

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU
July 8, 1918—Last twenty-four hours: rainfall, 7. Temperature Min. 73; Max. 81. Weather, Clear.

Hawaiian Gazette

FOOD FORECAST FOR TODAY
All Meals Mention and One Wheatless

VOL. LII, NO. 35 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1918. —SEMI-WEEKLY— WHOLE NUMBER 4754

COURSE OF ALLIES IN RUSSIA AWAITS ACTION OF GERMANS

Prussians Reported About To Abrogate Treaty Because of Assassination of Mirbach

NO ANNOUNCEMENT MADE OF UNITED STATES' POLICY

Teuton Press Preparing People For Resumption of Hostilities Says Forestall Entente

WASHINGTON, July 9—(Associated Press)—Officials here continue silent regarding the new Russian policy, believed to have been arrived at at the cabinet meeting on Saturday. There is no indication at either the White House or the state department that any early statement regarding American action in the Far East will be forthcoming.

Yesterday the British ambassador, Lord Reading, called at the White House for a consultation with the President.

GERMANY PREPARES TO REPUDIATE TREATY

NEW YORK, July 9—(Associated Press)—Germany is about to repudiate the terms of the Brest-Litovsk treaty, she forced upon Russia nearly a year ago, according to all the reports obtainable, and is going to make the assassination of the German ambassador at Moscow on Saturday a pretext for a further invasion and the occupation of Moscow.

The German press, according to despatches from neutral capitals, is preparing the German public for a radical move against Russia, to punish the Bolshevik government and the Russian people for the assassination of General Count von Mirbach. The neutral press believes that the march upon the Bolshevik capital will be resumed. The latest despatches from Moscow dealing with the progress of the German forces say that these were then three hundred miles west of the Russian capital.

FORESTALL ENTENTE

An Amsterdam despatch quotes the Frankfurter Zeitung as saying in its issue of yesterday that changes in the German attitude toward Russia are imminent. If the Entente's enterprise should lead to the collapse of the present Russian regime, says the Frankfurter paper, not much will remain of the peace treaties we have won. The Central Powers cannot permit the Entente to secure fresh resources in the East and must act to prevent it.

London reports that the Kaiser, when informed of the assassination of von Mirbach, ordered his foreign minister, von Kuehlmann, immediately to break off the negotiations in progress between the German foreign office and a delegation now in Berlin representing the government of soviet.

London further reports that fragmentary news from various sources indicates that the assassination of the German envoy in Moscow was accompanied by a formidable uprising of the anti-German elements in that capital, who turned upon the Bolsheviks.

GREAT NEW YORK DAILY FOUND TO BE GERMANY OWNED

Money For Purchase In 1915 Came Direct From German Government Through Bernstorff

TREASURER MANAGER IS PLACED UNDER ARREST

Bondholders Will Take Management of Mail and Express As Real American Paper

NEW YORK, July 9—(Associated Press)—Purchase by German interests of one of New York's great and old established newspapers for the purpose of conducting German propaganda, present German ownership of the stock and a falsification of records to conceal the true state of affairs have been discovered through the investigation of the custody of enemy property. The vice president and treasurer of the publishing company has been arrested for perjury and the bondholders of the company will take over the paper at once. The newspaper was the Mail and Express.

AID FROM ALLIES HOPE OF RUSSIANS

Sentiment Changes and Feeling Is If Not the Allies Then Let Germany Come

WASHINGTON, July 9—(Associated Press)—Large armies, composed of German and Finnish troops are reported to be moving against the Murmansk Coast and the Kola Peninsula where the Allies have landed forces and where the entire Russian population have turned from the Bolsheviks and gone over to the Allies. Confirmation of this news has been received at London, agreeing with the Copenhagen despatches of Sunday. Advances from Volodga indicate that there is a very large part of the Russian population which would gladly welcome intervention.

The Associated Press correspondent at Volodga writes:

"If the Entente allies will not intervene, let the Germans come, in the attitude of the formerly wealthy and middle classes of the people of Russia. Most of them here would frankly welcome foreign intervention."

"This feeling has been the greatest obstacle in any attempt to bring the Russian internal political revolution out of the whirlpool of disorder, according to information in the foreign embassies here."

Pinch Is Felt

"Now that the peasants and workmen are having their incomes, the property classes are beginning to feel the pinch of denial and even of starvation, experienced by the poorer classes in Russia for centuries. This is illustrated by the experience of the 'hour-glass' family in whose home the Associated Press correspondent lives as 'paying guests.'"

"This family, once one of the wealthiest in the Volodga government, owned thousands of acres of timber land, several lumber mills, a dozen ships, two glass factories and more than 2000 acres of land."

"This is what has happened to those holdings in the past two months."

"The lumber land has been declared a government monopoly and confiscated; likewise the shipping. The glass factories and lumber mills have been taken over and are operated by the workmen. The peasants have taken the land."

Further Taxes

"A few days ago the city government (soviet) imposed a special tax on the capitalist class. The family was assessed 50,000 rubles."

Prices Prohibitive

"Prices for foodstuffs, when obtainable, are enormous even when figured at the present rate of international exchange, which these Russians don't get, because their money is old money, invested or made when the exchange was two rubles to the dollar. Compared with old standards of prices in Russia, where living was cheap, the prices now are almost unbelievable."

"White flour can not be bought, except by stealth and in the tiniest quantities. The black flour which all use now makes the blackest of bread. The

POUNDING Austrians on Lower Piave. The Italian army under General Diaz is inflicting a bloody defeat on the Austrians on the Lower Piave River. Photograph was recently taken of one of the Italian big field guns used in that sector. The cannon is being sighted and is about to toss one of Italy's shrapnel missiles on the enemy. The rope used to haul this heavy piece about is shown wound around the forepost of the gun while firing.



PROPER HEAT FOR ROOMS AT LAST OFFICIALLY FIXED

Fuel Administration Says Sufficient Coal Will Be Furnished Householders To Keep Mercury Standing At Sixty-eight

WASHINGTON, July 8—(Official)—Sixty-eight degrees Fahrenheit has been officially fixed as a comfortable temperature for rooms in residences in winter weather. The figures are named by the fuel administration in connection with its plans for the rationing of the nation's coal supplies so as to avoid the possibility of coal famine in various sections of the United States during the coming winter.

Plans for the rationing of coal were announced today by the fuel administration, the system being designed to provide for householders next winter, to prevent a threatened shortage and to insure continued operation to capacity of the great war industries. A recurrence of the heatless days of last winter will be avoided if foresight and forethought can do so.

Under these regulations the domestic consumer is to be allowed sufficient coal to heat his house to a temperature of sixty-eight degrees Fahrenheit.

THOUSANDS FLOCK TO SEE TROPHIES OF WAR

Exhibit In San Francisco Holds Absorbing Interest

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8—(Official)—Attesting the deep interest that attaches to everything associated with the war, more than 15,000 persons attended the opening of the Allied War Exhibit, held here under the auspices of the government and representatives of the Allied nations. In the great crowd were largely numbers of foreign born citizens and residents.

More than 200 war trophies, taken by Americans, British, French, Belgians and Italians are shown in this exhibit including large numbers of machine guns, aerial warfare weapons and articles taken from the trenches. The weapons are defensive as well as offensive and were all captured from the Teutons.

NEW HONORS COME TO GENERAL MINTYRE

WASHINGTON, July 8—(Associated Press)—New honors have come to Brig. Gen. Frank McIntyre at present chief of the bureau of insular affairs of the war department. He is to become principal assistant to Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff.

Gen. William S. Graves, whom he succeeds will go to Camp Fremont.

BELGIANS' TRUMP ACE

BELGIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, July 8—(Associated Press)—Dan Oleslager, Belgium's "ace" in the air, today shot down his sixth German airplane. He is the leading Belgian aviator in point of effectiveness.

Sammies Again Render Aid To Anzacs Winning Victory

WASHINGTON, July 8—(Associated Press)—American forces, brigaded with the Australians yesterday assisted in a further successful advance to the north of Hamel in which an angle that has been found threatening and awkward was straightened out. Beyond this fighting the day was generally quiet for the American forces. North of Hamel the combined forces progressed a considerable distance along a front of 3000 yards.

Pershing Reports

General Pershing cables: "In the Vosges we made a successful raid Sunday night, killing and wounding a number of the enemy and taking several prisoners. Yesterday passed quietly in other places."

American aviators at Thierry have shot down two more German airplanes. It is noticeable that most of the enemy shells falling in the American area are of small and medium caliber.

Alan Ash of Chicago, a member of the Lafayette squadron, was killed to day while battling with several German planes over Soissons.

Sammies Intrepid

An Associated Press correspondent with the British army in France has added details of the capture of Hamel by the Australians and the Americans brigaded with them.

American officers said: "When the barrage came we dreamed there could be such gunfire. It was tremendous. The gunners certainly did wonderful work."

"The tanks opened the way through the barbed wire and our infantry ad

POLICE MAY HAVE TO WAIT FOR PAY

Action Taken By Board of Supervisors This Morning Reported To Tie Up Salaries

Shortly before half past one today this morning the board of supervisors passed the budget or financial measure on second reading and adjourned.

Before its passage the provision relating to appropriations for the police force was eliminated. Then another bill was introduced providing for these expenditures and this has failed to pass, the deadlock continuing three to three. It is expected to pass this separate provision, either in present form, or amended, at a later date.

It was said after the meeting adjourned that the policemen will probably go unpaid on July 15 as it would be impossible to pass the separate measure and advertise it in time to make the money for their pay available.

TEMPERED ALUMINUM TO HELP PLANE BUILDING

SAN DIEGO, July 8—(Official)—Methods of tempering aluminum so as to give the metal the strength of steel with less than half the weight have been discovered. This is considered of the utmost importance to the manufacture of airplane engines and parts where lightness is a keen essential.

WAR PROHIBITION LOOMS UP BIGGER

Senate Committee On Agriculture Approves Important "Dry" Legislation

WASHINGTON, July 8—(Associated Press)—Further steps toward nation-wide prohibition during the war were taken in the senate committee on agriculture today when the committee agreed to the amendments in legislative measures in its hands which will, if passed by both houses, prohibit the sale of distilled liquors and beer after December next and will prohibit the manufacture of wine and beer after October.

This measure is designed as a conservation of food stuffs. While the use of grain in distilled liquors has been prohibited, though food administration regulations have reduced the amounts of grain they are permitted to use. It is held that grapes can be utilized in jellies, jams, preserves and is easier to better advantage than by fermentation into wine.

SWISS ARE SNEEZING

BERNE, July 8—(Associated Press)—An epidemic of la grippe similar to the one that caused widespread sickness in Spain, has found a footing in Switzerland and is spreading fast. As in Spain there are few fatal cases reported.

FOUR MIGHTY OFFENSIVES ARE APPARENT TO OBSERVERS

Germans On West, Prussians and Austrians In Trentino, Allies In Albania and Italians along Piave River Sector

MOST INTENSE STRUGGLE OF WAR APPEARS NEAR

French and Australians Win Successes On Western Front and Italians Continue To Press Austrians Further Back

NEW YORK, July 9—(Associated Press)—Impending offensives on three fronts, in addition to the continuation of the Italian offensive on the Piave and in the mountain sectors of the Italian front are indicated by the despatches of yesterday and last night and the coming weeks are likely to see the most general and intensive hostilities of the war. These expected assaults are by the Germans on some undetermined point or points of the Western Front, by combined German and Austrian forces in the Trentino sector of the Italian front and by the Allies on the Central Powers in Albania and Macedonia. Meantime the Italian-Affiliated forces are pressing their advantages over the Austrians and on the Western Front the Allies are strengthening their positions.

WESTERN FRONT

Military observers are agreed that on the Western Front Germany is about prepared to deliver a blow at an undisclosed objective or objectives. Even allowing for the reinforcements that are to be sent to the Austrians it is conceded that between thirty and forty German divisions are available for new assaults.

TRENTINO SECTOR

On the Italian front the Trentino sector is picked as the objective of assaults by combined German and Austrian forces. On this sector the Italians still occupy some Austrian territory and here they have held while the rest of the Italian army retreated last year. The country is highly mountainous and the Italian positions are considered almost impregnable. According to a Havas despatch von Ludendorff has visited the Austrian headquarters and has hastened preparations. Troops are said to have been concentrated back of that front at Trent and Innsbruck. Germany is expected to lead the assault.

ALBANIAN THEATER

On the Albanian front there has been heavy fighting with the results so far favoring the Allies that they may result in a serious Allied offensive which might force a relocation of the Austrian line over the mountains and in Macedonia. The Italian navy could then cooperate with the land forces. For the past three days there has been heavy fighting north of Avlona. Fighting in Albania between the coast and Tomorica Valley the French and Italian forces conducted operations in the course of which they took more than 1000 prisoners.

Artillery activity on the Dirian and Struma front was reported from Paris in last night's despatches.

GERMANY TO SEND HELP TO AUSTRIA FURTHER BEATEN

Withdrawal From East Bank of Piave Is Admitted In Vienna Official Reports

NEW YORK, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Following up the advantages which they have won along the lower Piave River the victorious Italian army has thrown back the Austrians still further and the new reverse is admitted in official despatches from Vienna. So serious has become the situation of the Austro-Hungarian armies that, it is reported, Germany will have to come to the assistance of its stricken ally and will send three army corps as reinforcements in an effort to stem the tide of the Italian victory.

DIAZ PUSHES ON

Along the main branch of the Piave River there was heavy fighting yesterday. General Diaz sending his men forward between Sile and Piave. The official report from Rome last night said that the Italians had reached the right bank of the New Piave and were there fortifying themselves. This was admitted by Vienna where the evening communiqué said that the Austrian troops had been withdrawn from the easterly bank of the main branch of the Piave River.

MOUNTAIN FRONT

In the mountain sector new gains were made by the combined French and Italian troops. Of this engagement the Vienna report told of heavy attacks made by Italian and French forces and claimed their repulse but the French report said that objectives were taken and all positions successfully held against counter attacks. The fighting was at close quarters and both sides lost heavily.

GERMAN AID

Significant because of this news so adverse to Austria was a Havas despatch received in Paris last night which said that Germany had decided to send three army corps to the Italian front to support its shattered ally. What effect this withdrawal of troops will have upon the Teuton plans for the campaign on the Western front remains to be determined.

WESTERN FRONT

On the Western front yesterday the fighting consisted almost entirely of local engagements. East of Amiens the Australian and American forces proceeded further to the east of Hamel. All objectives were reached and have been successfully held.

There appear to be indications of heavy fighting impending on the Macedonian front according to meager and somewhat indefinite reports received last night.

ROOSEVELT ASKED TO RECRUIT IN IRELAND

DUBLIN, July 8.—(Associated Press)—It is hoped that Col. Theodore Roosevelt can be persuaded to come to Ireland and assist in the campaign to secure recruits. His assistance has been asked and his reply is awaited. Colonel Lynch, who is assisting in the campaign of recruiting in Ireland has sent an urgent appeal to the former American President and asked his cooperation on this work as an important aid to the cause of the United States and its co-belligerents as well as to Great Britain.

HORSE MEAT HIGH

ZURICH, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Horse for slaughter were sold in Vienna market this week at the unprecedented price of \$375 to \$500 each.

AMERICANS UPHOLD ARMY TRADITIONS IN THEIR BRAVERY

Sammy's Win Reputation of Being Devil For Fighting in Recent Engagements

MORE PRISONERS TAKEN BY AMERICAN RAIDERS

Teutons Penetrate Outpost But Are Driven Out When Americans Counter Hard

WASHINGTON, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Capture of more German prisoners by American patrol parties is reported in the communiqué from the front which was received by the war department last evening. These were taken in the Chateau Thierry sector but there was nothing there that approached in nature a general engagement.

In the Woevre sector the fighting was heavier. There a hostile party succeeded in effecting an entrance to an American outpost but these raiders were later ousted and all positions recovered, a considerable loss being suffered by the foe.

The official Paris report of the day mentioned that on Saturday night an American raiding party in the Vosges sector penetrated enemy positions and brought back a number of prisoners. London reported further advances by the Australians and Americans brigaded together at Hamel where further objectives were taken and held.

Victory at Vaux

General Pershing cabled yesterday that American patrols had taken prisoners in the Chateau Thierry sector and the artillery fire in the Meuse, Thiery and Vosges sectors. A hostile raiding party and two enemy patrols were repulsed in the Vosges sector. Again referring to the fighting at Vaux on July 1 General Pershing said: "The enemy fled in disorder from Bois de la Roche to Bois de Roehes and the hand to hand fighting was of short duration. So effective was our artillery fire that communication between the German battalion and regimental headquarters was maintained by only a single messenger, a dog."

On July 3 and 4, "again brought a noticeable increase in activity. The enemy's air forces decreased while our enemy's air forces decreased while ours became still more aggressive."

Traditions Maintained

Its correspondence with the British army has reported to The Associated Press that all traditions of the United States army for valor have been sustained. "In the successful engagement of July 1, 1918, which American troops fought with the Austrian forces, the traditions of the American soldiers were maintained. British staff officers said that they 'fought like devils.' Virtually the entire body of Americans were unscathed."

In the American success at Vaux, Chief of Staff General March says, the ninth and twenty-third regiments of infantry participated supported by the twelfth, fifteenth and seventeenth regiments of field artillery.

In the matter of the use of gas our service was recently consolidated by the organization of a "chemical warfare service" under General Siebert.

Movements Go On

Calls for 300,000 men under the selective draft will be made during August, it is announced by Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff. The present rate of troop movements is to be maintained for several months.

HUNS REGARD THE YANKES AS REAL "BAD BOYS"

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 22.—The American soldiers now are regarded by their German antagonists as "bad boys" for whom the German soldiers were cautioned to "look out," according to a young German deserter who surrendered in the American lines on the Marne last night. This willing prisoner added that conditions in the German lines constantly were growing worse. He said many of his fellows also would desert if they had the chance.

There have been lively machine gun and rifle fire actions and intermittent artillery fire in the northern section of the Belleau wood where the Americans gradually are smothering out the remnants of the German machine gun nests. Otherwise, the Marne front has been quiet.

The 28th German division has been relieved by the 87th. The newcomers are said to be only a second rate division, whereas the 28th was considered by the Germans as one of their best.

JAPAN WILL STAND TIGHT TO ALLIES

Viscount Ishii in Boston Speech Makes Clear Position of His Country

BOSTON, July 7.—(Official)—It is the intent and purpose of Japan never to relax its utmost efforts for the cause which it has in common with the Allies until international justice and international democracy are completely and satisfactorily attained. This was clearly and unmistakably asserted by Ambassador Ishii of Japan at a luncheon here yesterday and at the same time he sought to make it clear that an alliance between Japan and Germany, even a separate peace between the two nations was unthinkable to the Japanese government and to the great mass of people in his country.

Viscount Ishii was guest of honor at a luncheon tendered by Mayor Andrew J. Peters and spoke strongly on the subject of international relations dealing squarely with the subject of a separate peace between Japan and Germany. In part he said:

"I will remember that about two years ago I talked with your ambassador in his office in Tokyo. I then asked his excellency the ambassador if he did not think, as I certainly did even at that time, some outside influence had much to do with the inexplicable misunderstanding that were constantly arising between our two countries. The United States being neutral at the time I could not mention Germany by name. The Zimmerman incident occurred only a few months later and completely justified my views. Before that I must have spoken without the direct proof that I desired. Proof of Plotting."

"We now have positive proof that the Kaiser, besides being the inventor of the so-called 'yellow peril', had been busy himself in efforts to estrange Japan and America. He had been busy at that time at the text of the Anglo-Japanese alliance treaty. The stipulations of that treaty have no direct bearing upon any event taking place in Europe. Had Japan elected to remain neutral, she would have been in a position to keep herself aloof from hostilities and might have readily done so without any ostensible breach of faith with England. With meager natural resources and a poor state of finances and foreign trade, what necessity was there for Japan to embark on a perilous war against a formidable foe?"

Japan's Viewpoint

"Japan took matters in a more conspicuous way. In the opinion of her statesmen the dominant purpose of the Alliance was to preserve peace in the Far East and their opinion that could not be maintained from the very moment when war broke out between Great Britain and Germany, two great colonial powers in Asia. Whatever might be the wording of the treaty, the spirit of the alliance was clear beyond doubt and my government had no hesitation in making the supreme decision. Questioned in Honolulu."

"On my way to Washington about three months ago my Mid-Pacific slumbers were rudely awakened by the query 'Are you going to enter into an alliance with Germany?'"

"With my government and with my people such a thing as that is simply unthinkable."

Japan is proud to be your ally in this war and she will not relax her utmost efforts until the cause we have in common, the cause of international justice and international democracy has been completely and satisfactorily attained."

NAVY HONORS THE WIDOW OF FIRST NAVAL HERO

An invitation has been extended Mrs. Evelyn Thomas, widow of the late Lieutenant Charles Crase Thomas, U. S. N., the first American naval officer to lose his life in the war with Germany, to christen a destroyer that will bear the name of her gallant husband, says the San Francisco Chronicle of June 23. A telegram from the navy department asking her if she would accept the invitation was received by Mrs. Thomas yesterday, and she has wired acceptance.

Lieutenant Thomas was a California boy, a native of Grass Valley. He was in command of the naval guard aboard the tanker Vacuum when that vessel, homeward bound, was torpedoed and sunk off the north coast of Ireland by a German submarine on April 17, 1917.

While assisting in lowering the lifeboats, Lieutenant Thomas was hit in the head and knocked overboard. He was rescued from the water, but died the following day from injuries and exposure.

At the age of sixteen, Lieutenant Thomas entered Annapolis, graduating as an honor man with the class of 1908. He afterwards took a post graduate course with distinction at Columbia University. He was thirty-one years old when he fell a victim of the German U-boat. He has a brother, Lawrence E. Thomas, residing in Berkeley.

Mrs. Thomas has been visiting relatives in San Francisco for two weeks, and expected to remain here for a couple of months, but her acceptance of the invitation of the navy department has cut her visit short. She will leave next week for the Atlantic port where the launching is to take place. Her home is in Annapolis, Maryland.

WHEN YOU EAT TOO MUCH

Distress in the stomach after eating is relieved by taking one of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it the next time you eat more than you should. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

CASUALTY LIST INCREASES FASTER AS AMERICANS ARE ENGAGED MORE ACTIVELY

WASHINGTON, July 8.—(Associated Press)—With the increase of the fighting forces of the United States on the Western front and with the larger and more active part which they are taking in the hostilities, the casualty list is growing fast although to date the losses for the expeditionary forces have been less than those that were sustained by Great Britain last week.

Casualties to date of the American expeditionary forces were announced yesterday and total 11,908 for the army and the Marine Corps. These losses are classified as follows: Deaths in army 367 and in Marine Corps 467. Further segregating the casualties the report shows for the army 1,047 killed in action, 422 died of wounds, 1,332 of disease, and 480 died from accidents and other unclassified causes. The wounded have numbered 5,200 and the missing, including prisoners 452.

In yesterday's casualty list as issued officially, the army is shown to have lost twenty-five killed in action, seventeen by deaths from wounds, nine by disease, two by airplane accidents, three from other causes, while forty-eight were severely wounded and thirteen missing. Marine Corps losses were thirteen killed in action, two died of wounds and thirty-eight severely wounded.

Total casualties for the day were 170.

BASEBALL HARD HIT BY STRIKE OR FIGHT TELEGRAPHERS NOT TO GO ON STRIKE

Three Leagues Announce Season Is Closed and It Is Back To Farms For Players

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—(Associated Press)—"Work or fight" is hitting professional baseball hard. Three leagues closed their season yesterday because of the orders that those who are not productively engaged shall go to work where their labor is essential. The Western League closed its season yesterday. It was reported in despatches from Omaha, Nebraska. This was the largest of the leagues to announce a permanent shutdown.

Next in line was the Texas League from which the big leagues have year after year drawn heavily for recruits. A despatch from Fort Worth, Texas, announced that the season there was closed. This followed action by Texas draft boards on Saturday in summoning to attendance numbers of baseball players who are within the draft age.

The third league to give up to the war demand for productive labor is the Pacific Coast International composed of Seattle, Aberdeen, Portland and Vancouver. Announcement of its disbandment came from Portland.

Action On Contests of Queen's Will Expected This Week

If All Three That Have Been Filed Are Rejected By Lower Court and No Appeals Taken, Probating Can Proceed Speedily

It is probable that action may be taken in the probate court this week with contests presented in amended petitions in connection with the estate of the late Queen Liliuokalani. Those who have presented opposition to the probating of the will of December 2, 1909, are John F. Colburn, acting as trustee for the minor children of Prince David, Emma Kikiloi, De Fries and Mrs. Keawe Nawahie. All three of the petitions as originally filed were over-ruled by the court, but the way was left open when this was done to file amended petitions.

The three new contests developed immediately after the announcement was made that suits to break the Liliuokalani trust and set aside the will that had been filed by Prince Kuhio had been withdrawn under the provisions of an agreement reached by Prince Kuhio and the trustees of the Liliuokalani estate. By the terms of this agreement, Kuhio received an area of Waikiki beach property, the estate agreed to pay all legal charges in connection with Kuhio's suits and a provision was made under which the Territory may acquire Washington Place as executive mansion and at the same time as a memorial to Queen Liliuokalani.

How many more hearings will be held and how much time consumed in disposing of the three contests remain problematical. If all three are rejected by the court and none is appealed to the higher court, then the formal probating of the will can proceed speedily. If one or more of the contests are sustained it is held that the way will be opened to new litigation.

ONE-LEGGED MAN ACCEPTED AS ARMY RECRUIT

YONKERS, N. Y., June 21.—(Associated Press)—On his claim that he was an expert hoisting engineer and able to operate two hoisting machines at once Augustine Cody, a one-legged man, today was accepted by the local draft board, and inducted into the army. Originally rejected by the local board which confirmed the rejection, Mr. Cody, after a determination, to join the army, however, appealed a second time and was accepted. He immediately left for Vancouver, Washington, to assist in getting out spruce timber for airplanes. Cody is thought to be the first one-legged man ever accepted for enlistment in the army.

JUST AS GOOD OFFICER, WHILE EXAMINING APPLICANT FOR PORT SAILING

"Not any stars on you?"
"No, but I got some cigarettes over there in my coat."—Awgwan.

RUSSIA EXPRESSES DEEPEST REGRET

Promise is Made To Apprehend and Punish Assassins of Am- bassador of Germany

PARIS, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Bolshevik officials are quick to express regret for the assassination of General Count von Mirbach, German ambassador to Russia and to promise that every effort will be made to capture and to adequately punish his assassins but as yet their identity is not known and they have avoided capture. As soon as news of the assassination reached Tschicherin, he, with his associate Krasnank, hurried to the German embassy at Moscow and hastened to express the profound regret and the indignation of the government of Russia over the occurrence; it is said in a Berlin despatch. They also assured the embassy officials that no delay in the detection and the apprehension of the assassins would be tolerated.

The Havas correspondent at Paris reports that as yet the assassins have not been identified and that they have not been taken into custody. Other despatches from Paris say that Lenin has sent a message in which he said: "Two unknown persons entered the German embassy at Moscow at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon. They gained admission by representing themselves to be messengers from a special committee, bearing documents. One of these men threw a bomb into Mirbach's office and the explosion wounded him so severely that he died."

GEN. TREAT'S SON HURT BY FALL FROM WINDOW

Captain Joseph B. Treat, Twenty-first U. S. Field Artillery, is in Letterman General Hospital suffering from two fractured vertebrae and thanking his lucky stars that he can grin and bear it, these matters might have been much worse, says the San Francisco Chronicle, recently.

The injury to his soldier son admittedly caused considerable anxiety to Brigadier General Treat on the eve of his departure from San Francisco last Tuesday for Washington, en route for Italy.

The accident happened at Fort Mason, where Captain Treat, on sick leave from Fort Sam Houston, was visiting his disconsolate father, mother and sister.

Being unable to sleep and feeling that a smoke might be conducive, Captain Treat says he took a match from a box on the window sill, and was about to strike it when he leaned with the other hand against the frame of a window screen, which, owing to the darkness he did not see was unfastened.

The screen gave way and he lost his balance, toppling over headlong from the second story of the commandant's home.

Falling upon a flower bed probably saved his life, Captain Treat believes. Also Breaks Toe

As he landed he partly turned over and one foot struck the cement walk, fracturing the little toe.

Located in a plaster cast, Captain Treat declares he is not badly hurt, and rejoices that Majors J. Wilson Shields and Walter C. Childers of the hospital staff do not prohibit him from turning over in bed when he feels like it.

He says the vertebrae are only cracked and that he hopes to be all right again in a month or so.

"TEDDY" PROBABLY SAID "BULLY BOY"

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 22.—Major Theodore Roosevelt, chief of staff of Col. Roosevelt, has been cited in the United States army orders for valor in the Cantigny operation of May 27. The citation reads:

"He displayed the highest qualities of courage and leadership, going forward to supervise personally the action of one of the companies of his battalion which attacked Cantigny."

The next day, although wounded, with effects to his limbs and blindness to his eyes, Major Roosevelt gave an inspiring example of devotion to duty, refusing to be taken to a hospital and retaining command of the battalion, which was under heavy bombardment throughout the engagement."

It has now been established that Major Roosevelt was not gassed badly. His recovery, according to his physicians, is complete.

CHEFS ARE PROMISED SAFETY FROM RAIDS

PARIS, May 30.—Paris, which would not be Paris if it were not for its cooks, as hard hit by the present dearth of cuisiniers. Many have left Paris for points south since the air raids for bombardment commenced.

As a result, the following typical appeal appeared in a Paris newspaper recently:

"Wanted—Good cook. Wages \$5 francs (approximately \$15) a month. We offer deep cellar, guaranteed absolutely secure in case of bombardment. Address director, 21 Rue de la Gare, Aubervilliers, Seine, Paris."

MURMAN COAST FOLK CUT FREE FROM RUSSIA TO JOIN ALLIES

Entire Population Goes Over and Belief Prevails That This Is One of the Fields of Operations Under New Policy

COPENHAGEN, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Breaking with Russia the entire population of the Murman coast and the Kola Peninsula, along the White Sea and the Arctic have gone over to the Entente and the United States forces which were landed there for protection. This news is contained in a despatch from Norway to the Christiania Tidestegen.

A supply of provisions from the United States has arrived, the despatch adds.

Leaders of the Murman coast people recently applied to the consulates of the United States and the Allies for protection. This is the section in which, last week's despatches said, a state of war had been declared and conditions were such that it might create a clash with the United States and the Allies and Russia and Finland.

It is thought in official circles that the Murman coast may be one of the fields of operation under the reported new policy of the United States toward Russia which it is believed has been approved by President Wilson.

Allied and American forces have been affording this section of Russia protection but the special reason for the landing was the protection of supplies and materials landed there while Russia was still at war with Germany.

RUSSIANS IN FRANCE FAITHFUL TO CAUSE

PARIS, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Twelve of the most prominent Russians who reside in France are the founders and backers of a new organization, the "League of Russians Faithful to Their Country and its Allies."

The organization is pledged to work for the re-establishment of order, to defend the vital interests of Russia, and the economic regeneration of the country.

Leaders of the organization are such men as M. Eremof, once chief of the Progressive Party in the Russian Duma and former Minister of Justice of the Provisional government; M. Iawolky, former Minister of State and former Ambassador to France; General Lokhvitky, former commander of the Russian troops in France and now at the head of the Russian volunteer forces; M. Neidoff, Russian Minister to Belgium at Havre; and M. Stakhovitch, former governor of Finland under the Provisional government and later Ambassador to Spain.

The have detached themselves from the "Union of Patriotic Russians" with the following announcement of their aims:

"The re-establishment, in an indivisible and sovereign Russia, of order and legality on strictly constitutional bases guaranteeing the rights of citizens as well as those of other nationalities on the basis of extensive local liberty (local self-government)."

"Defense of the vital interests of Russia by the conservation of political, intellectual and economic ties of the strongest sort with the Allied countries, and by the recreation of the military and naval strength of Russia."

"Regeneration of the economic life of Russia and of the state's credit on the basis of respect for private property, recognition of engagements contracted by Russia, and the free development of the productive forces of the country."

NORWICH, England, July 8.—(Associated Press)—Tributes to the work of women on the land were made by landowners here on Saturday. Sir Ailwyn Fellowes mentioned that one farm in Norfolk was conducted entirely by women. He had never seen a happier, healthier and more contented lot. Gilbert Overman of Wessauham said he had employed over a hundred women in three years and there were only four out of them whom he would not have back again.

ALLIES EXPECT HEAVIEST BLOW YET STRUCK ON WESTERN FRONT

Prepared For It and Confident Says General Marsh In His Weekly Conference With Military Committees of Congress

MANY AMERICANS HELD IN RESERVE

Quiet Now Along American Fronts Since Signal Victory At Vaux — Fresh Hun Troops Brought Into Field

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—That the Germans are preparing for another resumption of their offensive on the west front and that the Allies are preparing to meet the heaviest blow yet struck by von Hindenburg for a military decision this summer is an opinion officially expressed here today by General Marsh, chief of staff, and in London by Premier Lloyd George.

General Marsh made his prediction at the weekly conference held at the war department between him and the members of the committees on military affairs of the senate and house. There can be no other satisfactory explanation of the present lull, he said, although some military critics are still of the belief that the disastrous defeat of the Austrians on the Italian front is delaying the carrying out of the full German plan.

ALLIES CONFIDENT—In his consultation with the senate military committee, the chief of staff stated that the Allies are preparing to meet the heaviest German smash of the campaign, having full confidence in their ability to hold and throw back whatever force the Germans may bring into the next action.

A large part of the American force in France is being held in reserve or is in the various training camps, he said, as out of the million Americans in France on July 1 only two hundred and fifty thousand were actually in the fighting at that time. The first million Americans are where they can be called upon by General Foch, however, when the need comes, while preparations are being pressed to convey the second million of men as rapidly as possible.

VAUX A NEAT VICTORY—The most successful effort to date of the Americans was their capture of the Aves positions near Chateau Thierry, last week, General Marsh announced. Here the Americans not only won a signal victory but consolidated and held all the ground they had and beat back a succession of heavy counters.

The Americans on this front are now faced by a fresh division of Germans, this fact having become known as the result of a recent skirmish, in which the Americans brought in prisoners for identification purposes.

RAIDERS REPULSED—There has been comparatively little fighting during the past forty-eight hours on the American front, although the American army have been a busy. The most important recent event was an attempted German raid on the American lines in Lorraine, a raid that was unsuccessful. The raiders were detected before they had reached the American lines and were completely repulsed.

Cabled reports from American headquarters state that General Pershing has conferred distinguished service crosses on thirty-three Americans who had performed heroic actions.

German Ambassador At Moscow Killed

PARIS, July 7.—(Associated Press)—General Count von Mirbach, who handed ultimatum after ultimatum to the soviet government at Moscow, was killed yesterday, according to a dispatch sent out from Berlin.

The German ambassador, who recently demanded the disbandment of the force being raised by the Bolsheviks and who made threats after threats to Lenin, was instantly killed by two unknown men, who escaped after the killing. The two men are unknown.

Through the presentation of an excuse that they had urgent, important information to be heard only by the ambassador, the two men were able to see Count von Mirbach alone. After a short discussion, one of them shot the ambassador down and emptied his revolver into his body. The attendants at the embassy rushed to the assistance of their chief at the first shot, but were met by a hand grenade, hurled by the second assassin.

The confusion resulting from the explosion of the grenade, the two slayers of the ambassador made their escape.

"Waiting Policy" Regarding Far East Brought To End At Cabinet Meeting Yesterday Is Reported

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Although no announcement has been made, it is believed here that a weighty decision was arrived at at the meeting of the cabinet yesterday, a decision affecting the situation in the Far East.

According to unofficial statements, America's waiting policy in respect to the Russian situation has ended and a definite policy of action has been decided upon, an important decision being reached.

For some time, it is known, the Allies have been urging America's ap-

proval to joint action, and this was further discussed at the recent meeting of the supreme command in Paris last week. It is believed that the communication sent to the administration by General Pershing, in which the view of the supreme war command was outlined, laid before the cabinet yesterday has had a large part in influencing the cabinet into the action they have now decided upon.

Army officials here still believe that America should not undertake to share any extended expedition into Siberia or Manchuria.

EX-MAYOR MITCHELL FALLS TO HIS DEATH

Accident Takes From Country Man Who Was Thought To Have Great Future

NEW YORK, July 7.—(Associated Press)—John Pursey Mitchell, for three years mayor of this city to which office he was elected on the Fusion ticket, was instantly killed in an airplane accident which occurred at Gretna, Virginia, yesterday.

Since leaving the office of mayor of New York he had been commissioned a major in the army and was en route to the aviation branch of the service.

News of the death of former Mayor Mitchell has caused deep and sincere regret among people of all classes throughout the greater city for his political enemies as well as his friends recognized his marked and remarkable ability, admired his dauntless courage and splendid, straight-forward fighting qualities and considered him certain to soon in the affairs of the country even larger than he had in the municipal affairs of his greatest city.

John Mitchell was a lawyer with a growing practice when, at the age of twenty-seven, he was appointed assistant corporation counsel of the city of New York. An investigation of the office of the president of the Borough of Manhattan was started by the commission of accounts with Mitchell acting as their counsel and he prepared a case against President Ahrens and he became a member of the commission so that he might continue to act as counsel. He proved no figurehead and sweeping results followed his investigation.

He was next offered the nomination on the Fusion ticket for president of the board of aldermen and his condition was that he should run as a Democrat because he was a Democrat and he must be satisfied of the worth and character of the other candidates. He was elected and made the office no longer an "ornamental job." He forced the board to vote \$25,000 for the office they had given him to "keep him quiet."

He was next named as collector of the port. In 1914 he ran for and was elected mayor of the city. He was a candidate for reelection but was defeated at the primaries as was shown by a recount which he asked though on the face of the returns he had been nominated. He then ran as an independent candidate at the general election and was defeated. In national politics he was a Democrat but in municipal politics he was fearlessly non-partisan.

Spoke Fearlessly—He was ever an advocate of national preparedness and his outspoken denunciation of the sinking of the Lusitania and other Taton outrages caused the radical Irish to oppose him and call him a "traitor." He attended the first Plattsburg camp and later was accepted as an aviator although past the usual age.

TREATY IS RATIFIED BY RUMANIAN SENATE

AMSTERDAM, July 7.—(Associated Press)—The treaty of peace between Germany and Rumania was yesterday confirmed by the Rumanian senate without a dissenting vote, it is reported in messages received from Bucharest. Previously it had been confirmed by the German Reichstag. It thus goes into effect, although it had been operating under the terms of the announcement of the agreement upon them.

Haig Sends Congratulations To Australian and American Sector Commanders

LONDON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—The announcement of the British casualty list for last week was softened yesterday by news of further successes by the Australians on the Villers Bretonneux sector, where they advanced their line a fresh along a front of two thousand yards.

Last week the British lost a total of 17,346 men, considerably below the weekly average of June. Of those posted as casualties, 2746 are listed as dead, with 14,600 wounded or missing on all fronts.

Reports from British headquarters in France state that even the German prisoners brought in on Thursday on the Somme front admit that the Australian attack was conducted with cleverness and invincible courage.

Yesterday General Haig telegraphed his congratulations to the Australian and American commanders on that sector.

The British are holding all their Fourth of July gains in the face of heavy German counter attacks, of which there have been three. Each of these has been smashed with heavy losses to the enemy and in each counter the number of German prisoners taken has been increased.

PERSONNEL OF NAVY NOW TO BE INCREASED

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—President Wilson signed an appropriation of \$2,500,000 in the sun day act of July 6 authorizing a permanent increase in the navy enlisted personnel to 137,000 men, with 50,000 additional for war purposes.

The senate passed the bill authorizing \$25,000,000 additional Liberty bonds, making a total authorized of \$225,000,000. The bill also provides \$1,000,000 for loans to the Allies. This measure recently passed the lower house and now awaits the president's signature.

"Blue" Spells Means Bad Kidneys?



"Blue," worried, half-sick people should find out the cause of their troubles. Often it is merely faulty kidney action, which allows the blood to get loaded up with poisons that irritate the bladder, backache, headaches, dizziness and annoying bladder troubles are added proofs that the kidneys need help. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. Thousands thank them for relief from just such troubles.

"When You Back Is Lame—Remember the Name." (Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no others. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers or will be mailed on receipt of price by the H. J. Ballister Drug Co., or Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, Agents for the Hawaiian Islands. (Advertisement)

SENATE'S VACATION GOES GLIMMERING WHEN HOUSE ACTS

Lower Chamber Calmly Ignores Desire of Upper House In Deference To President

TWELVE BILLION ARMY BILL IS COMPLETED

Increase Price On Wheat Is Not Favored In White House, Where Veto Waits

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—The desire of the senate to adjourn last night until August 12 was unceremoniously checked by the house, which adjourned until tomorrow without taking up for consideration the senate's concurrent resolution calling for a summer recess.

The senate had passed this and sent it to the house for action, despite the request of the President that some action be taken on the resolution authorizing him to take over the telegraph, telephone cable and radio systems of the country for the period of the war. He had urged that this authority be voted him prior to any recess adjournment, but his request went unheeded in the upper house.

House Ignored Senate

It required the agreement of the lower chamber to become effective, however, and this agreement the house has refused to give through its negative action yesterday. This comes as a surprise and a shock to the senate, which had confidently looked for house agreement. During the afternoon, Majority Leader Martin of the senate had announced that it was the consensus of opinion of the leaders of both houses that congress would adjourn for the summer recess last night without taking action on the telegraph resolution.

Army Bill Passed

Yesterday congress completed its work on the Army Appropriation Bill, a measure which carries a total appropriation of twelve billion dollars. This bill carries appropriations covering all the requests of the war department. Various amendments made to the house measure in the senate sent the bill to conference, a report from which was yesterday adopted in both houses.

The house bill fixing the price on wheat at two dollars and forty cents a bushel was accepted yesterday by the senate and now goes to the President. It is understood that the new price does not meet with favor from the administration and that the President will veto the bill.

The President has signed the Sun day Naval Bill, carrying a total of \$35,000,000. This bill authorizes an increase in the permanent personnel of the Navy to 131,000 men, with an additional 50,000 in time of war.

CASUALTIES HEAVIER FOR MARINE CORPS

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Casualties from the ranks of the army and the marine corps as reported yesterday numbered 158, those of the Marines outnumbering the army more than two to one.

In the marine corps the list showed six killed in action, fifteen dead of wounds, twenty-three severely wounded, fifty-two wounded to a degree not determining and eighteen missing. The army casualties were fifteen killed in action, two dead of wounds, two killed in airplane accidents, one from an unspecified cause, five from disease, seventeen severely wounded and two missing.

SENATE CONFIRMS ARMY PROMOTIONS

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Forty-eight nominations for advancement and promotion in the army was confirmed by the senate yesterday morning. Of these eight were advanced from brigadier to major general and forty from colonel to brigadier general. They are a part of a large number of promotions that have been listed.

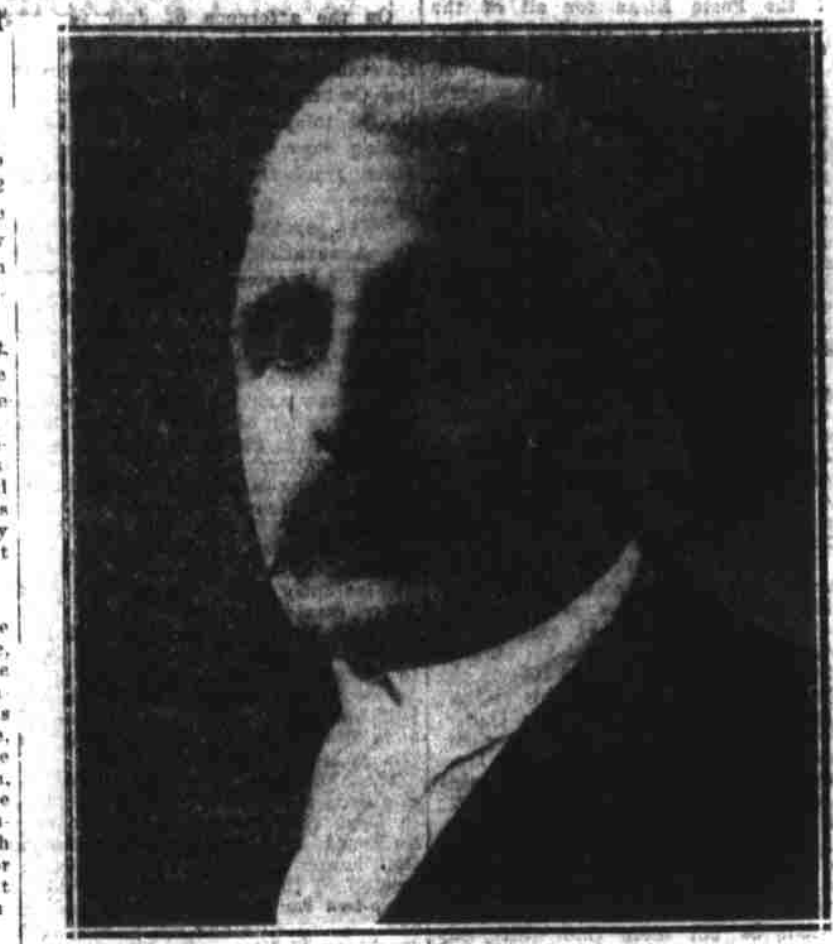
General March, chief of staff, in making these nominations has made it clear that he has discarded the rules of "precedence and seniority" that formerly prevailed and is governed purely by his ideas of fitness. In cases where the officers had been in France he is being governed largely by the recommendations of General Pershing.

MOHAMMED VI NOW RULES OVER TURKEY

AMSTERDAM, July 7.—(Associated Press)—A Constantinople dispatch says that Prince Yusuf Izzedin, son of the late Sultan Abdul Aziz, was on Friday proclaimed as Sultan, in succession to his uncle, Sultan Mohammed VI, the proclamation being made in the throne room of the Imperial palace and in the presence of the Turkish army. The throne of Turkey with the name of Mohammed VI. He was proclaimed before the funeral of his predecessor had taken place.

AUSTRIAN LOSSES IN THREE WEEKS ARE QUARTER MILLION ---FIFTY THOUSAND ARE DEAD

VITTORIO EMMANUEL ORLANDO, Premier of Italy, who returned from meeting of supreme war council in time to announce complete victory for Italian arms on the lower Piave.



STEAMER COLUMBIA WAS KNOWN UNFIT

Excursion Steamer That Turned Turtle Had Been Condemned Eight Year Before

PEORIA, Illinois, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Although condemned as unfit for passenger service eight years ago, the excursion steamer Columbia, which turned turtle on Friday and thus caused the death of excursionists to a number now estimated at 150, has continued in service. It was announced yesterday by the federal inspectors of hulls and boilers that the steamer was condemned officially in 1910. Why or how it has happened that it has since secured the license necessary for its operation as a passenger carrying vessel is not disclosed.

Up to date last night sixty-three bodies, mostly women and children, had been recovered from the Columbia which rolled over in the Illinois River opposite to Peoria. Of the 497 that were aboard when the disaster occurred seventy-five are in the hospitals so that 422 have been accounted for as dead or injured, but nearly ninety persons are still missing. In the vicinity of the scene hundreds wait anxiously and eagerly await the recovery of the bodies of loved ones.

Yesterday an investigation as to the cause of the disaster was started and it was at this investigation that the inspectors of hulls and boilers told of the condemnation of the steamer years ago.

TEN THOUSAND TONS IS DAILY RECORD

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—(Associated Press)—The emergency fleet corporation has given as an equivalent of a 10,000 ton ship each day for the past sixty days," said Charles M. Schwab, speaking as director general of the corporation today.

Schwab said this was without the assistance of two of the biggest Eastern shipyards, which are now constructing many vessels, but none of which are yet launched.

REYES IS SHOT

PARIS, Mexico, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Gen. Camilo Reyes, revolutionary general and reputed to be a leader of the Diaz troops, was executed at Terranera, Durango, on June 27, Gen. Merillas of the Carranza troops announced.

ENVOY GOES EAST

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Prince Tokugawa, who is in the United States on a Red Cross mission, departed for the East today. It is the plan of the Japanese envoy to visit Senior National park, then Chicago and Washington.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.

When you fail to provide your family with a battle of Chamberlain's Cough and Croup Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them. Your family is sure to be present, and it is so dangerous a neglect to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose or two of this remedy will place the trouble within control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

THOUSANDS WORRY OVER NEW RULINGS

Work Or Fight Rule Causes Anxiety Until Provost Marshal Decides Cases

WASHINGTON, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Moving picture actors, engaged in the production of films that are to be shown for the entertainment of the public, are placed in the same class as "legitimate" actors by Provost Marshal General Crowder, under the "work or fight rule" of the selective draft legislation. He announced this decision yesterday when he directed the draft boards of the country to consider men engaged in that occupation as "productively engaged."

In regard to baseball players, an announcement is expected soon for this question will be speedily precipitated through action that is reported to have been taken by various draft boards yesterday. The Fort Worth, Texas, board and the San Lake City board are taking the position that the baseball player, even though he is in the "major leagues," is not productively engaged under the terms of the ruling. Throughout the country there is the deepest anxiety being displayed by men who are engaged in occupations that have not yet been classified while hotel and restaurant men are engaged in a scramble to secure men over the draft age as waiters, bell boys and in other attendant capacities.

ROOSEVELT WOULD PUT MONEY TO GOOD CAUSE

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Official)—Colonel Roosevelt has written congress asking that the \$100,000 Nobel peace prize fund which he donated to assist in promoting industrial peace be returned to him. The fund was never used and he wants it now to employ in war relief work.

WAGES ARE INCREASED

NEW YORK, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Announcement was made today that all express company employees in the United States are granted an increase in wages from July 1 when the giant merger permitted by the government for the period of the war went into effect.

TRADE ACCEPTANCE PLAN ADAPTED FROM OLD IDEA

LONDON, June 25.—(Associated Press)—The trade acceptance plan which is doing so much in America today to remove the old "lack of capital" difficulty were based to a great extent on the older international acceptances. But the way in which they have served American business at home suggests that great improvement can be made in American sales abroad by similar means. It appears to be the belief of the American Chamber of Commerce here that so long as American manufacturers feel that they must demand cash against goods in New York there will be serious weakness in American foreign business.

The American Chamber of Commerce is making a detailed study of the terms at present demanded by American firms doing business with England. It intends to propose a plan for extending the advantages of American trade acceptances to all American firms willing to export.

Enemy's Counters Also Defeated In North

ROME, July 7.—(Associated Press)—Yesterday afternoon brought complete victory to the Italians on the lower Piave, after an uninterrupted struggle which has been in progress for the past five days. The Austrian losses were heavy throughout the battle and grew so yesterday that they were unable longer to resist the ceaseless Italian assaults. Abandoning their positions they withdrew completely from the right bank of the New Piave, leaving the battleground in Italian hands.

Yesterday afternoon, under heavy fire, the last of the Austrian detachments recrossed the river. The Italians attacked at dawn, driving the Austrians before them and clearing the right bank as far north as Grisele Bay, the resistance of the enemy being completely broken. Four hundred prisoners were taken in the initial rush of the Italians.

BEATEN IN NORTH

On the northern Italian front, in the mountain region, the Austrians drove forward a desperate counter attack near Chiesa Nuova, attempting to regain some of their lost positions. This counter was smashed by the Italian guns and then repulsed, the fighting for a time being hard to hand and the losses on both sides heavy.

Despatches from Vienna last night admit the retreat on the lower Piave, the Austrian war office announces that "the main body of Italians has pressed a portion of the Austrian line back."

COST OF OFFENSIVE

Premier Orlando last night issued a report summarizing the results of the Austrian offensive and the Italian victorious counters. The Austrian losses in their great offensive, according to the best estimate obtainable, have been between two hundred thousand and a quarter of a million, including fifty thousand killed. This estimate is based on the reports of prisoners and of Italians who were captured but who escaped or were rescued. These Italians report that the Austrians forced them to work near the front lines, under the fire of Italian guns.

Since June 15, the Italians have captured 24,334 Austrian prisoners, with sixty three guns, sixty-five mortars, twelve hundred and sixty four rifles and much war material.

BURBANK ANNOUNCES NEW VARIETY WHEAT

SANTA BARBARA, July 6.—(Official)—Luther Burbank, the "plant wizard," announces that he will soon publicly demonstrate a new variety of wheat which he claims will revolutionize the farming industry. He declares that it will produce fifty bushels of wheat to the acre where twelve were produced before. It is rich in nutritive value, he asserts.

EXPECT WILSON TO VETO WHEAT PRICE MEASURE

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—The senate today accepted the \$2.40 per bushel price for wheat. President Wilson is expected to veto the bill fixing the price at this figure as arrangements have been made for the food administration, through a government held corporation, to adjust prices.

BOISE, Idaho, July 6.—(Official)—A new gold discovery is reported in this state, from which \$800,000 in gold nuggets have been taken. The mother lode is fourteen feet wide and very rich.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICAL CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

ALLIED BLOWS MAY DEVELOP TO OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS

Military Observers Say Increased Man Power and Growing Control of Air Enable General Foch To Change Policy

ADVANTAGE IS TAKEN OF WEAKNESS OF GERMANS

Italians Continue To Push Forward and Take Many Prisoners—French Are Satisfied To Hold and Consolidate Gains

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—With the continued delay on the part of Germany in starting a new phase of its supreme offensive and with increased aggressiveness which have resulted in considerable gains in territory, prisoners and booty for the Allies military observers entertain a strengthening belief that the recent series of hard blows which the Allies have delivered may expand into major operations and even grow to such an extent that they may develop into an Allied offensive.

Army observers consider that the increased man power of the Allies now at the disposal of General Foch, supreme commander, and the extending control of the air have permitted General Foch to adopt a new policy, and that from a series of hard blows may develop operations of major importance. These recent blows seem to indicate that General Foch no longer feels the necessity to keep on the defensive and that it was probably discovered weakness on the part of the enemy that prompted the American attacks in the Chateau Thierry sector, those by the French in the Soissons sector and by the British in Flanders.

AIR CONTROL

Growing control of the air is indicated by the reports from London that in the past week British aviators have downed 17 enemy machines and have suffered the loss of only thirty-six. Co-operating in an attack to the south of the Somme yesterday they downed twenty-one foe machines while four British aviators failed to return.

On the American front there have also been many air engagements with successes leaning to the side of the Americans. Up to yesterday the Americans in recent fighting had downed nine machines and captured one, and the communique of last night told of the downing of two more.

NEW STORM CENTER

Where the British have gained east of Amiens, both sides of the Avre River and along the Somme River now appear to be the storm center of the Western front. The French appear to be content to hold their recently acquired terrain and to consolidate their gains to the northwest of Soissons. On this front in the past week the Allies have taken more than 5000 prisoners.

ITALIANS GAIN

On the Italian front, the Italians yesterday made progress on the Piave River near its mouth and 419 prisoners were added to the already long list of prisoners which from Saturday to yesterday morning numbered close to 5000. Northeast of Mount Grappa Austrian counters were successfully repulsed with heavy losses.

AMERICAN FRONT

On the American front in the official communique of July 6 it is said that activity has considerably increased during the

MISS RANKIN WILL SEEK MONTANA SENATORSHIP

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Jeanette Rankin of Montana, first woman to be elected to the Congress of the United States and the only woman member of the house of representatives has aspirations to achieve high political honors and makes this clear in her announcement of yesterday that she will seek the senatorship of her state.

Miss Rankin has announced her candidacy for the Republican nomination to succeed Thomas J. Walsh who will be a candidate for re-nomination on the Democratic ticket.

Miss Rankin's friends in Montana are already working in the interests of her candidacy.

Ishii Declares Talk of Separate Peace Part of German Propaganda

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Official)—Speaking at a luncheon at the Japanese embassy, Viscount Ishii, the Japanese ambassador, took occasion to characterize the talk of proposed separate peace between Japan and Germany as German propaganda and in this connection said:

"As to what part Japan as an ally played in the past, it is actually playing or is prepared to play in the future, I do not feel justified in discussing in detail. Under no circumstances should the enemy be given an opportunity to draw a strategic advantage from untimely disclosures.

"Suffice it to say that Japan is thoroughly prepared to contribute to the noble allies in any way which in her judgment is most efficient and conducive to the ultimate success of the common cause.

"One thing I would direct your attention particularly to is the untiring efforts of the enemy to estrange the Allied powers one from another. The rumor of a possible rapprochement between Germany and Japan is a fine specimen of German propaganda. It is a matter of regret that such a monstrous canard can find even momentary credence. I am satisfied that however cleverly stated the report itself betrays the utter ignorance of the national character of the Japanese people, to whom whatever other qualities may be wanting, a chivalrous spirit and deep sense of obligation have never been lacking."

Representatives of Japanese business men of the Pacific Coast, in conference at Seattle, telegraphed to President Wilson their loyalty and firm support of the government for the vigorous prosecution of the war. Japanese organizations of Northern and Southern California, Washington, Oregon and Canada are represented in the conference.

PROPOSAL COMBATED BY JAPANESE AUTHOR

Associated Press correspondence could indicate that there is an element in Japan which does favor a separate peace with Germany. The Tokyo correspondent of the Associated Press writing last May tells of efforts to convert such propaganda there and says:

Dr. Inazo Nitobe, a well-known Japanese educator and author, who went to the United States some years ago as a lecturer, has warned his fellow countrymen against making a separate peace with Germany and told them that in the present world crisis it should be very careful as to the nature of criticism they may indulge in about the war. In an article written in a commercial magazine, he points out that Japan is now the cynosure of the powers and expresses regret that, both before and during the war, some other criticism has been made by some subjects regarding the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Setting aside the question as to how much advantage the alliance has brought Japan, Dr. Nitobe thinks he present certainly not the right occasion for discussing its possible defects. In his opinion, it was scarcely an attitude worthy of a nation which prides itself on being most gentlemanly to discuss this matter up for discussion at a time when Great Britain.

The American artillery heavily shelled the enemy positions and used hundreds of gas shells with deadly effect. The foe bombarded the American front and rear lines and a reconnoitering plane met two German planes and downed one of them. In the Chateau Thierry sector four American aviators battled with six German machines and downed one and in another engagement eight American machines battled with an equal number of German machines and downed one of them.

A German prisoner taken near Auzais said: "The American artillery smothered us more than once. When the fight is finished, however, the Americans are gentlemen. One could have killed me but he didn't and I gave him my iron cross for my thanks."

CASUALTY LIST

The casualty list as reported for yesterday by the war department gives five killed in action, seven dead of wounds, one of accident, two of disease, three severely injured and five missing.

Marine casualties: Eleven killed in action, three dead of wounds, one of disease, one severely wounded, fourteen wounded in a lesser degree.

HOMeward BOUND TRANSPORT SUNK BY HUN TORPEDO

Had No Soldiers Or Passengers Aboard Having Just Delivered Large Force

SUBMARINE GETS BY CONVOYING DESTROYERS

Loss Is Six Members of Crew and Former German Steamer Floated For a Day

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Returning from France, after having discharged a large party of American soldiers, the Transport Covington was torpedoed and, although kept afloat for nearly a day in an effort to tow her into port, she finally sank. One again Teuton efforts to check the movement of American troops has resulted only in the destruction of the empty transport that had discharged its precious human cargo. The navy department reported the sinking last evening.

It was on Monday night when, with out warning and with no diver craft having been sighted the Covington felt the shock of the torpedo, quickly followed by the consequent explosion. She was probably killed by a French port at on Tuesday it became evident it could be impossible to make it and she was cut loose and allowed to settle.

Efforts to keep the steamer afloat were made at once and she was taken a tow and headed for a French port.

Another transport, the Henderson, or the safety of which fears were felt, arrived safely in port, the navy department announced. She was reported at sea but upon arrival it was found that the damage is slight and there was no loss of life.

The Covington was formerly the Hamburg American liner Cincinnati, taken over from the Germans with the declaration of war, and had a registration of 9735 tons. Her loss for transport purposes is important.

Another transport, the Henderson, or the safety of which fears were felt, arrived safely in port, the navy department announced. She was reported at sea but upon arrival it was found that the damage is slight and there was no loss of life.

MANY IN GERMANY ARE VEGETARIANS

Food Controller Gravely Asserts This But Does Not Say Reason Is No Meat

AMSTERDAM, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Many people in Germany are vegetarians, the food controller gravely asserts. This but does not say reason is no meat.

Dr. Dietmann, the German food controller says that the change in weather conditions promises better crops than those of last year but the supply of live-stock is still shrinking. He says that it will take ten years after the war ends to bring the stock of cattle and pigs up to the normal and that then the strictest supervision will be required to so this.

Control of the Rumanian crops has been ordered, he says and in Germany, Austria and Rumania many of the people are turning vegetarians.

The Rumanian treaty was ratified by the reichstag yesterday.

MEXICO FELICITATES BUT HOPES FOR PEACE

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Associated Press)—President Carranza has received a message of congratulation from the Mexican people and the government expresses hope for the early advent and everlasting reign of peace and justice on both continents.

EXCUSE FOR DELAYS OFFERED BY GERMANY

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Official)—The German government has informed the United States that Spain is unable to have delegates at Bern in time for the conference proposed for August 5 to discuss the treatment and exchange of prisoners of war. The United States has replied asking that a conference be arranged at the earliest possible date.

SOUTH AFRICAN UNREST IS QUELLED QUICKLY

PRETORIA, July 5.—(Associated Press)—Premier Botha of the Union of South Africa stated today in regard to the serious unrest in South Africa that strong police and military measures have been taken to cope with the situation. He declared that if prompt measures had not been taken there would have been serious loss of life.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Associated Press)—General Crowder, in charge of the 4th division directed that Alaska furnish 300 white men for the draft to serve at Fort Seward as soon as possible.

EXCURSION STEAMER TURNS TURTLE AND MERRY MAKERS DIE

DECATUR, Illinois, July 6.—(Associated Press)—One hundred excursionists are believed to have been drowned when the excursion steamer Columbia turned turtle, wrecked near Peoria, last night. Aboard the steamer it is estimated there were more than five hundred passengers, large numbers being women and children, and up to a late hour last night only seventy-five had been rescued.

Fully five hundred happy excursionists boarded the steamer Columbia yesterday for a day's outing and in the crowd were many family parties, the parents taking their children with them for a breath of fresh air and in the open. The partying ended and the start for home was made. Tired but happy the crowd were enjoying the homeward water trip until, opposite Peoria, the big river craft rolled heavily and turned turtle, the crowd having gathered too much on one side of the steamer.

Immediately there ensued a scene of terror. What the loss of life will total cannot be said for there are few boats available to rescue those aboard the craft and this makes the work in the darkness slow. It is believed that at least a hundred have been drowned and that only seventy-five have been rescued. Those who are living aboard the excursion craft as can be judged from the cries and screams that can be heard by those engaged in the rescue work.

New Pledges of Loyalty Mark Independence Day

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Official)—In contrast with the old style of Fourth of July oratory of the "let the eagle scream type," messages and speeches delivered yesterday rang clear and true in expressions of loyalty to the cause of humanity and justice against Prussian militarism. These expressions of the less patriotic because of their broader vision and the messages and speeches contained facts and figures of deep interest to the people of this country and of the Allied nations.

In a message to the people of the country which he issued yesterday, Secretary of State Lansing said in part: "Consecrate Ourselves."

"This year Fourth of July is more than a national holiday, it is an international holiday.

"While we rejoice in the liberty achieved for our own country we consecrate ourselves to the defense of the liberty of others which is imperiled by Prussian militarism.

"America with stern will and unalterable purpose rededicates her all to liberty and looks to the future with supreme faith. God will crown with victory the cause of the nations arrayed against autocracy."

In a public message issued by Secretary Daniels of the navy department he said through the press, in part, as follows:

"The American people have had a fresh baptism of the spirit of sacrifice for liberty. They entered this war to aid in securing free peoples from conquest. They will not lay down the word until the message of militarism is lifted from mankind.

"Out of the tragedy of war the steady light of peace guaranteed by the league of all free nations will illumine the world."

Baker Gives Figures
Secretary of War Baker took occasion of the opportunity offered in his Independence Day message through the press to give facts and figures on the army and its equipment. He said there are now in the army 160,400 officers and 2,010,000 men.

Munitions are being made at a large rate. More than 900 heavy Browning machine-guns were delivered during the month of May in addition to 1800 light machine-guns and 280 combat planes have been delivered up to June 8.

The production of combat planes is now averaging eighty weekly. More than 2000 Liberty motors have been delivered and the production of these is now averaging 115 weekly. Sufficient rifles are being received to equip an army division every three days.

More than 1,300,000 rifles had been delivered up to June 1. Twenty-seven million pistol and rifle cartridges were delivered in one day, June 27.

Precedents Broken
Earl Reading, British minister and special commissioner to the United States shattered precedents by issuing a public statement to the people of the United States on the occasion of their celebration of Independence Day the first time since the United States became a nation that a British ambassador or minister has taken public notice of the day. His message breathes sentiments of friendship and friendship, showing how tightly now hand the ties of blood between the two nations. In part he said:

"Today the thoughts of all the people of my country are centered on America, and from millions of hearts arise prayers for your great nation of callant men on sea and land, and brave women, at home and doing work of mercy abroad, loving liberty and freedom, you have taken up arms because the freedom of the world is in peril."

New Independence Day
"With us and the Allies we intend to destroy that menace and when there comes an end of Prussianism, there will rise a new Independence Day which will be the glorious and common heritage of all those nations which have set their faces to the light."

Reception For Sims
Speaking in London at the greatest celebration ever held in Great Britain in observance of the holiday of an other nation, Vice Admiral Sims was given a wildly enthusiastic reception and in speaking he said, in part, of what the United States has done and is doing in naval preparations.

"The American Navy has in European waters now 350 vessels, 3000 officers and 40,000 men.

"In the coming year more than three times the present number of destroyers will be joined with the Allies, and more than 150 submarine chasers will be added to those now in the war zone.

"The submarine campaign of Germany has been met. The Allies are now winning so much faster than they are being built. The Allies are now building ships faster than they are being built."

Foreigners Pay Tribute
At Mount Vernon yesterday, Foch, J.

GERMANY CAN HAVE PEACE AS SOON AS SHE IS READY

Premier Lloyd George Says War Could End Tomorrow If Terms Accepted Conditions Laid Down At Mount Vernon

KAISER SEES DEFEAT STARING IN HIS FACE

Arrival of Million Americans in France Makes Result of War Clear Even To War-Mad Prussian Ruler

WASHINGTON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—Acceptance of the conditions for peace outlined in the Fourth of July address delivered by President Wilson at historic Mount Vernon on Thursday is essential before Germany and the Central Powers can end the war, was asserted by David Lloyd George, the British premier, to American soldiers in France whom he reviewed yesterday after the close of the supreme war council conference at which he had been in attendance.

"Germany can have peace with France, the United States and Great Britain tomorrow if she will accept the conditions laid down as prerequisites for peace in the Independence Day speech of President Wilson delivered at the great demonstration of loyal patriotism at Mount Vernon on July 4," said Lloyd George.

KAISER SEES DEFEAT

"Since a million Americans have arrived in France," he continued, "the Kaiser is beginning to recognize that defeat, certain and inevitable defeat, is staring him in the face."

The British premier had been in attendance at the seventh session of the supreme war council at Paris and went to the Americans fresh from its deliberations. Announcement of the adjournment of the session was received from Paris yesterday. In attendance were Clemenceau, Lloyd George, Orlando, Generals Foch, Haig, Pershing and Milner and Foreign Minister Balfour and Pincheon.

IMPORTANT DECISIONS

After the close of the session a statement was issued that the council had considered all aspects of the military situation and had reached important decisions on various points.

CHANNEL TUNNEL

Of far reaching importance, also, is the parliamentary Inter-Allied convention, now meeting at London. At its session of yesterday a resolution was unanimously adopted favoring a tunnel beneath the British Channel. This was strongly favored by the French and Italian delegates. The building will take, it was announced, five years.

NEW YORKER AT HEAD OF NATIONAL EDUCATORS

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.—(Associated Press)—Dr. Geo. W. S. Strayer of Columbia University was elected president of the National Educational Association at the convention here today.

CARDINAL DIES

ROME, July 5.—(Associated Press)—Cardinal Sebastiano Martinelli, former papal legate to the United States, died here today.

AVIATORS DECORATED

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Official)—Cabled telegram from Rome says that King Victor Emmanuel has decorated five American aviators with crosses for carrying out the greatest number of bombing raids during the recent Austrian offensive.

Can You Afford the Risk?

Were you ever seized with a sudden attack of cramp while in deep sleep? Take such a risk. A doctor says you will cure you before it is too late. It is usually the result of a cold or a fever. For sale by the nearest drug store.

FARM HOUSES RAIDED AND GUNS ARE SEIZED

Irish Express Surprise At Police Action

LONDON, July 6.—(Associated Press)—In Galway, Roscommon and Kings counties the police have executed extensive raids on farm houses and have seized large numbers of guns, it is reported from Dublin. The seizures of firearms are said to run up into the hundreds.

When the police went to search the farm houses they met with no resistance and all guns were quietly surrendered. The peasantry was surprised at the raids and the seizure of the guns in view of the recent calls for recruits.

REVENUE COLLECTIONS RUN INTO BILLIONS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Associated Press)—A great financial record has been set by the United States in the fiscal year. During this year in come taxes amounted to \$2,821,340,801. The total revenue collections were \$3,671,918,236.

A new credit of \$100,000,000 has just been granted France making the total advanced to France \$1,765,000,000. The total advanced to the Allies is now \$9,981,590,000.

SENATOR THINKS TIME TO INTERVENE HERE

WASHINGTON, July 5.—(Associated Press)—Senator Saulsbury of Delaware introduced a resolution in the senate today declaring that the time is opportune for the United States, Great Britain and Japan to enter into an agreement to prevent Germany and her allies from gaining a foothold in the Pacific which might permit "the use of methods of warfare in the Pacific not warranted by international laws."

FORMER COMMANDER OF MAVERICK IS DETAINED

A PACIFIC PORT, July 5.—(Associated Press)—Capt. J. P. Kessel, skipper of the Maverick, which it was reported had been captured by the Japanese army and ammunition in the interest of the Hindu rebellion, was detained here today on his arrival by federal authorities.

ADMIRAL WARD DIES

ROSLYN, New York, July 5.—(Associated Press)—Rear Admiral Asa Ward died here today of heart trouble.

POLITICAL POTIS OPENED BY KUHIO WITH PAT HAND

**Delegate Doesn't Show His Cards
So It's Not Known How Strong
He Is But He's Waiting To
Be Called**

The political pot is opened. Delegate Kahanamoku opened it Saturday night in a speech at the annual dinner of the St. Louis College alumni. Whether he opened it with a royal flush or one of the hot-tailed variety depends upon how one looks at it. There seems to be considerable difference of opinion.

The delegate may be going to run for re-election. He may not. He hasn't announced himself in that respect as yet, being apparently engaged for the nonce in testing the strength and direction of the political zephyr. But it's a cinch he's not out of politics. Likewise it is apparent, from the fervid remarks of which he unburdened himself Saturday night, that he's not looking for support in certain directions, though he may well be seeking it in another direction.

It became likewise apparent when the delegate took the floor that the day of personal politics has not yet been relegated to the limbo of discarded methods. Kuhio was almost as personal as Wallace R. Farrington, whose published statement last week, by the way, gave rise to the delegate's eruption Saturday night.

Kuhio Stands Pat
In opening the pot Kuhio drew no cards; he stood pat with what he had, which seemed to be quite a handful. Incidentally, he hasn't been called yet, so it's too early to prognosticate what there may be in the other hands.

The gathering at which the delegate hurled his hand grenades (to get away from the poker game metaphor) was for the purpose of renewing old friendships among the members of the college. Good fellowship was supposed to be the slogan, but it was considerably muddled up before final adjournment.

Toastmaster Captain Harry Murray called on the delegate to tell why the national guard was not sent to the front. This was the peg upon which Kuhio proceeded to hang the hides of several friends and acquaintances, some of whom were among those present.

Kuhio began with a caustic commentary on the afternoon paper, the business manager of which was present and to whom he paid his personal compliments with reverse English.

Wallace R. Farrington's distributive several of Honolulu's prominent citizens, particularly Supervisor Ben Hollinger, became the issue of the evening. Hollinger was present as one of the committee in charge of the banquet, while Mr. Farrington represented the cause of higher education.

Hollinger, the delegate said, was a man working for the good of the poor people but being vilified and abused by the "plutocratic and wealthy owners" of the afternoon paper.

Hollinger Abused
"Who owns this paper?" demanded Kuhio. "Frank Atherton, a rich man and a friend of the rich. His paper has challenged the good motives of Supervisor Hollinger in trying to better conditions here. Because Hollinger has tried to get honest men out through for the public good, he is abused."

At one time the distress of the trans-Pacific vessel was so acute that one of the big Pacific passenger liners was called to her aid and stood by for several hours to render assistance until it was determined the disabled vessel could manage to reach port unaided.

Blowing out of boiler tubes, which put out of commission three of the steamer's four boilers, was the cause of the disabling of the ship. In spite of the fact that this occurred within a comparatively short period, the chief engineer is reported to attribute the cause alone to old and worn out tubes. He scoffs at the idea that the cause was the result of enemy plotting.

As proof that it was accidental it is pointed out that one of the ship's boilers has been in use constantly for nearly a month and that no trouble was experienced with it. "This was simply because the tubes of this boiler were newer and in better condition than those in the other boilers," he says.

For two days the ship was allowed to drift while the engineers aboard stubbornly persisted in their efforts to make repairs at sea, being finally successful in getting two of the damaged boilers back into working condition. Now but one boiler is in need of repairs and this can be repaired in half a day, it is said.

A fresh water shortage was threatened as a result of the boiler trouble, but an evaporator was put into service which partially met the need, although water for the personal uses of the members of the crew was limited for seven or eight days.

REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS FACING THE SAME PROBLEM

**Kuhio Controls Situation in His
Camp and McCandless
in the Other**

**NEITHER HAS YET SAID
HE WILL BE CANDIDATE**

**Report That Cohen Intends To
Withdraw As Independent
Meets Denial**

Delegate J. K. Kahanamoku has not yet announced that he will make the race for re-election. And in the Democratic camp L. L. McCandless, the party's perennial candidate, has not yet said he will run, which leaves the political field at present to the two independents, Joel C. Cohen, of Honolulu and Dr. J. H. Raymond, of Maui, and this would seem to indicate that no changes have come about in the political situation. It is apparent, however, that forces are gathering, though noiselessly just now, and things may happen any old time.

Same Problem
The Republicans seem to be wrestling with exactly the same kind of a problem that the Democrats have on hand. When Prince Kuhio gives the word one way or another, the Republicans will begin to know in a moment where they get off, and this goes two ways, for when McCandless makes the announcement that he intends to run again or in the impossible event that he makes it plain that he won't, then those hardy Democratic aspirants, now modestly silent, will or will not come out of the bushes. These days a Democrat will say, "It depends on Kuhio" and the same note comes from the other camp. "It depends on McCandless."

If Kuhio does not make the race, the possibility still exists that former Chief Justice G. M. Robertson may step into the breach, though he has characterized the question of his candidacy as "just newspaper talk." No other has been mentioned so far and in fact, the belief prevails that Kuhio will be a candidate.

Farret Still In
In the event that McCandless definitely retires from the field, it has been reported that "Big Bill" Jarrett may become the party standard bearer. Jarrett has said that he has no idea of being a candidate for delegate, holding properly that he is satisfied where he is. Those said to be in the know, however, are inclined to the belief that Jarrett will run if McCandless stays out. It is urged by Jarrett's friends that he is popular on Oahu, Maui and Hawaii. McCandless has been able to carry either Maui or Hawaii, and friends of Jarrett assert he can defeat Kuhio on both.

Where Cohen Stands
A report emanated from Republican quarters yesterday that J. C. Cohen would probably withdraw from the race as an independent candidate for congress and throw his support to L. L. McCandless, the prospective Democratic nominee. Mr. Cohen has not yet characterized this statement as incorrect.

"I was a Republican," he said, "before many of the Republicans of Honolulu know where the United States was on the map. I voted for James G. Blaine in 1884, which was before some of our Republicans knew there was such a thing as a Republican party; and I have been a Republican ever since. I could not consistently support Mr. McCandless because I do not believe in the principles of the Democratic party."

"As for Kuhio I will say that so long as he runs for congress I will be a candidate against him. That is all I have to say."

Mr. Cohen expects to leave in about two weeks for California, and it is his present intention to launch his campaign immediately upon his return. Before he goes to the mainland, however, he will make a trip to the other islands. He intends to leave next Wednesday and he said last night he will use the opportunity to look over the situation.

Kaula Candidates
"Joe" Rodrigues, at present a supervisor of Kaula, has announced himself as a candidate for the territorial senate on the Republican ticket. The senate vacancy on Kaula is to be filled by the retirement of Senator Mikaela, a Democrat. Rodrigues was, in his old days, a horse jockey and was well known throughout the islands. Of late years he has been manager of a store at Kaula. In the last election he was chosen supervisor, defeating his Republican rivals in the primary and his Democratic opponents in the general election.

Mr. S. Henriques, a homeowner in the Kaula neighborhood of Kaula, has announced himself as a candidate on the Democratic ticket for the house of representatives. Henriques is in the real estate business on the island and, also, and is said to be quite popular in his immediate district.

Alo Politics
A Hawaii paper says that the Republicans of Alo are growing at their heels over what it says is a suggestion of National Commitment. R. W. Breckons that the coming campaign be in a way, non-partisan. Senator Stephen L. Desha was one of the first to voice his opposition, saying that he saw no reason why the Republicans should think of anything else than fighting out the campaign upon party lines. He said that everybody supports the President, and that general is not what he has been doing. He said that he would be most desirable that a division line between the parties be maintained.

John T. Mead and a lot of other Republicans are frequenting Waimanalo Street and of the same mood, from all accounts.

DENY THAT IRISH ARE PRO-GERMANS

Leaders Say Sentiment Not General and Display Made By Only Few Radicals

DUBLIN, June 25.—(Associated Press)—"Ireland is not pro-German," declares all the Irish leaders, but there is a considerable element in Dublin, Cork and other Irish cities, that is ready to cry "Up the Hun" at every opportunity.

During the week following the arrest of De Valera and the other Sinn Fein leaders, the strains of the "Watch on the Rhine" were frequently heard on Dublin streets, sung by small crowds of Sinn Fein sympathizers. It has been frequently recorded, that Irish hoodlums at the moving picture theaters have hissed pictures of British and American soldiers and sailors, and a letter in a Dublin newspaper this week states that a moving picture audience cheered a picture of the medal cast by the Germans to commemorate the sinking of the Lusitania.

Prisoners Cheered
One of the most remarkable scenes which the Associated Press correspondents witnessed in Dublin was the enthusiastic cheering of a squadron of German interned prisoners, who were being taken from a camp in Ireland to a camp on the Isle of Man. A crowd of several hundred persons, mostly wearing Sinn Fein colors and waving Sinn Fein flags, stood on the quay and sang the Sinn Fein "Soldiers' Song" to the departing prisoners. Many of the members of the crowd were relatives of the prisoners, and the scene was a touching one.

The prisoners were practically the entire population of a camp established early in the war at Oldcastle, Ireland, for German civilian prisoners. They were 450 in number, and were embarked from a Dublin dock on a Sunday morning. From an early hour their Irish friends began gathering along both sides of the river. A strong military force was present and took complete possession of the quay alongside which the steamer was berthed.

Before the special train carrying the prisoners arrived at the dock, there appeared a freight train of ten cars containing the "baggage" of the Germans. This amounted to ten carloads of the most unusual baggage that was ever handled on the bank of the River Liffey. There were pianos, double basses, violins, and the whole set of instruments for the camp band; there were sailors' sea trunks of great variety; there was a grandfather clock of huge proportions, and a complete set of the "properties" and stage scenery, which told of entertainments past or for future production.

Khaki clad dockmen prepared over the job of arranging these mountains of baggage into aliages, hoisting them on board the steamer, and stowing the stuff away in the hold.

The train with the German and Austrian travellers arrived in the station across the road from the river, and was cheered by the crowd outside the gates. Handkerchiefs were waved by the women, and the prisoners waved back out of the train windows.

Crowd Rushed Quay
Several times the crowd made a rush towards the quay, but the military and police allowed no entrance to the dock sheds and the crowd of onlookers finally took up positions on top of lumber piles lower down the river wall, where the boat could be seen and cheered as it started down the river.

Sinn Fein scarfs and ribbons were worn by most of the women in the crowd. A similar crowd quickly collected on the south wall, across the river, where the men and women sang over and over the Sinn Fein song, and cheered themselves hoarse as the deportees were brought onto the docks of their steamer.

Then suddenly the strains of a brass band, playing a melody of German airs, floated out on the water. It was the "alien" camp band in action. As they played, the boat started, cheered again, the steamer gained headway, the cheering died down and the crowds began to disperse. The soldiers and police on the docks fled back to their barracks and the festivities were over.

HILO WILL PAY ITS BOYS NOW IN KHAKI

In order to find out exactly what pay county employees now in the National Army are receiving, so as to make up the difference, if any, out of the county treasury, Supervisor James A. Akau yesterday introduced a resolution that the county clerk request the information from Colonel Morehead, says The Hilo Tribune.

It is realized that any shortage between the present wages of the men in soldiers and what they receive from the county in civil life must be made up by the necessary amounts.

In order to keep track of former employees, the army officials will be asked to report promotions or reduction in rank, otherwise injustices might be worked.

**SOUNDS LIKE AALA
PARK KILLING INCIDENT**
FRANKFORT, Kentucky, June 26.—"I would like to blow all Americans and President Wilson to hell."

SPORTS A STUDY OF THE MAJOR LEAGUES ST. LOUIS BLANKS WASHINGTON TEAM

Year Ago Present Leaders in National and American Were Far Behind

NEW YORK, June 24.—(Associated Press)—Pennant races in the major leagues this season present an entirely different combination of clubs, so far as standing is concerned, when compared with the rating of the teams at this time one year ago. With the first two months of the race completed on June 15 twelve months ago, the New York and Philadelphia clubs were tied for the lead in the National League with a percentage of .644 while the Chicago White Sox were showing the way in the American League with an average of .667.

At the same stage this season the New York Giants were in second place and the Phillies fifth in the National League, while the World Champion Chicago Americans held down fourth position in their organization. The Chicago Nationals, third a year ago, led the senior league in the 1918 struggle and the Boston Red Sox second in 1917, were out in front on June 15 of the present season.

Situation Entirely Different
Of the other National League teams St. Louis, fourth last year, had dropped to seventh; Brooklyn was last in place of seventh; Pittsburgh, the tail ender in 1917, had improved its position by two places, while Cincinnati and Boston were tied for third place as against fifth and sixth places twelve months ago.

In the American League the New York team was second instead of holding third place as it did last season; Cleveland was third in place of fourth and Detroit last, whereas in 1917 the Tigers were fifth. The Philadelphia Athletics held the same seventh position that they did last season; Washington had moved up from last to sixth and St. Louis had made a slight gain, being fifth instead of sixth. The standing of the two leagues on June 15, 1917, was as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE		
	W. L.	Pct.
New York	29	.644
Philadelphia	29	.644
St. Louis	27	.596
Cincinnati	24	.521
Boston	23	.483
Brooklyn	17	.354
Pittsburgh	16	.333
AMERICAN LEAGUE		
	W. L.	Pct.
Chicago	34	.667
Boston	30	.625
New York	27	.554
Cleveland	27	.491
Detroit	22	.446
St. Louis	20	.408
Philadelphia	17	.378
Washington	18	.375

Unusual feats in baseball this season pass unnoticed, to a great extent, owing to the conditions resulting from the participation of the United States in the world war. An illustration is found in the fact that the winning of the first twenty games of its scheduled by the Bridgeport Club, of the Eastern League, elicited little attention outside of the minor league circuit.

While this feat does not equal some of the continuous winning streaks of former major and minor league teams it does constitute a world's record so far as shown by baseball statistics. It is the longest string of victories ever collected, beginning with the first game of the season and the run has given the Bridgeport club an impressive lead in its own organization.

Twenty games straight, however, fall short of the best record in either major or minor play when this restriction is removed. The big maximum is held by the New York Nationals of 1916 for that team captured twenty-six games in a row. The Providence Reds of 1914 are second with twenty and the Chicago Americans of 1906 third with nineteen. In 1902 the Cordeans Club of the Texas League won twenty-seven games in a row and the same year Charlotte, of the Carolina League, won twenty-five. Jersey City ran through twenty-four games without defeat while the member of the Eastern League in 1903 and Wilkes-Barre, of the New York State League captured twenty-three in 1912.

About the same time this year that Bridgeport was winding up its winning streak "Cactus" Cravath, of the Philadelphia Nationals drove out his hundredth home run since entering upon a big league career. Cravath, who had a home run in 1908, Cravath continued to pile on the circuit hits until the century mark was reached two months after the present season began. This record gives Cravath an average of about eleven homers per season to date. His record of twenty-four home runs during the season of 1915 is the standard in this respect for the modern game.

Lin Tin and Yamashiro, the latter going under the name of Yim, are playing on the Bridgeport Club. Lin handles the third sack, and Yim, a well known Honolulu boy, was a diamond star here for years.

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C. S. CRANE, Business Manager.

YANKEE 'STUDENTS' TAKE PRISONERS

PARIS, June 10.—Under the heading "American Pop", La Liberte recounts an instance on a "quiet" sector occupied by American troops. After a few days' training in the trenches it was decided to carry out a little raid under the direction of a French sub-lieutenant. The raid was completely successful, all the enemy being killed or taken prisoner.

The raiding party devoted itself for some time to the destruction of machine gun emplacements and dugouts. But when the time came to return, it was discovered that a dozen Americans were missing. They could not possibly have been captured, so the leader of the party decided to wait a few minutes. Soon the missing men appeared escorting 17 Germans and carrying two machine guns.

They explained that the raid was a sort of lesson which they had mastered so quickly that they had gone on and entered the German second line and brought back some samples of prisoners to demonstrate their aptness.