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Hawaiian Gazette

EST. 1841 IN REBUS.

TEN-PAGE EDITION.

TUESDAY, : AUGUST 27, 1889.

It is pleasing to hear how much interest is felt in the Hawaiian exhibit at the Paris Exposition. We had the opportunity of reading over a private letter the other day, which stated that the building in which the exhibit was, was fairly crowded, day after day. This agrees with what we have so frequently advanced. People will take an interest in Hawaii if Hawaii will only bring herself into notice in proper shape. Not an opportunity should be lost to show how advanced in civilization Hawaii is. The more tourists we attract the better, and this not only for the transient good of thus spending a few dollars among us, but for the more permanent one of some being induced to invest money with us.

BETTING.

We have on several occasions expressed hearty approval of the various athletic games indulged in by our young men. There is, however, one feature connected with the sports that we would like to see eliminated, and that is betting. There is not a baseball game, a boat race or anything in which the skill of two or more players or contestants is shown, that a great deal of money does not change hands. We have heard of quite young lads winning from \$50 to \$100. If some win, others of course lose, and they have with difficulty to find the money out of very scanty wages. This evil of betting is becoming a very serious one in our community and some day, if allowed to go on unchecked, it will cause what it has caused in every other country, defalcation. Many a promising young man has gone to ruin through betting. It is not by sermonizing, however, that the evil will be checked, it is by the force of example. Let some of our prominent citizens who are not averse to a small bet, set their faces against it, and many will follow in their train.

THE GOOD OLD TIMES.

Progress is being made in laying the inter-island cable, and it will not be long before there will be telegraphic communication between Honolulu and Kahului. Like every new enterprise started on these islands, the cable has its enemies, and there is a legion of croakers who, of course, predict that the whole thing will be a great financial failure. It was people of like kidney who felt certain that a tramway could never be operated with success in Honolulu, and who are even now predicting that the Oahu Railway can never do any good. Were this class of people listened to, there would never be any progress in the world. They are the chronic growls of humanity who are ever looking back and talking about the good old times, when it took six months to hear from Boston or London. As a fact, the good old times is a total misnomer. The present is a good deal better than the past, and the future will be better than the present.

In the good old times we could only travel between the islands in schooners, making passages between the islands of from three to ten days. Now we have commodious steamers. In the good old times we could only communicate with the plantations at the other end of the island by means of the post, once a month or so, or by sending a special messenger a five hours journey. Now we have the telephone, and if any machinery goes astray we can communicate with the agents and have it attended to at once. And in the good old present we can only get communication with Maui about once a week, and with Hawaii once in ten days. As soon as the cable is laid, the present will have become the good old times, and in the then present we shall have daily communication with the chief points on these islands. The advantages of the inter-island cable will be far greater than probably even its projectors foresee. Many people regard the telegraph as useful merely of disseminating news with great rapidity. This certainly is one of its advantages, but commercially its use is of the greatest value, and for the purposes of government in an island Kingdom like this, it is of paramount importance, while for police purposes it is simply invaluable.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Some months ago we published an account of the former school system on our Islands; pressure of other matter has kept us from making any review of the present system which was inaugurated in 1855. We are often surprised to note how little people really know of the machinery of different parts of the government.

The Board of Education consists of five members, appointed by His Majesty, who hold office during his pleasure. The present Board consists of the Hon. C. R. Bishop, President; Hon. W. D. Alexander, Vice-President; Hon. S. M. Damon, W. W. Hall, Esq., and there is one vacancy. The President of the Board appoints a secretary who attends to the financial and other business of the office, keeps a record of the board meetings and manages the correspondence.

The Inspector-General is appointed by the Board: His duty is to visit the schools, examine them, report upon their proficiency, give advice and instruction to teachers, report upon the condition of school-houses and school property and examine the accounts of school agents. No one is eligible for the position of President or Inspector-General of schools who is a clergyman or one in holy orders.

The Board regulates all the educational affairs of the kingdom, prescribes the studies used in the schools, appoints the teachers and expends all the moneys available from Legislative appropriations, rents of school land, interest of school fund and other sources.

It is frequently asked, whence comes the school fund? It is the money received from the sale of school land, and such sales are thus provided for by law:

Sec. 33. All moneys and other avails of Government lands set apart for the general purposes of education, shall be kept as a separate fund, and the interest only of each fund shall be appropriated, as the Board of Education shall, from time to time, decide, for the purpose of education.

The amounts of this school fund as reported to the Legislature in 1888 was \$46,100. It is deposited in the Hawaiian Treasury and bears 12 per cent. interest per annum.

The main support of the schools comes from two sources. The school tax, which is expended in the district in which it is raised, and the Legislative grant for the support of common and English schools.

The Islands are divided into twenty-three school districts, each in charge of a school agent, who has charge of the local funds raised from the school tax. In some districts this is almost sufficient for the needs of the schools. In most cases the Board has to supplement the school fund from the general fund. This is especially true of such districts as Kona, South Kohala, and Puna. It thus happens that some teachers are paid by the school agent in their district, and others are paid directly from Honolulu.

There are three classes of schools in the Kingdom, viz.: the Government English Schools, taught in the English language; the Government Common Schools, taught in the Hawaiian language; and the Independent Schools. Of these, the most numerous attended are the Government English Schools. The Hawaiian parents, where there are Hawaiian schools, constantly petition to have them turned into English Schools. In 1888 there were only 15.7 per cent. of the children attending the common schools, and inquiry addressed to the Inspector-General shows that the percentage at next report will be very much smaller.

Besides supporting its own schools, the Board of Education assists a number of the independent schools, by capitation fees and by scholarships. From time to time assistance is given them, chiefly for building purposes.

In the last report of the President of the Board of Education, there appeared a table of the number of teachers employed and their nationality. At that time there were 210 teachers employed in the Government schools, of whom 79 were Hawaiian, 42 half-caste, 54 American, 32 British and 3 German. A number of the American and British are descendants of residents in this country and have been educated, entirely or in part, in the schools of the country.

We are indebted for the above information to a little pamphlet which was compiled by Messrs. W. D. Alexander and Alatan T. Atkinson, for the Paris exhibit of the Board.

Our readers will have noticed that a very large number of new school houses have been erected during the past year and a half. Several of these will be opened for the first time at the commencement of the Christmas term. It is very evident that the Board is doing its duty by the country and striving to improve in many practical directions.

THE PUNCHBOWL ROAD AGAIN.

The road to the top of Punchbowl, of which an account appeared in this paper a month ago, is rapidly approaching completion. Without doubt it is going to be of very great benefit to the town. The residents of all classes are going to enjoy it, and it will doubtless be quite an attraction to tourists. Formerly the views from the top of Punchbowl, one of the most picturesque on the Islands, has only been seen by the more energetic of our citizens and visitors. It is very probable that not a tithe of the adult population of this city has climbed the height and enjoyed the view from the summit, or drank in the pure air that is to be obtained on arrival there. Now all this will be at the disposal of every man be he rich or poor. The grade of the road is so easy that the pedestrian will feel no effort in ascending and even ladies and young children will not find the ascent too much for their powers. Care has been taken to make the road perfectly safe for wheeled vehicles, walls having been built wherever the hillside is at all precipitous. In fact it will be an ideal road leading to one of the pleasantest of spots, for we feel sure that once the road is completed our citizens will not be satisfied till the bowl of the old crater is itself beautified. Here is a fine chance for individual liberality, and no doubt that liberality will be forthcoming when it is needed.

Public works not actually useful in bringing in money, are yet very useful to the general well being of a city. The more parks, the finer buildings, the better schools you put up, the more the citizens will take a pride in their city and the more liberally they will themselves assist. Honolulu has reached that stage when she can begin to take a pride in herself. She has good roads, many handsome buildings, public and private, a lovely natural situation and fine scenery in every direction. She has the latest improvements in civilized life, as the telephone, the electric light, the tram-cars, and good postal and steamer service both inter-island and abroad. The motto of our citizens must be ever "onward and upward." To do so they must spend a little money and we feel sure that they will do so.

HAWAIIAN SOILS.

Fault has often been found with the great porosity of Hawaiian soils; but this fault, if such it be, is in the process of speedy remedy where cultivation is carried on, and the same process in a slower degree goes on everywhere that there are vegetable growths. The accumulations of vegetable decay make the soils of these Islands more compact and more fertile every year; and the porosity complained of in the virgin soils, is only a condition of newness and a lack of sufficient vegetable decomposition mixed in it. In countries where deciduous trees and herbage abound, the yearly decay and "fall of the leaf" soon enrich the virgin soils; but Hawaiian trees and vegetation, being mostly of perennial kinds, the natural enrichment of the soil is slower, and cultivation alone can alter the porous conditions sufficiently fast to suit this progressive age. Working and turning over the soil, artificial fertilizers, manuring with decayed vegetation and compost, etc., all have a beneficial effect; and in a few years the natural porosity of the soils change under this treatment, and compactness and greater ability of the mold to hold water, follows as a matter of course.

The following article from the Cornhill Magazine brings out this view in greater detail:

Without vegetation there is no such thing as soil on earth anywhere. The top layer of the land in all ordinary countries is composed entirely of vegetable mold, the decaying remains of innumerable generations of weeds and grasses. Earth to earth is the rule of nature. Soil, in fact, consists entirely of dead leaves. And where there are no leaves to die and decay there can be no mold or soil to speak of. Darwin showed in his last great book that we owe the whole earth's covering of our hills and plains almost entirely to the perennial exertions of that friend of the farmers, the harmless earthworm. Year after year the silent worker is busy every night pulling down leaves through his tunnelled burrow into his underground nest, and there converting them, by means of his castings, into the black mold which produces in the end for lordly man all his cultivable fields and pasture lands and meadows. Where there are no leaves and no earthworms, therefore, there can be no soil, and under these circumstances we get

what we familiarly know as a desert. The normal course of events where new land rises above the sea is something like this, as oceanic islands have sufficiently demonstrated. The rock, when it first emerges from the water, rises bare and rugged like a sea cliff. No living thing, animal or vegetable, is harbored anywhere on its naked surface. In time, however, as rain falls upon its jutting peaks and barren pinnacles, disintegration sets in, or to speak plainer English, the rock crumbles, and soon streams wash down tiny deposits of sand, and mud thus produced, into the valleys and hollows of the upheaved area. At the same time lichens begin to spring in yellow patches upon the bare face of the rock, and feathery ferns, whose spores have been wafted by the wind or carried by the waves or borne on the feet of unconscious birds sprout here and there from the clefts and crannies. These, as they die and decay, in turn form a thin layer of vegetable mold, the first beginning of a local soil, in which the trusty earthworm (imported in the egg on driftwood or floating weeds) straightway sets to work to burrow, and which he rapidly increases by his constant labor. On the soil thus deposited flowering plants and trees can soon root themselves as fast as seeds, nuts, or fruits are wafted to the island by various accidents from surrounding countries. The new land thrown up by the great eruption of Krakatoa has in this way already clothed itself from head to foot with a luxuriant sheet of ferns, mosses, and other vegetation.

MINOR INDUSTRIES.

Our neighbors in Central and Southern California, are now feeling the lack of a market for some of their staple productions—grapes and citrus fruits—and the questions are asked among themselves despairingly: How shall we dispose of these products? Can China be induced to purchase our raisins? Would it not be better to establish large brandy distilleries, etc.? The root of the trouble is, that our California friends have confined their efforts too much in raising staple productions, and have over-supplied the markets with one or two products, much to their own disadvantage.

All countries are liable to err in this way; because where soil and climate are especially favorable for certain products that may be scarce and dear when the industry begins, the whole or greater part of the attention of agriculturists is given to those particular products, without considering eventualities. There may be great consumption of certain products; but however great that may be it has a limit, and when that limit is reached the sacrifice begins. Overproduction has in every country the inevitable tendency toward stagnation; and it cannot be otherwise than inferred from these facts that the productions of a country should be as varied as the conditions will warrant, so that in the event of one kind of crop or product failing, other products can be realized upon to prevent a panic.

From these facts and deductions, a lesson may be drawn that would be serviceable to this kingdom. Valuable as the present staple productions of the Islands are, and much as extended areas of sugar and rice cultivation are commendable; yet our whole trust should not be confined to those products.

Every reasonable encouragement should be given to minor industries that would help to swell the exports, and in time might become valuable "standbys" under periods of depression in our staples. We cannot be blind to the fact that the progress and prosperity of the Islands is, at present, measured by the rise and fall of the sugar market, and that general business throughout the group fluctuates from the same cause.

With more minor industries; more varieties of products, and larger quantities of each, progress would be steadier, there would be fewer risks in general business, and trade would have a healthier and more regular tone.

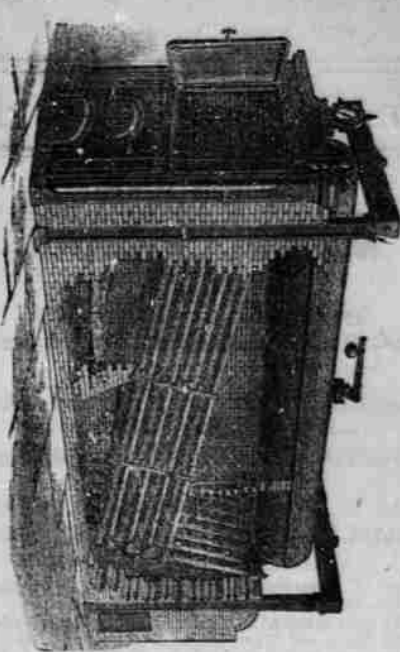
Among other agricultural and horticultural industries that require and should receive special encouragement, during their earlier stages of development, are: coffee, ginger, tobacco, vanilla, spices, citrus and other suitable fruits, etc.; and also industries connected with the preparation and preservation of these products for the purposes of export.

New industries in all countries require and generally receive special encouragements, while in the experimental stages; and, in some countries, government help is given until the assisted industries can stand on their own feet. These aids are given in the way of government subsidies, bonuses, land grants, special immunities from taxation, franchises, etc. Of course, these helps have to be given judiciously, and each application for assistance has to be carefully weighed and publicly discussed. Hole and corner assistance is wrong in principle and hurtful in practice; but under constitutional government it is seldom that these slips are made, owing to critical legislative procedure.

New Advertisements.

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX

Water Tube Boiler,



Is superceding all other Steam Boilers — BECAUSE IT IS MORE —

Economical of Fuel,
Less Liable to Explode,
Easier of Transportation
AND COSTS NO MORE!!

Full description and prices can be obtained by application to,
W. E. ROWELL, Honolulu.
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CHEMICALS.

Medicinal Preparations,

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PATENT MEDICINES

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Manufacturer of Monuments,
Headstones, Tombs, Tablets, Marble Mantels,
Washstand Tops, and Tiling in Black
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Marble Work

Of Every Description made to order at the lowest possible rates. Monuments and Headstones cleaned and reset.

Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to 1277 3m

BEAVER SALOON

H. J. MCLE, Proprietor.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general

That he has opened the above Saloon where first-class Refreshments will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a Competent Chef de Cuisine

— THE FINEST GRADES OF —

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

Smoker's Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers, has been obtained, and will be added to from time to time.

— One of Brunswick & Balke's —

Celebrated Billiard Tables
connected with the establishment, where looser of the cue can participate. 1277 3m

Old Dates of Planters' Monthly

Wanted for Binding.

ONE COPY EACH OF JUNE and DECEMBER, 1882. One copy of APRIL, 1884. Five copies of JANUARY, 1885. 25 cents per copy will be paid for each of the above dates at the

GAZETTE OFFICE, HONOLULU.

General Advertisements.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED PER

Bk. C. R. Bishop

Per Steamers and other late arrivals, a large and complete assortment of

Dry Goods

SUCH AS

Prints, Cottons, bleached and unbleached;

Sheetings, Denims, Ticks, Stripes, &c

A fine selection of

Dress Goods in the Latest Styles

Also, Curtains, Mosquito Netting,

Lawns, &c.;

Woolen Goods of every description;

A complete line

Tailors' Goods!

Clothing, O. & U. Shirts, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, &c.

Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Ribbons,

Hats, Umbrellas, Carpets, &c.

Sealskin Traveling and Carriage

Rugs, &c. Fancy Goods, Notions,

Cs. of Best English and Australian

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BAGS AND BAGGING

For every purpose;

Sail Twine and Filter-Press Cloth

Outlery, Stationery, Jewelry,

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Looking Glasses, &c.

Pianos, Harpophones, Aristons,

Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c.

WRAPPING AND PRINTING

PAPERS.

Paints and Oils, &c.

Asphalt Roofing, Asbestos,

Barrels and Kegs, Keg Shooks and

Rivets,

2 Baxter Engines, Steam Pumps,

Autograph Presses,

Iron Filter Presses!

Sugar Coolers, Iron Bedsteads,

Galvanized Tubs and Buckets,

Lanterns, Axes, Hammers,

Tin Plates, Sheet Lead,

Sheet Zinc, Galv. Iron Sheets,

Galvanized Corrugated Iron & Ridging

Screws and Washers;

GALVANIZED FENCE WIRE,

Barbed Fence Wire,

Yellow Metal, Comp. Nails, Iron

Tanks.

STEEL RAILS.

Fishplates, Bolts, Spikes,

Switches, Portable Rails,

Steel Sleepers, Portland Cement

Fire Bricks, Roof Slates, Boats,

Baskets, Demijohns, Corks, &c.

GROCERIES!

Pie Fruits, Sausages, Cond. Milk,

Blue Mottled Soap, Windsor Soap

Wash Blue, Cream of Tartar,

Carb. Soda, Vinegar, Biscuits,

Stearin Candles, Rock Salt,

Camphor, Safety Matches,

Castor Oil, Epsom Salts,

Hunyadi Janos, &c.

CROCKERY

Dinner and Breakfast Sets, Plates,

Bowls, Toilet Sets, Flower Pots,

Assorted Crates, &c.

GLASSWARE: Tumblers, Wine

Glasses, Sample Bottles, &c.

LIQUORS:

Champagne, Port Wine, Sherry,

Bitters, Rheinwine, Claret,

Cognac Brandy, Whiskey, Rum,

Gin, Doornkat, Porter, Ale,

St. Pauli Beer, Pilsener,

Muller's Lagerbeer, &c.

Harzer Sauerbrunnen, (Mineral

Water),

Alcohol in bbls. and demijohns, &c

HAVANA CIGARS,

American Smoking Tobacco, &c.

HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE!

Golden Gate and Crown Flour,

Bread, Salmon, Cal. Produce, &c.

For Sale on the most Liberal Terms and at Lowest Prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

[1277 3m]

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CASTLE & COOKE,

HARDWARE AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Sugar Factors,

LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE AGENTS!

HONOLULU, H. I.

[1277 3m]

E. G. HITCHCOCK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office at HILO, HAWAII.

22 N. B. - BILLS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. 1212 1y

By Authority



JOLANI PALACE, Aug. 23, 1889.

It has pleased His Majesty the King to confer upon

Mr. GEORGES BERGER,
Mr. MILLAS,
Mr. ALFRED ROULE,

the Decoration of Knight Commander of the Royal Order of the "Crown of Hawaii."

It has pleased His Majesty the King to confer upon

Mr. H. BOUILLETTE,
Mr. L. A. BALME,
Mr. HENRI DE VARIIGNY,
Mr. H. LAGRIFFE,

the Decoration of Knight Companion of the Royal Order of the "Star of Oceania."

1285-47-11

Mr. WM. P. FENNELLO of Grove Ranch, Makawao, Maui, has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Second Judicial Circuit of the Kingdom.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 20, 1889. 1285-31

Mr. D. H. KAAILAU has this day been appointed Pound Master of the Government Pound in the District of North Kohala, Island of Hawaii, vice D. Kahlanui resigned.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 22, 1889. 1285-31

Mr. JOSEPH HOLI has this day been appointed Pound Master of the Government Pound at Papa, in the District of South Kohala, Island of Hawaii.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 22, 1889. 1285-31

Mr. S. H. HAARHO of Kalapana, Puna, Hawaii, has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Third Judicial Circuit of the Kingdom.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, July 23, 1889. 1283-31

The following persons have this day been appointed Agents to Grant Marriage Licenses:

George Heinenauer for the District of Makawao, Island of Maui.
Mr. Naohien for Kalahan, District of Hanalei, Island of Kauai.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1889. 1283-31

The following persons have this day been appointed Fence Commissioners for the District of North Kohala, Island of Hawaii:

Geo. McDonald,
J. G. Hoapili,
E. Kahalanui.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, July 29, 1889. 1283-31

The following persons have this day been appointed Agents to take acknowledgments to Labor Contracts:

Wm. J. Wright for the District of North Kohala, Island of Hawaii.
F. S. Lyman, Jr. for the District of Honolulu, Island of Oahu.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1889. 1283-31

Mr. JOHN S. SMITHIES of Mahukona, Hawaii, has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Third Judicial Circuit of the Kingdom.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 12, 1889. 1284-31

Mr. S. K. KUMANO has this day been appointed a member of the Board of Fence Commissioners for the District of South Kohala, Island of Hawaii.

The Board now consists as follows:

Moses Barrett Esq.,
J. W. Smith Esq.,
S. K. Kumano Esq.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Aug. 12, 1889. 1284-31

Notice to Mariners.
Notice is hereby given that a new Light House having a red and white light has been erected at Mahukona, District of Kohala, Hawaii, in Latitude 20° 11' North; Longitude 155° 54' West, and one-third of a mile due South of the Mahukona Anchorage.

The Light tower is of stone, painted white and situated about seventy-five feet above sea level.

The bearing from this tower to the Kawaihau Light House is South-east by South, magnetic, and the distance nine nautical miles.

L. A. THURSTON,

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, Honolulu, H. Is., August 6th, 1889. 32 1283-31

Another Fire Insurance Company IN THE FIELD.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY of North America, of Philadelphia, Penn., having established an Agency in the Hawaiian Islands solicits a share of the business of the community.

This Company was incorporated in 1792, and has outlived over six hundred competitors. It has paid losses of over \$6,000,000. It has a paid up capital of \$3,000,000 and assets of \$5,000,000. Its business is so generally and carefully distributed that were the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and San Francisco to experience on the same day, a fire like that in Boston in 1872, every loss would be paid without exhausting the Capital and Surplus of the Company. At the Boston fire the Company paid losses of over \$1,000,000.

WILLIAM R. CASTLE,
RESIDENT AGENT.

Hawaiian Gazette

EST MODUS IN REBUS.

TEN-PAGE EDITION.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1889.

SEEING the success that has crowned the efforts of the Hawaiian Government at the Paris Exposition; there ought to be no harm in applying to New York for space for the exhibition of 1892. Exhibits, such as were sent forward to Paris, were necessarily hurried. If proper time is taken in preparation and thought, a very much better showing could be made.

JUDGE TERRY SHOT DEAD.

A great deal of space is given in our California exchanges to the shooting of Judge David S. Terry in the Depot Hotel, Lathrop, Cal.; but we cannot find space for the details of the sensation in this issue. The bare facts however, are stated in the following telegram clipped from the San Francisco Evening Post:

LATHROP, Aug. 14.—Deputy United States Marshal David Nagle shot Judge David Terry dead at the breakfast table in the Depot Hotel here this morning about 7:30 o'clock.

Judge Terry made an assault upon Justice Field of the United States Court in the dining room when Marshal Nagle drew his revolver and fired upon Terry, killing him instantly.

CITY TRADE ENTERPRISE.

With the exception of the grocers and the butchers there is no regular delivery from the stores. In other cities doing large business as this one, the various retail stores either deliver goods themselves or club together to support a delivery wagon. It is high time that our retail dealers took the matter into consideration. If the various stores in town established among them one or two delivery wagons they would find it would pay in the long run. The more facility you give for obtaining goods, the more goods you will sell is an old maxim of trade and there is another which goes along with it, viz: the cheaper you sell your goods the more you will sell, and the quicker you will turn over your money. With our growing population it is those retail dealers that are enterprising that are going to win in the race. We throw this suggestion out because we have heard several people who have come from the coast and the eastern states express surprise, that, after having made the purchases they have had to carry their parcels home themselves or else hire an express to do it for them.

THE WAR-SHIP ALEXANDRINE.

This new German corvette-cruiser, is now at Samoa in place of the German war-vessels that were disabled in the recent hurricane at Apia; and, as she may visit Honolulu or be heard from soon in connection with matters of interest, we clip the following description of this vessel from an Australian Journal:

The German warship Alexandrine, a vessel with a displacement of 2370 tons, is from Wilhelmshaven, the great naval dockyard of Germany, and is under orders to proceed to Samoa, and there replace one of the ships lost during the recent disastrous hurricane. Her commission is for three years, and unless anything of importance transpires to take her elsewhere, will most likely be completed among the islands of the South Pacific. The officers and men are all new to the Pacific station and as might be expected, they look forward to their cruise among the "coral seas" with a certain amount of interest. The Alexandrine belongs to what is termed the "corvette-cruiser" type. This class of vessel is frequently to be met with on foreign service and is looked upon as one of the most useful in the German navy. The Sophie and the Carola are sister-ships to the Alexandrine, and the new arrival also bears a striking resemblance to the Olga, of Samoan fame, which left the other day for Germany, after undergoing an extensive overhaul. The Alexandrine of course is a more modern ship than either of the three mentioned, and further than this she has greater power and is better equipped, —the German naval authorities after their terrible loss at Samoa being fully alive to the importance of keeping only first-class ships on the Pacific coast.

This corvette is a wholesome-looking vessel with a sharp clipper entrance and clean delivery, barque-rigged, with taut masts and possessing every appearance of a fighting ship. She is entirely new, and was turned out recently at the Government dockyards at Kiel. The hull is composite built, with iron frames and wood planking sheathed with metal. The whole is well put together and finished in first-class style. She has two decks. The main deck is chiefly taken up by the armament. The heavy ordnance on board comprises 14 Krupp guns. The majority of these are broadside mounted. They are breech-loading, and their calibre is 15 centimetres. Three guns of the same principle, but of lesser weight, are used for saluting and other purposes. The armament of the corvette also comprises bow and stern chasers, six machine guns of the

Hotchkiss pattern, and for each man on board there is a rifle and a bayonet and a revolver, all of which are within easy reach.

That the Alexandrine has powerful engines may be inferred from the fact that she can travel at the rate of fifteen knots per hour. She has a full poop, and she also rates a forecastle. Her "tween deck space is taken up aft by the officers' staterooms, wardrooms, etc., and forward the men find excellent quarters. The commander's cabin is a handsome apartment under the poop. She is fitted with the electric light.

The Alexandrine carries 210 men. The majority of them are young and robust and look the picture of health. The officers number fifty-four all told. Following are the names of the principal officers: Commander of Corvette Captain Von Gritwitz and Gaffron; first officer, Captain Lieutenant Paleske; Captain Lieutenant Schuurs; Lieutenants Schliebner, Qunge, Gamprieder; Sub-lieutenants Von Biskupski, Von Leuzerke; surgeon, Dr. Schubert; engineer Pruessing; paymaster, Renack.

THE O LUSO TRANSLATION.

The very courteous letter of the editor of the O Luso Hawaiian, inserted in Friday's ADVERTISER, was received too late on Thursday evening to receive the comments which should have accompanied it. The translation given in this paper on Thursday was a fair and faithful version of the original, as any one conversant with Portuguese can see for himself, from the following quotations:

"As elegios garas aproximam se, e com ellas se aproxima a abertura do parlamento, e vamos gostar de ver como se haverá a Reforma."—O Luso, Aug. 17.

TRANSLATION.—"The general elections are approaching, and with them approaches the opening of the Parliament; and we are going to see what will become of the Reform." Or, more literally, "how the Reform will behave."

If however, the O Luso editorial did not express the sentiments which its editor intended, we shall feel very much obliged to him, if he will translate his letter which appeared in to-day's GAZETTE and print it in full in the next issue of the O Luso Hawaiian. It will do much towards removing false impressions, and help to create a better feeling than now exists.

The letter of the editor of the Luso Hawaiian, however, puts the position of the Portuguese, as a party, clearly before the country. He expresses his satisfaction, and that of his compatriots, with Messrs. Thurston and Ashford, and leaves us to infer that neither he nor his compatriots harbor any feeling against the two more recent members of the ministry. Under such circumstances, the Portuguese community shall stand firmly by the ministry. They know what they have, they know the sentiments of Mr. Thurston on the Chinese question and they have seen what actions the Government have taken on that important matter. No fresh Chinamen are coming in, and of those who leave the country only a limited number receive passports to return. The greatest care has been taken in this matter, and even an application for the entry of a single Chinaman, endorsed by the consul at Hong Kong was refused.

The Portuguese community has prospered very well here. One has only to look at the thriving little colonies around the foot of Punch-bowl, with their neat houses and trim little gardens, or go up Kalih valley and see how they have changed the face of the country there. What was jungle before, is now growing bananas and other fruit. Every steamer to the coast sees a long line of horses, mules and donkeys bringing along the produce for shipment. Communities such as these have an interest in the country. They may not take part in party politics, but it is manifestly to their interest to keep things as they are, for the only safe course at the present time is to show that the government has stability.

With an assured stable government we are going to receive considerable treaty benefit from the States. If our government be constantly changing we shall not do so. Whatever benefits the country at large, benefits individuals. Therefore, granted increased treaty benefits to the country and there must be increased benefits to the Portuguese.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The political situation remains very much as reported a month ago, the insurrection of Wilcox and his followers having been completely suppressed. The arrests have been quite numerous—about seventy up to date—and have been confined almost wholly to native Hawaiians and half-breeds. The only foreigners implicated have been one Belgian and one Chinese. It is doubtful whether the latter was concerned in any other way than from curiosity to learn what was going on, he being the editor of the Chinese paper.

Sixty-two persons have been bound over for trial at the October term of the Supreme Court. Taken as a whole, the position of the Government is stronger to-day than before the insurrection, the outbreak of which only proved, what was generally believed before, that the discontented were few in numbers, and had no real grievance.

The Board of Health reports show that the public health is in a most satisfactory condition. There is very little sickness on any portion of the Islands, and the death rate has been gradually decreasing for the past four or five years. There were forty-three deaths at Honolulu (July) and only twenty-four deaths in August up to the 23d. This decrease in the mortality is partly accounted for by a diminished native population, among whom the deaths were always most numerous. The efforts made by the Board of Health to increase sanitary arrangements, have also contributed largely toward the prevention of diseases.

The public works of the kingdom are being actively carried on; but since the departure of the S. S. Australia, none of the larger works have been completed. The great Volcano road is progressing in a most satisfactory manner, and about one-third of its length is finished—this being the lower, most difficult and expensive portion—leaving the balance of the work comparatively easy. In places, the one hundred roadmakers now employed can grub and grade a quarter of a mile per day; and where there are only fern and level areas, half a mile per day can be accomplished. The portion of the road already completed is attracting much favorable comment, and there is now considerable vehicular traffic and tourist travel upon the ten miles completed. It is said, by those best capable of judging, that, for beauty of scenery and finish of roadway, the Volcano road will be the best and most pleasant drive in Hawaii, or anywhere in the kingdom outside of Honolulu and suburbs.

The new drive up to the top of Punchbowl Hill is now approaching completion, and is calling forth much favorable comment. It is being finished in a substantial manner. The grades are easy, and from every point of ascent most beautiful views are obtained.

The U. S. war vessel Nipsic is now on the Marine Railway, where she is undergoing the repairs rendered necessary because of the damage sustained in the Samoan hurricane. These repairs are proceeding at a rapid rate, and the crew occupy the vessel the same as when in her natural element. These facts speak highly in favor of the facilities afforded at Honolulu for the repair of all vessels, large or small; and, owing to the position of the Hawaiian Islands in mid-Pacific, this port as a place for repairing ships cannot be over-estimated. The keel of the Nipsic is ten feet above high-water mark, and could be taken higher up if needed.

The rails for the Oahu steam rail-road are being landed from the bark Deutschland from Germany. They are similar in size and appearance to those used in America, and look heavy and strong. These rails will be laid on the graded portions of the line as soon as possible, and all the other works on this line of road are in active progress; but, since our last summary, there has been little else to note in the finished work of the line. Sealed tenders are advertised for to build the terminal station at the Honolulu end of the line. According to the drawings, this will be an imposing and commodious structure when finished, and will stand upon made land between Oahu Prison and King street; but very near to the latter. There will be a tower and ornamental roof, and the facade will front King street.

The inter island telegraph cable has been laid successfully between the islands of Maui and Molokai, and an attempt was made last week to lay the cable between Oahu and Molokai, but unpropitious weather has prevented the work so far, and the cable schooner is now at her dock in Honolulu harbor. Rather unfavorable comments are made regarding the size, and consequent strength of the cable; but these comments have, as yet, been confined to unprofessionals, and the opinions of experts are in abeyance. The facts, as we know them, are that the cable looks very thin and weak; but we are not prepared to say that it will not answer the purpose sufficiently well.

Since the insurrection at Honolulu on July 30th, the Palace wall has been taken down to within 3 feet 6

inches of the foundation—all around—and the present intention is to have a neat ornamental iron railing on the top, so as to give the surroundings a better appearance and bring into public view the Palace, which is the finest architectural ornament of the city. There is much room for improvement in this direction, and the work having been begun is not likely to be stayed until all the improvements are made that will increase the beauty of this portion of the city. The palace grounds form a beautiful park of some eight or ten acres, and the removal of the high wall has had the effect of exposing to public view the most charming spot in Honolulu, which has hitherto been hidden behind an unsightly barricade.

A large new reservoir is under construction in Nuuanu Valley for the purpose of adding to the metropolitan supply of water, and to furnish additional power to the electric light works, as these lights are to be supplied to private houses as well as in lighting the streets, as at present.

The city tramways are receiving increasing traffic, and additional cars have arrived by the S. S. Australia. There is a great demand for more cars, and these will be supplied as soon as possible.

Most of the mills have now finished grinding sugar for the season, and the total sugar exports to date are over 110,000 tons.

This being the dull season in consequence of cessation of sugar exports, trade is not so active as is the case during other periods of the year; but this season compares favorably, nevertheless, with similar periods of former years. One large brick-warehouse is being built, another large iron-warehouse is just finished, and several private residences are in course of erection.

In less than six months another election of representatives to the Legislature will take place, and preparations for that event are beginning to move in some quarters; although the time is yet premature.

This is the dull season at Honolulu and all over the islands, and in consequence there is comparatively little doing in the moving of goods or retail sales. Private societies and parties are therefore more indulged in, and these have been numerous within the past two weeks.

Considerable additions have been made to the strength of the police force, and a good many white men have been added. Every confidence is now felt in the ability of the force to prevent future riots of the nature of the conspiracy of July 30th, last.

A Fine Steamer Going to Pieces.

WATERTOWN (N. Y.), August 1.—The palace steamer St. Lawrence, which for several seasons has been the pride of her officers and the best of the Thousand Islands line of boats, ran on a rock off Hog Island in the Canadian Channel to-day and is going to pieces. She had on board nearly 900 people, who were safely conveyed to the adjoining islands. It is expected the steamer will go to pieces during the night.

The Granada's Treasure Recovered.

New York, August 1.—President George Gould of the Pacific Mail has received a cablegram from the company's agent at Manzanillo stating that the treasure (200,000) that was on board the steamer Granada when the vessel was lost, had been recovered. The vessel was valued at \$200,000 and is a total loss.

Little Duties.

A letter carrier in one of our large cities some months ago found on reaching the postoffice, after a long round of delivery, a letter in his bag that he had overlooked. It would have taken him half an hour to return and deliver it. He was very tired and hungry. The letter was an ordinary, unimportant looking missive. He thrust it in his pocket and delivered it on his first round the next day.

What consequence followed? For want of that letter a great firm had failed to meet their engagements, their note had gone to protest, a mill closed and hundreds of poor workmen were thrown out of employment.

The letter carrier himself was discharged for his oversight and neglect. His family suffered during the winter for many of the necessities of life, but his loss was of small account compared to the enormous amount of misery caused by his signal failure of duty.

Another case. A mechanic, who had been out of work a long time in New York, went in September to collect a small sum due to him. The gentleman who owed it, being annoyed at some trifling, irritably refused the money. The man went to his wretched home, and maddened by the sight of his hungry wife and children, went out to the back yard and hanged himself.

The next day an old employer sent to offer him a permanent situation. Here was a life lost and a family left paupers because a bill of a dollar or two was not paid at the right time.

The old Spanish proverb says: "There is no such thing as a trifle in the world." When we think how inextricable the lives of all mankind are tangled together it seems as if every word or action moved a lever which set in motion gigantic machinery whose effect is wholly beyond our control. For this reason, if for no other, let us be careful to perform promptly and well the duties of life, even the most trivial.—Ex.

SPECKELS' PURCHASE.

The property recently purchased by John D. Spreckels at San Diego includes a third interest in the Coronado Beach Hotel, the Coronado Belt Line and the Park Belt Line Railroads, the San Diego & Coronado Water Company, the San Diego Street Car Company, the San Diego & Coronado Ferry Company, the Coronado Beach Motor Line and the Marine Ways. The Coronado Beach property consists of 6,000 acres of land, and with the many improvements made upon it, including the establishing of several railroad lines and the hotel and water works, it now represents a capital value of about \$5,000,000. The Coronado Beach Company, consisting principally of capitalists from Boston, first purchased and improved the property. The company branched out into the different enterprises above mentioned which are, with one or two exceptions, on a paying basis. The company started in by erecting the Coronado Hotel, laying out the surrounding property and constructing suitable wharves, with the intention of making Coronado a recognized shipping point. A large amount of capital has been sunk in the scheme.

Legal Advertisements.

SUPREME COURT OF THE
Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of CHARLES H. NICOLL, of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate.
On reading and filing the petition of Francis M. Nicoll, widow of said deceased, of Honolulu, Oahu, alleging that Charles H. Nicoll, of Honolulu, died intestate at said Honolulu, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1889, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to J. J. Lecker. It is ordered that FRIDAY, the 27th day of September, A. D. 1889, be and the said day is appointed for hearing said petition before the said Justice, in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted; and that notice of this order be published in the English language for three successive weeks in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE newspaper in Honolulu.
Dated Honolulu, H. I., August 26, A. D. 1889.
By the Court: J. H. REIST, Deputy Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE
Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of KALAUHI (K.) late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased. Order appointing time for Probate of Will and directing publication of notice of the same.
A document, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of KALAUHI (K.), late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, having on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1889, been presented to said Probate Court, and praying that the same be admitted to probate, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Henry Long, having been filed by him. It is hereby ordered that the said Will be read at a public hearing, to be held at the Court Room of the Court House at Honolulu, on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Honolulu, at which time and place the same is hereby appointed the time for proving said Will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and contest said Will, and the granting of Letters Testamentary.
Dated Honolulu, H. I., August 26, 1889.
By the Court: J. H. REIST, Deputy Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF
the Third Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Kingdom.
KALAUHI (K.). By the grace of God, of the Hawaiian Islands, King.
To the Marshal of the Kingdom, or his Deputy in the Third Judicial Circuit—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon AKA, K. (K.) defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to and appear before the said Circuit Court at the May Term thereof, to be held at the Court Room of the Court House at Hilo, in the Island of Hawaii, on TUESDAY, the 7th day of May next, at 9 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of KALAUHI (K.) plaintiff, should not be awarded her pursuant to the tenor of annexed petition. And have you to return this writ, with full return of your proceedings thereon.
Witness, Hon. A. FRANCIS JUDD, Chief Justice of our Supreme Court, at Hilo, this 15th day of April, A. D. 1889.
DANIEL PORTER, Clerk of Circuit Court.

Due and diligent search having been made for the within defendant AKA, but he cannot be found.
Honolulu, May 10, 1889.
JOHN H. SOPER, Marshal.
I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the summons in case of the above named parties, and that said Court at the May Term, 1889, ordered that the case stand continued until the 7th day of May next, at 9 o'clock A. M., at which time and place said AKA, K. (K.) defendant, shall appear and answer to the claim of KALAUHI (K.) plaintiff, and that an attested copy of said summons be published as required by law.
Witness my hand and the Seal of said Court at Hilo, this 12th day of August, A. D. 1889.
DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT OF THE
Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased. At Chambers.—Before PANGLOSS, J.
On reading and filing the petition and accounts of Alexander Campbell, Administrator of the estate of Alexander Campbell, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed \$239.29, and charges himself with \$25,415.31, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his co-tenants from all further responsibility as such Administrator.
It is ordered that FRIDAY, the 27th day of September, A. D. 1889, be and the said day is appointed for hearing said petition before the said Justice, at Chambers, in the Court House at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.
Dated at Honolulu, H. I., this 12th day of August, A. D. 1889.
By the Court: ALFRED W. CARTER, Second Deputy Clerk.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
Hawaiian Islands.—Second Circuit.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of JOSEPH G. HOWIE, of Honolulu, Maui, deceased, intestate. Before Mr. Justice Macanann, Circuit Judge.
On reading and filing the petition of Adelaide C. Howie, widow of said deceased, of Honolulu, Maui, alleging that Joseph G. Howie, of said Honolulu, died intestate at said Honolulu, on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1889, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to her.
Notice is hereby given that on THURSDAY, the 18th day of September, A. D. 1889, be and the said day is appointed for hearing said petition before the said Justice, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted; and that notice be published in the English language for three successive weeks in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE newspaper in Honolulu.
Dated Waikuku, H. I., August 26, 1889.
J. E. RICHARDSON, Circuit Judge, Second Judicial Circuit, H. I. (1283-31)

BY VIRTUE OF THE AU-
thority in me vested by the Constitution and the Statutes of the Kingdom, and deeming it essential to the promotion of Justice, I do hereby order that the regular Term of the Third Judicial Circuit be held at Waikuku, H. I., Hawaii, on the first Thursday of September, 1889, be hereby postponed until Thursday, the 12th day of said September, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Witness my hand and the Seal of the Supreme Court at Honolulu, this 10th day of August, 1889.
Chief Justice Supreme Court.
Attest: HENRY SMITH, Clerk Supreme Court. 1283-31

BOARD OF HEALTH MEETING.

Statement of Expenditure at the Boys' Home and Bishop's Home, Molokai.

The Board met on Monday the 19th inst. at the usual hour, and the chief matters considered were Mr. R. W. Meyer's statements regarding the Boys' Home and Bishop's Home at the leper settlement—first is a "condensed statement of the number of inmates and expenses of the Boys' Home at Kalawao, for a period of twelve months from its commencement, from August 1st, 1888 to July 31st, 1889—in charge of the late Rev. Father Damien and, subsequently, the Rev. Sister Marianne, assisted by Mr. J. Dutton."

The statement referred to, shows the daily average of inmates to have been within a fraction of 97, and the consumption of food and articles of use during the fiscal year, cost the total amount of \$3,553.25; the clothing cost \$999.18; utensils and sundries are estimated at \$100 and the expenses of management, labor and sundry services \$1193.10—the total expense for the home during the year being \$5,845.53; and the cost per capita was \$60.61. It is noted that the cost of the Boys' Home exceeds that of the Bishop's Home, and this is accounted for by the advancing illness of the late Father Damien. There is now, however, a very large reduction in the cost per capita.

Second. The statement regarding the Bishop's Home is a condensed report of that institution "for girls and unprotected females at the Lepers Settlement in charge of the Rev. Sister Marianne, covering a period of six months from its opening on Feb. 1st, 1889 to July 31st, of the same year. The average daily number of inmates, during the six months, was 494. The consumption of food and other articles consumed cost \$624.35; clothing \$201.30; utensils \$25; management \$340; servants \$250—making the total cost of the Bishop's Home \$1,440.83; and the cost per capita for the six months \$29.33.

It is obvious that any increased number of inmates would decrease the cost per capita, and the above named amount of \$29.33, for six months, or \$58.66 yearly, cannot be said to be a high rate per capita.

The two reports, in their varied details, were approved by the Board of Health; and they appear to us very satisfactory exhibits of the institutions under notice.

The Behring Sea Trouble.

The Canadian excitement over the seizure of the sealing vessel "Black Diamond," appears, so far, to be a tempest in a teapot. The event has created very little comment in either army or navy circles in the United States.

The dispatch to the San Francisco Chronicle dated August 1st says:

It is understood that before he left this country for England Sir Julian Paucot, the British Minister, was in consultation with Secretary Blaine in reference to this very matter, as well as the Atlantic seaboard fisheries.

It is asserted that Sir Julian told the Secretary of State that the British Government is as desirous of preventing the extermination of the fur seals as is the American Government, but the British are not willing to admit the claim of the United States that Behring sea is a closed sea.

The story states further that the prime object of the return of the British Minister was not, as reported, to bring his family over, although he will bring them with him on his return, but to secure from the British Home Office the draft of a new convention covering many of the subjects now in dispute. It is owing to this fact undoubtedly that Assistant Secretary Wharton expresses his unqualified belief that the reported seizure will not lead to any open rupture.

A gentleman who was strongly instrumental in securing the passage of the bill for the protection of the fur seal industry, which is the basis of General Harrison's proclamation of last March, admitted frankly to-day that he did not believe at the time he spoke in behalf of the bill on the floor of the House that the United States could maintain its position of exclusive jurisdiction over the body of water known as Behring sea.

He said further that one of the objects of those who urged the passage of the bill most strenuously was to bring about some negotiations which would result in an international agreement to protect the breeding grounds and to prevent the slaughter of female seals.

An Interview.

In reference to a letter written by James N. K. Keola and published in the evening paper, a representative of the ADVERTISER interviewed the late Adjutant and Acting Major of the Battalion of Volunteers recently disbanded, and received the following explanation. 1st.

The names of the members of one of the companies were not furnished to the Acting Major, and he had no list of the members of that company. 2d. He does not know what company James N. K. Keola belonged to. 3d. He does not believe that he ever saw Keola at drill or meeting of any company. 4th. He does not know who James N. K. Keola is. 5th. James N. K. Keola could not have met two of the officers belonging to his company on the 30th July, as stated in his letter, because one of the officers was in the Palace that morning, and another reported to him, the Acting Major.

The Jones Picnic.

A picnic to Pearl harbor was given by Mr. P. C. Jones on Tuesday in honor of His Excellency H. A. P. Carter and wife, and Mr. Wm. P. Jones. Among those who received invitations were: Rev. Dr. Dwinell and wife, H. W. Severance Esq., U. S. Consul-General, Lieut. Commander Lyons of the U. S. S. Nipsic, and Lieut. Moore of the U. S. S. Alert. There were about thirty ladies and gentlemen who went by the steamer Ewa and several of the larger yachts. Other excursionists went by land, and the day was very pleasantly spent among the groves and islands of the "inland sea." The steamer Ewa returned about 7 p. m. with a number of the picnic party, and others reached home by the yachts or by land at a later hour.

A man claimed admission the other day to a panorama at half price because he only had one eye.

HILO NEWS LETTER.

Japanese and Chinese Matters—Personal Mention, Etc.

One of our popular Deputy Sheriffs has resigned, to fill the vacancy of paymaster of the Volcano Road, R. W. Lane having resigned. Mr. C. J. Stevens, the new paymaster, known in Hilo by the title of "His Official Dignity," was pleased to receive the appointment, and will make a good man for the position, I believe.

Another Chinaman has been arrested, who was wanted in the Honoum murder case. The murderer of Anderson, it is believed, will be found yet.

Mr. Frank W. Damon gave at First Foreign Church on the 18th inst. an interesting account of his work among the Chinese generally. It was listened to with marked attention, and contained much instruction regarding the Chinese mission.

The Japanese school is increasing rapidly in numbers. The new missionary, Mr. John Okabe, is a great favorite with his countrymen; but the difficulty seems to be to get enough teachers at all times. There were forty-five Japanese present at school on the 18th inst.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Severance, and Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Furness, have gone to their summer residence, four miles from Hilo, on the rock bound coast where the waves dash high.

The Church Sociable of the Hilo Foreign Church was held at the house of Mr. Henry Porter on the 16th inst.

We want more rain in Hilo district—call not Hilo, Rainland, any longer.

The Japanese had a grand time at Waiakoa on the 17th inst. Japanese music and Japanese tricks, dancing, refreshments, etc., and they had Silva, the Hilo photographer, there to take views to send home to their friends in Japan.

J. A. M.

THE DECEMBER ECLIPSE.

English Astronomical Expeditions Will be Sent to Cayenne and West Coast of Africa.

LONDON, August 1.—Extensive preparations are being made to take observations of the total eclipse next December by the Royal Astronomical Society. W. H. Wesley, assistant secretary, said to the Herald correspondent to-day: "We intend to send out two expeditions to observe the eclipse—one to South America and the other to West Africa. The line of totality barely touches South America along its northeast coast. It passes across Africa, striking the west coast near St. Paul de Loanda.

The expedition to South America will probably go to Cayenne, in French Guiana. This expedition is in charge of Rev. S. J. Perry, F. R. S., director of the college observatory at Stowhurst. Albert Taylor will be in charge of the African expedition. Mr. Taylor's party will doubtless go to St. Paul de Loanda, and then go a hundred miles or more down the coast or into the interior.

When asked about the matter Prof. Lockyer said: "Our great point is this: We want to find out if the spectrum of the corona corresponds to that of the coal meteorites. It may be that the phenomena which we have been thinking as shot from a gun by a sort of violent action are merely falls, either from the outside or from the upper layers of the sun's atmosphere. If this is the case the theory long ago suggested of a meteoric origin of the sun will be revived into full belief. It has already been proved by photographic work, by the Solar Physics Committee, that the spectrum of the sun corresponds exactly with that of meteorites at a very high temperature. That means both have the same components.

Now if the corona shows the same spectrum as the coal meteorites we shall know a great deal more than we do now about the components of the sun's atmosphere and the changes that are going on. We may be able to prove that the solar atmosphere becomes luminous from the glowing of meteoric materials."

Laupahoehoe News.

A sociable has just been given here to Mr. J. M. Lydgate as a formal leave-taking previous to that gentleman's departure from the district. The opportunity was chosen for the presentation of a watch and chain to him, as a token of appreciation of his untiring efforts to provide intellectual amusement for the residents, and for preaching on Sundays and holding religious services here for the past six years. Mr. Lydgate has preached his farewell sermon, and it was listened to by a large congregation. He leaves a vacancy in this community that will be very hard to fill.

On Friday, the 9th of August, a native boy about 15 years old, was drowned at Laupahoehoe while fishing. It is supposed that a heavy sea struck him and stunned him. The body was found some hours later floating in the bay. An inquest was held by E. W. Barnard, corner at which a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.

A Rich and Timely Donation.

On his return from Hawaii last week Rev. Dr. C. M. Hyde was surprised to find on his desk, awaiting his return, a check for one thousand dollars—an unsolicited gift from Hon. Charles R. Bishop, to aid in the maintenance of the North Pacific Theological Institute, of which the doctor is principal. The Institute was greatly in need of funds, and the unexpected gift will relieve a burden, and help to cheer those engaged in instructing the students in this worthy but poorly supported Hawaiian Seminary.

The Kohala Girls' School.

The Hawaiian Board proposes to open the Kohala Girls' school about the first of October. Miss Whittier of Worcester, Mass., will be the principal, and Miss Gatten of Salem, Mass., the assistant. Rev. Dr. Hyde and Rev. A. Ostrom have been appointed a committee to solicit contributions for the necessary alterations, repairs, and refurbishing. The school was opened in 1874 under Miss G. W. Lyon, as principal, but since her resignation in 1882, the building has been closed.

THE VOLCANO.

Great Activity in the Crater—The New Road, Etc.

A letter received by the Kilauea Wednesday, from a gentleman in Hilo, states: "I returned from a visit to Kilauea last Friday, the 16th inst., and found great activity in the crater—Halemauana is again rising, and there is one long lake of fire at its base. The entire floor of the crater seems to be moving and changing levels, and the register at the Volcano House shows a largely increased number of visitors. The increase is doubtless owing to nearly one-third of the new road from Hilo being finished for vehicular travel, leaving only about twenty miles of horseback riding over a good path on which there are no palis or anything approaching to steep grades, and the surrounding scenery and climate are of the most delightful kind. There is water enough for horses at short intervals along the track, and there are native houses every few miles. Scarcely any tourists now prefer the shorter and rougher track by way of Keaunohu, because the six miles of difference in length is compensated for by greater convenience and a very much more agreeable road by the new highway from Hilo. In less than another month, I expect the new road will be finished beyond the Halfway House and within fourteen miles of the Volcano. Then the whole travel will go by the new road, and the Keaunohu route must be and indeed is now discontinued for tourist travel, from inanition. The new wharf at Hilo is giving great satisfaction, and this is another reason why the new road is becoming already so popular. A new bridge is being constructed at the ponds on the first mile of the road, and various other improvements are being made at the Hilo end. It has already become a fashionable drive, and bids fair to be the 'Rotten Row' of the southern capital—riding, driving and walking upon the newly made highway being now common and much enjoyed. Of course, Hilo wants a properly conducted hotel, and were the people as progressive as in most American communities, a local newspaper to advocate the interests of the district, would have been established long ago; but when the new road to the Volcano is finished, new blood may be expected to settle here and the dry bones will be stirred considerably, although they hold to the city allotments with an aimless grasp so far."

PORTUGUESE POLITICAL OPINIONS. An Editorial Article From the "Luso Hawaiian" of August 17th, in which the Editor asks—"Will They Continue to be Protected?"

"Ho Fon, editor of the Chinese newspaper of this city, was arrested last Wednesday, for complicity in the late insurrection, and is accused of the crime of treason. It is probable that arrests are now being made of other Chinese. Will the pro-Chinese gentleman of the reform, which constitutes the present government, still continue to advocate the cause of their Celestial proteges, since having reason to believe that they took part in planning the destruction of their government. What do they think of the return which they are now receiving? Nothing less was to have been expected. We rejoice to see our Portuguese, (who constitute an enormous colony in this archipelago, and which in spite of being the most useful is the least favored, and whose importance to these islands not all yet realize), so far from being suspected in the late insurrection, having on the contrary, many of them left their homes, and taken a rifle in defence of the government, at the risk of losing their own lives and of leaving their wives unprotected and their children orphans. How many Chinese and Japanese, who bring no good to these islands except to the pocket of half a dozen influential 'stock-jobbers,' grasped a weapon in defence of the Hawaiian Government? Nobody saw one who did. The general elections are approaching, and with them approaches the opening of the Parliament, and we are going to see what will become of Reform."

Gabriel Arrested.

The mulatto, Gabriel, was arrested Monday about 2:30 p. m. on board the steamer Mokolii, which sailed at 5 p. m. for Molokai and Lanai. At the time Gabriel was found, the police were searching the vessel for Pat Hayes, and discovered the mulatto huddled up in one of the sailors' bunks. He is now booked in the police register on a charge of treason; and it appears he has been in hiding, for the past twenty days, somewhere in Kalih valley, but had made an attempt to get away to Molokai by leaving his hiding place during night and stowing himself on board the steamer above named. He might have succeeded in making his escape, had it not been for the strict search to capture Hayes.

The Larger "Trusts."

The trust companies whose unlisted securities are dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange have given their capital stocks and issues of certificates as follows:

Names of Trust.	Number certificates.	Total capital.
Lead.....	830,188	\$83,018,800
Sugar.....	498,565	49,856,500
Cotton Oil.....	421,892	42,189,200
Distillers' and Cattle Feeders'.....	307,266	30,726,600
American Cattle.....	133,961	13,396,100

Total.....2,191,832 \$219,183,000
The chairman of the Committee on Unlisted Securities says that under the rules the companies whose shares are quoted are not called upon to make any statement to the Stock Exchange other than voluntarily.

Lord Randolph Churchill says that the cost of constructing the proposed additions to the British fleet, will only be three farthings (1 1/2 cents) per head of the population.

BALLOON ASCENSION.

A Plucky Ascent of Prof. E. L. Melville, the Aeronaut, in Kohala.

The following letter was received from Prof. Melville Wednesday:

A large crowd of the foreign and native residents of the above district assembled to witness Prof. E. L. Melville ascend, shortly after 3 p. m. in his balloon "America" from Waimea on Saturday August 10th. Previous to the ascension the balloon unfortunately took fire, burning a hole in it large enough to admit a horse. However, that did not prevent the aeronaut from making a successful ascension, notwithstanding the request of the crowd to abandon the attempt. When up about 1,000 feet the hoop surrounding the bottom of the balloon broke, greatly to the consternation of the assembled people. The aeronaut then coolly hung by his toes, and flinging down his cap managed to alight safely, receiving only a few bruises several miles from the point of ascent. The residents of the district wished to witness a second ascension, and had offered to subscribe a good purse to the aeronaut; but, owing to the Professor having to meet the next outward bound steamer in order to fulfil engagements in America, he was unable to make another aerial flight. The highest altitude reached was something over 5,000 feet.

Advertisements.

Corporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting held in Honolulu on the 25th day of July, 1889, of the subscribers to the stock of the HUI KALEPA HAWAII it was voted to accept the Charter of Incorporation granted to them and their successors under the corporate name of the HUI KALEPA HAWAII on the 25th day of July 1889, and that said corporation under said charter thereupon organized itself and elected the following officers:

President and Treasurer. Henry Smith
Vice-President.....S. K. Kane
Secretary.....Josiah Kna
Auditor.....M. K. Keohokaloie
Manager.....W. H. Cummings
Notice is further given that pursuant to the terms of said charter no stockholder shall be liable for the debts of the corporation beyond the amount which may be due upon the share or shares owned by him or her.
JOSHIAH KNA, Secretary.
Honolulu, Aug. 2, 1889. 1285-3t 43-1t

For Sale!



A FEW LARGE HORSES, Suitable for Plantation Work.

APPLY TO

E. R. MILES,

Hawaiian Hotel Stables.
[1284-1m]

EAGLE HOUSE

NUUANU AVENUE.

THIS FIRST-CLASS FAMILY Hotel (situated in the most pleasant part of the City) continues to offer the comforts of a home to transients and others. Adjoining the Main Building are several New Cottages specially constructed for family use. Table unparpassed. Terms \$2.00 per day, \$12.00 weekly. Special arrangements for monthly boarders.

T. KROUSE, Prop., Honolulu, H. I.

IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER, Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.



BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA SUGAR-COATED PILLS, The Great Purifier of the BLOOD AND LIVER.
119 1240-1y

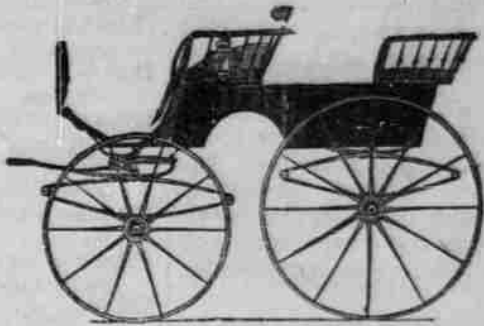


RUPTURE DR. FIERCE'S MAGNETIC ELASTIC TRUSS. Only Electric Truss in the world. No Iron Hooks or Steel Springs! Easy to wear. This celebrated Truss has radically cured thousands of patients. Retail \$1.75. Perfect fitting trusses sent all parts of the world and we guarantee safe delivery. For full particulars, write for Pamphlet No. 1. Address, H. E. Fierce Co., 704 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A. For Prices use our New Instrument for Home Treatment. Price, 95c or \$1.00.

General Advertisements.

HAWAIIAN

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING CO.



Carriages, Phaetons, Buggies, Brakes, Wagons, Etc.,

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN. ALL KINDS OF

CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING

Solicited at very low prices.

OUR PATENT BRAKES

Originated in Honolulu by us have been reduced 25 per cent. in price.

Just Received a large invoice of

Second Growth of White Oak Spokes.

HUBS, FELLOES, RIMS, PLANK, ETC.; HEAVY HICKORY WAGON, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES, ETC., ALL AT A GREATLY REDUCED RATE.

Large Assortment of 'Bai Iron.

26 1282-3m

FISCHER PIANOS,

Renowned for Tone & Durability

ESTABLISHED 1840.

80,000 in Use. Guaranteed for Five Years.

ENDORSED BY THE FOLLOWING ARTISTS:

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Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

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HAWAIIAN BUSINESS AGENCY,

Corner of Fort and Merchant Streets, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

GENERAL AGENTS, EXPERT ACCOUNTANTS AND COLLECTORS,

REAL ESTATE, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS, CUSTOM HOUSE, LOAN AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.

Departments of Business:

BOOKS AND ACCOUNTS accurately kept and properly adjusted. COLLECTIONS will receive special attention and returns promptly made. CONVEYANCING A SPECIALTY. Records searched and correct Abstracts of Titles furnished. LEGAL DOCUMENTS AND PAPERS of every description carefully drawn and handsomely engrossed. COPYING AND TRANSLATING in all languages in general use in this Kingdom. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Taxes paid and Property safely insured. HOUSES, Cottages, Rooms, Offices and Land leased and rented, and rents collected. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE effected in first-class Insurance Companies. CUSTOM HOUSE BUSINESS transacted with accuracy and dispatch. LOANS NEGOTIATED AT FAVORABLE RATES. ADVERTISEMENTS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS solicited for Publishers. SKILLED AND UNSKILLED LABOR FURNISHED. ANY ARTICLE PURCHASED or sold on commission. INTER-ISLAND ORDERS will receive particular attention.

ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO OUR CARE WILL RECEIVE PROMPT AND FAITHFUL ATTENTION AT MODERATE CHARGES.

Having had an extensive business experience for over twenty-five years in New York City and elsewhere, we feel competent to attend to all business of an intricate and complicated nature, or requiring tact and discretion, and respectfully solicit a trial. HAWAIIAN BUSINESS AGENCY. Bell Telephone No. 274. 29 1277-4t

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., L'd.

Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.

Reduction in Lamp Goods!

New Invoices in Latest Designs Just Received and offered at Specialty Low Prices.

A NEW LINE OF GOODS

Artists' Materials, Art Goods, Paintings, Pictures, Picture Mouldings,

All of which were personally selected and are of newest patterns.

PICTURE FRAMING in all its branches a specialty.

RUBBER HOSE!

Having been appointed AGENTS of some of the largest factories in the East, we are prepared to supply all grades and sizes of Hose upon unusually favorable terms.

A Large Stock of Goods in all Lines Just Received.

Electric Light Chandeliers and Fixtures

LATEST PATTERNS, JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTURERS DIRECT. 1279 11t

STEAMSHIPS AND CABLES.

The propositions which Mr. Hugh R. Reid of Australia has gone to lay before the Government at Washington are two-fold: he wants a subsidy for a telegraph line between this country and Australia, and he wants another subsidy for a fortnightly steamship line between this port and Sydney. It is not worth while now and here to discuss the question of subsidies on its abstract merits, for the President's inaugural defined the policy of this Administration to be in favor of using a portion of the surplus in subsidies to steamship lines. The only question that is left open for discussion is the merits or demerits of this or that applicant for a subsidy.

The case of the telegraph may be considered separately. So much money is paid every year by American citizens for telegraphic messages to Australia. They cost about \$2.80 per word. How much Americans paid last year we do not know. Mr. Reid says that Australians paid \$2,500,000 for cable messages. Of course the colonies could afford to pay out of the colonial treasuries a large annual subsidy to a new line which offered to do the business—as Mr. Reid says his company offers to do—for less than one-half the money. So we—if Americans pay \$250,000 a year, as they probably do for cable messages to Australia at \$2.80 per word—could afford to grant a subsidy to a company which offered to do the business for half the present rates.

As to the steamship line, it is clear that if any steamship line deserves a subsidy it is a line which aims at creating a new trade and opening up new markets. It is hard to justify a subsidy for a line from New York to Havana. Between these points there is a trade established which ought to sustain a steamship line without Government aid; but between San Francisco and Sydney there is as yet only a limited interchange of commodities. Our reciprocal trade is in its infancy, and without a subsidy it may be that a line would have hard scraping to live. This is precisely the case where a subsidy would do good.

Of course, subsidies could only be voted by Congress to steamship and telegraph lines which had a terminus at this port. We have no interest in lines running to British Columbia, and not a dollar would be voted to aid them. If Mr. Reid's enterprise is based on commercial principles, his ships and his wires will come here, and we think they would get subsidies at Washington. If his enterprise is political, he is wasting his time here. London and Ottawa are the places to which he should apply.—[S. F. Exchange.]

A MODEL OF THE EARTH.

One of the novel exhibits at the Paris Exposition is a model of the earth accurately made to a scale of one millimeter to the kilometer, or the one-millionth part of its natural size. Accounts of the model have been widely published, from one of which the following is taken: "It is a sphere 12.732 millimeters, or nearly 42 feet, in diameter, having painted on its surface all the detail of the earth's surface. This globe is built up on a skeleton of wrought iron, with the outside surface covered with wood, to which are affixed the card board panels covered with hard varnish. This great work was conceived and elaborated by M. Th. Villard and M. Ch. Cotard, and it was carried out by M. T. Seyrig (engineer) and M. Albert Tissandier (architect). A twelve-sided iron and glass structure with a dome covers the globe. In this building an elevator lifts the visitor to a platform, near the top, and from this point he descends by a spiral gallery of almost imperceptible slope, which reaches the ground after a great many turns. Though the globe weighs nearly 13 tons, it can be easily rotated by a hand wheel. The surface is so great (525 square feet) that very considerable detail can be shown. As an educational feature, it is especially useful in permitting the eye to more accurately estimate the relative position and size of seas and continents than is possible with any plane surface map. An exceedingly interesting collection of statistical and geographical information is also painted on the panels, in the shape of the population of continents, cities, etc.; sections of the earth's crust; the comparative heights of mountains; lengths of rivers, railways, telegraph lines, etc. In the matter of telegrams received per 100 of inhabitants, it seems that Australia comes first (250 per 100), and Belgium and Switzerland next with 150 and 100. The United States comes in with 90, Great Britain 90, and Germany ends the list with 40. In the summary of ocean surface as compared with the land, we find that the five oceans cover 221,000,000 square miles, or 74.4 per cent of the earth's surface, while the five continents cover 52,500,000 square miles, or the remaining 25.6 per cent of the total. As the highest mountain on the scale used would be only 5.16 inch high, no attempt has been made to show these in relief, but they are shaded in the painting to appear in relief. The coloring of the oceans represents by its intensity the depth in five shades ranging from a pale to a dark blue. Steamer routes are shown by various colors for the different nations."

A new dog from Holland has a long mane, a short body, a sharp bark, a head like a pig, big ears and no tail. He has appeared at English dog-shows, and is fashionable and expensive.

THE EDITOR'S TABLE.

There's a little box of pills, there's a heap of lengthy bills,
There's a caustic letter from a country reader,
There's a ticket for a stall, there's another for a ball,
There's a circular about a patent feeder,
There's a pack of cigarettes, there are letters of regrets,
There's a proof of highly colored lithographing,
There's a solitary ace, there's a photo of her face,
There are articles to start the angels laughing,
There's a pretty chiming clock, there's some Western mining stock,
There are stacks of verse in every sort of meter,
There's a cotton office hat, there's a badly ragged mat,
There's a pipe-bowl than which nothing could be sweeter,
There's a gaily ribboned cork, there's a map of all New York,
There's a guide to Palestine and one to Russia,
There's the latest opera score, there's a lump of iron ore,
There are relics of a Harvard foot-ball rusher,
There are pots of ink and glue, there are letters old and new,
There are piles of old exchanges and of paper,
There's a narrow pair of shears, there's a glass of that which cheers,
There's a double-backed-and-pointed paper-scraper,
There's a partly smoked cigar, there's an ornamental jar,
There's the circulation-sweater's weekly fable,
O, the sight will tickle you, if you ever catch a view
Of the editor while writing at his table.
—[Inland Printer.]

STATE CONSTITUTIONS.

Something has been said in these columns from time to time regarding the tendency apparent in many of the States to overload the constitutions thereof with provisions which might be more fitly left to legislative enactment. This is a tendency upon which the framers of constitutions, such as those which are being prepared for the coming new States in the West, should be on their guard. We notice that the constitutional convention of North Dakota has had the advantage of a reminder of this sort from Judge Cooley, whose eminence as a constitutional jurist gives his advice peculiar weight. Upon being invited to address the convention at Bismarck, he said that, though scarcely feeling it to be within his province to advise the convention, he would ask the members to remember in their constitution-making that times and men change, and he added in words which might be pondered with profit in almost every State in the Union: "Don't, in your constitution-making, legislate too much. In your constitution you are tying the hands of the people. Don't do that to any such extent as to prevent the legislature hereafter from meeting all evils that may be within the reach of proper legislation. Leave something for them; take care to put proper restraints on them, but at the same time leave what properly belongs to the field of legislation to the legislature of the future. You have got to trust some one in the future, and it is right and proper that each department of government should be trusted to perform its legitimate functions." It would be better for the country if this advice of Judge Cooley, the fruit of an extended and ripe experience, were kept more in mind by constitution-makers. What our constitutions would lose in length they would more than make up in strength and in the reverential regard of the people.—[Bradstreet.]

A NEGRO EXODUS.

Fifty Thousand Leave North Carolina.

RALEIGH, (N. C.), August 1.—The committee appointed by the Colored Emigration Convention, which met here last April, to go West and Southwest, examine the country and learn what arrangements can be made for a movement of a large body of colored people from North Carolina, expects to leave here for the Southwest on Sunday.

The committee say that over 78,000 names of those who will move have been enrolled, and that these have agreed to start in forty-eight hours after notice has been given, provided the commission makes a favorable report.

It is said by the committee that the people in the Southwestern States have held meetings, composed of farmers, business men and capitalists, who have appointed committees to meet and confer with the North Carolina commissioners and to offer such inducements as will direct the tide of immigration in that direction.

If the conditions are favorable and the committee shall so report, it is thought by the committee that at least fifty thousand people will be moved next fall. Kansas, Arkansas, Texas and California seem to be making preparations to increase their colored population at the expense of the North Carolina exodus. Agents from Kansas and Arkansas are expected here on Saturday to accompany the commissioners from this State.

The old project of deepening the present canal across Scotland from Bowling-on-the-Clyde to Grangemouth-on-the-Forth, so as to allow deep-sea-going vessels to pass through, is receiving fresh attention, according to the London Engineering. The present canal is 35 miles long and 9 feet deep, has 35 locks, and rises 156 feet. The improvements, it is said, would cost not over £2,000,000.

A NEW NAVAL TERROR.

England's Latest Supply-Ship—A Quick Fighter and a Fast Sailer.

A new acquisition to England's navy was launched recently and christened the Vulcan. She is designed as a twin-screw torpedo-depot ship, but is a fast protected cruiser and formidable fighting craft as well, and represents an entirely novel type, says the New York World. The construction of the Vulcan was begun on June 16, 1888. She is of 6,620 tons displacement—larger, in short, than any of the large Indian troop ships, and three times as large as many a cruiser. She is built of steel, her hull alone weighing 3,170 tons, and her principal measurements are as follows: Length, 350 feet; beam, 68 feet; mean draught, 22 feet. The vertical keel is of an unusually heavy and substantial character, and is 3 feet 6 inches high. The cast-steel U-shaped sternpost is extra strong, weighing five tons. The vessel is divided into numerous water-tight compartments, and is protected by a continuous steel deck 6 inches thick in the slope and 24 inches elsewhere. The engines are of the triple-expansion type and will give a collective indicated horsepower under forced draught of 12,000. They will drive the ship at a rate of twenty knots (23 miles) and eighteen knots (20.7 miles) at sea. There will be storage for 1,000 tons of coal, an amount sufficient for 3,000 miles' steaming at eighteen knots an hour. She will have a balance rudder similar to that fitted to the Spanish cruiser Reina Regenti and to the Inman steamer City of New York. This will enable the new warship to turn a complete circle of not more than 400 yards in diameter in little over three minutes.

As a torpedo-depot ship she will be admirably adapted for the work. She will be a floating factory, full of forges and workshops for the repair of torpedo-boats and torpedoes. She will carry an immense supply of torpedoes, submarine mines and all the necessary gear of submarine work on a large scale, and she will also have upon her decks a small flotilla, probably eight in number, of second-class torpedo-boats of the largest size. These she will be able to hoist overboard and dispatch in all directions at a few minutes' notice. The Vulcan will also have a torpedo armament of her own, consisting of six launching tubes, some of which are to be under water. Regarded more particularly as a cruiser, she will possess qualities which will entitle her to rank among the most formidable unarmored cruisers of the world. She will have weapons which at close range will be capable of penetrating armor up to nearly sixteen inches thick. The quick-firing armament will be the most powerful of any ship in the world. It will enable her to discharge on each broadside a storm of from eighty to 150 projectiles a minute, and should she ever be attacked by unarmored cruisers or torpedo-boats, she would be able to give them a warm reception.

New Advertisements.

NEW YORK LINE!

AN AL VESSEL WILL BE DESPATCHED for Honolulu to leave New York in all November.

For further information apply to the Agents,

Messrs. W. H. CROSSMAN & BRO., 77 and 79 Broad St., New York City.

or CASTLE & COOKE, Honolulu, H. I.

OAHU COLLEGE

Punahou Preparatory School
HONOLULU, H. I.

These Schools Open for the New Year
September 9, 1889.

The faculty of Oahu College will be the same as last year. The President says: "We think that there has never been an abler faculty at Oahu College, or one better adapted to impart a high classical and scientific education."

The Boarding Department can accommodate but few more than were in attendance last year, and all who desire to enter should make an early application.

The Preparatory School continues under the Principalship of Miss Malone; Miss Carrie A. Gillman takes Miss Chamberlain's position, the latter having resigned to remove to the United States.

The Trustees are happy to announce that, through the generous interest of a friend, they are erecting a fine new building and remodeling the present one, so that this school will occupy new and commodious quarters in September. When thus equipped we believe the Preparatory School will offer opportunities second to none in the Kingdom.

Address all letters of inquiry or applications to

REV. W. C. MERRITT, President.

36-18 1283-4t

Big C has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhea and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONE, M.D., Decatur, Ill.
PRICE, \$1.00.
Sold by Druggists.
HOLLISTER & CO., Wholesale Agents, Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents, 1612-1-ly

Advertisements.

Just Received!



Ex "J. L. HARWAY."

Corning Top Buggies,

Piano-box Top Buggies,

PHAETONS,

One Surrey Carryall, canopy top.

—ALSO—

Baggage Express Wagons

—AND—

Mule Carts,

For Sale by C. Brewer & Co.,

40-1m 1284-3m QUEEN STREET.

Manhattan Life
INSURANCE CO.

Of New York. Established 1850.

This old Company now offers to the Ins-

uring Public its new

Survivorship Dividend Plan

Which affords all the advantages of Life Insurance during the earlier years of life, and at the same time makes a provision for old age, as the Policy-holder can surrender his Policy at the end of the Survivorship Dividend Period and receive its FULL VALUE IN CASH—thus combining INVESTMENT and PROTECTION.

Any information cheerfully furnished.

JOHN H. PATY,

26 1256 Agent.

The Liverpool and London and Globe

INSURANCE CO

(ESTABLISHED 1836.)

Assets..... \$ 40,000,000
Net Income..... 9,679,000
Claims Paid..... 112,569,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture, on the most favorable terms.

Bishop & Co.

1188-6m 1-6m

THE RISDON

Iron and Locomotive Works,

Corner of Neal and Howard Streets,

San Francisco..... California

W. H. TAYLOR..... President

R. S. MOORE..... Superintendent

Builders of Steam Machinery

In all its branches.

Steamboilers, Land Engines & Boilers,

High Pressure or Compound.

STEAM VESSELS of all kinds built complete,

with hulls of wood, iron or composite.

ORDINARY ENGINES compounded when ad-

visable.

STEAM LAUNCHES, barges and Steam Tugs con-

structed with reference to the trade in which

they are to be employed. Speed, tonnage and

draft of water guaranteed.

SUGAR MILLS and Sugar Making Machinery

made after the most approved plans. Also, all

Boiler Iron Work connected therewith.

WATER PIPE, of Boiler or sheet iron, of any

size, made in suitable lengths for connecting

together, or sheets rolled, punched and packed

for shipment, ready to be riveted on the

ground.

HYDRAULIC RIVETING, Boiler Work and Water

Pipes made by this establishment, riveted by

hydraulic riveting machinery, that quality of

work being far superior to hand work.

SHIP WORE, Ship and Steam Capstans, Steam

Winches, Air and Circulating Pumps, made

after the most approved plans.

SOLE Agents and manufacturers for the Pacific

Coast of the Helix Safety Boiler.

PUMPS—Direct Acting Pumps for irrigation or

city works' purposes, built with the celebrated

Davy Valve Motion, superior to any other

pump.

JOHN DYER.....Honolulu

41-3m Room No. 3, upstairs, Spreckels' Block

Agents for the Davidson Steam Pumps.

THE only Steam Pump made that can be run at high piston speed, without

shock, and with safety to the machine. Piston rods, stuffing boxes, valve

seals, stems and lining of water cylinders are of the best composition metal U. S.

Standard.

THESE Pumps have been adopted for use in the New Spreckels' Refinery,

Philadelphia, the Brooklyn Water Works, Brooklyn, New York, etc., etc.

A GOLD Medal was awarded this Pump by the Massachusetts Charitable

Mechanic Association, one of, if not the oldest of its kind in the United

States—money can not buy a gold medal from this Association,—merit alone se-

cures it, and it was won from a large number of exhibitors of steam pumps.

Full stock of Boiler Feed Pumps, Light Tank and Circulating Pumps—

all sizes—constantly on hand.

For particulars enquire of

JOHN DYER.....Honolulu

Room No. 3 Spreckels' Block.

g2 1284 W. G. IRWIN & Co., Agents.

New Advertisements.

COLGATE & Co's
TOILET
SOAPS
AND PERFUMES

As there is no SIMPLE TEST by which adulterated soaps can be detected, the SAFE COURSE is to purchase only those soaps which bear the name of a long-established and reliable house. SINCE 1806 Colgate & Co. have made only the best of articles; as a result, their toilet soaps and perfumes are sold in ALL PARTS OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD, and are everywhere acknowledged to be the STANDARD for purity and excellence. The toilet soap and handkerchief perfume held in highest esteem by the American public is CASHMERE BOUQUET, and over 30 first awards testify that they are "unequaled in quality and perfume."

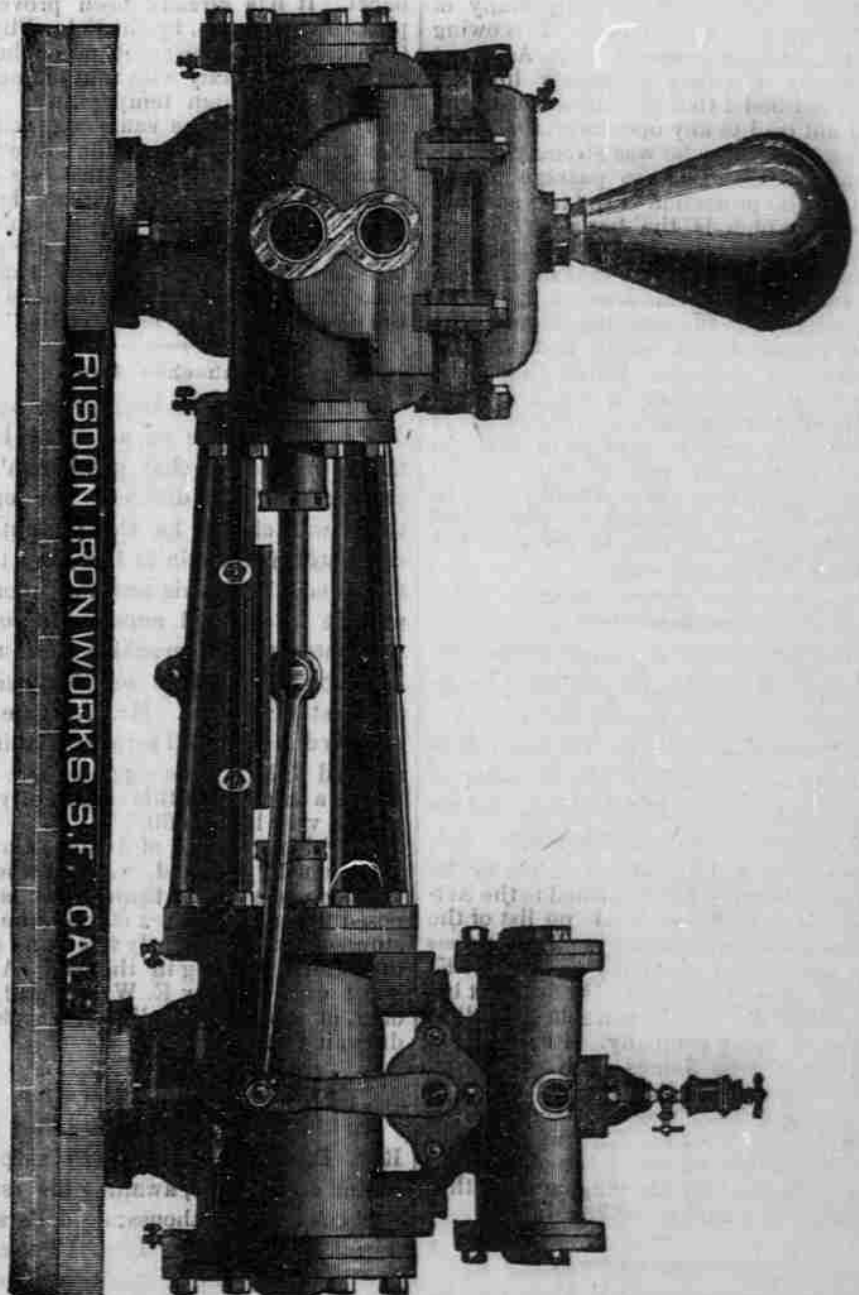
General Depot for Colgate's Perfumes and Soaps,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

HOLLISTER & CO., 109 Fort Street.

148 1278-1m

RISDON IRON WORKS, SAN FRANCISCO



Agents for the Davidson Steam Pumps.

THE only Steam Pump made that can be run at high piston speed, without shock, and with safety to the machine. Piston rods, stuffing boxes, valve seals, stems and lining of water cylinders are of the best composition metal U. S. Standard.

THESE Pumps have been adopted for use in the New Spreckels' Refinery, Philadelphia, the Brooklyn Water Works, Brooklyn, New York, etc., etc.

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Full stock of Boiler Feed Pumps, Light Tank and Circulating Pumps—

all sizes—constantly on hand.

JOHN DYER,

AGENT, HONOLULU.

27 1282

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Sugar has receded to 7 cents for 96 test.

Mr. Anton Vogel has left the employ of Messrs. E. Hoffschlager & Co.

The steamer Australia will sail for San Francisco on Friday, August 30th inst.

Purser Edward A. Keil has the thanks of the GAZETTE and ADVERTISER for files of papers and news favors.

The Inter-island Co.'s steamer Wai-aleale is laid up for repairs. She is to have a general overhauling.

Considerable rainfall at Kohala is reported during Sunday and Monday nights,—about half an inch each night.

His Majesty the King visited the U. S. warship Nipsic Thursday afternoon, during the reception held on board that vessel.

The well-known hostess Mrs. J. T. White, now presides in the branch establishment at Waikiki, in connection with the Hawaiian Hotel.

A report is current in certain quarters that Mr. E. P. Adams, formerly an auctioneer in Honolulu, intends returning to the Hawaiian Islands.

In another column will be found epitomized statements of expenditure at the Boys' Home and Bishop's Home at the Leper Settlement, Molokai.

Dr. Belden, the recently appointed Supreme Court stenographer, has, we learn, resigned the position and returned to the Coast by the S. S. Zealandia.

The three wounded rioters that were at the hospital of Oahu Prison, have been discharged and placed under bonds to appear at Court when called upon.

The thanks of the ADVERTISER and GAZETTE are due to Purser McLane of the Zealandia for files of Australian, New Zealand and Samoan papers, etc.

Among the passengers from Kohala by the Kinau Wednesday were Mr. and Mrs. George Renton, and Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Woods, on their way to the States.

The six cars expected by the Trams-ways Co., arrived by the Australia. They will now give additional and much needed facilities for the crowded tram-traffic.

An entertainment was given by His Majesty the King at Lolani Palace Wednesday evening, to the officers of the war vessels Nipsic and Alert, and other invited guests.

An individual of advanced thought says: "conversation by telephone is becoming so common in Honolulu, that in time it must change the tone of voice and mode of speech."

Sixty steerage passengers came by the Australia. They were nearly all Portuguese; many of them having returned from the States, and prefer the Hawaiian Islands with all their faults.

In speaking about the sailing of the bark Pak Wan, it was stated by a knowing one that when the bark left she did pack one; but whether Pat Hayes was that one, is a question still unanswered.

As will be seen in our report of Police Court proceedings, Captain Kahalewai was nolle pross'd on a charge of treason. The evidence was not sufficient to hold him, but he has lost his former position.

Measurements of the rainfall in Kohala for the last five years show a steady diminution. In 1885, 73 inches; 1886, 63; 1887, 52; 1888, 43; 1889, 36; the figures in each case being from August to August.

J. Kanoa was arrested at Koolau on Monday week, by the Deputy Sheriff of that district, and was lodged in the Honolulu Police Station about 2 p. m. the same day, charged with treason. He was brought over the Pali.

Watermelons weighing sixty pounds each, are now in the market, averaging in price about one cent per pound. It is said that medical gentlemen rather like the prospect—a two cent dose of watermelon is sometimes sufficient for a \$20 fee.

The bark C. D. Bryant collided with a steamer on entering San Francisco harbor, and received some injury; but she is advertised to leave for Honolulu on the same day as the Planter, although a race would, of course, be out of the question.

A letter from Hanakua, by the Kinau last week, states that clouds are traveling over the district, but very little rain falls; while reports from the adjoining district of Kona, state that ten inches of rain fell there during July at the new sugar plantation.

In our advertising columns will be seen a corporation notice of the "Hui Kalepa Hawaii," of which Henry Smith is president and treasurer; S. K. Kane, vice-president; Josiah Kna, secretary; M. K. Keohokaloie, auditor; and W. H. Cummings, manager.

According to a statement in an American Mercantile paper, the value of bananas imported into the United States during the year 1888, was \$3,482,846, and the demand for them is constantly increasing. No danger then of overstocking the market by exports from our little Kingdom.

The main station of the Oahu railroad will be a magnificent building. It will be 106 feet long, 37 feet wide, and two stories high. Each end veranda will be 35 feet long and 27 feet wide. There will also be a tower and ornamental roof, and the whole lower story will be devoted to the traffic department.

The dredge is now picking up unsavory mud near the Fish Market wharf; but the stuff makes excellent material for the site of the new market, and loses its disagreeable perfume when exposed to the air for a few days. The newly made site will be as level, compact and firm as any area of its size on the islands, when it gets a smoothing over.

The frail-looking inter-island cable is being landed from the schooner C. H. Tupper at the lime-kiln wharf, near the Fish Market; and it is stated that a schooner is not the right kind of vessel to perform the laying operations. In the meantime the cable is being nicely coiled away in a large circular tank; and, previous to the remaining sections being laid, some kind of strengthening and overhauling may be done.

Messrs. Wilder & Co. have received advices of continued activity in the crater of Kilauea, and also in the Volcano House, as the number of guests recently have been large.

Two more cars were landed from the brig Geo. H. Douglass on Saturday. Eight of these vehicles, altogether, were added last week to the rolling stock of the Tramways Co.; and they will probably be running to-day.

Escapes from the prison gangs are now getting rather frequent, and the system needs overhauling. It is a serious matter when prisoners cannot be secure after they are convicted, and when the people are taxed so heavily for the purpose both of convicting and securing the custody of convicts.

The San Francisco newspapers, especially the Chronicle, Call and Bulletin, copied their descriptions of the riot of July 30th chiefly from the P. C. Advertiser. No mention is made of any other Honolulu newspaper excepting in the Examiner which gives extracts from both the English dailies; and the Call, in giving a verbatim narrative from the P. C. ADVERTISER, heads it a "graphic description."

Death of Mr. C. H. Nicoll.

The above named gentleman died at his residence, Kinau street, near Piikoi, at 11:10 a. m. Wednesday.

Several months ago deceased met with an accident in a fall by which he received internal injuries that culminated in cancer of his kidneys which was the cause of his death. Mr. Nicoll lingered about seven months, and most of this period he was confined to his house. His ultimate recovery was scarcely looked for during the past two or three months, and he died respected by all who knew him.

Deceased was a native of England, being born in Lancashire on Feb. 2d, 1854. He arrived at Honolulu on Oct. 30th, 1883, as chief engineer of the steamer Planter, in which position he remained until about four years ago, when he became manager of the store in Fort street belonging to Mrs. Thos. Lack.

He was Junior Warden of Hawaiian Lodge No. 1. F. and A. M., and was also a member of Excelsior Lodge No. 1. I. O. O. F. He was 1st Corporal in company A, Honolulu Rifles, and was for a considerable time secretary of the Hawaiian Rifle Association.

On Sept. 10th, 1885, he married Miss Frances M. Lack who, with two children, survives him.

The ceremonies at the funeral of the late C. H. Nicoll took place Thursday at the hour advertised. The services at the Central Union Church were conducted by Rev. Dr. Beckwith, and were very impressive. The procession—including about 200 volunteers of the Honolulu Rifles, and members of the Oddfellows lodges in regalia—started from the Church at 3:45 p. m., and proceeded to Nuuanu cemetery where the last rites were performed, in which the Oddfellows took part. A squad of the volunteers fired three volleys over the grave, and all that was mortal of Mr. C. H. Nicoll was then left in its last resting place. There were about forty carriages in the procession; and the Oddfellows and volunteers, headed by the Hawaiian band, marched before the hearse.

Purser's Memorandum.

The S. S. Australia, H. C. Houdlette master, sailed from San Francisco August 16th at noon, with thirty-two cabin and sixty steerage passengers. Freight 1,346 tons of general merchandise. Fine weather and light trades the entire voyage. Importation: \$40,000 treasure, six francs, one Norman station, and 5,750 gallons beer. August 16th sighted the S. N. Castle and Kossabund bound in. Arrived at Honolulu August 23d, 12 noon.

S. S. Zealandia, K. Van Oterendorp, Commander, sailed from Sydney, Aug. 7th at 4 p. m.; passed the Heads at 5 p. m.; arrived at Auckland Aug. 12th at 3:42 p. m.; touched off Tutuila Aug. 17th at 5 a. m.; arrived at Honolulu Aug. 24th at 2 p. m. The Zealandia brings from the Colonies, 56 cabin, 57 steerage passengers, and 591 tons of cargo for San Francisco. Sydney to Auckland, experienced heavy easterly gales with high sea and very heavy rain; Aug. 13th and 14th, strong easterly winds; 15th to 24th, light variable winds and fine weather.

Mr. Matthew Makalua.

A letter has been received in Honolulu from Mr. Matthew Makalua now studying medicine at King's College, London, in which he says "that he has won the prize for Hygiene and Medical Sanitation, this being the first time a prize has been given, as the science of Hygiene and Sanitation has only recently been introduced as a subject for qualification for Diploma. Mr. Makalua has also won the first Certificate of Honor for Medical Jurisprudence for the year 1888-9, and was third of the year for Pathology and Morbid Anatomy. He was one of the Hawaiian youths sent to England to be educated.

Decorated with Hawaiian Orders.

In our "By Authority" column it will be seen that His Majesty the King has conferred upon the under-mentioned gentlemen certain decorations; and the following are the designations of the recipients of the honors: Mr. Georges Berger, is Directeur General de l'Exposition Universelle. Mr. Millas, is Directeur des sections étrangères a l'Exposition de 1889. Mr. Alfred Houle, is H. H. M.'s Charge d'Affaires and Consul-General at Paris. Messrs. H. Bonillette, S. A. Balme, Henri de Varigny, and H. Lagriffe, are Attaches of the Hawaiian Commissions at the Paris Exposition.

A Farewell Gathering.

The farewell entertainment given on Thursday night at the residence of Thos. R. Walker, Esq., the British Vice-Consul, in honor of the Rev. Geo. Wallace on the eve of his departure for the United States, was a very successful and elegant gathering. The flagstaff of the residence was converted into a tower of light, and altogether the entertainment was of the most recherche quality. Several hundred ladies and gentlemen were present, and the proceedings closed about 10 p. m.

PERSONAL MENTION.

His Excellency Clarence W. Ashford, Attorney-General of the Hawaiian Government, takes a short vacation and will probably return in the Zealandia, unless he should desire to go east, when he may be absent two weeks longer.

George C. Beckley goes on a short visit to meet his better half, with whom he returns in the course of a month.

Mr. Wm. P. Jones returns to Boston after a very enjoyable stay and tour through these Islands. What he has not seen here is not worth seeing; and what he does not know about business, men and things here is not worth knowing. About the Volcano, Pearl river, sugar plantations and laus, Parker is the latest and best authority extant.

Mr. H. P. Wood and wife expect to be absent about a year. The trip is taken on account of Mrs. Wood's health. Messrs. Schuyler and Allard, to whom we referred a few days since, have examined the water supplies of Oahu, and have reported very favorably on the projects in connection with this subject. It is probable they may return here soon.

Mr. J. M. Lydgate leaves for the purpose of continuing his studies, and may be absent some years. We trust he will find it to his interest to return here.

Mr. Edward Suh, cashier of the firm of Messrs. Hackfeld & Co., returns to the old country on a year's leave of absence. He is accompanied by Mr. H. Focke of the house of Messrs. Ed. Hoffschlager & Co.

Several of our leading citizens returned in the Australia, including Messrs. C. R. Bishop, J. T. Waterhouse Jr., Lowry, Hopper, Ables, Gray, and others, all looking as though they had enjoyed their vacation, which doubtless they did.

THE RECENT ANNEXATIONS.

The following is from a Sydney exchange of Monday, August 5th:

News reached Sydney on Saturday by H. M. S. Rapid, from Samoa, of the annexation by the Imperial Government of the Union and Phoenix groups in the South Pacific. The important event took place early last month, being successfully performed by H. M. S. Egeria, which, it will be remembered, left here several months ago to survey the proposed Pacific cable route. The British flag was hoisted with all due ceremony at eight different islands, an Atar, the mentioned were thus formally taken possession of by Captain Oldham, the commander of the Egeria, as representative of Her Majesty the Queen. No opposition was met with, although it is reported that the American flag was found to be flying at several of the islands annexed. The cause of the sudden annexation is the proximity of the groups to the routes proposed for the Pacific cable. The Union and Phoenix groups, it is stated, are almost in a line with the other islands north of the Equator annexed by Great Britain last year. The Union group is situated in lat. 10deg. south, long. 165deg. west, and the Phoenix group extends from lat. 3deg. 8min. south to lat. 4deg. 30min. south and from long. 161deg. 8min. 30sec. west to long. 174deg. 40min. west. The Union group is fertile and populous. At Atar, the principle island of the group, Messrs. Henderson and M'Farlane, of Auckland, have a trading station. The Phoenix Islands are of coral formation. They contain extensive guano deposits, which are worked by Solomon Island laborers employed by Messrs. Arundel Brothers, of London.

Explanation.

In several of our San Francisco exchanges we observe statements that Consul Severance was not received here by the King. We will simply say that all such statements are without foundation. Mr. Severance was most cordially received by the King, who sent his band to serenade him at the hotel. The letter in the Examiner, purporting to be from one of the King's household, is entirely false, and was not sent by any one near the King who is a personal friend of Mr. Severance.

Arrest of an Alleged Absconder.

A man named Richard E. Taylor, alias Frank B. Chandon, and several other aliases, was arrested on Saturday last on a charge of forgery alleged to have been committed in California. The prisoner is said to have arrived at Honolulu by the Mariposa on June 8th last, and since then he has been quietly living in the neighborhood of the Mormon church. Papers for his extradition, signed by President Harrison, have been received.

Saturday's Game.

A large attendance witnessed the baseball match at Makiki on Saturday afternoon between the Stars and Kaulanians. It was rather a one-sided game in which the Kaulanians were easily defeated, making the eighth game lost by them this season; the score being 15 to 4. Holck made a two-base hit; Bruner and Perry made a double play; Baldwin struck out nine men and Holck four; Chan. Wilder had two passed balls and Perry four.

Nipsics vs. Alerts.

A six-inning baseball match was played Thursday afternoon between teams from the U. S. warships Nipsic and Alert at Makiki recreation grounds. The score was 29 to 11 in favor of the Nipsics. Willie Lucas umpired the game in a satisfactory manner. A large number of spectators were present, and all seemed pleased with the playing of both clubs.

How They Stand.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Hawaiian Baseball League up to date, including last Saturday's game:

	WON.	LOST.	PLAYED.
Kamehamehas.....	4	3	7
Stars.....	6	1	7
Hawails.....	2	4	6
Honolulu.....	5	1	6
Kaulanians.....	0	8	8

The Panama Canal Company has 14,000,000 francs in the treasury, and the officials are endeavoring to raise \$200,000,000 to go ahead with their work.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements made, or opinions expressed by our correspondents.

The Tontine System.

Mr. Editor: Ten years ago, next March, I was induced to take out two policies of \$5,000 each on the Tontine plan, one or two others doing the same. The premiums were to be \$235.90 per year on each, \$471.80. I paid two premiums on each, before I really understood the scheme. I then told the agent I was not at all satisfied, and should drop them. He assured me that I would certainly receive back at the expiration of the Tontine period, all the money I had paid in, (although, now he denies it.) If he did not, what inducement had I to continue the payments? I continued paying \$235.90 up to the present time, together with interest, on one or two delayed payments, amounting to, I think, about \$5. I borrowed on the policy, the sum of \$2000, about four years ago. It was considered good collateral for the amount. I having paid in about \$2364, and I am notified by the agent that I am entitled to \$1835.70! Three card monte, thimble rig, or the strap game, are fairer, as one has a chance to win back the amount risked.

Maui Scenery.

Mr. Editor: We often hear Kauai spoken of as the Garden Island, and a great many persons no doubt think that Island the fairest of the group, when in reality its beauty is very tame and insignificant when compared to many of the others. It is true that some of the places on this Island (Maui) have but few attractions, still there are others that possess such charms, that they may without the least exaggeration, be called the fairest spots on earth. We have a sky which for clearness and beauty surpasses the far famed skies of Italy; the scenery equals the wonders of Mexico, and vegetation so luxuriant as to surpass anything in the world.

Among these sights are mountains that ascend above the clouds, and craters that sink into the depths of the earth. There are gulches filled with all kinds of tropical plants, presenting a scene of wondrous beauty, and there are scattered around, in various places, every element of grandeur.

The great attractions, however, are the Iao Valley and Haleakala, the latter being so conspicuous as to be placed among the great wonders of the world; for here we find the greatest extinct crater yet discovered, and indeed it is supposed that within its immense depths and circumference could be placed all the craters of this group.

From the top of this mountain can also be seen one of the grandest sights that ever met the human eye, for here at the early rosy morn can be seen the refracted rays of the sun tinting everything with a beauty that surpasses the descriptive power of man to portray. Here we see the great white clouds rolling in like the billows of a mighty ocean, coming in, piling up, and covering it as with a crown of silvery beauty. From the top can also be seen in every direction, innumerable sights and scenes of beauty. Near the summit we find the summer residence of Mr. H. P. Baldwin, who loves sometimes to rise and rest at such an altitude as eagles are said to delight in. This resort Mr. B. kindly puts at the disposal of his friends when not in use by himself or family, and it is a great boon, and has proved a blessing to many; for here the climate is so rare and invigorating as to make one believe he has passed into a new world. Here the weak speedily grow strong, and the old grow younger; the young grow rosy and joyous, and all are filled with delight and happiness. Here we find the need of fires, and two or three pairs of blankets, and this at a time when the people of Honolulu are almost melting with heat.

Leaving this grand scene behind, we can travel to either East or West Maui, and find good roads, magnificent views and beauty at every step. Besides the natural scenery, there are the beautiful residences of the planters, and among them that of Mr. H. P. Baldwin, at Haiku, and Mr. H. Morrison, at Spreckelsville. We also note that these homes contain most of the comforts and many of the elegances of modern civilization; and still more, among the residents, are many evidences of culture, refinement, and open-hearted hospitality.

TOURIST.

The Coke-Workers' Strike. PITTSBURGH, August 1.—Private advices from the Louisville, O., coke region indicate that the great strike of 12,000 coke-workers, which was to take place to-day, was not general. About one-third of the miners are said to be out. The strikers claim the men will all be out before evening.

The Dow Liquor Tax. COLUMBUS (O.) August 1.—The Dow liquor tax reports for the first half of 1889, which have been received by the Auditor of the State, show that there are 9602 saloons in the State, an increase of 115. The receipts to the revenue fund are \$232,000, an increase of \$600.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Jake Kilrain and wife are at Old Point Comfort, where, it is stated, they intend to remain indefinitely.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

Floods.

Destructive floods are reported in the Schuylkill and tributaries. New Jersey and Pennsylvania towns are inundated. The Susquehanna is also in flood, and bridges across it have had to be ballasted with coal-laden cars. A large dam at Feltville, N. J., threatens to give way; and, if it does, the loss of life and property will be fearful. Already the loss is estimated at millions of dollars; but no loss of life is known so far, and the floods are beginning to abate.—[S. F. Chronicle, Aug. 24.]

Manitoba Projects.

WINNIPEG, (Manitoba), Aug. 1.—The Manitoba Government is contemplating several sweeping amendments. It intends at the next session to abolish the use of two languages (French and English,) for official purposes and to limit such business to English alone. They also propose to abolish the dual school system by nationalizing all schools and obliging both Protestants and Catholics to attend them. The French Catholic minority threaten to appeal to the Imperial Government if these encroachments on what they consider their special privileges be made.

Irrigation for the West.

ST. PAUL, August 1.—The United States Senate Committee on the irrigation of arid lands in the West has commenced its labors. A delegation from Dakota was present and was heard touching the necessity for irrigation in certain sections of that State.

Trains in Collision.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—On the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad two passenger trains collided to-night. Engineer Desmond was killed and Conductor Neuman badly injured. Conductor Howell and a lady passenger were slightly hurt.

Hippolyte's Advance.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The steamship Ozana, which arrived to-day, brought some important news from Hayti, she having left the port of Gonaives July 21st. On the 14th General Gerardi, Hippolyte's commander-in-chief, had taken Fort Toussaint l'Ouverture, situated on a hill three miles northeast of Port-au-Prince, and shelled that town.

Hippolyte was in Gonaives on the 25th, and much powder was expended during the day and night in celebrating his arrival, and in his welcome the Ozana joined. The captain of the Ozana is of the opinion that the next news from Hayti will be decisive and that Hippolyte will be master of the situation.

Small Assets.

READING (Va.), August 1.—The Sheriff to-day carried out the order of the court to sell the property of the Standard Live Stock Insurance Company of this city, the failure of which was recently announced. The only property found was a lot of old office furniture, and hundreds of creditors will realize nothing. The business of the company was that of insuring horses, and it had nearly \$1,000,000 of insurance on its books at the time of the failure.

The President at Deer Park.

DEER PARK, (Md.), August 1.—The President did not disappoint the veterans at Mountain Lake Park to-day. He drove over this morning at 8 o'clock with Secretary Windom and took the train there for Washington. He was given an ovation by the Grand Army men, who represented all the posts from Martinsburg to Wheeling.

Auction Sales.

BY L. J. LEVEY.

Administrator's Sale!
By order of Hon H W Severance, U S Consul General, I will sell at Public Auction, at the Store of ALEX FLOHR, deceased, Bethel Street.

On Thursday, Aug. 29
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
— The whole of the —

STOCK AND FIXTURES
Belonging to said deceased Estate.

Consisting of —
Lathes, Tools, Key Supplies,
Counter, Show Case,
And a General Assortment of

MACHINISTS' MATERIALS!

TERMS CASH!
LEWIS J. LEVEY,
Auctioneer.

Regular Cash Sale!

On Saturday, Aug. 31
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At my Salerooms, corner of Fort and Queen Streets, will be sold at Public Auction,

Dry Goods, Clothing!

Crockery and Glassware,
Sacks Potatoes, Onions, Wheat and Barley.

GROCERIES, ETC

Also: A Quantity of —
Removed to Salerooms for Convenience of Sale.
LEWIS J. LEVEY,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sales.

BY J. F. MORGAN.

Mortgagee's NOTICE OF SALE!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, dated the 26th day of November, 1888, made by Abdul Mahomet otherwise known as Hahwidar of Honolulu, in the Island of Oahu, to W R Castle of the same place, and of record in Liber 114, on page 216 et seq, and by said W R Castle assigned to J C Clunie, and for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage deed contained, I am directed by J C Clunie, the assignee of said mortgage to sell at Public Auction,

On Tuesday, Sept. 3d,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my Saleroom in said Honolulu.

All and Singular the Real Estate!

In said mortgage deed, described and being those certain premises situate on the makai side of Beretania street in said Honolulu, near the Amory of the Honolulu Rifles, and having a frontage of 144 feet on said Beretania street and an area of 47-100 of an acre. The property has been rented to tenants and is bringing in a monthly rental of about \$75.
For further particulars apply to
JAS. F. MORGAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to CHAS. BROWN, Attorney for J C Clunie.
[1283-4.]

Valuable Real Property FOR SALE!

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction, at the Rooms of JAMES F. MORGAN, in Honolulu.

ON MONDAY, SEPT. 9
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

Unless disposed of at Private Sale before.

THAT

Fine Premises on the Plains!

Next Easter of Dr. Hyde's place, having a front of 225 feet on Young and Beretania Streets, and a depth from Street to Street of 300 feet. The houses will be sold for removal, or as desired, separate from the land. Title perfect.
Further particulars may be had of
1285-26
W. R. CASTLE.

AUCTION SALE
— OF —

STAR-MILL!

KOHALA, HAWAII.

By order of Mr. JOHN HIND, Manager of the Star Mill Co. I will sell at Public Auction, at Kapua, Kohala,

ON FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

August 30th & 31st.

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

87 Cal. Trucks and Harnesses

15 Horses and Mares,
Cane Wagons, Cane Land,

Houses, House Lots,

Blacksmith's & Carpenter's Tools,
Lumber,

And a Complete Assortment of

Agricultural Implements!

The Machinery of the above Mill is in first-class order, offers for which are solicited and consists of

1 26x48 Mill with Engine

1 Pair Boilers, 6x20;
1 Double Effect, 6 and 7 feet Pans,
1

POLICE COURT.

MONDAY, August 19.

Keaka, charged with larceny, is remanded by the prosecution until August 21st.

One assault case was nolle pro'd. Ah Hoon pleaded guilty to having been unlawfully in possession of opium, and was fined \$60, \$1 costs, and sentenced to one hour hard labor. Three other Chinamen, charged with similar offences were nolle pro'd.

Keawe, charged with riot and unlawful assembly during thirty days last past, waived examination and was committed for trial at the next term of the Supreme Court in Honolulu. At defendant's request, prosecution consenting, his bail was fixed at \$500 owing to his wounds and not being able to procure a larger amount. J. L. Kaulukou attorney for defendant.

Makolo, Kamaha, and Loheole, charged with riot as above. They waived examination and were committed as above. W. C. Achi attorney for defendants.

Jim Kamahoe, charged with riot as above, waived examination and was committed as above. He appeared without an attorney.

John Hapa, charged with riot as above, waived examination and was committed as above. S. K. Kane attorney for defendant.

Kahumabele, charged with conspiracy within 60 days last past. He waived examination and was committed as above. J. L. Kaulukou attorney for defendant.

Ho Fon was on Aug. 15th charged with treason, for which offence a nolle pro's entered. He is now charged with conspiracy as above, and waives examination and is committed as above. V. V. Ashford attorney for defendant.

Seven drunks forfeited bail \$6 each.

CIVIL CASE.

C. Manaoie vs. Kamakahi. Desertion of contract service. There was no appearance of or for plaintiff. Defendant admits the contract, but explains that plaintiff had broken the contract. The trial is continued until 9:30 a. m., on the 20th inst. Defendant, in the meantime, is released without bond.

TUESDAY, Aug. 20.

Kualii, who was charged with keeping a disorderly house, was nolle pro'd. and discharged.

Kahalewai, ex-captain of the King's Guard, was charged with treason, but was nolle pro'd. for want of sufficient evidence to sustain the charge. He was set at liberty.

J. Kanoa and the mulatto Gabriel were brought up charged with treason, and were remanded by the prosecution until moved on.

Young Ho pleaded guilty to having been possessed of opium on the 19th inst., and was fined \$50 and \$1 costs. Also sentenced to one hour hard labor. Kapae, charged with similar offence, was remanded until August 21st. S. K. Kane is his attorney.

Hipa, John Hanakahi and Kaukahi, three boys charged with having escaped from the Reformatory School, pleaded guilty to the charge. Hipa is sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor two months and to pay a fine of \$1 and \$1 costs—this being his second conviction. Kaukahi received a similar sentence for one month, and John Hanakahi is ordered to return to the Reformatory School, he having surrendered himself and assisted in finding the others.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 21.

James Kaubane, on August 15th was charged with treason and on that charge nolle pro'd. He is now charged with conspiracy at Honolulu within sixty days last past, and waives examination and is committed for trial at the next term of the Supreme Court.

Walter S. Braish, charged with embezzlement of \$181.75, or thereabouts, the property of C. K. Spencer, Alexander Bolster, and Wm. McGurn, trustees of the Honolulu Typographical Union No. 37, on or about April 30th last. He was remanded from August 14th and is further remanded until September 4th.

Ah Toi, charged with having opium in possession, pleaded guilty and is sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and \$1 costs, also one hour hard labor.

Kealia, remanded from August 19th on a charge of larceny of \$15 the property of Mr. Everett in Honolulu, pleads guilty and is sentenced to three months hard labor and to pay a fine of \$5 and \$1 costs.

Kapae, charged on August 20th with having opium in possession, and at that time pleaded not guilty. He now pleads guilty, and is sentenced to one month hard labor. Also to pay a fine of \$50 and \$1 costs.

Chas. Bolabola, pleaded guilty to escaping from prison gang, and is fined \$1 and \$1 costs; also sentenced to one month's hard labor, to begin when his previous sentences expire.

CIVIL CASES.

C. Manaoie vs. Kamakahi, charged with deserting contract service, was ordered to return and pay \$30 costs.

Kala (k) an insane man, was ordered to be sent to the Insane Asylum. He had been formerly an inmate of that institution and was discharged, but his malady has now returned.

Kan Wing Chong vs. Wong Lung. Assumpsit. Defendant confesses judgment on a \$200 prom. note, and judgment is given for that amount and \$26.35 costs.

TUESDAY, Aug. 22.

John Hanakahi, a boy who ran away from the Reformatory School, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one month hard labor, besides a fine of \$1 and \$1 costs.

SUPREME COURT.

AT CHAMBERS.—EQUITY DIVISION.

MONDAY, Aug. 19.

BEFORE HIS HONOR JUSTICE ZICKERTON.

Valdemar Knudsen vs. Board of Education. Bill of complaint amended. Defendants counsel stated that the demurrer to the original Bill of Complaint, applies equally to the amended bill. The said demurrer is now overruled, with leave to defendant to answer. A. S. Hartwell attorney for plaintiff. Attorney-General C. W. Ashford attorney for defendant.

AT CHAMBERS.

TUESDAY, Aug. 20.

BEFORE HIS HONOR JUSTICE PRESTON.

PROBATE DIVISION.

In re estate Nancy Wirt of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased testate. Return and account of sale of real estate and petition for order of confirmation of same. Ordered that sale be confirmed and the executor authorized to execute a proper deed. W. O. Smith executor in person.

J. Keopuhiwa the residuary legatee and J. K. Wilder the purchaser present.

BEFORE HIS HONOR JUSTICE ZICKERTON.

LAW DIVISION.

In the matter of the bankruptcy of Richard Cayford of Honolulu. Voluntary petition for adjudication of bankruptcy. He is adjudged a bankrupt, and Friday, August 30th, is appointed for proof of claims and election of assignee. Warrant issued to the Marshal to take possession of bankrupt's property until further order of the Court. W. O. Smith attorney for petitioner. The bankrupt present in person.

WEDNESDAY, August 21.

JULY TERM, 1889.

IN BANCO—ALL THE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT WERE PRESENT.

LIBEL CASE.

In the matter of the American brigantine Consul. Libel in admiralty. Appeal upon demurrer. The opinion of the Court in this matter, will be given in full in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE of August 27th (next Tuesday). The demurrer is overruled on all points with costs. The respondents have leave to file answer within ten days. Attorney-General C. W. Ashford for the libel, and A. S. Hartwell proctor for respondents.

AT CHAMBERS.

THURSDAY, Aug. 22.

LAW DIVISION—BEFORE HIS HONOR JUSTICE DOLE.

In re bankruptcy of Harry Cannon. Proof of claims and election of assignee. Claims were proved amounting to \$1,754.22. W. E. Foster was appointed assignee under \$1,000 bond. W. A. Whitting attorney for petitioner, and Paul Neumann attorney for the bankrupt.

(Additional Court news on page 10.)

Advertisement.

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Hawaiian News Company.

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One to an Entire Set
Inserted on Gold, Silver, Aluminum
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Crown and Bridge Work a specialty.
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[1890-1y]

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he was in the employ of one of the wealthiest
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Beautiful City of Ellensburg
The future Capital of the New State of
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Write for full information, and
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wealthiest citizens of Honolulu have already
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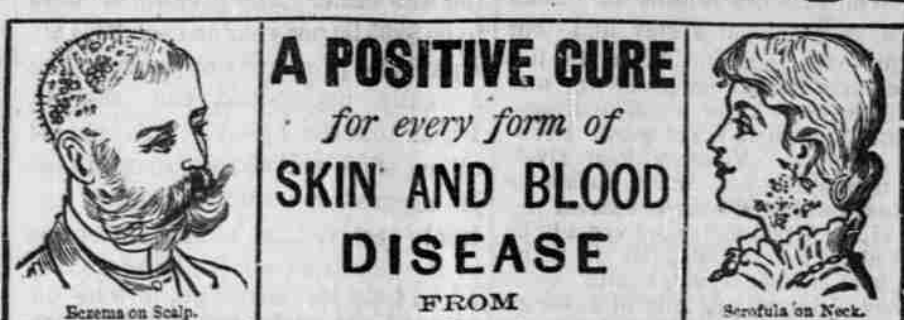
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Make up your mind quickly. PAICES ARE
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FROM

PIMPLES TO SCROFULA

DISFIGURING HUMORS, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin Tortures, Locks, Sores, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimples, Inherited, Scrofulous, and Syphilitic Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from infancy to old age, are cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers, externally.

Itching and Burning Skin Diseases, Bakers', Barbers', Grocers', Washerwomen's Itch, Itching Piles, and Delicate Irritations peculiar to both sexes, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will speedily cure Itching Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, when all other means absolutely fail.

A Magnificent Popular Work on the Skin, with Engraved Plates, is wrapped about the RESOLVENT. Also, one hundred Testimonials, not only sworn to before the British Consul, which repeat this story: I have been a terrible sufferer for years from Diseases of the Skin and Blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disgusting humors; have had the best physicians; have spent hundreds of dollars, and got no relief until I used the CUTICURA RESOLVENT, which have cured me, and left my skin and blood as pure as a child's. Send for our sixty-four page book, "How to Cure Skin Diseases." Address

HAWAIIAN CONSIGNEES,
Beason, Smith & Co., Honolulu.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, for external use, instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp of Humors, Sores, and Dandruff, destroys Dead Skin and Fleas, heals Ulcers, Sores, and Discharging Wounds, restores the Hair, and beautifies the Skin.

Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from CUTICURA, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Blemishes, Prickly Heat, Rash, Sunburn, and Rough, Chapped, or Greasy Skin.

Cuticura Remedies are the only real Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers free from mercury, arsenic, lead, zinc, or any other mineral or vegetable poison whatsoever. Guaranteed absolutely pure by the Analytical Chemists of the State of Massachusetts.

For Sale by all retail chemists and wholesale druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the world. CUTICURA, 50 cents per box, large boxes \$1.00; CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, 15 cents; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, per bottle.

PREPARED BY THE
Potter Drug & Chemical Co., Boston, U.S.A.

BELL TELEPHONE 50. MUTUAL TELEPHONE 371.
HAWAIIAN WINE COMPY,

No. 24 Merchant Street, near Fort Street.
Have on Hand and For Sale a Full Assortment of

All Brands of American Whiskies
Bourbon, Rye and Monongahela,
In Bulk or Case;

Scotch and Irish Whiskey,
In Glass and Stone Jars;
French Brandies,
Very Fine and Very Cheap Qualities, as are wanted;

Gins, in Large and Small Bottles,
(White or Black), also STONE JUGS;
Old Tom Gin,
Best Brand in the Market.

EUROPEAN SHERRIES & PORT!
In Bulk and Case;

All Brands of American Lager Beer,
English Ale and Porter,
German Beer, Etc., Etc.,
In Pints and Quarts.

FINEST BRANDS OF CHAMPAGNES!
In Pints and Quarts;

Bitters, Liqueurs,
Absinthe, Kummel,
Apollinaris Water.

VERY SUPERIOR CALIFORNIA WINES, AS FOLLOWS:
Zinfandel, Malaga, Tokay,
Madeira, Port, Sherry,
Riesling, Hocks, Etc., Etc.

All of which will be Sold at LOW RATES by
FRANK BROWN,
Manager.

PURE AND SPARKLING!
— IS THE —

Ginger Ale, Lemonade,
Sarsaparilla, Cream Soda,
Plain Soda, Mineral Waters
OF ALL KINDS.

MANUFACTURED BY
HOLLISTER & CO.

The Water used in preparing their GOODS being
PURIFIED by the

"HYATT PURE WATER SYSTEM."
In operation in the Hawaiian Islands in their Establishment only.

1264-1f

The Daily Advertiser and Weekly Gazette

ARE THE LEADING PAPERS OF THE KINGDOM.

No. 26 Merchant Street } OFFICE { Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

General Advertisements.

HAMBURG—MAGDEBURG
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—

BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE, FURNITURE and Machinery insured against Fire on the most favorable terms.
A. JAEGER,
1203 1y Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

ORIENT
Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

CASH ASSETS JAN 1ST, 1884 : - \$4,411,894.41

Takes risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms. A. JAEGER,
1213 1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

GERMAN LLOYD
Marine Insurance Company,
—OF BERLIN—

FORTUNA
General Insurance Company,
—OF BERLIN—

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take

Risks against the Dangers of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

1223 1y F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

WASHINGTON
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

Cash Assets Jan. 1st, 1884 : - \$1,595,550.34.

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms. A. JAEGER,
1212 1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

PRUSSIAN NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
—OF STETTIN—
[ESTABLISHED - - 1845.]
Capital : : Reichsmarks 9,000,000.

The undersigned having been appointed agent of the above Company for the Hawaiian Islands is prepared to accept risks against Fire on Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise, Produce, Sugar Mills, &c., on the most favorable terms. LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAYABLE HERE.

H. RIEMENSCHNEIDER,
1211 1y At Wilder & Co's.

Northern Assurance Company.
[ESTABLISHED 1836.]
Accumulated Funds : - \$3,000,000

The agent of this Company in Honolulu has received instructions to

Reduce the Rates of Life Insurance
In this country to a minimum rate, without any extra premium for residence in the Hawaiian Islands.

Among the principal advantages attaching to a Life Policy in the "NORTHERN," attention is specially drawn to the following:

SURRENDER VALUES of Lapsed Policies are held at the disposal of the Assured for Six Years.

IMMEDIATE PAYMENT of Claims, without deduction of discount.

ABOLITION of restrictions on Foreign Travel and Residence. **THEO. H. DAVIES,**
1240 9m. AGENT.

CASTLE & COOKE
LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE
Insurance Agents

— AGENTS FOR THE —
New England Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
—OF BOSTON—

Aetna Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HARTFORD—

Union Fire and Marine Ins. Co.
—OF SAN FRANCISCO—

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE
Insurance Company
—OF—
LONDON AND EDINBURGH

ESTABLISHED 1809.
RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AS AT DEC. 31, 1884:

1—Authorized Capital.....\$3,000,000
2—Subscribed ".....2,500,000
3—Paid up ".....675,000
4—Fire Fund and Reserve as at 31st
December, 1884.....1,788,112
5—Life and Annuity Funds.....1,379,344
6—Revenue Fire Branch.....4,425,015
7—Revenue Life and Annuity Branches 633,000

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,
1237 1y Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

The Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE CO.
ASSETS : - \$31,161,000
NET INCOME : - \$3,000,000
CLAIMS PAID : - \$88,714,000

Have established an agency in Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, and the undersigned are prepared to write risks against

FIRE ON BUILDINGS,
MERCHANDISE & DWELLINGS
On favorable terms. Dwellings Risks a Specialty. Detached dwellings and contents insured for a period of three years, for two premiums in advance. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here.

1186 6m. **BISHOP & CO.**

General Advertisements.

Boston Board of Underwriters.
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands.
C. BREWER & CO.

Philadelphia Board of Underwriters
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands.
C. BREWER & CO.

A. M. BERGERH - - - - - BREWSTER
Fire Insurance Company.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings, and on Merchandise stored thereon, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.
1197 1y

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY
For Sea, River & Land Transport
—OF DRESDEN—

Having established an Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take

Risks against the Danger of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.
12 561y Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

Insurance Notice
The Agent for the British Foreign Marine Insurance Company (Limited) has received instructions to Reduce the Rates of Insurance between Honolulu and Ports in the Pacific, and is now prepared to issue Policies at the lowest rates, with a special reduction on freight per steamers.

THEO. H. DAVIES,
1191 1y Agent Brit. For. Mar. Ins. Co., Limited

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
—OF NEW YORK—

Assets DEC. 31, 1888, - - - \$120,062,153.56
Reliable, Profitable, Prompt and Certain.
Those who desire safe Life Insurance are invited to apply to

S. B. ROSE,
1212 1y General Agent Hawaiian Islands.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Co.
—HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT—
(INCORPORATED 1810.)

Total Asst Jan. 1, 1888, \$5,288,643 97

Having established an agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned is prepared to accept risks against fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, &c., on the most favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here.

C. J. BERGER,
1209 6m. Agent for the Hawaiian Islands

TRANS - - - ATLANTIC
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—

Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their Re-insurance Companies 101,000,000
Total.....Reichsmarks 107,000,000

NORTH GERMAN
Fire Insurance Company,
—OF HAMBURG—

Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichsmarks 5,800,000
Capital their Re-insurance Companies 35,000,000
Total.....Reichsmarks 40,800,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above three companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, &c., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HAEFELD & CO.
1201 1y

Metropolitan Market
King Street.

Choicest Meats
— FROM —
Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Prop.

FAMILIES AND SHIPPING
SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE
— AND AT THE —
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