARGENT & GREENE CO., Sole Importers.

MAINE MEMORIAL WILL COST \$44,697

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A contract for the erection of a steel mast for the ill-fated battleship Maine, blown up in Havana harbor which is to serve as a memorial to the victims of that disaster, was let today to Norcross Brothers of this city for \$44,697.

VALLEJO WILL GET HISTORIC VESSEL

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Representative Curry today introduced a bill in the house to transfer the old United States ship Independence now at Mare Island to the city of Vallejo.

HOOSIER POET GOES TO FLORIDA IN POOR HEALTH

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

MIAMI, Florida, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—James H. Hoyer, the Hoosier poet, arrived this afternoon to spend the winter here, accompanied by his physician. He is in feeble health.

Of Local Interest

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Phonix Ingraham is referred today recommended a device of about the device for Mrs. Ash Borg Duffield, wife of James Perry Duffield, retired army officer. Mrs. Duffield, daughter of Paul A. Borg, a tobacco company manager, inherited a fortune of \$10,000,000.

Some People We Know, and We Will Profit by Hearing About Them.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

This is a purely local event. It took place in Honolulu. Not in some faraway place. You are asked to investigate it. Asked to believe a citizen's word. To confirm a citizen's statement. An article that is ordered at home is worthy of confidence. James C. L. Armstrong, Naunau Valley, Honolulu, Hawaii, says: "I was a sufferer from kidney trouble for three years and Don's Backache Kidney Pills completely cured me. I have had no return attack of the complaint since the past year. I cannot recommend this remedy too highly." Don's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and street-vendors at 10 cents per box (six boxes \$4.50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Honolulu Drug Co., Honolulu, who also supply agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Invented by the name "Don's" and takes no substitute.

OPIMUM CASE IN A TANGLED MESS

City Attorney Defending in Federal Court Man His Office Had Convicted in Police Court, and Who Is Named in Confession as Principal in Frameup Against One Who Helped Convict Gambling Hui.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

Attorney Charles F. Chillingworth was a prominent witness yesterday in the case before the United States commissioner in which An Lin Tin is being heard on a charge of assisting in the sale of unstamped opium, but in which the real case is an effort to prove a purported frameup against San Kai. The latter is a Chinese merchant who helped the police and whose evidence convicted some prominent gamblers, who notified him that they would "get him" for his activities. These gamblers, by the way, were some of those whom McDuflie could not suppress, but whom Deputy Sheriff Rose landed and convicted. Defending An Lin Tin is City Attorney Cathart, who is so busy defending in the federal court that he cannot do any prosecuting in the territorial courts.

Chillingworth came into the case from the fact that a plan of the premises of San Kai, the man against whom the frameup is alleged to have been attempted, was found with the names of the streets written thereon in the attorney's handwriting. It was Chillingworth, too, who first mentioned to United States Attorney Breckons that San Kai could be looked upon as an opium suspect.

Chillingworth Explains.

Before the commissioner yesterday Chillingworth explained that he had been brought into the case by Lum Chan, who now confesses to a frameup, asking him to tip the information regarding opium off to Breckons. Chillingworth knew An Lin by seeing him as the police court defendant in the much-talked-of gambling case, when he appeared as deputy city attorney and prosecuted, while San Kai, the victim of the frameup, was the star witness for the prosecution.

Thus the various angles of the hearing before the United States commissioner are these. The city attorney is defending a convicted gambler charged with dealing in opium and implicated in a confession of being the principal in a frameup against An Lin. The principal railroad man to tip the information to the city attorney's department convict him of gambling. Attorney Chillingworth, who acts as deputy city attorney in the police court, testifies that he acted as go-between between the ones charged with the frameup against the police informer and the attorney's office. He furnished him in order to help the federal officers in their opium raid. He had been asked, he said, to present the opium tip to Breckons because Lum Chan did not know how to get the ear of the federal official.

Lum Chan, in his confession, says that he was forced into playing the part of opium informer and forced to plant the opium where the federal officers found it.

Preliminary Hearing Drags.

The preliminary hearing of this case has been dragging along for some time and promises some startling developments if it goes to trial.

The facts brought out so far show that An Lin Tin had been arrested early in October for running a percentage gambling game and knew that one San Kai had furnished the information to the police. Lum Chan went to District Attorney Breckons' office on the night of October 17 and in the presence of Collector Stackable and United States Attorney Breckons stated that he could lead the officers to a house where he, Lum Chan, could purchase opium. Lum Chan led the officers to the dwelling of San Kai on Nuuanu street, and had arranged to show a rubber ball out of the window when the deal was completed.

Lum Chan, it is stated, went up to the rooms of San Kai and after an interval of about fifteen minutes gave the signal by throwing the ball out of the window and the officers rushed in the room, but no evidence of opium was visible. Lum Chan, however, pointed out a tin of opium on a bank in an adjoining room in plain view. The whole case had such a fishy sunset, stated District Attorney Breckons yesterday, that after consultation with Collector Stackable it was decided to place Lum Chan under arrest. Subsequently Lum Chan made a confession to Deputy District Attorney Bittine, and admitted to the official that the whole affair was a "plant" gotten up by An Lin Tin to get even with San Kai and put him in jail for his police court testimony.

non the evidence given by Lum Chan, An Lin Tin was arrested by the federal authorities for aiding and abetting in the sale of unstamped opium. County Attorney John W. Cochran will argue for a dismissal of the charges against An Lin Tin next Monday afternoon at two o'clock before United States Commissioner George A. Davis.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A solid silver tea set costing \$1,000 was presented today by the committee named by Senator Martin, treasurer of the United States senate for Mrs. J. W. Wilson.

The set is of water-closet and is made of silver, and is very fine, and is a fine gift. The set is made of silver, and is very fine, and is a fine gift.

The set is made of silver, and is very fine, and is a fine gift.

WITNESS WOO BEFORE COMMISSION SAYS HE WAS BEATEN BY ATTORNEY PETERS

Detective, Testifying Against Suspended Officer Charged with Cruelty and Embezzlement, Remains Firm in His Story Despite Alleged Third Degree Tactics Attempted by Defense.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

With the ending of the first day's hearing upon the charges of embezzlement and brutality against former Detective Sergeant John R. Kellett yesterday, which were the basis of his discharge on Monday by Sheriff Jarrett, the civil service commission has acquired a considerable amount of information regarding the police department and expects to secure more before the hearing on the many charges against Kellett are completed, and which will probably take the balance of the week.



AMROSE WIRTZ, Chairman of Civil Service Commission hearing charges against suspended sergeant of detectives.

The testimony as advanced yesterday in two alleged assault cases on prisoners, two colored youths, by Kellett, was straightforward by all the witnesses. The victims of these assaults could not be shaken in their testimony by the attorney for Kellett, who attempted to accentuate the bad character of the main witnesses, both of whom had been in jail a number of times. It is not believed, however, that the commission will hold that this fact excuses the assaults. Both witnesses were corroborated by Detective Woo.

One of the features of the hearing is the length which Attorney E. C. Peters, for the defense, is allowed to go. At one time yesterday afternoon he actually asked Detective Woo, who was a witness:

"You feel pretty safe in the protection of the attorney general's office, don't you?"

Objection is Sustained. Deputy Attorney General Smith, who is conducting the prosecution, roused up at this and objected, asserting his office would protect no one who deserved punishment. There was some discussion, during which Mr. Peters became sarcastic at the expense of Mr. Peters, and then stated that he had the most "absolute confidence" in the integrity of Mr. Smith personally.

Chairman Wirtz, of the commission, ruled the question out of court. Comments after the hearing were to the effect that this incident was a most remarkable one to take place before any tribunal.

During the hearing it developed in a number of instances that Attorney Peters had enjoyed the privilege of conducting a cross examination of many of the witnesses for the prosecution before they appeared on the stand before the commission.

Private Examination. Several times he abused the witnesses. It is charged, regular detectives of the police force working under the orders of the attorney general's office, because they refused to answer all his questions, come to his private office or tell him all he wanted to know.

As it was, with the permission of Deputy Attorney General Smith, several of the witnesses are stated to have had private interviews with Mr. Peters, who thus knows all the testimony they are to give before the commission in advance.

No legal right to do this has ever been considered before, and it is asserted that such a precedent has never been established in any English speaking country in the world, also that it seems to be a new sort of procedure under the circumstances.

Time and again witnesses were asked to testify on hearsay evidence, about what someone else said, or what they thought, without objection from the prosecuting attorney. In fact, the defense was given every leeway with the witnesses for the prosecution. Yet in spite of this the main points of the testimony given could not be shaken.

Saw Kellett Choke Prisoner. Because Detective Woo insisted on the stand, at the close of the hearing, that he saw Kellett choke a prisoner in the doorway of the police station leading to the detective's office, while he was standing at the head of the stairs, Peters declared no one could see from there and had the hearing adjourned until half past eight o'clock this morning in the senate chamber, to enable the commission to inspect the stairs and scene.

Fishmarket, how he had tried to run away from the arresting officers and had been taken to the police station.

There, he testified, he leaned on the desk while being searched. He acknowledged that he was "pretty drunk" and when Kellett asked him some questions he refused to answer.

Robinson is a small sized young man, while Kellett is a large man, weighing at least 200 pounds.

Testimony Is Unshaken. A bitter cross examination by Attorney Peters could not shake the main testimony of the witness.

A Strange Proceeding. Detective John Woo, a Korean, and one of the effective men on the special staff was the next witness.

Woo told how he was standing by the door when Robinson was brought in and how he later saw Kellett, who was present at the hearing, threaten and after a few words called him some vile names and struck him "in the stomach" three or four times.

Browbeats Witness in Office. Peters also wanted to know why Woo had refused to come to his office and tell him all he knew about the case against Kellett and why he had refused to answer his questions for over four months just before the hearing.

The commission did not make any comment on this declaration, which would have much interested a court on the mainland, where threatening a witness by the attorney for the defense in private is considered a rather serious matter.

Afternoon Session. At the afternoon session in the senate chamber Detective Woo was again on the stand on re-direct examination when he was asked by Mr. Smith if he had seen any blood on the face of Robinson when brought into the station at the time of the alleged assault.

Queer Style of Questioning. "You'd like to see Kellett kicked out, wouldn't you?" This question was objected to and Wirtz held it was irrelevant.

This was the cross examination of Woo for the time, but Chairman Wirtz asked a few questions about outside communications, which Peters had tried to accentuate with the idea of showing that Woo had gone out of his way to talk about the case and conceal a conspiracy. Commissioners Doyle wanted to know why he had not reported these cases of brutality to the sheriff. Woo said McDuffie's and Kellett's words

Chairman Wirtz Adjourns Hearing to Give Members Opportunity to Verify Whether One of Witnesses Could Have Seen Alleged Choking of Prisoners by Sergeant Kellett.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, November 17.—No matter what will be the final outcome of the various cases in which Supervisor John Kealoha is the defendant, that gentleman will never be able to say with justice that his attorney, Claudius McBride, is not giving him a run for his money, several runs, a whole race meet full of them.

Another case was then taken up and a young colored man named Abraham Joseph Buckley took the witness chair. He told a story of being arrested by Kellett and Detective Olson at his home one morning, on a charge of stealing a watch from a Japanese.

When Buckley was taken before McDuffie he testified that he had complained of the treatment accorded him by Kellett and that McDuffie told him to "shut up."

It may be remembered that last July, after Kealoha had utterly refused to entertain Broekons' suggestion that he resign as a member of the board of supervisors, the prosecutor countered by sending the following letter to the county auditor:

"Acting on behalf of the Hawaii County Investigating Commission, County to notify you that facts have come into the possession of the commission indicating strongly, if not positively demonstrating, that one John A. Kealoha, at present a member of the board of supervisors of the county of Hawaii, is indebted to the County of Hawaii in the sum of money which is in excess of the salary already due him or which shall become due him during the term for which he was elected.

"I am advised by our legal adviser (it must be remembered that while Broekons looked the gun, it was fired by Doctor Elliot) that this would apply to any suit which might be brought by any person claiming to be assignee of warrants issued by Kealoha on account of his salary.

"It is therefore suggested that you refuse to issue any claim presented by Mr. Kealoha for his salary and refuse to order the issuance of any warrants on account of his salary."

"You feel pretty safe in the protection of the attorney general's office, don't you?" asked Peters with a sneer. Then it was that Smith objected and after considerable argument Chairman Wirtz held the question was irrelevant.

Peters then took up the examination of Woo about just the position in which Kellett was when he said he saw him choking Buckley, and the witness told of how he saw him in the doorway.

This started things going again and Peters declared it was impossible for anyone to see through the doorway from the head of the stairs. He insisted upon an adjournment until the commission could examine for themselves, and finally this was taken.

Articles of association of the Hawaii Valuing Company, recently formed at Hilo, Hawaii, were filed yesterday in the office of the territorial treasurer. The company is capitalized at \$80,000, there being 800 shares of the par value of ten dollars each.

Commissioners Wirtz, Doyle and Kupieha, accompanied by the attorneys and others, proceeded to the police station and made an examination. The doorway, in part, can be plainly seen from the head of the stairs, as Woo testified.

***** (By Federal Wireless Telegraph) ***** NEW YORK, November 18.— (Special to The Advertiser)—The United States government has a new game which stood two to one in favor of the former, in view of the fact that the game has been shifted, following the Blue Devils' play of strength against the Dixie team, to ten to nine in favor of the Yale. Some little betting was done at that figure today by Yale supporters, Harvard is cautious and there is little of their money in sight. *****

KEALOHA SUES FOR HIS SALARY

Much Arrested and Indicted Official Brings Suit Against County for His Fifty Per.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, November 17.—No matter what will be the final outcome of the various cases in which Supervisor John Kealoha is the defendant, that gentleman will never be able to say with justice that his attorney, Claudius McBride, is not giving him a run for his money, several runs, a whole race meet full of them.

However, matters ran along through the usual intricacies in which attorneys delight, but which are to the average man fairly devoid of interest, until the other day when Claudius McBride, counsel for one faction, turned loose the red and blue lights, and now the war has become spectacular enough to interest any one.

In the genesis of things Lai Hip, the well known merchant, brought an action against Lee Leong and Lee Sha Gan on a note. The former's business in Shanghai was closed by writ of attachment. Lai Hip then ascertained that Lee Sha Gan had something to do with the Kong Sing Company, so Lai Hip went after that firm and attached its property, which is valued at \$25,000.

It may be remembered that last July, after Kealoha had utterly refused to entertain Broekons' suggestion that he resign as a member of the board of supervisors, the prosecutor countered by sending the following letter to the county auditor:

"Acting on behalf of the Hawaii County Investigating Commission, County to notify you that facts have come into the possession of the commission indicating strongly, if not positively demonstrating, that one John A. Kealoha, at present a member of the board of supervisors of the county of Hawaii, is indebted to the County of Hawaii in the sum of money which is in excess of the salary already due him or which shall become due him during the term for which he was elected.

But while these troubles appear on the surface, in the court records where all men may see, the indefatigable Claudius threw forth another stinger in the form of a wholly unofficial notice which he caused to be sent to Lai Hip. In this he produced the rather unpleasant information that Lee Sha Gan had sold his share in the business on August 27, 1913, to his brother, Lee Sha Look.

As a consequence, quoth McBride, when Lai Hip started action against Lee Leong and Lee Sha Gan, on October 6, the latter was not a member of that firm, which has the name of the Kong Sing Company, at all.

McBride pointed out that Lee Sha Gan had nothing whatever to do with the business which was closed by attachment, and also pointed, by writ of attachment was dissolved by Judge Parsons on October 25, because it was not in technically proper form.

But while the Kong Sing Company holds that it is entitled to large damages, an olive branch is being wafted forth in the way of an offer to Lai Hip to call the whole thing square in return for the trifling consideration of \$3000. This amount is computed as follows: For loss of time, \$1000; for loss of business 10 days at \$50 per day, \$500; for attorney's fees, \$100; for spoiled goods, \$500; for damages to reputation, \$1000.

It was added in the notice to Lai Hip that there were other damages, and then others might be thought of with due deliberation, and if the company decides to sue, it may find it has been hurt much more badly, and may claim more damages. On the other hand, the gentlemen involved are modest men, and peaceable withal, and they think it best to settle the thing amicably, rather than to be unreasonable about it.

It is not thought likely that any settlement will be arrived at on the basis suggested, but those who know the history of the case predict that it is likely to become one of the great ones of the Hilo court annals before the end is near.

That the town of Hilo is in danger of a general conflagration, once a fire gets a good start in the business section, has been remarked by many visitors whose business interested them in matters of fire protection there. That Hilo is taking a very unnecessary and most dangerous risk, in addition to that offered by the flimsy construction of most of her buildings, was discovered last week by Superintendent of Public Works Caldwell.

They also cured the sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Et. England, N. H., Mar. 5 and Apr. 11, '09."

For Baby's Skin The purest, sweetest and most economical method of preserving, purifying and beautifying baby's delicate skin, scalp and clothing of infants, children and adults, as well as for shaving, shampooing, sensitive, antiseptic cleansing and all purposes of the toilet, both medicinal and ordinary, is Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

***** (By Federal Wireless Telegraph) ***** SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.— (Special to The Advertiser)—The domestic Blumfeldt company's fleet motor launch this afternoon for Hilo with Honolulu and Pago Pago with 200 passengers and a capacity cargo. Among the passengers for Honolulu are Judge and Mrs. H. E. Cooper and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Steen. *****

HILO CHINATOWN BUSY IN COURT

As a Consequence Business Stops Until the Merchants Can Fight It Out.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, November 17.—For some weeks past the local Chinese business community has been in a turmoil owing to a whirl of litigation involving some of its most prominent members, and as a result thereof several stores on Front street, closed by the police through attachment proceedings, testify to the terrible effects of war.

However, matters ran along through the usual intricacies in which attorneys delight, but which are to the average man fairly devoid of interest, until the other day when Claudius McBride, counsel for one faction, turned loose the red and blue lights, and now the war has become spectacular enough to interest any one.

In the genesis of things Lai Hip, the well known merchant, brought an action against Lee Leong and Lee Sha Gan on a note. The former's business in Shanghai was closed by writ of attachment. Lai Hip then ascertained that Lee Sha Gan had something to do with the Kong Sing Company, so Lai Hip went after that firm and attached its property, which is valued at \$25,000.

A Counter Action. Now McBride has filed a suit in replevin, representing Young Sai and Lee Sha Look, who are the partners who constitute the Kong Sing Company and this suit is directed against Deputy Sheriff Henry K. Martin, as the officer who levied on the goods named.

McBride's clients ask for the recovery of the goods and also for damages in the sum of \$2000 for the sorrows which they underwent while they were separated from their sea weeds and birds' nests.

Of course, the deputy sheriff worries not his head, for he is protected by a fat bond put up by Lai Hip.

But while these troubles appear on the surface, in the court records where all men may see, the indefatigable Claudius threw forth another stinger in the form of a wholly unofficial notice which he caused to be sent to Lai Hip. In this he produced the rather unpleasant information that Lee Sha Gan had sold his share in the business on August 27, 1913, to his brother, Lee Sha Look.

As a consequence, quoth McBride, when Lai Hip started action against Lee Leong and Lee Sha Gan, on October 6, the latter was not a member of that firm, which has the name of the Kong Sing Company, at all.

McBride pointed out that Lee Sha Gan had nothing whatever to do with the business which was closed by attachment, and also pointed, by writ of attachment was dissolved by Judge Parsons on October 25, because it was not in technically proper form.

But while the Kong Sing Company holds that it is entitled to large damages, an olive branch is being wafted forth in the way of an offer to Lai Hip to call the whole thing square in return for the trifling consideration of \$3000. This amount is computed as follows: For loss of time, \$1000; for loss of business 10 days at \$50 per day, \$500; for attorney's fees, \$100; for spoiled goods, \$500; for damages to reputation, \$1000.

It was added in the notice to Lai Hip that there were other damages, and then others might be thought of with due deliberation, and if the company decides to sue, it may find it has been hurt much more badly, and may claim more damages. On the other hand, the gentlemen involved are modest men, and peaceable withal, and they think it best to settle the thing amicably, rather than to be unreasonable about it.

It is not thought likely that any settlement will be arrived at on the basis suggested, but those who know the history of the case predict that it is likely to become one of the great ones of the Hilo court annals before the end is near.

That the town of Hilo is in danger of a general conflagration, once a fire gets a good start in the business section, has been remarked by many visitors whose business interested them in matters of fire protection there. That Hilo is taking a very unnecessary and most dangerous risk, in addition to that offered by the flimsy construction of most of her buildings, was discovered last week by Superintendent of Public Works Caldwell.

They also cured the sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Et. England, N. H., Mar. 5 and Apr. 11, '09."

***** (By Federal Wireless Telegraph) ***** SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.— (Special to The Advertiser)—The domestic Blumfeldt company's fleet motor launch this afternoon for Hilo with Honolulu and Pago Pago with 200 passengers and a capacity cargo. Among the passengers for Honolulu are Judge and Mrs. H. E. Cooper and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Steen. *****

QUICK WORK IN KAILUA COURT

Judge Matthewman Handing Out Stiff Jail Sentences With Both Hands—Heen Busy.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

KAILUA, Hawaii, November 16.—Deputy County Attorney Heen is busy here sending people to jail about as fast as their cases are called. There are no attorneys to oppose him, except Ain. So far Heen has won all the cases he has tried.

Soriano, charged with abduction, was found guilty and sentenced to two years imprisonment and to pay a \$100 fine. Leonardo Masanau, charged with assault with a weapon, was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for not less than a year. Bonifacio Lanieto who pleaded guilty to a similar charge, was sentenced to jail for not less than two years; and Diego Lanieto, who pleaded guilty on an assault and battery charge, got a six months sentence.

Catalino Cortez pleaded guilty to a charge of making, and was sentenced to not less than five years in jail. Two Porto Ricans pleaded guilty to robbery charges, and were given not less than four year sentences. Ah Pong, a burglar, was found guilty and given a sentence of not more than eighteen months in jail.

The famous Japanese perjury cases resulted in the conviction of the woman and her paramour, who tried to fake up the evidence on which a divorce was sought by the woman. There is one more case to be tried arising from the same circumstances. Heen says that so much perjury has been committed in the trials last week, that some more charges will be brought before the next grand jury.

The Filipino who abducted a woman at Pahala, was sentenced to not less than two years. Ex-Supervisor Koomoa has retained Ain as counsel in the conspiracy case against him. He will fight hard, but Heen expects success, as he claims that the three road men, who are charged with Koomoa, have admitted their guilt, though they have pleaded not guilty.

HILO, November 17.—A landslide was caused by the heavy rains during last Wednesday night, which blocked the Hilo Railroad Company's tracks between Pahala and Onaona. Although every effort was made to clear away the obstruction, it was not until yesterday that the line was clear.

In the meantime the railroad company turned defeat into victory by demonstrating how resourceful it can be in case of emergency. By running trains to Pahala, and transferring passengers by auto busses thence to either Kawiliuni or Hakaluu, as the case might be, to trains waiting there to take them on northward, it managed to keep all its trains running on schedule time, with the exception of the late Saturday night train and a minor train, which were not run.

The United States exported \$2,000,000 gallons of gasoline in the fiscal year ending with June.

HIS SORE HANDS CURED IN A WEEK

Cracked Open, Dried, Burned and Ached for Over a Year—Could Not Sleep nor Even Dress Himself—Doctors Failed to Help Him.

MAN OF 70 OWES SKIN COMFORT TO CUTICURA

"I am a man seventy years old. My hands were very sore and cracked open on the inside for over a year with large sores. They would crack open and bleed, itch, burn and hurt so much that I could not sleep and could do but little work. They were so bad that I could not dress myself in the morning. They would bleed and the blood dripped on the floor. I called on two doctors, but they did me no good. I could get nothing to do many good till I got the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. About a year ago my daughter got a cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and in one week from the time I began to use them my hands were all healed up and they have not been a mile sore since. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies.

They also cured the sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Et. England, N. H., Mar. 5 and Apr. 11, '09."

***** (By Federal Wireless Telegraph) ***** SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.— (Special to The Advertiser)—The domestic Blumfeldt company's fleet motor launch this afternoon for Hilo with Honolulu and Pago Pago with 200 passengers and a capacity cargo. Among the passengers for Honolulu are Judge and Mrs. H. E. Cooper and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Steen. *****

TRUSTS SOON TO HAVE INNING

With Currency Legislation Drawing to a Close in Washington, President Wilson and Followers Are Beginning to Formulate Plan for Further Curbing of the "Interests."

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, November 6.—These days one fight at Washington is hardly over before another begins. The times are stormy. Reports, to which officials must lend ear, are constantly bearing in from all quarters of the country. Of course, the Currency Bill seems to be the cause of the big contest of the hour. Nevertheless, the fighting over that, important as it may be, seems secondary. The larger essentials of the measure are being pretty well outlined. The senate committee is nearing the end of its labors and, very shortly, the senate will be in session, thundering away in ponderous debate.

Washington is hearing much about the decline of autumn business. A few weeks ago conditions of that sort were ascribed to the currency uncertainties. Now one is told that the currency has little to do with the present status. It is ascribed to tariff in the first instance and in the second to prospects of anti-trust legislation. That is where a fight is beginning. There is not the slightest doubt that as soon as currency has reached a vote in the currency uncertainties, the blocking out of the anti-trust bill will have begun. Soon members of the house will be returning to Washington and the President will probably begin consultations with the members of the judiciary committee about a program.

Little is yet known about what that program will be. The house judiciary committee is in no position yet to formulate pronouncements. It must seemingly have several weeks of meetings, hearings and deliberations before a bill can be expected. There has been much rumormongering about the "Seven Sisters" of the New Jersey legislature, bills passed there for the regulation of trusts before Mr. Wilson yielded his office as Governor of that State. Old interviews that he gave on the trust question are being dug up, all in the hope of getting a line on the President's views. Presumably he has changed his opinion in certain details. Also it is not to be inferred that he would endorse as a federal remedy what seemed good to him for the State of New Jersey.

An anti-trust crusade from Washington has rarely failed to paralyze business throughout the country in some degree. It has made little difference whether the activity came from the department of justice or from congress. The effect was the same. But this administration does not halt on such prohibitions. No attention was paid to threats of calamity, if a tariff law were enacted. Tightness in financial circles, incident to the currency program, carried no dismay at the White House. Probably the halting of industry because of anti-trust activities will be as little heeded. But a fight of large proportions is looming conspicuously. It must necessarily extend well into the congressional winter.

Internal Revenue Collector Receives More Instructions on Law From Treasury Department.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

Charles A. Cottrell, internal revenue collector, yesterday received the second instalment of regulations and treasury rulings on the collection of the income tax.

The regulations (part 2) of October 31 relate to collection at the source, of taxes on income other than interest on bonds, notes and similar obligations of corporations.

An important section of the new regulations is that which recognizes the ex post facto feature of the law.

"The withholding agent is not required to deduct and withhold prior to November 1, 1913, the normal tax of one per cent for which an individual is liable.

"Whenever the total amount of income paid to any persons by a withholding agent after October 31, 1913, shall be in excess of \$3000, then, in that event, the withholding agent shall be liable for and shall deduct and withhold the tax on such amount, unless such person shall file a claim for an exemption as allowed in paragraph 4 of this act, the amount of exemption allowable being \$2500 if the normal exemption is \$3000, or \$3333.33 if the annual exemption is \$4000, as the case may be.

"For the present year of 1913 (from March 1 to December 31) the deductions allowed under paragraph B shall be five-sixths of the deductions allowable for a calendar year, as specified in paragraph D of this law."

The regulations specify what deductions shall be made when law and by whom, and go into great detail. The treasury takes cognizance of the criticism made that under certain conditions the normal tax would be collected three times and directs how this shall be avoided, so as to collect the tax only once.

Then there is a treasury ruling dated November 5 relating to the collection of the tax on notes given for rent, interest or other income accruing after March 1, 1913, and maturing on or after November 1, 1913, and how the tax shall be collected when such notes before their maturity shall have been sold by the payee or recipient, or shall have been discounted with banks.

J. C. Schumaker of Seattle is at the Mammoth. He is looking over the agricultural conditions in the Islands with a view to making his home here, provided he finds a suitable location. He is investigating the cane, pineapple, coffee and tobacco industries.

***** (By Federal Wireless Telegraph) ***** SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.— (Special to The Advertiser)—The domestic Blumfeldt company's fleet motor launch this afternoon for Hilo with Honolulu and Pago Pago with 200 passengers and a capacity cargo. Among the passengers for Honolulu are Judge and Mrs. H. E. Cooper and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Steen. *****



FORWARD PASS BRINGS DISASTER TO PUNAHOU

HONOLULU SCHOOL FOR BOYS FOOTBALL ELEVEN MAKE SUCCESS OF PLAY AND SCORE SHUT-OUT AGAINST KICKERS OF OAHU.

In the last football game in the present second team series, the Honolulu School for Boys yesterday afternoon won their second game from Oahu College by the close score of seven to nothing. They were able to score only by a successful forward pass made in the fourth period, to Kau at left end. In spite of the fact that the game resulted in a victory for the Honolulu team, it seemed that for most of the time they were slightly outplayed by their opponents, and certainly the ball was in the possession of the Punahou team most of the time.

The Honolulu team certainly has the knack of making forward passes as no other squad in the field has, not excluding the first team, and a great deal of the success that has attended them this year is due to their efficiency in this line. The results of this game puts the Kaimuki squad a little ahead of Punahou, for while the former beat the Kamehameha boys, the latter turned the trick on the collegians.

The following is a brief summary of the game by quarters: First quarter—Honolulu won the toss and Makalela made the kick-off towards the Waikiki goal. Gus Ballentyne received the leather and advanced to the forty-five yard line before he was downed. The play started off with a bang and Yap and Mott-Smith easily made first down in three plays. Then Alfred Yap made a spectacular run of twenty-six yards, giving Punahou the ball on their opponents' seventeen yards. However, his good work was lost on account of a fumble he made on the next play. This gave the Honolulu boys the pigskin within twenty yards of their goal line upon recovery by Norrie. At first Lyman of Punahou got through and smashed up several of the plays, but Makalela made first down in the required four plays.

Forward Pass. They continued to advance down the field until, by a twenty yard gain by Cockett, they had first down near the middle of the field. Here, however, their progress was stopped, and Makalela punted, the leather going to Ballentyne on Punahou's twelve yard line. Instead of booting the ball out of danger the Oahu backs worked it out as far as the twenty-five yard line, but here they were forced to stop. Just before the end of the period, Gus kicked, and the punt was returned by Mac. Thus the ball belonged to Punahou at the close of the quarter. No score.

Mott-Smith Makes Gain. Second quarter—Punahou, first down on their opponents' thirty five yards. After a short run by Yap, Mott-Smith made a gain of fifteen yards, making first down within twenty-five yards of the goal line. It began to look like a touch-down for the collegians, but when they had only ten yards to go, Kim Wai fumbled the ball and another chance was lost. Reid recovered the leather, for Honolulu, and Cockett punted out of danger. Punahou received the ball and advanced to Honolulu's twenty yard line, and it again looked as if they would be able to score. However, on a forward pass by Yap, Koon Yee nabbed the ball and the Kaimukiites advanced steadily up the gridiron until some good tackling by Johnston of Punahou, forced them to kick. The ball went to Punahou on their forty yard line. After two short line bucks, Gus punted, and when the ball ended a few seconds later, the ball was near the center of the field. No score.

Yap Receives Ball. Third quarter—Cockett made the kick-off for Honolulu, and Yap received the ball on Punahou's ten yard line but he broke away down the field and managed to reach the forty-five yard line before he was captured. However, on the first play, the ball was fumbled, and it changed hands in the middle of the field. Upon falling twice to gain, Makalela made a successful forward pass to Norrie, and when he was downed he had gained twenty yards. This gave the Honolulu School for Boys the leather on their opponents' thirty yard line. Cockett made a long gain, and when Kau made first down by a trick end around play, it looked like a touch-down for the players from the red hill district. However, Lyman and Brown each broke up a play, and Makalela attempted a place-kick. The ball went short, and Kim Wai made a pretty catch, advancing to his thirty-five yard line, before he was nailed. The Puns were forced to punt, and the pigskin went to Makalela on the forty five yard line of his team. Cockett then made a gain of three yards, followed by one of four by Makalela. Brown got through and spoiled

the next play, and Cockett booted. Ballentyne received on Punahou's fifty yards just as the whistle blew for the end of the third quarter. Score, 0-0.

Fourth Quarter.—On the first play the Punahou right end was found to be holding and his team received a fifteen-yard penalty. This put the ball on the four-yard line and Yap was called to punt. Farington was rich down on the man with the ball, and he nailed him on the Punahou's thirty-five yard line. On failing to gain a forward pass was attempted, but Yap was called to punt. Farington was rich down on the man with the ball, and he nailed him on the Punahou's thirty-five yard line. On failing to gain a forward pass was attempted, but Yap was called to punt. Farington was rich down on the man with the ball, and he nailed him on the Punahou's thirty-five yard line.

Ball Went Wild. The ball went wild; it was received by Honolulu on their sixteen yard line. For the next three plays the pigskin went back to Cockett, and the result was that at the end of the third it was first down on Honolulu's thirty yard line. Then came the play that won the game.

While the Punahou men were lining up, Kau, Honolulu's left end, had gradually worked out to the edge of the field, unknown to the Punahou end and half-backs, whose business it was to watch him. On a silent signal the ball was snapped back, and Makalela made a pretty pass across the field to Kau. He received the ball, and before the "Huff and Blue" line was aware of what had happened he was tearing down the field at a great rate. By the time Punahou woke up it was too late to do anything in the way of catching Kau, and he completed the seventy yards and crossed the line for a touch-down. It was a neatly worked play, but if the Punahou team had been awake it could never have succeeded. Makalela easily kicked the goal, and the score stood: Honolulu School for Boys 7, Punahou 0.

Makalela kicked for Honolulu, and Kim Wai was down near the middle of the field. Honolulu was offside, and this helped their opponents out by five yards. Then Mott-Smith broke away for ten yards, and this gave his team their first down on their opponents' forty-yard line. With hopes of a touch-down, Yap made an excellent pass to Kim, but the ball was muffed, and it was transferred to the Honolulu boys on their thirty-five yards. They advanced it a little way up the field, but when the final whistle blew it was still near the middle of the field.

The lineup of each team was as follows: Honolulu—Joe Farrington, r. e.; Francis Lyman, r. t.; Claude Kim, r. e. g.; "Mackey" Moir, e.; Hudson Fleischerbauer, l. g.; Howard Johnston, l. t.; Donald Brown and Yu Fat Zane, l. e.; Gustave Ballentyne, q. b.; Stanley M. t. Smith, f. b.; Alfred Yap, l. h. b.; Lum Kim Wei, r. h. b. Honolulu School for Boys—Pahan, r. e.; Kola, r. t.; Kam Moon, r. e. g.; C. S. Lee, e.; Reid, l. t.; Kau, l. e.; Norrie, q. b.; Koon Yee, f. b.; Cockett, r. h. b.; Makalela, l. h. b. Officials—Referee, Stafford Austen; umpire, "Squid" Marcellino; timekeeper, J. T. Wine; head linesman, Parker Wood; assistant, Francis Cooper.

Practically Every Fistic Star Presented With One Has Met With Misfortune.

There seems to be a growing sentiment among fighters to the effect that the presentation of belts emblematic of championships are apt to bring bad luck to the recipients.

"Take the Lonsdale belts given by the National Sporting Club of England," said a veteran sporting man, "and see what has usually happened to the holders. No sooner do they win the trophy for the first time than they get pounded to powder in the next scrap they have. Ledoux hung it on Digger Stanley just after the Digges, was hailed as belt champ of his native land. Middleweight Jack Harrison copped off a belt, came over here and McGorty walloped him out in a punch. And you all know what happened to our friend Bombardier Wells, heavyweight champion of John Bull land, and the proud owner of another of the Lonsdale waist adorners. Both Palmer and Smith plastered the Bomb into a state of coma and he hasn't yet got over wondering how it happened. Give him one more belt and send him over here again and he'd probably be killed."

McCarthy Had a Hoodoo. "But it isn't the Lonsdale trophies alone that carry a hoodoo along. How about some of our own belts, made and presented to pugilistic heroes? Don't you recollect who Tom McCarney presented the last belt to? Why, none other than poor Lattier McCarthy, who wound up his short-lived slugging career at Calgary. McCarthy won that belt by whipping Kaufman, Flynn and Falzer in succession, and he was mighty proud of it. But six months after he came into possession of the trophy death claimed him.

"Do you remember once when Jim Corbett thought he would retire from the heavyweight throne, before Fitz Simmons beat him? He picked out Peter Maher, the big Celt, as the next best to himself, and Maher's New York friends were so tickled at having a Mick champ that they presented Peter with some kind of a belt. I don't know what became of Maher's trophy, but I do know that the very next scrap he had was with Fitz, and the red-top knocked him kicking with one punch.

Conley Fell Under Spell. In 1910 Frankie Conley and Monte Attell met on the coast in a battle supposed to be for the bantam title. Neither one of them came within jumping distance of the bantamweight Jimmie, but the bout was billed as a championship affair and Conley gave a belt for the victor, who happened to be Conley. After that everybody Conley tackled kicked him almost to death. Owen Moran, Johnny Coulon, Joe Coster, Patsy Kline, Johnny Kilbane, all drubbed poor Conley, and what's more, he never has since shown good fighting form.

"Allright Nelson was also presented with a belt, and only had it a short time before he lost the lightweight championship to Wolgast. Then someone wished a belt on Wolgast, and all the plagues of Egypt seemed to drop on Ad's head. Broken arms, thumbs, fits of sickness, an operation for appendicitis, ending up with defeat for his title, and the crowning of Willie Ritchie, as lightweight champion. It wouldn't be a bad idea for Leach to wish to get together, but a belt and present it to Ritchie. I'd think a good-sized bet that such a gift would cripple Willie's muscles, paralyze his feet and make him easy for the tooth-collector. If I was a scrapper and anyone tried to give me a belt I'd do my best to pick him off at long range with a Grog, before he got close enough to slip the hoodoo to me."

Manager Chance of the New York Americans is anxious to secure a veteran catcher to coach his pitchers next year. Thomas or Lapp of the Athletics, Sullivan of the White Sox, Stange of Detroit, and Kling of the Cincinnati Nationals, are the men he is considering.

Outfielder Jimmy Johnson of the San Francisco club stole 123 bases during the recent Pacific Coast League season a new record. The San Francisco club arranged a Johnson day in his honor and the fleet runner received \$1250, ten dollars for each stolen base. He was drafted by the Cubs in September.

Joe Tinker has selected Alexandria Louisiana, for the spring training camp of the Reds. Tinker says he will make several important deals within the next few weeks. He intimates that Hobbit Zell, Bescher, Benton and Marsans are on the market if he can secure players of equal skill.

Charles Schmutz, the new Brooklyn pitcher is credited with being the box man in the Northwestern League this year. He worked in thirty-four games, faced 805 batsmen and was found for sixty-two runs and 173 safe hits, his opponents having a batting average of .296. He won sixteen games and lost ten.

It is reported that Gen. Charles H. Taylor and son, John I. Taylor, are ready to sell the stock in the Red Sox, amounting to one-half. The Taylors, it is said, are not in sympathy with the McAleer-McRoy regime.

Barney Dreyfuss scouts the idea of a baseball war with the Federal League. "You know it takes two to fight, The Federals have nothing we want," said Dreyfuss yesterday.

Bub McAllister, the coast middleweight, is in New York seeking matches.

HAPPY COUPLE CHANGE HOUR OF THEIR WEDDING TO ANSWER EARLY MORNING DARE OF PARTY OF FRIENDS

There was a whirlwind finish to the divided tonnage of Neil R. Slattery, late of San Francisco, and Miss Clara Lauffman, late of Los Angeles, at three o'clock yesterday morning, when the Rev. R. E. Smith, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, got out of bed, put on his best tuxedo suit and performed the wedding ceremony which made the couple husband and wife. The honeymoon is now well under way and the many friends of the young couple will be at home to them in their pretty bungalow on Vineyard street after the rest of the month.

Honolulu Boy Claims Hand and Heart of Southland Beauty.

John Brodie Williams of Honolulu, premier pitcher of the Sacramento baseball club and the leading mound artist in the Pacific Coast League for the 1913 season, and Miss Alonza Rico of Southern California, were married at Montecito, a suburb of Los Angeles, on November 8. Mr. and Mrs. Williams left Los Angeles for San Francisco on November 10 where they remained until yesterday, visiting Mrs. Louis A. Willis, Williams' sister. The newly married couple left San Francisco yesterday by the steamer Sonoma for Honolulu and will arrive here on Monday.

The following account of the wedding is culled from a Los Angeles paper of November 9: "Miss Alonza, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Rico, one of the pioneer Spanish families of Southern California, and John B. Williams, premier pitcher for the Sacramento baseball team and leading twirler in the Pacific Coast League for 1913, were married yesterday morning at St. Benedict's Church, Montecito, the Reverend P. J. O'Reilly, of St. Patrick's Church, Los Angeles, officiating. The ceremony took place at half-past ten o'clock.

Immediately after the ceremony a solemn high mass was sung by the Reverend O'Reilly, assisted by Reverend Justin Murat, of the Order of St. Benedict, as deacon; and Brother Francis Luckenbell, of the same order, as sub-deacon. The nuptial mass was rendered with Gregorian chant under the direction of Rev. Raphael Deferes, O. de. of St. Benedict, as organist. Mendelssohn's wedding march was played on the pipe organ by Mrs. C. E. De Stout, as the bridal party marched to and from the altar.

Charles Dodson acted as the best man, while Miss Diana Rico, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. The bridesmaids included Miss Rosa Yorba and Miss Venia Yorba. The matron of honor was Mrs. Florence Dodson Scheneman. Ignacia Garcia served as usher.

The church was beautifully decorated with palms, potted plants and shrubbery for the occasion. Following the marriage ceremony, a wedding dinner was served the bridal party and guests at the home of the bride's parents at Montecito. More than one hundred guests were present.

"Mr. and Mrs. Williams will leave tomorrow for a honeymoon trip to Honolulu, where they will spend the winter. The bride is one of the most attractive young women of the Spanish race in Southern California. Her great grandfather was a general in the Spanish army and later came to America. The grandfather settled in Los Angeles, near Hollywood.

"The bride and groom met at a reception given by Mrs. Florence Dodson, a trifle over a year ago. It was a case of love at first sight, and the romance culminated with the marriage yesterday.

"The couple will remain in Honolulu until the spring training season opens when they will go to Detroit. "The bride and groom will make their home in Los Angeles during the winter season."

General cessation of the storms throughout the Island channels is reported by the two vessels arriving in port yesterday from opposite directions. The Likilele from Hawaii and the reliable W. G. Hall from its early-week trip to Kauai both reported moderate seas and winds on their inward trips, although experiencing rough weather on the voyages out.

Nine prisoners were brought down from Kauai in charge of a deputy sheriff on the Hall, to be turned over to the territorial prison, they having been sentenced at the present term of the fifth circuit court.

The Kilauca, as already announced again replaced the Mauna Kea on the Hilo run yesterday, leaving for the Big Island ports at ten o'clock in the morning.

Bookie is Barred by All Eastern Tracks. The guileless bookie, with his little slate and chalk, was handed a knock-out blow by the Canadian Racing Association at its annual meeting November 10, that august body deciding that all tracks in the circuit must install pari-mutuel machines in 1915. At three tracks, Woodbine, Blue Bonnets and Dorval, the system is in use already, but at Port Erie, Windsor, Ottawa and Hamilton, the book makers hold the fort.

The day following her arrival from the Coast on the steamer Siberia, last Monday evening, Miss Carolyn R. Fuller, a teacher in the Kalihii waiana school, and William Porter Sledge, an engineer for the drydock at Pearl Harbor, were married at the Kamehameha chapel by the Rev. J. L. Hoopwood. A few intimate friends attended the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Sledge will make their home in Manoa Valley.

ASK FOR THE Gaviota Brand Fertilizers



Fertilizers THANKSGIVING

Means something to the man with bumper crops. The use of fertilizers goes a long way towards making bumper crops and fine time out-of-ten you will find the man who is getting bumper crops is the one who is using fertilizer liberally.

Pacific Guano & Fertilizer Co. Honolulu and Hilo, Hawaii SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

"EMPIRE LINE OF STEAMERS" FROM QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL, via the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY the Famous Tourist Route of the World

In connection with the Canadian-American Royal Mail Line For tickets and general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. General Agents Canadian Pacific Rly. Co.

Castle & Cooke Co., Ltd. Honolulu T. H.

Commission Merchants Sugar Factors

Ewa Plantation Co. Waiulua Agricultural Co., Ltd. Apokan Sugar Co., Ltd. Fulton Iron Works of St. Louis. Black Steam Pumps. Western's Centrifugals. Babcock & Wilcox Boilers. Green's Fuel Economiser. Matson Navigation Co. Planters' Line Shipping Co. Kohala Sugar Co.

Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Territory of Hawaii. PAID-UP CAPITAL \$600,000.00 SURPLUS 100,000.00 UNDIVIDED PROFITS 157,592.92 OFFICERS: C. H. Cooke, President; E. D. Tenney, Vice-President; F. B. Damon, Cashier; G. G. Fuller, Assistant Cashier; R. McCriston, Assistant Cashier. DIRECTORS: C. H. Cooke, E. D. Tenney, A. Lewis, Jr., E. F. Bishop, F. W. Macfarlane, J. A. McCann, C. H. Atherton, Geo. P. Carter, F. B. Damon, F. C. Atherton, R. A. Cooke.

COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS DEPARTMENTS. Strict attention given to all branches of Banking. JUDD BLDG., PORT ST.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd

SUGAR FACTORS, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS INSURANCE AGENTS.

Ewa Plantation Company, Waiulua Agricultural Co., Ltd., Apokan Sugar Co., Ltd., Kohala Sugar Company, Waiulua Water Company, Ltd. Fulton Iron Works of St. Louis, Babcock & Wilcox Company, Greens Fuel Economiser Company, Chas. C. Moore & Co., Engineers.

Matson Navigation Company Toyo Kisen Kaisha BUSINESS CARDS.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Manufacturers of every description made to order. Adv.

In the fifth round, not the fourth. Lester went to his corner in a semi-helpless condition after the fourth round and took the usual minute's rest. When the going rang for the fifth round he was unable to get out of the corner and the referee gave the fight to the Tar Baby. Those who bet that the scrap wouldn't go five rounds lost.

President B. B. Johnson of the American League says that there is no deal being considered whereby the Boston Americans are to change hands next year.

The owners of the Chicago franchise in the Federal League are trying to get Garland Stahl, former manager of the Boston Americans, to manage their team next year.

Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure Used and praised by the most competent and careful pastry cooks the world over The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from grapes

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup An Old and Well Tried Remedy for Children's Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all the ailments of Infants and Children.