

BATTERIES ARE POOR

Automobile Co. Closes Down Plant.

WAIT ADVICES FROM MANAGER

Now Looking for 50-Mile Batteries—May Use Steam as Motive Power.

Hawaiian Automobile Company, which closed down its plant and corresponding to calls on Sunday, is for an indefinite period, although it is hoped by the directors that they may be able to resume business in the next three months.

Manager L. T. Grant, who installed and started the running of the handsome automobiles, has gone to have a consultation with the makers of the autos, and to get the most recent patents in the motors.

In the past three weeks the company has been considering the advisability of banking the fires in the engine and taking the autos off the street, but kept gradually dropping the competitive race for fares. A decision was taken on Saturday when word was given to close up business Sunday night.

The company began operating and discovered that the machines were running as guaranteed by the managers. A pledge had been made that batteries could be charged by electric electricity to enable the run at least twenty miles without recharging. Shortly after they began operations it was seen that the cars could not go more than eight miles without running down, leaving the drivers stranded when the power failed. The drivers had to seek the telephone and call for an auto from the power house to take the vehicle in tow.

The small runabout which Captain Atherton and Manager Grant personally, could not make a run of more than eight miles without being recharged, although upon the trip to Chicago, where they were, they attained a maximum of thirty-five miles with a single charge.

Some of the automobiles have been taken to the Pali and back, and a trip to Waikiki and back attended with difficulties, and thus the batteries have proven an utter failure.

Manager J. B. Atherton stated to an reporter yesterday:

"I have succeeded in everything I have undertaken, and I will succeed in this also. It is either break or go. It is true that we have closed down the plant. Just how long we will be closed, but until we are assured that we can secure batteries which will enable the automobiles to run fifty miles without recharging, it is unlikely that we will place the vehicles on the streets to be run by electricity."

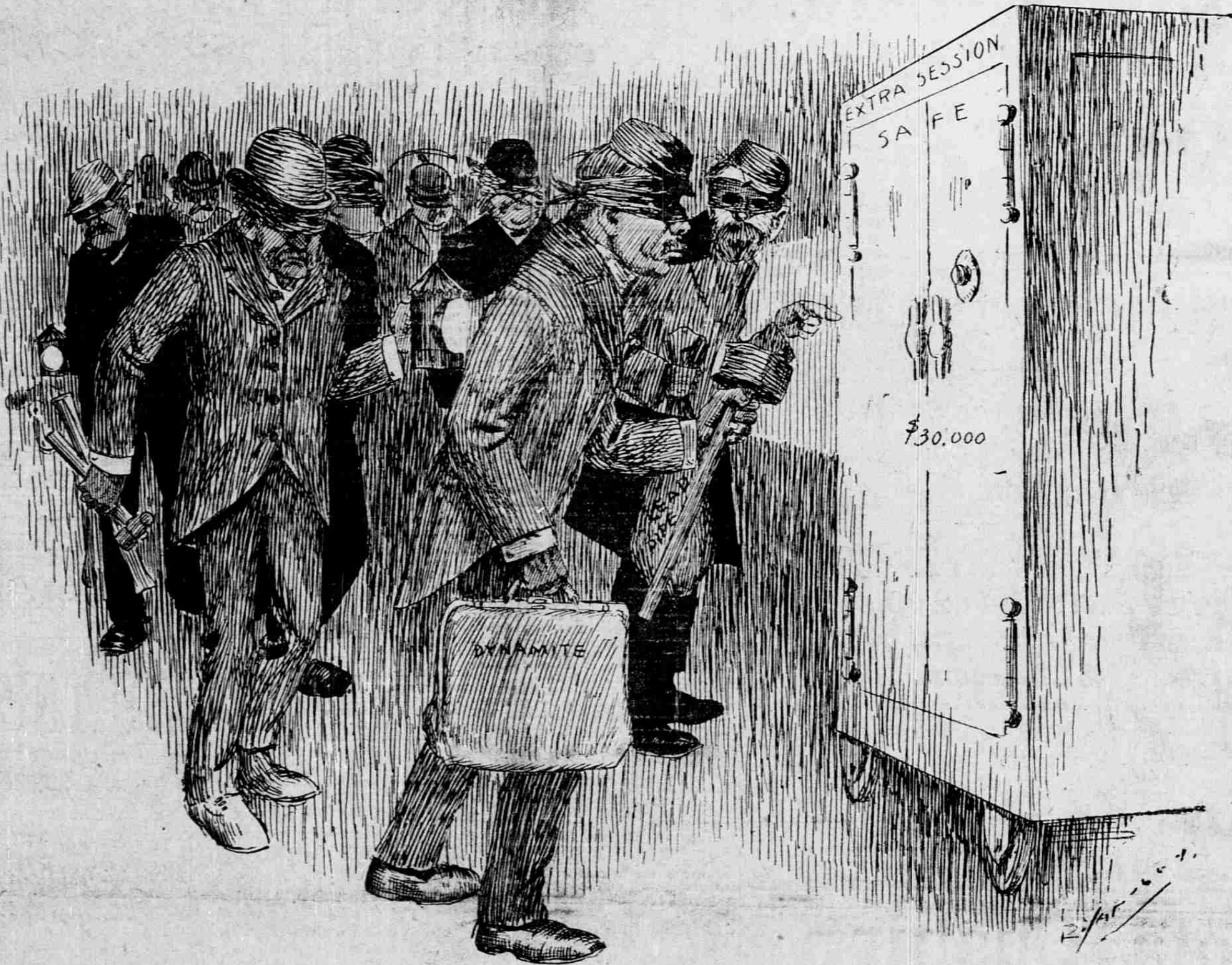
On the other hand, if Mr. Grant does get that electricity will be successful, the motive power here, the vehicles will be remodeled to be run by steam, and make locomobiles out of them. Locomobiles we could run anywhere, up the Pali, up Tantalus. But the present poor facilities for running the autos were doing our more harm than good, and the more running up an enormous loss was not a matter of dollars and cents, but for I would have concluded it had it not been that the service was not benefitting by the service were giving them. It was our duty to give the public good service or no at all.

Grant has gone to New York, where he will make a thorough study of the matter. I expect to hear from him shortly with some news as to what he considers will be best for us. He and his one directly interested in the Hawaiian Automobile Company, is with him, and they will be returned to devise some plan by which our company can go on.

Hoogs, secretary of the Hawaiian Automobile Company, who has been acting manager during the absence of Manager Grant, is hopeful that Grant will find the battery problem will be acceptable to the conditions.

There has been for some time that we have hope to continue as a public utility with our present facilities. It is a chance of late that an automobile company carry its passengers to their

THEY WANT AN EXTRA SESSION.



THERE WAS A JONAH WITH THE FLIGHTLESS JORDANS

The Flying Jordans were busy after the performance last evening in looking for the Jonah with the company. Something certainly hooded the inauguration of the new tent, and the management is searching for the performer who carried a bunch of peacock's feathers or some other infallible omen of ill-luck in his or her trunk.

Things certainly went wrong last night. The canvas lining of Seabury's tank, warranted waterproof, belied its guarantee, and the water soaked through into the thirsty earth as fast as it came out of the hose. Seabury promptly and wisely declined to dive eighty odd feet into a few inches of water, and the expectant crowd was disappointed. They flocked into the tent, however, occupied the chairs and swarmed upon the benches until the canvas bulged and seated themselves in anticipation of making up for their loss, in witnessing the show proper.

Cavill and his sister, attired for the swimming act, waited while their tank was being filled, when the hoodoo again made its appearance. The force of the fire department's hose proved too much for the plate glass, and the stream went through it as if it was old paper. Then the malignant imp turned its attention to the lights, which proved altogether inadequate to the wants of the picture machine. Four extra arc lamps proved too much for the local electric service, and the effect was barely enough to light the big tent effectually precluding the Jordans from performing their trapeze act.

Jordan himself stated that there were plenty of risks in the feats of his quartet under the best of circumstances, and much as he regretted it, to go on with the act would mean an almost certain fatality.

The audience was good natured however and accepted the unfortunate situation with good grace, vigorously applauding the rest of the bill.

The colored comedian was the hit of the evening, and the rest of the turns went off satisfactorily enough, though there was considerable dissatisfaction felt that the star acts of the performance were left out, and improvement in the usher's department is needed. Honolulu has been disappointed so often by performances not being the same as advertised, that the substitution of a not particularly good variety performance, in place of the brilliantly pictured flying athletes, as advertised on the posters, created a feeling that possibly the combination was another Mainland fake.

Jordan, interviewed after the performance last night, claimed that the show is all that is claimed for it, and showed numerous commendatory notices of performances by the same company at the Chutes in San Francisco the past few weeks. "Everything worked against us," said the worried athlete. "I would rather give many thousands of dollars than have people feel that my name was ever connected with a fake of any kind. Contracts made with local people were not fulfilled; our chairs didn't arrive until after 6 o'clock; the lights were bad; Seabury's canvas wasn't as guaranteed, and as usual, everything came at once."

The Jordans are undoubtedly the same that performed here some years ago successfully, and Seabury has made his dive many times, so that the company may be more unfortunate than erring.

Everything is promised to be remedied by tonight. The Jordans carry bunch lights of their own, and will use them if necessary; and Seabury will positively dive.

Vigorous amendments are certainly necessary to restore confidence, and Jordan seems earnest in his protests to set things right. Last night's performance, from start to finish, was a poor substitute for the advertised program, but in view of the past reputation of the management it would be only charitable to wait until tonight's entertainment before sitting in final judgment.

The Judiciary Building, with twenty automobile hacks, one surrey, one trap and several runabouts. The steam plant consists of the best make of boilers which operated the electric dynamos from which the batteries were charged. The company commenced operations on the night the Moani Hotel was thrown open to the public, and the autos were used the next day to carry the visiting Shriners to and from the beach, after which they were given over to the public. The latter took to the new vehicles, and they were quite the fad until they began to give out on the road. The entire failure is attributed entirely to the bad batteries, and the company intends

to fall back upon the manufacturers to make good their guarantee.

Will Retire From Service.

Captain C. C. Morse of the American ship Fort George, will, on his return to San Francisco, retire from active service. He has been coming to this port for many years past, and has many friends here, friends who will miss his coming to Honolulu.

There was a family reunion aboard the bark Olympic yesterday morning. Captain Morse of the Fort George, First Officer Morse of the Olympic, as lively a seaman as ever, kept the gang of sailors on the jump, and Percy Morse, local agent of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, met for the first time in over a year. The captain and his two sons were as happy as so many land-crabs basking in the sunshine.

THE INCOME TAX.

It Will Become Effective in Hawaii Next Month.

Yesterday morning, a meeting of tax collectors was held in the office of Treasurer Wright. The object of the gathering was to discuss the income tax, and make such arrangements as are required by law for its collection. The law as passed by the present Legislature makes quite a bit of work for the treasury department, and those upon whom the burden of the taxes fall, met with Treasurer Wright to discuss the matter and to suggest methods for expeditious working.

The income tax which goes into effect next month, provides that all incomes of more than \$1,000 shall pay a tax of 2 per cent per annum. In order to assess the taxpayers, it will be necessary for Treasurer Wright and his assistants to gather a multitudinous amount of statistics. All firms are required to keep books showing their list of expenditures. Income of \$1,000 or less are not subject to taxation.

Will Play at Hilo.

The band is going to Hilo. The sanction of Governor Dole has been granted, and now all that remains for the melody makers to do is to repack their horns and take their departure to the Rainy City. According to the offer extended to the band the people of Hilo are to bear all the expenses of the musicians. As the good people of Hilo have not had the band very much of late, and as they are public-spirited enough to participate in the national holiday, the Governor's Council yesterday came to the conclusion that the band could do better by going to Hilo than by staying at home.

Uncle Josh—Didn't the President warn Congress ag'in bein' extravagant? Uncle Silas—Yes; but he oughtn't to have let 'em know there was so much money in the Treasury.—Puck.

CLASS OF '01, OAHU COLLEGE, GRADUATED LAST NIGHT

Pauahi Hall was filled to its utmost capacity last night with the parents and friends of the Oahu College graduates, class of 1901, and the audience was treated to a very interesting program.

The platform at the head of the auditorium presented a pretty and artistic appearance. The gilded pipes of the organ had been hung with trailing maile and greens and flowers decorated the platform, upon which were seated the eight graduates, Miss Ethel Moseley Damon, Miss Mary Hester Lemon, Miss Sarah Irene B. L. Lyman, Antonio Quilho Marcallino, Edward Perry, Charles Sheldon Judd, James Lawrence P. Robinson and Kul Far Yop. Class banners and college pennants added a festive appearance to the scene.

The program opened with the overture from Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise" in the blended tones of violin, organ and piano, and the invocation by Rev. Hiram Bingham followed.

An entertaining and able address on "The Value of Higher Education" was then delivered by Prof. David Starr Jordan of Stanford University, who has been kept very busy during the past week in giving his valuable advice to the graduates of various educational institutions. Prof. Jordan's address last night was, as usual, very interesting and fraught with gems of instructive thought and wisdom and with the spirit of encouragement towards higher ideals and better living. He urged the graduating class to make every effort to continue its higher education, pointing out the advantages of the educated man over the uneducated in the struggle with the world, and showing the broader and happier way that is opened to the life of the educated man by the key of knowledge. Below are given some of the epigrams of Professor Jordan's address:

"Plan to build a temple instead of a woodshed. You will not find the man who is working on a bridge to the moon sitting on the dry goods box in front of a saloon."

"It does not hurt one to be ambitious; youth should be crowded full of absurd enthusiasms, for if one has not an abundance of enthusiasm in youth he will come to the end of his life with an empty heart."

"The man who falls is the man who never makes a resolution."

"Nothing is impossible to a man with a will."

"The man who lays down in the furrow and says he can't work out a career that is ahead of him is usually glad at

the end of his life to spade someone's garden for a dollar a day."

"I once knew a man who earned fifty cents a day by driving a cow to pasture and back every day. That was all he ever did in the world. Now, if it hadn't been for that cow there would not have been any use for that man on earth."

"The man who is of no use on earth ought to be under the earth, inspiring cabbages."

"One thing about places in the world, they will wait for the man who works for them, and when he is ready to fill the place it is there for him."

"In order to accomplish anything, educate yourself, and in doing that begin early and quit late."

"I doubt not that nearly every fortune that has ever been made was made through science or some principle of higher education, if not on the part of the man himself, upon the part of some one in his employ."

"A high ideal must precede every worthy achievement."

Professor Jordan closed his address with the following admonition to the students:

"When you take up the serious duties of life, as it is now time to do, let your work and influence in the community where you live be always the strongest plea for higher education."

A cleverly executed piano solo followed by Miss Sarah Irene Lyman, and Miss Ethel Moseley Damon, who is the winner of the second prize for rhetoric (Alfred Castle winning the first prize), read the following graceful valedictory:

VALEDICTORY.

As valedictories are said to be out of fashion, I feel that there should be some apology for thrusting this little speech upon you. It would be a deplorable condition of affairs indeed were Punahou to fall in keeping pace with the movement of the times. In this instance, however it is through no fault of mine, but only a result of time-honored tradition that the departing class should possess a valedictorian. Inasmuch as we have broken one well-established commencement custom in omitting individual essays, it seemed best to retain the valedictory, which, besides being a long, pleasant-sounding word, lends a certain air of dignity to any commencement program, even though dictators say it is now obsolete.

As a class we have neither been overwhelmed with troubles nor laden with honors, but what we have achieved has been fairly won. As we stand tonight, the first class of the twentieth century, we appear a unified whole, but our memories give different pictures of our stay at Punahou.

One of our number has been here five long years, and some of us but three. The majority, however, can count four years since, as Freshmen, we first entered

(Continued on Page 2.)

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Do you Feel Cool?
Are You Comfortable?

The much talked about SHIRTWAISTS, made from the latest striped Madras goods, have arrived. Give a look at them, or try one, and be convinced that they are the very thing for this climate.

Price \$1.75 and \$2.00 each.

We have also received a large stock of Monarch Golf Shirts, made of good French Madras, which we offer at the astounding low price of

\$1.25 each.

If you contemplate buying Shirts, look at them, for you get more than the value of your money.
We solicit your trade; it's money in your pocket.

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Hotel and Fort Streets.

Sofa Cushion Covers . . .

Size, 24 x 34 inches. These Covers

sell for 75 cents each. We make this

offer for this month only, and will

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postage paid, on receipt of 25 cents.

They come in twelve patterns and col-

ors.

The Goyné Furniture Company, Ltd.

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Judgment

The public acts as judge and jury in deciding which article is the best.
Their patronage goes with their judgment.
That's why there is more Cyrus Noble whiskey sold than any other brand.
It is pure—old—and honest.
It is aged in wood.
It is of delicate flavor.
One and three crown.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAII TERRITORY.

SCHOOL OF THE TRADES

Annual Meeting of Boys' Brigade Officers.

PROGRESS IN THE GOOD WORK

An Athletic Field is Offered to Brigade—Full Treasury— Industrial Report.

The annual meeting of the Boys' Brigade officers was held last evening in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Theodore Richards, re-elected; treasurer, J. P. Cooke, secretary, John D. Waldron.

The business of the evening was the reading and receiving of the annual reports of the heads of the committees. The treasurer's report covered practically two years. In that time the Boys' Brigade has expended \$4,389.80 for trade school-building, tools and machinery for shops, and salary.

The Boys' Brigade tourney, held on May 25, was successful from a financial standpoint, the net proceeds being \$1,957.15, thereby leaving a balance on hand.

President Richards' report was to the effect that the brigade had abandoned its point of only meeting the boys once a week, as by the inauguration of their club they were induced to come every night. The industrial has been the best and most valuable class of work. The trade school has been the wisest effort of the officers of the institution. The military department, however, has sustained the interest, and good work has been the result of the military instructor, Major E. S. Wilson.

The field day of the brigade held on the premises of S. M. Damon at Moanala was an unqualified success, and more than demonstrated the need for an athletic field. In his report the president stated there was a proposition from the board of education to use a portion of the ground formerly occupied by the relief camp on Vineyard street, and the Bishop Estate has practically agreed to give the use of more acreage, making a plot of five acres in all. He says that such a lot in the heart of the city can hardly be duplicated. There would be but one expense to the brigade in taking over the proposition, and that is in placing it in proper condition. A financial committee consisting of J. P. Cooke, J. T. Waterhouse, George R. Carter and T. Clive Davies, has been appointed to look into the matter and report upon the advisability of accepting the offer.

In the entertainment work the officers have found the boys critical to a marked degree, demanding the best, or they would not listen. There will be more practical subjects considered in the entertainments, and the stereopticon will be given a preference.

The industrial report submitted by John D. Waldron, the superintendent of the Boys' Brigade School, showed there were 140 boys in the shop since the school began in November, with thirty regular attendants and twenty-five casuals. His report is an interesting one, and is as follows:

BOYS' BRIGADE TRAINING SCHOOL— WHAT IS IT?

It is a school, run as a carpenter shop. The use of all wood-working tools is taught by practice, and the principles of construction are learned by applying them in the work done.

What precedents does it follow? Regular apprenticeship to the carpenter's trade; ways used in the shop at Moody's school, Mt. Herman; manual training methods of the United States school system; and some of the exercises and models of the Lloyd work. Then it has to evolve easier ways and more attractive forms of work to fit the cases of some of its very mixed attendance.

Who are its pupils? Members of the Boys' Brigade, any male who goes to the Thursday night drill of the Brigade. Yet this year others have been received, and then sent to the clubs. Thus we have had all ages and nationalities. But the Hawaiians preponderate, with a very faithful number of Portuguese, and very encouraging number of mixed Europeans.

Do they pay? Not for instruction, but if they make things to take home the material is paid for.

Have they accomplished anything? Yes. A boy worked nearly three months on a stand and finished it well. By many others little articles have been made for themselves. For the shop the boys have finished tool cases, built benches, a large case for tools and nails, mallets, oil stone blocks, step ladder, turning lathe benches and many other things. Besides, they have done a great deal for the club room upstairs, making all ready for wallpapering and ceiling, finishing tables, benches, piazza rail, office platform, etc., and thus they have acquired a practical working skill.

Why has the Brigade put its energy and money largely into such a school? Their reasons are these: (1) Every person has need for such training. This is the industrial age; this generation more and more will have to live by trained hands; and yet with this, for some reason, the age of trade apprenticeships is past; employers are too busy to take a green boy and train him; they demand knowledge of the fundamentals to start with. (2) Moral reformers realize "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do"; man will build or destroy, and there is no better way to prevent a boy from smashing a window and a man from burning a building than to let him have a hand in making them; then he knows the work and trouble it will be to restore; besides, his energies are used in creating. Manual work is the best friend to honesty and morality. (3) Statesmen see the better future for a people that are skilled in handicraft.

(4) While the educator has seized work as a developer of mind as well as morals and muscle.

When are your hours? Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays, from 2:30 to 5:30; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 2:15 to 4:30.

Well, finally, what results? How did you begin? How did you run? What are

the indications? One at a time, please. Last November it was announced at the clubs that such a shop would open at such a time. We opened with a smile. "Will you walk into my parlor, said—" They did not walk; a few inquisitive boys from Palama Club hung around the door in much trepidation. A very fat boy seemed susceptible to inducements. Him I drew, by various means, within the boundaries. His companions watched eagerly. I put a jack-plane in his hand, a rough redwood post on the bench and said, "Push." He pushed; but found it warm, being unused to work, and somewhat rattled. Upon that boy I focused my powers. I caused him to think it was fun. I made sure of his second appearing. When we had drawn in a few more, we hammered ostentatiously; we sawed noisily and turned all our electric lights on. Then there was a rush, and all Palama came at once and all worked for dear life, thirty-eight at a time. No school could do aught but fill the benches with rough boards and tell them to plane.

When, after two months, this effusion of zeal was ended, we had found our own—the boys who really wished and had the time to come regularly; and their number has increased steadily till we are in better shape than ever. Over a hundred and forty have been at school, while we have thirty who are regular, and twenty-five who come now and then.

Our shop was not in shape when we began, and, as all were beginners, it has been extremely hard to continually give all the necessary oversight and encouragement to each boy; yet there has been marked advance in skill of hand, in knowledge, in power of mind and body application. Boys who seemed helpless to go ahead and keep at a task now can be made to understand, will go ahead without constant pushing, and will produce fair results. Our work so far has been wholly with hand-tools and the attraction in making and creating has held. But, while this is very good when we consider all the circumstances, yet there is room for much improvement.

Personally, I expect much from our machinery, not in the matter of training, but as an attraction. I cannot tell how much has been the cost per boy, because we have made so many articles for the shop, but it has been very small for material, as the same piece is used first one way, then another, till it is built into some useful article or changed to shavings and sawdust, which represent a great deal of effort. Grown men who are at night school come to me in regard to being admitted, as manual training seems to fit better than purely mental studies into their daily work and callings.

Thus we stand. We have tested universally accepted theories and have found them workable. We have adopted them to our field and successfully carried them through. We have proved it practicable. And it has been helpful in a marked and varied way to the city—to a part of the city needing much help, yet hard to reach wisely.

Our shop is provided with all materials needed for months. Our list of tools is nearly complete. We are known by the boys and the city business men; the manner of life and local weakness are known. We have had the year's experience and look forward to a better school next year.

OAHU COLLEGE GIBSON FETE

The Novel Entertainment to Be Given on Friday Evening.

Much interest is aroused in the novel entertainment to be given on the lawn at Oahu College, Friday evening of this week. It is for the benefit of the Young Women's Christian Association, and the three hundred members and their friends have been busy for some time preparing the attractions for the fete.

Mrs. Ralph Gere has the affair in charge, and she has enlisted a large number of assistants. Mrs. John S. Walker and a coterie of bright society belles and beaux give a charming Gibson play. Miss May Damon is the mistress of ceremonies in five Gibson tableaux.

A quartet consisting of Messrs. Walter and Isaac Dillingham, Clifford Kimball and Robert Atkinson, will render some of their enjoyable songs; and Mr. Kaai's orchestra will add to the pleasures of the evening. A number of little folk trained by Mrs. Mary Gunn will be seen in the play.

Mrs. Royal D. Mead is chairman of the decoration committee, of which Mrs. Drew, Mrs. Tenney Peck, Mrs. A. T. Brock and Mrs. Cheek, are the members.

Mrs. Giles Gere has these assistants at the candy booth: Mrs. P. F. Frear, Miss Lillian Bacon, Miss Furley, Miss Harriet Austin, Miss Tackaberry, Miss May Alexander, Miss A. A. Allen, Miss Alice Jones, Miss Cora Pannabaker, Miss Pettis, Miss Charlotte Hall, Miss Davis and Miss Ada Whitney.

Mrs. F. J. Lowrey will preside over the refreshing fruit punch, with Mrs. W. L. Moore, Miss M. F. Flood, Miss Alice Cooke, Miss Beatrice Castle and Miss Helen Lowrey to assist her.

Mrs. Andrew Fuller has a large number of charming young maids and matrons under her supervision, who will serve cake and ices when the play is over. Among her assistants are Mrs. A. W. Pearson, Mrs. L. A. Thurston, Mrs. Q. H. Berrey, Miss Hoffman, Miss S. Beerman, Miss M. Beerman, Miss Danielson, Miss Gunderson, Miss Arvilla, Miss Curtin, Miss Daisy Deitz, Miss Edith Deitz, Mrs. L. M. Robertson, Mrs. W. Ryder, Mrs. Bagwell, Mrs. B. F. McCall, Miss Jennie Carlson, Mrs. Rhodes, Miss Phillips, Miss Pilkington, Miss Keany, Miss Dora Heitman, Miss Bertha Heitman, Miss Grace Barrett, Miss Carrie Bray, Miss Mabel Barlow, Mrs. E. W. Jordan, Miss M. B. Coombs, Miss Schnoor, Miss Frances Lawrence, Miss Kate Woodward, Miss McCarrison, Miss Helen McCarthy, Miss Katherine McCarthy, Mrs. Monsarrat, Mrs. Grace Waterhouse, Miss Rouse, Miss Irwin, Miss Thora Oss, Mrs. Zeave, Miss Egan, Miss Alice Templeton, Miss Lena Templeton, Miss M. E. Castle, Miss Mae Weir, Mrs. Barkley, Miss Ryegelsberger, Miss Roe, Miss Snyder, Mrs. Cooley, Mrs. West, Miss Rice, Miss Edith Perkins, Miss A. C. Danielson, Miss Barber, Miss Charlotte Carlson, Miss M. Horton, Miss C. Clark, Miss G. Clark, Miss Jean Angus, Mrs. Kerns, Miss Cooke, Mrs. George Davies, Miss Martha Morrison, Miss Carrie Rawlins, Miss May Kluegel, Miss McCarrison and Miss Minna Arvilla.

Tickets at 50 cents for this unique entertainment are on sale at Wall, Nichols & Co., and Thrifts, and are being sold also by many members of the association.

Indifferent Cubans.

"The thing that surprised me most," said a New York man, just back from a tour through Cuba, the other day, "was the seeming indifference of the



Good Bye! Organdies

One short week ago we should have had to ask you from 30 to 40 cents for these beautiful Organdies. Just pass a moment and scrutinize the price tickets if you want to know what the goods are really worth. The better you are as a judge of values the more likely you will be to buy.

Why are we Selling Them so Cheap.

Because we don't want to carry them on our shelves for another season. You wouldn't think so much of our store if we did that. Rather lose money than your good opinion.

There are not very many of them. Not enough to last the week out perhaps; so you'd better hurry. Remember pickings for those who are first. All of them

10c a Yard.

WHITNEY & MARSH, Ltd.

Man's Likeness

If you want a photograph that will represent you as you are, we know you'll like what we make for you. There's artistic merit in them, too. They are mounted in the latest oval style, and are just the thing.

TAKE THE ELEVATOR FOR Williams' FOTO Gallery.

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LIFE INSURANCE
OF BOSTON.
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Read the Daily Advertiser; it's our month.

majority of the Cubans as to what form of government they had. I found apparently intelligent people who were ignorant of the fact that a constitutional convention was in session, and who had never heard of the Platt amendments. They knew they were relieved from the oppression they had suffered under Spanish rule, and beyond this they seemed to have no concern. The men who pose as heroes of the war of liberation are not held in particularly high esteem by the masses of the people. The Cubans regard them much as in the United States we regard men who make a profession of championing the cause of the downtrodden people to the end that the champions may be kept in the positions. The Cubans want a stable government, and, so far as I could judge, they don't care who it is given them by Cubans, Americans, or by the rulers of the Islands. They are sick of war, controversy, and want peace and a chance to engage in peaceful industry.

Weak Men Cured by Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt.



Thousands Praise It
IT IS THE MODERN cure for the greatest remedy of the age; Worn while you sleep, this body with electric currents, which give strength to every organ; make the body belt on the market; it circulates more rapidly, the stomach and liver come all pain and strength to every part. It milks every other electric body belt on the market; its touch is the touch of optimism, the force which keeps the circulation and keeps up the life of your nervous blood.

Your most intimate friends using it and being cured, do not mention it, because men want any one to know it makes men strong; it moves the effects of sedentary life, dissipation, overwork, all abuses of the law of nature. It helps nature make health perfect.

Have Cured 10,000 Men
It has 10,000 cures of weak men. It is a sure, permanent cure of all nervous kindred weaknesses and all pains arising from weakness.

My Electric Belt is the strongest in the world; my reputation for curing the world; I do what I say, and my friends are those who have used treatment. I offer it to you for free. I can do, nothing else, and you can see after the work is done.

are you weak? act today! send for free book

If you are weak, if you have Lame Back, Rheumatism, Weak Stomach, Dyspepsia, Sleeplessness, Physical Decline, Loss of Energy and Ambition, any evidence of breaking down of the physical or nervous system, WRITE FOR MY BOOK AND SYMPTOM BLANKS, WHICH ARE SENT FREE.

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NEW LINE OF

White Shirts.

Ties, Hose, Suspenders and Underwear.

PANAMA HATS,

LANDO'S

CLASS OF '01, OAHU COLLEGE, GRADUATED

(Continued from Page 1.)

ed the doors of Pauahi Hall—innocent, unoffending little Freshmen we were, too, if my memory serves me aright.

I do not remember whether the Freshman boys were seized upon by the arrogant Sophomores and ducked, as usual, in the pond, but I hope they were, for that was the initiation ceremony in those days, and I am quite sure it was an entirely harmless one. But I shall not weary you with recollections of our early days, although we Seniors have already begun to feel sufficiently old and dignified to delight in reminiscences.

In athletics we have not come off without some honors. On the track, in football, in baseball, in basketball, and even in tennis we claim a record that need not fear comparison with those of coming classes. Why I should touch upon athletics first I do not know, and for so doing must hasten to beg the pardon of the faculty, a faculty whose tireless efforts in our behalf and whose hearty co-operation in our work will always be gratefully remembered.

In the field of study we have neither failed utterly nor achieved complete success, but have made fairly honorable records everywhere except in mathematics, if specialization be for the moment allowed. That occult branch of learning has failed to attract most of us, yet even there we can boast of a shining light or two.

We shall look back on our Punahou days with great pleasure. What alumnus does not? And we are so soon to be alumni! Doubtless we shall change with coming years and our opinions and tastes will undergo some alteration, but in our memories Punahou will ever be the same. Dear old Punahou, with its beautiful campus, the scene of so many well-fought battles; its swimming-tank, with its legendary fish and frogs; its orange grove of blessed memory, always equal to the demands we made upon it; and its historic buildings, echoing still with the pranks of bygone days—pranks in which tradition lingers even the names of our honored trustee members.

For your patience, for your apparent interest in this exceptional class of ours, we thank you. With courtesy toward all and malice toward none—some of us to college, others to business, but all to meet boldly and bravely whatever the future may have in store—we take our leave.

A burst of applause followed Miss Damon's valedictory, and two boys were kept busy for five minutes heaping flowers and leis upon the platform, one of the outer rooms having been completely filled with baskets and bouquets of blossoms from the friends of the eight graduates. The platform became a veritable bank of flowers and the applause continued until President Arthur Maxon Smith appeared to present the diplomas to the class, making a very happy and graceful congratulatory speech.

PRESIDENT SMITH'S REMARKS.

He referred to the class motto, "Fides," and recommended it as a watchword in meeting the world. First of all, the graduates should have faith in themselves, that they might be strong in their confidence; second, they should have faith in their fellow-men, both for the happiness it would make in their own lives and for the happiness it would bring others; third, they should have faith in the world, for the world would then have faith in them; and finally to have faith in God, for the encouragement and comfort and the great sustaining influence that would be needed in the coming struggle with the world.

The following statement was then read by Mr. Smith, after which the college chorus sang "Heaven and Earth Display," and the benediction by Rev. Hiram Bingham closed the program and the graduates received the congratulations of their friends:

The registration of Oahu College for the present year shows the following figures: Kindergarten, 30; Punahou Preparatory, 246; College, 108; special students, 25. Total, 410.

The college is able to report some steps of progress during the year. The retiring president recommended one year ago that the course of study be reduced from five years to four. During the present year, with the approval of the trustees, this has been done. The present course of study corresponds precisely to the four years' course generally offered by secondary schools in the States. The number of required subjects is reduced to a minimum, with the twofold object that, on one hand, students intending to pursue college courses in the States may have as much time as possible to devote to the special courses required for entrance to their chosen colleges, and, on the other hand, students who do not contemplate college work in the States may have abundant time for work in special branches demanded by our local conditions. To facilitate this work the teaching force has been increased by two new teachers. We regret that we have not the equipment necessary for the technical work that ought to be done. With such equipment—a manual training and engineering department, agricultural department, a musical and art conservatory, also a gymnasium and a kindergarten building, together with several additions to the teaching force to accompany the new equipment—Oahu College might be an ideal school of its kind.

The institution also needs, on its domestic side, some new homes for boys and teachers. The school needs these things, not as the pleasant fulfilling of a dream, but because the cause of education, the cause of good life and culture in Hawaii, demands such a school with such equipment.

During the year the trustees have adopted a general campus plan, subject to future modifications, which will serve somewhat as a guide in the material growth of the school. The trustees have also adopted some general regulations which will guide the school in its inner organization and growth. Theoretically, that in the ground has been prepared so that its inner and outer development, each step taken in the future may be very largely constructive and least destructive.

That some of this much-needed progress may be realized soon, Oahu College greatly needs friends who, for the sake

of a cause that is far greater than any personal interest, will add liberally to its equipment and endowment.

Oahu College is honored this evening in having as its guest President Jordan, to whom we are indebted for this evening's interesting and helpful address. We trust that this modest introduction of an island college to a Mainland university may quicken our intellectual life and deepen the Mainland interest in the cause of education in Hawaii.

HAWAIIANS AT BUFFALO FAIR

Yesterday a church service was held on the Midway. This novel innovation was made on the Midway connected with the Pan-American Exposition by the Hawaiians who have been brought here by Concessionaire M. C. McConnell to constitute the troupe of dancers and musicians who give performances in the Hawaiian theater and in the panorama of the Burning Mountain of Kilauea.

Midways, while in a certain degree possessing an educational value, have not come to be looked upon as particularly Godly streets, but the Hawaiians are a Godly race and wherever they are found they do not fear or hesitate to make a public profession of their Christianity. To one who has not witnessed such a service there is something jarring in the mere thought of a hula hula dancer giving a "testimony," and it is apt to strike him as a sacrilegious act.

HULA HULA AN INNOCENT DANCE.

But the hula hula, however it may be regarded here, is an innocent expression of native grace to the Hawaiians, and they do not regard it as a dance unbecoming one of Christian profession at all. Viewed from the native standpoint, at least, there is nothing wrong in it, and to them the fact that a girl is a hula hula dancer does not detract from the sincerity of her Christian professions. That this is the light in which they regard their performances is shown by the evident sincerity and devotion of the Hawaiians during their services yesterday. Perhaps it was this, as much of the novelty of seeing God worshipped on the Midway, which attracted a large crowd about the doorway of the Hawaiian theater yesterday afternoon.

For the better accommodation of the numbers who might want to witness the service, it was held in the large entrance way of the theater. This has at one side a platform, where on week days the Hawaiian orchestra plays selections in order to attract a crowd, and has room to seat perhaps a hundred people. All of this space was filled with camp chairs on which the native audiences and as many visitors as could be accommodated were seated. The platform held the preacher, who is a young divine educated in the divinity school at Honolulu, an older minister and a male quartet.

SONG OPENS SERVICE.

The service opened with a song, "Imi i ke Kahu," the translation of which is "Seek for the Master." This was followed by a prayer by Kualii, one of the natives. Next on the program was a song, "I Cannot Always Trace the Way," sung by the quartet, the Kamehameha Glee Club. Nawahine, another of the Hawaiians, took the Scripture reading and read a portion of the ninth chapter of Acts. This was followed by the old familiar hymn, "Follow Jesus' Name," in the Hawaiian language, "E Kai i ke Iesu Inoa." Now came the sermon, which was delivered by Coelho, the young Hawaiian pastor. On week days Coelho takes the part of the Kahuna, a priest, in the panorama, but on Sundays he ministers as a Christian pastor to his little flock in the two concessions.

ACTORS NOT BARRED.

His sermon was entitled "The Actor and His Creator." In introducing it he related the touching incident which led to the founding of the famous Little Church Around the Corner, which is located in New York, and which is held in reverence by actors the world over. Going into his sermon, he told the native players before him that the word of God is not confined to the followers of any profession, but that the Almighty in His wisdom and kindness is just as willing to heed the humble offerings of those whom he has destined to the life of a player, to take the part of entertainers, as He is to listen to those who are given the heavier roles to enact in the great drama of life. He told them, too, that while the services of that day were held under peculiar circumstances, they needed no church to worship God in, but that He was as ready to hear their petitions from the door of a Midway theater as from the finest cathedral.

EXPERIENCE MEETING.

Following the sermon the Glee Club rendered the song, "Brightly Beams," and then the meeting was thrown open for what the natives know as "Expressions of Faith." This part of the service was very similar to the "experience meeting" which is sometimes held in connection with the mid-week prayer services in some orthodox Protestant churches. It is, however, different in one respect. While in the Protestant "experience meeting" those participating give their testimony one after another, in the Hawaiian service each thought was chorused and amplified by the pastor; thus:

"I trust that I am on the road to heaven."

"I trust that you are on the road to heaven and that your feet will never stray from the straight and narrow way."

For ten minutes testimonies were given one after another by nearly every member employed in the two concessions, pastor and people alternating in their "expressions of faith."

There was one more song, "E na Koa nei," "Attention, ye Soldiers of God," and then Haikii pronounced the benediction and the service was over.

The whole service lasted about an hour. During it a large and attentive audience sat in the entryway of the theater or stood about the wide archway listening. That the service was conducted entirely in the Hawaiian language made no difference. There was a strange fascination about it that held the crowd even through a heavy shower of rain. Such services as the one yesterday will be held every Sunday during the Exposition season, and when the weather permits they will be in the open air—Buffalo Exchange.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS.

This week we are offering Boys' Golf Shirts, age 13 to 16 years, regular value \$1 on sale at 65c. We call attention to our stock of Boys' Shirt Waists which was never so complete as now. We have just opened a large shipment of Boys' colored and white Shirt Waists, laundered and unlaundered.

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Cold sliced Ham Lunch, assorted, for working men, only 15 cents each.

Commencing June 1 we will sell thirty loaves of bread for \$1.00.

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Commercial Advertiser

WALTER G. SMITH - EDITOR

TUESDAY JUNE 25

Unless the circus improves, the Jordans will do well to learn to fly.

Mr. Hammeluth expressed surprise because Hawaii, which pays one-fourth of the taxes, wants four-fourths of the Territorial money. But why surprise? Wherever Hilo's influence goes the populace rallies for everything in sight.

Nobody seems to think that perhaps California would not take us. The islands are not very attractive politically, and the injection of their peculiar vote into elections for Governor and State officers would set the Golden State politicians aghast.

President Jordan's addresses on educational themes, of which he has given several since his arrival here, are full of epigrammatic point and sparkle. Collected they would make a text book of good sense and good English which might be used to much advantage in Hawaiian schools.

The news that the Acting Governor has been "prodded" by Washington in regard to the performance of his official duties is quite as correct as the news from the same source that the Government would sue to annul recent Hawaiian public land sales and that Governor Dole had sent in his resignation.

The types made the Advertiser say in connection with a possible Board of Jury Commissioners that the members should be "Home Rulers, a Republican and a Democrat." The paragraph was written "A Home Ruler, a Republican and a Democrat." It was the idea to have each of the three parties fairly represented.

It is proposed to have a Fourth of July celebration at Remond Grove. No definite arrangements have been made, but Hon. Alex. G. Robertson is moving in the matter. He thinks it can be managed in connection with the yacht races. If so the outlet for Honolulu's traditional Fourth of July enthusiasm will be acceptable.

Young Anthony Ahlo, a half-white, is reported to have passed his examinations at Cambridge, England, and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Good for Anthony! If Delegate Wilcox would make some efforts to get a West Point nominee of Anthony's caliber he might be spared the recurring humiliation of seeing his candidates turned down.

It is not true, as some one has remarked, that the income tax has always been declared unconstitutional in the United States. During the Civil War such a tax was in legal force and effect, and was of considerable help to the treasury. It was finally repealed, not on constitutional grounds, but because of its unpopularity. Incidentally it developed an astounding amount of perjury.

The Advertiser, by the way of showing what sort of boys the Honolulu High School turns out, prints in this issue the graduating thesis of Walter Alvarez, a son of Dr. Alvarez. The essay is long, but that is due to the painstaking care of the writer to marshal every fact of interest that helps to elucidate his theme. Young Mr. Alvarez wrote the essay without help, and it was not edited by his teachers.

We cannot see that the owners of the Zealandia were culpable, as an evening paper remarks, in sending her out with an imperfectly repaired boiler. They did the best they could, and in any event had a good boiler to spare and sail power added. The steamer was in no danger at all; she was merely compelled to slow down and proceed at a six-knot gait—which is about what the critical evening paper makes.

Automobiles work well in London, Paris and New York, and there seems to be no good reason why they should not work well here. It all depends on the kind of vehicle used. Honolulu seems to have got an inferior class of autos, such as manufacturers like to work off on the "Colonies" if they can; but the company managing the service is not of the kind to rest easy under such an inflection, and may be trusted, later on, to put the auto service of Honolulu abreast, in point of efficiency, of that of any other city.

If flushing sewers is going to decrease the supply of water for irrigation purposes, the public will regret that the Government is not financially able to put in a plant for flushing them with salt water. There are other reasons for using salt water for this purpose which affect the health of the community. Once there was a great deal of typhoid fever on a certain street in San Francisco, due to the condition of the sewers, but when the Lurline baths were built and connected with them, the malady disappeared. Every night the salt water in the great swimming pool was drawn off and the sewers were so thoroughly cleansed that nothing remained in them to inject dangerous gases through the house pipes into dwellings along the route.

Contrast the jury-choosing system inaugurated by the King and high chiefs of Hawaii in 1839 with the one now in vogue and make up your mind which of the two is the more civilized. In 1839 it was the law that "the Governor and Representatives of the island shall select forty wise, reflecting, just men; not foolish men, not men of anger, not intemperate men—they shall select none but wise men—write their names on separate pieces of paper and put them in a box; and when the trial comes on the box shall be carried into the presence of the Governor and Tax Collector, and the Tax Collector or some other officer shall draw out twelve names without previously looking at them; this shall be the jury." In the present era of enlightenment a political judge picks out men whom he thinks will agree with him and sends out a native boy to round them up. It is a very simple process indeed, but it has managed to get one judge into scalding water and may, before it is abandoned for an American system, blister some others.

DRESS REFORM NEEDED.

Do we dress as we ought in the tropics? Are not our styles, in clothing and headgear, governed more by the fashion plate of London, Paris and New York than they are by common sense? We refer especially to men's clothing, the women, God bless 'em, being a law unto themselves and of that sternly sacrificial spirit which prompts them to suffer in stays rather than take comfort in holokus.

No man should wear dark-colored clothing and a stiff dark hat in Honolulu at any time between sunrise and sunset in the months from April to November inclusive, save only at funerals. Dark cloth and felt absorb heat, white surfaces, whether of clothing or ships, cast it off. The black attire of mourning is so fixed by custom and so infrequently worn by the average man, that the hand of reform may as well be withheld from it; but why black at any other time when the mercury rises towards the nineties? It is even objectionable after sundown; for what man can put himself into a conventional dress suit with stiff, starched shirt and high collar and take a moment's comfort? They order these things better in Southern China and in India where a sort of tuxedo, of white duck—or a combination of the tuxedo and Eton jacket, with flaring lapels opening upon a silk shirt and waistband, is en regale. Here we stick to the clawhammer with the same blind deference to custom that the first English soldiers to invade India showed, when they marched into the jungles wearing thick red coats and high peaked hats, their legs encased in leather and flannel.

It has always been a mystery to the writer why the helmet hat is not popular in Honolulu. Of all headgear for the tropics it is the most healthful and satisfactory and its price is moderate. In the looming crown, pierced for ventilation, there is always a current of air; the visor comes bending down to shield the eyes with its lining of green cloth, the hat rests lightly on the head. When the army and navy of many countries adopted it for summer use they set an example for tropical communities which ought not to be neglected by civilians.

The high collar is about as comfortable as a clamp in "prickly heat" weather, and if all the world were tropical it never would have been invented. In cold climates it answers as a protection to the throat against cold winds and sudden changes of temperature. Here it irritates the skin by inducing too profuse a perspiration, the latter catching and holding the flying dust. If a linen collar is to be worn at all it should be of the turn-down variety. The high collar in the tropics is an affront to human comfort.

Walking in the tropics should be made as easy as possible for the feet. A little hard work with one's pedal coverings is all right in cold climates, for it helps keep the blood in circulation; but in the tropics less friction is desirable. But how many people here wear rubber heels on their shoes? Those who do glide along almost without foot effort and incidentally their spines are not jarred even when the rubber-heel men jump from moving street cars.

Why not dress to be comfortable rather than fashionable?

PEARL HARBOR PRICES.

The idea that Pearl Harbor improvement has been held back all these years by avarice on the part of landowners contradicts the record. The United States Government long held an option on about half an island in Pearl Lochs for \$1 and the Bishop estate land which it now wants, was offered over and over again for \$50 per acre. Uncle Sam was not ready to buy. Then came the sugar boom and the discovery that the Harbor really would earn large interest on \$1,000 per acre; and that the mainland holdings were immensely valuable, those used for village purposes at Pearl City being worth \$5,000 per acre today. Within the past two years every inch of the soil required by the Government for naval purposes could have been sold at an upset price of \$1,000 per acre, and what land will bring in the open market is a fair criterion of what land is worth.

It is absurd, therefore, to accuse the Pearl Harbor land-owners of any desire to clinch the national Government. They have, in fact, been self-sacrificing in the past and would, no doubt, sell to Uncle Sam now at a lower price than to any other customer. But it is not human nature to give away one's patrimony even to the nation; nor can the nation make such a form of sacrifice a test of individual patriotism.

The condemnation suits will come off under the laws of the Territory, and will be conducted without feeling or acrimony and in the interests of fair play between owners and buyers. They would not have been needed, however, if Uncle Sam had bought land at the Harbor when it was cheap.

As respects the graver maladies the health of Honolulu is now good and has been for two weeks past.

A SKILLFUL DODGER.

"That bookkeeper of yours never seems to be sick."

"No; he's the most expert germ dodger we've ever had in the establishment."—Chicago Tribune.

THE INTRICACIES OF IT.

"Why didn't you study the time table and then you would not have missed your train?"

"That was the trouble. While I was trying to translate the time table the train pulled out."

CONTRACTED.

"Oh, I don't know!" remarked the optimist. "After all, you'll find in every one at least some of the milk of human kindness."

"Huh!" grunted the cynic. "What you do find is usually the condensed variety."—Philadelphia Press.

PRETTY MAD.

Clara (after a tiff)—I presume you would like your ring back?

George—Never mind; keep it. No other girl I know could use that ring unless she wore it on her thumb.—New York Weekly.

THE HUNT.

Mr. Muggins—Been hunting yet?

Mr. Moover—Yes.

Mr. Muggins—Shoot any ducks?

Mr. Moover—Wasn't huntin' ducks.

Mr. Muggins—No?

Mr. Moover—No—huntin' a house.—Columbus (O.) State Journal.

OF CURRENT INTEREST.

Circuses Are Different, Now.

"The circus business is not today what it was twenty years ago," remarked Mr. Samuel H. Downes of Philadelphia in an interview the other day. Mr. Downes is now a thrifty dry goods merchant, but a quarter of a century ago he was a well known and popular clown. "Young America has grown to be far too critical and precocious, and the young men and women too much up-to-date. Then the comic papers have cut serious inroads in the clown's preserves. It must take lots of mental effort nowadays for a clown to keep his jokes from growing stale. Why, when I was in the business, I had jokes I used in every town we visited for years and years, and they never lost their effectiveness. I don't suppose a clown today would dare spring a joke that was old enough to know its father. It might go in rural communities, but it takes a pretty enterprising clown to pass muster with kids who live in cities, and when a clown can no longer please the children, his days of usefulness, of course, are over."

The "Awakener."

A useful adjunct to the paraphernalia at one of the Philadelphia hospitals is known as "the awakener." This is a wooden paddle about two feet long, designed to restore consciousness to patients who have either taken poison or who have lapsed into a comatose condition from the effect of too much liquor. This little instrument is decorated with such legends as "The way of the transgressor is hard," "Slumber, sweet slumber, nit!" and similar sentences purporting to be in a jocular vein. "The awakener" is used upon the soles of a patient's feet. The shoes and stockings are removed, and then the paddle is applied with full force. Most of the patients respond to this treatment within ten minutes, but sometimes, where drugs have been used, "the awakener" is kept busy for an hour, or even longer.

Minister Wu's Tribute to Tobacco.

At the dedicatory exercises of the Hall of Fame, Minister Wu, in his tribute to Grant, said: "I remember well the first time I met General Grant. It was at Hongkong. While he received his visitors he kept a lighter cigar in his mouth. I have been told that he was inseparable from that cigar through life. What an important part the fragrant Havana plays in the world of affairs. Imagine what a clear mind it gave the great soldier in planning his campaigns and in ordering his victories, and what a mental calm and equipoise it enabled him to maintain in the confusion and excitement of battle."

He Died a "Millionaire" Pauper.

Colonel James G. Miner, once assistant secretary of the Confederate navy, when he died at Milford, O., recently, had in his trunk a million dollars in Confederate bonds and money. Had he sold these to collectors he would not have been so poor that his wife's burial and his own need be at the charge of friends, as was the case. Colonel Miner's wife, eighty years old, died three weeks before him; a neighbor then took him to her home, where the desolate man died at the age of eighty-two.

His "Pinafore" Habit.

Sir Alexander Mackenzie told a characteristic story about Sir Arthur Sullivan in a lecture the other day. While rehearsing "The Golden Legend" he could not get away from the influence of comic opera, whatever he wrote. "You know," he said, "when in the 'Legend' the soprano comes on to sing, 'I am not here to argue, but to die,' I can't resist the feeling that the chorus ought to emerge and sing, in true comic opera fashion, 'She don't come here to argue, but to die!'"

Making Your Trousers Last.

At one of the well known resorts there is a slot machine which bears this inscription: "Drop in a cent and learn how to make your trousers last." Economical man is bound to buy the information. In goes the penny and out comes the card, bearing this printed line: "Make your coat and vest first."

BAGGAGE NOTICE—S. S. ZEALANDIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that baggage from the steamship Zealandia has been landed at the Oceanic Steamship Company's wharf. Passengers from the above steamer, who have had their tickets changed to the steamship Sierra, will please call and have their baggage rechecked immediately upon arrival of the steamship Sierra.

WM. G. IRWIN & CO., LTD.,
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NOTICE.

Excursion to Hilo.

STEAMER KINAU WILL SAIL for Hilo on Tuesday, July 2d, at 12 m.; will sail from Hilo on Saturday at 6 p. m., arriving in Honolulu Sunday night.

Steamer CLAUDINE will sail from Honolulu on Tuesday at 5 p. m., calling at usual ports on Maui, then proceeding to Hilo, arriving in Hilo on the morning of July 4th; returning, will sail from Hilo at 8 p. m.; will call at her usual ports on Maui, excepting Lahaina, arriving in Honolulu Sunday night.

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Can be completely and permanently removed, no matter how young or old the sufferer.

Hood's Sarsaparilla was given the daughter of Elias Vernoo, Wawarsing, N. Y., who had broken out with scrofula sores all over her face and head. The first bottle helped her and when she had taken six the sores were all healed and her face was smooth. He writes that she has never shown any sign of the scrofula returning.

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PHONE 157.

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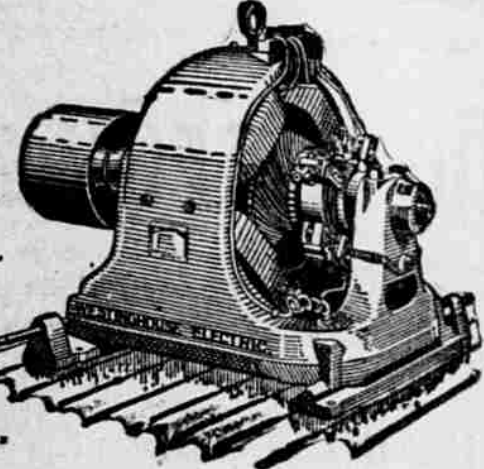
We are Now Prepared

TO FURNISH ON SHORT NOTICE, DIRECT CONNECTED SETS FOR ISOLATED AND MARINE LIGHTING PLANTS

DYNAMOS

A. C. & D. C. Motors.

ARC and Incandescent LAMPS.



Estimates given on cost of new installations of any kind. Each estimate is under the direction of an experienced man.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS OF

The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co.

ALAKEA ST.

For Territory of Hawaii.

Sauerbrunner

The Purest,
Healthiest
and Best

OF ALL MINERAL WATERS.

Bottled from the famous "Koenigsquelle" in the Harz-Mountains.

Case, Containing 50 Bottles

\$6.00.

FOR SALE BY

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

A NEW LINE

Golf Shirts, Pajamas
Japanese Silks,
Gents' Underwear,
Neckwear,
Doilies, Jewelry, Etc.

Are now Shown at

U. Sekomoto,

Call and be Convinced,

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS

BIERBACH'S

VIOLET AMMONIA

For the

TOILET AND BATH.

REFRESHING AND PLEASANT

ONLY AT

HONOLULU DRUG CO.,

A. H. OTIS

61 King Street

OTTO A. BIERBACH

Read the Advertiser

ABSOLUTELY CLEAN AND SANITARY

..Wilke..

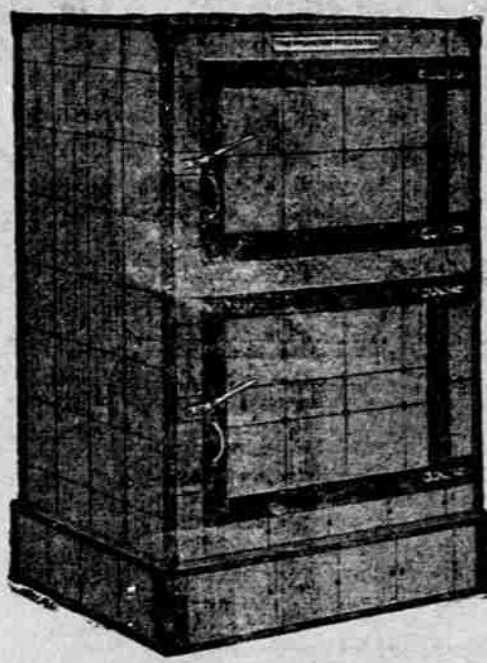
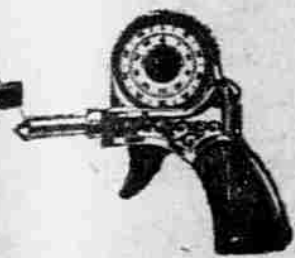
Porcelain Refrigerators

Eddy's Refrigerators

AND ICE BOXES

Just Received.

Different Sizes.

Paragon Ball-Bearing
SPEED INDICATOR

Have you ever figured what the waste of power by over or under speed-
ing of your machinery means to you?
NO POWER USER CAN AFFORD TO IGNORE THIS VITAL POINT.
Circulars will be sent on application.

Large Invoices of Crockery, French China and Glassware, just opened.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

There is Hardly a Spot
in the Civilized World

WHERE

"Canadian Club"
Whisky

not enjoyed because of its fragrant aroma and
delicate and unmistakable flavor. Its remarkable
blending qualities make it especially delicious in
cocktails, Highballs, or in any Mixed Drink in
which Whisky is used.

The J. S. Nelson & Son
SHOEThe Best Medium Grade Shoe in Town. You
can get them at

L. B. KERR & CO., Ltd.

Port and Hotel Streets.

REVE & CO., San Francisco.

FACILITATE TRADE with the Hawaiian Islands, will deliver all
purchased or ordered of them, FREE OF ALL CHARGES FOR
TRANSPORTATION to Honolulu, or returning same to San Francisco. Goods
sent on selection to those known to the firm, or who will furnish
satisfactory references in San Francisco.

JEWELRY, GOLD AND SILVERWARE MANUFACTURERS

MARKET AND POST STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.
Detailed catalogue and prices furnished upon receipt of request.
We are the largest manufacturer of Jewelry and Silverware west of New
York, and are prepared to furnish special designs.

Cleanliness

AND
Purity

rigidly observed in our
House. They are two es-
sentials, not always carried out.
The quality, the LIFE VALUE
of the wheat germ is preserved
in every product that issues

Man Bakery

White 3851.

PORT STREET

Shelving,
Partitions.

OFFICE AND STORE

and Fancy Woods, made to
order by

AS. L. BEAL

125 Merchant St.
AND ESTIMATES PRE-
PARED.

Blending Hava-
na tobaccos calls
for the highest
skill of the cigar
maker.

EL
PALENCIACigar is
The perfect blend

in 30 sizes

BOLTZ, CLYMER & CO.,

Manufacturers,
PHILADELPHIA.
D. LAWRENCE & CO., Agents,
Honolulu, T. H.

THE WELLER POISONING CASE
WAS IN COURT YESTERDAY

The Weller case came up yesterday morning in the District Court and was continued until the afternoon.

Tom Fitch and W. L. Stanley appeared for W. M. Cunningham, and Lorin Andrews for J. A. Morgan. W. A. Kinney appeared as special counsel for the prosecution.

The charge against defendants was that they had conspired to have a race horse named Weller incapacitated, by the administration of a drug, so as to prevent him winning a race in which he had been entered.

After much legal quibbling the case went over until the afternoon. Attorney Stanley stated that he was ready to proceed. Mr. Andrews was not ready, however. He wanted important witnesses summoned from Hilo, and moved for a continuance.

Counsel for the prosecution insisted that the motion of Mr. Andrews be made in writing, together with the statement as to what the Hilo witnesses were expected to prove. Judge Wilcox said that the jurisdiction of his court did not extend to Hilo. Mr. Andrews concurred in this, but expressed his belief that his witnesses would surely come after the Hilo races. The court continued the case until the afternoon in order to give Mr. Andrews an opportunity to file the motion and statement.

Attorney Stanley demurred to continuing the case against Cunningham. He said that he was ready to go ahead and wanted the cases tried separately. Mr. Kinney could not see how this could be, seeing that both defendants were charged jointly with the alleged crime. The court remarked that it would rule on the matter when brought up in the afternoon.

At 1:30 p. m. the business of the court was resumed, and Mr. Stanley again demurred on the ground that the complaint did not establish the crime of conspiracy in the first degree, the offense of malicious injury being under the Hawaiian code a misdemeanor. The demurrer was overruled. A second motion for a separate trial of defendants being denied, Attorney Andrews declared his willingness for the case to proceed, and the first witness, Thomas Leeper, was called.

It being suddenly discovered that the presence of a stenographer was desirable, a recess was taken until one could be procured.

At 2:40 p. m. Thomas Leeper took the stand.

He testified that he was a stable boy in Prince David's employ, and had had charge of Weller for some time previous to June 11th. On the afternoon of June 10th, he said, Morgan came to him at the pake store, where he had gone to get his supper and invited him to go over to the Waikeiki Inn and get a drink. Together they went, and when there, Leeper testified, Morgan told him that Cunningham had placed \$200 in his hands, the which he was to hand over to Leeper, provided he gave Weller a capsule, which would stop him from winning the Rosita Cup race. Morgan was to hold the money until the race had been run. According to Leeper, Morgan further said that Cunningham would bet \$1,000 on the field and would give Leeper a slice of the winnings. Morgan then gave Leeper a capsule, and the latter stated that he would do the job.

The rest of witness' story is as follows:

Leeper and Morgan then went to the track, and Morgan stood by while Leeper pretended to give Weller the pill. Leeper made as if he put the pill down the horse's throat, but unseen, conveyed it to his pocket. Previously he had informed McAuliffe, Prince David's jockey, of the whole affair, and had been told to lead the conspirators into a trap. To this end McAuliffe and Prince David went away from the track, leaving the coast clear for Leeper's operations.

When the pill had apparently been given, Leeper met Prince David at an appointed place and reported progress.

After which, Leeper went down town and had a conversation with Cunningham and Morgan, near the former's saloon. Morgan said, "I saw Leeper put the pill in all right," said Cunningham replied, "It won't hurt the horse, but only physic him about 12 o'clock tomorrow." Cunningham also told Leeper that he would bet \$1,000 on the field at the track.

After this meeting he and Morgan went to the pool room, and thence to the track.

At 4:30 p. m. court was adjourned, with witness' testimony uncompleted.

IDEA FOR THE
FOURTH OF JULYA. G. M. Robertson, Would
Combine a Celebration
With Aquatic Sports.

Representative A. G. M. Robertson, speaking of a Fourth of July celebration last evening, said that inasmuch as the Rowing Association will have its annual races on the morning of July 4th this year, instead of in September, and that these races will take place in the waters of Pearl Harbor, attracting, as is usual with such events, hundreds and perhaps a couple of thousand people, it would be a good plan to have patriotic exercises near by at Remond Grove, so that the crowds which attend the sporting event will be able to honor the Fourth of July.

The first train to leave the city for the races arrives at Pearl Harbor about 9 o'clock in the morning. The sporting events take place between that time and 10:30 o'clock. The orations and other literary exercises could be arranged at Remond Grove for about 11 o'clock, or sooner.

After the speeches, the Territorial band being on hand, could contribute its music, and the afternoon could be spent in dancing on the excellent platform at the grove.

The committee having the celebration of Independence Day in charge could arrange for a special train to arrive at the grove in time for the celebration. Booths could be let for the sale of refreshments, and those people who did not take their luncheons with them could be served at a nominal price at the booths. This would help to defray the expenses of the committee, at the same time adding to the comforts and pleasure of the visitors.

This arrangement would be an agreeable change from the method of celebration of former years, and would, doubtless, be greatly enjoyed and appreciated by the hundreds of people.

EPWORTH LEAGUE
GIVES A SOCIALUnique Entertainment at the
Methodist Parsonage—
Rain Interferes.

The rain last evening spoiled the outdoor festivities planned by the Epworth League on the lawn of the Methodist Church parsonage, but the roomy residence was thrown open for the reception of the guests and the various numbers on the program were well rendered. The grounds had been prettily set off for the evening garden party, the enclosure being walled in by bunting raised over the fence. A small platform decorated with flags was erected close to the house, but unhappily could not be used.

Rev. and Mrs. Pearson received the guests, assisted by a number of ladies and young people of the league. All were ushered into the spacious parlors, where seats were hastily arranged. The program consisted of music, vocal and instrumental recitations and "elocutionary hash," the latter a most ludicrous number. The program was arranged to amuse, and did not fail of its purpose. From beginning to end, the numbers were replete with entertainment. The "elocutionary hash" consisted in several young ladies appearing one at a time and commencing a talk on questions pertinent to the affairs of women, each beginning as she came upon the floor. The result was a ludicrous babble of voices, which was interpreted as a correct imitation of a ladies' aid society meeting in Arizona. Following the literary and musical feast, a delicious luncheon of ice cream and cake was served, for which the fair young waitresses exacted a shilling for a plate of the cream and a dime for a glass of lemonade.

EXCELSIOR LODGE NO. 1,
I. O. O. F.

There will be a meeting of Excelsior Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F., at its hall on Fort street, this, Tuesday evening, June 25, 1901.

WORK IN FIRST AND SECOND DEGREES.

Members of Harmony Lodge and all visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

G. J. BOISSE, N. G.
L. L. LAPIERRE, Secretary.

PACIFIC LODGE NO. 822,
A. F. & A. M.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL meeting of Pacific Lodge, A. F. & A. M., at Masonic Temple, this Tuesday evening, June 25th, at 7:30 o'clock.

WORK IN THE FIRST DEGREE.

Members of Hawaiian Lodge, Lodge Le Progres, and all sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.

By order of the R. W. M.
H. H. WILLIAMS, Secretary.



AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF Honolulu Lodge No. 514, B. P. O. E., will be held at Progress Hall, Fort street, every Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

All Elks are requested to be present. By order of the E. R.
H. D. COUZENS, Secretary.

Holders of Hawaiian Automobile Co., Limited, Rebate Slips.

NOTICE.

THOSE HAVING REBATE SLIPS or coupons issued by the Hawaiian Automobile Co. Ltd., in their possession, and wishing to have same honored, must present them at the Company's office on or before the 15th day of July, 1901, otherwise they will become void.

HAWAIIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD.
W. H. HOOGS, Acting Manager.

MEETING NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF Henry May & Co. Ltd., will be held at the offices of C. Brewer & Co. Ltd., Honolulu, on Saturday, June 29th, at 11 o'clock a. m.

FRANK B. AUERBACH, Treasurer.

NOTICE

DRAFTS Nos. 215, 219, 220 and 221, dated June 13, 1901, drawn by the Kohala Sugar Company, in favor of C. Ah Choy, on Castle & Cooke, Ltd., Honolulu, H. I., have been lost. Payment has been stopped, and all persons are hereby warned against negotiating the same.

CASTLE & COOKE, LTD.,
By C. H. ATHERTON, Assistant Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 15th OUR store will remain open on Saturdays until 8 p. m.

L. B. KERR & CO., LTD., Queen Street.

VERY LATEST PATTERNS
IN SUITINGS.....

AH PAT,
Merchant Tailor

No. 1292 Fort St., corner Kukui.

Clothes Cleaned and Repaired.

ISLAND REALTY CO. LTD.
OFFICE
204 JUDD BUILDING
HONOLULU
TEL. MAIN 310
AGENTS FOR SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

F. J. LOWREY, President.
C. D. CHASE, Vice President and Manager.
ARTHUR B. WOOD, Treasurer.
J. A. GILMAN, Secretary.
E. P. DOLE, Auditor.

KEEAUMOKU STREET

WE OFFER FOR SALE THE FINE residence property of C. S. Ludwigson, Esq., corner Keeaumoku and Lanialilo streets, lot 180 x 300, containing 54,000 square feet of land.

Two-story house (built in 1898), having five rooms on first floor, four bedrooms on second floor, and two bathrooms. Servants' quarters of three rooms. Everything first-class.

Keeaumoku street is one of the finest residence streets in the city.

For prices and terms, apply to Island Realty Co. - LIMITED.

204 Judd Building.

1200 -:- 1200

LOTS

IN KAPIOLANI TRACT

For Sale.

THE KAPIOLANI TRACT extends from King street to the beach. A road of 60 feet width will be opened on the east side of the property adjoining the Kamehameha Girls' School; said road will extend to the sea.

CROSS ROADS will be opened between blocks. Every lot will have a frontage on a road. The elevations vary from 40 feet high to 10 feet high above sea level.

NO SWAMPS around the premises. No freshet will enter the property.

THERE IS AN OFFER to buy a part of the property by a great manufacturing company. The chances are the offer may be accepted. There is every reason to believe the prices of lots will increase in a short time. The owner of the property will give all chances to purchasers to make money on their investments.

THE GROUND IS SUPERIOR to any tract in market.

THE PREMISES are situated within one mile and a half from the post office.

THE GOVERNMENT WATER PIPES are laid along the upper portion of the property.

THE PRICES are the cheapest of any tract within two miles from the center of the city.

THE TERMS which will be given to purchasers will be the best ever given by any Real Estate Dealer or Broker during the last twenty years in Honolulu.

FOR TERMS or more particulars apply to

S. M. KANAKANUI.

SURVEYOR AND MANAGER OF KAPIOLANI TRACT COMPANY.

OR TO

W. C. AGHI & CO.,

REAL ESTATE DEALERS AND BROKERS.

Hawaiian Sugar Company.

ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING.

THE ADJOURNED SPECIAL meeting of the Hawaiian Sugar Company will be held on Saturday, July 6th, at 9 o'clock a. m., at the office of Alexander & Baldwin.

Business—Consideration of amendments to charter and by-laws.

W. L. HOPPER, Secretary.

LAST DAYS OF THE FAIR CLOSING DAYS OF OUR BIG SALE.

The Balance of the Following
Specials Must be Cleared
Out Before the Fair
Closes.

Hosiery Department.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf Dye
2 pairs for 25c.
Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests, per doz. - 75c.
Mercerised Silk Vests, splendid quality, each, 25c.

Shirt Waists.

Our Shirt Waist at 50c. Cannot be bought in the
ordinary way under \$1.00. All better numbers
equally good value.

Domestic Department

Bedspreads, large size, - - - 60c.
Sheeting, 2½ yards wide, - - - 15c.
Towels, heavy quality, per doz., - 75c.
Washing Prints, - - - 30 yards, \$1.00
Ginghams, new patterns, - - 20 yards, \$1.00

Mens' Furnishing Goods

The most complete stock of Men's Wear in the
city. Call and inspect our new Ties and Negligee
Shirts.

Millinery.

Trimmed Hats, half price. WE MEAN STYL-
ISH UP-TO-DATE HATS. Ladies, you can't do
better than leave your millinery orders in the
hands of our milliner.
Ladies' Sailor Hats in Fine or Rough Straw at
prices we know are sure to sell them.
A Fine Stock of the Newest Novelties in Flowers
and Wreaths for the prevailing fashionable hats.

Dresses.

India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Swiss Muslins, all
at further reduced prices.

Belts.

Ex "ZEALANDIA," direct from the maker to our
store. The very latest ideas in belts showing in
New York.
Also a fine range in Fancy Jabots, the craze for
Dress Trimming in the East.

Druggists' Sundries.

In this department we are making big reductions
in Fancy Soaps, Perfume, Combs, Brushes, etc.,
at prices that will pay you to visit our store.

L. B. KERR & CO.,
LIMITED.
Queen St., Honolulu.

OARSMEN TRAINING

Pearl Harbor the
Rowing Man's
Mecca.

Down at Pearl Harbor a couple of colo-
nies of rowing men are putting in their
final work, anticipatory of the great
contests to take place on July 4th.

The Myrtle-Healani races constitute one
of the most important events in the year-
ly circuit of Hawaiian sport. The great
interest taken in them by the general
public is well merited by the excellent
exhibitions of oarsmanship and true
sporting spirit which these contests in
the past have never failed to produce.

Heretofore the championship races
have taken place in September. This
year the date has been set a couple of
months earlier, the supposition being
that the training of the crews would be
facilitated thereby.

The competitors in the aquatic lists
this year will be crews representing the
Myrtle Boat Club and the Healani Yacht
and Boat Club. The Lellanis have not
entered a crew.

Each club has a senior and junior crew
of average excellence, and as in neither
contest does one boat outclass the other,
rowing of a close order may be safely
reckoned upon.

The Healani senior boat will be heavier
than the Myrtle. The average weight
per man of the former is 152 pounds,
whereas the Myrtle seniors average only
131 pounds. These figures include cox-
swains. The average weight of the
junior boats differs but a fraction of a
pound.

Following are the positions and weights
of the various crews:

MYRTLE SENIORS.	
Sorenson, stroke	125
Soper, No. 3	152
Lishman, No. 2	145
Judd, bow	152
Alvarez, coxswain	80

HEALANI SENIORS.	
Jarrett, stroke	169
Renear, No. 3	175
Damon, No. 2	142
Walker, bow	165
Lansing, coxswain	95

MYRTLE JUNIORS.	
Giles, stroke	146
Girvin, No. 3	129
Armstrong, No. 2	145
Lyle, bow	144
Wheeler, coxswain	77

HEALANI JUNIORS.	
Webster, stroke	140
Tracy, No. 3	152
Murray, No. 2	146
Walcott, bow	130
Lansing, coxswain	95

The Myrtles have been quartered in
Mrs. Clarence Macfarlane's cottage since
June 8th. The Healani took possession
of two cottages of Miss Anna Paris a
week ago last Saturday.

The training tables of the clubs, which
are practically the same, are as follows:
Afternoon train from town; rowing, 5:15
to 7:15 p. m.; dinner, 7:45; retire, 9:30 p. m.

Albert Judd is coaching both of the
Myrtle crews, aided by A. A. Wilder.
The Healani juniors are being looked
after by J. Lloyd, A. L. C. Atkinson and
F. W. Klebahn are coaching the Healani
seniors.

For substitutes the Healani have Spen-
cer, Lloyd and Boisse, while McLean and
Martin are the Myrtles' second strings.

In the senior race this year new racing
shells of the latest make will be used.
Heretofore the Australian lap-streaked
boats have been requisitioned. The latter
weigh over 200 pounds and the former
about fifty pounds less. Taking this into
consideration, it is expected that the rec-
ord for the course will be considerably
lowered. The junior-crews will race in
the Australian boats.

Jarrett, Renear and Damon of the He-
alani seniors have rowed in races before,
as has every member of the Myrtle sen-
ior crew. Armstrong and Girvin of the
Myrtle juniors and Webster and Murray
of the Healani juniors have yet to take
part in an actual race.

To the public the Myrtle seniors are
most certainly the more taking crew, but
there is over a week yet ere the clubs
meet in friendly rivalry, and the He-
alani have ample opportunity of develop-
ing into a good and uniform crew. The
critics to a man declare there is nothing
in it at the present moment, but careful
and close observation points to the He-
alani seniors as probable winners, from
the fact that they display the greater
strength and dash and that Jarrett is a
superior oar to Sorenson, who never rows
his stroke fairly out.

The Myrtle seniors at present work tru-
ly together as far as body motion goes;
their rowing is far from good, however,
and their notoriously bad finish is again
becoming apparent as is a lack of devel-
opment.

Criticizing individually:
HEALANI SENIORS.
Jarrett—Is a good, honest worker, not
overfinished, and occasionally rather
short, but has the makings of a first-
class oarsman.

Renear—The pick of the crew, rather
prone to hurry; at times he strokes the
boat (stroke's fault).

Fred, Damon—rowing as hard as ever
in his own useful way.

Walker—Neat and good. Faults: Inclina-
tion to shortness at a finish of a
course. Indifferent leg-drive and poor
sliding.

MYRTLE SENIORS.
Sorenson—Checks his swing forward,
and, as it were, deceives his crew, fre-
quently getting in last himself. His slid-
ing also is faulty; generally, he gives one
the idea of not letting himself go. At
times, inclined to get short.

Super—Is disappointing. His record
points all one way, but here he does not
appear to get his blade-work on, and has
little or no swing.

Lishman—Fair only. Does not look over
fit. Indifferent leg-drive and poor slid-
ing. Blades hardly sufficiently covered.

Judd—Gives one the impression of a
likelihood to crack in a race. He, how-
ever, rows hard and stays all the way
in practice.

PACIFIC HEIGHTS ELECTRIC
RAILWAY.

Commencing today, June 25th, all the
cars on Pacific Heights Electric Rail-
way will start from Nuuanu avenue
station, connecting with all tramway
cars.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
Auctioneer and Broker
65 QUEEN STREET,
P. O. Box 594. Telephone 72.

TO-DAY Auction Sale

Ferns, Palms
and Hanging Baskets

TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1901,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At my salesrooms, 65 Queen street, I
will sell at public auction, by order of
MRS. C. J. MC CARTHY, a large as-
sortment of extra
CHOICE FERNS, PALMS and
HANGING BASKETS, of many va-
rieties.

JAS. F. MORGAN.
AUCTIONEER.

LODGING HOUSE FOR RENT.

A LARGE, NEWLY-BUILT ROOM-
ing house of thirty-two rooms, each
about 10 x 12 feet. Two patent closets
and three bathrooms downstairs, and
the same number upstairs. Location
near corner Fort and Vineyard streets.

Further particulars of
JAS. F. MORGAN,
65 QUEEN STREET.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale.

By order of Mr. W. Wolters I offer
for sale the following valuable prop-
erty:

1—That lot on the corner of Green
and Kapiolani streets, size 106x100 feet.
The place is well laid out in palm and
fruit trees.

2—That lot on Green street, near the
corner of Kapiolani, size 65x145 feet,
together with a house of six rooms
and a stable with servants' quarters.
The garden is well laid out with
palm and fruit trees.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
65 Queen Street.

TWO NEW HOUSES For Rent.

One house on Beretania and Piikoi,
at \$80 a month; one house on Kinau,
near Piikoi, at \$50 a month.

Further particulars of
JAS. F. MORGAN,
65 QUEEN ST.

JAS. F. MORGAN
Auctioneer and Broker
65 Queen Street.
P. O. Box 594. Telephone 72.

U-NEE-DA
Biscuit or Jinga Way
Or some other kind of Biscuit or Wafer
—SUCH AS—

CHAMPAGNE
ORANGE
LEMON
STRAWBERRY
VANILLA
CHOCOLATE

Wafers

WATER
BEN'S H. M.
HIGH TEA
SNOW FLAKE
OYSTER
GINGER
PRETZELS
GRAHAM
EDUCATOR

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Just received a fresh shipment of the above at

HENRY MAY & C
LIMITED.

TELEPHONES—22, 24 and 92.

P. O. BOX 386.

STERLING

ALL
"Built Like a Watch"

\$40.00

EX S. S. HAWAIIAN, JUST ARRIVED.

Pacific Cycle & Mfg.,

1065 FORT STREET.

We have just received a fine line of

Silk Goods, Jewelry

WATCHES, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
SILK AND CREPE KIMONOS.

These goods are all new, and of the latest patterns.

ASADA & CO

141 Hotel Street.

It Will Pay You to Trade With Us.

There is Strength and Vigor

IN EVERY DROP.

Drink the Famous

RAINIER BEER.

Sold by All Dealers.

SECTIONAL BOOKCASES,

OFFICE DESKS,

LETTER FILES,

CARD INDEXES

AND SAFES

Of shipments recently arrived and just unpacked.

FOR SALE BY

H. Hackfeld & C
LIMITED.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

A horsehoe nail to a four-in stock yards.

Ready-made cottage paint, G. Hall & Son.

Meeting Thursday night.

Meeting for summer wear.

Tailor, at 1292 Fort street.

Bargains in fine millinery.

Anna's clearance sale, 159

Bookkeeper, who has testimonials, desires a position as companion.

No objections to American boy is wanted by American & Co. Fort near street.

Street bridge, over the stream, will be closed to the further notice.

New stock of horses and put into livery. Call and Stock Yards Stables.

No. 822, will hold a special this, Tuesday, evening.

Work in the first department.

Attorney given on 100 to Shea Dick and Chu Ahn, has this day been.

Hawley has just opened pattern summer hats. No can be seen in rooms, Boston.

Meeting of Henry May will be held at the office on Saturday, June 29.

Meeting of Excelsior L. O. O. F., this evening.

Work in the first and second.

Townsend offers for sale, a departure for the Philippines, family carriage horse, bug.

Use of a driving machine care of the same, for two months only. For see ad.

Department of ferns, palms, baskets, belonging to McCarthy, will be sold to the auction rooms.

Rooms in private family, if desired, can be had at house on the left, just back of the church, on Beretania.

Modern six-room offered for sale. Purchaser have the privilege of renting reasonable rates. For our classified ads.

Having rebate slips or used by the Hawaiian Automobile, are requested to come at once, as they will be closed after the 15th of July.

Shades, straw hats, children, and lace curtains, by sale, at auction today by the at salesrooms on Meri.

Alakea streets. Sale takes place.

No. 219, 220 and 221, drawn by Sugar Company, in fact, Choy, on Castle & Cooke, been lost. Payment has been made, and all persons are requested to negotiate the same.

From the Zealandia has been the Oceanic Steamship Company. Passengers from the steamer who have had changed to the Sierra, are to call immediately at the G. Irwin & Co. and have been rechecked.

Kinai will sail for Hilo, July 2, at noon, and leave Saturday at 6 o'clock in the morning to arrive in Honolulu.

The Claudine will sail at 5 p. m., calling at usual ports, and then continue on morning there on the morning of July. The fare for trip is \$15.00.

Division of Land.

Schlef and John Schlef, have brought suit in the Court against Joseph Alexander Lazarus, Henry guardian of Naomi Lazarus, Joseph O. Carter, as guardian of H. Lazarus, a minor, for a land situated on the south of Punchbowl Hill, containing one-half acre of land on the corner of King and Punahele, land in Kalaokahua, property on mauka corner of street and Palace Walk, and one-half acre of land on the west corner of Mauka Pauahi streets. Plaintiffs all the parties mentioned are a common of the property, and are claiming an undivided interest. Joseph Clark, undivided, Madeline Lazarus and Lazarus, undivided one-tenth; Lazarus, one-fifth. They ask for the division.

Water Supply Failing.

The pumping station at the Rapid Transit Company developed some curious facts. It is intimately associated with the fact that supplies water to the city. The pumping station is also supplied with water from the same source as the other. When one of these is started, the supply of the other is cut off. The fact is making such a demand on the supply of the city that the wells in different parts of the city are failing. It is in order to meet the increased demand for water that will be required, with the rapidly increasing population.

Teakwood.

Teakwood seed was lately received from France by Jared Smith, and the Hawaii Experiment Station, which will be of great interest, says an even Teakwood trees have already been growing in Honolulu. A number of seeds have been planted to those interested in the growth of the seeds of which S. M. Damon for his Moanalua country estate. Teakwood growing will not be in Hawaii, as the experiment since proved successful.

Attack.

The son had an attack of cough, and was threatened with pneumonia, but for Chamberlain's Remedy we would have time of it. It also cured several severe attacks of pneumonia. J. Strickfaden, editor, Honolulu, Fair Haven, Wash. For Chamberlain's Remedy, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A heavy rain visited Kauai last week, continuing for several days.

A boy was born to the wife of J. W. Bergstrom, the music dealer, at 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

Dr. Sandow, of Waimea, is in Honolulu. His wife goes to the Coast with her brother, Mr. Charles Elston, who leaves for the Mainland today.

Miss Keliia Kewaho is visiting Mrs. Senator J. T. Brown, of Hilo. She will remain in the Rainy City until after the Fourth of July, when she will return to this city.

The plans of T. A. Lloyd for the improvement of Queen and King streets will not be put into execution until the Rapid Transit has completed laying its tracks along these thoroughfares.

Capt. T. Foster, of the missionary schooner Carrie and Annie, which arrived here yesterday from San Francisco, expects to leave for Micronesia about July 1. She will visit the Gilbert Islands, a side Ponape and Ruk.

The picture of the United States training ship Mohican, appearing in the water-front columns of this issue, was reproduced from a photograph made by Arthur L. Merry, commandant's clerk, United States Naval Station, Hawaii.

There is a shortage of plantation labor all over the Islands. The Porto Ricans, in many instances, are not doing as well as it was hoped they would do. They are inclined to shirk their duties. This is not true in every case, but it is in a great number of those cited.

Dr. Wilkinson, of Makaweli, is in Honolulu, awaiting the arrival of the Sonoma, upon which his fiancée, Miss Rankin, of Berkeley, California, is a passenger. They will be married immediately upon the arrival of the steamer. Their future home is to be Kauai.

The pupils of the Kamehameha Schools presented Rev. Silas P. Perry, who departs for the Mainland tomorrow, with a beautifully bound volume of Sinclair's "Flowers of the Islands," as a token of their affection and esteem for the popular teacher and chaplain of the school.

Mr. Andrew I. Straum and Mrs. Ura Scrimger were married at the Englewood, on Vineyard street, at 8:30 o'clock yesterday evening. Rev. George L. Pearson, of the Methodist Church, officiating. Mrs. Straum has been a teacher in the schools at Lahaina during the past year.

The Healan Boat Club members will keep open house to their friends on July 1. From the boathouse a fine view of the racing can be had. Throughout the afternoon and evening an orchestra will be in attendance to supply music for dancing, which will be the chief social attraction.

Rev. Silas P. Perry, chaplain and teacher of the mechanic arts at Kamehameha School during the past three years, leaves on the Sierra for the Coast. After a summer's rest he will associate himself with the University of Chicago, taking up theological and sociological work. Mr. Perry has a wide circle of friends and admirers who will be glad to hear of his future progress.

The Steamship Zealandia.

The work of making the necessary repairs to the Oceanic steamship Zealandia, Captain Dowdell, lying at the quarantine wharf, is now going on. New tubes have to be put in the starboard boiler, and the work will take some time. It is thought by the agents, however, that the vessel will be in condition and ready to sail for San Francisco on Saturday. This time the ship will not be permitted to leave port until such repairs have been made that it is absolutely certain that she will be able to make the trip to the coast without accident.

The Kinai and Claudine.

Today at noon the steamer Kinai sails for Hilo. There will be a great crowd of people going to the races, and the accommodations of the vessel will be taxed to the utmost. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon the Claudine will sail for her regular ports. A large number of passengers will also be carried by this boat.

Instead of returning to Honolulu at noon on Saturday the Kinai will not arrive here until Sunday night, at which time the Claudine will also return to this port.

Holt-Kentwell.

Mrs. Hanakaulani Holt announces the marriage of her daughter, Annie Kallakanoa Holt to Mr. Lawrence Klindt Kentwell, at the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Thursday, July 4th, at 8 o'clock. A reception will follow at 8:30 at the residence of John D. Holt, Jr. Mr. Kentwell is one of the rising young business men of Honolulu, while the bride-to-be is the center of a large circle of the younger society set.

SPECIAL SALE
WOMEN'S
UNDERGARMENTS

We are overstocked, and to close out, offer a large variety of choice undergarments away below what you have been accustomed to paying.

Our facilities for buying enable us to secure the finer qualities for what others pay for the inferior grades. Thus you get a double bargain.

Night Gowns
85c. Fine cambric; round yoke of lace and embroidery; trimmed with lace. Regularly sold at \$1.50; now 85c.

\$1.15 Fine cambric; tucked yoke with embroidered insertion between; trimmed with embroidery. Regular price was \$2.00.

Women's Drawers
45c. Cotton, with lawn ruffle; lace trimmed. Price was 75 c.

70c. Fine cotton; four hemstitched tucks, trimmed with fine embroidery. Reduced from \$1.10.

Petticoats, 85c. and Up.
N. S. SACHS DRY GOODS
Co., Ltd. Fort St.

The
Banister
Shoes.Everybody
Likes Them.

Our constantly increasing trade on the Banister Shoe, in all kinds of Leather, demonstrates that it is the Leader of Mens' Shoes sold in Honolulu. Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed for every Pair.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co.

No More Dread
OF THE Dental Chair
\$500

Will be given to anyone who detects inferior material used by the New York Dental Parlor. In all our gold crowns and bridgework we use 22-K. gold. In all our other work the material is OF THE BEST, AND GUARANTEED. All work done by GRADUATED DENTISTS of from 12 to 20 years' experience, and each department in charge of a specialist. Give us a call, and you will find us to do exactly as we advertise. We tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost by a FREE EXAMINATION.

SET TEETH \$5.00
GOLD CROWNS 5.00
GOLD FILLINGS 1.00
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NO PLATES REQUIRED

Our name alone will be a guarantee that your work will be of the best.

New York Dental Parlor,
Room 4, Elite Building,
HOTEL STREET,
LADIES IN ATTENDANCE.

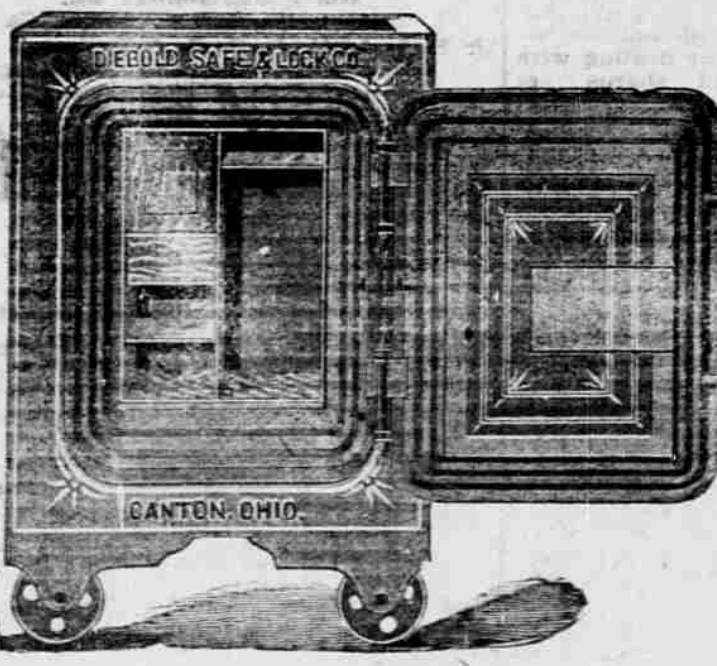
NEW PATTERNS
IN JEWELRY.

We have secured the exclusive sale of a number of extremely handsome CHAINS, PINS, NECKLACES, RINGS, CARMS, and other pieces of jewelry, and we'll be glad to have you for an early visitor to inspect them.

BIART THE JEWELER
FORT, NEAR KING ST.

Custom House Blanks.
— Of All Kinds.
HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY.

SAFES!



In addition to our regular Diebold Safes, we have a few Special Bargains in Large Second-Hand Safes. Come in and let us show them to you.

AGENCY
Diebold Safe & Lock Company.

Pearson & Potter Co., Ltd.

926 Fort Street. Telephone Main 317.

There Will be No Strike

AT BAILEY'S PLUMBING SHOP

167 KING STREET.

The working Plumbers are members of the firm and all stay at work, because it is to their interest to work and it will be to your interest to employ them.

The Light That Never Fails



The Angle Lamp

ALSO CARRY A GOOD STOCK OF HAWAIIAN STAND AND HAND LAMPS

that the old-fashioned lamp was a barbarous contrivance. THE ANGLE LAMP never smokes, smells or gives any trouble, is lighted and extinguished as easily as gas, and is the ideal light from every standpoint. We carry these lamps from \$1.50 up.

T. H. Davies & Company, Ltd.

Another Large Shipment
of Angle Lamps.
THE ANGLE LAMP

THE LIGHT THAT NEVER FAILS.

It seems almost incredible that any lamp could be good enough to take the place of electricity. On even terms, yet such is the case with the ANGLE LAMP. All over the Islands people are throwing away their old lamps and replacing them with this lamp, not merely because it costs about one-tenth as much to maintain (cost is no object to some people), but, besides being infinitely cheaper, it is more brilliant and more reliable in the bargain. It is a revelation to every one who uses it, and simply demonstrates

Special Sale Special Sale

of Portieres. of Portieres.

The home is the garment of the family, and as a well made gown gives individual self-reliance and a feeling of peace, so the decorated home imparts satisfaction and happiness to those that dwell therein. Come and see our immense variety of Curtains, Portieres and Drapes. This Special Offering commences on Wednesday, 26 of June, and lasts for one week only.

Chenille and Tapestry Portieres

\$15.00 Green Mercerized for \$3.00 \$3.00 Famous French Designs, red, tan and green, for \$4.00
\$12.50 Bagdad Patterns for \$7.50
\$7.00 Red Tapestry for \$4.00 and \$3.00 Chenille for \$5.00
All prices quoted are per pair.



3 for 50c

Mens' Linen Collars.

Our stock of men's 4-ply all-linen collars is the largest in Honolulu. There is not a new shape on the market that is not shown here. Buy the best; they last longer. The price is 20c each, or \$ for 50c.



B. F. Ehlers & Co

FORT STREET.

BE IN THE SWIM
AND WEAR A COLLAR

Ladies' "Silver" Brand, 3 for 50 Cents

IN HOSIERY

We have a complete line of the very latest hosiery, open and lace work, polka dot, fleur de lis, and other pretty patterns. New blues, reds, blacks and whites.

IN OUR CHILDREN'S DEPT.

May be obtained everything in the line of children's clothing, dresses, underwear or complete outfits made to order. CHILDREN'S HATS 25 UP.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring

The M. E. Killean Co., Ltd.

HOTEL STREET.

Steam Plow Ropes

HAWAIIAN COMMERCIAL AND SUGAR COMPANY.
Sole Agents, Honolulu, March 27, 1901.
WILDER'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Agents John A. Roebing's Sons Co.
Honolulu.
Gentlemen: Yours of March 25th re catalogue of ship chandlery goods has been received.
We have used a number of the John A. Roebing's steam plow cables, and have found them far superior to the English cables, and at the same time a great deal cheaper. In fact, we sent for some of these cables, and we put a new Roebing and a new Fuller cable on the same set of steam plows, one on each engine, of course, and that was considerably over a year ago. The American cable is much better than the English cable in every way, and today is not nearly as badly worn. We are perfectly satisfied here that the American cables are the best.
We shall certainly bear in mind your stock of goods whenever we need anything in your line.
Very truly,
(Signed) W. J. LOWRIE,
Manager.

"ARABIC"

Is for Sale by:

H. HACKFELD & CO.

T. H. DAVIES & CO.

LEWERS & COOKE.

E. O. HALL & SON.

WILDER & CO.

ALLEN & ROBINSON.

J. E. GOMES

Successor to

Camara & Co.

LIQUOR DEALERS,

NOW LOCATED AT

35 KING STREET,

NEAR MAUNAKA ST.

With a first-class line of Wines and

Spirits.

Tel. Main 144. P. O. Box 755.

ALL KINDS OF

JEWELRY

Manufactured on the premises.

Competent Workmen, just from the States.

M. R. COUNTER,

LOVE BUILDING.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO.,

LIMITED.

All the latest and most approved machinery used by us.

The Oldest Soda Works ON THE ISLANDS.

PURITY IS OUR MOTTO.

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HEALD'S

The leading Business College in the West (estab. 40 years). Send for free catalogue. 24 Post street, San Francisco, California.

BEAVER LUNCH ROOMS

H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor.

Fort Street, Opposite Wilder & Co. FIRST-CLASS LUNCHEONS SERVED. With Tea, Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.

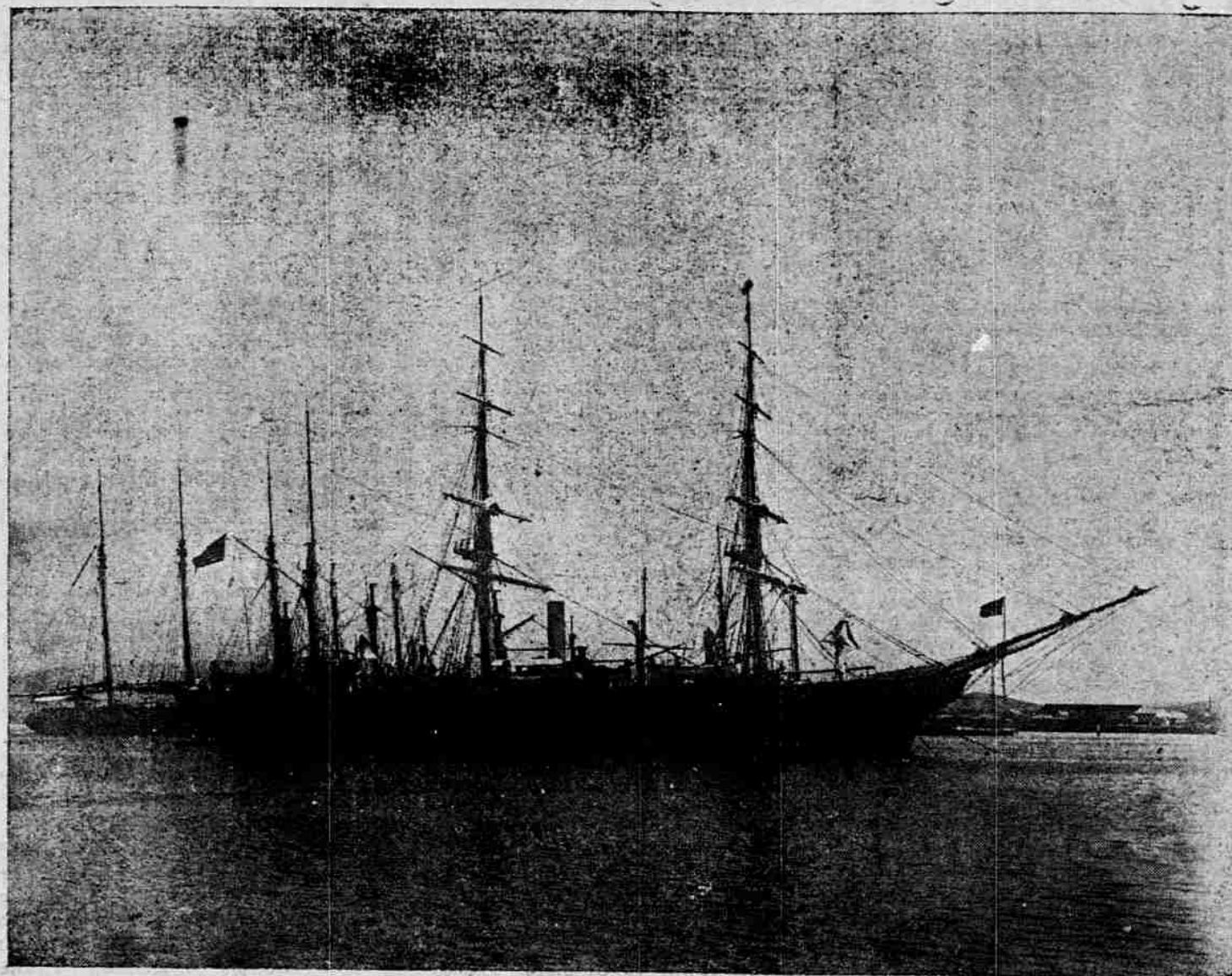
Open from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Smokers' Requisites a Specialty.

Wing Hing Lung Co.

No. 46 HOTEL STREET. IMPORTERS OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Lam in Chew, Manager, holds power of attorney to act for this firm in all matters.

NEWS OF THE WATERFRONT



UNITED STATES TRAINING SHIP MOHICAN, NOW IN PORT.

HONOLULU Lodge No. 54 of the American Association of Masters and Pilots of Steam Vessels has been organized, the charter has been received, and the new organization shows every sign of being a powerful and important institution in these islands.

Captain Gilbert Brokaw, the master of the tug Fearless, has for some time past interested himself in the establishment in this Territory of a lodge of the great national association. Now that the lodge has become an actual fact, the masters of these waters naturally feel very well satisfied, and particularly grateful to Captain Brokaw for his successful efforts. Brokaw is as busy a man as every worked in Hawaiian waters, and the fact of his having exerted himself to secure a lodge here does him credit.

Yesterday afternoon the lodge held its first meeting aboard the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company's steamer W. G. Hall. A number of the charter members were present, others being absent on account of their vessels being at other ports in the islands.

Hereafter the lodge will endeavor to secure Progress Hall as its headquarters. The meeting yesterday was merely for the making of plans and organization. The steamer Hall was chosen as a place of gathering for the reason that a hall could not be secured at the time.

This association, a most powerful organization in the States, embracing thousands of masters and pilots, is one that invariably proves of the greatest benefit to its members, inasmuch as the grand lodge undertakes to look after the interests of the various lodges and their members in cases where licenses are revoked.

The emblem of the order is a small pin in the shape of a blue pennant with a white ball upon which appears the number of the lodge to which the wearer belongs. Those pins will soon be worn by the members of the Honolulu lodge.

The following are the names of the charter members of the local lodge: George Beckley, Samuel Thompson, John J. Dower, D. F. Nichols, Hilbus, Simerson, Bennett, Greene, Parker, Freeman, R. F. Bennett, Sachs, Tullett, J. W. Cook, P. Olsen, W. A. Wyman, Searle, Broom, Lane, Clark, Haglund, Gregory, Pederson, Thompson, Townsend and Napala.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

About noon yesterday the brig Tanner arrived from Port Blakeley with a cargo of lumber. Captain Newhall, who is the skipper and owner of the craft, is well known in this port. The vessel, however, is here for the first time.

During the trip down one of the members of the crew, Harry Hix, whose real name is supposed to have been Patrick O'Brien, committed suicide. He jumped overboard about midnight on June 1st. Although a boat was immediately lowered and a number of boards were thrown towards him, he was not found. It is said that he had been drinking very heavily, and that for a couple of days previous to his jumping overboard he had been crazy, suffering from delirium tremens.

The missionary schooner Carrie and Annie made this port from San Francisco yesterday morning. She is on her way to the Marshall Islands, and has been fitted out to take the place of the old Morning Star. Captain Garland and his family and Dr. Reif and his family arrived here in the schooner. The vessel is under charter to the American Board of Missions.

Twenty-One Days Adrift.

Twenty-one days adrift, six weeks on shellfish diet, six weeks' isolation on an island and rescued from drowning, are a few of the experiences of Captain Charles F. Seymour of the Sitka schooner Hiamna. The schooner went adrift from Unga Island, November 26, 1900, but beyond a brief mention of her loss nothing was learned until June 11th, at Seattle, of the thrilling experiences of her master.

Seymour's story is as follows: "November 25, 1900, I took my vessel, the schooner Hiamna, to Unga Island with the intention of laying her up. On the next day it started to blow a gale of wind from the northwest. I had to let go both anchors, but they would not hold her, and she began drifting toward a rock, so I had to slip my chains and hoist the foresail and stand out to sea. "When clear of danger I have the Hiamna to for four days, the gale still continuing, when the rudder gave way and the vessel became unmanageable. I was alone on board, except for my dog, and the sea was so rough that I could not get over the side to rig up any kind of a steering gear until I had been at sea twenty-one days. It then

calmed and I managed to get over the stern of the vessel and get a bolt into the rudder, and I took down my main topmast and lashed it across the stern, so that the ends would project over the quarter, and rigged a tackle so that I could steer. This lasted but a few days, when my spar carried away and my tackle and gear went over the side, and I had nothing to replace them with, and was again left in a helpless condition at the mercy of the wind and wave.

"I drifted around in this condition until February 20th, when I sighted a small island, which proved to be the Island of Kagataska, one of the Aleutian group, which is in north latitude 54 degrees and 43 minutes and west longitude 176 degrees and 26 minutes. I had drifted during that time over 500 miles to the westward. The vessel drifted toward this island, and when in a few fathoms of water I let go a small kedge anchor that I still had left on board, but that would not hold her, so she kept drifting until I finally got my boat into the water and ran a line to a rock and made her fast to that, but the line soon parted and she went on a reef and commenced breaking up. I then started for the shore, but it was quite rough, and my boat capsized, and I came near drowning, and would have perished had it not been for my dog, which swam to me and towed me in on the beach.

"When I landed I was unable to stand for some time from cold and exhaustion. When I regained action and consciousness I found I had landed on an uninhabited island, devoid of wood or any kind of shelter. I had no matches, so consequently could get no fire. I had a gun, but no ammunition, having lost it in the capsizing of the boat, so that I could not kill any of the sea birds or seals on the island. I managed after a hard struggle to get my boat far enough up on the beach to be out of the way of the tide, and I spread a piece of canvas over her, which served to shelter me from wind and weather.

"I was on this island over six weeks, subsisting during the whole time on raw shell fish. I suffered greatly from hunger and cold, as the weather was very severe, storming nearly all the time I was there. I was finally rescued by a party of Atka Island natives, who were passing the island on a hunting trip, and happened to see my boat on the beach. When found I was just able to crawl, and was too weak to stand, and am satisfied I could not have lived two more days in the condition I was in.

"The natives were very kind to me, and took me and my dog in their birchbark to their camp and gave me some seal meat to eat. They left me there a few days while they went hunting, and subsequently took me to Atka Island, where I was received and cared for by Mr. Dirks, who has a station there, and also by Captain Peterson of the schooner Challenge, which belongs also to Dirks. Both these gentlemen treated me with great kindness and hospitality, but I hope I will never experience another trial like the one I have just gone through."

Assistant Quartermaster at Seattle

Major Ruhlen, the Seattle quartermaster, has been given an assistant in the person of Major Booth, U. S. A., assigned to duty as quartermaster in charge of the army transport Seward. Major Booth arrived at Seattle several days ago to sail for the north. Major Booth was formerly attached to the Seventh United States Infantry.

Packing Ordered to Seattle.

The quartermaster-general has been notified that the transport packing arrived at Nagasaki on June 11th from Manila, and orders were given for her to proceed to Seattle. This vessel carries the battery of the Fifth Artillery, which took part in the Chinese campaign, and whose commander, Captain O'Reilly, lost his life in China.

Cutter Grant in Shape Again.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 11.—The revenue cutter Grant, which met disaster two weeks ago while on her voyage to Southeastern Alaska, having to return to Esquimalt, B. C., for repairs, arrived at Seattle from Victoria on June 10th. She at once began taking on supplies and sailed again the next day, stopping at Port Townsend en route for an inspection of the fish canneries of Southeastern Alaska.

Notice—When you need whisky always ask for the best quality. "Kentucky Favorite," of Spruance, Stanley & Co., San Francisco.

Lands For Sale.

LOTS IN KING STREET TRACT from \$1,250 to \$1,500 a lot, formerly known as G. N. Wilcox's premises.

TWENTY LOTS IN MANOA VALLEY, formerly Montano's Tract, \$3,000 a lot.

FOUR HUNDRED LOTS IN KAUAI TRACT, from \$200 to \$250 a lot.

FIFTY LOTS IN KEEIO TRACT opposite Makae Island, \$500 a lot.

TWENTY LOTS IN PUUNU TRACT, 100x200, \$1,200 a lot.

Etc., Etc.

For further particulars apply to

W. C. Achi & Company

Real Estate Brokers.

10 WEST KING ST

WALL PAPER

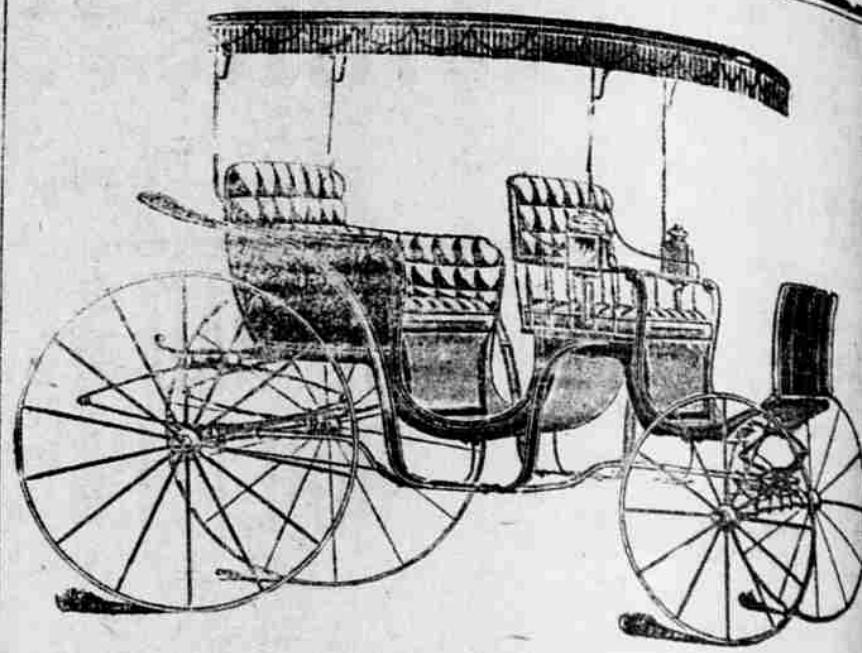
NEW STOCK.

Choice Designs, Reasonable Prices.

Lewers & Cooke

—LIMITED—

Fort Street.



We desire to inform our patrons that for six months we have been ordering every description of Up-To-Date Carriages. To make room for these we have sold at a low price all old styles.

We have now to announce that our stock is ready for display and we invite anyone desiring a carriage to call.

We have several styles never shown before in Honolulu. Our Vehicles and prices are the best.

We are always glad to show our stock and it will bear the closest inspection.

Pacific Vehicle & Supply COMPANY, LIMITED.

E. L. CUTTING, MANAGER.

FORT AND BERTANIA.

HONOLULU.

Importers and Manufacturers of FINE HIGH GRADE HARNESS.



PLANTATION SUPPLIES

Collars, Hames, Chain Traces, Etc. Horse and Stable Furnishings of all Kinds Constantly on Hand.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Wilbur's Stock Specialties.

SEED MEAL AND WHITE ROCK HOOV PACKING.

Manufacturing Harness Co.

CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS.

P. O. Box No. 322.

Telephone No. 21.

Metropolitan Meat Co., LIMITED.

Fresh Meats and Fish by Every Steamer From the Coast That Has Cold Storage.

Choice Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb and Pork.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

ALSO POULTRY, SALMON AND HALIBUT

FOR SALE AT

THE METROPOLITAN MARKET, King Street, Telephone 21.
THE BOOTH, FISHMARKET, Telephone 273.
CENTRAL MARKET, Nuuanu Street, Telephone 104.

FONTELLA

Smoked by Everybody.

BEST 5c CIGAR

MADE. TRY ONE.

ON SALE AT Hawaiian Tobacco Co.'s Store. AND ALL CIGAR STORES IN THE CITY.

Read the Advertiser

75 Cents a Month

ENGAGEMENT
EXTRAORDINARY!
THE
FLYING JORDAN
Vaudeville Company.
ONE WEEK ONLY!
Two hours and a half of Comedy,
Tragedy and Marvellous Acrobatic Feats.
DRILL SHED GROUNDS
MONDAY, JUNE 24.

FREE-SEABURY-FREE
Sensational 86-foot dive into a
tank of water; in front of tent.
7:30 Every Evening, Free
seats on sale at
WALL, NICHOLS CO.,
Commencing Thursday, 20th.
Regular Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

PLANTATION AND
MILL SUPPLIES

for Machinery, Waste,
and Stockholm Tar, Asphaltum,
Rosin and Oakum,
all kinds.
all sizes.
and Galvanized Iron Wire,
and Galvanized Iron Staples,
and Mule Collars,
and Mule Shoes,
and Suction Hose,
and Belting, assorted sizes,
and Iron Chains,
and Dumpcart Harness,
and Plows, assorted sizes,
and Anvils and Bellows,
and Vices and Forges, etc.

at lowest market prices.

Hawaiian Hardware Co.
Port St., opposite Spreckels' Bank.

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PORTRAITS

Class Work Guaranteed
Davy does not wish his sitters
except work unless perfectly satis-
fied.

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PHOTOGRAPHIC CO.,
LIMITED.
MOTT-SMITH BLOCK,
Corner Fort and Hotel Streets.



ACHECO'S DANDRUFF KILLER
with a germicide and a natural food
for the hair. It gives the hair new
life and growth by feeding the
scalp, which holds the hair roots. It
is the only hair and scalp food, and
is nothing like it in the world.
It cures dandruff, stops falling hair,
prevents gray hair and baldness.
ACHECO'S DANDRUFF KILLER.
Sold by all Druggists and at the
Barber Shop; Telephone Main

HAHU ICE &
ELECTRIC CO.
DELIVERED
To any part of the City.

Hoffman & Markham.
Phone Blue 151. P. O. Box 604.
Office: Kewalo.

SEATTLE BEER
—AT THE—
CRITERION SALOON.

Honolulu Iron Works Co
STEAM ENGINES,
MILLERS, SUGAR MILLS, COOL-
ERS, GRASS AND LEAD CASTINGS,
and every description of
iron work. Particular attention
given to ship blacksmithing. Job work
done on shortest notice.

The Popular
NEW RESTAURANT.
located on Bethel Street, back of the
Board, 14:50 PER WEEK;
MEALS, 25 CENTS.
and the Daily Advertiser; 75 cents
month.

Notice!

All persons who have pur-
chased rubber Garden Hose
from us during the past two
years will please call at our
office and state as near as
possible the date of their
last purchase. On receipt of
the necessary information
customers will receive a con-
sideration of value to them.

W. W. Dimond & Co.
LIMITED.

Rock for Ballast
White and Black Sand
IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT.

EXCAVATING CONTRACTED FOR
CORAL AND SOIL FOR SALE.
Dump carts furnished by the day on
an hour's notice.

H. R. HITCHCOCK.
Office opposite Union Feed Co. on
Queen street. Telephone Main 234.

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HAS NO
SUPERIOR

Offices for Rent.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER
offices for rent in the MCINTYRE
BUILDING, now being erected at cor-
ner of Fort and King streets, this city.
Apply to
E. F. BISHOP.
At C. Brewer & Co's. Queen St.

A. C. LOVEKIN,
Stock and Bond Broker
REAL ESTATE AND
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402 Judd Building.

TEMPLE OF JUSTICE

**Gear Will Extend
the Present
Term.**

**EJECTION CASE
IS STILL ON**

**Attorney George A. Davis Gets
Sat Upon Again—Papers Not
In Proper Shape.**

It was announced by Judge Gear in
his court yesterday morning that it is
his intention to extend the present
term of the First Circuit Court at its
expiration. A number of cases were
disposed of in chambers, the three
suits of the Kapiolani estate vs. E.
Peck & Co., W. R. Castle et al, and
Lorrin A. Thurston, being set for July
9th, in order that witnesses may be
brought from the other islands.

Objections to J. A. Magoon as admin-
istrator in the estate of B. E. Steig-
man were filed. This case had been
set for 9 o'clock, but as the attorneys
were not on hand at 9:30 it went over.
The court gave some emphatic instruc-
tions to the effect that Clerk Kellet
should hereafter personally attend to
the sending out of notices, so that the
presence of the attorneys could be
counted upon. George A. Davis, with
his usual hard luck, also received a
calling down for not having his objec-
tions in proper shape.

When the criminal calendar was called
Attorney-General Dole proposed At-
torney Douthett as his representative in
the handling of the cases for the day.
Judge Gear, however, refused to recog-
nize the desired substitute. He stated
that he knew of no authority for the
appointment of such representative.

The ejection case of Mrs. Strauch
vs. Cecil Brown, continued from Satur-
day, was then taken up, occupying the
entire day. A number of witnesses
were examined for the prosecution, but
as all were Hawaiians and their testi-
mony required to be taken through an
interpreter, but little progress was
made. The prosecution have two more
witnesses to be examined this morning,
and the case will probably be argued
this afternoon, Cecil Brown appearing
in his own behalf, and Lyle A. Dickey
for the plaintiff.

COURT NOTES.

The case of Catherine Hatchelor vs. C.
B. Wilson was dismissed yesterday by
Judge Gear for want of prosecution.
Plaintiff's bill of costs has been filed,
taxing the costs at \$28.30.

In the case of I. R. Burns vs. S. Ah
Mi plaintiff's bill of costs has been filed,
taxing the costs at \$22.50.

Formal order of dismissal was filed by
Judge Gear in the case of Anna Gertz
vs. J. A. Magoon yesterday.
Judge Gear yesterday filed an order
modifying a previous order given in the
case of Marie Josephine Hall vs. Wm. A.
Hall; the former order permitted the il-
lesee to mortgage his property for \$5,000
and it is modified to change the sum to
\$7,500 upon such terms as libellee may
choose.

The plaintiff in the case of Mrs. Kau-
pena Kalma vs. J. H. Kamauna has filed
her release of defendant from all cause
of action in said case, the same having
been compromised for a consideration of
\$300 acknowledged to have been paid by
defendant to plaintiff.

VOELLER'S BRIEF ON APPEAL.

Defendant in the case of James J.
Byrne vs. P. J. Voeller yesterday, by his
attorneys, Magoon & Thompson, filed his
brief on appeal. It covers seven typewritten
pages and reviews the testimony at
length to show that plaintiff's ser-
vices, for which plaintiff proposed to
charge \$100 per month, were not of value
of more than \$40 per month, and that
plaintiff is untruthful and dishonest, as
well as an incompetent and bungling busi-
ness manager. A concluding paragraph
of the brief reads: "This self-confessed
falsifier, who tried to lay the foundation
to cheat his employer out of \$20 on the
sale of a horse to him (reference to
transcript) and who ought to be in prison
for attempting to rob his employer for the
hiring of a horse who was working
for his grub, could be expected to do
nothing less than to try and defraud the
defendant by charging about \$60 per
month for sixteen months that he was
not entitled to. The testimony in this
case bristles all over with matter which
it is submitted make plaintiff's contention
impossible."

PROBATE.

In the estate of Samuel Johanowitz, de-
ceased, L. A. Schaefer, administrator, has
filed inventory showing the estate to be
worth \$2,315.50, a life insurance policy of
\$2,000 being the largest item.

GUARDIANSHIP MATTERS.

In the matter of the guardianship of
Puhipako Malama, C. C. Bitting has filed
his report as master, stating that his ex-
amination of the administrator's accounts
resulted in finding no evidence of mal-
administration, all receipts of income being
properly charged, but that there ap-
peared to be some confusion in the item-
izing of a few matters, to which the at-
tention of the court is directed; the mat-
ters referred to are in regard to a fee
paid Humphreys & Gear for attorneys' services
and the allowance of \$25.50 for itemized
purchases of food, the minor's board being
charged elsewhere, vouchers not being
filed in either case.

In re the estate of Kapunika, which
came up before Judge Gear yesterday
morning, the Court approved the ac-
counts, confirmed the master's report and
allowed the master a fee of \$25.

IWILEI INJUNCTION.

An injunction was issued yesterday by
Judge Gear, through the efforts of the
president and trustees of Kaunakapili
Church, for the closing of Iwilei, re-
straining the owner, lessees and inmates
of the place from maintaining or permit-
ting to be kept a bawdy house on the
premises.

The complaint was filed on behalf of
the church by Attorneys Thomas Fitch
and S. K. Ka-ne, and claims that the

church property, which is situate near
Iwilei, is lessened in value by reason of
the character of the place, which is char-
acterized as a public nuisance. The les-
sening of the property value is alleged
as a separate and special injury apart
from that averred in the paragraphs
wherein it is complained that said "no-
torious bawdy house" diminishes and in-
terferes with the use and enjoyment by
the congregation of Kaunakapili as a
place of public worship and inflicts upon
plaintiffs "great and irreparable injury
not capable of estimation or compensa-
tion in damages, and that plaintiffs are
without remedy at law." Damages and
costs are prayed for. Plaintiffs' bond is
for \$200 and is signed by W. R. Castle
and G. P. Castle.

FEDERAL COURT.

The creditors of Chang Tai Man, alias
C. T. Amana, of Pauilo, Hamakua, Ha-
waii, have filed a petition in bankruptcy,
praying that said Chang Tai Man be de-
clared an insolvent and his estate distrib-
uted. Theo. H. Davies & Co. claim \$2,786.63,
M. S. Grinbaum & Co. \$675.48, and M.
Phillips & Co. \$875, these three principal
creditors being the petitioners.

An act in insolvency is charged, it be-
ing alleged that Amana recently trans-
ferred the sum of \$1,500 to Anthony Lyd-
gate, a creditor, showing preference over
other creditors.

The record in the Sodergren case was
satisfactorily to both sides of the case,
completed yesterday afternoon, and the
papers will be forwarded by the first
mail to the Mainland.

APPEALS TO FIRST CIRCUIT.

Notices of appeal to the First Circuit
Court, together with certificates and rec-
ords from District Magistrates, have been
filed by defendants in the following
cases.

Territory vs. Ah Wing, charged with
conducting a lottery game.

Territory vs. Antonio Richard, Jr.,
charged with adulterating milk.

Territory vs. Frank Fisher, charged
with assault and battery.

Territory vs. Antonio Correa, charged
with larceny in the second degree.

Territory vs. Ho Kit, charged with as-
sault and battery.

Territory vs. Oliwa Kane, charged with
heedless driving.

Territory vs. Ah Fong, charged with
assault and battery.

Territory vs. Ng Pak, charged with
assault and battery.

Territory vs. Mark Kong and Chum
On, charged with conducting a lottery
game.

Territory vs. Yokiyami Matsutodo,
charged with keeping a disorderly house.

Territory vs. Emalla Leahl, charged
with selling liquor without a license.

Territory vs. Kawamoto, charged with
selling adulterated milk.

Territory vs. Ah Soon, charged with
obstructing and perverting the cause of
justice.

READ IT IN HIS NEWSPAPER.

George Schaub, a well known Ger-
man citizen of New Lebanon, Ohio, is a
constant reader of the Dayton Volks-
zeitung. He knows that this paper
aims to advertise only the best in its
columns, and when he saw Chamber-
lain's Pain Balm advertised therein for
lame back, he did not hesitate in buy-
ing a bottle of it for his wife, who for
eight weeks had suffered with the
most terrible pains in her back and
could get no relief. He says: "After
using the Pain Balm for a few days my
wife said to me, 'I feel as though
born anew,' and before using the entire
contents of the bottle the unbearable
pains had entirely vanished and she
could again take up her household du-
ties." He is very thankful and hopes
that all suffering likewise will hear of
her wonderful recovery. This valuable
ointment is for sale by Benson, Smith &
Co., Ltd., wholesale agents.



Our specialty is fitting glasses scien-
tifically to relieve strain and improve
sight. We have the stock and the nec-
essary mechanical and scientific appar-
atus. It is our constant study to give
better service and make our patrons
feel that we are interested in the wel-
fare of their eyes.

We repair glasses promptly and to last
FACTORY ON THE PREMISES.

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Manufacturing Optician.

Boston Building, - Fort Street.
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TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, A piece
of land fronting on South street, and
running through to Chamberlain
street, the frontage on each of said
streets being 140 feet, and having a
depth of 140 feet.

This property is suitable for the
erection of warehouses and stores. For
terms, apply to the

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Fresh California Fruit

PEACHES, APRICOTS, APPLES AND
ORANGES.

OCCIDENTAL FRUIT STORE
Phone 149. Alakea and King Sts.

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DRESSMAKER

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
EXPERT CUTTER.

A large stock of Mosquito Nets always
on hand.

NEW MAP OF OAHU

BY JAS. T. TAYLOR, M. Am. Soc. C. E.
38x52 inches.

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lor, 306 Judd building, or Hawaiian News
Company.

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THE SILENT BARBER SHOP

Are Thoroughly Disinfected Before
Using.
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American Savings & Trust Co.
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Capital, \$250,000.00.

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Branch Office: Hilo, Hawaii.

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AT HONOLULU AND HILO.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and
interest allowed for yearly deposits at
the rate of 4% per cent per annum.
Rules and regulations of savings de-
partment furnished upon application.

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LIMITED.

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Hauku Sugar Company,
Pala Plantation Company,
Nahiku Sugar Company,
Kihiki Plantation Company,
Hawaiian Sugar Company,
Kahului Railroad Company,
and

British-American Line.

Hawaii Land Co.
LIMITED.

Capital Stock \$100,000.
Capital, paid up \$55,000.

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M. K. Nakulua Vice President
J. Makainal Treasurer
Enoch Johnson Secretary
George L. Desha Auditor

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Jonah Kumalea, J. W. Bipikane,
J. Makainal,

The above Company will buy, lease,
or sell lands in all parts of the Ha-
waiian Islands; and also has houses in
the city of Honolulu for rent.

FOR RENT!

**An Attractive
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**Corner of Pensacola
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Fine Locality. Beautiful Grounds.

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Commercial and Travelers' Letters
of Credit issued, available in all the
Principal Cities of the World.

INTEREST allowed after July 1, 1899,
on fixed deposits: 7 days' notice, 1 per
cent (this form will not bear interest
unless it remains undisturbed for one
month); 3 months, 3 per cent; 6
months, 3½ per cent; 12 months, 4 per
cent.

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Commission Merchants

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The Waimae Sugar Mill Company,
The Fultons Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Company,
The George F. Blake Steam Pumps,
Weston's Centrifugals,
The New England Mutual Life Insur-
ance Company, of Boston,
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of
Hartford, Conn.,
The Alliance Insurance Company, of
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PAID UP CAPITAL - \$400,000
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Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Cor-
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business connected with banking en-
trusted to it. Sell and Purchase For-
eign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

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with rules and conditions printed in
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Company, Wailuku Sugar Company,
American Sugar Company, Makes
Sugar Company, Okaia Sugar Plan-
tation Company, Haleakala Ranch
Company, Kapapala Ranch, Molokai
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ton Packets.

Agents Boston Board of Underwriters,
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derwriters.

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Treasurer and Secretary; Col. W. F.
Allen, Auditor; P. C. Jones, H. Water-
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Subscribed Capital . . Yen 24,000,000
Paid Up Capital . . . Yen 18,000,000
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In Time And on Time For the Races

Just from the factory, a large lot of horse-timing Watches, single and split seconds, minute registers, in silver and gun-metal cases; perfect Watches, fully guaranteed in every respect, and made by the same maker who makes my high-priced chronographs.

The Prices Are
\$11.50
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and every Watch a reliable one. We are watching them closely, and have them well regulated, so they will not deviate a fraction from correct time.

You can depend upon these Watches, which are not too cheap to be good, but just cheap enough to be safe Watches to buy.

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"CLING-SURFACE" IS A BELT filler, which produces a clean, clinging surface on the belt after it has penetrated the belt, and it is a belt preservative, making and keeping the leather, cotton or rope flexible and elastic, vastly increasing its life. It also acts perfectly on rubber belts.

One-third more power is transmitted by its use, or in other words, a belt two-thirds as large will transmit the power if "Cling-Surface" is used.

Send for a sample ten-pound tin.
Price 50c per lb.

LITTLE GIANT FIRE EXTINGUISHER

The only chemical fire extinguisher that is ready at any time. Will not deteriorate. No dangerous acids or chemicals in it. Can be handled by a child.

Price \$3 each.

Oceanic Gas and Electric Co.

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FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THE patrons of the MOANA HOTEL, busses will leave regularly to and from the city, as follows:

From corner King and Fort Sts.	From Moana Hotel.
7:30 a. m.	8:00 a. m.
8:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
8:45 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
9:15 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
4:00 p. m.	4:45 p. m.
4:30 p. m.	5:15 p. m.
5:30 p. m.	6:00 p. m.
6:00 p. m.	6:45 p. m.

Commutation tickets may be purchased at the Hotel Office.

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WE RETURN OUT THE BEST PRINTS IN THE CITY in one half the time that it takes elsewhere.

Our developer was second man in the great Taber gallery in San Francisco he is an expert professional, and does nothing but develop the plates and films of our customers.

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in handling you Kodak or Camera; in printing or developing in any branch of photography.

We sell Eastman's Kodaks, as well as all the best grades of amateur and professional Cameras on the market—1901 Models. We do not sell second-hand and shop-worn instruments as bright and new, but advertise each instrument for just what it actually is.

We do not carry EVERYTHING pertaining to Amateur and Professional Photography—no stock house in the world does that; but we do carry by far the

Largest AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF Photographic Supplies

that is carried in the Territory of Hawaii. We do our best to give satisfaction, and guarantee each and every article that leaves our shop.

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Large Stock to
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Sony Furniture,
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Vases, Camphorwood Trunks,
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Carriage and Wagon Making,
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QUEEN STREET.
Opposite Judiciary Building.

WEDDED IN THE EAST

**Wm. L. Whitney of
Honolulu the
Groom.**

**HIS BRIDE A
MICHIGAN GIRL**

**Island Boy Weds Saida Mae Sutton,
Daughter of Gen. Warner
P. Sutton.**

On Thursday morning, June 6th, at 10 o'clock, at the home of the Hon. and Mrs. Warner P. Sutton of Saugatuck, Michigan, their eldest daughter, Saida Mae, was united in marriage to Mr. William Locke Whitney of Honolulu. T. H. The wedding was a quiet affair, about sixty of the relatives and immediate friends of the family being present. Mr. Whitney is the son of Dr. John M. Whitney of Honolulu. He has recently completed his law course of three years at Columbia University, and expects to take up the practice of his chosen profession at his home.

Mrs. Whitney is a graduate of the Oberlin Conservatory of Music, and an accomplished pianist. Her father, General Sutton, was for many years United States Consul General in Mexico, and later on the staff of General Miles in Porto Rico.

The house was tastefully decorated with palms and ferns. The Rev. J. F. Taylor performed the ceremony, using the ring service. Enid Sutton and Lola Andrus, a sister and a cousin of the bride, led the wedding party, which consisted of Miss Ethel Felice Sutton, sister of the bride, as maid of honor, Mrs. Charles Brainerd Marsh of Cleveland, matron of honor, and Miss Mary Ewing Stranahan of Harrisburg, Pa., bridesmaid. Mr. Harold Kinney Rice of Cleveland, a cousin of the groom, acted as best man. Mr. Harley Greene Moorehead of New York, and Edwin White Sutton, a brother of the bride, were ushers.

The bride wore a simple gown of white crepe-de-chine, her only ornaments being pearls, gifts of the groom. The matron and maids wore gowns of white d'esprit over silk.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitney left at noon for St. Paul, where they will take the Canadian Pacific to Victoria, B. C. After spending several weeks there they will sail for the islands.

BURIALS WITHIN LIMITS OF CITY

Not Much Change in the Condition From Previous Years.

Last fall the Board of Health promulgated a regulation which was duly published that after January 1st all burials should cease within the limits of the City of Honolulu. Plans were at once laid by enterprising individuals, and in a short space of time burial plots outside the city limits were selected, and one or two of them made ready to receive the city's dead.

Shortly after the first of the year the Attorney-General gave it as his opinion that the original order of the board was too sweeping in its character, and that he did not believe that the board had the power to prohibit any and all burials, and that those who owned plots in the cemeteries used for decades past could not be prohibited from burying their relatives in these plots. The Board of Health then changed its former order to accord with the conditions set forth by the Attorney-General.

From an inspection of the book in which statistics concerning the dead of the city is kept, the cemeteries within the city limits are not being deprived of many of the dead of this community. The Japanese are being buried in Makiki Cemetery with few exceptions. Chinese are also interred in their cemetery, while plot owners in the regular cemeteries make use of them for their families.

Dr. Pratt, executive officer of the Board of Health, states that at a rough estimate there is room in the Makiki Cemetery for at least 1,000 more Japanese. The cemetery is owned by a company of which the Japanese Consul is the head, and Dr. Monsarrat is superintendent. Japanese on every island in the group have entered into the co-partnership in the ground there. They have paid so much to enter the society, and by a payment of dues, or assessments, have acquired the right to own enough ground in the cemetery in which to be interred. Before a burial can take place a certificate that the dead person has a part ownership in the plot must be secured from the superintendent and presented to the Board of Health Registrar of Deaths. The hearses make their daily trips to the Japanese cemetery, and there seems but little change in the situation from the sanitary standpoint sought to be established last year.

Afong Still Alive.

A story has been circulating amongst Chinese servants of late that Mr. C. Afong, formerly of Honolulu, but now of Macao, China, was dead, and that his demise had taken place a year ago, but according to Chinese custom, the news had been withheld.

S. M. Damon, who acts as agent for Mr. Afong in the Hawaiian Islands, and looks after his investments, was seen in regard to the matter. Mr. Damon for answer showed a letter he had recently received from Mr. Afong, dated May 6th.

"I haven't heard the rumor myself,"

said Mr. Damon, "but this letter is signed by Mr. Afong."

Fruit and Whooping Cough.

It is said a physician at Gratz has discovered that a fungus grows upon skins of apples and oranges which is precisely similar to the fungus which forms the peculiar germs of infection in whooping cough. He writes to us that on oranges and apples which have been kept some time may be found dark brown and black specks which, when scraped off, appear as a damp powder, and under the microscope this powder is seen to consist of the spores of a fungus identical with those of the whooping cough fungus. Taking two of these specks from the skin of an orange the physician introduced them by a strong inhalation into his lungs. The next day a tickling of the throat began, which gradually increased until at the eighth day, a thoroughly developed whooping cough set in. The expectorated on microscopical examination exhibited the same white corpuscles which characterizes the expectorated of the usual children's whooping cough. Should this discovery be confirmed there is an additional reason to see that children abstain from eating apples with the skin on, and from chewing orange peel, which many are so fond of doing.—Sanitary Record.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Kapelmester Berger's Band Will Go to Hilo July 4th.

At the meeting of the Governor's council yesterday morning a letter from Governor Dole to Acting Governor Cooper was read. The Governor states that his health has been improved by his out-door life. When writing he was about to leave Hilo to go to Pauwa, at which place he will remain until the end of the two months' vacation he formerly announced his intention of taking.

It was decided upon the reading of a letter from the Fourth of July committee at Hilo, saying that Hilo wants the band on the Fourth, and is willing to pay for it, to let the band go. The committee guaranteed all expenses, and as Honolulu's program does not require a band and Hilo has not had Berger's music much lately, the council thought it right that the musicians should go to the rainy city, at the expense of its inhabitants.

J. H. Kihel and L. Kumualii were restored to civil rights on application, and Kumualii was also pardoned, his term in Hilo Jail being nearly served out, and Sheriff Andrews having endorsed his petition on the ground of unusually good behavior. Kihel has been in prison for unlicensed practicing of medicine.

HOW TO AVOID TROUBLE.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now, may save you a trip to town in the night, or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents.

NEW BOOK BULLETIN OF GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

"The Crisis," by Winston Churchill.
"The Visits of Elizabeth," by Elinor Glyn.
"The South African War," by Capt. Mahan, U.S.N.
"The Helmet of Navarra," by Bertha Runkle.
"Love Letters of Bismarck."
"The Column," by Charles Marriott.
"Henry Bourland," by A. E. Hancock.
"Power Through Repose," by Call.
"Without a Warrant," by Brooks.
"The Puppet Crown," by MacGraith.
"The Disciple," by Paul Bourget.
"The Successors of Mary I," by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps.
This is only a partial list of NEW BOOKS received this week by

The Golden Rule Bazaar
316 FORT ST.



Geo. A. Martin

Tailor

Boston Building.

THE EMPORIUM.
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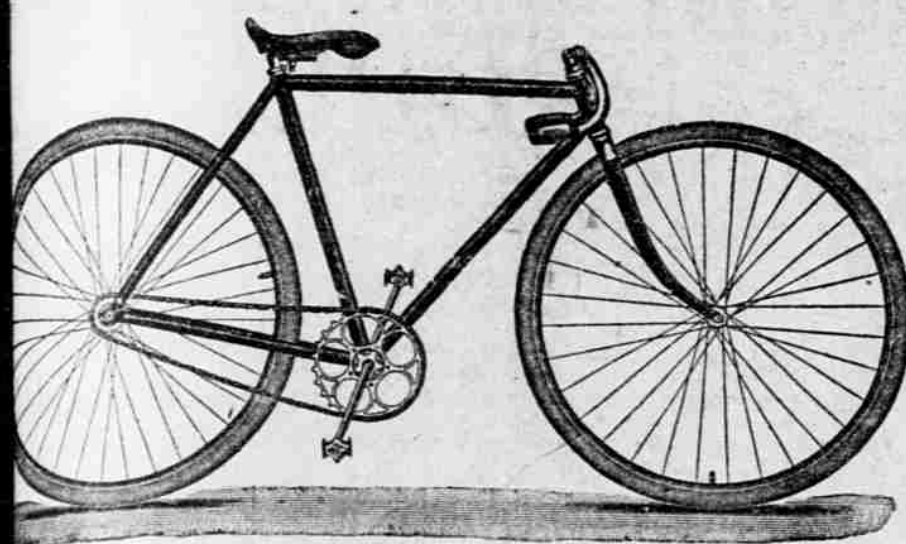
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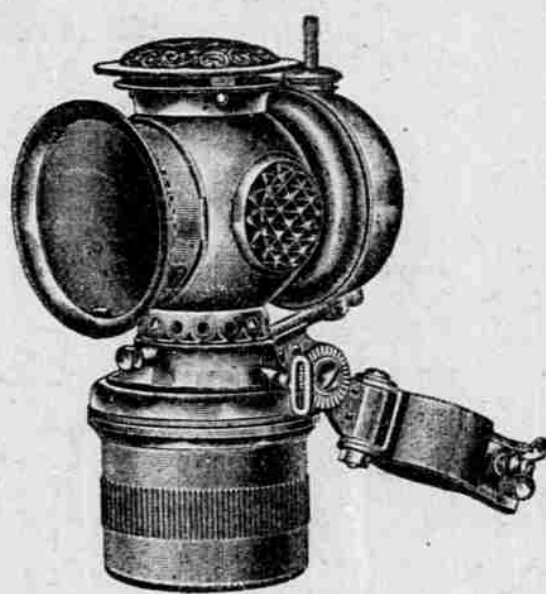


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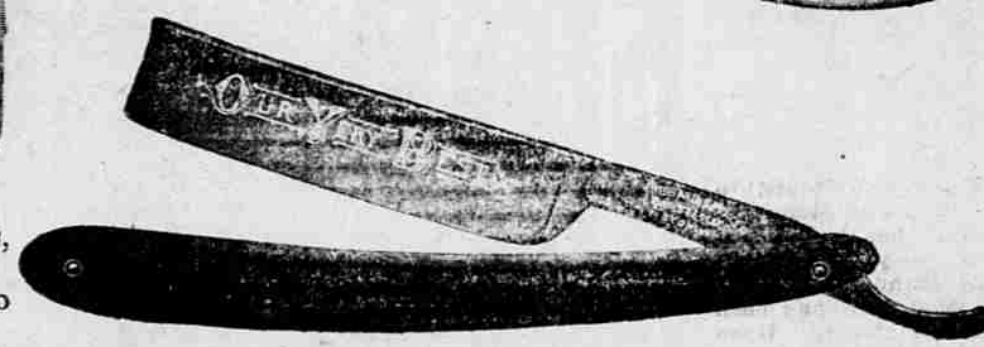
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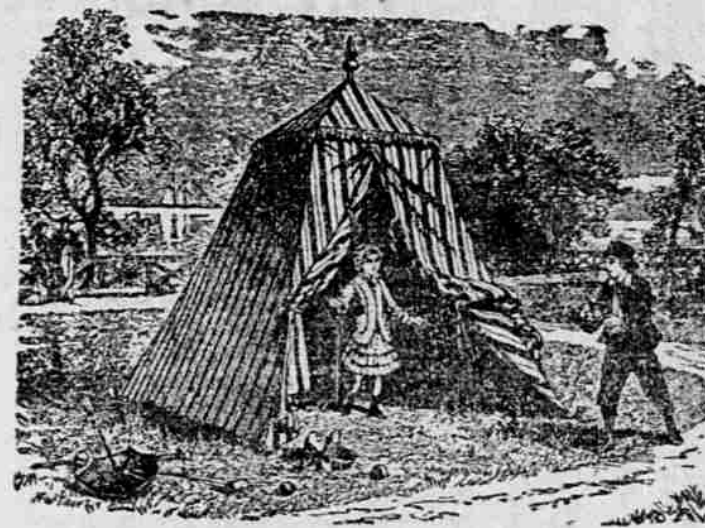
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SPECIMEN ESSAY OF YOUNG HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE

The following essay of Walter Alvarez, a High School graduate at the present term, speaks well for High School instruction:

I have chosen the subject of Puerto Rico because I believe it is and ought to be interesting to all Americans, and especially to the citizens of Hawaii. Puerto Ricans are being brought to these islands in large numbers to work on the sugar plantations. Many are coming in the next few months, and they will eventually become a numerous and powerful class in this Territory. Some will soon be seeking positions in our homes as cooks, yardmen and nurses. It will be much easier to deal with them if we know something about their customs and character.

In this essay, I will use Puerto Rico because it is the original and local name. It has been sanctioned by the Board of Geographical Names of the United States. Nevertheless, Porto Rico will probably remain as the popular pronunciation because it seems to be easier and shorter.

Puerto Rico, the easternmost and smallest of the Greater Antilles, lies between latitudes 17 degrees 50 minutes and 18 degrees 30 minutes north, and longitude 66 degrees 30 minutes and 67 degrees 15 minutes west; that is, in the same latitude as Hawaii, Bombay, the Sahara desert, and the northern end of the Philippines. It is roughly rectangular in shape, three times as long as it is wide, its longer axis being directly east and west, and has an area of about 3,600 square miles, which makes it somewhat smaller than the island of Hawaii, which was 4,200 square miles. Near by lie the islands of Vieques, Culebra, Caja de Muertos, Mona, and a few islets, belonging to Puerto Rico.

A range of mountains lies east and west, somewhat south of the middle, with an average altitude of about 2,500 feet. It is highest in the northeast, where it culminates in El Yunque de Luquillo, 3,678 feet in altitude. This forms the water divide and, from its crests, flow north and south about 1,200 streams. The slope on the north is much more gradual than on the south side, where the rivers plunge from an altitude of 3,000 feet to sea level within five to ten miles. There are twenty-eight streams of considerable magnitude, the largest of which are the Rio de Loiza, Bayamon, Moravia, Arecibo and Blanco, all on the north of the divide. The reason is that the rainfall is greater on the north, for the trade winds bring clouds which precipitate before they can pass the barrier. This does not mean that the south side is very dry; it has less rain in comparison with the north.

There is a very small littoral plain on the east and west ends of the island. On the north coast there is almost no beach, the land rising abruptly out of the water. Less than a hundred miles off shore is the Brownson Deep, where soundings of 4,500 fathoms have been taken. On the south there is a fringe of mangrove swamps and coral islets. There is about 350 miles of coast, which is indented by fourteen harbors, of which, at present, the best is San Juan. The bay is shallow, and it has a very intricate channel with a bar, covered by twenty-seven feet of water at low tide. The United States Geodetic Survey has recommended the excellent natural harbor of Jobos, which is well protected and needs only to have an entrance dredged. This would serve as a port for Ponce instead of the open roadstead at La Playa, which is dangerous in stormy weather.

Puerto Rico consists of three geological formations. First, a system of deeply ribbed mountains; second, lower hills, and third, playal plains, consisting of alluvial soil and old estuaries. It is roughly estimated that nine-tenths of the island is mountainous and the remaining tenth is of the foothill and playal character. The central mountains are composed of volcanic rock, intersected by dykes of a hard black lava, and masses of crystalline limestone. There are no extinct volcanoes, and it is improbable that there were ever any active ones. The foothills are composed of limestone and marls deposited by repeated sinkings and upheavals in early ages. This rock varies in texture, but most of it is suitable for building purposes, and some makes an excellent road capping. The soil, formed by the disintegration of this rock, is good, although somewhat clayey. The playal deposits are alluvial, and usually consist of a rich, chocolate-colored, sandy loam which is fertilized every year by large freshets. Iron ore has been found in considerable quantities; also some copper and lead. There are seams of lignite and plumbago in the western cordillera. Gold is found in the streams, and the early Spaniards did some placer mining, but it is not profitable now. The Indians used to dive in the rivers and bring up handfuls of pebbles, which they examined for small nuggets. The mother lode has not been found, and probably the United States Geological Survey will locate it when the island is thoroughly explored. There are numerous mineral springs, the most famous being at Coamo, near Ponce. The limestone hills are riddled with wonderful caves, tenanted by millions of bats, and often containing subterranean rivers. These have not been explored, but it is said that they rival those of Kentucky in splendor.

Puerto Rico lies well within the tropics, but its climate is greatly modified by the prevailing northeast trade winds. At the same latitude in Central America, the heat cannot be endured by an unacclimated person. In winter the atmosphere is very damp, almost clammy. The annual relative humidity averages about 75 per cent in San Juan. The annual temperature on the north coast ranges in different years from 78 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit. The mean monthly temperature ranges from 75 degrees in January to 82 degrees in August. The maximum temperature on record is 99 degrees and the minimum 57 degrees, which indicates a uniform climate. The inhabitants of the highlands in the interior enjoy a climate about ten degrees cooler than that of the coast. The mean annual temperature in the mountains is as low as 73 degrees. The nights are very cool throughout the year. The average annual rainfall at San Juan is 60 inches. On the south coast the average is 30 inches, and on the north side it ranges from 55 to 123 inches annually. At Cabo Rojo, in the southwest, no rain fell for three years. In April and November the rain sometimes falls in torrents for two weeks, making the roads impassable even for the peasants on foot. It is very warm in August and becomes cooler in November, when the wind blows steadily from the northeast and east. The dew is very heavy, and a thick mist may be seen rising in the morning, to be dispersed by the rays of the sun. Our soldiers suffered less from sickness when in Puerto Rico than when living in barracks in the United States. This shows that the American can live there without any inconvenience. Storms occur very often although they are not always so serious as the one of August 8, 1888, which devastated the whole island. The barometer fell 2.3 inches and the velocity of the wind was eighty-five miles an hour. Roofs blew off, which caused the walls to fall in, burying many people. All the trees were seared and the coffee will take several years to recuperate; 2,312 bodies were found and 2,000 are missing. About 100,000 people were rendered destitute and had to be aided by the Army.

There are no indigenous animals of large size on the island. There is a large rat which is preyed upon by the hunter snake, a boa six or nine feet long. Monkeys have been imported, but as yet they are not very numerous. There is a razor-backed species of hog which is raised by the natives. The horses are small and very wiry, and can climb the mountain trails with immense loads on their backs. There are many species of insects and a large, poisonous spider. The sea is very well stocked with fish, resembling very much those found in Hawaiian waters. There are few varieties of shallow-water fish, because the island rises almost perpendicularly from great depths.

The vegetation is very luxuriant and tropical. The forests have been destroyed, only a few trees remaining on the summits of the mountains. These are mainly hard and dry woods, such as ebony, cedar, lignum-vitae, walnut, mahogany and logwood.

San Juan, on the north side of the island, is the capital. It is built on a small island surrounded by a wall and connected to the mainland by a bridge. The harbor is shallow and there are neither wharves nor warehouses. The city will be supplied with pure water from a new reservoir, which has just been built, through a 24-inch main. At present there is no sewer system, but the land slopes enough to secure the success of one if it should be built. The streets are narrow and very dark because of the overhanging balconies. The population, according to the census, is 32,048. The city cannot expand because it already occupies the whole of the island. A more promising and energetic town is Ponce. It is healthy, has wide streets and fine buildings. It is connected by railway to the rich Yauco district, and has many roads leading out to the agricultural lands. Its population is 27,000 and it is increasing about a 24-inch main. 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SPECIMEN ESSAY OF YOUNG HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE

(Continued from Page 13.)

turns are often inaccurate and confusing because a large proportion of the people claiming to be white, in Puerto Rico, are either mulattoes or pure negroes, who generally call themselves Spaniards. There is less race feeling there than in the United States, because the Spaniards grant their slaves a great many liberties. On certain holidays they all had a right to quit work and enjoy themselves, and a slave always might buy his freedom from his master, a privilege which was often taken advantage of.

The Puerto Ricans are very volatile and improvident. They will work very well until they get their wages, and then they will spend it all in one day. They are starving now because they wait until their food and money are all gone, and then depend upon digging wild roots. If they would plant vegetables, the rich soil would support them, as they do not need to buy much and generally have no rent to pay. When the emigrants to Hawaii arrive at Ponce and Guanica, they are in a wretched condition. Their hair is matted and of great length; their clothing is in rags, and the children are entirely naked. They enter the barracks prepared for them, and a large force of barbers immediately goes to work. The men are given two suits of clothing, and the women are furnished with enough cloth to make garments for themselves and for their children. They are very thin, pale and weak at present from lack of nourishment, but when they have been well fed, they will make good, cheerful and contented laborers. As a class, they are very respectful and courteous. They do not drink heavily in Puerto Rico. The rum which they usually buy is excellent, and is distilled and sold on the sugar plantations for 25 cents a gallon. (Among the poorer classes, 50 per cent of those who are living together are not married, but this is mainly due to the excessive fees charged by the church. The American Government has lately provided a civil marriage which is cheap enough for any peasant.) The Puerto Ricans are not a long-lived race, the median age being 17.5 years. The census shows that a large proportion of the people die in their childhood and youth, and there are very few individuals over 60 years old. There are 143,500 children between the ages of 5 and 9, 124,000 between 10 and 14, and 54,000 between 15 and 17. Now that the law forbids aided immigration from foreign countries, the Puerto Ricans are the most desirable laborers that can be secured for the sugar plantations of Hawaii.

Puerto Rico was discovered by Columbus November 16, 1493, during his second voyage. He took possession and named it San Juan Bautista. Its native name was Borinquen, and the inhabitants were called the Arawaks. Ponce de Leon founded the town of Caparra, about three miles from the bay of San Juan. It was afterwards named Puerto Rico, or "rich port," and transferred to the present site of the capital. Subsequently the city and the island exchanged names, and the site of the first settlement is now known as Pueblo Viejo. Many attempts have been made to wrest the island from Spain. In 1597, Admiral Clifford, an English officer, gained possession, but, being forced to withdraw by an epidemic of yellow fever, he destroyed San Juan. Sir Francis Drake also sacked and burned the city. It was invested, in 1625, by the Dutch, in 1636, by the French, and in 1797, by the English. All of these attacking expeditions were repulsed. On May 12, 1898, Rear Admiral Sampson bombarded the Morro guarding the harbor of San Juan, and on July 27 Major General Miles occupied Ponce with 12,000 men. Puerto Rico has always been free from serious civil disturbances, although in 1868 there were hostile manifestations in Ponce, Bayamon and Areibo. On August 23, 1870, the island ceased to be a colony and became a province of Spain, although it had been virtually so since 1809. The population increased very slowly at first, because the island was only a military station with 800 residents in 1650. After that year the number of settlers increased more rapidly, 44,000 coming in the next hundred years. On the 22d of March, 1873, slavery was abolished on condition that freedmen should make contracts with their employers for not less than three years.

The principal sources of revenue under the Spanish Government were export and import duties, tithes, taxes on all sales of merchandise, alcoholic drinks, on the importation and selling of negroes, on mills, stamped paper and court fines. The tithes were established in 1501 by a bull of Pope Alexander VI, and abolished by Royal decree in 1848. In some years all these sources of revenue were insufficient to cover the expenses and the Government had to receive aid from Spain. The mother country demanded very little from Puerto Rico. In the year 1897-98 the budget showed an income of \$2,329,500 and an expenditure of \$3,536,300 on the island. For the same year \$483,000 were paid to Spain. Another proof of good management is that no insular debt existed, although property throughout the island was very heavily mortgaged, the debt being 64 per cent of the total value. Conditions were much better in Puerto Rico than in Cuba. There were fewer slaves in proportion to the free population than in Cuba, and the emigrants from Spain were much better, being chiefly Catalans and Basques, who went to remain and were devoted to the monarchy and church. The Spaniards in Cuba were largely Castilians, Andalusians and Asturians, who had no intention of remaining and therefore were little interested in the progress and welfare of the island. While in Puerto Rico the proportion of farm owners to the total number of farms is 93 per cent, in Cuba it is but 23 per cent.

In 1897 Puerto Rico and Cuba were given an autonomous government, which continued in operation until the time of American occupation. This government consisted of a Governor, General and Council, and a representative assembly elected by universal suffrage. On October 18, 1898, Major General Brooke was appointed military Governor. He was followed on December 6 by General G. A. Henry, who dissolved the insular council and substituted the departments of State. On May 9, 1899, General Henry was succeeded by General G. W. Davis, who, by executive order, abolished the departments of state and created a bureau of state and municipal affairs, a bureau of internal revenue, a bureau of agriculture, a bureau of education, a bureau of public works, a judicial board, a board of health, a board of prison control and a bureau of insular police. By the Act of April 12, 1899, Congress provided for a civil government to consist of a governor, an executive council, appointed by the President for four years, and a house of representatives elected biennially by the qualified voters. General Davis established the qualifications of an elector as follows: "He must be a bona fide male resident of the municipality, 21 years of age and a taxpayer of record, or able to read and write. He must also have resided in the island for two years next preceding the date of

his registration, and for the last six months within the municipality where the election is held." This government, which is now in operation, was established on May 1st by the inauguration of Governor Charles H. Allen. The island is divided into seven districts, each of which elects five representatives to the chamber of delegates. The senate includes the principal department chiefs of the island and five members who must be Puerto Ricans and who must have their appointments confirmed by the United States Senate. Appeals from the local Supreme Court may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Great difficulty was met with in trying to solve the currency question in our new acquisition. Puerto Rico was the only one of Spain's possessions which had a distinct coinage of its own. It was against the law to export a "peso," which was coined to do away with lucrative speculation in Mexican money. It contained about 41 cents worth of silver and there were, according to estimate, \$5,500,000 in circulation. Before the war with Spain, one gold dollar was worth \$1.70 in pesos, but within a week after war had been declared it was worth \$2.20. General Miles issued an order that the ratio should be two pesos to one American dollar, but the banks continued to give only \$1.75. There were two troubles in exchanging—the face value was much greater than the actual value of the bullion, and the ignorant people would be prejudiced against a new system. Section 11 in the Act of April 12, 1900, provided for the substitution of United States coin for the Puerto Rican money, at the rate of 60 cents of the former to a peso of the latter. The exchange was begun on May 1, 1900, and American coin was established as legal tender on August of the same year. The expense to the United States has been about \$12,400.

There have been four governors and seven school commissioners in twenty-one months, and some complaint that there has been too much changing of officers and policy.

Seven hundred and ninety thousand people have been vaccinated and no case of smallpox has been reported in the last few months. A permanent vaccine station has been constructed near San Juan. A pure-food law is in operation, thanks to the new board of health. The prisons have been reformed, cemeteries have been condemned and new ones laid out; the Insane Hospital has been enlarged; and a leper station has been built; a light house has been placed on Mona Island; a deep-water dock has been constructed at San Juan; buoys have been anchored to mark the channels, and over a hundred miles of good road has been built by the American engineers. Upon investigation, General Brooke found that more than 85 per cent of the people were illiterate. Schools were immediately established. General Eaton was sent for to take charge of the work, and he was authorized to bring seventy teachers from the United States. By the end of December, 1899, the registers showed totals of 15,440 boys and 8,952 girls, with an average daily attendance of 82 per cent. It is very difficult to permanently influence the children because they hear nothing but a patois at home and can receive no aid in their studies from such ignorant parents. A normal school, which will train more teachers, has been established in Fajardo.

Four hundred mounted men, mostly Puerto Ricans, were chosen as an insular police to succeed the Spanish Guardia Civil, and were placed under command of Captain Luiz Barrios.

When, by the Treaty of Paris, signed on December 10, 1898, Puerto Rico was ceded to the United States, she lost her principal market with the hope of getting another. The people on the island were so poor and destitute that it was decided to raise money by duties instead of by direct taxation, because the burden might then fall on those most competent to bear it. All duty collected under the military government, amounting to \$2,000,000, has been returned to the insular treasury. The duty is now 15 per cent of the Dingley tariff rates, and the Ways and Means Committee reported their belief that the island industries can never recover unless this is removed. One thing is certain, that trade with the United States has enormously increased in the last three years. The Supreme Court has just decided that Congress has a right to maintain the tariff.

It must be kept in mind that the island is small and therefore is restricted in the production of wealth. With its fine climate, tropical fruits and beautiful scenery, Puerto Rico may become a favorite winter resort for wealthy Americans. The opening of a canal would greatly increase traffic, as the island would lie in the path of steamers coming from Europe and America.

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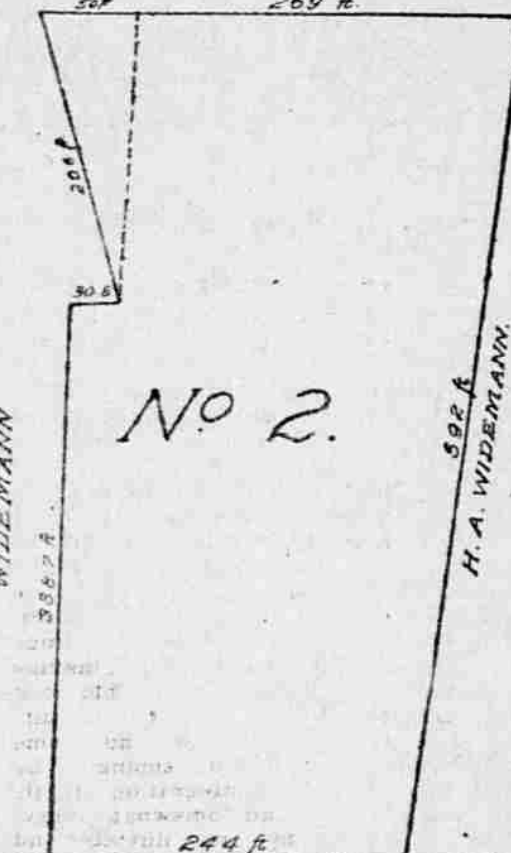
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