

THE HONOLULU REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME I, NO. 51

HONOLULU, H. T., SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1900.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

HONORABLE POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES.

But It is Firm and
Unalterably
Just.

SECRETARY OF STATE HAY WRITES.

EXPOSING OF CHINESE METHOD
BY DR. MORRISON,
IN ENGLAND.

British Officers Think the Time Has
Come For an Aggressively
Telling Move-
ment.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The State Department has made public the following correspondence between Li Hung Chang and the department regarding the abandonment of the campaign on Peking.

Telegrams sent to the United States Embassies in Berlin, London, Paris, Rome and St. Petersburg, and to the United States Minister at Tokio:

"Department of State, Washington, August 1, 1900.—In reply to a suggestion of Li Hung Chang that the Ministers might be sent under safe escort to Tientsin, provided the powers would engage not to march on Peking, the Secretary of State replied on the 30th of July:

"This government will not enter into any arrangement regarding disposition or treatment of legations without first having free communication with the Chinese government. Responsibility for their protection rests upon the Chinese government. Power to deliver at Tientsin pre-supposes power to protect and to open communication. This is insisted upon."

"This message was delivered by Mr. Goodnow on the 31st to the Viceroy, who then inquired whether if free communication was established between the Ministers and their governments, it could be arranged that the powers should not advance upon Peking pending negotiations.

"To this inquiry the following reply was sent on the 1st of August:

"Goodnow, Consul General, Shanghai: I do not think it expedient to submit the proposition of Earl Li to the other powers. Free communication with our representatives in Peking is demanded as a matter of absolute right, and not as a favor. Since the Chinese government admits that it possesses the power to give communication, it puts itself in an unfriendly attitude by denying it. No negotiations seem advisable until the Chinese government shall have put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in full and free communication with the respective governments and removed all dangers to their lives and liberty. We would urge Earl Li earnestly to advise the imperial authorities of China to place themselves in friendly communication and co-operation with the relief expedition. They are assuming a heavy responsibility in acting otherwise."

"You will communicate this information to the Minister of Foreign Affairs."

FEARFUL EXPOSE OF CHINESE TREACHERY.

LONDON, Aug. 2, 4 a. m.—At last the story of Peking has been told. Dr. Morrison in today's Times holds up the Chinese government before the world as guilty, and to a degree of infamy and duplicity that exceeds the surmise of its worst detractors. In the same dispatch he gives a more hopeful view of the prospects of the besieged than has been expressed by any of the others who have been heard from.

Another letter has been received at Tientsin from the British Minister, Sir Claude MacDonald, dated July 24th. "We are surrounded by imperial troops," he writes, "who are firing on us continuously. The enemy is entreating but cowardly. We have provisions for about a fortnight and are eating our powder."

"The Chinese government, if there be one, has done nothing whatever to help us. If the Chinese do not press the attack we can hold out for, say, ten days. So no time should be lost if a terrible massacre is to be avoided."

Yet a Shanghai special says that Li Hung Chang has received a decree dated July 28th, commanding him to inform the Consuls that the Ministers were safe on that date. Evidently Sir Claude MacDonald was over pessimistic as Dr. Morrison, under date of July 21st, announces the arrival of supplies. In view of this it is quite within reason that the edict announcing the safety of the Ministers on the 28th is correct. Sir Claude MacDonald's latest letter, while a strong indictment of the Chinese government, is not nearly so much so as Dr. Morrison's dispatch. That correspondent, with the imperial edicts as authority, declares that as late as July 2d the imperial government urged the Boxers to continue their "loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians." He explains these marvelous changes in the Chinese attitude which have so puzzled the world. It appears that all the appeals for intervention and all the protestations of friendship have been due entirely to the victories of the allies at Tientsin. The Ministers at Peking owed their safety up to July 31st not to the government protection but to the scarcity of Chi-

nese ammunition and to the fear which the Tientsin victories inspired. When it is remembered how great reliance is placed upon Dr. Morrison in England, the importance of his exposure of the Chinese government can scarcely be overestimated. It seems to banish all hopes entertained by Lord Salisbury that the Chinese government might yet be proven not directly responsible for the outrages and it may result in an entire cessation of the negotiations with Chinese diplomatists, if not in an open declaration of war on the part of the powers.

Commenting upon Dr. Morrison's dispatch, the Times says: "It is now beyond doubt that the frequent assertions of the different Chinese representatives that for a month past the legations have been enjoying the protection of the throne, are one and all unqualified falsehoods. The cumulative evidence is overwhelming that the whole affair has been through-out under the control and direction of the Chinese government. It now rests with the powers to make the Chinese government understand that it will be held fully responsible for whatever happens in Peking."

CONSIDERED PROMPT ADVANCE NECESSARY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—A cable to the Sun, dated Tientsin, July 28th, evening, via Chefoo, July 31st, and Shanghai, August 1st, 12:15 a. m., says:

Brigadier General Gaselee, commander of the British troops here, is very anxious to make an advance on Peking and is ready to start with the troops that are now available. He said today that he considered the situation at Peking warranted the military authorities in taking some risk, and he was in favor of an immediate move. Most of the British forces are ready and in good shape for the start, though all are not fully prepared. The artillery needs more time and the Bengal troops are hardly fit for service after the voyage. Colonel Daggatt of the Fourteenth United States Infantry is willing to advance, although only two companies of his regiment have arrived here and he has no transportation of any kind. The Colonel himself is without a horse. Major Waller, commander of the American marines, is prepared to start, and the Ninth Infantry has transportation, but this regiment is not in the best of shape. Two hundred and fifty men are on the sick list, exclusive of those who were wounded in the fighting on July 13th. The Japanese now appear reluctant to make a start. They say they need a little more time.

The British reconnoitered today two miles beyond Halku arsenal. The Chinese have a five-mile line of outposts crossing the river and railroad, and are entrenched at Pietsang. There are various estimates as to the number of Chinese troops in this vicinity. The Japanese say the Chinese are in strong force and the information furnished by the Mikado's soldiers is usually reliable.

SHAME AT IWILEI IS BEING INVESTIGATED BY GRAND JURY.

The grand jury filed into Judge Humphreys' court yesterday morning and modified the court that they contemplated forming two committees of investigation.

The judge answered that such a course was optional with them. He called their attention to the Almy case and remarked that Justice Galbraith was present when Almy made his statements to the court.

Yesterday afternoon the grand jury was absent from the court house. It is understood that it went to Iwilei to investigate a most startling condition of things there.

As the story goes, a prominent firm of real estate agents own a shack in that delectable part of Honolulu. A member of this firm occupies a high position in the Territorial government, having been appointed to preferment by Governor Dole.

The shack is rented to a horde of Japanese women for immoral purposes.

A big rental is demanded and received for the structure, and a big percentage of this rental is paid another high Territorial government official, for making collections from the Japanese women tenants and for protection.

JUDGE WILCOX'S OPINION.

Believes the Board of Health Exceeded Its Authority.

In the case of W. W. Ahana for not observing the regulations of the Board of Health, made by that body during the plague time, Judge Wilcox yesterday put himself on record as being of the opinion that a great many of the rules and regulations made by the health authorities were not according to law in every respect. The authority for the defendant argued that the board had no legal authority to give the order under which his client was being prosecuted without giving him a specified time within which to do the work ordered done.

The argument was on demurrer to the complaint. The demurrer was overruled by the court, who said, "I think the board has exceeded its authority in many of these new rules and that if they were tested in the higher courts would be found to be unconstitutional. I cannot however decide upon their constitutionality. All I have to do is to enforce the rules that have been laid down by the board as a law until the Supreme Court tells me to stop. In my opinion, the Board of Health has assumed a lot of authority it had no right to. Like some other departments of our government it probably got its head swollen a little. But as it may, the rules of the board are here before me; they have been duly published, and it is my business to see that they are not violated."

Ahana was found guilty, but sentence was suspended until August 24th, as he is going on with the work ordered by the health authorities as fast as possible.

BARK DUNREGGAN IS AGAIN ON THE REEF.

This Time She is on
the Reef of Liti-
gation.

SPRECKELS COMPANY LIEL HER.

THEY ASK TWENTY THOUSAND
DOLLARS FOR SERVICES
RENDERED.

Vessel Now in Charge of a United
States Official—Case to Be
Heard the 16th
Instant.

The British bark Dunreggan is again in trouble. This time she isn't on the reef at Diamond Head, but she is on the reef of litigation. About her beat the waves of the law and on her deck is a United States official. But the trouble all arose over her persistency in trying to find a harbor on the reef at Diamond Head.

Wednesday morning the Dunreggan, 147 days from London, with cement and fertilizer for this port, struck the reef. When Captain Brokaw of the tug Fearless, owned by J. D. Spreckels & Brothers Company, heard of the bark being ashore he concluded to go to her. The engines of the tug were disconnected, as they were being given an overhauling, but all haste was made to get the boat ready for work.

At a quarter past ten the Fearless left the wharf and started for the stranded vessel. At twenty minutes to eleven she was alongside and had a tow line ready to put aboard. Captain Brokaw did something that made the hair of the landsmen aboard his vessel stand on end. He backed the tug up to the bow of the Dunreggan and spoke to the captain. The skipper of the bark was willing to have assistance but wanted to know what the price would be. Brokaw said \$20,000.

The captain demurred, but finally agreed to take the tow, leaving the salvage price of the vessel to a board of arbitration, with the understanding that if the bark was not pulled into deep water the tug would not get any money.

The tug Fearless stayed with the stranded vessel from Wednesday morning until the vessel was pulled out of her dangerous predicament.

It was through the untiring efforts of Captain Gilbert Brokaw of the Fearless that the bark was not a total loss. Had he left her Wednesday evening she

would certainly have piled way up on the beach in the heavy sea that was rolling up against her during the night.

Thursday the bark was safely moored at the old Fishmarket wharf by the Fearless.

A demand was made on Captain G. N. Dixon for the \$20,000. But the captain demurred. He said, so it is understood, that he was willing to leave the salvage price to a board of arbitration to settle.

This was not satisfactory to the representatives of the Spreckels and they brought action in the United States District Court to libel the Dunreggan, her tackle, apparel, furniture, boats, appurtenances and cargo.

The papers were signed by Judge Estee and the writ was served on Captain Dixon yesterday afternoon by Chief Deputy United States Marshal Hendry. Arthur W. Neely was placed in charge of the bark. The libel is for \$20,000.

The case will be heard before Judge Estee on August 16th, when Captain Dixon will be required to show cause why the bark should not be condemned and sold pursuant to the prayer of the libellant. F. M. Hatch is proctor for libellant.

Shell Capsized.

The junior shell of the Healan's capized last evening off the Inter-Island wharf and the occupants all received a ducking. Walter Wall who was coaching the crew and steering the boat was in his regular clothes. He bobbed up serenely however and climbed ashore at the wharf where a bank came for him and he drove home. The crew did not object to the wetting as they were in costumes as scant as the law allows.

Invited Guests at Bar Banquet Leave Table.

Judges Deliberately Insulted by
One of the Men Who
Was Host.

George D. Gear Rebukes the Rude Action of
McClanahan and is Interrupted by
Kinney—Judge Estee Also
Disgusted and Leaves.

To insult a guest in one's own house is the highest and most offensive affront that can possibly be offered to any one, and yet that is what the bar association of Honolulu did last night at its annual banquet at the Hawaiian hotel.

For some days the association has been making preparations for its annual dinner, the entire arrangements being in the hands of a committee composed of W. O. Smith, S. M. Ballou, F. W. Hankey and J. M. Monsarrat. This committee had full charge of the arrangements for the dinner, selected the list of names for the invited guests and arranged the program for the toasts, President Paul Newman having but to follow out the program laid down for him last night.

The invited guests were Judge Estee of the United States District Court, Governor Dole, United States District Attorney John C. Baird, Judges Frear and Galbraith of the Supreme Court and Judges Humphreys and Silliman of the Circuit Court. Dole and Frear were not present. Judge Estee had the seat of honor to the right of President Paul Newman; Mr. Baird was next to Judge Estee. Judge Humphreys was seated to the left of President Newman, and next in order were Judges Galbraith and Silliman.

The fourth toast on the program was "The Judiciary" and then E. B. McClanahan was called to respond to the toast "The Bench." Just why these two toasts which both refer to the same thing should have immediately followed one another, unless the committee had deliberately planned an affront to the members of the Judiciary at the banquet and took this occasion to insult their invited guests, is not apparent. The Judiciary means the bench and the bench means the Judiciary. It would be about like calling on one man to respond to the toast John Smith and the next speaker to respond to the toast Smith John.

Mr. McClanahan began his address by saying that he was more familiar with the bar than with the bench, and particularly dwelling upon the fact of his familiarity with a bar.

From this he branched off into telling a story of a cartoon in a comic paper, which pictured an Irishman who was walking along a railroad track impervious to the fact that a fast express train was approaching him from behind. The second picture represented the Irishman torn to bits, the head bounding on a pile of stones, while from the mouth emitted the words, "What was that struck me?" Mr. McClanahan declared that that was the way he felt about the bench of Hawaii and particularly the judge of the First Circuit.

At this deliberate affront Judge Silliman leaped over to Judge Galbraith and said: "Let us get out of here. This is disgraceful." Judge Humphreys replied: "Don't be too hurried about it; let us wait and see how far he intends to go."

Mr. McClanahan continued to denounce the present bench of Hawaii when Judge Galbraith turned to Judges Humphreys and Silliman and said: "I propose to leave the table."

"Very well you lead and we will follow you," replied Judge Humphreys and all three arising walked quietly from the room, leaving Mr. McClanahan to continue his insulting remarks directed to the invited guests of the evening.

Later in the night George D. Gear in denouncing the bad taste not to say the utter lack of decency on the part of Mr. McClanahan in insulting guests of the association was interrupted by W. A. Kinney, partner of Mr. Ballou of the committee, and the affair became so warm that United States Judge Estee arose and left the table. Conservative members of the bar who are tied up to the old ring which ran things connected with the bar for so many years denounced last night's proceedings as disgraceful, McClanahan coming in for the most severe censure.

"It was an insult to the association's guests said one member of the association and no one but a boor would have been guilty of such conduct. Members of the bench are not above criticism any more than any other public official but to deliberately attack a member of the bench at a dinner of that kind is outrageous; it is disgraceful and whether the members of the bench are right or wrong does not in any way palliate the offense. The man who committed the act violated not only all social ethics but all legal ethics and he should be kicked out of the association unceremoniously. To me it looks very much as though the whole thing was prearranged. Here were seven invited guests three of the five present being members of the Judiciary of Hawaii and yet not one of those three was down on the program to respond to a toast. To invite a man into one's own house to deliberately insult him is the most stupendous outrage I ever heard of and the bar association will not recover from it in years if ever."

United States District Attorney Baird responded to the toast, "The President;" Judge Estee, "The United States Supreme Court;" F. M. Hatch, "The Governor;" J. T. De Bolt, "The Judiciary;" E. B. McClanahan, "The Bench;" Attorney General Dole, "The Ladies;" in which nothing was said about "the ladies" and much about William Owen Smith. W. A. Whitney talked on "Silence." George D. Gear said that he regretted that anything should have been said before the Bar Association derogatory of the new justices and judges. Such remarks as had been made were unwarranted and uncalled for. He declared that certain things had been said which fully justified the judges in taking umbrage at them. But these remarks were made as lawyers. Attorneys frequently said things that were truly not responsive of their feelings. "Is it fair? Was it fair? I am very sorry that the occurrence happened. I know that conditions have changed. We must all recognize that conditions have changed. I know that it is hard for many of you to recognize that the Judiciary in this Territory has changed and changed for the better."

"Do you mean to say that the Judiciary in the past isn't as honest as it is today?" asked W. A. Kinney.

"I don't mean to say anything of the

kind," replied Mr. Gear with great composure.

Toastmaster Neumann arose and tried to still the troubled banquet table.

Judge Estee also arose and after speaking kindly to several members of the bar, passed serenely from the banquet hall.

T. McCants Stewart being called upon graciously declined to give utterance to his thoughts.

And then W. O. Smith took the floor. He regretted extremely the little occurrences of the evening, as he called them. Time would soften their harshness. He knew whereof he spoke that the President was watching Hawaii. The giving of a territorial form of government to Hawaii was an experiment. It was the first time in the history of America that a territory had been formed outside of the mainland.

The members of the bar at the conclusion of Smith's talk left their walnuts and wine, straggling off in pairs and alone. There wasn't a cheer or a song. The banquet was as frosty, as bleak and frigid as a Klondike winter, without provisions in the larder or ammunition in the gun magazine. Even the genial Paul Neumann, who acted as toastmaster, could not melt one diminutive icicle.

At one time Manager Allen felt great alarm lest the tropical foliage about the hotel would wither and die through the excessive frigidity.

WHO OWNS THE LAND? UNITED STATES OR HAWAII?

Who owns the public lands of Hawaii? Few people had thought of that up to date, but since Judge Humphreys was seated to the left of President Newman, and next in order were Judges Galbraith and Silliman.

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HOW TO RID LOCALITY OF MOSQUITO PEST.

The Agricultural Department Experimenting With this Very Interesting Subject.

(Staff Correspondence of The Republican)

WASHINGTON, July 28.—While the State, War and Navy departments are busy trying to crush the Boxers in China, the scientists at the Agricultural Department are devising methods to rid the country of mosquitoes. Some days ago an appeal came from Baltimore to the department for some remedy to destroy the swarms of mosquitoes in that place. The entomologists since that time have been studying the question and have decided that the best method is to pour kerosene oil on water where the pest breeds.

The mosquito lays its eggs early in the morning in still water. The eggs hatch in about sixteen hours and the larvae immediately seek the surface of the water, for they must have air. If they cannot rise to the surface they are drowned. This explains the efficacy of the treatment which covers the surface of the water with a film of oil. The entomologists say that the three main preventive measures for fighting mosquitoes are the draining of stagnant water, the introduction of small fish in the fishless breeding places and the treatment of all pools of water with kerosene. The plan of coating the still water surfaces with oil is said to have been most successful in Baltimore. It has been found that about one ounce of oil suffices for fifteen square feet of water, and ordinarily the application need not be renewed for a month. The oil has been used successfully on the surface of tanks of drinking water from which the water is removed by means of pipes at the bottom. E. S. L.

PROSPERITY OF KONA SEEN BY A TEACHER.

Schools Are in a Very
Satisfactory Con-
dition.

FEW VACANCIES NOW EXISTING.

THE COFFEE LANDS RETURN-
ING AT LEAST VERY FAIR
COMPENSATION.

No Great Fortunes in the Bean's
Cultivation, But Some Money
Success of Sugar
Cane.

"There are eleven schools in session in Kona and one school house, a new one, at Pahoehe, is idle. That's an anomaly in Hawaii. It is a three-roomed house, with a nice teacher's cottage attached, all unoccupied. That's no fault of the department. It is all due to the fact that the residents of the town have moved out and left it moved up the road to cultivate lands."

So spoke H. S. Townsend, inspector general of schools, yesterday.

"I have spent one week in Kona. I traveled from the northeast of North Kona to the southeast of South Kona. Owing to the change of vacation in those districts, the schools are now in session. We are doing very well, over there. We have some difficulty in keeping up the teaching force in mid-summer, but on the whole the schools are fair."

"The agricultural prospects over there never were better. Rains have been abundant for the last three months and the whole country is green down to the water's edge. The planters of coffee are much discouraged, yet they hold on and make money. I believe that coffee, in more favored localities will be profitable until it is lower in price."

"This crop is not quite as good as would have been the case had there been more rain in midwinter, yet many planters receive moderate income from their investments, but the dream of sudden wealth from coffee planting has been dissipated."

"Much interest is now being taken in both North and South Kona in planting sugar cane. The North Kona plant is in full operation, yet some promise a big crop. The fields are somewhat scattered at present, but in many cases these will all be connected in the future development of the land."

"The magnificent tract of land, so familiar to all who know Kona, at Kaimulu, is being worked into shape very rapidly, receiving moderate income from Hookona to Kalahiki. In South Kona a little uncertainty is felt as to the immediate future of the plantation. No mill is in sight and planters are becoming a little troubled by this fact. There is no fear as to their ability to grow good sugar cane on their lands. In fact I have seldom seen better cane than I saw at Kalahiki and all through Houanuan, and Hookona the cane is excellent."

"The English schools? Oh, yes; they get every encouragement from the natives. Indeed from the earliest days the natives have been urging the establishment of English schools."

AGUINALDO IN THE CORONA MOUNTAINS.

Message From Captive Officer Found
on a Trail Locates the
Rebel Chief.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A Herald special from Washington says: General Grant has sent to the War Department a copy of a note picked up by Lieutenant Thomas, who commands the native scouts with Grant's column. The men were in the neighborhood of Sibul, when one of them discovered on the muddy trail a crumpled bit of paper containing this brief message, written in haste with a piece of charcoal: "To any American officer: Aguinaldo can be found in the Corona mountains. The rebel organization is much better than I expected to find it. I am being treated with courtesy and consideration. ROBERTS."

The signature is evidently that of Captain C. B. Roberts of the Thirty-fifth Volunteer Infantry, a graduate of West Point and a Lieutenant of the Fifteenth Regular Infantry. He was captured by the insurgents during an attack on San Miguel de Mayayo.

Those who are familiar with the country say Aguinaldo could have sought no more secure position. Approaches to his hiding place involve a great deal of climbing. It is a desolate region, and it is said officers who served in the Dakota bad lands will find much in common with it in the Corona mountains. It is supposed Aguinaldo will make his final stand there.

Ambitious Maui.

George Hons is quite anxious to have Judge Estee have court in Maui for the purpose of naturalizing candidates for citizenship. He interviewed the judge on the subject and was asked to circulate a petition.

Royal School Sold.

The Royal School was sold in sections, yesterday. It brought \$65 for the first floor and \$75 for the second and the garret, \$140 for the whole building. The lower floor was of coral and that's why the second brought more money.

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HONOLULU, H. I., AUGUST 11, 1900.

WEATHER YESTERDAY.

Mean Temperature—72 degrees. Minimum Temperature—64 degrees. Maximum Temperature—85 degrees. Rainfall—29.28, 9 p. m. Rainfall—53 inches. Mean Dew Point for the Day—65. Mean Relative Humidity—86. FORECAST FOR TODAY: Fresh trades, showers, morning and evening.

Buy public land only when its title has been adjudicated.

The Advertiser says "Judge Estee is a hot tamale." That is not just what the Advertiser said of the Judge when he was appointed.

When Thurston gets through abusing the Judges he cannot control he will probably devote himself to raising Kihel—to respectability.

And so the officials of Hawaii want the United States to pay rent for property which already belongs to the Federal government. What next?

McClanahan, McClanahan. Rolls off the tongue easily don't it? As easily as though one were speaking the name of a Chicago police court pettifogger.

The Daily Thurston is getting ready to attack the United States District Court. L. A., on "the dead side." Let us whisper to you that all the work will not do.

A good, virile administration of justice is what has been badly needed in Hawaii for a long time. With men like the present judges on the bench it seems certain such an administration will be had.

Papa Alatau feels hurt because the grand jury seems likely to ask his son-in-law Arthur some very serious questions. It's just awful, this interference with the beneficent workings of the family compact.

The days of favoritism in the courts are past and it makes those who were the beneficiaries of favoritism very indignant. The same condition of affairs will prevail ere long in the Territorial government. Favoritism will be a thing of the past.

Mr. Harold M. Sewall has a number of office equipments in his custody belonging to the United States which were formerly in the legation here. All these equipments were tendered to Judge Estee yesterday by Mr. Sewall for the use of the United States court and its officers.

The slow-going morning contemporary feels bad because of the manner in which it is being scooped in the local news field every day by The Republican. The "leaks" dearly beloved come about by hustling a following out of the promise to give the people of Honolulu a live, hustling, daily newspaper.

Yes indeed the eyes of the President and all the United States are on Hawaii and the sooner the officials of the new territory recognize that fact and the further fact that they are making themselves ridiculous to Americans by their actions the better it will be for Hawaii. An honest enforcement of the law may seem severe for those who have been the petted favorites of the court in the past but it is just what the Department of Justice at Washington wants and will most heartily endorse.

Why certainly, a judge who would dare to charge a grand jury to investigate open and notorious charges against any public officer who belongs to the family compact is not calculated to increase respect for the bench—that is, from those who feel the halter draw. But just the same the people, the backbone of the community, endorse fully the actions of the Judge of the First Circuit, and thank God that at last there is one public official who does not take orders from the members of the old oligarchy.

On another page of today's Republican appears in full the decision of General Appraiser Somerville of the treasury department on the status of imports from Hawaii into the United States during the interregnum between the time of the passage of the Newlands resolution and the taking effect of the Organic Act, together with the brief of the government. The appraiser refused to touch upon the constitutional question involved, saying that only the Supreme Court of the United States could finally and satisfactorily decide that question.

In the older territories of the United States, particularly all those created since 1860, the Supreme Court judges have presided as district judges over their respective districts, corresponding to the circuit courts of Hawaii. These district courts have not only transacted territorial business, but by Sec. 1910 of the Revised Statutes of the

United States "Each of these district courts have, and exercise, the same jurisdiction, in all cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States, as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, and the first six days of every term of the respective district courts, or so much thereof as is necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under such constitution and laws." Section 1874 further provides that "the expense of holding such courts shall be paid by the territory, or by the counties in which the courts are held, and the United States shall in no case be chargeable therewith." In the light of this do the territorial officials of Hawaii still believe they can collect rent from the United States for a court room for the United States District Court in Hawaii?

DEMOCRACY AND THE NEGRO.

On another page of today's Republican appears a telegraphic report of the State election in North Carolina held on August 1st, in which the constitutional amendment disfranchising 100,000 negro voters was adopted. The telegraphic report ingeniously says, "the Negroes, as a general thing, remained away from the polls." That's funny. Strange the Negroes should apparently take no interest in an election which meant so much to them. But there is light on the question, as will be seen from the following from the New York Mail and Express of July 29th:

"The Democratic campaign in North Carolina, which has for its chief object the adoption of a constitutional amendment to disfranchise something like 100,000 negro voters, appears to have reached its climax yesterday at the great mass meeting in the town of Lumberton. The occasion was characterized by the reappearance of the notorious 'Red Shirts,' whose acts of political intimidation disgraced the State fifteen years ago. More than 1,000 of these ruffians, heavily armed, mounted on horseback and accompanied with a Gatling gun, attended yesterday's gathering, and thousands of women and children also dressed in red adorned the proceedings with their presence. The meaning of it all was that the 'better element' of the white population is fully resolved to get rid of the negro vote, and that the colored man who goes to the polls at the forthcoming gubernatorial election will do so at his peril. In the light of this boastful Democratic conspiracy against negro suffrage the Bryanite howl against Republican 'imperialism' is little short of an insult to public common sense. No vulgar despot ever attempted a more monstrous act of imperialism than that which the North Carolina Democrats have now undertaken in their avowed determination to rob the negro of the ballot and reduce him to a state of political serfdom."

And this disfranchisement of the Negro in North Carolina is the sort of treatment the Democratic party would bestow upon the natives of Hawaii if it had the power.

Tillman and Liberty

[From the New York Mail and Express.] Just why Senator Tillman of South Carolina was chosen to read the Kansas City platform to the convention which afterward adopted it will probably never be generally known. He is certainly not more richly gifted than are his party brethren with charms of person and manner or with the subtle art of the orator. Possibly he was put forward as an exponent of the particular species of liberty which the Democratic party is anxious to extend to the dark skinned races whose political destinies have recently passed under American control. If that is the explanation, the fitness of the selection is undeniable. The first sentence of the platform which Mr. Tillman read with such fine theatrical effect is as follows: "We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, assembled in convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation, of the inalienable rights of man, and our allegiance to the constitution, framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the republic."

As a declaration of political ethics nothing could be finer than that. It sounds like the utterance of high minded patriots who believe in giving force and effect to the principle that all men are created equal. But when considered in the light of Mr. Tillman's own record and the record of the State which he represents in the Senate it becomes a revolting, nauseous insult to the very spirit of free institutions. It was only last winter that Senator Tillman, when taunted by Mr. Spooner with the disgraceful suppression of negro suffrage in South Carolina, brazenly admitted the charge, declared that he was proud of it, and upheld the infamy in these words: "We took the government away. We stuffed ballot boxes. We shot them. We are not ashamed of it. The Senator from Wisconsin would have done the same thing. I see it in his eye right now. He would have done it. With that system—force, tissue ballots, etc.—we got tired ourselves."

This unblushing confession of crime against the ballot has never been denied by the State which Mr. Tillman represents; it has never been condemned by the party to which he belongs, nor has it provoked a word of censure from the candidate whom he helped to nominate at Kansas City. The silent acquiescence of the Democratic party in the infamous destruction of civil liberty and a free ballot in South Carolina made it particularly appropriate that Mr. Tillman should be chosen to submit the Bryan platform to the Bryan convention. But to be consistent the resolution should have been written in the blood of the negroes whom Tillman and his associates have slain for having dared to exercise a political right guaranteed to them by the Constitution which Bryan's champions pretend to adore.

The job printing department of the Robert Grieve Printing Company has been enlarged and improved, though still in charge of the expert workmen who have so successfully served the business men and the general public for so many years.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

Meeting of Labor Representatives at Plumber's Union Hall

The labor organization of Honolulu met last night to discuss the Labor Day celebration, in the hall of the plumbers' union, corner of Fort and Beretania streets. There were representatives present from the machinists, molders, bricklayers, painters, harnessmakers, plumbers, boiler makers, electricians, tile setters and unskilled labor.

Chairman Connor of the plumbers' union called the meeting to order. John Lung acted as secretary. After considerable discussion it was decided to appoint a committee to take complete charge of all arrangements. These gentlemen, among others, were appointed on the committee: Messrs. Stoll, Ryan, Warne, Roe, May, James Mahoney, Wilson, Morrison, Ward, Riley, Haley, Cosack, Morem, Connor, Welsh, Slattery, Sullivan, Ohman and Powsell.

Suggestions were then in order and it was the opinion of all present that the government band should be hired and that a grand ball be given at the drill shed in the evening. Literary exercises are also contemplated, and Judge Humphreys is desired as the orator of the day. Next Wednesday evening there will be a meeting at the same place at 7:30 to further discuss the celebration. All are invited.

AMERICAN SHIPS ARE UNOBTAINABLE.

"American ships cannot be had for love or money, and owing to the Boer trouble, English vessels are very scarce. We have now five first-class cargo carriers on the line, the Strathgyle, Thyra, Belgian King, Carlisle City and Buerqa. Our business has increased so rapidly, however, that these are now wholly inadequate. We have an agent in London now, attempting to charter vessels, but owing to the different wars he is meeting with very little success."

This was the statement made by A. H. Butler, the president of the California and Oriental Steamship Company, whose vessels ply between San Francisco, San Diego, Honolulu, Japanese and Chinese ports.

"No," continued Mr. Butler, "these steamers do not carry any passengers, except in the steerage."

"We have quite extensive steerage accommodations. In fact almost every trip we bring over from 500 to 700 people. Being freight vessels, they are, of course, a trifle slow, calling at Honolulu only about once a month. It was our intention to put on four first-class passenger vessels this summer, but the Chinese question upset all our plans indefinitely."

"At this time American steamers are out of the question. American yards are now overrun with work, and an order for four first-class steamers could not be filled for two years at the least. As for chartering American vessels, that is an impossibility. They are now all transported or army freighters on route to the Philippines or China. No, sir, British steamers are the only ones which can be chartered now, and owing to the present troubles in China we are experiencing great difficulty in chartering them."

"We hope inside of another year to have a passenger line running over the present route. But if these present difficulties continue our plans may fall through again. The new laws in regard to the British steamers, etc., also hamper us to a considerable extent, but I expect the American Congress will change the laws, or at least be a little more lenient to the British lines, when they see how business is hampered. At least we can trust to luck and hope for the best."

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

The President of the United States of America.

To the Marshal of the Territory of Hawaii—Greeting:

Whereas, a Libel hath been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Territory of Hawaii, on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1900. By J. D. Spreckels & Bros Co., vs. Ship "Dunreggan" her tackle, apparel, furniture, boats, appurtenances and cargo for the reasons and causes in the said Libel mentioned, and praying the usual process and motion of the said Court in that behalf to be made, and that all persons interested in the said vessel, her tackle, etc., and cargo may be cited in general and special to answer the premises, and all proceedings being had that the said vessel, her tackle, etc., and cargo may be for the causes in the said Libel mentioned, be condemned and sold to pay the demands of the Libelants.

You are therefore hereby commanded to attach the said vessel, her tackle, etc., and cargo and to retain the same in your custody until the further order of the Court respecting the same, and to give due notice to all persons claiming the same, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned and sold pursuant to the prayer of the said Libel, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held in and for the Territory of Hawaii, on the Sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, if that day shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and to make their allegations on that behalf.

And what you shall have done in the premises, do you then and there make return thereof, together with this writ. Witness, the Hon. Morris M. Estee, Judge of said Court, at the City of Honolulu, in the Territory of Hawaii, this 10th day of August, A. D. 1900, and of our independence, the one hundred and twenty-fifth.

WALTER B. MALING, Clerk. F. M. HATCH, Proctor for Libelant. A true copy Attest: D. A. RAY, United States Marshal for the Territory of Hawaii.

By Authority.

SALE OF LEASE OF GOVERNMENT LOT NO. 60, ESPLANADE.

On Wednesday, September 12, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Capitol (Executive Building) will be sold at public auction the lease of Government Lot No. 60.

Term—30 years. Upset Rental—\$450 per annum, payable quarterly in advance. Possession of this lot will be given October 1, 1900. This sale is upon the conditions provided for in Sections 2 and 4 of Act 7 of the Laws of 1896, viz.:

Section 1. Every such lease shall contain a covenant on the part of the lessee that he shall during the first four years of the term of the lease cause to be erected upon the leased property a fire-proof building of brick, stone or metal, in a workmanlike manner, satisfactory to the Superintendent, at not less than two-thirds of its value, for the benefit of the lessor, and shall keep such building in good repair during the remainder of the term of the lease, reasonable use and wear thereof only excepted, and in case of damage or destruction of such building by fire shall make good such loss or damage by the necessary repairs or reconstruction, or else surrender the insurance to the lessor.

Section 4. Every such lease shall also contain a covenant on the part of the lessor, that upon the request in writing of the lessee or his representatives, before the expiration of the term thereof, the premises, with the improvements, shall, if all the conditions to be performed by the lessee have been satisfactorily performed, be put up at auction for a lease of a term of not over twenty years, unless said premises shall be required for public use, of which the lessee shall receive at least one year's notice. Such auction sale shall be held not more than six months nor less than one month before the expiration of said term. The cost of building to be erected, in accordance with Section 2, as above, of said building to be of brick or stone.

The material to be used for the erection of said building to be of brick or stone. Map of this lot can be seen at the Public Works Department, Honolulu, Oahu.

J. A. McCANDLESS, Superintendent of Public Works. Public Works Office, Honolulu, August 8, 1900.

Honolulu Iron Works Co.

STEAM ENGINES, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Coolers, Brass and Lead Castings. And Machinery of every description made to order. Particular attention paid to ship's blacksmithing. Job work executed on the shortest notice.

FOR SALE Kalihii Property

Two lots 50x100. One lot 100x100 on which is a house containing six rooms. For particulars apply to DAVID K. UNAUNA, Wilder S. S. Warehouse, Esplanade.

ART EMBROIDERY TAUGHT.

HAVING resumed my Classes in ART EMBROIDERY, I will receive Pupils every morning from 9:30 to 11:30 during vacation. Good Stamping done. MRS. H. H. WILLIAMS, 777 Fort Street, near Vineyard.

Hawaii Shimpo Sha.

THE Pioneer Japanese Printing Office. The Publisher of "HAWAII SHIMPO," the only daily Japanese Paper Published in the Territory of Hawaii. Y. SOGA, Editor. C. SHIOZAWA, Proprietor.

BEAVER LUNCH ROOMS.

H. J. NOLTE : : : : Proprietor. Fort Street, opp. Spreckel's Bank.

First Class Lunches Served

With Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk. Open from 3 a. m. to 8 p. m. Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

Astor House Restaurant

Corner King & Alakea Streets. Meals served at all hours. First class in every detail.

AH CHUCK, Proprietor

Alarm Clocks

All Kinds, All Prices.

BLART'S JEWELRY.

404 1/2 For 1st

THE BANK OF HAWAII.

—LIMITED—

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

CAPITAL \$400,000.00 OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Charles M. Cooke, President; P. C. Jones, Vice-President; C. H. Cooke, Cashier; F. C. Atherton, Assistant Cashier.

Directors: Henry Waterhouse, Tom May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless. Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and purchase Foreign Exchange, issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in passbooks, copies of which may be had on application. Judd Building, Fort Street.

We are showing the Largest Assortment of

European Rugs

We have ever handled at prices that cannot be repeated, as the present Duty on these lines is prohibitive. They comprise:

TAPESTRY, AXMINSTER, KIDDERMINSTER, VELVET PILE, KINGSWOOD, DAG DAG, and BODY BRUSSELS in CENTER, SOFA and DOOR MATS, HALL and STAIR CARPET in Tapestry, VELVET PILE and BODY BRUSSELS, in Great Variety.

JAPANESE JUTE RUGS, STRAW MATS and MATTING, LIMOLEUM, OILCLOTH, COCOA FIBRE MATTING, DOOR MATS always on hand at

E. W. JORDAN

NO. 10 FORT ST.

FINANCIAL.

BISHOP & CO. BANKERS.

TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

Commercial and Travelers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all the Principal Cities of the World.

BISHOP & CO., SAVINGS BANK

Office at banking building on Merchant Street.

Savings Deposits will be received and interest allowed by this Bank at 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.

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LAUS SPRECKELS, WM. G. IRWIN.

Claus Spreckels & Co., Bankers.

HONOLULU, H. I. San Francisco Agents—The Nevada National Bank of San Francisco. —DRAW EXCHANGE ON— SAN FRANCISCO—The Nevada National Bank of San Francisco. LONDON—The Union Bank of London, Ltd. NEW YORK—American Exchange National Bank. CHICAGO—Merchants' National Bank.

PARIS—Credit Lyonnais. BERLIN—Dresdener Bank. HONGKONG AND YOKOHAMA—The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

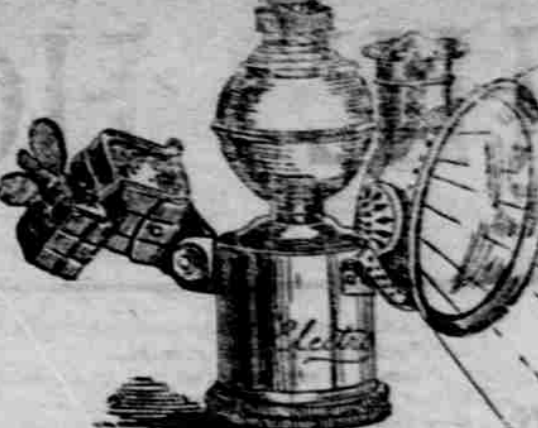
NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA—Bank of New Zealand. VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER—Bank of British North America.

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Silent Barber Shop

SEVEN FIRST-CLASS BARBERS. Arlington Block, : : : Hotel St. JOSEPH FERNANDES, Prop.



1900 Electro Gas Lamp —ON YOUR— Bicycle or Carriage.

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By the "AUSTRALIA."

Fresh Apples, Naval Oranges, Lemons, Grapes (Assd. varieties), Plums (Assd. varieties), Peaches, Apricots.

Celery, Cauliflower, Turnips, Refrigerated Poultry, Frozen Oysters and Fish, Fancy Cream Cheese (in foil), Smoked Salmon and Halibut, Cervelat Sausage.

Gruenhagens' Chocolates.

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TWO BIG STORES THE WATERHOUSE STORE, Bethel Street, Telephone 24 THE McINTYRE STORE, Cor King and Fort Sts. Tel 22

Advertisement for THE PEERLESS PRESERVING PAINT, featuring a circular logo with text: H.P. WALTON MANAGER, WATERPROOF PAINT MADE IN AUSTRIA, THE ONLY WATERPROOF PAINT WARRANTED ALL-WE CLAIM FOR IT, ALL ROOMS GUARANTEED AGAINST RUST, DECAY & MOLD, WILL GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION, FACTORY KAWAIAO, OFFICE 577 FORT ST.

THE LEADING Hair Dressing and Manicuring Parlors.

If you want to rent a house. If you want to buy a home. If you want to sell your house. If you want to rent your house. If you have something to auction. Ring up

MAIN 79 Will E. Fisher,

Corner of Merchant and Alakea St.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

Subscribed Capital - Yen 24,000,000 Paid Up Capital - Yen 18,000,000 Reserved Fund - Yen 8,000,000

THE MISSES de LARTIGUE.

Engagements made by PHONE 343. REMOVAL. J. ALEREZ MAGOON, Attorney at Law. Removed to Magoon Building, corner Alakea and Merchant Streets, up stairs, Suites 1-2 & 4. 37-1m

REMOVAL.

OFFICE OF JOHN H. Estate, Ltd., Removed to Magoon Building, corner Merchant and Alakea Streets, up stairs. 37-1m

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WATCHMAKER & JEWELER. NO. 8 KING ST. NEAR NUUANU P. O. Box 1020. The Republican is represented by special correspondents at Washington and San Francisco, and has a complete island service.

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Stearns Bicycles

FIRST CLASS AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

MILWAUKEE PUNCTURE PROOF TIRE,
 Sole Agent and Representative of the Company in
 Hawaiian Islands.

Morgan and Wright
 Distributor—Hack Tires,
 Rubber Goods,
 Pneumatic Tires
 And Representative Here.

REPAIRING.

Bailey's Honolulu Cyclery Company, Limited.
 227, 229, 231 KING STREET.

GRIMWOOD, RICHARDSON & CO.

CIVIL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,
 AND CONTRACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

PARKE & LACY CO.
 PELTON WATER WHEEL CO.,
 H. N. COOK BELTING CO.

WHITTIER, COBURN CO. Lubricating Oils, Grease
 and Paints.

BYRON JACKSON MACHINE WORKS, Whirlpool
 Centrifugal Pumps.

CALIFORNIA ANTI-CALORIC CO.
 Anti-Caloric Pipe and Boiler Plaster.
 Anti-Caloric Boiler Blocks,
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PACIFIC AMMONIA & CHEMICAL CO.
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 MEESE & GOTTFRIED CO. LINDE ICE MACHINE.

OFFICE, Telephone 613. JUDD BUILDING
 P. O. Box 450

SHIPMENT OF

Golf and

Standard Shirts

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IWAKAMI'S,

ROBINSON BLOCK, Hotel Street.

BEVERAGES

SUPERIOR COLD
 ANIMATING LUSCIOUS

CARBONATED FOUNTAIN DRINKS
 (SODA WATER)

NUTRITIOUS DELICIOUS REFRESHING
 IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE PERFECT

Great Variety of Flavors Novelties Added Frequently

Our Vichy a Special Feature
 Natural Fruits Our Own Selection

Our Ice Cream "par excellence" The Finest

FOUNTAIN, COR. FORT AND HOTEL STS.

Noted as the Coolest Corner in Town

BENSON, SMITH & Co., LTD.

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

An Elegant Line of Ties, Shirts, Pajamas, Silk and
 Gropes, Kimonos, Etc., Etc.

A Large Stock of Ladies', Gents' and Children's STRAW
 HATS on hand.

K. ISOSHIMA,
 King Street, Below Castle & Cooke's.

Read The Honolulu Republican.

**STATUS OF HAWAII
 DURING INTERREGNUM.**

**Decision of Treasury
 Department on
 Tariff.**

HOLDS DUTIES MUST BE PAID.

**REFUSES TO PASS UPON CON-
 STITUTIONAL QUESTIONS
 INVOLVED.**

Declares That They Must Be Final-
 ly Settled by the Supreme
 Court of the United
 States.

[Staff Correspondence of The Republican.]

NEW YORK, July 28.—General ap-
 praiser Somerville yesterday handed
 down a decision overruling the pro-
 test of W. H. Crossman & Bro. against
 the assessment of duty on merchandise
 imported into this country from Ha-
 waii. The importers claimed that such
 assessment was unconstitutional, on the
 ground that Hawaii had become a part
 of the United States by the joint resolu-
 tion of Congress of July 7, 1898.

Mr. Somerville did not attempt to de-
 cide the constitutional question involv-
 ed, but overruled the protest on the
 principle that no act of Congress should
 be pronounced unconstitutional unless
 its incompatibility with the constitu-
 tion is clear. The decision is in part as
 follows:

The question involved in this protest
 is the constitutional right of Congress
 to levy duties on merchandise imported
 from the Hawaiian Islands after the
 promulgation of the joint resolution to
 provide for annexing the Hawaiian
 Islands to the United States, approved
 July 7, 1898.

The goods in question, which were
 imported from Honolulu into the port
 of New York on April 26, 1900, consist
 of whisky, brandy and jam. These ar-
 ticles were assessed for duty under ap-
 propriate paragraphs of the tariff act
 of July 24, 1897, and no question is
 made as to the correctness of the col-
 lector's classification, it being conceded
 that if the articles were dutiable at all
 under said act, the proper duties were
 assessed upon them.

The contention of the importers is
 that at the time of the shipment and
 entry of the goods the Hawaiian Is-
 lands constituted a part of the territory
 of the United States, and that for this
 reason they were not subject to duty
 under the Dingley act, but were entitled
 to free entry. The right of Congress to
 levy these duties is denied.

The antagonistic contentions involv-
 ed in this protest may be briefly for-
 mulated as follows:

It is contended on the part of the
 government that the Federal constitu-
 tion does not extend, ex proprio
 vigore, with all its limitations, to newly
 acquired territory not yet admitted as
 a State; that the power of Congress
 over the territories is general and
 plenary to make such rules and regu-
 lations for their government as, in its
 discretion, that body may see fit to
 do, subject only to those fundamental
 limitations in favor of personal rights
 which are formulated in the Constitu-
 tion and in its amendments, it being
 contended that these limitations arise
 by inference and from the general
 spirit of that instrument rather than
 by express and direct application of its
 provisions.

A further contention of the govern-
 ment is that until Congress by special
 legislation extends the tariff and other
 revenue laws over newly acquired terri-
 tory, and establishes therein collection
 districts, with ports of entry and clear-
 ance for vessels, such territory remains
 a foreign country for tariff purposes,
 and its ports are not domestic ports
 within the meaning of the laws of
 Congress.

The importers, on the other hand,
 contend that Congress is the creature
 of the Federal Constitution; that it
 necessarily derives all its just powers
 from the provisions of that instrument,
 and that, while in legislating for the
 territories, it may properly exercise the
 combined powers of the general and
 of a state government, nevertheless the
 Federal government, one of delegated
 powers, and all of its legislative au-
 thority must be exercised in subordi-
 nation to the principles and subject to
 the limitations of the constitution.

On these issues the decisions of the
 courts and the opinions of jurists are,
 apparently, in a state of conflict, it not
 of intractable confusion. The question
 of the constitutional powers of Con-
 gress over newly acquired territory
 must finally be settled by an authori-
 tative decision at the hands of the
 highest judicial authority in the land,
 the Supreme Court of the United States,
 the final arbiter of all such disputed
 judicial questions.

In pronouncing on the constitution-
 ality of a legislative act, the rule
 adopted by the courts is to indulge the
 presumption that such act is constitu-
 tional until clearly convinced to the
 contrary.

In view of this well settled principle
 and of the conflict of authorities, the
 board thinks it proper to overrule the
 protest and affirm the collector's de-
 cision, which is accordingly ordered.

Brief of Government Counsel.

The brief of the government, prepared
 by Acting Counsel for the Treasury
 Henry J. Webster, in reply to the pro-
 test of the importers, contended:

"Congress has power to annex for-
 eign territory to the United States
 without making it a part of the United
 States for customs purposes.

"It having been held in many de-
 cisions, including the recent one of the
 Circuit Court in the Porto Rico case,
 that the treaty-making power (the
 President and the Senate) can do this,
 it would seem to be indisputable that
 the legislative power, which includes
 the President, the Senate and the House
 of Representatives, can do it. It has
 also been held directly that Congress
 has the power to govern territories
 and impose taxes on such territories,
 different from those imposed in the
 States.

"The only new question in this case,
 therefore, is, What has Congress done

by the joint resolution of July 7, 1898?
 Does that resolution incorporate the
 Hawaiian Islands into the United
 States for customs purposes, or does it
 simply extend the sovereignty and do-
 minion of the United States over the
 Islands without making them a part
 of the United States for customs pur-
 poses? The solution of this question
 depends wholly upon the language of
 the joint resolution in question.

"The joint resolution does not make
 the Hawaiian Islands a part of the
 United States for customs purposes.
 "On the contrary, it expressly pro-
 vides that 'until legislation shall be en-
 acted extending the United States cus-
 toms laws and regulations to the Ha-
 waiian Islands the existing customs
 regulation of the Hawaiian Islands
 with the United States and other coun-
 tries shall remain unchanged.'

"The meaning of Congress is thus ex-
 pressed in plain and unambiguous lan-
 guage. It is claimed, however, that
 this provision is unconstitutional be-
 cause by the same resolution 'said con-
 cession is accepted, ratified and confirmed,
 and that the said Hawaiian Islands and
 their dependencies be, and they are
 hereby, annexed as a part of the terri-
 tory of the United States, and are sub-
 ject to the sovereign dominion thereof.'

"In this portion of the resolution
 there is no specific mention of 'customs
 relations,' but it is construed by the
 protestants as providing absolutely for
 the incorporation of the islands into
 the United States for all purposes
 whatsoever, including customs.

"They apparently rely upon the ex-
 pression 'as a part of the territory of
 the United States,' but the words imme-
 diately following these—and are sub-
 ject to the sovereign dominion there-
 of—imply with reasonable clearness
 the purpose of simply accepting the
 sovereignty and not giving the islands
 a status as an integral part of the Union
 for all purposes.

"Therefore, the utmost that can be
 said on the importers' side is that if
 this clause in the resolution were the
 whole of it there would be a doubt
 as to the effect. It was to dispel this
 doubt that Congress inserted the sub-
 sequent clause relating specifically to
 customs duties.

"No rule of law is more firmly es-
 tablished than that, in ascertaining the
 meaning of a part of a statute or other
 instrument, every material part of the
 act or instrument must be considered.

"Chief Justice Marshall expressed
 this rule as follows:

"That a law is the best expositor of
 itself; that every part of an act is to be
 taken into view for the purpose of dis-
 covering the mind of the legislature,
 and that the details of one part may
 contain regulations restricting the ex-
 tent of general expressions used in an-
 other part of the same act, are among
 those plain rules laid down by common
 sense for the exposition of statutes,
 which have been uniformly acknowl-
 edged."

"Chief Justice Fuller has also said:
 "Moreover, in arriving at the true
 intention of Congress, we cannot treat
 Section 1 as if it constituted the entire
 act, but must deduce the intention from
 a view of the whole statute and from
 the material of it."

E. S. L.

Approving Plague Bills.

Clerk Charles Wilcox, of the Board
 of Health, is in work up to his neck
 preparing the plague bills and getting
 them in readiness for a frigid reception
 in the office of the Territorial Auditor.

The Sunday Republican has become
 very popular and will be enlarged and
 improved from time to time.

By Authority.

SALE OF LEASE OF GOVERNMENT
 LOT NO. 60, ESPLANADE.

On Wednesday, September 12, 1900,
 at 12 o'clock noon, at the front en-
 trance of the Capitol (Executive Build-
 ing) will be sold at public auction the
 lease of Government Lot No. 60.

Term—30 years.

Upset Rental—\$450 per annum, pay-
 able quarterly in advance. Possession
 of this lot will be given October 1, 1900.

This sale is upon the conditions pro-
 vided for in Sections 2 and 4 of Act
 7 of the Laws of 1896, viz:

Section 1. Every such lease shall con-
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 lessee that he shall during the first
 four years of the term of the lease
 cause to be erected upon the leased
 property a fire-proof building of brick,
 stone or metal, in a workmanlike man-
 ner, satisfactory to the Superintendent,
 at not less than two-thirds of its value,
 for the benefit of the lessor, and shall
 keep such building in good repair dur-
 ing the remainder of the term of the
 lease, and wear thereof only excepted, and
 in case of damage or destruction of such
 building by fire shall make good such
 loss or damage by the necessary repairs
 or reconstruction, or else surrender
 the insurance to the lessor.

Section 4. Every such lease shall
 also contain a covenant on the part of
 the lessor, that upon the request in
 writing of the lessee or his representa-
 tives, before the expiration of the term
 thereof, the premises, with the im-
 provements, shall, if all the conditions
 to be performed by the lessee have
 been satisfactorily performed, be put
 up at auction for a lease of a term of
 not over twenty years, unless said
 premises shall be required for public
 uses, of which the lessee shall receive
 at least one year's notice. Such auc-
 tion sale shall be held not more than
 six months nor less than one month
 before the expiration of said term.

The cost of building to be erected, in
 accordance with Section 2, as above,
 to cost not less than \$5,000.

The material to be used for the erec-
 tion of said building to be of brick or
 stone.

Map of this lot can be seen at the
 Public Works Department, Honolulu,
 Oahu.

J. A. McCANDLESS,
 Superintendent of Public Works.
 Public Works Office, Honolulu, August
 8, 1900.

Visiting cards printed "while you
 wait" at this office.

Hawaiian Ballasting Co.

NO. 16, QUEEN ST.

H. L. EVANS,
 MANAGER

Foundation Stone,
 Curbing, Black and
 White Sand,
 AND
 Soil of all Description for
 Sale.
 Drays for Hire.

When You Go To WAILUKU

—STOP AT THE—

WINDSOR

First-Class House in Every Detail.

MRS. G. B. ROBERTSON,
 Manager.

Wailuku, Maui.

PURDY & BARON.

SHIP CARPENTERING,
 BOAT BUILDING,
 SMITHING,
 AND GENERAL REPAIR WORK.

Shop: SUMNER'S ISLAND
 Phone 806. P. O. Box 282, Honolulu.

F. W. Makinney

SEARCHER
 OF RECORDS

Office—Opposite W. G. IRWIN & Co.

Abstracts and Certificates of Title
 Carefully Prepared

Money to Loan on Real Estate
 Security

**The Hawaiian
 Hardware Co., Ltd.**

Importers and Dealers in
 Hardware, Crockery,
 and Glassware.

2, 3 and 4 Light Chandeliers and Elec-
 troliers, Metal and Glass Lamps,
 Lamp Fixtures.

Paints Oils and Varnishes,
 Lard oil, Cylinder oil, Dynamo oils, etc.
 Powder, Shot and Caps, Agricul-
 tural Implements, etc.

House Furnishing Goods, Etc.

Silver Plated Ware of all descriptions,
 Table Cutlery, etc.

Plantation Supplies of
 Every Description.

Hart's Patent "Duplex" Die Stock for
 Pipe and Bolt Cutting; Rubber
 Hose, plain or wire bound, etc.

Agents for
The Aermotor,
 Made of steel and will last longer and
 give better satisfaction than any
 other manufactured.

Orders from the other Islands sol-
 icited and promptly filled.

If You Take Advantage

of the prices we are
 offering our NEW LINE
 of

BED ROOM SETS

You will be getting them
 at bagains never before
 heard of in Honolulu

**Our Prices
 Are Figures
 That Talk.**

Come and judge for your-
 self

THE

Coyne Furniture Co.,
 PROGRESS BLOCK.

Corner Fort and Baretania Streets.

SEATTLE BEER

On Draught or in Bottles
 at the
"CRITERION"

Owensboro, Ky., July 13, 1900.

MESSRS. W. C. PEACOCK & CO., LTD.
 Honolulu, H. T.

DEAR SIRS:

Am pleased to inform you that we have just re-
 ceived notice from the Government that GREEN
 RIVER WHISKY has again been selected for the ex-
 clusive use for another year in all of the U. S. Navy
 Hospitals, being the third in succession.

Yours Truly,
 (Signed) J. W. McCULLOCH

A carload of this celebrated Whisky will arrive per Emelle
 F. Whitney, and will be offered for sale by

W. C. Peacock & Co., Ltd.
 SOLE AGENTS.

**Carbolinium, Coal Tar, Stockholm
 Tar, Rosin, Pitch,
 Dead Oil,**

none of which make good mixed drinks and our license
 does not allow us to sell them on Sunday, but when bought
 on other days and applied properly they are all very use-
 ful. Our stock of above articles is large and we mention
 them simply to let you know where to call when needing
 them.

**E. O. HALL & SON,
 Limited, King Street.**

THE

**WHITE
 HOUSE**

STOCKINGS

STOCKINGS

STOCKINGS

SPECIAL SALE

See Our Window Display.

**AMERICAN
 DRYGOODS ASSOCIATION**

The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.,

Has Removed its Offices and Showroom to

Alakea Street, Makai Merchant.

BARGAINS IN ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

On and after August 9, all Electric Fixtures
 and Shades now in stock will be sold at a GREAT
 SACRIFICE to make room for shipment to arrive
 per "Andrew Welch."

GOO KIM 210 NUUANU STREET,
 ABOVE HOTEL.

Have just opened a New and Fine Line of

SILK GOODS

Consisting of EMBROIDERED SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, INDIA
 LINEN, VICTORIA LAWN, HEAVY PONGEE SILK, for Men's Suits;
 EMBROIDERED SILK PIANO COVERS.

CLOTHING TO ORDER ON SHORTER NOTICE
 The above have just been opened and are of the latest patterns.



Good Butter

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF I. X. L. Tamales at 10 Cents, Imported Ham Sausages at 25 Cents, Fresh Crackers, Candies, Etc., Etc.

SALTER & WAITY Tel. 680. Orpheum Block. Grocers.

The Porter Furniture Co.

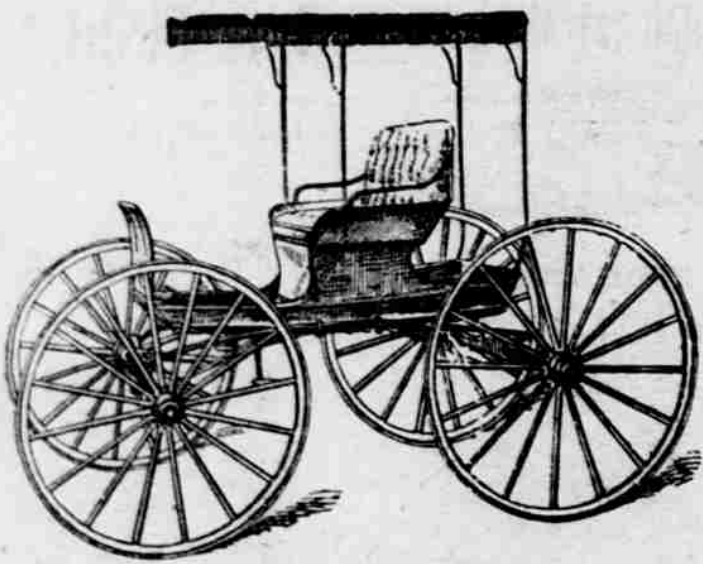
BETHEL AND HOTEL STREETS

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Furniture and Upholstery

- Chamber Suits, Chiffoniers, Chairs, Tables, Side Boards, Divans, China Closets, Extension Tables, Direct from Eastern Factories

Something New in Runabouts.



We have just received direct from the manufacturers, a shipment of these popular vehicles, EQUIPPED WITH THE O'BRIEN PATENT SPRING. They are built on honor, built to wear, balanced to the equisite of successful nicety on the EASIEST RIDING SPRINGS EVER INVENTED.

PACIFIC VEHICLE & SUPPLY CO. LTD. DAY BLOCK. BERETANIA STREET. Next to the Fire Station.

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd. SUGAR FACTORS.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

- AGENTS FOR: Lloyds, Canadian-Australian Steamship Line, British & Foreign Marine Insurance Co., Northern Assurance Co. (Fire and Life), Canadian Pacific Railway Co., Pioneer Line of Packets from Liverpool.

The Honolulu Tobacco Co., Ltd., CORNER FORT AND MERCHANT STREETS.

Has received per Australia from NEW YORK the world renowned brand of Cigars.

Lillian Russell Puritanos

This elegant CIGAR can be purchased for FIVE CENTS ONLY. TRY THEM NONE BETTER

Just a Few Words for the Honolulu Belle.

She succeeds where all others fail with the man that appreciates a good thing when he sees it. When you once obtain the delight that this new Maiden affords, there can be none in the field to cut her out, with those who understand how to blow their money into smoke economically.

Ask for and try the "Honolulu Belle." Sold by all retailers. J. J. FLOWSKY, Sole Distributor. Territory of Hawaii.

FRED HARRISON CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Jobbing Promptly Attended to

READY TO DELIVER ICE

THE OAHU ICE & ELECTRIC CO.

Have everything in readiness and are prepared to serve their customers with ICE manufactured from pure condensed water from artesian wells.

YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED. HOFFMAN & MARKHAM Telephone 3151, Blue. P. O. Box 600

A LIBERAL COMPANY. The PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY of New York, furnishes maximum insurance at a minimum cost.

ALL KINDS OF Horse Furnishing Goods ON HAND.

Plantation Orders Solicited at Living Prices. California Harness Shop, 639 KING STREET, Lincoln Block. Telephone 778.

Advertisement for HAWAIIAN NEWS CO. LIMITED. Features a large black silhouette of a person and the text 'NO SCREW TO BREAK!' and 'NO JOINT TO LEAK!'.

DRIFTWOOD ON THE COURT CALENDAR.

Oral Opinion by Judge Humphreys on Subject.

BAR AND OTHERS ENTERTAINED.

CASES STRICKEN FROM THE CALENDAR CANNOT BE REINSTATED.

How Litigation Has Been Conducted in Many Actions for Years—Dickens and British Chancery Court.

There was an overflow of attorneys in Judge Humphreys' court room yesterday morning. Nearly every member of the Honolulu bar was present. Judge Este, the distinguished jurist, was also in attendance.

Judge Humphreys, always entertaining and instructive, was particularly felicitous, forcible and logical. The Judge delivered an oral opinion concerning the cases that he had stricken from the calendar, and for which a number of motions, accompanied by affidavits, had been made for reinstatement.

The decision was rendered on a motion of Robertson and Widge to reinstate on the calendar five appeal cases growing out of the litigation of Parker et al. vs. Palea and E. K. Bull from the Koolauoko District Court, which had been dismissed by Judge Humphreys for non-appearance of attorneys when called up for hearing.

For nearly half an hour the Judge spoke without notes. At first his remarks were received coolly by the bar. But as he continued and his logical and unanswerable argument was unfolded, it was easy to the most casual observer to discern that he was carrying the majority of his auditors with him.

Succinctly the facts relating to the dismissal of the cases were reviewed. If there were a misapprehension as to when the cases were to have been called the court could not be blamed. Upon Mr. Robertson's statement in affidavit that he was conversant with the facts and law of the case, that defendants had a good defense and would suffer injustice if their cases were not heard, the court stated that this was but a conclusion of law.

Numerous authorities were cited showing that facts should have been cited in detail for the guidance of the court. There was nothing on the records to show that, although these appeals had been pending for one or more years, a single subpoena had been served on a witness.

Judge Humphreys then discussed the congested condition of the calendar. A number of causes for this congestion had been made evident to him while presiding at the bar. Merchants would bring suit against slow paying customers for the recovery of debts in the District Court. The debtor would appeal from judgment against him, trusting to the law's delay to stave off payment for perhaps several years.

The calendar, in consequence, had become congested with a mass of dead wood. Comparatively very few fresh cases were on the present term calendar. Many of the cases were from one to six years old. There was no occasion for this. Litigants kept agreeing to postpone. He mentioned a case that had been heard six years ago. The Judge had been promoted to a higher position and had grossly neglected to render a decision prior to receiving his promotion.

If something were not done and done quickly to rid the calendar of its accumulation of dead wood, what Charles Dickens said of the British Chancery Court fifty years ago, could be very pertinently said of the Circuit Court of the Territory of Hawaii. Judge Humphreys read from Dickens:

"Well may the court be dim, with waning candles here and there; well may the fog hang heavy in it, as if it would never get out; well may the stained glass windows lose their color, and admit no light of day into the place; well may the uninitiated from the streets who peep in through the glass panes in the door, be deterred from entrance by its owlish aspect, and by the drawl languidly echoing to the roof from the padded dais where the Lord High Chancellor looks into the lantern that has no light in it and where the attendant wigs are all stuck in a fog bank!"

"This is the court which has its jecaying houses and its blighted lands in every shire; which has its worn out inmates in every manorhouse and its dead in every churchyard; which has its ruined suitors with his slippard heels and threadbare dress borrowing and begging through the round of every man's acquaintance; which gives to moneyed might the means abundantly of wearing out the right; which so exhausts finances, hope, patience and courage, that there is not an honorable man at the bar who would not give—who does not often give—the warning, 'suffer any wrong that can be done you rather than come here.'"

Judge Humphreys quoted authorities to show that when a case was dismissed for non-appearance of appellant, the court did not have jurisdiction to reinstate the case. There was technically but one day for the appearance of parties—the first day of the term. The parties and witnesses must be present then and be ready for trial at any time during the term.

The court overruled the motion to reinstate the case. Mr. Robertson noted exceptions. W. O. Smith attempted to explain the congested condition of the calendar. George A. Davis strongly supported the condition taken by the court.

WHAT MR. ROBERTSON SAYS. He Will Bring the Matter Before the Supreme Court. A. G. M. Robertson, of the firm of Robertson & Wilder, defendants counsel, was seen by a Republican reporter. He said: "The cases have been pending for a year; it is true, but this is the

first time that they have been reached on the calendar. The plaintiffs were not ready for trial no more than the defendants. I think Judge Humphreys has acted arbitrarily. If the parties and witnesses for the plaintiffs had been present and our side was unrepresented and the Judge had stricken the case from the calendar, I shouldn't have thought so much about it. I shall bring the matter before the Supreme Court."

OF PERSONAL INTEREST

In the case of Julia A. Paty vs. Oahu Railroad and Land Company the attorneys waive jury and stipulate that the case may be tried in vacation.

The attorneys in the cases of the Kaplani Estate vs. E. Peck & Co; the Estate vs. W. R. Castle et al; the Estate vs. L. A. Thurston have stipulated that they shall be heard at next term of court.

Twenty-nine cases against the Canadian-Australian steamship were dismissed by Judge Humphreys yesterday. The company compromised the cases for \$15,000, as already told in the Republican.

Ladies, if you are desirous of obtaining the latest in shell combs, back and side combs, hair ornaments etc., call at the Misses de Lartigue, Hair Dressing and Manicuring Parlors, Hotel street, next to the M. C. A. They have also a new line of large and small well pins, plain celluloid pins and combs.

An excellent opportunity now affords the ladies of Honolulu, to buy their needs in millinery at a very small cost. Mrs. Naphaly, Love Building is offering her entire stock of fine millinery at prices positively below cost. All the goods are new and of the very latest styles. See Add in this issue on other page.

DESKY AWARDED DAMAGES.

He Recovers Three Hundred Dollars From Mrs. Lack.

Judge Humphreys yesterday rendered a decision in the case of C. S. Desky against Mrs. Thomas Lack, awarding \$300 and costs to the plaintiff. It was a damage suit and judgment for the full amount asked was given. Mr. Desky rented an office from the defendant and was flooded out, owing to defective plumbing.

George A. Davis, immediately after the decision was rendered, moved to arrest judgment on the ground that the defendant was sued and decision rendered against Mrs. Thomas Lack, which is not the defendant's name, it being Sophia Lack.

Band Concert.

The following is the program of the band concert to be given at Emma Square this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock: Overture—"Call of Bagdad" Boieldieu Fantasia—"In Memoriam" Napoli Gavotte—"Farewell" Kappeli Selection—"Jerusalem" Verdi March—"Alma Mater" Holt Waltz—"Los Angeles" Godfrey "The Star Spangled Banner."

McGurn Released.

Ex-bailiff Albert McGurn, sentenced by Judge Humphreys to pay a fine of \$15 for contempt of court Thursday, yesterday paid his fine and was released from custody.

Good Medicine for Children

If you have a baby in the house you will wish to know the best way to check any unusual looseness of the bowels, or diarrhoea so common to small children. O. P. M. Holliday, of Deming, Ind., who has an 11-months-old child, says: "Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off of the bowels and sickness of the stomach. His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water, and he got better at once." For sale at all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, Hawaiian Territory.

DEPENDABLE DRUGS

The Tariff

Change has not affected the price of our Perfumes. Fortunately for us and for our patrons we laid in a large stock just prior to the change.

We watch the market very closely and buy right, but never sacrifice quality for price.

We carry the largest stock and assortment of standard makes.

French Perfumes, Face Powders, Toilet Waters, American Perfumes.

We wish to impress you that these goods are all from well known makers, whose goods are as well and favorably known as their names.

Fort St. : : King St.

NEW SKIRTS

Made of

Piques, Crashes, Ducks, Etc.

Correctly Tailored, Finish, Style and Price to Your Taste

WHITNEY & MARSH, Ltd.

519 FORT STREET. TELEPHONE 436.

King Street Stables.

The Largest and Finest Stock of Livery in the Hawaiian Islands and the Most Popular

Prices

Honolulu Stock Yards Co LIMITED.

...IS KING...

AND OURS is the "Noblest Roman of them all." We have mastered the Serge Suit situation by sheer force of merit, and there is none now so stupid as to dispute our leadership. Our \$15 Suits are the \$20 in every other store. And every other merchant knows that is so. Why shouldn't you know it, too, when the knowledge is worth \$5 to you? We guarantee every Suit—guarantee them to hold color, shape and smoothness. We represent them to be absolutely flawless. If they prove otherwise, come and get another Suit. No other house dare make such a guarantee, but we know whereof we speak.

An Earning of 20 per Cent.

Is declared to purchasers of Boys' and Children's Vests and Sailor Suits. Come and get your choice out of the largest stock in town.

THE "KASH"

Two Stores, Two Stocks, Two Telephones—96 and 676 P. O. BOX 558. 9 and 11 Hotel St., and corner of Fort and Hotel Sts.

City Furniture Store . . .

H. H. WILLIAMS,

Nos. 534-536 Love Building : : : Telephone 846 FORT STREET.

Bedroom Sets at Bargain Day prices. Baby Carriages the same. Full line of Wicker Furniture at prices never before quoted here. Undertaker and Embalmer and prompt response to all calls.

RISDON IRON WORKS, SAN FRANCISCO.

Engineers and Builders of

- High Duty Flywheel Pumping Engines. All classes of Hydraulic Machinery. Water Wheels for direct connected generators for long distance transmission. Marine, Holme Patent Water Tube and plain Tubular Boilers. Corliss and High Speed Automatic Engines. Builders for all machinery for the complete installation of Sugar Mills and Ice and Refrigerating Machinery.

OFFICE: Room 12 Spreckels' Block. Telephone 194, Honolulu.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AS A PREACHER. AN EXTRAORDINARY SERMON ABOARD HIS YACHT HOHENZOLLERN.

Declares That God's Command to Go Out and Fight With Amalek is Again Heard.

LONDON, August 2.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, who reports Emperor William's extraordinary sermon on Monday on board the Hohenzollern, says that some of the most striking sentences attributed to the Kaiser are the following: "Once again has the heathen spirit of the Amalekites been raised in distant Asia, with great power and much cunning. With destruction and murder it will dispute the way to European trade and European culture. It will dispute the victorious march of Christian customs and Christian faith. And again is heard God's command, 'Choose us out men and go out to fight with Amalek.' "A hot and sanguinary struggle has begun. Already a number of brethren are over there under fire. Many more are traveling along hostile coasts. You have seen them, the thousands who, to the call of volunteers to the front will guard the empire, have assembled themselves to battle with victorious banners. We who remain at home are round by other sacred duties. We must as if we remain slothful and sluggish while they are engaged in their difficult and bloody work, and if, from our place of security, we only curiously look on while they wrestle in battle. Not only should we mobilize battalions of troops but we should also and shall set in motion an army of trained people to beg and entreat for our brethren that they may strike into the wild chaos with sword in hand. May they strike for our most sacred possessions.

"We would pray that God the Lord may make heroes of our men and lead those heroes to victory, and that then, with laurels on their helmets and orders on their breasts, he may lead them home to the land of their fathers. Our fight will not be finished in one day; but let our hands grow weary of sin until victory is secured. Let our prayers be as a wall of fire around the camp of our brethren. Eternity will reveal the fulfillment of an old promise, 'Call upon me in trouble and I will deliver thee.' Therefore pray continuously."

FRANCHISE TAKEN AWAY FROM NEGROES. White Voters of North Carolina Deprive Black Men of the Ballot.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 2.—After one of the most bitterly contested campaigns ever known in North Carolina, the Democrats and white supremacy triumphed today by a majority of about 20,000. Today's election disfranchises the negro and changes the state legislature from its combination majority of Republicans and populists to straight Democratic, insuring the defeat of Marion Butler for re-election as United States Senator. The negroes as a general thing remained away from the polls.

The election was for state officers, members of the Legislature and county officers, and for an amendment to the state constitution looking to a practical elimination of the negro from politics, as its adoption disfranchises the bulk of the negro vote. By far the greatest interest centered in the fight over the amendment. The amendment was opposed by the fusion of Republicans and Populists, headed by Senators Butler and Pritchard. There was a full poll of the Democratic strength, which, combined with a small negro and some Populist and Republican ballots, rolled up a large majority.

HAWAII'S MIGRATORY OFFICES The Well Paid Contingent Still Seeking New Abodes.

Commissioner of Agriculture Taylor has moved across the corridor in the basement of the capitol, into the rooms formerly occupied by Judge Dickey. He has had these rooms neatly fitted up and when the moving is completed they will be worthy of the importance of the uses to which they are to be devoted. Assistant Superintendent of Public Works Rowell will move into the rooms opposite those of the water works today, the rooms formerly occupied by Postal Inspector Flint.

ORDER OF ELKS' NEW CHIEF. Jerome B. Fisher Chosen as the Grand Exalted Ruler.

Now that the Honolulu lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks is in a formative state, the half hundred or so of its members will be interested in the personality of the recently elected grand exalted ruler. Jerome B. Fisher, of Jamestown, N. Y., is strongly identified with the order. He was appointed a member of the committee on laws and appeals at Atlantic City in 1895. He was elected grand trustee at Cincinnati in 1896, and at Minneapolis in 1897, each year

having been chosen chairman of the board. As an orator of wide reputation Judge Fisher is annually in demand at Elks memorial services. Every year since he has been an Elk he has made an address, having spoken at Cincinnati, O.; Syracuse, N. Y.; Cumberland, Md.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Meadville, Pa., and Saginaw, Mich. In 1898 Judge Fisher was urged to become a candidate for grand exalted ruler at the grand lodge meeting at New Orleans. Much strength came to him without his putting forth special effort, but in the interest of harmony he withdrew from the contest, in the result of which he heartily acquiesced. As a citizen Judge Fisher is warmly esteemed in his city and in his State. He has made a success of the practice of law, and has been elevated to the position of county judge, which he now occupies. In the prime of vigorous manhood, with a well equipped and active brain, with a heart ever ready to respond to the cry of affliction, with a host of warm friends and a faculty of constantly adding to their number, Judge Fisher is looked upon as one of the foremost men of Western New York. It is possible that he may make a pilgrimage to the Pacific soon, and if so is quite likely to come here to institute Honolulu lodge.

HEAVY MOUNTAIN RAINS. Superintendent of Water Works Was Caught in a Down-Pour.

Andrew Brown, Superintendent of the Water Works, was up in the mountains, yesterday, and was caught in a tremendous shower of rain. "It was a regular cloud-burst," he said last evening, as he was contemplating his wet trouser legs, where the rubber coat did not reach. "Got pretty wet," he added, "but I'm happy. There is plenty of water now and that's cheerful. We are getting the rains. We should have had them last evening, but that's all right. Every reservoir and all the ditches are full to overflowing. We will now be able to finish the new pumping station at Palama in perfect shape before being compelled to use it."

CHIEFS CEDE TUTUILA TO THE UNITED STATES. Aunuu and Several Other Islands of the Samoan Group Relinquished.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Commander Benjamin F. Tilley, in charge of the United States naval station on the island of Tutuila, Samoan Islands, transmits in a recent report to the Navy Department upon the condition of affairs on the island an "instrument of cession" executed by the chiefs of Tutuila and the United States government. The document formally cedes and transfers to Commander Tilley, as the representative of the United States government, the islands of Tutuila, Aunuu and all other islands, rocks, reefs, foreshores and waters lying between certain degrees of latitude and longitude named, to erect the same into a separate district to be known as the District of Tutuila.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Classified Advertisements in this column will be inserted at 10 cents a line first insertion, 5 cents a line second insertion, 25 cents per line per month, 35 cents per line two weeks, and 50 cents per line per month.

MUSIC.

Piano taught by experienced teacher, a graduate of Leisic Conservatory; new quick method, \$5 per month. Special attention to adult beginners. Address "Musician," Republican Office, 33-1m.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.

A. T. MILES, Stenographer and Typewriter, Office 343 Fort Street, Telephone 128.

COMPOSERS WANTED.

TWO GOOD composers. Apply at office of THE REPUBLICAN at 5 o'clock this morning.

LOST.

BY ACCIDENTAL pane opening, a large bay colored California Mare, weight about 900 lbs.; faint star on forehead; fat condition. A little nervous or irritated on face but healthy. Right hind foot a little white. Finder please notify Police Station and reward will be paid.

FOR RENT.

Comfortably furnished front room, reduced rent. 426 Vineyard, 3 doors from Queen hotel. 23-1m

FOR SALE.

FOUR Lots, Babena Street, Kapahulu, Waikiki, \$600 each. JEFFS, 191 King Street 43-1m

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Stockholders are hereby notified that the Fourth Assessment of 5 per cent. or Two and One-half Dollars per share on the Capital Stock of the INTER-ISLAND TELEGRAPH CO., Ltd., is due and payable July 1st, at the office of the undersigned, 411 Fort Street. J. H. FISHER, Acting Treasurer Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd. Honolulu, June 1, 1900.

By Authority.

Notice is hereby given that the following appointments have been made in the following Road Boards, namely: District of Ewa and Waianae—A. Ahrens, Chairman. F. Meyers, Member. District of Waiialua—C. P. Iaukea, Chairman. W. W. Goodale, Member. Kaikakaha, Member. J. A. McCANDLESS, Superintendent of Public Works. Public Works Office, Honolulu, August 9, 1900.

By Authority.

TENDERS FOR SCHOOL BUILDING. Sealed tenders for the construction of a toilet building and lavatory for the Kaahumann School, Beretania St., to be completed on or before Monday, October 29th, will be received at the office of the Department of Public Instruction until noon of Saturday, Aug. 18. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Department. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any bid. ALATAU T. ATKINSON, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Proposals Invited.

Office of United States Marshal, District of Hawaii, Honolulu, H. I. In pursuance of an order of the U. S. District Court of Hawaii, issued August 9th, 1900, I am directed to invite proposals for the furnishing of certain office chairs, curtains and shelving for the court chambers occupied by Hon. M. M. Estee, U. S. District Judge, in the Judiciary Building at Honolulu. August 9, 1900. D. A. RAY, U. S. Marshal.

BUY Your Home

Great Bargains in Real Estate

- 1. Business lot on Fort st., corner lot; about 8000 square feet.
2. Fine house and lot; 100x100; Waikiki road.
3. One lot, McCully tract; 75x150; King st.
4. Two lots, Kawaiahaio st.; 50x100 each; Kewalo.
5. House and 3 lots at Kalulani tract.
6. Four lots, Waikiki addition, near Camp McKinley; 50x110, each.
7. Nine-year lease, with 2 houses; Punchbowl.
8. House and lot, Haniwai st., Kewalo; 25x100.
9. Ten-year lease and 2 houses; Punchbowl; 60x110.
10. Four lots, Kallih, near Haniwai st.; 50x100 each.
11. Three lots near Diamond Head; 55x95 each.
12. House and lot, with stables; 53x133; Upper Punchbowl.
13. House and lot, Queen st.; 50x100.
14. Ten-year lease, with 2 cottages and store doing good business; 60x100.
15. One share Waimea Hui land.
16. Eleven and a half years' lease, with 3 cottages, grapes and other plants; 75x200.
17. Beautiful lot on Fort st., between School and Vineyard sts.
18. Lot 100x110, with 2 new cottages, Wilder ave.
19. Two lots, Waikiki road; 50x100 each.
20. Five lots, Peach road, near the sea; 60x102.
21. Two acres land at Kallih, with 2 houses; beautiful country residence.
22. House and lot, Haniwai st., Kewalo; 50x100.
23. Lot on Fort st. extension.
24. Lot corner Wilder ave. and Makiki; 226x221.
25. Lot 80x278, King st., near McCully tract.
26. Three lots at Kallih; 50x95.
27. Fifteen acres of land just above Kalulani Tract.
28. Fifteen acres of land, more or less, at Kallua, near W. G. Irwin, Esq., country place.
29. Lot 150x110, with 2 houses, at Palama.
30. House and lot, 48x55, Liliha street, below School.
31. Lease with building, School street.
32. Nineteen years' lease and 6 cottages, 5 minutes from Postoffice.
33. Sixteen and a half years' lease, with cottage.
34. Two homesteads at Kaupo, Maui; one of 9 acres and one of 13 acres.

William Savidge Real Estate Broker,

206 Merchant Street.

By Authority.

Notice is hereby given that the following appointments have been made in the following Road Boards, namely: District of Ewa and Waianae—A. Ahrens, Chairman. F. Meyers, Member. District of Waiialua—C. P. Iaukea, Chairman. W. W. Goodale, Member. Kaikakaha, Member. J. A. McCANDLESS, Superintendent of Public Works. Public Works Office, Honolulu, August 9, 1900.

By Authority.

TENDERS FOR SCHOOL BUILDING. Sealed tenders for the construction of a toilet building and lavatory for the Kaahumann School, Beretania St., to be completed on or before Monday, October 29th, will be received at the office of the Department of Public Instruction until noon of Saturday, Aug. 18. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Department. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any bid. ALATAU T. ATKINSON, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Proposals Invited.

Office of United States Marshal, District of Hawaii, Honolulu, H. I. In pursuance of an order of the U. S. District Court of Hawaii, issued August 9th, 1900, I am directed to invite proposals for the furnishing of certain office chairs, curtains and shelving for the court chambers occupied by Hon. M. M. Estee, U. S. District Judge, in the Judiciary Building at Honolulu. August 9, 1900. D. A. RAY, U. S. Marshal.

William Savidge Real Estate Broker, 206 Merchant Street.

A BARGAIN.

Newly Built 2 Story Cottage on Alapai Street

Only \$2750, Cash.

Balance on Long Time.

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William Savidge Real Estate Broker,

206 Merchant Street.

Having succeeded to the old established business of the late Robert Grieve, it will be our aim to uphold the reputation so long held by him for first class work in every department of the printing office, while our increased facilities enable us to fill orders at much shorter notice than heretofore.

WATCH THIS SPACE. OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO. J. H. FISHER & CO., Members of Honolulu Exchange Stock and Bond Brokers 411 FORT STREET. Advances Made on Approved Security Metropolitan Meat Co. 108 KING STREET. G. J. WALLER, Manager. Wholesale and Retail BUTCHERS and NAVY CONTRACTORS

TIME TABLE. From and After January 1, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Daily, and Outward/Inward times for Oahu Railway and Land Co.

BY THE BARKS "J. C. PFLUGER" AND "M. E. WATSON." We Have Received a Large Assortment of

Morton's and Grosse & Blackwell GROCERIES.

BICARBONATE OF SODA, WASH SODA, CAUSTIC SODA. PAINTS and OILS. CORRUGATED IRON, RIDGING, Etc., CEMENT and FIREBRICKS, CARBOLINIUM, STOCKHOLM TAR, BUCKETS, TUBS, TINPLATES, SAUCEPANS, TEAKETTLES, Etc.

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Furniture at San Francisco Prices

No More Duty! No Entry Charges! No Consul Fees! Therefore we will give our customers the benefit. 150 Double bedsteads, with mattress and pillows complete, \$6. Bedroom sets, 7 pieces, straight from the factory, \$22. Mattresses of every description, wool, excelsior, hair, fibre, etc., from \$2 up. Mirrors, all sizes, prices and styles, from 10c. to \$10. Hanging Lamps, lanterns, crockery, tinware, hardware, etc., at less than Chinaman's prices. 2000 books to choose from. L. S. MATHEWS & SON, Between Fort and Nuuanu streets. No. 26 Beretania streets

Silva & Vivas, Opposite Post Office.

The LACE HOUSE
 NEW GOODS!
 We are just in receipt of a handsome line of
 Silk Petticoats
 Underwear,
 Silk Waists,
 Newest of New Goods.
 M. BRASCH & CO.

PARIS MODEL HATS



Not very many all told, but quite an aristocratic collection, each one of which will add distinguished beauty to the toilette of which it becomes a part. All are from FAMOUS MODISTES—the SHAPES, the MATERIALS, the STYLES are of the HIGHEST CHARACTER, COSTLY, as all SPECIAL and EXCLUSIVE BEAUTY MUST BE. But now this is changed. We have placed our entire stock of IMPORTED HATS at prices well worth while to investigate.

Miss M. E. Killean,
 LEADING MILLINER.
 HOTEL STREET

To Those in Quest of A RUG...

To Intending Purchasers of Rugs we would state that just before the change in tariff we received a large and varied assortment of

Japanese Rugs

By purchasing these Rugs before the change, a saving of about fifty (50) per cent. was effected, which our customers are to profit by, as we do not intend, at present, to increase the price but will sell them, while they last, at the old figure.

Under these conditions, a buyer here can now purchase these Rugs for much less than they are sold for on the mainland.

We have made a display of these Very Handsome Rugs in our large, central show window, where their beautiful designs and harmonious coloring is sure to attract attention.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.
 Fort Street.

Read The Honolulu Republican.

ISLAM IS NOT COMING FOR MASONIC REASONS.

POSTPONEMENT WAS MADE TO PLEASE GRAND AND IMPERIAL POTENTATE.

Terms and Conditions Established Will Hold Good—The Pilgrimage Guaranteed—A Great Success.

Islam is awaiting orders. It will not be in Hawaii in October. Islam is standing still and is "awaiting orders." The Shriners are not coming on the Zealandia; indeed the Zealandia will not sail on the date appointed. There may be Masonic reasons for this.

Whatever the reason, it is quite certain that the Shriners will not come until January or February, next year. This much is officially established.

Meantime it may be interesting to the craft here to read the call for the regular session of the Temple of Islam at San Francisco, which took place August 8, 1900, at Golden Gate Hall. It read as follows:

"Hear Ye, Nobles of Islam, and attend! The regular monthly session of the Temple will be held in Golden Gate Hall on Leyel el Arbaa, 11th day, 4th month, Hejra, 1218, Rabih ul Akir, which we idiomatically interpret as Wednesday evening, August 8th, 1900, at eight o'clock. Solemn observance in honor of Abd-el-Hakk, poet, Moolah, commentator on the Koran. Caravans are expected from Crockett, Santa Rosa, Healdsburg and Napa, accompanied by a number of Novitiates, who will attempt to cross the Hot Sands and reach the Mecca of the Faithful. You have had petitions sent you; get them filled out and forward them to the Recorder. Remember, this is the Midsummer celebration, and may be the last before the Hawaiian Pilgrimage.

"The Novices, in charge of one of the faithful, will ascend the highest of the Pyramids, and after solemn words of caution will float out on the back of a butterfly into the ethereal realms of—"

"Hold on to the rope. Words of wisdom will be spoken to the Missionaries of the Faith who intend to make the Pilgrimage among the Boxers of Hawaii.

"Illuminated festival in honor of Sitt Puttoomeh, the Daughter of the Prophet, and Traditional Banquet.

"It is spoken.

"R. P. HURLBUT, Potentate." The pilgrimage that had been prepared for the trip over here on the Zealandia, by a committee consisting of John D. Spreckels, Chas. S. Benedict and John M. Curtis, was as follows for the invasion and subjection of "the Boxers of Hawaii":

"The Oceanic S. S. Co.'s commodious 3,000 ton iron steamship Zealandia sails from San Francisco on Sunday, October 17th, at 10 a. m. Arrives at Hilo, Saturday, October 13th, at 5 a. m. Leaves Hilo Monday, October 14th, at 8 p. m., arriving at Honolulu the following morning at 10 o'clock. Returning, leaves Honolulu Sunday, October 21st, at 2 p. m., arriving home in San Francisco Sunday, October 28th."

The pilgrimage has been postponed. This has been done at the behest of the national authorities of the Shriners and when they come the National Order, and not Islam alone, will be represented. It will be a national affair.

Can Now Vote. United States District Judge Estee held a short session of court yesterday. The following candidates were naturalized, Axel E. Linda, Joe Batchelor, H. Bergensen, George E. Thompson and William C. Roe.

ON HIS WAY TO CHINA. Commissioner Rockhill and Wife on America Maru.

William W. Rockhill, who has been appointed by President McKinley as a special commissioner to go to China and report on the Boxer movement and the conditions it has provoked, arrived here yesterday on the America Maru. The mission upon which Rockhill has been sent is an important one, and he does not underestimate the extent of his task. He will be the eyes and ears of the administration in China, will make careful inquiries into political conditions and the cause of all the existing turbulence, and will report all the facts as he secures them to President McKinley for his guidance in the ultimate settlement with China and in framing the administration's policy for the future.

Beyond a general idea of what is expected of him, he said he was very much in the dark as to what he would accomplish.

Commissioner Rockhill has no staff with him and will rely on picking up in China such clerical assistance as his needs may require. His secretary will be Hubbard S. Smith, consular clerk, now at Canton.

Rockhill is well equipped for his Chinese mission, having made three previous trips to China, on one of which, as secretary of the American legation, he resided for four years in the Chinese capital. One of his later trips was on a governmental mission and the other on private business. As a result of his experiences in the Far East he writes and speaks Chinese fluently. Since his last visit to China he has been prominent in diplomatic circles and in government life in Washington. He served for some time as United States Minister to Greece, has filled the post of First Assistant Secretary of State, and at present is chief of the Bureau of American Republics in Washington, which position during his absence abroad will be temporarily filled by his secretary and chief clerk. Rockhill says he wants to go back to Washington as soon as possible, but would not attempt to say when he would likely return.

High art and plain bookbinding at this office.

NEWS OF THE TOWN

Governor Dole is having a good time in Maui.

Captain C. J. Campbell went to Kaula yesterday.

Mine host Max Schlemmer of Waiman, Kaula, has had several fishing parties out in his fast and commodious steam launch Wikipiki lately.

The report of the death of Robert Peel who made many friends here during his stay several months ago is denied. It was his brother Matthew who died.

Frank Lawless claims it is very hard work for him to sober up when he starts out on a spree. He was before Judge Wilcox again yesterday and on promise to keep sober was fined only \$2 and costs.

The wife of Alex. Nichols had him arrested for assaulting her with a carbine on Monday night. In the police court she refused to press the charge and Judge Wilcox suspended sentence for thirteen months.

TRIAL BY JURY.

Theatricals at Sea Serve to Pass Time on Hongkong Maru.

Coming over on the Hongkong Maru the passengers got up a comedy skit entitled "Trial By Jury." The trial was a case of breach of promise, the plaintiff being Miss Gladys Calmweather and the defendant Sir Mauser Take-wrench. The case was argued before a jury of twelve good men and true, and witnesses were put on the stand to prove plaintiff's case. The trial lasted all of the evening of the seventh inst. and the attorney for plaintiff won a signal victory, his blushing client being awarded a large sum of money by the jury to pay for the damage to her affections wrought by the defendant.

The following was the cast: Miss Gladys Calmweather (from Nob Hill), M. E. Simon, M. D. vs. Sir Mauser Take-wrench (from Tar Flat), R. Howard, Breach of Promise.

Judge, Prof. Lookwise—Hon. W. J. Barnes. Court Crier, Bad Penman—E. R. Kellan. Sheriff, Old Cyrus Noble—A. Mackillop.

Balliff Scalper—S. H. Perkins. Stenographer, Miss Fingertips—Mrs. Kellan. Attorney for Plaintiff—Lieut. O. Putnam, U. S. A., C. Cheaten, Esq., of Cheaten & Catchem.

Attorney for Defendant—Comdr. N. P. Nazro, U. S. N., E. Screachen of Hollower of Hollown & Screacher.

Jury—K. C. Crossley, Dr. J. E. Skinner, Dr. Malcolm, H. Glade, Mr. Kister, R. W. Bender, R. H. von Dorsser, F. Sherler, Mr. Semenoff, S. Tsutsumi, S. Miyoshi, G. Yamaoka.

Witnesses for Plaintiff—Miss Ising-hare, Miss B. Simon; Miss N. Run-down, Mrs. W. J. Stratford; H. Hoot-man, A. H. Seavers.

Witnesses for Defendant—Loose For-horn, Peter Roberts; Chippy Flush, Dr. C. H. Denman; Miss Rubberneck, Miss R. Seligson.

PECULAIR MORSEL AT A JUNE LUAU. It Occupies Attention of Grand Jury—Alabama Mitchell Stands Off Interlopers.

The Kaapana meyhem case occupied considerable time of the grand jury Thursday. Kaapana in a spirit of levity and while at a luau on the 9th of June last, bit off a piece of his grandfather's nose.

After hearing the evidence of several who were at the festivity, the grand jury threw its inquisitorial searchlight on the Kahuku Japanese murder case and several lesser crimes committed by Mongolians.

It was thought that H. N. Almy, proprietor of the Walkiki Inn, would be called to shed light on the profits to be derived from dispensing soft toddies, seductive cocktails and plain goods on the Sabbath, but that gentleman wasn't invited to attend the session.

High Sheriff Brown flitted about the entrance to the jury room, while Alabama Mitchell, attentive and alert, watched with an "eye like an eagle," the erect official. There was a rumor about the corridors that the High Sheriff had been subpoenaed to tell what he knew about Sunday liquor selling.

Lewis and Turk were also prominent about the building. When asked what was up, they answered that they were weary of the water front and sought recreation, preferring the courthouse to the Joyful News Mission.



BOOKS THAT ARE TALK-ED ABOUT.

Booming of Acre Hill, By John Kendrick Bangs.

Vengeance is Mine, By Andrew Balfour.

The Alabaster Box, By Sir Walter Besant.

Gober, By Kate Benton.

The Conspirators, By R. W. Chambers.

The Slave, By Robert Hichens.

Out Spira, By Frederick W. Hayes.

From Kingdom to Colony, By Mary Deverend.

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Artistic Printing,

Up to Date Binding,

First Class Job Work

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Stationery of all kinds at short notice

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Expense Accts

Manifests

Pl'tn. Blanks

Agency Bl'ns

Calendars

Diaries

Bank Blanks

Etc., Etc.

WE BIND

Ledgers

Cash Books

Journals

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Etc., Etc.

Having succeeded to the old established business of the late Robert Grieve, it will be our aim to uphold the reputation so long held by him for first class work in every department of the printing office, while our increased facilities enable us to fill orders at much shorter notice than heretofore.

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Wear One of Our Crash or White Pique Skirts this hot weather and keep cool.

We have received a select variety of the very LATEST DESIGNS, each GARMENT correctly cut and equal to any made to order GARMENT.

We have also placed on special sale a nice lot of French Printed Lawns.

These were imported to sell at

20c PER YARD

Our price for to-day is only

PER YARD 15c PER YARD

The Patterns Are New, The Colors Absolutely Fast.

The demand for narrow laces and insertions continues, we have positively the largest assortment of laces ever offered in Honolulu, and the prices are away down.

N. S. Sachs Dry Goods Co., Ltd.

SCHUMAN'S

Carriage and Harness Repository,

MERCHANT STREET

Between Fort and Alakea Streets.

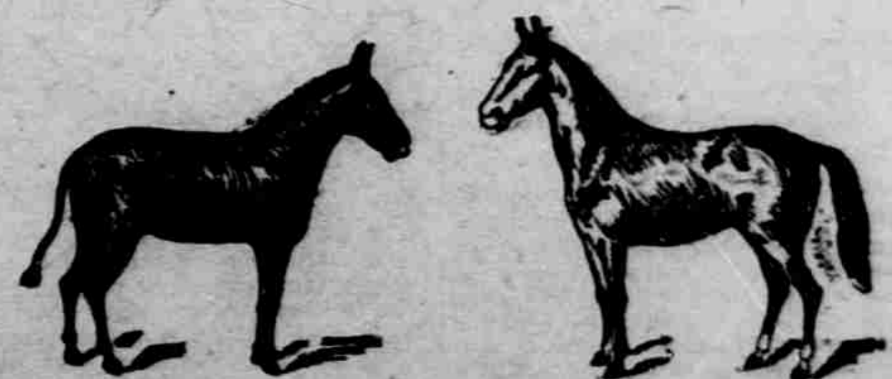
We have just received ex Alden Bessie, bark Irmgard, Rosamond and W. H. Dimond and have now on display a

Large New Stock of Elegant and Up-to-date

SURREYS, PHÆTONS, BUGGIES, TRAPS, RUNABOUTS, Etc.

Also STYLISH SINGLE and DOUBLE CARRIAGE and BUGGY HARNESS.

A new line of LAP ROBES, LAMPS, WHIPS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.



Just Arrived, ex S. N. Castle, a large shipment of Young, Strong Mules and Horses

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

THREE IMMENSE STOCKS
FAIRCHILD'S LARGE STOCK
A. E. MURPHY & CO.'S ENTIRE STOCK
AMERICAN DRY GOODS ENTIRE STOCK
 IN THE SHOE STORE OF

L. B. KERR & CO. LTD.
 CORNER FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

These large and carefully selected assortments of fine foot wear will be sure to suit the most particular, as they are all first class and being sold at prices that have never been offered for like quality in this City before. These prices are actually

50 PER CENT LESS

than elsewhere, and we feel convinced that it will not be much longer that we can offer such attractions, judging from the way the people are taking them, home.

Come Early, as All Must Go!

L. B. KERR & COMPANY, Limited,
 Corner Hotel and Fort Streets.

GENTLEMEN, ATTENTION!



We have just opened up a new shipment of the very latest styles in Gents' Furnishings in which we offer at the most reasonable prices in the City.

PAJAMAS \$1.50, worth \$2.00, and at correspondingly reasonable prices for finer grades.

MENS' OFFICE COATS from \$2.00 up. These are exceptionally cheap and are rapidly becoming very popular.

EXCELLENT VALUES AND LATEST CUT IN

Boys' Clothing

made in the most workmanlike manner, at from 75 cts. per Suit up.



THE SAME MAY BE SAID OF

Youths Suits

Only the line to select from being much more extensive in variety of Patterns, \$1.50 per Suit up.



PERCALE ; AND ; MADRAS ; SHIRTS
 IN ALL PATTERNS AND COLORS
 FROM \$1.00 UP.

BATHING SUITS In the very latest designs, 1 and 2 piece Suits. Correspondingly Cheap.

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QUEEN STREET, - - - HONOLULU, H. T.

JAPAN COULD SETTLE CHINESE MIDDLE.

Jealousy of Russia is All That Prevents Her Says General Wilson.

"Japan has the necessary power close to the scene of action. Japan could settle the Chinese middle inside of a fortnight were she allowed liberty to act. Jealousies between the powers stay her hand. Russia will not consent to giving the mandate to her rival."

Such is the military opinion of General J. H. Wilson, United States Volunteers, who passed through Honolulu Wednesday on his way to China, where he will be second in command under General Chaffee of the forces of the United States.

"It is all a great muddle and a fog," continued General Wilson. "Each power while possibly sincerely desirous of restoring order quickly, looks askance at all others, or at those particular nations she regards as her political or commercial rivals. But the purely military question is not so dark. It is not military obstacles that stay the armies of civilization at Tientsin. Japan is a great power, with an army splendidly equipped, and that army is within striking distance of Peking at any moment the powers choose to use it. At any time heretofore from the outset of the trouble Japan could have cut the knot in a trice, and she can today if given the mandate. Jealousies divide the councils of the allies.

"The Chinese mandarins know of their existence, and the game they are playing counts on them as a factor. The mandarins give out what they please from Peking, and feel that they can risk the venture because the powers have no solidarity. Of course all the world knows it is Russia who refuses to permit Japan to put down anarchy." "The crisis in Peking is both a dynastic struggle and a rebellion. The Boxers, while rebels, seem to have the support of a political party. Perhaps the rebellion was fostered by the Dowager Empress and has slipped out of her hands. The Manchu dynasty is not Chinese but is imposed upon the empire by conquest. How far the Boxer rebellion is directed against the alien dynasty, and how far it represents Chinese patriotism, is a question. I regard the whole movement as animated not merely by intolerant hatred of white foreigners, but also as a great attempt at revolution for China herself, either in the matter of the dynastic personnel or in the method of government."

CASTASON SAID SWIPES.

It Was All the English He Knew and it Cost Him Three Dollars.
 John Castason, a sailor on the American ship Ivy, was up before Judge Wilcox yesterday charged with being drunk. The defendant is a Russian and speaks no English and as there was no interpreter handy the Judge started to find out what the plea of the man was by a system of signs. The Magistrate went through the motions of taking a drink. Then he repeated the dose. The Russian looked at him in blank amazement, but uttered not a sound. People in the court room smiled and

then the Judge opened up in the dead languages but it was no use. All the modern languages that his Honor is master of were tried but without effect. Recourse to the profane languages was about the next thing in order but a happy thought striking the Court he began mentioning the names of different intoxicating decoctions. In an interrogatory tone of voice he said "cocktails." The defendant stood before him without making any sign of understanding. The word "gin" also failed to bring an inkling of what the trouble was all about to the Russian's mind.

In quick succession the words "Okole-hao, brandy, beer, awa, vermouth, claret, whiskey, swipes," were fired at him, the combination of the two last words broke the spell. "The last syllable of the name of Kentucky's principal industry coupled with the name of the Hawaiian's killdevil was the "upon sesame." In tones that reverberated through the court room and echoed and reechoed from the walls of the historic building the defendant threw back his head, expanded his chest and yelled "swipes."

"Ordinary case," said Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth.
 "Two dollars and costs," said the court.
 Castason's fine was paid by Captain Halsted of the Ivy and the Russian went aboard with the skipper.

HE LIKES PIE.

Selim Was Caught Stealing and His Sweet Tooth Discovered.

Selim is a very knowing horse. He belongs to the police department and helps haul the patrol wagon. He shares the favor of his drivers and trainer with De Leon, the Scotch terrier who runs with the wagon. Selim has a sweet tooth. He likes candy and sugar. This is not unusual, however, as many horses are fond of these goodies. Where Selim shines is at pie-eating. He will eat biscuits and buns; cake and mangoes are to his liking; but pie such as mother used to make is his weakness.

Whenever Selim gets his lip over a pie it is his pie. The way it was discovered that he had a sweet tooth was like this:

Jailor Melanphy has quite a kitchen in his department in the jail yard. He is kind hearted and a good cook. The government supplies the jail culinary department with such simples as flour, rice, coffee, sugar, meat, pol, beans and tea. Dried apples do not cost very much and mangoes are very plentiful in this land of perpetual summer. Sometimes Melanphy makes a couple of pies. A piece of pie is often very refreshing when the officers come off their beats.

The jailor used to set his pies to cool on the window sill of the kitchen, but noticed that they disappeared. He concluded that a good cooling place for pie was in the room occupied by the patrol wagon, and so he put the next batch in there and sat where he could watch both entrances to the room. When he went after them they were gone, but the empty plates were there. Melanphy was thunderstruck. He asked Jack, the station clerk, about it, and Jack suggested a kahuna. Not

having been born here, Melanphy did not think a kahuna would be of any avail in clearing up the mystery. He started to investigate on his own hook.

Bixbee and Hamilton, the driver and conductor of Sheriff Brown's "hurry up wagon," disclaimed all knowledge of what had become of the pie. A search was instituted and it was noticed that Selim was looking very much ashamed of himself and trying to hide his head in his manger. Hamilton, who knows Selim very well, had never seen the horse act in that way before, and going up to him, looked into his face and felt his nose to see if it was warm. There was something sticky on Selim's upper lip, and upon close examination Melanphy recognized some of the upper crust and part of the filling of his mango pie. That was quite a long time ago, but whenever pie is baked at the station now a special one is made for Selim.

HAD A NARROW ESCAPE.

Small Boat is Almost Swamped Between Niihau and Kauai.

Mrs. Mary Ailan who went to Kauai recently to collect curios had a very exciting experience in going from the island of Niihau back to Waimea. No steamer being available the lady with quite a collection of rare curios started for Waimea in a surf boat on Monday last. Shortly after leaving Niihau bad weather was encountered and the small boat was in danger of swamping several times. The native boatmen were compelled to lower the sail and take to the oars. All of Monday and until Tuesday afternoon they battled with the sea arriving safely at Waimea very tired and almost famished. Many of Ailan's curios were lost or destroyed during the trip which will be remembered by her for a long time to come.

Japanese Merchants Banquet.

The Japanese Bankers and Merchants of this city, gave a banquet at the Hawaiian Hotel last night. Quite a number of guests were present. The table was elaborately decorated. The banquet served, the best the Hotel larder could afford being served to the guests. The following gentlemen were present: Higuro, Yamawaka, L. Teutsunmy, L. Miyoshi, Mibi Saeto, Yokichi Imanaka, L. Kimura and S. P. Saoko.

Election of Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, held in this city on August 3, 1900, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
 President—W. F. Allen.
 Vice-President—J. F. Hackfeld.
 Secretary and Treasurer—Jas. Gordon Spencer.
 Arbitration Committee—J. F. Hackfeld, F. A. Schaefer, C. M. Cooke, J. B. Atherton, H. E. Waity.
 JAS. GORDON SPENCER, Secretary.



LOWNEY'S
 Chocolate Bon-Bons
 "Name on Every Piece."
 FOR SALE BY
LEWIS & CO.,
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 111 FORT ST. TEL. 240.

DR. W. J. GALBRAITH.
 Office and Residence:
 CORNER BELETANIA AND ALAKEA STS.
 OFFICE HOURS—9 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.
 SUNDAYS—9 to 10 A. M., 7 to 8 P. M.
 TELEPHONE 234.

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A. Harrison Mill Co. Ltd
 Kawaiahao Street, Kewalo.

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 Telephone White 121 : : P. O. Box 552.

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When Buying a Wheel
BUY RIGHT,
 and Always be Right.
The Cleveland
 does it.
HONOLULU BIKE CO.

The Orpheum Theatre

Grand Vaudeville Bill of Colored Artists Late of The **McAdoo's Famous Georgia Minstrels.**

- Grand Minstrel First Part.
- Miss Flora Batson, America's Double Voiced Queen of Song.
- Gerald Miller, Basso Soloist, Comedian and Impersonator.
- Hen Wise-Katie Milton, "King and Queen of Coondom."
- Leon P. Rooks, America's Eminent Tenor and Character Artist.
- Frank Poole, Colored Australian Baritone.
- John Pampion, "The Nubian Prince," Classic Juggler—Zouave Driller.
- Jerry Mills, Prince of Entertainers.
- Turner-The Jones-Grace, Singing and Sketch Team.

Seats now on sale at the box office.



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DELICIOUS CANDIES

- Ceylon and Maracibo
- CHOCOLATE CREAM and PRALINES
- HAND DIPPED FRENCH BON-BONS
- Large Assortment
- PEANUT CRISP.
- COCOANUT CRISP.
- MOLASSES CANDY.
- FRENCH BOSS, Etc.

Our goods are made FRESH every day and cost about HALF the price of State Imported Goods.

New England Bakery,
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 Hotel Street.