

		COMMERCIAL ADVI themselves; then one would challenge		Idvertisements.
THE DAILY	A DRAW.	the other. Mitchell seemed little hurt in the first half, and in the latter showed great gen-		Bargains in Embroider
acific Commercial Advertiser	The Result of the Sullivan-Mitch-	eralship and scored best, but he ap- peared to be afraid of Sullivan's right. A draw was suggested, but was declined,		Dargamenn Emprorder
	ell Fight.	and between 4 and 5 o'clock all got im- patient, as the finish seemed at least two hours off.		BARGAINS, BARGAINS.
IS PUBLISHED	Thirty-nine Rounds Fought in the	Mitchell at last said: "Well, let us shake hands or fight on, just as John likes." Hereupon Baldoi, who had been	CAPTAIN A. H. PAUL.	Embroideries! Embroiderie
EVERY MORNING.	Rain on French Soil—Mitchell Took Lots of Punishment— Sullivan Gained First	very troublesome, rushed in and joined their hands. Sullivan was nothing loth, and both were tired greatly. The par-	Will have quick passage for the above port, hav- ing superior accommodations.	
:0:	Knock-down.	GERMAN AFFAIRS.	For freight and passage apply to F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.	Popular Millinery Ho
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION,	By the barkentine S. N. Castle, which arrived yesterday morning, we have par-	Preparations for the Funeral of the Late Emperor—The New Emperor		104 Fort St., Honolulu.
snnum	ticulars of the prize fight between John L. Sullivan and Charles Mitchell. A dispatch from London, March 10th, gives the following account of the con-	A dispatch from Berlin, April 10th	NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE right, title and interest of Lan Lin, Wong Yong & Chow Fook in the partnership business carried on under the firm name of Sun Kim	N. S. SACHS, PROPRIETO
Subscriptions Payable Always in vance. Immunications from all parts of the Kingdom always be very acceptable.	test: The great fight ended as not one in fifty expected it would. After 39 rounds, in which the lighter man fully	been embalmed and was laid in the State Hall of the Palace. His features were placid, showing no signs of the pain	Lung Co. on Hotel street, Honolulu, general dry goods and Chinese provision dealers, has been sold and transferred to Lan Kau, who will hence- forth carry on the business under the same firm name. LAN LIN. Honolulu, March 27th, 1888.	Hamburg and Swiss Edgings!
recons residing in any part of the United States remit the amount of subscription due by Post re money order.				Hamburg and Swiss Ins
atter intended for publication in the editorial mns should be addressed to DITOR PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER. Mainess communications and advertisements	chaotic. Mitchell's agent, who was sent over ten days before to secure the ground, was obliged to confess he had	ing of the 9th. The chamber was pro- fusely decorated with flowers. Dowager Empress Augusta, the Grand Duke and		ALL OVER EMBROIDERIES
ić de addressed simply "P. C. ADVERTISER, not to individuals	upon a wrangle ensued and the Sullivan party, rightly or wrongly, charged			Ladies' Box Suits! Ladies' Box S
THE	the fight. Finally the Mitchell party left the choice of ground to Sullivan's	tended the services. The body of the Emperor lay in the same position in which the monarch occupied when he expired. A crucifix lay upon his breast	MAMMOTH SHIPMENT	DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM EUROPE, Thereby saving the United States Duty. The Entire Lot will
s now for sale DAILY at the Following places:	of the "Sportsman" (who had filled	and an ivory cross was in his right hand. Chaplain Egl, in his sermon, alluded to	HAY AND GRAIN, Just received and for	ASTONISHING PRICES!
H. SOPER Merchant street		the hand of her dying consort. After	Sale at	

T. G. HRUMFort street

Tive Cents per Copy.

FRIDAY : : : : : March 30th

SMALLPOX IN SAN FRANCISCO.

It is very evident that the smallpox epidemic in San Francisco is at an end The "Daily Alta California" of March 11th, in its editorial column, says: We congratulate San Francisco upon the total disappearance of the smallpox epidemic. The Board of Health, which had to work under many serious difficulties. is deserving of the thanks of our people for its fidelity. With incomplete and imperfect hospital equipment, and shortened in facilities on all sides, it stood manfully to its duty. The pest was introduced through no fault of our local sanitary authorities. The lack of a quarantine station in the harbor is re sponsible for the trouble, and for much delay and annoyance to commerce. It made heavier the labors of the Mayor and Board of Health, for as fast as they suppressed one outbreak another would be caused by the arrival of a pest-laden steamer from Asia. It was a seriles of invasions, and each one was met until finally the besieging disease retires from the contest beaten, and the city is free.

BEDUCING THE TIME.

Arrangements have been completed between the Oceanic Steamship Company and the New Zealand Government by which the time of carrying the mail from England to Australia will be shortened by three days. During the last eighteen months the mail has been carried across the Atlantic by the White Star steamers, which take nine or ten days in making the passage. By the new arrangement the mails will be carried by the Cunard liners, which cross the Atlantic in seven days. The mail for the Mariposa was to leave Liverpool by the Aurania, three days later than if the White Star line had had the business. The Mariposa, it is expected, would leave San Francisco for Honolulu and the Colonies promptly on time April 5th at 2 p. m.

a battle-field. The trio left Amiens last evening for Creil, and the pugilists arranged to follow to-day. The impromptu arrangements made

for the fight by the committee of three appointed by the Sullivan party really left nothing to be desired. The precise locality was kept secret as long as possible. Eight vehicles of various styles of architecture were engaged to convey the principals, their seconds and the spectators to the scene of action. On their arrival at the spot selected they found that the ring had been pitched on the grounds of Baron Rothschild at Apremont, behind the stables which face the model private race-course of the

Baron. From the other side they were excluded from view by bushes and trees. Thanks to the shelter thus afforded, operations were pursued without interference, the only strangers who turned up being a few huntsmen, who presented themselves towards the finish and looked on with curiosity. A capital ring was pitched on the well-rolled clay. Mitchell talked as much as usual, and though pale, declared himself confident Sullivan looked determined, but was somewhat thin in the face. When the combatants reached the ring about forty spectators were present. MacDonald and Jack Ashton seconded Sullivan, and Baldoi and Kilrain seconded Mitchell. Mr. Angle of the London Stock Exchange was chosen referce. Jack Bennett umpired for Sullivan, and Charley Rowell acted in like capacity for Mitchell. Sullivan entered the ring at 12:25 o'clock, and Mitchell followed five minutes later. Both men wore warm

woolen drawers. Mitchell also wore a large fighting plaster of the old style, but Sullivan declined to put one on Sullivan sported ornamented green socks.

At 12:55 precisely the principals shook hands in the orthodox old-time fashion and the fight began. Sullivan looked as though he would have been better for a stone off in weight, and Mitchell was not drawn down any too fine.

At the outset Sullivan offered to back himself for \$2,500, but the offer was declined. His backers then offered 3 to 1 on Sullivan, but found no takers.

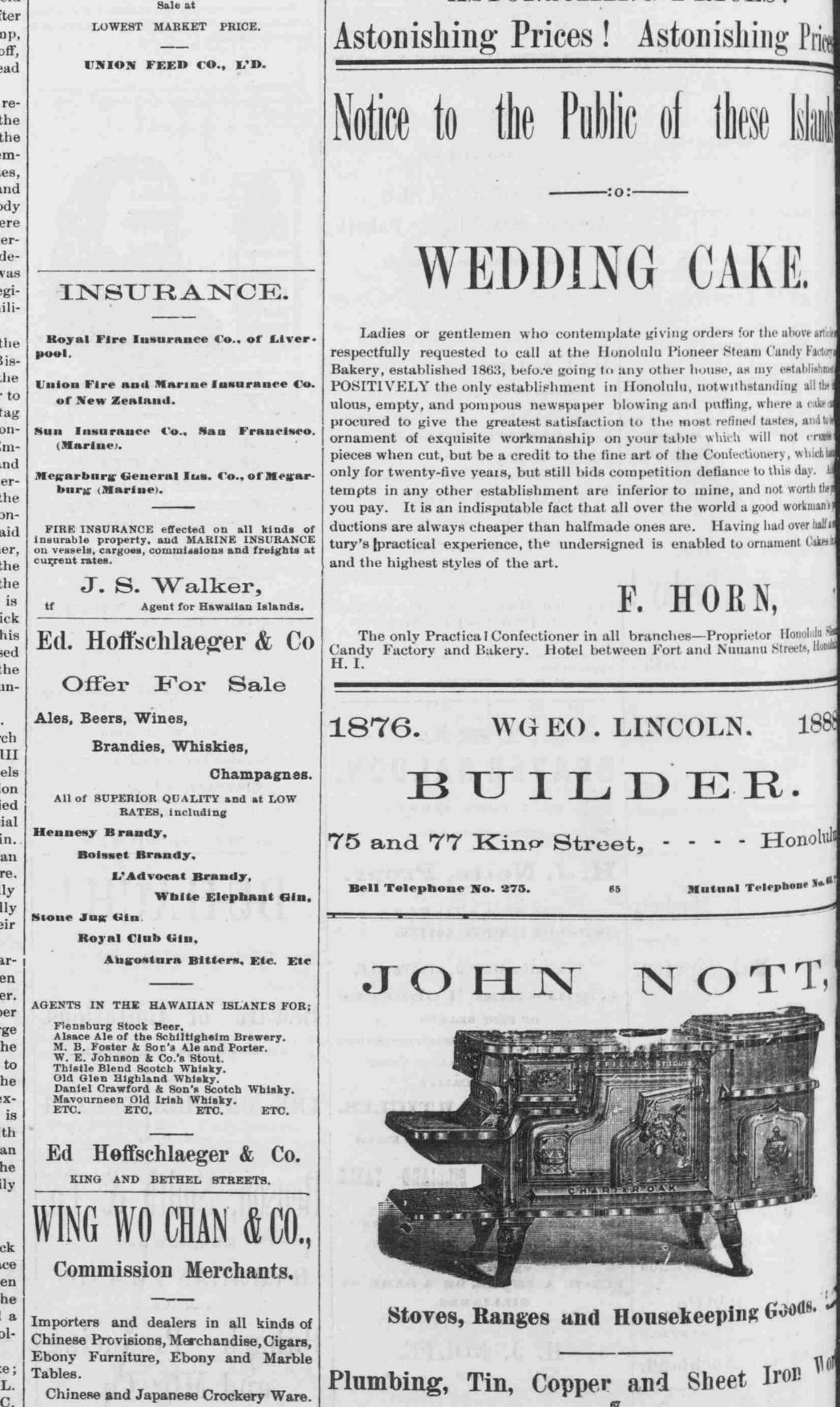
service the late Emperor's Aid-de-camp, Lieutenant General Von Lehndoff, acted as guard of honor at the dead monarch's couch.

The body of the Emperor was to remain in the Mortuary Chamber until the requiem service in the flag room on the 10th, which was to be attended by members of the royal family and their suites, Prince Bismarck, Count von Moltke and the chief Court officials. Later the body was to be taken to the Cathedral, where it would lie in state by Emperor Frederick's order. In accordance with the desire of the deceased ruler, the body was clad in the uniform of the First Regiment Guards and enveloped in a military cloak.

Before the Reichstag opened on the 10th the Bundesrath met. Prince Bismarck with great emotion alluded to the death of the Emperor in terms similar to those which he used in the Reichstag the previous day. He specially confirmed statements in regard to the Emperor's dying allusions to Austria and Russia. Referring to Emperor Frederick's accession to the throne and the transfer of the Imperial dignity connected therewith, Prince Bismarck said the new Emperor, like his late father, would take as his guiding principle the maintenance of the Constitution of the Empire and the treaties on which it is based, and in which Emperor Frederick will count upon the co-operation of his allies. Count von Lichenfeld expressed to Prince Bismarck the condolence of the Bundesrath, and asked him to communicate them to Emperor Frederick.

THE NEW EMPEROR LEAVE? SAN REMO. A dispatch from San Remo, March 10th, says: Emperor Frederick III passed a good night last night. He feels extremely well. He drove to the station at 9 o'c.ock this morning, accompanied by Empress Victoria, to take the special train in waiting to convey him to Berlin. The largest crowd ever seen in San Remo gathered to witness his departure. The new Emperor was enthusiastically cheered by the crowd, and he repeatedly bowed his acknowledgements to their greetings.

The Emperor entered the railway carriage without assistance, and then turned and assisted the Empress to enter. The municipal authorities and a number of civilians were on the platform. Large crowds surrounded the station, and the Emperor raised his hat in response to their salutations when he reached the platform. He looks well, with the exception of his complexion, which is somewhat yellow. He shook hands with the German Consul, the Syndic of San Remo and others. As the train left the station the Emperor was heartily cheered.



Intermediary Court.

BEFORE JUDD, C. J.

THURSDAY, March 29th. Akana vs. Hamoku (w), assumpsit \$30. Plaintiff's appeal from Police Court, Honolulu. Continued to Tuesday, April 10, 1888. W. C. Achi for plaintiff, J. M. Poepoe for defendant.

Kahaunaele (w) vs. Kapuaa (k), trespass, damages \$100. Defendant's appeal from Police Court, Honolulu. [[Continued to Tuesday, April 10, 1888. W. C. Achi for plaintiff, J. M. Monsarrat for defendant.

J. W. Luning vs. J. K. Naone, assumpsit \$26 50; balance account. Defendant's appeal from Police Court, Honolulu. By agreement continued until Wednesday, April 4, 1888 at 11 o'clock a. m. C. Creighton for plaintiff, J. L. Kaulukou for defendant.

Ho Sow vs. Chin Chow et al., assumpsit for \$200 for services. Plaintiff's appeal from Police Court, Honolulu. By agreement of counsel ordered continued until Ihursday, April 5, 1888. V. V. Ashford for plaintiff, J. A. Magoon for defendants.

The King vs. Ah Hee, cruelty to animals on the island of Oahu on March 1, 1888, but more particularly in Honolulu, to wit: to one white mule. Found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 and costs, and to imprisonment for ten days without hard labor. Deputy Attorney General A. P. Peterson for the Crown, V. V. Ashford for defendant.

In round one Mitchell indulged in a laugh over the fact that he had won the toss for corners, and put Sullivan with his face to the wind and sun, and later on to the rain. Finally Sullivan cornered Mitchell, who dropped to avoid punishment. In round two Sullivan hit Mitchell on the head with his right and gained first knockdown. In round eight first blood was allowed Mitchell. In nearly every round up to the thirtyeighth Mitchell went down to avoid Sullivan's blows. The thirty-ninth round was exceptionally tedious.

Sullivan's right eye was getting in mourning and his lips swelling, while the lump on Mitchell's forehead had become redder and bigger. No blood came from the latter, but Sullivan's nose and lips trickled carmine. He would not have his mustache removed.

The ground was now in a terrible state. Mitchell was frequently down on his hands, but got up quickly and now seemed fresher and more confident than ever. There was, however, always a dangerous blow in John, but he did not push the fight, Charley being more in-

clined to plant one until Sullivan hit viciously and went for him. Charley was always on the alert and managed to get away. There was no use in John's racing after him; he was too agile. Frequeutly Mitchell, for a change, would take a walk around the ring. Sullivan standing still. Some four times they mutually retired to their corners to get the clay off their shoes and refresh

A Coming Boat Race.

On Saturday, April 7th, about 4 o'clock in the aftereoon, a six-oared boat race will take place in the harbor between members of the Myrtle Boat Club. The two crews are in active training, and a good and close race is looked for. Following are the crews:

Alice M .- Alex. Robertson, stroke; W. C. Wilder, Jr., Sam Monsarrat, L. Torbert, H. Gunn, J. L. Torbert; C. Herrick, coxswain.

Stranger.-A. W. Carter, stroke; E. H. Wodehouse, C. Spinney, A. M. Brown, A. Lyle, J. Spencer; W. Bruns, coxswain.

Woodlawn Dairy Company.

At the annual meeting of the Woodlawn Dairy and Stock Company held yesterday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, B. F. Dillingham; Vice President, T. W. Hobron; Secretary, W. O. Smith; Treasurer, A. L. Smith; Auditor, W. F. Allen.

Ebony Furniture, Ebony and Marble Tables.

Chinese and Japanese Crockery Ware. Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Vases of all kinds.

Mattings, Camphor Wood Trunks, Rattan Chairs, Clothing Baskets, etc. Silks, Satins. Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs.

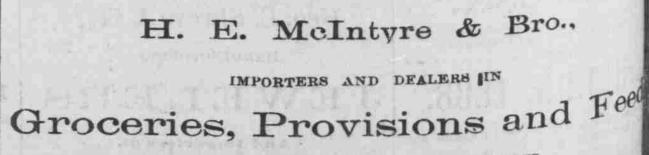
Grass Cloth, Crape Shawls and Crape Silks.

All kinds and all styles of China and Japan Teas, of the latest importation.

Opposite W. C. Peacock & Co., Nuuanu street, Honolulu, H. I. Mutual Telephone No. 18. P. O.

3m

Box 186.



EAST CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS.

New Goods received by every packet from the Eastern States and Europe. Free Produce by every steamer. All orders faithfully attended to, and Goods delivered to any city free of charge. Island orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice Bot Telephone No. 62 Telephone No. 92

PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER, MARCH 30, 1808.



Finance Department.

ice is hereby given to all employees of the

ernment, and other persons to whom

eys may be due at the Hawaiian Treasury on

efore March 31, 1888, to present vouchers for

ement on or before that date, and all per-

having moneys on account of the Govern-

are requested to make their returns

aptly, in order that there may be no delay

losing the accounts for the fiscal period end-

W. L. GREEN,

BT OF HONOLULU, H. I.

stue S N Castle, Hubbard, 18 days from

hip Mystic Belle, Freeman, 166 days from

Esala, Underwood, for Wainae and Waia-

els in Port from Foreign Ports

bi Caibarten, G A Perkins, from San Fran-

bitne Planter, W R Perriman, from San

ship Alex McNeil, J R Howard, from San

ARRIVALS.

Minister of Finance.

IHUESDAY, March 29.

THURSDAY, March 29.

March 31, 1888.

rEwa from Ewa

Liboliho, from Hawaii

r Manuokawai, from Koolau

rCaterina, for Waimanalo

Leahi, for Halawa

DEPARTURES.

vessels Leaving To-day.

ss Marion, Dyer, from Acapulco

sádams, L Kempff, from Samoa

this Saraca, G Watt, from Liverpool

olulu, February 16, 1888.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Good Friday. Public holiday to-day.

Hot cross buns at Horn's.

To-morrow will be the last day of the

fiscal period. The Debating Society had a good meeting last evening.

Gents Indian gauze undershirts at 25 cents each at Fishel's.

A full line of gents' straw hats of the latest styles at 75 cents at Fishel's. Services at St. Andrew's and the Roman

Catholic Cathedrals to-day.

Mr. Business was not in town yesterday so a large number of tradesmen said.

The band concert at the Hawalian Hotel last evening was largely attended and a success.

One thousand five hundred dozen gents' linen collars (4-ply) at 10 cents each at Fishel's.

lice Court calendar yesterday. One civil case was heard.

The second congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral will have service at 11 o'clock this morning.

Captain Hubbard of the S. N. Castle has our best thanks for San Francisco papers of March 10th and 11th.

There was the usual runaway yesterday was considerably damaged.

Mr., D. W. C. Nesfield, at one time editor of the "Daily Hawaiian," was lying very ill at Sacramento, March 10th.

A lot of stylish hats in black, white and colored, at \$1 and \$1 25 each at the Popular

Mary Winkelman, has been appointed Shipping Master of the Shipowners' Association.

extra good, worth \$2 25 each, we will sell during our sale at \$1 25 each; sizes 161/2, 17, 17%, at Fishel's. There will be a special meeting of the Red Men to-night at K. of P. Hall at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested; business of importance. The services at the Roman Catholic Cathedral to-day will be singing of the Passion at 10 a.m.; stations of the Cross at 3 p. m.; English sermon at 8 p. m.

merchandise, including 12,000 cases kerosene oil, consigned to Messrs. Castle & Cooke. She was built at Medford, Mass., twenty-one years ago, and is of 717 tons register. She will commence unloading cargo this morning at Brewer's wharf.

The Deutchland.

The German bark Deutchland, now about 154 days out from Bremen for this port, was passed by the Mystic Belle which arrived yesterday from New York, on March 6th, in lat. 4 deg. S., long. 121 deg. W. The Deutchland had her main and mizzen-topmasts gone and and had rigged a temporary mizzen-topmast. She may be looked for in a few

Inquest.

Yesterday an inquest was commenced on the death of Kok Yuk, the murdered Chinaman, before Deputy Marshal Hopkins, Coroner, and the following jury: C. Monting, C. T. Akana, Y. Anin, E. H. F. Wolters, M. Davis and P. O'Sullivan. The inquiry was held at the Police Court. The evidence of several witnesses was taken and the inquest will be concluded to-day.

Advertisements.

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of Quong Yuen & Co. of No. 54 King street, have this day made an assignment of all their property and assets, in trust for the benefit of their creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said firm located at Makalat Huna on Maui, under the firm name of Hop Chong Long, and those who are indebted to the store of said firm, located at Honauko Kau on Hawaii, under the firm name of Quong Wo, are requested to settle their accounts with the undersigned or their authorized agents who alone



Adoertisements.

Advetcisements.

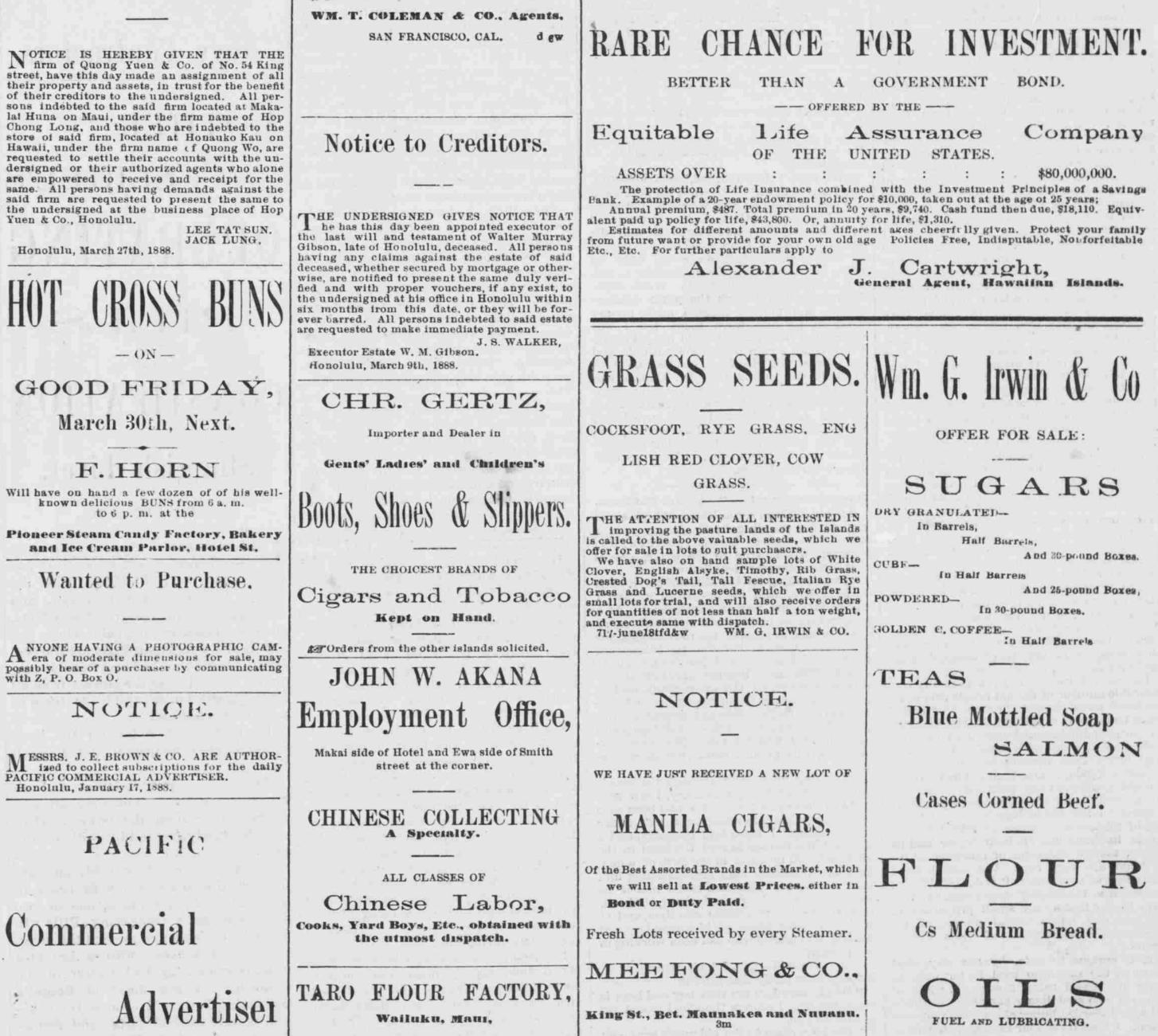
PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., L'D FORT STREET. GENERAL MERCHANDISE. AND

Now Opening New Goods in Our Line

New Style Steel Door Mats, WOVEN WIRE ROOFING,

Entirely New, Translucent, Waterproof, Durable.

The following are some of the purposes to which it is applicable: Verandas, Porches and Covered Ways, Boat Houses, and Engine Room Skylights, Conservatories, Ferneries, Garden Frames and Summer Houses, Stables, Loose Boxes for Horses and Cattle, Barns, Cow Houses and Shepherds' Houses, Pheasantries Fowl Houses and Kennels, Skylights, Factory Windows, Workshops, Markets, Schools, Laundries, Portable buildings, Temporary Structures, and all other buildings requiring to be light and dry.



days.

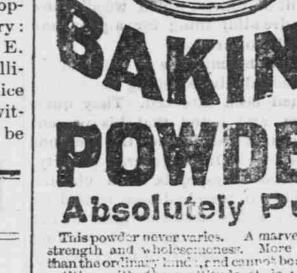
There were no criminal cases on the Po-

-a horse attached to a hack. The latter

Millinery House, N. S. Sachs, proprietor.

Captain Blake, late of the barkentine

Eighty-six boxes of white Star shirts,



nta, from Puget Sound phV H Hopkins, from San Diego sigship Vancalia, Kimberly, from Hawaii bitne S G Wilder, A H Paul, from San

ship Mystle Belle, Cooke, from New York bkine S N Castle, L H Hubbard, from San

it bark Willie McLaren. Cozens, from New-

sets Expected from Foreign Ports

Neth M's S Zilveren Kruis, Jocke, from

nics, due Mar 1-20 118 Tsukuba, from Tahiti, due April 1-20 whark Deutchland, from Bremen, sailed

ter 28th, due February 1-20 it of St Thomas Bell, sailed from Cardiff, ter 22d, due March 1-20

ntbark Naturna, sailed from Liverpool Nov due March 5-S1 Bit Edward May, Johnson, from Hongkong,

ssomaha, from Panama, due March 1-10

is bi J A King, W H Berry, from Puget ghe at Kahulu Marc'i 6-20

me St Lucie, J Erskine, from Puget al is March 15-25 partic Slope, Rarnes, from Puget Sound,

Math 20-30 and H L Tiernan, Melauder, from San Fran

es soute to Jaluit, due March 10 una due at Kahului from San Francisco

bark Memmon, from Fort Discovery, due

bark Alice Muir, Yarnell, from Newcastle,

W, due April 1-20 bark Alice Mary, Nixon, from Newcastle, N

due April 1-20 bark Veritas, from Newcastle, N S W ri Cam Dual, Sweetland, due at Kahului, Newcastle, N S W, March 20-31 whi WB Godfrey, R Dable, from San Frandue March 24-31 brgtne Consuelo, L B Cousins, from San

isco, due March 24-31 w bi Lady Lampson, from San Francisco,

March 24-3 bittle Ella, from San Francisco, due March

abic O Perkins, Nordberg, from San Fran-

due Hilo March 28-31 Souselic, from Hongkong via Yokohama ute to San Francisco, due April 4-5 W88 Australia, Houdlette, from San Fran-

adue April 3 M S S Mariposa, H M Hayward, from San misco en route to Colonies, due April 13 *88 Zealandia, Oterendorp, from Colonies ate San Francisco, due April 7

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS. m San Francisco, per S N Castle, March 29 Hattie Cooles.

SHIPPING NOTES.

ebark Atlanta will finish unloading lumber orrow and is expected to leave in ballast Monday for Puget Sound.

#bark Willie McLaren has been docked at Ainau wharf.

* bark Saraca will finish unloading her to-morrow.

Archibald Gilfillan, one of the Customs a, is acting as Pert Surveyor, Mr. George ham being absent on Kauai.

Bawaiian bark Lady Lampson was to sail an Francisco March 14th for this port, and may therefore be expected to arrive to-morthe next day.

about March 27th.

rancisco.

rs. Castle & Cooke.

The fast sailing barkentine S. G. Wilder will have quick dispatch for San Francisco. Her cabin accommodation is superior. Messrs. Schaefer & Co. are the agents.

On Saturday, March 10th, at the Stock and Bond Exchange, San Francisco, 100 shares of Hawaiian Commercial Company stock were sold at 101/2 and 450 at 105/8.

A large and well selected stock of millinery goods, fine wings, fine birds, fancy feather pon pons, choice flowers and fancy edged watered ribbons, at Sachs' store. *

At the Croydon, Eng., Spring meeting the United Kingdom Steeplechase was won by Bellona by twenty lengths, Great Pants second, Dagger Bank third. There were six starters.

Children's hats: children's hats trimmed and untrimmed, in fine leghorn and fine white Milans, also a good assortment in school hats, at one dollar each at Sachs' store, 101 Fort street.

A Winnepeg special of March 10th says: A grain train on the Canadian Pacific Railway went through a high trestle at Heron Bay, east of Port Arthur, to-day. Ten cars were smashed to atoms, and it is reported that three employees were killed.

Mr. Fishel wishes to say that, owing to his great rush of customers during his special cheap sale of two weeks, and wishing to give everybody a chance to buy himself rich, his store will be kept open on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday till 9

p. m. Mr. J. F. Morgan will hold his regular cash sale at 10 o'clock this morning. At this sale will be offered the balance of the stock in trade of the late Wm. Turner, including clock and watch maker's tools, clocks, etc. At 11 a. m. will be sold all the household furniture of the late Geo. Engelhardt, and at 12 noon a small invoice of choice Manila cigars.

Arrival of the Ship Mystic Belle.

The American ship Mystic Belle, Captain Charles H. Freeman, arrived yesterday, after a passage of 166 days from New York, with a cargo of general merchandise for this port. The Mystic

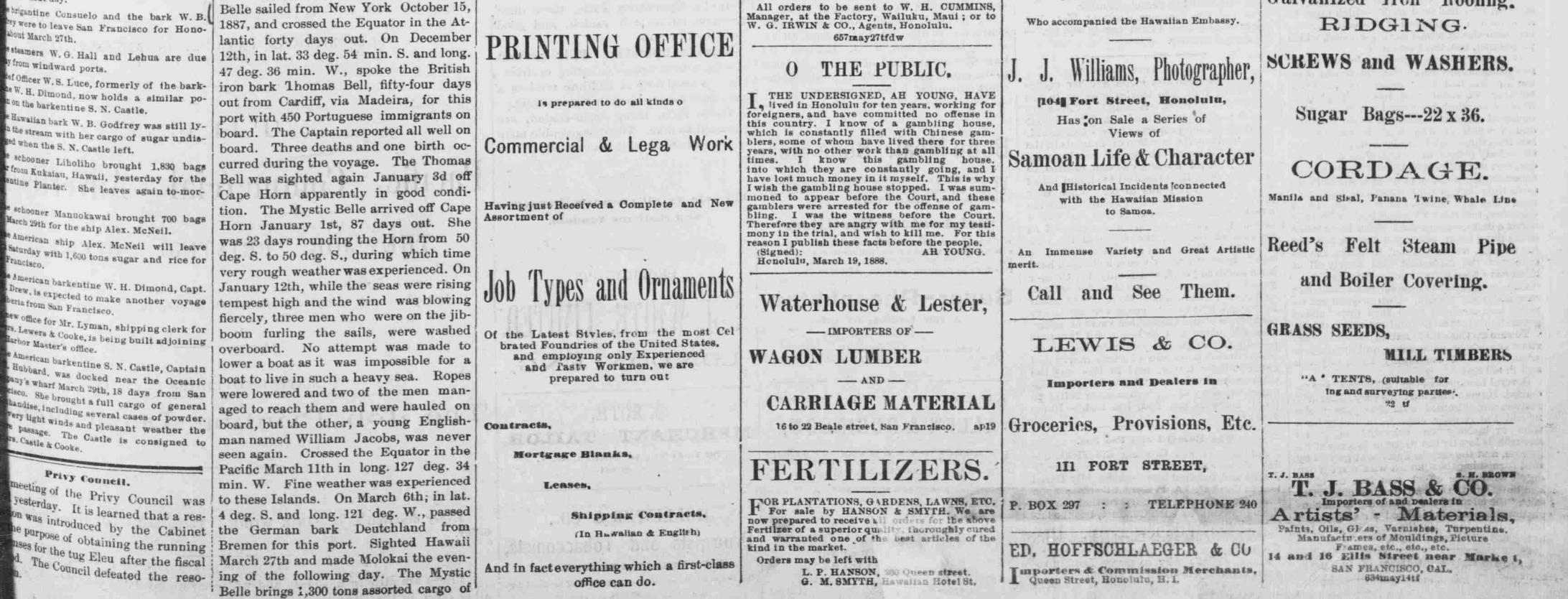
STEAM BOOK AND JOB

By J. D. Strong.

SAMOAN

Galvanized Iron Roofing.

VIEWS! LIME CEMENT



COMMENCED OPERATIONS ON THURSDAY, May 26th, and are now prepared to supply

With new and improved machinery and other apparatus, the present Manager guarantees to

supply Taro Flour that will make a better class

TARO FLOUR in any quantities.

of Poi than ever produced.

PACIFIC. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER, MARCH 30, 1888.

OLD FOLKS' HABITS.

STEADY WORK, AN EVEN PULSE AND REGULAR LIVES

Are the Potent Factors That Make Old Age Possible in New England-People Who Have Survived in Spite of Doctors' Rules.

Poor Richard's "Early to bed and early to rise," etc., never had a better illustration than The Globe's old people have given it. Not only have the farmers and their wives been early risers, but nearly all who have followed other occupations have been also. If observance of Franklin's maxim has had any predominant effect conducive to longevity, the fact we have just stated strikes a hard blow at the theory of some physicians, who claim that man should not go abroad in the morning until the sun has been up long enough to dissipate the noxious vapors which have risen from and overhang the earth's surface during the night.

So marked were the instances of early rising and retiring that The Globe made a list of persons who may be said to represent the extremists of at least the first lines of the maxim, and found that out of about 2,000 persons whose habits of life were intelligently set forth in the blanks 330 men have been through life in the habit of lying abed not later than 5:30 o'clock in the morning, while 328 women always have risen before 6 a. m. most of whom stul continue to do so. These are the people who were trained from youth to get a grip on the day's work that did not loosen until it was done; who cleared our forests, built our roads, founded our towns, established our school system, and from the native richness of their country homes sent into the world the sturdy young men, the rosy cheeked young women, with whose influx the town became the city, the city a metropolis, and a profitable market was created for the products of the farms they had left, and the money made in mercantile life went back to the tillers of the soil and our inla⁻¹ commerce came into being.

One correspondent, writing from New market, N. H., gives a good idea of the circumstances of some of the old people he has seen, and advances one or two ideas not unsupported by medical opinion. He says: "I could extend names almost indefinitely of men all around here living on an abundance of plain food, hard workers, no liquors, regular in their habits, who never die from disease, but only as old age takes them off. I include regular church attendance, because I believe that to be an important matter as giving peace of mind, contentment and hope -all favorable to longevity. On the other hand, I could furnish a large list of persons who, other things being favorable, have killed themselves with liquor, cider, irregularity in eating, working and sleeping; some living to good age but always sickly. Men and women living in the neighborhood, who have been temperate in all things, never die. if they escape consumption, except from pneumonia or other acute disease. Almost every farmhouse that has remained in the same family for a century will be a home for three or four generations, all living together, extremes meeting-excellent company for each other and the happiest families that can be found. No danger of filial love and reverence dying out in such families as these." "There is one point which I have tried to bring out in this canvass among the old people," writes another correspondent, "and that is the effect of tobacco on the health. If this point has been as carefully considered by other correspondents and with the same results, it alleviates the fears which many may entertain about nicotine and the curtailment of life by the use of tobacco. Among the very oldest of the people interviewed, between 90 and 100, the men have been addicted to the use of tobacco, in the majority of cases, since an early age." But our returns fail to show that any considerable number of the old people ever made habitual use of liquor through life; and it must be borne in mind that the Medford rum of our grandfathers and other liquors in use half a century ago were without doubt pure and better than nineteen-twentieths of the liquor sold today. One hundred and fifty of the old gentlemen say positively that they never used liquor or tobacco in any form, 98 confess to the use of liquor only, 11 to the use of tobacco only, while 54 admit having made habitual use of both liquor and tobacco, though instances of immoderate use of liquor are very rare. We cannot think these figures accurate, as it is doubtful if this subject was thoroughly canvassed, but it is safe to say that a very small proportion of the men and but a trivial number of the women made habitual use of liquor and tobacco. It is curious to note, by the way, that many of the men who used liquor only in early life ceased using it entirely, while of the men who used liquor and tobacco nearly all who discarded liquor clung to the tobacco habit. Cider, forty-four men say, they have drank for years, but the effect of hard cider upon the constitution cannot be learned from The Globe's figures until some of the farmers that had nothing to say on the subject are heard from.

A MODOC WARRIOR TALKS.

Interesting Interview With a Member of the Once Famous Tribe of Indians.

The Modocs on their native heath were as determined a tribe of Indians as ever attempted to remove the dandruff from the heads of their white brothers. It cost millions of money and dozens of valuable lives to subdue them when they put on their war paint a few years ago and commenced to raise Cain and the hair of the settlers. No tribe of equal number ever cost the government half as much trouble as the Modocs. The remnants of this once powerful tribe are being slowly extinguished by intermarriage and consumption on their reservation in Indian territory. Two of their number, William Clinton and the historic William Feithfull, called at our office the other day. The former is a bright young man, who was but a child when his people were wrestling for supremacy with the United States government. He is well educated, speaking and writing the English language faultlessly. In speaking of his people he said: "There

are not many of us now, death having reduced our number to less than ninety, and in a few years we will not have a living representative. The climate does not agree with us at the reservation and many are slowly dying from consumption. I believe if they were brought back to California they would recover. I came out here fourteen months ago with five of my people whom it was thought would die before they reached their old home. Only one died and the other four have entirely recovered. I am going back to-morrow to sell off my possessions and will return with as many of my people who are sick as my money will bring.

Clinton spoke with feeling, and seemed to be anxious that his tribe should not become extinct.

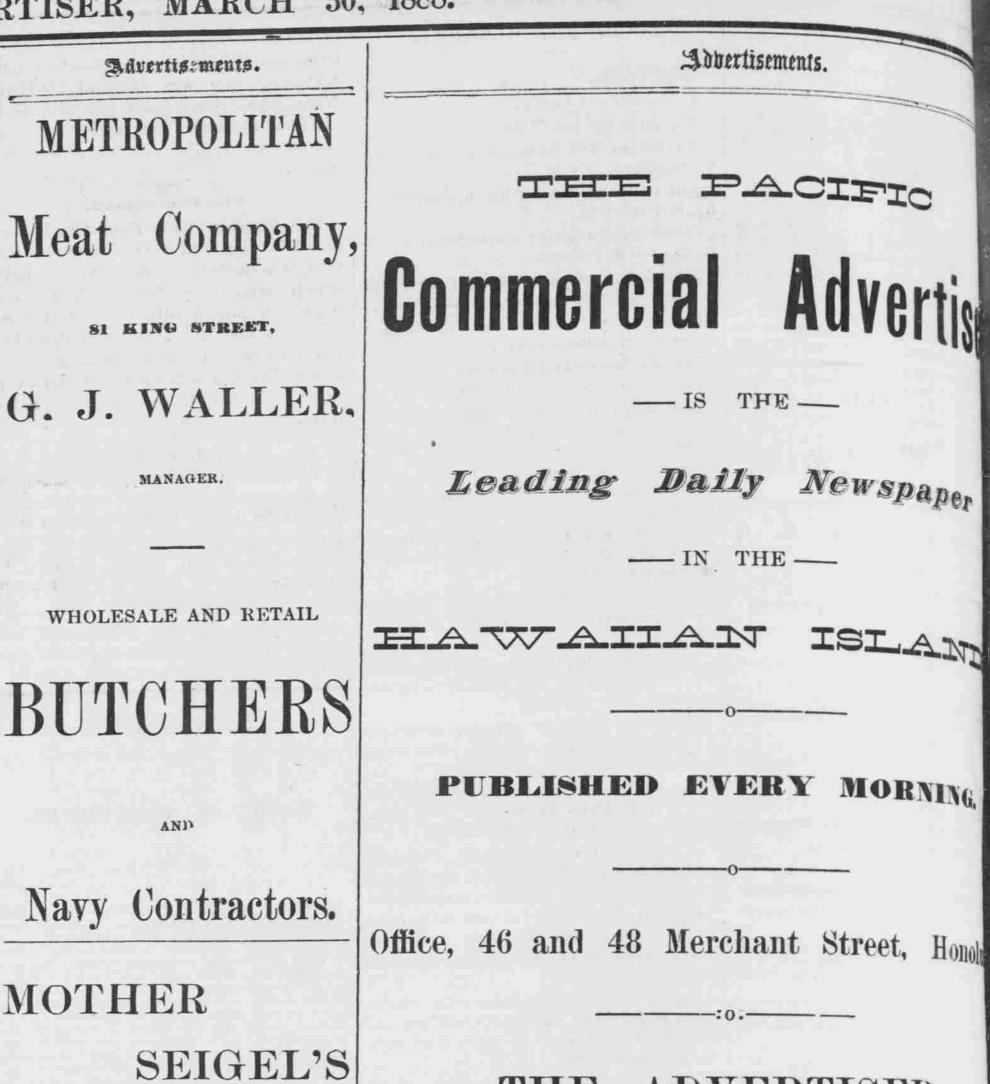
Accompanying Clinton was William Feithfull, who said that he also was on his way to the Indian te ritory. Feithfull is well advanced in years, and his stiff, wiry hair will soon be gray. During the Modoc outbreak he fought from the opening to the close with Capt. Jack, but seems to have had more honor and principle than that noted leader.

Through Clinton as interpreter he spoke freely of his part in the war. He can speak very good English, but says he hates to use the language of a race that has done him so much wrong. "We were being wronged," said Feithfull, "and had to fight. Afterward we were sorry we had started on the warpath, but were afraid to stop, for Capt. Jack said we would be killed anyway, and might as well die fighting. Lots of times some of us would go to Jack and say that we would fight no more, but he would make a long speech, and we would agree to fight on. When Capt. Jack planned to deceive the peace commissioners and murder them, I made up my mind to go and warn them, but I was watched so closely that I could not get away. I then sent a squaw named Toby Riddle, and she warned Col. Meacham, but they believed in Jack, and not in me. Dr. Thomas was killed. Col. Meacham was in Indian territory afterward, and gave me \$10 for saving his life. Lots of times I could have killed white men, but never did. I have one squaw, and am going home to get her out here where she will be happy. I have no children."-Yreka Union.

A Remarkable Case. Under the above heading the "Doncaster Reporter" of July 6, 1887, publishes the following in its editorial columns:

Our readers may recall the circumstance of a young clerk, named Arthur Richold, falling insensible on the Wheatley Lane in this town some time ago, and being picked up, as he continued perfectly helpless, and taken in a cab by two gentlemen to the office of F. W. Fisher, Esq., the solicitor who employed him. On restoring him to consciousness it was ascertained that he was afflicted with what seemed to be an incurable disease. When he was able to speak he said he had been to his dinner and was on his way back to his work, when suddenly his head was in a whirl and he fell in the street like a man who is knocked down. On coming to his senses in the solicitor's office he thought what this might mean, and feared he was going to have a fit of illness, which we all know is a very dreadful thing for a poor man with a family to care for.

With this in his mind he at once sought the best medical advice, telling the doctors how he had been attacked. They questioned him, and found that his present malady was exhaustion of the nervous system, resulting from general debility, indigestion and dyspepsia of a chronic nature. This in turn had been caused by confinement to his desk and grief at the loss of dear friends by death. The coming on of this strange disease, as described by Mr. Richold, must be of interest both to sick and well. He had noticed for several years previously, in fact, that his eyes and face began to have a yellow look; there was a sticky and unpleasant slime on the gums and teeth in the morning; the tongue coated; and the bowels so bound and costive that it induced that most painful and troublesome ailment-the piles. He says there was some pain in the sides and back and a sense of fullness on the right side, as though the liver were enlarging, which proved to be a terrible fact. The secretions from the kidneys would be



The statistics of women who made habitual

How Governor "Bob" Stewart Got Even. An old citizen, a gentleman of high social and official standing in St. Joseph, tells a story of the famous Missouri governor, Bob Stewart, which, true to the letter, proves that fact is stranger than fiction:

"I was coming up the Missouri river when I was a boy," said the ex-governor, "and I was working my way on a steamboat. At a point where we had to wood up I didn't carry as big a load as some of the roustabouts, nor move with that agility that the others did, for I was not strong, and had been tenderly raised. The mate became enraged at my slow movements on the gang plank, and he gave me a kick and sent me ashore and confiscated my buffalo robe as payment for my passage to that point. I never saw that mate again until I had been inaugurated as governor of this great commonwealth of Missouri.

"One day, wandering through the wards and districts of the penitentiary, I saw that mate working at a forge. He had been sent there for killing, in a passion, a man under his command. I knew him instantly, and I directed the warden to send the man to the gubernatorial mansion in the garb of a gentleman. When the man arrived I took him into my private office and asked him if he recognized me. He replied that he did not. Said I: 'Do you remember one time, and at such and such a place, of kicking a boy and sending him ashore who had been working in your gang?

"The man said: 'No, I don't remember it, but it is very likely that I did it.'

"'Well,' says I, 'I am that boy and here is your pardon. I always thought I would get even with you.'

"The tears came to the old man's eyes, and he said: 'Well, governor, to be a mate in those days a man had to be a dog.'

"'You played well your part,' I said. 'Now, leave here, and don't let me see you

again.' "As he made his exit I gave him an able

scanty and high-coloredi with a kind of gritty or sandy deposit after standing.

These things had troubled Mr. Richold a long time, and after his fall in the street he clearly perceived that his fit of giddiness was nothing more than a sign of the steady and deadly advance of the complaint, which began in indigestion and dyspepsia. His story of how he went from one physician to another in search of a cure that his wife and little ones might not come to want is very pathetic and touching. Finally he became too ill to keep his situation and had to give it up. This was a sad calamity. He was appalled to think of how he should be able to live. But God raised up friends who helped to keep the wolf from the door. He then went to the seaside at Walton on-the-Naze, but neither the change, nor the physicians who treated him there, did any good. All being without avail he visited London, with a sort of vague hope that some advantage might happen to him in the metropolis. This was in October, 1885.

How wonderful, indeed, are the ways of Providence, which dashes down our highest hopes and then helps us when we least expect it.

While in London he stated his condition to a friend, who strongly advised him to try a medicine which he called Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, saying it was genuine and honest, and often cured when everthing else had failed. He bought a bottle of a chemist in Pimlico, and began using it according to the directions. He did this without any faith or hope, and the public may, therefore, judge of his surprise and pleasure when after taking a few doses he felt great relief. He could eat better, his food distressed him less, the symptoms we have named abated, the dark spots which had floated before his eyes like smuts of soot gradually disappeared, and his strength increased. Before this time his knees would knock together whenever he tried to walk. So encouraged was he now that he kept on using Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup until it ended in completely curing him.

In speaking of his wonderful recovery Mr. Richold says it made him think of poor Robinson Crusoe, and his deliverance from captivity on his island in the sea; and added, "But for Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup the grass would now be growing over my grave."

Our readers can rest assured of the strict truth of all the statements in this most remarkable case, as Mr. Richold (now residing at Swiss Cottage, Walton-on-the-Naze,) **OPERATING** PILLS -FOR-CONSTIPATION

Sluggish Liver,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

UNLIKE many kinds of cathartic medicines, do not make you feel worse before you feel better. Their operation is gentle, but thorough, and unattended with disagreeable effects, such as nausea, griping pains, etc.

Seigel's Operating Pills are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels from all irritating substances, and leave them in a healthy condition.

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These Pills prevent fevers and all kinds of sickness, by removing all poisonous matter from the bowels. They operate briskly, yet mildly, without any pain.

If you take a severe cold, and are threatened with a fever, with pains in the head, back, and limbs, one or two doses of Seigel's Operating Pills will break up the cold and prevent the fever. A coated tongue, with a brackish taste, is caused by foul matter in the stomach. A few doses of Seigel's Operating Pills will cleanse the stomach, remove the bad taste, and restore the appetite, and with it bring good health.

Oftentimes disease, or partially decayed food, causes sickness, nausea and diarrhœa. If the bowels are cleansed

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