# alvaiian

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## Hamaiian Gazette.

SETH-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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## BOARD THE CLAUDINE.

Story of the Trip Told by Mani Passengers.

AWAY FROM HOME.

They Find Refuge Among People of Hawali-Pleasantly Located on Cocosnut Island-Expressions of Gratitude to Committee of safety, Officers, Etc.

When the news came of the change of base on the part of the Board of Health, taking from those on the vessels the legal right to land, on which they had relied on going into quarantine five days before, and handing them over to the tender mercies of local committees, much grumbling was naturally elicited. On the whole, however, they put the best face on the matter and hoped that they might be received on their respective islands. Twelve from the Likelike, three from the Waisleale and one from the W. G. Hall were transferred to the Claudine, making, with the fifty-eight already on board her, seventy-four in all. Among them were two sheriffs, three policemen, five ministers, the principals of two seminaries and five public schools, and some twenty other school teachers.

As soon as we came to anchor at Kabului our boat, containing Sheriffs Hitchcock and Andrews, Mr. Falk, Purser Beckley and the mail, was lowered. At the same time a shore boat started out and met ours balf way. Their spokesman then rose and stated that "at a meeting of the citizens of Maui on September 10th a resolution was passed that no passen-gers be allowed to land until after fifteen days quarantine." Our boat proceeded to the wharf, the commit-tee appointed by the Board of Health was summoned, and the fun began. A conference of several hours took place conference of several hours took place on the wharf, in which talk of "force," and "guns," and "protecting homes" held prominent place. Then the committee removed the meeting from the wharf that they might not be unduly influenced by the repre-sentatives of the thirty-six residents of Mani who desired to return to their homes. After several hours more homes. After several hours more they returned with the message that ey adhered to the former resolution of requiring fifteen days quarantine before landing. Representations to the effect that we had already had two days more quarantine than the best authorities require; that the ladies were suffering severely from sea sickness; that we were willing to go into quarantine on land, at our own expense, for the remaining eight days; that a place could be chosen for quarantine where we would pass no houses, and endanger no one; that their refusal would probably result in our return to Honolulu and detention there until the cholera was extinguished, all had no effect. The freight was landed and we set forth late in the afternoon with The Eank of New Zealand, in Anck-land, Christchurch, Bunedin and Wel-Hou our captain turned out to meet

her and send word by her to Honolulu of our reception. Arriving at Hilo Friday morning we were met by "A Committee of Public Safety." At first the Hiloites were unwilling that the passengers from Maui should be allowed to quarantine on Hawaii, but convinced of the injustice of this they soon granted permission to all who desired to do so to go into quarantine on Cocoanut Island for the remainder of eighteen days (ten days more). Arrangements have been made to build a rough house, the lumber being loaned by the plantations. Two stoves have been bought; a professional caterer secured; telephonic connections arranged for. In short everything done for the comfort of the solourners. In addition to all this they have sent us on board ship, fruit of many kinds, flowers and other refreshments. A paper thanking the Hilo people for their hospitality was circulated among the Maul people, and was heartily ap-proved and signed by all. A letter to the captain and officers of the steamship in appreciation of their efforts in our behalf was also circulated and was eigned by all the passengers. In the evening a serenade was tendered the captain at which the letter was read and he was crowned with a lei of

Today a letter to the Wilder Steam-ship Company thanking them for their public spirit in sending out the Claud ne has been circulated and signed by all the passengers. Five o'clock the disembarktion has begun; seventy-two go ashore; we disappear from the world for ten days.

Expressions of Gratitude. Address to the Hawali Committee

of the Board of Health, the Commit-tee of Salety, and the citizens of Hilo: "We, the undersigned citizens of Mani wish to express our hearty ap-preciation of the kindness of the Hilo people to receiving us after our own terror stricken people had cast us off.
We feel that only your Christian spirit has stood between us and esparation from our homes and work for an indefinite perior. We could not

there till the cholera was conquered and the scare in Maul had subsided— perhaps months later. We will now be able to return to our families after a few days. Therefore, in addition to the sense of your hospitality in pro-viding us with shelter, fruit and food, to say nothing of flowers, we have heartfelt gratitude for the kindly permission to sejourn on your coasts for the period required for further quar-Signed by all the passengers for Maui.

To Claudine Officers. S. S. CLAUDINE, HILO (Hawaii). Sept. 13, 1895.

To CAPTAIN CAMERON and Officers of the S. S. Claudine.

We, the undersigned passengers on We, the undersigned passengers on the S. S. Claudine, hereby desire to express to you our deep felt gratitude and aloha for all your varied care and anxiety taken in our behalf during the whole time that we have been quarantined under your care. We feel that it is, in a great measure, due to your wisdom, vigilance and solicitous care that pone of us, nor any of the you of our best hopes and desires that you and all those dear to you may be kept unscathed from cholera and disease of every kind, and that heaven's richest blessings may ever attend

Signed by all the passengers on And Wilder Steamship Company.

S. S. CLAUDINE, HILO HARBOR, Sept. 14, 1895.

WILDER STEAMSHIP COMPANY, L'D., Honolulu.

GENTLEMEN: - We, the undersigned passengers, about to leave our pleasant floating home, wish before doing so to express our heartfelt thanks for so to express our heartfelt thanks for the great consideration shown to the traveling public by your company in allowing your ships to be used for quarantine purposes, thus giving us an opportunity to reach our homes. We desire to assure you of our high appreciation of the attention and courtesy shown to us by your agent, Mr. Falk, and the captain and officers in whose care we have been. Their labors for our comfort have been great. labors for our comfort have been great. Nothing we could have wished or ex-pected from them has been left undone, while much comfort and luxury that we did not expect to find during our stay in quarantine it has been our lot to enjoy. While many of our number have suffered much from seasickness, not one word of complaint has been heard about any of the appointments of the ship, of the fare, or of any of the employees of the company on

board. We hope that soon in better and happier times your company will be repaid for the great expense you have incurred for this memorable trip.
Signed by all the passengers on

BACK FROM HILO.

Hon. W. C. Wilder Viewed the Beanties of Hawaii for a Month.

among the passengers that returned by the steamer Claudine. Mr. Wilder has been away just a month, and knows more about the big island news of cholera reached that place, and heard some plausible arguments why steamers should not land; and also some unique expressions about the cholers situation in Honolulu. One of the residents advocated forming a provisional government with-out delay. According to him that was the only solution of the trouble. There was some talk about building a wall around the Rainy City so as to keep stragglers from other places out. The Hilo people apparent ly have all they want to eat and drink, and if they should by any chance run short, can get a supply from the Coast; for this reason they do not incline to accept anything from Honolulu.

Mr. Wilder thinks the people will soon come to their senses and accept the good things from here.

macy, and have been for some time. The plantation element is arrayed against the city residents, and there you are. The Japanese employed on the Hilo Sagar Company plantation recently quit work for two days because there was no rice to feed them on. As soon as it was known in Hilo that the steamer Hawaii was out searching for rice and had secured a supply on Kauai, the spirits of the people rose to a high point and they proceeded to act according to what they thought was best for the people.

expect that the steamship company would consent to keep us in quarantice seven days more; and if you had turned us away we might have had to return to Honolulu and wait mes and Papaikou.

ONE CASE REPORTED VESTERDAY.

Man Had Been Working at Quarantines Trouble-Letters for Other Islands

your wisdom, vigilance and solicitous care that none of us, nor any of the crew, have contracted cholera or any other disease since our kind reception by you. We wish to express our appreciation of the degree of comfort we have experienced on board, and of your intelligent action in our behalf in regard to effecting a landing for us. With feelings of profound respect and gratitude and aloha to you, we assure you of our best hopes and desires that

left on the premises.

Only one death reported in the last twenty-four hours, that of a native woman who had been taken to the

ONE CASE MONDAY.

W. KEKIPI, resident of King and Liliha streets; taken sick early in the

Reported soon after taken sick... When dying.... After death..... Total .... LIVING. Completely recovered...... In hospital to date.....

Japanese..... Hop. W. C. Wilder and wife were than ever before. He attended a meeting of citizens at Hilo, when the Besides, the infected districts are to be disinfer until there is not the slightest vestige of the dread destroyer left. The news from the other islands is encouraging, in so far that the authorities at Hilo have allowed passengers and freight to be landed, after proper quarantine and fumigation.

The real trouble up there is that the people are divided for supre-

Claudine to Sail Thursday.

The Claudine will sail on Thursday, the 19th, at 5 p.m., for Kahului and Hilo, subject to usual orders from the Board of Health. Freight will be taken for the following ports, subject to shippers risk of being returned if landing is refused by the people of the ports of Lahains, Mealacs, Ma-

Premises Corner King and Liliha Streets-Woman Died From Chronic

Although there have been no new cases of cholera developed outside of infected districts and in the cholera taken from the infected house on the corner of King and Liliha streets on Sunday.

The record up to midnight last night showed one case, developed at the same place, being one of the two men

hospital and cured of cholera, death resulting from a chronic trouble.

DEATHS.

NATIONALITY. Native Hawaiians...... Part Hawaiians..... Portuguese ....

The lull in the epidemic should not be taken as an indication that the fumigated freight for the other islands. Why couldn't the same be ands. Why couldn't the same be izens Sanitary Committee have dethoroughly disinfected with lime and otherwise looked after. The good work of the past should be continued

BOARD OF HEALTH MEETING. At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Health there were present President Smith, Ministers Damon, Hatch and King; Drs. Wood, Emerson, Wayson, Day, Howard, Smith; Messrs. Bolte, Lansing, Keliipio, Ena, Messra. Bolte, Lansing, Keliipio, Ena, Hackfeld, Schaefer, Giffard, Reynoids, Wilder, Spalding, Soper, McCandless, Wight, Scott, Eben Low, A. G. M. Robertson, J. A. Gonsalves, J. T. Waterhouse, Hoting, Chase, Andrew Brown, Rowell, G. W. Smith, Ed Macfarlane, Professor Alexander, Rev. D. P. Birnie, Rev. Sereno Bishop, and Marshal Brown. Marshal Brown.

President Smith said that a Jurge amount of correspondence had been received from Hawaii and Maui. Several letter: were read. A communication from the Board of Health of Maui stated that Lahaina

for the western and Kahului for the eastern part of Maui were decided up-on as the only ports at which steamers from Honolulu would be allowed to land. President Smith said he had prepared a circular letter for information of people on the other islands as fol-

lows:
"Enclosed herewith you will find
the official obolera bulletin, etc." Then follows a report of the cholera situation and facts regarding the despatching of freight to other islands; the care being taken in trying to check the disease. The circular left it op-tional with the authorities on the other islands to institute further quarautine measures. The Board of Health at Honolulu would not interfere with such measures unless they carried matters to extremes Mr. Smith said he had been very careful in pre-

paring the letter.

It seemed to be the sense of the meeting that the letter covered the ground.

which would undoubtedly be suffered by persons placed in quarantine on Cocoanut Island. Some were very poor and could not afford to pay for board and lodging which the authori-ties at Hilo demanded. The twelve hours fumigation of freight instituted by Dr. Day was deemed by President Smith a great step toward solving the freight diffi-cuities.

Judge Hartwell thought that another thing should be added to the circular letter prepared by President Smith. If any other precautionary measures are taken on the other islands, the committees appointed by the Board of Health here ought to be made to understand that they perform said action upon their own responsibility.

said action upon their own responsibility.

W. C. Wilder said that he had had a conversation with C. C. Kennedy of Hilo to the effect that freight would only be allowed to be placed in Waiakea storehouse, where it will be subjected to fumigation and distributed.

Mr. Schaefer thought that the official communications received were very clear and action should be based entirely on those, not on statements.

entirely on those, not on statements from outsiders.

Professor Alexander was of the opinion that the part of the proposed circular letter referring to responsibility should not be made to refer to the results.

the people.
W. C. Wilder said if the circular letter had gone to Hilo previously, not one bit of freight would have been allowed to land. They would have taken no responsibility. He had been in Hawaii four weeks and knew the

temper of the people. They had lost their heads. There would have been total exclusion of everything. Judge Hartwell was of the opinion that total exclusion was the heaviest

kind of responsibility.

J. A. NicCandless thought the only way out of the matter was to establish local committees in each one of the districts. Hilo wanted to run the whole thing. Sailing vessels arrived there every week or so. They had enough to eat and cared nothing for

other places. Several requests from business ouses in the city regarding shipment

houses in the city regarding shipment of articles not at present on the export list were read by President Smith.

President Smith thought machinery might be placed on the list, but lumber he was personally opposed to. Special articles of machinery should be allowed to go on permits from the quarantine committee.

Mr. Lansing was not opposed to shipment of machinery, but if the list of export articles was going to be added to day by day, the embargo might as well be lifted altogether.

A motion was carried that special articles of machinery be referred to the quarantine committee, subject to their approval before shipment.

A. G. M. Robertson said that the Japanese merchants were anxious to get an answer to their communication presented last week. It was necessary

presented last week. It was necessary that they know before the arrival of the Coptic. President Smith did not see anything could be done before receipt of more cholers news from Japan, where the disease was epidemic.

Mr. Robertson suggested that the freight Le put on some of the smaller vessels in port. President Smith thought the Japanese merchants should be asked to countermand their orders until receiving more news from Japan. The attitude the Board had taken was that

it could not decide just at the present

Dr. Day said it was not possible to disinfect such large quantities of freight with the present facilities. President Smith said that Mr. Hede-

mann of the Honolulu Iron Works had presented for the first time Monday morning his plans for the fumigating apparatus. OFFICIAL CHOLERA BULLETIN.

There will go to the people of Ha-wail and Maui today an official cir-cular letter from the Board of Health, containing a resume of the situation, together with certain recommenda-tions. President Smith will also send letters giving a succinct account of the epidemic, with some sage advice to the people on the other islands, which, it is hoped, will relieve the tension ex-

isting in certain quarters. INFECTED HOUSE BURNED.

An infected frame house on lower Punchbowl street was burned yester-day. Chief Hunt and a corps of fire-men were on the scene to prevent the flames spreading to other houses near by. Two cases of cholera had devel-oped in the house. Two or three in-fected houses in Palama will be de-stroyed today.

CHOLEBA HOSPITAL VISITED,

Rev. D. P. Birnie paid a visit to the cholera hospital last Sunday, and went through every portion, making a careful inspection. The place where the patients are confined was studied with especial care. Dr. Birnie was very much pleased with the appear-ance of the place and especially the treatment of patients.

He-My love, we have been married two years. She-Yes, darling.

He-Upon your wedding day you were 24; today you tell the census man you are 31. She-Dear me, bow time flies

when one is happy !- Detroit Tri-

bune.

From all accounts Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a Godsend to the afflicted. There is no advertisement spont this; we feel just like saying it.—The DERobeat, Carrollton, Ky.

President Smith said that Sheriff For sale by all dealers. BESSON, Hitchcock had written of hardship Smith & Co., agents for H.I.

# No New Cases Developed Out of Quarantine Since Friday.

## THE PLAGUE STILL WITH US.

Four New Cases and Three Deaths up to Midnight.

BECKY PANER BAS RECOVERED.

Favorable State For Cholera-Guards be severely censured. Removed From Other Side of Island. Business Suspension Not Necessary.

From Monday's Daily. The cholers situation yesterday showed four new cases to midnightan increase of two over the previous day. It is a matter worthy of notice that all of yesterday's cases were taken from Palama and Kalibi. Following is the report to midnight last night:

NUMBER OF CASES. Previously reported ... New cases up to midnight REPORTED. Soon after taken sick .... When dying ... LIVING. Completely recovered ..... 14 In hospital to date...... S Previously reported \_\_\_\_.53 Deaths to midnight.

NATIONALITY. Native Hawailans ... Part Hawatian .... Americans ....

Japanese Portuguese.

Total

NEW CASES.

KAAUMOANA (w), resident corner of Lilina and King streets; not certain when taken sick; reported at 3 50 a. m. in dying condition; died upon arrival of doctor.

ELIAS SNIFFEN, resident of Peterson's Lane, Kapalama; taken sick at 5 a. m.; reported at 7 a. m.; early stage; not dangerously ill. JOHN KAPOLOLEI, resident of Punhale; taken sick at 5 a.m.; report-

ed at 11 s. m. AMONE, resident of Kalihi; taken sick between 3 and 4 p. m.; reported at 6 p. m.; died at 9:40 p. m.; old man;

could not withstand treatment. Horoe Sniffen (w), reported Thursday afternoon, died yesterday morning at 3:30 o'clock. An autopey was held on the body of

Kasumoans last evening. The reladid not vomit previous to being report-The report of the physicians will be presented today, but it was be-lieved at the Board of Health office last night that the case was undoubtedly one of cholers.

PATIENT CURED.

Becky Paner, who was taken with cholera during the early part of the month, was discharged fro m the box pital yesterday, completely cured. She regaled Health Agent Reynolds and others at the Board of Health office yesterday with an account of ness and the incidents which led thereto.

STATE OF KANEOHE.

While Dr. Howard was in Kaneohe he made a thorough inspection of the place and found it in a very favorable state for the propagation of the germs of cholers. Surface water is all the place can boast of. In regard to cleaniness, not much care has been taken heretofore. The residents are in a very troubsed state of mind and want the whole place disinfected as soon as possible. It is the opinion of Dr. entire population.

ARBITRARY GUARD.

President Smith, of the Health Board, was informed yesterday that a guard had been placed between Punsluu and Laca for the purpose of preventing people from going back and forth to procure rice. The people have a perfect right to go back and forth for provisions. The guard was ordered removed.

HOUSES TO BE BURNED.

It is understood that the Bishop estate will order the infected houses at Waipilopilo burned as soon as possi-ble. The locality has produced a great many cholera patients and the proposed move is thought to be a very

TO SUSPEND BUSINESS.

There was a great deal of talk on the streets yesterday regarding total suspension of business. A great many of the business houses have been severely crippled by employees having to go out on inspection duty and guard work. There is great objection on the part of many for making it a total suspension. They think certain hours during the day should be set for business; 10 s. m. to 3 p. m. has been suggested. Some action regarding the matter will likely be taken soon.

WORK OF THE RELIEF SOCIETY.

Success has crowned the efforts of the Hawaitan Roller Society to its effects to occure systematic manner of dispensing rations to the needy Ha-wallans. The sub-depot plan is working admirably and people are now being attended to with one half the ning. Every possible point that for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they attention of the committee, who have profited thereby. It was necessary are articles of great worth and merit, to see the matter of work they had to accomplish before formulating any definite plans. To do this required BENNEY, SETTIR CO., agents for HI.

| James Torbert and Curtis lankes coffee, salt salmon in barrels, half-complete committee, who have been doing some good work in the Ewa district. They are making a complete census of that portion, and in doing so first in doing so first in doing so first importance and urgently required.

| The natives are paying strict attending to the following merchandise in a contract of the committee, who have been doing some good work in the Ewa district. They are making a complete census of that portion, and in doing so first in doing so first importance and urgently required.

| The natives are paying strict attending to the following merchandise in a contract of the committee, who have been doing some good work in the Ewa district. They are making a complete census of that portion, and in doing so first in doing so first importance and urgently required.

| Further, if the following merchandise is easily obtainable and to be had. effect which was needed in the begin-

some time and the experience of the first few days.

The people of Mani are still afraid of cholers, notwithstanding the explanations sent up by the Government. The Claudine was refused landing at Kahului. Sheriff Andrews was aboard, but an emphatic refusal was tendered him as well as all the rest of the passengers. Sheriff Hitch-cock was another of the passengers. There are many in this city who feel confident no passenger will be allowed to land on Hawail. This they conclude from the decided stand taken by the Hawaii people recently. It either one of the sheriffs mentioned tries to land at some point without the permission of the people, it is thought they will

WOES OF THE SUB INSPECTOR,

One of the sub-inspectors, in speaking of experiences among the natives, said he had to taste the medicines furnished the Hawaiians before they could be got to partake of it, and as a consequence he felt safe against the prevailing disease.

BRANCE RELIEF STATIONS.

City Divided Into Twenty-one Districts-Agents-

The Hawaiian Relief Committee has completed appointment of agents to the various districts into which the city has been divided for death. more efficient work. Following is

1. Mrs. Morris Keohokalole-Oahu Railway depot. 2. Mrs. J. Nawahi—Nawahi resi-

J. A. Victor-Nakuina's, Liliha street. 31, 4, 5, 6, 7, 71. Headquarters-Bethel street. 8. Mr. Kamiki - Keohoki residence, Kakaako.

Mrs. Mahelona-Rifle butts. Mrs. S. Donglass—Bowen's residence, Kapiolani Park bridge. 104 Mrs. H. Hiram - Kamoiliili

lhouse. William Auld—Waislse. 11. 12. Judge Perry-Palolo Valley. 13 and 14. Mrs. Makanoe-Government nursery, King street. Charles Booth - Residence,

Panoa. 16 Mr. Kshahawai-Native church on Wyllie street. 164. Mrs. M. Kahea — Tramway depot, Nunanu avenue. 17. Mrs. T. Meekapu — Residence.

18. Mr. N. Nakuina-Shed at corner Beckley and Kaili street. William Mutch-Moanalus. Mrs. C. Clark - Waterworks

hed, opposite Hobron's residence. 21. Hesdquarters—Bethel street. CLAUDINE LANDS FREIGHT.

Permission Granted to Lighter Certain Articles at Kabalui

At a meeting of the Board of Health held at Kabului on the 12th the following resolution was

"That permission be granted to the Wilder Steamship Company to dis-charge from the steamer Claudine, now at Kahului, on to a lighter in the harbor of Kahului the following-named articles: Rice, flour, hay, Deaths to midnight ... grain, coal and medical supplies, such as have been put on board said steamer for said port of Kahului, no direct contact between the officers and crew of said vessel and people from the shore to be allowed, and that the police department assist in the strict

carrying out of these instructions. "This instruction and permission being especially limited, and applying Japanese ... to the steamer Claud be the 12th day of September, 1886) in

#### ... Fumigating a Room.

First find the cubic contents of the room, and for every 1 000 square feet allow two pounds of rock or broken sulphur and one pound of flower of sulphur. Place the two together in a dish of metal, isolate from the floor by setting it in a pan of ashes. Pour Howard that, should cholera break a teaspoonful of alcohol over the out at Kaneohe, it would wipe out the sulphur, and after shutting every window and door and pasting paper over every crack where the outside air can come in, light the mass by touching a match it, and leave the room at once or you will be overcome yourself by the fames. Treat every room in the house in this way if you wish to thoroughly fumigate a house. It is better to do it all at once, rather than do one room after another. It is not always necessary to use so much sulphur for simple disinfection, but to rid a building of vermin, less energetic means or a smaller amount of sulphur will fail to accomplish the result .- New York Sun.

> In a recent letter to the manufacturers, Mr. W. F. Benjamin, editor of the Spectator, Rushford, N. Y., says: 'It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be best known. An aunt of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to visit me a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking if they were sold here, stating if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them." The medicines referred to are Chamberlais's Cough Remedy, famous for its cores of colds and croop; Chamber-Isin's Pain Balm, for rhenmatism, leme back, pains in the side and chest; and Chamberlain's Cholera, Colic and Distribusa Remedy, for bowel complaints. These medicines

Two New Cases and One Death to Midnight Sunday.

DEVELOPED IN THE HOSPITAL

General Cleaning Up Day and Strict Ouarantine of Infected Localities Two Houses Burned-Natives Indifferent About Work-Special Meeting.

From Monday's Daily.)

The cholera situation looks brighter than ever for an early and complete eradication. Only two cases were reported up to midnight Saturday, and both are on the road to recovery. One of the number was taken sick at the quarantine hospital and among the persons confined there from infected

Two new cases were reported up to midnight last night, both Hawaiians. also among those at the hospital. One

In view of the few cases developed during the past forty-eight hours, the Citizens' Sanitary Committee are considering the advisability of having a general cleaning up of the entire city today, and perhaps instituting a strict quarantine of the infected localities as well. The com-mittee, with the inspectors and sub-inspectors, meet at 9 o'eloek this morning to consider the matter. TWO CASES ON SATURDAY.

GEORGE KEKAULIKE, resident of Lilibs and King streets; taken sick some time in the morning; reported at 9:10 a.m. Second case from the same house.

MABY, resident of Lillha and King streets; taken sick at 12 m ; reported at 12:10 p. m. Third case from same house: taken sick while in quarantine at the cholera hospital; died at 8:15

TWO CASES ON SUNDAY.

ANNIE MARY SNIFFEN, resident of Peterson's Lane; taken sick at hospi-tal, 3 a. m.; reported at 8 a. m.; early

MAHOE (w), resident of Liliba and King streets; taken sick at hospital 3:30 p. m.; reported at 5 p.m.; died at 7:40 p. m.

NUMBER OF CASES. Previously reported ... New cases to midnight REPORTED. Reported soon after taken sick. When dying ... After death LIVING. Completely recovered. In hospital to date..... Total. DEATHS. NATIONALITY.

Native Hawalians ..... Part Hawaiians... Americans Chinese . 82

SUNDAY'S MEETING OF THE HEALTH BOARD.

A special meeting of the Board of Health was held at 3 p.m. yesterday. There were present: President Smith, Ministers Damon, King and Hatch: Doctors Day, Emerson, Wood, Myers, Wayson, Herbert, Cooper, Smith and Ryder; Messrs, Lansing, Waterhouse, Keliipio, Thurston, Carter, Dodge, Dillingham, Ripley, McStocker, Judge Hartwell, Reynolds, Marshal Brown and Colonel McLean.

President Smith stated that the main subject for discussion was regarding the method of dealing with cholers in the city.

Mr. Thurston suggested quarantining the western part of town.

Dr. Smith reported on the difficulty of fumigating. He detailed the method carried out in fumigating. If the town

were to go through the same process as the infected pisces, a great deal of disease might be prevented. Mr. Thurston spoke of the propriety

of quarantine measures in order to stop people moving from infected to clean districts. Dr. Smith's sugges-tion was a good one. Mr. Thurston suggested that the Board pass regulation to whitewash every unclean house. The only question was whether the matter was practicable.

Mr. McStocker was in favor of

adopting a system by which everyone shall be present at his or her home during certain hours for inspection purpos A great deal of discussion on the

nethod of work came in at this point.

J. T. Waterhouse moved for apsintment of committee to formulate plan of work. Dr. Smith, Marshal Brown and L. A. Thurston were ap-

Dr. Wood moved to appoint a comlittee to consider the best plan of taking water and analyzing it, ob-taining a culture therefrom; the same | Honolulu agents of Kauai planters be should be done with dirt and fish. A instructed to press this matter at method of destroying the germs should be sought.
Dr. Wood, B. F. Dillingham and J.

T. Crowley were appointed on the committee to consider ways and means and report.

EWA NATIVES ARE CAUTIOUS.

CHOLERA SITUATION IMPROVED, tion to regulations issued by the Board of Health, using only boiled water and abstaining from unhealthy food. No visitors are allowed and every precaution is being taken to prevent the introduction of cholera. They very wisely came to the conclusion to lay aside political differences and look only to the continuance of good health, which under the circumstances is very commendable.

INFECTED HOUSES BURNED.

Two infected houses, one make of Oahu jail and another at the foot of Sheridan street, were burned yester-day afternoon. Chief Hunt and a number of firemen with a convenient hose were present.

MAY QUARANTINE VALLEYS.

A great many people are in favor of establishing a strict quarantine in the valleys. Residents going back and forth is thought to be dangerous under the present circumstances, espe-cially as it is very difficult to keep track of their movements. Many in-stances have come to light where natives misrepresented facts in order to pass the guards, and instead of attending to business or doing some other necessary errand, visited infected localities for the purpose of idle conver-sation. In Manoa valley there are seventy-nine families, sixty-nine of the number trusting solely to brooks for their water supply. If cholera should break out there the result would be very serious.

BUSINESS SUSPENSION NOT FAVORED A prominent business man was spoken to regarding the total suspension of business, which has been dispinion that such action would prove detrimental in many respects. Such a course would surely bring about a panic and cause many of a timid na-ture to become thoroughly frightened. He favored a continuance of business as at present, and believed it only a question of a short time before cholera would be completely eradicated.

NATIVES INDIFFERENT ABOUT WORK Several natives in the city, who have been employed at different places at good wages are becoming some-what indifferent regarding work. A nun ber have left the iron works employ and make daily application to the Relief Society for supplies. Complaint is general about the indifference of the natives for work, and as long as they can get all they want to eat at the supply depots, they will continue to avoid labor of any kind. A proposal is now under consideration to provide work for all ablebodied men, at a fair wage, thus doing away with furnishing them provisions. C. B. Wilson believes such a plan would meet all the exigencies of the times, and he has agreed to set the ball in motion to that end. An instance of this kind came prominently to the fore at a meeting held at Pearl City lately. James Campbell addressed the gathering, and told the natives he would 82 give all of them who were out of work and had no money employment on his ranch at \$1 per day. Many of them took advantage of the kind offer and are working at different places on the ranch and seem entirely satisfied.

CITIZENS' MEETING AT LIHUE.

Following are extracts from a letter received from W. G. Smith, secretary of the Citizens' Meeting held in Li-hue, Kauai, September 12th, for consideration of the cholera situation: "Communication read from H. Hackfeld & Co., proposing that the Pacific Mall dock be quarantined and be made a depot of supplies for the other islands.

"General opinion seemed to be rather against it, but no definite action taken. "Le ter from H. L. Austin, Geo. H.

Fairchild and R. C. Spalding, asking to be landed and quarantined at Spalding's beach house, read and request unanimously refused. "V. Koudsen, a passenger on the James Makee, baving no certificate

from the Board of Health that he had been in quarantine eighteen days, was refused permission to land. "Resolution was unanimously passed that the agent of the Board of

Health on the Makee be censured for allowing Mr. Knudsen to leave the steamer without permission of the authorities ashore.
"Resolution unanimously passes

that the Makee be not allowed to land the freight now on board, and that no steamers be allowed to land passen gers unless they produce certificates of an eighteen days quarantine.

"Resolution unanimously passed that an inter-island steamer be thoroughly disinfected and lie outside of Honolulu barbor, and there load provisions for Kausi from incoming vessels before they enter the harbor. Resolution unanimously passed that the action of the Board of Health

appointing a committee of health for Kanai be approved, and suggesting that the committee confer with Messrs, Lucas and S. G. King about obtaining provisions. "Communication read from I. I. S.

N. C. asking permission to land coal now on the steamer Kauai, Resolved, that it should not be landed until after twenty days quarantine.
"Resolved, That all steamers first

touch at Nawiliwili and there await orders from the Committee Health.

RESOLUTIONS FROM LINUE.

Following is a letter received by President Smith from the Committee on Health appointed by the Board of Health recently: "At a meeting of the citizens held at Libue September 12th, among other

resolutions passed was the following: "Resolved, unanimously, That an inter-island steamer be thoroughly disinfected and lie outside Honoluli harbor, and there load provisious for Kanai from incoming vessels before they enter the barber, and that the

"And we, as the health committee of this island, hereby beg to confirm this re-clution and in pursuance thereof, and strictly in accordace with its provisions, have come to the conclu-sion that the following articles may be brought to Kaual, viz: Floor, likewise under the terms of our citizens' resolution above given, we have concluded to allow them, namely: Kerosene oil, matches, tobacco, bacon,

ham, hay, grain, feed and soap.
"We would draw the attention of your honorable Board to the fact that the incoming vessels mentioned in the resolution means of course vessels

from any uninfected ports. We further endorse the resolution passed yesterday (September 12th) that all steamers leaving Honolulu for Kauai should first report at Nawi-liwili before proceeding to other ports of the island. We understand that a full copy of the proceedings at the meeting of citizens held yesterday has been sent to your honorable Board."



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### REPORTS FROM OTHER ISLANDS.

Hamakus Will Receive Anything Sent Under Health Restrictions.

Several Articles Added to the Shipping List at Yesterday's Meeting of Health Board-Rice Planters Send in a Request-Likelike for Hawait.

The Board of Health held a meeting Friday afternoon, at which were present: President Smith, Minister Hatch, Messrs. Hackfeld, Giffard, Mc-Candless, Soper, Herron, Alexander, Fernandez, Kubey, Decker, Kaunsmano, J. S. Emerson, Rev. O. P. Emerson, Marshal Brown, J. F. Scott, Spalding, Ena, Wight, Lange, Rev. Birnie, Swanzy, C. H. Willis, Chase, W. F. Reynolds, I. A. Thurston, number of other citizens, and Doctors Cooper, Day, Wood, Emerson, Ryder, Howard, members Lansing, Waterhouse and Keliipio.

1

While waiting for members of the Board to assemble, President Smith Iulu. read resolutions and reports that had been received from Mani; these had been passed before the arrival of the steamer Claudine.

FROM LAHAINALUNA.

"At a meeting of citizens and residents of Labsins, held on Friday evening. September 6, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

"Resolved-That our quarantine officers be advised not to allow any passengers or freight to land at any port of this district from any other port of the Hawaiian Islands.

"Resolved-That our quarantine officers be advised to quarantine against Walluku in case the officers of that district do not quarantine against other ports in like manner as the officers of this district.

"Resolved-That our quarantine officers be advised to confer with the officers of Wailuku at once as to the course they are taking in this matter,

and to act accordingly.
"Resolved-That, in taking this action, the people of Labaina do not wish to show any disrespect for the Board of Health, but they simply wish to protect their families and neigh-

"Respectfully yours,
"HENRY S. TOWNSES D,
"Sec. Citizens Meeting, I shains. "Lahaina, Maut, Sept. 7, 1685." DISTRICT OF WAILUKU.

At a mass meeting of citizens of the district of Walluku, Maui, held at Walluku court house on Tuesday evening, the 10th day of September, the following resolution was adopted and a copy of same ordered forwarded to the Board of Health.

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that no passengers shall be permitted to land at ports of Maui from any vessel coming from Hono-lulu, except after fifteen days of such tine; and

"Whereas, The great mortality of this disease in Honolulu and the great absolutely necessary.

Member Waterbouse explained that Honolulu has encountered in an attempt to keep the disease under con-trol, leads us to believe that the ut-most precaution ought to be taken to guard against its introduction on this island; be it

"Resolved, That this Board of Health endorse the above mentioned resolution passed at its said citizens' meeting and adopt it as a resolution passed at this meeting, and authorizes all action pecessary to a full enforcement thereof; and further

Resolved, That we instruct the police force of this island to assist in every way in the carrying out an en-

"And in taking this action we do so in the full belief that, considering the peculiar conditions and strong public feeling and sentiment on the subject of cholers, that the Board of Health of Hopolulu would under the circum-stances approve of our action. SAM. F. CHILLINGWOBTH,

'Chairman. "GRORGE HONS.

"Secretary.

"Resolved, That the Board of Health of Maui will allow the following arti-cles to be landed at the port of Kahu-

cles to be landed at the port of Kahului till further notice:

"Rice, flour, grain, coal, medical
supplies, lumber, iron and steel castings and all other substances in the
composition of which nothing but
metal is used and coin (especially
fumigated under regulations of Board
of Health), all of said articles to be
funnigated after their shipment and in
the hold of the vessel. It being upthe hold of the vessel. It being understood that the article of hay will not be allowed to be landed, and be it properly fumigated.

President Smith hoped that complete eradification of the cholera plete eradification plete eradification of the cholera plete eradification of the cholera plete eradification of the cholera plete eradification plete eradification of the cholera plete eradification plete er fumigated after their shipment and in the hold of the vessel. It being un-

"Resolved, That the carriage of passengers between the islands other than Oabu be allowed it such carriage is on board of vessels which have not vietted than within the carriage is on board of vessels which have been such than the carriage is on board of vessels which are the carriage in the carriage is on board of vessels which are the carriage of vessels which the carriage of t not visited Oahu within fifteen days and are free from cholers before such passengers go on board, and said vessel has been first properly fumigated under the regulations of the Board of Health, and that no disease exists on the island of embarkation."

A letter was read from Dr. Green-field at Honokas, in which acknowl-edgment is made of rules and regula-the Kilanes Hou had landed freight tions received regarding freight and at different points on the Hamakua passenger traffic there. At a meeting beld at Honokas on September 16th the expression of satisfaction at the measures which the Honolulu Board of Health have taken for the welfare would soon for the welfare would soon for the welfare would soon for the passenger traffic there. At a meeting coast.

The question of lime came up and caused much discussion. It was brought out that the new quarry would soon for the welfare would soon for the passenger traffic there. of Health have taken for the weifare of the people on the other islands was unanimously endorsed. Besides the articles desired to be shipped to Honokas and endorsed by the meeting were lime, kerosene oil, cement, lumber, machine oil, whisky.

President announced that no ac-

count of the meeting had as yet

reached the Board. Mr. Giffard said his firm had copies of the proceedings; also that several others had been received by different parties in town.

The following account of the meeting was obtained from private sources: MEETING AT HAMAKUA.

"A large number of citizens were present at a meeting held in the Hamakua court house on the 10th, on the FREIGHT LANDED AT KAHULUI. call of Dr. Greenfield. Dr. C. L. Stowe, A. Moore and E. W. Estep were appointed a committee on resolutions and presented the following report:

"Your committee beg to present the following report to the meeting of the citizens of Hamakua, held at Honokaa, Hawaii, on the 10th of Septem-ber, to consider the landing in this district of passengers, freight and mail from steamers or sailing ressels from Honolulu, during the period of quar-

antine in that city. It was resolved: "First-That having confidence in the Board of Health in Honolulu and the precautions they have taken to disinfect all vessels, passengers, freights and mails, we agree to have landed all that may be forwarded here under their instructions.

fullest confidence in Dr. Green-

field, the resident agent of the Board "Third-That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Board of Health in Honolulu, with the request that Dr. Greenfield be kept officially informed of the progress of the cholers and that we be guided in the future by his advice as to the safety of con-

tinuing communications with Hono-"Respectfully submitted,

"C. I. STOWE. "E. W. ESTEP. 'On motion the report of the com-mittee was adopted without a dissent-

"On motion the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the Government

> "F. S. CLINTON, "Secretary.

President Smith informed the Board that the Kilauea Hou had landed freight at points along the Hamakua coast, but experienced considerable trouble at some of the piaces. The people at Laupahoehoe were suffering for the want of food; rice was quoted at \$15 a bag. Coal oil was becoming scarce on the other side of this island, and he wished to bring up the question of adding that to the articles to be shipped.

After considerable discussion it was decided to allow oil to be shipped to points on Oabu, if placed in cans and taken directly from the kerosene warehouse to the wharf.

Member Waterhouse called the attention of the Board to the fact that there was a lot of machinery on board the ship J. C. Glade for Hansmaula. The crew had had no connection with the shore, and the captain had been very particular about the use of water on the decks and about the steamer. He could see no reason why the ma-chinery should not be shipped to des-tination if taken direct from the vessel and sent out on a clean steamer. It would be known today whether the goods could be landed on Kauai, and as the articles were all of iron there was no danger of contagion. A mo-

President Smith thought it best not to raise any further objections on the part of the people of the other islands, and it had been decided to ship noth-Honolulu, for purposes of quaran- ing but actual necessaries. The question of sending coin to pay the laborers on the different plantations was

> the coin was taken to the iron works and steamed before being shipped. He could see no danger in allowing it

Rufus Spalding expressed the opinion that unless coin was sent to the plantations there would be no use sending anything else. The laborers must be paid off. All plantations were now one month behind in wages. Mr. Giffard spoke of the resolutions

passed at Hamakus, copies having been sent the Board. As they had not been received, he offered to furnish a copy sent his firm. The resolutions were to the effect that freight, passengers and mails would be allowed landing there without reference to what other localities might do.

The following letter was read from Chinese planters and dealers: "We, the undersigned rice factors and rice planters on the island of

Oahu, respectfully represent to the Honorable Board that they are very much in need of alum-tanned skins and wire cloth to keep their rice mills running; also of powder, caps and ARTICLES ALLOWED LANDING.

"At a continued meeting of the Maui Health Board, September 12th, it was further

ARTICLES ALLOWED LANDING.

"At a continued meeting of the Maui ands will draw largely on the rice supply of Oahn, they respectfully beg to request the Honorable Board to permit the shipment of the above mentioned articles to the rice plantations of this island.

J. A. McCandless thought half of the rice crop would be ruined if pow-der, shot and caps were not allowed to

be shipped. Request of Chinese petitioners

would soon furnish a quantity.
Mr. Giffard said Pasuhau plants-

plantations for which they were the

Mr. Swanzy asked the Board to consider the isolated position of Hamakua. That entire section was wholly dependent upon Honolulu not only for lime, but food products of all kinds.

President Smith was of the opinion that there should not be too much branching out for a week or two. Some of the articles asked to be placed on the shipping list were not absolutely essential to the well being of the people of the other islands. He favored sending all kinds of food sup-

Mr. Hackfeld, speaking for Schaefet & Co., said they were constructing new mills at Honokaa, and it was absolutely necessary to have lime and cement sent there. The firm had lime to send.

President Smith said that very care ful investigation had been made among the merchants for lime. It was needed very much in Honolulu and outside districts for disinfectant purposes. He was very much surprised to hear that some had been held back.

The list of articles mentioned in the letter of Dr. Greenfield from Honokaa and asked to be allowed shipment was "Second-That we hereby express taken up and acted upon separately. After considerable discussion it was decided to allow lime, kerosene

cement and machine oil to be placed on the shipping list. Dr. Howard said that one case of cholera had developed at a place where there was a lumber yard. The patient had vomited on the lumber. On motion action regarding lumber was deferred.

As regards whisky, Dr. Day thought it unnecessary to act, as it could be procured as desired with medical supplies. He was not in favor of allowing whisky to be shipped to the other islands when coffee and other necessaries were for-

Shipment of ice was brought up by President Smith. He could see no reason why ice could not be shipped to different points if sent without being packed. Ships could take all they wanted as stores, but none packed in

sawdust or other material. Member Lansing said that the steamer Likelike had been in quarantine for nine days. The steamship company wanted permission to dispatch the vessel and carry freight for Paatau and other places and bring back sugar. Granted.

On motion of Dr. Day the vessel will be loaded by lighters and inspected before departure.

Deputy Marshal R. H. Hitchcock and Captain C. J. Campbell were appointed agents of the Board of Health. They will have charge of the Inter-

Island wharf. Its Value Recognized by Physicians. As a rule I am opposed to proprietary medicines. Still I value a good one, especially when such is the source of relief from pain. As a topical (external) application I have found Chamberlain's Pain Balm the best remedy I have ever used for neuralgia of any kind. I have con-

scientiously recommended it to many WILLIAM HORNE, M. D., Janesville, Wis. Sold by all dealers BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H.I.

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Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters,
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Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron, best and
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Steel Rails, 18 and 20; Railroad Botts,
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Salmon, Corned Beef, etc. For sale on the most liberal terms and at the

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The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company has just received per "Helen Brewer" 50 Tons Soft Phosphate Florida, 150 Tons Double Superphosphate, 300 Tons Natural Plant Food, 25 Tons Common Superphosphate

Also per "Martha Davis" and other

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## Hamaiian Gazette.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, : SEPTEMBER 17, 1895.

AFTER the incident of Sunday, when posters were sent out advising the natives not to take the medicines given by the city physicians, one is inclined to lose all faith in human nature and admit that half the world is made up of idiots proud of their ignorance and desirous of blindfolding the remaining half. At a time like the present, such action is nothing short of criminal and should be dealt with accordingly. We can not call the names of the authors of such advice, but it will not take very long to find them out. The fact that they can read and write, which is usually regarded as a mark of average intelligence, is pretty good proof that they are "old enough to know better." These people who are thus posing as the friends of the Hawaiians must know that in no other way could they do the Hawaiians or any other race a greater injury. Summary arrest and sentence to imprisonment would be light punishment for the person or persons who have been instrumental in distributing such advice among the ignorant classes.

BISHOP WILLIS, in his Diocesan Magazine, improves the opportunity to further air his opinions on religious services in times of pestilence. The collection of words by which he attempts to vent his wrath upon the Government are devoid of anything approaching sound reason or common sense. We do not dispute the efficacy of prayer in times of distress or pestilence-in fact, we believe in it; but it is quite as important that a recognition of hygienic laws should go hand in hand with religious duties. Some years ago a steamer, on which Evangelist Moody was a passenger, was caught in a severe storm and disaster seemed inevitable. While the storm was at its height a prayer meeting was held in the cabin, and continued until the danger had passed. Had the thought, the communicants are by circumstances been such that the no means equally divided. At the captain deemed it necessary for time the census was taken all but each passenger to remain in his eight per cent, belonged to twentycabin, the prayers offered, according to the reverend bishop, would the denominational families were have been mere wordy utterances included 17,000,000 of the total and of no avail. It is unfortunate that men of the bishop's cranial divided as follows: Catholic tendencies should be allowed to run loose. It is useless to argue with Baptist 3,712 468, Presbyterian

inclined to take exception to what three denominations, the Catholic. they call the "constant criticism" Methodist and Baptist. Among of their work. In fact there are the Protestant communicants, those who go so far as to see some 8,000,000 out of 14,000,000 were in political phase in the request of the Methodist and Baptist of Capt. McStocker to report any churches. member of the sanitary corps who In the number of church sociemay not be doing his full duty, ties or organizations the Protest-Such suppositions are as far from ants far exceed the Roman Cathobeing correct as it is possible for a lics, which is doubtless due to the supposition to be. The excellent tendency of the latter denomination work that is being done by the vol- to include large districts in one unteer inspectors has gained for congregation. As between the city these men the appreciative good and the country, the larger will of the entire community. The proportion of the Catholics were people realize that many are tak- found in the city, about one-half ing time from their business and being in 124 cities with populations are laboring with no more tangible of 25,000 and upwards. Although reward in view than that they are the country districts are generally protecting their fellowmen from considered "more religious" than danger. Yet the fact remains that the cities, statistics show that prothere have been sub-inspectors who portionately to the population the have not kept quite up to the mark | number of religious communicants set by their written regulations, was greater in the city. In the 124 Fortunately there are not many, cities containing an aggregate perhaps not more than one or two, population of over 13,000,000, there but it is the one or two that may was one church member to every set to naught all the benefit de- 264 inhabitants, while in the rived from the careful work of all country there was one to 3.04. the others in the corps. As to the For valuation of church property politics of these men we know New York city stand at the head nothing or care nothing, and ten with \$55,000,000. Philadelphia bas hundred out of every thousand the largest number of church edisouls in the city are of the same fices, with Brooklyn second, Chiopinion. The inspectors who are cago third and New York fourth. following their instructions to the The small cities, as a rule, contain letter need take no offense; they the largest proportion of communiare the right men in the right cants. In New York city over threeplace, and they may depend upon fifths of the church members are it that there will be no attempt to Roman Catholics, and in Chicago, preventing the spread of disease as steamer. She was doing well at pick flaws in their work.

DAY OF RESCURICITY AND STEAM.

A most significant industrial alliance showing the increased respect with which railroad companies are coming to regard the advance of electricity as a motive power, is the recent consolidation of the Baldwin Lecomotive Works of Philadelphia and the Westinghouse Electrical Company of Pittsburg. Both of these corporations are among the largest in their respective lines and have money and ability galore at their command. While this combination of forces does not necessarily portend an immediate revolution in the methods of locomotion and replacing steam by electricity on the large railway systems, it indicates that electricity has become such a power that railway magnates realize that a friendly alliance will result more favorably than an out and out antagonism. The success of suburb an electric railway lines in the vicinity of nearly every large city in the United States has demonstrated that for local traffic electricity is a competitor of no mean proportion. Furthermore the electric roads are being extended from town to town, through rural districts until the steam railway is paralleled for miles by a system which is practically running its trains with but a few minutes intervening at a much smaller proportiona expense.

used on the long hauls of the trunk lines seems far distant at present. The parties to the combination state that they are not influenced immediately by any such outlook but are simply paving the way to meet competition by absorbing it and making ready to reap what benefits may accrue from the development of the new agent in its broadest sphere.

## UNITED STATES.

The compiled statistics of the churches of the United States recently sent out by the Census Bureau show that in 1890 there were 143 distinct denominations in the country and 156 independent organizations with a total membership of 20,612,806. Although the number of denominations is larger than might be anticipated at first six denominations, and in five of 20,612,806. This 17,000,000 were 6,257,871, Methodist 4,589,284, 1,278,332, and Lutheran 1,231,072 Thus, of the total church member-Some of the sub-inspectors are ship, seven-tenths were included in

Brooklyn and Philadelphia this de- they are themselves.

nomination claims not less than one-half of the total church mem-

Of the States and territories, New Mexico, which is strongly Roman Catholic, had the largest number of communicants in proportion to the population, or 68.85 per cent.; next came Utah with 61.62 per cent.; then Arizona, Catholic, with 45.24 per cent.; South Carolina, a Baptist stronghold, had 44.17 per cent.; Rhode Island 42.84, Massachusetts 42.11, and Connecticut 41.45. The other States and territories ranged from 32 84, in Pennsylvania to 7.93 in Oklahama. The increase in proportion to the population was particularly marked among the Protestants, the membership having increased 42 05 per cent. since 1880, while the increase of population was only 24.86 per

SNAP JUDGMENT OF PUBLIC MEN.

mer of 1795," Rav. Jas. M. Whiton brings out forcibly the manner in which public officers, the servants of the people, are often roundly condemned by an unthinking, popular mind for action which, in the light of following events, proves to have been not only a good stroke of diplomacy, but also one of the moves that maintained the dignity of the nation and diverted The prospect of electricity being its course from the brink of possible disaster. England had violated many of the stipulations of the treaty made at the close of the Revolutionary war. Hundreds of American vessels engaged in trade with France had been captured, any many American seamen imprisoned; English forts on the frontier had not been given up, and American blood was stirred to a point where another war seemed inevitable. At this juncture Wash-GROWTH OF CHURCHES IN THE ington dispatched John Jay, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, to England to negotiate a new treaty. It was a delicate as well as most thankless task. A favorable reception in England was, to many of his people at home, proof of intrigue with the hated officials of the mother country. A treaty was made, however, and ratified by the American Senate on a strict party vote of twenty to ten. This gave rise to a storm of indignation throughout the thirteen States, principally from the Jeffersonian ranks. Jay was burned in effigy and public speakers who supported the ratification were stoned by mobs. Many American concessions had been allowed and few obtained from Great Britain; the right of searching American vessels and the impressment of American seamen was not renounced. Yet this same treaty has gone down in history as a "masterpiece of diplomacy, considering the time and circumstances of this [United States]

> The lessons that may be drawn to produce 50. from this incident in history hold good at the present day. Human nature and the "popular mind" have changed but a little. Under high tension the individual and party magnifies its opinions to a degree of importance that obliterates the rights of others, and the power of reflection or recognition of the integrity of men who are guiding the destiny of the nation seems entirely forgotten. While charity toward public officials can hardly be expected, it is within the range of every average mind to exercise a fair degree of common sense in considering their action. It is easy to accuse men of being swayed by party jealousies and in- on sanitary measures as on coffee dividual aspirations, but it is quite another thing to prove the truth of the accusation. In times of public trial, of all others, all the calm. sober judgment that each individual can muster should be brought into play. There is no time or place for hatching petty misrepre-

THE residents of Hamakua seem to be about the only people of the other islands who have settled down to a common sense, business-

#### CALM REFLECTION NEEDED. Communications from the other

islands are a very good proof that a fair proportion of the people have become worked up to a high pitch of excitement that has rendered them blind to nearly everything but their own fears. We trust that by the time the next wail reaches them they will have become sufficiently calm to listen to reason and put some trust in the opinions of those equally considerate of their welfare and equally competent to pass judgment on the means necessary to protect other districts from infection. The people of Hilo have apparently come to earth in a very sensible manner, and we believe the inhabitants of other. their erratic flight and consider where they are heading. While it devolves upon every resident of every community to realize the gravity of the situation, these same In a short sketch written for the people are in duty bound to exer-Outlook, entitled "The Mad Sumcise a certain amount of discretion, so that conditions will not be more complicated as a result of their action. For all our national reputation for hospitality and kind treatment of visitors from other lands, it will be some time before the Raymond excursionists will forget their reception on the island of Hawaii. Under the most favorable circumstances, it will take a good many months for the country to recover from the set-back it has received during the past few weeks, and whether the depression is made less serious or jammed down over our head and ears depends upon the exercise of common sense by the intelligent classes.

> THE editor of the Anglican Church Chronicle very properly calls attention to the lack of attention paid the requirements of the law concerning the registration of births. Unfortunately this country is sadly deficient in statistics, one phase having been pointed out in the report of the Labor Commission. The Chronicle says: "We do not see how an accurate census can be made if the births of children are not registered. Parents are neglectful to register their newborn infants, and it is often the cause of injury to the child in after life when the date of birth cannot be ascertained and easily proved," It is anticipated that the next census will be complete in many of this. the important details that have been overlooked in the past, but any amount of care can hardly make up for a lack of attention to a department of the work which to be reasonably accurate must be constantly kept in hand.

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Public schools will open five weeks after the last case of cholera. Instead of 150 barrels of lime, the new lime kiln will only be able

It was reported last night that "Opium" Brown came down by the Claudine yesterday.

Judge W. F. Frear and wife returned by the Claudine from a lengthy visit to points on Maui.

When the quarantine is lifted, Miss Prescott will go to Kohala as teacher of English in the Chinese Mission School, Makapala.

At a meeting of the Committee of Ten held yesterday morning it was decided to procure all the lime possible for the purpose of disinfecting the infected districts of the

E. S. Barthrop, a coffee planter on the big island, is doing inspection duty for the Citizens Committee. He is now as thoroughly posted

The current number of the Planters' Monthly contains a number of excellent articles on various subjects. Asiatic cholera and the Hawaiian Board of Health receive

T. E. Wall has concluded his duties of inspecting the books of the customs office at Hilo, and is expected to return home by the next steamer. Arthur Richardson has been duly installed as col-

Word was received from Hawaii are not so excited that they cannot Miss Eva Parker Lad a severe fall realize that the authorities of from a horse at her home in Mana Honolulu are quite as interested in just previous to the sailing of that preventing the spread of disease as a teamer. She was a started to the pains being carried on. I think if the people on the other islands were aware of the pains being taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the preventions to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the prevention to the pains taken, they would feel more confidence in the prevention to the pains taken. latest reports.

W. O. Smith Furnishes a Succinct Account of the Situation.

Right to Protect Themselves, but Should Give Honolulu Health Board

President Smith, of the Board of Health, will send a number of copies of this letter to people on the other islands today. It is not an official document, but a succinct account of the cholera epidemic, districts will do well to pause in with comments on the action of the people regarding the landing of freight and passengers on the other islands

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH,

HONOLULU, H. I., MONDAY, 6:30 p. m., Sept. 16, 1895. DEAR SIR:—We have been much troubled by the extreme views taken by some people on each of the other islands. The Hawaii people seem the most reasonable, Maui next and Kanai worst.

While it is reasonable that every one on the other islands should see to it that cholera is not permitted to be introduced, they should give us here credit with having some sense.

We are working day and night, and judge. We cannot understand why the Kauai people should support the idea that an eighteen days quaran-

European and American authorities limit the period of incubation of cholera to six days, at the outside. That is the period in which the discase will appear after the germs for ease will appear after the germs (or bacilli) are introduced into the sys-tem. If a person is free from cholera tem. If a person is free from cholera and does not take any of the germs into him (meanwhile), after six days there is no danger that he will have the disease. His clothing or effects may contain the germs, especially if damp, for a long time Eighteen days will not render them safe any more than twenty-eight or thirty-eight days unless they are disinfected.

Now, our proposition is (and the one we have been following) to fumigate the ship thoroughly, disinfect the crew and fumigate all their clothes and effects; the same as to passen-

and effects; the same as to passen-gers. Then have them go into quar-antine for six days; then take off freight to the ship under every safe-guard we can devise. And (now we have added) before she sails have the ship and cargo fumigated. After all that we consider it safe to let them take the freight and passengers to the other islands.

If those on the other islands think they know better, or if they wish additional precautions taken, why don't they consent to let the passen-gers go into quarantine on the island, as the Hilo people have done and as Messrs. Fairchild and Spalding have asked to be allowed to do.

Fairchild and Spalding offered to go into quarantine at their beach home, to be guarded in any way the Kauai committee required, and pay all ex-penses themselves. We cannot under-

Our action in appointing a committee upon each island was to have their co-operation, but not to have act in defiance of the Board of Health and Government here.

I do not believe any of them have intended to act in opposition to the Board of Health, but do believe that many people, through want of infor-mation, and misinformation, and undue fear, have erred in judgment. Mr. Knudsen ought not to have been sent back from Kauai. It was un-

mecessary and wrong.
We do not wish to force freight or passengers onto any island, but we do wish reasonable action taken. Cholera is a dreadful disease.

us who have been with the sick and dying during the past few weeks realize this; and we realize what a terrible thing it would be if it were introduced into the other islands, but we must be

reasonable.

If the people on any island do not feel that our precautions are sufficient, or, in spite of efforts and good intentions there still is danger, let them add a reasonable quarantine for pas-sengers (say five or six days) after they have undergone our require-ments and arrived at the island; and let them have the freight fumigated again on board the vessel before landing, or on shore if they prefer; but don't ask that passengers and freight lay in a vessel off Honolulu fifteen or eighteen days.

If clothing or personal effects com-ing from an infected place are not disinfected (by fumigation or some other way), they are no more safe in eighteen days than they are in eighty days. If they are thoroughly disin-fected, they are as safe in eighteen hours as they are in eighteen days. Merchandise in original packages is considered safe, especially if fumi-

gated on the outside. One great fear we have of goods coming from Japan is that much of it is put up by persons manufacturing on a small scale in places where cholera

is epidemic.

The goods we now allow to be sent from Honolulu are: Rice, flour, tea, medical supplies, grain, lime, cement, kerosene oil, machine oil, and coal in

It will be observed that of the articles of food all have to be cooked be-fore using. Hay we have stricken from the list. Articles of machinery may be sent on special permits, de-pending upon what it is.

We feel much more hopeful now

than for some time that we have the disease under control. The utmost vigilance is observed; hundreds of men are on guard and inspecting; disin-fecting, fumigating and burning are being carried on

## SOME FACTS ABOUT CHOLERA, Timely Topics

September 11, 1895.

A hundred years ago in a quaint old English inn, located in the heart of London, at a table beer stained and aged, sat two very curious looking characters playing at cards. One was rough, unclean, shabby and much the worse for wear-Martin by name. The other poor in appearance, was however neat, refined and attractive; one whose genius we admire, whose wit always refreshes us,-it was Charles Lamb.

The two men played long into the night, and while beer and something stronger found its willing course, down their ever thirsty throats, Lamb kept up his accustomed broadside of wit. The night passed into the early morning and yet they played. Luck kept favoring Lamb, when toward the close certainly have better opportunities to judge. We cannot understand why bright idea, and the consciousness of the dirt which the morning light seemed to reveal more clearly in the appearance of his companion, he said: "Martin, if dirt was trumps what hands you would hold!"

During the last few weeks

our beautiful city has been visited with a plague whose beginning was accomplished by the uncleanness of various parts of the city. Cholera reigns supreme where dirt and filth are, and the only sure way to kill the comma bacilli is to take away the generators. Thanks to the untiring efforts of the citizens and the Board of Health this is being done and in a few days more we hope to see the cholera stamped out. Still the germs may remain and spring up at any time unless watched very carefully. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Thousands die from unnecessary exposure to infectious diseases. Keep your home healthy and free om disease by using the ROBERTS OZONATOR which is the most complete germ destroyer and atmospheric purifier known to chemical science. They are endorsed by Boards of Health in all principal cities, as no contagious diseases can be contracted when used. The OZONATOR kills disease germs, and neutralizes unpleasant odors. It is a preventive of disease and will make your home healthy, besides imparting a fragrance throughout the rooms, giving them an air of purity. It is the best and cheapest disinfector known and is within the reach of all. All foods eaten at the present time should be fresh, not old and decayed. Milk and butter two of our staple articles should be kept cool in order to impart their true flavor. The Belding New Perfection, special make refrigerator is the proper receptacle for your foods. It is an improvement on anything in the refrigerator line, being so constructed as to allow the proper amount of ventilation and the passing of cold air throughout. To those who wish an ice box in place of a refrigerator we can recommend the ALASKA which was awarded the premium at the Mid-Winter Fair as the most compact, accessible and in every way suited to family use. Warranted not to sweat and to be a great ice preserver. Every one is acquainted with the California Lawn Sprinklers. Help nature to make all things beautiful as well as healthy.

307 FORT STREET.

## NEWS OF "QUIET LITTLE HILO."

Excitement Plenty and Some Difference of Opinion.

SOCIAL EVENTS GO ON AS USUAL.

Well Stocked With Provisions Excepting Rice-ships in From the Coast. Protest Concerning Manner of Handling Mails-Hilo Not Panic-Stricken.

HILO (Hawaii), Sept. 7 .- Quiet little Hilo has had its quota of excitement in social and business circles this week. Since the news reached here that cholera had made its appearance in Honolulu, the people on Hawaii have been more or less fearful lest the terrible scourge might spread to this island. At a meeting of the business men of Hilo and vicinity a committee was appointed to consider the best plans to pursue in the matter of quarantine, and it was decided that the most stringent measures had better be enforced.

Owing to a shortage in the supply of rice on hand the steamer Hawaii has been chartered to go to the windward side of Oahu or to Kausi for a difference of opinion as to whether or not the Hall should have been allowand it certainly seems that rather rigid measures were taken in refusing to receive the freight after such pre-

by the Board of Health in Honolulu.

There is a good store of provisions on hand and the Santiago is expected very soon with a full cargo, but there is a shortage of rice, and without rice managers can not expect the Japanese. managers can not expect the Japanese laborers to continue their work in the fields. At Waiakea the Japanese are not working on the plantations, and on other plantations the situation is

much the same.

Hakalau, Pepeekeo, Wainaku and Waiakea have just received large shipments of flour, feed and provisions on the Annie Johnson which arrived

on the 21st ult., but the plantations depending upon Honolulu for freight are short of stock now.

Most sincere sympathy is extended to Honolulu in these days of trouble and anxiety, and it is earnestly hoped that the dread disease will be confined to the one quarter, as reported, so that able and willing hands will find it possible to cope with the threatening

The young folks who attempted to have a basket picnic on Cocoanut lsland one beautiful moonlight night, found it necessary to repair to the found it necessary to repair to the home of one of their number to feast on the goodies contained in their baskets.

A most delightful evening was spent at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Austin by many of ber friends last Thursday evening. After liha and King streets near where cases some seven or eight games at six-banded euchre, the guests were in-landed euchre, the guests were inhanded euchre, the guests were in-vited to partake of ice cream and

A most elaborate reception was held at the elegant home of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Scott, Wainaku, last Wednesday evening, the 31st. It was in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Cockburn, who were married that evening. Some hundred or more guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. Cockburn and Mr and Mrs. Scott between the hours of eight and ten. After that, their spacious hall was arranged for dancing. During the evening the guests were invited into the beautiful lanai where retreshments were served. The decorations were most tasteful and pretty. Mr. and Mrs Cock-burn departed about midnight amid a shower of rice. They have taken up their abode in the Coan place, form-erly occupied by Deputy Sheriff Wil-

liams and family.

The Hilo Social Club held a pleasant meeting at the home of Charles E Richardson. Music and comic dialogues helped to make the evening most enjoyable. The meeting was in the nature of a farewell to Misses Elvira and Ivy Richardson who left on the bark Annie Johnson for the Coast. They will go on East where they expect to remain for some time. Miss Esther Lyman, daughter of

Senator F. S. Lyman, left on the Annie Johnson to be absent some years with relatives in the Eastern States. Ronald Kennedy, of Waiakea, re-turned to San Francisco on the Johnson to resume his school duties at San

The Annie Johnson, Rock, captain, The Annie Johnson, Rock, captain, arrived on the 21st ult., fourteen days from San Francisco, with a full cargo of freight and live stock and twelve passengers, as follows: Mrs. W. H. Shipman, Miss Roy, Miss Dillon, Miss Percy Carter, Mrs. E. E. Richards and two children, Miss Schoen, Miss C. Leeloy, Messra, George N. Day, E. H. Wak-field and James Lisson.

There is a large number of visitors

There is a large number of visitors from Honolulu here, some of whom would like to go home. Mr. Wall has completed his labors at the custom house and has nothing further to keep him here, as Mr. Arthur Richardson has been installed in his new office. Hon. William C. Wilder would like

to go home also.

Miss Julia Tanner and Miss Helen
Sorenson will leave on the Hawaii
for Honolulu this evening.

Miss Florence Scott. of Kona, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Cockburn.

Miss Brewer is the guest of Mrs. J.

A. Scott. Miss M. Lyman, of Chicago, is visit-

ing relatives here.

PUBLICUS PROTESTS VIGOROUSLY. Calls Action of Rawaii Health Board Spiteful and False.

Ms. EDITOR:-For and on behalf of the people, merchants and plantation interests of North Hilo, Hamakua and the two Kohalas, I wish to enter a most vigorous protest against the high-hand-ed, spiteful, deceitful and false manner

which the public mail service has

been prostituted by a set of men in Hilo, who style themselves the Board of H-alth of the island of Hawaii. The Claudine entered Hilo yesterday morning, and after some discussion as to pas-sengers, the mail for that village was landed and distributed without any landed and distributed without any fumig stion other than it received in Honolulu. At the same time, word was sent out that the mail had left for North Hilo and Hamakua. Mr. Barnard, post-master at Laupabo-hoe, sent out to the dead line at Hakalau to receive it, but when the special returned he had no mail except a little picked up on the route. On inquiry, Hilo informed all the above districts that there was no mail for them. This false information was held to until 11 o'clock today, when we were again informed that our mail was on the Claudine and would be landed in Mahukona, where it must be again fumigated before being delivered. If the powers that be intend to let the mail service be run by a set of men as an instrument of personal spite and gain, we have no more to say. But we don't think they do.

Hawaii, September 14, 1895.

Hilo Not "Panie-Stricken."

Mr. Eprron: -All the talk in the late papers about "panic stricken Hilo," etc., etc., is bosh Hiloites are acting almost as one man in the determination to keep cholera out of this island if possible, and out of this district at all hazards. Honolulu, although an infected port, has taken about the same precautions in relation to the Rio de Janeiro-so no stones, if you please. We are satisfied that the authorities in Honolulu are doing all in their power to prevent this disease spreading to the other islands, and we are satisfied that we can assist their efforts by vigilance at our end of the line. The freight allowed to be landed by the Clautine is now undergoing fumigation, cargo of that staple. There is a vast and to those who are waiting to hear difference of oninion is to whether or how Sheriff Hitchcock will "settle those Hilo reb ls " we can say that be is rested to land her freight and passengers, other passengers on Cocoanut Island.

Hilo, September 13, 1895

and Hawaii Today.

Every Care Taken to Prevent Spread of Disease-No Coercion Unless Unreasonable Extremes Resorted to.

Following is a copy of a circular letter that will be sent to agents of the Board of Health on Maui and Hawaii by today's mail:

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, HONOLULU. H. I., Sept. 16, 1895.

SIR:-Enclosed berewith you will find the official cholera bulletin made the town since last Friday. During that time four cases had developed in the hospital among persons who had been taken there from infected houses. Since the bulletin was made up, one case has appeared at the corner of Li-

now but four cases in the sick ward of the hospital and eight cases in the convalescent ward.

We are endeavoring to use every care and take every precaution to prevent the spread of the disease and eradicate it wholly, and feel very much encouraged. Neither money,

time or effort are spared.

In regard to the precautions which een taken as to the sending of freight and passengers to the other islands I would state, that we have done all that appears to us to be necessary to prevent any reasonable possibility of the disease spreading to the other islands; only a limited number of articles are allowed to be shipped and these of the most necessary char-acter. The wharf from which they are shipped is quarantined; the boats and men which convey the freight to the ships are disinfected and fumigated; the ships themselves are kept in strict quarantine outside the harbor; all articles of clothing, linen and of a similar character are fumigated before they are taken on board the ships; and we have now adopted the addi-tional precaution of requiring that each ship, after she is loaded, shall, with her cargo, be fumigated for twelve hours before sailing.

While we have not required that people upon the other islands shall receive the freight or passengers which we permit to go after taking the pre-cautions which we deem necessary, it cannot be expected that any man or body of men upon the other islands shall decide the measures that we are to adopt before allowing vessels to leave this port.

If the committees appointed by the Board upon the other islands deem it necessary to require that additional quarantining or fumigating be per-formed before allowing the freight or passengers to land or be distributed, we will not interfere with such provisions, provided they are not carried

to unreasonable extremes.

The period of incubation of cholera does not exceed six days, so that if a ship has been in quarantice with her crew or with passengers for six days, and if the ship is thoroughly fumigated before the crew and passengers go on board of her, and the clothing and effects of the persons on board of the ship are thoroughly fumigated before they are taken on board, the only source of contagion which remains is from the cargo and articles which are taken on board after they go into quarantine. In view of the precautions taken in regard to the treight and articles taken on board, as above stated, we believe that it is safe to land the freight and passengers

If, however, the committee upon any of the other islands deem it best to take other precautionary measures they do so upon their own responsi-By order of the Board of Health.

upon the other islands.

Respectfully yours, President Board of Health.

## HOW KOHALA PEOPLE TOOK IT.

Meeting of Citizens Declares for Strict Quarantine.

NO IMMEDIATE NEED PROVISIONS.

Considerable Sharp Discussion as to the Most Advisable Course-Resolutions Presented and the One Adopted-Not Fearful, but Nervous-Whisky Scarce,

KOHALA (Hawaii), Sept. 9.-The one subject of supreme interest here is the cholera. Some are more anxious than others, but all talk about it. A great many are satisfied with speculating as to how long it will take to conquer the disease and destroy the last germ. There is nothing in the nature of a panic here, though nervous people get a start whenever they hear of anyone being taken ill. There is a good stock of provisions in hand with the single exception of rice, and the Hawaii has been sent out for a supply. It is understood she may go as far as Kauai. The meat and potato supply is practically unlimited. The vessels Jennie Wand and J. G. North arrived here just after the beginning of the epidemic, with very considerable supplies of provisions and horse feed, and one or both of these vessels may be expected back within six weeks with additional supplies. So the district is able to stand a long siege, if the Board of Health think it wise to maintain the quarantine of Honolulu.

question of inter-island communica-tion was called on Monday night, September 9th, at the courthouse at Kapaau. Citizens and non-citizens responded to the number of about fifty in all. The meeting was called to order at about 8 p.m. and Rev. A. Ostrom was appointed chairman. He opened the meeting by mentioning the general public interest regarding the possible spread of the disease. He then read the regulations of the Board of Health concerning inter-island communication. The regulations bad been received by telephone from Hilo after the meeting had been called. They were listened to with the utmost interest and attention. Before proceeding further E. C. Bond was appointed interpreter, and J. Barnett secretary. H. C. Holstein spoke of the gravity of the situation and read

A public meeting to consider the

the following resolution:
"The people of Kohala in convention
assembled, do make the following declaration on the cholera question which has been forced as a leading issue with them this day. Without any hesitation it has become known that Honolulu is infected with Asiatic cholera, it having been so decided by the Hawaiian Board of Health. From the beginning of said disease the Board of Health has been untiring in their efforts in suppressing the scourge and in refusing to allow coasters to leave Honolula for the other islands with passengers or freight, such action of the Board we heartily commend and approve. We believe that failure to accomplish that object would have resulted in a grievous wrong, as experience has shown that unexampled distress would have followed if such quarantine had not been rigidly enforced. Duty to the people requires the Board of Health to continue quarantining until its efforts of suppressing the disease are crowned with success; and while we sympathize with the people of Honolulu in this their great calamity and offer our heartfelt condolence to the relatives and friends of those poor unfortunates who were victims of the dread disease, we feel that at this time our own pre servation compels us to seek means for our own protection; and further, it having come to our knowledge that certain persons in Honolulu are endeavoring to urge the Board of Health to allow coasters to leave Honolulu for ports of the other islands with freight and passengers under certain conditions, therefore be it

"Resolved, That we are irrevocably opposed to the lauding of any freight or passengers on our shores from Ho-nolulu, until such further time as our medical adviser shall deem fit and proper; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this regu-lation be sent to the Board of Health and one to the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE." G. F. Renton read the following:

"Resolved, That we hereby express our confidence in, and appreciation of, the measures taken by the Board of Health for the preservation of the public health during the present epidemic of cholera; and be it further "Resolved, That we abide by and

iphold the Board of Health in the fulfillment of measures taken or to be taken for the preservation of the public health and of all other arrange-ments made or to be made by the Board for the necessities of trade between the islands of this group."

G. P. Kamauoba made a long address, speaking of the danger of cholera and the desirability of preventing its spread. He nrged that in adopting Mr. Holstein's resolution "we are only carrying out the Board of Health's regulations in protecting ourselves."

J. Barnett thought the careful restrictions of the Board of Health regarding passengers ought to satisfy any reasonable person. As regards freight, consignees might decline to -ceive it, if danger of infection was feared from that source.

W. Atkins proposed looking out for ourselves, and was opposed to the landing of either freight or passengers from Honolulu.

W. P. McDougall drew attention to the fact that other districts in the island were admitting freight and passengers, and considered that in view of this fact it would be idle on our part to establish strict quarantine against Honolulu while it would be practically impossible to establish quarantine against these other dis-

C. Uluihi thought the people were not considering what was to be done

in other districts, but what it was best to do here. G. F. Renton considered that any

attempt to interfere with the landing of freight or passengers under permis-sion of the Board of Health would be an attempt against the laws of the Republic, and was not to be thought

C. S. Kynnersley thought that the freight sent from Honolulu was intended only to supply the actual needs of the people, and as it was not needed here it might safely be returned.

Dr. Bond was called upon more than once for his professional opinion

on various points. He said he was acting under the Board of Health and must carry out their instructions. He thought the restrictions placed upon passengers ought to relieve any one of anxiety on their account. The hand-ling of freight he considered more dangerous. He thought the germs of disease might retain their vitality for

a long period on merchandise.

Mr. Pulas explained his position as
the exponent of the law, and said he could not legally resist the landing of anything allowed by the authorities in Honolulu. Many others spoke according to their views. A motion to indefinitely postpone Mr. Renton's resolution was carried by a very large majority. Mr. Holstein's resolution was then adopted by practically the same majority—about thirty-seven— a number not voting. Most of the native citizens, some of the white citizens, and almost every non-citizen present voted in favor of Mr. Holstein's resolution. There was no question as to the feeling of the majority of those present. It was a desire for absolute quarantine from Hono-lulu, in every matter except the mails. The meeting was orderly and the discussion was earnest. The tone of the remarks was on the whole kindly and reasonable, and every one fully realized the untiring efforts of the Board of Health to minimize the dangers of infection, while endeavor-ing to supply the needs of the people. Before the meeting adjourned the Secretary was instructed to forward copies of Mr. Holstein's resolution to the captain of the Claudine, both to Mahukona and Kawaihae, so that he might be apprised of the public feel-ing before any freight or passengers were landed.

The public schools have all been started, substitutes having been provided in the places of those teachers detained in Honolulu.

The tap of the local saloon has run dry, and some are bemoaning the prospects of a long drouth.

# A NOBLE FIGHT.

An Eminent Southern Lawyer's Long Conflict With Disease.

wenty-five Years of Prosperity, Adversity and Suffering. The Great Victory Won by Se Stubborn ence Over a Disease.

(From the Atlanta, 6 a., Constitution.)

From the Atlanta, da., Constitution.)

Foremost among the best known lawyers and farmers of North Carolina stands Col. Issac A. Sugg, of Green ille. Mr. Sugg has resided in Greenville 22 years. While nearly everyone in Pitt Co. knows Mr. S's history, perhaps all do not know of his return to business again after an illness of 16 years. No man has gone through more than he, and lived. It was a case of the entire breaking down of the retvous system, attended by exeruciating, agonizing, anendurable pain. Opiates and stimulants only quieted temporarily, and all treatments failed him. Only his leve of family and friends prevented suicide. He told a reporter the following interesting story:

"I kept at my work as long as I could but nature gave way at last and I succumbed to the inevitable. My estire nervous sys-

"I kept at my work as long as I could but nature gave way at last and I succumbed to the inevitable. My entire nervons system had been shattered by the stimulants and opiates I had taken, my blood had actually turned to water, my weight had dropped from 173 pounds to 123, and it seemed to everybody that the end was in sight. Why I could not bear the gentle hand of my wife to bathe my limbs with tepid water. I was simply living from hour to hour. I had made my will, settled my business and waited for the last strandfol life to snap.

It was at this time that a somewhat similar case \*s my own was brought to my

It was at this time that a somewhat similar case as my own was brought to my notice. This man had saffered very much as I had, his life had been despaired of as mine had and yet he had been cured. Think what that little ward meant to me-CURED. The report stated that the work had been accomplished by a medicine known as Dr. Williams' link Pills for Pale People. I investigated the report thoroughly and found that it was tue in detail. Then I procured some of Dt. Williams' Pink Pills and began taking been and began to get better. I began to seep like a healthful child, sound, calm and peaceful. My appetite came back and, my nerves were soothed and restored to heir normal condition and I felt like a lew man. But the greatest blessing was the mental improvement. I began to read and digest, to formulate new plans, to take interest in my law practice, which began to come back to me as soon as my clients ealized that I was again myself. After a apse of 10 years I ride horseback every day without fatigue.

"That Dr. Williams' link Pills saved my life is beyond doubt, and I am spreading their praise far and wide."

Au impoverished condition of the blood,

their praise far and wide."

Au impoverished condition of the blood, or a disordered condition of the nerves, is the fruitful source of host ills that affect mankind, and to any this affected Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy and certain cure. No other remedy has ever met with such great and continued access which is cure. No other remedy has ever met with such great and continued success, which is one of the strongest proces that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills accomplish at that is claimed for them. They are an unfilling cure for locomotor ataxia, partial gradysis, St. Vitus' nance, sciatios, neoralga, rheumatism, ner vous headache, palpitation of the heart nervous prostration, diseases depending upon vitiated blood such a scrofule, chronic crysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to femiles, coring all forms of weakness. In men bey effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature.

of weakness. In men hey effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwors, or excesses of any nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co. Brackwill, Canada and 45 Holborn Viacuet, London, Eng. They are put up in round glass bottles, the wrapper covering which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams" Pink Pills for Pale People." As there are initiations of this wonderful remedy, see hat the above tradmark is on every packa e you purchase, and promptly refuse all im fations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Bills are sold by The Hollister Drng Co., Hon valu, wholesale agents, and all dealers in medicine

S. T. ALEXANDER. H. P. BALDWIN

ALEXANDER & BALDWIN,

No. 3 California st., San Francisco.

Commission Merchants

Island orders promptly filled.

Description of Places Recently Visited by Rev. C. M. Hyde.

MANY OLD NATIVE TRADITIONS.

ne Great Convulsion Responsible for the Formation of the Island-Ideal Land for Sugar Plantations-Valuable Pasturage on Northern Shore

PART I.

No one who knows the islands and the discomforts of traveling about them would think of making a visit to Molokai as a pleasure trip. What-ever vessel you may select out of the inter-island fleet of steamers there is the Kaiwi channel to be crossed only twenty-three miles between Oahu and Molokai but it is rough with head winds and choppy waves. And when the painful secsations of seasickness are ended, the transfer from steamer to shore is by no means the delightful way of escape with which a delusive hopefulness would buoy up the sink-ing soul of the seasick traveler. If it be midnight and the captain be afraid to approach too near the mile wide reef that stretches out from the coast of Molokai, the prospect of being dropped into an open boat away out from the land and then borne forward in the darkness to a faint flickering light is anything but exhilarating ! Fortunately for me it was daylight and a smooth sea. Captain Simer-son, in charge of the W. G. Hall, was very accommodating, and stopped the steamer close by a boat sent out from Kaunakakai. The four oarsmen took but twenty minutes to row from ship to shore; but the last one hundred yards proved to be such shallow water, that the men laid aside their oars, stepped over the side of the boat and pushed it forward until it touched the sandy beach and I stepped out on the solid land. Near by, a double row of stones marked the failure of an experiment tried some years ago to give Molokai a Government wharf. The enterpris-ing Chinaman, who cuts firewood from the algaroba thicket that lines the shore for miles at this point, has built a small pier on which he has a railway to expedite the loading of wood on board his little schooner. He is proposing to dig an artesian well and in case he finds water will proceed to put the land into shape for rice fields. It must be rich soil for it has had the wash of the hills for ages.

It would seem as if in some great convulsion Molokai has been tipped up from the earthward side and the northern part of it tipped into the abysmal depths of the ocean. Besides that, there is apparently going on a gradual elevation of the southern coast. Where once the tide came up there is now dry land. This is the work of great tellurial forces. Bu there is a no less interesting operation of similar forces acting now in conjunction with local conditions. The island slopes from east to west, the highest portion being the eastern end. But there has also been, at some time, a break in the western slope. The whole land of Kaluakoi, about eight miles equare, has been lifted up at the eastern extremity 800 feet. The adjoining land of Palaau was also elevated somewhat, on the other side of the fissure. Consequently it slopes gradually two ways—east-erly and southerly. It is the ideal land for a sugar plantation. There are vast plains of red earth uncut by guilies, in every way well adapted for irrigation. The soil is rich and deep and beneath it is a stratum of papaa kea, forming a natural drainage as well as a mine of fertilizing material. But there is no water on all these thousands of acres. Toward the southern shore the land descends quite rapidly and the surface is strewn with stones, and without vegetation, save a ew withered weeds here and there. On the northern shore line where the ocean winds unload their burden of water vapor, the manienie grass grows water vapor, the maniente grass grows luxuriantly. It is in fact so rapid in growth that the cattle pastured on the land cannot keep it down and the rank growth gets high and dry and

If in the fissure between two lands, Kalulakoi and Palaau, artesian wells could strike a water bearing stratum and bring water to the surface, the land that is not worth more than ten cents would be worth a hundred dollars an acre. That such a project is feasible and might be successful would seem to be indicated by the fact that at the northern end of the fissure is a spring beneath tide level. The natives get their drinking water there when occupying the spot tem-porarily as a fishing station. Near this Moomomi fishing station

the land projects into the sea, forming a cove. But a canoe could not be managed easily on the turbulent waters amid the rocks that protrude above the waves. The natives fish with a net, but manage it by swimming hither and yon. That fatal ac-cidents are incident to this hazardous plan of fishing would seem to be indi-cated by the many skeletons that the winds are continually excavating from the sandy point near by, which was apparently a burying ground in the olden times.

Ascending from Moomomi to the ledge that forms the eastern boundary of the land of Kaiuakoi, the traveler comes upon what the Hawalians call "Ka laina wawae." On what was once a sea beach, now hardened into solid rock, are human foot-steps or some of nature's wonderful simulations of human forms. A slab or two might be removed and kept at the Bishop Museum, for exhibition or scientific investigation.

About half-way across the land of Kaluakoi, from north to south, rises a neil, Kahalelani, and from its top the eastern end of the plateau lies spread out, all good grazing land. West of this hill, across the land from north to south, stretches a line of yellow, shifting and, Ke one lele. The clouds of sand, as the sun strikes them, have the appearance of flames of fire. Beyond this point I did not go. It would have taken me all day to ride to the extreme west end of the

island, where the lightbouse (ka lae o ka lani) keeper lives as lonely a life as a prisoner condemned to solitary confinement. It is an important lighthouse station, but there are very few that would accept an appointment to such a position with its light labor but lonesome location. Descending the hill on the southern slope of Ka Hale Lani we came to a grassy hill in the ravine of Makana. Here we dismounted, and while the horses nibbled the grass we refreshed ourselves with the ample supply Mine Host Meyer had put up for us, Within the compass of twenty feet each side were twenty different varieties of Hawalian trees—milimili, ulei, kalui, hau, lima, nais and so on. There was also a fine specimen of kaunoa, the Hawalian air plant, a species of cascuta.

Returning by the southern side of Mauna Loa we came to the site of the home of Kalalpahoa, the poison god, or goddess (authorities vary). Some little distance from it is the temple or Aciau. In former times, so runs the tradition, there grew in that locality a lethal tree or grove. To pass to the windward of it so as to inhale the odor wafted from it was sure death. Birds fell dead on flying over it. The poison-

wafted from it was sure death. Birds fell dead on flying over it. The poison-ous properties of the locality were attributed to a particular tree. The minutest scraping of its wood or bark mixed with any one's food or drink was sure poison. Native kahunas or medicine men came from all over the islands in recent years hunting around in this locality to find some pieces of root or wood. But the searching has been in vain, as well as that of recent kings and others to find the treasure cave of the Molokai chief. A chiefess, or kahu, who knew the secret of the cave, died some years ago, and the knowledge of its exact locality died

Between the grove and the beiau of Kalaipahoa is a bowling green, Ka hua ulu maika, where in olden times the Hawaiians congregated from far and near, for trials of skill at their favorite sport. The alley, for such it was, is an artificial depression in the grassy turf, about two feet wide and grassy turf, about two feet wide and 300 long, with a slight descent from west to east. It is a most sightly place overlooking the channel between Molokai and Lanai. The latter island looms up like some monster moo from the blue waters of the Pacific. There is an old story of a famous maika-player of the olden time, Umikupa of Molokai. A native of Kohala who was a great gamester had lost all his wealth. Determined to get the better of those who had choused him out of his property, he came to him out of his property, he came to Molokai and sought the aid of Umikupa, who agreed to befriend him. The two returned to Kohala and soon the fame of the stranger from Molokai was spread abroad through the district. Finally, there came a challenge from the Kohala player to a game, and the stakes were high. The Molokai player's turn came last of all. There were various forms of the game, and various shapes of the ulumaika. The stones most commonly used were The stones most commonly used were cylindrical; but Umikupa rolled a round stone, weighty, and of so a true a shape, and of such equal quality in every part that, hurled by his strong arm, nothing could stand before it. His competitors lost everything they had hazarded, and, after paying over to the Kohala gambler sufficient to make up for his losses, Umikupa returned to Molokai with large additions to his own possessions.

tions to his own possessions.

Two other localities in Kaluakoi, that I visited have interesting legends connected with them. One is ka umu o ka peelua. The story goes that a young Hawaiian maiden, whose parents had been tenderly careful of her. began to drop and fade without any perceptible cause. Such simple remedies as they used proved inefficacious. Then the parents had recourse to an old kahuna. He told them that their daughter had a lover, who visited her at night; that though he appeared like a hand-ome young man, he was really a supernatural being; in fact he was the sovereign deity of the cat-erpillar tribe. The kahuna advised the parents not to treat the girl harshly, out to tell her they had found out her secret, and persuade her to have him drink a loving cup, which the kahuna had prepared. It was a sleep-ing potion. The girl induced her lover to drink out of her cup. In conse quence, he overslept himself, but woke before daylight. As soon as the sun is up, the spirits of the night lose their magical power, resume their ordinary form, and may be overcome by mortals. At the suggestion of the kahuna, a rope of sweet potato vine had been tied around one of the ankles of the nocturnal visitor. As he hur-ried away to his own abode, he left a ried away to his own abode, he left a trail behind him. The parents and friends followed this till at last they came upon him, a huge caterpillar coiled up and asleep in a deep round hole. They began gathering twigs, grass, firewood of all kinds, threw it into the hole and set fire to it. As the fires reached the vital part, there was a tremendous explosion, and soon multitudes of the common Hawaiian caterpillar. pechan, were seen crawicaterpillar, peclua, were seen crawiing in every direction, but no young
man came prowling about the young
maiden's home, and she recovered the
vigor and vivacity, which she had lost while her supernatural visitor was secretly sapping her life.

## NOTICE

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### MUAI RESIDENTS ARE UNEASY.

Deeply Rooted Fear of a Cholera Outbreak on the Island.

HIGH PRICES FOR FOOD PRODUCTS

Ohinese Immigrants Released from Quarantine at Spreckelsville-Lahaina People Refuses to Receive Freight-Funeral of Ex-Gov. Everett.

MAUI, Sept. 10, 1895,-The state of feeling on Maui is feverish in the extreme; every report or rumor sets the public pulse wildly throbbing. There seems to exist an unspoken, though deeply rooted, fear of a cholera outbreak on the island. News from infected Honolulu is eagerly sought from all sources. Rumors of cholera in Lahains and Hans are of frequent occurrence, but without the slightest foundation. It is said that there are three cases of something resembling the dreaded disease in Lahaina, and that two Japanese from Hamakuapoko were recently stopped at Wailuku, the authorities not permitting them to make their intended journey to the hottest town in Maui.

Then there is an insipient famine in vogue; barley has advanced to \$40 a ton, rice to \$10 a bag, and No. 1 flour to \$2.

The U.S. S. Olympia is anchored in the Lahaina roadstead, and on Saturday, the 7th instant, brought the news of fifty cases and thirtysix deaths.

Yesterday the steamer Hawaii touched at Kabului and brought the report of sixty-two cases and forty-eight deaths, two foreigners being included. This steamer reached Honolulu from the island of Hawaii on Monday, the 9th, and not being allowed to make a landing, immediately set sail for Maui. She takes Honolulu mail today.

During Friday, the 6th, the 130 odd Chinese recently quarantined at Camp 4, Spreckelsville, after being most thoroughly disinfected, were allowed to go their way. These celestials were in the best of health and condition.

Awana, one of the Belgic's passengers, states that he knew of but two Japanese dying on the voyage -one after six days' and the other after two or three days' sickness. He is doubtful whether it was cholera, but says that there was much vomiting and purging.

It is stated that Lahaina people feeling that the warmth and stillness of the atmosphere are favorable for an epidemic, refused to receive freight recently brought up by the Kilauea Hou. She, however, landed freight at Olowalu and then departed for Kaupe, Kipahulu, Hana and Kahului.

The steamer W. G. Hall of last week brought up \$4000 in coin for Wailuku paymasters. Hamakuapoko plantation is feeling the lack of silver with which to pay off its laborers.

On Thursday afternoon of the 5th inst, the funeral of ex-Governor Thomas W. Everett took place at his late residence in Waikapu. Dr. E. G. Beckwith, of Paia, conducted the last sad rites. There was a large attendance of friends in spite of the rain, which kept away many Makawao residents. The deceased was buried beside his beloved wife in the grounds of the Waikapu homestead

During Saturday afternoon of the 7th fifty-seven head of horses, mares and colts were sold at auction at Haleakala ranch. They netted an average of \$10 per head. George Hons, of Wailuku, was auctioneer.

On Monday, the 22d, a most enjoyable dancing party was given by Mr. and Mrs. Gilhus, of Hamakuapoko.

R. I. Moore, D. D. S. is still busy at Paia. He expects soon to visit Spreckelsville.

In the Kula section the corn is so high as to extend several feet above the head of a man on horseback. The fields are veritable corn

The W. G. Hall was telephoned as passing Lahaina at 4 p. m. on Saturday, the 7th, headed for Honolulu. Everybody imagined that after leaving her Maui mail on Friday she was on her way to Ha-

No sailing vessels at Kahului. Weather: A heavy frost reported far down Haleakala's slope; wind and rain storm during Sun-

day, the 8th.

A Vessel Manned by Monks. An Odessa letter of recent date says: One of the oddest vessels Odessa, and is now moored on the before,

lower quay. She belongs to the convent on Mount Athos, and is called The Holy Prophet Ilja (Elias). She is brig rigged, and sails under the Turkish flag, but a Greek cross is carried on both mastheads, and she differs from the ordinary Turkish ships by her scrupulous cleanness. The captain is a Jeromonach, a monk ranking higher than a friar, and all the sailors are monks or lay brothers;

still they are expert seamen.

The pilot, Father Iraklij (Heraclius), has crossed all the oceans and zones, sailing around the wide world since 1866. The entire crew speak both Russian and Greek. Service on the ship alternates with worship in the little church in the forecastle. It is quite a curious sight to behold these monks in their long frocks and sandals climbing up the masts, along the yard arms, reefing sails, or hang-ing almost over the water on the foremost point of the bowsprit.

The brig brought here a load of bricks from Constantinople, and goes in ballast to Marinpol, whence she will take a cargo of flour, corn, fish

and other provisions, which are to furnish the supply for the convent for a whole year.

According to the sailor monk's own statements The Holy Prophet Ilja is a smart sailor, and runs 11 knots an hour in fair wind. She is 105 feet long and carries a cargo of 200 tons.

HAWAIIAN RELIEF SOCIETY. Statement of Receipts and Ex penditures-Persons Assisted.

Following is the statement of receipts and expenditures of the Hawaiian Relief Society, with number of persons assisted, amount on hand, additional information, etc., kindly furnished by Mrs. Emilie Emma and Beretania streets had Macfarlane, treasurer:

NUMBER OF PEOPLE ASSISTED. Number of men, women and children helped in eight days, viz: Saturday, 7th.....

Monday, 9th...... Tuesday, 10th.... 2,002 Saturday, 14th. 3,470

Amount expended, \$1650.49, which amount expended, \$1650.49, which includes all expenses to date excepting rent of premises, Bethel street, which is contributed by Messrs. Castle & Cooke.

Outside stations were not in full op-eration until Friday, the 13th inst. Respectfully submitted, EMILIE MACFARLANE,

Treasurer Hawaiian Relief Society. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT. Hawaiian Relief Society in account

with Emilie Macfarlane, treasu	rer.	
To amount paid bill:		
Bertleman 8	94	4
J. Nott	20	l
R. Grieve	9	1
Castle & Cooke	4	d
Lewis & Co	1	į
Hawaiian News Company	3 186	ď
G. W. Lincoln	186	
J. T. Waterhouse	20	
E. B Thomas	152	ı
J. Phillips	90	
J. Emmeluth	30	
H. Davis	20	
Ho Yeu Kee	8	
M. Phillips & Co	5	
Love's Bakery	79	
Metropolitan Meat Co	255	
Hustace & Co	30	
Evening Bulletin	5	
Hawaiian Star	1	i
T. H. Davies & Co	63	i
Hawaiian Hardware Co	77	
Makaainana	6	í
Golden Rule Bazaar	2	1
W. L. Wilcox	245	
Kong Hop Kee	16	1
H. May & Co	141	i
H. McIntyre	35	ě
Hawaiian News Company	1	
Wages to date-eight em-		-
rlovees	40	4

	1		/ 1 194 7
	Total expenses to date		
		\$6181	6
Ì	Per contra credit: By amount subscriptions col-		
1	lected	\$4194	5(
	lected	1905	00
	lected	40	00
	By amount received from sale of poi	20	00
١	By amount received from sale of gold—\$2215	99	15
I		6181	65
ı	Amount collected to date	6139	50
1	Amount to be collected		

Total amount subscribed. E. and O. Ex. Respectfully submitted, EMILIE MACFARLANE,

Treasurer Hawaiian Relief Society.

Honolulu, Sept. 14, 1895. Several years ago I was taken with a severe attack of flux. I was sick in bed about ten days and could get nothing to relieve me, until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoes Remedy, which cured me, and has been a household remedy with us ever since. J. C. Marlow, Decaturville, Mo. For sale by all dealers. Benson, SMITH & Co., agents for H.I.

Charm Wouldn't Work.

He-There is the new moon-look at it over your left shoulder. She-I can't.

He-Why? And she pointed mutely to her balloon sleeves .- Chicago Record.

Twenty-seven war vessels were added to the British navy last year, exclusive of five torpedo boats, at a cost of about \$12,000,000. The without inconveniencing the occurecord for 1895 will go even beyond this. England is enlarging her ter to handle in the same way a big affost arrived a few days ago in navy with even more zeal than ever shop in which machinery is in opera-

Board of Health Charged with Burying People Alive.

reposterous and Outrageous Statements Disseminated by Evil-Minded Persons-Hanging too Good for the Authors if Found-Copy of the Notice.

It has been noticed frequently that in times such as the present cholera epidemic, evil-minded and spitefully inclined natures take advantage of the occasion to spread dastardly and untruthful reports for the purpose of gratifying their own wicked minds and gaining a morbid satisfaction from the evil effects of their actions.

Bright and early Sunday morning there was seen pasted on the corner of King and Nuuanu, Alakea and King, Emma and Bere-tania, and on Chaplain street near Nuuanu avenue, posters written with pencil in the Hawaiian language. The one on the corner of King and Nuuanu was on a telebeen removed before the arrival of the police officers sent out to collect all that could be found. Following is a translation of the contents of the posters:

NOTICE.

"Know all men that I, the undersigned, hereby make public state-ments of what has been done among us, the substance of which is as fol-

"Two living souls were brought to Makiki cemetery recently for burial; their mouths were waxed and hands their mouths were waxed and hands bound. They were placed in coffins. At the burial ground, the coffins were opened. In one of them a man was found; in the other, a woman. Both were alive. They were taken out of the coffins and cared for and are being cared for still. At present they are feeling better. They were questioned as to the cause of said action. They answered that they had received such treatment because they would not treatment because they would not take medicine from the Board of Health doctor. Oh! What a pity. The 'Aloha Aina' committee ought to keep an eye on this. The coffins were buried without the souls. (China boy) H. B. Ikemaka (Eyewitness)."

Up to a late hour nothing had been learned respecting the author of the notice.

EDMUND GIFFARD INJURED.

Thrown From a Runaway Horse Late Saturday Afternoon.

Edmund B. Giffard met with a ainful accident while out riding late Saturday afternoon. The animal owned by him is rather spirited and became unmanageable while going along Hotel street. Breaking into a run the horse made for Carty's stable, where it is kept, and turned into Richard street at break-neck speed. When near the stable the horse struck the edge of the sidewalk near the corner of the tennis grounds, and so great was the speed of the animal that it broke the fence and slid several feet into the grounds.

Young Giffard was thrown violently to the ground, and for a time appeared to be dangerously injured. He was bruised about the head and unconscious when picked up. Dr. Herbert was sent for and arrived on the scene in a few moments. The injured man was taken to the residence of the doctor and cared for. Examination proved that no bones were broken, though the wound on the head might develop concussion of the brain. It was an hour or more before young Giffard became conscious, and after receiving medical attention, was taken to the residence of his brother, W. M. Giffard, on Beretania street.

It was learned last night that no serious results will follow the accident, and the young man will be able to attend to business in a day or so. The only injury he received was a bruise on the side of the head and several scratches about the face.

The accident was witnessed by several persons, who rendered assistance at once and notified his brother. It was a miracle that the young man escaped being killed.

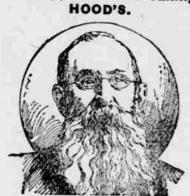
The horse was badly scratched about the body and limbs.

#### WITHOUT STOPPING WORK.

An unusual, and probably an unprecedented achievement is reported from Boston. The art of moving buildings has now attained such adtion. This, however, has been done

successfully. The building in question was three stories high and 175 feet long and built of brick. It was necessary to move it 300 feet in one direction and 50 in another. As the first floor was laid directly on the ground, of course all the machines in the basement were taken out; but everything on the second and third floor was kept at work. Power was supplied by a 20 horse power electric motor on the second floor. This derived its current through a wire lead-ing to a dynamo in a shed adjoining the factory. At the start most of the wire was coiled up, but as the two building grew further and further apart, the wire unwound. Of course, if belting or gearing had been employed to communicate power from the engine to the shop, it would have been impossible to continue opera-tions. Before the building was moved, it was tied together with iron crossrods and underwent the ordeal without injury. Another building of the same dimensions (really, a part of the first), will soon be shifted in a similar manner. A new power plant is being erected on the new site, and will be ready for business before the old one is discharged from service.—

**Beyond Description** The Misery Before Taking The Happiness After Taking



Mr. R. H. Bishop

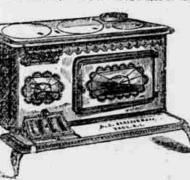
C. L Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Dear Sirs: I have been in poor health for 20 or 25 years, and have been taking doctors' medicines more or less all the time. I did not get much relief. My blood was in a bad shape and my system was all run down. I thought I must die, but noticing several testimonials in the papers in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla I bought three bottles and found that it did me so much good that I continued taking it. I was without appetite, slothfully sleepy, and had a headache most all the time. In fact I cannot describe my feelings. After using one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I found it was doing me

HOOG'S Sarsaparilla CURES
much good and now I cannot praise the medicine too much for what it has done for me. I am a disabled soldier 69 years old and was affileted with many aliments, including kidney, broughtits, and catarrh. Since using 6 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am like another man. In fact I think Hood's Barsaparilla saved my life." R. H. Bishop, Box 490. Hammonton, N. J. and my system was all run down. I thought I

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c. HOBRON DEUG COMPANY,s.
Wholesale Agents.

JOHN NOTT.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN



STOVES AND FIXTURES,

House Keeping Goods --- AND ---

Kitchen Utensils,

AGATE WARE, RUBBER HOSE

PUMPS, ETC., ETC.,

Plumbing, Tin, Copper

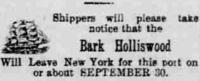
-- AND --

Sheet Iron Work

DIMOND -: BLOCK KING STREET

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

Boston Line of Packets



For further information, apply to Chas. Brewer & Co., 27 Kilby St., Boston. Mass., or to C. BREWER & GO. (L'D.), Hopoinin, Agents



Jobbing and Manufacturing

# PHARMACISTS.

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS.

Chemicals.

Patent Medicines

At the Lowest Prices.

COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

KING STREET.

Choicest

From Finest Herds.

Families and Shipping Supplied ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE **Lowest Market Prices** 

All Meats delivered from this market re Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Cole-man Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the

public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine. THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos. Cigars, Pipes and Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from firstclass manufactories has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's Celebrated Billiard Tables Connected with the establishment, where

lovers of the cue can participate.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver Tickets to All Points in Japan, Chica, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ld., Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

UP-TO-DATE PIANO

Is the famous KROEGER. It is always in the van of improvement. We are showing a

**NEW-STYLE KROEGER** That has recently been put on the market. It is a gem. Liberal dis-count for cash. Call and see it. It

is a beauty. PIANOS kept in tune for one year gratis Old instruments taken as part payment Tuning and repairing a specialty.

T. W. BERGSTROM, THRUM'S BOOK

INSURANCE Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ld.

FIRE, LIFE and MARINE INSURANCE.

## Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE. Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds. £3.975.000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ld., Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

Fortung General Insurance Compan

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden. Having established an agency at Honoj lulu and the Hawaiian Islands the underj signed General Agents are authorized to

most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for he Hawaiian Islands.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ld., Life and Fire

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Hartford.

INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894, £11,671,018 2s. 2d.

687,500 0 0 2,410,992 7 8 Pald-up Capital --Fire Funds --Life and Annuity Funds 8,572,525 14 11

22,906,678 15 4 The accumulated funds of the Fire and

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

frans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Compar OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks Capital their reinsurance com-· 101,650,000

OF HAMBURG. Capital of the company and re-serve, reichsmarks Capital their reinsurance com-

panies Total reichsmarks -43,830,000

112,509,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture on the most

Capital - - £1,000,000.

THEO. H. DAVIES & GO., Ld., Agents

OF BERLIN. OF BERLIN.

on the most favorable terms.

Homburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents,

take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the

North British and Mercantile

1-Authorized Capital, £3,000,000 Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

£11,671,013 2 2 Revenue Fire Branch 1,546,856 18 7 Revenue Life and Annuity Branches - 1,559,821 16 9

Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

Agents for the Hawalian Islands.

Total reichsmarks -

North German Fire Insurance Compan

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furfiture, Merchandise and Produce, Marchinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of Jamage by fire on the most favorable terms,

The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE COMPANY.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

Established 1836.

Assets Net Income -Claims Paid

favorable terms. STORE BISHOP & CO.

## HAWAIIAN OFFICIALS IN JAPAN.

Dec. 27 & 31, 1875

Appointment of Minister Resident R. W. Irwin and His Work.

CONSUL-GENERAL AT YOROHAMA.

Minister Irwin Has Reen Engaged in Many Large Business Matters in Japan-Influencial Acquaintance with Government Leaders-Consul Howard

[Communicated].

R. W. Irwin, Hawaiian Minister Resident in Japan, is a descendant of Benjamin Franklin. His grandfather on the mother's side was Richard Bache, eldest son of Dr. Franklin's only legitimate child, Sarah, whose mother was the daughter of Alexander James Dallas, Secretary of the Treasury under President Madison, and her brother was Vice-President Dallas, under James K. Polk. His mother's eldest brother was A. D. Bache, who was president of Gerard Col-



AT YOKOHAMA.

lege before he was twenty-five years of age, and was afterwards the celebrated superintendent of the Coast Survey. Mr. Irwin's father was once mayor of Pittsburgh, Pa., a member of Congress and Minister to Denmark. His mother was connected by marriage with Robert J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury under President Polk.

Steamship Company. He was appointed acting Consul General for Hawaii in 1879, and in 1881 was appointed Charge d'Affairs. In 1885 he was made Minister Resident. He has been engaged in many large business matters in Japan and has a large and influential acquaintance with the leaders of the Japanese government. He speaks the vernacular language fluently, and is married to a Japanese lady of high social rank. Through his efforts Japanese immigration to these islands was commenced, and the price of labor on the sugar plantations was quickly reduced from high and ruinous rates to the present prices. He has ceased to have any connection with the labor supply, but has strongly urged that great care should be taken in selecting the laborers, if future immigration is needed.

HAWAIIAN CONSUL HOWARD.

B. C. Howard, recently appointed Hawaiian Consul at Yokohama, is from Boston and was connected with Mr. Webb's Australian line via Honolulu from its start to the finish. After this he became connected with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and was for some time purser on that line until December, 1885.

He then joined the agency of the Pacific Mail and the Occidental and Oriental Steamship companies at Yokohama, and has resided there since that time. He is now in charge of the business of those lines. Mr. Howard is a who, for several years, edited the Polynesian in this city, and the author of a history of the Hawaiian Islands.

He is regarded in Japan as an excellent business man and a capital manager of the steamship companies. The merchants of Yokohama congratulate him on his appointment.

Beet Sugar in Australia.

A late Melbourne telegram states: Mr. Pearson, government agricultural chemist, reports that extended practical tests of sugar growing in Victoria show a yield of from 25 to 30 tons per acre. The percentage of sugar is 11 28 to 12, both higher than in any other beet growing country. The cost of growing and delivery at the

mills is £7 17s to £8 6s, leaving the growers' profit £7 5s 6d to £8 8s per ton, besides greatly improving the land. Mr. Pearson comes to the conclusion that for if any countries are clusion that few, if any, countries are so well suited to the beet growing industry as Victoria.

#### Wholesale Arrest.

Marshal Brown, Deputy Marshal Hitchcock and Captain Scott visited the Arlington billiard parlors early Saturday evening and arrested thirteen men who were congregated in a room in the basement. A number of different colored chips were found on the table and taken possession of by the officers. Six of the arrested men put up \$100 cash bail each, the remainder \$50 each. The cases will be called in the District court today, the charge being gaming.

ADVANTAGES OF IRRIGATION. Dr. Walter Maxwell Writes of Sugar Making in Hawaii.

The Louisiana Planter has recent news from Hawaii in the shape of a letter from Dr. Walter Maxwell.

In order to become closely acquaited with the actual conditions of sugar word in the field and mill, Dr. Maxwell has been spending some time upon various plantations upon the islands. This practical mode of study would necessarily rapidly familiarize him with various and numerous conditions which surround the work of sugar making in Hawaii. In speaking of the advantage of irriga-tion, Dr. Maxwell says that there we touch the key note of the situation in Hawaii. In most sugar countries it may be said the area of available land determines the acreage that can be devoted to sugar production. In Hawaii the weather ordinarily is the determining factor. Upon several of the islands the rainfall over the actual sugar areas is quite insignificant, and where the rainfall upon the mountains or the water content within the ground can not be applied to those areas, production stands still. Dr. Maxwell, is beginning a careful study on the whole question of water and its economical distribution over the available areas of the several islands. He seems much impressed by the magnificent efforts that have been made by the planters in water utilization by which they have gathered together the vast moisture dropped from the clouds upon the great altitudes and let it down for distribution over the levels bordering upon the sea. There is something gigantic in what has al-ready been done. Bound up with the question of water supply is the eminently important one of foresta

In Hawaii, Dr. Maxwell has found molasses being used as food for cattle and mules, it being mixed with others as a compost being mixed with stable manure, mud press cakes, bagasse, etc. As a fertilizer it is giving in all cases the results to be expected.

Dr. Maxwell seems to look with much retrospective pleasure to his sojourn in Louisiana, and is also earnestly engaged and profoundly interested in his new work in Hawaii.

KAUAI VIGILANCE COMMITTEE Civis Objects to Treatment of James Makee Passengers.

MR. EDITOR:-The way in which the self-constituted authorities of Kausi treated Mr. V. Knudsen on his return to that island last week, adds another to the list of disgraceful episodes attending the present epi-demic. Here was the patriarch of Kausi, over seventy years of age, who has resided there for over forty years, returning to his home. He had complied with all the strict demands of the national Board of Health of this city, which is the only authority in health and quarantine matters; he had been through a tedious nine days quarantine, had been fumigated and taken every precaution demanded by the board, and both he and the vessel permitted to both he and the vessel permitted to proceed to Kanai. And yet, after landing, he was forced to return on board, and the steamer ordered back to Honolule. If such treatment is not disgraceful, what is it! And all this was the work of a self constituted committee, not even recognized by the Board of Health.

This is the second or third time that the steamer James Makee has been compelled to return to this port without accomplishing the object of her trip, and with considerable loss nephew of James Jackson Jarvis, to her owners. The Inter-Island Company may as well cease sending their vessels there for the present, as it only entails loss. Withdraw all the steamers for a month or two, to give them a good overhauling. By the end of that period, word may be received from Kauai that freight and passengers will be graciously allow-ed to be landed there. Civis.

> The Chinese Relief Society, composed of prominent Chinese mer-

Larry Kip at Home to Settle With Unkind Creditors.

A SHINING LIGHT IN SOCIETY.

Trials and Tribulations Experienced by the Young Attorney-Served as Accountant and Practiced Law Here. Prefers Dreamy Isles of South Seas.

A late San Francisco paper has the following to say of Lawrence Kip, well known in this city, and who recently returned to the Coast for the purpose of straightening up his business affairs and making a permanent home at Honolulu:

Lawrence Kip, the cousin of President Cleveland and nephew of Edmund Clarence Stedman, who surreptitiously left for Honolulu on June 8, 1894, returned to San Francisco on the bark Albert, accompanied by his wife. Kip returns to face his foes and settle up his business affairs, which are in something of a tangle. Then he will return to Honolulu, where he will live permanently, preferring the ethereal mildness of the tropic isle to the diphtherial mists of this great city.

The father was awaiting the return of his son, whom he had not seen for so many months, and greeted him with all the love that a father could bestow on a wayward but penitent boy. His mother came in and em-

boy. His mother came in and embraced him fondly, and his sisters, too, joined in the greeting.

Then, when the tears had passed away, Larry sat down and told them all about his trials and tribulations in the flyspeck islands. He told them how a year ago he landed there like an outcast on a desert island, and how he had worked hard to make money enough to satisfy unkind creditors, who had driven him away. He said his good wife had stood by him in all his dark hours. She learned to love with him the languid nights, the big, red stars, the lei-crowned natives and red stars, the lei-crowned natives and the dulce far niente life which one leads in the calms of Cancer. She wanted to return there with him when

he was free to go.
It seems that the young man's father has been in communication with him ever since he arrived in Honolulu, and has urged him to work hard and pay his debts, which Larry has willingly done. Since he has been in Honolulu he has served as an accountant and has also practiced law.

Although Lawrence Kip is not 30 years old, he has attracted attention for a long time by unusual performances. The notable name of the young attorney and his relationship to the late Bishop Kip were sufficient to bring him into notice, and to that prominence he has added notoriety by his own deeds. by his own deeds.

Four years ago he was a shining Mr. Irwin was brought up in the cane tops and leaves. It is used also mercantile business, and became a as a fertilizer in some cases, being and his tall form was seen as often in the glutter of the ballroom as it was in resident of Japan in 1867 in dissolved in irrigating ditches and the Sunday school of the little parish them brazed as one piece serve the service of the Pacific Mail being distributed by the water; in of St. Mary the Virgin, of which he as a pointed reinforcement to was the first superintendent. He was a good talker and his addresses to the children attracted the attention of parents, and he was marked as a model young man and one whom any girl would be proud to be her husband. But in the summer of 1892 young

Kip occasioned surprise throughout winter of the same year he announced his engagement to Miss Vrooman, the daughter of ex-Senator Vrooman, of Oakland, but, for some reason, the match was broken. He opened a law office, and that started his misfortunes, for instead of looking to the higher branches of his profession, he sought to make a fortune in the police courts and won some unenviable notoriety in trying to defend Sydney Bell He had an eye for politics, too, and in trying to be one of those cordial, jolly, everready men of the world, he wasted his money with companions who never did him a kind act in return.

On December 29, IS93, Iarry star-tled his friends once more by suddenly marrying Miss Willa Dick of Indian-apolis, Ind. The ceremony was per-formed first of all by Justice of the in that direction. During the honey-moon the couple took apartments at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Larry's mother and sisters were indiguant at the proceeding and did not call on his wife. Finally a reconciliation was made by Mr. Kip Sr., and both branches of the family lived happily until Larry and his bride suddenly disappeared. At present, now that Larry is home again, it seems to be a case of "Bless you, my children."

FISHING IN THE HARBOR

Native Sailors on the Ke Au Hou Arrested Saturday.

Shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon, a telephone message received at the police station announced the fact that thirteen native sailors of the Ke Au Hou, anchored in the harbor, had been fishing with lines from the steamer. No sooner was the report sent in chants, have secured \$1150 for the than a posse of police under Depusick and needy Chinese. Of this amount over \$100 has been expended on food and drugs. Between regarding the non-observance of the

and lines, filled their pipes with strong tobacco, said "Here goes," in Hawaiian, and after baiting their books began to fish from the side of the steamer, watching all the while for the coveted nibble which means so much to the fisherman. Fishing was excellent, and in a little while the sailors succeeded in piling up a goodly num-ber of hahalalu. They had salted the fish and put away their fishing apparatus when the police arrived and took them in charge. They had eaten none of the fish, but salted them preparatory to doing so in the cool of the evening. The usual precautions were taken and the men transferred to the cholera hospital at Kakaako, where they will have time to meditate on the folly of violating Board of Health regulations.

The Bicycle has established itself. It is an institution. Though it has become a necessity of modern life, it has not ceased to be a source of pleasure and those who ride it for business purposes still find their greatest enjoyment in the saddle.

Taking it for granted that you have decided to ride, and naturally want the best wheel for your money, we wish to point out to you some of the superior features of the BARNES' SPECIAL.

One taking and distinctive feature of the Barnes' wheel, is the method of brazing the frame joint. When a Bicycle is reinforced from the outside it resembles a sore thumb with a rag around it—an apt but homely simile. Our joint is

not a sore thumb. The connections are punched from steel formed into pieces of such shape that they encircle one tube, rendering it doubly strong and project therefrom to form a stud at the desired angle over which the adjoining tube can be fitted and brazed firmly. The steel connections are secured on each side by secondary pieces, and all of as a pointed reinforcement to

the second tube. Bearings - First quality tool steel hardened and ground to such a degree that there is no possibility of their becoming worn. On such grounds as the city by leaving the Episcopal faith, with which his family name had been connected since California's early days, and espousing the faith of Rome. This fact was never made known to his grandfather for fear that the shock would kill him. In the

> PAGIHG HARUWARE GU **Portraits** Enlarged O FROM O

FRAMED HANDSOMELY

In Very Latest Styles of 6-inch wide Mouldings.

Packed and Shipped to any Address on the Islands.

For the Extremely \$10

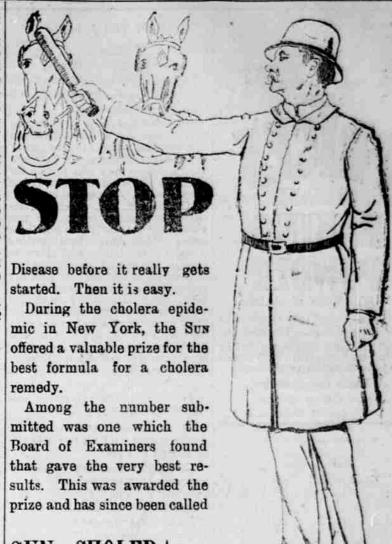
Call and See Samples at

KING BROS., ART STORE,

HOTEL ST.

Notice.

MR. F. J. LOWREY WILL ACT for me under full power of Attorney during my absence from the Islands. CHAS. M. COOKE, Honolulu, September 5th, 1895. 4091-10t 1687-4t



# MIXTURE.

Anticipating a strong demand for cholera remedies we have put this up in bottles ready for immediate use. Would you not feel better to have somehting of the kind in the house to take before a physician can reach you?

25 Cents per Bottle.

# HOBRON DRUG CO.

# WRINKLED BEAUTIES SHOULD Use Lola Montez Creme. Skin Food and Tissue Builder. Does not cover, but heals and cures blemishes of the skin. Makes the tissues firm and builds up the worn-out muscle fibers, and makes them plump. Lowest in price and best in value. 75 cents large Por. Mrs. Harrison's Face Bleach. Cures most aggravated cases of Freckles, Blackheads, Flesh Worms, Sunburn, Sallowness, and Moth Patches. Quick in action and permanent in effects. Price \$1.

HARRISON'S FACE POWDER. Pure adhesive and positively invisible, ades—white, flesh, brunette. Will not clog the pores, stays on all day. PRICE 50 CHNTS.

Mrs. Harrison's Hair Vigor. Stops Falling Hair in one or two applications. Prevents Gray Hair and causes rich and luxuriant growth of Hai to grow on bald heads. Cases of years standing specially invited to a trial. Pater \$1. Mrs. Harrison's Harr Rustorer. Only four to tea days re lived to restore hair to its natural color. Is not a dye or bleach. No sediment or chiness. Color is permanent when once your flair is restored to its natural shade. Hair becomes is permanent when once your flair is restored to its natural shade

sy and clean. Price \$1. Mrs. Harrison's Frizz. For keeping toe hair in curls a week at a time; not sticky; don't leave a white deposit on the hair. Price 50 carrs. MRS. NETTIE HARRISON, America's Beauty Doctor.

early days, and espousing the faith of Rome. This fact was never made known to his grandfather for fear that the shock would kill him. In the winter of the same year he announced that they are all we caim for the same year he announced there is a solution of the bicycle riding public. An examination will prove that they are all we caim for the same year he announced there is a solution the patronage and Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal.

For sale by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, 523 Fort Street, Honolulu.

Any lady call at Hollister Drug Company will be given a Lady's Journal containing a Beauty Lecture written by Mrs. Nettis Harrison.

# The PACIFIC HOSPIT

DR. 7 P. CLASE, Medical Supt. DR. C. A. SUCCLEO, Acet. Physician. DEC. C. CLASE, Sestings Manage



PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CARE and TREATMENT of MENTAL DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCOAINE HABITS. DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCOAINE HABITS.

The Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are capacious and comfortable, having been constructed for the accommodation of over 200 patients, and they are pleasantly sluated in the suburbe of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent, with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. He sadvantages over public institutions in facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations, if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCES.

DR. L. C. LANE. San Francisco DR. W. H. MAYS. S. F. ex-Supt. Inc. Asylum DR. B. H. WOGLER, Sur. S. P. Co., and Cakland DR. ROST. A. MCLEAN. San Francisco DR. W. H. THORNE. San Jose DR. G. A. SHORTLEFF, Napa. late Supt. State Insane Asylum. 1550-50

## THE MUTUAL,

Life Insurance Company of New York

RICHARD A MCCURDY, President.

Assets December 31, 1894, \$204,638,783.9 A Good Record the Best Guarantee for the Future.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

B. ROSE.

General Agent for the Hawaiian Island

Daily Advertiser, 75 Cents per Month

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair, Gold Medal-Midwinter Fair.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Crean, Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

> 40 Years the Standard. LEWIS & CO., Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

Meteorological Record. BY THE GOVERNMENT SURVEY. PUBLISHED EVERT MONDAY.

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PORRIGH MAIL SERVICE

Steamsnips will leave for and arrive from San Francisco, Vancouver and Sydney on the following dates, till the

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

VERNELS IN PERCE

MESCHARTMEN. (This list does not include coasters.) Sh John McLeod, Stuart, Newcastle. Bk Onyx, Woebling, Newcastle. Ger bk J C Glade, Stege, Bremen. Schr Corona McEllep, Hakodate, Schr Esther Buhne, Eureka. Am ship S P Hitchcock, Gates, San Fran

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FRIDAY, Sept. 13. Stmr Mokolii, McGregor, from Molokai. Stmr J A Cummins, Neilson, from Koolau. Stmr Kilauea Hou, Weir, from Hawaii and Maui.

Stmr James Makee, Peterson, from Am ship S P Hitchcock, Gates, from Ean

SATURDAY, Sept. 14.

MONDAY, Sept. 16. Stmr Claudine. Cameron, from Maui and

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY. Stmr Wataleale, Smythe, for Kauai ports, Strur Likelike, Wiesbarth, for Hawaii and Maui, at 6 p m.

#### PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS. From Hawaii and Maui, per stmr Claudine, Sept 16—W C Wilder and wife, Miss B Rumble, Miss A Camara, Miss H Sorenson, John T Brown, Miss Ung Tong, N Herzog, Yee San, wife and child, Mrs C Foster, W F Frear and wife, Miss L Moore, Miss E F Mist and 16 deck.

BUSINESS COLLEGE, FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Type-twriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Pen-manship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

C. S. HAL EY, Secretary.

#### READY FOR A FIGHT.

If Sheriff Hitchcock Had Landed Serious Trouble Caused. Following are extracts from a pri-

vate letter received from Hilo by the Claudine yesterday:

"The Claudine came in yesterday with a large list of passengers, but they were not allowed to land. They are now in quarantine on Cocoanut Island, where they will remain for ten days. Rice for the planters has been thoroughly fumigated.
"Our Sheriff, Mr. Hitchcock, in-

sisted on coming ashore. It was wise he did not, for if he had there surely would have been serious trouble. The natives were all ready to fight. Even with the quarantine they are going through with now, the majority of the people are not satis-fied. They still think that the Claudine with everybody and every-thing on her should have been sent back to Honolulu again. Our Hilo committee has allowed freight to land, so we are exposed to cholera." Hilo, Sept. 14th.

There are eight steamers anchored outside the harbor.

Sailing vessels Andrew Welch, Aloha, Albert and W. G. Irwin are all out for this port.

The Coptic from San Francisco and the Alameda from the Colonies, will be due Thursday. The Claudine will sail the same day.

President Dole and Colonel Mc-Lean tested the new Mouser magazine gun at the rifle range Saturday, and found the same satisfactory.

The bark Amelia was reported off Diamond Head at 5:30 p.m. yesterday. She postponed coming into port until this morning. The Amelia is lumber laden from Eureka, and comes to Lewers &

Deputy Marshal Hitchcock returned by the Mokolii yesterday morning. He went to Molokai recently for the purpose of bringing his family to Honolulu, but was prevented from doing so by the cholera outbreak.

Wives of native sailors on the James Makee took their sewing and other work to the I.I.N.S.Co. wharf yesterday and chatted with their husbands on the other side of the taboo line.

The Likelike did not leave yesterday. She finished loading freight yesterday afternoon and will be fumigated at 6 a.m., today. Allowing twelve hours for that process, she will leave port for Maui and Hawaii

# Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

## HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 121.



Nestle's Milk Food for infants has, during 25 years, grown in favor with both doctors and mothers throughout the world, and is now unquestionably not only the best substitute for mothers' milk, but the food which agrees with the largest percentage of infants. It gives strength and stamina to resist the weakening effects of hot weather, and has saved the lives of thousands of infants. To any mother sending her address, and mentioning this paper, we will send samples and description of Nestle's Food. Chos. Leeming & Ca., Sole Ag'ts, 29 Murray St., N. Y.

# Nestle's MILK

The Agency for NESTLE'S MILK FOOD

Hollister Drug Company, Limited 523 Fort Street. Honolulu, H. I.

MILL :: ENGINE FOR SALE.

# Horizontal Slide Valve Engine

Made by Honolulu Iron Works Company in 1885.

Bore of Cylinder 13 mches, Length of Stroke 40 inches, Crank Shaft on left of Cy inder, Hand Reversing Gear, Diameter of Fly Wheel 14 feet. Size of Engine Bed 3 feet wide by 20 feet long.

For further particulars, a ply to Theo. H. Dav es & Co., L'd.

4046-1w 1672-tf

#### SUMMONS.

N THE DISTRICT COURT OF S. Kona. B. C. AUSTIN. Collector of Taxes, Third Division vs. KAMAKA MOIKEHA.

S. Kona. H. C. AUSTIN, Collector of Taxes, Third Division vs. KAMAKA MOIKEHA. Assumpsit.

To the Marshal of the Hawalian Islands, his Deputy, or any Policeman in the District of S. Kona, Island of Hawali. Greeting:
You are hereby occumanded to sammon Kamaka Molkeha if he can be found in this District, to appear before me, at my office in Hookena, upon the Sist day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., there to answer unto H. C. Austin, Assessor of Taxes in and for the Third Taxation Division of the Hawalian Islands, in a plea wherein the plaintiff declares and saws:
That said defendant Kamaka Moikeha is lawfully indebted to this plaintiff, in his official capacity aforesaid, in the sam of \$2.50 (Nine and 50 100) Doilars for taxes assessed against the person and property of said defendant, on the books of the Assessor of Taxes for the District of S. Kona, Island of Hawali, for the year 1894. And defendant, though thereunto requested, has thus far neglected, and still doth neglect and refuse to pay the same, or any part or portion thereof; wherefore, plaintiff saks for indement against said defendant for said sum of \$9.50 (Nine and 50.100) Doilars, together with ten per cent, and advertising cost in addition thereto, as by law provided, and for casts of Coort.

Notify the said Kamaka Molkeba that upon default to attend at the place, day and hour above mentioned, judgment will be rendered against him ex parte, by default.

Given under my hand this 28th day of August, 1895.

THOS. H. WRIGHT,
District Mazistrate of S. Kona, Hawali.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, District Magistrate of S. Kona, Hawaii.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and attested copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said Coort ordered publication of the same, and continued said cause until the 21st day of October, 1895.

THOS. H. WRIGHT.

District Magistrate of S. Kona, Hawali.
1699 41

N THE CIRCUIT COURT OF IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF
the Fourth Circuit, Hawaiian Islands. At
Chambers—in Probate. In the matter of the
Estate of NACKANISHI (Japanese), of Honomu, Hilo, Hawaii, deceased, intestate.
Order of Notice of Petition for Administration.
On reading and filing the petition of R. B.
Williams, a Creditor of Nackanishi, alleging
that Nackanishi of Honomu, Hawaii, died intestate at Honomu, on the 28th day of August,
A. D. 1895, leaving property in the Hawaiian
Islands necessary to be administered upon, and
praying that Letters of Administration issue to
W. D. Schmidt.
It is ordered that TUESDAY, the 22nd day of
October, A. D. 1895, at 10 °clock a. M., be and
hereby is appellated for hearing said petition in
the Court Room of this Court at Hilo, Hawaii,
at which time and place all persons concerned
may appear and show cause, if any they have,
why said petitition should not be granted.
Dated Billo, H. I., Sept. 6th, A. D. 1896.

By the Court:

1689-3w alt

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUICT COURT, I First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of ELLEN DOMINIS MOTT-SMITH of Henolalu, Oahu,

deceased, intestate
On reading and filing the petition of Ernest
Augustus Mort-Smith of Honolalu, Oahn, alleging that said E. D. Mott-Smith of said Honolalu,
died intestate at said Honolalu, on the 31st day
of August, A. D. 1885, and praying that Letters
of Administration issue to the said E. A. MottSmith.

Smith.

It is ordered that MONDAY, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock A. M., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, Oahu, at which time and piace all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Dated Honolalu, H. L., September 2d, A. D. 1895.

By the Court.

By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk,

#### Notice of Dissolution.

P. DA CAMARA, M. MACHADO and J. VIEIRA heretofore carrying on the business of manufacturers and Vendors of Soda and other Aerated Waters at Hilo under the firm name and style of F. Da CAMARA & COMPANY have this day dissolved, F. da Camara retiring and M. Machado and J. Vieira carrying on the said business and paying and bearing all the indebtedness thereof.

F. M. WAKEFIELD,
Attorney for F. da Camara & Co.
Dated at Hilo this 7th day of September, 1895.

1689-3w alt

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAV-I ing been appointed by Hon, H. E. Cooper, econd Judge of the Circuit Court of the First ircuit, Administrator of the Estate of EDWARD S. COFFIN, deceased, intestate, hereby notify all persons having claims against the estate to present them properly certified, for settlement. If not presented within six months from the date hereof, they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to the estate of the said Edward S. Coffin, are requested to settle their accounts at an early date.

JOHN H. PATY

Administrator of the E-state of Edward S. Coffin. Honelniu, Sept. 9th, 1895. 1688-54 alt

#### SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
Kau, H. C. AUSTIN, Collector of Taxes,
Third Division, vs. CHUNG PEW, formerly of Kau.—Assumpsit.
To the Marshal of the Hawalian Islands, his
Deputy, or any Policeman in the District of
Kau, Island of Hawali, Greeting:

Deputy, or any Policeman in the District of Kass. Island of Hawaii, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Chung Pew, if he can be found in this District, to appear hefore me, at my office in Walohins, upon the 5th day of Abr., 1805, at 190 clock A.M., there to answer unto H. C. Austin, Assessor of Taxes in and for the Third Taxation Division of the Hawaiian Islands, in a plea wherein the plaintiff declares and says:
That said defendant Chung Pew, is lawfully indebted to this plaintiff, in his official capacity aforesaid, in the sum of Three (\$2.00) dollars for taxes assessed against the person and property of said defendant, on the books of the Assessor of Taxes for the District of Kau, Island of Hawaii, for the year 1814. And defendant, though thereunto requested, has thus far failed and neglected, and still doth neglect and refuse to pay the same, or any part or portion thereof, wherefore, plaintiff asks for judgment against said defendant for said sum of Three Dollars, together with ten per cent, and advertising in addition thereto, as by law provided, and crossts of Court.
Notify the said Chung Pew, that upon de-

Notify the said Chung Pew, that upon de-fault to attend at the place, day and hear above mentioned, judgment will be rendered against him ex parte, by default. Given under my hand this 23rd day of August, J. H. WAIPUILANI, District Magistrate of E. and W. Kao, Hawail

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and attested copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said Court ordered publication of the same, and continued said cause until the 1st day of Oct. 1895. JAMES H. WAIPUILANI, District Magistrate of E and W. Kau, Hawali.

#### Executor's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAV. Ing been appointed the Executors of the Will of Captain A. McINTYRE, deceased, hereby notify all persons having claims against the estate to present them properly certified, for settlement. If not presented within six months from the date hereof, they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to the estate of the said A. McIntyre, are requested to settle their accounts at an early date.

A. P. P. McINTYRE.

A. P. P. McINTYRE, LORRIN A. THURSTON, Executors of the Will of A. McIntyre, Honoluiu, Sept. 3rd, 1885. 1687-5w alt

#### Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED DULY
appointed Administrator of the Estate of
the late HENRY N. CASTLE, hereby gives
notice to all persons having claims against said
estate to present the same at his office in the
Cus. om House, Honolouin, within six months, or
they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement with the nuclerstand at the
above designated place
Dated Honolouin, September 5, 1896.

JAMES R. CASTLE,
Administrator Estate of H. N. Castle,
1687-5w alt

# TIME TABLE

1895.

## Steamship "Kinau,"

CLARKE, Commander,

Will leave Honolulu at 2 o'clock p. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalaea Bay and Makena the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving at Hilo the same evening.

LEAVES HONOLULU Friday, September 6 Friday, November 9 Tuesday, " 17 Tuesday, Friday, " 27 Friday, Tuesday, October 8 Tuesday, Friday, Tuesday, 18 Friday, December 20

Returning, will leave Hilo at 1 o'clock p.
m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona
and Kawaihae same day; Makena, Maalaea
Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays
and Fridays.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Tuesday, Sptember 3 Tuesday, Novmber 5 Friday, 13 Friday, 26
Friday, 24 Tuesday, 26
Friday, October 4
Tuesday, 15 Tuesday, 27
Friday, 25 Friday, 27 Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

No Freight will be received after 12 noon

on the day of sailing. The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the

entire distance Round-Trip Tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.00.

# Steamship "Claudine,

CAMERON, Commander,

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.
Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, on second trip

of each month. No Freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE,

and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live Stack required only at owner's rick.

Live Stock received only at owner's risk This company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent. C. L. WIGHT, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Supt. Honolulu, H. I., January 1, 1895.



Of Interest to Managers of Plan

tations. A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with

small Engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pumps, Centri fugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with hilp priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill. Where water power is available, it costs nothing to generate Electric Power

THE HAWAHAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers, and al

Electrical Goods.
All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Light ing and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring. THEO. HOFFMANN, 3940 Manager

#### Notice of Assignment.

OTSUKI & COMPANY, OF PAPAI-kou, having made an assignment to the undereigned for the benefit of their creditors, all persons having any claims against said firm of Otsuki & Company, are requested to present them at once, and all persons indebted to the above estate must make immediate payment to F. W Bindt at Papaikon, or to the H. W. + CHMILT. Honolulu, August 24, 1895. 4082-1w 1684-1m

#### NOTICE.

A LL PERSONS NOT HAVING Sheep Station Company are forbidden to travel over the reador trails on the lands controlled by aid companys without previously obtaining pe

Dogs found on the land will be destroyed, and no bands of animals be allowed to pass over the FUMUULA SHEEP STATION COMPANY, Kalaichs April 20, 1825. 1065-1

# WE'RE NOT ALL ALIKE.

It is vain to treat merchants as if they were equal. They are unequal by methods as men generally are by nature

Our methods are such that it enables us to place goods to you and save the usual profic.

In Ship Chandlery we quote you: Blocks, patent and complex, from 3 to 6 inches; Manila Rope 6 threads to 6 inches; Ratline, Lanyard, Seizing Marlin, Spun Yarn and all kinds of tarred rope; Pig Lead for yacht keels; copper paint; sail duck; Cotton and Flax, every size; Iron Wire Rope 1 to 4 inches; Flexible Steel Wire Rope, 3 to 3 inches; Stockholm and American Pine Tar, Paints in oil and dry.

In fact every conceivable article needed to make up a complete ship chandlery store.

O. HALL & SON, LIMITED

# WE PROMISE TO PAY



You the same attention when you buy a Chair as if you were buying a house full of goods.

It matters not what the article is, how expensive or low-priced, we have it in greater variety than elsewhere.

Want Your Trade.

J. HOPP & CO., Cor. of King and Bethel Streets.

# NOW IN PRESS

LIMITED EDITION.

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W. D. ALEXANDER.

REVOLUTION

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A Reliable, Full and Concise Narration of the Overthrow of the Monarchy, including the Closing Chapters of Kalakaua's Reign.

PRINCIPAL ACTORS IN THE HISTORY OF HAWAII.

Handsomely Bound in Full Cloth, Gilt Letters. PRICE, \$1.00.

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POSTOFFICE BOX O.