

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, September 20.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, trace. Temperature, Max. 82; Min. 75. Weather, cloudy.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.95c.; Per Ton, \$79.00. 88 Analysis Beets, 9s. 11½d.; Per Ton, \$81.70.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1906

VOL. XLVI, NO. 7838.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1907.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HOMICIDE LAST NIGHT IN HARBOR

Engineer McKinnon of Rosecrans Killed by an Oiler.

A. F. McKinnon, third assistant engineer of the steamer Rosecrans, was killed on board that vessel last night by John Wynne, one of the oilers. The deed was committed in the cabin of the dead man about nine o'clock last night, death following a blow on the temple from a hammer, the blow being given in the course of a quarrel between the two men. No one was present when the fatal blow was struck except the slayer and his antagonist and no cause for the quarrel has so far been told by the man now under arrest and held in custody at the police station.

McKinnon, whose body lies at the Queen's Hospital, was a brother of Joe McKinnon, who for some years was a clerk at the receiving desk at the police station. He has made several cruises to this port in the Rosecrans and has many friends in Honolulu. His home is in San Jose, California, where his parents now reside.

The first intimation the police had of any trouble on the oil steamer, which had docked at the railroad wharf yesterday morning, was about nine o'clock, when the chief engineer arrived at the police station in search of a doctor, informing the officer in charge of the station that there had been a fight aboard the vessel in the course of which the assistant engineer had been hurt. The patrol wagon was sent at once to the vessel and the injured man taken to the hospital. Before the police wagon had arrived there, however, the man had died. An examination at the hospital showed that his right temple had been crushed in by a blow from some blunt instrument.

In the meantime the police had arrested the homicide, John Wynne, one of the oilers, who acknowledged having struck the fatal blow. The weapon used by him was one of the heavy hammers used by the mechanics aboard steamers. This is in the possession of the police as evidence.

No statement could be obtained from the arrested man last night, the only details of the crime obtainable being supplied by the chief engineer, who states that he was awakened by the cries of the members of the crew, who stated that murder was being committed aboard. The engineer hastened to the cabin of McKinnon, from whence the noise of a struggle came, but before he arrived the noise ceased and he was just in time to meet the oiler coming out, brandishing a hammer and announcing that he had done it. He added, it is said, the hope that the blow he had given McKinnon had killed him, which hope was too well realized.

Deputy Sheriff Jarrett will empanel a jury this morning for an inquest. McKinnon, who is a young man, came ashore last night early and visited at the home of Robert Bemrose, on Hotel street at the corner of Alakea street, leaving there about seven o'clock. Before joining the ship he called in at Scotty's, staying there until a few minutes before nine o'clock. He was perfectly sober at the time he left for the ship, all the time he was at Scotty's refusing to drink. At no time during the visit did he refer to any trouble he had had aboard the Rosecrans, nor is it known, so far, of any trouble had during the voyage with the oiler Wynne.

This is the first case which may prove a murder the present police department has had to deal with, Honolulu having been singularly free of this capital offense for many months.

Captain Lawless, of the S. S. Mariposa, has been proposed for membership in the Royal Geographical Society in recognition of his services to navigation by the invention of the stellar azimuth machine. This machine is now being tested in the United States Navy.

HOWLAND WILL HAVE TO GO

E. J. Lord Says No Work Until Department Is Cleaned.

"I am going away on business in connection with the dredging contract obtained by the Hawaiian Dredging Company for the new slips," said E. J. Lord yesterday as he was about to board the steamer Siberia, for the Coast, "but I want to say before I leave Honolulu that there will be no work done under this contract until the Department of Public Works is cleaned out from top to bottom. It is understood in official circles that Howland is to resign on November 1, and with him are to go both the Howlands. When they are gone the contractors can commence work with the assurance that no unnecessary stumbling blocks will be put in their way. The only reason that the various contractors have for being glad that Howland is to resign is that Howland will step out at the same time, because the worst thing that any of us have against the Superintendent of Public Works is that he has let Howland run amuck and do things that no man of experience or of good judgment would do. Howland himself is a man of good personal judgment and a man with whom the various contractors could get along, but no contractor so far has been able to get along with Howland. Howland is a man who knows nothing of what he undertakes to oversee and makes up for his ignorance with his officiousness.

"I understand that James T. Taylor will be the next Superintendent of Public Works. At least, that is the information given me by those men whom I suppose know what they are talking about. Howland's term does not expire until the twenty-third of November, and it is possible that he may hold office until that time, but I hope not, if Howland has to stay until he is kicked out. It doesn't look as if he would quit before, no matter what the Legislature or the public may think and say about it.

"As soon as I return from Columbus, Ohio, I am going to start proceedings against the government for payment for the work I did on the contract for laying the bar-lock pipe to the Nuuanu reservoir. On that contract I have done nothing since about the first of May, and I don't intend to do anything until I get my money for what I have done. The time limit on that contract expired some time last July. If I am so much (Continued on Page Three.)



ENTRANCE OF THE VATICAN, WHERE TROOPS ARE STATIONED TO PROTECT THE POPE FROM POSSIBLE RIOTERS.

LIONEL HART CONFESSES HIS PART IN WAREHOUSE FIRE

Rode to Scene of Crime in Style in an Auto and Applied the Torch---Trail Leads Police Into Unexpected Places.

Lionel Hart confessed yesterday that he was the hand that applied the torch to the government kerosene oil warehouse on the morning of Sunday, August 18, in an unsuccessful attempt to destroy the warehouse, with the great store of oils and gasoline there, in order to cover up the evidence of his thieving from the Standard Oil Company. He has not, so far, it is understood, attempted to implicate George H. Mayer, the company's local manager, although he persists in charging Mayer with being responsible for a large part of the oil shortage and of having had a knowledge of his shortages.

This confession was wrung from Hart yesterday when he was confronted by evidence, obtained by Sheriff Lauka, proving conclusively that he had been at the warehouse only a few minutes before the fire broke out. This evidence was obtained by the Sheriff, it is stated, through information coming to him indirectly that a Japanese chauffeur

could tell all about Hart's share in the matter. The chauffeur was seen and Hart was arrested, the arrest taking place at an early hour yesterday morning, his bondsman in the meanwhile having withdrawn his surety and asked that the man be locked up.

The tale of the chauffeur is that Hart engaged him to drive about town early on Sunday morning, so that he could be seen and have an alibi established. Then he was told to get down to the warehouse as quickly as possible. He drove fast and stopped at the makai side of the stockade. Hart climbed the fence, waited inside a few minutes and climbed back out of the yard, telling the driver to get out of the neighborhood as soon as he could. The fast driven machine was seen, however, by a Hawaiian woman, who recognized Hart and whose confidential telling of the tale to friends resulted in its reaching the sheriff's ears and the arrest of Hart.

Yesterday at the final session of the fire inquest a verdict was rendered to the effect that the fire had been of incendiary origin with Hart as the guilty person. The session was held in secret, it being given out that there was evidence likely to come out to implicate others in addition to Hart in the oil shortage. If any such evidence was given, however, it was carefully suppressed after the jury had been discharged.

In his confession as to the manner in which he had entered the warehouse to fire it Hart stated that the theory of the police as to the breaking in of the bird's-nest window was correct.

At the police station the amount of information given out regarding the whole matter is very meager. It is generally supposed, however, that the arson case against Hart will go direct to the grand jury and into the Circuit Court, without any District Court proceedings. From the secrecy observed it is generally supposed that the investigation into the fire is leading into deeper matters than had been supposed at first and some further sensational developments may be looked for.

It was stated yesterday that the auditor of the Standard Oil Company will arrive here shortly from San Francisco to conduct an investigation of his own into the affairs of the company here.

FEDERAL COURT OFFICER PULLED FOR GAMBLING

Loo Joe, the Chinese interpreter of the United States Court, was up in the police court yesterday with six companions, all charged with gambling. The Federal interpreter and his friends were indulging in a little game of draw in a well-known resort on Nuuanu street when the police arrived and called all the bets. United States District Attorney Breckons appeared as attorney for the accused and at his request the trial was postponed until Monday.

TROOPS AT VATICAN GUARD THE POPE FROM ANY RIOTERS

Trouble Feared by Roman Government Did Not Materialize---Gold Standard for Chinese Empire.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

ROME, September 21.—Troops were quartered all day yesterday in the premises of the Vatican in order to protect the Pope and the headquarters of Roman Catholicism from any possible damage from rioters, whom it had been expected would break out yesterday on the anniversary of the fall of the temporal power of the Popes. The anniversary passed, however, in quietness.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER'S IMMENSE WEALTH

NEW YORK, September 21.—In the Standard Oil investigating trial it has been brought out in evidence that John D. Rockefeller owns two hundred and forty-seven thousand, six hundred and ninety-two of the total shares of the Standard Oil company, his holdings being valued at one hundred and nine millions of dollars. It was also shown that these shares had depreciated in value during the past ten years to the amount of one hundred millions. The University of Chicago is given at the trial as the owner of five thousand shares of the company.

FORD JURY IS COMPLETED.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21.—The jury for the trial of Tiley L. Ford has been completed and the trial of the attorney of the United Railroads will now be proceeded with.

GOLD STANDARD FOR THE CHINESE EMPIRE

WASHINGTON, September 21.—Among the Chinese reforms contemplated is that of a compulsory education of the masses in preparation for the establishment of the gold monetary standard throughout the empire. The reformers state that this step is necessary to preserve the national integrity of the Chinese Empire.

ARREST BY WHOLESALE.

LODZ, September 20.—Eight hundred workmen in a mill whose owner was recently murdered by employees, have been arrested.

FATAL MEXICAN RAILROAD WRECK.

EL PASO, September 20.—Forty were killed and thirty-four injured today in a collision on the Mexican Central.

COLLISION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 20.—One person was killed and three injured in a collision between a street car and a locomotive.

CHANGES IN COAST POLICE.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 20.—Chief Biggy has appointed Captain Kelley chief of detectives, and made many other changes in the police force.

POPULAR ASSEMBLY FOR CHINA.

PEKING, September 20.—An imperial edict issued today authorizes Princes Puleum and Sun Chanai to prepare for the establishment of a parliament.

WILL SEE NEW SUBJECTS.

TOKIO, September 20.—The Crown Prince of Japan will visit Korea in 1908.

OLAA JAPANESE BADLY SLASHED BY COUNTRYMEN

(Special Wireless to Advertiser.)

HILO, September 20.—There was a fight at Olaa, three Japanese against one, over the ownership of firewood. One man was knocked down with a club and then slashed with a butcher knife so badly that his wounds required seven stitches. The victim will probably die. One assailant escaped capture. VICARS.

GIFFARD APPOINTED.

Governor Frear yesterday appointed W. M. Giffard a member of the Board of Agriculture and Forestry to succeed A. W. Carter, who recently resigned.

Mr. Giffard was a member of the board, and its president and executive officer until he went away to the mainland last May, when he resigned.

Superintendent of Public Works C. S. Holloway was then designated by Governor Carter as president and executive officer. When Mr. Giffard returned, a couple of weeks ago, Governor Frear asked him to again assume the duties of president and executive officer, but he did not see his way clear to do it, so that for the present at least Mr. Holloway will continue as president and executive officer.

PROGRAM

— Of the —
TWELFTH CELEBRATION

Regatta Day

TO BE HELD

Saturday, Sept. 21, 1907

IN HONOLULU HARBOR
Commencing at 9:30 A. M.

1. WHALE BOAT.
2. SENIOR 6-OARED.
3. FIRST-CLASS YACHT.
4. SECOND-CLASS YACHT.
5. FRESHMAN 6-OARED.
6. 4-PADDLE CANOE.
7. SENIOR PAIR-OARED.
8. JUNIOR 6-OARED.
9. STEAMER BOAT.
10. 4-PADDLE CANOE.
11. JUNIOR PAIR-OARED.
12. 4-PADDLE CANOE (Modern).
13. WOMEN CANOE RACE.
14. SAILING CANOE (Old).
15. SAILING CANOE (Modern).

All boats must be at the starting point five minutes after the finish of the previous race.

Intermission between 12 and 1 for lunch.

Races open to all. No entry fees.

All rowing races are to be governed by the Racing Rules of the Hawaiian Rowing Association, yacht races by the Racing Rules of the Hawaii Yacht Club.

Each entry shall include the name of the boat, or, if it has none, the name of the person who enters it in the race.

There must be at least three boats started before a second prize will be awarded and four boats before a third prize is awarded.

Entries will open at 8 a. m. Tuesday, September 17, 1907, at Hawaiian News Company, Alexander Young Building, and will close Thursday, September 19, 1907, at 12 m.

For further particulars apply to the Regatta Committee: C. C. Rhodes, Thos. J. King and M. M. Johnson, or the secretary.

A. E. MURPHY.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
NIGHTS, AT 8:30

GANS vs.
NELSON

Motion Pictures Showing Their Great
Fight at Goldfield, Nevada.

2 1/2 HOURS' AMUSEMENT

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Hotel Baths

25c, 50c AND 75c.
Seats on sale at the Baths.

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Get your supply from

Consolidated Soda Works

Telephone 71

ARE THE JAPANESE
A MENACE TO HAWAII?

Mrs. C. R. Miller in Leslie's Weekly.

The administration at Washington has taken steps to be fully and reliably informed upon the character of immigrants coming into Hawaii, and as to the effect they are having upon the future political and industrial conditions of the islands. For this purpose Mr. Frank Sargent, the commissioner-general of immigration, has taken several trips to Honolulu, and recently Secretary Straus made a special visit there to study industrial conditions in relation to the importation of labor.

Manual labor is necessary to the sugar planters, and if it can not be secured where the plantation is located it must, of course, be imported. At first the labor was performed by the natives, but the Kanakas are a decaying race, and long ago the planters realized that they must look elsewhere for cane workers. Twenty years ago the Japanese were imported to come to the islands, and were persuaded by what seemed to them fabulous wages. They have continued to come until Hawaii has become "Orientalized," the Japanese predominating not only in the cane fields, but in almost every walk of life. At present they are entering Hawaii at the rate of one thousand a month. From July, 1906, to June, 1907, 24,799 alien immigrants were admitted to Hawaii, the majority of whom were Japanese.

One day a few weeks ago I stood on the veranda of the United States immigration bureau at Honolulu and watched with much interest the landing of several hundred Japanese who had just arrived by the big steamers which ply between Yokohama and San Francisco. Each man carried an oblong straw bag, probably containing his entire worldly belongings. His wealth lay in the wonderful earnestness and adaptability wrapped up in his small but robust physique. His style of dress was not uniform; here was one in his native garb, and there another in the clothes of American cut; and as they all marched along, each his own burden-bearer, motley in appearance, but apparently in a happy frame of mind, the clog, clog, of the wooden shoes was like the irregular tread of a troop of cavalry. Some were accompanied by their wives, who brought up the rear of the procession. The Japanese woman is loyal to her native costume, which consists of a variety of colors, and the fine display of kimonos that adorned the end of that procession was in striking contrast to the dull, sad-colored dress of the men who headed it. The luggage of the females consisted of small hand-bags and umbrellas used to protect their hatless heads from the sun. Among the women the only thing that did not harmonize with their distinctly Oriental appearance was an American-made camera in the hand of one of them. As they passed me their faces lighted up with smiles, and their gleeful chattering among themselves made me feel that they were not unhappy over the new life they were about to enter.

A few minutes later they lined up in the rear of the immigration building for examination as to their fitness and desirability as residents. The duty of ascertaining this devolves upon Mr. Raymond Brown, the efficient immigrant inspector, and his assistant, Mr. Halsey. The women occupied one end of the yard, and the men the other. The Japanese interpreter called out each man's name, who took his place in line in the order in which he was called. If a man had his wife with him she fell in line behind her husband, and in this way was formed the procession to the room where the medical examination was held. Trachoma, is the bete noir of the immigrant, and in nearly every ship-load of foreigners who land on American shores a number are deported suffering from this disease. The usual examination, as seen at all immigration bureaus, was undergone, and those to be deported were sent to another room. After this, Mr. Edward Farmer, of the United States customs, began his search for dutiable articles, and one by one the "little brown men" brought up their luggage for inspection. As a rule it was nicely packed, with a piece of oiled paper as a covering. In several bags there were workmen's tools, and in one or two war medals were discovered and proudly exhibited by their owners. I was told by the inspector that the baggage of the Japanese who come into Hawaii rarely contains any sort of weapons or firearms. Under the new immigration law the head tax of each alien is four dollars, and in this instance every man was ready with his money.

The Japanese who landed on that bright summer day will have no difficulty in finding fellow-countrymen, as it is estimated that there are at present 80,000 on the islands. It is well known that they are brothers when it comes to Japanese interests, and they never become a public burden. There is no record of one ever having applied to the board of public charities in Honolulu for help. A splendid charity organization is maintained by their own people, and a hospital under the care of their medical association gives free treatment to indigent Japanese. They have also established a merchants' association, for one meets them in every profession or trade—merchants, bankers, physicians, engineers, and teachers. I am reliably informed that in one year the members of this association imported over \$1,200,000 worth of goods for consumption by their countrymen. As the average duty on these goods is about fifty per cent., the Federal revenue from Japanese imports amounts to many thousands of dollars yearly.

The domestic servants of the islands are almost wholly of this nationality, and they are said to make excellent gardeners, cooks, housemaids, and nurses for children. Frequently a man and his wife are employed in the same residence, and I recall spending a few hours in a home of wealth at Waikiki where such was the case. During the

evening refreshments were served by a Japanese woman wearing her native dress. Her manner was graceful and natural, and as she moved about among the guests (for the occasion was a dance given in honor of the young son of the family) I could not but remark upon her wonderful adaptability to our ways and customs. The master of the house told me of her many good qualities and how, without being told, she kept things in order; how she mended and cared for the linen and, in fact, did numberless things that an American servant would never dream of doing. The Japanese woman servant is quiet, neat, and refined at all times, and I have been told by Americans that as a lady's maid she has no superior.

The Buddhist religion, of course, predominates, although there are a number of Christian churches with Japanese clergymen in charge.

The cost of living for this race is, perhaps, less than for any other. A plantation worker, with his wife and two children, can live on ten dollars per month. This, of course, does not include house rent, light, and fuel, as these are furnished by the plantation owners. Single men pay from six to seven dollars per month for board. The standard of living is somewhat higher in Honolulu, although a Japanese rarely pays over \$1.50 per month for lodging. The food used is Japanese rice—as they refuse to eat the rice grown on the islands by the Chinese farmer—soy, dried fish, beans, Japanese canned goods and preserves with occasionally a little fresh meat. On account of their cheap living the Japanese merchants can undersell the whites and yet make a good profit.

Whether the Japanese are a menace to the islands remains to be seen. However, the white residents of Hawaii are alarmed over their increasing numbers. That many of them come to Hawaii for the sole purpose of entering the United States is well known. Last year the bureau of immigration had evidence that some individuals or corporations were engaged in importing these men as laborers for the American Northwest. While the Japanese Government will issue only a limited number of passports to the United States, it is less difficult to secure them to Hawaii, so these laborers come to the islands, remain a few weeks, and then proceed to the States. Having already been admitted to the Territory of the United States, their voyage to the mainland is "coastwise," and formerly they were not under the alien-contraband law. Last year Japanese immigration direct to California fell off considerably, but from Honolulu they arrived in large numbers. Under the new immigration law the immigration agents were compelled to devise a new scheme, which is the taking of the Japanese direct from Honolulu to Vancouver and slipping them into the States from different parts of Canada. I saw about eleven hundred subjects of Japan take passage on a vessel bound for Vancouver. They had come from different parts of Hawaii and had waited in Honolulu for several days. The whole trip was being planned by an agent, and each evening his office was besieged by crowds of Orientals to know when they were to sail. That the Canadian Government did not want them was evident from the rules made as to their landing, one of which was that each man must have twenty-five dollars in his possession. This was easily arranged, for one Japanese showed me his money, which amounted to three hundred dollars, and he assured me that many of his countrymen had that amount and much more. The white laborers in Vancouver were up in arms at their coming, yet the Japs sailed away, and on reaching Canada they encountered little difficulty in landing, and it is doubtful whether today a hundred of these men could be found in Vancouver. The inspectors of the Northwest, whose duty it is to patrol the Canadian border, will have a troublesome task in keeping these men out. The Mexican border has been the route by which the most Japanese have entered the country, and recently one hundred and seven such were deported from San Francisco.

As the Japs in Hawaii were proving a failure as laborers, leaving the uninviting cane fields for easier modes of living, and assuming an air of independence—perhaps as the result of the attitude of the Mikado's government in the San Francisco school question—the sugar planters went labor-hunting again. Germans, Silesians, Porto Ricans, Molokans and Portuguese were tried. Korean emigration was stopped when the hand of Japan fell upon that land. Of all these the Portuguese proved the most satisfactory in many respects, as they are law-abiding, and their children are likely to grow up to the loyal to the country of their adoption. Mr. E. R. Stackable, the collector of the port of Honolulu, was granted a leave of absence in order that he might go abroad in search of more such desirable immigrants. Evidently they were found, as the steamer Heliopolis arrived on April 26th of this year with 22,293 Spaniards on board. On April 30th the immigration inspectors held a special meeting to find out whether in this instance the law had been violated. Mr. E. D. Tenney, the President of the territorial board of immigration, who is interested in the best-paying sugar plantation on the islands, was questioned as to the circumstances of the arrival of this human cargo. Mr. Tenney said that the board had chartered the Heliopolis, the money for that purpose having been subscribed. He also said that "the instructions given to our agents were to inform these people that we were desirous of obtaining immigrants of that class for the territory; that employment was plentiful in the islands, and that steady employment could be obtained by them at wages from twenty to twenty-two dollars a month. Furthermore, that a number of sugar-planters in the Hawaiian Islands had signified their willingness to employ such people under an agreement for three years at twenty dollars, and at the expiration of that time would either deed to them in fee sim-

ple or give them a paid lease for homesteads consisting of a small parcel of land of one acre and a house."

I saw numbers of these immigrants at work on the plantations, but time enough has not elapsed to tell whether they will remain or become dissatisfied and go to the mainland. The Spanish government soon took action over the wholesale departure of its working class, and Mr. Stackable was compelled to seek other fields; so he hid himself to Madeira, and soon thereafter, by reason of the glowing account of Hawaii's labor prospects, there was such a rush of Portuguese to the new land that several men escaped from jail and stowed away on the Kumeric. Mr. Stackable returned from his trip by way of New York, and was a passenger on the same boat with me from San Francisco to Honolulu. He was not particularly communicative on the subject, and his reticence only made it more interesting; and so, when the Kumeric landed with nearly 1,200 Portuguese, although she did have a few cases of small-pox on board, I determined to see what manner of people were worth \$172,000 to the patriotic residents of the islands—for it cost almost this amount to charter the two big steamers and provide for the comfort of the passengers en route. Physicians, nurses, and interpreters were on board, indicating that the health of the immigrants was a matter of earnest solicitude. Attorney-General Bonaparte's decision regarding the unlawfulness of the States' assisting in immigration except by advertisement gave the territorial board some concern, and several pertinent cablegrams passed between Honolulu and Washington. As no contracts had been made, and it was the earnest desire of the citizens to people the islands with others than Orientals, both shiploads were landed, subject to the usual restrictions.

The question of immigration must be solved, for in accepting the Hawaiian Islands the United States assumed the obligation of taking care of them, and national pride will compel us to work out the problems there in accordance with our traditions and principles of government. The American flag waves over Hawaii, and will remain there. The sugar industry is there; it can be made profitable only under favorable labor conditions, and it must be taken for granted that the United States desires to have its production increased rather than diminished. The Chinese exclusion act robbed the cane-fields of their best and most peaceful workers; the native labor is no longer sufficient, and as the prices and character of work will not attract men from the mainland, there is no alternative but immigration from foreign countries. This condition must be met by the national government, with the grave problem in prospect arising from the increasing number of people of a different civilization, from the dangers of race wars, and the threatened overthrow of the men and methods controlling existing conditions. It is the "little brown man" of the Orient whose head is rising above the horizon of Uncle Sam's dominion and causing alarm in Hawaii. Is this alarm justified?

MRS. C. R. MILLER.

CHILDREN'S
WEEK

The little ones receive special attention here. If yours need new clothing it will be to your advantage to buy this week.

Infants' Hand-made Caps, Dresses, Slips, Robes, Underskirts, Sacques and Bibs. All at reduced prices for this week only.

Children's Wash Dresses in Lawns and Zephyr Ginghams, ages 6 to 15 years, at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Bring the children to see the new Teddy Bears, Monkeys, Puss in Boots and Rabbits.

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See the display in our window.

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NEW LINE OF SHIRTS, TIES, HATS AND CAPS. SEE DISPLAY
IN OUR WINDOW.
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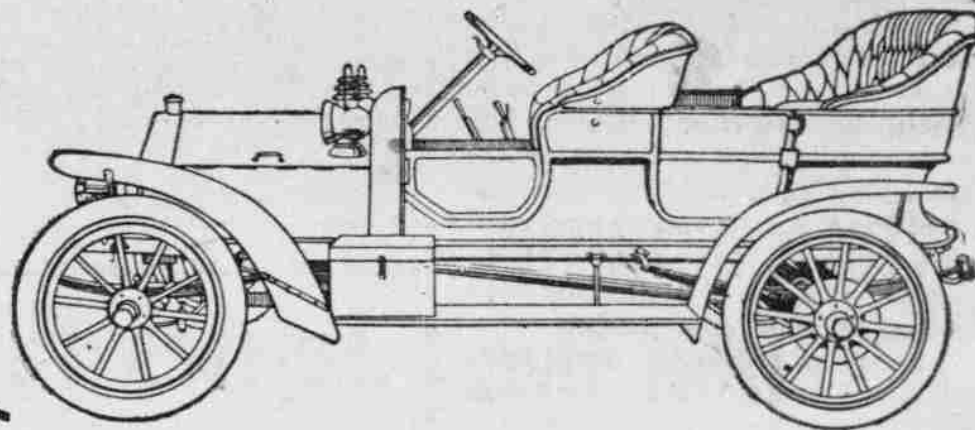
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Two of the famous BUICK 2 cylinder touring cars, and one BUICK 4 cylinder touring car.

Noted for their hill-climbing and adaptability to Hawaiian roads. Also, 5 of the popular MAXWELL runabouts.

Now ready for inspection at our garage.

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The coatless days are past in Honolulu. Nearly every business man wears a coat of some kind. We have a splendid new stock of office coats in alpacas of various colors, pongees and blue and black serges, etc.

They're very light, extremely comfortable and so dressy that most men wear them about the streets.

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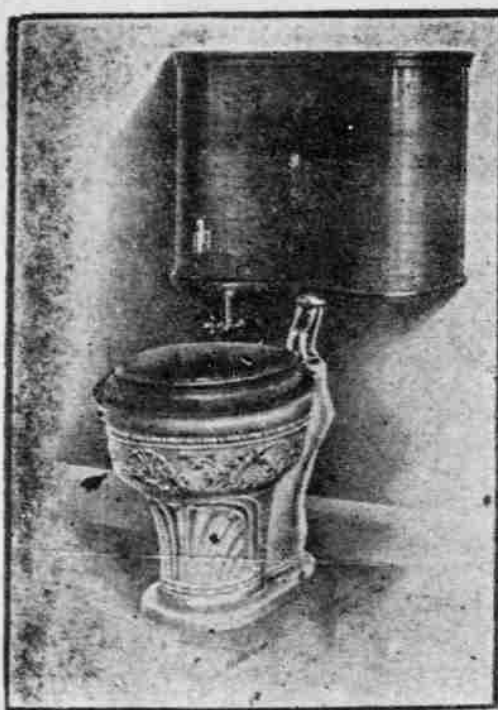
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GOOD BENEFIT BY BLUEJACKETS

Kindergartens Get a Handsome Lift—The Schools Open Prosperously.

Mrs. Theodore Richards presided at a meeting of the board of supervisors of the Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Association in the parlors of the Y. W. C. A. yesterday. It was reported that the net receipts from the benefit given by the West Virginia troupe amounted to \$329.90, and the thanks of the association were communicated to Admiral Dayton and Manager Pardee of the troupe.

The different schools opened with a full complement. There are forty-four in the Miller street and eighty in the Vineyard street, and the personnel of the latter school has entirely changed over that of last year, the Hawaiians apparently leaving the neighborhood to the Chinese. Kawaiahao has fifty children, the majority of them Hawaiians; and the Palama school ninety, mostly Hawaiians. The kindergartners have sent out requests for ten-cent donations from parents, and they have met with ready response, in some instances the parents requesting to be notified when more is needed.

Excellent health prevails throughout the schools, a condition no doubt traceable to the maintenance of a hygiene department by the society and the excellent work of the district nurses. All young women in the training school for kindergartners are given a three months' course in simple nursing and treatment in emergency cases and they are well qualified when they begin their regular duties.

The resignation of Mrs. W. F. Frear as financial secretary of the Children's Home was received with regret, and Mrs. Z. K. Myers was appointed to take her place for the unexpired portion of her term.

The Castle family, who gave the property where the Children's Home is located, has requested that the name be changed to the "Old Mission Home for Children."

George Castle has donated a gas stove to the society and the Castle Estate donated the sum of \$500 to defray the expense of the repairs. During five weeks in the summer Mrs. Theo. Richards permitted the teachers and children from the Children's Home to occupy her residence on Kinu street. They left at the end of the period much benefited by the change and the house in such excellent condition as to warrant very favorable comment upon the thorough training by the Misses Johnson and their good mothering of the friendless children.

The society wishes to impress upon the public that all is grist that comes to the kindergarten mill, and donations of old toys, clothing, remnants, books, pictures, etc., will be acceptable.

WHITE ROCK PLAY ENTRIES

The White Rock tournament which will be played at the Country Club on Sunday will be one of the best which has taken place for some time, if one can judge by the number of entries. There were forty-one names handed in to the committee before noon yesterday and the handicaps were arranged at once.

One of the interesting features is the reducing of Austin White, the fourteen-year-old boy champion of the Territory, to scratch. This comes rightfully on account of the fine work which he has been doing in the past two weeks, when, twice in succession, he defeated the best men in the islands in scratch play. D. W. Anderson is the only other man on scratch tomorrow and either will have hard work to win out with so many good players to contend against, who are allowed from two to eighteen strokes on the eighteen holes which are to be played. The tournament will commence this morning promptly at 10 o'clock. The entries and handicaps are:

| | |
|-------------------|------|
| Armstrong, F. H. | 2 |
| Anderson, D. H. | Scr. |
| Brown, E. C. | 5 |
| Buchly, R. J. | 10 |
| Bishop, E. E. | 18 |
| Campbell, E. M. | 5 |
| Ewart, A. F. | 18 |
| Evans, J. C. | 7 |
| Edmunds, E. C. | 10 |
| Falk, C. J. | 18 |
| Gaines, J. D. | 11 |
| Gill, T. | 9 |
| High, C. B. | 3 |
| Hawes, A. G., Jr. | 15 |
| Halstead, F. | 2 |
| Harwood, P. J. | 15 |
| Kimball, C. | 18 |
| Klebahn, F. W. | 6 |
| Merriam, C. H. | 15 |
| McInerney, J. D. | 15 |
| Phillips, M. | 18 |
| Rothwell, J. G. | 18 |
| Robinson, M. A. | 18 |
| Sorenson, O. L. | 12 |
| Simpson, Wm. | 18 |
| Smith, F. C. | 15 |
| Thayer, W. W. | 5 |
| Wall, A. C. | 10 |
| Walker, S. A. | 18 |
| Walker, H. H. | 5 |
| White, Austin | Scr. |
| White, E. O. | 2 |
| Woon, Wm. | 18 |
| Wardman, E. J. | 18 |
| Waldron, F. L. | 15 |
| Weight, C. S. | 18 |
| Wilder, C. T. | 11 |
| Wilder, S. G. | 5 |
| Wilder, H. A. | 9 |
| Wilder, W. C. | 7 |
| Young, J. O. | 6 |

A BALM INDEED.

No external application is equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm for sore muscles or swollen joints. No matter what may be the cause this liniment will give relief. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

NEWS NOTES OF THE FAR EAST

Interesting Items Culled From Chinese and Japanese Exchanges.

A Peking message is to the effect that the Emperor, who has been indisposed for some time, is fast declining and suffering from the frequent attack of headache. He is unable to sit up for long.

It is rumored that Japan has lodged a protest with the Russian Government against its project to enforce the municipal system in Harbin on January 1 next year. The reason is that Harbin belongs to the Chinese dominion and Russia is by no means entitled to enforce her own laws and systems in the place which is not her territory. Rin-ichiro Katayama, 21, son of Sohei Katayama, living at Muroyamachi, Imaharu, Iyo province, is reported to have flung himself into the crater of Mt. Aso, in Kyushu. The youth was recently plucked in the matriculation examination of Fukuoka Engineering School. This failure drove him to this desperate step.

The first official estimate of the Japanese crop of rice this year, based on the conditions of the 24th ult., was published on Thursday. The estimate puts the crop at 50,391,242 koku, showing an increase of 8.8 per cent, as compared with last year and of 14.8 per cent, as compared with an average year. Owing to the recent floods, the crop in Kanto is expected to have suffered some damage.

The Japanese Imperial Household is being guarded against infection from the cholera districts. Yanaoka, Minister of the Imperial Household Department, has issued a notification to the following effect: No provisions which have passed through Shanghai, Moji or other cholera-infected places are to be supplied to Their Majesties the Emperor and Empress. Persons coming from the places mentioned will not be received in audience by Their Majesties within a week of the time when they left those localities. Letters, papers, magazines and other articles from the infected places will not be accepted by the Imperial Household unless they have been disinfected. The above regulations apply also to the Crown Prince and Princess.

HOWLAND WILL HAVE TO GO

Continued from Page One.)

In the wrong over it as the department tries to make out, why don't they try to cancel the contract? They seem very willing to talk about canceling the Nuuanu dam contract, but why not start in on this contract which they say I have violated the terms of? "On this contract so far they owe me about \$3100. I want that paid. Then I want them to arrange about the completion of the contract. I took the contract to lay that pipe according to the specifications for \$15,500. According to the specifications, remember, but not according to the whims of Howland. When I had done a considerable amount of the work I had the government engineer go over it and he put in an estimate that I had completed sixty-five per cent. of the total contract. On that basis I applied for payment, the contract being that I was to be paid up to ninety per cent. of the value of what I had done. This estimate went to Howland. Without consulting his engineer or anything else but his caprice, he struck out the figures 65 and substituted the figures 50, thus knocking me out of a considerable amount of the money due me.

"In addition to this were other matters which cropped up, and I quit work and will stay quit until either the department will do things on a common sense and fair basis or the department is cleaned out and common sense and fair men are put in charge. Just think of this. My contract read that I was to lay a section of the pipe through the Dowsett Estate. When my men went on they were kicked off, because the Department of Public Works had let a contract for the laying of a pipe across private lands without having taken the trouble of procuring permission from the owners to cross their lands. Then the department coolly changed the plans so that I would have to make 900 cubic yards of a fill and 250 yards of a cut additional to the contract and wanted to make me believe that this change was one of the ordinary chances any contractor would have to run in tendering for government work. They must think that I don't know any more about contracting than Howland does.

"These changes in my contract were made on the lower end. On the upper end I agreed to put in 2000 feet of wooden stave pipe, the staves to be supplied by the department in lengths of not less than sixteen feet. But when I saw the material the department had sent up for me I kicked. The staves supplied were of eight, ten and twelve feet. Anyone knows that these would make the carrying out of the job much more expensive. Again I was told that this was another of the chances I would have to run.

"Now, I don't intend to run any more of such chances, and I won't have to as soon as someone gets into office in the department who knows anything of engineering. I think that it is certain that Howland will have to go. So far as Holloway is concerned, the contractors I have talked to think that he is all right except that he sticks up for Howland and lets him have his own way, right or wrong—and he is generally wrong.

"I will be back in about six weeks, and by that time there ought to be something doing towards straightening out things. I am not kicking so much for myself in this matter, although I have had lots of trouble with the department, but I know that I am saying what every contractor and every competent engineer in the Territory thinks."



A RAINIER TOAST

The Hula Girls went on a strike,
The Navy Lads to tease,
For they had never seen their like
In any other seas;
The nation's dance they thirsted for,
But that they couldn't get,
So RAINIER down their throats they pour
And find it better yet.

Here's to the Navy Boys!
They know a good thing.

C. A. NELSON,
Agent for Rainier Beer

PHONE WHITE 1331

TO BE HEALTHY....

You must have a change of scene and a change of occupation if it is only for a day. You can get the necessary changes at

Haleiwa

ST. CLAIR BIDGOOD, Manager.

IF YOU ARE NOT HUNGRY GO TO

THE ROYAL ANNEX

and you will get hungry smelling the good things and seeing the foaming BEER.

SCOTTY MESTON

Proprietor.

Nuuanu and Merchant Streets.

B

wise and have your repairing done at our shop. Our goodyear welt stitching sews a double lock stitch and you don't have to wait a week and we don't stretch your shoes out of shape. Women's resole and heel for \$1.00

Vicker's Shoe Repair Shop

1119 Union Street.

P. O. Box 567.

Japanese Parasols

SILK, LINEN AND PAPER

MANY VARIETIES OF JAPANESE PICTURES

NEW LINE OF CREPE KIMONOS

JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fort Street next to Convent.

--New Goods--

Silk Shirts and Pajamas

AT

IWAKAMI & CO.

Hotel Street, 42--36

What the Kidneys Do

Their Unceasing Work Keeps Us Strong and Healthy.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 500 grains of impure matter daily, when unhealthy some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—pain in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, disorders of the eyesight and hearing, dizziness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, dropsy, deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right you will have no trouble with your kidneys.

W. J. Maxwell, of Honolulu, writes

thus: "I suffered with a horrible pain in the small of my back (an almost invariable symptom of kidney trouble) for a number of years. I was advised to take some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, and following the suggestion I went to the Hollister Drug Co.'s store, Fort street, and got some of these. Having taken them, they relieved me straight away, and are, I may say, the best and in fact the only cure for backache. I have mentioned the virtue of this wonderful remedy to several persons, among whom is a friend, who found relief, and is now a firm believer in Doan's Backache Kidney Pills." Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Department Stores Manager—The clerk in the butter department says he's not going to lie about our butter any more. The Boss—What salary does he get? Manager—Eight dollars a week. The Boss—Give him nine.

J. A. GILMAN

Fire and Marine Insurance

AND

General Business Agent

ROOM 400 JUDD BUILDING.

FOR SALE

House and Lot

CORNER WILDER AVENUE AND PIHKOI STREET

Pleasant location and very desirable.

COLLEGE STREET

SPLENDID HOME. Three bedrooms, parlor, den, kitchen, lanai and bath; servants' quarters and stable. Lot 75x125. Cool part of the city where trade winds blow. Terms reasonable.

J. A. Gilman

THOS. G. THURM

1063 Fort, near Hotel St.

Stationer

Bookseller

News Agent

Finest line of Typewriting paper in the city.

THE FINAL SUMMONS

Are you prepared? Join the Harrison Mutual Burial Association.

J. H. Townsend, Sec'y.

Kaplanian Bldg., Alakea and King.

TRY A

GENERAL ARTHUR CIGAR

You'll Like It

M. A. Gunst & Co.

Distributors

Bicycles

SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS.

—Also—

REPAIRING WHILE YOU WAIT.

Y. YOSHIKAWA,

King Street, opposite Young Hotel.

J. M. DAVIS

Sewing Machine Repairer

No. 1256 Fort Street, Near Orpheum

TELEPHONE 117.

Repairs made at your house and immediate use of machine guaranteed.

Sewing Machines for Sale or Rent

A Barrel of Monkeys

cannot furnish one-half the fun of a Victor Talking Machine. Hear the Victor at

BERGSTROM MUSIC CO., LTD.

Odd Fellows' Building, Fort St.

EL PALENCIA CIGAR

A mild Havana cigar that never fails to please.

Sold by

Hayelden Tobacco Co., Ltd.

Alexander Young Bldg.

BUY NOW!

Gems, Gold and Silver Jewelry. Up-to-date Styles. Ready-made or by special order. Prices reasonable. Call on us.

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No. 1308 Maunakea St. P. O. Box 945.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS COMPANY.

Machinery, Black Pipe, Galvanized Pipe, Boiler Tubes, Iron and Steel, Engineers' Supplies. OFFICE—Nuuanu Street. WORKS—Kakaako.

OUR TELEPHONE IS NOW

575

EAGLE DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS
Fort Street.

Oahu Ice & Electric COMPANY.

Ice delivered at any part of the city. Island orders promptly filled. Tel. Main 528. P. O. Box 600. Office, Kewalo.

NEW MILLINERY

—At—

MISS POWER'S

MILLINERY PARLORS, Boston Building, Fort Street.

PORTRAITURE

We are specially fitted for a very high class of work. Call and see samples.

R. W. PERKINS,

Hotel St., near Fort Phone 77

THE Pacific Commercial Advertiser

A MORNING PAPER.

WALTER G. SMITH - - - - - EDITOR
SATURDAY : : : : : SEPTEMBER 21

CANADA'S HINDU INVASION.

According to the Victoria Colonist, in its discussion of the Vancouver riot after the restoration of order, the oriental problem in British Columbia is many-sided. "For example," that paper observes, "to say that the people of British Columbia are of one mind as to the exclusion of orientals from the country is not correct. If it should be said that they are of one opinion as to the inadvisability of permitting unrestricted immigration from Asia and the opening of any and all lines of industry to Asiatic races, the claim might be admitted; but there are many people who would be glad to see a sufficient number of orientals of any nationality admitted to supply the demand for menial labor."

Presuming that if all restrictions were removed there would be an influx of immigrants probable from three races—the Chinese, the Japanese and the Hindus—curiously enough the Colonist sees the greatest difficulty of solving the problem to exist in the case of the Hindus. Without deeming it necessary to go into reasons for the statement, it says there is no obstacle in the way of establishing and maintaining a law for the exclusion of Chinamen. There is a more difficult problem with regard to the Japanese, on account of the Anglo-Japanese treaty which Canada is a party. Yet the obligations under that treaty are mutual and the government of Japan, the Colonist says, has shown itself ready to recognize its duty to prevent Canada from being overrun with its subjects. It also gives reasons, from the Japanese point of view, for believing that Japan will not imperil the present friendly relations with Britain by allowing its people to swarm into Canada. Hence it concludes that Japanese immigration is "something that can be regulated without great difficulty." This brings the Victoria paper to what it regards as the most difficult problem of the case. As the matter stands at present, it is thus stated:

"In India there are many millions of people owing their allegiance to the same flag as we do, with whose welfare the interests of the British Empire are deeply bound up, and who have been taught to believe that wherever British institutions are established there liberty and fair play are to be found. It is fair to say of the Hindus, who have come to Canada, that they have very agreeably disappointed even those who knew them best. Doubtless there have been exceptions, but so far as can be judged from superficial observations, the majority of them have proved good workmen in the humble spheres of labor in which they have engaged. If it were thought desirable to encourage the settling in this country of a large number of men, who would form a menial caste, there is hardly any doubt that India would be the best place to seek the required immigrants for any other purposes than domestic service. We think that the case has been fairly stated in the foregoing observations."

But the Colonist proceeds to state the practical questions in this wise: "Is it necessary or desirable that the immigration of oriental labor should be permitted? If such immigration is neither necessary nor desirable, how is it to be prevented?" The paper answers the first question for itself by taking the position that such immigration is neither necessary nor desirable. It cites the experience of the province with the Chinese, before and after exclusion, at sufficient length to reach the conclusion that if oriental labor were wholly restricted white labor would come in and supply the demands of the country, and while admitting that there might be a period of greater or less shortage, "in the end business would gain by the substitution of white labor for oriental, and the advantage would be worth the temporary inconvenience."

In regard to the second question, that of protecting the country from being overwhelmed with undesirable immigration, the views of the Colonist relative to the Chinese and Japanese have been already stated. Its closing remarks on the problem of dealing with the third race mentioned are interesting enough to be given in full. They here follow:

"The Hindu question is one of tremendous difficulty, and we are not sure that the fact of its being one wholly within the Empire, does not make it harder to solve. In dealing with it we have to take into account many things, which are far from being local in character. It is a novel question. Until very recently no one supposed that there would ever be any considerable influx of the people from India into this country. But in some way or other the attention of the people of the Northwest Provinces has been directed to Canada and a movement has begun, which if it cannot be checked, will have a far-reaching and injurious effect upon our country. The supply of such immigrants is practically inexhaustible. If they are to be permitted to enter the Dominion as they please, they will swarm in by thousands. Nearly a thousand of these people arrived on our shores on Tuesday, and if they secure employment there will be thousands more to follow them. We do not believe that white labor will come here where Hindu labor dominates the situation numerically, nor do we believe that a country is ever industrially strong when the lower ranks of labor are filled by a class which is and must remain distinct from the rest of the community. The gravity of the question cannot be disputed, and it calls for very careful treatment. Above all things it calls for diplomatic treatment. Violence must not be thought of. A blow struck at a Hindu in Canada may be felt by a white man in India."

In its blast about police reticence with regard to crimes reported at headquarters, the Star is rather unfortunate in its citation of recent examples. Judge Dole made an urgent request that publicity be not given to the robbery of his house—a small bit of sneak-thieving by the way—and a similar happening at the home of former Governor Carter was merely reported orally to the police. Being of such a minor character it was not reported to Sheriff Iaukea, who read of it in the papers five or six weeks after it happened. It is true that the Advertiser had no report of the kerosene warehouse fire the day after it happened, the cause of the omission being one of those unfortunate mechanical accidents that befall the best regulated newspapers. A good report of the event was written and passed editorial supervision, but did not get into the paper.

Molasses may presently be found too valuable to use as fertilizer. An article in the Louisiana Planter shows that molasses has come into large demand for making compressed yeast. Particulars are given which indicate that such manufacture is already a considerable industry in Europe and promises to be more largely developed in this country in the future than in the past, "thus creating another use for this chief by-product of the sugar plantations, which has of late ruled so low in price. Incidentally," the Planter concludes, "it is also stated that vinegar factories also use much cane molasses and that this has led to a rise in the value of cane sugar molasses so that it is now quoted at \$15 to \$20 per short ton, or from 3/4 to one cent per pound."

Considerable space is given by the Federal Reporter for September to the "British Consular Report on Hawaii's Sugar Industry." The French Consul's exhaustive report on Hawaiian industry and commerce has been already noticed in the Advertiser. Local commercial and industrial organizations owe thanks to the consular representatives of the two countries for their comprehensive showing of Hawaii's resources and openings for trade. Both Britain and France will buy a lot more of our increasing output of tropical products than they now do, and their consuls will be entitled to a great deal of the credit for the business.

Kansas has been blamed for setting too many examples of freak legislation. Now it has gone into nature faking in a way to make the tropical possessions jealous. Lately a curious little plant was found growing at Salinas, in that State, which upon investigation proved to be a young date palm. The date seed was found in the roots which had grown deep into the sand at the side of the tree. It is stated by the chronicler that the finder will take care of the plant and see if it is possible for a date palm to be raised in Kansas soil.

Australia earns the gratitude of reading patrons of magazines by striking the first blow at excessively weighty advertising sections. The Commonwealth imposes a duty of sixpence (ten cents) a pound on magazines containing one-fifth advertisements. A number of magazine importers lately saw the acting prime minister about it, but he said he could not hold out much hope that the tariff would be reduced.

Since nothing is more evident to common observation than that the conditions of the liquor traffic, as they affect the community, have been greatly improved under the new law, the general public will rejoice that the validity of the statute has been sustained by the highest court in the Territory.

JAPANESE VIEWS BEFORE THE RIOT

As the article in a vernacular paper of Japan summarized as below by an English paper antedated the Vancouver riot, it is especially interesting:

The Tokyo Asahi, which took the right royal reception given to Prince Fushimi by the Canadian officials and people as a warrant of perpetual amity of that dominion and the nation the Prince represented, regrets deeply to hear the report of the rising of anti-Japanese feeling in and around Vancouver, probably in contagion with the San Francisco mob. The paper's fear is mostly with the lower characters among the Japanese in British Columbia than with the longer settlers in San Francisco. These latter, in moments of like trouble, exercise a mediatory influence over the natives and the immigrants from Japan; but in Canada the commercial elements are yet insignificant in number, most of the Japanese being engaged in agricultural and fishing labor. They may easily lose control of themselves in moments of heat. The paper is dissatisfied with the rank and number of the consular officials in so important a British dominion. The appointment of a consul-general of rank equal to a minister plenipotentiary, general elevation of the consular personnel and increase of consulates at several centers would help to command better respect for this country and smooth the relations with Japan.

AMERICAN CONSUL AT VLADIVOSTOK HERE

Mr. and Mrs. Nash, through passengers on the Siberia, called on Governor Frear yesterday morning. Mr. Nash is the American Consul at Vladivostok, and it was with him that James Low had some conversation and correspondence on behalf of the Board of Immigration regarding possible Russian immigrants.

Mr. Nash says that the Russian government has been very active in settling up Siberia and has sent many thousands Russians there, giving them land and advancing money to enable them to improve it. But for some reason there is a good deal of dissatisfaction among some of these Russians, and they are looking for some other place to emigrate to. They think Hawaii looks good, and they want the expenses of some of their number paid while they come here and look over the situation, and if they like it and report favorably others will come paying their own expenses.

Governor Frear referred Consul Nash to the Territorial Board of Immigration, and Mr. Nash had an interview with Richard Ivers of the board.

SITE FOR CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL SUGGESTED

Editor Advertiser: The Children's Hospital continues to interest the public as it should. The site is the all-important question but apparently has not been settled. Will you permit me to offer some suggestions on the subject.

Any place on Kuakini street is bad. It is old kalo-patch land and specially in rainy weather is unpleasant. Added to this, the price which I understand was asked for a certain lot, will take no inconsiderable part of the proposed endowment fund and every cent possible should be saved for that, as even the interest on \$100,000 would be insufficient.

Why would not the north slope of Punchbowl adjoining the Punchbowl road be the ideal spot? It is government land subject to a short remainder of the Kaplalani Estate and my experience with that concern leads me to believe that, for so noble an object, it will readily surrender its leasehold interest in any five or ten acres required for the purpose.

I trust the committee will give this its serious consideration.

Very respectfully,
W. R. CASTLE.
Honolulu, Sept. 20, 1907.

COL. JOHNSON WILL TALK ABOUT ROADS

The Hawaiian Engineering Association is taking up the matter of "Good Roads" in earnest. Already two addresses on the subject have been delivered, the one by President Pinkham of the Board of Health and the other by County Engineer Gere. At the next meeting, which will be held on the second Thursday in October, Colonel Sam Johnson, the road supervisor of the Honolulu district, will read a paper on practical road-making. He has done more of this work than most other men in the Territory and seems to be fitted eminently to give the engineers the views which he has reached through his experience.

THE MAILS.

Mails are due from the following points as follows:

San Francisco—Per Sierra, Sept. 23.
Orient—Per China, Sept. 27.
Colonies—Per Miowera, Oct. 16.
Victoria—Per Moana, Oct. 23.

Mails will depart for the following points as follows:

San Francisco—Per Sierra, Sept. 27.
Orient—Per Korea, Sept. 30.
Victoria—Per Miowera, Oct. 16.
Colonies—Per Moana, Oct. 23.

If you are out a tenant put a "To Let" ad. in the Advertiser.

GOOD SCENTS FOR FEW CENTS

Good perfumes are very refreshing and invigorating. We carry the finest line of perfumes at the lowest price.

ASK HER

what odor she prefers. She will surely appreciate your thoughtfulness. Then come and buy from us. She will be delighted and so will you.

We have everything that one could wish for in toilette articles and perfumery.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.
ESTABLISHED 1879



FINE STATIONERY
Engraving AND
Embossing

RECEIVES SPECIAL ATTENTION AT OUR HANDS

In the printing of stylish Visiting, At Home and Reception Cards our work excels.

ASK TO SEE OUR SAMPLES

H. F. Wichman & Co.
LIMITED
Leading Jewelers

NOTICE.

ANY WOMAN OR GIRL NEEDING help or advice, is invited to communicate, either in person or by letter, with Ensign L. Anderson, matron of the Salvation Army Woman's Industrial Home, No. 1680 King street.

Take Her

a box of our own 'make of fresh CANDIES and see if it will not help matters along somewhat.

Our Chocolates and Mixed Candies are justly popular.

Alexander Young Cafe
Alexander Young Building

Show Your Colors
Regatta Day

by carrying one of our handsome.....

SILK PARASOLS

White with Blue Dots,
Red with White Border,
Solid Blue or Red,
White with Blue Border.

We are also showing a line of.....

Ties and Handkerchiefs
IN REDS AND BLUES.

EHLERS
WE CLOSE SATURDAY

Just Back.....

FROM TANTALUS!

and the thing you enjoy most on returning to your home is the electric lighting.

Oh, what a difference! After a summer of smudgy oil lamps the convenience of electricity is forcefully contrasted.

HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

'Phone 30 Office, King St. near Alakea.

TRY A
COLD GLASS
OF



Primo Beer

A Strong Impression

is made upon all buyers of the E. P. Reed shoes for women. Why? Because the variety of styles, leathers and lasts, is so complete in our store that it makes buying a pleasure. Women who are wanting a particularly fine walking oxford should avail themselves of this opportunity of getting a pair of No. 372 Vici Kid ties. Swell pattern, mat top, low Cuban heel, flat-iron walking last. Price \$3.50. All sizes; all widths.



MANUFACTURERS' SHOE CO., Ltd.
1051 FORT STREET
PHONE 232

WELL FED PEOPLE

among our customers are pleased to commend our meats and service. We have the choicest cuts from the choicest cattle. There is no shop in the city, nor in the country where meats are sold that give the customers the same satisfaction.

The Metropolitan Meat Co., Ltd.

Telephone 45.

"We want bread" was the cry of the French masses. Today the cry of all classes is "We want

Butternut Bread"

Made and sold by

THE PALM CAFE "The Home of Good Things"
PHONE 311.

PLANT PINEAPPLES!

You can make \$250 per acre from one season's crop!

BELLAIR

in Kalihi Valley is an ideal place for the growing of Pineapples. The right soil, the right climate. Pineapples grow there now. Let me take you out to show them to you. Three miles from the business center of Honolulu, 1 1/2 miles from the Pineapple Cannery, Will sell the land at from

\$250 to \$400 Per Acre

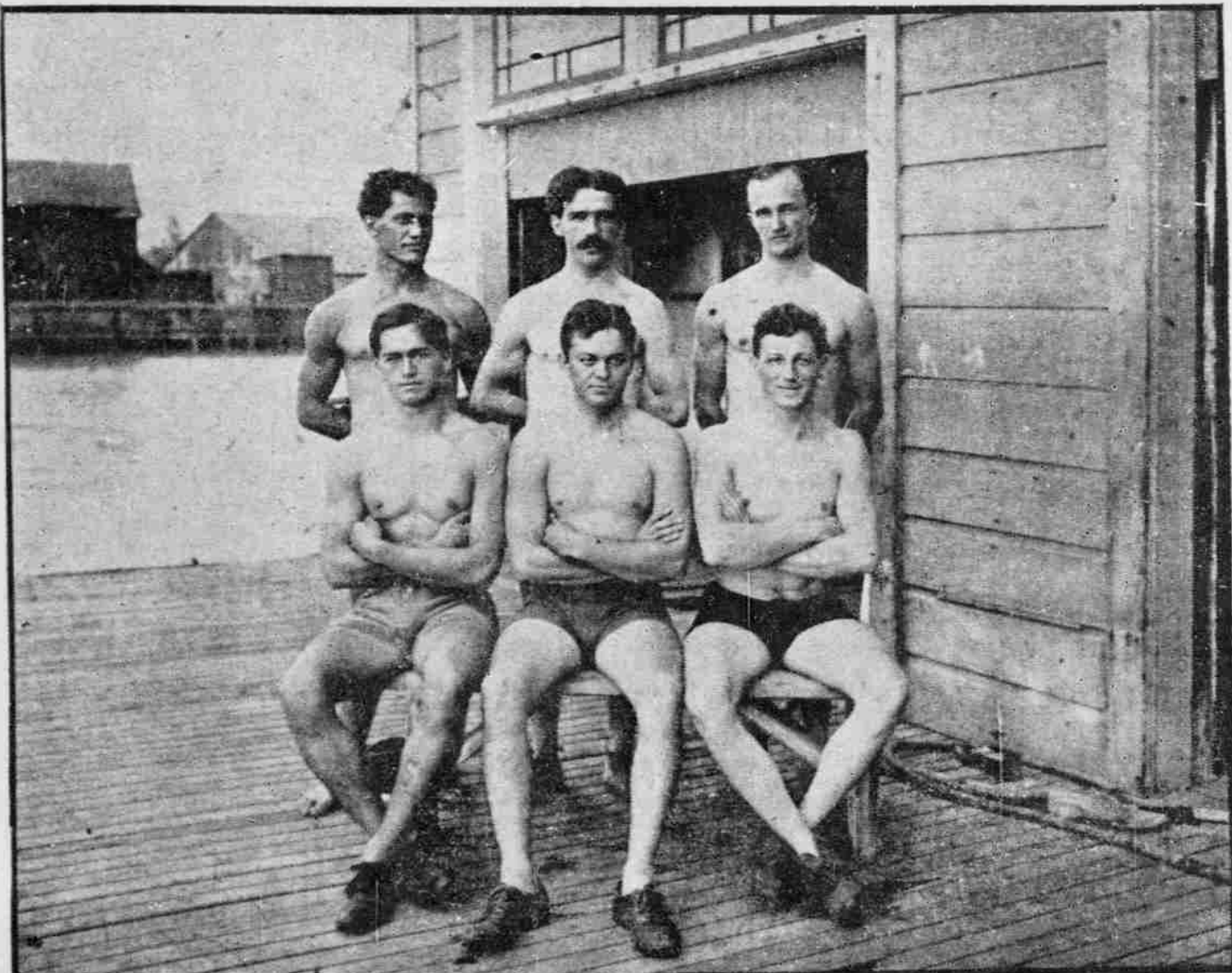
ON EASY TERMS.

Chas. S. Desky

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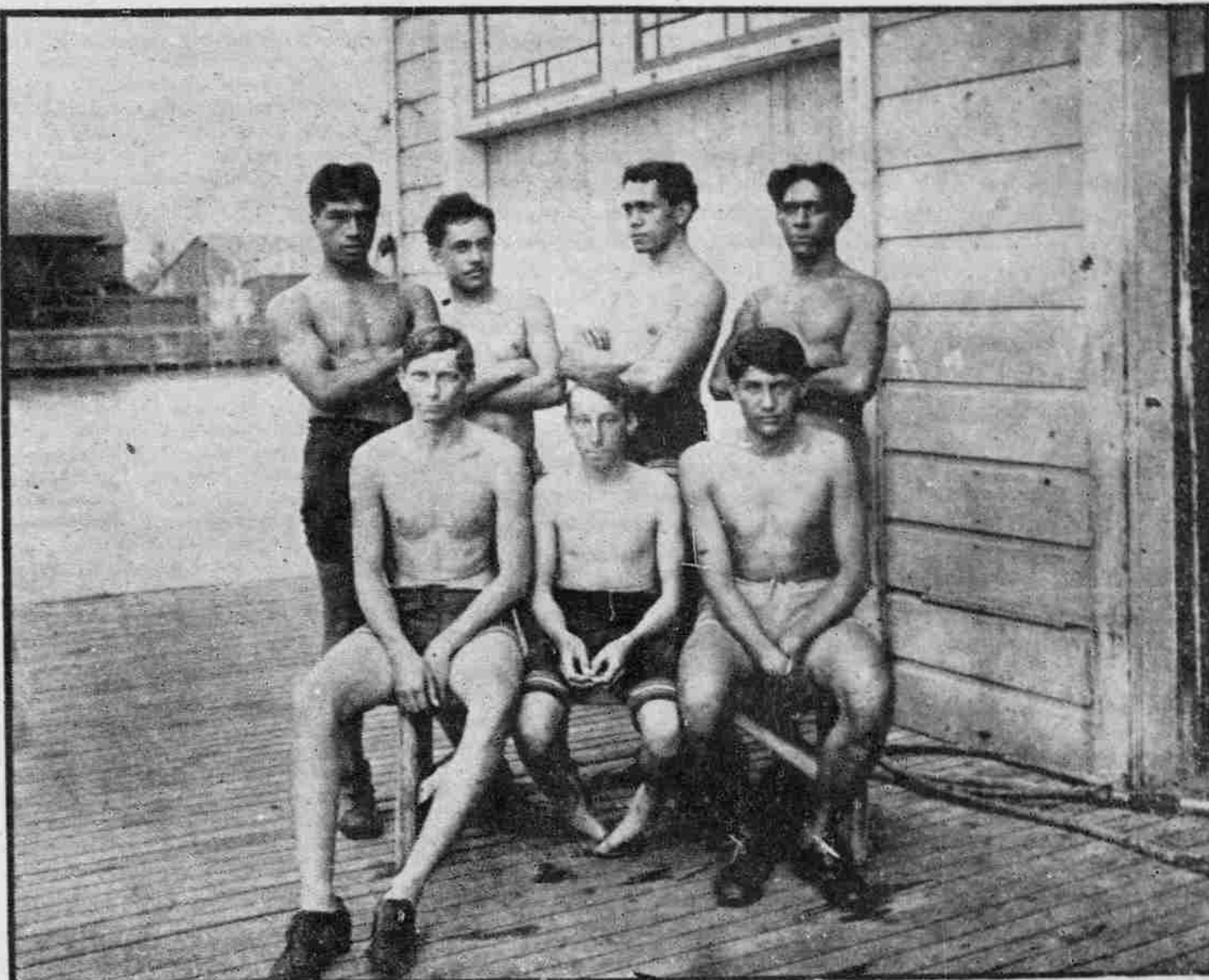
REGATTA DAY RACES IN HARBOR THIS MORNING

J. Archer V. Fernandez R. Clark

H. O'Sullivan Mark Robinson A. Blackman
HEALANI SENIORS.

—Advertiser Photo.

Kamakau Fuller Rose Ewaliko

Cameron Steiner Sherwood
HEALANI FRESHMEN.

—Advertiser Photo.

Barge, Canoe and Yacht Racing Will Be Seen Today and Close Finishes Should Be Seen in All Events.

Those who did not think that Regatta Day would be a success should have taken a trip to the harbor late yesterday afternoon and during the evening and seen the dozens of canoes, barges and other boats which were going over the courses laid out for today's races. Everyone who will have anything to do with the races today was on hand and the rivalry was far more intense than it has been for several years past. The races which have been slow and not exciting have been cut off the program, and others, in which there will be fierce rivalry, have been substituted.

The first race will be for whaleboats, and a new and interesting feature will be furnished by the entry from the U. S. S. Iroquois. Before this the pilot boats have had things all their own way, and the sailors are out to lower the colors of the native boys and are confident that they can do so. There will be a good deal of betting on this event, as there always is when Hawaiians race against sailors.

The main race of the day in the minds of many will come next, when the senior crews of the Myrtles and the Healani contend. The fact that the Myrtles will not use the fast barge Alf Rogers this year has given the Healani a good deal of encouragement, but they may be mistaken, and the odds when the two crews start will still be in favor of the Myrtles, whose boat seems to travel through the water better than that of the other club. The contest should be close, however, and there are sure to be many of the men in the losing boat played out when the finish line is reached.

There are only three entries in the race for the first-class yachts, the Helene, Gladys and Hawaii. With the conditions as they existed last night the Gladys should be the winner, as there is too much sea for the Helene, and the Hawaii will hardly want a heavy sea either. The Gladys seems to like any kind of a sea, though with plenty of wind and very little swell she would probably be defeated.

In the race for the second-class yachts there are six entries, a list long enough to please the most fastidious, or these the Maggie, Myrtle and the Princess seem to have the best chance. The Columbia from the Iroquois is an unknown quantity and can not be figured on to any great extent.

In the freshmen race, between the Healani and Myrtle clubs, there should be a good contest, with the Myrtle crew once more the favorite. The Myrtles have a fine looking lot of youngsters and they have been training hard, which will count when the end of the race comes. They seem to pull in better form than the Healani and are out to win.

Probably the most exciting race of the day will be that between the four six-paddle Hawaiian canoes. The favorite will be the crew brought down from Kona by Prince Cupid, with the Alabama, from Walkiki, a close second. The race last year was between practically the same crews which will race today, but instead of the Alabama, the Hanakeoke, Dr. Wall's fast canoe, which is thought by many to be a better boat than the Alabama, was used. It will be a fight to the finish and there will be no let-up on the part of the Kona boys till the race is over.

Two of the members of the Kona crew have never been in Honolulu before and have been having a great time, though they have been kept under Prince Cupid's watchful eye all the time and have not been allowed to break training. When they were taken out to Walkiki, Cupid blindfolded both

and led them backwards till they were seated on the electric car, in order that they might not be frightened. They thought that the big buildings were liable to fall on them and as a rule preferred the middle of the street to walking on the sidewalks. Cupid has promised them an automobile ride if they win the championship.

The senior pair-oared and junior six-oared races between the Healani and the Myrtles should both be hardy contended and it is a toss up who will win, though in the six-oared race the Healani seem to have a bit the best of things.

The four-paddle Hawaiian canoe race will see the same entries as the six-paddle race. If the Kona boys can win the first race they should take the second without much trouble.

The whine race, for three-paddle canoes, has created great interest at Kakaianalani Island, the headquarters of the Kamehameha Aquatic Club in Kalihi harbor, and five canoes have been entered. It is the first time that this race has ever been pulled off on Regatta Day and there will be the more interest taken in it on that account. On Kamehameha Day the race has been tried in Kalihi harbor and it has been a great success.

There will be two races for the sailing canoes. In the first, for Hawaiian canoes, there are six entries and the Alabama is likely to carry off the first prize as she did last year. Prince Cupid has two entries and is going after the prize as hard as possible. His boat, the Makani, took second place last year and, but for a calm which she struck to, towards the last, would have been first.

There are eleven entries for the modern sailing canoe race and there will be a fierce contest. The way that these boats skim through the water with even the lightest of winds makes the race one of the prettiest of the day and it is always full of excitement when so many canoes take part.

The Kamehameha Aquatic Club obtained permission from Captain O. L. Sorenson, Capt. Jas. G. Carter, Starter—George Turner, Time-keepers—Leslie Scott, Walter Drake, R. E. Wright, Clerk of Course—W. T. Monsarrat, Regatta Committee—C. C. Rhodes, M. M. Johnson, Thos. V. King, Recorders—John W. Short, W. C. Parke, Secretary—A. E. Murphy.

KAWAIIHOU GLEE CLUB TO FURNISH MUSIC

The Royal Kawaihou Glee Club, of which S. K. Nainoa is manager, has been engaged by both the Healani and Myrtle boat clubs to furnish them music today. As this is the biggest and the best adapted organization in the islands for a call of this kind the boat clubs are confident of getting the best music obtainable. For three successive years past this glee club has been held by both the boat houses and has shown

FIRST RACE—

FIVE-OARED WHALE BOAT RACE. (No spoon oars.)
Prize, \$20.00.

To start at.....9:30 A. M.

COURSE—From Judges' boat to and around Spar Buoy, keeping same on port side in turning, thence back to start.

ENTRIES:

Uncle Sam.....U. S. S. Iroquois
Pilot.....By Chas. Oio
No. 2.....By Purdy

SECOND RACE—

SENIOR SIX-OARED SLIDING SEAT BARGE.
Prize, \$25.00 Trophy.

COURSE—From line between Railroad wharf and Sorenson's wharf to and around flags opposite Spar Buoy, keeping the same on port side in turning, thence back to Judges' boat.

Boats to keep their own course throughout the race.

ENTRIES:

Myrtle.....Myrtle Boat Club
Healani.....Healani Y. & B. Club

THIRD RACE—

FIRST DIVISION YACHTS.
Prize, \$20.00 Trophy.

COURSE—Start from imaginary line between the Lighthouse and Healani Boat House. Thence out the Channel, keeping between the buoys and piles; thence to Bell Buoy, tacking around same; thence to Pearl Harbor bar fairway buoy, tacking around same; thence back to the Bell buoy, tacking around same; thence to Spar buoy, passing up Channel, finish at the same point as start.

A warning gun will be fired 5 minutes before the start, time to be taken from the starting gun. Races under Hawaii Yacht Club Rules.

ENTRIES:

Gladys.....T. H. Petrie
Helene.....Fred Whitney
Hawaii.....Alex Lyle

FOURTH RACE—

SECOND DIVISION YACHTS.
Prize, \$20.00 Trophy.

COURSE—Same as first division, and will start 10 minutes after First Division yachts.

ENTRIES:

Columbia.....U. S. S. Iroquois
Malolo.....F. Davis
Myrtle.....Ray B. Rietow
Princess.....J. Kalaniana'ole
Skip.....A. G. Robertson
Maggie.....Alex Lyle

FIFTH RACE—

FRESHMAN SIX-OARED SLIDING SEAT BARGE.
Prize, \$25.00 Trophy.

COURSE—From Judges' boat to and around flags opposite Spar Buoy, keeping same on port side in turning, thence back to start.

ENTRIES:

Myrtle.....Myrtle Boat Club
"Healani".....Healani Y. & B. Club

SIXTH RACE—

SIX-PADDLE CANOE RACE.
Prize, \$30.00.

COURSE—From Judges' boat to and around No. 10 Buoy and back to start.

ENTRIES:

"A".....J. Kalaniana'ole
Alabama.....A. M. Brown
Kamehameha.....Kamehameha Aquatic Club
Nioi Wela.....Major

SEVENTH RACE—

SENIOR PAIR-OARED SLIDING SEAT BOATS.
Prize \$20.00 Trophy.

COURSE—From No. 10 Buoy to Judges' boat.

ENTRIES:

"Margaret H".....Myrtle Boat Club
Frank Bechert, F. F. Bechert; L. Hough, coxswain.
"Healani".....Healani Y. & B. Club
H. O. Sullivan, Alfred Blackman; Harry Steiner, coxswain.

EIGHTH RACE—

JUNIOR SIX-OARED.
Prize, \$25.00 Trophy.

COURSE—Same as No. 5.

Myrtle.....Myrtle Boat Club
Healani.....Healani Y. & B. Club

NINTH RACE—

STEAMER BOAT RACE.
Prize, \$20.00.

COURSE—From Judges' boat to and around No. 10 Buoy, keeping same on port side in turning, thence back to start.

ENTRIES:

Steamer Boats.

TENTH RACE—

FOUR-PADDLE CANOE.
Prize, \$20.00.

COURSE—Same as No. 6.

ENTRIES:

"A".....J. Kalaniana'ole
Keawamahi.....Kamehameha Aquatic Club
Alabama.....A. M. Brown
Huelopua.....A. L. C. Atkinson
Nioi Wela.....Major

ELEVENTH RACE—

JUNIOR PAIR-OARED SLIDING SEAT RACE.
Prize, \$20.00 Trophy.

COURSE—From No. 10 Buoy to Judges' boat.

ENTRIES:

"Margaret H".....Myrtle Boat Club
Chas. Padagen, Bob. Hughes; L. Hough, coxswain.

"Healani".....Healani Y. & B. Club
Mark Robinson, V. Fernandez, Jr.; Harry Steiner, coxswain.

TWELFTH RACE—

FOUR PADDLE CANOE (Modern).
Prize, \$20.00.

COURSE—Same as No. 6.

ENTRIES:

Mahikinaio.....D. Kalu
Diamond Star.....Alex. Smith, Jr.
Hailimanui.....Tom Keolanui
Kalabikiola.....John Lili
Kamehameha.....J. Kalawaia

THIRTEENTH RACE—

WOMEN CANOE RACE, THREE-PADDLE (Modern).
Prize, \$20.00.

COURSE—From No. 10 Buoy to Judges' boat.

ENTRIES:

Mahikinaio.....Mrs. Mele
Kamaiaupuni.....Mrs. Lahele Kipi
Kalabikiola.....Kamaka
Lurline.....K. A. C.
Wahine U.....Mrs. Lewi

FOURTEENTH RACE—

SAILING CANOE RACE.
First Prize, \$15.00; Second Prize, \$10.00.

COURSE—Start same as yachts, round Spar buoy and back to start.

ENTRIES:

"A".....J. Kalaniana'ole
Makanani.....J. Kalaniana'ole
Hauamikiioi.....Kamehameha Aquatic Club
Alabama.....A. M. Brown
Lei Elima.....Albert Afong
Kamehameha.....K. A. C.

FIFTEENTH RACE—

SAILING CANOE RACE (Modern).
First Prize, \$15.00; Second, \$10.00.

COURSE—Same as No. 14.

ENTRIES:

Kiokamakani.....John Kenala and Helela
Kiokalani.....M. B. Punohu
Palikea.....J. K. Apio
Kamehameha Jr.....H. K. Iaea and Harris
Kaaleomamala.....D. M. Kupihea
Mahikinaio.....D. Kalu
Kamaiaupuni.....S. Kipi
Wahine U.....Lewi
Hailimanui.....T. Keolanui
Kalabikiola.....John Lili
Omealani.....Mrs. Lili

LAST NIGHT OF GANS-NELSON PICTURES

Tonight will be the last time that the Gans-Nelson motion pictures will ever be shown in Honolulu. The pictures

were watched last evening by a large crowd of interested spectators and as before all claimed that they were wonderfully clear. This is positively the last time that these pictures will be shown and all who are interested should avail themselves of the grand opportunity to see the best affair of the kind ever held in Honolulu. The fight will go on promptly at 8:30 o'clock and anyone desiring two and one half hours of first-class amusement can find it at the Hotel Baths. Before the fight there

will be a fine display of fireworks that will in itself be an attraction. There will be reduced prices of 25c., 50c., and 75c. These prices are within reach of all.

FIREWORKS TONIGHT

Regatta Day fireworks at Hotel Baths tonight, 8 o'clock. Free to all. Gans-Nelson fight.

NO FAILURES IN THIS PLACE

We have the know-how of the laundry business and a staff that follows directions so that our ideas of modern clothes laundering are carried out to the letter. We make a specialty of ladies' clothing in one department and the employees there handle no other wash. If you have not had satisfaction elsewhere TRY US!

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KAWAIAHAO STREET.

Branch Office,

TERRITORIAL MESSENGER

Telephone 361.

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The Right Time That's Today
The Right Place

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SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS THE LIQUOR LICENSE LAW

The Supreme Court yesterday in a closely reasoned decision by Chief Justice Hartwell, sustained the validity of the liquor license law against all the objections made to it and attacks made on it on behalf of the defendant in the case of the Territory of Hawaii vs. Jacintho Miguel. This was the first case brought to test the law, and the points made were very forcibly presented by T. M. Harrison for the defendant. The Territory was represented in the argument by E. C. Peters with Attorney General Hemenway on the brief. The facts of the case are stated concisely in the opinion by Chief Justice Hartwell, which is given herewith in full:

OPINION OF THE COURT BY HARTWELL, C. J.

The defendant was charged July 8, 1907, before the district magistrate of Honolulu with selling in Honolulu July 6, 1907, certain intoxicating liquor, known as beer, contrary to the provisions of Act 119, Laws of 1907. He admitted the selling without a license. The prosecution admitted that he held a license under Act 67, Laws of 1905, which expired June 30, 1907, and that the beer was part of the stock held by him while holding the license; that he applied for a license under Act 119 and was refused by the Board of License Commissioners; also that before June 30, 1907, he applied to the board to exchange his license for a license under Act 119 and was refused, each application being in the form required by Act 119. The defendant was found guilty and sentenced to a fine of \$100 and costs \$1, from which judgment he appealed to this court on points of law, in substance, as follows: (1) In providing for appointment of a Board of License Commissioners with authority, in their discretion, to refuse or grant applications for licenses and to take evidence upon the applications with no appeal from their decisions, the act makes the board a court with judicial powers and functions whose acts are not subject to review or control by any other court; as the Legislature has no authority to create any inferior courts (Sec. 81, Org. Act) the board is unauthorized by law; (2) the act deprives the defendant of his property without due process of law, contrary to the 14th amendment, he being prevented by its operation from disposing of the stock of liquors acquired by him while holding a license under the Act of 1905; (3) the act authorizes the Board of License Commissioners to refuse to grant any license and therefore is a prohibitory law, and yet its title, "An Act to Regulate the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Repealing Act 67 of the Session Laws of 1905," does not suggest the subject and therefore the law is invalid by Sec. 45 of the Organic Act requiring that "each law shall embrace but one subject which shall be expressed in its title;" (4) the act, in requiring higher license fees for the sale of liquors manufactured out of the Territory than for those manufactured in the Territory by the licensee, violates Sec. 2 of Act 4 of the Constitution giving to citizens of each state "all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states," and encroaches upon the exclusive power of Congress to regulate commerce.

As the defendant, not being a foreign manufacturer, has not brought himself within the class who would be affected by the alleged unconstitutional discriminations, the fourth ground of appeal will not be considered. "There is a point beyond which this court does not consider arguments of this sort for the purpose of invalidating the tax laws of a State on constitutional grounds. This limit has been fixed in many cases. It is that unless the party setting up the unconstitutionality of the state law belongs to the class for whose sake the constitutional protection is given, or the class primarily protected, this court does not listen to his objections, and will not go into imaginary cases, notwithstanding the seeming logic of the position that it must do so, because if for any reason, or as against any class embraced, the law is unconstitutional, it is void as to all." Hatch v. Reardon, 204 U. S. 460.

There is no obvious reason—no distinction based upon legislative objects which requires that a law to regulate sales of intoxicating liquors should be held to be less immune than a tax law from attack upon its constitutionality by persons not directly injured by the portions of the law alleged by them to be unconstitutional.

(1) Upon the defendant's contention that the Board of License Commissioners is an unauthorized body being a court and under the supervision of no other tribunal, it is to be observed that courts established for administration of public justice may have statutory jurisdiction over the subject of granting or refusing licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors or the jurisdiction may be given to a designated official or board which does not thereby become a court. "The judicial power of the Territory," intended by the Organic Act, can be vested only "in one supreme court, circuit courts, and in such inferior courts as the Legislature may from time to time establish." The inferior courts with which judicial power of the Territory may be vested do not, in the sense in which the term is used in the Organic Act, include boards or commissions or supervisors who perform certain functions of a judicial nature, it is true, but are not courts either in the popular or technical sense of the term.

In determining whether to "grant, refuse, suspend, revoke, regulate and control licenses," the board may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths to them and take their testimony, and although this is a judicial function the right to exercise it is not of itself sufficient to constitute the board a court. Such bodies as boards of county supervisors, the board of health, boards of registration of voters, boards of inspectors of elections, or agricul-

ture and forestry, animal inspectors, dental examiners, equalization of taxes, medical examiners, prison inspectors and of education may be authorized by statute to administer oaths touching any matter or thing whereof they have jurisdiction or cognizance by law and to decide finally and without appeal such matters as properly come within their jurisdiction, and yet it would be a misnomer to classify such boards as courts of justice. They would be lawful bodies even if Congress enacted that no court could be established by the Territorial Legislature and that the judicial power of the Territory should be vested solely in the supreme, circuit and district courts. See Ins. & Lumber Co. v. Macfarlane, 14 Haw. 489. Furthermore, the act (Sec. 4), in declaring that "the exercise of the power, authority and discretion by this act vested in the board shall be final in each case and shall not be reviewable by, or appealable to, any court or tribunal," does not make the board independent of judicial supervision. Its power, while "subject only to the limitations and directions in this act contained," is strictly subordinate to those limitations and directions. If it assumes to do anything which is unauthorized by the act or declines to do what the act requires of it, observance of the law will be required by judicial authority when properly invoked. No review may be possible as long as the board observes the limitations and directions contained in the act, and yet the wholesome jurisdiction established by law continues in full force to prevent abuses of discretionary power and for the enforcement of legal rights. In other words, the board is not above the law which creates it.

(2) We cannot sustain the defendant's contention that he is deprived of his property by reason of anything contained in Act 119. It does not appear whether he bought his beer after or before April 30, 1907, the date of the approval of the act, but, if he bought it after, he did so with knowledge that he could not sell unless authorized by the license which he then held or by a license which he expected to obtain under the new act. If he bought before that date, he had no assurance or right to believe that the license would be renewed to enable him to sell after its expiration, if the act should continue in force, or that the act would not be repealed. "If the public safety or the public morals require the discontinuance of any manufacture or traffic, the hand of the Legislature cannot be stayed from providing for its discontinuance, by any incidental inconvenience which individuals or corporations may suffer. All rights are held subject to the police power of the State." Beer Co. v. Massachusetts, 97 U. S. 32.

If he bought after the act was approved, he also knew that he had no vested right to a license under it. It is unnecessary to discuss the question further, since the Organic Act, Sec. 55, provides, "nor shall spirituous or intoxicating liquors be sold except under such regulations and restrictions as the Territorial Legislature shall provide," so that selling would be prohibited in the absence of territorial legislation regulating or restricting it. As the present law expressly saves to him any rights accrued under Act 67, Laws of 1905, if he had any cause of complaint it would be that the act under which he was licensed made no provision for selling liquors which should be on hand at the expiration of his license.

(3) We do not sustain the defendant's claim that the act is invalid in containing more than one subject, namely, prohibition as well as regulation of sales, for the act does not prohibit to any further extent than is necessary or proper in reasonable regulation of such sales. Regulating sales implies restricting, limiting and defining their numbers and volume, and the times and places of selling, and requires the prohibiting of sales not made in conformity with the regulations. To entitle the act "An Act to Prohibit the Sale of Intoxicating Liquor when Not Made in Accordance with the Regulations Hereof," or "When Not Made by Authority of Licensees Granted Under the Provisions Hereof," would furnish no more hint of its contents than is found in the title "To regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors." If the act had been entitled "An Act to Regulate and Also, in Certain Cases, Prohibit the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," the title would give no more information than is given by the present title. Many cases are cited by the defendant which do not appear to go as far as his contention. In Brownson v. Oberlin, 41 O. 76, Oberlin, under a state law authorizing incorporated villages to provide by ordinance against the evils resulting from the sale of intoxicating liquors within the limits of the corporation, passed an ordinance declaring it unlawful to sell intoxicating liquors. It was held that the prohibitory ordinance was unauthorized. In Cantrell v. Sainer, 59 Ia. 28, "regulating the use and sale of intoxicating liquors," was held not to authorize an ordinance which was "entirely prohibitory. There is no pretense at regulation." Sweet v. Wash, 41 Ind. 12, holds that a law permitting towns to "regulate all places where intoxicating liquors are sold to be used on the premises," did not authorize an ordinance prohibiting sales. State v. Fay, 44 N. J. L. 474, holds that authority to prohibit all sale of intoxicating drinks and to license, regulate or prohibit inns or taverns did not include authority to regulate sales outside of inns and taverns. Paul v. Gloucester County, 50 N. J. L. 585, holds that "An Act to Regulate the Sale of Intoxicating and Brewed Liquors" may prohibit the sale of such liquors by the small measure. "Every license law is to some extent a prohibitory law. It prohibits the sale by all persons who have no license." Miller v. Jones, 80 Ala. 89, holds that "An Act to Regulate," etc., does not authorize an ordinance prohibiting sales "either directly or by a prohibitory charge for a license." People v. Gadoway, 61 Mich. 285, holds that a similar title does not au-

Plain Facts About the Hair

It is the duty of every one who is interested in hair preservation to learn enough about the subject to tell whether an advertisement for a hair remedy is reasonable or unreasonable. In this connection, the United States Postoffice Department has begun a much needed campaign against false and misleading statements in advertisements in general. While this work is highly commendable and should be greatly extended, still at the same time it tends to paternalism rather than to personal self-reliance. If YOU know that the claims for a hair remedy are unreasonable and untrue, that knowledge will save you money and prevent disappointment.

The trouble lies in the fact that certain over-ambitious proprietors employ advertising writers who do not know the composition of the remedies they write about, and even if they did, they are not expected to know the therapeutic action of the various ingredients. Two very familiar and oft repeated statements are, that the hair must be washed and fed just like a plant, and that the color of the hair, once destroyed, can be restored, by natural process. While both of these statements are false in every particular, it requires some little knowledge of the hair follicle to understand why the statements are false.

The hair follicle is a pear-shaped sack in the scalp that holds the hair root. At the bottom of the hair follicle and extending up into it for a short distance, is a nipple-shaped projection that remains in the scalp when a hair root is forcibly pulled out. This projection is the hair papilla from which the hair "root" grows. The continuous addition to the bottom of the hair root, forces the hair proper out through the scalp.

The hair papilla is surrounded by the hair root, which thus takes a bulbous form. Above the hair root or bulb which occupies about three-fourths of the entire follicle—is the neck of the hair follicle, below which the most penetrating fluids known to Medical Science can not penetrate. Therefore, the story of

feeding the starved and impoverished hair roots with an external application is all a myth.

The short portion of the hair follicle above its neck opens somewhat like a funnel and is filled with the outer scalp skin. Opening into this outer portion are the highly important oil or sebaceous glands which, from their location, are most exposed to disease. When these oil glands become infected with a certain microbic growth (the cause of dandruff) there is hair disease and finally hair death. Fortunately this outer portion of the hair follicle can be treated by carefully rubbing into the scalp a suitable remedy. What remedy should be used? Manifestly one that will destroy the growth that causes dandruff, itching scalp, and falling hair.

Newbro's Herculicide is the first remedy that was prepared for the particular purpose of destroying this invisible vegetable growth. In fact, it is called the "ORIGINAL" remedy that kills the dandruff germ. Newbro's Herculicide was not made until after Prof. Unna, of Hamburg, Germany (ask your Doctor about him), discovered that dandruff is a highly contagious disease caused by a microbe. The almost marvelous success of Newbro's Herculicide has caused advertising writers to claim germicidal properties for other hair remedies, many of which were on the market years before Prof. Unna's discovery. Do you think that this new claim for old remedies is a reasonable one? Remember, that the hair gets its life, color, and strength direct from the blood, and that good blood, deep breathing, and sunlight, favor hair development. Out-door exercise, to insure free circulation in the scalp, also scalp massaging for the same purpose, are very helpful. Worry, indigestion and sedentary habits oppose hair growth, while the dandruff germ will actually destroy the hair, unless it is eradicated and kept out of the scalp with Newbro's Herculicide.

Herculicide is delightfully cooling and refreshing to the scalp, and almost marvelous results sometimes follow its continued use. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

At Drug Stores—Send 10c. in stamps to the Herculicide Company, Dept. N, Detroit, Michigan, for a sample.

Hollister Drug Company,

50c. and \$1 bottle.

SPECIAL AGENTS.

50c. and \$1 bottle.



MR. MURPHY: "Send a second stove to my house right away."

SALESMAN: "But Mr. Murphy what do you want of a second stove?"

MR. MURPHY: "Shure, when I burned wood it cost me five dollars a month and since I have burned gas it only costs me two and a half so I am going to use two stoves and save it all."

THE HONOLULU GAS COMPANY LTD.
Bishop Street.

Beautiful Velvet Pictures and "Kakemona"

Beautiful linen drawn work
Table cloths 29x30 only \$2.

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Toilet Sets

We have just opened a large shipment of 10-piece Toilet Sets, all the newest shapes, direct from the factory.

10-piece sets, Green and Brown decorations, regular price \$6.00. Our price\$5.00 Set

10-piece sets, Peacock and Purple decorations, very pretty designs, Special Price this week\$6.50 set

10-piece sets, decorated with Roses and flowers, and gold edges, very newest shapes—should be marked \$10.00. Your choice\$7.50 and \$8.50 set

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd.

Household Department

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REALTY TRANSACTIONS.

Entered of Record Sept 20, 1907.

Aimoku (w) to Kikau (w)..... D
Annie Tung Apo et al by gdn to Akai..... D
Beke K Fuller and hsb to L K Sheldon..... M
Mary Riedel and hsb to Annie Young..... D
Trust Co Ltd..... M
Est of B P Bishop by Trs to Honolulu Plantn Co..... L
Seattle Brew & Malting Co to J T Scully et al..... Rel
Jno T Scully to Honolulu Brew & Malting Co Ltd..... CM
Kee Kan to Gln Wing Kin..... B M
M A Gonsalves to Ernest Hutchinson..... PA
Daisy Smith to Henry Smith Tr..... A M

S. F. VETERINARY COLLEGE

OPENS OCT. 1ST.

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50c a month



William O. Smith

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Lot in Palolo Tract—Area, 18,000 square feet.
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Lots in Puunui Tract.
Houses and Lots in Palama.
Lots in Nuuanu Valley and Kaimuki.

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924 BETHEL STREET

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For one year, at \$60 per month, the Pearson residence on Alexander street, near Bingham. House has six rooms, completely furnished, and all modern improvements, sanitary plumbing and is connected with sewer. Punahou cars pass the door. This dwelling is beautifully situated in a large lot planted to ornamental shade trees with servants' quarters and stable in the rear. Ten minute car service and eighteen minutes' ride from the postoffice. Punahou district is one of the most desirable in the city and this property is exceptionally well located in a neighborhood free from noise and where the atmosphere is constantly cooled by the pleasant breezes from Maunaloa valley. Address A. P. Advertiser office. 7836

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Lewers & Cooke, Ltd.

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JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, WATCHES AT LESS THAN FACTORY PRICES AT

THE CARLO PAWN CO.

1018 NUUANU, NEAR KING

MARINE

The Royal Mail steamship Aorangi arrived yesterday afternoon from Vancouver and left last night at 12 o'clock for the Colonies. She had a full passenger list, every available accommodation on her being taken and a number refused passage when she left the British Columbia port. Twenty-six passengers stopped at this city, among whom were several well known here.

As Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Palmer came down the gangplank they were greeted by showers of rice from their friends in this city who were awaiting them. Mr. Palmer, who is well known here, being with the U. S. Engineer Corps in its construction work, brought back a bride, formerly Miss Clarabelle Airhart, of Seattle. They appeared to be rather surprised at the reception which they got at the wharf.

The Aorangi made a fast trip down from Vancouver, arriving about twelve hours before she was expected. She experienced fair weather and moderate winds all the way down. She brought about twenty tons of miscellaneous freight for this city.

Among the passengers on the Aorangi bound for Australia were the members of two rifle teams. The Australian rifle team, which is returning from England, where it won all manner of prizes, was one, and the British rifle team, which is on its way to Australia to shoot in the Empire Match, was the other. The personnel of the British rifle team is as follows: Colonel J. Hopton, commandant; Colonel Cowan, A. J. Comber, Lance Corporal A. S. Fulton, Quartermaster J. Fraser, Captain Lloyd, Mr. Lawrence, Sergeant J. E. Martin, Sergeant McHaffie, Sergeant H. Ommundsen, Lieutenant E. L. Parnell, Major Richardson; A. J. Raven, R. N.; H. R. Robinson, Sergeant T. A. Tatlow, Major Varley and Major Wallingford.

The British team will stop at Brisbane, where it will take part in a rifle meeting, and then go on to Sydney, where the Empire Match, which is the real object of the trip, will be held on October 28 and 29. This is a new rifle competition, held this year for the first time, between teams from Great Britain, Australia and New Zealand. On the first day, matches will be shot at the distances of 200, 500 and 600 yards, while on the second day the teams will shoot at 800, 900 and 1000 yards. The British team is making the trip to Australia to see if it can wrest the Empire trophy from the keeping of the Colonists.

The British team is commanded by Colonel J. Hopton of the British Army. He is a striking man in appearance, with a beard over six feet in height, with a build to match. Major Richardson is the shooting captain of the team and believes that his men can win the prize from their opponents.

The Australian team on board the

LOCAL OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Honolulu, Friday, September 20, 1907.

| Year | Month | Day | Thermo. | Wind | Barom. | Rel. Hum. | Dir. | Speed | Time |
|------|-------|-----|---------|------|--------|-----------|------|-------|------|
| 1900 | 8 | 14 | 85 | 78 | 80 | .03 | 83 | 4 | NE |
| 1901 | 20 | 98 | 84 | 74 | 79 | .03 | 63 | 3 | NE |
| 1902 | 29 | 82 | 88 | 75 | 81 | .03 | 8 | 2 | SE |
| 1903 | 30 | 81 | 83 | 75 | 79 | .03 | 67 | 3 | SE |
| 1904 | 30 | 80 | 85 | 72 | 78 | .00 | 64 | 1 | NE |
| 1905 | 29 | 98 | 81 | 69 | 75 | .08 | 86 | 6 | NE |
| 1906 | 29 | 88 | 83 | 76 | 80 | T | 68 | 3 | NE |
| 1907 | 29 | 84 | 82 | 75 | 78 | T | 68 | 10 | NE |
| Avg | 27 | 94 | 83 | 78 | 78 | .09 | 66 | 4 | NE |

WM. B. STOCKMAN, Section Director.

| Day | High Tide | Low Tide | High Tide | Low Tide | High Tide | Low Tide | High Tide | Low Tide | High Tide | Low Tide |
|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Sept 21 | 10:11 | 4:12 | 1:17 | 8:10 | 1:24 | 5:47 | 6:01 | 0:35 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 22 | 11:24 | 1:18 | 0:08 | 5:18 | 8:02 | 5:48 | 6:01 | 1:23 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 23 | 12:41 | 1:18 | 1:04 | 6:34 | 9:25 | 5:48 | 5:59 | 2:27 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 24 | 1:52 | 1:18 | 1:57 | 7:43 | 10:34 | 5:48 | 5:56 | 3:33 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 25 | 2:56 | 1:18 | 2:42 | 8:46 | 11:39 | 5:48 | 5:57 | 4:42 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 26 | 3:52 | 1:18 | 3:28 | 9:50 | 12:42 | 5:48 | 5:55 | 5:50 | 1:23 | 5:48 |
| Sept 27 | 4:43 | 1:18 | 4:19 | 10:46 | 1:42 | 5:48 | 5:55 | 7:02 | 1:23 | 5:48 |

Full moon September 21 at 11:02 A. M. The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu.

Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees thirty minutes. The time which the blows at 1:30 P. M., which is the same as Greenwich 0 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Issued Every Sunday Morning by the Local Office, U. S. Weather Bureau.

| Day | Thermo. | Wind | Barom. | Rel. Hum. | Dir. | Speed | Time |
|---------|---------|------|--------|-----------|------|-------|------|
| Sept 20 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 21 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 22 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 23 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 24 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 25 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 26 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |
| Sept 27 | 89.94 | 88 | 75 | .00 | 82 | NE | 7:00 |

Note.—Barometer readings are corrected for temperature, instrumental errors, and local gravity, and reduced to sea level. Average cloudiness stated in scale from 0 to 10. Direction of wind is prevailing direction during 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. Velocity of wind is average velocity in miles per hour.

WM. B. STOCKMAN, Section Director.

Aorangi is returning from the rifle meeting at Bisley, where they covered themselves with glory. It is composed of the following: W. C. Addison, A. R. Cutler, W. Cutler, R. C. Dawson, Major F. S. Marshall, H. Mottson, D. McCauley, A. J. McLeod, Sergeant A. S. Wren and R. Whittington. The two crack shots in the team carried away the principal prizes at the Bisley meeting. W. C. Addison won the King's Chair, which carried with it a purse of two hundred and fifty pounds, while W. Cutler won the Prince of Wales Prize, which was accompanied by a purse of one hundred pounds.

SIBERIA SAILS.

The Pacific Mail steamer Siberia sailed for San Francisco yesterday afternoon shortly after five o'clock. There was a large passenger list from this city on board, including many well known local people. S. H. Derby, well known as one of the brightest of the young attorneys of the city, was on board on his way to San Francisco, where he will locate in offices with E. B. McClanahan.

Joe Gilman left for the Coast on a trip which will have much to do with the financing of the new automatic telephone company in this city.

E. J. Lord, the well-known local contractor, left for a trip which will include Europe and the cities of the Eastern States.

C. G. Bockus, business manager of the Bulletin, was among the passengers on a six weeks' vacation trip to California.

OIL SHIPS HERE.

The steamer Rosecrans, with the ship Marion Chilcott in tow, arrived yesterday morning after a ten and a half days trip from California. The Rosecrans brought down 20,000 and the Chilcott 16,000 barrels of oil for the Associated Oil Company. The Big Four squadron was sighted by the two ships yesterday afternoon, steaming along at about thirteen knots in regular formation, the flagship in the lead.

NEVADAN SAILS.

The American-Hawaiian steamer Nevada sailed for the Coast last night at 10 o'clock on her schedule time. She took nine passengers in her first cabin and a full load of freight. The largest shipment consisted of 3000 tons of sugar for the California refiner, and the remainder of the cargo was chiefly comprised of 30,000 cases of canned pineapples and 3000 bunches of bananas.

KINAU DUE TODAY.

The Inter-Island steamer Kinau, from Hawaii ports, is due to arrive early this morning. She will probably come in a little earlier than usual on account of the fact that it is a holiday. A large passenger list is expected, as a number of Hilo people wish to be here for the festivities of the day.

MAUNA LOA SAILS.

The Mauna Loa sailed yesterday for Maui and Hawaii ports at noon, taking a large passenger list and the usual freight. Among her passengers were W. G. Irwin of this city, who is making a business trip to Hawaii, and W. A. Wall.

JAPAN HAS HER OWN LABOR TROUBLES NOW

Under the head, "The Irony of Fate," the Japan Mail, in an issue received by the steamer Montague, says:

"While Japan is guarding against the exclusion of her own laborers from the United States and elsewhere, fate with its usual irony has contrived that she herself should be confronted by a precisely analogous problem in the matter of Chinese labor. We mentioned in a recent issue that a large number of Chinese laborers had been imported into Kyushu for work on the government railways, their monthly wage being only ten yen and their capability conspicuous. This would suggest that the men were in the case; they are employed by the contractor who has undertaken to build the line. What will be the official attitude towards this innovation? Everybody is familiar with imperial ordinance 352, issued in the year 1899, which practically vetoes the employment of foreign laborers outside the limits defined by the old treaties, unless previous sanction has been obtained from the governor of the prefecture concerned. It appears that no such sanction has been obtained from the governor of Kagoshima, and there will devolve upon him the duty of solving a somewhat difficult problem. He cannot consent in the face of ordinance 352, and if he withholds his sanction, the world will inevitably say that Japan herself is doing to others precisely what she complains of them doing to her. Thus far only two of the leading papers of Tokyo have discussed the matter. One is the Mainichi Dempo, which, although it does not speak in very emphatic terms, must nevertheless be construed as objecting to the influx of Chinese coolies for precisely the same reasons that prompt the opposition offered by the labor party in America. The other is the Asahi, which takes the broad and liberal view that this innovation is not to be objected to. There have been numerous instances in Japan itself as well as in other countries of consternation caused among the laboring class by innovations which threatened to deprive them of work, but in every instance such fears have proved groundless. What contributes to the prosperity of the community in general must be welcomed without reference to its immediate effects upon any one section of it."

Old Sores Cured by

"THE HOUSEHOLD SURGEON"
Druggists refund money if DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL fails.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis, U. S. of A.

JAPANESE SEIZE FINE NAVAL BASE

Island at Gate of Philippines Only 60 Miles North of American Line.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—News from Yokohama that Japanese "explorers" had occupied and hoisted the national flag over the island of Pratas, near the Philippines, attracted much attention here because by this act has been added to Japanese territory an island within 120 miles of the Philippines, which would furnish an admirable naval base. Japanese possessions are brought almost within the archipelago, because Pratas island is less than sixty miles north of the twentieth parallel, which was the international boundary of the former Spanish dominions as defined in the treaty of Paris.

Pratas island, in connection with the excellent anchorage afforded by Pratas reef, would be very serviceable to the Japanese, should their navy operate in the water adjacent to the Philippines. The reef, the northeast point of which is about eleven miles from the island, is a wind barrier of circular form, inclosing a lagoon with water of from five to ten fathoms. The reef is about forty miles in circumference, and between one and two miles in breadth. There are two channels leading into the lagoon, one on either side of Pratas island. There are several good anchorages in from ten to twenty fathoms of water, the position abreast of the south channel being well adapted for naval purposes.

The War and Navy Department officials say that they have no official information about this new acquisition of the Japanese navy.

Pratas island is composed of sand. It has been generally visited by Chinese fishermen in the early part of the year. It is said to be the last island between the chain running down to Formosa and beyond the Philippine Islands.

In no way could the island be of value to any one except for naval purposes. It is barren, except for bushy growth. But as a coaling and refitting base it might be of great value during a blockade of Manila or ports on the Chinese coast.

PRISONERS FROM EWA BROUGHT TO JAIL

John Leal, police officer of the Ewa district, was in town yesterday, having brought in two prisoners for commitment to jail. One of them was a Hawaiian, caught with three others dynamiting fish below Ewa. This man, David Kahiki, was the prime mover in the illicit style of fishing and was fined fifty dollars and costs, which he will work out. The other prisoner was a Porto Rican, Ramon Rodriguez, well known to the Honolulu police, who two months ago stabbed one of the newly-arrived Spaniards, the wounded man having been since in the hospital. He will serve three months.

Officer Leal states that the police of his district are going to have a hard time in carrying out the order of the Legislature regarding the duties of truant officers. There are four schools in the district, to visit which will take an officer at least two days out of each week, while to hunt up truants will take the rest of the time. The police department will be handicapped through having to undertake this new duty.

Matsuya, an old timer among the local Japanese, was bound over in the sum of \$250 yesterday to keep the peace for one year. He had stated that he would not close an eye until he had put an end to a young Hawaiian girl of his acquaintance, with the result that he was arrested for using threatening language.

Chinese coolies, imported into Japan for railroad construction work, have been ordered deported, their engagement being a violation of the immigration laws.

NOTICE TO KIHAI STOCK-HOLDERS.

Kihai stockholders holding shares in the names of other persons are requested to have such shares transferred to their own names as soon as practicable. KIHAI PLANTATION CO. By J. P. Cooke, Treasurer. 7836

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

HONOLULU BREWING AND MALT-ING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Honolulu Brewing and Malt-Ing Company, Limited, has been called by the president, and that the same will be held at the office of the company, in Honolulu, Oahu, on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of October, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposed amendment to the by-laws of the company to increase the Board of Directors to seven members, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

By order of the President. CHAS. G. BARTLETT, Secretary.

Dated, Honolulu, September 16, 1907. 246

HAWAII SHINPO SHA.

THE PIONEER JAPANESE PRINTING OFFICE. The publisher of Hawaii Shinpo, the only daily Japanese paper published in the Territory of Hawaii. C. SHIOZAWA, Proprietor. Editorial and Printing Office—1084 Smith St., above King. Phone Main 40.

By Authority

Sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Department of Public Instruction not later than 12 m., Monday, September 30, 1907, for furnishing and delivering patent desks and rear seats of any one of the following kinds: Weber Triumph, Jewel Automatic, Trenton Non-Adjustable, or Acme Automatic, to various schools in the Territory. Tenders must be submitted on blank proposals which will be furnished on application by the Department of Public Instruction, at its office in Honolulu, or through L. Severance, Esq., Hilo, Hawaii. No tenders for less than the total number of desks and rear seats desired, as given in said proposals, will be considered. The Superintendent of Public Instruction reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

(Signed) W. H. BABBITT, Superintendent of Public Instruction. 7834—Sept. 17, 21, 25.

NOTICE OF SALE OF GENERAL LEASES OF AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL LAND IN KAU, HAWAII.

At 12 o'clock noon, Monday, September 30, 1907, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, there will be sold at public auction under provisions of Part V, Land Act 1895, (Section 278-285 inclusive, Revised Laws of Hawaii) General Leases of the following described lands:

(1) 344.0 acres more or less of the land of Wailau, Kau, Hawaii, to be used for pastoral purposes. Term of lease, twenty-one years from September 30, 1907. Upset rental, \$70.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.
(2) 72,850.0 acres, more or less, of the land of Kapapala, Kau, Hawaii, to be used for pastoral purposes. Term of lease, twenty-one years from July 1, 1908. Upset rental, \$3500.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

All of the above lease will contain provisions regarding fencing of boundaries and protection of abutting forest reserves.

The Government reserves the right to resume possession at any time of such portion or portions of the above described lands as may be required for public purposes or for settlement purposes, under Sections 4 and 7, Land Act 1895.

(3) 635.0 acres, more or less, of agricultural land, together with 108.5 acres, more or less, of the pastoral land of Kapapala, Kau, Hawaii. Term of lease, five years from July 1, 1908. Upset rental, \$1950.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.
(4) 575.0 acres, more or less, agricultural land, together with 328.0 acres, more or less, of the pastoral land of Mokeka, Kau, Hawaii. Term of lease, five years from June 4, 1908. Upset rental, \$2050.00 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

The latter two leases will contain provisions regarding fencing of boundaries and protection of abutting forest reserves, and will also reserve to the Government, the right to resume possession at any time of such portion or portions as may be required for public purposes or for settlement purposes, under Sections 4 and 7, Land Act 1895.

For plans and full particulars regarding reservation, fencing, etc., apply at the office of the undersigned at the Judiciary Building, Honolulu.

JAS. W. PRATT, Commissioner of Public Lands.

Honolulu, August 9, 1907.

7802—Aug. 10, 17, 24, 31, Sept. 7, 14, 21, 28.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.—IN PROBATE. AT CHAMBERS.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eva Hammer, Deceased. Before Judge J. T. De Bolt.

Order of Notice of Petition for Allowance of Final Accounts and Discharge in this Estate.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of R. L. Auerbach, executor of the estate of Eva Hammer of Honolulu, wherein he asks to be allowed \$300.68, and he charges himself with \$294.85, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him from all further responsibility as such executor.

It is Ordered, That Monday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the Judge of said Court at the courtroom of the said Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And that notice of this order, in the English language, be published in the P. C. Advertiser, a newspaper printed and published in Honolulu, once a week for three successive weeks, the last publication to be not less than two weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Honolulu, this 13th day of September, 1907. J. T. DE BOLT, Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit.

Attest: JOB BATCHELOR, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit.

7832—Sept. 14, 21, 28, Oct. 5.

Oahu Railway TIME TABLE.

OUTWARD.

For Waianae, Wailua, Kahuku and Wai Stations—9:15 a. m., 9:30 p. m.
For Pearl City, Ewa Mill and Wai Stations—7:30 a. m., 9:15 a. m., 11:05 a. m., 12:15 p. m., 3:30 p. m., 6:15 p. m., 9:30 p. m., 11 p. m.
For Wahiawa—9:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m.

INWARD.

Arrive Honolulu from Kahuku, Wailua and Waianae—9:36 a. m., 5:31 p. m.
Arrive Honolulu from Ewa Mill and Pearl City—7:46 a. m., 9:36 a. m., 10:38 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 4:31 p. m., 5:31 p. m., 7:30 p. m.
Arrive Honolulu from Wahiawa—9:36 a. m. and 5:31 p. m.
Daily, 4 Ex. Sunday, 1 Sunday Only. The Haleiwa Limited, a two-hour train (only first-class tickets honored), leaves Honolulu every Sunday at 8:23 a. m.; returning, arrives in Honolulu at 10:10 p. m. The Limited stops only at Pearl City and Waianae.
G. P. DENISON, F. C. SMITH, Superintendent. G. P. & T. A.

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Alexander Young Building

Fraternal Meetings

CANTON OAHU NO. 1, P. M. I. O. O. F.
Meets every second Friday of the month, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street.
H. T. MOORE, Commandant.
PAUL SMITH, Clerk.

POLYNESIA ENCAMPMENT NO. 1, I. O. O. F.
Meets every first and third Friday of the month, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
C. O. HOTTELL, C. P.
L. L. LA PIERRE, Secy.

EXCELSIOR LODGE NO. 1, I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday evening, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
A. F. CLARK, N. G.
L. L. LA PIERRE, Secy.

HARMONY LODGE NO. 3, I. O. O. F.
Meets every Monday evening, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
W. F. GEHRING, N. G.
E. R. HENDRY, Secy.

PACIFIC REBEKAH LODGE NO. 1, I. O. O. F.
Meets every second and fourth Thursday, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street. Visiting Rebekahs are cordially invited to attend.
ANNIE BIDINGER, N. G.
JENNY JACOBSON, Secy.

OCEANIC LODGE NO. 371, F. & A. M.
Meets on the last Monday of each month, at Masonic Temple, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren and members of Hawaiian and Pacific are cordially invited to attend.
CHAS. A. BON, W. M.
F. WALDRON, Secy.

OLIVE BRANCH REBEKAH LODGE NO. 2, I. O. O. F.
Meets every first and third Thursday, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Fort Street. Visiting Rebekahs are cordially invited to attend.
MAE CANTIN, N. G.
HAZEL CRANE, Secy.

LEAHI CHAPTER NO. 2, O. E. S.
Meets every third Monday of each month, at 7:30 p. m., in the Masonic Temple. Visiting sisters and brothers are cordially invited to attend.
ALICE G. HERRICK, W. M.
ADELAIDE M. WEBSTER, Secy.

LEI ALOHA CHAPTER NO. 3, O. E. S.
Meets at the Masonic Temple every second Saturday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting sisters and brothers are cordially invited to attend.
MARGARET HOWARD, W. M.
LOUISE A. TRUE, Secy.

LADIES' AUXILIARY, A. O. H. DIVISION NO. 1.
Meets every first and third Tuesday, at 8 p. m., in C. B. U. Hall, Fort Street. Visiting sisters are cordially invited to attend.
MRS. M. COWES, Pres.
MAUD O'SULLIVAN, Secy.

ANCIENT ORDER HIBERNIANS, DIVISION NO. 1.
Meets every first and third Wednesday, at 8 p. m., in C. B. U. Hall, Fort Street. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
F. D. CREEDON, Pres.
J. T. CAREY, Secy.

MYSTIC LODGE NO. 2, K. of P.
Meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, corner Fort and Beretania. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
A. S. WEBBER, C. C.
F. WALDRON, K. R. S.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY LODGE NO. 8, K. of P.
Meets every Saturday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, in Pythian Hall, corner Beretania and Fort streets. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
L. H. WOLF, C. C.
E. A. JACOBSON, K. of R. & S.

HONOLULU TEMPLE NO. 1, PYTHIAN SISTERS.
Meets every first and third Monday, at 7:30 p. m., at Knights of Pythias Hall, Fort and Beretania streets. All visitors cordially invited to attend.
ROSE ERICKSON, M. E. C.
GRACE O'BRIEN, M. of R. & S.

COURT CAMOES NO. 8110, A. O. F.
Meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m., in San Antonio Hall, Vineyard street. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
J. P. REGO, C. R.
M. C. PACHECO, F. S.

CAMOES CIRCLE NO. 240, C. O. F.
Meets every second and fourth Thursday of each month, at 7:30 p. m., in San Antonio Hall, Vineyard street. Visiting companions are cordially invited to attend.
M. C. PACHECO, C. C.
R. J. BORGES, F. S.

COURT LUNALILLO NO. 6600, A. O. F.
Meets every first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 p. m., in Pythian Hall, corner Fort and Beretania streets. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
WILLIAM AHIA, C. R.
JAS. K. KAULA, P. C. F. S.

HONOLULU AERIE 140, F. O. E.
Meets on second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock, in Pythian Hall, corner Beretania and Fort streets. Visiting Eagles are invited to attend.
L. E. TWOMEY, W. P.
H. T. MOORE, Secy.

HONOLULU HARBOR NO. 54, A. A. of M. & P.
Meets on first and third Sunday evenings of each month, at 7 o'clock, at Odd Fellows' Hall. All sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.
By order Worthy President,
A. L. LANE,
FRANK C. POOR, Secy.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT CAMP NO. 1, U. S. W. V.
Department Hawaii.
Meets every first and third Wednesday, Waverley Block, corner Bethel and Hotel, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting comrades cordially invited to attend.
O. SCHWEDTGER,
Commander.

MARINE ENGINEERS BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION.
Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month at the new K. of P. Hall, corner Fort and Beretania streets.
H. G. WOOTEN, Secy.

CHUNG WAH LODGE NO. 4, K. of P.
Meets every second and last Tuesday at its hall, Vineyard street, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.
S. S. KONG, C. C.
SAMUEL L. WONG, K. of R. & S.

HAWAIIAN TRIBE NO. 1, I. O. R. M.
Meets every first and third Thursday of each month, in K. of P. Hall, corner of Fort and Beretania streets. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
A. D. CASTRO, Sachem.
A. E. MURPHY, C. of R.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, OAHU LODGE.
Room 62 (second floor), Alexander Young building. During summer months, room closed, and activities suspended until further notice.

HONOLULU SCOTTISH THISTLE CLUB.
Meets on the first and third Friday, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in rooms in Oregon Block, entrance on Union street.
JAMES C. MCGILL, Chief.
JOHN MACAULEY, Secy.

HONOLULU LODGE 616, B. P. O. E.
Honolulu Lodge No. 616, B. P. O. E., will meet in their hall, King street, near Fort, every Friday evening. By order of the E. R. FRANK E. RICHARDSON, E. R.
HARRY H. SIMPSON, Secy.

RAYMOND RANCH \$1000 BONDS

Case Submitted to Supreme Court Regarding Them.

An interesting case involving a curious point of law was submitted to the Supreme Court for decision yesterday, under the statute authorizing submissions for arbitration. The parties are the Hawaiian Trust Company, as administrator of the estate of Genevieve Dowsett Dunbar, vs. the Henry Waterhouse Trust Company and James H. Raymond and Phoebe Raymond. It is set out in the statement of facts that Mrs. Dunbar died in November, 1906, leaving personal estate in this Territory, to wit, fifty bonds of the Raymond Ranch, each for \$1000, and numbered consecutively from 71 to 120, both inclusive. The Hawaiian Trust Company, as administrator of the estate, claims that the bonds were sold to Mrs. Dunbar under such circumstances as would justify the administrator in bringing suit to have the contract of sale annulled; that owing to the wording of the deed of trust of the Raymond Ranch to the Waterhouse Trust Company to secure the bond issue of which these fifty are a part, there is a question whether these fifty bonds are as valuable as those of the issue having earlier numbers. The administrator has offered by way of compromise to bring suit to annul the sale of the bonds to the decedent, provided an exchange of these bonds numbered from 71 to 120 for the fifty bonds numbered 1 to 50, both inclusive, can be made. All the parties in interest are willing to enter into the compromise except the Waterhouse Trust Company, which is advised by its attorney that an administrator can sell but not exchange the property of his decedent, but the administrator insists that it is authorized to make an exchange by way of compromise for the benefit of the estate. It is to determine whether the administrator has such power that this case is submitted for decision.

The Hawaiian Trust Company is represented by Kinney & Marx, the Henry Waterhouse Trust Company by Castle & Withington, and the Raymonds by A. G. M. Robertson.

SUPREME COURT.
In the Supreme Court yesterday the case of A. W. T. Bottomley vs. William A. Hall was submitted on briefs. The court adjourned until Monday.

COURT NOTES.
The suit of J. J. Byrne vs. Eugene Duvauchelle, for \$410.87, was yesterday dismissed by Judge De Bolt for want of prosecution.
Judge De Bolt yesterday gave judgment for \$1301.96, interest of \$406.65, and costs of \$21, a total of \$1729.61, in favor of Henry May & Co., Ltd., against W. C. Peacock.
In the suit of the Hawaiian Carriage Manufacturing Company vs. Schuman Carriage Company, a stipulation was filed for the taking of the testimony of J. F. Jyme at Los Banos, California, on interrogatories filed. There are nearly two hundred of these interrogatories.

GOT BAD ADVICE.
Lee Sa Kee was arrested yesterday by the United States Marshal on a warrant issued by United States Commissioner Hatch on complaint of United States Attorney Breckons, charging him with adultery. Lee Sa Kee some time ago married Dai Fook Tai, who, in law, was a married woman, being the wife of Lau Kiu Sul, though she had consulted a lawyer and he had advised her that she might marry Lee Sa Kee. The woman was tried for bigamy before Judge Dole and was convicted, though a light sentence was imposed on her in view of the fact that she had sought legal advice. Now Lee Sa Kee is arrested for adultery. He will have a hearing on Monday.

THE DEEDS STAND.
In the case of Isaac S. Kau and Josephine Kau vs. Mikahala K. Kaeo and S. K. Kaeo, the Supreme Court yesterday affirmed the decision of the circuit court which gave judgment for the defendants. The suit was brought for the cancellation of deeds to certain property given by the plaintiffs to one of the defendants, on the ground that the deeds, though absolute on their face were by way of mortgage, the land to be reconveyed after the occasion for the conveyance had passed. The trial court held that a case for cancellation had not been made out, and the Supreme Court affirmed the lower court. The opinion is by Justice Ballou.

LEASE OF RICE LANDS.
There has been filed for record a lease by the Bishop Estate trustees to the Honolulu Plantation, of \$3.74 are fully able to carry on the studies mauka side of the Oahu Railway between lots 1 and 2. The lease is for thirty-two years at an annual rental of \$1500 a year.

A NEIGHBOR'S KINDNESS.
Mr. W. J. Fuller, J. P., storekeeper, Rendelsham, South Australia, writes: "I was called to see a neighbor who was suffering from severe cramps and who really thought he was past help. I gave him three doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in a few hours he had quite recovered. I frequently use this remedy in my own family and sell it to my customers on a positive guarantee." For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Sweet Singer—De Hammer says he has a high place in the next show he goes out with. Comedian—Well, I should say it is high. He sits up in the flies and tears up paper for the snow-storm scene.—Chicago News.

A NOVEL POINT IN FISHERY LAW

Not for Izaak Waltons, but for the Supreme Court.

A novel point of law has been raised in the suit of the Kapiolani Estate v. the Territory of Hawaii, to establish a right of fishery under the Organic Act.
The Organic Act provides that "all fisheries in the sea waters of the Territory of Hawaii not included in any fish pond or artificial enclosure shall be free to all citizens of the United States, subject, however, to vested rights." The act provides how these vested rights shall be established.
The fishery involved in the case now before the Supreme Court is what is called a mulwai fishery; that is, one not in the open waters of the sea, but within the banks of a river or stream flowing into the sea and where the tide rises and falls and where the fish sought for are sea fish. The question is, is such a fishery a fishery in the sea waters of the Territory of Hawaii within the meaning of the Organic Act?
The fishery in question is situated in the lower reaches of the Hanapepe river, but there are a number of other similar fisheries in the islands in regard to which the same question may arise.

REWARD IS OFFERED FOR THIS CHINAMAN

Man Chong, who was serving a life sentence for the murder of a policeman, about two years ago, escaped from the prison gang on September 14. High Sheriff Henry offers a reward of fifty dollars for his capture. Man Chong has served time before his present conviction. He has six daughters.



MAN CHONG, ESCAPED CONVICT.

ters and these have called, once on Governor Carter, and once on Governor Frear, asking for their father's pardon. It has lately transpired that two of the daughters have been sold as wives, the husband in each case paying \$200. High Sheriff Henry believes that desperate efforts will be made to get Man Chong out of the country, unless he has committed suicide. Chong is considered a somewhat desperate man.

GOSPEL OF GRUB.
Editor Advertiser: In one of the religious papers for August (Congregationalist), some one writes: "To have and to help others to have good food, free from impurities and adapted to nurture the body to its highest efficiency is as genuine philanthropy as to teach a Bible class."
We do not "teach a class;" but we deem it very important to insist that it is some one's imperative duty to see that the food given out from the kitchens of our many restaurants will bear, from day to day, the most thorough inspection. It is likely that as many or even more, eat at public tables as all that eat at home. How important then for the general health that the food be of the best quality. A man badly fed or underfed is fit for "treason, stratagems and spoils" (not to mention cramps in the stomach, gout, etc.)
ANNE M. PRESCOTT.

AUTOS Taken Care Of

We have the facilities to repair your auto in a jiffy. You can leave it here to be regularly cleaned and taken care of.

Associated Garage, Ltd.
Merchant Street Phone 358

PLAYING CARDS

Splendid new assortment. New picture backs.

Hawaiian News Co., Ltd.
Young Building.

READ THE ADVERTISER
WORLD'S NEWS DAILY.



For Sale SPECIALS

Very large lot, Makiki street, superb residence site, corner lot, elegant view, high above street level. Lowest priced lot in this neighborhood.

Neat cottage and prettily planted lot on College street, Punahou, near Punahou College.

Corner lot, upper Manoa road; 3 minutes from car; fine building site. Owner away, am instructed to sell. See this!

I have for a very short time a house, 8 rooms, near Wilder avenue, at a bargain sale price.

Eight acres and dwelling house, Nuuanu avenue.

The neatest up-to-date bungalow on Tantalus.

Three Tantalus lots.

WAIKIKI BEACH

near Moana Hotel, the choicest, cheapest, house and lot to be obtained, elegant bathing. Will pay good interest as an investment. Price at which I have it for sale will be raised in one month. Will bear the closest investigation as a money maker.

Three lots on King street, near Pili-koii—make me offer.

A fine two-story house and large lot, Lunalilo street.

Small house and lot, Lunalilo street, low price, finely situated.

New bungalow and large lot, Kaa-lawai, a location becoming a fashionable summer retreat.

Several large lots, Kaa-lawai, the summer home locality embowered among trees. Good bathing.

Two acres; choicest pineapple land in Honolulu. The cannery will buy the fruit. Cheap for cash.

If you desire view I have two lots (together) in College Hills that will compare with any in the neighborhood.

A little less than four acres taro lands; living water, house, etc.

KAPIOLANI TRACT

I am agent for the above tract, \$10 down—only a few lots left at present prices.

BUILDING STONE QUARY
adjoins government one, good roads. A bargain speculation at price; \$500. 1-4 cash balance 2 years. 6 per cent you take this.

Preliminary Advertisement

I am instructed to offer at public auction on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1907,
12 O'CLOCK NOON,

at my salesroom, 857 Kaahumanu street, the very

HANDSOME RESIDENCE OF

Mrs. H. A. Isenberg
Situate Corner of Punahou Street and Wilder Avenue

For particulars apply
JAS. F. MORGAN,
AUCTIONEER.

AT AUCTION

Choice Orchids
Palms
Poinsettias

Hanging
Baskets

Date of sale later.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
Auctioneer.

Castle & Cooke, Ltd.
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Sugar Factors and General Insurance Agents.

—REPRESENTING—
New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston.
Aetna Fire Insurance Co.
National Fire Insurance Co.
Citizens Insurance Co. (Hartford Fire Insurance Co.)
Protector Underwriters of the Phoenix of Hartford.

Men's Shirts \$1

Special this week. \$1.25 shirts are offered for \$1. These are values you can not afford to overlook. The shirts have cuffs attached and are in handsome patterns. Also, some plain white. Materials are strong and good. See our new line of

PANAMA HATS

Yee Chan & Co.

Corner Bethel and King Streets

Holly Flour

AT ALL GROCERS

Rubber Goods

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.
R. H. PEASE, President
573-575-577-579 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.

PUPILS WANTED

A COMPETENT lady teacher recently from the Coast would like private pupils. Is proficient in music, drawing, etc. Backward pupils brought up in work; bright pupils advanced. Address "R.", 20 Hawaiian Hotel, or telephone. 7799

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WITH STYLE TO THEM
MATERIAL THAT WEARS
George A. Martin,
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PLASTERING AND CEMENT WORK
Promptly and Carefully Done.
K. ISHII,
Kawasaki Hotel, River Street.
Telephone Main 352.

OCCIDENTAL RESTAURANT

On King street, near Alakea, has been completely renovated and placed under new management. All parties desiring a first-class meal for 25 cents will find it to their interest to give it a trial.

O. OKAZAKI

NEW GOODS IN

Worsted and Shirts

Suits and Shirts
to Order
Hotel Street, near River Street.

Derelict Seen At Honolulu

Only at rare intervals are derelict ships seen on the ocean. Rent derelicts are seen every day in this and in other cities. They are the generous, but improvident, people who believe in placing their earnings in a landlord's pocket, and not in a home for themselves. Don't drift along with the tide, deferring the time of buying until some future date. Do it now. Inquire at our office concerning bargains in homes.

TRENT TRUST CO., Ltd.

BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCH

We serve a very appetizing lunch at noon every day and a light lunch after 4 in the afternoon. No charge for either.

THE CRITERION

Corner Hotel and Bethel Streets

MARSHALL FIELD'S MONEY Marshall Field, the late merchant prince of Chicago, left an estate valued at about fifteen million dollars; by the terms of his will, the major portion of this vast fortune was left to Trust Companies, in trust for members of his family, and for relatives; Mr. Field used four Trust Companies in this way.

Here is an object lesson for the world; Mr. Field was a self-made business man; during his life, he arranged to have his affairs pass into the hands of business men at his death.

Can you do better? Will you do as well by your family? Don't put off this most important duty to those who are dear to you.

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Company, Ltd., with its knowledge of securities, and its large experience, can handle your affairs better than any individual. The drafting of your will will cost you nothing if you go to them.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

New hostelry at Whitney & Marsh's.

Sewing girls by the day, also working girls, at Kaulani Home, telephone 1077.

Be as wise as an owl and take your old shoes to Vickers' Shoe Repair Shop for mending.

Herpicide will do more to aid people in keeping their hair healthy than anything known.

There is no comfort in using a dull razor. Let Pacheco, Fort below King, put yours in order.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co. advertise a very attractive shoe for men in this issue. See front page.

The Lawrence Barrett 10c. cigar makes a delightful, mild Havana smoke. Try one. Ask your dealer.

There is no place like Haleiwa for rest and recuperation. Telephone St. Clair Bldg., manager, for rooms.

Go to Scotty's at the Royal Annex under any condition and you will get your appetite. He has the edibles and the drinkables.

When you wish to treat a friend to the best that the world affords, serve Moët & Chandon white seal champagne. H. Hackfeld & Co., distributors for this Territory.

W. L. Howard has for rent the residence of T. F. Sedgwick, Palo. The water supply will be connected with windmill. Vacant October 1.

Infants' socks in all colors, in cotton, lisle and silk, at Whitney & Marsh's.

THE CONDUCTOR WAS WORRIED.

The conductor was inclined to seek for sympathy.

"Do you see that woman on the left hand side of the car, up near the front?" he asked the thin man on the back platform.

"Yes," I see her."

"The one with the dizzy hat?"

"Yes."

"Well, I think she's tryin' to beat me out of a fare. When I went in to collect she never looked around, and I ain't quite sure that she didn't pay me before—although I'm almost positive about it. She looks to me like a woman who'd be glad to stir up a fuss. I can pick 'em out as far as I can see 'em. You never spot a woman with a face like that who isn't ready to bluff her way anywhere. I wish to thunder I knew whether she had paid her fare or not."

"I wouldn't worry about it any more," said the thin man. "I paid the lady's fare some time ago—she's my wife."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Received direct from Hermitage Distillery, consigned to the Honolulu U. S. Bonded warehouse, Old Hermitage Whiskey, which is now being served from drinks to gallons at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

All the government offices are closed today.

Hawaii's Young People for September is out.

There will be one delivery of mail by carrier today.

Bruce Cartwright Jr. sailed by the Siberia for a trip through Mexico.

Something of interest to Manuel Japlops awaits him at the Advertiser office.

William McKinley Lodge No. 8, K. of P., will meet in K. of P. Hall at 7:30 this evening.

The postoffice general delivery will be open for an hour after the arrival of the Kinau.

There have been sixty-three marriages so far in the month of September in Honolulu.

Mrs. C. E. Meston sailed by the Siberia for California, called there by some estate matters.

Captain Olsen who could not find Laysan Island is to be given another chance to find it in the Luka.

Members of the University Club will entertain ladies and friends at lunch today without the usual formalities.

J. P. Cooke sailed by the Siberia yesterday on a business trip to the east. He will be gone about six weeks.

Mrs. Marie Staranback who has resided in Honolulu since 1855 yesterday celebrated her 90th birthday anniversary.

The Commercial Club will be open to members and their ladies during Regatta Day. Lunches will be served as usual.

The band will play today at the Regatta, stationed at the Channel wharf. Tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon, concert at Aala Park.

T. Inal of the Japanese consulate sailed by the Siberia for Vancouver. He will be attached to the Japanese consulate there.

Mrs. James D. Dougherty sailed yesterday by the Siberia for a visit with the Speers in San Francisco. Her husband will join her later.

P. C. Jones left by the Siberia yesterday to attend the annual meeting of the American Board. He was accompanied by Mrs. Jones.

The Aorangi docked about five o'clock yesterday afternoon. She sailed for Sydney at 11. The mails closed at the postoffice for the Colonies at 6.

Dr. R. J. Wilkinson sailed by the Siberia. He goes to his old home in Ireland, called there by the recent death of his father. He may remain permanently.

A. M. Brown still sticks to his job of police court prosecutor notwithstanding the Board of Supervisors refused to confirm his appointment Thursday night.

The regular quarterly meeting of the St. Louis College Alumni Association will be held at Dreier Hall at 10 a. m. tomorrow. Important business will be discussed. A full attendance of the members is requested.

The question of the naturalization of Dr. M. Katsumura has been raised by the refusal of Governor Freat to approve the warrant for his purchase of an Alewa lot. He is a Japanese and claims to have been naturalized in Salt Lake, Utah.

J. A. Gilman has resigned from the Board of License Commissioners because of his absence from the Territory for a time. Governor Freat has not accepted it as yet, and as Mr. Gilman will not be gone long it will probably not be accepted.

The report comes from California that the Hawaiian sugar planters are there looking out for large mules. Stockton, California, is said to be the mule center of business in that State and the Hawaiian planters are looking there for their supplies.—Louisiana Planter.

At Sunday's meeting the members of the St. Louis College Alumni Association will present Brother Robert of St. Louis College with a suitable souvenir in the shape of a silver watch properly inscribed in appreciation of his services in drawing up the design for the membership roll.

A special meeting of the Woman's Guild of St. Andrew's cathedral will be held Monday, September 23, with Mrs. W. L. Emory, Bates street, at 3 p. m., to make arrangements for the coming fair. The chairman requests reports from the different committees. The regular Auxiliary and Guild meetings will be postponed this month.

Watch

OUR ADS

IT
WILL
PAY
YOU

N. S. Sachs Dry Goods Co., Ltd



Beware of Contaminated Water

Good, pure water is a source of health and vigor. Should your supply be not of the best a filter should be immediately installed.

Here is what the President of the Board of Health says:

"Recent analyses of the Nuuanu water indicate that consumers should filter and boil the same previous to human consumption."

Take heed and act early. We carry the largest assortment of standard filters in the city.

W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd.
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the most important part of your house, the

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Our white and fancy pattern vests are designed to answer the demand for any occasion. The low cut white for dress and the beautiful percale goods in dots and stripes for business or holiday. They are cut right and made right from material that will not wig wag out of form. They are high class.

SILVA'S TOGGERY

ELKS BUILDING, KING STREET

HARRY W. ROBINSON MENTIONED FOR JUDGE

An article of election news in the Louisville Times says:

"Attorney Harry W. Robinson, a well-known young Democrat, is being mentioned as a candidate to succeed Judge Walter Lincoln in the County Court. Mr. Robinson has not decided fully whether he will make the race, but his friends insist that he will qualify before the entries close. Mr. Robinson is a cousin of William A. Robinson."

Mr. Robinson was business manager of the late Honolulu Republican six years ago. While here he was admitted to the Hawaiian bar.

CENTRAL UNION CHURCH.

Rev. Albert Erdman, D. D., will preach both morning and evening. Dr. Erdman is from Morristown, New Jersey. He has been pastor of the First Presbyterian church there for thirty-eight years.

Subject at 11 a. m.—"The Disciple Whom Jesus Loves." Mrs. Mackall will sing a solo.

Subject at 7:30 p. m.—"Men Whose Hearts God Has Touched." A solo will be sung by Mrs. Mackall.

Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Subject, "God's Omnipotence." Leader, Clifton Tracy. Rally Day in the Bible school, 9:45 a. m. A full attendance is requested. The scholars are requested to bring flowers if they can. In the afternoon the Christian Endeavorers and all others who wish are going to take them to Leahi Home. The Endeavorers will leave Pawaia junction at 2 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend these services.

THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., public worship at 11 a. m., when Mr. Paul Super will preach. Subject "The Man Who stirred Up the Kingdom."

Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., public worship at 7:30, Rev. W. D. Westervelt will occupy the pulpit. Miss Hall will sing at both morning and evening services. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

A. C. McKeever, pastor. Bible school, 9:45. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30, subject, "God's Omnipotence." Sermon, 11 a. m.—"The Unprofitable Servant," and at 7:30 p. m.—"What Think Ye of Christ? Whose Son is He?" Come, let us reason together. All welcome.

Try the Alexander Young Cafe bread. It will be a revelation to you.

INCREASE OF GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADE PUPILS

The increase of pupils at the Central Grammar School this year over last is thus reported by the principal, Miss Harriet Needham: Hawaiians 3, part Hawaiians 27, Americans 21, British 10, German 10, Portuguese 21, Scandinavians 9, Japanese 5, and Chinese 10, a total of 116. As no pupils are admitted to this school except such as are fully able to carry on the studies of the grade in the English language, this is in part, at least, a showing of the advance made in the use of English in the community.

BALL GAME FOR YACHT BENEFIT

There should be a big crowd present this afternoon at the ball game which will be played between the St. Louis team and the Picked nine for the benefit of the Transpacific yacht fund. The game should be fast, as the two teams have had more practice lately on the diamond than usual on account of the games played with the teams from the Big Four.

The St. Louis will have its strongest team in the field, the only player missing being Soares, who broke his jaw in the first game of the series with the fleet. Bushnell, who has done such steady work during the year, will be seen in the box and Bruns will take his place behind the bat.

For the Picked team the lineup will be about the same as it has been in the series against the sailors. Hampton will do the twirling with Jones on the receiving end, and if the fielders do their part the Saints ought to taste defeat for the second time in succession.

In the evening the dance for the benefit of the Transpacific yacht fund will be given at the Young Hotel and it is expected that there will be a very large crowd present. There will be music by one of the local quintets and all should be able to end the holiday with a general good time.

WHAT EVERYBODY SAYS MUST BE TRUE.

Everybody who has used it says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy never fails to give relief from pains in the stomach or diarrhoea, which is positive proof of its reliability. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Cadet Samuel Wilder King sailed by the Siberia returning to Annapolis, after a visit here of less than a week.

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