

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. LIII, NO. 73

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 3206

BIG HAUL MADE OF SMUGGLED OPIUM

Federal Authorities Descend Upon a Nine-Thousand Dollar Cache of Dope.

SEIZURE BIGGEST IN YEARS

District Attorney Has One Man Under Arrest and Expects to Have More.

More than \$9000 worth of smuggled opium was seized by United States District Attorney R. W. Breckons yesterday morning in the dwelling house of a Chinese named Chin Chan Yee, and this important seizure seems to point unmistakably to the existence of a big smuggling business that has been operating on a heavy scale. The seizure is the biggest that has been made since the old opium days of nearly a decade ago. Credit for the find is due entirely to Breckons, none of the other federal officials having any hand in the matter, except Loo Joe, Breckons' Chinese interpreter, who accompanied his chief.

There were found in all one hundred and forty-one tins of opium, which, at the present market value of \$65 a tin, totals up a value of \$9165. The price will probably be a good deal higher for some time to come, with all that dope withdrawn from circulation.

Breckons yesterday got one of his hunches that so often prove to be correct. When asked where he got his information, he merely smiled and said he dreamed it. As Breckons is one federal official who is not troubled with insomnia, this may be so, but the tip was timely and he acted upon it instantly.

At any rate, Breckons yesterday morning issued a subpoena for a Chinese named Chin Chan Yee to appear as a witness in some more or less mythical deportation case, and in the course of his questioning of the Chinese he asked him if he knew anything about opium smuggling.

The usually imperturbable features of the Celestial twitched for the fraction of a second, then relaxed into their customary bland and childlike expression. But that was enough. Breckons dismissed the man, hoping, however, that he would be detained a few minutes in the marshal's office. But he wasn't, and before Breckons could hardly turn around the Chinese was gone.

Then the United States district attorney took swift action. "Call a hack!" he yelled to Loo Joe. And as soon as the hack drove up and his interpreter climbed in and were driven swiftly to Kukul lane, to the home of the Chinese. The man was not at home, but his wife was.

Breckons knew that if he searched the house without warrant and found nothing of a contraband nature he would be liable to a suit for damages. This might deter some local federal officials, but Breckons' hunch told him to act first and think afterwards. He did. "I want to search your house for (Continued on Page Five.)"

DEMOCRATS OF THE BIG ISLAND NAME THEIR CANDIDATES

(Special Wireless to The Advertiser.)

HILO, September 22.—With the prospect of being disqualified if elected county attorney, Heen withdrew from the fight for the nomination before the Democratic convention, which assembled today, and Irwin was nominated without opposition.

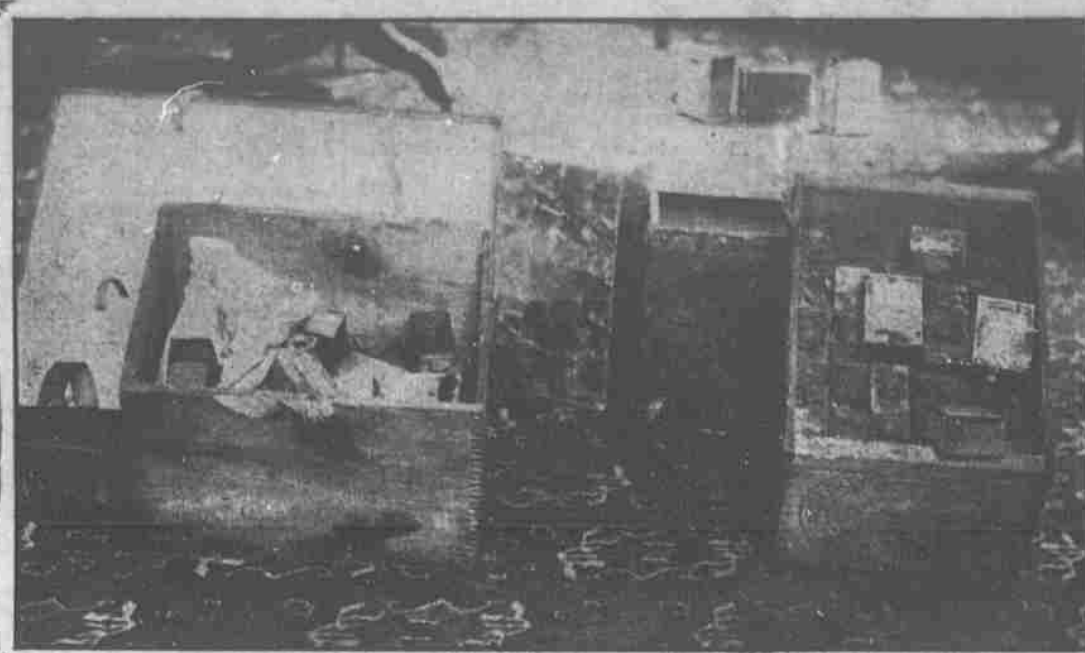
Auditor Maguire was renominated, which gives him a cinch on the position, as he has been endorsed by both the Republican and Home Rule parties as well. Unless some independent with more ambition than discretion appears in the field, Maguire will go back unopposed.

Sheriff Put was also renominated and thus becomes the choice of both the Republicans and Democrats. He led the Republican ticket in 1908 and should have little difficulty this year in beating the Home Rule candidate. Esmliko received the party O. K. for the county clerkship and Richardson was nominated as treasurer.

The senatorial ticket carries the names of Metzger and Makehan. The latter is certain of election, having Home Rule and Republican support, being as the ticket of the former party. For representatives, Kaniko, K. Molo, Kanoko, Kepoo, Kesawa and Campbell are nominated.

The party candidate for supervisors are Hasey, Kallwa, Shipman, Irwin, Keaki and Pree.

BIGGEST OPIUM SEIZURE IN MANY YEARS PICTURED HERE



THE CAPTURED CONTRABAND.

A. F. WALL TO DIRECT PARADE

Post of Director of Midpacific Carnival Goes to the Popular Choice.

Arthur F. Wall, vice-president and secretary of H. F. Wichman & Co., has been selected by the promotion committee as director of the 1911 floral parade, and he has accepted the important post. In his letter of acceptance to the committee he states that after carefully considering the request to take charge of the parade plans, he has decided to accept and undertake the responsibilities in connection with the same. He expressed the hope that he would receive the cooperation and support of the public.

Mr. Wall has been given full power to select those whom he wishes to assist him, and he will therefore have the selection of a secretary and the various subworking committees.

Chairman Bush of the promotion committee thought the public was to be congratulated upon getting such a competent man to accept the position. The committee accepted the report of the special committee which passed favorably upon the design for a floral parade poster offered by a Seattle firm, and will award the prize to the designer. The local printing concerns have been asked to bid on the poster in large and small sizes.

TO QUADRUPLE OUTPUT FROM SISAL LANDS

Two hundred and fifty feet is the height to which pumps of the sisal company bordering on the gulch leading to the Lilehua plains from Waipahu, lift a water supply for the sisal plantation on the uplands, two tunnels having been driven in the lower part of a cross gulch and a pump installed there. This water development has been accomplished in a quiet way, and the supply is certain and constant.

The water is lifted to a cement reservoir and again the system is arranged so that tanks are filled from the reservoir. About eight hundred acres of land are under cultivation on these uplands, and when sisal is being manufactured from the plants, the output there and from the company's plantation at Ewa, will amount to about one hundred and fifty bales per month.

The company is installing machinery at Ewa and two engines will soon be in use. One engine did not live up to the guarantee and additional power had to be put in. Just now the price is not so satisfactory as in the past, but the company is of the opinion that the price will go up in due time. Tabbs Cordage Company of San Francisco take the entire output of the local sisal plantation.

TACOMA BUMP INTO AMERICAN-HAWAIIAN BOAT

SAN FRANCISCO, September 22.—The steamer Tacoma was slightly damaged today in a collision with the Golden Gate with the American-Hawaiian S. S. Isthmian. The latter sustained no damage.

ANTHONY ROTHSCHILD'S WIFE DIED YESTERDAY

LONDON, September 22.—Lady Louise, wife of Anthony Rothschild, is dead.

REPUBLICANS TO OPEN ATTACK

Ratification Rally at Aala Park Marks Opening of the Campaign.

The logic of the stand taken by the Republicans, as well as the weaknesses and instability of the Democratic platform will be made plain to the voting public tomorrow night at Aala Park when the Republican committees will hold a grand ratification meeting at which many of the leading candidates for office will be speakers. The ratification meeting will inaugurate the campaign which will be conducted steadily after next Monday.

The meeting should be well worth attending by the general rank and file of the party, haole and Hawaiian alike, as the speeches will outline the policy of the party and point the manner of attack to be made upon the Democratic platform, particularly with reference to the anti-immigration plank, inserted by McCandless and causing a serious split in the ranks of the Democracy.

Col. Samuel Parker or A. L. C. Atkinson will preside over the big meeting and among the speakers will be Delegate Kalaniansole, R. W. Shingle, candidate for treasurer; John Lane, candidate for mayor, and others who are party workers. George A. Davis is expected to make an address.

It is altogether likely that an avalanche campaign will be inaugurated against R. H. Trent, the present treasurer, because of his attitude on the immigration question. Mr. Trent backed up the Democratic territorial convention platform which contains McCandless' plank against immigration. Business men throughout the city, who have heretofore voted for Trent, because there were no issues which weighed against him, are now changing position and will not only vote for Shingle because of his own personal qualifications for the position, but because, also, of his stand for assisted immigration and a continuance of prosperity.

A political luncheon is to be given in the Manoa precinct at six o'clock tomorrow evening, after which the entire crowd will be taken to Aala Park in special cars. The luncheon will inaugurate a special effort to get the Manoa Hawaiians together and show them the advantages of voting the Republican ticket.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE GRAND ARMY

ATLANTIC CITY, September 22.—John E. Gilman of Boston has been named commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. The Grand Army of the Republic has decided to hold its next encampment at Rochester.

DYING OF HURT IN FIRE AUTO'S RUN

Y. Hada lies dying in the Queen's Hospital as the result of being hit, while he was riding a bicycle yesterday afternoon near the junction of Union and Beretania avenues, by Fire Chief Thurston's automobile. Hada was evidently rattled at the approach of the machine and could not avoid the accident. He died at both cars when picked up unconscious and rushed to the hospital. There is scarcely any chance of his recovery. The fire to which the chief was hurrying at the time, shortly before three o'clock, was in the bottling house of the brewery and was put out before the engines arrived.

TRENT'S VOTE HOLDS UP LEASE

Land Board Fails to Agree on Proposal to Rent Out Tract on Maui.

The negative vote of Commissioner R. H. Trent yesterday afternoon tied up the leasing of ten thousand acres of pasture land on Maui, Trent at the meeting of the land board voting "no" on the proposition to lease.

The matter came up at a previous meeting of the board, but as previously published, nothing was done. Yesterday it was taken up again. The Cornell Ranch was the applicant for the lease, offering to pay an annual rental of ten cents an acre and asking a lease of twenty-one years.

As Trent had previously expressed himself as being opposed to leasing the tract as a whole and had wanted to cut it up into 1000-acre tracts, Andrade moved that the tract be subdivided into 2000-acre tracts and leased as previously proposed.

But it takes a vote of two-thirds of the total membership of the board to carry any proposition and as there are only four members in town, Trent's negative vote killed the proposition.

Aside from this the most important matter disposed of was the Kawaloalele matter. The board, after its experience in the mud of Koolau last Saturday, decided that the land should be sold at public auction as originally proposed, except that the lots are to be reduced to half an acre each and title is not to be acquired for five years, thus preventing any speculation.

Several minor matters were disposed of, but not the Kapaa proposition. (Continued on page 8.)

M'CARTHY AFTER LINK M'CANDLESS

Declares He Will Do Nothing to Aid Democratic Big Chief.

"I am opposed to McCandless and I will not do anything to help him out."

The above statement was made by Col. C. J. McCarthy, the leading Democrat of Hawaii, last night, and was made most emphatically.

"There has been some talk," the colonel added, "about my being the campaign manager. I won't do it. I am a Democrat and I believe that our country ticket is a good one. But I feel that if I take the campaign management and try to help elect the county ticket, I should be helping McCandless and I will do nothing whatever to aid him. I am decidedly opposed to Mr. McCandless."

This statement, emanating from the man who has long been recognized as one of the most prominent and influential Democrats in the Territory, and coming on top of his refusal to run on the McCandless party platform and ticket, will undoubtedly greatly weaken the already tottering McCandless party and take away their last hope of Mr. McCandless electing himself to congress.

ENGINEERS HEAR PRACTICAL TALKS

Banquet Speakers Deal With Some Big Subjects in After Dinner Orations.

GOVERNOR VERY OPTIMISTIC

Speeches Breathed the Spirit of the Times and Dealt With Progress.

"I know of five pieces of government land, with the water for it in sight, probably one hundred thousand acres, on which sugar can be grown to raise the total two-thirds, to bring our annual output up to eight hundred or nine hundred thousand tons."—Governor Walter F. Frear to the Hawaiian Engineering Association.

"The lesson that we may learn from the outcome of the Russo-Japanese war is that no highly developed commercial community can be sure of itself unless it is safely fortified."—From speech of Col. Walter Schuyler, U. S. A.

"From the Nuuanu reservoir since January 1 last, this city has drawn three million gallons of water a day and we still have in the reservoir at this time three hundred and fifty million gallons. What the Nuuanu dam is saving us in power used for our electric lighting is more than the interest on our bonded indebtedness."—Statement of Marston Campbell, superintendent of public works.

The Commercial Club tables last night were surrounded by those who make light of moving mountains, who squeeze the islands for a water supply, who hold the forces of nature to their will, which means that the members of the Hawaiian Engineering Association last night held their annual banquet. As guests were a number of the officials of the government, several of the most prominent local representatives of the Army and Navy, visiting members of the profession and representatives of the press, the only power in Hawaii as yet unharmed.

The affair was a jovial one of good fellowship marked by a number of extremely interesting speeches, in which facts of the greatest importance to the engineers, as well as to Hawaii in general, were brought out. Professor Young, of the engineering department of the College of Hawaii, occupied the chair, at the head table with him being Governor Frear, Col. Walter S. Schuyler, U. S. A.; H. L. Kerr, H. D. Whitefield and R. O. Matheson.

Clarence Waterman contributed a solo as the first number on the evening's program, after which Chairman Young called upon Colonel Schuyler to speak upon the Transiberian Railroad as the line of communication during the recent Russo-Japanese war, Colonel Schuyler having been with the Russian army as American military attaché during several months of the hostilities.

The evening speaker, holding the strict attention of the guests while he described the important part the Russian corps of engineers played in the great struggle, when the only line of communication between the army and the supply point thousands of miles away was the single line of railroad track, hurriedly built and running eight hundred miles through foreign territory. The feat performed by the Russians in transporting a million men to the front, conveying to them munitions and supplies and in addition supplying the wants of the great province of Manchuria, was not at the time appreciated by the world at large. The railroad was managed during the critical times, when it required seventy-five thousand troops to guard it and while ninety different attempts were made by the Japanese (Continued from Page One.)

MEXICO'S HOLIDAY STILL UNDER WAY

MEXICO CITY, September 23.—The national university was inaugurated here yesterday. The dedication of this great institution was made an incident in the one month's monster celebration of the hundredth anniversary of the independence of Mexico, there being a general scholarly and literary festival in honor of the occasion. President Diaz and Minister Sierra participated. President Diaz today lays the cornerstone of the new legislative palace, the minister of public works assisting. Tonight there will be invitational balls in various theaters of this city and popular balls in the market buildings, under the auspices of the commission.

SUGAR WEIGHT SUBJECT OF SEARCH

Washington Sends Man to San Francisco to Examine Customs Method.

NO IRREGULARITIES CHARGED

System of Weighing and Sampling Made Matter of Official Investigation.

WASHINGTON, September 23.—A special agent of the United States treasury department has been dispatched to San Francisco for the express purpose of instituting a thorough investigation of the system of weighing and sampling sugars arriving at that port. This investigation is not called on account of any irregularities in the handling of cargoes nor on account of any charges against officials of the customs department.

TEDDY BOASTS THAT HE HAS CHAIRMANSHIP

OYSTER BAY, September 23.—Colonel Roosevelt predicts that he will win the chairmanship of the New York State convention to assemble at Saratoga on Tuesday next, declaring that he will attain the office by a hundred majority. He is positive that the organization will be compelled to give ground to the progressives. The ex-President declines to discuss the Storer controversy.

PRESIDENT CONFERS WITH PARTY HEADS

CINCINNATI, Ohio, September 22.—President Taft today conferred with the Republican leaders in State politics, on the subject of the coming campaign. The gubernatorial campaign in this, Taft's home State, has assumed special importance in view of the fact that Judson Harmon, the Democratic candidate for governor, is regarded as likely to be the Democratic nominee for President if he is elected governor this time. The insurgent issue has also been made vital by the declaration of Nicholas Longworth, of the first district, that he will not again support Cannon for Speaker of the house.

FOUR DEAD BY LIGHTNING STROKE

COLORADO SPRINGS, September 23.—Four persons yesterday lost their lives in a severe thunderstorm, being struck by lightning.

INTERSTATE RAILROAD CONFERENCE IN SESSION

TOPEKA, Kansas, September 22.—An interstate railroad rate conference is being held here to consider methods of regulating railroad rates so as to protect the interests of the shippers and the public.

REGENT OF PERSIA IS DEAD AT TEHRAN

TEHRAN, September 22.—Azadul Mulk, the Regent of Persia, is dead. The Shah of Persia is Ahmed Mirza, who was born in 1897, and acceded to the title in 1909.

CHOLERA IS KING IN ST. PETERSBURG

ST. PETERSBURG, September 23.—Thirty-six new cases of cholera have developed, thirty of the victims dying. A member of the German embassy is among those suffering with the disease.

BRYAN BOLTS THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Announces That He Will Scratch His Ticket in State Elections.

CAN NOT SUPPORT DAHLMAN

Party Nominee for Governor Is Not Local Optionist and Will Not Be Voted For

LINCOLN, Nebraska, September 21.—William Jennings Bryan yesterday bolted the Democratic party of his State, announcing in an authorized interview that he would not support Dahلمان, the Democratic nominee for governor of Nebraska. Mr. Bryan bases his objection to Dahلمان on the fact that the latter is not in favor of local option or prohibition.

NASTIN TREATMENT HAD GOOD RESULTS

Experiments in British Guiana Leper Colony Lead to a Claimed Cure.

Leprosy, long the scourge of many lands and the most loathsome of all diseases, is slowly losing ground. The whole medical world has hailed as a triumph of science the results of the investigations of Drs. Brinckerhoff and Currie, of Malakal, and now Professor Deycke, of Hamburg, after months of experimental treatment of lepers in British Guiana, announces that a cure discovered by him has been successful.

"The dawn of a brighter day has been hastened by the discovery and experiments of Professor Deycke," says the Pall Mall Gazette. "This distinguished investigator, whose work is attracting increased attention, has invented the 'nastin' treatment of the disease. This treatment consists of the subcutaneous injection of nastin—a bacterial fatty body in oily solution, combined with benzoyl chloride. The effect is to destroy the bacilli of leprosy."

"At the Bombay Medical Congress last year it was reported by Captain Beauchamp Williams, residency surgeon in the Persian Gulf, that some cases which he had treated by this method appeared to justify Professor Deycke in his claims. The announcement is now made that the Governor of British Guiana has authorized the discharge from the leper asylum of that colony of a negro who had undergone the nastin treatment.

"This man came under the personal attention of Professor Deycke, who, with the cordial approval of the Colonial Office spent five months in British Guiana last year, the leper asylum being placed at his disposal for experimental purposes. The institution contains upwards of 400 lepers, 111 of whom (69 male and 42 female) were treated by the professor. The injections, which are practically painless, are given once a week for three months; they are then suspended for a like period; recommenced for two months; again discontinued for three months, and then resumed for a similar period.

"In 308 cases the professor observed 92.79 per cent had improved. He has placed it on record that in a period of treatment covering only three and a half months no definite result could possibly be attained. In such a chronic disease as leprosy it is absolutely necessary, he says, to continue the treatment at intervals for several years. Results vary, the difference depending not only on the age and severity of the disease, but also on the individual condition of the patient.

"He further states: 'I do not doubt that if the cases of nervous leprosy are treated early enough, and with the necessary experienced care with nastin, a large number of these unfortunate human beings may be preserved from mutilation and other severe lesions. I even believe that after a longer treatment with nastin, not a few of the nervous patients can be restored to the human community.'

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY.

It is in time of sudden mishap or accident that Chamberlain's Pain Balm can be relied upon to take the place of the family doctor, who can not always be found at the moment. Then it is that Chamberlain's Pain Balm is never found wanting. In cases of sprains, cuts, wounds and bruises it takes out the soreness, drives away the pain and heals the injured parts. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

GRAND SIRE ELECTED.

ATLANTA, Georgia, September 20.—John B. Cochrum has been elected Grand Sire of the Independent Order of Old Fellows.

CUPID DELAYS CITY FATHERS

Supervisor's Courtship Causes Two Meetings in One Evening.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.) In spite of the fact that the solitary Democratic member of the supervisors is to be married today, there was a meeting of the board of supervisors last evening.

It was this way. The meeting was supposed to begin at half-past seven o'clock, but at that hour the only members of the board present were Daniel Logan, Ahia and Jim Quinn.

Others present, besides the members of the board of supervisors mentioned, were Mayor Fern and his private secretary, Bertram G. Rivenburgh, City Physician Mackall, Stenographer Aiea, Electrician Prazee, Manager Campbell of the Inter-Island Chandlery, Fire Chief Thurston, Jailor Aseh, Clerk Bufandean and City Clerk Kalauokalani.

When it was seen that there were but three members of the board of supervisors present, there was naturally much concern.

Ahia, who is a captain in the National Guard of Hawaii, which institution is at present engaged in the offices of an instruction camp at Fort Shafter, had secured permission for leave of absence from Colonel Ballard to attend a meeting of the board of supervisors tonight, and very emphatically proclaimed the fact that if the meeting was not held that night he would not be able to obtain leave of absence for any other night in the near future.

Mayor Fern suggested that it would be a good idea to wait and see if anybody else turned up. Nobody else, however, turned up.

Ahia wanted to know if there was very much business to transact. Mayor Fern thought there was not very much to do, and the clerk agreed with him.

Five, ten, fifteen, twenty and even twenty-five minutes passed, with Quinn getting nervous, Logan getting nervous and Ahia getting fidgety.

Finally it was suggested by some brave soul that the meeting stand adjourned. But this was not until after Supervisor Jim Quinn had suggested that he might be able to find Supervisor McClellan, in order to get a quorum. Jim had an idea that he would know just where to put his hand on McClellan. Fern announced that McClellan was to be married today, Wednesday, and that he would probably be in too nervous a condition to take his seat in the board of supervisors.

Nevertheless, Jim Quinn, having his big automobile waiting outside, made up his mind that he would go out and look for McClellan. He went out and looked and came back and reported that the bridegroom had not yet come.

Then the meeting adjourned according to all the rules of the board.

Just as the minority of the board was on the way out of the room, who should walk in, in all the pride of virtuous surprise and indignation, but McClellan himself.

He wanted to know what all the fuss was about. He was only half an hour late and he could not understand what it was that his friends were worrying about. Where he had been did not enter into the discussion.

But it happened that Ahia had gone out just as McClellan had come in, so the board was still just one man short of a quorum. Jim Quinn then again volunteered to go and look for the missing member of the quorum. While Jim Quinn was out looking for Ahia, who should come in but Ahia. And then they had to wait for Jim Quinn.

Finally Jim Quinn came back and then there was indeed a quorum to wit: Jim Quinn, McClellan, Ahia and Logan.

The mayor and the rest took their seats and Dan Logan moved that all previous movements of the evening be forthwith expunged from the records, which was done.

The matter of adjournment was a pretty contest. Quinn said something about meeting at noon today, but Logan declared that he could not, or would not be present at any meeting that would be held at noon, and for a very good reason, though he did not say so, and that is that he is editor of the Hawaiian Star and noon happens to be the busiest hour of the day with him. Ahia also stated that he did not know when he would be able to attend a meeting, for the reason that he was a captain of the national guard and that he was tied up with that duty, and he was hanged if he was going to ask any more favors of Colonel Ballard to let him off. If they couldn't have a meeting there and then, well, then Ahia didn't know when he would be able to be present.

Where was Aylett, somebody asked. But it seemed that Aylett was busy at his business of watching the territorial capitol and couldn't get a substitute.

When would McClellan be able to be present, was the question asked.

Doctor Mackall was present and suggested that it was a little too much to ask a supervisor to be present on his wedding night.

Logan had an unofficial idea that Aylett must be dead or he would have shown up at the meeting. It is often that Logan's wit saves the meetings of the board of supervisors from being altogether uninteresting.

Quinn suggested a meeting at 3 p. m. today. But all this was changed when McClellan showed up and Logan moved that all previous doings of the evening be expunged from the records and a new dispensation be recorded.

There was some talk, of course, as to whether it would be legal to call another meeting after the minority had agreed to adjourn until three o'clock today, but Logan's motion carried and all else was forgotten except a new meeting.

Therefore it may with truth be said that there were two meetings of the board of supervisors held last evening, one of the minority and one of the majority; also that a supervisory courtship was responsible for the breaking up of the first meeting. Supervisor McClellan's preparations for his wedding today to the charming Miss Emma

SEATTLE WINS POSTER PRIZE

Special Committee Selects Their Design From the Entry of Sound Artist.

Seattle wins the prize offered by the Hawaii Promotion Committee for a design for a floral parade poster for the 1911 celebration.

D. Howard Hitchcock, Ed. Towse and J. T. Warren, the committee, made a careful survey of the designs offered and decided that Maring & Blake's was the most acceptable. This is a design showing a girl in a diaphanous green robe, a modulated holocho effect, standing beneath a palm tree, and holding a long lot of leaves which festoons to her knees. It is a dainty poster effect, but is not altogether Hawaiian in effect, as only the faint tracing of the palm tree gives a subtropical effect.

The committee, however, had little encouragement from the other designs, as some were too garish in coloring, others bore too much lettering and in others the contrasts in colors were too slight to catch the public eye. Some were too much like advertisements and some did not meet the poster idea at all.

There was some hope that a well arranged design showing a surfboard rider sweeping in on the crest of a wave would be offered, but those offered were too listless, lacking energy and action. The wash drawing which appeared in the latest Illustrated London News, drawn from photos submitted by Alexander Hume Ford, is generally agreed among promotionists, would have made an excellent poster.

Secretary Wood is pleased, however, that Seattle gets the poster award, for it may be an encouragement to Puget Sounders to work up their proposed excursion to Honolulu next February. There is considerable talk in the Northwest over the proposed excursion which Mrs. Frances King Headlee, the promotion committee's representative at Seattle for the Northwest, is working up. The steamer Prince Rupert is regarded as an excellent vessel to charter for the Hawaiian trip.

PROMINENT ITALIANS LYNCHED IN SOUTH

Florida Mob Hangs Four Men and the New Orleans Lynching Trouble Is Recalled.

TAMPA, Florida, September 21.—Gastagne, Picarotta, Angelo and Albano, four prominent Italians of this city, who have been conspicuous during the strike of the cigarmakers, were yesterday taken from the charge of deputy sheriffs and lynched. It was charged against them that they had been accessories to the recent shooting, in which a number of the strikers were wounded.

The lynching of these men has recalled the trouble that followed the lynching of a number of Italians in New Orleans some years ago, for which Italy demanded reparation and over which incident the relations between the two countries were strained almost to the point of war.

Clarke, daughter of Charles Clarke and sister of Mrs. Jarrett, were responsible for the lack of a quorum in the first place.

There were several financial reports of the roads committee, put in by Quinn, which were approved. Ahia reported some bills for the police department, which went through in railroad time.

There was referred to the road committee a petition from Pete Peacock of the Criterion saloon to be allowed to hang out an electric sign. Dan Logan hoped it wouldn't be any such "jim-jam" sign as was now allowed to drive people crazy in front of a barber shop on Fort street. He didn't mention the name of the barber shop, but he probably voiced the sentiment of hundreds in condemning the outrageous contrivance which desecrates the sanctity of public decency on the aforesaid thoroughfare.

Wade Warren Thayer, who is known as an ambitious attorney in our midst and is said to be the logical candidate for city attorney at the next election, wrote a communication as president of the Alewa Heights improvement committee, asking that the Alewa road be improved, which will be done. Jim Quinn got up on his hind legs and said that a gang of men had been ordered up that region to clean the gutters out at once. Otherwise the road was all right.

Brigadier Edward Davis, U.S.A., retired, wrote the board that he was building a house at the end of the Kapiolani Park for his daughter and he wanted electric lights so he wouldn't have to walk from house to house with a lantern in his hand. This also will be attended to.

Marston Campbell, superintendent of public works, had a communication to the board in regard to filling in a fish pond at Twile, and stated that arrangements had been made to accomplish this needed improvement.

A bill for eight dollars, being expenses incurred during the investigation of J. K. Paole, on the other side of the island, for alleged irregularities, was approved. The eight dollars was incurred by a man hustling around to gather in witnesses.

Fire Chief Thurston arose and wanted hose. The board voted to let him buy hose from the Honolulu Iron Works at 87.1-2 cents, that being the second lowest bid and the best hose offered.

The Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company was awarded the contract for 5000 pounds of No. 6 wire, at \$16.85 per hundred pounds, that bid being about \$4 lower than the bid of the Hawaiian Electric Company.

Quinn wound up the meeting by telling how well the storm sewers had stood the recent heavy rains, remarking that he took pleasure in informing the board what a good job the supervisors had done in this regard.

The next meeting of the board of supervisors will be held on September 28, at 12:25 p. m.

GRACE'S STORY MASS OF LIES

Breckon's Counts Murderer's Pulse With Watch of the Murdered Man.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) "The strangest mass of improbable lies, weak invention and tangled stories," is what United States District Attorney Breckon brands the story told to him yesterday morning in Oahu jail by Anderson Grace, the murderer of Mahu, who, having escaped and been at liberty for over five months, was captured Monday night.

Melodrama, high tragedy and histrionics figured in the interview between Breckon and Grace. Grace, describing his sufferings and privations, told Breckon that a man suffering from fever caused by the long consumption of guavas and sugar cane could hardly be expected to answer all questions intelligibly.

Breckon reached out and grasped the hand of the negro. "Fever," he said contemptuously; "you have no more fever than I have."

"But my pulse is fast," complained Anderson Grace.

"Well, I'm going to see whether it is or not," said Breckon, "and I'm going to do something dramatic. Here, leaning forward and grasping the negro's wrist in his hand, 'I'm going to count your pulse—and I'm going to use David Mahu's watch to do it by, too.'"

And Breckon pulled from his pocket the cheap silver watch once worn by the murdered man and which he himself has carried ever since the time of the crime. And, holding Grace's wrist between his fingers, he carefully counted off the pulse-beats of the negro, which quickened perceptibly under the ordeal.

Grace told a story which differed considerably from that published in The Advertiser yesterday morning concerning his wanderings, and which will probably be found to differ a good deal from the story he tells in the future.

"Grace is beginning just the same way he did when he was first arrested," said Breckon yesterday, "and it will probably be about a week before we can sift out the lies and get at the truth of the matter. Grace insists now that he was alone all the time and received no aid from anybody. But I know that that is a lie. He certainly did receive outside assistance, and I'm going to find out who helped him before I get through."

Grace contends that he simply walked away from the prison gang, crossed Beretania avenue, stopped at a Chinese store in the outskirts of town to buy some chewing tobacco, and disappeared into the country. This story is not believed at all by Breckon, who is sure that somebody helped the negro out of town. And Breckon has made up his mind to learn the truth before he gets through with Grace.

Reward Dwindles to \$150.

With Grace safely stowed away behind the bars and too emaciated at present to contemplate further escapades, a great many people are evincing curiosity as to who falls heir to the reward of five hundred dollars which was posted by High Sheriff Henry both here and on the mainland.

Ignace Off, the section luna of Honolulu Plantation, was a caller at the territorial prison yesterday, presumably to ascertain just what chance he has to enrich himself by the amount. Off was the man who found Grace in Halawa and who carried the negro's message to Harry Denison, who in turn forwarded it to Henry.

The advertisement reads that the reward shall go to the man who shall supply information leading to his arrest, and this of course, fits Off exactly.

At the same time, however, five hundred dollars is a pretty big chunk of money when it comes to paying it out for goods that have already been collected and can't be taken away. Off is said to have been but partially satisfied and there was a marked tendency on the part of High Sheriff Henry and the other officials, to permit the amount to dwindle down to \$350, which was the first reward offered.

This amount was offered out of the territorial funds, Henry afterwards raising the amount to five hundred by promising to pay the balance out of his own pocket.

The police look upon Grace's story with amusement. There is a general consensus of opinion that the arrest of Jim Steiker, John Dow and another negro, who were caught under suspicious circumstances and held for investigation for almost a week, was what sent Grace scurrying into Halawa and finally reduced him to the condition that forced him to seek help.

At that time the men were found preparing food every morning and carrying it to a hut in Nuuanu Valley where they left it. This practise had continued for some time and upon learning of it the police surprised the house and caught the three.

Had they been supplying Grace his rations would, of course, have stopped as soon as they were arrested which was long enough ago to reduce him to the condition in which the police found him.

If he had any communication with the three others, who are said to be bound with him in a voodoo bond, the most blinding that negroes know, it will probably come out by the time Breckon has completed his investigation.

CLEANING UP SUGAR CROP

About Seventy Thousand Tons Shipped on Matson Vessels.

Seventy odd thousand tons of Castle & Cooke sugars have been shipped out of the Islands to the Coast refineries on the Matson Navigation Company's steamers, and with a shipment of about a thousand tons to be made on the next trip of the Lurline to San Francisco and a couple of hundred tons for Kohala, the season's output for the Matson line will have been cleaned up.

The Wilhelmna took away the last big shipment for the season, and for the next three months the vessels will have very little sugar to carry. The Lurline on her next trip up will carry another consignment of 2000 tons of molasses, shipped in bulk, the product of the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company of Maui. The Lurline made an experimental shipment last voyage of the same amount. The molasses was pumped into her vacant tanks. Before that several hundred empty gasoline drums were utilized as containers for molasses, and this was also a success. Heretofore, much of the molasses by-product of the plantations has gone to waste, or was used to some extent as fuel.

The Lurline will also have about 12,000 cases of canned pineapples. The canned pineapple shipments on all steamers will be quite large for a few months, the canning season being on now in full blast.

After the Lurline returns to the Coast she will be laid up one trip while extensive alterations are made, the company's plans contemplating a large addition to the stateroom capacity, and the present small deck space will be extended so that the promenades aboard the vessel will be as large as those aboard the Wilhelmna.

COMPLETE HARMONY EXISTS NOW AMONG HILO REPUBLICANS

(Special Wireless to The Advertiser.) HILO, September 20.—Supervisors Desha and Lyman have buried the hatchet and are now working together on and off the board for Republican success in the coming campaign. This healing of the breach between the Republican leaders brings the party together in harmony for the first time in many years, thus practically ensuring party victory this fall.

Campaign Manager Carl Smith was the one who coaxed the dove of peace to settle in the Republican midst, bringing Desha and Lyman together in a conference yesterday. At this conference the two talked over their own individual differences and agreed to fall it all off until after the election.

The Democrats will convene in county convention tomorrow and have advertised a mass meeting for Thursday evening, at which Link McCandless will open the Hawaii campaign for his side.

PLEBISCITE RESULTS FOR PRACTICAL PROHIBITION

Ordinarily, perhaps, whatever action on the liquor traffic the people of Hawaii might take would be a matter of comparatively slight interest to outsiders, says the Nashville American, discussing the recent plebiscite and its results. However, now that the figures showing the exact vote of the Islands on prohibition are received—coupled with information concerning results on the traffic outside of the Islands to prohibit—an illustration of conditions is found applying to many other parts of the world. In Hawaii a state of affairs has prevailed, connected with the saloon business, which has been a disgrace to the country and a menace to its institutions. As an effectual method of putting a stop to all this, the effort was made to put the principle of prohibition into practice. The chief argument on behalf of the prohibitionists was the protection of the natives from the dire effects of the great and growing habit of drink.

The popular vote was more than three to one against prohibition. At the same time, reforms—to which saloonists were forced to give their assent in order to prevent the extinction of their business—were effected. As a condition to the defeat of prohibition, the liquor dealers, big and little, were obliged to give allegiance to most significant changes in the whole matter of dealing in drink. A large number of "the worst places in the Territory" have been closed by the proprietors. The saloonists have been obliged to sign promises to abandon the sale of the "cheap and nasty" drinks which whetted havoc upon mind and body of the consumer. Dealers were forced to take position, publicly, in favor of the most rigid enforcement of the license system, with all sorts of pains and penalties for failure to perform their part of the contract implied in the defeat of absolute prohibition.

The Hawaiian prohibitionists have failed to secure a majority vote in favor of their position. At the same time, they have succeeded in bringing about conditions which are a great improvement over those that have prevailed on the Islands.

HSUN AND SCHWAB LEAVE FOR THE EAST

SAN FRANCISCO, September 20.—Prince Tsai Hsun is improved in health. He started east today in a special train with Charles M. Schwab, the capitalist, and former president of the steel trust.

SHERMAN LOSES IN HIS OWN DISTRICT

New York Fight Gets Hotter as Date of Convention Approaches.

OLD GUARD IS SANGUINE

While Roosevelt Partisans Claim They Will Control by a Small Majority.

NEW YORK, September 21.—One startling result of the primary elections yesterday was the defeat of Vice-President Sherman in his own district, in spite of which Timothy Woodruff predicts that he will be elected as temporary chairman of the State convention to assemble at Saratoga on Tuesday next.

Sherman will attend the convention at the head of the delegation from the First Onondia district, while Colonel Roosevelt, who will contest the election and the control of the convention with him, will come at the head of the Nassau delegation.

Yesterday was an exciting day in the Empire State struggle between the Rooseveltians and the Old Guard partisans.

Chairman Griseom, of the state central committee, who is a Roosevelt man, claims 570 of the 1015 delegates to the convention are for Roosevelt for temporary chairman, against Vice President Sherman. This claim of a small margin for victory is just about matched by the other side, which claims 560 votes for Vice President Sherman.

HALSEY BEGINS HIS TRIAL TODAY

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21.—Theodore V. Halsey, general agent of the Pacific States Telephone Company, will face his judges today on charges of bribery, made against him over three years ago in connection with the general bribery scandals of the San Francisco supervisors. Halsey had ten indictments returned against him early in 1907, being charged with having bribed the supervisors to favor his company against the Home Telephone Company. He fled to Manila but was arrested there by secret service officers, Detective Burns meeting him in Honolulu on his way back and bringing him here.

TAWNEY DEFEATED BY PROGRESSIVE IN MINNESOTA

ST. PAUL, Minnesota, September 21.—The returns from the State primaries so far indicate that Sidney Anderson, Progressive candidate for nomination to the house of representatives from the first district, has defeated James A. Tawney, the standpat candidate for reelection. The four insurgent congressmen from this State have been renominated.

LORIMER NO MORE A HAMILTON MAN

CHICAGO, September 21.—The board of governors of the Hamilton Club has accepted the resignation of Senator Lorimer, tendered because of the request of the board that he return an invitation sent him to attend a dinner given in honor of Colonel Roosevelt, who had refused to sit at the same table as Lorimer. As a result of the incident, a new club is to be started, founded by members of the Hamilton Club who have likewise resigned owing to the Roosevelt incident.

HACKDRIVER ROBBED BY HIS PASSENGERS

A very pleasant experience last night fell to the lot of a hackdriver named Lum Sing, who came through it minus his watch, his money and one shoe. The pleasant part of it was enjoyed by an alleged soldier and a Portuguese boy. If they hadn't handled him so roughly, Lum Sing would probably have had a better time, but as it was it was a half-hour before he could finally gasp out in the police station that he had been held up. Special Officers Apana and Akui at once went out on the case.

Lum Sing drives hack number 64. Last night a man, who he thinks is a soldier but who was dressed in citizen's clothes, and a Portuguese boy took his hack on Hotel street and told him to drive Ewa. They went to Palama where they turned up Peterson lane until they were near the Asylum road.

His passengers then reached over and seizing him by the neck strangled him until he was almost unconscious. They tore his watch from his chain, ransacked his pockets (although he don't remember how much money he had) and then took his shoe off to hunt for more cash.

The description of the man tallies with that of one who committed an exactly similar act at Kahihi a month ago. After having been driven to the maka and end of Gulick avenue, he robbed the driver of thirty dollars.

AEROPLANE TEST COMING OFF HERE

Glider About Completed at Cavalry Camp—Experiments Start Soon.

LIEUT. WINTERS IS AVIATOR

Lilehua Plains Considered Ideal Place for Flying Machine Tryout.

Aeroplane flights may be in full swing at Lilehua in the next two weeks conducted by Lieut. J. G. Winters, Fifth Cavalry, who succeeded the ill-fated Lieutenant Selfridge, who was killed at Fort Myer while experimenting with a heavier-than-air machine. Lieutenant Winters was detailed to take a course in aviation and this included a knowledge of construction of the air fighters, as well as handling them. The material for the machine soon to be tried at Schofield Barracks was received a short time ago and the machine is nearly completed. The cloth covering is still to be laid on the framework. It will then be simply a glider, not an aeroplane, as at first the machine will not be equipped with a motor.

The machine follows the prescribed type of biplane and will be similar in appearance to the Wright machines which were used in the federal government's experiments at Fort Myer, Virginia. Lilehua is considered an excellent aviation section owing to the ground sloping down toward the trade winds, which blow across the Wahaiwa plains from the Koolau range. The machine will be taken on high ground and the experiments will be entirely in gliding to see if the machine lives up to the builder's plans in responding to the dip or elevation of the planes and the movements of the rudder. If these experiments are satisfactory a motor will be added and the machine will then be used for regulation flights.

MORMON BISHOP LEAVES FOR HOME IN SALT LAKE

Bishop S. E. Woolley of the Mormon Church and manager of the church's sugar plantation at Laie, departed on the Sierra yesterday, en route to his home in Salt Lake City, to remain there permanently.

The bishop stated, just before leaving, that he might not return to Hawaii, owing to his wife's poor health. He had no information to offer as to who his successor will be.

Bishop Woolley has been in Hawaii for many years and is a kamaaina. During his residence in the Islands he has lived at Laie, where he has successfully conducted the plantation, and which is the seat of Mormon influence in the Islands. There is a large mission in Honolulu, but the seat of the Mormon government in the Islands is at Laie, which, with its typical Mormon Church and broad streets, has the appearance of a village in southern Utah.

A HARD STRUGGLE

Many a Honolulu Citizen Finds the Struggle Hard.

With a back constantly aching, with distressing urinary disorders, daily existence is but a struggle. No need to keep it up. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills will cure you.

One hundred thousand people endorse this claim.

Here is one case:

Mrs. Mary Wagner, 1367 Kossuth St., Bridgeport, Conn., says: "For years I was a victim of kidney complaint and the physician seemed unable to cure me. The pains in my back were almost unbearable and I became so weak and run down that I was unable to do my housework. For over a month I was confined to my bed, practically helpless. The kidney secretions caused me no end of annoyance and plainly showed that my kidneys were at fault. At times it felt as if a heavy weight were tied to me and often pains extended from my hips into my shoulders and neck. I could not rest day or night and stooping was an impossibility. I had headaches and dizzy spells and at such times everything before me became blurred. When almost discouraged, I learned of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and I really do not know what I would have done were it not for this remedy. Its use quickly and thoroughly cured me and improved my condition in every way. I will gladly do anything I can do to induce other kidney sufferers to give Doan's Backache Kidney Pills a trial." (Statement given in January, 1906.)

A Lasting Effect.

On April 25, 1910, when Mrs. Wagner was interviewed, she said: "The cure Doan's Backache Kidney Pills made in my case has been permanent and today I am enjoying good health. You may continue to publish my previous endorsement of this remedy."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

APPEAL COMES FROM SUFFERERS

Japanese Flood Victims in Need—Local Japanese Ask Local Americans to Help.

An appeal has been issued by the Flood Relief Association of Japan to the Japanese of Hawaii, asking that funds be forwarded to Tokio to assist in relieving the immense amount of suffering throughout four provinces as a result of the floods, which yet continue. Acting under the authority of this appeal, S. Sheba, editor of the Hawaii Shinpo, asks the American people of Honolulu to assist in making this as large as possible. Mr. Sheba's open letter to the public is as follows:

An Appeal to the American People.

The Flood Relief Association recently formed at Tokio with Marquis Matsukata as the President and Baron Shibusawa as the Vice-President has addressed the local Japanese, urging them to contribute toward the relief fund. The letter says in part:

"The damage wrought by the recent flood is so appalling and enormous that it defies description; multitude of people in those provinces visited with the flood are homeless and starving; many have lost their wives, husbands, mothers and fathers; parents half starved are searching for their lost sons and daughters in despair; and those whose lives were spared are scourged with epidemics.

"We appeal to every man and woman who has a heart, in order that the suffering Japanese may be saved and comforted in their dire sufferings."

Authentic statistics issued from the interior department of the Japanese government shows the damages to be as follows:

Total loss of life.....1061
The number of wounded and disabled.....252
The number of lost.....380
The number of houses totally destroyed.....4783
The number of houses partially destroyed.....5566
The number of houses washed away.....5267

Pathetic and heart-breaking stories of individual suffering people need not be told. The above figures tell the story.

These provinces stricken with calamity include Chiba, Fukushima, Miyaki, and Niigata from where come not a small number of Japanese in Hawaii, while the latest advices from Japan state that the flood is still spreading and that the central and southern provinces are now being affected.

At different plantations, associations are being formed among us to raise funds, and there is a prospect that we local Japanese can send several thousand dollars.

Japanese as a people are not too forward, I think, in retailing stories of their own woe, but I feel, as I understand American people in general, that they would not consider it a kind act for us to do to hide from their notice these facts and the cause in which I am sure many American friends would want to extend their helping hands and to express their good will toward suffering Japanese at home as well as to us in Hawaii, who commingle in comity and in mutual helpfulness with them.

Donations above fifty cents are acceptable and the books will be opened on Fort street and at the Yokohama Specie Bank until the end of this month.

Advertiser Will Help.

On request of Mr. Sheba, subscriptions to the relief fund will be taken at the business office of The Advertiser as well as at the places mentioned above, acknowledgment of the receipts to be made in this paper and in the Hawaii Shinpo.

GOES EAST TO RAISE THOUSANDS

A Chinese Minister Will Solicit Funds for a New Church.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)
Rev. Kong Yung Tet, pastor of St. Peter's Chapel of the Episcopal diocese, departed on the Sierra yesterday en route to Cincinnati where he will attend the conference of the Episcopal Church, and where he will also meet Bishop Restarick. The minister left after receiving a cablegram asking him to make the journey.

Rev. Kong Yin Tet will meet all the leading clergy of the church and will then lay plans to visit several dioceses to solicit contributions to a \$15,000 fund which he expects to raise for rebuilding St. Peter's Chapel on the new location on the main side of Emma Square. About \$5000 is to be raised in Honolulu, making a fund of \$20,000. The old church building will be removed from its present site, thereby opening out the grounds to better expose the splendid edifice of St. Andrew's Cathedral.

RECOMMENDS GENERAL COMMANDER HERE

WASHINGTON, September 21.—General Leonard Wood has made a recommendation to the President that the four military posts in the Territory of Hawaii be placed under one command. This is in line with the proposal of General Barry, recently commander of the Department of California.

REPORTED PLOT TO ASSASSINATE THE EMPEROR OF THE JAPANESE



THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN.

Tokio Yellow Journal Startled Empire Yesterday.

TOKIO, September 21.—A great sensation was created here today by the publication of the alleged details of a plot to assassinate the Emperor of Japan.

The first intimation of the unsuccessful plan to destroy the life of Japan's ruler was given the public through the details published today in the Hoshi Shinbun, a notoriously yellow journal. The would-be assassins are Japanese, and they have all been apprehended. Many arrests have been made, and the government believes that it has placed in custody all those involved.

According to the Hoshi, all the culprits will be executed after a trial, all the details of which will be secret.

HILO MUST BUILD NEW FIRE STATION

Present Site Belongs to Territory and Is to Be Sold by Campbell.

Hilo must move its fire station. The superintendent of public works has decreed it, and the fire laddies must pick up their hose carts and fire ladders and hike on.

The reason is that the site now occupied by the Hilo fire station belongs to the Territory and somebody else happens to want it. The telephone company and the Elks recently applied to the land commissioner to be allowed to purchase the site. The matter was referred to the advisory land board, which approved the petition and ordered it advertised.

Land Commissioner Campbell has, therefore, written to Hilo telling that town that it must get out; the Territory needs the land.

But Campbell does not want to leave the fire laddies homeless. He has written that he will give the county a lot on the extension of Bridge and Shipman streets, providing the county will agree to erect there a concrete building that will do credit to the town and that will not be an eyesore from the windows of the proposed federal building.

The telephone company, on its part, has agreed to erect a reinforced concrete building, to cost not less than \$25,000, on the site of the present ancient fire station.

COLORADO G. O. P. PUTS UP STEPHEN

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colorado, September 22.—John Stephen was yesterday nominated as the Republican candidate for the governorship, to run against the incumbent, Governor Shafroth, who has been renominated by the Democrats. The Republicans in convention endorsed the national administration and placed a plank in their platform favoring the idea of submitting to the people on a referendum the question of passing an initiative and referendum law.

The convention also expressed its admiration for Colonel Roosevelt and endorsed the insurgent policy.

JAPAN HAS TOO MUCH TRADE FOR WAR

Bishop Yoitsu Tonda, head of the United Methodist Church of Japan, now visiting in Honolulu, put himself on record while in Los Angeles, as to the possibility of war between Japan and the United States. He said that unscrupulous writers and talkers had been trying to foster the idea that such a thing was possible, but he dissented most vigorously.

"Japan," he said, "could not so far forget her great debt to America as to consider such action for a moment." His nation, he declared, is at peace with the world and desires to remain so. He pointed out that one-fourth of the total business between Japan and foreign countries is with the United States, and sordid selfishness, if for no other reason, precluded the idea of conflict. He also said that the heart of Japan is still sore from the dark content with Russia, and that thousands of widows and orphans remind his country of that phase of war which most deeply affected a nation's happiness.

plot to assassinate the Emperor of Japan.

The first intimation of the unsuccessful plan to destroy the life of Japan's ruler was given the public through the details published today in the Hoshi Shinbun, a notoriously yellow journal. The would-be assassins are Japanese, and they have all been apprehended. Many arrests have been made, and the government believes that it has placed in custody all those involved.

According to the Hoshi, all the culprits will be executed after a trial, all the details of which will be secret.

JUSTICE UNDER A BANYAN TREE

Mahomet Robinson Goes to the Mountain When Mountain Couldn't Come to Him.

Because the mountain could not come to Mahomet, Mahomet yesterday afternoon went to the mountain.

To put it otherwise, Judge Robinson held court under the big banyan tree in the rear of the Judiciary building in order to take the testimony of an aged Hawaiian who was unable to climb the stairs to the judge's courtroom.

It was a curious and unusual sight. The old man had been brought from the Lunalilo Home in a decrepid horse, drawn by a still more decrepid horse. He was lifted out and seated in a chair on the ground. Another chair was brought out for the judge. The opposing attorneys, who were Clem Quinn and C. C. Biting, paced the turf, carefully dodging the mud puddles. Stenographer McMahon climbed into the driver's seat in the hack to take his notes. The aged horse twisted his head occasionally to listen to what Quinn was saying, and once in a while sighed gently in Clerk Simonson's left ear.

It was a divorce case that was on trial, that of the Waiwaioles. The plaintiff was a woman whose husband some time since shot and attempted to kill her. The defendant was the husband, Kamaka Waiwaiole, who is now serving out a ten-year sentence in prison for that same attempt at murder.

Before trying to kill his wife, Waiwaiole had fled suit for divorce from her. But after the commission of the crime and his conviction and sentence to jail, the woman, Kaaiia, filed a cross libel, in which she accused the man of unfaithfulness. Quinn represented the woman and Biting appeared for the man. Waiwaiole was allowed to don his street clothes for the occasion and to appear in court unshackled, but carefully guarded.

The old man from the Lunalilo Home was brought as a witness to testify as to the defendant's relations with the daughter of that same old man. His testimony was damaging to the defendant. After he had given it he was bundled into the hack and taken back to the home.

WILL RETURN IN YEAR TO BUY VALUABLE STAMPS

M. H. Colson of Boston, one of the prominent stamp collectors on the mainland, departed on the Sierra yesterday after thoroughly scouring all the Islands for Hawaiian stamps of the old monarchy issues. He was successful in locating a large number of stamps and paid well for them, but not too well, as he is a dealer in stamps and expects to make a good profit on his finds.

He has found Hawaii a good field for searching and says he has located several valuable issues, and will return in a year or two to buy them up.

CHOLERA BREAKS OUT IN KOBE

WASHINGTON, September 21.—Official reports received here announce the appearance of cholera in Kobe.

WILL REGAIN OLD BARRACKS

Governor Intimates That National Guard May Have New Armory Soon.

The old "Household Barracks" lot, on which the drill shed and the present depot quartermaster's storehouse and offices stand may be turned back by the United States government to the Territory of Hawaii in the near future, and in anticipation of that transfer Governor Frear is making plans to ask the legislature for a liberal appropriation for an armory to house the First Regiment, National Guard of Hawaii.

Governor Frear, accompanied by Adjutant-General Jones of the national guard, and Chief Justice Hartwell of the supreme court, visited the camp of instruction for officers of the national guard yesterday, calling upon Colonel Bullard, U.S.A., chief instructor, and making an address to the assembled officers, in which he referred to the need of an armory to take the place of the battered and ill-looking drill shed to house the national guard, and the prospect of the federal government returning the barracks lot back to the Territory.

The Governor has been working on this matter for the past three years and believes he has succeeded and that before many more months have elapsed that the title will be turned back.

In his address he stated that he was glad to see so much patriotism manifested among the officers to give up so much of their time to acquiring a knowledge of military matters to put them on a par with regular officers. He said that there was an evident increase of interest in military matters both here and on the mainland, and this is shown by the larger appropriations being made by the federal government for national guard organizations, the instruction camps and the closer relations between regulars and guardsmen.

Judge Hartwell spoke of the necessity for the officers to understand their men, and acquiring a thorough knowledge of the details of looking after property and attending to the wants of the men.

Infantry Greatest Need.

Colonel Bullard has expressed the opinion that Hawaii is in need of more infantry than any other class of troops. This statement was made while the officer was giving instruction in deploying of troops, and while tactical evolutions were being arranged. He talked considerably with reference to what might happen should an enemy attack the shores of Oahu and then mapped out probable methods of meeting such attacks.

Smoker for Bullard.
On Monday evening the officers of the National Guard of Hawaii will give a smoker at the old Bungalow in honor of Colonel Bullard. This will be one of the first smokers in many years.

WYOMING DEMOCRATS NOMINATE REPUBLICAN

SHERIDAN, Wyoming, September 22.—The chances for the renomination of Congressman Mondell, representative-at-large, are now regarded as very critical. Former Senator Joseph M. Carey has been nominated for the governorship by the Democrats, although he served in the house of representatives and the senate as a Republican. He is the father of the Carey Act and the introducer of the bill that provided statehood for Wyoming. At the present time he has been leading the reform forces of the State, claiming that the Republican administration is honeycombed with graft.

STINGERS STUNG STURDILY WHEN LID COMES OFF

This is not a tale of the stingers stung, but of the stingers who stung, and it was a peaceful Catholic brother who was responsible for the stinging and possibly for the explosives of those who were stung. Brother Louis of the Kalawao settlement on Molokai was a passenger on the steamer Mikahala, bound for Molokai and Maui, on Tuesday. Half an hour before the steamer was to sail Brother Louis went to the wharf in a hack. He had a package on the seat beside him. Having an umbrella and several packages to handle, he turned the big package over to a native boy. The latter stumbled and the lid fell off. The package was a beehive. The buzzers buzzed out into the open and celebrated their freedom by sundry digs at man and beast in the vicinity. There were howls of pain, while mules grunted, kicked and stamped, and the greater the confusion the greater the intense stingability of the stingers. They stung good and plenty.

Father Valentin was in despair and he finally telephoned to Brother James, a bee expert, to hurry to the wharf with his smoke machine. The brother arrived in due time, got his machine in working order and gradually brought the buzzers back to their home. But the hive did not go to Molokai. Brother Louis had had enough experience for one day, and Brother James carried the busy little bees back to St. Louis College.

TOO MUCH BLINDNESS.

The municipal treasury was enriched by \$100 yesterday when Moriyata pleaded guilty to a charge of selling liquor without a license and was fined that amount. Judge Humphreys, who was defending, asked for a suspended sentence in return for the plea of guilty but the sentence fell way short of that.

Moriyata was caught by Liquor Inspector Fennell selling booze in his bicycle shop near Aala Park.

SCANDAL REVIVED TO HARASS COLONEL

Bellamy Storer Incident Crops Up With Some New Light on the Subject.

IRELAND'S LETTER QUOTED

Correspondence from Archbishop Says Roosevelt Did Give Storer His Orders.

SPRINGFIELD, Massachusetts, September 22.—That Theodore Roosevelt, while President, instructed Bellamy Storer, whom he had appointed Ambassador to Austria, to ask the Pope to elevate Archbishop Ireland to the rank of cardinal, in spite of Roosevelt's repeated denials to the contrary, is the claim made by the Springfield Republican, which has revived the old controversy by the publication yesterday of some new evidence.

The Republican reprints a review of the case written by Mrs. Bellamy Storer, dated September 6, in which she reiterates the charge of unfair treatment on the part of Roosevelt: in recalling Storer for doing what he had been specifically instructed to do. She claims that Roosevelt sent her husband to Vienna that he might interview the Pope on Archbishop Ireland's behalf as the personal representative of the President.

Storer was recalled in disgrace in 1906, when complaints were made that he was visiting the Pope and claiming to be President Roosevelt's agent, the President at that time denying that he had ever instructed the ambassador to speak for him. In an official communication to the congress, Roosevelt denounced as not only liars, but absurd liars, both Ambassador Storer and his wife.

The new light thrown on the old row by the Republican consists of a number of extracts from the letters of Archbishop Ireland, written during 1903 and 1904, in which frequent references are made to interviews between the writer and the President and in which the direct claim is made that the President told the writer that he had commissioned Ambassador Storer to act as an envoy to the Pope on the writer's (Ireland's) behalf.

Colonel Roosevelt, during his presidency and since has always denied having taken any part in attempting to secure promotion for Archbishop Ireland, stating in interviews and official letters that whatever impression the Storer had received that he wanted anything done by the ambassador for the archbishop must have come from statements of private friendship the President had for the church dignitary.

The active hostilities between the former President and the Storer began in December, 1906, when the recalled ambassador issued a letter charging the President with unfairness and with putting a false light on the circumstances surrounding his recall. In reply, President Roosevelt issued a pamphlet denying Storer's charges. This pamphlet contained the following paragraphs:

"The assertion that in any private conversation I took an opposite position from that which I was repeatedly expressing in writing is not only an untruth, but an absurd untruth."

"Mr. Storer asserts that he and Mrs. Storer and various other people, after conversations with me, put down memoranda as to what they remembered I had said. If such action was taken, it was, of course, simply dishonorable."

"Mr. Storer asserts that President McKinley commissioned a gentleman to ask (of the Pope) the appointment of Archbishop Ireland as cardinal. This is the direct contrary of what President McKinley told me was his attitude in the matter, and Mr. Cortelyou, who was then his private secretary, writes me as follows:

"This statement of Mr. Storer distorts what was evidently an expression of deep personal regard and respect for an individual into what is in substance a request for his advancement as a member of an ecclesiastical organization. The late President never made such a request."

"As for Mr. Storer's assertion that I authorized him to make such a statement as he says he was authorized to make to the Pope, it is untrue. I gave him no such authorization."

"I never received from him any letter giving any such account of his visit to the Vatican."

HOW TO CURE A COLD.

Be as careful as you can, you will occasionally take cold, and when you do get a medicine of known reliability, one that has an established reputation and that is certain to effect a quick cure. Such a medicine is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has gained a world-wide reputation by its remarkable cures of this most common ailment, and can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

During August, Chicago surpassed New York in the gross amount of postal receipts.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON

EDITOR

Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter. Semi-Weekly—Issued Tuesdays and Fridays.

Subscription Rates:

Per Month \$.35 Per Month, Foreign \$.45 Per Year \$ 3.00 Per Year, Foreign \$ 4.00

Payable Invariably in Advance.

CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 23

WHERE BUSINESS COMBINES WITH POLITICS.

Intelligent voters should review the present political situation from a business standpoint. Two years ago the voters elected a Democratic mayor and one Democratic supervisor to work with six Republican supervisors.

Today the voters have an opportunity of electing a mayor and a board the members of which will work in harmony. Harmony at the formative period in Honolulu's history is essential to progress.

The Democratic nominee for the mayoralty is the same who has never once during his term developed a constructive idea and who has used the time he has been paid for out of all proportion to its worth to laying the wires for his continuation in office.

The Democratic nominees for the board are, with one or two exceptions, unknown in business circles. If they have any ideas above the level of a lulu, they have kept them heretofore carefully concealed.

The Republicans have nominated for the board seven fairly representative men. They are men who have been in the public eye and from whom what may be expected is known.

To elect a Democratic mayor and a Republican board is to invite a repetition of the past two pitiable years of wasted opportunity; to elect a Republican mayor and a board with a majority of Democrats is to repeat in another the folly of 1908.

Common sense demands that Honolulu be given a government under which it can progress according to the golden opportunities at hand. Business sense demands that the board be one in which harmony may prevail.

Man for man the Republican ticket for mayor and board of supervisors is superior to that offered by the Democrats and for the best good of Honolulu that ticket should be supported straight.

With the individual city offices, the voter may without impeding the harmony of the administration, select the men they deem best fitted for the particular positions.

The election of one supervisor, or, worse yet, the reelection of Mayor Fern, would be serious, however. The mayor and board must be one in idea and action to produce the best result, and this is a business axiom as much as, or even more than, it is a political one.

DICKENS' CENTENARY.

A world-wide interest in the centenary of the birth of Charles Dickens next year is being created and an effort is being made to arouse public sentiment in favor of the issuance of a commemorative stamp to be known as the Dickens stamp and sold all over the world.

Dickens' works have probably had the largest circulation of any in the world and millions upon millions of copies have been sold, but from these sales not a cent of royalty has ever been paid the heirs of the great author.

The centenary celebration stamps, it is proposed, shall bear Dickens' likeness and their sale will be similar to that conducted recently by the Red Cross. It is the hope of the originators of the scheme that every person who has a volume of Dickens upon his or her library shelves will buy a stamp for each volume, and in this way the possessor of the stamped volume may feel that at least a royalty of two cents on each book has been paid to Dickens' descendants.

PANAMA EXPOSITION FIGHT.

Honolulu is, or should be, interested in San Francisco's effort to secure the congressional backing to the plan of holding the Panama Canal Exposition in the city of the Golden Gate.

San Francisco has not been altogether fair to Hawaii, having been rather inclined heretofore to the belief that the trade of the Islands belonged to her as a matter of right.

How Honolulu can help at the present time is by writing to whatever congressmen they know and urging support for San Francisco when the matter of the sanction for the world's fair is being fought out in congress between San Francisco and New Orleans.

Governor Frear appears to have cut the Gordian knot in the federal building site question by cabling Washington to start right in with condemnation proceedings to secure the site extension with the appropriation available.

JAPAN'S EMPEROR AND SOCIALISTS.

The news from Japan that a plot has been discovered on the part of anarchists to assassinate the Emperor may be taken with a grain of salt. It is inconceivable that any subject of the Emperor, fanatical as he might be politically, would plot against the life of his ruler, the apotheosized of the nation.

For some weeks the Japanese press has been filled with vague allusions to the wholesale arrests being made among the socialists and hints have been thrown out that socialism has been replaced in some circles by anarchism, with members making bombs and preaching the destruction of ministers and legislators.

It is probable—almost a certainty in the opinion of some of the leaders among the thinking Japanese of Honolulu—that the statement that it has been the Emperor himself that the anarchists were after has been given out to check the sympathy of the people for the socialists and to bring about a revolution of feeling against them.

Representative Tawney, who was defeated at the Minnesota primaries for reelection, has served in eight congresses, from the fifty-third to the sixty-first, inclusive. He was vice-chairman of the Republican campaign committee in 1906 and has been chairman of the appropriations committee of the house.

"Portuguese or Porto Ricans? Which?" This should be the question pounded into the ears of the voters from now on until the end of the campaign. Once the eyes of the Hawaiians are opened to the true conditions which the success of McCandless would bring about and the Link will be not only missing on election day but even the sound of his voice will have evaporated.

Our next door neighbor on the west is Japan and for this reason, if no other, the request made through the Advertiser by Mr. Sheba, on behalf of his countrymen, addressed to those here able to aid the Japanese flood sufferers, is certainly not out of place.

It is to be hoped that when the Maui Republicans select their legislative ticket they will include among the candidates for the house the name of M. P. Waiwaiole. Mr. Waiwaiole was one of the most efficient members of the last house, a man who did not devote all his energies to talking and who could always be depended upon to vote on the side of justice and common sense.

On the principle that a man with a broken leg should be pleased to hear that a neighbor has mumps, an evening paper thinks Honoluluans should be delighted at the report that the extraordinary tourist traffic Europeanwards from America during the summer has brought about a congestion in the passenger traffic of the Atlantic.

The Republican party in Honolulu, having kept the yellow dogs off the ticket, now propose to put them in charge of the campaign. We suppose it will make little difference to them whether they get at the money bags before the election or afterwards.

Prince Tsai Hsun developed pulmonary affection as soon as he struck San Francisco. Evidently he failed to get the warm welcome on the Coast he received in Honolulu, where soldiery, police and secret service men kept every draught away.

"Link McCandless, one of our presumptive delegates to congress," is the way one of our rural contemporaries puts it. The accent should go on the "presumptive" rather than on the "delegates," however.

Hilo Republicans are now working in perfect harmony. This matter of getting together is fast becoming a habit in the Big Island capital.

Labbina advices do not state whether it was rough passage or McCandless' ideas on immigration that made the passengers sick on the Mauna Kea this week.

Igneous Off thought the five hundred dollars offered for the discovery of Anderson Grace was real money. That's where he is Off.

The Springfield Republican and Archbishop Ireland will be full-fledged members of the Ananias Club before evening.

Cholera has arrived in Kobe. Vigilance should be used to see that it gets no closer to Honolulu.

Congratulations to Supervisor McClellan and felicitations to his bride.

CLANDESTINE LOVE LETTERS TO CEASE

Missouri Postmaster Won't Be Sponsor for General Delivery Evils.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., September 7.—An investigation for the purpose of stopping clandestine correspondence and illegal use of the United States mails in Kansas City, Kas., was begun by W. R. Childs, the postmaster, yesterday afternoon.

"I am satisfied that the mail is put to illegal uses in this postoffice every day," Mr. Childs said last night. "In several instances I have ascertained that letters have been received at the general delivery windows under assumed names. Such a device never is used for a reason that bears investigation; in fact, it is resorted to chiefly by persons wanted by the police, women who receive letters from men other than their husbands, persons engaged in swindles and girls corresponding with men whom their parents have forbidden them to see.

Violates the Law. "In no case is the device justifiable, and it violates the part of the postal law which makes it a felony to use the mails to commit a deception. The general delivery is for the benefit of transients in the city and persons who have permanent street addresses should have their mail delivered by the carriers."

day afternoon was a girl who appeared to be about sixteen years old. When asked by the clerk at the window if she had a street address she replied in the affirmative, and gave the street and number of the house at which she lived.

"Then why do you have your mail sent to the general delivery window?" "I get part of it here and I have part of it sent home," she replied.

When told that the general delivery was for the convenience of transients and that in the future her mail would be sent to the address which she had given, she appeared frightened.

Used Assumed Name? "Oh, don't send any letters addressed to that name to the house," she exclaimed, as she took the letter and hastened from the office.

"There will not be any more letters bearing that name," Mr. Childs said after she was gone. "That was not her own, I'll venture to say, and she was getting letters from someone whom her parents did not allow her to see. If we do not unearth letters from swindlers and discover more serious misuses of the mails before we are through with this investigation it will be because they have become frightened and do not write any more. The government knowingly would not countenance such uses of the mails and clandestine correspondence through this office must stop."

Mr. Childs said that persons who are making legitimate use of the general delivery need not fear embarrassment or inconvenience from the questions that will be asked in the investigation.

Local Marine Notice.

Maui Island, Northerly Side, Kahului Harbor, Kahului Breakwater Light.—On September 20 the characteristic of this light was changed from fixed white to fixed red, without other change in the characteristic. Bearings: Church in Kahului, 173 1/2 deg. true (S by E 7-16 E mag.); Kahului front range light, 185 deg. true (S 7-16 E mag.); church on Waialuku road, westerly shore of bay, 236 deg. true (W 1-2 N mag.) V. S. HOUSTON, Lieut.-Comdr., U.S.N., Inspector, 19th Lighthouse District.

WILL FIGHT TO THE BITTER END

Runaways From Wilhelmina Maintain That They Did No Wrong.

This morning the quarantine ends for the twenty-seven members of the crew of the Matson steamship Wilhelmina, who are alleged to have broken quarantine from that vessel.

That they broke liberty none of them are inclined to deny, for all those now in quarantine are willing to admit that they left the ship contrary to orders. In other words, they wanted to get ashore for whatever excitement the town happened to afford at the time, but they absolutely deny having broken quarantine, and declare that they had no intention of breaking quarantine rules.

They maintain that the crew was not mustered and instructed that there was any quarantine in effect, and that, therefore, they knew nothing about the regulation against their going ashore, over and above the mere statement of their superior officers that they would not be allowed to tread the streets of Honolulu on the night in question, which was Monday—a week ago last Monday. Doctor Ramus, it seems, is going to prosecute the whole lot as soon as they are out of quarantine this morning, and he promises to make it hot for those who are alleged to have broken quarantine.

On the other hand, as previously announced, the Sailors' Union, the Marine Cooks' Union and the union that has at heart the welfare of the firemen and wipers and oilers and other men of the engine rooms aboard coal-burners or oil-burners, are going to fight the case for all it is worth, and they intend to show that there was no quarantine at all, or if there was any alleged quarantine, that such quarantine was a farce and a joke.

It has not yet been decided what attorney is to represent the alleged quarantine breakers, but when the men are arrested this morning, after coming out of quarantine on the island, it will be decided what attorney or attorneys are to handle the case.

It will be remembered that the Wilhelmina was put in quarantine at Hilo on account of a case being put ashore which was supposed to be a matter of smallpox. Whether it was smallpox or not, is a question that has to be settled with the quarantine authorities, but it was alleged to be such a case, and the usual quarantine in such cases was required. When the vessel arrived at Honolulu from Hilo she was put alongside the quarantine wharf, and later was released from that position and put alongside the railway wharf at the Ewa end of the harbor, and was warped away some eight or ten feet from the wharf, with the idea that nobody was to be allowed ashore except the heads of the ship's department, and that nobody was to be allowed aboard.

The members of the crew resented the rumor to the effect that nobody would be allowed ashore except the officers. They wanted to go ashore themselves, and when the officers were allowed ashore and they were compelled to stay aboard they resented the orders and went ashore whether the rules allowed them to do so or not.

They walked ashore in spite of alleged orders. Now they say the orders given them were merely that they were not allowed to leave the ship. They might have been guilty of leaving the vessel without leave, but they deny any guilt as to breaking quarantine.

It is believed that if these men are convicted of breaking quarantine, which is not altogether expected, there will be a considerable change in the method of handling quarantine matters here—in other words, that the system of handling quarantine will be such that there will be the strictest observance of quarantine methods, and there will be no chance of twenty-seven men, through a misunderstanding or otherwise, going ashore from a ship aboard which there has been a case of smallpox, whether they want to or not.

The United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service is going to prosecute without fear or favor, and if it wins the case against the men of the Wilhelmina it will prove a victory contrary to the understanding of the men of the Sailors' Union and the other unions represented. These unions believe that they have no right to have their men prosecuted and will fight to have the sailors and stewards and funnies and engine room men cleared of any wrongdoing, in which event it will mean that the custom here in regard to quarantining vessels will be much more stringent than at present.

"WALT MASON" ENDS LIFE.

PHILADELPHIA Sept. 11.—Believed to have committed suicide at least a weeks ago to get relief from the pangs of an internal disorder, John Scanlon, better known under his pen name of "Walt Mason," was found today in his studio, No. 931 Fitch street.

The discovery was due to a search made by a sister, who had not heard from him for a longer period than usual. In addition to being an artist and illustrator, Scanlon, who was 43 years old, wrote poetry, in prose in a humorous style which was published at various times in newspapers from one end of the country to the other. He was a widower, and his health had been failing for months.

Big Sugar Haul.

The sugar season is over, and out of about half a million tons of the sweet stuff exported from these Islands in the year the steamships of the American-Hawaiian company have transported about two hundred and seventy-five thousand tons by way of Salina Cruz, thence across Tehuantepec, and so to the eastern market.

CONDENSED NEWS FROM COAST FILES

Two cases of cholera are reported in Saxony.

Admiral Bob Evans says talk of universal disarmament is "all rot."

The city of Panama plans to hold a Panama world's fair in 1914.

The Lucky Baldwin estate has paid an inheritance tax of \$100,000 in California.

Winnipeg will hold a world's fair in 1914—the centennial of the Selkirk settlement.

Miss Katherine Elkins will sail from Europe to the United States about October 1.

The Spanish cabinet forbade King Alfonso from attending the yacht races at Bilbao.

The direct primary for nominating a United States senator has been inaugurated in New Jersey.

Los Angeles plans to send police court prisoners to a municipal farm to work instead of to jail.

Oregon lands aggregating 1,873,290 acres were thrown open for homestead settlement September 12.

Prof. Pickering of Harvard visited Lick observatory and declares there is none better in the world.

Sugar weighers at New York, sentenced for frauds, have been denied pardon by President Taft.

Cudahy, the Chicago meat packer, paid \$1,250,000 for 32,000 acres of cotton land in Imperial Valley.

Chinese, disguised as women autoists, have been smuggled across the Mexican line into the United States.

Physicians of Reginald Vaederbilt deny the rumor that he was shot by an angry husband at Newport.

Admiral Evans has been visiting the Coalinga oil fields in company with a party of eastern capitalists.

Edwin Robinson killed his cousin, Mrs. Edward Browning, at Ukiah, California, and committed suicide.

Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, State president of the W. C. T. U., is a candidate for congress in Kentucky.

A stampede is on to the Naco river region in British Columbia where rich placer gold has been discovered.

Sacramento county has discarded voting machines and \$50,000 worth have been sent to the junk pile.

After the imperial maneuvers in Prussia, Emperor William gave a 45-minute criticism of the operations.

Queen Maria Pia (King Manuel's grandmother) has been sued by a Lisbon draper for a \$20,000 dress bill.

Franklin H. Griffith, a Los Angeles mining promoter, was shot by Mrs. Wm. Kraus of Memphis but will recover.

Seventy-five thousand persons assembled at the first open-air meeting of the eucharistic congress at Montreal.

The new Y. M. C. A. building in Mexico City was dedicated, President Diaz unlocking the door with a silver key.

Dr. David Starr Jordan of Stanford University, will be a director in the World Peace School now being organized.

Yvette Guilbert, the actress, has published in Paris an autobiography describing her career from poverty to fame.

Four robbers failed in an attempt to blow up the vault of the Statebank of Henry, South Dakota, but wrecked the bank.

A hypnotist has been summoned to relieve the Zarina of Russia from heart trouble and melancholia induced by fear.

Fifty-seven ministers have quit the Iowa Methodist conference on account of low salaries and will engage in secular work.

Flags and decorations to the value of \$2,500,000 are being made in London for the king's coronation celebration next June.

New York city schools opened with an enrollment of 710,000 children, 60,000 being obliged to start on part time for want of room.

Wm. J. Hennessey of Oakland, was elected supreme president of the Young Men's Institute at the national convention in San Francisco.

David P. Walker, who began life as a peddler and became a wealthy merchant and banker of San Francisco and Salt Lake City, is dead.

The opposition in Norway against Mormons doing missionary work there has not been sustained, and the government refuses to interfere.

The New York World in commenting on Maine having elected a Democratic governor, says that Republican defeat next November is foreshadowed.

California society is mourning the death of Miss Florence Pardee, daughter of the former governor, who was killed in an automobile accident.

Moving pictures of this year's Admission day festa in San Francisco will be shown all over the United States to boost the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Henry Vignard, the French historian, has published a work on Columbus in which he likens him to Doctor Cook, charging him to be not overtruthful.

Germany has solved the tramp problem by enforcing compulsory labor for not less than a year for small wages, out of which they must pay their living.

The Native Sons of the Golden West in California are raising \$25,000 for a shaft at Donner Lake as a memorial for the pioneers who crossed the plains in '49.

A movement is proposed to have the government place signposts leading to water in Death Valley and on the deserts of Nevada, to save the lives of prospectors.

A first dividend of fifteen per cent to the creditors of the defunct First National Bank of Elkholtz, Nevada, has been declared by the comptroller of the currency.

A procession two miles in length followed the remains of the late Fire Chief Brown to the grave at San Jose, and business was suspended during the funeral exercises.

Justice Cooper in San Francisco's District Court of Appeals handed down an opinion that orientals have as much right to use opium as Americans have to drink liquor, and that the police have no business to force their way into the private clubs of Chiutown on suspicion that gambling is being conducted.

British soldier Selsdon has nearly discharged his "Next week she will proceed to Ocean Island to load guano."

REAL ESTATE DEALS INVOLVE TWO FAMOUS RESIDENCES

ENGINEERS NEAR PRACTICAL TALKS

be put into extensive use whenever it would be required.

The Guests.

Those present at the banquet were Hon. Walter F. Frear, Col. Walter S. Schuyler, U. S. A.; Major Charles D. Long, U. S. M. C.; Capt. M. N. Falls, U. S. A.; Hon. Jos. J. Fern, A. C. Lewerenz, U. S. A.; W. R. Farrington, H. O. Matheson, Daniel Logan, H. N. Hapburn, A. Meyers, C. B. Ripley, Mr. Whitfield A. E. Ewart, C. J. Schaeffer, R. W. Andrews, Marston Campbell, W. A. Wall, Charles H. Roe, J. S. Bailey, W. H. Hoogs, Robt. R. Clinton, Irvin Spalding, Robert J. Pratt, H. L. Kerr, Wm. Weinrich, Jr., W. E. Rowell, L. B. Maynard, W. H. Patea, H. G. Ginnca, E. M. Seville, Wm. G. White, F. O. Boyer, John M. Young, G. H. Gere, A. W. Keech, E. W. Ellis, Robt. Menagh, Arthur R. Keller, E. Kopke, O. F. Bush, Geo. F. Wright, W. J. Dyer, Geo. F. Renton, Geo. P. Denison, E. A. Southworth, F. Riels, A. C. Wheeler, H. S. Denison, C. G. Ballyntyne.

BIG HAUL MADE OF SMUGGLED OPIUM

(Continued from Page One.)

smuggled opium," he told the woman. She was game and invited him in, at the same time volubly explaining that there was no opium in the house. But Breckons entered. The woman politely placed a chair for him—but Breckons noticed that she carefully placed it so that his back was toward a door that apparently led into another room. That was enough to excite his curiosity and he determined to search that room first. He opened the door with a pass key, and there in a corner under a pile of rubbish he found the opium, great heap of it. There were one hundred and one loose tins and two larger tins which, upon being opened, were found to contain each twenty of the ordinary half-tin tins.

The dope was all lugged out and placed in the back, as was also a fine leather suit case that was in the room. Examination of this suit case disclosed the marks of the tins and also some bits of paper that had come off them. This showed conclusively that the opium had been carried to the house in the suit case.

Breckons waited some time at the house in the hope that Chin Chan Kee would appear and be arrested, but the Chinese also had a hunch and he didn't show up. So Breckons went back to his office and swore to a warrant for the arrest of the man.

It is the belief of the authorities that there is a rich hui engaged in the smuggling business. It is not at all probable that a man like Chin Chan Kee would be able to buy and smuggle in alone one hundred and forty-one tins of opium. He must have had assistance, both financial and physical. Breckons, of course, hopes to be able to get information as to the identity of the other members of the smugglers' hui.

On some of the tins and within the two big containers were found grains of coarse beach sand. This would seem to indicate that the opium was brought ashore somewhere on the coast of the Islands and buried until opportunity offered for getting it into the city without too great danger of detection. This may point once more to the activity of Japanese power sampans.

The Chinaman was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Marshal Hendry who had followed many clues as to where the man had gone and finally got him and placed him in Imbu in the prison. District Attorney Breckons interviewed the prisoner in his characteristic manner and emerged from the prison smiling his inscrutable smile. The interview was satisfactory for the interview gave a clue to the hui which is operating on a big scale to bring opium into this city.

PANAMA'S NEW THEATER.

The public theater is a conspicuous factor in the life of every Latin American city. Every important town owns its splendid municipal theater, of which it is justly proud. In many cases these theaters are buildings beautiful in design, having cost large sums of money to erect. One of the recent contributions in this respect is the city of Panama.

The new government palace and the National theater constitute one of the finest buildings in Panama, occupying an entire block between them. The theater is at one side and the Palace is at the other. The two make a fine edifice covering an area of nearly 11,000 square feet, having cost \$60,000.

The auditorium of the theater will accommodate 3,300 persons, says Pera Today, and has splendid acoustic properties. The interior walls are formed of iron and cement blocks, the roof is of corrugated iron and the stage is fitted with a fireproof, metallic curtain. Light and ventilation are obtained from eight large windows, situated on each of the four sides.

It was erected during the administration of the late Dr. Amador Guerrero, having been commenced in November, 1905, and completed two and a half years later. It was inaugurated by an Italian opera company, which had been expressly contracted for. Since that time it has given an uninterrupted series of performances of every kind.

WILL TRY WATER FEAT.

NEW YORK, September 11.—A sixteen-year-old girl, who has a record in Boston for swimming, is going to make the attempt to swim around Manhattan Island. She is Miss Rose Pitinoff, who was the first woman to swim from Charleston Bridge to Boston Light, a distance of twelve miles.

Miss Pitinoff says she is willing to undertake the feat of swimming around Manhattan, starting at some boat club on the Harlem River, down the East River, around the Battery and up the Hudson. She will be followed by a steam launch and a tug carrying timers and spectators.

The girl says she prefers cold water for swimming. The average temperature of the water in her swim to the Boston Light was 45°, and she was in the water six hours. Doctor Sargent, inventor of the muscle-building machines, says she is the best developed woman he has ever seen.



BEAUTIFUL WAIKIKI BEACH HOME OF WM. G. IRWIN, WHICH A COMPANY WISHES TO ACQUIRE FOR HOTEL PURPOSES.

(Continued From Page One.)

to cut the line, by the late Prince Hilko, who received his training on the Pennsylvania Railroad system. Colonel Schuyler related a number of incidents of the firing line to show the part taken in war by engineers, the Russian corps on one occasion playing a "practical joke" on the Japanese by creeping into the midst of sleeping infantry and showering them with hand grenades, an incident over which, said the speaker, "we Russians had many a laugh."

Wallace R. Farrington, editor of the Bulletin, responded to the toast of the Press, making a happy speech, in which he referred to the newspapers of Honolulu as safety valves of the community. He referred to the history of Hilo to show the benefits of printers' ink, relating how that town was held in a fuming state until some one ventured to publish a newspaper, through which all the steam of the city blew off and the community got down to building railroads and breakwaters and other things of progress.

Reclamation in Hawaii.

Governor Frear, on the subject of reclamation, made a practical address of some length, in the course of which he reviewed the progress of the Territory from the engineering point of view. He stated that he always combined with reclamation the term con-

The Menu.

- Dry Martini
- Alligator Pear Cocktail
- Tortue au Madeira
- Filet of Kumu a la Hongroise
- Cucumbers Chipolata
- Filet de Boeuf a la Daube
- Stuffed Turkey with Cranberries
- French Beans Potatoes
- Asparagus Mayonnaise
- Pistache Ice Cream Cakes
- Fruits Nuts Raisins
- Fromage Cafe Noir

servation, and then broadened that by adding "and the development of the natural resources." Conservation had too miserably a sound, while development meant increase and growth. He referred to the fact that reclamation on Hawaii began some thousand years ago, when the Hawaiians practiced irrigation on a scientific scale and conserved their water supply by tamping their taro patches and ditches. "Just as you line them now with concrete," he explained.

The Governor reviewed the results of the visits here of Newell and the other reclamationists, with the alternative ideas advanced of the extension of the federal reclamation service and the reclamation of the resources of the country by the territorial government. Now another alternative had presented itself—that of the reclamation by private persons. All three included the idea of homesteading the land, that being the plan favored by Washington.

An instance of the work being attempted by the Territory was that of the Kapa lands, "which we hope to get through, if the land board will ever pass upon it," said the Governor.

As an instance of what private capital is ready to undertake in the way of expensive reclamation works, the speaker referred to the plan to carry water from the Hilo district into Kau, through a cement ditch ninety miles in length. To carry out this plan, however, would require special congressional action, the local legislature not having the authority to guarantee the water company anything in regard to the land, the longest lease on which could be for only fifteen years, with the prospect of having it taken for homesteads sooner. Such a ditch as this would have to be built on capital from long-term bonds, and those supplying the money must have some guarantee that the lands they stood ready to reclaim would continue to be customers for water.

"I have heard every year for the past thirty years that we have reached the limit of our production," said the Governor. "I remember when fifteen thousand tons of sugar was regarded as the most that could possibly be raised on Oahu. One hundred and fifty thousand tons was regarded as an extraordinary figure for the Territory to ever reach. Last year we raised three times that amount. I do not think that we have much more than reached half of our limit. I know five pieces of government land, with the water for them in sight, one hundred thousand acres, which will bring our sugar production up two-thirds, to between eight hundred and nine hundred thousand tons."

The Governor stated that the question of reclamation by the Territory rested altogether on public opinion. We can do the work if the legislature will vote us the money.

The Nuanuu Dam.

After Connie Marina, from the Park Theater, had told a number of amusing stories, Marston Campbell was called upon to tell of the Great Nuanuu Dam. Mr. Campbell made a neat talk, declaring that it was well within Honolulu's reach to have the best water system in the world. He declared that the Nuanuu dam was a money maker for the community and that there was water enough now in sight for a city of one hundred thousand people. "But I can't get it to the consumers through small pipes," he said.

Pearl Harbor.

A. C. Lewerenz, the navy engineer in charge of the work at Pearl Harbor, spoke of the progress of the work and told what there would be at the great naval yards when they are completed. Mr. Lewerenz' address was practical and removed a number of misconceptions regarding the Pearl Harbor yards. He explained that there was nothing of a fortification nature in the work he was doing. A navy yard is a manufacturing center and usually placed where defense of the yard itself is not necessary. At Pearl Harbor, where the yard would not be out of gun range in case of hostilities, there would be forts, but not in direct connection with the yard. It is not probable, he explained, that Pearl Harbor will ever be kept up as a great navy repair station, such as the New York yards, which employ from four to five thousand men continuously, but the yard here would have to be kept ready to

MORSE PUT IN SOLITARY.

ATLANTA, Georgia, September 7.—The fact that Charles W. Morse, the banker confined in the federal penitentiary here, was put in solitary confinement for two days last week for infractions of the rules, was made public here today by Warden Wilham H. Moyer.

Morse's offense was a refusal to tell from what source he received \$41 in money, it being a strict rule that no prisoner shall be given money or keep it in his possession. Morse gave the money to a nurse to distribute among needy prisoners.

A DANGER AVOIDED.

There is no danger from blood poisoning resulting from a wound when Chamberlain's Pain Balm is applied. It is an antiseptic liniment. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.



FAMOUS SPRECKELS MANSION AT PUNAHOU WHICH IS WANTED FOR A SANITARIUM.

growing in the business streets of Honolulu. The great white mansion is a replica of many of the oldtime mansions of California, of the type that its blinds have been kept closed for about fifteen years and the rooms remain

darkened but filled with the furniture of its palmy days when Claus Spreckels lived there while acquiring a fortune in Hawaiian sugar. Even the dining table is said to be set with crockery, silver and general tableware.

REMOVING THE PUCKER FROM THE PERSIMMON

Agricultural Department Carrying on Experiments in Washington.

Puckerless persimmons are now being experimented with by the department of agriculture in the hope that they may be added to the list of valuable American fruits. The experiments are being carried on both in Washington and in the South, the first to take the pucker out of otherwise desirable persimmons, and the second to grow persimmons that have no pucker to take out.

The persimmon has been a problem with the department for many years. There are some big varieties that look almost like tomatoes and that make a beautiful spoon fruit when they are ripe, but they can not be taken to market after they get ripe, because then they are too soft to transport. The result has been that many of the citrus fruit dealers who handle them have come to look upon them largely as a table decoration. Great, luscious-looking persimmons are shipped, nicely wrapped in tissue paper, and sometimes on the wrapper the pucker prints a caution to the consumer to keep the persimmon until it is ripe and soft. But the consumer does not, and there is another enemy added to the long list of people who think the big persimmon is a delusion.

Utilizing Japanese Discovery.

But the department of agriculture is now working to remedy the defect. It has been found that the Japanese, for a few centuries, have been treating the big persimmons with the fumes of sake, taking out the pucker before they were fully ripe, so that they could be shipped and sold while they were solid and eaten like an apple. The early Japanese probably did not know why sake fumes had this effect, but the department found out that it was because it changed the tannin in the fruit to insoluble crystals. It therefore has been working with all sorts of alcohol fumes, and probably now is near a commercial solution of the problem.

The persimmon that has no pucker originally was found by the department during one of the exploring expeditions of Mr. Graves into the interior of China. It grows south of the frost belt, and unlike the native little persimmon does not have to have a case of chilblains before it is fit to eat. These specimens are coming on well, and there is a

ment local attorney to the Coast is said to be connected with the project. The promoters of the enterprise do not wish to lease the grounds but desire to acquire title.

The grounds are extensive and occupy a long strip of some of the most desirable beach property and is located in a very exclusive residence section opposite Kapiolani Park. The residence is a beautiful building and the interior is finished handsomely and artistically. The stables are the handsomest and most expensive in the city. There is plenty of ground for additional buildings, while the beach curve would make it a valuable asset as a tourist attraction.

Another move which is reported to be on in the real estate market is a deal to acquire a lease or title to the famous Spreckels property on Punahou street, about opposite the residence of Governor Frear, to be devoted to sanitarium purposes. The great Spreckels mansion has been closed since the memorable day when Claus Spreckels, in a huff, locked the doors, put the key in his pocket, and boarded a steamer for San Francisco. The residence has had a solitary career in its ample setting of palm-filled grounds, for the Francisco, declaring he would see grass

Philippines if he can rely upon such care and return to his home. We fail to see wherein Mr. Beaumont was a factor in this matter."

Col. Chas. H. Bilan has been appointed temporary surveyor of the port of San Francisco.



REST AND PEACE

Fall upon distracted households when Cuticura enters.

All that the fondest of mothers desires for the alleviation of her skin-tortured and disfigured infant is to be found in warm baths with

CUTICURA SOAP

And gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment.



Irwin Mansion and the Historic Spreckels Residence.

One Wanted for Hotel, and the Other for Sanitarium.

A movement is under way, it is reported along Brokers' Row, to acquire the beautiful grounds of William G. Irwin at Waikiki, on which stand his handsome Mexican style home and palatial stables, to be turned into a site for a beach hotel.

Mr. Irwin has occupied this home very little and it has been often rumored that the entire place is on the market, but in each instance the rumor has been denied. At the present time, however, there seems to be some truth in the statement and the visit of a promi-

AGITATOR AT WORK AMONG FILIPINOS

Little Insurrection Among a Batch Bound for Hawaii—Not Running Free Excursion Trips.

MANILA, August 21.—According to a statement by Mr. Taylor of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association, a small insurrection was created aboard the Taming before she sailed Tuesday for Hongkong. In explaining his position regarding the Filipino laborers secured for the plantations in Hawaii and the attacks upon his policy, Mr. Taylor said yesterday: "At our request it is the custom at the departure of emigrants from Manila for Hawaii for one or two secret service men to be present at the steamer for two purposes—first, to see that no criminals avail themselves of the opportunity to leave the country, and, secondly, to witness the treatment of the emigrants. In any doubtful case the secret service officers are requested to take note of what transpires, and, if they desire, make inquiries to satisfy themselves. On August 16 the secret service agent acquired of Macario Mascarinias whether or not he desired to go to Hawaii, and he replied he did. It seems E. J. Kapler was the dissatisfied party, and after our departure boarded the Taming and sold, as far as circumstantial evidence goes, a little insurrection meeting of his own board. As soon as the case of Mascarinias was brought up officially, I fired to the steamship managers in Hongkong as follows: 'Ask Mascarinias, No. 3101, absolutely uninduced if he desires go Hawaii. If not, return.' " "The Taming arrived in Hongkong Tuesday forenoon and the agent promptly cabled: 'Twelve of the Taming lot refuse to go to Honolulu.' " "This is evidently the result of the surreptitious meeting on the Taming at Manila," said Mr. Taylor. "Directions were cabled to Hongkong," said he, as follows: 'They either go to Honolulu or turn them loose in Hongkong.' " "Whatever we deem proper in exceptional cases, we are not running free round-trip excursions between Manila and Hongkong with cigarettes, mats, pillows, etc. thrown in. Until interfered with the Filipino knows his own mind; he prefers thirty-six pesos and fifty-five pesos and more per month, with everything free except food and clothing. Also kind treatment and free return to Manila and his home if his health fails or he is unable to work. Ask a sick, penniless white man in the

AGRICULTURE, COMMERCE, BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL REVIEW

Business and Finance

BOND REVIEW.

There has been a great deal of discussion on the streets during the week regarding the quotations on local bonds, which are stated by some to be lower than their real values and by others to be too high for profitable investment.

It depends largely on the speaker's position in the local financial world as to what side of the question he'll take but there is a general feeling that bonds should go higher and probably will.

Hamakua Ditch Co quoted last at 104 are noted as one of those securities where the present value is below the logical value of such an investment.

Actual figures show that the bond market, particularly on the Coast, is recovering from a severe depression which it experienced earlier in the year. Bonds which were then quoted at prices five or six or even ten points lower than that which had come to be considered their normal current valuation have now recovered completely, or at least started to. In several cases the higher figure has been exceeded by present quotations.

E. H. Rollins & Sons, a national house of undoubted authority, stated in a recent circular:

"The most marked change is that which has occurred in the quoted value of even the best municipal, railway and corporation bonds. It is, however, gratifying to note that the reduction in price is not caused by or attendant with an impairment of the fundamental security behind the bonds themselves."

In regard to investment they say further:

"The importance of the present situation lies in the fact that without the sacrifice of the security of your principal and interest you can obtain good bonds at a price level sufficiently low not only to produce a larger income than formerly, but probably a profit based on evidences, even now apparent, of a gradual return to former levels."

This statement is applied by local bond brokers to the local market and probably, though stated in connection with Californian securities, fits the local conditions as well.

A suggestion advanced in this column last week regarding a semi-official sanction being granted to companies desiring to sell stocks in the city in order to weed out undesirable propositions, was a trifle too eagerly taken up in several quarters. One man selling oil stock amended it so far as to add that each company placing its prospectus before the committee for investigation should pay a fee of \$50.

That would be manifestly unfair. Any company has a right to sell stock without paying for the right. The investigation proposed was only to stop unscrupulous promoters from gaining a foothold, not to derive revenue at the expense of a man who was trying to raise capital to float a legitimate enterprise.

It was further suggested that the Governor appoint the committee. It is not an official matter at all, but a commercial one, and should rest entirely with the commercial bodies who are bound by policy to protect their own customers from the persons mentioned.

An objection to the proposal was raised on the grounds that if this procedure was followed a committee of responsible business men could not help boosting a proposition that might pass trial although they might have no desire to do so personally. This is a near-sighted policy. It wouldn't increase the companies taking money from the local market, whether it would decrease them, or not.

HAWAII RAILROADS.

A large amount of quiet but enthusiastic praise has been bestowed on the territorial railroad systems by visiting railroad men from the Coast, the Oahu Railway coming in for a particularly good sized portion. Recent visitors connected with the largest systems of the mainland have expressed wonder at the amount of business transacted over such a comparatively small mileage as is possessed by the Oahu Railroad.

The engineering work of the Hilo Railroad is equally the recipient of praise from other standpoints. The general manager of one of the most advertised roads in the country stated recently that he was greatly surprised when going over the Honouliuli Bridge to find that it was higher than the one his own road was boasting of as one of the highest in the country.

J. M. Young returned last week from a tour of inspection of the bridges along the Hilo Railroad route.

IMMIGRATION OFFICE.

The Territorial Board of Immigration will shortly open a new office at Merchant and Alakea, on the mauka-Waikiki corner. Doctor Clark will then take up his duties in a place where he will be in closer touch with the "street." The new office will be more available for the immigrant who finds himself in difficulties after landing here and might want advice.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Politics were mainly responsible for one of the poorest and most inactive weeks that the stock market has known for some time during the week just past. No changes in quotations testified further to the inactivity.

Monday's trading opened uncertain and was followed by an absolutely dull

market on Tuesday on which day the Republican county convention was held, monopolizing public attention. Wednesday noted the largest sale list of the week, extensive trading in Hawaiian commercial bringing the average on Thursday and Friday were far below normal, the entire week being capped by a holiday at the end of it.

is one of the influencing elements in the local market, more so probably than in any other market, and its curtailment would seriously depreciate the value of listed and unlisted stocks. In the face of this a general stagnation is predicted until such time as the result of the election can be determined or until it comes off. The fact that a majority of the Democrats themselves, including some of those now holding office, disapprove of this plank increases the aversion with which it is regarded.

As the last shipment of the present crop is being loaded, interest and speculation centers itself chiefly with the 1911 campaign. President Morgan of the chamber of commerce predicted that this crop is the largest that will be harvested in Hawaii, but reports from the plantations indicate otherwise.

The world's market has remained generally steady, and crop reports for the coming season do not indicate anything extraordinary. Alexander & Baldwin yesterday received a cable from San Francisco, stating that refined sugar had dropped ten cents on the hundred pounds. The arrival of the Lura at San Francisco with a cargo of refined from the Atlantic Coast is supposed to be responsible for the drop, as this was the object of this particular piece of sugar manipulation.

The total trading for the week involved \$40,836,875, divided as follows:

- Monday, \$7850. Tuesday, \$4875. Wednesday, \$12,055,875. Thursday, \$10,655. Friday, \$5400.

The sales by stocks were: Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company, 390 shares at \$15.600.

Halekua Sugar Company, 50 shares at \$7625.

Oahu Sugar Company, 180 shares at \$8850.

Waikuku, 25 shares at \$4625.

Honokaa Sugar Company, 240 shares at \$4284.

Waialua, 15 shares at \$1950.

Ewa Plantation Company, 15 shares at \$496,875.

Panahaui Sugar Plantation Company, 15 shares at \$405.

It is reported that an alfalfa feed mill is soon to be erected near Los Angeles, where molasses from Hawaii will be used principally in the preparation of feed.

OIL LANDS.

T. O'Donnell, president of the American Petroleum Company, who was sent to Washington to represent the oilmen of the State on the question of securing title to located lands, recently spoke before the Coalings' chamber of commerce. As matters stand at present, all the public lands and lands located but not patented, amounting to some

A WORD TO MOTHERS DOES YOUR DAUGHTER NEED MORE STRENGTH? This Tonic Treatment Solves One of the Most Puzzling Problems for Parents of Girls in Their 'Teens.

A growing girl who is confined within doors too much of the time, who overworks, overstudies or is depressed by worry or care, needs the tonic treatment if she would avoid injury to her health which will mar her whole life.

In addition to a proper tonic the patient should have nourishing and easily digested food, pure air and sunshine, rest and sleep. Parents whose daughters grow delicate as they enter their 'teens should not watch them fade and droop but should ensure their healthful womanhood by the treatment which is endorsed in the following statement from Miss Frances R. Roche, of No. 1626 E. Evans avenue, Pueblo, Colo. Miss Roche says:

"I suffered from weakness for nearly a year when I was changing from girlhood to womanhood. I became all run-down in health and had but very little blood. I did not have any strength and could hardly drag around. There seemed to be no life in me. Every month I passed through intense suffering. I had dizzy and vomiting spells and constant headaches. I was obliged to give up my work for a time.

"I took medicine from a doctor but without relief. Through a friend's advice I gave Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and was completely cured. I am well now and have had no return of my trouble. My mother has since used the pills as a tonic and thinks as highly of them as I do."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be safe and harmless to the most delicate constitution. They contain no morphine, opiate, narcotic, or anything to cause a drug habit. Owing to their blood-building property they are invaluable in the treatment of such diseases as anemia, green sickness, rheumatism, and the after-effects of fevers, and the after-effects of fevers, and the after-effects of fevers.

A new edition of our booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," giving more information about the treatment will be sent free on request to anyone interested.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Echenectady, N. Y.

2,482,750 acres, have been withdrawn by the American government in pursuance of the conservation policy of former President Roosevelt. The result is to leave the holders of land, bought from locators, who never filled the conditions necessary to give them full title to their lands, in a very uncomfortable position, and it is advisable, in O'Donnell's opinion, that intending investors should make certain that the companies in which they are interested are in possession of fully patented lands.

JAVA CROP FIGURES.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The annual report of the Java Bank contains some interesting figures concerning the principal agricultural products of Java. The production of sugar, for instance, has been very favorable during 1909, as 180 factories produced 20,208,000 piculs (Javan picul equal 136 pounds), which is about 140,000 piculs more than in 1908. This quantity changed hands at an average price of 6.60 florins (dollar equals 40 1-5 cents) for Muscovado. The Deli tobacco crop yielded 271,350 bales, being about 1000 bales less than a year ago. The average price per half kilo (1 1-5 pounds) was 1.10 florins, against 0.91 of a florin, and the total value of the crop has been fixed at \$6,600,000 florins, or nearly 8,000,000 florins more. The crop of Java tobacco was disappointing, 560,013 bales being exported, or a decrease of 110,000 bales. The proceeds were only 25,740,000 florins, against 32,400,000 florins in 1908. The cultivation of tea is also constantly advancing, so that in 1909 20,176,376 kilos were exported from Java, against 15,979,269 kilos in 1908. This culture will be still more largely extended, foreign capitalists also being interested. Of copra, 129,089 tons, at a value of 25,600,000 florins, have been shipped from Netherlands East India.

NEW WESTERN ROAD.

The completion of the Western Pacific Railway from Salt Lake City to

its Pacific Coast terminal at Oakland, California, and the inauguration of passenger service on August 22, was an event of national importance, as affecting the transportation interests of the country. This piece of road, 923 miles in length, is practically an extension of the Gould system westward, and means that a new factor has entered the field in the distribution of transcontinental traffic. The Western Pacific connects with the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad at Salt Lake, so that the Gould lines are now continuous from Pittsburgh and Detroit to the Pacific Coast, and with these connections are able to supply through freight and passenger service from the Atlantic, the Gulf and the Great Lakes to the terminal city of Oakland, located on the continental side of the bay of San Francisco, from which ocean lines will take traffic to all points on the Pacific Coast and to the Orient.

It was the ambition of Gould to control an ocean to ocean railroad line under one ownership and management, and while complications growing out of the late financial crises caused some compromises and deferred the realization of that project, the completion of the Western Pacific is another step in the carrying out of this great plan. It means that another vast system of railroads is reaching out for the profitable Pacific Coast business and is in readiness to participate in the tremendous development of Pacific commerce which is certain to come with the completion of the Panama Canal and the increase of population of the western empire beyond the continental divide.

There is a general opinion that the stock market for several months will continue to present the same uncertain aspect which has characterized it during the past week. All the elements which tend to speculation or to influence it will be greatly exaggerated by the coming campaign, the nervous state of the sugar market, etc.

The anti-immigration plank in the Democratic platform is being viewed nervously along Wall street, a full knowledge of its ill effects, should it be carried out, being perfectly understood. Shortage in the labor element

The Sugar Market

ENGLISH BEET SUGAR.

LONDON.—The question of the manufacture of beet sugar in this country has been freely discussed, especially in connection with the eastern countries. G. L. Courthope, M. P. for Hye, now proposes a scheme which, if successful, will end in the establishment of a beet sugar factory in East Sussex, which would provide employment for about 150 hands, while a further number would be employed on the land. Mr. Courthope explained in the course of an interview published in the Daily Mail, that wherever it was possible to grow a crop of 30 tons of mangold to the acre, at least 18 tons of sugar beet of the best quality could be produced.

No fewer than 20 members of the Tunbridge Wells Farmers Club are growing beet crops this season, and according to the reports received from the different villages there should be no difficulty in procuring the necessary minimum of 2000 acres within a reasonable distance of the site of the proposed factory. The scheme under consideration is mainly for the purpose of improving the agriculture of the district, an example which it is hoped will be followed by other districts. The following terms are to be offered to the farmers: 18s. per ton for 15 per cent beet delivered at the factory, with an additional 18s. per ton for every additional 1 per cent of sugar in the roots. Mr. Courthope expects that the greater part of the roots purchased will contain 17 per cent of saccharine matter. The seed will in all probability be supplied to the farmers free during the first few years, and after a dividend of a certain amount, perhaps 5 per cent, has been paid, a bonus will be paid to the farmers out of any surplus profit. It is estimated that the farmers should make a clear profit of from £5 to £10s. per acre. The proposed factory is to be built and opened as soon as the necessary minimum of 2000 acres has been promised.

BEETS IN COLORADO. DENVER.—William A. Orton, in charge of the beet sugar investigation bureau of the United States department of agriculture, has arrived in the city from Washington, D. C. He is to investigate the beet sugar situation in the State and give such advice and assistance to the farmers as the department is able to render.

Mr. Orton in conference with the officials of the Great Western Company informed them the government would establish a station in the Arkansas Valley for experimental purposes and for teaching the farmers the best method for raising beets and overcoming some of the difficulties encountered in the work.

The growing of beets with a larger percentage of sugar than they possess at present will be one of the experiments.

The government is also desirous of establishing a similar station in northern Colorado, but there is no appropriation available at present. The site for the station in the Arkansas Valley has not yet been determined.

SUGAR VS. HOPS.

LONDON.—A group of Kentish farmers have undertaken to experiment in a cooperative way, in the growing of beets for the manufacture of sugar. It is calculated that there is no more suitable county in the United Kingdom for the production of this crop than Kent in which mangolds are grown with great success. Should the experiment prove a success, a great impetus will be given to the movement for the production of beet sugar, and a way will have been found for utilizing the area which were once devoted to the growth of hops, the demand for which seems to be steadily decreasing.

"THE OLD FOLKS" AND BOY SCOUTS

Colonel Bullard Gives Address to the Risen Generation on the Rising One.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) A boy scout talk to those who are beyond the joys of boy scoutism was given last night in the K. of P. hall by Lieutenant-Colonel Bullard, as an address preliminary to the actual inauguration of this movement in Hawaii.

At the commencement of his address, he turned to the row of boys who were sitting in front eager to listen to this famous exponent of the gospel of scouting and told them that he was not going to talk to them but to the older people, at least then.

The audience included, besides those who have already evinced an interest in the movement by organizing patrols, Judge A. G. M. Robertson, Senator Diekey, Professor Wood, Lieutenants Bowen and Rogers of the Twentieth, and many others who are in a position to lend weight to the movement by their mere endorsement of it.

Colonel Bullard's address was a clean-cut exposition of old-fashioned patriotism in which the natural patriotic respect of the army man was combined with a scorn of those who were inclined to boast of their philosophical indifference to the emotions that the flag used to give to those to whom it meant something.

He spoke with quiet bitterness against these people, and said flatly that it was but a cloak to hide their own cowardice. Without equivocation he condemned the age in America as lacking in manhood and all that went to make up manhood, and said that all that was worthy in man was being devoted to an unworthy pursuit of the almighty dollar. The sentiment was often repeated, was more forceful when spoken by him as there was no trace of the pedagogue or calamity howler but a simple understanding of the truth.

He explained that it was this lack which the boy movement meant to fill. He did not discuss it as a plighting of the country but as something that was vital to the country. The flag, he said, means more than a combination of colors and the boy scout learnt that.

He dwelt on the few arguments which the usual chronic kickers have drummed up against the scouts; that it takes them away from home and takes them too far away from home.

"They'll go away home," he said, "and as for going out in the meadows and fields that greatest and most dreaded of diseases, consumption, comes to us through confinement. I hear that the Hawaiian blood and I know the Indian blood on the mainland is suffering with it since they adopted our ways."

The movement, he added, contained everything that appealed to the boy at the time that he began to feel conscious of his growing strength and became imbued with the idea that he must exercise it. It is all right to tell him that if he is good and doesn't tell lies and things he'll go to heaven when he dies, but he doesn't want to die to get his reward.

BROOD MARES FOR LANAI HERD

Island Rapidly Being Stocked With Horses, Mules and Blooded Cattle.

Eighty brood mares have been ordered from a California ranch, to be shipped on an American-Hawaiian freighter, to be placed on the grazing lands of the Lanai Ranch Company. The horses will arrive here in the near future.

The Lanai Company, which is the parent company of the ranch, water, sugar and other subsidiary companies, is developing the entire island of Lanai to its fullest extent. The island which has for many years been a quiet place, is now a beehive of activity. Engineers have been surveying routes for the water ditches and pipes which are to girdle the entire island, giving water to every section, both for land development and supplying the stock with a thirst quencher, hundreds of miles of fencing are being put in, the grazing lands divided off for sheep, cattle, horses and mules, and the addition of eighty well-bred brood mares will make the island one of the best stocked in the group.

SMUGGLED GOODS IN PORTUGUESE WARSHIP

The sensation of the day at Lisbon is the seizure of a valuable cargo of smuggled goods at the navy arsenal in Lisbon. The Sculo gives the following details: The customs officials saw numerous carts loaded with a quantity of bales and large cases coming out of the arsenal. The carts were stopped, and made to return. On examination it was discovered that they were full of silks and all kinds of tapestries, old china, and other stuffs of great value, the duties on which on admission to Portugal are enormous. Further investigations revealed the fact that the Portuguese warship Veleaz, constructed in Britain, which has just arrived from Southampton, had been loaded there with a cargo of valuable goods which had been smuggled into the arsenal. Several naval officers are implicated, including the principal director of naval construction at the arsenal. In addition to their liability to a fine calculated to exceed \$25,000, the officers will be court-martialed. The whole press is indignant at warships being used for smuggling purposes.

The appeal of former Chief Clerk Tomalty in the office of the city treasurer, San Francisco, against the sentence of five years for falsifying public records has been denied.

earn his own living, and the aid it was to him.

"It's dead easy to teach them," he said when asked as to the methods of handling them. "They teach themselves."

Paul Super, chairman of the committee which is providing scout masters and advice to the organizing patrols, announced the preparations which the committee has made and asked for the cooperation of all who were there. In asking volunteers for scout masters he said:

"We don't want the people who have plenty of time. We want those who haven't got the time to do it at all. If you can not possibly find the time apply at once and we will immediately assign you to a patrol. You will have more fun out of it than the boys."

AFTER BARNYARD ARISTOCRACY

Prof. Gilmore Sails for Mainland to Select Herd for College of Agriculture.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) Among the passengers departing on the Sierra yesterday was John W. Gilmore, president of the College of Hawaii. The board of regents had discussed fully the proposition of stocking the dairy laboratory and poultry yards that are now being built on the grounds of the college in Manoa Valley. As a result of the meeting it was decided that President Gilmore should proceed to the mainland to purchase some of the stock necessary for this equipment.

Some of the cattle and poultry will be purchased from breeders here, but it is also desired to add several breeds of dairy cattle that are now well represented here. By doing this not only will there be a greater diversity of breeds and consequently a wider adaptability to feed and pasture conditions but milk giving qualities, but students attending the college will have more material and better opportunities for study in this important branch of agriculture. Moreover the college hopes to aid the breeders and dairymen of Hawaii to improve their herds both in productive qualities as well as in adaptability and choice of breeds.

Aside from the Jerseys and Holsteins some of which will be purchased here, Mr. Gilmore will purchase a few bulls and heifers of the Avershires and Guernseys. Both of these breeds are prominent in many parts of the United States and should be a distinct addition to the dairy interest here. The cattle and poultry purchased will not only be pure bred but they will be selected for qualities and characteristics that are typical of the respective breeds. These are important points for a college herd.

The stock to be purchased will be housed in buildings now being erected in Manoa Valley, the dairy building will be sanitary in all its appointments and the cattle will have the run of clean pasture of sixteen acres recently purchased. The stock is being purchased from federal funds while the buildings are being erected by funds from the conservation portion of the income tax. This is a judicious expenditure of such funds, for by the experiments and demonstrations in feeding and milk and egg production these industries should be greatly encouraged and have a far-reaching influence.

President Gilmore will also attend as a delegate the Dry Farming Congress at Spokane and several educational conventions on the Pacific Coast. He will also speak at several of the universities and colleges.

ALCOHOL IN MEDICINES.

Alcohol is the best known preservative of medical compounds, and the average proprietary medicine contains from 1% to 22%, which is the smallest possible amount to preserve the ingredients, while the average doctor's prescription contains from 25% to 50%.

Such standard preparations as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound contain but 18%, and they even put the Compound up in tablet form, which the over-scrupulous woman, who objects to alcohol in any degree, may use.

MAJORITY AGAINST TAWNEY.

ST. PAUL, Minnesota, September 21.—Complete returns from the primaries held yesterday show that Congressman Tawney was defeated for renomination by over 2000 votes. All the other Republican incumbents were renominated.

TO CONDEMN MAHUKA SITE

Frear and Kuhio Cable to Washington to Start the Proceedings.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) Governor Frear and Delegate Kuhio yesterday morning sent a cablegram to Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hillis suggesting that he go ahead with condemnation proceedings to acquire the rest of the Mahuka site for the federal building. This cablegram, said Governor Frear yesterday afternoon, was based on the belief that the appropriation secured by Cupid for the purchase of the entire block is amply sufficient and on the additional fact that, as matters stand, the question of the site can not be arranged by private agreement.

Governor Frear takes the ground that, under the present law, land is assessed at its actual value. The assessed value of the additional property needed is but \$224,000. The sum of \$106,000 has been added and it would seem that this should be amply sufficient for the purpose of acquiring the property needed. The matter of "good will" the Governor does not think should be taken into consideration, especially in view of the fact that some of the land has for a long time been lying idle.

The owners of the property claim amounts aggregating about a half a million dollars, and it is expected that they will vigorously contest any attempt to condemn the property at a less valuation.

KEKAHA CROP LARGEST OF THE PLANTATION

Kekaha plantation ground the last case of its 1910 season last week, finishing operations at 7 o'clock last Tuesday evening, says the Garden Island. The crop was the largest ever taken off, being 14,650 tons, an increase of more than three thousand tons over last year's crop, which was 11,154 tons, that being the record up to that time.

The large increase in the tonnage of the plantation is due principally to the considerable addition to the area of its cane lands from the planting of the thousand acres or so of land on the bluff, which has been made possible by the new Kekaha ditch, brought around the cliffs of Waimea canyon and up on to the fertile highlands extending up to Pan o ka Pele.

The substitution of the pure and fresh water of the upper Waimea river for the brackish water obtained from the pumps on the Kekaha and Manua plains is also responsible for a good increase in the tonnage.

WILL EXAMINE WATER SUPPLY FOR CAVALRY

Governor Frear will visit Schofield Barracks Friday where he will be the guest of Colonel Schuyler, commanding the post, and on Saturday he and the colonel will make a trip into the mountains to look over the water supply for the cavalry encampment and the proposed new permanent post soon to be erected close by.

AVIATOR BARNES MEETS WITH INJURY

FOLKESTONE, England, September 22.—Aviator Barnes fell with his machine yesterday, receiving serious injuries. When fifty feet in the air his aeroplane buckled and fell. The driver was picked up with his skull fractured.



HELP THE EARTH AND THE EARTH WILL HELP YOU. We make fertilizer for every product and put on the market only what has been proven of real value.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co. Honolulu, H. T.

INSURANCE Theo. H. Davies & Co., (Limited) Agents for Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.

Northern Assurance Company, OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds.....\$1,975,000

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co. OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

Reduction of rates. Immediate Payment of Claims. Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd. AGENTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued TO ALL POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, VIA VICTORIA and VANCOUVER

Mountain Resorts: ANFF, GLACIER, MT. STEPHENS AND FRASER CANYON EMPRESS LINE OF STEAMERS FROM VANCOUVER.

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World. or Tickets and general information Apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line. Canadian Pacific Railway.

Castle & Cooke Co., Ltd. Honolulu, T. H.

Commission Merchants Sugar Factors

Ewa Plantation Co. Waiialua Agricultural Co., Ltd. Waiaina Sugar Mill Co. Apakaa Sugar Co., Ltd. Fulton Iron Works of St. Louis. Blake Steam Pumps. Weston's Centrifugals. Babcock & Wilcox Boilers. Green's Fuel Economizer. March Steam Pumps. Matson Navigation Co. Planters' Line Shipping Co. Kohala Sugar Co.

Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Territory of Hawaii. PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$600,000.00 DEPOSITS.....100,000.00 UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....157,592.92

OFFICERS: H. Cooke.....President D. Tenney.....Vice-President B. Damon.....Second Vice-President G. Fuller.....Cashier McCriston.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS: C. H. Cooke, E. D. Tenney, A. Lewis, Jr., E. F. Bishop, W. Macfarlane, J. A. McCandless, H. Atherton, Geo. R. Carter, P. B. Damon, F. C. Atherton, R. A. Cooke (secretary).

Direct attention given to all branches of Banking. JUDG BLDG. FORT ST. COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS DEPARTMENTS.

Castle & Cooke Co., Ltd. Life and Fire Insurance Agents

General Insurance Agents, representing New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston. Actua Fire Insurance Co.

ATTENTION—We have just accepted the Agency for the Protector Underwriters of the Phoenix of Hartford.

These are also among the Best or Best in San Francisco.

SPENT A FORTUNE ON SKIN TROUBLE

But Lost All Hope of Cure—Grew Worse and Worse in Spite of Many Doctors and Three Years of Hospital Treatment—Inflammation Made Her Almost Crazy with Pain.

CURED BY TWO SETS OF CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I began to have an itching over my whole body about seven years ago and this settled in my limbs, from the knees to the toes. I went to see a great many physicians, a matter which cost me a fortune, and after I noticed that I did not get any relief that way, I went for treatment to the hospital. But they were unable to help me there. I used all the medicines that I could see but became worse and worse. I had an inflammation which made me almost crazy with pain. When I showed my foot to my friends they would get really frightened. I did not know what to do. I was so sick and had become so nervous that I positively lost all hope.

"I had seen the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies a great many times but could not make up my mind to buy them, for I had already used so many medicines. Finally I did decide to use the Cuticura Remedies and I tell you that I was never so pleased as when I noticed that, after having used two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, the entire inflammation had gone. I was completely cured. I should be only too glad if people with a similar disease would come to me and find out the truth. I would only recommend them to use Cuticura. Mrs. Bertha Sachs, 1021 Second Ave., New York, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1909."

"Mrs. Bertha Sachs is my sister-in-law and I know well how she suffered and was cured by the Cuticura Remedies after many other treatments failed. Morris Sachs, 321 E. 10th St., New York, N. Y., Secretary of Deutsch-Ostrower Unt.-Verein, Kemper Hebrew Benevolent Society, etc."

A single set of Cuticura Remedies, costing but one dollar, consisting of Soap to cleanse, Ointment to heal and Pills to purify, has frequently cured chronic cases of torturing, disfiguring humors of infants, children and adults when the best methods known to the profession had failed. Guaranteed absolutely pure. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Prop., 133 Columbus Ave., New York. Send for Cuticura Book, an Authority on Skin and Scalp Diseases.

HINDUS REMOVING THEMSELVES HENCE

Undesirables, With Lots of Money, Going to Coast to Be Sent Back.

A strange spectacle was to be seen yesterday in the Bank of Honolulu and, next door, in the shipping office of the Oceanic Steamship Company, the agency being with C. Brewer & Co. on Fort street.

Some twenty-five or thirty Hindus, coming around the world looking where they may rest their heads, were drawing money from the bank and buying passage to San Francisco per Oceanic steamship Sierra which sails at 10 o'clock this morning.

A reporter entered the bank, when a facetious friend asked if he was going in to "draw his breath." As a matter of fact, the reporter had to come out again in order to draw his breath, for the act of drawing one's breath when in the presence of so large a crowd of Hindus was no pleasant task. They are unclean, unclean even to the extent of uncleanness seemingly being a part of their religion. Around their necks hung religious charms, crescents, moons, stars and comets, for all that could be said to the contrary, but their bodies appeared never to have known the beneficial results of contact with plain water, not to mention the luxury of soap. Their turbans appeared to be contrivances to keep the dirt from the head mixing with the dirt of the rest of the body. Filthy! Such a word would have been polite to use in their connection.

When they went next door, to the house of Brewer & Co., to buy their steamer tickets aboard the Oceanic steamship Sierra, another spectacle even worse than that which was to be seen in the bank, presented itself. In the shipping office some of them actually disrobed as far as their nether garments were concerned in order to get at their money. In most cases their money was deposited in long, snake-like purses which were either wound around the waist or around the upper part of the leg. The cashier might have been excused for using a piece of blotting-paper with which to rake in the coin.

This sum expects to get to San Francisco in the S. S. Sierra and really expects to be admitted to the mainland States, though the same old story will be repeated and before long they will be deported or will be "turned down" in the matter of labor so often that they will go back to the Orient whence they came.

All seem to have money, and the well-to-do dig up for the transportation of those who haven't any ready cash.

LIBRARY ARCHITECT IS LOOKING OVER SITE

Henry D. Whitfield, the architect of the proposed Carnegie library, arrived on the Sierra and is now looking over the ground with a view to finding out what are the needs of Honolulu.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Entered of Record September 13, 1910. Chong P Sing and wf to H G Danford. Alfred S Hartwell to Antonio Perry. Alfred S Hartwell by Atty to Christina J Hedemann. Geo Opuni to George F Davies. Mariana J Moreira and hsb to Manuel J Gomes. Young Men's Savings Socy Ltd to Constantina Pereira. Constantina Pereira and hsb to Antonio da Silva. Goncalves & Co, Ltd, to M J Pereira. A H Dondero et al to Antonio B Medeiros. Bank of Hawaii, Ltd, to M B Permandes. M E Silva to von Hamm-Young Co, Ltd. Entered of Record September 14, 1910. Yoshiji Harada to T Morafagi. Ishii Kawachi to Higa Kame. Annie S Park by Atty to Harn Fung Co. Hilo Mercantile Co Ltd to J E Gammillson. Daisy Amoe and hsb et al to Bishop of Zeugma. Kenloha Keawehano et al by Gdu to Omori Gissaburo. David Keawehano et al to Omori Gissaburo. Emma K Aipai to William C Achi Jr. Kahului to Pioneer Mill Co Ltd. Richard H Trent to Thomas Pedro. Entered of Record September 15, 1910. Kane A Late to William Wong Wah. Robert Paole et al to J Henry Magoon. Kapiolani Est Ltd to Carlos A Long. Est of J Campbell by trs to Kapiolani Est Ltd. R W Kalaunawaie and wf to Baker Kellikuli. Western & Hawn Investment Co Ltd. Kahonolopala (w). E E Tong to H Winifred Sun. Est of S C Allen by trs to A P Jones. Y Ah Lee et al to City Mill Co Ltd. Entered of Record September 16, 1910. E Coit Hobson to Lam Ho Shee. Par Rel Luo Ho Shee and hsb to Chong Sue (S) et al. Luo A Palaner and wf to Bank of Hawaii, Ltd. Kahina (w) to Phillip Mammie. Cristel Bolte and wf to Oahu Cemetery Assn. Protestant Episcopal Church to Waiaina Soda Wks, Ltd. Protestant Episcopal Church to Waiaina Soda Wks, Ltd. H Hackfeld & Co, Ltd, to Goncalves & Co, Ltd. Kealikaiki (k) to George Makalena. G L Samson to A H Dondero. Par Rel Ahuna Waikoloa to Charles N Marquez. Ligory Poulos and wf to Julia Edwards. Entered of Record September 19, 1910. Lizzie Choy Hee and hsb to Manuel Branco. Manuel de Coito and wf to John C Pinho and wf to Manoel de Coito. I Ikeda to First Bank of Hilo, Ltd. Surrency A N Conant and hsb et al to John W Neal. Agnes Kapoli to Henry Kaimai. Kwong Chong to Yong Kwong Tat. Ekekele P Kamana et al to San Ant Port Bent Socy of H. M J Pereira and wf to H Waterhouse Tr Co Ltd. Joe Keola to Kau Agret Co Ltd. Dorcas S Hattie and hsb to Henry C Hapai. Lily S Eldridge to Henry C Hapai. Daisy T Ruggie et al to H Hackfeld & Co, Ltd. Chas E Bradley to Jas L Akana. Alexander Cockburn, Tr, to Farm Corn. Frank Lewis to von Hamm-Young Co Ltd. Cecil Brown, Tr, to J M McChesney, Tr. J M McChesney, Tr, to Chang Wo Morris J Bissell to J Harris Mackenzie. Entered of Record September 20, 1910. Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, by atty of tr, to Likki Beniamina. Helen U Widemann et al to trs of Susie F Cartwright, et al, by tr, to Waiaina. Est of C K Ruggie, by trs, to Lincoln L McCandless. Anton Furtarda and wf to Pasaullo Agret Co, Ltd. Frederick Whitney and wf to Henry W Green. Henry W Green to Marion A Whitney. J Alfred Magoon, et al, to H Waterhouse Tr Co, Ltd. Kapiolani Est, Ltd, to Chin How. Est of J Campbell, by trs, to Kapiolani Est, Ltd. Frank E Whitney and wf to Frank E Thompson, Tr. Cecil Brown, Tr, to J H Cummings. Rel Frances Wetmore, et al, by atty, to H M Lawson. H M Lawson to Elsie C Bailey. Par A Pantheon Co, Ltd, to H M Lawson, et al. Emma Akamu to Elsa C Almy. Kapiolani Est, Ltd, to Kawailoa Land Co, Ltd. Est of J Campbell, by tr, to Kapiolani Est, Ltd. H Hart, et al, by affd of mtgde, to H Waterhouse Tr Co, Ltd. Fore Affd Ludwig W Kuhlmann and wf to Wilhelm Kuhlmann. Frederick H Kuhlmann and wf to Wilhelm Kuhlmann. Howard M Chandler to Treat Trust Co, Ltd. Helen C Gedge and hsb to Mutl Bldg & Loan Socy of H, Ltd. Addn Chge

PRESIDENT TAFT IN OHIO TODAY

CINCINNATI, Ohio, September 21.—President Taft arrived here yesterday on a visit to his brother, Charles Taft. He will return to Washington on Saturday, in time to attend the meeting of the cabinet called for next week. Today he will be the principal speaker at the opening of the Ohio Valley Exposition and his speech is being looked forward to eagerly as it is supposed that he will deal altogether with matters affecting the State campaign.

THINKS JAPAN WILL CONTROL THE PACIFIC

English Writer Points to America as Example Not to Be Followed.

Holding the gradual disappearance of the American merchant marine from the Pacific up to England as a dreadful example of a crinially apathetic nation, a writer in Fairplay, the great English shipping journal, warns his country that she must consider the shipping of the Pacific as a field of vast importance and look to it that her ships are not driven off of that field by the Japanese. Commenting on America's loss of the Pacific trade, the writer says: "The first round in the fight between Japan and America for the commercial predominance on the Pacific and far East has resulted in a win for Nippon. Some years before the Russian war Japan had mapped out her course of commercial enterprise. This included the predominance of the Island Kingdom in Pacific waters and her predominance in far eastern commerce. To these objects the helm of state was set. There was no ignorance as to the possibilities consequent to that act; but having set the helm there remained the resolution to keep the course in spite of every obstacle. The first possibility was that of a conflict between Russia and Japan. That was the first obstacle and a big one. Every one knows how well the course was kept. The second possibility was a conflict with the United States, not necessarily enforcing an appeal to arms, but nevertheless, stern warfare; a commercial conflict entailing the control of the Pacific. Underestimates Pacific. "In this country we are rather apt to underestimate the importance of the Pacific. Not so America and Japan. The supremacy of that ocean is well worth struggling for, if only because of the possible future of China ports. But then, of course, there is the West of the American continent, eastern Asia and the oriental of western Europe. Well, America laid her plans for an overwhelming conquest of eastern markets. China was to be the happy hunting ground, and the Pacific was the cradle to bring to vigor American shipping. These plans were fostered by the State and financed by many multi-millionaires, with the usual optimism. Japan also laid her eastern commercial plans, which, seriously enough, also included revived shipping in the Pacific. "Several very fine and very large ships were built by American railway magnates; Seattle and other west American ports were opened; congress was asked to grant subsidies; illustrated articles dealing with the history of American shipping and wildly condemning the British actions of many years ago were accepted and published by responsible magazines. Newspapers tried to infuse into the crinially apathetic public some interest in shipping. The exploits of American shipping ships were recalled. Military authorities found that Japan could capture the Philippines quite easily, so Luzon was strongly fortified in a hurry. "Japs Increased Subsidy. "In reply to this, the Japanese increased subsidies and continued to build ships. Also, with amazing ingenuity, they discriminated against American ships in the Manchurian trade. But curiously enough, at the same time Japan was very friendly, and courteous in their dealings with Americans. At the time when passengers were not allowed to land with cameras at Tokio, a young German, not knowing the regulation, took a camera on shore. A Japanese official walked up good humoredly to the German and put out his hands as if he would like to look at the camera. It was handed to him. He took it gently and, with great good humor, smashed it to pieces on the quay. "Mr. Hill's fine vessels hardly ever went out of port with full cargoes—they were much too large for the trade, and consequently they lost heavily on every voyage. The finest vessel in the trade was lost, and misfortune seemed to dog the others. Gradually Japanese vessels began to take the place of Americans, even in the home ports, and American ships were laid up with nothing to do. "It was very galling to San Francisco and Puget Sound to see their own lifeless fleet, and then watch the Japanese ship bursting hatches. Therefore the recent anti-Japanese measure became understandable. At the present time the far eastern shipping is in the hands of Japan and Great Britain, the former with subsidized lines and the latter mostly with tramps. Having disposed of America, it is likely that Nippon will allow us to carry much! There are already rumors that Japanese coasting trade is to be forbidden. We must necessarily retain an interest, and a very large interest, in Pacific waters."

JOHNSON AGREES TO MEET LANGFORD

BOSTON, September 21.—Jack Johnson, the negro heavyweight champion, has agreed to meet Sam Langford here today to arrange terms and particulars for a match for a twenty-thousand-dollar purse.

VICTIMS OF WRECK.

VIENNA, September 21.—Seven passengers were killed and twenty-nine injured in a collision yesterday afternoon between passenger trains near Rotterdam.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. ALBIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

SHIP HORSES TO HONOLULU

Government Has 250 Head to Go—Animals Will Be Sent on Dix or Liner.

TACOMA, September 11.—The recent abandonment by the war department of the cavalry post at Walla Walla will mean the moving of over 250 head of valuable horses from Puget Sound to Honolulu, either on the United States Army transport Dix or one of the American Hawaiian liners. Troops E, F, G and H of the First United States cavalry, stationed at Walla Walla since their return from the Philippines a year ago, have been ordered to Fort Yellowstone, Wyoming, while Troops E, F and G of the Fifth United States cavalry, now stationed at Fort Yellowstone, have been ordered to Schofield Barracks, Honolulu. Instead of moving the Fifth's horses from Yellowstone to the Coast, and thence onto a steamer for the Islands, the First and Fifth will "swap" mounts. The horses of the four troops of the First are now at Seattle and will be loaded as soon as transportation is available. The Dix left the Sound July 31 with forage and other quartermaster's supplies for Manila, and was last reported at Honolulu, from which port she departed August 12. The Dix is expected back on the Sound within the next two weeks, but it is possible the quartermaster's department will find it more profitable to send the horses to Honolulu before the Dix gets in, in which event one of the Hawaiian-American liners will likely be selected. Troops E, G and H of the First Cavalry, which participated in the late maneuvers at American lake, and subsequently proceeded to the old national guard target range near Spray lake for annual target practice, completed their work yesterday, leaving from Cosgrove, on the Great Harbor branch of the Northern Pacific railroad for Seattle, during the day. The horses were left at Seattle, the men going on to Fort Yellowstone, their new station. Troop E, which also participated in the maneuvers, has been fighting forest fires near North Yakima since September 1, but its horses will be brought across the mountains to Seattle in time for loading for Honolulu with the other troops' horses. The contracts for supplying grain and forage for the animals during their transit from American lake to Honolulu have been awarded to John B. Stevens & Co. and P. J. Fransoli & Co. of Tacoma.

CHARLES KANOI IS BOUND OVER

Politician Accused of Forging Name to Money Order Held to Grand Jury.

Charles Kanoi, the politician who is charged with having forged the name of Makalena to a \$50 money order, was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Judd yesterday afternoon, at the conclusion of which he was bound over to the grand jury, which is to meet October 10, his bonds being fixed at \$1000. Judge Stanley appeared for Kanoi, District Attorney Breckons representing the government. Makalena went on the stand and denied the authorship of the signature on the back of the money order. So did Kanoi. Stanley contended that it was one man's word against another's and that the defendant was as much entitled to belief as the prosecuting witness. But the commissioner couldn't see things the same way. He held that a forgery had undoubtedly been committed and that the evidence seemed to point to Kanoi as the forger. Mayor Fern came to the rescue of politician Kanoi yesterday afternoon. The city's chief executive affixed his signature to the bond of Kanoi, thereby making himself liable for the appearance of the Mule politician when he is wanted.

FRENCH WOMAN'S SUIT DISMISSED

Judge Sustains Demurrer of Chas. Macomber—Dis-solves Injunction.

Charles Macomber won the first point yesterday in his contest with Emilie D'Herblay for the Norris Ranch. After a long argument, which occupied most of the day, Judge Robinson sustained the demurrer of the defendant, dismissed the bill in equity and dissolved the injunction. The D'Herblay woman claims that the late Colonel Norris owed her large sums of money and that he sold his ranch to Macomber a short time before his death for the purpose of cheating her out of what he owed her. Accordingly, after his death, she brought suit against Macomber to set the deed aside and to recover on two promissory notes for the sum of \$16,000 each, payable after the death of Colonel Norris. The action of Judge Robinson in sustaining the demurrer, dismissing the bill and dissolving the injunction will probably not be final. The chances are that the case will be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

SURE CURE FOR DIARRHOEA.

An ordinary attack of diarrhoea may be cured by a single dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Only in the more severe cases is a second or third dose required. Try it. It has a reputation of over thirty-five years behind it and is everywhere recognized as the most reliable remedy in use for diarrhoea. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

COLLEGE OF HAWAII STUDYING GARDENING

The department of botany and agriculture of the College of Hawaii is making a study of the vegetable gardens of Hawaii, with a view to ascertaining the status and nature of vegetable gardening in the Territory. With this object, letters are being sent out to various gardeners throughout the Islands asking for information as to crops raised, the nationality of the gardeners, the market in which the products are sold, the chief obstacles to the development of vegetable gardening in the various localities, methods used to combat pests and methods used of producing crops.

RUSSIA CONTINUES TO EXPEL JEWS FROM KIEV.

Russia continues to expel Jews from Kiev.

SUDDEN JOURNEY IS HAPPILY POSTPONED

Chinese Merchant Nearly Leaves for Bourn From Whence No Traveler Returns.

Chief McDuffie is now busily engaged in finding some wicked man who desired mightily to blow some fellow being as high as gravity permitted by the means of two sticks of giant powder. That his little scheme did not work was not his fault as it was prevented only by the acute sense of smell possessed by his intended victim and possibly by a very bad brand of sulphur matches. A certain Chinese merchant who has cause to believe that several of his fellow beings harbor unchristian feelings toward him awoke one night with a vague sense that he smelt the essence of that region which has become popular as Daut's summer resort; a sort of vague premonition that he was about to take a journey to it. It was unmistakably sulphur and brimstone and with somewhat of a faint feeling in the depth of himself he hastened downstairs.

Had he been impregnated with the superstitions that blessed our Christian ancestors he probably would have expected to have seen a cloven hoof appearing out of the door with a faint blue flame lingering behind. Whatever his Chinese imagination conjured up, however, doubtless gave no less a chill than the reality. In the middle of the door lay two sticks of giant powder, with their fuses meeting and in the middle a bunch of matches burning low. For some reason or other the flame had failed to reach the fuse and thus prevented the merchant from taking a hasty departure to keep an appointment with his ancestors.

The plot was foiled as quickly as possible and the police notified. Chief McDuffie inquired into the circumstances, more or less private, surrounding his life in the immediate past, and learned of several characters who might have desired the complainant's sudden annihilation. The investigation commenced last night in McDuffie's office and it now remains to discover the owner of the dynamite.

GUY MAYDWELL DIES AT QUEEN'S HOSPITAL

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) Guy T. Maydell, practising attorney residing at Kailua, Hawaii, died at Queen's hospital yesterday afternoon from the effects of operations for a tumor performed several weeks ago.

Mr. Maydell had been a severe sufferer from headaches for more than two years and after treatments for the ailment finally consulted Dr. Judd who advised him to go to the Coast and consult a specialist and to go at once. He declined on the ground that if it was as bad as that he had better take chances here and asked Dr. Judd to do whatever was necessary.

But few operations of the character have been performed here and when the skull was cut and the brain exposed to the view of a number of surgeons present the condition was such that they advised Dr. Judd to go no further as the man could not possibly live more than a few days. Attached to the brain was a tumor the size of a small orange. To remove it required four hours' of the surgeon's time.

For a few days he hovered between life and death but gradually mended until he was able to leave the hospital and appear on the street supported by a friend. The operation left him with partial paralysis and it was with difficulty that he could raise one of his arms. This condition continued and it was decided that he undergo another operation to remove the cause of the paralysis. This was done and he could then raise his arm naturally. Improvement in his general health did not follow and he lingered in great suffering until yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Maydell was a young lawyer, coming here from California with his wife and sister and locating in Hilo about the time the sugar boom was on. His sister married Dr. Philip Rice and is living in Oakland and Mr. and Mrs. Maydell decided to locate in Kailua, where the prospects seemed bright. The wife taught school there until a year ago when she gave up her position and made a trip to the Coast. Mr. Maydell was considered bright above the average of attorneys of his age and he had, practically, all of the profitable practice of the district.

He had occasional visits to Honolulu where he had a large circle of acquaintances. He was a member of the Elks and was about thirty-five years of age.

That Little Hacking Cough



Hard coughs are bad enough, to be sure. But it's often the little, hacking, tickling, persistent cough that means the most, especially when there is a history of weak lungs in the family. What should be done? Ask your doctor. He knows. Ask him about the formula on the label of every bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask him if this medicine has his full approval for throat and lung troubles. Then do as he says.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Advertisement for Patents, featuring '60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE' and 'TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.' with an illustration of a patent document.

BUSINESS CARDS

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII. AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elian N. Thronas, of Kapaa, County of Kauai, Deceased Testate.

Order for Notice of Hearing Petition for Probate of Will.

A Document purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of said Elian N. Thronas, deceased, having on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1910, been presented to said Probate Court, and a Petition for the Probate thereof, and for the Issuance of Letters Testamentary to the Hawaiian Trust Co., Ltd., having been filed by Anna Thronas, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that Wednesday, the 26th day of October, A. D. 1910, at 9 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Lihue, County of Kauai, Territory of Hawaii, be and the same hereby is appointed the time and place for proving said Will and hearing said application.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, T. H., September 20th, 1910. By the Court. PHILIP L. RICE, Clerk.

3296.—Sept. 23, 30, Oct. 7, 14.

FIGHT VERMIN DAY AND NIGHT

Russians in Iwilei Tenements Live Amid Scenes of Squalor.

If there was ever a case demanding the most immediate and earnest attention of the health authorities of a community, then that place is the Iwilei tenement of some half a hundred Russians, where the vermin are so thick that sleepless nights are suffered by the children and a continual scratching is kept up by the men and women.

In what is known as the old Iwilei stockade there are some fifty or more Russian men, women and children, a family to each cement-floored cell.

The washing is done over soft earth and the drippings of clothes in the process of cleansing have no outlet but to lie upon the ground until dried by the sun.

Some of the men are working, a few getting as little as fifty cents a day around the wharves, it is said, while many of them are not working at all. Most of them do not even use as much common sense in regard to sanitation and cleanliness as their opportunities afford. They are either too lazy or too low in the scale of humanity to attend to the ordinary affairs of life with any degree of decency.

They look healthy enough at present, but it is either because they are used to dirt or because, luckily, there has not happened to be any outbreak of disease.

Russians are also camped on the flats beyond Iwilei, but the recent rains have driven a number into the Iwilei stockade, a place formerly occupied by Japanese and other women of loose character. The place gives forth an odor that would disgrace the slums of Constantinople. A few Hawaiians and Japanese, who are at present living there, purpose moving out at the end of the week, being frightened away by the signs and smells of Russian peasant life.

MARINE REPORT.

By Merchants' Exchange.

Tuesday, September 20. San Francisco—Arrived, Sept. 20, 9 a. m., S. S. Wilhelmina, hence Sept. 14. San Francisco—Sailed, Sept. 20, 1 p. m., S. S. China, for Honolulu. Wednesday, September 21. Eureka—Arrived, Sept. 20, bkt. M. Winkelmann, hence Aug. 24. Eureka—Arrived, Sept. 21, bkt. Makaweli, from Alukini Aug. 29. San Francisco—Arrived, Sept. 21, S. S. Virginian, from Salina Cruz. San Francisco—Sailed, Aug. 21, S. S. Lurline, for Honolulu. Victoria—Arrived, Sept. 21, S. S. Marana, hence Sept. 14. Hilo—Arrived, Sept. 20, S. S. Hiloian, from Seattle. Thursday, September 22. Seattle—Sailed, Sept. 21, S. S. Arizona, for Honolulu. Hilo—Sailed, Sept. 21, S. S. Columbian, for Salina Cruz. Hilo—Arrived, Sept. 17, schr. Borealis, from Grays Harbor.

PORT OF HONOLULU

ARRIVED.

Wednesday, September 21. Br. S. S. Masunda, from Newport News, a. m. Am. S. S. Santa Rita, from Port Harford, a. m. Str. W. G. Hall, from Kauai ports, a. m. Str. Claudine, from Maui ports, a. m. Thursday, September 22. Am. bk. Andrew Welch, from San Francisco, a. m. Str. Maui, from Hawaii, a. m. Schr. Mo'i Wahine, from Hawaii, a. m.

DEPARTED.

Tuesday, September 20. Str. Mauna Kea, for Hilo and way ports, 10 a. m. Str. Mauna Loa, for Kau and Kona ports, noon. Str. Mikahala, for Maui and Molekai ports, 5 p. m. Str. Kinau, for Kauai, 5 p. m. O. S. S. Sierra, Hoadlette, for San Francisco, 10 a. m. Wednesday, September 21. S. S. Alaskan, for Hilo, p. m. Thursday, September 22. Str. W. G. Hall, for Kauai, 5 p. m. Str. J. A. Cummins, for Koolau ports, a. m. Br. S. S. Romera, for Tacoma, p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived. Per str. Claudine, from Hilo and Maui ports, September 21.—W. M. Burnette, D. K. Wilson, V. Withers, W. E. Rowell, Miss Asano, S. Kamia, E. Lamb, M. T. Purdalo, Mrs. Aiken, and child, J. A. Medeiros, Mrs. S. K. Kane and child, Miss E. Cox, Miss Deemond, S. Thompson and wife, Mrs. C. Brown, Mrs. W. L. Wilcox, F. S. Hoadley, W. C. Moore, W. S. Maples, J. S. Souza and wife, eight Japanese in the cabin and 77 deck passengers from all ports.

Departed. Per str. Mikahala, for Maui and Molekai, Sept. 20.—Mrs. Buchanan and child, Mrs. P. J. Moranah and child. Per str. Kinau, for Kauai, Sept. 20.—Francis Gay, Miss K. Coney, Miss E. Rice, Miss M. E. Graham, Miss Cameron, Miss Ellison, Miss Lawrence, B. D. Baldwin and wife, Dr. and Mrs. Judd, C. Baldwin and wife A. V. Peters, J. S. Schoenberger, M. Coney, E. C. Smith, C. Nishikawa.

Per str. Mauna Kea, for Hilo and way ports, Sept. 20.—C. C. Smith, D. L. Austin, H. J. Lyman, A. W. Dunn, A. H. Vierra, Miss M. De Meyer, Mrs. R. B. Klemme, S. Newman and wife, Mrs. H. H. Benton, Miss Gardner, Miss Percy, J. Smenton, R. Wood, J. F. Roeb, R. E. Clark, wife and child, R. Goslin, L. M. Dole, W. Willie, J. T. Stackler, Mrs. M. M. Springer, Mrs. C. W. Hudson, Mrs. C. Akana, C. K. Notley and wife and child, W. Payne and wife, Mrs. Knox, O. T. Shipman and wife, Mr. Devereux, wife and two children; Chas. Gay, wife and child, N. Perry, Mrs. F. S. Sen and child, C. M. Miller, Mrs. J. M. Muell, Mrs. L. L. Miller, A. J. Williams, E. L. Patters, J. J. Belsler, A. G. Stoddart, Geo. A. Brown, W. Weight and daughter, Count K. J. Zedwitz and wife, Miss Arakawa, Sister Susanna, Sister Ehpme.

Per O. S. S. Sierra, for San Francisco, September 21.—Mrs. A. Akin, Miss C. L. Bartlett, Miss A. E. Beard, Mrs. T. K. Beard, T. H. Benton, Mrs. Benton, Miss E. Berry, Miss M. R. Brown, Mrs. A. E. Bushley, H. M. Chandler, Miss G. Clifton, W. H. Colon, Miss E. E. Cox, D. Crowley, Miss G. Dunn, Mrs. A. J. Fairweather, T. M. Flournoy, Mrs. Flournoy, P. D. Gibson, R. Gibson, John W. Gilman, Miss E. Gray, Mrs. W. A. Gray, J. W. Hamilton, Miss A. W. Harris, J. B. Harris, J. J. Herman, Miss M. Hussey, W. M. Johnston, J. Jorgensen, Mrs. Jorgensen and child, J. S. King, E. M. Kirchen, Mrs. Kirchen, Rev. Y. T. Kong, J. Laird, R. L. Lillie, Mrs. Lillie, Miss E. Marion, G. C. Matthews, Dr. A. Marques, J. P. Meyer, M. P. Moore, W. H. Munter, Mrs. Munter, Mrs. C. G. Muransky, Mrs. E. S. Norton, H. Oester, Miss S. Oester, Mrs. W. H. Park, H. D. Porter, Mrs. Porter, W. L. Raven, Miss E. Reid, Dr. E. V. Rice, Mrs. Rice, Miss M. Rockwell, J. Rosenber, Mrs. G. D. Russell and child, J. H. Simpson, Mrs. Simpson, L. E. Snyder, Mrs. J. R. Spenser, Mrs. F. T. Sullivan and child, P. E. Thompson, J. D. Toeker, Dr. St. D. G. Walters, Mrs. Walters and maid, H. S. Williamson, V. Withers, Mrs. E. P. Wood, Elder S. E. Woolley, Miss B. Werts, Miss M. H. Werts. Per str. W. G. Hall, for Kauai ports, September 22.—John Gonaves, Peter Savas, H. Rohig, Rev. W. Ault, Chong Song, Antonio Savas, John Aderkuk, Mrs. L. Hamoku and child, Francis Gay, J. D. Crockett and M. A. Mikaele.

GET IT TODAY.

Every family should be provided with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year. Attacks of bowel complaint nearly always come on suddenly, and when this remedy is at hand all danger may be avoided. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

Mary Virginia Poe, the thirteen-year-old child kidnaped in St. Louis and found in San Francisco, mysteriously disappeared a second time in the latter city.

TRENT'S VOTE HOLDS UP LEASE

(Continued from Page One.)

meeting of the board in detail was as follows:

Work in Detail.

The board, after the reading of the minutes, took up again the matter of the petition of the Cornwell Ranch for the lease of 10,000 acres of land on Maui at Waikeolu.

Secretary Brown stated that he wrote to Mr. Correa asking if the Peter Joseph letter were the petition referred to in his letter. He received a wireless asking him to defer action until receipt of a letter. The letter which was received later, stated that the Peter Joseph letter was not the petition referred to. The petition was in the hands of Peter Joseph. The writer asked that action be deferred until another petition could be prepared.

A letter from Peter Joseph was read, stating that the petition for the breaking up of the tract into 1000-acre tracts was drawn up by Mr. Tavares and had been placed in his hands to be forwarded to the land board.

In a second letter Peter Joseph flatly accuses Tavares of underhanded work in suppressing the petition, for some selfish reason of his own. The petitioners, he said, were very indignant.

Andrade stated that Tavares' excuse was that some of the petitioners did not come in to sign the petition.

Brown said the petitioners evidently have the mistaken notion that if the leases of 1000 acres each are ordered, they are to get them without competition.

After a long and spirited discussion involving long silences in which the thinking of the board could be heard grinding, Andrade suggested that the tract be divided in 2000-acre tracts. He and Campbell explained that on account of the scarcity of water in that district, ranchers having but a small acreage would be unable to get along and their herds would perish. The Kula pipeline will help some but not enough, stated Campbell.

Andrade put his suggestion at last into the form of a motion that the commissioner be advised by the board to divide the tract into 2000-acre tracts, to be put up for lease for twenty-one years at the upset rental of ten cents an acre offered by the Cornwell Ranch.

Trent Opposes.

Trent once more interposed an objection. "I can not vote for a twenty-one-year lease nor a ten-cent price," he said. "I'm very sorry that you can't carry the motion without my vote."

"It's no use putting the motion, then," urged Andrade. "Oh, we'll take the vote on it, anyway," said Brown. "As for the twenty-one years," he continued, "the law provides for the lease of pastoral land for twenty-one years, and if a man is to be put to large expense for fencing and providing water, it is only justice to him to give him a long lease."

Brown put the motion and he, Andrade and Dwight voted for it, Trent voting no. Although the motion was carried three to one, the board, under the two-thirds rule, failed to approve of the leasing of the land.

"This action," said Brown, "merely leaves the matter in the air." "The application of the Cornwell Ranch is still before us," said Trent. "You make a motion, Mr. Trent," said Andrade.

"No, the matter is closed so far as I am concerned," said Trent.

May Sell Kona Lot.

Campbell asked special consideration of the application of H. Akona for the purchase of five-eighths of an acre of land now occupied by his hotel at Waimea, South Kona. He offered an upset price of \$350. The board consented to the sale of the land, Trent making the motion.

Small Exchange Authorized.

Campbell asked special consideration of the application of Byron O. Clark to exchange certain land in Manoa, wanted for road purposes, for other land on Hillside avenue nearby. The two tracts are of almost the same area. The board approved.

Kawailoole Lots.

Brown brought up the matter of the Kawailoole lots. The members wanted to know who gave away the story of the bid of the land board when it visited the land last week, but nobody would tell.

Trent moved that the board give its consent, and authorize the superintendent to divide the land into half-acre lots and put them up at public auction at an upset of \$25 a lot, title not to be gained for five years, each purchaser to be held not more than one lot.

Minor Matters.

An exchange of land in Waiomanu, Kau, with Mr. Meinecke, to acquire land for road purposes, was approved.

Campbell brought up the matter of the application for the leasing of the Waipiole, North and South Ohehena and Kapua grazing lands. These lands, he said, are now rented for \$25 a month. The applicants, the Makee Sugar Company and Charles Rice, offer \$300 a year.

These lands, he said, will undoubtedly be wanted in a few years for homesteads, when there is water available, but at present there is no water to be had. The lease requires the fencing of the lands. Campbell said he thought there would be lively bidding, which would run the rental a good deal above the \$300 offered.

The papers not being in the hands of the secretary at the time, Trent objected to taking any action.

Andrade moved the board adjourn, to meet at four o'clock this afternoon. The motion carried.

SEEKS JOHN D'S FATHER.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Hundreds of John D. Rockefeller's relatives have been conducting a secret investigation to learn whether the oil king's father, William Avery Rockefeller, is still alive. They possess information that leads them to believe he is living in a western city. The facts were brought out this afternoon at Newburgh at the annual reunion of the Rockefeller Association of the United States, of which John D. is not a member.

PREPARE TO INVAD ISLES

Tourists Are Now Lining Up for Descent on Honolulu in February.

Certainty of an excursion from Puget Sound to Honolulu in February was stated yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the promotion committee in Secretary Wood's weekly letter to the committee. His letter follows:

This is our busiest seed-sowing time. Every steamer leaving port for the Mainland for the next sixty days will carry from five to ten thousand folders, special letters, marked papers, etc., with the object of increasing travel to Hawaii during the next winter season.

Wm. R. R. Potter has submitted a most attractive design for a special mailing card entitled "Winter Sports in Hawaii," which if it meets with the approval of the committee, will be printed and sent out to some 20,000 railway and steamship agents the world over.

In preparation for the many inquiries we are likely to receive regarding rooms and board, I am now revising our list of home hotels and rooming houses, bringing the information up to date.

Next year's carnival season promises to be an unusually interesting one and we may look for the largest crowd of tourists in town at that time that we have ever had in Hawaii.

Through the efforts of James McCandless and others the Shriner excursion is assured beyond a doubt. The latest information concerning the Seattle chamber of commerce excursion is contained in the following letter dated September 6th:

Puget Sound Excursion. "In connection with our letter of September 2nd in relation to the excursion, we neglected to advise that our rate included the expense of excursionists stop at Hilo and their rail and stage fare to the crater and return."

"All passengers will be allowed to use the ship as their hotel during their stay in that port."

"As there will be over 230 in the party we would ask you to use your good offices in obtaining a special rate for our chamber for the expense of those excursionists between Hilo and the crater."

"At Honolulu the passengers will be at their own expense while ashore. Other than this our rate includes the expense for the trip."

"Let us have your program as early as possible as this information will be asked for by excursionists as soon as they begin to arrange details for their bookings."

Mrs. Headlee writes concerning her work as follows, her letter being dated September 7th:

"Just a line for the Sierra to say that the excursion is moving on satisfactorily. The matter has not yet been given to the press as Mr. Yandell wishes to announce it through 175 different papers throughout the State simultaneously, and he has one of the glad-hand State excursionists for this week, thus must hold the announcement until next week."

"Everything is being done by both Mr. Yandell and Mr. King to make it first-class and the best service is assured. Vancouver is interested also and I trust the lectures which I have scheduled there are as follows:

"Sept. 19—Mount Pleasant M. E. Church. "Sept. 20—Wesley M. E. Church. "Sept. 22—Kitsulano Presbyterian Church. "Sept. 23—Y. M. C. A.

will greatly assist in stirring up more interest. The one noted above on the 20th is one of the largest and most influential churches in the province."

"The Rev. Mr. Fraser of Vancouver who visited Hawaii last year and to whom you requested me to furnish slides has written for them. We have had two Honolulu callers at the office today; one being Mrs. Kearns and the other a Mr. Jenkins connected with a fertilizer company there."

Oceanic and Payne. The following letter from Mr. Cockroft, general passenger agent of the Oceanic Steamship Company, is of general interest.

"I received yours of the 26th and also a paper with item in about Mr. Lynch's fishing trip, which I was glad to get."

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) Attorney Frank E. Thompson leaves today on the Sierra for San Francisco, returning on the same vessel.

The Hilo Hotel Company has filed its articles of association with Treasurer Conling. The capital stock is \$75,000. The Manila Times of August 17 has a story of questionable methods being used by agents from Hawaii to secure Filipino laborers.

L. L. McCandless, the Democratic politician, left for Hawaii yesterday on a stumping tour. On the same boat was Charles Notley the Home Rule leader.

Deaths from contagious diseases in the district of Honolulu during the fifteen days ended September 15, according to the report of the board of health, totaled ten. Of these, two were from diphtheria, one from typhoid fever and seven from tuberculosis.

A. F. Thayer, the former newspaper man of Honolulu who is now engaged in high finance in Manila, having purchased a block of the Friars lands, allegedly with Honolulu capital, has stated to the Manila newspapers that he wants a fair deal for the Calamba Estate company.

The New York Herald of August 26 has the following: Brokers described the buying of Hawaiian issues as "good." Pell & Co., Morrison Brothers, Harris, Winthrop & Co., O'Neill Brothers & Co., and Raymond, Pynchon & Co. were buyers. Lipper & Co., Lave & Hays, De Witt & Co. and Combs & Co. bought.

Charles H. Pierce, a junior engineer of the United States Geologic Survey, arrived on the last Sierra to assist W. F. Martin in the water survey of the Islands. Mr. Martin says that Mr. Pierce, after being shown around the Territory, will probably spend about a month on Maui and then will be stationed at Hilo, from which town he will work in conjunction with Mr. Martin.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) Mrs. Albert P. Taylor, who was successfully operated on by Dr. Wood at the Queen's Hospital, returned to her home in Manoa yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Park of Los Angeles sailed on the Sierra after a fortnight's visit with her son, R. B. Park, recently arrived from the Philippines.

Letters were received during the week from A. F. Thayer, formerly Honolulu newspaper man and now in the sugar business in Manila. He states that his wife has returned to Oregon and that he himself expects to complete his work in the Philippines in about five months.

Miss Berry of Boston, niece of Hon. John A. Cummins, departed on the Sierra yesterday homeward bound, after a delightful visit in Honolulu, a visit to the volcano being included in her journeying. During her stay here she was entertained often at the Cummins home with the true old-time Cummins hospitality, and she departed with many Hawaiian curios, the gifts of Mr. Cummins and friends. On Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. Cummins gave a pot supper in honor of Miss Barry, at which Prince and Princess Kalaniana'ole were among the guests. The supper was elaborate and a quintet of Hawaiian singing boys added to its gaiety.

ISLAND OHIA FOR SANTA FE

Hawaiian Mahogany Reported On by Big Railroad Official.

LOS ANGELES, September 13.—E. O. Faulkner, head of the forestry department of the Santa Fe, will return home today from Honolulu, where he went to sign up a contract for the entire output of ohia ties of the Hawaiian Islands.

Three years ago Faulkner went down to the Islands to investigate the possibilities of ohia as a material for railroad ties and was so impressed that he signed up a contract for 2,500,000 on behalf of the Santa Fe Company. Exhaustive experiments, made since that time, have demonstrated that ohia is perfectly suited to the needs of railroad construction and in consequence the Santa Fe has secured the entire Hawaiian output for a term of years.

Ohia is the heaviest wood known and is also one of the hardest. It is a species of mahogany, very knotty and unsplittable. Experiments have demonstrated that it is affected but little by the continuous pounding of heavy rolling stock and for that reason it is being used in curves where strength and durability is of the greatest importance and cost a matter of secondary consideration.

So far the ohia ties have been used almost entirely in the mountain districts as the supply at the disposal of the company has been too small to stretch out over any great amount of territory. With the increased number available they will be used all along the system where great stability is needed.

The Santa Fe uses more than 4,000,000 ties a year and for some time past the problem of securing them has been a serious one. Oak, for years the standard wood used in the fashioning of ties, has been practically out of the question and all sorts of makeshifts have been tried. Some years ago concrete was tried, but the tests were not entirely satisfactory.

In certain classes of construction work eucalyptus has been found practicable. To furnish a supply of this wood Faulkner some time ago had 1700 acres of the eucalyptus planted in the southern part of the State.

The Santa Fe is now receiving ties from Hawaii, Mexico, Japan and Tasmania. Of all the woods available, however, the Hawaiian ohia has been found the most suitable.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, Thursday, Sept. 22, 1910.

Table with columns: NAME OF STOCK, Capital Paid Up, Par, Bid, Ask. Lists various stocks like Mercantile, C. Brewer & Co., Ewa, Agricultural, etc.

*\$2,125 on \$100 paid. \$2000 stock at 103 at maturity. \$270 shares treasury stock. \$5000 shares treasury stock. Session Sales. 5 Ewa, 32.75; 20 Honokaa, 16.75; 6 Oahu Sug. Co., 32.50; 10 Ewa, 32.625. Between Boards. 30 Oahu Sug. Co., 32.50; 25 Haw. C. & S. Co., 39.75; 50 Kahuku, 20.

MAINLANDERS WANT LAND IN HAWAII

Residents of California Apply for Opening of Wood Valley, Kau.

The contention that has been so often made, vigorously denied and still more strenuously reaffirmed, that people on the mainland would be found only too eager to come to Hawaii to take up homesteads if given the opportunity, seems to be pretty thoroughly proved by some applications for public land that have recently been received by Land Commissioner Campbell.

Yesterday the commissioner received through C. W. Ashford, an application signed by twenty-five citizens, asking for the opening up for homestead purposes of Wood Valley, Kau. And it is worthy of note that nearly all the names signed to the petition are those of residents of California and other States on the mainland. There were a very few names of residents of Hawaii, but by far the greater number are those of people now on the Coast who want to come to Hawaii, homestead some government land and settle down to make their homes here.

JAPANESE DIED BY OWN CARELESSNESS

After an unusually long session for a coroner's jury, six good men and true last evening decided that Kakajir Kubo died through his own carelessness as the result of being hit in the back by a tub of coal falling in the hold of the British collier Seisdon on Wednesday. The blow opened an artery and the victim practically bled to death internally.

It took four hours for the evidence to be put in last evening, for the reason that the witnesses were Japanese and the ordinary Japanese witness takes his time in testifying whether he has any evidence to give or not.

