



BUILDERS AND TRADERS NAME NEW OFFICERS

The Exchange Holds an Executive Meeting and Endorses the Kuhio Public Building Bill for Honolulu.

These are the new officers of the Builders and Traders Exchange elected yesterday and installed last night:

President, John Emmeluth.
First Vice President, W. W. Harris.
Second Vice President, W. C. Weedon.
Treasurer, R. Catton.
Directors, E. R. Bath, A. Gartley, J. Nott Jr., Thomas Sharp, A. F. Clark.

Inspectors of Election, Thomas Sharp, A. R. Clark, E. G. Keen. It has been the custom of the Exchange heretofore to hold its election in the afternoon, but to give out no results of the voting until the annual meeting in the evening, and this custom was followed yesterday.

Accordingly, the annual meeting was held last night in the Exchange rooms in the Elite Block. President Craig was in the chair. There was not a large attendance. President Craig called the meeting to order, and stated that it was the annual meeting.

"I suppose that you all know that," he said, "as you have cast your votes for new officers today. We have the annual report of the Treasurer, but the report of the Secretary is not ready yet. Some time ago we appointed a special finance committee, and they have not had time yet to audit the books, so that we are unable to present the report of the Secretary. The committee tells me that it will be ready two weeks from tonight. I think, under the circumstances, that we would better hold back the report of the Treasurer until that time. The Secretary will mark the names of those present."

And then President Craig discovered that there was a reporter present and gave the alarm, upon which, after a little hesitation on the part of the members and an apology, the Exchange went into executive session. It may not be the last time that this will happen, because there are many contingencies, but the policy of the Exchange hereafter will not be a policy of secrecy, according to the new President.

"I am all for publicity," said Mr. Emmeluth after the meeting last night. "I believe in it. And I am sorry that the press was not permitted to hear the discussion of the public building matter. It was very interesting."

After the doors were closed, the Exchange last night discussed the public building matter at considerable length, and finally agreed upon an indorsement of the Kuhio bill. The discussion was at times, decidedly animated. The Secretary was instructed to cable to the delegate today that his measure had been endorsed.

The matter of the Exchange collection agency was then taken up, and the agency was abolished by resolution, as follows:

"Resolved: That the collection bureau or adjunct established by this Exchange be discontinued and the Secretary instructed to send to all persons depositing accounts for collection a statement of the sums collected, together with a copy of this resolution."

The collection agency has been running for about two years, accounts being received from members and others for collection but the plan has been found not to work out in practice.

The Exchange will hold its next meeting on Thursday evening, February 2d.

COFFEE AND PINEAPPLES FOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

A letter received by the Sierra from Secretary Jack Atkinson asks that he be sent at the earliest opportunity about half a dozen bags of the best island coffee. The coffee is wanted to do some of the kind of promotion work for Hawaii on the mainland that will count.

The Secretary asks that the bags be filled with small sacks of coffee containing each about eight to ten pounds, so that the samples may be given to as many people as possible, thus spreading the fame of the product to the widest. Samples of this coffee will be given to President Roosevelt for use on the White House table, and if the berry is properly handled there can be no question that much good will come of this particular sample. The coffee of Hawaii has only to be tasted to be appreciated and to make a demand for itself.

Besides the President, the heads of the several departments will get samples, and also those Senators and Representatives who in the past have proven themselves friendly to the Territory.

The Secretary has likewise asked for a sample crate of the best Hawaiian pineapples and Byron O. Clark of Wahiawa, to whom this portion of the request has been referred, says that he will send the fruit asked for forward on the Alameda, which sails early in February. The pines would be sent earlier, but the fruit has been somewhat slow in ripening this year, and it is expected that the latter crop will be much superior to any that could be forwarded now. Pineapples for the President, of course, should be of the best—and while all Honolulu pineapples are good, there are times when the fruit is better than at other times.

When Secretary Atkinson was acting Governor last June he sent a crate of pineapples to Washington, and the fruit was greatly relished by the White House family. The former shipment reached Washington in very good condition, a demonstration that the New York market is not beyond attainment by the Hawaiian producers.

PRESIDENT WILL NOT REAPPOINT JUDGE GEO. GEAR

(Special Cablegram to Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, JANUARY 19.—MRS. GEORGE GEAR OF HONOLULU SAW THE PRESIDENT AND ATTORNEY GENERAL MOODY TODAY AND LEARNED THAT THE REAPPOINTMENT OF HER HUSBAND TO THE CIRCUIT BENCH WAS IMPOSSIBLE. WALKER.

ACCOUNTS COMMISSIONERS TO CONSULT GOVERNOR

Carter Will Meet the Gentlemen Who are to Draft the Appropriation Bill This Afternoon.

The Accounts Commission which was appointed to endeavor to draw a bill that will apportion the public money among the various islands in proportion to the revenue furnished by each, held a meeting on Tuesday evening without reaching any very definite conclusion and without effecting an organization. However, the Commission, which consists of Senator L. L. McCandless, Representative W. W. Harris and Richard H. Trent, were agreed that Mr. McCandless would be the most fitting man for Chairman. This was merely informal, as was the discussion of the several problems which are to come before the Commission when it does get to work.

When a regular meeting will be held was not determined upon, but the Commission is to meet with Governor Carter by appointment this afternoon, when the whole problem that is before the Commission will be gone over. After that meeting is had, the Accounts Commission will get down to active work, and it is just possible that one result of its efforts will be to lay out the scheme of county government at least for this session. If it is shown that the revenues derived from the maximum limit of taxation will not be enough to carry on both a Territorial and county system, naturally the work of the County Act Commissioners as well as the work of Mr. Achi will go for nothing.

As matters look now, there will be three county bills presented to the legislature, and there is growing sentiment among statesmen in favor of adopting the one that provides for the election of a Board of Supervisors—that is, if any one of them will do that in the last analysis.

"I am not very sanguine of the passage of any county act," said a member of the House last night. "There will be three measures presented, and I think that the legislature can be depended upon to get so tangled up in the three that it will pass neither."

JOURNALISTS AS DIPLOMATS

Power of Observation is a Prime Requisite. Newspaper Men In Foreign Service.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Many definitions, more or less frivolous, have been given of the duties of an ambassador. Now that President Roosevelt is picking his seven ambassadors and thirty odd ministers for the next four years most of these old definitions are being overworked. One of the most familiar friends in that connection is that the duty of an ambassador is to lie abroad in the interest of his own country. Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, celebrating his fiftieth anniversary in the diplomatic service, recently stated in an interview that one of an ambassador's chief duties was to have a good cook, all of which is undoubtedly true. Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, spoke of the diplomatic appoint-

ments the other day as the blue ribbons that a President has to bestow. Another eminent Senator, at about the same time, spoke of ambassadors as having nothing to do, since electricity and steam made communication between nations so speedy.

But President Roosevelt is choosing his new ambassadors and ministers with one other qualification largely in view. It is a necessary qualification, which other Presidents have recognized and which European potentates regard as especially important. That qualification is the ability to keep the United States informed in advance of what is doing at the particular capital to which the ambassador or minister is accredited. This does not, in any way, mean that the ambassador is to play the part of a spy but that he is to exercise his powers of observation to enable the government at home to

(Continued on page 4.)

RUSSIA IN BAD SHAPE

A Revolution May Grow Out of the Trouble Now Occurring There.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Jan. 20.—In well informed circles here, the internal situation of Russia is regarded as very grave indeed. It is believed that the incident of the firing upon the chapel of the Neva was the result of a plot to kill the Empress. It is thought, moreover, that the strike is the result of political rather than industrial discontent, and that it portends revolution.

CZAR'S LIFE IN DANGER.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—Despite the fact that an official statement has been given out to the effect that the firing upon the church in which the Czar and his family were attending service by a gun of the Bourse battery was the result of carelessness, it is believed that there was a plot to take the life of the Emperor and the imperial family. The most rigid investigation of the circumstance is being made.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 19.—A charge of grape shot was fired from a gun of the Bourse battery today while the gun was being used to fire a salute.

The shot struck the chapel of Neva in front of the Winter Palace, where the Emperor and his family with diplomatic representatives were celebrating the festival of Epiphany.

Several persons were struck and one severely wounded. It is supposed that the loading of the saluting canon with grape shot was the result of a plot which involves the artillerymen.

Great excitement prevailed in the diplomatic assembly and wild rumors were abroad. The Emperor was cool and collected throughout.

STRIKE GROWS MORE SERIOUS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—The strike situation grows more and more serious. A general sympathetic strike in all the factories in the city is threatened.

BLOCKADE RUNNER CONDEMNED.

TOKIO, Jan. 20.—The captured blockade runner Rosely has been condemned.

AGREE TO PROTECT CHINA.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—Secretary of State Hay has secured the assurances of the Powers that they will not attempt to violate the integrity of Chinese territory.

KAISER IS SEEKING TO SETTLE BIG STRIKE

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The strike situation is unchanged. The sympathy strike has swelled the ranks of the unemployed until there are 240,000 idle miners, and disturbances are numerous. The Emperor is actively seeking to effect a settlement of the troubles.

TO STUDY FOREIGN COMMERCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In a special message to the Senate, President Roosevelt recommends the sending abroad of six commercial agents to study manufactures and other commerce.

ITALY FEARS AUSTRIA.

ROME, Jan. 19.—There is much uneasiness in Italian Government circles arising from the concentration of Austrian troops on the frontier.

COLD IN SOUTHERN FRANCE.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The damage to fruit and flowers in the Riviera by the late cold snap is estimated at a million of francs.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—The House today passed the bill extending the extradition laws to the Philippines.

ROME, Jan. 19.—The Italian Government has issued a decree abolishing slavery in its African colonies.

Third Week Of January Clearance ... Sale ... Laces and Corsets

Beginning Monday Morning, January 16th,
At 8 o'clock.

So gratifying have the first two weeks of our January Clearance Sale been to purchasers that we need only say of this sale of laces and corsets it will be even better than the others.

The splendid values offered below in laces as delicate and beautiful as one could wish for may not be duplicated for many years.

Corsets are the best models of the famous Royal Worcester and R. & G. All in perfect condition.

Laces

BLACK CHANTILLY
LACES in edgings and insertions; 15 different patterns at 5c and 10c a yard.

Black figured dress nets, width 45 inches. Reduced, From \$2.25 to \$1.00 From \$2.00 to \$1.00

Black striped grenadines, reduced from \$2.50 to 75c.

Real Maltese laces in handsome assortment at great reductions.

Cluny insertions in 10 different designs, from 2 1/2 to 5 inches wide.

A variety of edgings and insertions reduced to 5c, 10c and 25c. These comprise a line of Point de Venice and Valenciennes laces.

Corsets Royal Worcester

No. 556. Straight front, short hip, 10-in. clasp. Coutille in white. Lace trimmed, top and bottom. Sizes 18 to 30. Price \$1.50. Reduced to \$1.00.

No. 558. Straight front. Medium figure. All sizes. Reduced from \$1.75 to \$1.00.

Style 558. Straight front. Princess hip, 11 1/2-inch clasp. Ribbon trimmed. Coutille in white. Sizes 18 to 30. Price \$2.25. Reduced to \$1.75.

Style 559. Heavy clasps. Duplex side steels; medium 11 in.; long 12-in. clasp. Coutille in white. Sizes 22 to 36. Reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.50.

R & G

A broken line at surprising reductions.

Ladies' Lace Robes

Point de Venice. Reduced from \$22.50 to \$10.50.

Battenburg. Reduced from \$30 to \$20.

**B. F. EHLERS
& CO.,
FORT STREET.**

Why Our HAMS and BACON Are So Good.

Because we get the best Eastern hams and bacon to start with, then, what is most important, we re-smoke them fresh every other day. That gives them the rich, juicy flavor you always find in those we sell. Unless the meat is thus treated you will find it dry and unpalatable. Try a small order and you'll see what we mean.

Metropolitan Meat Co., Ltd.

Telephone Main 45.

W. Matlock Campbell

THE CONTRACTOR, BUILDER AND REAL ESTATE AGENT

Can now be found at

122 KING STREET IN BULLETIN OFFICE BUILDING

Between 12:30 and 2:30 p. m. or at mill office, 3128 Bernetania avenue from 9 to 10 a. m.

Will build you a house or sell you a lot in any part of Honolulu, or modernize your old home. TERMS REASONABLE.

FINE ORIENTAL GOODS
At Greatly Reduced Prices At
SAYEGUSA'S 1120 NUUANU ST.
Just Mauka of Hotel.

SMOKING AND HOUSE JACKETS

For the Holidays.

New line of swell TIES, SHIRTS, Etc.

—AT—

J. Lando

1056 Hotel Street.

Read the Advertiser.
World's News Daily.

DELEGATE IS VERY SORE

Does Not Want Atkinson Butting in at Washington.

A long letter from Delegate Kalanianoʻe, published in both afternoon papers, takes exception to what is claimed to be an impression created by the files of the Honolulu papers received in Washington to the effect that Secretary Atkinson was doing all the work for the territory that is being done before Congress. The Delegate writes:

"These would-be friends of the Secretary have sought to give out the impression that Chairman Burton of the Rivers and Harbors Committee and other leaders of Congress have requested that the Secretary remain here for a month to give information on Hawaiian matters. Secretary Atkinson would not himself give out a statement at once so foolish and implying such ignorance on the part of Honolulu people in regard to methods of work in the House and Senate.

"The Rivers and Harbors Committee has worked almost continuously in executive session behind locked doors, and has uniformly refused to give public hearings. Mr. R. P. Schwerin, General Manager of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, has been in Washington twice during the month of December, and on neither occasion has he been able to secure an appointment with Mr. Burton; in fact, it is a common saying in the House corridors that it is harder to get at Chairman Burton than it is to see the President.

"In the face of these facts it is very unkind to Mr. Atkinson for his enthusiastic friends to give out the obviously foolish statement that Mr. Burton requested him to remain here for a month. Mr. Burton's private secretary, when asked in regard to the rumor, laughed at it as an excellent joke, as Mr. Burton has almost daily to refuse requests for fifteen-minute interviews both with Members of the House and when who come here from all parts of the country to press river and harbor projects.

"Diligent inquiry here at the Capital seems to indicate that the entire story is based on the suggestion of a division clerk in the Interior Department, who has supervised the publishing of the Governor's report, and who suggested the desirability of having the Secretary remain."

The Delegate says that he first called on the President, and received assurances of help on both the Honolulu harbor and leprosy bills. "Mr. Burton told us frankly, in the beginning," he writes, "that surveys would be all we could hope for at this session." The Delegate and Mr. McClellan, however, urged that the case was a special one, and finally Burton agreed to see whether he could not frame a special bill.

The Delegate tells how he followed this up, and secured the co-operation of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce. As a result of his work, he says, he secured from Burton the necessary request that data with reference to Honolulu harbor be cable for, and it is now in Washington ready for the committee.

The Delegate further claims that he took the leprosy matter up with Surgeon General Wyman, and that he sacrificed his own hope of prestige in the matter in the interest of having the proposed measure made national rather than Hawaiian.

The Delegate goes into the public building matter somewhat extensively, relating all that he has done, and concludes: "I have followed a consistent course to keep the interests of Honolulu paramount to those of Mr. Young, and to do nothing to prejudice our request for a federal building in Honolulu."

The Delegate accuses the Secretary of meddling in matters at the War Department, thereby creating confusion, and says, "If I had broken into Secretary Atkinson's bond negotiations in the same manner, I think the citizens of Hawaii would have justly criticised me."

In conclusion, Kaho writes: "I appreciate the help of every citizen of Hawaii who will co-operate in a definite plan of work here at the Capital. But for individual men in Honolulu to maintain Secretary Atkinson or any one else here by the month as an independent worker, can lead only to confusion and injury to Hawaii's interests."

Fire at Kalihi.

A fire started at 8:12 o'clock last night in the Japanese quarters at Mrs. Gulick's residence, Kalihi. The Palama station firemen put the fire out when it had burned about half of a small cottage. Nobody was living in the house at the time and the origin of the fire could not be ascertained.

Commissioner Woodbury, of the New York Department of Street Cleaning, tells this anecdote of a friend of his who was walking through Central Park the other day: Being in somewhat of a hurry, he started to cut across the grass at one place, but was stopped by a park policeman, who remonstrated with him. "What difference does it make?" asked the New Yorker; "the grass is half dead, anyway." "Sure, an' what if it is?" responded the indignant guardian of the peace; "if yez had a sick friend would yez be takin' a walk on his stomach?"

WILL SIGN NEW BONDS

Saturday to be Given Over to That Work.

The man with bonds, Park Terrell, representing the New York financiers who have purchased the Hawaiian second issue of securities, called at the Capitol yesterday morning and delivered one thousand \$1000 bonds to Treasurer Campbell. They were at once locked in the big safe and will not be taken out until Saturday, when the better part of a day will be devoted to signing them by Mr. Campbell and Registrar Henry Hapai. Under the course of procedure usual in such cases the signatures of the officials to each one of the bonds must be witnessed by Terrell; that is, he must see the officials sign their names to each one of the bonds, and so the signing will be a laborious as well as a somewhat formal matter.

After the bonds have been signed Mr. Terrell will take them at once to New York, leaving here on the Korea, which sails January 27, and as soon thereafter as the securities can be delivered to the purchasers the money paid for them will become available for the use of the Territory.

Mr. Terrell, after he had conferred with the Treasurer, had a long conference with Governor Carter, with whom he has most pleasant personal relations. The new bonds are almost identically the same as those of the last issue, with the exception that they are of a chocolate color—that is, the printing is a chocolate color.

"They are not so pretty as the last lot in my opinion," said Registrar Hapai yesterday.

However, they sold for more. There are just an even thousand of the bonds, and so much care must be taken in their signature not to spoil any of them.

An Enjoyable Outing.

The most attractive day's outing is that afforded by the excursion down the railroad line. The HALEIWA LIMITED, a first-class train, leaves

Special Sale Of ALPACAS All During This Week.

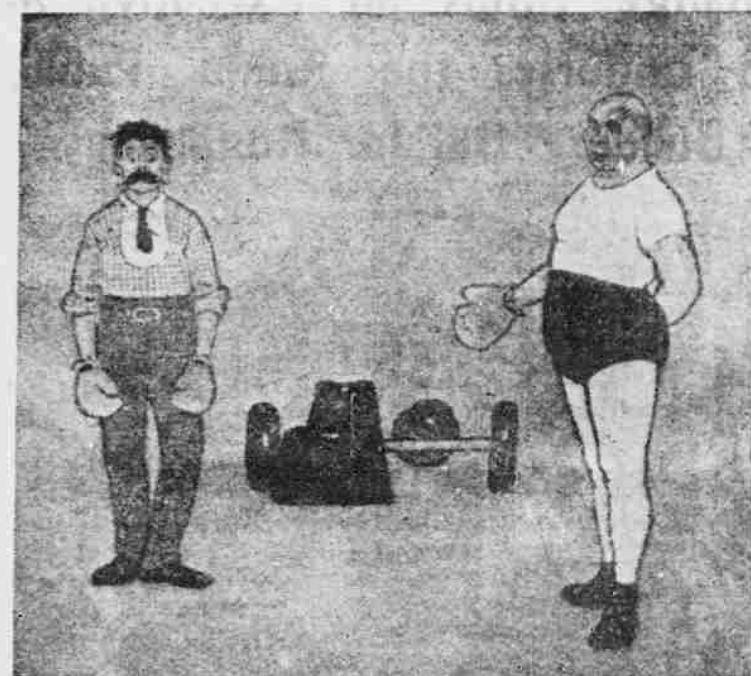
Compare our prices with others then come and examine the goods. It will show you that this is the best place to buy.

Black and blue alpacas, width 42 inches. Reduced from 75 cts. to 25 cts. a yard.

White alpacas, width 42 inches. Reduced from 75 cts. to 45 cts. a yard.

Crepons reduced from \$1.50 to 75 cts. a yard.

A. BLOM, PROGRESS BLOCK
FORT STREET.



THE HUMORIST IN THE MUSIC-HALL.

"Ladies and Gents—As this gent 'as been so kind in giving 'is services—my pal, as I said, being took ill of a sudden—I shall now be able to conclude with an exhibition of sparring. To make a fairer match, I shall direct all my blows on one spot, say, 'is dicky, and anywhere I 'it 'im outside that spot won't count." (Applause.)—Sketch.

Honolulu every Sunday morning at 8:22 o'clock making the run in two hours, the rate for round trip being only \$2.00. From 10:22 a. m. until 8:10 p. m. is spent at the beautiful HOTEL HALEIWA, with fresh and salt water, bathing, tennis, golf drives and walks, shooting or fishing and you are back in town at 10:10 o'clock in the evening.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

SHOES ALMOST GIVEN AWAY

IN THIS UNPARALLELED

CLEARANCE SALE

Note prices, then come and examine the goods.

SALE BEGINS MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16TH, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

LADIES' SHOES.

| Lots, Pairs. | | Former Prices. | Now Selling. |
|--------------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1-2 | 27 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Cloth Top Lace Boots | \$6 50 | \$2 50 |
| 3-4-5 | 36 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Handmade Welt Lace Boots | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| | Elegant Value! | | |
| 6-7-8 | 40 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Handmade Turn Lace Boots, tip damaged | 6 00 | 1 50 |
| 9 | 24 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Handmade Turn Button Boots, Low Heel | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| 10 | 36 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Handmade Turn Button Boots, Century Last | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| | These goods are perfect! | | |
| 11 | 12 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Pat. Kid Turn Lace Boot, Louis XIV Heel | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| 12 | 24 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Cloth Top Oxford Turn Pat. Tip, Medium Heel | 4 50 | 2 50 |
| 13 | 24 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Merideth Ties, Pat. Tip, Cuban Heel | 4 50 | 2 50 |
| 14 | 18 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Cloth Top Oxford Pat. Tip, Medium Heel | 4 50 | 2 50 |
| 15 | 12 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Cloth Top Oxford Pat. Tip, Medium Heel | 4 50 | 1 50 |
| 16-17 | 28 John Foster's Ladies' Cloth Top Oxford, Pat. Tip, Medium Heel | 4 50 | 1 50 |
| 18 | 24 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' White Canvas Oxford, Louis XIV Heel, solid | 3 50 | 1 00 |
| 19 | 18 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Russet Oxford | 6 00 | 1 00 |
| 20 | 27 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Pat. Ideal Colonial Slippers, Louis XIV Heel | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| 21 | 38 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Pat. Ideal Beaded Slippers, Louis XIV Heel | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| 22 | 24 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Ideal Kid Blucher Slippers, Louis XIV Heel | 6 50 | 3 00 |
| 23-24 | 20 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Vici Kid Blucherette Slippers, Louis XIV Heel | 6 50 | 2 50 |
| | They are the finest goods that can be made and are great bargains. | | |
| 25 | 30 Laird, Schober & Co. Ladies' Vici Kid Opera, for house slippers, wood heel | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| 26 | 30 John Foster Ladies' Russet Tan Lace Boots, Welt | 4 50 | 3 00 |
| 27 | 26 John Foster Ladies' Tan Vici Lace Boots, Welt | 4 50 | 3 00 |
| 28 | 31 John Foster Ladies' Russet Leather Lace Boots, Welt | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| 29 | 33 Bering & Co. Ladies' Dongola Lace Boots, "McKay," all sizes | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| 30 | 28 Bering & Co. Ladies' High Cut Walking Boots, Welt | 3 50 | 1 50 |

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

| Lots, Pairs. | | Former Prices. | Now Selling. |
|--------------|--|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | 47 Laird, Schober & Co. Misses' Turn, Tan Lace Boots, Cloth Top | \$3 50 | \$1 50 |
| 2 | 38 Laird, Schober & Co. Misses' Turn, Tan Button Boots | 3 00 | 1 50 |
| 3 | 30 Laird, Schober & Co. Misses' Turn, Bronze Strap Slippers | 2 75 | 1 50 |
| 4 | 100 Laird, Schober & Co. Misses' Turn, Russet Strap Slippers | 2 50 | 1 50 |
| 5 | 50 Laird, Schober & Co. Misses' Turn, Button Boots, odds and ends | — | 50 |
| 6 | 12 Laird, Schober & Co. Children's Tan Vici Lace Boot, Cloth Top | 2 75 | 1 25 |
| 7 | 25 Laird, Schober & Co. Children's Tan Vici Button Boot, Cloth Top | 2 75 | 1 25 |
| 8 | 40 Laird, Schober & Co. Children's Tan Vici Button Boot, Kid Top | 2 75 | 1 00 |
| | They are the finest children's goods made. | | |
| 9 | 27 Misses' Tan Strap and Bow Sandal | 2 00 | 1 00 |
| 10 | 18 Children's Tan Strap and Bow Sandal | 1 75 | 1 00 |
| 11 | 50 Babies' Tan Strap and Bow Sandal | 1 00 | 50 |
| 12 | 25 Children's Red Lace Boot | 2 00 | 1 25 |
| 13 | 20 Babies' Red Button Boot | 1 50 | 1 00 |

OTHER BARGAINS EQUALLY AS TEMPTING.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Ltd.

1051 FORT STREET.

AT AUCTION BY W. E. FISHER AUCTIONEER

WE AUCTION.
WE SELL REAL ESTATE.
WE RENT HOUSES.
WE COLLECT RENTS.
WE EXPERT BOOKS.
WE ACT AS RECEIVERS, COMMISSIONERS AND REFEREES.
WE ARE APPRAISERS, AND OUR
TELEPHONE IS NO. 424
Office and Salesroom—
COR. FORT AND QUEEN STS.
FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.

At Auction.

SATURDAY, JAN. 21, 1905.
AT 10 A. M.

At our new salesroom corner Fort and Queen streets, opposite H. Hackfeld & Co., we will sell a large and good selection of

Household Furniture

And Many Other Things.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents, Auctioneers,
Accountants, Rent Collectors, Etc.

At Auction

SATURDAY, JAN. 21, 1905.

At 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At our salesroom, corner Fort and Queen streets, by order Mortgagees of the American Stables, we will sell

Vehicles Vehicles

Consisting of BUSINESS BUGGIES, SURREYS, ETC.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Cor. Fort and Queen Streets.

AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1, 1905.
Upon the premises, No. 732 Kinau street. We will sell by order of W. H. Pfleger, Esq., at his residence, No. 732 Kinau street, mauka side a few doors Waikiki of Alapai street.

Household Furniture

Consisting of: Cane and Wicker Lateral Chairs, a new Seiler Piano, Ornaments, Rugs, Couches, Settees, Ebony Tables, Pedestals, fine large extension Dining Table, Oak Sideboard, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Crockery, China, Double and Single Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Mosquito Nets, Bed Linen, Table Linen, Elegant Black Walnut Chambers Sets, Chiffoniers, Gurney Refrigerator, Sunrise Wood Stove, like new; Jewel Gasoline Range, Meat Safe, Cooking Utensils, Water Cooler, Provisions, Glassware, Hose, etc., etc., etc.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
Accountants, Etc.
Cor. Fort and Queen Streets.

FOR RENT.

COTTAGE of six rooms on left hand side of Piikoi street from King street, being the middle cottage of three—between King and Young street—Contains six rooms, bath, electric lights, etc.; rent \$25; vacant February 1. Can be inspected immediately.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
Corner Fort and Queen streets.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

Maile Ilima vs. Punahou

AT BASEBALL GROUNDS.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 21.
Kick off at 3:45 sharp.

Admission \$.25
Children under 15 years 10
Season Tickets 2.00
Tickets for sale at Woods & Sheldon's.

Theosophy

HONOLULU BRANCH.
MR. CHAS. W. LEADBEATER
F. T. S. and M. R. A. S.

Will deliver a lecture on the
Results of THEOSOPHY,
—AT THE—
ALEXANDER YOUNG HOTEL
CONCERT HALL
On Saturday, January 21, 8 p. m.
Admission Silver Coin.

Extra large cocoanuts for
polishing or carving for cups
calabashes, etc. New lot of
tapias.
Hawaii & South Seas Curio Co.
Alexander Young Bldg.

CLARK ON FARMING

Views of the Expert of the Wahiawa Colony.

Wahiawa, Oahu, H. T. Sept. 8, 1904.
Hon. Geo. R. Carter, Governor Territory of Hawaii.

Sir: In complying with your request for a report on the agricultural development and conditions of Hawaii, I shall of necessity confine myself to the island of Oahu when speaking of specific results, as all my experience during my seven years residence in the islands has been from sea level to 1200 feet elevation on this island. The matter of each 1000 feet of elevation has greater influence on climatic adaptability for various crops than is usually believed by those without actual experience, and is an unanswerable argument for the conducting of experimental planting from sea level to the upper line of possible agricultural development. We have on these islands the widest range for diversified planting of any portion of the United States, and the possibilities of our development along that line are not appreciated by our people. We not only have diversity of conditions produced by the different altitudes, ranging from sea level with its complete tropical conditions to the high mountain plains with winter snows, but we have also every climate from the arid dryness of California to that of 200 inches rainfall per annum. It would seem that these islands had been created that man should enjoy the manifold products of all climates and all countries. Yet scarcely anything has been done to open up and develop our wonderful resources except in the production of sugar, which is exported to the mainland in a raw state—to be used largely in preserving fruits many of which can be grown here. We have besides a long list of varieties not grown elsewhere in the United States and for which there is an unlimited demand. We can never become a really great state until we do more to make possible a citizen class of residents engaged in producing the principal portion of their own food and able to convert the surplus into the most valuable marketable form; and this surplus should be greater per acre than in any other state. Until we approach this condition we shall have no agriculture worth comparing with other portions of the United States, for we are not making proper use of our opportunities. It should be easier to produce \$100 from an acre of average land in Hawaii than \$10 from the average farm east of the Mississippi river; not that our soil is superior to theirs, but solely because of climatic conditions. It was a common saying in Southern California that climate was sold, not land. Although this originated in the jocular mood of a real estate agent, there never has been a truer statement made. What would California be with the climate of Maine; or Hawaii with that of Minnesota? Our climate for production; our geographical position as a vantage point for distribution, are our great resources. Why not make use of the "talents" that have been given us?

There was a time when Hawaii supplied California with flour; also potatoes and other vegetables. But now California produces her own and sends part of the surplus here. We should produce enough vegetables for our own use and have a surplus to send to California during the winter months when she does not grow many kinds sufficient for her needs. Insect pests have been, and now are, the great hindrance to producing many crops. These pests have all been introduced, and in time will be brought under control as they are in other countries.

By persistent effort we have demonstrated at Wahiawa that all the leading vegetables of the finest quality can be produced if the insect enemies can be kept under control; and we can say from the past years' experience that we believe we can successfully cope with many of these pests. We have found aphids one of the worst enemies to fodder crops, such as corn, sorghum, cow-peas, etc., but by selecting the time of planting we have been able to get crops at certain seasons of the year. Sweet potatoes grow well at all seasons and are not seriously interfered with by the pests. They are of fine quality for table use and good food for stock. An experimental crop of Bayo beans (the frijole of the Mexican) was a decided success the past winter. They ripen in May and June and are superior to the imported at that season, being much fresher than the old crop harvested the previous summer in California. This crop should be made profitable here, as fresh stock for June delivery is of considerable value for ship supplies. This bean is also used very extensively by the Japs in place of kinds imported from Japan. Thousands of bags of this crop can be marketed at the California price plus freight from the coast, so it is a very promising crop for the small farmer. Large quantities of these beans could be used by the army and navy, no doubt, if a supply could be depended upon. I shall plant of the small white navy bean the coming winter, experimentally, and more extensively later if there is a prospect of a market, but I am free to confess I am getting "tired" both in purse and mind with experimental work that should be done by the government. Such experiments, if successful, only lead to additional taxation values being placed on the property and crops. The arbitrary valuation

A HACK AT LILIKALANI'S GENEALOGICAL TREE



THE PRINCESS EMMA DEFRIES.

Editor Advertiser: Allow me space in your column in reference to your morning's issue. What glitters is not gold.

I see Mr. Edward Lilikalani is scheming through the second Kanuha as his great-grandfather is another fraud.

To settle dispute I shall take steps to convict Mr. Edward Lilikalani of his two fraudulent genealogies in his both paragraphs. He claims what he is not and which he has made a part of his petition to the United States Congress through my great-grandfather, Kanuha the great, is absolutely false.

Kanua the great's grand issues was my grandmother, Helenaheanani, Kanaina II, Kalakullino, Makakaulikane II.

Kanaina issue was Mahina, the grandfather of Kalama, mother of A. Fernandez and others. My grandmother Helenaheanani married Haka. Their issue was: Kalawainulakanoa, Kaaanulokiholo, Kanuha, Kaaakapu, Helenaheanani.

My father Kalawainulakanoa married Kahoupoolumelanani (Kaholo). Their issue is: Emma Alexandria,

ation of \$500 per acre placed on bananas is an example of tax values placed on crops. The system of taxation on growing crops is wrong and our tax system needs revising. The exemption of the pineapple industry from taxation for five years by the last legislature is a relief from unjust taxation, but a questionable policy if a just system of taxation prevailed. What is most needed is justice in taxation rather than special exemption. The farmer of average intelligence is not seeking the special favor of relief from his due share of maintaining the government, but rather that the burden be equalized and values for taxation placed on tangible assets, rather than on crops that may be in existence at tax time, and never harvested from some of the many causes that often prevent him reaping what he has sown.

Another crop which has received special favor from the last legislature in the way of exemption is "manioc" or cassava, from the tuber of which starch, tapioca and "manioc meal" are obtained. This plant is one of the most valuable crops to be grown if properly made use of. It is of great value for fattening all kinds of animals as well as for the products that are manufactured from it. Its period of maturity is about nine or ten months but the tuber will remain in the ground for months without deterioration, increasing in size. "Manioc meal" is as important an item of food for large communities of South America as rice to the Orientals. I believe this will be the great "emergency ration" for our army in case of siege to these islands if such an event should ever take place. No one plant used with meat, will produce so much valuable food in an available fresh state; for it can be dug as needed practically every month of the year. This fact in a climate like ours where all cereal foods soon spoil or become infected by insects is of the utmost importance in selecting an available food for emergency use, and it will be found much better than sweet potatoes and yams. From the meal a very palatable bread or cake is made by the people of South American countries besides being used in porridge and various other ways; the tuber is also roasted like potatoes. This plant is grown quite extensively on Kauai, where starch is manufactured and the waste used for fattening cattle.

The pineapple industry is making

Makakaulikane is the father of Wanaoa, mother of John II. Her mother's ancestors were Kapuleloia one of the wives of Kanaloaawoo, also of his first wife, Sarai Hiwaui, therefore they were first cousins.

Kanaina II is my cousin's grandfather. Hattie Hiram Kanaina, Solomon Hiram Kanaina, Moana II married Kukalohe. Their issue was Kiholo, not Kanuha the second nor is Kanuha II, the father of Kamakau; neither is Kamakau, the father of Kanihomauole.

Kalimakui and Kihilawau were the parents of Kanihomauole their issue was Kanele and two others.

Moana II was a sister to Kahanamalani, this issue was Napuapahoehoe I, grandfather of Hoapii Baker.

Kiholo, the son of Moana II and Kukalohe, his issue was Kanuha II and Kekumano by his first wife Pipili.

Kiholo, the second wife, was Naheana, their issue was Namakaokinau. This lady married his half brother Kanuha II, their issue was Naohu-louli. Kekumano, the sister of Kanuha II, daughter of Kiholo and Pipili who married the son of Nalupipi and Pipili. His name respectively was Piliatikane. Their issue was Punapa-paekua-o-Kiholo. She was born at Wai-mea, Kauai. This lady is the mother of Kaumana Widemann, Kolla, Akamu,

rapid strides and has passed all experimental stages as far as growing and marketing are concerned. The writer has successfully shipped fresh fruit by express to New York, Boston and Washington, and various inland cities, without the use of ice. The high express rates to interior and Eastern points will not warrant an extensive wholesale trade, but the fact of reaching Eastern points demonstrates what can be done so far as the keeping quality of the fruit is concerned. Means for more economical transportation will no doubt come later on. The canned product takes the lead in the mainland markets for quality over the fruit from other countries, the demand exceeding the supply. About 15,000 cases will be shipped from this island (Oahu) and possibly 10,000 more cases from the remainder of the group. Wahiawa, Oahu, is taking the lead as a pineapple center, conditions here being especially favorable for the growing of the fruit. The smooth Cayenne is grown exclusively and the quality, both as a canned product and as fresh fruit cannot be excelled.

Grapes grow well on the islands, maturing two crops per year when pruned with that end in view. Fresh grapes are to be had every month of the year in Honolulu. The Isabella and Concord are grown principally, as they resist the attacks of the Japanese beetle (a serious pest) better than the European varieties. The growing of the finest table grapes should be profitable, as fruit can be placed on the markets on the mainland during March, April, May and June, when the market is bare. The Japanese beetle is the only serious enemy thus far, and it has been successfully combated by some of the growers around Honolulu.

The banana business is growing rapidly, Hilo (Hawaii) growers having taken up the growing and shipping quite extensively; and other points will follow as transportation facilities are available. The shipments from Honolulu have not increased materially owing to available land along the railway being taken for sugar. As before mentioned the arbitrary tax valuation of \$500 per acre on bananas is excessive and not very encouraging to those doing propaganda work in the interests of the minor industries of these islands.

The growing of hay and grain, except corn, will never be extensively carried on, green fodders of various

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Why should not YOU take the opportunity of our immense REMNANT SALE that begins

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kinds taking the place of hay; for in most districts rain interferes with curing and harvesting, and other crops must be looked to by the farmer for profit. Sorghum, Kaffir corn, corn, cow peas, Para, Guinea and Bermuda grass (maniania) are the principal plants relied upon for forage.

Mangoes, alligator pears, oranges and limes, and most of the fruits usually found in the tropics are grown successfully when planted in the proper locations. Many of these could be made profitable items of export if produced in quantity. The papaya is one of the most popular of tropical fruits, growing well everywhere with little care after once getting a start. Coffee has been grown for years and had quite a boom in the early nineties, but was planted indiscriminately in unfavorable locations, which, together with low prices, caused a reaction and abandonment of large areas. Some few planters with favorable locations and gifted with more faith than others, have maintained their plantations, producing an excellent quality of berry that is beginning to command better prices on account of quality, regardless of the price of the foreign product, and it is confidently hoped that coffee may yet be a paying crop in Hawaii.

The cattle industry is about the only one supplying the local demand, and this only so far as meat is concerned. It is almost exclusively a pastoral industry, very little feeding to fatten being done, most of the fattening being done on the grass range or along the coast on the Algaroba loans (Prosopis dulcis).

The dairy industry mainly consists of supplying milk to Honolulu and other cities and towns of the group, only small quantities of butter being produced. As good milk and butter can be produced as on the mainland, but very little comes up to the standard of quality maintained for dairy products on the mainland, and many say it cannot be done; but the writer is successfully marketing milk of 4.5 per cent to 5.2 per cent butter fat, with 13 to 14 per cent solids in Honolulu, hauling the same nine miles by wagon, then twelve miles by rail, arriving in good condition. This should show that conditions are not very different from other countries, and failure to produce and market dairy produce in good condition is due to methods, not to unfavorable climatic or other conditions. These islands have the finest climate in the world, yet we find it blamed for all the failures—of whatever nature—our industries are heir to—and without any just cause.

We find the mechanic working in the foundry, at the blacksmith forge, laying and quarrying stone, laying tin roofs on new buildings, digging in the sewer trench, tending the boilers on the steamships through the tropics across the equator, and in every conceivable occupation where the white man wants to work, but nine out of ten citizens will tell you they cannot work on the farm in the tropics. Why such statements are made by prominent men in Honolulu is more than the writer can understand. Having been brought up on the farm in California, doing all kinds of farm work there and here, I am ready to affirm that it is not more trying to labor in the sun here than in California. On my own farm here white men are working, doing any kind of work, as comfortably as in California. All such statements are made by persons who have not tried it, do not wish to labor, or for ulterior motives. There is little use claiming productiveness of soil and climate, inviting settlers to come and be farmers and citizens with us, if this statement that the white man cannot labor in this climate stands unchallenged. It is a misstatement, as can be verified by any one who is seeking the truth. If one tries to work in unsanitary, or otherwise unhealthy conditions, he must pay the penalty as he would in any country. There are such unhealthy local conditions in places on these islands, as well as elsewhere, but the reputation of the whole Territory cannot in justice be based on such merely local conditions; such conditions are the exception, not the rule. The question of agricultural labor is such an important one that in any discussion of an agricultural topic it necessarily comes forward, and must be my excuse, if any be necessary, for digressing from the main topic.

Very respectfully,
BYRON O. CLARK.

The Sierra got away yesterday morning about ten o'clock, twenty hours behind her schedule. She took on 75 tons of coal instead of the usual 600 so as to be able to go at top speed and get to Auckland and Sydney on time with the mails.

THE PACIFIC Commercial Advertiser

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20

WEAK POINT IN JURY LAW.

There is a serious weakness in the present Territorial jury system. It consists of the limitation of the numbers of citizens who may be summoned to serve as jurors. Taking the First Judicial Circuit—the other circuits being in similar case proportionately—a jury list for an entire year is limited by statute to two hundred and fifty names. From this list there have to be drawn the grand juries, whose members are disqualified to sit on trial juries for cases wherein they have found indictments, which makes them unavailable as jurors in cases carried over from one term to another. There are many such continuances upon the calendar of each term. Then there are times when three judges hold jury trials simultaneously, each with a panel of sixteen to twenty-six jurors in attendance. Just now, at the beginning of a term, two judges are trying criminal cases. A capital case is on trial and a painful effort is being made to obtain a jury for another one.

Besides the deductions from the list already mentioned, in its relation to proceedings before any single judge, there is to be taken into account, regarding capital cases, a considerable proportion of jurors who have scruples against capital punishment and a probably more numerous element who will, either readily or reluctantly, admit holding fixed opinions on the guilt or innocence of the accused. After twelve men have passed the ordeal of examination for cause, in some instances greatly depleting the list, the difficulty is renewed, one-half increased, by the privilege of peremptory challenges, of which the prosecution is allowed six and the defense twelve.

There is always, therefore, a risk in an instance such as at present appears that the entire list of 250 jurors may become exhausted before a jury in a capital case is obtained.

The weak point of the law is that, when the list of 250 is exhausted, there is no provision for calling in talesmen. Some lawyers think that the common law rule would then be applicable for the summoning of talesmen or the calling upon bystanders for completing the panel. Others, contrariwise, hold that the omission of such a provision from the statute shuts out the common law rule. Within the past year the question of talesmen has come up, but only as an alternative to issuing a special venire on the list of 250. It did not come to a test, however, owing to waiving of objections to talesmen by both sides.

It is a serious thing for the community, and sometimes for the accused, to have a capital case continued over a term, but under the conditions here shown the continuance is liable to be for a whole year. It has been suggested to the Advertiser that an amendment to the jury law is something the Bar Association should promptly set about procuring from the coming Legislature.

The refusal of the President to reappoint Judge Gear, after the latter had played his last card, all but closes an episode which makes an unpleasant chapter in Hawaiian history. The carpet-bagger raid on the bench was formidable and for a time made great trouble in the Territory. It was met and worsted by the Advertiser and the Star which, at no little risk and cost, attacked the carpet-baggers and were instrumental in getting rid of them. Judge Gear is the sole survivor. He is a lawyer of parts but his conception of the honor and dignity of a high court does not conform to that of this community; at least not to that of the better part of the community.

The published statement of Mr. Dyer, about matters affecting the Insane Asylum contract, although not misrepresenting his views, should not have been printed with his signature. The statement had been typewritten with a large number of others bearing the original signatures and the typewriter, supposing that Mr. Dyer had intended to sign with the rest, put his name in the place that had been reserved for it. He is not complaining of the matter but naturally wishes to be put right with the public.

Somebody who does not sign his name writes of the picture of the coconut crab lately published by this paper as "absurd." As the photograph from which the cut was made came from Alexander Craw, who had it taken for scientific purposes, the exact phase of the "absurdity" remains to be explained.

Inquiry about the origin of the statement in the local press that the transport Sheridan left San Francisco on the 15th for this port develops the fact that the files-before-last said she intended to leave then so as to expedite a transfer of troops.

KUHIO AND THE WORKERS.

In the course of a long letter reciting various acts of public industry on his part, Delegate Kuhio opposes the sending to Washington of unofficial workers. "I will appreciate," he says, "the help of every citizen of Hawaii who will co-operate in a definite plan of work here at the capital. But for individual men in Honolulu to maintain Secretary Atkinson or any one else here by the month as an independent worker, can lead only to confusion, and injury to Hawaii's interests."

This seems to be an exhibition of jealousy which, we trust, will not interfere with Secretary McClellan, whose work has been most useful. So far as the special proposition goes it is unwarranted. Almost every section of the United States, with large interests at stake in Congress, maintains a corps of unofficial workers at the seat of government. For this very session San Francisco sent to Washington the presidents of its Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association and the secretary of the Promotion Committee; Los Angeles sent a delegation and San Diego sent H. P. Wood, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. Washington hotels are crowded with workers for bills in which various localities are interested and wise Congressmen are glad to have their help. Sometimes hundreds of such men assemble at once to push a single measure as was the case when the last important silver bill was before the House and Senate.

Delegate Kuhio should not undertake to run the whole show. Few men can help more than he does in Congress and he may console himself with the reflection that, if unofficial workers do it all, he will still receive the credit, as he did before, in the Republican Territorial platform.

Tsi An, the Empress of China, is thus vividly described by Lady Susan Townley in her "Chinese Note-Book": "She sat upon a divan covered with figured Chinese silk of a beautiful yolk-of-egg color. Being low of stature, her feet (which are of natural size, she being a Manchu) barely touched the ground, and only her head and shoulders were visible over the table placed in front of her. She wore a Chinese coat of a diaphanous pale-blue silk material covered with the most exquisite Chinese embroidery of vine leaves and grapes. Round her neck was a pale-blue satin ribbon studded with large, lustrous pearls, pierced and sewn to the ribbon. Her complexion is that of a North Italian, and being a widow, her cheeks are unpainted and unpowdered. Her piercing dark eyes roved curiously about among her surroundings. Her age is sixty-eight, but her hair being dyed jet-black and most of it artificial, her appearance is that of a much younger woman. Her hands are long and tapering and very prettily shaped but they are disfigured by the curious national custom of letting the nails grow inordinately long. The nails of the two smaller fingers of the right hand were protected by gold shields, which fitted over the finger like a lady's thimble and gradually tapered off to a length of three or four inches."

Bishop McVicker, of Rhode Island, told the members of the Boston Episcopalian Club one of the best of the Butler stories. Butler was on his way to Boston to try a case before Judge Shaw. A young friend met him on the train, and asked him if he might look at the notes on the case. Butler acquiesced. The young man, to his astonishment, saw written in pencil at the top of page 1: "Insult the judge." "You see," said Butler, "I first get Judge Shaw's ill will by insulting him in some way. Later in the case he will have decisions to make for or against me. As he is an exceedingly just man, and as I have insulted him, he will lean to my side, for fear of letting his personal feeling against me sway his decision the opposite way."

VERY ANNOYING

This Hardly Expresses What Honolulu People Say of It.

Good natured people are often irritable. If you knew the reason, you would not be surprised. Ever have itching piles? Not sick enough to go to bed; not well enough to be content. The constant itching sensation. Hard to bear; harder to get relief. Spoils your temper, nearly drives you crazy. Isn't relief and cure a long-felt want?

You can have relief if you will follow the advice of this gentleman. Mr. Frank Leibly of 326 S. Main st., Wilkesbarre, Pa., U. S., who says: "It is with much pleasure that I testify to the merits of Doan's Ointment in cases of itching piles. I suffered from this tormenting affliction for the past year. I tried nearly everything that was recommended to me and what I saw advertised, but I could get no relief. Finally I procured Doan's Ointment. After a few applications I was much relieved, and, continuing the treatment, I was soon completely cured. I have felt no signs of that intolerable itching since, and it is four months ago since I used Doan's Ointment. To say that I was delighted is only half expressing my enthusiasm. I recommend this remedy whenever the opportunity is presented. You may publish my statement at any time and I can always be found at 326 S. Main street, and will vouch for the same."

Doan's Ointment Pills for sale by all druggists, price 50 cents. Mailed by The Hollister Drug Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Remember the name, DOAN'S, and take no substitute.

JOURNALISTS AS DIPLOMATS

(Continued from Page 1)

comprehend quickly and correctly the truth about doings in foreign governments. In this regard the ambassador's duties are very like those of a special newspaper correspondent in Washington under the newspaper regime of the last ten years. There is, however, an important difference, in that the newspaper correspondent is working primarily for information that he can print, although, under modern conditions here, the well equipped correspondent gains much confidential information that can not be printed, whereas the ambassador or minister gains information solely for confidential purposes.

So it happens that newspaper proprietors, of wealth and station, who have had news training, are especially well qualified to become representatives of this government abroad, which fact President Roosevelt is prompt in recognizing. The same is generally true of lawyers, who have had active practice and are familiar with the gathering of evidence. In selecting Whitelaw Reid, editor and proprietor of the New York Tribune, for ambassador to Great Britain, Mr. Roosevelt has afforded a conspicuous example of the usefulness of newspaper men in the diplomatic service. Of course Mr. Reid has the other necessary qualifications to represent this country creditably and with dignity. But Mr. Reid has had active newspaper training, beginning with the duties of an ordinary reporter, and rising by stages to the duties of Washington correspondent and proprietor of the Tribune. He knows well how to gauge and how to interpret official and public sentiment. These days when the press associations and newspapers have alert correspondents abroad, it is necessary for the ambassador or minister to forestall the dispatches and even to look farther into the future and to be even more accurate than the well trained correspondent. When the President or the Secretary of State are about to take up a question of foreign policy, he must have all the details of the situation abroad to be able to handle it intelligently. It is the ambassador who supplies them with that important information, or who should supply them if he is performing the duties of his office.

Ambassador McCormick, at St. Petersburg, is also a newspaper proprietor, but he has not had an active and practical newspaper training. He is to be reappointed and the President will give him further opportunity to prove his usefulness. Thus far Ambassador McCormick's bureau of information at St. Petersburg has not been very satisfactory, but the President is disposed to overlook that, because the Russians are a very secretive people and it takes time and patience to secure their confidence. The resentment of the Russians against the pronounced sympathy in this country for the Japanese has also hampered Ambassador McCormick.

In furnishing governments authoritative and early information, the embassies and legations of the great powers are rapidly approaching the functions that consulates have in a smaller field. The consuls, however, make public forthwith much of the knowledge they gain and all are, in fact, reporters for the "Daily Consular Reports" published six days in the week here in Washington by the Department of Commerce and Labor and now running to the 2150th number. Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, in discussing the Consular service a few days ago, said that the brightest and best of the consuls were newspaper men. Shortly afterwards President Roosevelt attested the assertion by making it known that Consul General Mason, at Berlin, an old newspaper man and the most efficient consul this government has, would be promoted to one of the most lucrative posts in the service, that of Consul General at Paris.

In recent years European ambassadors and ministers have taken up the information bureau feature to a wonderful degree. Here in Washington they gather the news of what is doing and of what is going to be done with surprising thoroughness. There is, of course, a vast deal of the editorial opinion injected into their private reports, with some of which the majority of Americans would not agree. If one were privileged to inspect the private files of the British, or German, or other embassy here in Washington, he would find a deal of mighty interesting reading. There would be enough of it, too, to run through several editions of a daily newspaper.

It has not yet come to pass by any means that every ambassador and minister, representing this government has "a nose for news" but it has come to pass that those who would be successful in those highly ornamental places must not only have that instinct well developed but, along with it, good judgment. Keen powers of observation and comprehension of men must go with these qualifications as a matter of course. ERNEST G. WALKER.

Dyspepsia

What's the use of a good cook if there's a bad stomach—a stomach too weak properly to digest what is taken into it?

The owner of such a stomach experiences distress after eating, nausea between meals, and is troubled with belching and fits of nervous headache—he's dyspeptic and miserable.

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia and have suffered almost everything. I have tried many different remedies, but could get no relief until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the use of this medicine I could eat without distress, and today I am as well as ever, but I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla on hand." Mrs. J. A. CROWELL, Canajoharie, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Cure dyspepsia, strengthen and tone all the digestive organs, and build up the whole system.

ATTENTION!

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These are a few of the latest in the Perfumery line; in the nearest of packages.

We claim these goods the most exquisite ever shown in this city, and most appropriate holiday gifts. Ask to be shown these and convince yourself.

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REDUCED

Our entire stock of high-grade dress suit cases and valises have been reduced 33-1-3 per cent. In order to make room for less bulky goods we are closing out this entire line.

This is your opportunity; grasp it.

H. F. WICHMAN & CO., LTD.
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SUGAR ADVANCES

A small amount of money invested with us monthly beats

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Guarantee Capital, \$200,000.00.
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HENRY E. POCOCK,

Cashier.

HORSE SHOEING!

W. W. Wright Co., Ltd.

have opened a horse-shoeing department in connection with their carriage shop, etc. Having secured the services of a first-class shoer, they are prepared to do all work entrusted to them in a first-class manner.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

Just Received

GRADE B. WILLCOX & GIBBS AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINES.

A special machine, with all the latest improvements at a special price.

PICTURES,

Picture frames and mouldings.

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New Goods Constantly Arriving.

There Should be No Doubt

in your mind that electric light is the best light for your home. It far surpasses any other light, both in its economy and its advantages. Electric light is a pure white light. It requires no matches. It is clean, safe, cheap and reliable. It never smokes. All other lights require matches and are more or less dangerous and dirty. Taking everything into consideration there is no light so desirable, so pleasing, nor so economical as electric light.

Hawaiian Electric Co., Limited.

223-227 KING ST., PHONE MAIN 390.

Why Pay \$100.00?

When you can purchase the "WELLINGTON" No. 2 Typewriter for \$60.00. This machine is equal to any machine in the market and it is superior to all in several important features. Permanent alignment. Minimised keyboard, 28 keys, and 84 characters. Simplicity one third the parts more than found in others. Durability, steel parts hardened. Portability, only weighs 15 pounds.

Machines sent to any responsible person or house on 10 days trial.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

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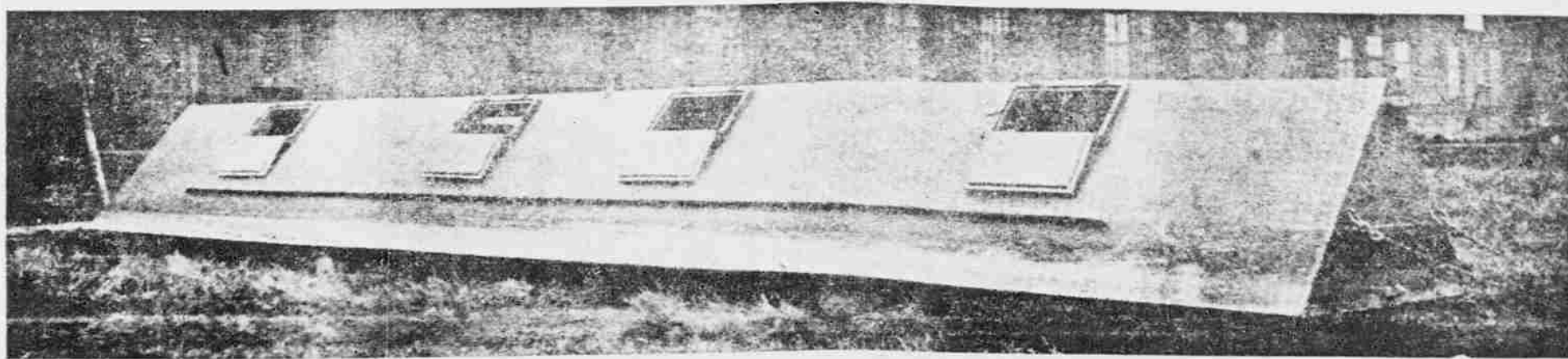
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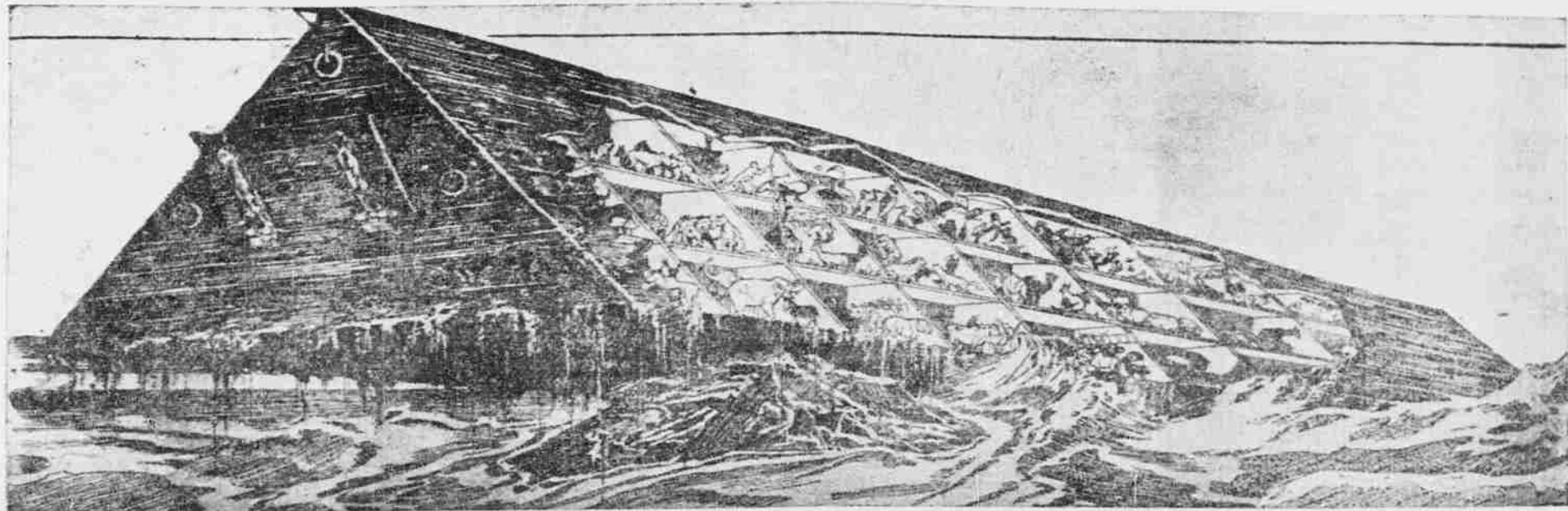
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RECONSTRUCTION OF NOAH'S ARK BY A DANISH SAVANT: THE MODEL AS COMPLETED.



STRANDED ON ARARAT: "THE NEW YORK AMERICAN AND JOURNAL'S" ADAPTATION OF THE DANISH MODEL OF THE ARK.

Herr H. C. Vogt, Copenhagen, is the constructor of this model of Noah's Ark. He has been assisted in his experiments by the Danish Admiralty. His model is 31 ft. long by 5.2 ft. broad, and is 3.1 ft. high. It is calculated to be one-fifteenth the size of Noah's Ark, and Herr Vogt contends that his dimensions correspond with the ideal measurements for large wooden vessels as laid down by naval constructors. He believes the form to have been a right triangular prism, and during experiments he says it behaves most excellently between waves, and drifts so quickly to leeward that perfectly smooth water was formed on its windward side. The model draws on 4.5 in. of water. The shape was determined by Professor D. Simonsen's new translation of the word formerly rendered "window," in Genesis vi. 16, whereby the text runs—"Roofing shalt thou make to the ark, and in a cubit shalt thou finish it above."

CONTRACTOR WALKER ON INSANE ASYLUM CONTRACT

This is what contractor John Walker has to say about the Insane Asylum specifications:

I was one of the contractors who figured on bidding for the construction of the Insane Asylum. My specialty is concrete and stone work. As I studied the specifications and learned the circumstances connected therewith I became convinced that the specifications were drawn purposely to favor the construction of a concrete instead of a brick building, and more particularly in favor of the Concrete Construction Company. I consulted other contractors upon these features and found that my opinions were shared by all that I talked with. Among those I talked with were Lucas Bros., Fred Harrison, Ouderkerk and Craig. There are others that I don't think of at present. I felt so strongly upon the subject that I was disgusted and decided not to make a bid.

The principal reasons for my thinking that the specifications were fixed in the manner above indicated, were as follows:

(1) The drawing of plans and specifications was given to Mr. Beardslee who was an intimate friend of L. E. Pinkham, the President and a stockholder in the Concrete Construction Company. Their offices were in adjoining rooms with a door opening between so that they are practically the same. I am informed that the Concrete Construction people had access to and knew what the specifications were to be long before they were made public. This gave them an opportunity to know what was going to be required in the specifications and to experiment with blocks to meet such specifications.

(2) It is certain that the original intention was to make the building a concrete one only, with no alternative for brick, for the great bulk of the specifications are in connection with the concrete building alone. It was not until some of the contractors complained to the Superintendent of Public Works and asked to have an alternative for brick work, that any alternative specifications for brick work were added. The specifications for brick work are incomplete and only occupy two pages out of the thirty-one of the specifications.

(3) The specifications for brick work are not drawn for a building equivalent in strength and finish to the concrete building. For example, the outside concrete walls are only specified to be 10 inches thick, without any plaster on the outside and only one coat of plaster on the inside.

The brick walls are 19 inches thick, including a 2 inch air space, with three coats of plaster on the inside and a 5-8 inch coat of cement of a one to two composition on the outside, to be blocked off to imitate stone work.

A brick wall 10 inches thick is as strong as a concrete wall of the same thickness and in my opinion makes the better wall of the two. One coating of cement plaster on the outside will make it absolutely impervious to water. I know this from long experience and many tests.

The requirement that the brick wall shall be 19 inches thick and that four coats of plaster shall be put thereon as against a concrete wall 10 inches thick and one coat of plaster was, and is, in my opinion, manifestly meant to make the brick building so much more expensive than the concrete building that the brick building could not compete with the concrete one, as the extra thickness and finish of the brick wall is entirely unnecessary, either for strength or to keep out moisture.

The jail just built by the Government is a 13 inch solid brick wall with one coat of plaster. It is, like the asylum building, two stories high, and like the asylum building, it consists of many small rooms which are to be occupied as living rooms every day. The walls of the jail building are ample both for strength and dryness.

The Queen's Hospital is also just erecting a two-story brick addition to its hospital rooms, which will be occupied by sick people. The exterior walls are 13 inches solid brick without exterior plaster. I think the moisture will probably come through the brick in case of a long heavy rain, but one coat of outside plaster would be ample to prevent this.

(4) The foundations for the brick building called for are much heavier, and therefore much more expensive than those for the concrete building. If the proper thickness of brick wall were called for to fairly compete with the concrete specifications, the foundations of the two would be practically alike.

(5) The requirement in the concrete specifications that a block

shall be made under a 400 pound pressure, is entirely unusual and wholly unnecessary. Heavy pressure does not increase the strength of concrete. On the contrary it is liable to decrease the strength, for the pressure is liable to squeeze out the soft cement from between the rock surfaces, leaving insufficient cement between such rock surfaces for binding material.

The best possible results to be gotten from concrete are by careful hand-tamping, without pressure. I have made many hand-tamped concrete walls which, with a single cement plastered surface, not only keep out moisture from the weather, but keep out, or keep in, a steady pressure of water.

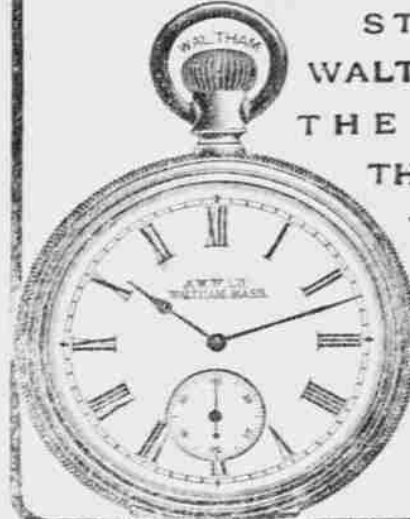
For example: I laid the concrete floor of the basement of the Stangenwald Building, which is 4 feet 10 inches below the steady level of the ground water. A layer only 4 inches thick with a single thin cement coating on top of it kept the water out entirely. To make absolutely certain, however, the architect, Mr. Ripley, instructed me to add a second layer of 4 inches.

During last winter's heavy rains the head of ground water rose considerably above 4 feet 10 inches, but even under this head not a drop of water came through this floor. If necessary I can give a number of other instances in this city where a thoroughly hand-tamped concrete wall with one coat of plaster is absolutely waterproof. I therefore consider the addition of the pressure clause to the concrete specifications to be both wholly unnecessary to keep out moisture and a useless additional expense. I believe it was inserted there simply for the purpose of shutting out the other contractors in Honolulu from bidding on the concrete specifications, as it would require an expensive machine to do the work, which none of the other contractors in Honolulu had, and I did not know of any machine which could be had to do the work.

I can do as good concrete work as is done in the world. I have recently been awarded a contract in competition with the Concrete Construction Company, by the United States Government, but I was simply shut out from bidding on the asylum contract by the way in which the architect drew the specifications. I could not bid on the brick specifications because they were purposely drawn so much more expensive than the concrete specifications, so that the former could not compete with the latter; and was shut out from bidding on the concrete specifications by the insertion of the pressure clause, which not only is wholly unnecessary and expensive, but harmful.

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ANY WOMAN OR GIRL NEEDING help or advice, is invited to communicate, either in person or by letter, with Ensign L. Anderson, matron of the Salvation Army Woman's Industrial Home, No. 1680 King street.

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WORKS HARD ON MESSAGE

Governor Carter Puts in One More Forenoon At Home.

It was one more forenoon at home for Governor Carter to work on his message to the legislature yesterday. He did not reach his office at the Capitol until almost two o'clock, and then he was at once overwhelmed by a rush of business, and there was the usual stream of callers.

And the matters that are forced upon his attention are some of them of the most trivial kind, greatly vexing to the office force as well as taking up the time of the Chief Executive of the Territory himself. For instance, there was a letter written for information concerning a letter that was written to the head of the government about fifteen years ago. The party wanting the information did not just know to whom the letter he was trying to trace had been written, nor did he know the date of it, but had a knowledge of the contents and from that clue trusted to the Governor to do the rest.

Then, a copy of a commission, issued about 1850, was asked for. The next request was for all the correspondence, proclamations and papers relative to the annexation of any islands adjoining this group by King Kalakaua. Another seeker into the archives wanted all the papers, and correspondence in possession of the government relative to the destruction of the ship Reindeer in 1856. This information was wanted before the date of the sailing of the next steamer to San Francisco. That is, if the New Orleans be counted, the information was wanted in time to catch that boat, sailing this afternoon. Lastly, a citizen wanted to see some correspondence of the Governor of Maui relative to land matters in 1864.

Now, this information could all be obtained in the government archives, stored in the loft at the Capitol building, and without doubt it will be obtained as desired, nevertheless, it would seem that there should be some other officer besides the Governor who was expected to find it. It all goes to show, besides the waste of the Governor's time, that there should be some provision made for keeping the archives, and that there should be a custodian for them after the provision is made. As it is now, it is a vexation to find anything, and many valuable papers are in danger of being lost because there is no place to keep them, and nobody who is especially trusted with their care.

LECTURING ON THESE ISLANDS

The following is from a Haverhill, (Mass.) paper:

There was a large audience, completely filling the High School hall on Saturday evening, extra seats being provided to accommodate the large gathering. The attraction was the lecture by Mr. Linwood O. Towne on Hawaii, where he spent the greater part of the summer, and although Mr. Towne has related some of his experiences before clubs and small gatherings, this was the first opportunity given for the general public to hear him. He was most warmly greeted at the beginning of the address and applauded heartily at the close, and incident to the talk, the quartette, Albert Malcolm, Leon Ross, Arthur Kelly and William Garvin, sang special melodies dear to the natives of the islands. They were most warmly received and obliged to respond in each instance to encores. Mr. Garvin, who took the place of Edward Gerry, who was too ill to appear, did so with only one rehearsal, and he received many compliments for helping the quartette who would have otherwise had to give up the songs.

Previous to the address the audience listened to a piano duet by Miss Helen Glines and Miss Alice Porter and a violin solo by Miss Smith. Another duet by Miss Anne Pingree and Miss Grace Spofford was also well rendered. The national hymn of Hawaii, called Hawaii Ponoi, was sung by the quartette, and the solemn chords and expressive harmony were very pleasing. One could easily understand the love the people have for the hymn which carries so much of veneration or worship in the suggested sentiment of the words. They responded to insistent applause by repeating the same, and afterwards Mr. Towne began his talk, telling of the trip on the steamer to Honolulu. The approach to Honolulu was different than was expected, the mountains higher than any other island mountains in the world, some 14,000 feet, and as the party came near they seemed to stand far up above the clouds.

A diagram on the blackboard explained the position of these islands. On one side of Honolulu are the great steep, and on the other side the precipice, called the Pali, where 2000 warriors were hurled to death in one of the early wars of the chieftains. The Hawaiian Islands were annexed to the United States in 1897. Hawaii is about 400 miles from Honolulu. The latter place is like any American city business blocks, streets and stores, the streets lined with royal palms and date

palms and tropical foliage. In July and August the temperature is rarely higher than 85 degrees, and it seldom runs below 74 degrees. The growth of the banana tree was described with the dark maroon blossom or bud. Mr. Towne spoke of the love of the Hawaiians for flowers and music, women and men wearing flower wreaths around their hat, their neck or on their hair. Besides decorative trees, one of the most brilliant is the golden shower, which looks very much like our wisteria. There the night blooming cereus grows on the stone wall, along the roadway, and there are thousands of them in bloom. The good things to eat were told of, the native fruit, quite different from that which grows in this country. The palaces of the old kings were spoken of, and it was noted that the old government was overthrown when Queen Liliuokalani was deposed in 1893. Mr. Towne said that immediately on the arrival of the party they were besieged with invitations. He spoke of their entertainments and said that the dancing was not alone instrumental, but the musicians sang all the time, the music full of charm and sentiment, and sometimes in almost heart-breaking strains. Besides this, they had a quicker and almost wild music in native dancing. The bathing at the beach with the seven rows of breakers was spoken of as delightful, the native canoes with outriggers described and the riding of the surf on boards, the natives standing on the board as it went over the breakers. One of the songs dear to the islanders is the "Wai-kiki Mermaid." The quartette sang this song, which had been anglicized, and it proved very enjoyable, the young men being obliged to respond to an encore. Mr. Towne gave a splendid description of the early settlement and the naming of the islands and described the Hawaiian flag, and named the different islands which constitute the group. The origin of the people is doubtful, some believing them a lost tribe of Israel. The volcanic nature of the islands doubtless accounts for the fact that no animal life originally existed there except what could fly or swim. Accordingly, the islands are free from wild animals, reptiles, snakes or venomous insects, even mosquitoes being unknown until brought there by a sailing vessel early in the 19th century. The speaker's memory failed to recall the presence of the house fly, even though meals at hotels and residences were served in piazza dining rooms.

Mention was made of the native witch doctors, kahuna, one of whose offices was in praying people to death for a consideration from those who desired the demise of their enemies. The victim, being informed the operation was in process, frequently succumbed from pure imagination, if not by a discreet dose of poison, which kept the witch doctor's reputation good. The native dress was described and after this a song, called "Ua Like Noa Like," was sung by the quartette. It was the same song sung when the party left Honolulu, the word "like" signifying constancy.

From Honolulu a visit was made to the island of Maui, and the great extinct crater of Haleakala described as being the largest this side of the moon. It is about 2 1/2 miles wide by seven miles long and 3000 feet deep, an impressive and awesome sight.

At Maui there are many Chinese, and one Chinese custom was described, that of the throwing about the streets of thousands of slips of paper with nine little holes cut in each. It is believed by them that Satan in his pursuit of the soul of the dead must pass through each of these nine holes in each piece of paper, before which time the relatives manage to entomb the remains. Furthermore, paper prayers are hung on little sticks on the graves. Mr. Towne spoke of the attractiveness and beauty of the Chinese and Japanese children, who were seen everywhere. At Hawaii the party visited the active volcano of Kilauea, and a vivid description was given. This is the largest active volcano in the world. Descent was made into the hot pit where internal fires were sending their heat through cracks in the lava. Over these the guides cooked meat, made coffee and otherwise prepared dinner for the party. A most thrilling description was given of one of the ladies of the party attempting to make the circuit of the crater, becoming bewildered and lost and out all night in imminent danger of death from falling into some gaping crack in the volcano, there to be burned to death. The final rescue by the native guides was graphically given. The return to Honolulu was of interest, and Mr. Towne told of the natives bringing wreaths and adorning the visitors with the beautifully arranged garlands of flowers. As the party slowly passed out between the coral reefs, there came to them the strains of their song, "Aloha Oe." Farewell to thee.

In connection with the address Mr. Towne showed some interesting curios and objects purchased in the islands, including a grass skirt or hula, wreaths, poi-powder for food, mosquito swatters, models of canoes with outrigger, shell and bead necklaces, model of a straw hut, various woven articles, fan, napkin ring, etc.; samples of lava, rush shoes used by the natives when walking, various articles made by the Japanese, curios fashioned from coconuts, kapa cloth made by the natives, wooden calabashes. A description was given of how all these articles are made and for a long time steel articles were unknown, stone implements taking their place. One fact which is peculiar and not generally known was related, that the word tabu from which comes our word taboo, was a code of laws prohibiting various acts and especially certain kinds of food, applying particularly to women, who were not allowed to eat bananas or coconuts and other fruit under penalty of death. This law lasted until 1819, when it was abolished on the arrival of the missionaries.

Mr. Towne's lecture was intensely interesting and was given strict attention by the large audience, the graphic scenes, the beautiful descriptions and the sympathy, hospitality and goodwill of the people, who have so many commendable traits were all described with the most cordial expressions. The solo, "Sweet Lei Lehua," was sung in

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ED. HAYSING, Cucamonga, Cal.
If you can call, come and see me, and I will show you my new Belt and prove to you that it is a wonderful device. You can feel the glowing current of life that flows into the weakened nerves. I will show you letters from your own neighbors telling how I cured them. I have over 50,000 testimonials in the past 21 years.

Write, and I will send a book describing my new method, with letters from many grateful men and women. If you write, send this ad. and I will send the book, sealed, free. Cut the ad. out and act today.
DR. M. G. McLAUGHLIN, 906 Market St., San Francisco.

THE FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF HAWAII: A NEW LAW BOOK

The Hawaiian Gazette Company, Ltd., announce the publication of a book, edited and indexed by Lorrin A. Thurston, containing the several constitutions and other fundamental laws of earlier days, the annexation treaty, resolutions and procedure and the Organic Act.

The book contains 298 pages of text and 138 pages of index. It is printed in regulation law book type and style and is substantially bound in calf skin.

The price is \$5.
The scope and character of the book and the reasons for its publication are given in the preface, which is as follows:

PREFACE TO THE FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF HAWAII.

Congress has expressly enacted a law organizing Hawaii into a Territory, and extended the provisions of the United States Constitution to the Territory.

In a restricted sense, therefore, the United States Constitution and the Organic Act constitute Hawaii's fundamental law; but the Organic Act specifically re-enacts the great body of pre-existing Hawaiian statute law, which was based upon the several Hawaiian Constitutions and organic laws.

A large proportion of the law governing real estate, property and personal rights in Hawaii being based upon these early constitutions and laws; and precedents, decisions and court practice having grown out of them, it is necessary to consult them in order to have a comprehensive understanding of existing Hawaiian law. They are nearly all published, however, in books now out of print, and in scattered volumes, inaccessible to many, and inconveniently located for all. In fact, not even practicing lawyers in Hawaii can, except at considerable loss of time, place their hands on the laws and constitutions necessary for the study and decision of practical questions continually being presented to them.

Under these circumstances it is believed that the public interest requires the re-publication in convenient reference form of what may be called "the fundamental law of Hawaii." To meet this requirement the following constitutions, laws and documents have been compiled under the common title of "The Fundamental Law of Hawaii," viz.:

1. The first Constitution of Kamehameha III, 1840, including the previously issued Bill of Rights.
2. The first laws of Hawaii, enacted under Kamehameha III, (1833-1842), published together in 1842.
3. The law creating and principles guiding the Land Commission.
4. The second Constitution of Kamehameha III, 1852.

5. The Constitution of Kamehameha V, 1864.

6. The Constitution of Kalakaua, 1887.

7. The Proclamation and orders incidental to the establishment of the Provisional Government, 1892.

8. The Constitution of the Republic of Hawaii, 1894.

9. The treaty annexing Hawaii to the United States, 1897.

10. The Resolution of the Hawaiian Senate ratifying the annexation treaty, 1897.

11. The Joint Resolution of Congress annexing Hawaii, 1898.

12. The documents and procedure incident to the transfer of the sovereignty and possession of Hawaii to the United States, 1898; and the executive orders of President McKinley, relating

to the government of Hawaii, issued during the transition period between the date of annexation and the passage of the Organic Act, 1898-1900.

The laws of 1842 are not "fundamental" in the sense that the constitutions and other laws and documents are; but they have been included herein for the reason that they were not only the first written laws of Hawaii, but embodied many of the pre-existing laws and customs of the country and therefore throw a strong light upon the origin and development of much of the present law.

Only a few of the laws, constitutions and documents re-published, have ever been indexed. A full index of all of them is included herein. Instead of one general index, each is indexed separately. The reason for such treatment is that reference will usually be desired to a given subject in some one law or constitution. The subject sought will be much easier found in the short index of the particular law, than it would have been in a necessarily long index of the whole.

The table of contents gives the page of each constitution and law and of its index.

5. The Constitution of Kamehameha V, 1864.

6. The Constitution of Kalakaua, 1887.

7. The Proclamation and orders incidental to the establishment of the Provisional Government, 1892.

8. The Constitution of the Republic of Hawaii, 1894.

9. The treaty annexing Hawaii to the United States, 1897.

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Builders of cement and stone buildings. Have for sale white and black sand. Monument, foundation and coral stones, ballast for ships. We also do grading and excavating and have garden soil for sale. Hauling at reasonable rates. Office: Emma Hall, Nuuanu and Beretania streets. Phone Blue 1231.

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Collecting souvenir postals has become the most popular fad in years. It is wonderful how soon a fine collection can be gathered from all parts of the world and how intensely interesting it becomes.

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Real Estate, Mortgage, Loans and Investment Securities.
Homes built on the installment plan.
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NOTICE.

Owing to the hard times the R. & B. Association will accept all those that wish to become members by paying weekly installments of fifty cents or more till the amount of \$4.50 is fully paid. They will then receive their certificate of membership. Now is your chance and don't delay joining at once. Relief and Burial Association, 69 Beretania street, between Fort and Nuuanu streets.

NOTICE.

Don't drug yourself with poisons for headache and tired feeling when a pleasant draught of "Our Celebrated Bromo Pop" will do the trick. Our Chocolate Creams, Cal. Lemonade, Root Beer, Orange Chai and all kinds of aerated drinks are the best on the market.

ARCTIC SODA WORKS.
127 Miller St., Honolulu, H. T.



DR. JAEGER'S Pure Sanitary Woolen Underwear

A great deal of the sickness prevalent during this cold spell could be prevented by wearing Dr. Jaeger's pure and sanitary woolen underwear.

It prevents ingress of draught at front or back and is of double thickness over chest. It keeps the skin at an equable warmth in any weather.

It is a common mistake that woolen underwear is not necessary in Hawaii. Perhaps in no other place in the world can light woolen undergarments be worn with more beneficial results. Dr. Jaeger's woolen underwear is endorsed by the world's leading physicians.

A full line of underwear, half-hose and abdominal bands at

M. McInerney, Ltd.

CORNER MERCHANT AND FORT STREETS.

ASSIGNEE OF MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated February 10, 1902, made by Charles S. Desky, trustee, and Minnie Desky of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to the German Savings and Loan Society, which said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, in Liber 232 on pages 100 to 107 inclusive, and which said mortgage, together with the note secured thereby, was heretofore, to wit, on the 27th day of December, 1904, by said The German Savings and Loan Society, sold, assigned, transferred and delivered to George Tourny of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, which said assignment of mortgage is recorded in Liber 267, on pages 94 et seq. records of said Registry Office, the said assignee of the said mortgage intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit, non-payment of interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by the said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan at Kaahumanu street in said Honolulu, on Saturday, February 4, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property conveyed by said mortgage and which will be sold as aforesaid, is all that certain lot and parcel of land described in R. P. Grant 147 to W. L. Lee, situated on the west corner of Fort and Beretania streets, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the present line of the northwest side of Fort street, with the present line of the southwest side of Beretania street, the boundary runs thence by true bearing:

S. 51° 50' W. 83 feet along the line of the northwest side of Fort street to east corner of the Cartwright premises, thence

N. 38° 45' W. 80 feet along the line of the northeast side of Cartwright premises to the line of the southeast side of a ten-foot right of way.

N. 51° 15' E. 80.8 feet along said line of southeast side of right of way to the line of the southwest side of Beretania street, thence

S. 40° 22' E. 80 feet along said line of southwest side of Beretania street to the point of commencement.

Containing an area of 6545 square feet, more or less, and constituting and being a portion of the same premises described in that certain deed from W. C. Irwin to said Charles S. Desky, trustee, dated May 28, 1897, and recorded in Liber 168 on pages 468 et seq. records of the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise pertaining, including the building on said premises known as the "Progress Block," and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders thereof.

Terms cash, United States gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser, to be prepared by the attorneys for said assignee of said mortgage.

For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, attorneys for said assignee of said mortgage.

Dated Honolulu, January 9, 1905.

GEORGE TOURNY.

6297 Said Assignee of said Mortgage.

ANNUAL MEETING.

KIHEI PLANTATION CO., LTD.

By order of the board of directors the annual meeting of stockholders of the Kihei Plantation Company, Limited, will be held at the office of the company, Stangenwald building, Honolulu, on Saturday, January 28, 1905, at 10 a. m.

L. A. THURSTON, Secretary Kihei Plantation Co., Ltd. Honolulu, January 18, 1905.

ANNUAL MEETING.

BANK OF HAWAII, LTD.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., will be held at the company's office on Thursday, January 26, 1905, at 3:30 p. m., for the election of officers for the ensuing year, as well as any other business that may be presented.

E. F. BISHOP, Secretary pro tem.

Honolulu, H. T., Jan. 18, 1905.

BY AUTHORITY.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

TENDERS FOR PRINTING REPORT.

Sealed tenders for printing and binding five hundred copies of the forthcoming report of the Department of Public Instruction will be received at the office of the Department until 12 o'clock noon of Tuesday, January 24, 1905.

Size of page, quality of paper and general style of work to correspond with what is usual in Hawaiian Government reports. Samples of paper proposed to be used must be submitted with the bids.

Bids to state the price per page of plain matter and the price per page for tables, and to include the covers and title page without extra charge. No inserts will be allowed; all tables must go on the regular sized page.

Work must be completed and delivered not later than Tuesday, February 14, and a penalty of ten dollars a day will be charged for each day of delay beyond that time.

By order of the Department of Public Instruction.

ALATAU T. ATKINSON, C. T. RODGERS, Superintendent, Secretary.

SHERIFF'S SALE NOTICE.

Under and by virtue of a certain execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1904, in the matter of D. H. Lewis, plaintiff, vs. Christopher J. Holt, defendant, and by said court an order was made on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1905, extending the time for making return of the within execution 30 days from the 10th day of February, A. D. 1905. I have, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1905, levied upon, and shall offer for sale, and sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Police Station, Kalakaua Hall, in said Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of Monday, the 20th day of February, A. D. 1905, all the right, title and interest of the said Christopher J. Holt, in and to the following described property, unless the judgment and costs of execution, amounting to Six Hundred Twenty-Eight and 23-100 (\$628.23) dollars, interest and my expenses are previously paid:

All the right, title and interest of Christopher J. Holt in and to

1. All that tract or parcel of land situate in the District of Waiānae, Island of Oahu and known as the Ahupuaa of Makaha, being the land mentioned or described as Apana 5, in Royal Patent 2843, issued on Land Commission Award 10,613 to A. Paki, and in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate in Waiānae aforesaid, granted to James Robinson & Company by deed executed by Kamehameha IV and of record in Liber 9 on pages 233, Hawaiian Registry of Conveyances, containing thirty-six acres.

2. All the right, title and interest of Christopher J. Holt in and to the estate of his grandfather, R. W. Holt, late of Honolulu, deceased, and in and to all the real and personal property comprising the same estate.

3. All the right, title and interest of the said Christopher J. Holt in and to (a) that certain lease, undated, but acknowledged December 3, 1892, made by and between William A. Aldrich of the first part and John D. Holt of the second part, and of record in Liber 16, page 101 in said registry, (b) the term thereby granted, (c) the piece or parcel of land and hereditaments therein described and thereby devised, (d) the estate of his father, O. J. Holt, deceased, and all the real and personal property comprising the same estate.

A cash payment of one-half of the amount of the successful bid in United States gold coin will be required at the time of sale, the balance to be paid in United States gold coin upon the delivery of the deed.

Deed at the expense of purchaser.

Dated at Honolulu, Oahu, this 18th day of January, A. D. 1905.

WM. HENRY, High Sheriff, Territory of Hawaii.

7004-Jan. 19, 30, Feb. 10, 20.

SHERIFF'S SALE NOTICE.

Under and by virtue of a certain execution by William L. Whitney, Second District Magistrate of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, on the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1904, in the matter of H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., a corporation, vs. Lau Sai, Lau Kan Yan, Lau Koon Choi, Lau Yin, Lau Wan, Young Wai On, and Young Chan, doing business as Wing Yick Co., I did, in said Honolulu, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1904, levy upon and shall offer and expose for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Police station, Kalakaua Hall, in said Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of Monday, the 30th day of January, A. D. 1905, all the right, title and interest of the said Lau Sai, Lau Kan Yan, Lau Koon Choi, Lau Yin, Lau Wan, Young Wai On and Young Chan, doing business as Wing Yick Co., in and to

1. Eighteen books cigarette paper, 3 pots (iron), 20 lamp chimneys, 6 hams, 4 bottles musilage, 1 bottle red ink, 3 house brooms, 11 washboards, 22 tins shoe blacking, 3 tins kerosene oil, 79 bars brown soap, 1 hanging scale, 3 packages charcoal, 1 1/2 kegs nails, 7 boxes shellfish, 594 boxes smoking tobacco, 70 boxes toilet soap, 15 tins insect powder, 96 bundles matches, 234 boxes envelopes, 18 packs cards, 6 tins chocolate, 8 packages rolled oats, 1 barrel washing soda, 43 packages English tea, 1/2 box China tea, 19 boxes corn starch, 24 bottles hair oil, 1 box Pearl-line, 68 balls twine, 1 box white pepper, 1 tobacco cutter, 5 tins harness dressing, 3 boxes axle grease, 2 ax handles, 2 bottles sago, 1 bottle sgots, 1 ice chest, 5 boxes corned beef (can), 1 box sugar corn, 1 bag beans, 1 clock, 1 Alpine safe, 17 boxes cigars, 1 hanging lamp, 3 packages letter paper, 4 towels, 7 pairs socks, 15 packages cheroots, 5 gallon buckets, 3 bundles paper bags, 28 tins American biscuits, 436 tins canned goods, 8 bottles Carter's ink, 11 shoe brushes, 4 tin pans, 219 bottled goods, 6 tins stove polish, 5 boxes brown soap, 1/2 barrel Haw'n salt, 1 counter scale, 24 bags table salt, 1/2 barrel sugar, 153 packages smoking tobacco, 7 cakes toilet soap, 8 1/2 boxes candles, 32 boxes brushes, 8 boxes playing cards, 11 boxes blueing, 5 packages chocolate, 50 packages washing soap, 25 1/2 packages safes, 119 packages hops, 27 boxes bird seed, 36 cakes Sapallo, 23 packages Pearl-line, 3 dozen threads, 1 box castor oil, 2 1/2 boxes Epsom salt, 1/2 box clothes pins, 3 slates, 1/2 dozen yellow writing tablets, 6 pick handles, 2 bottles candles, 2 tumblers, 4 dozen soda water, 3 boxes canned salmon, 8 bags rice, 1 box linseed oil, 1 writing desk, 1 telephone fixture, 1 lantern, 5 plugs chewing tobacco, 1/2 dozen suspenders, 12 pairs Chinese slippers, 131 cigars (doose), 1 cigar show case, counters, etc.

WM. HENRY, High Sheriff, Territory of Hawaii.

7005-Jan. 20, 30, Feb. 11, 21.

ness as Wing Yick Co., in and to the following described personal property, unless the sum of Eighty-eight and 25-100 (\$88.25) dollars, that being the amount for which said execution is issued, together with interest, costs and my fee and expenses are previously paid:

1. Eighteen books cigarette paper, 3 pots (iron), 20 lamp chimneys, 6 hams, 4 bottles musilage, 1 bottle red ink, 3 house brooms, 11 washboards, 22 tins shoe blacking, 3 tins kerosene oil, 79 bars brown soap, 1 hanging scale, 3 packages charcoal, 1 1/2 kegs nails, 7 boxes shellfish, 594 boxes smoking tobacco, 70 boxes toilet soap, 15 tins insect powder, 96 bundles matches, 234 boxes envelopes, 18 packs cards, 6 tins chocolate, 8 packages rolled oats, 1 barrel washing soda, 43 packages English tea, 1/2 box China tea, 19 boxes corn starch, 24 bottles hair oil, 1 box Pearl-line, 68 balls twine, 1 box white pepper, 1 tobacco cutter, 5 tins harness dressing, 3 boxes axle grease, 2 ax handles, 2 bottles sago, 1 bottle sgots, 1 ice chest, 5 boxes corned beef (can), 1 box sugar corn, 1 bag beans, 1 clock, 1 Alpine safe, 17 boxes cigars, 1 hanging lamp, 3 packages letter paper, 4 towels, 7 pairs socks, 15 packages cheroots, 5 gallon buckets, 3 bundles paper bags, 28 tins American biscuits, 436 tins canned goods, 8 bottles Carter's ink, 11 shoe brushes, 4 tin pans, 219 bottled goods, 6 tins stove polish, 5 boxes brown soap, 1/2 barrel Haw'n salt, 1 counter scale, 24 bags table salt, 1/2 barrel sugar, 153 packages smoking tobacco, 7 cakes toilet soap, 8 1/2 boxes candles, 32 boxes brushes, 8 boxes playing cards, 11 boxes blueing, 5 packages chocolate, 50 packages washing soap, 25 1/2 packages safes, 119 packages hops, 27 boxes bird seed, 36 cakes Sapallo, 23 packages Pearl-line, 3 dozen threads, 1 box castor oil, 2 1/2 boxes Epsom salt, 1/2 box clothes pins, 3 slates, 1/2 dozen yellow writing tablets, 6 pick handles, 2 bottles candles, 2 tumblers, 4 dozen soda water, 3 boxes canned salmon, 8 bags rice, 1 box linseed oil, 1 writing desk, 1 telephone fixture, 1 lantern, 5 plugs chewing tobacco, 1/2 dozen suspenders, 12 pairs Chinese slippers, 131 cigars (doose), 1 cigar show case, counters, etc.

WM. HENRY, High Sheriff, Territory of Hawaii.

Dated at said Honolulu, December 28, 1904.

6985-Dec. 29, Jan. 10, 20, 30.

SHERIFF'S SALE NOTICE.

Under and by virtue of a certain execution issued by William L. Whitney, Second District Magistrate of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1905, in the matter of Lewin Meyer Co. vs. Mew Kim, I did, at said Honolulu, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1905, levy upon, and shall offer and expose for sale and sell at public auction at the Police Station, Kalakaua Hall, in said Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of Tuesday, the 21st day of February, A. D. 1905, all the right, title and interest of the said Mew Kim in and to all the following described personal property, unless the sum of One Hundred Forty-Three and 52-100 (\$143.52) dollars, that being the amount for which said execution issued, together with interest, costs and my fee and expenses are previously paid:

Two Show Cases with sundry articles, 165 Preserved Canned Goods, 15 Tins Baking Powder, 26 Packages Rolled Oats, 45 Bottles of Bottled Goods, 9 Packages Coffee, 24 Bags Table Salt, 9 Packages Tea, 1 Package Corn Starch, 2 Packages Bird Seed, 13 Packages Tacks, 6 Packages Shoe Ink, 3 Packages Stove Polish, 4 Packages Shoe Polish, 1/2 Box Cigars, 70 Packages Smoking Tobacco, 4 Plugs Chew Tobacco, 1/2 Box Cigarette Paper, 15 Plates, 18 Chimneys, 7 Lamps, 1 Hanging Lamp, 2 Counter Scales, 8 Bowls (large and small), 1/2 Barrel Salt, 6 Pairs Chinese Slippers, 16 Bars Soap, 1/2 Box Epsom Salts, 2 Tins Lard, 3 Glass Cases with contents, 3 Boxes Axle Grease, 1 Frying Pan, 2 Pots, 1/2 Box Starch, 5 Lunch Bags, 1 Strainer, 1 Grass Knife, 8 Nursing Bottles, 3 Bottles Peanut Oil, 1/2 Box Clothes Pins, 1 Ice Chest, 1/2 Sack Potatoes, 3 Hoes, 1 Broom, 1 Wash Board, 1 Alarm Clock, 1/2 Barrel Sugar, 1 Long Box with lot of Groceries and 1 Barrel Salmon with 2 Fish, and a lot of Safety Matches, etc.

Dated at Honolulu, Oahu, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1905.

WM. HENRY, High Sheriff, Territory of Hawaii.

7005-Jan. 20, 30, Feb. 11, 21.

ANNUAL MEETING.

NAHIKU SUGAR CO., LTD.

By order of the board of directors the annual meeting of stockholders of the Nahiiku Sugar Company, Limited, will be held at the office of the company, Stangenwald building, Honolulu, on Monday, January 30, 1905, at 10 a. m.

GEORGE M. ROLPH, Secretary Nahiiku Sugar Co., Ltd. Honolulu, January 19, 1905.

ANNUAL MEETING.

MUTUAL TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Telephone Co., Ltd., will be held at the office of the company on Wednesday, January 25, 1905, at 2 p. m.

CHAS. H. ATHERTON, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

H. R. T. & L. CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company will be held at the assembly room of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, Stangenwald building, Merchant street, in the city of Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, on Thursday, the 26th day of January, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The stock books of said company will be closed to transfers of stock from the 23rd to the 25th days of January, 1905, both days inclusive.

By order of the board of directors:

GEORGE P. THIELEN, Secretary Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company.

7002 No 23. B 265, p 261. Dated Jan 6 1905.

THE SAILORS ENTERTAINED

New Orleans Minstrels Delight Full house.

The All Star Minstrels of the U. S. S. New Orleans made a distinct hit last night. Probably nine out of every ten people who went to the Hawaiian Opera House expected to see an informal and distinctly amateurish performance. In this they were agreeably disappointed. From the first grand entrance until the curtain was rung down on the last act after repeated encores, the performance went through without a hitch. The costumes of the minstrels were elaborate and gorgeous, comparing favorably with anything seen in the first class professional companies that tour the States. The make ups were comical and there was little to be criticised in the acts and jokes.

The Opera House was filled with army and navy people, blue jackets and Honolulu society when the curtain rose, disclosing a semi-circle of chairs, each bearing a letter, the whole spelling, "U. S. F. S. New Orleans." Then the drum major, gorgeous in a scarlet uniform, generously embellished with gold lace, entered and did fancy stunts with his baton, while the members of the company dressed in brown skirts, knee breeches and white silk stockings, entered and took their places. The end men were dressed in black, the leaders, Lew Fuller and Eddie Hetherington, having their costumes spangled with stars. J. F. Forster, the interlocutor, was costumed in a black Prince Albert, with great silver buttons.

The first part of the program consisted of vocal selections interspersed with jokes. The solos ranged from grave to gay and were all most pleasingly rendered. It was a revelation to most of the audience that so many finished singers should be found among the crew of one warship. The jokes "between spasms," as one end man explained, were of all characters. Many were local hits and a good many of the audience squirmed in their seats under the fire of the clever boys in blue. Pinkham's pink pills, "Sonny" Cunha's size, the customs people, the Young Hotel, Berger's band and other local celebrities were properly joshed.

The last number of the first part was a solo, "The Old Flag Never Touched the Ground," by Mr. Forster. As the last verse was being sung a curtain at the rear of the stage was drawn, revealing a tableau, "The Spirit of '76." This was based on the well known painting, depicting the color sergeant, the old fifer and the drummer boy marching on the field of battle, while a dead soldier lies in the foreground. In the original the figures are in colonial uniform, but last night they were shown in the regulation khaki, the color sergeant having his head bound with a blood stained bandage. When a red light was thrown on the group and the minstrels marched by, saluting the colors, it was a wonderfully impressive picture and it was cheered to the echo.

W. T. Wrench opened the second part with a really clever piece of "colored" oratory and was followed by Opperman and Wright, who did a novelty musical act that was perhaps the best single number of the evening. They played every conceivable sort of an instrument from a tin can violin to a piano. Opperman brought down the house by blowing the "recall" on a rifle and playing a violin held over his head, between his feet and almost every other place imaginable. This act ended with the playing of a selection on ordinary bottles of various pitches. Ryan next did some clever dances and was followed by the Harmony Four, who sang all sorts of songs in all sorts of ways. Dickerson and Bright did a fine fancy dancing act and the entertainment closed with a humorous act by Fuller and Hetherington in German costume, the best part of which was a song, "It Was the Dutch," ending, "Did Berger come from Ireland? No! It was the Dutch."

Following was the program of the evening:

PROGRAM—PART I.

The Grand Entree, the Most Complete

ANNUAL MEETING.

H. R. T. & L. CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company will be held at the assembly room of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce, Stangenwald building, Merchant street, in the city of Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, on Thursday, the 26th day of January, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The stock books of said company will be closed to transfers of stock from the 23rd to the 25th days of January, 1905, both days inclusive.

By order of the board of directors:

GEORGE P. THIELEN, Secretary Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company.

7002 No 23. B 265, p 261. Dated Jan 6 1905.

and Picturesque Scene Ever Produced in Minstrelsy, Introducing Emperors of Minstrelsy.

ALL IN BLACK FACE.

Vocal choir—Cudek, Phillips, Gray, Morris, Dickerson, Woods, Heise, Callahan, Ryan, Howard.
Interlocutor J. F. Forster
First edition of end men
..... Robinson and Bright
I'm Taking No Chances on Missing
Ma Meals Lew Fuller
Down on the Farm Morris
It Ain't No Disgrace to Run if You
Get Scared Robinson
In the Valley Where the Bluebirds
Sing J. F. Forster
Mr. Moon, Moon, Silvery Moon
..... Eddie Hetherington
Where the Sunset Turns the Oceans
Blue and Gold Callahan
The Old Flag Never Touched the
Ground J. F. Forster
TABLEAU—SPIRIT OF '76.

PART II.

The versatile comedian Wrench
Who will tell you "How it Happened"
Kings of the novelty musical world
..... Opperman and Bright
In a novelty of their own creation,
Prince of clog dancers Ryan
The Harmony Four—Morris, first tenor;
Bright, baritone; Dickerson, second
tenor; Phillips, bass.

Vocalizing up to date sentimental,
popular and comedy selections.

The greatest of dancers
..... Dickerson and Bright
Buck and wing and eccentric dancing.
Excruciatingly funny
..... Fuller and Hetherington
The manufacturers of laughter:

The following were the performers:
R. P. Crandall (general manager), B. F. Fuller (assistant manager), J. F. Forster (stage manager), Eddie Hetherington, J. F. Robinson, J. T. Callahan, F. B. Cudek, M. E. Dickerson, W. F. Morris, F. J. Opperman, W. F. Doris, E. Kraicht, W. T. Wrench, W. H. Bright, M. E. Ryan, M. W. Woods, J. W. Howard, F. W. Phillips, W. J. Heise, H. T. Williams, W. H. Large, W. J. Filiplik, W. F. Gray.

REALTY TRANSACTIONS.

Entered for Record Jan. 19, 1905.

Alice E Harrison to A Harrison
Mill Co Ltd Rel
Bishop & Co to A Harrison Mill
Co Ltd Rel
Claus Spreckels & Co to Alice E
Harrison Rel
A Harrison Mill Co Ltd to Bishop
& Co M
E Coit Hobron and wf to Edward
Munro D
Claus Spreckels & Co to E C Hob
ron P R
Oahu Railway & Land Co to Ed
ward H P Wolter Tr D
H Akona to Sumida L
M D Monsarrat by Comr to Walter
Hoffman D
Hali Kanealii (w) et al to W E
Rowell E D
Lum Yee to Chung Hong Pau B S
Arthur F Gay by gdn to Maria J
Gomes and hsb Rel
H Matsura to W Motoshige B S
Carrera & Co Ltd to Paul Fried
man CM
Edw H F Wolter Tr to Henry Ka
mana Rel
Henry Kamana and wf to John C
Brown and wf M
Sarah C Rhodes and hsb to Wahi
awa Water Co Ltd D

Recorded Jan 5, 1905.

H Piper to Olua Sugar Co Ltd, C M;
cane on lot 90, Olua, Puna, Hawaii. \$1
and advs. B 269, p 435. Dated Jan 12,
1904.

A Zimmerman to Olua Sugar Co, Ltd,
C M; cane on subdvs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 of lot
88, Olua, Puna, Hawaii. \$1 and advs.
B 269, p 438. Dated May 24, 1904.

Wm H Shipman to Olua Sugar Co,
Ltd, L; 200 A land, Keauau, Puna, Ha
waii. 5 yrs at \$5 per A per an. B 263,
p 207. Dated Dec 13, 1904.

J W Kaluakakahu (k) to Ponahawai
Coffee Co, Ltd, L; 6 1-3 A of Gr 1029,
Kauai, Hilo, Hawaii. 15 yrs at \$63.33
per an. B 263, p 209. Dated Dec 13, 1904.

Mary E Clark and hsb to Tropic Fruit
Co, Ltd, D; pc land Wahiawa, Wai
aiua, Oahu. \$1000. B 264, p 327. Dated
Jan 6, 1905.

Mary E Clark and hsb to Tropic Fruit
Co, Ltd, D; 25 A land Wahiawa Colony,
Waiiua, Oahu. \$4050 and mtg \$2200.
B 264, p 329. Dated Nov 21, 1904.

San Antonio Port Ben Socy of Ha
waii to Manuel Pacheco, Rel; ap 6 Puu
ni, Honolulu, Oahu. \$390. B 247, p
184. Dated Jan 4, 1905.

Annie Harris to Harry Armitage Tr,
D; Gr 1932, Kailua, Koolapoko, Oahu.
\$390. B 264, p 330. Dated Dec 19, 1904.

Recorded Jan 5, 1905.

R W Holt tr to Harry Armitage Tr, D;
por gr 2789, Waikiki, Honolulu, Oahu;
lots 3, 4, 5, 12, 13 and 14, blk 3, Kailua
tract, Honolulu, Oahu. \$10. B 264,
p 331. Dated Dec 19, 1904.

R W Holt to Harry Armitage Tr, D;
1-27 int in pors grs 1992 and 973 and
int in pc land, Wahiawa, etc, Waiiua,
Oahu; 1-27 int in R P 2243, kul 10613,
Makaha, Waiiua, Oahu; 1-2 int in pc
land, Klamath, Oregon; 3-4 int in R P
3921 and 1-2 int in 10 58-100 ac land,
Kalaepa, etc, Honolulu, Oahu; int in
all lands of Hanakaulani Holt, dec.
mtg note and livestock, etc. \$10. B
264, p 331. Dated Dec 19, 1904.

J W Keola Keliki and wf to J Alfred
Magoon, D; int in ap 1 kul 1513,
Waikiki, Honolulu, Oahu. \$1. B 264,
p 333. Dated Nov 25, 1904.

J Alfred Magoon and wf to Bishop
& Co, D; int in ap 1 kul 1513, Waikiki,
Honolulu, Oahu. \$40

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Stanley Stephenson,
THE PAINTER.
Things of Beauty—S. S. Signs.

The PROOF

Of the Pudding is in

THE EATING

Says the Old Saw.

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The proof that there is nothing in the market to excel and few brands to equal our celebrated

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Quality is our first consideration—then price, but happily we have succeeded in combining the very best quality with a very moderate price.

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is much to be desired by us who get the best of our eyes. It is important that you should see.

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Boston Building,
Fort Street,
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BOARD AND ROOMS.
First class board. Meals 25c.; \$4.00 per week. Meal tickets \$4.50. Best meal in the city for the money.

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Removed by electric needle. Free demonstrations. MRS. BARCLAY, Hotel street and Adams lane.

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THE PIONEER JAPANESE PRINTING OFFICE. The publisher of Hawaii Shinpo, the only daily Japanese paper published in the Territory of Hawaii.
C. SHIOZAWA, Proprietor.
Y. SOGA, Editor.
Editorial and Printing Office—1028 Smith St., above King. Phone Main 48

TWELVE MEN STAND TEST

Challenges Might Make Heavy Draft.

Drunkenness Will be One of Geneau's Defenses.

Order to Keep Newspapers From Jurors—Various Court Items.

Three jurors passed for cause out of seventeen examined yesterday for the trial of E. M. Jones for murder in the first degree. If this is to be the proportion of success in examining jurors to fill vacancies made by peremptory challenges and all of the eighteen challenges allowed be exercised, it will require the examination of 162 more jurors to obtain a jury.

In getting the first twelve passed for cause, however, the proportion has not been so high. Besides Judge Robinson's original panel of sixteen a special venire for fifty men was returned. When, shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the twelfth man had passed examination for cause five names were left undrawn from those summons.

The twelve men passed are E. T. Dreier, T. P. O'Brien, Richard Weedon, E. E. Hartman, A. Winterstein, W. J. England, A. J. Tait, Harry Rivers, Harry A. Juen, Stanley Stephenson, Kenneth F. Brown and Fred Tur-

When the trial is resumed at 10 o'clock this morning peremptory challenges will be in order, the prosecution being allowed six and the defense twelve. The privilege is exercised alternately, the defense excusing two for every one the prosecution excuses. Either side may waive the privilege when its turn comes, each waiver reducing the number of its challenges by one.

TWELFTH MAN'S PHILOSOPHY.

"I think everybody is crazy, more or less," Fred Turill, the twelfth man passed, gave the foregoing opinion as one of his replies on the question of insanity. This juror considerably relieved the monotony of the inquisition by his crisp answers. He stood probably one of the warmest oracles administered during the proceedings.

Mr. Turill would believe a newspaper report of an event until it was contradicted with proof, because it was to the interest of a newspaper to make and sustain a reputation for accuracy. Notwithstanding any opinion he might have formed he would, as a juror, render a verdict according to the evidence and the law. The law he would take from the court, whatever his previous views thereon might have been. Even if morally convinced that the defendant was guilty he would give a verdict of acquittal unless the prosecution proved guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

DEFENSE OF DRUNKENNESS.
Drunkenness will be one of the defenses of E. Geneau in his trial for the murder of Ulysses S. Harris. This was declared by Mr. Douthitt yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Andrews objected to questioning Theo. A. Simpson, on cross-examination, about the defendant's condition when he entered the Pantheon saloon on June 30 last and shot Harris.

The objection was sustained because the prosecution had asked the witness nothing about Geneau's condition as to sobriety, the court agreeing with the Attorney General that the defense would have to make Simpson its own witness before examining him in that regard.

The prosecution rested its case at 4 p. m., when the trial was continued until 10 o'clock this morning.

KENNARD WAS LATE.

Kennard, the negro witness called on



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AN ARROW COLLAR
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Cluett, Peabody & Co.
Makers of Monarch Shirts

THE ORIOLE GO-BASKET

Takes the place of the Go-Cart. Folding Go-Cart, High Chair, Baby Jumper, Swinging Bed or Bassinet. No invention of recent years has met with a more cordial reception from mothers than the Oriole Go-Basket.

PRICE \$15.00. Sold by
THOS. G. THURM
1063 FORT ST.

Wednesday by the prosecution, was due on the stand at the opening of court for the completion of his cross-examination, but he was not present and an officer was sent to look him up. He came in nineteen minutes late and, in answer to the court, said his duty of getting the ship's mail delayed him. It looked blue for him a minute, but when he stated he had tried to be on time the court let the matter drop.

Meantime another witness had been called, whose examination was concluded before Kennard resumed the stand. Cross-examined about his statement that Geneau was the author of all his troubles, he admitted that he had been confined for three days on the ship Independence for an offense and that Geneau was not on the Independence.

Mr. Andrews, in re-direct examination, offered Kennard's honorable discharge from the army, but the court ruled it out on objection that the defense had not attacked the presumption of witness's good character. All that had been said in that regard was by the witness himself.

A POLICEMAN'S EVIDENCE.

Policeman John Kaaua testified regarding the street fracas before the tragedy in the saloon. When matters had been quieted on the corner, witness advised the bluejackets to go into a saloon and enjoy themselves. As Harris and Kennard walked off together, Geneau shook his fist at them. This was between 5 and 7 of the fatal evening. Mr. Watson, cross-examining, referred to a record of testimony at the preliminary examination in the District Court, but could not get the witness to admit that he testified then that Harris shook his fist at Geneau.

Tome Nagai, a Japanese assistant behind the bar at the Pantheon, did not see the shooting but heard the shot and saw Harris going out the back way with his hand pressed upon his abdomen.

Fred Patterson Kiley, a Pantheon bartender, told of the commotion after the shooting. He did not see the shooting itself.

THE PRINCIPAL WITNESS.

Theodore A. Simpson, manager of the Pantheon, was the principal witness for the prosecution. He described how Geneau came into the saloon, glanced along the row of sailors at the bar and, advancing in front of Harris, swung a revolver down from the shoulder to point blank aim and fired. As he proceeded from the entrance to where he did the shooting, his right hand was in the breast of his blouse. A sailor grasped Geneau's arm after he had fired and someone wrested the pistol from him. Geneau was held by sailors until Captain Parker entered and arrested him. In the meantime Harris retreated by the rear, saying, "They have got me." It all happened within two minutes.

Robert Parker, captain of police, and Frank J. Dillon, who was an eyewitness of the tragedy, were the remaining witnesses for the prosecution.

NEWSPAPERS TABUED.

At the close of yesterday's proceedings in the Geneau trial, Attorney General Andrews requested the court to rescind its order of the previous day, which allowed the bailiff to furnish the jury with the daily papers without exclusion of the reports of the trial. He alleged that the papers gave "distorted reports" of the trial, which it was improper the jury should peruse.

Mr. Douthitt objected to the request and ordered the jury were informed that the counsel for the defense did not join in the request. For their part, they had no objection to having the jury read all the papers in the islands. He mentioned that the previous order was made with the consent of the prosecution.

Mr. Andrews said that, as the Territory had no appeal, it was important that it should have a thoroughly fair trial.

Judge De Bolt recalled Bailiff Hopkins into court and dictated to the stenographer an order against giving papers with reports of the trial to the jury. At the same time he complied with Mr. Douthitt's request by conveying, through the bailiff, a statement of the attitude of counsel for the defense.

COURT NOTES.

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., vs. C. Q. Yee Hop, assumpsit for \$1350, is discontinued.

Execution for \$281.10 in the suit of C. Bolte vs. H. W. S. Edmunds, has been returned by High Sheriff Henry as fully satisfied. A balance of \$24.75 is transferred to a second execution for \$290.75, which is accordingly returned as partly satisfied.

The divorce suit of Fusa Hirota vs. Bunzoku Hirota is discontinued.
Kate Bryner has filed a bond in \$600, with R. W. Shingle as surety, on her appeal from the verdict for \$350 in favor of Cecil Brown and against her.

Lewis & Co., Ltd., vs. C. Q. Yee Hop, assumpsit, is discontinued.

Lewers & Cooke, Ltd., has brought suit against D. L. Akwai for a debt of \$1598.39.

Emil Klemme moves for default to be entered against all defendants who have not appeared or answered in the matter of his petition for land title in the Court of Land Registration.

Ookala Sugar Plantation Co. by its counsel, W. A. Whiting, acknowledges full satisfaction of its mortgage debt and dismisses its bill to foreclose mortgage against T. W. Rawlins.

CORONER'S JURY RENDERS VERDICT

The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict on the case of the Japanese found hanging at Moanalua a couple of days ago. The evidence showed that the Jap, Iwanaga Fukumatsu, had been working at Waipahu for the past eighteen months. On the 10th he complained of being nervous and unable to work

PROVES GREAT POWER

When Regular Medical Treatment Failed, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Her Rheumatism.

Hundreds of people afflicted with rheumatism have spent years under the care of excellent physicians in vain. Then they have settled down to the conviction that it is fastened on them for life. Mrs. Dinsmore was not willing to join the ranks of the hopeless merely because her doctor did not know how to help her. Here is her story:

"Four years ago I suffered greatly with rheumatism in my hands and knees. After I had been sitting a while my limbs seemed so heavy I could hardly walk on the first attempt. So long as I kept moving I was all right, but just as soon as I stopped, something seemed to settle in my knees and make them ache. My hands were so bad I couldn't touch the palms of them on a flat surface; they were swollen and pained so."

"Did you call in a physician?"
"I doctored steadily for over a year; then one doctor said: 'You have taken medicine strong enough to kill almost anything.' Still it did not kill me nor the rheumatism."

"How, then, did you get rid of it?"
"At different times I had read in various publications about Dr. Williams' wonderful Pink Pills for Pale People, and I finally decided to try them. I took them steadily for four months in accordance with the directions. By that time I was completely cured."

"Have you been free from it ever since?"

"Since then I have had but one slight return of my trouble, and a box or two of the same pills made me all right again."

Mrs. F. A. Dinsmore lives in hearty enjoyment of her recovered health at Woburn, Mass., entirely freed from the grave anxieties that rheumatism always brings. When it appears in but a single joint it shows that the blood is in a faulty state in the whole body. It may at any moment break out elsewhere, and one of the dangers is that it may break out in the heart and then the result must be fatal. The only security is to keep the blood all the time in a perfectly sound condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make healthy blood. All other relief is superficial. It is through. These pills are sold by all druggists.

He came to town to Kawasaka's hotel. He was last seen on Thursday morning, when he left the hotel. He was single and about 26 years of age.
The jury rendered the following verdict:

"That the said Fukumatsu came to his death at Moanalua, in the District of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, on the 17th day of January, 1905, by committing suicide by hanging himself by the neck while mentally deranged. W. C. Bergin, Charles P. Osborne, Ernest K. Akina, S. Gumpfer, F. C. Voeller."

Bishop And Black—"Bishop Clarke, of Melbourne, in condemning the White Australia policy, said recently that 'all men of color were our brothers.' " says the Sydney Bulletin. "Well, surely the man who is good enough to be Clarke's brother is good enough to be his brother-in-law, and the man who is qualified to be a brother-in-law is fit to be a son-in-law."

FOUNDED IN HONOUR.

No doubt you have seen in the papers such announcements as this concerning some medicine or other: "If, on trial, you write that this medicine has done you no good we will refund your money."—Now, we have never had reason to speak in that way concerning the remedy named in this article. In a trade extending throughout the world, nobody has ever complained that our medicine has failed, or asked for the return of his money. The public never grumbles at honestly and skillfully made bread, or at a medicine which really and actually does what it was made to do. The foundations of WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION are laid in sincerity and honour, the knowledge of which on the part of the people explains its popularity and success. There is nothing to disguise or conceal. It was not dreamed out, or discovered by accident; it was studied out, on the solid principles of applied medical science. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. This remedy is praised by all who have employed it in any of the diseases it is recommended to relieve and cure, and is effective from the first dose. In Anemia, Scrofula, Nervous and General Debility, Influenza, La Grippe, and Throat and Lung Troubles, it is a specific. Dr. Thos. Hunt Stucky says: "The continued use of it in my practice, convinces me that it is the most palatable, least nauseating, and best preparation now on the market." You can take it with the assurance of getting well. One bottle proves its intrinsic value. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by all chemists everywhere.

THIS DAY

Auction Sale

FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1905,
10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Repeating Rifles

I will sell at my salesroom, 847 Kaahumanu street, Honolulu, above date:
1 Marlin Repeating Rifle, 10 shot.
1 Winchester Repeating Rifle, 9 shot.
1 Winchester Repeating Rifle, half magazine.
1 Winchester Repeating Rifle, 9 shot.
1 Winchester Repeating Rifle, take down.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
AUCTIONEER.

THIS DAY

Auction Sale

FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1905,
10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At my salesroom, 847 Kaahumanu street, I will sell at public auction—
10 Rolls Matting, 1 Cash Register.
1 Phonograph, Records and Cabinet.
1 Musical Box, 1 Remington Typewriter.
1 Sewing Machine, 1 Parlor Organ.
1 Six-Hole Kitchen Stove,
1 Box Oil Paintings, 14 Framed Pictures.

SAFES.
1 "Alpine" Safe (inside steel doors),
1 "California" Safe.

Furniture, Etc.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
AUCTIONEER.

Auction Sale

THURSDAY, JAN. 26, 1905,
10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Mules, Wagons, Etc. etc.

At Depot Quartermaster's, U. S. A., Office, Hotel Street,
I am authorized to sell as above—
Six Mules,
Seven Sets Harness,
Fifty Scoops Shovels,
Two Wagons,
Tools, Etc., Etc.

JAS. F. MORGAN,
AUCTIONEER.

Auction Sale

—OF—

Delinquent Stock

Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15, 1905,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my salesrooms, 845 Kaahumanu street, Honolulu, I will sell at public auction, by order of the treasurer, Mr. J. M. Riggs, the following certificates of stock in the Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd., unless the delinquent assessments, with interest thereon and advertising expenses, are paid on or before the day and hour of the sale at the office of the Inter-Island Telegraph Co., Ltd., Honolulu.

| Certificate. | Shares. |
|--------------|---------|
| 4..... | 10 |
| 8..... | 10 |
| 18..... | 20 |
| 21..... | 40 |
| 23..... | 20 |
| 24..... | 5 |
| 25..... | 10 |
| 26..... | 30 |
| 27..... | 5 |
| 28..... | 5 |
| 29..... | 5 |
| 30..... | 10 |
| 31..... | 5 |
| 32..... | 10 |
| 33..... | 10 |
| 34..... | 10 |
| 35..... | 10 |
| 36..... | 10 |
| 37..... | 10 |
| 38..... | 10 |
| 39..... | 10 |
| 40..... | 10 |

JAS. F. MORGAN,
AUCTIONEER.

COMMISSIONER'S SALES.

AT MY SALESROOM, 857 Kaahumanu street,
SATURDAY, February 4, 1905,
12 O'clock Noon.

Property known as the PROGRESS BLOCK, Fort Street, Honolulu.

AT JUDICIARY BUILDING,
SATURDAY, February 4, 1905,
12 O'clock Noon.

All and Singular THE PACIFIC HEIGHTS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.

MONDAY, January 23, 1905,
12 O'clock Noon.

Free Simple Lands, Leaseholds and Other Property of the MOANA HOTEL COMPANY, LTD.

RECEIVER'S SALES

AT JUDICIARY BUILDING,
SATURDAY, February 25, 1905,
12 O'clock Noon.
(Date of sale subject to change.)
All and Singular the Property, Rights and Franchise of the PUNA SUGAR COMPANY, LTD.

Castle & Cooke, Ltd

HONOLULU.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SUGAR FACTORS.

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The Ewa Plantation Co.
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Ship and General Blacksmithing.
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| 1905 | 1905 |
| MIOWERA..... FEBRUARY 11 | MOANA..... FEBRUARY 8 |
| MOANA..... MARCH 11 | AORANGI..... MARCH 8 |
| AORANGI..... APRIL 8 | MIOWERA..... APRIL 5 |
| MIOWERA..... MAY 5 | MOANA..... MAY 3 |

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| MANCHURIA..... JANUARY 23 | KOREA..... JANUARY 27 |
| DORIC..... FEBRUARY 9 | COPTIC..... FEBRUARY 3 |
| KOREA..... FEBRUARY 21 | SIBERIA..... FEBRUARY 14 |
| COPTIC..... MARCH 4 | MONGOLIA..... FEBRUARY 24 |
| SIERRA..... MARCH 15 | CHINA..... MARCH 10 |
| MONGOLIA..... MARCH 25 | MANCHURIA..... MARCH 21 |

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| ALAMEDA..... JANUARY 27 | ALAMEDA..... FEBRUARY 1 |
| SONOMA..... FEBRUARY 8 | VENTURA..... FEBRUARY 7 |
| ALAMEDA..... FEBRUARY 17 | ALAMEDA..... FEBRUARY 22 |
| VENTURA..... MARCH 1 | SIERRA..... FEBRUARY 28 |

In connection with the sailing of the above steamers, the agents are prepared to issue, to intending passengers, Coupon Through Tickets by any railroad from San Francisco to all points in the United States, and from New York by any steamship line to all European ports.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, APPLY TO

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Direct Monthly Service Between New York and Honolulu via Pacific Coast.

THE SPLENDID NEW STEEL STEAMERS—

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S. S. California, to sail about Feb. 25

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H. HACKFELD & COMPANY, LTD., AGENTS.

P. MORSE, General Freight Agent.

Pacific Transfer Co.

WILL CALL FOR YOUR BAGGAGE.

We pack, haul and ship your goods and save you money.

Dealers in stove, wood, coal and kindlings.

Storage in Brick Warehouse, 126 King Street. Phone Main 58.

J. F. Morgan, President; C. J. Campbell, Vice-President; J. L. McLean, Secretary; A. F. Clark, Treasurer; N. E. Gedge, Auditor; Frank Hustace, Manager.

Hustace-Peck Co., Ltd.

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DEALERS IN

Firewood, Stove and Steam Coal

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Union Express Co.

Branch of Hustace, Peck Co., Ltd.

63 Queen Street.

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701 Holt Block No. 65 South King St.

A. W. PEARSON, Manager.

RAILWAY & LAND CO.

TIME TABLE

October 6, 1904.

OUTWARD.

For Waianae, Waialua, Kahuku and

Way Stations—7:15 a. m., 8:20 p. m.

For Pearl City, Ewa Mill and Way

Stations—7:30 a. m., 9:15 a. m.,

11:05 a. m., 2:15 p. m., 3:20 p. m.,

5:15 p. m., 7:30 p. m., 11:15 p. m.

INWARD.

Arrive Honolulu from Kahuku, Waialua and Waianae—7:30 a. m., 5:31 p. m.

Arrive Honolulu from Ewa Mill and Pearl City—7:46 a. m., 3:36 a. m.,

10:38 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 4:31 p. m.,

5:21 p. m., 7:30 p. m.

* Daily.

† Sunday Excepted.

‡ Sunday Only.

P. DENISON, Supt.

F. C. SMITH, G. P. & T. A.

The Wonderful Planola

Its action speaks louder than words. Come and hear it played at

BERGSTROM MUSIC CO., LTD.

Odd Fellows' Bldg.



NEW ORLEANS MAY GET AWAY LATE

The New Orleans may not get away on time today as a piston ring is being fitted in place. The Honolulu Iron Works have been making the casting and were to have it ready last night. If there is no hitch it can be fitted in place in time to leave, as it takes about sixteen hours to do the job. Officers on the cruiser believe that they will not be able to get away before the middle of the afternoon.

Will Dredge Out the Carleton.

Captain Cyrus Ryder, of the California Shipping company, has arrived on the Sound from San Francisco to superintend the floating of the company's ship S. D. Carleton, which is stranded at Bellingham. Captain Ryder is well known in Tacoma, having been formerly master of the ship Florence. It will be necessary to dredge around the Carleton to get her afloat.—Victoria Colonist.

Shipping Notes.

Mail for the coast closes at ten this morning.

The schooner Alice Cooke is still on the ways being caulked.

The next mail from the coast will be by the Alameda, a week from today.

The Noeau is expected this morning with 4000 bags of Honokaa sugar on board.

The Petrel, which has been at Pearl Harbor for the past week, will return Saturday.

On her recent trip from San Francisco the Mohican lost eleven sails owing to the strong gales encountered.

The Enterprise arrived at San Francisco yesterday with the first cargo of refined sugar from the Honolulu plantation.

The Patterson may sail today for Kahoolawe. She has only to get her rudder in place and everything will be ready to leave.

The Iroquois is expected back in port on Saturday. On the up trip she reached Hilo twenty-two hours after leaving this port.

The transport Sheridan is expected to leave San Francisco on the 25th although the official statement to that effect has not been received.

The bark St. Katherine got away yesterday shortly before noon for San Francisco. She had on board 29,149 bags of sugar and 164 bags of coffee.

The Nihau reports 48,051 bags of sugar on Kauai awaiting shipment, as follows: H. M., 4920; P., 5320; K. S. M., 3000; V. K., 390; Mak., 10,900; G. & R., 3991; McB., 4110; K. P., 3110; M. S. Co., 6000; K. S. Co., 6400.

The men on the Petrel have been constantly at drill at Pearl Harbor. On Monday the Colt automatic gun was lost over-board and was not recovered for several hours when it was brought up by the ship's cook who used a diving suit for the first time.

The Gerard C. Tobey began loading sugar yesterday at the Bishop slip where she has been lying since her arrival. She took on the 5584 bags of sugar brought by the Nihau. The Helene is expected this morning with 4800 bags for her and the Kauai will also have 1400 to give her.

The Nihau reports fine weather all over Kauai. The Hall was at Koloa discharging freight and would complete her load of sugar there. She already had 1500 Hanamau sugar on board. The Kauai was at Elele discharging the roller and was to load sugar at Anahola yesterday. She was discharging freight and loading rice.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.

Thursday, Jan. 19.

Stmr. Nihau, Thompson, from Anahola, 8 a. m.

DEPARTED.

O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, for the Colonies, 10 a. m.

A. H. S. Texan, Lyon, for Kaanapali, 5 p. m.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Kauai ports, 5 p. m.

Am. bk. St. Katherine, Saunders, for San Francisco, 11:45 a. m.

ARRIVE TODAY.

Stmr. Helene, Nelson, from Hawaii ports, a. m.

Stmr. Kauai, Pederson, from Kauai ports, a. m.

Stmr. Noeau, Tullett, from Hawaii ports, a. m.

DEPART TODAY.

U. S. S. Patterson, Pratt, for Kahoolawe, 5 p. m.

Stmr. Nihau, Thompson, for Kauai ports, 5 p. m.

U. S. S. New Orleans, Herber, for San Francisco, 1 p. m.

ARRIVE SATURDAY.

Stmr. Kinai, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports, a. m.

Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, from Maui and Molokai ports, due.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per stmr. Nihau, Jan. 19, from Anahola—A native officer and 1 Jap.

Departed.

Per O. S. S. Sierra, Jan. 19, for the Colonies—J. W. Thompson and wife, S. H. Shale, W. H. Fowler, Rev. A. C.

Jeffries and 4 others, P. R. Cowan and wife, H. Harber, J. T. Zimmerman.

Per stmr. Mikahala, Jan. 19, for Kauai ports—A. S. Wilcox and wife, Miss Ella Wright, Miss Alice Jones, W. A. Kinney, F. Crawford, F. Weber, F. M. Swanzey, Rev. H. Isenberg.

VESSLS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. S. Bear, Hamlet, San Francisco, Dec. 29.

U. S. S. New Orleans, Harbor, Cavite, via Guam and Midway, Jan. 16

U. S. S. Patterson, Pratt, Kahoolawe, Dec. 22.

MERCHANT VESSELS.

Alice Cooke, Am. schr., Penhallow, Pt. Gamble, Dec. 29.

Archer, Am. bkt., Lancaster, San Francisco, Dec. 17.

C. Kennedy, Am. schr., Miller, Port Townsend, Dec. 14.

Dirigo, Am. sp., Goodwin, Shanghai, Dec. 13.

Gerard C. Tobey, Am. bk., Scott, San Francisco, Dec. 29.

Irmgard, Am. bkt., Schmidt, San Francisco, Dec. 27.

Lavinia, Am. schr., Weisbarth, Palmyra Island, Jan. 1.

Mohican, Am. bk., Kebly, San Francisco, Jan. 17.

Santiago, Am. bk., Anderson, San Francisco, Dec. 27.

W. B. Flint, Am. bk., Johnson, San Francisco, Jan. 17.

The Mails.

Mails are due from the following points as follows:

Yokohama—Per Korea, Jan. 27

Colonies—Per Moana, Feb. 8

Victoria—Per Miowera, Feb. 11

Mails will depart as follows:

Colonies—Per Sonoma, Feb. 8

San Francisco—Per New Orleans, Jan. 20.

Yokohama—Per Manchuria, Feb. 3

Victoria—Per Moana, Feb. 8.

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Alexander Young Building, Honolulu, T. H.

January 19, 8 p. m.

Mean temperature—69.

Maximum temperature—74.

Minimum temperature—64.

Mean barometer—30.13.

Rainfall, 24 hours ending 8 p. m.—Trace.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 74 per cent; 8 p. m., 76 per cent.

Mean absolute humidity—5.704 grs. per cubic foot.

Prevailing direction of wind—Variable.

Average wind velocity, miles per hour—5.

Average cloudiness, in tenths—4.

ALEX. MCC. ASHLEY,

Section Director in Charge.

Classified Advertisements.

WANTED.

SECOND-HAND lady's bicycle; state price, make and condition. X. Advertiser. 7005

EXPERIENCED saleslady for fancy goods department; state particulars. Address P. O. box 208. 7003

WILL buy clean rags at Advertiser office at 5c a pound. 6980

FURNISHED ROOM.

COOL mosquito-proof rooms, electric lights, telephone, all modern conveniences, lowest rates and most central location in city at Helen's Court, rear of Hart's Ice Cream Parlors. 6958

FOR RENT.

THE home of Mrs. E. S. Boyd on Waikiki road. Apply on premises. 7005

FURNISHED mosquito proof room; all improvements. Address PRIVATE. Advertiser. 7004

FIVE-ROOM cottages; hot and cold water; \$10 per month. Apply manager Sanitary Steam Laundry.

FURNISHED house, six rooms, complete in every detail; modern improvements; on car line; exceptional locality. Address R, this office. 6992

FURNISHED rooms, corner Hotel street and Adams lane. Apply premises. 6938

COTTAGES; Christy lane, off Fort St. Rent reasonable. Apply Wong Kwai.

FOR RENT AT WAIKIKI.

PARTLY furnished; the fine and well known property of Mr. Robert Lewers. For terms and particulars apply to HAWAIIAN TRUST CO., LTD. 7000

OFFICES FOR RENT.

"THE STANGENWALD," only first-class office building in city.

FOR SALE.

COMPLETE set bound volumes Planters' Monthly. 22 vols., 1882 to 1904. Uniform binding; full sheep. Price \$175.00. Address P. M., care Gazette Co. 6903

LOST.

MEMORANDUM book with papers and pass on the Rapid Transit line. Reward if delivered to Board of Health office. 7004

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN.

BLACK collie pup. Reward for information leading to its recovery to Mr. Bush, Honolulu Iron Works.

ENGRAVINGS

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, January 19, 1905.

NAME OF STOCK Capital. Val. Bid. Ask

MERCANTILE.

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd. 1,000,000 100 25 1/2 400

Sugar

Ewa, 5,000,000 80 25 1/2 29

Haw. Sug. Co., Ltd. 1,000,000 100 25 1/2 100

Haw. Com. & Sugar Co. 2,312,750 100 25 1/2 85

Hawaiian Sugar Co., Ltd. 2,000,000 100 25 1/2 85

Honolulu 750,000 100 25 1/2 100

Honokaa 2,000,000 100 25 1/2 25

Kahuku 500,000 100 25 1/2 150

Kahuku 500,000 100 25 1/2 150

Kipahulu 100,000 100 25 1/2 60

Koloa 300,000 100 25 1/2 100

McBryde Sug. Co., Ltd. 1,500,000 100 25 1/2 85

Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd. 3,600,000 100 25 1/2 140

Onomea 1,000,000 20 38 1/2 85

Ookala 500,000 20 38 1/2 8