

# THE HONOLULU PUBLICATION.

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## INDEPENDENCE WAS PROMISED THEY SAY.

### Pettigrew Makes Public a Filipino Letter.

GIVES AN ALLEGED INTERVIEW. PURPORTED TO HAVE BEEN HAD WITH ADMIRAL DEWEY.

### The Latter Denounces the Letter as a Tissue of Falsehoods From Beginning to End.

SIOUX FALLS (S. D.), July 24.—A letter has been received by Senator R. F. Pettigrew from one of the leading commanders of the Filipino army, giving additional light on the claims of the Filipino people as to the understanding that was arrived at between them and the Americans before the opening of hostilities in the Philippines. The letter says in part: "Sinukwan Encampment (Philippine Islands), April 12, 1899.—Hon. R. F. Pettigrew and G. F. Hoar, Senators, Washington—Gentlemen: I have read in some American papers that Admiral Dewey, compelled by you and other persons, lovers of truth and justice, to answer whether he had made to us formal promises of independence, stated that he had 'never promised independence to the Filipinos.' I, who, in the name of the Filipino people and of General Aguinaldo, and as a representative of both, have had the honor to confer several times with the admiral, make to you the following statements, that you may use them as you should think convenient: "In April, 1898, when the rupture of hostilities between Spain and the United States became imminent, and in the absence of my chief, General Aguinaldo, who was then at Singapore, I solicited through the American Consul at Hongkong, Mr. Wilman, to have some interview with Admiral Dewey, with the object of continuing the interrupted negotiations between General Aguinaldo and Admiral Dewey through Mr. Wood, the commander of the American gunboat Petrel. My petition was favorably received and I went with Andrew S. Garcilorena, another Filipino, on board the Olympia in the bay of Hongkong. Once on board, the following interview, in French, took place through the flag lieutenant, Mr. Brunley, acting as interpreter: "Filipino—Admiral, it having come to our knowledge that a war between your country and Spain is imminent, we, who have fought the latter for our independence, are willing, in obedience to the desire manifested by you to General Aguinaldo, through Mr. Wood, to take part in the war as allies of America, so long as it is carried on with the object of freeing from the yoke of Spain her colonies, giving them their independence. "Admiral Dewey—The American people, champions of liberty, will not take this war with the humanitarian object of freeing from the Spanish yoke the peoples under it, and will give you independence and freedom, as we have proclaimed to the world at large. "Filipino—We are very grateful for this generous manifestation of the great American people, and being made value it more than a written contract, and thereupon place ourselves at your entire disposal. "Admiral Dewey—I place at your disposal the ships of my fleet for the conveyance of both the Filipino leaders and the arms you may get. Moreover, I think my government is willing to supply you with arms and ammunition. "Filipino—We are very thankful to you for this new generosity of the American people, and you may be sure that we are ready to fight at your side for the independence of the Philippines even without arms, as we have done during the recent revolution. "Admiral Dewey—America is rich in every respect, she has territories sparsely inhabited. Besides, our constitution prevents territorial expansion outside of America, therefore the Philippines may be sure of their independence, and not a bit of their land shall be taken from them. "After these conclusive and formal statements the conversation turned to other details concerning the state of the country. "The letter is signed 'J. Alejandro.' He is the Filipino general who recently surrendered to the American forces.

## IT IS FALSE.

### That Was Dewey's Statement When Shown the Letter.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The letter received by Senator Pettigrew from one of Aguinaldo's generals, J. Alejandro, containing an alleged account of an interview between himself and Admiral Dewey on board the Olympia in April, 1898, in which it is stated that Admiral Dewey promised independence to the Filipinos, was shown to the admiral today. The admiral characterized it as a "tissue of falsehoods" and declared it absurd on its face. "I not only had no power to promise independence to the Filipinos," said he, "but the whole tenor of the words put in my mouth stamps them as false. I am amazed to say things which I never thought of and which I could never have uttered. You will notice that I am addressed in the alleged interview as 'Admiral,' when at the time I was a 'Commodore.'"

the Olympia at Hongkong. They were anxious to be taken to Manila. "I considered their representations of little importance," said the admiral, "and did not take them to Manila. Later I gave permission to Aguinaldo and about a dozen others to come to Manila. All that they were anxious about at that time was an end of the tyranny of Spain, against which they had been fighting. After the destruction of Montejó's fleet the city virtually surrendered, and I am satisfied that if we had had 5,000 troops there at that time we could have gone ashore and been received by the Filipinos as deliverers. They had absolutely no thought then of independence. That was an after thought of their leaders during the interim between the smashing of the Spanish fleet and the arrival of the United States troops." Speaking of the report that Cuba was to be evacuated by the American troops after the holding of the constitutional convention, Admiral Dewey said he did not see how the United States could turn over the island to the Cubans until a stable government had been established. "We are responsible to the world for the orderly conduct of affairs in Cuba," said he, "and until such government is established I cannot see how we can withdraw. We are confronted with a similar situation in the Philippines. The world looks to us, and no matter which party wins in November the United States cannot relinquish the islands until a responsible and stable government is set up there."

### BISHOP ESTATE PROPERTY.

#### Trustees File Their Annual Report in Circuit Court.

The trustees of the estate of the late Mrs. B. P. Bishop filed their annual report with the clerk of the Circuit Court yesterday. The report shows the total receipts from all sources, including cash on hand July 1, 1899, were \$191,804.11, and the expenditures were \$137,750.16, leaving a cash balance of \$54,053.95.

The principal outlays during the year were \$8,145.65 for improvements to the girls' department in the Kamehameha Schools, \$10,419.56 for a new dormitory and \$1,947.08 for both rooms in the boys' department. In addition to this, four pieces of property and one lease were also secured. The property consisted of about 15-100 acres in Kapalama from S. K. Kane for \$4,700; land in Kaneohe from A. S. Cleghorn for \$1,000; land in Queen street from Kapolani Estate for \$1,000; land from Fritz J. Wilhelm in Queen street for \$1,000, and a paid-up lease of 2 7/8 acres in the crown lands at Kaka'ako for \$9,000. Property amounting to \$7,408 was sold, most of which was to the Oahu Railway and Land Company for rights of way and stations, etc., at Waialua and Ewa.

The death of the Rev. Charles M. Hyde, one of the trustees, is mentioned in the report, with a tribute to the memory of the deceased, who has been succeeded by Alfred V. Carter.

### FIRST INDICTMENT RETURNED.

#### GRAND JURY SETTLED DOWN TO WORK QUICK.

### True Bill Returned Against Charles Downing for Murder in Second Degree.

The first true bill returned by a grand jury in Honolulu was brought yesterday afternoon after a brief session of the new judicial body which was charged by Judge Humphreys in the morning.

Charles Downing, charged with murder in the second degree, is the first man to be indicted by a grand jury in this city. He is now in prison and will have to answer before the trial jury in the Circuit Court.

The grand jury lost no time in beginning work after hearing Judge Humphreys' charge. The jurors were locked up all afternoon in a room in the Judiciary building, where the questions of a number of witnesses in the Downing case. It was the first time this American method of inquisition had been employed in Hawaii, and the novel proceedings aroused much interest. Deputy Attorney General Charles Downing with the juror who was called upon, and Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth also waited outside to be ready if needed.

About five o'clock the grand jury adjourned, after having given its first true bill. It is stated, charging Charles Downing with the murder of George Pool. The alleged crime was committed on March 11th and was one of a series of shooting and cutting affrays that came together and started the city on March 10-11. The shooting of Toro Jackson was one of them.

Downing, in addition to killing Pool, seriously wounded two other natives, Aalona Kamae and Eleakala, both of whom, with Pool, were taken to the hospital. The affray in which they were concerned was a most bloody one. Downing spent the night of March 10 at their place drinking swigs, and early on Sunday morning he became involved in a fight with the men in the place, having, it is alleged, become so boisterous that they wanted to turn him out. He drew a knife and in a few moments the natives were prostrate on the floor.

## AN EPOCH MARKING DAY IN THE COURTS OF HAWAII.

### HONOLULU'S FIRST GRAND JURY IMPANELED BY JUDGE HUMPHREYS.

#### Charged to Investigate Matters That Have to Do With the Good Name and Well Being of the City.

"I charge you, gentlemen of the grand jury, to fully investigate the conditions under which Japanese houses of prostitution are maintained in the district of Iwilei, and I charge you further to inquire as to whether or not any police officers are paid their salaries or are receiving any compensation of any sort from inmates of those houses or from the landlords of the buildings which they occupy."

"It has come to the information of this court, and I charge you to make diligent inquiry into the fact, that police officers in Honolulu are in the habit of making raids upon Chinese gambling houses, of seizing the money which may be in sight under the pretense of using it as evidence against those arrested, but in fact appropriating such money to their own use."

"It has come to the information of this court, and I charge you to make diligent inquiry into the fact, that at the hotels and resorts on the beach at Waikiki, liquor is sold on Sundays in open violation of the law."

"If you find during the course of your investigations that any retail liquor dealer within the jurisdiction of this court has in his employ and about his barroom any minor, then that would be a condition proper for you to comment upon, and to direct public attention thereto, if you so desire."

"I desire to say to you, gentlemen of the grand jury, that if this community is ever afflicted with the conditions described in the phrase we so often hear nowadays, 'a wide open town,' the grand jury of this island will be largely if not wholly to blame."

"I charge you to make full inquiry as to the condition of the Insane Asylum. \* \* \* Inquire as to the number of inmates, how many persons are received per month or quarter, how many are discharged, the nature of the food they receive, and inquire particularly as to the medical attention the medical superintendent bestows upon them, how many times he visits the asylum during the day or week, whether or not he sees the insane himself, or goes in one door and out the other, merely inquiring of some lay person how the patients are getting along."

The above are some of the leading matters that the first grand jury ever impaneled on the Island of Oahu were charged with investigating by Judge Humphreys of the Circuit Court yesterday morning.

Owing to the fact that a grand jury was to be impaneled, and the first grand jury at that court was held in the Supreme Court room instead of in the room ordinarily used by Judge Humphreys.

The scene was one long to be remembered, and one that marks an epoch in the history of Hawaii. It witnessed the inauguration of the old English custom of having people charged with crime brought face to face with the grand jury which is to investigate their case and say whether or not a presentment is to be found under which they will face a jury of their peers for trial.

It marked the death of the old system, so long in vogue in Hawaii, of the Attorney General making a presentment under which an accused must stand trial. It marked the inauguration of the peoples sharing in the execution of justice and taking their due part in the execution of the laws and the ferreting out of abuses.

Judge Humphreys, dressed in a dignified and manly, came into court promptly on the stroke of ten, accompanied by the youthful looking Judge Silliman. Inside the bar was seated almost every attorney of the city, while the rear of the court room was crowded to witness the imposing ceremony. The court bailiff was so embarrassed when the judges entered the court, and all arose until court should be declared open, that he forgot to open the court until directed to do so by the Judge.

After his "hear ye" High Sheriff Brown in a much beribboned and braided uniform, bearing more braid and lace than the vain Lieutenant General of the United States Army wears on his much bedecked blouse, stepped to the side of the clerk's desk and called the roll of the men summoned to appear as grand jurors. Joseph P. Cooke, the sixth man called, failed to respond, and following the completion of the roll call the clerk was ordered to issue a bench warrant for Mr. Cooke, and in a few minutes he was brought in. Asked as to why he had not been on time, his excuse was that he did not know it was so late. This not being considered a good and sufficient excuse by the court, Mr. Cooke was fined \$25 for his delinquency.

After the box had been filled the jurors were asked if any of their number had excuses to present as to why they should not serve on the jury. E. I. Spaulding of W. G. Irwin & Co. said

jury system as the Constitution of the United States provides "that no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger." It is not within the power of a Territory to abridge the right of any person charged with an infamous crime, and not within the exceptions named in the Constitution, to demand his indictment by a grand jury legally constituted before being put upon his trial for such crime.

That this limitation on our power does exist may be regarded as a happy condition, for it is at once a menace to the liberties of the people when the power of finding indictments is vested in one man, no matter how great his learning or how incorruptible his integrity may be. By the institution of the grand jury two great ends, the one of liberty, the other of the administration of justice, have been united. That is to say, direct participation by the people in determining whether the citizen shall be charged with crime, and the preventing of that determination from resting entirely in the hands of the executive or of a separate and closed caste.

### Juries a Safeguard.

Lord Erskine in his celebrated speech in the trial of the Dean of St. Asaph, said: "No evidence is to be found of the least enrichment or abridgment of popular jurisdiction in cases of crimes; on the contrary, every page of our history is filled with the struggles of our ancestors for its preservation. The law of property changes with new objects, and becomes intricate as it extends its dominion, but crimes must ever be of the same easy investigation; they consist wholly or almost wholly in intention, and the more they are multiplied by the policy of those who govern the more absolutely the public freedom depends upon the people's preserving the entire administration of criminal justice to themselves. In a question of property between two private individuals the crown, or the government, as it is called here, can have no safety, no interest in preferring one to the other; but it may have an interest in crushing both of them together, in defiance of every principle of humanity and justice, if they should put themselves forward in a contention for public liberty against a government seeking to enslave the people by the operation of the laws. No man in the least acquainted with the history of nations or of his own country can refuse to acknowledge, that if the administration of criminal justice were left in the hands of the government, no greater freedom could possibly exist than the government might choose to tolerate from the convenience or policy of the day. This important truth is no discovery or assertion of mine, but it is to be found in every book of the law; whether we go up to the most ancient authorities, or appeal to the writings of men of our own times, we meet with it alike in the most emphatic language."

### They Form a Barrier.

Mr. Justice Blackstone, by no means biased towards democratical government, having in the third volume of his Commentaries explained the excellence of the trial by jury in civil cases, expressed himself in criminal cases, since much stronger in criminal cases, more is to be apprehended from the violence and partiality of judges appointed by the crown, in suits between the King and the subject, than in the disputes between one individual and another to settle the boundaries of private property. Our law has, therefore, wisely placed this a most and two-fold barrier between a presentment by a grand jury and trial by petit jury between the liberties of the people and the prerogatives of the crown. Without this barrier justices of oyer and terminer, named by the crown, might, as in France and in Lombardy, imprison, dispatch or exile any man that was obnoxious to the government by their will and pleasure. So that the liberties of England cannot but subsist so long as this palladium remains sacred and inviolate not only from all open attacks, which none will so hardy as to make, but also from all secret machinations which may sap and undermine it.

### Citizen's Highest Duty.

From whatever point of view we may examine this peculiar institution as it has developed itself with the Anglican race (and it may be viewed in a great many, all equally important), it will appear that the citizen cannot act in any more solemn and important capacity than as a grand juror. Society cannot live in a state; the high destiny of man demand it; the state acts through laws, and they are the great organs of human society. Without them men cannot live in society or fulfill that for which they were created; and now, when the very moment ultimately arrives for which the law was made, when it is to be applied to practical and concrete cases; when, in short, the abstract principles are to be realized in practical life, it is left entirely to you who come fresh from the people to say.

In English laws the juries are called the "country." There is a deep meaning in this expression as it has grown and come to be understood through the course of centuries, for the jury truly represents the country, and this is as true of the grand jury as it is of the petit jury. The law is but the expression of the public will, and the grand jury represents society in determining whether in a given case the facts warrant the application of the law so as to charge one with crime. Let me impress upon you then that you represent the country and not the government. You are to judge the facts according to the rules and laws indeed, but also with the feelings of living men, and not merely as if you represented the abstract law as it is written in books. It may be justly said that though for a brief time, yet for this brief time, you represent as fully and entirely a human society formed into a state with all of its great objects as any other person or body of men, even that of a monarch not excepted.

Represents the Governed. De Tocqueville, who was a profound commentator on democracy, in his Democracy in America, says: "The institution of the jury may be aristocratic or democratic according to the class of society from which the jurors are selected, but it always preserves its republican character, in as much as it places the real direction of society in the hands of the governed, or of a portion of the governed, instead of leaving it under the authority of the government. Force is never more than a transient element of success, and after force comes the question of right. A government which should only be able to crush its enemies soon be destroyed. The true sanction of political laws is to be found in penal legislation, and if that sanction be wanting, the law will sooner or later lose its cogency. He who punishes in fractions of the law is therefore the real master of society. Now the institution of the jury raises the people itself to the bench of judicial authority. It invests the people with the direction of society." This statement applies with peculiar force to you, gentlemen of the grand jury, for, without action on your part there would be no occasion for the petit jury to exercise its functions in the more serious cases. It is applied to the bench with you, the protection, safety and well-being of society may be said to largely rest. You are therefore to serve upon this grand jury with the deepest impression of the grave responsibility which the oath you have just taken imposes upon you. You sit here for the community, for your country; the laws must be applied through you; they must accuse or exempt from accusation through you.

## REAL ISSUE OF THE PRESENT CAMPAIGN.

### Too Early to Tell Just What It Will Be.

### DEMOCRATS CRYING IMPERIALISM.

### PROBABLE THAT THE CHINESE QUESTION WILL BECOME A FACTOR.

### McKinley Has Given a Splendid Account of Himself in the Past Three Years.

(Staff Correspondence of the Republican.) WASHINGTON, D. C., July 21.—No man can tell what the real live issue of the forthcoming Presidential campaign is going to be. The Republican leaders say that it will be the silver issue. This issue, it will be remembered, was not made very prominent in the Democratic platform. The Democrats say that the real issue will be the question of imperialism. They want that made the issue. The Republicans say that an entirely new issue will come up, and all other matters will be dropped for this new one.

The people, for instance, without knowing why, are kicking somewhat because the administration has done no definite thing toward getting United States Minister Conger out of Peking alive. They believe that there is an instance in which the United States Army ought to be employed with vim and without regard to the expense or consequences of the undertaking. But the people are apt to jump at conclusions, and they sometimes change their minds when they come to know all of the facts in the case, which same they do not come anywhere near knowing in this case, for the Chinese question is so big and complicated that neither Secretary of State Hay nor Lord Salisbury nor anybody else knows all of it.

Should the United States go tearing into Manchuria at this time she would find herself face to face with Russia, and the Russian bear is not a pleasant chap to meet.

But the campaign itself is going to be lively, and there will be two sides to it. A while ago, Bryan was nominated, nobody could see more than one side to the contest. Bryan has with him today all of the unemployed forces of the United States. He has the solid following of the silverites of every brand. The laboring people are with him to a greater extent than they were in 1896. The gold Democrats have quietly slipped back into camp in quite large numbers. So Mr. Bryan is not to be laughed at this time, any more than he was in 1896, and all the world knows that he gives the Republicans a bad fright that is not to be forgotten.

On the other hand, the Republicans are mighty well organized, and there is less disaffection in their ranks than there was four years ago. President McKinley has given a pretty good account of himself; he has mapped out and accomplished things, and the American people like that in a nation in the Union. The good old-fashioned row among the Republicans. They are lined up in solid column and are waiting for the attack. With both parties united there ought to be a good fight.

When one comes to the consideration of the probable result, it is reasonable to think that the Republicans are going to pull through. They have with them all of the sound money forces of the Republican party, and whether sound money is the rallying cry or not, it will be a great factor in the struggle. They have with them prosperity. The United States is doing more business today than ever before upon the eve of a campaign. It has done more business during the last three years than it ever did in any preceding three years of its history. The mills are pretty nearly all busy, although there is a little slackening of the iron trade, and some of these mills are closed or running upon short time. The country is exporting goods as fast as it can get ships to carry them. It is doubtful if the people will care to make a political change which might change the condition of things.

There is, it is true, bitter opposition to the expansion policy. This opposition comes largely from the East. In the West they are pretty nearly solidly in favor of expansion, provided it is not carried too far. For instance, nobody finds fault now with the admission of Hawaii and Porto Rico, but they shudder at the Philippines. There is a fear, and it has grown somewhat during the Chinese trouble, that the entrance of the United States into the affairs of the Far East may lead to trouble. That is a feeling that will have to be reckoned with in the canvass. It is likely enough that it will be met by the President, sooner or later, in a declaration of his exact intentions regarding the Philippine Islands, and also with a declaration regarding his intentions in China.

The Republican correspondent is told that the Democrats are working on an attempt to stir up labor strikes in the West during the month of August. They believe that this may help to explode the idea that the recent unexampled prosperity of the United States is founded upon a solid basis. If they carry out this attempt and succeed with it, they will get badly burned by their own fire. No political party ever succeeded by tearing down. The only way to succeed in the United States is by building up. E. S. L.

(Continued on Page 6.)

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HONOLULU, H. T. AUGUST 7, 1900.

WEATHER YESTERDAY.

Mean Temperature—80 degrees. Maximum Temperature—87 degrees. Minimum Temperature—72 degrees. Rainfall—0.25 inches. Mean Dew Point for the Day—56. Mean Relative Humidity—86. FORECAST FOR TODAY. Weather cloudy, and hazy with chances of rain.

If you have Oahu stock you can lose nothing by holding it.

Ten cent cotton was touched under a Republican administration that opened the mills.

A Republican surplus of \$81,229,776 in time of war is better than a Democratic deficit of \$146,702,915 in time of peace.

The first grand jury wasted no time yesterday in getting to work, returning its first indictment before adjourning for the day.

Receipts of the National Treasury for the fiscal year just ended were \$568,388,948, and the expenditures \$487,759,171, making a surplus for the year of \$81,229,777.

If you want to be naturalized go into Judge Estee's court. The requirements are harder, perhaps, but the cost is less, as no Hawaiian stamps go in the United States courts.

Exports of provisions from American farms last year were worth \$189,000,000 or \$47,000,000 more than in 1899. This sort of expansion is what the Democrats call "imperialism."

Eighty-one per cent of the delegates to the Democratic convention recognized that 16 to 1 was no longer a live issue. But Boss Bryan wanted it, and John H. Wise voted for it, so that settled it.

One of the beneficent effects of municipal government will be to wipe out the nepotism and favoritism now so rampant in the government of the city and Territory. Hence these crocodile tears.

What with Judge Humphreys hitting at some of "our cherished institutions" from the Territorial court and Judge Estee hurling Americanism at them from the Federal court certain people in the family compact will feel badly.

The directors of the Oahu Sugar Company should hear the stockholders "kick." The latter seem to have a good reason to complain of their treatment and the ordinary excuses will not make them believe that they haven't been "skinned."

The total circulation of national bank notes, at the close of business June 30, 1900, was \$309,559,719, an increase for the year of \$68,291,023. The circulation, based on United States bonds, was \$274,115,552, an increase for the year of \$68,851,458.

Quite American, you know, is Judge Humphreys' address to the grand jury. It will probably give some people indignation, but it is good American law and will have to go, even here in Hawaii. The question to settle is, does the Judge point the way to the truth?

E. R. Hendry, formerly of the board of health, has become chief deputy United States Marshal for this district. Mr. Hendry, who is so widely known in Hawaii, will be practically in charge of the office, which will mean first-class service in that department.

The American law, which now happily prevails here, knows no rich, no poor; no mighty and no exalted; it is the dearest leveler of society before the law. It will be unpleasant for some people to recognize this fact, at first, but they will soon realize the beauty of its operation.

It is a well known principle in law that a prosecuting attorney can not appear in court, save in the capacity calling for his official duties or in civil causes. But an Attorney General, representing a State or Territory, is barred from all participation in practice save those of an official nature. He can authorize proceedings by quo warranto and all that, but he cannot be a private practitioner. For the loss of business the government pays him an ample salary. Mr. Dole undoubtedly considers Judge Humphreys' decision "sensational," but a few hours of study will show that it is good law.

The croakers who are opposing municipal government and all other things that tend to the advancement of Honolulu should set up another howl because seven ships came into the harbor last Saturday. What does Honolulu want with seven ships coming into the harbor in one day for anyway, any more than she wants municipal government. Why can't she go back to the

good old days when an occasional tramp sailor came this way. Seven vessels entering Honolulu harbor in one day is a pretty good record, thank you. And it means that Honolulu is to become just what The Republic has always predicted she would, the Singapore of the Pacific. The old days are passed and Honolulu is slowly but surely awakening to a new order of things. She must prepare to meet the growing commerce with all the requirements of a modern city, including new wharfs and docks and municipal government.

THE FIRST GRAND JURY.

The charge of Judge Humphreys to the grand jury yesterday was bold, fearless and timely. It was a shock to some people of the community because of its bluntness and straightforwardness. It was worded in such good, plain English that the wayfaring man even though a fool may read, it was a fitting introduction to the American and old English system of grand juries. It struck at many, very many, of the abuses of power in Hawaii by the government and was a broad statement of the fact that in these days the governed, the people rule. The grand jury stands for the governed, not the government.

As Judge Humphreys well said, it is a high duty each and every member of the grand jury has to perform. They serve with a grave responsibility, for on their action depends the rights of the people, protection from the vicious and the self-preservation of the fireside and the sanctity of the home. They sit for the community, for the whole people.

The jury has a grave duty to perform in investigating the illegal sale of liquor at Waikiki, and while about it, it might with benefit to the community investigate the illegal sale of liquor by a King street restaurant. It is open and notorious and known to every man who visits the beach on Sunday that liquors are sold openly at the hotels, and yet the High Sheriff and his police force have never been able to learn the fact, though they have had no trouble in finding "blind tigers" out there which sold liquor.

The statements about police protection afforded the houses of ill-repute at Iwilei have been open and notorious. Even graver charges have been made against the High Sheriff personally which the grand jury cannot afford to ignore. Nor can the jury afford to ignore the Judge's charges in relation to information concerning the pocketing of money found in Chinese gambling houses, by officers who raided them.

It would be wise for the grand jury to select its own officer to summon its witnesses in examining these cases and not leave that work in the hands of the High Sheriff, who is himself virtually under examination by the grand jury and who would very naturally not be the jury to obtain the facts, if they be true, which affect him personally and the police department over which he presides.

There is much good work laid out for the grand jury by the court, and if it will but follow the court's directions boldly and fearlessly it will result in invaluable good to the city and territory and effect a much needed reformation in the entire police force from top to bottom, and if it does not do this it will be recreant to its duty and to its oath.

Effect of Opening the Mills.

The Republican National Committee sent out blanks to members of the National Association of Manufacturers, asking them to furnish the number of men whom they had employed in each year from 1890 to 1899, inclusive, as well as the total amount of wages which they had paid during the same years.

There were 200 replies. They showed a steady increase in the number of hands employed in the 200 factories until the year 1893. There was an immediate drop of 10,000 men in 1894, when they employed 90,483 men. But in 1897 they employed 109,600; in 1898, 131,428 men, and last year 174,645 men. In short, the number of wage-earners employed by these same 200 factories increased from 90,483 men in 1894 up to 174,645 last year—almost doubled.

But the contrast is even more striking when applied to the amount of wages paid, and the following table shows the returns received from the 200 manufacturers:

Table with 2 columns: Year and Wages Paid. 1890: \$45,149,081; 1891: 49,875,858; 1892: 53,619,418; 1893: 48,966,250; 1894: 40,803,866; 1895: 52,851,310; 1896: 53,209,427; 1897: 54,412,774; 1898: 62,247,940; 1899: 78,835,063.

The amount of wages paid by these same 200 manufacturers increased steadily from 1890 to 1892, then there was a drop in 1893 and another drop in 1894. During the next two years wages picked up, but it was not until 1897 that these same manufacturers were paying out as much money in wages as they had paid in 1892.

Between 1894 and 1899, the 200 manufacturers had increased their payrolls by upwards of \$38,000,000. In fact, the amount of wages which they distributed last year was almost double what they paid out in 1894. Apply this to the whole country and try to realize what benefit "opening the mills" has been to American wage-earners and to those who feed and clothe them.

Political Things Done.

When Senator Conkling, twenty years ago, in 1880, declared in his nominating speech that General Grant stood for the "arduous greatness of things," he expressed the position in

which the Republican party finds itself in this year's national convention, its twelfth great assemblage. It met without contest or difference, collision or controversy over the platform, because it has done its work, accomplished its declared purpose, and presents a complete stevedore to the voters of the country in outlining its past achievements and proposing its future policy. When it met four years ago in St. Louis the gold standard needed to be asserted, and was disputed even within the party; the national credit was lower than for twenty years before; the tariff demanded revision to save the industries of the country; its foreign trade had sunk, and its protests against misgovernment in Cuba had been contemptuously rebuffed. These issues have all been solved. The arduous labor they demanded has been done. No differences are left in the party, and the country stands ready to approve the success of the past by the approval of four years more.—Philadelphia Press.

Hawaiians in Washington.

The following, from the Washington Post, shows that Hawaii's Republican delegates did not fail to attract attention in the national capital: "An elaborate dinner was given at Chamberlain's last evening by Col. Samuel Parker, the 'Cattle King of Hawaii,' who is well and favorably known in Washington and who was a delegate to the recent Republican convention in Philadelphia. Among Col. Parker's guests were Gov. Otero of New Mexico, Senator Clark of Wyoming, former Chief Justice Smith of New Mexico, Mr. Charles B. Wilson of Honolulu, Judge A. N. Kepoikali of Hawaii, Mr. L. Montgomery Mather of Philadelphia, Mr. W. H. Melnyer of Hawaii, and Mr. E. K. Somborn. During the day Col. Parker and his colleagues called upon President McKinley, who gave them a most cordial welcome, and in the course of a long talk asked many questions relative to our new insular possessions in the Pacific. Col. Parker and his colleagues, Judge Kepoikali, the men of the highest position and both having native blood in their veins, their influence with the Kanakas is unlimited. They have cast their fortunes with the Republican party because they believe that under the administration of McKinley the Islanders will be fairly dealt with, that their rights and the present administration means permanent prosperity for the 'Paradise of the Pacific.'"

A Curious Spectacle.

The spectacle of over 100 Chinamen on their knees calling upon the Lord to protect American missionaries from the atrocious cruelties of their brothers the Boxers was witnessed Sunday night at the Chinese Mission in Race street, Philadelphia. Old men and young men, some mere boys, united in this prayer, all of them knowing that they were calling down the wrath of God upon brothers and friends in China.—Philadelphia Record.

SURVEYS IN CHINATOWN.

Old Corners Reestablished, but King Street not Widened. The survey of Chinatown and the burned district has been completed. All the old street corners are reestablished and the streets laid out as they were before the plague. Considerable indignation is expressed at the intention of the Government to allow rebuilding on the old lines of King street. In the burned district King street is only fifty-six feet wide and the need of two sixty foot streets through Chinatown is felt by everyone. The brick buildings standing on King street on the north side of Nuuanu are old and only good for about ten years more of occupation. Several citizens have spoken of the matter at public meetings and seem able to order any change.

RECEPTION TO A RECTOR.

Members of Second Congregation Greet the Rev. Robert Lee. A reception was given to the Rev. Robert Lee by the Second Congregation of St. Andrews at the home of Mrs. Alexander Robertson on Emma Square, last evening. About forty people were present. The lanai was very prettily decorated with ferns, palms and other plants. Among those present were the Rev. John Osborne and wife, E. W. Jordan and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Keene, Mr. and Mrs. O'Leary, Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer, Dr. and Mrs. Miner, Miss Mast, Miss Bycroft, Mrs. Glade, Mrs. King, Mrs. Crabbe, Mrs. Mist, Mrs. Rycroft and the Messrs. Arthur Jordan, Soper, Von Holt and Fitz. Refreshments were served.

Beat an Old Man.

J. S. Howard, a young man, appeared in the police court charged with assault and battery on J. Kunst. Kunst is a very old man and quite feeble. Howard claimed that he hit Kunst by mistake. He was fighting with Kunst, who is at least seventy-five years of age, and her husband who is her senior by several years, interfering in the scrimmage was beaten by the young man. Judge Wilcox fined Howard \$10 and costs.

SOLD CHICORY FOR COFFEE.

That's What Sui Chong Did and He Confessed It. Sui Chong was up before District Judge Wilcox yesterday morning, for a violation of the law against adulterating food. Chemist Shorey, of the board of health, was on hand to testify against Sui Chong, to the effect that his coffee contained twenty per cent chicory—one-fifth of the bulk—but Sui Chong desired no record of that sort. He pleaded guilty and took his sentence philosophically. He was fined \$25 and costs.

BUSY ON PUBLIC ROADS.

Active Work in the Streets Under McCandless Administration. The public roads office has had its hands full lately, the rush of work being so great. The masonry on the Willis street culvert is now completed and the street is once more open to the public. Work has commenced on the culvert at the intersection of King street and Waikiki road. The old wooden culvert is being torn out and will be replaced

by a more substantial one of masonry. Alaska street is being macadamized below Merchant street and Merchant street is being subjected to the same treatment between Alakes and King streets. The widening of Richards street, at the place of its intersection with Merchant and King streets, commonly known as Union Square, is progressing quite rapidly. The rush of work has been so great of late that two quarries are being operated instead of one. Word has been received from the East concerning a new assortment of crushing and grinding machines, which are now on the way. They will probably arrive a month hence. Road Supervisor Campbell has placed on the counter in his office a complaint book, and would be very glad if anyone would take the pains to write in the book concerning any of the roads or streets of Honolulu, so that immediate attention may be paid to such matters.

THE IROQUOIS BACK FROM MIDWAY ISLANDS.

Found a Good Place for the Establishment of a Cable Station. The U. S. S. Iroquois arrived from Midway Island on Sunday, after an absence of over two months, surveying and hunting for a cable landing. The Iroquois from the time she left here until the China spoke her by appointment on July 3d did not see another vessel but one, which was hull down on the horizon.

On arriving at Midway Island the search for a suitable landing place for the Pacific cable was begun. After a careful survey Captain Pond will recommend that the cable station be placed on Sand Island. It was found to be practicable to bring the cable from the deep water through Welles harbor to the land. Water was found on the island at a depth of about six feet, which when filtered made good drinking water. The water on the other island was not so good. Some Japanese in the employ of a Japanese company were found on the islands. They were getting birds' skins and feathers for shipment to Japan. The climate of the islands was found to be a good deal cooler than that of Honolulu and was very healthful and pleasant. Birds and fish abound in great numbers and variety, and the men of the party had much sport shooting and fishing. The bones of the vessels Wandering Minstrel and General Siegel, wrecked on the islands several years ago, are still to be seen, and the anchor of the former vessel was recovered and brought back home.

During the survey a total of 16,192 soundings were made. Inside the reef surrounding the islands the soundings were made by the small boat. Outside the Iroquois did the work. The reef inclosing the islands is quite wide in places and the surveys were able to work upon it. The entrance to Welles harbor was found to have an average width of one hundred feet and to be very difficult to navigate on account of the rocks. Inside the harbor is full of dangerous rocks and coral formation, which have all been charted. The Iroquois did not use all the coal she took, as she used her sails to good advantage on the trip down. Coming back to Honolulu the trip was made in eight days.

THE NUMBERING OF HOUSES PROGRESSING.

Enamel Numbers of Uncertain Color Coming Over by Sailing Boat. W. A. Wall, the assistant in charge of the surveying department, explained the numbering of the houses along the streets yesterday. "The numbers that we have ordered will be quite plain; they are about two inches high, quite plain and the department did the best for the people, as it is believed. Uniformity and expediency were considered. The plan for the numbering is all considered and arranged. It is all completed."

"What is it? It is not wholly on the hundred system. We have 100 for certain spaces. The 100 system is not wholly adaptable here. In the city proper we have taken fifteen feet of space for a number. Of course, we have adopted the system of putting odd numbers on one side and even numbers on the other. "We have surveyed and mapped the city from Diamond Head to Kahani Ki on the one side and from the waterfront to the government electric light plant."

"The numbers which the department has ordered to place on the houses on the way. They were ordered in good time, but on a sailing vessel, which it was hoped would get in here before this time, but has failed to come." It is understood that the survey department is not ahead of the post office department, which doesn't appear to be ready yet, either with boxes or carriers to collect the mail.

NEW ORLEANS AND THE CANAL.

Mr. Hester of New Orleans, the cotton expert, cites the exports of cotton to Japan as an argument for the construction of the Nicaragua canal, always assuming that the said canal is a practicable and practical thing. This season, says Mr. Hester, we have sent to Japan 300,000 bales of cotton, of which number 169,000 went overland to Pacific ports to cross the Pacific ocean, 87,000 bales went by Gulf ports and 44,000 bales went from New York and Savannah by way of the Suez canal. If the canal were open and tolls were low it would cheapen transportation to Japan, he thinks, and develop the export trade. The New York Journal of Commerce observes by way of comment: "The interest of New Orleans in this matter is much greater than that of New York, which is nearer Suez and farther from Nicaragua than New Orleans and Galveston are. That the canal would be of great value to the Gulf ports is evident enough, and it would promote our Orient trade is not less certain. But it is interesting to notice that a good deal more than half of our cotton export to Japan was able to bear the cost of land transportation from the fields to Pacific ports."—Baltimore Sun.

Ex-Governor George W. Peck of Wisconsin finds it impossible to live down his reputation as the author of "Peck's Bad Boy," and at the Democratic convention was popularly known as "the Boy."

THE BANK OF HAWAII.

—LIMITED—

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii. CAPITAL \$100,000.00 OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Charles M. Cooke, President; P. C. Jones, Vice-President; C. H. Cooke, Cashier; F. C. Albertson, Assistant Cashier; Directors: Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and purchase Foreign Exchange, issue Letters of Credit. SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in passbooks, copies of which may be had on application. Judd building, Fort street.

We are showing the Largest Assortment of European Rugs. We have ever handled at prices that cannot be repeated, as the present Duty on these lines is prohibitive. They comprise: TAPESTRY, AXMINSTER, KIDDERMINSTER, VELVET PILE, KINGSWOOD, DAG DAG, and BODY BRUSSELS in CENTER, SOFA and DOOR MATS, HALL and STAIR CARPET in Tapestry, VELVET PILE and BODY BRUSSELS, in Great Variety. JAPANESE JUTE RUGS, STRAW MATS and MATTING, LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH, GOOD FIBRE MATTING, DOOR MATS always on hand at E. W. JORDAN NO. 10 FORT ST. FINANCIAL.

BISHOP & CO. BANKERS. TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS. Commercial and Travelers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all the Principal Cities of the World. INTEREST allowed on fixed deposits THREE MONTHS 3 per cent. per annum; SIX MONTHS 3 1/2 per cent. per annum; TWELVE MONTHS 4 per cent. per annum.

BISHOP & CO., SAVINGS BANK. Office at banking building on Merchant street. Savings Deposits will be received and interest allowed by this Bank at 4 per cent. per annum. Printed copies of the Rules and Regulations may be obtained on application.

BISHOP & CO. CLAUS SPRECKELS, WM. G. IRWIN. Bankers. HONOLULU. H.T. San Francisco Agents—The Nevada National Bank of San Francisco. DRAW EXCHANGE ON—SAN FRANCISCO—The Nevada National Bank of San Francisco. LONDON—The Union Bank of London, Ltd. NEW YORK—African Exchange National Bank. CHICAGO—Merchants' National Bank. PARIS—Credit Lyonnais. BERLIN—Dresdner Bank. HONGKONG AND YOKOHAMA—The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation. NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRIA—LIA—Bank of New Zealand. VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER—Bank of British North America. TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS. Deposits Received. Loans Made on Approved Security. Commercial and Travelers' Credit Issued. Bills of Exchange Bought and Sold.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ACCOUNTED FOR. FREDERICK W. HANKEY. Attorney-at-Law. Corporation and Maritime Law, Campbell Building, 100 FORT AND MERCHANT STS., HONOLULU, H. T. P. O. Box 315.



1900 Electro Gas Lamp —ON YOUR— Bicycle or Carriage. PACIFIC CYCLE CO., FORT STREET. SOLE AGENTS.

Just Received By the "AUSTRALIA."

Fresh Apples, Naval Oranges, Lemons, Grapes (Assd. varieties), Plums (Assd. varieties), Peaches, Apricots, Celery, Cauliflower, Turnips, Refrigerated Poultry, Frozen Oysters and Fish, Fancy Cream Cheese (in foil), Smoked Salmon and Halibut, Corveta Sausage.

Gruenhagens' Chocolates. HENRY MAY & CO., LTD. TWO BIG STORES. THE WATERHOUSE STORE, THE McINTYRE STORE. Bethel Street, Telephone 24. Cor King and Fort Sts. Tel 22

THE LEADING Hair Dressing and Manicuring Parlors. Hotel Street, next to Y. M. C. A. Shampooing and Scalp Treatment A SPECIALTY.

Engagements made by PHONE 343. THE MISSES de LARTIGUE. REMOVAL. J. ALFRED MAGOON, Attorney at Law, Removed to Magoon Building, corner Alakes and Merchant Streets, Up stairs, Suites 1-2-3 & 4. 37-1m



LOWNEY'S Chocolate Bon-Bons "Name on Every Piece." FOR SALE BY LEWIS & CO., Grocers, Sole Agents. 111 FORT ST. TEL. 240.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED. Subscribed Capital - Yen 24,000,000. Paid Up Capital - Yen 18,000,000. Reserved Fund - Yen 8,000,000. HEAD OFFICE - Yokohama. The bank buys and receives for collections Bills of Exchange, issues Drafts and Letters of Credit and transacts a general banking business. Agency Yokohama Specie Bank, New Republic Building, Honolulu, H.T.

# BAILEY'S BIKE BITS

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P. O. BOX 441

## STEARNS BICYCLES

FIRST CLASS AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

MILWAUKEE PUNCTURE PROOF TIRE.

Sole Agent and Representative of the  
Company in Hawaiian Islands.

## Morgan & Wright

Distributor--Hack Tires,  
Rubber Goods,  
Pneumatic Tires  
And Representative Here.

## REPAIRING.

BAILEY'S HONOLULU CYCLERY COMPANY, Ltd,  
227, 229, 231 King Street.

## GRIMWOOD, RICHARDSON & CO.

CIVIL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,  
AND CONTRACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

- PARKE & LACY CO.
- PELTON WATER WHEEL CO.,  
H. N. COOK BELTING CO.
- WHITIER, COBURN CO. Lubricating Oils, Grease  
and Paints.
- BYRON JACKSON MACHINE WORKS, Whirlpool  
Centrifugal Pumps.
- CALIFORNIA ANTI-CALORIC CO.  
Anti-Caloric Pipe and Boiler Plaster.  
Anti-Caloric Boiler Blocks,  
Anti-Caloric Covering.
- PACIFIC AMMONIA & CHEMICAL CO.
- JUDSON DYNAMITE & POWDER CO.
- MEESE & GOTTFRIED CO. LINDE ICE MACHINE.

OFFICE, Telephone 613. JUDD BUILDING  
P. O. Box 450

## NEW SUMMER GOODS.

An Elegant Line of Ties, Shirts, Pajamas, Silk and  
Crepes, Kimonos, Etc., Etc.  
A Large Stock of Ladies', Gents' and Children's STRAW  
HATS on hand.

K. ISOSHIMA,  
King Street, Below Castle & Cooke's.

## BEVERAGES

SUPERIOR COLD  
ANIMATING LUSCIOUS

CARBONATED FOUNTAIN DRINKS  
(SODA WATER)

NUTRITIOUS DELICIOUS REFRESHING  
IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE PERFECT

Great Variety of Flavors Novelties Added Frequently

Our Vichy a Special Feature  
Natural Fruits Our Own Selection

Our Ice Cream "par excellence" The Finest

FOUNTAIN, COR. FORT AND HOTEL STS.

Noted as the Coolest Corner in Town

## BENSON, SMITH & Co., LTD.

SHIPMENT OF

GOLF and STANDARD SHIRTS

JUST OPENED.

IWAKAMI'S,

ROBINSON BLOCK, Hotel Street.

Read The Honolulu Republican.

Allowed to Leave Courtroom and  
Seek Money to Pay Fine.

There was excitement galore at the  
police station on Tuesday afternoon  
when the regular roundup of prisoners  
was made.

The mittimus had been signed and  
given to the clerk and those to be sent  
to Jailor Henry's place at Iwilei were  
lined up to answer the roll call. They  
all answered but one man a chinaman  
who had been convicted of smoking  
opium and was fined \$50 and costs.  
The man's name was called but there  
was no answer. A search was instituted  
but he could not be located. What had  
become of him was the question to be  
answered and it had to be answered  
pretty quick. He had not left the  
station through the same door he had  
entered. Big Jim Kapipi put his foot  
down on any such hypothesis as that.  
No one had seen him climb up the side  
of the twenty foot wall surrounding the  
jail. No one in authority had let him  
out but as he was not to be found the  
conclusion was that he was out. At  
time wore on the mystery deepened and  
the men charged with the safe keeping  
of the prisoners were feeling very un-  
easy. About seven o'clock in the evening  
the chinaman turned up. He had  
been given permission to leave the  
courtroom by officer Hanrahan so he  
said for the purpose of going down  
town to get money to pay his fine. He  
planked the fifty dollars on the clerks  
counter and waded out of the station  
while the officers present looked at  
each other in blank amazement. They  
did not know which to be more sur-  
prised at the return of the chinaman or  
the manner in which he had been  
allowed to depart.

## MAIN 79

Will E. Fisher,

Corner of Merchant and Alakea St.

## Ex Australia On Ice.

Apples, Pears, Grapes,

Plums, Oranges, Peaches,

Celery, Rhubarb Cauli-  
flower,

Artichokes, Potatoes,

Oysters, Cal. & Eastern;

Salmon, Bass, Sole,  
Etc., Etc.

## LEWIS & GO.,

Grocers, Sole Agents.

111 FORT ST. TEL. 240.

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CONTRACTOR AND  
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Jobbing Promptly Attended to

## WESTERN INS. CO.

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J. H. FISHER,  
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Abstracts and Certificates of Title  
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Money to Loan on Real Estate  
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## Hawaiian Ballasting Co.

NO. 16, QUEEN ST.

H. L. EVANS,  
MANAGER

Foundation Stone,  
Curbing, Black and  
White Sand.

AND  
Soil of all Description for  
Sale.  
Drays for Hire.

## A MISSING CHINAMAN.

Allowed to Leave Courtroom and  
Seek Money to Pay Fine.

There was excitement galore at the  
police station on Tuesday afternoon  
when the regular roundup of prisoners  
was made.

The mittimus had been signed and  
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while the officers present looked at  
each other in blank amazement. They  
did not know which to be more sur-  
prised at the return of the chinaman or  
the manner in which he had been  
allowed to depart.

## READY TO BE EXILED.

Woman Makes Application for  
Teacher's Position at Niihau.

There never was a want or a hardship  
in the world, that there was not a  
woman to assume either or both.

So there is a woman ready to take  
the despised and rejected place of teach-  
ing the English school on the Island of  
Niihau. She had read in the Republi-  
can the dilemma in which the Board of  
Education had been left in this connec-  
tion and yesterday offered to accept  
the place and exile herself.

The details have not transpired, no  
more than has the result of the lady's  
application, but Niihau will not be  
without a school, if female pluck can  
encompass it.

## THE IROQUOIS QUARTERED.

Lieut-Commander Pond in the Court  
House Annex.

Lieut-Commander Pond, of the Iro-  
quois, who has just returned from the  
Midway Island, from a surveying ex-  
pedition, has been casting about for a  
place in which to complete maps, and  
charts and to complete and carry out the  
calculations on the reckonings ob-  
tained. Senator McCandless, Superin-  
tendent of Public Works, has placed at  
the service of the United States rooms  
on the second floor of the annex to the  
court house, adjoining the Survey  
Department. Lieut-Commander Pond  
inspected the quarters yesterday after-  
noon and will probably occupy them  
tomorrow.

## Call of Court Calendar.

The long circuit court calendar was  
called yesterday by Judge Hum-  
phreys and the order of dealing with  
them was settled upon. The criminal  
cases are to be taken up in order, begin-  
ning next Monday, when the trial jurors  
will begin their labors. The trials of  
jury waived cases begin tomorrow.

## Chemist Shorey's New Office.

Mr. Shorey, the chemist of the board  
of health, is today moving into his new  
quarters in the court house annex. He  
has a fine office there, with ample room,  
and will have all the accommodations  
that he can for the present desire.

## A Minister's Good Work.

"I had a severe attack of bilious colic,  
got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic,  
Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took  
two doses and was entirely cured," says  
Rev. A. A. Power, of Emporia, Kan.

"My neighbor across the street was  
sick for over a week, had two or three  
bottles of medicine from the doctor.  
He used them for three or four days  
without relief, then called in another  
doctor who treated him for some days  
and gave him no relief, so discharged  
him. I went over to see him the next  
morning. He said his bowels were in  
a terrible fix, that they had been run-  
ning off so long that it was almost  
bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried  
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diar-  
rhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went  
home and brought him my bottle and  
gave him one dose; told him to take  
another dose in fifteen or twenty min-  
utes if he did not find relief, but he  
took no more and was entirely cured.  
I think it the best medicine I have ever  
tried." For sale by all dealers and drug-  
gists. Benson, Smith & Co., general  
agents, Hawaiian Territory.

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The firm of Herbert & Humphries  
was dissolved on July 31, by mutual  
consent. All persons indebted to said  
firm of Herbert & Humphries are re-  
quested to settle with as little delay as  
possible.

On and after August 1st, 1906, their  
successors, Herbert, Humphries & Wal-  
ters, will carry on the practice.

All claims against the old firm should  
be presented at once for settlement to  
the undersigned.

Owing to the above change, the office  
hours will be as follows:

OFFICE HOURS:  
Dr. George Humphris—Absent.  
Dr. George Herbert—9 to 12 a. m.  
Dr. St. D. G. Walters—1 to 3 p. m.  
Evenings—7 to 8 p. m.  
Dr. Herbert—Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday.

Dr. Walters—Tuesday, Thursday and  
Saturday.  
Sunday—By appointment.  
DRS. HERBERT, HUMPHRIES &  
WALTERS,  
Honolulu, August 1, 1906.

## By Authority.

### AMEND TO SANITARY REGULA- TIONS.

Office of the Board of Health,  
Honolulu, H. T., Aug. 2d, 1906.

At a meeting of the Board of Health  
on the 31st day of July, 1906, Section 1  
of the Sanitary Regulations of the  
Board of Health for Honolulu Dis-  
trict was revised and amended so that  
said Section shall read as follows, viz.:

"RAIN WATER.—1. Where the  
space between buildings is less than  
fifteen feet the water from the roofs of  
the buildings shall be conducted in wa-  
ter-tight leaders and made to dis-  
charge into suitable drains leading into  
street or alley gutters, and if any build-  
ing is so situated that the water from  
the roofs of said building will run un-  
der the building and not drain off the  
same rule shall apply. This regulation  
shall not apply to buildings where the  
amount of water discharged from the  
roofs will not be detrimental to the  
public health or public sanitation."

C. B. WOOD,  
President Board of Health.  
Attest: CHARLES WILCOX, Sec'y.

### NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

S. S. AUSTRALIA.

Notice is hereby given that no freight  
of any kind whatsoever will be accept-  
ed by the Agents on the day of sailing.  
Shippers of fruit or vegetables re-  
quiring cold storage may get limited  
accommodations upon application at  
the office of Agents.

WM. G. IRWIN & CO., LTD.,  
General Agents.

### REMOVAL NOTICE.

The offices and salesrooms of the  
Oceanic Gas and Electric Co., Ltd.,  
have been removed to the Ewa store  
in the new Magoon Building, corner of  
Merchant and Alakea streets.

OCEANIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.,  
Limited.

## BUY Your Home

Great Bargains in Real Estate

1. Business lot on Fort st.; corner  
lot; about 8000 square feet.
2. Fine house and lot; 100x100; Wal-  
kiki road.
3. One lot, McCully tract; 45x150;  
King st.
4. Two lots, Kawaiaha'o st.; 50x100  
each; Kewalo.
5. House and 3 lots at Kaulani tract.
6. Four lots, Waikiki addition, near  
Camp McKinley; 50x100 each.
7. Nine-year lease, with 2 houses;  
Punchbowl.
8. House and lot, Ilianiwai st., Ke-  
walo; 25x100.
9. Ten-year lease and 2 houses;  
Punchbowl; 60x110.
10. Four lots, Kalia, near KALEG st.;  
50x100 each.
11. Three lots near Diamond Head;  
55x95 each.
12. House and lot, with stables; 53x  
133; Upper Punchbowl.
13. House and lot, Queen st.; 50x100.
14. Ten-year lease, with 2 cottages  
and store doing good business; 60x100.
15. One share Waimea Hui land.
16. Eleven and a half years' lease,  
with 3 cottages, grapes and other  
plants; 75x200.
17. Beautiful lot on Fort st., between  
School and Vineyard sts.
18. Lot 100x110, with 2 new cottages,  
Wildier ave.
19. Two lots, Waikiki road; 50x100  
each.
20. Five lots, Peach road, near the  
sea; 60x102.
21. Two acres land at Kalia, with 2  
houses; beautiful country residence.
22. House and lot, Ilianiwai st., Ke-  
walo; 50x100.
23. Lot on Fort st. extension.
24. Lot corner Wildier ave. and Ma-  
kiki; 225x221.
25. Lot 50x275, King st., near McCul-  
ly tract.
26. Three lots at Kalia; 80x95.
27. Fifteen acres of land just above  
Kaulani Tract.
28. Fifteen acres of land, more or  
less, at Kalia, near W. G. Irwin, Esq.,  
country place.
29. Lot 150x110, with 2 houses, at  
Palama.
30. House and lot, 48x55, Liliha  
street, below School.
31. Lease with building, School  
street.
32. Nineteen years' lease and 6 cot-  
tages, 5 minutes from Postoffice.
33. Sixteen and a half years' lease,  
with cottage.
34. Two homesteads at Kaupo, Maui;  
one of 9 acres and one of 12 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

## Silva & Vivas,

Opposite Post Office.

## New Bicycles

CHAINLESS at \$75.00, \$85.00 and \$60.00.  
CHAIN at \$50.00, \$45.00, \$40.00, \$35.00, \$25.00.

## Acetylene Gas Lamps

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DASH \$4.00. CARRIAGE \$15.00 pr.

All these things and lots more interesting items, at the  
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First-Class House in Every Detail.  
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With Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger  
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1. TRACTS of 25 to 100 ACRES of land in Palolo Valley for building, farming or stock raising.

2. BLOCKS of 16 BUILDING LOTS each 15000 square feet with streets all laid and lots cleared.

3. SINGLE BUILDING LOTS in the valley or on the hill sides, 75x200 and 100x150.

4. 5 AND 10 ACRE Lots of CLAY SOILS suitable for making bricks, sewer pipe, flower pots, fire clay, etc.

5. 500,000 TONS SHIP BALLAST ROCKS in quantities to suit, for sale in the quarry or delivered in town.

6. ROCK QUARRIES of building stone for sale or lease. A good opportunity for contractors and new building firms to work or own their own quarry.

7. Land suitable for SMALL FARMING, CHICKEN RANCHES, MOUNTAIN HOMES, Etc., for sale or lease.

8. ROAD METAL, CRUSHED ROCK for concrete work for sale in quantities to suit, by the yard or 100,000 yards. Special rates for large quantities.

9. OPPORTUNITIES for contractors to put up 20 to 40 cottages for rental and for a bus line to run as soon as buildings are rented.

10. BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN PROPERTY and sites for hotel purposes, three to four miles of the Post-office, for sale or lease on favorable terms.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT.

New Tug Fearless Joins the Island Fleet.

CANADIANS WILL INCORPORATE.

SEALING VESSELS OF VICTORIA JOIN TOGETHER FOR MUTUAL BENEFIT.

An Effort to be Made to Have the Shipping Bill Provide for Teaching Sailor-craft.

It took 1,150,020 revolutions of the propeller of the new tug Fearless to bring her from San Francisco to this port. She left the former place at 6:45 a. m. on July 27th and was alongside the wharf here at 7 p. m. on the 5th, just 9 days, 11 hours and 15 minutes from the time of starting.

Just after leaving San Francisco the tug got into some very heavy northerly weather and had to change her course and run with the storm. On this account she was about 20 hours later in arriving than she would have been had the weather been good. On account of the big deck load of coal that she carried, and as she was so deep with the coal in her bunkers, she made a very wet trip of it. One time the waves washed clean over the vessel, almost flooding the engine room.

The Fearless averaged 19 1/2 knots for the run, which was 2,300 miles. She used her sails a good deal, and on the foremast a square sail was rigged.

The Fearless is a great addition to the local fleet, being one of the most powerful tugs on the Coast and almost new. She was built at the Union Iron Works in San Francisco last year and has given complete satisfaction in every way. The tug has a complete wrecking and fire apparatus and is modern in every way.

She carries a crew of ten men as an ordinary working crew and is well equipped for long voyages, having a commodious galley and sleeping accommodations.

Captain Brokaw, the master of the Fearless, is an old hand at the tow boat business, having been in the Spreckels' employ for many years.

Chief Engineer Williams has been in the steamboat business a long time and takes great pride in his vessel. The second engineer, G. E. Purdie, was formerly on the China.

For a year before coming here the Fearless was in the government service as tender for the transports in San Francisco bay.

Work was begun yesterday repainting her smokestack and getting some of the salt water stains off her house and machinery. She will be ready for work on Tuesday and will divide business with the Elen.

Under the permit given her by the inspectors of steam vessels, her route as a tug boat has been extended from San Francisco to Honolulu and ports of the Territory of Hawaii.

WHY SAILORS ARE SCARCE.

The securing of competent seamen both for war ships and merchant vessels is becoming a serious problem, not only in the United States but in England as well. The Navy Department at Washington, feeling keenly the scarcity of sailors, took steps last week to secure as many enlistments as possible.

There has been more or less learned discussion recently as to the cause of this great dearth of sailors, with some suggestion bearing on a possible remedy. Even the Royal United Service Institution of London has had the matter under discussion, chiefly in its relation to the British navy, which is regarded by two or three Admirals as in danger of becoming quite helpless if something is not done to relieve the situation.

There is no doubt that the sailor's life has lost much of its old-time fascination. We hear nowadays of but few boys who run away from home to ship before the mast. The forecastle has lost the glitter and glamour which formerly enticed the shock-headed youth from the scented fields of the farm, and in this day he prefers to stay at home and grow up to be "the man with the hoe" rather than plow the ruts of the sea. In the old days, when the United States navy was being rocked in its cradle, and the merchant marine itself was young, there was no little glory attached to the sailor's calling. There were certain stunts he had to do, and as it required no small degree of professional knowledge to do them, he took great pride in the accomplishment. The pay was not excessive, but what is gold when glory awaits us? In those glad days every man Jack who trod the fo'castle was a hero with a lass in every port, did he so select.

But in these degenerate days the proud sailor is no longer a sailor, but a scrubworm. Down on his marrow bones with sand and canvas and hand holy stones, he polishes the deck over which he once stepped with so majestic a mien that mermaids swarmed about his ship and held appealing arms above the sea. But there is no mermaid for the modern Jack. He is a scullion and a scrubber. The joy has gone out of his life and the stain of tar off his hands. Who blames him if he gets full shore and goes back to his ship like a boy with a stone bruise going to school?

There is nothing in this calling for the American youth who is keenly alive to his lack of opportunity for advancement. There is more romance and adventure and ready money in working the pilot wheel of a cable car, as for the Englishman, he had rather

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Table with columns for Day, High Tide, Low Tide, Moon Rise, Moon Set, Sun Rise, Sun Set. Includes data for Monday through Friday.

Full moon on the 10th at 11 a. m.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

Steamers due and to sail today and for the next six days are as follows:

Table with columns for Steamer, From, Due, Depart. Lists arrivals and departures for various lines like America, Alameda, City of Peking, etc.

be Tommy Atkins and take his chances with the Boxers or the Boers or with "Fuzzy-Wuzzy" in his 'ome in the Soudan. The Swedes and Norwegians are less fastidious in their tastes, and hence the large number of them that are found not only on the merchant vessels of other nations but also on their ships of war.

So far as Uncle Sam's merchant marine is concerned, it does not look for relief to our navyized schoolship, whose system of training is how not to make sailors. The first and permanent relief is likely to come from the operation of the shipping bill, which provides for the training of boys expressly for the merchant marine. Aside from this, the building up of American shipping interests and the restoration of our flag to the seas will at the same time restore dignity and stability to the sailor's calling and ensure Jack fair pay for every cruise.—New York Marine Journal.

TO SAIL TODAY.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at 12 noon. Stmr. Claudine, McDonald, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 5 p. m. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Kauai, at 5 p. m. O. S. S. Australia, Lawless, for San Francisco, at 4 p. m. Gas. schr. Surprise, Townsend, for Lahaina, Makaha, Kihel and Kona ports, at 4 p. m. Str. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaau, at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS.

Sunday, Aug. 5. U. S. tug Iroquois, Pond, 7 days from Midway Island. Tug Fearless, Brokaw, 9 days 10 hours from San Francisco. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, from Nawiliwili, 30 bbls hides, 13 bbls sheepskins, 3 bbls tallow and 1 horse. Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from Kapaau; 1300 bags sugar, 50 bags rice and 27 bbls hides.

DEPARTURES.

Sunday, August 5. Am. sch. H. D. Bendixen, Peterson, for the Sound in ballast. Stmr. Lehua, Bennett, for Molokai and Lahaina. Stmr. Mikahala, Pedersen, for Makahala and Elele. Stmr. Keahou, Mosher, for Waimea. Stmr. Nihaui, Thompson, for Anahola.

NOW A DERELICT.

The hulk of the William Carson is a derelict. It was discovered that the vessel had broken from her moorings on Friday last and there is nothing left to mark the place where she was but her bowsprit, which is floating on the water. An attempt will be made to find the hulk, as it is considered to be a very great menace to navigation. There is a probability that the first work of the tug Fearless will be to search for the wreck.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The Australia sails at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The alterations to the Fannie Adele are going on rapidly. The Halewood discharged about fifty tons of cargo Sunday into lighters and was floated off the mud bank and dored at high tide.

It Saved His Baby.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doak, of Williams, Or. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Table listing various stocks and bonds with their respective prices and values.

SALES—Morning Session.

Table listing sales transactions including items like 30 Oils, 25 Oils, 100 Oils, etc.

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WE PRINT

Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Programmes, Invitations, Cards, Circulars, Posters, Etc., Etc

WE RULE

Bill Heads, Statements, Pay Rolls, Expense Accts, Manifests, Pl'n. Blanks, Agency Bl'ns, Calendars, Diaries, Bank Blanks, Etc., Etc.

WE BIND

Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals, Blank Books, Check Books, Pay Rolls, Invoices, Bank Books, Stock Books, Record Books, Etc., Etc.

WE BIND

Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals, Blank Books, Check Books, Pay Rolls, Invoices, Bank Books, Stock Books, Record Books, Etc., Etc.

Having succeeded to the old established business of the late Robert Grieve, it will be our aim to uphold the reputation so long held by him for first class work in every department of the printing office, while our increased facilities enable us to fill orders at much shorter notice than heretofore.

J. H. SCHNACK Real Estate Agent, Merchant St.

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Real Estate, Stocks & Bonds

OFFICE—CORNER KING AND BETHEL STREETS

SOLD.

A splendid large lot on Beretania Street near Miller Street is offered at a bargain for a short time only. For full particulars call at my office.

FOR SALE.

Leasehold, 18 years, paying 20% net on selling price, a first class investment.

FOR SALE.

A large piece of property in Chinatown very cheap.

FOR SALE.

A beautiful home, Makiki, lot 75x120, only \$3500.00, on easy terms, a snap.

FOR SALE.

Lots and houses and lots in all part of Honolulu.

FOR SALE.

Lots and houses and lots in all part of Honolulu.

LOTS AT KEWALO AT A BARGAIN.

A few fine lots (about 100x200) on Manoa Heights, commanding an unparalleled view over Waikiki and ocean. Price, \$1,750 to \$2,000.

FOR SALE.

A beautiful corner lot (120x150), high grounds, in best portion of Kalihi. Cash, \$900; balance on easy terms. A large lot on good street in Kalihi; area, about 15,500 square feet; good view. Terms easy.

FOR SALE.

Lots (50x100) in various parts of Kalihi, just past Kamehameha Schools, on easy monthly installments.

FOR LEASE.

A valuable business site on Maunakea, near Hotel street.

FOR LEASE.

One acre ground, between Liliha street and Insane Asylum road; good residence sites.

FOR LEASE.

A large lot with 100 feet frontage, on King street at Kapalama, just past the rice field.

FOR LEASE.

A valuable business site on Maunakea, near Hotel street.

FOR LEASE.

One acre ground, between Liliha street and Insane Asylum road; good residence sites.

FOR LEASE.

A large lot with 100 feet frontage, on King street at Kapalama, just past the rice field.

Apply to J. H. SCHNACK Real Estate Agent, Merchant St.

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We Will Palce on Sale

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Children's Black Ribbed Hose

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Astor House Restaurant

Corner King & Alakea Streets. Meals served at all hours. First class in every detail.

AH CHUCK.

Proprietor. THE

Honolulu Custom House Brokerage

Are now prepared to transact anything pertaining to Custom House AND Internal Revenue, Shipping, Etc.

Houses To Rent

BY WILL E. FISHER, CORNER MERCHANT AND ALAKEA.

COTTAGE—At Palama, about 100 feet from King Street, and nearly opposite new School House, with 5 comfortable rooms and all modern improvements, stable, servants quarters, etc. Rent \$25.

FURNISHED BEACH COTTAGE—At Waikiki nearly behind Seeley Shaw's premises on lower Waikiki road with bathing facilities, kiki contains 5 rooms, stable, servants quarters, etc. Rent \$42.50. See it today.

The Manson Home on Waikiki road, furnished completely; rent reasonable.

A Magnificently furnished house with bedrooms, stable, large grounds, etc. rent reasonable, formerly occupied by Mr. Ott.

WILL E. FISHER,

Honolulu, July 30, 1900.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, In Probate. At Chambers. In the Matter of the Estate of J. C. RIORDON of Honolulu, Oahu.

The petition and accounts of the temporary administrator of said deceased, having been filed, wherein he asks that his accounts be examined and approved and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him from all further responsibility as such temporary administrator. It is ordered that Friday, August 11, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at Chambers, in the courtroom of the said court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted. By the Court: JAMES A. THOMPSON, Clerk.



Good Butter

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF I. X. L. Tamales at 10 Cents, Imported Ham Sausages at 25 Cents, Fresh Crackers, Candies, Etc. Etc.

SALTER & WAITY Tel. 680. Orpheum Block. Grocers.

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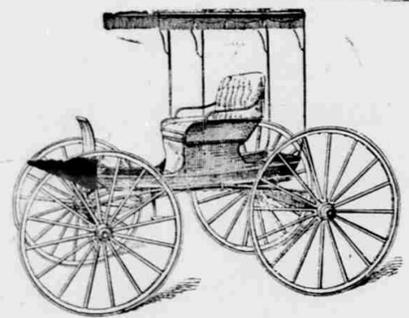
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Something New in Runabouts.



We have just received direct from the manufacturers, a shipment of these popular vehicles, EQUIPPED WITH THE O'BRIEN PATENT SPRING. They are built on honor, built to wear, balanced to the equipoise of successful nicety on the EASIEST RIDING SPRINGS EVER INVENTED.

PACIFIC VEHICLE & SUPPLY CO. LTD. OAY BLOCK. - BERETANIA STREET. - Next to the Fire Station.

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The Honolulu Tobacco Co., Ltd.

CORNER FORT AND MERCHANT STREETS.

Has received per Australia from NEW YORK the world renowned brand of Cigars.

Lillian Russell Puritanos

This elegant CIGAR can be purchased for FIVE CENTS ONLY. TRY THEM NONE BETTER

The Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd.

Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

Paints Oils and Varnishes, Lard oil, Cylinder oil, Dynamo oils, etc.

House Furnishing Goods, Etc. Silver Plated Ware of all descriptions, Table Cutlery, etc.

Plantation Supplies of Every Description.

Hart's Patent "Duplex" Die Stock for Pipe and Bolt Cutting; Rubber Hose, plain or wire bound, etc.

The Aermotor, Made of steel and will last longer and give better satisfaction than any other manufactured.

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Have everything in readiness and are prepared to serve their customers with ICE manufactured from pure condensed water from artesian wells.

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California Harness Shop, 639 KING STREET, Lincoln Block. Telephone 778.



NO JOINT TO LEAK! NO SCREW TO BREAK!

HAWAIIAN NEWS CO. LIMITED.

DID THE DIRECTORS OF OAHU DECEIVE

Indications All Point to a Dead Job.

BI-MONTHLY DIVIDENDS ORDERED. BY WHICH HONEST INVESTERS LOST TWENTY-EIGHT DOLLARS A SHARE.

Alleged Improvements to Account for the Deficit. But Stockholders Will Not Accept It.

The sensation of the week on the streets for a few days past has been the peculiar somersault of the management of the Oahu Sugar Company.

That's what troubles the street. With the non-payment of the dividend down went the stock to 160, a dead drop of \$25 a share.

It has all the ear marks of such transactions, and there is no redeeming feature.

Perhaps no one questions these facts, but they naturally say, why didn't the directors know two months ago that they could not make these improvements and at the same time pay the promised dividend.

FOREMAN OF GRAND JURY.

H. E. Waity the foreman of the first Grand Jury, was born in Iroquois County, Illinois, a little more than fifty years ago.

After serving there for a few years he accepted a position as traveling agent for the Grain and Anthrosite Coal Co. of Chicago, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri and Indiana being his district.

PALAMA PUMPING STATION.

The work on the Palama pumping station is almost completed. The pump itself is now ready for work, but the carpenters and plasterers are still at work in the engine room.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST

Native hats, white, at Mrs. Hanna's. The Cleveland chain is an enviable feature of the Cleveland bicycle.

Mrs. H. H. Williams has resumed her class in Art Embroidery and will receive pupils every morning from 9:30 to 11:30 a. m. during vacation.

W. E. Bivens, real estate agent, has just closed the sale of a fine piece of property on Beretania street, near Miller, to Dr. Jas. T. Wayson.

Every member of the Order is earnestly requested to be present at the regular meeting to be held this Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Excelsior hall, Fort street.



Business of great importance will be transacted. Members of Harmony Lodge, No. 3, and all visiting brethren are cordially invited to be present.

P. C. MARTIN, Past Grand. L. L. LA PIERRE, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES S. S. AUSTRALIA.

The S. S. Australia has been entered at Customs and will commence discharging cargo at the Oceanic Steamship Company's wharf at 9 a. m., August 1st, 1900.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO. WM. G. IRWIN & CO., Ltd. General Agents.

WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN wants room with a private family or a Cottage. Must be located in the Cool part of town.

DEPENDABLE DRUGS . . .

The Tariff

Change has not affected the price of our Perfumes. Fortunately for us and for our patrons we laid in a large stock just prior to the change.

We watch the market very closely and buy right, but never sacrifice quality for price.

French Perfumes, Face Powders, Toilet Waters, American Perfumes.

Hobron Drug Co., 107 St. : : King St.

NEW SKIRTS

Made of Piques, Grashes, Ducks, Etc. Correctly Tailored, Finish, Style and Price to Your Taste

Correctly Tailored, Finish, Style and Price to Your Taste

WHITNEY & MARSH, Ltd.

519 FORT STREET. TELEPHONE 436.

King Street Stables.

The Largest and Finest Stock of Livery in the Hawaiian Islands and the Most Popular Prices

Honolulu Stock Yards Co LIMITED.

SERGE . . . IS KING . . .

AND OURS is the "Noblest Roman of them all." We have mastered the Serge Suit situation by sheer force of merit, and there is none now so stupid as to dispute our leadership.

An Earning of 20 per Cent. IS declared to purchasers of Boys' and Children's Vests and Sailor Suits. Come and get your choice out of the largest stock in town.

THE "KASH"

Two Stores, Two Stocks, Two Telephones—96 and 676 P. O. BOX 558. 9 and 11, Hotel St., and corner of Fort and Hotel Sts.

City Furniture Store . . .

H. H. WILLIAMS, Nos. 534-536 Love Building : : : Telephone 848 FORT STREET. Bedroom Sets at Bargain Day prices.

RISDON IRON WORKS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Engineers and Builders of High Duty Flywheel Pumping Engines. All classes of Hydraulic Machinery.

Water Wheels for direct connected generators for long distance transmission. Marine, Heine Patent Water Tube and plain Tubular Boilers. Corliss and High Speed Automatic Engines. Builders for all machinery for the complete of Sugar Mills. OFFICE: Room 12 Spreckels' Block. Telephone 194, Honolulu.

FIRST GRAND JURY IMPANELED

(Continued From First Page.)

to enter a nolle prosequi in any case, but this power should be exercised in open court in the glare and blaze of publicity, and not in the retreat and secrecy of the grand jury room. In any case you find a bill of indictment, it will be the duty of the Attorney General to prepare such bill at your request. You will hear the witnesses for the prosecution, and if, in your judgment, the evidence and uncontradicted, would warrant a conviction by the petit jury, it will be your duty to find an indictment. I am not unmindful of the fact that a distinguished judge has said that it is the duty of the grand jury to have any evidence produced which would qualify or explain away the charge under investigation. I do not believe that to be the true rule, nor was it the common law practice. Such a rule if followed would necessarily result in a preliminary inquiry into a body possessing the power of ultimate decision. A system like that would be intolerable. The very secrecy in which you act, withdrawn as you are in a large measure from the aid, guidance, direction and control of the court while yet an appendix of confidence in the administration of justice if you assumed to determine the guilt or innocence of persons accused of crimes. In many instances those persons are not under arrest, and to give them an opportunity to present their defenses for your consideration would, while protecting the innocent in some few instances, forewarn the guilty and enable them to escape through flight, through intimidation of witnesses, or through the many insidious influences which wealth, family, social or political conditions may employ.

Duty Defined.

I therefore charge you, gentlemen of the grand jury, that it is your duty to refrain from permitting accused persons or their attorneys or witnesses to appear before you, and you are not to permit such persons or their attorneys or witnesses or any other person to speak to you upon the street or elsewhere in regard to such matters. It may seem hard, and indeed it is most unfortunate, that an innocent person should be subjected to indictment for crime, consequent arrest, arraignment and trial, but such considerations, where the evidence warrants an indictment in the first instance, are not for you gentlemen. As human beings are not perfect, their institutions must necessarily be imperfect, and if any innocent person suffers an indictment at your hands you have the satisfaction of knowing that such person will be given the opportunity of a fair and impartial trial by a court and jury, of meeting the witnesses against him face to face, and of cross-examining them, of summoning without cost to himself witnesses to testify for him, and of testifying in his own behalf. And more, you have the satisfaction of knowing that your indictment after all is a mere accusation which does not even create a presumption of guilt, for, despite your indictment, the defendant is presumed to be innocent of the act, innocent of the intent, innocent of the crime charged in all of its parts. I desire to say to you, gentlemen of the grand jury, that if this community is ever afflicted with the conditions described in the phrase we so often hear now days, "A wide open town," the grand juries of this island will be largely if not wholly to blame.

Must Act Fearlessly.

If the grand jurors fearlessly meet the duties and responsibilities which the law has cast upon them from time to time no danger need be apprehended from any element in the community which is disposed to be lawless or disorderly.

In this connection I desire to call your attention to an extract from an address delivered some seven years ago by President Cleveland before the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions in New York City. He said:

"No one charged with the duties and responsibilities which necessarily weigh upon your chief executive can fail to appreciate the importance of the religious teachings and Christian endeavor in the newly settled portions of our vast domain. It is there where the hot and stubborn warfare between the forces of good and evil is constantly invited. In these days the vanguard of occupation in a new settlement is never without its vicious and criminal element. Gambling houses and dram-shops are frequently among the first establishments in a new community. It must also be confessed that removal from old homes and associations to new and more primitive ones has a tendency among honest and respectable settlers to smother scruples and breed evil indifference to Christianizing and elevating agencies. These conditions, if unchecked and uncorrected, fix upon a new community by their growth and expansion a character and disposition which, while dangerous to peace and order in the early stages of settlement, develop into badly regulated municipalities, corrupt and unsafe territories and undesirable States."

Not an Old Community.

We should not rest content in the thought that we are an old and settled community, and that our social and moral status is secure beyond attack. Rather let us bear in mind that while the country is old in point of settlement, yet, is but an infant as an American Territory, and that very fact will attract hither a horde of adventurous spirits, who, having neither the hostage of property, or reputation, or family ties, may seek to fasten upon this community through persistent clamor and demand, if not through open violation of the law, such conditions as may seriously affect our moral status and our integrity as a community. I charge you, gentlemen of the jury, that in the administration of criminal, as well as civil law, there should be absolutely no discrimination, and as long as I am on this bench I intend to see that there shall be absolutely no discrimination. Before the law all men are on an equal footing without reference to race, creed, color, wealth or poverty; but if, ever comes to a point in this country, or in any other country, where there is to be discrimination in the administration of criminal justice it should be in favor

of the weak, rather than the strong, for the higher the standing of the individual in the community and the greater his wealth the swifter and surer should the punishment be.

Investigate Liquor Selling.

It has come to the information of this court, and I charge you to make diligent inquiry into the fact, that at the hotels and resorts on the beach at Waikiki, liquor is sold on Sundays in open violation of law; and if it is necessary, it will be your duty to summon every person boarding at these hotels or resorts, and every person who visits them on Sundays, together with the employees of such hotels and resorts; and if you are satisfied that the law has been or is being violated in this regard it will be your duty to take proper action in regard thereto. If you are satisfied that any of the persons summoned before you are swearing falsely you should promptly indict them for perjury.

And moreover, if you believe that the granting of liquor licenses to persons on that beach is calculated and does in fact depreciate the value of property thereabouts, and render it less safe and desirable as a place of abode, or if it is calculated to make that neighborhood a rendezvous for questionable characters, you may in your final report comment thereon and direct public attention thereto.

If you find during the course of your investigations that any retail liquor dealer within the jurisdiction of this court has in his employ a person who would be a condition proper for you to comment upon, and to direct public attention thereto if you so desire.

Must Enforce the Law.

It may be that this court does not believe in the enforcement of laws which prohibit the sale of liquor on Sundays at these resorts. Possibly you do not. If you disbelieve in the policy of the law, and desire to have it repealed, the very best way to secure its repeal is to enforce it. You are to set aside your private personal opinions as to the expediency, fairness or liberality of the law; it is your duty, and you are bound under your oaths, to fairly and impartially enforce the law. Public sentiment made the law. It is but public sentiment crystallized into a statute. It is all nonsense to say that mere public sentiment alone can repeal it. Public sentiment put it on the statute books. If it comes of the statute books it must do so by public sentiment, properly crystallized into a repealing statute, and I charge you to make careful and thorough searching inquiry as to alleged violations of law in the sale of liquor on Sundays at Waikiki.

In the Hawaiian Islands the number of liquor licenses that may be obtained in a given district or city are limited. I believe, speaking offhand, that the price of a liquor license in Honolulu is one thousand dollars. In very many communities throughout the United States a license fee of two thousand dollars is charged, and not only that, but before a man can secure a license to retail liquor he must obtain in some cases the signatures of two-thirds of the property owners living in the district wherein he desires to engage in the sale of liquors. In other instances he is required to obtain the signatures of one-third of the freeholders within the district, and in still others a mere majority. In many States of the Union a liquor dealer is under a heavy burden; he is not permitted to serve as a juror; he is required to give a heavy bond before entering into business, and the law places many limitations for him on the privileges which others enjoy. It is within the competency of a State, or Territory perhaps, to restrict or even wholly prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Charges Against Police.

As to the conditions concerning which I have charged you I desire you to make a diligent, searching and thorough investigation, bearing in mind that under your oath you are not to leave any one unpunished through fear, favor, affection or hope of reward, and that in your deliberations you must not be controlled by any ulterior motive or purpose.

The average individual who stands on the street corner and denounces men who are opposed to the sale of intoxicating liquors is ordinarily a man with an income of fifty dollars a month, thirty-five of which he spends for whisky and tobacco, and the remaining fifteen dollars he gives to his family. I desire to read you some observations on this subject. (Here numerous statistics were quoted as to drunkenness in its relation to crime and insanity.)

I charge you, gentlemen of the grand jury, to fully investigate the conditions under which Japanese houses of prostitution are maintained in the District of Iwilei; and I charge you further to inquire as to whether or not any police officers are paid salaries or are receiving compensation of any sort from those prostitutes or from the landlords of the buildings which they occupy. Police men are public officers, and should not under any circumstances receive compensation for the discharge of their duties from either corporations or individuals, much less from those who are engaged in a shameful vocation upon which the law has ever set its seal of condemnation.

It has come to the information of this court, and I charge you to make diligent inquiry into the fact, that police officers in Honolulu are in the habit of making raids upon Chinese gambling houses, of seizing the money which may be in sight under the pretense of using it as evidence against those arrested, but in fact appropriating such money to their own use. If this be true the practice referred to is a species of larceny, committed under the guise of law and authority, which deserves the severest censure and some punishment.

Investigate Insane Asylum.

You will investigate any other conditions prevailing, or alleged to prevail, in this community of which you may have individual knowledge or which may be brought to your attention. If in connection with these conditions crimes have been committed you will return indictments against the persons committing such crimes, and if no crimes have been committed in connection therewith, and you yet believe that such conditions are a menace to the public peace, to public safety and to the good order of the community, or unlawfully hamper the liberties of the citizens, you may comment thereon in your final report to

this court, and thus direct public attention thereto. I direct you, gentlemen of the grand jury, to thoroughly investigate—and you may do so by appointing a committee for that purpose—this instruction does not mean that the entire grand jury shall go to the place and investigate, and you may appoint a committee of three or four to investigate and report to your committee, and then act on the report of your committee. I charge you to make full inquiry as to the condition of the Insane Asylum. Remember that those people, by reason of the visitation of Providence, are unable to protect themselves, and it is a sacred trust God has placed in our hands to see to it that they are properly cared for. It is hard to understand how a good physician who is an active practitioner, who enjoys a large private practice can give the proper time and attention to an institution of this kind. It is the pride of every citizen in a community that it takes proper care of its old and helpless, its young and its insane. Now then, you will go to the Insane Asylum, either by a committee or in a body as you may see fit, and inquire as to the number of inmates, how many persons are received per month or quarter, how many are discharged, the nature of the food they receive, and inquire particularly as to the medical attention the medical superintendent bestows upon them, how many times he visits the asylum during the course of the day or week, whether or not he sees the insane himself, or goes in one door and out the other, merely inquiring of some lay person how the patients are getting along. You will find out what books are kept, under what expense the institution is run, and make such investigation as would commend itself to you a sober and intelligent citizen if somebody else were making the report to you.

Keep Proceedings Secret.

The oath which you have taken obliges you to keep secret the proceedings had before you, and you should constantly bear this in mind. It is the policy of the law that the preliminary inquiry as to the guilt or innocence of a person accused of crime should be secretly conducted. One reason for this may be to prevent the escape of a party should he know that proceedings were in train against him, another may be to secure freedom of deliberation and opinion among the grand jurors, which would be impaired if the part taken by each might be made known to the accused. A third reason may be to prevent the testimony produced before you from being contradicted at the trial of the indictment by subornation of perjury on the part of the accused.

You may elect one of your number to serve as your clerk, if you so desire, to preserve the minutes of your proceedings. At the conclusion of your labors these minutes should be verified by the attestation of your clerk and foreman, whereupon you may direct that they be delivered to the Attorney General.

Witnesses appearing before you may be sworn by your foreman, or if he is absent by any one of you. You may when necessary for the examination of any witness invoke the services of an interpreter, but an interpreter should not be permitted to be present when witnesses who speak the English language are under examination. No indictment can be found by you unless at least twelve of your number concur in such finding. When an indictment is found by you, you will indorse thereon, "A true bill," and have such indorsement signed by your foreman.

The court will ordinarily convene at ten o'clock in the forenoon and rise at five o'clock in the afternoon, but you may regulate your own hours of convention and adjournment, except that you cannot adjourn sine die until discharged by the order of the court. At the conclusion of your labors you should make a final report to the court, in which you may state the number of cases examined by you and for what, the number of indictments found by you and for what; and as I have before stated, you may also in your final report comment upon and direct public attention to any evils existing or threatened which you deem worthy of public consideration.

Gentlemen of the grand jury, before you enter upon your duties I desire to say that the references which I have made in this charge as to the duties of the Attorney General are intended to be abstract and impersonal. I feel, I may congratulate you upon the fact that in the discharge of your functions you will be assisted and served by a gentleman who, by his ability, integrity, perfect candor and sense of fairness, has won the confidence and respect of the community as he enjoys the confidence and respect of the court.

Following the charging of the jury John Mitchell was sworn as bailiff and the jury retired to begin its deliberations.

As the jury retired Attorney Davis asked the court if he might present affidavits on behalf of Joseph P. Cooke, explaining why he was late in reaching court. The court refused to receive them, saying that Mr. Cooke knew he had been summoned and his business was no more important to him than the business of any other member of the jury were to them; that it was not fair to the court nor to the other jurors for Mr. Cooke to delay twenty-four men merely to suit his own private convenience and the fine of \$25 would stand.

Good Medicine for Children

If you have a baby in the house you will wish to know the best way to check any unusual looseness of the bowels, or diarrhoea so common to small children. O. P. M. Holliday, of Deming, Ind., who has an 11-months-old child, says: "Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off of the bowels and sickness of the stomach. His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water, and he got better at once." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.

By Authority.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

OLAA TRACT, PUNA, HAWAII.

On Thursday, September 20th, at office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, will be sold at Public Auction about 200 lots of 50 acres each, at upset prices of from \$1.00 to \$12.00 per acre, on following terms and conditions:

Purchaser may not acquire more than one lot.

The purchase price of the land to be paid within ten years, either in full at any time within said period of ten years, or in instalments of one or more tenths of the purchase price on any interest date.

Interest at rate of 6 per cent annum from date of Agreement on unpaid balance of purchase price, payable semi-annually, in advance.

Purchaser shall substantially improve his holding within one year from date of Agreement, and shall from the end of the second year have under cultivation at all times, not less than 10 per cent of the premises. To enable him to Patent Grant giving fee simple title, he shall continuously maintain his home upon the premises for a term of six years and have at the end of such term 25 per cent of the premises under bona fide cultivation, or shall have maintained his home continuously upon the premises for four years and have under cultivation, at the end of such period, 50 per cent of the premises, such maintaining of a home to begin at any time before the end of fourth year from date of Agreement.

He shall plant, if not already growing, and maintain in good growing condition from end of second year until termination of Agreement an average of not less than ten timber, shade or fruit trees per acre.

He shall allow the Agents of the Government at all times to enter and examine the premises, and shall pay any taxes that may become due on the same.

At the end of tenth year, or earlier, if all conditions necessary thereto have been substantially complied with, the purchaser shall be entitled to a Land Patent conveying fee simple title to the land described in Agreement of Sale.

In case of default or failure to perform the required conditions the Commissioner may take possession of the premises and may sell the same at auction, either as a whole or in parcels, for cash or terms of time payments; and if such sale results in advance on the original price, the original purchaser to receive therefrom the amount of his payments to the Government on account of purchase, without interest, and a pro rata share in such advance in proportion to the amounts of his payments. If such sale shall result, however, in a less price than the original, the amount returned to him shall be charged with a pro rata amount of such decrease, proportioned to the amounts of his payments.

An Agreement of Sale covering such conditions shall be made with the Government and no assignment of interest under such Agreement shall be made without the written consent of the Commissioner of Public Lands.

J. F. BROWN, Commissioner of Public Lands, August 1, 1900.

Telephone 475 is the business office of the Robert Grieve Printing Company and The Republican. Telephone 123 is the editorial department of The Republican.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Classified Advertisements on this column will be inserted at 10 cents a line first insertion; 5 cents a line second insertion; 25 cents per line per week; 15 cents per line two weeks; and 10 cents per line per month.

WANTED. MAN with \$1000 to invest in sound business proposition. Liberal return on investment. No risk. Good security. Address D. A. W., Republican Office.

MUSIC. Piano-taught by experienced teacher, a graduate of Leipzig Conservatory; new, quick method, \$2 per month. Special attention to adult beginners. Address "Musician," Republican Office.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER. A. T. MILES, Stenographer and Typewriter, 315 Fort Street, Telephone 123.

TRUST MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. Apply to E. Wolters, at the office of the Occidental Hotel.

ONE HUNDRED Families to buy lots on the Palolo Tract and start a suburban town at once. This tract is within ten minutes' walk of the proposed Rapid Transit Railroad. For further particulars apply to A. F. Cooke, Room 8, Model Block.

COMPOSITORS WANTED. TWO GOOD compositors. Apply at Office of THE REPUBLICAN at 8 o'clock this morning.

LOST. BY ACCIDENTAL gate opening, a large bay colored California Mare, weight about 900 lbs., last seen on Koolau, fact condition. A little pupus or irritation on face but healing. Right hind hoof a little white. Finder please notify Police Station and reward will be paid.

FOR RENT. Comfortably furnished front room, reduced rent. 626 Vineyard, 3 doors from Queen Hotel.

FOR SALE. FOUR Lots, Hobson Street, Kapahulu, Waikiki, \$400 each. 501 King Street.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE. Stockholders are hereby notified that the Fourth Assessment of 5 per cent, or Two and One-half Dollars per share on the Capital Stock of the

INTER-ISLAND TELEGRAPH CO., Ltd., is due and payable July 1st, at the office of the undersigned, 411 Fort Street. J. H. FISHER, Acting Treasurer Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd., Honolulu, June 1, 1900.

William Savidge Real Estate Broker, 206 Merchant Street.



WATCH THIS SPACE

A BARGAIN.

Newly Built 2 Story Cottage on Alapai Street

\$2750,

Only \$1250,

Cash.

Balance on Long Time.

A BARGAIN.



William Savidge Real Estate Broker, 206 Merchant Street.

OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO. J. H. FISHER & CO.



TIME TABLE.

From and After January 1, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Daily, and Outward/Inward times for various locations like Honolulu, Ewa Mill, Waianae, Waihinu, Kalaheo, Kapaemahu.

Members FACTORY Exchange

Stock and Bond Brokers

411 FORT STREET.

Advances Made on Approved Security

Metropolitan Meat Co.

108 KING STREET.

G. J. WALLER, - - - Manager.

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHERS and

NAVY CONTRACTORS

The Honolulu Republican will be delivered to any part of the city for 75c per month or \$2 per quarter.

BY THE BARKS "J. C. PELUGER" AND "M. E. WATSON"

We Have Received a Large Assortment of

Morton's and Grosse & Blackwell GROCERIES.

BICARBONATE OF SODA, WASH SODA, CAUSTIC SODA.

PAINTS and OILS

CORRUGATED IRON, RIGGING, Etc., CEMENT and FIREBRICKS, CARBOLINIUM, STOCKHOLM TAR, BUCKETS, TUBS, TINPLATES, SAUCEPANS, TEAKETTLES, Etc

H. HACKFELD & Co., LTD.

Furniture at San Francisco Prices

No More Duty! No Entry Charges! No Consul Fees!

Therefore we will give our customers the benefit.

150 Double bedsteads, with mattress and pillows complete, \$6.

100 best quality high beds, \$7.

50 White Enamelled iron beds, brass trimmings, \$6.

500 Pillows, from 25c up; feather pillows 75c.

Neale & Wilson Sewing Machine, Slight, used \$12.00

Books lent to read, 5 cents per volume. 2000 books to choose from.

L. S. MATHES & SON,

Between Fort and Nuuanu streets. No. 26 Beretania streets

# The Lace House

## Our Latest Importation.

SILK SHIRT WAISTS,  
SHIRT WAISTS,  
WASH SKIRTS,  
UNDEARWEAR.



NOW + OPEN—Get a First View before the Assortment is Broken.

M. BRASCH & CO.

## PARIS MODEL HATS



Not very many all told, but quite an aristocratic collection, each one of which will add distinguished beauty to the toilette of which it becomes a part. All are from FAMOUS MODISTES—the SHAPES, the MATERIALS, the STYLES are of the HIGHEST CHARACTER, COSTLY, as all SPECIAL and EXCLUSIVE BEAUTY MUST BE. But now this is changed. We have placed our entire stock of IMPORTED HATS at prices well worth while to investigate.

### Miss M. E. Killean,

LEADING MILLINER.

Arlington Block HOTEL STREET

## To Those in Quest of A RUG...

To Intending Purchasers of Rugs we would state that just before the change in tariff we received a large and varied assortment of

## Japanese Rugs

By purchasing these Rugs before the change, a saving of about fifty (50) per cent. was effected, which our customers are to profit by, as we do not intend, at present, to increase the price but will sell them, while they last, at the old figure.

Under these conditions, a buyer here can now purchase these Rugs for much less than they are sold for on the mainland.

We have made a display of these Very Handsome Rugs in our large, central show window, where their beautiful designs and harmonious coloring is sure to attract attention.

### B. F. Ehlers & Co.

Fort Street.

## SHOT HIS WIFE AND KILLED HIMSELF.

### The Awful Deed of the Stevedore Puuoe.

#### IN JEALOUSY HE STABBED HER. THE WOMAN WAS INSTANTLY KILLED AND PUUOE DIED LATER.

#### Insane Act of a Man Who Was Driven to Desperation by Jealousy of Woman.

Puuoe, a native stevedore, shot, stabbed and killed his wife, Naomi, and then almost severed his head from his body by means of a knife last night. He, too, must die.

The shocking double tragedy took place about 11 o'clock at the house of Mrs. Paiko, an old lady for whom Naomi had been sewing, on Robello lane, Palama. Puuoe called at the house for his wife and as soon as he saw her he shot at her with a small revolver. The woman screamed and fled. Puuoe followed her out of the house into the yard and shot again. The bullet entered the skull at the base of the brain and probably killed her instantly.

Crazed with grief and jealousy, the man then stabbed the body in the back as it lay in the yard.

He then gashed his throat, nearly severing the head from the body. The bodies laid close to each other, the woman cold in death, the man breathing laboriously. As he lay there, dying, he was clasping the dead body of his wife to him in token of love.

About an hour after the terrible deed the patrol wagon arrived and took the man to the Queen's hospital. Dr. McGrew examined the wound and found it to be mortal. The man sank fast and died at 3 o'clock, being conscious until nearly the end.

As he was being put into the patrol wagon he handed the deputy sheriff a closely written letter. It was addressed to "The High Sheriff of the Hawaiian Islands," and is substantially as follows:

"August 4, 1900.  
"To the High Sheriff:—Aloha oe. You will be kind enough to make public this big thing. I am taking my life and the life of Naomi because of great love that can never die.

"When we left to come to this place September, 1888, we were happy. We have not lived as we should because a certain person by the name Puoulani, on account of what he has had to say about me, and for that reason my mind has not been easy until now, when I am doing this black-hearted piece of work. She has since gone up to Mrs. Kalua's quilting, but still I have doubts, and for that reason my mind has not been easy, and for that reason I have gone up to her and with tears in my eyes because of my great love for her. She laughed at me. Finally she came home with me that night, but was not the same. We slept little. I was crying to her to stay with me and not to leave me. Now we were living all right until these yarns. Owning to my great love for her it is better that we should die. If all women who carry tales would be killed it would be a great blessing. Let each person look to his own home and attend to his own business, then there would be no trouble in families.

"With these explanations I wish to give my aloha to the Christian religion from Hawaii to Niihau, my aloha to my friends on the wharfs. To my great grandparents, to my children I give great aloha. I ask the Christian religion to save my soul so that God will forgive me for this dark deed and that my sins may not fall upon my children. My tears are falling, my heart is breaking. I am to die, but my wife—

"Aloha to my native land, to the flower of the hinano. Good bye to the sweet music and the sun and stars.  
"I would like to have all my letter put into the newspapers so that women will see and take warning what their lying tongues have led me to do. Women who carry tales should all be killed.

"If we should die together we are to be buried together. I am writing this with the tears running down my face. Oh, my love, my love.  
His creditors were remembered in the letter. He states that his wife had \$45 belonging to him. Out of this he wants to have \$5 given to the Stevedore Club, of which he was a member. A restaurant keeper at whose place he owed \$1.35, and a Chinaman who sells sodawater and whom he owed 5 cents he desires to have paid. Some property of his at Iwilei he wants to have sold and the proceeds given to his children, some of whom live at Kakaako, some at Awaolunuu and some at Puuiki.

He gives his wife's name as Naomi Kaahue and his own as David Puuonokona Kaupakubaleohawai. Before starting out to find his wife last evening Puuoe set fire to his place at Iwilei. The flames were extinguished before any considerable damage had been done.

#### Arrested for Battery.

William Marshall, a newspaper writer, was arrested, yesterday, for committing an assault on Chester A. Doyle. Mr. Marshall gave bail and will come up for a hearing this morning.

#### Liliha Street Fight.

Gaten a United States soldier and McPherson a man who figured here in the courts in the Brooks case some time ago were arrested last night for assault and battery on Houghtailing on Liliha street. The two men had followed two Hawaiian women to their home and attempted to enter the house with them. The women denunciated and the husbands of one of them Houghtailing by name came to the rescue. He was promptly jumped upon by McPherson and Gaten and a general mix up ensued. The racket attracted the attention of a policeman who placed the two men under arrest.

#### CAPTURED OPIUM.

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth captured nineteen tins of opium last night in a room on Vineyard street. It was in the possession of Streather, employed on the Australia. Cash bail in the sum of \$250 was deposited for his appearance in court this morning.

## JUDGE M. M. ESTEE ON AMERICAN CITIZENS.

### They Must Speak the English Language.

#### BUT THEY NEED NO ATTORNEY NEITHER DO THEY HAVE TO HAVE A FORMAL PETITION.

#### United States Court Not to Compete With Territorial Courts, But Will Enforce the Law.

The United States court will be in session tomorrow for the transaction of any business that may come before it. Among that business will be the making of American citizens. This court is nearest to the government, and in naturalization cases it stands as pre-eminent as any court can in priority of right. It is quite possible that Judge Estee's court will enjoy most of the naturalization business, since it will make citizens at about one-third of the cost of the Territorial courts, not that it is cutting rates, but living up to the law.

"Yes," said Judge Estee in front of his delightful home in the Snow cottage, in the park of the Hawaiian hotel last night, "my court will meet on Wednesday. It will do so for no special purpose, but for any business that may come before us.

"Naturalization matters? Why certainly, or any others," said the Judge. "Fees for naturalization? I suppose they were well looked over recently and I have figured that the cost will range from \$2.50 to \$2.85 in each case. There will be no need of a petition. The candidate for citizenship must possess the qualifications required by the Revised Statutes of the United States.

"The natural stamp on papers of citizenship? Oh, we know nothing but the United States law, and Territorial stamps have nothing to do with it. We shall naturalize people upon individual application. They will need neither attorney nor petition and the fee is nominal as I have said. It would be less, but the declaration of citizenship becomes a judgment and must be entered. Each candidate must have two witnesses, you know, and that means something, too."

These facts, which are of the utmost importance, considering that an applicant for American citizenship can save \$5 by forsaking the Territorial Supreme Court by simply walking into the United States Court, on the first floor.

There is a larger and more patriotic matter involved, however. It is understood that the Republican is reliably informed, that Judge Estee will insist that applicants for citizenship shall comply with the statutory laws of the United States, which require, among other things, that the applicant shall be able to read and write the English language. Hawaiian, Greek or other accomplishment will not help applicants. This may startle even members of the Supreme Court, who have accepted the law admitting the Territory to the Union, which provides the admission of those capable of reading and writing the English or Hawaiian languages. As a "law of admission" that is recognized, but not for other purposes—the newcomers must write and speak the English language.

#### COMPAGN COMMITTEE.

##### Appointed Last Night by the Young Men's Republican Club.

There were sixty-two members present at the meeting of the Young Men's Republican Club last evening. President Lorrin Andrews in the chair. Ed Dekum was secretary pro tem on account of the absence of M. K. Nakama, the regular secretary.

After the routine business and reports of committee, W. J. Coelho moved that the chair appoint a committee of five to act as an entertainment committee. The motion carried and the members will be appointed later.

M. S. Bluxum moved that the club elect a campaign committee, and the following names were placed in nomination and unanimously elected: A. B. W. George R. Carter, M. S. Bluxum, W. J. Coelho, A. F. Judd, A. W. Pearsbn, D. L. Nzone, Jonah Kumalae, B. S. Gregory.

A. F. Judd handed in his resignation as corresponding secretary, as his legal business was taking all his time. The resignation was accepted with regret and P. R. Helm was elected to succeed him.

B. S. Gregory moved that the secretary request the national committee to forward the club all suitable campaign literature.

The motion carried and the meeting adjourned.

#### TO BID THEM BON VOYAGE.

##### Reception Tendered Christian Workers at the Japanese Church.

A reception was held at the Japanese church, corner of Nuuanu and Kukui streets, last night in honor of Messrs. Fuhukita and Iwamura, who leave for the Coast today. The gentlemen have been very prominent in religious matters here in the Japanese community, and their presence will be missed by those carrying on Christian work.

Mr. Fuhukita is a graduate of Doshisha, one of the most noted of the Japanese schools situated at Kioto. He came to Honolulu about two years ago and for some time has been a teacher in the Sunday school, teacher in the night school and also president of the Japanese Y. M. C. A. He goes to California, where he will enter the University of California at Berkeley.

Mr. Iwamura, who also leaves today, was superintendent of the Sunday schools. He goes to the Coast on business.

The reception opened with singing, followed by a prayer by Mr. Nuzuma, who had charge of the program. There were speeches by different members of the Sunday school, night school and Y. M. C. A. Messrs. Fuhukita and Iwamura were then presented with memorials, Mr. Iwamura receiving one from the Sunday school and Mr. Fuhukita getting one from the night school. Refreshments were then served.

## NEWS OF THE TOWN

The Australia sails at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Mail for the Coast closes at 3 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Board of Mission, will be held at the Central Union church at 2:30 p. m. today.

The S. G. Wilder arrived last night from San Francisco.

Wallele and Keoke, two deck hands on the Kinau, were arrested last evening on suspicion of having broken into the storeroom on the Kinau and abstracted therefrom several bottles of liquor.

The invited guests at the Bar Association dinner Friday night will be Judge M. M. Estee, U. S. Attorney J. C. Baird, Governor Sanford B. Dole, Judge W. F. Frear, Judge C. A. G. Smith, Judge A. S. Humphreys, Judge R. D. Silliman.

Word has come to Sam Sai of the firm of Wing Wo Chan of the suicide of his mother in China. This is the result of the fact of her son here having lent his aid to the reform movement. The woman rather than be arrested and tortured for her son's acts, killed herself.



## BOOKS THAT ARE TALKED ABOUT.

Booming of Acre Hill,

By John Kendrick Bangs.

Vengeance is Mine,

By Andrew Balfour.

The Alabaster Box,

By Sir Walter Besant.

Geber,

By Kate Benton.

The Conspirators,

By R. W. Chambers.

The Slave,

By Robert Hichens.

A Kent Squire,

By Frederick W. Hayes.

From Kingdom to Colony,

By Mary Deverend.

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of the prices we are offering our NEW LINE of BED ROOM SETS

You will be getting them at bagains never before heard of in Honolulu

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ALWAYS ON HAND. TRUNKS, FURNITURE AND SAFES CAREFULLY HANDLED.

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July 30 1900.

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HAVING resumed my Classes in ART EMBROIDERY, I will receive Pupils every morning from 9:30 to 11:30 during vacation. Good Stamping done.

MRS. H. H. WILLIAMS.

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## Hawaii Shimpo Sha.

THE Pioneer Japanese Printing Office. The Publisher of "HAWAII SHIMPON," the only daily Japanese Paper Published in the Territory of Hawaii.

Y. SOGA, Editor. C. SHIOZAWA, Proprietor.

Editorial and Printing Office, near King bridge, King Street. P. O. Box 907.

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YOU RUN NO RISK OF DOING SO IF YOU TRADE WITH US. IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN OUR OBJECT TO GIVE OUR PATRONS THE FULLEST VALUE FOR THEIR MONEY.

BOTH IN QUANTITY AND QUALITY.

## "WE LEAD THE WAY IN LACES,"

AND WE SHALL CONTINUE TO SELL

FOR ONE WEEK MORE

AT VERY SPECIAL PRICES.

### Valenciennes Edgings and Insertions

IN AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF NEW AND EXCLUSIVE PATTERNS.

YOU WILL ALSO ADMIT, THAT AT THE PRICES WE HAVE MARKED THIS LOT ARE RIDICULOUS, WHO EVER HEARD OF A FRENCH VAL EDGING BEING SOLD FOR

20c. A PIECE OF 12 YDS 20c.

THAT IS JUST WHAT WE ARE DOING.

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THE PEOPLES' PROVIDERS

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Between Fort and Alakea Streets.

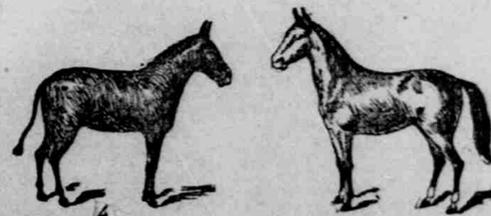
We have just received ex Alden Bessie, bark Irrgard, Rosamond and W. H. Dimond and have now on display a

### Large New Stock of Elegant and Up-to-date

### SURREYS, PHÆTONS, BUGGIES, TRAPS, RUNABOUTS, Etc.

### Also STYLISH SINGLE and DOUBLE CARRIAGE and BUGGY HARNESS.

### A new line of LAP ROBES, LAMPS, WHIPS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.



Just Arrived, ex S. N. Castle, a large shipment of Young, Strong Mules and Horses

# SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

THREE IMMENSE STOCKS  
**FAIRCHILD'S** LARGE STOCK  
**A. E. MURPHY & CO.'S** ENTIRE STOCK  
**AMERICAN DRY GOODS** ENTIRE STOCK  
 IN THE SHOE STORE OF  
**L. B. KERR & CO. Ltd.**  
 CORNER FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

These large and carefully selected assortments of fine foot wear will be sure to suit the most particular, as they are all first class and being sold at prices that have never been offered for like quality in this City before. These prices are actually

## 50 PER CENT LESS

than elsewhere, and we feel convinced that it will not be much longer that we can offer such attractions, judging from the way the people are taking them home.

Come Early, as All Must Go!

**L. B. KERR & COMPANY, Limited,**  
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# GENTLEMEN, ATTENTION!



We have just opened up a new shipment of the very latest styles in Gents' Furnishings in which we offer at the most reasonable prices in the City.

**PAJAMAS** \$1.50, worth \$2.00, and at correspondingly reasonable prices for finer grades.

**MENS' OFFICE COATS** from \$2.00 up. These are exceptionally cheap and are rapidly becoming very popular.

EXCELLENT VALUES AND LATEST CUT IN

## Boys' Clothing

made in the most workmanlike manner, at from 75 cts. per Suit up.



THE SAME MAY BE SAID OF

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Only the line to select from being much more extensive in variety of Patterns, \$1.50 per Suit up.

**PERCALE ; AND ; MADRAS ; SHIRTS**

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**BATHING SUITS** In the very latest designs, 1 and 2 piece Suits. Correspondingly Cheap.



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QUEEN STREET, - - - HONOLULU, H. T.

### DOLE'S NAME STRICKEN FROM COURT CALENDAR.

Judge Humphreys Holds That Attorney General Should not Appear for Defense.

The name of Attorney-General E. P. Dole was ordered stricken from the Circuit court calendar yesterday, as counsel for the defense in the damage suit of Kaupena Kaimama against I. H. Kamaunu. Judge Humphreys ruled that the attorney-general, while holding office, has no right to appear as counsel in any civil case.

The defendant in the case is a Kohala policeman, and the action is one growing out of an arrest for kidnapping. Kaupena was alleged by Kamaunu to have been practicing anaana, hoopiopio, or hoomaanama, or something of the kind, and he had her brought before the court at Kohala. Before the case was tried a nolle proesue was entered, evidence being deemed insufficient and the defendant brought suit against Kamaunu for damages for false imprisonment. She obtained a verdict for \$200 and the defendant appealed for a new trial, on the ground that the verdict was excessive.

When the case was called yesterday, Judge Humphreys ordered Dole's name taken off the calendar, declaring the duties of the office of attorney-general to be inconsistent with appearances as counsel in civil suits.

Mr. Dole protested that he had taken the case as a part of his duties, defending the officer for what the latter had done in the line of his duty, but the judge stuck to his ruling, maintaining that it was the duty of the attorney-general to prosecute and not to defend. The striking out of Dole's name leaves Creighton & Stewart attorneys for the plaintiff and Judge Kaukau attorney for the defendant.

### LEASE OF THE PAALA HOTEL.

New House at Waiialua Controlled by David.

Arrangements have at last been completed for the new Waiialua Hotel at Paala. A property lease of fifteen years has been secured and bids are now open for the contract.

A gentleman by the name of David is at the head of the matter. The capital stock is to be \$12,000, which will be divided in 1200 \$10 shares, of which 300 will be paid up and 900 assessable.

The situation is admirably chosen, having a beach frontage of 135 feet and a depth of 160 feet. The hotel building will be a two-story structure of twelve rooms, dining-rooms, store rooms, etc. The saloon will be in an outlying building.

### MOVEMENTS OF DR. STUBBS.

Representative of the Agricultural Department Has Lively Time.

Prof. Stubbs, the representative of the Agricultural Department of the United States, has been having a very active time since his arrival here. Wray Taylor, the Territorial Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry, took him about Punchbowl on Saturday. Later, they drove through Manoa valley. Dr. Maxwell accompanied the party, and they often stopped to ob-

serve things, especially plants peculiar to this section.

On Sunday Mr. Stubbs rested and yesterday he visited Ewa plantation, in company with Dr. Maxwell. Today, Dr. Stubbs and Mrs. Stubbs will accompany Mr. Wray Taylor to the Tantalus forest, and on Wednesday the doctor will go to the Pali and down into the valley beyond.

### New Map of Hawaii.

The Survey Department has almost completed work on a new government map of Hawaii. The map is a very complete one giving all of the roads and all homesteads as far as possible in the Territory. It is also the largest map of Hawaii ever published being on a scale of 10,000 feet to the inch. J. M. Donn has the work in charge.

### HAVE TAKEN TO LANTANA.

Doves Are Not Scarce, Nor High, But in the Brush.

Owing to the crop of rice having been taken in, the doves no longer infest the lowlands, but have retreated towards the hills, inhabiting the valleys and other places where the lantana abounds. When interviewed by a Republican reporter Captain J. H. Black, one of Honolulu's crack shots, yesterday stated that the doves were still plentiful, but that they were only to be found in the foothills.

"The doves have gone where they can find food," the captain remarked, "and if one cares to brave the fatigue of a long climb in the hills, he will be amply rewarded. The doves fly singly, two doves being rarely seen together. The report about the great height at which they fly is nonsense. The doves fly no higher than in former seasons. The only time they ever fly very far from the ground is when they are compelled to do so by the high trees or the nature of the land."

### A Lame Shoulder.

A lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles, and may be cured by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents Hawaiian Territory.

### Just a Few Words for the Honolulu Belle.

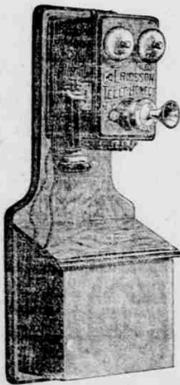
She succeeds where all others fail with the man that appreciates a good thing when he sees it. When you once obtain the delight that this new Maiden affords, there can be none in the field to cut her out, with those who understand how to blow their money into smoke economically. For the small sum of five cents you can enjoy the pleasure of the finest in the land, which is one of the best New York hand made Cigars.

Ask for and try the "Honolulu Belle." Sold by all retailers.

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- Large Assortment
- PEANUT CRISP,
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- MOLASSES CANDY,
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Our goods are made FRESH every day and cost about HALF the price of Stale Imported Goods.

**New England Bakery,**  
 J. OSWALD LUTTED, Manager.  
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Grand Vaudeville Bill of Colored Artists Late of the

**McAdoo's Famous Georgia Minstrels.**

Grand Minstrel First Part.

**Miss Flora Batson,**  
 America's Double Voiced Queen of Song.

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 Basso Soloist,  
 Comedian and Impersonator.

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**Leon P. Rooks,**  
 America's Eminent Tenor and Character Artist.

**Frank Poole,**  
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**John Pampion,**  
 "The Nubian Prince,"  
 Classic Juggler--Zouave Driller.

**Jerry Mills,**  
 Prince of Entertainers.

**Turner--The Jones--Grace,**  
 Singing and Sketch Team.

Seats now on sale at the box office.

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Has Removed its Offices and Showroom to

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## BARGAINS IN ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

On and after August 9, all Electric Fixtures and Shades now in stock will be sold at a GREAT SACRIFICE to make room for shipment to arrive per "Andrew Welch."

**GOO KIM** 210 NUUANU STREET, ABOVE HOTEL.

Have just opened a New and Fine Line of

## SILK GOODS

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DEAR SIRS:

Am pleased to inform you that we have just received notice from the Government that GREEN RIVER WHISKY has again been selected for the exclusive use for another year in all of the U. S. Navy Hospitals, being the third in succession.

Yours Truly,  
 (Signed) J. W. McCULLOCH.

A carload of this celebrated Whisky will arrive per Emelie F. Whitney, and will be offered for sale by

**W. C. Peacock & Co., Ltd.**  
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