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The Hilo Tribune.

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NOTICE—Neither the Masters nor Agent of vessels of the "Matson Line" will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. R. T. GUARD, Agent.
Hilo, April 16, 1901. 24-

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, United States of America.

TERM SUMMONS.

ELIKAPEKA, libellant vs. SUIMATU TOMIKICHI, libellee.
The Territory of Hawaii; to the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Hawaii, or his Deputy:

You are commanded to summon Suimatu Tomikichi, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the January term thereof, to be held at South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, on Wednesday, the 7th day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Elikapeka, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition. And have you then and there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness HON. GILBERT F. LITTLE, Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit at South Hilo, Hawaii, this 22nd day of November, 1902.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the Original Summons in said cause and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next term of this Court.

DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

Hilo, Hawaii, January 13, 1903.
R. A. LYMAN, attorney for libellant - 14-6

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

In the matter of the Estate of ANTONIO MEDEIROS, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the administrator of the estate of said deceased having been filed, wherein he asks that his accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled; that the heirs of said estate may be ascertained and declared, and discharging him from all further responsibility as such administrator.

It is ordered that Monday, the 23rd day of March, 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., at Chambers, in the Court House at South Hilo, Hawaii, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, Feb. 25, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
RIDGWAY & RIDGWAY, Attorneys for Petitioners. 17-31

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.
In the matter of the Guardianship of AMELIA AKAU and JOSEPH AKAU, minors.

The petition of Emily F. Conradt, guardian of the above minors, having been filed, wherein she asks that an order be issued for the sale of real estate of her said wards.

It is ordered that Monday, the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court room of this Court, at Hilo, Hawaii, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, Feb. 25, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. WISE & ROSS, Attorneys for petitioner. 17-3

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, United States of America.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.
In the matter of the Guardianship of MAKALEKA LEIALOHA NAKAPUAHI, a minor.

The petition of Mrs. Makaleka R. Nakapuahi Lo, the guardian of the above named minor, wherein she asks for an order of sale of certain real estate, in which said minor owns a life interest, being 10 1/2 acres of land, described in R. P. No. 7320, L. C. A. No. 8302, situate at Makakoulo, Paauhau Plantation, Hanalei, Hawaii, and wherein she sets forth certain reasons why such real estate should be sold, and the proceeds be otherwise invested, having been filed.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., at the Court House of South Hilo, Hawaii, be and is hereby appointed the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where the next of kin of said ward, and all persons interested in the said estate, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayers of said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, March 4, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. R. A. LYMAN, Attorney for Petitioner. 18-3

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.
In the matter of the estate of EKAERKA (W), of Kaloa, Hilo, Hawaii, deceased.

Petition having been filed by Bila Waialea, of Hilo, praying that letters of administration upon said estate be issued to him.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court room of this Court, at South Hilo, Hawaii, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, March 4, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.

F. S. LYMAN, Attorney for Petitioner. 18-3

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the estate of LOUISE J. ABBEY, deceased.

The petition of Josephine Deyo, administratrix of the above estate having been filed, wherein she asks that her accounts be examined, approved and allowed; that the heirs to the said estate of Louise J. Abbey, deceased, may be ascertained and declared, and that she may be discharged as administratrix and her bondsmen released from further liability.

It is ordered that Monday, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the Court room of the Fourth Circuit Court, Hilo, Hawaii, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing such petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, March 4, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. WISE & ROSS, Attorneys for Petitioner. 18-4

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the Estate of WM. L. ROSE, of Hilo, Hawaii, T. H., deceased.

Petition having been filed by Kanaina Rose, widow of the said deceased, praying that letters testamentary be issued to her, as executrix of the last will and testament.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court room of this Court at Hilo, Hawaii, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, Feb. 20, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. SMITH & PARSONS, Attorneys for petitioner. 18-3

In the Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, United States of America.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the estate of SOLOMON KALAAUKAHI LO, a minor, of Hilo, Hawaii.

The petition of J. W. Keomakani Lo, the guardian of the above named minor, wherein he asks for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said estate, being a portion of the land described in Royal Patent Number 4809, for Land Commission Award Number 4687, to Lo, situate at Puae, in the town of Hilo, Island of Hawaii, wherein he sets forth certain reasons why such real estate should be sold, namely, to pay the debts of his ward, and for his maintenance; and also to join with the other heirs, in making a division of those certain lots or parcels of land described in Land Commission Awards, Numbers 2663 and 2664, to Kahue, situate at Waikaka and Kukuau, Hilo, Hawaii, having been filed.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., at the Court House of South Hilo, Hawaii, be and is hereby appointed the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where the next of kin of said ward and all persons interested in said estate, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayers of said petition should not be granted.

Hilo, Hawaii, March 3, 1903.
By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. F. S. LYMAN, Attorney for petitioner. 18-3

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit Territory of Hawaii U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the estate of JOHN KANE, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

All creditors of said estate are hereby notified to present their claims, duly verified and with their vouchers, if any, to the undersigned at the law offices of Ridgway & Ridgway, at Hilo, Hawaii, within six months from the date of this notice, otherwise such claims, if any, will be forever barred.

J. CASTLE RIDGWAY, Administrator.
RIDGWAY & RIDGWAY, Attorneys for Estate.
Hilo, Hawaii, Feb. 10, 1903. 15-4

Notice to Creditors.

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit Territory of Hawaii U. S. A.
IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS.
In the matter of the estate of JOHN KANE, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased.
All creditors of said estate are hereby notified to present their claims, duly verified and with their vouchers, if any, to the undersigned at the law offices of Ridgway & Ridgway, at Hilo, Hawaii, within six months from the date of this notice, otherwise such claims, if any, will be forever barred.
J. CASTLE RIDGWAY, Administrator.
RIDGWAY & RIDGWAY, Attorneys for Estate.
Hilo, Hawaii, Feb. 10, 1903. 15-4

SPECIAL SESSION.

Roosevelt Calls Congress in Extraordinary Session.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—President Roosevelt issued a proclamation today calling the Senate in extraordinary session on March 5th. This action by the President is the result of the failure of the Senate to act upon the Panama Canal and Cuban Reciprocity treaties.

The President believes that the interests of the nation demand action which it has been impossible to obtain during the general blockade which the Statehood Bill and opposition to the canal treaty has brought about.

Macedonians Not Satisfied.

Constantinople, Turkey, Feb. 27.—Leaders of Macedonia complain that the reforms ordered by the Sultan of Turkey are not sufficiently radical. This attitude on the part of Macedonia is by no means unexpected and constitutes one of the many indications that make war in the Balkans almost a certainty early in spring. The aim of the Macedonians is autonomy and it is believed that Russia is, by indirect means, giving the Macedonians reason to believe that they will not be left without assistance in case of a revolt.

Cuban Treaty Blocked.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The blockade of legislation at the close of the session has led the Senate to place the Littlefield anti-Trust Bill on the shelf. The bill cannot possibly pass at this session. Members of the Cabinet have given up all hope of the Panama Canal and Cuban treaties being acted upon. The President, however, has reiterated his determination to call an extra session of the Senate if the important measures are not acted upon.

Millions For Navy.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The Senate has passed the Naval appropriation Bill which makes \$81,000,000 available for the Navy Department. The bill provides for the construction of three first-class battleships, one first-class armored cruiser, two steel training-ships, and one wooden brig. It also gives to each Senator, Representative and Delegate the appointment of two midshipmen in place of one, as at present.

Delaware Elects Senators.

Dover, Del., March 2.—The deadlock over the United States Senatorship was broken today by the election of Frank Allee, Union Republican and Congressman Ball, Republican, to the vacant Senatorial seats from Delaware. Allee is a State Senator and a former Addicks leader. This closes one of the hardest-fought Senatorial battles that has ever been known in the country.

Tariff Legislation.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Governor Taft is urging that Congress shall pass the tariff legislation for the Philippines that has been pending throughout the session. Taft claims that a continuation of the present unsatisfactory conditions will cause commercial depression and great hardship throughout the islands.

Claim Germans Looted.

Caracas, Venezuela, Feb. 27.—The Venezuelan authorities have accused the German naval forces with looting the Venezuelan vessel Restaurador and disabling her machinery. Germany denies that the ship has been injured and claims that it was returned in as good condition as it was received.

GREAT BRITAIN PROTESTS.

Opposition to Cuban Reciprocity From New Quarter.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—Prospects of the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty arousing serious contentions with foreign countries have been brought to a head by a specific protest from Great Britain against the treaty which is considered an unjustified discrimination. France and other beet sugar producing countries of Europe are making diplomatic inquiries regarding the Cuban treaty and there is every indication that these countries will retaliate if the Cuban treaty is approved.

Money For Hawaii.

Senator J. Brown introduced three resolutions providing for appropriations for Hawaii. One was for a number of roads in South Hilo, to be inserted in the loan bill; a second was for \$2,000 for increasing the electric lights in Hilo; and \$1,200 for roads in Puna. The resolutions are to be considered when the appropriation loan bill comes up.

Must Talk French.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—Several Powers have joined in a demand that French shall be the official language in the deliberations of The Hague and arbitration protocols have been changed accordingly. Brazil has appealed to the United States for the protection of her demands. Thus far the Government has refused to interfere.

No Pension For Queen.

Washington, March 2.—The amendment to the Appropriation bill granting former Queen Liliuokalani \$200,000 in settlement of her "real or pretended claims," was defeated in the Senate today by the conferees. The bill carrying an appropriation for an Hawaiian immigrant station was passed.

Chinese Rebels Active.

Peking, China, Feb. 27.—Activity of Chinese rebels is fulfilling the predictions that China is on the verge of an outbreak that will be far more serious than the last Boxer trouble. A body of Imperial troops has been ambushed by a rebel force, in which hundreds of the Imperial force were killed.

Roosevelt on Appointments.

Atlanta, Ga., March 2.—In a letter written to Clark Howell, President Roosevelt stands by his policy of appointing negroes to office in the South. The President reiterates his determination that character and capabilities and not color shall be the controlling factor.

Tables Turned.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Reports have been received from Honduras to the effect that the following of President-elect Bonilla has increased and is in pursuit of Sierra, the hold-over President, who is endeavoring to retain control of the Government.

Peaceful President.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—President Escalau, the newly elected President of Salvador, has been inaugurated. This is the first peaceful transfer of the Salvador Government that has taken place in fifty years, and is the cause of great rejoicing among the people.

Plague Appears in Mexico.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Reports were received here today that the bubonic plague has broken out among the people of Lopax, Mexico.

Will Attack Caracas.

Caracas, Venezuela, March 2.—Eight thousand revolutionists are mobilizing for an attack upon President Castro's forces at Caracas.

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THE EASTERN WAR.

First Engagement Between Turks and Bulgarians.

London, March 1.—An engagement is reported between a detachment of Turks and a body of Macedonians and Bulgarians, in the vicinity of Monastir, in the province of that name. The Turkish army had moved out from the city to meet the advancing force of the combined enemy, and the battle was a short, sharp conflict. The Turks were repulsed and compelled to retire leaving thirty killed and carrying back many wounded.

French Protocol Signed.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The French protocol for the settlement of Venezuelan claims has been signed.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 2.—The Ohio and its tributaries are overflowing and spreading great damage all along the river courses. Many fatalities have occurred and 40,000 persons have been thrown out of employment.

Washington, March 2.—Senator Foraker has offered a substitute for the Hawaiian Ditch Company's bill removing the objections to the original measure raised by the Bishop estate.

Manila, March 2.—The Government is preparing to promulgate Wright's penal code, which supersedes the ancient system of Spanish jurisprudence.

Washington, March 2.—The conferees on the Appropriation bill agreed to strike out the item granting ex-Queen Liliuokalani \$200,000.

Merced, Cal., March 2.—Henry Cowell, a San Francisco millionaire, was shot today and probably fatally wounded in a farmer's quarrel.

Washington, March 2.—An effort will be made in the Senate tomorrow to pass the Philippine tariff bill.

Rome, March 2.—Seventy thousand pilgrims are in the city to attend the jubilee of the Pope tomorrow.

Washington, March 2.—The House has passed the bill admitting a Delegate in Congress from Porto Rico.

Sacramento, March 2.—The Governor has signed the bill abolishing the California Bank Commission.

Sacramento, March 2.—The bill removing the State capitol to San Jose was defeated in the Senate.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—The general deficiency appropriation bill has passed the Senate.

Washington, March 2.—The President has signed the Philippine Coinage bill.

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The best place in Hawaii to
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J. D. KENNEDY, = HILO

THE SUGAR TRUST.

A Discussion of a Great Business Or-
ganization by F. Clarkin.

So far as it answers any of the current questions regarding trusts, the American Sugar Refining Company answers them positively—for itself. It is second or third of these great combinations in point of age, and both before the government and before the court it has had to justify its being. By the court it was declared illegal. All it did in response was to "go to Jersey and put on a different suit of clothes," returning to New York the same trust as before, its composition unaltered, its principle abiding.

It is an example and a type. Yet it is individual, for trusts, like firms, are what they are made by the men who manage them. Not long ago in Congress this one was called "the most unpopular of them all." No reason was given. Whether there is a valid one depends upon very simple matters of conduct. Has it thrust men out of business and made their loss its gain? Cruelty to competitors, oppression to workmen, the exaction of immoderate prices from consumers—some trusts practise these vexatious tyrannies; is the Sugar Trust one of them? Have its methods tended to lower business morals? Or have its managers shown a greed of wealth and an inclination to use it against public interest? In spite of visible gaps, the record is full enough, and remarkably informing.

Throughout its course there has been identified with this trust one of those who seem to establish the fact that in America we are getting past the period when it was "only three generations from shirt-sleeves to shirt-sleeves." (What the fathers won the sons are keeping, and that are adding more. Vanderbilt and transportation, Morgan and finance, Havemeyer and sugar—the name stands for the business more potently than ever in the past.) This is Mr. H. O. Havemeyer, who organized the trust, and has remained supreme in control. It was his grandfather, coming from Schaumburg-Lippe, who started, and his grandmother who who helped to tend, that first little sugar "bakery" in old Greenwich Village, Manhattan. It produced no more in a day than in these times would yield a dollar profit. But the son and heir so extended it that when, in old age, he in turn transmitted it to his two sons, it was of a thousand times greater capacity. Of this later "going concern," a feature of the Brooklyn shore of the East River, the present Havemeyer became the active manager. Under his administration the annual output increased from three hundred thousand barrels to a million, and now, as the main plant of the trust, to five millions—nearly a third of all produced from cane in America.

Fifteen years ago, when eighteen of the forty refineries in the country had gone into bankruptcy, it occurred to somebody that a union of all, a cooperation of owners, would diminish waste and preserve a profit. Twenty-one of the refineries that had survived were brought under one control, that of the Havemeyers being the nucleus. This was a trust in the real sense, in which the stockholders of the different corporations assigned their stock in trust to a board of trustees—to a board that held the voting power of the stocks of the various companies.

The object was monopoly. It was and is the acknowledged ambition of the of it to "refine all the sugar of the American people." Before the Senate bribery committee he testified that the principal purpose of the trust was to control the price and output to the people of this country. Modifying that afterward so as to be understood that the object was to control simply the trust's own price and output, he nevertheless admitted immediately that the trust, by having at that time eighty per cent of the refining, could regulate output and was in a position to fix the general price. Its limit was the point where it would be profitable for imports to flow into the country over the tariff bulwark.

Besides unduly advancing the

price of their products, another obvious way in which trusts may interfere with the general welfare is by oppressing workmen in order to reduce cost of production. What the Sugar Trust has done regarding labor is pointed and clear.

In massing the refineries, it found that six or seven could turn out as much sugar as all the twenty-one together, some being obsolete; so it dismantled all the unnecessary plants, stopped work in them, and dismissed the men. Five refineries now produce more than twenty-four did before. This is to work at a minimum expense, and the trust found itself willing to advance the wages of the workmen it retained. Later these were increased in number beyond those originally in service. As nearly as can be told, for most grades of labor the wage improvement under the trust has amounted to an average of a dollar a week. Strikes have not bothered it; trade-unionism has been in no degree harassing. Personally, Mr. Havemeyer cannot see that strikes ever yield any benefit to the strikers, but he has come into no antagonism toward unionism. Most sugar labor is unskilled, "and you cannot unionize unskilled labor by itself." Germans contribute the skilled labor; Poles, Hungarians, indeed the very same races that have flocked to the hard-coal mines, contribute the common labor; and they have displaced nearly all the English-speaking workers, just as in the mines, for the reason that they can be had for less pay. "You cannot hire an Irishman now," the head of the trust declares, "for ordinary wages." The kind of man that can be hired for twelve cents an hour does not restrict himself to a short day, and the privilege of doing extra time is generally used. Little by little the twelve-cent-an-hour man has been put in the place of the stevedore, whose union wage at unloading vessels is from forty to forty-five cents an hour.

In the Sugar Trust, then, some of the benefits of increased efficiency have been received by the consumer, and some by the workmen. These things have been true even though seven per cent. and twelve per cent. for the stockholders had to be earned on a capitalization fourteen times greater than that of the original companies, or four and a half times greater than the valuation of their business.

Most of the improvements in sugar-refining have been in the direction of labor-saving; and a striking thing about a first look through a factory is the deserted aspect of the place. Barges are unloaded of their coal and the coal transported overhead by a chain of buckets to the boilers in four blocks of buildings. You will see the coal fed directly to the boilers by mechanical instead of human stokers. At the top of the building the raw sugar goes through defecating material—a weak solution of phosphoric acid and milk—which combines and incloses the mechanical impurities. Bag-filters then strain them off. There is still a molasses color to the sugar, so it is dropped through thirty-foot filters of bone-black, or bone charcoal which is like sand, and from that falls into vacuum-pans, on a story below, for melting, for evaporation of water, and for crystallization; thence into centrifugals which fling out the syrup; and through sieves which grade it according to size of crystals, the "coarse" being used by confectioners, the "standard" by manufacturers, and the "fine" by families. Funnels guide it into barrels, which are packed close by mechanical jolting, and, after being headed up by human coopers, are borne away by mechanical conveyers to the shipping-room. For small packages there are machines to fill, weigh and seal, one girl furnishing all the labor required to put up twenty-two of the smallest in a minute. The main study in the manufacture has been to avoid having the sugar handled twice—to send it straight by gravity or by endless-chain devices almost from the first process to the last.

Mr. Havemeyer is the author of that sweeping protestation that "the tariff is the mother of trusts."

(Continued on page 3.)

WINDWARD HAWAII.

Directory of the Prominent and Progressive business men in the richest county in the Islands. If you have anything to dispose of it doesn't cost much to advertise it in this department. Write for rates.

HONOKAA.

HONOKAA is the most thriving community outside of Hilo on the windward coast of the Island of Hawaii. It is situated 50 miles from Hilo at an elevation of 1500 feet which renders the climate salubrious. Above the cane lands are numerous homesteads on which coffee, cane and vegetables are extensively cultivated. Regular stage lines connect with all outlying districts. The 4th Circuit Court meets at Honokaa annually in July. Regular steamers call to discharge and receive freight.

A. B. LINDSAY—General Merchandise, Post Office, School Agent.

CHAS. WILLIAMS—Attorney at law, Notary Public.

DRS. GREENFIELD & R. G. CURTIS, Physicians and Surgeons.

J. M. MOANAULI—Attorney at Law.

R. H. MAKEKAU—Attorney at Law.

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GEO. KAIZER—Prop. Honokaa Stables Staging and Teaming at reasonable rates in Kohala, Hamakua and Hilo districts; boarding a specialty, inquire for terms, contracts, etc.

MRS. E. HALL—Furnished Rooms to let.

WM. J. RICKARD—Notary Public.

KAWAIIHAE.

This place derives its importance from being the chief port of South Kohala through which Waimea and Paako Plantations receive and ship their freight. Here mail is landed and carried as far as Honokaa by Vol. Stables stage line which runs through to Hilo.

WAH CHONG STORE—Chock Hoo—Dry Goods, Groceries, Chinese and Japanese Goods, Patent Medicines, Kawaihae View Hotel and Restaurant.

JUDGE WM. HOOKUANUI—Notary Public, Postmaster, Agent for Wilder S. S. Co., and Light House Keeper.

NORTH KOHALA.

Comprises five sugar plantations, viz: Hawi, Union Mill, Kohala, Halawa and Niuli and the extensive areas of the Woods' stock ranch. Mahukona is the port from which runs the Kohala Railroad connecting the plantations.

W. AKUI—Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Ready Made Clothes and Fancy Goods.

S. NAKA—Watchmaker.

J. C. BURGESS—Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging and decorating.

HALAVA—Joaquin Zablan—Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Patent Medicines.

NIULII—Kimu Pake—Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Shoes, Hardware.

KOHALA CLUB CO.—First Class Hotel Accommodations, Livery, Hack and Freighting. Meets steamers regularly at Mahukona.

KUKUIHAELE.

KUKUIHAELE is the most northern of the Hamakua plantations. It is situated on the brow of the great Waipio Valley a distance of sixty miles from Hilo.

TRY HAMAKUA SODA WORKS for gingerale.

J. G. JONES—Dry Goods, Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, Feed.

W. A. MCKAY—Saloon—Handles Primo Beer.

QUONG CHONG CO.—Dealers in General Merchandise, Drugs, Fancy Goods, Chinese and Japanese Goods.

WAIMEA.—Kamuela P. O.

At an elevation of 2700 feet between Mauna Kea and the Kohala mountains, twelve miles from Kawaihae and twenty miles from Honokaa, is the fertile plain of Waimea, admirably adapted for the cultivation of agricultural and vegetable products. This is the centre of the Parker Ranch, over which roam thousands of animals. The climate is ideal for a vacation outing.

AH YAU—Merchant Tailor, first class suits at city prices.

INOUE—First Class Hair Dresser and Barber.

SAMUEL K. PUA—Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public.

GENERAL

SOUTH KOHA.

MRS. C. N. ARNOLD—Onouli House Furnishes Good Accommodations for Tourists and Visitors. Kealahou P. O.

C. AHUNA—Groceries, Dry Goods, Tobacco and Cigars, Fancy Goods, Merchant Tailor. Kealahou, Hawaii.

HENRY WEEKS—Kealahou, Hawaii, takes orders for Bedsteads, Tables and Calabashes and Fancy Articles of all kinds, made of Native Woods.

R. MAKAHALUPA—Attorney-at-law

PAHALA.

T. C. WILLS—Dealer in General Merchandise. Post Office.

OLAA SALOON AND CAFE at Nine Miles—Refreshments of all kinds; Meals at all hours. Try our Hospitality.

SVEA

INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Gothenburg, Sweden

Assets (Home Office) \$7,322,653.36

Assets in U. S. (for Additional Security of American Policy Holders) 656,678.43

Pacific Coast Department: EDWARD BROWN & SONS, General Agents

411-413 California St., San Francisco.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Ltd., Resident Agents, HILO

GOO HO

MERCHANT ...TAILOR...

Front Street, - Hilo, Hawaii

A Large Assortment of Tweeds Always Kept on Hand.

Perfect Fit and First-Class Work Guaranteed.

Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.

A TRIAL SOLICITED

Koa! Koa!!

Koa Lumber in small and large quantities; well seasoned.

Furniture made to order, any style wanted. Repairs made on any kind of furniture. Prices moderate.

Serrao Cabinet Shop.

Apply to JOSE G. SERRAO.

Waiakea Boat House

R. A. LUCAS & CO., Prop'rs.

WAIAKEA BRIDGE, HILO
HAVE NOW A FLEET OF

Gasoline Launches and Small Boats

FOR PUBLIC HIRE

Passengers and baggage taken to and from vessels in the harbor at reasonable rates. Launches and rowboats to hire for private picnics and moonlight rides.

RING UP ON TELEPHONE

AGENTS FOR

Wolverine Gasoline Engine

Self-starter and reversible engine. In practicability it is equal to the steam engine. Sizes from 1½ h. p. upwards. Boats fitted with this engine or frames of any size to order. For particulars apply to R. A. LUCAS, Manager.

A Carload of Monuments Just Received Ex S. S. Nebraskan

Direct from New York City. Consisting of the latest designs in Scotch and American Granite, American Italian Marble. Executed by skilled artists. No two designs being alike. Ranging in price from \$5.00 to \$1,500. Photographs will be sent to would be purchasers on application to

J. C. AXTELL
P. O. Box 542, HONOLULU, T. H.

Office and Works 1048 and 1050 Alakea St., bet King and Hotel Sts.
Several designs of Hawaiian stone in stock.

Enterprise Planing Mill Company.

GEO. MUMBY, Mgr. FRONT ST., in rear of Hilo Mercantile Co's Building
Planing, Moulding, Scroll Work and all kinds of Turned Work, Window Frames, etc
WATER TANKS A SPECIALTY. Household and all kinds of Furniture,
Store Fittings, Counters, etc., made to order. Cross-cut Saws re-toothed and
made as good as new, at easy rates.

Manufacturer of School Seats, Church Pews, and Redwood Gutters, all sizes

For
your
next
Sunday
Dinner
drop

in at Demosthene's Cafe

CUISINE UNEXCELLED, service unsurpassed; Dining Room and Booth furnishings the finest to be found in the Hawaiian Islands.

**A fifty cent meal
that has no equal**

DINNER PARTIES. Banquets and Suppers served under the supervision of the proprietor, either at the restaurant or at private residences.
CHAMPAGNES and fine Table Wines; Card Room, Reading Room and Buffet.

D. Eycurgus Waiannuene St.
Manager Hilo

Canadian-Australian Royal Mail SS. Co.

Steamers of the above line running in connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, B. C., and Sydney, N. S. W., and calling at Victoria, B. C., Honolulu, and Brisbane, N. Z.; are due at Honolulu on or about the dates below stated, viz:

From Vancouver and Victoria B. C. For Brisbane, Q., and Sydney:	From Sydney, Brisbane (Q). For Victoria and Vancouver, B. C.:
MIOWERA FEB. 14	AORANGI FEB. 11
AORANGI MARCH 14	MOANA MARCH 11
MOANA APR. 11	MIOWERA APR. 8

The magnificent new service, the "Imperial Limited," is now running daily BETWEEN VANCOUVER AND MONTREAL, making the run in 100 hours, without change. The finest railway service in the world.

Through tickets issued from Honolulu to Canada, United States and Europe for freight and passage, and all general information, apply to

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., Gen'l Agts

Furniture
for your
Stables



Harness
and
Vehicles

Volcano Stables AND TRANSPORTATION CO.

LEAD IN THESE LINES—because the best goods are sold for the least money.

Carriage Emporium

We make to order—all wood-work of Gears boiled in linseed oil—the best Hacks, Buggies, Road Wagons, Drays, and Freight Wagons.
We are agents for Studebaker Wagons and Carriages on this Island.

Harness Headquarters

We supply plantations with harness by wholesale—cheaper than can be bought on the Coast. Big Stock of ready made harness on hand. Our made-to-order harness is the most serviceable harness on the market.

Blacksmithing and Carriage Repair Shop

Our horseshoer carries a diploma from the best Veterinary College.
Carriages and Vehicles repaired; best material and workmanship.

Our Paint Shop

Is under the supervision of a man whose reputation is not excelled on the Coast.

LIVERY, DRAYING AND TEAMING TO ALL PARTS OF THE ISLAND.

VOLCANO STABLES and TRANSPORTATION CO.
GEO. S. MCKENZIE, Manager

(Continued from page 2.)

Lest it should sound inconsistent, coming from one who has tried to have a higher duty placed on the commodity in which he himself deals, it should be explained that he reconciles the word and the act in this manner: under the Dingley Law, the average tariff is fifty per cent ad valorem. Mr. Havemeyer advocates a tariff wall of level height, instead of one that towers for one industry and is hollowed out for another. A horizontal ten per cent impost would be sufficient whether the article were steel or woollens or—well, for sugar he is frank enough to say that eight per cent would be ample. One may draw conclusions from the career of his trust as to whether it is suffering from anything more serious than jealousy.

Turning over the record of the Sugar Trust, one may not be able to see that what Mr. Carnegie calls "the grand step toward cheaper products for the people" has been taken by it in any but a halting manner. Nevertheless it has taken it. A slightly lessened margin is its footprint. While advancing and depressing the price to the consumer as it saw fit, and paying dividends on an increasing capitalization, it was not in the long run enlarging the difference between what was paid for raw and what was charged for refined. Fear of competition, actual conflict to overcome those who were striving after the same gain, may have been the impelling cause—probably it was; yet the result is what it is, and ought to bear a little upon the trust problem generally.

"Independents are increasing constantly asserts Claus Spreckels, Jr., who is himself independent of the trust, "and the Sugar Trust's business is accordingly decreasing."

A PALACE OF ICE.

Empress of Russia Projected the First of Its Kind.

Catharine II, Empress of Russia, was one of the greatest sovereigns that ever reigned over that country. She was likewise the cause of there being no longer any female rulers of the land, for her son, Paul, who succeeded her, both hated and feared her and issued an order limiting the future succession to the male members of the imperial family. Before Catharine there had been several female rulers, and, as a rule, they were good ones, too. She was, therefore, believes the Baltimore American, directly the cause of the present troubled state of the succession of Russia, the four little daughters of the Czar having no chance of the throne and there being no son. She was a woman of magnificent tastes, which she generally managed to gratify. She likewise was possessor of a certain number of whims. Among these was the project of having a palace of ice built for her. This she actually put into execution. There was not a timber in the whole building, which was of sufficiently large dimensions. Walls, ceilings, windows doors, staircases—everything was made of ice. Blocks of ice were laid upon each other, and, without any cement, became frozen together and apparently solid. The structure, during the time it lasted, which was quite a while, was as firm as a rock. Inside, everything was on a magnificent scale. Chairs, tables, beds, furniture of all kinds were there as in a genuine residence; mirrors and pictures hung on the walls; lamps illuminated the whole palace, gleaming through shades of translucent ice; wreaths of flowers and vines, made of the same brittle material, decorated the panels cut in the cold walls; the whole structure was a dream of beauty. It would seem almost incredible that such a feat could be accomplished, but accomplished it was. The Empress had her costly and novel plaything, and then, in the manner of Empresses and human beings in general, she tired of it. Time eventually dissolved the shining walls, melted the gorgeous trimmings and thawed the polished floor. Owing, however, to the intense cold of the Russian winter, this royal plaything lasted some time and was the wonder of Europe. Cowper gives a long description of it in his "Task," the account of it beginning "Silently, like a dream, the fabric rose."

OLD-TIME BUNCO STEERERS.

Card Sharps and Confidence Men Are Not Modern Inventions.

That the bunco steerer is a very ancient profession appears from certain dusty records unearthed by Charles Gordon in preparing his history of Newgate.

Here are facts related in a document dated 1376: "Nicholas Prestone, tailor, and John Outlawe were attached to make answer to John Hille and William, his brother, in a plea of deceit and falsehood, for that the same John Outlawe, at divers times between the Feast of Our Lord's Nativity and the first Sunday in Lent then next ensuing, came to the said John Hille and William and asked if they wished to gain some money at tables or at checkers, commonly called 'quek,' to which they said 'Yes'; whereupon the said John Outlawe said that they must follow him, and he would show them the place and a man there from whom they could easily win, and further said that he would be partner with them to win or lose.

"And they followed him to the house of the said Nicholas, in Friday street, and there they found the said Nicholas, with a pair of tables, on the outside of which was painted a checker board, that is called a 'quek.' And the said Nicholas asked them if they would play at tables for money, whereupon said complainants, knowing of no deceit or ill intent, being urged and encouraged thereto by the same John Outlawe, played with him at tables, and lost a sum of money owing to false dice.

"And the said John then left them to play alone, and after that they still continued to lose. The tables were then turned and the complainants played with the defendant Nicholas at 'quek' until they had lost at the games of tables and 'quek' 39s. 2d. After which the complainants, wondering at their continued losing, examined the board at which they had been playing and found it to be false and deceptive, seeing that in three-quarters of the board all the (black) points were so depressed that all the white points in the same quarters were higher than the black.

"They inspected and examined also the dice with which they had at first played at tables, and found them to be false and deceptive. And because that they would play no longer the said Nicholas and John Outlawe stripped John Hille of a cloak, 16 shillings in value, which they still retain."—Atlanta Journal.

A Historic Bell.

There is a bell at Washington whose history dates back to the very beginning of modern civilization on this continent, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. It is a trifling affair as regards size, its dimensions being only 8x6½ inches; yet its notes sounded to call the great discoverer, Columbus, to prayer and sacred worship. It was brought from Spain in December, 1493, and set up in a church at San Domingo. It was the special gift of King Ferdinand, and bears the initial of his name ("F.") in old Gothic characters upon its surface. When La Vega, the new City of the Plains, was founded, church and bell were bodily removed to it. There its notes smote upon the air to summon the tardy Spaniards to mass, and served, how frequently none can tell, to recall to the minds of the venturesome explorers memories of their sunny homeland located far away across the sea.

INFLUENZA is always more or less prevalent at this season of the year. This disease is very similar to a severe cold and if allowed to take its course is liable to cause serious results. The best treatment for influenza is to avoid exposure and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This medicine gives immediate relief and if used as directed, will ward off all dangerous consequences. It leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It always cures and cures quickly. The Hilo Drug Store sells it.

An Excellent Line of

CURTAIN MATERIALS

In New Designs and Colorings has just come to hand. The line consists of

CRETANNES, SCRIMS,
SILKALINES, REPPS,
BURLAPS, STRIPED and
FIGURED SWISSE,
and LACE CURTAINS
by the yard or pair

We have also received in

MADRAS GINGHAMS

Some unusually choice designs at

8 Yards for \$1.00

All of which are now on display

In our

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

(Which is complete in all its details)
We are making a specialty of : : : :

"HORNER'S BUTTER"

At 80 cents the full sized roll and

ISLAND COFFEE

Of our own Roasting and Grinding, which we guarantee to be of the best grade and free from adulteration : : : :

L. TURNER CO., Ltd.

Hand Made Saddles and Harness.

* CARRIAGE TRIMMING. *

—AT—

RICHARDS & SCHOEN,
Hilo Harness Shop, Hilo, H. I.



**YES SIR! HERE'S THE BEER, SIR!
RAINIER—THE ONLY BEER, SIR!**
Rainier Bottling Works, Honolulu, Agents

Entered at the Postoffice at Hilo, Hawaii, as second-class matter

L. W. HAWORTH - Editor.

TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE.

In the TRIBUNE of February 6, the following news dispatch appeared:

"New York, Jan. 15.—Dr. Chas. B. Barrows of this city has submitted a report of a case to the New York Obstetrical Society and outlined a treatment tending to revolutionize the methods of modern medical procedure in dealing with blood poisoning. It would seem, indeed, that an actual specific for this dread ailment had been discovered. Briefly, the treatment consists of the injection of formalin into the veins.

"Dr. Egbert Grandin, president of the New York Obstetrical Society, after hearing Dr. Barrow's report, said: 'Without further trial, and taking this case as it stands, I consider Dr. Barrow's discovery as the most important contribution to medical science of this generation.'

"Dr. Barrow's experiments were made upon public patients in Bellevue Hospital. A patient was suffering from a violent case of blood poisoning and had a temperature of 108 degrees and a pulse of 160. It is said Barrows injected into one of the large veins of the right arm 500 cubic centimeters of formalin. The effects were almost magical. The temperature and pulse rate soon began to fall, and in the course of a few days were normal. The patient is now practically well."

Less than one month from the publication of this discovery, "this most important contribution to medical science of this generation," has been successfully used by local physicians. The importance of the fact cannot be overestimated. When it appears that the local case was more violent than the clinic case in Bellevue, the stamp of validity is so much the more strong. The application of the specific by Doctors Grace and Holland, resulted in the restoration of consciousness to the patient in less than fifteen minutes and within six hours, her temperature had fallen from 107 to 101.

In the face of such discoveries and demonstrations, there is no telling what minute, the medical profession will startle the world and bless mankind with further discoveries. The dread secrets of leprosy cannot forever evade the implacable advance of science and bold experiments. The lawmaker who would forbid or hamper the work of the medical profession in this, one of Disease's last retreats, is out of tune with the century and an enemy of the afflicted.

THE HOME NEWSPAPER.

In a recent issue the Clarinda (Iowa) Herald very aptly says: There seems to be a feeling among business men that a newspaper has no business to make money. Why not? It is the most exacting business in the world, the most trying in every way. It means long hours and the greatest care in its conduct. The newspaper has the entire public to deal with. It is criticised on all occasions. It has to deal with all the cranks in the community, and to do this successfully requires judgment and patience. It has power, and that power, to the credit of journalism, is nearly always wielded for the public good. No question of vital concern to the home people fails to find a strong support from the home newspaper, and this, too, without remuneration. The publisher spends his money to further these projects, and the community never gives a thought to the matter of cost to him. It is not paid out of the public pocket.

The party of tourists numbering twenty-one, who are on this island, are the first results of the well planned system of Mr. Bidgood in his management of the Volcano House. Bidgood's schemes are of the right kind and deserve support and the co-operation of Hilo business men.

BAD MAIL BREAK.

The Post office authorities at San Francisco are a long way off, but they need a severe roasting for dereliction of duty. Instructions were filed with the San Francisco office a long time ago to the following effect: Send mail to the Island of Hawaii by the Matson S. S. Enterprise, when her date for sailing from San Francisco will enable mail to reach the Island sooner than if sent by way of Honolulu. That is a business like and sensible order, and like all Postal instructions had for its purpose the bettering of the service.

The Matson S. S. Enterprise left San Francisco Wednesday February 18, and arrived in Hilo on the morning of February 27. No mail was sent by her. The San Francisco postal officials sent the mail for this Island by the Sierra, which left San Francisco the evening before the sailing of the Enterprise. The letter mail of this consignment, arrived in Hilo Monday evening, March 2, three and a half days after the arrival of the Enterprise. The newspapers and second class matter arrived Wednesday night by the Kinau five and one half days later than the arrival of the S. S. Enterprise.

Such hitches in the delivery of mails are not tolerable and the best kick to make in the matter is, for every man and woman whose mail was delayed, to write to the Post master at San Francisco about it.

THE HILO HOTEL.

The Volcano House is "getting off on the right foot." Even Madam Pele is waking up to the fact and is starting in on at least a benefit performance. There is a gray side to this bright picture, however. The Hilo Hotel is closed. It has been converted into a chapel. This is well and good, but its halls should be awake with the vivacity and good humor of visitors. If Mr. Trent and Bidgood and their associates would tackle the Hilo Hotel they would undoubtedly make it pay. It was closed not so much on account of lack of patronage as because of business differences between the owners and the lessees. At the present time we understand the hotel property may be secured upon better terms than were offered before. The people of Hilo will undoubtedly do what they can to assist anyone who will again open this hostelry to the public.

The need of a hotel at Hilo is more acute since new life has been injected into the hotel at the Volcano. The same push and energy would make the Hilo Hotel a popular and paying proposition.

The Hawaiian Americans of Hilo have set their fellow countrymen throughout the Territory a good example. They have canvassed the political situation carefully and have adopted the wise course. They will be found in the Republican party doing their duty. The Republican party is one to which the prefix American may be most appropriately added and this the Hawaiians have done. It shows where the hearts of Hawaiian citizens are and with fair treatment by the haoles the Hawaiian will be a loyal party man as he is a patriotic citizen.

An article is published in this issue from the pen of T. J. Ryan, dealing with the Hawaiian land question on broad lines. Points are made that well deserve the consideration of all who are interested in the progress and prosperity of Hawaii. The TRIBUNE invites articles of every color of opinion upon this subject.

OLAA SUGAR CO.

Annual Meeting, Report of Condition and Prospects.

Honolulu, Feb. 27.—The manager's report brings out the fact that the water tunneling system is completed with 2,352 feet of tunnels and 570 feet of shafts. The capacity of the waterhead flume is 15,000,000 gallons in twenty-four hours, providing ample water for all mill purposes, for domestic use over the whole plantation and to operate three flumes at once to the

mill, frequently delivering more cane than can be handled, in which case the cane is turned into cars and unloaded onto the carrier later by a cane unloading machine.

In addition to fully supplying the plantation a considerable surplus has been furnished to Katmana cane growers to flume cane to the Hilo Sugar Company's mill.

FLUME SYSTEM.

The flume system at and below the 1,800 foot level with five main flumes concentrating at the mill, and intermediate feeder flumes, is now practically completed, with a total length of 56.2 miles.

About two and a half miles additional flumes will be required to connect up the local Olaa reservoir system with the present flume system, with which to take off the cane lying above the present flumes and below the reservoirs. This will probably not be required until next year.

LABOR.

The manager states: "While there is no surplus of labor, we are fairly well supplied, and the men are working steadier and better than they did a year ago. The cessation of clearing new lands, for the present, has enabled me to reduce the number of employes by approximately 550 men."

The present number of employes is 1924, against 2485 last year.

The crop of 1901-2 was 4,230.50 acres, producing an average of 4,424 tons of sugar per acre, or 19,208,365 tons altogether.

The crop now being harvested amounts to 4,581.7 acres and the estimated yield is 20,000 tons of sugar.

The crop for 1903-4 is estimated 6566 acres, including cane from the Puna Company, and exclusive of the independent Olaa planters.

The crop for 1904-5 is estimated 5,721 acres, on the same basis.

The weather statistics show that at the station at nine miles, an elevation of about 300 feet, the rainfall was 142 inches in 1901 and 180 inches in 1902.

At Mountain View station, an elevation of about 1500 feet, the rainfall was 175 inches in 1901 and 225 inches in 1902.

The chemist's report brings out some interesting statistics: The first mill juice analyzed 19.31 per cent. brix, 17.31 per cent. polarization and 89.64 per cent. purity all of which figures are high.

The total number of tons of cane ground at the mill was 136,068.

The number of tons of cane ground per day was 1,020.37.

The number of tons of sugar produced per day was 134.67.

It took 7.85 tons of cane to make a ton of sugar, and one ton of cane made an average of 247.75 pounds of sugar.

The Assessable Stock is now all paid up save \$21,676.00 yet to be collected.

There are 9008 shares in the treasury, par value \$180,160.00, available for the purposes of the company.

The company began the harvesting of the second crop with a credit balance in agents' hands amounting to \$94,063.67 net of all accounts outstanding. The company therefore owes nothing except the indebtedness amounting to \$1,140,000 covered by its bond issue.

Manager McStocker states that "the conditions affecting the sugar industry were extremely adverse during the period of the production and marketing of the first crop. As against this, sugar is approximately half a cent higher than it was during the last crop, with reason to look for a rise. Labor is now cheaper, more plentiful and more efficient.

"Further crops will consist of a due proportion of ratoons, with their cost, the first crop being practically all plant cane. The mill is doing fine and economical work, the flume system is complete and men and apparatus are broken in, so that everything is going on more smoothly and economically than it was during a large part of the first crop.

"The experience of all new plantations, even those which are now the best dividend payers, has been that expenditures were abnormally high at the beginning, as compared with later years, even under normal conditions. Under the circumstances now that the main work of installation is completed, I think that we may look to the future with confidence."

WORK WITH REPUBLICANS.

Party Gains Strength Through Wise Counsel of Hawaiians.

A meeting of the Hawaiian voters of this District was held at the Haili Church last Tuesday night to discuss the County Bill. The meeting was attended by the most influential Hawaiians of the District and many delegates were present from outside places. The proceedings of the meeting showed a very flattering indication of a disposition on the part of the Hawaiians to work in harmony with the Republican party in the bringing about of local government. Some minor evidence of desire to go it alone against any and all policies advanced by the haole was displayed but this was more than overbalanced by the broad minded utterances of Hawaiian leaders.

The meeting was called to order by Ben Brown who stated in a general way the object of the meeting. He then introduced John Baker, President of the Aloha Aina Society, as permanent chairman. Mr. Baker said: "We are here to discuss the provisions of the county bill and to talk over the policy to be pursued by Hawaiian-Americans after County Government shall have been established. He asked all present to speak their sentiments freely and fully upon the subject in order that an understanding might exist between all friends of local government. He stated that it was well known that under the present system the people had too little voice in the management of their own affairs. He said that a too centralized form of government had long been in existence and that the movement for County Government was one that would give the people control of their own affairs."

Mr. Baker then explained the attitude of the various political factions and urged that the Hawaiians adopt a conciliatory policy among themselves and Republicans friendly to the bill. He explained a marked difference between Republicans and so-called Republicans. He said that the so called Republican missionaries, under the Republic had deprived the Hawaiian of his rights of suffrage and had treated him badly in general. However since annexation it has been the good fortune of the Hawaiians to have their rights and liberties restored by real and patriotic republicans. He urged Hawaiians to work in harmony with these who had been of assistance to them.

Chairman Baker then called upon Rev. S. L. Desha to explain the provisions and the scope of the County bill. Mr. Desha said that the County bill as proposed by the Republican Central Committee at Honolulu was merely the framework, and not necessarily the law that would be passed. The Legislature would be called upon to alter or amend the bill, as in their judgment may be for the best interests of the people. With certain exceptions Mr. Desha favored the adoption of the bill as drafted by the committee. He favored the election of District Magistrates by the people. He mentioned the schools and other matters which should be under control of the people of the County. Instead of requiring members of the police force to give bonds, he thought it would be more appropriate to hold the heads of the department responsible. If the County Bill should pass our past sad experience with appeals to Honolulu for funds for needed roads would be at an end. When we have the management of our own affairs, we will obtain the needed money from the County, through appropriations by officers called County Supervisors. Mr. Desha continued, explaining the provisions of the County bill in detail, and advocated a local Board of Health.

A number of others spoke among them being Keliipio and Puhā who favored the Republican party. Three Home Rulers from Hamakua were for independent action. H. S. Rickard, Paauhau and others made strong speeches in favor of joining forces with the Republican party. A vote was taken at the close of the meeting, in which a majority went on record as favoring the Hawaiians of this Island work with and under the Republican party.

WE DESIRE..

To call your attention to a new collection of Hawaiian Songs just published by us entitled

"SONGS OF HAWAII"

This collection contains a number of old Songs and Hulas never previously published. This book is beautifully illustrated. Price \$1.50 postpaid. Order direct of the

BERGSTROM MUSIC CO., Honolulu Box 576, Honolulu, T. H.

WEATHERPROOF COLD WATER PAINT

MAGNITE

The Best Fire-Resisting Paint Made. Has Much Greater Covering Capacity Than Oil Paint and Costs One-Quarter as Much. All Colors, both for Outside and Inside Work. Send for Color Card and Price List.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd. Honolulu, H. T.

BY AUTHORITY.

SEALED TENDERS.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Public Works at Honolulu until 12 m. of Monday, the 30th of March, 1903, for constructing wharf at Hoopuloa, Hawaii; also for constructing warehouse at Hookena, Hawaii.

Plans and specifications on file in the office of Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu; in office of E. F. Richards, Agent Department of Public Works, Hilo; in office of L. S. Aungst, Kona, and in office of F. Buchholtz, Kona, Hawaii.

The Superintendent reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids will be on both buildings or separately.

HENRY E. COOPER, Superintendent of Public Works. March 2, 1903. 18-1

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit Territory of Hawaii, U. S. A.

IN PROBATE—AT CHAMBERS. In the matter of the Estate of R. H. REID, deceased, of Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.

Petition having been filed by Bernice S. Reid, widow of the said deceased, praying that she be appointed administratrix of said estate.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 30th day of March, 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court room of this Court at Hilo, Hawaii, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted. Hilo, Hawaii, March 5, 1903.

By the Court: DANIEL PORTER, Clerk. By Chas. Hitchcock, Deputy Clerk. RIDGWAY & RIDGWAY, Attorneys for Petitioner. 18-3.

Stood by the Caucus.

HONOLULU, Feb. 23, 1903. To the voters of the Republican Party:

The undersigned Republican members of the House of Representatives wish to state that Hon. F. W. Beckley was not elected Speaker of the House by their votes.

This statement is made to show the public who was responsible for deserting the Republican caucus and electing its political opponent.

HENRY C. VIDA, WM. J. WRIGHT, R. W. AYLETT, CARLOS A. LONG, JONAH KAMALAE, S. K. KAILI, W. P. HAIA, PHEPIP PALL, CHAS. A. PULAA, J. NAKALEKA, S. E. KALAMA, S. KELIINOI, J. D. LEWIS.

N. C. Willfong returned by the Kinau from a trip through Koolala. Mr. Willfong reports the Kohala District especially prosperous just now. Crops are good. Mr. Willfong found a great many of the people on the other side in favor of one County for the Island of Hawaii.

ESTABLISHED 1848. BISHOP & CO. Bankers.

HONOLULU - OAHU, H. I.

Transact a General Banking and Exchange business.

Commercial and Traveller's Letters of Credit issued, available in all the principal cities of the world.

Special attention given to the business entrusted to us by our friends of the other Islands, either as Deposits, Collections Insurance or requests for Exchange.

White Horse



Uncle Sam's Cigar Store Waiuanuene Street HILO, - - - HAWAII

TELEPHONE 117 BAY CITY SODA WORKS

will deliver to you AERATED WATERS of all flavors

Lemon, Cream, Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Pineapple, Orange, Strawberry, etc., etc.

NEROD D. CAMERA, MGR. Hilo, Hawaii Waiuanuene St., near Pitman

LOCAL ITEMS.

F. Halstead returns to Honolulu today. Taro for sale; family or trade. Hilo Boarding School.

Mr. Mason came back from Honolulu Wednesday.

Peter Lee is back from a business trip to Honolulu.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Peck are passengers to Honolulu today.

Have you seen Wall, Nichols Co's 10c., 25c. and 50c. counters? 17-3

Rocha the Tailor carries latest imported trouserings and suitings.

Sheet Music at 10c. each till March 15th at Wall, Nichols Co. 17-2

Rooms for two couples at A. Richley's. All modern conveniences.

FOR SALE.—One buggy horse and two ponies. Apply Dr. Grace. 15-4

Dr. Wachs left Hilo yesterday for a ten days professional trip through Hamakua.

Mrs. L. M. Whitehouse goes to Honolulu today to join her husband who is ill.

Good Bargains in newly arrived goods are advertised this week by E. N. Holmes.

Rev. Sidney H. Morgan has secured a cottage at the Hilo Hotel and will reside there.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Ross are spending the week at the home of J. T. Moir at Papaikou.

Mrs. A. W. Richardson returned Wednesday from a visit at her former home in Honolulu.

W. H. Beers, Clerk of the District Court, accompanied by his wife, is visiting at Honokaa.

Mrs. E. G. Hitchcock and Harriet Hitchcock are passengers by the Kinau to Honolulu today.

Mrs. Mumby will entertain a few friends informally this evening at her home on School street.

Dr. Fitzgerald, Messrs Halstead Metcalf and Hamilton were visitors at the volcano house over Sunday.

Carl S. Smith leaves this morning for Honolulu and will sail for the Coast soon, to be away several months.

F. L. Lowell, who has been doing survey work for the Department in Oahu returns to Honolulu today.

John T. Baker goes to Honolulu by the Kinau today and will probably produce the Legislature into investor action.

FOR SALE.—For cut flowers, flower pots, ornamental trees, etc., call on or address JIM MORRIS, P. O. Box 343, Hilo. 10-1

The extension of the railroad up town is now a matter of a very short time. The bridges for Waikoa river have arrived.

Any one having good marketable bananas can sell them at the top market price to George Lycurgus. Shipments made every Saturday.

The revolver stolen from Captain Lake's room while he was stopping at Kaitua has been recovered by the Honolulu police.

Dr. and Mrs. Elliott arrived by the Martha Davis Wednesday from San Francisco, after an absence of several months.

Chas. M. LeBlond of the firm of Le, Blond & Smith is rustating in Kauai He will be absent from his office for three or four weeks.

Onomea Sugar Company began grinding at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning. Since September extensive improvements have been in the mill.

The royal family at Bachelor's hall now comprises Messrs Geo. N. Day, A. H. Jackson, Geo. S. McKenzie, G. Bell and E. F. Nichols.

The badly decomposed body of a Japanese was found Wednesday in the Waialua River. Deputy Sheriff Overend has the matter under investigation.

The Order of the Eastern Star will entertain members and friends tomorrow night at the Masonic hall. The principal diversion of the evening will be six hand-ed euchre.

The Hilo Mercantile Company has chartered the Schooner Julia Waiwai and will use her in transporting a large shipment of lumber and general merchandise to Punaui.

We have just received a lot of the well known

Martinelli's
Apple
Cider

It is guaranteed pure and far exceeds any other non-intoxicating beverage on the market, having been awarded the Gold Medal for the best Cider at the California International Mid-Winter Exposition.

\$4 per doz., large bottles
Hoffschlaeger Co., Ltd.
Pioneer Wine and Liquor House
TEL. NO. 23 CHURCH ST.

JAPANESE AND PUBLIC WORK.

No Orientals at Work on Dock Yesterday.

Some of the members of the legislature have gone on record in strong opposition to the policy of employing Japanese on government work. While contractors invariably have extreme difficulty in securing labor there are few of them that are not willing to comply with the sentiment expressed in the House. In this city work is progressing rapidly on the new dock. Inquiry yesterday by a TRIBUNE reporter found that no Japanese are at work on this improvement. Mr. Bates the contractor desires to hurry the building of the dock as rapidly as is consistent with first class work but he does not believe in running counter to the well grounded opposition of public men against oriental labor on public works. There is nothing in Mr. Bates' contract binding him to exclude Japanese. But he has adopted the policy voluntarily.

Kilauea Again Active.

Chas. M. LeBlond, N. Ohlund and Dr. F. J. Gardner were guests at the Volcano House Wednesday and Thursday. Dr. Gardner visited the crater of Kilauea Wednesday night and was favored with the first glimpse of fire that has been seen in Halemauana since November. It would seem that Madam Pele has decided to give a proper reception to Mr. Bidgood, the new Volcano House manager. The whole pit was illuminated Wednesday night and the indications point to another period of activity in the crater.

In Honor of Miss Hawhurst.

A very pleasant dancing party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peck in Punaui last Tuesday night in honor of Miss Alice Hawhurst, of San Francisco, who is spending the summer with the family of her brother, Mr. Robert Hawhurst, Jr. Between forty and fifty persons were present. Dancing was the principal diversion of the evening. Excellent music was provided and all present enjoyed themselves to fullest extent. During the evening delightful refreshments were served.

Roosevelt's Views.

Atlanta, Ga., March 2.—A letter has been made public by Clark Howell in which President Roosevelt's attitude in the matter of appointment of negroes to office in the South is defined. The letter states the President's views to be that the negroes should be appointed on a basis of character and capabilities and that race or color should not be a factor in the matter at all.

Cut With Glass.

Frank Camara, employed at the Excelsior Soda Works met with a serious accident last Monday. A soda water bottle exploded under the bottling machine sending pieces of glass in every direction. A fragment struck him on the left arm inflicting a deep cut and almost severing the radial artery.

The opening services at St. James Mission last Sunday were well attended. Rev. Sidney H. Morgan, the rector, was given a hearty welcome. Mr. Morgan is a good speaker and a pleasant gentleman to meet.

The benefit social to be given this month at the Waiakoa mission in behalf of the Social Settlement will be worth attending. One of the special features will be exercises by Miss Wight's physical culture class.

The best printing equipment on the island enables the TRIBUNE to give its patrons the very best work in all lines. The better you want your work the better we like to do it. For high class printing consult the TRIBUNE.

J. C. Axtell of Honolulu is prepared to furnish memorials and monuments in any kind of material known to the trade including bronze. Mr. Axtell deals in all kinds of safes iron fencing and coping Mr. Axtell is in the city and will call and show designs upon request.

M. J. de Gouvea opened a new jewelry store yesterday in the rooms on Bridge street formerly occupied by the HILLO TRIBUNE. Mr. Gouvea will do watch and jewelry repairing and has secured the services of James Seaman, the well known jeweler of this city. All work left at the new store will be guaranteed by Mr. Gouvea.

BETTER THAN A PLASTER.—A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound to the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with lame back, or pains in the side or chest, give it a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. The Hilo Drug Store sells it.

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the L. Turner Co. Ltd. was held last Saturday. The election of the following officers was a part of the business transacted: J. T. Moir, president; E. D. Baldwin vice president; K. F. Mackie Secretary; N. C. Willifong Treasurer; F. A. Medcalf, auditor. These with L. Turner and A. Humbug constitute the Board of Directors.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

B. H. WRIGHT TRIAL.

Unearthing the System of I O U's for Public Money.

Honolulu, Feb. 26.—There was nearly a sensation in the trial of the Wright case this morning in Judge de Bolt's court, when the defendant's attorney asked witness Manuel Cook if he could identify the writing on an "I O U" given by someone to secure the payment of a sum of public money loaned from the office of the Superintendent of Public Works by and with his knowledge and consent by a clerk of the office.

Witness stated that he had known of the practice of loaning public money. He had never done any lending himself. He also knew of quarrels between Boyd and Wright regarding the way things were being run in the office. He did not hear them quarreling about lending money out of the office.

Cook, continuing, said he did not know if former Treasurer W. H. Wright had the combination of B. H. Wright's safe, where the money was kept, but thought he did. Boyd had the combination as well as Wright.

Witness further stated that for some time there had been a defalcation carried on the books.

The defalcation had taken place before Wright went into the office. Whose defalcation it was the witness did not know. Witness stated that Wright had never remarked to him that as soon as he got the cash straightened out he would make him (Cook) handle it and the books too, as he didn't like the way money was being loaned.

MUTILATED COIN.

Tedious Seances at the Bank for Tellers and Depositors.

"Mutilated Coin" is the subject of hourly dialogues at the bank windows, just now. The calling in of the Hawaiian Coinage by Congress has rendered acute, the subject of mutilated coin. It has been found out that according to the rules and regulations of the U. S. Treasury, to mutilate a coin, it is not necessary to cut it into a thousand pieces or to twist it into fantastic shapes. A nick in the edge, a smashed bar in the Hawaiian coat of arms or a facial blemish on the visage of the good king are fatal to the legal tender qualities of a Hawaiian coin.

With mutilated coins as in many other things the Hilo Police Department is made the scape goat. It is charged that nearly all the scratched coins in the Island were "marked" by the police for the purpose of catching Che fa players and illicit sellers of intoxicating liquors.

"Marked Coin" was a favorite form of evidence on the side of the Territory in the prosecution of cases at the recent term of Court. This fact has given currency to the story that the sheriff's office has debased the coin of the realm.

The supply of marked coin left in this neighborhood will be sufficient to supply several detective agencies a number of years.

As to County Names.

"Speaking of names for the counties to be established on this island," said Mr. Severance, Hilo's late Postmaster, the other day, "we should call the one on the other side Kona County and the one on this side Hilo County. Both are short and euphonious. Both are historic and both are easily remembered. There is no telling how many hundred years this place has been called Hilo. It was probably called Hilo before the United States were thought of. A name which is a part of the history of a place should not be cast aside. The same may be said of all Hawaiian names. However few are so short and wellfitted to become a part of the English language as Kona and Hilo.

"Such names are far preferable as against the names of Senators or public men in the States. These individuals can be honored in other and better ways than by tacking their christian names to political divisions of the Hawaiian Islands."

Big Tourist Party.

Albert Waterhouse of Honolulu arrived by the Kinau this week with a party of twenty-one tourists which he is personally conducting on a tour of this island. Yesterday the party spent the day in and about Hilo. They made a general onslaught with their Kodak battery and Hilo scenery will be distributed to all quarters as a result. This morning the party left over the Hilo Railroad for the Volcano House where they will remain awhile, before returning to Honolulu by the Mauna Loa. The members of the party are: D. B. Heger, wife and son, H. M. Parahan and wife, C. F. Ridgway and wife, Mrs. Lord, Miss Mary Trent, G. W. Macfarlane, W. G. Hoggson, J. M. Littlebale, L. A. Carlson, Wm. G. Alexander and wife, M. W. Barrett and wife, Mrs. Chase and Mrs. Pickens. The party will remain in Hilo.

Big Scow to Kau.

Hackfeld & Co. this week tried a new experiment, the success of which promises well for the extension of Hilo trade. They made a shipment of 50,000 feet of lumber and some tons of merchandise by scows to Punaluu, Kau, using the tug Chas. Counselman. The trip over was successfully made, the cargo being landed after a 17 hour trip. Geo. Duncker was admiral of the flotilla. Coming home a sudden squall was encountered which swamped one scow. This was the only adverse experience of the trip. The experiment demonstrated that with proper steamer facilities Hilo trade could be greatly extended. There are many outside points on this island that would trade with Hilo if a regular service could be depended on.

Episcopal Service.

St. James Mission, 11 a. m. prayer and sermon; 7:30 p. m. Evensong and sermon.

REV. SIDNEY H. MORGAN, Rector.

A WONDERFUL CURE.

Treatment of Blood Poisoning That Removes Dread Terrors.

The application of one of the latest medical discoveries by Hilo physicians resulting in the saving of a life, that had been given up as lost, cannot fail to arouse interest throughout the islands and call attention again to the fact, that in Hawaii, one branch of science and human endeavor is not permitted to fall behind the times. The practice of medicine in Hawaii is in the hands of men of strength and learning.

The case this article refers to is that of a woman who on last Sunday night was not expected to live from hour to hour. Her temperature was 108. Her pulse 170. She was unconscious and blood poisoning had apparently done its work.

Dr. Holland and Dr. John J. Grace held a consultation and determined as a last resort to apply a remedy recently pronounced by the Surgeons of Bellevue Hospital as a specific for septicaemia or blood poisoning. It was to inject a solution of formalin into the veins of the patient.

Formalin is one of the most powerful antiseptics in medicine. A drop of undiluted formalin on the back of a centipede causes it to stiffen and die instantly. It is used extensively as a disinfectant.

No sooner had the two doctors agreed that there was no hope outside of the most drastic measures than they prepared for one of the most delicate operations known to surgery—that of infusing a liquid into the circulatory system. A formalin solution of 1 to 5000 was prepared. The vein in the right arm of the patient was opened and about one quart of the life saving fluid forced into the patient's blood, now heavy with the deadly poison of septicaemia.

The results were astonishing. The temperature began to fall at once and in less than twenty-four hours, was normal. The heart beats slowed down to the even pulsations of health and consciousness returned. An operation had been performed involving what a few days ago was pronounced by a leading medical authority in the United States, to be one of the greatest modern discoveries in medicine. The two physicians are to be congratulated upon their success. Not so much are they to be congratulated for the unerring skill with which they performed a delicate and dangerous surgical operation, as they are to be congratulated upon the possession of a daring faith which meets emergencies and effects real progress.

In the Hawaiian Islands and other tropical countries blood poisoning is a dreaded and deadly malady. The germs of poison in the blood in the majority of cases baffle the skill of physicians. It would seem that a severer case than the one herein referred to could not have been found with which to test the efficacy of any remedy. The case had symptoms more dangerous than those that marked the condition of the patient in Bellevue hospital, upon whom the first operation was performed.

It is a credit to the medical profession of Hawaii that one of the first half dozen cases to be successfully treated under the new discovery was here in the tropics and was done less than sixty days after the first announcement made by the Bellevue Hospital Staff.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a meeting of the members of Company D last week, the following resolutions of respect were adopted.

HILO, Hawaii, Feb. 27, 1902.
Armory Company D, "N. G. H."

WHEREAS, The great and Supreme Ruler of the universe has in His infinite wisdom removed from among us our worthy comrade, Lieut. R. H. Reid, and

WHEREAS, The long and intimate relations held with him in the faithful discharge of his duties while a member of Company D, "N. G. H." and while detailed as surgeon for Company D, "N. G. H.," makes it eminently befitting that we record our appreciation of him, therefore,

Resolved, That the wisdom and ability which he exercised in the aid of our organization by service, contributions and counsel, will be held in grateful remembrance.

Resolved, That the sudden removal of such a life from among our midst leaves a vacancy and a shadow that will be deeply realized by all the members and friends of Company D, "N. G. H.," and will prove a serious loss to the community and the public.

Resolved, That with deep sympathy with the bereaved relatives of the deceased, we express our hope that even so great a loss to us, may be overruled for good by Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of this organization, a copy printed in the local papers and a copy forwarded to the bereaved family.

Signed, CAPT. W. A. FETTER.
SERGT. E. H. LYMAN.
SERGT. J. D. EASTON.
PRIV. A. MAULTON.
Committee.

Hilo Shipping News.

ENTERED.

March 2, 1903, S. S. Enterprise, Miller master, 8 1/2 days from San Francisco, 2 passengers and cargo of general merchandise valued at \$64,197.58.

March 2, Am. Ship Falls of Clyde, Matson master, 18 days from San Francisco, 2 passengers, and cargo of general merchandise valued at \$21,504.97.

March 2, S. S. Texan, Morrison master, 4 days from Honolulu via Kahului with cargo of general merchandise.

March 5, Am. Bark Martha Davis, McAlmon master, 19 days from San Francisco, 2 passengers and cargo of general merchandise.

CLEARED.

March 5, 1903, S. S. Texan, Morrison master, for Delaware Breakwater for orders with cargo of sugar and gen. mdse. from Hilo—Waikaea, 3,200 bags; Pepeeeko, 5,000 bags; Oiaa, 36,010 bags; total value of cargo from Hilo \$169,881.55.

\$20 Belt for \$5.

"Dr. Alden's Electric Belt."
Warranted genuine. Not a toy. No humbug. It cures without drugs. Circulars sent by mail on receipt of \$5. Try Electricity. No Agents.

Write
206 Post St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
33 West 24th Street, NEW YORK, N. Y.

AT THE HABERDASHERY

ADDITIONAL STOCK per steamer "Enterprise" this week.
FELT HATS at \$1.00 to \$2.50 each; styles are original and catchy; at these prices you can buy oftener, besides they are as light as air and comfortable.

A NEW make and style crusher—the "Santos Dumont."
THE 1903 negligee golf shirts are here; if you care at all for new ideas you will appreciate the 1903 patterns and styles.

A FEW good quality PANAMA hats.
Fancy Socks. Steamer Trunks. Dress Suit Cases. Cottonade and Mohair Dusters.

McDONALD
THE FAULTLESS HABERDASHERY **HILO**

ARE YOU..
THINKING
Of buying a pair of Ladies' Stylish Shoes?

The "ECONOMIC" has opened a new stock of **OXFORD LACE SHOES** ex "Falls of Clyde." The variety is not very large, but the fitting and wearing qualities cannot be surpassed, and, further, our prices are lower than in any city on the mainland.

ECONOMIC SHOE CO., Ltd.
ECONOMIC SHOEISTS, HILO.



THE VOLCANO HOUSE

The Superb Resort of Hawaii for Tourists or Tired People....

Under the new management many improvements have been ordered... Special plans for accommodation of Island people... Reduced rates... Write for particulars.

ST. CLAIR BIDGOOD
Manager

New Dress Goods

E. N. HOLMES

Has just opened an extensive line of novelties in

WASH DRESS GOODS

Including

Mercerized Chambray
Dotted Chambray Madras
Mercerized Silk Zephyr

Banoge Dimity
Corded Lawn
Mayflower Batiste

Also a select line of

SHOES

Including

Men's White Canvas Bals
Men's Plain Toe Calf Bals
Men's Slippers
Ladies' Patent Leather Slippers with Louis heel

Ladies' Kid Beaded Slippers with Louis heel
Ladies' Vesting Top Oxforders
Children's Shoes and Slippers

Also a new stock of the celebrated

R. & G. CORSETS

E. N. HOLMES

Kinau Passenger List.

Rev G A Kinokee, Rev O P Emerson, Mrs C Miller, and child, H Dimond, H Wilson, Mrs A W Richardson, J W Mason, Peter Lee, Mrs Aki Matsui, Master Geo Stratmeyer, C P Morse, Mrs A A Braymer, C H W Norton, D C Heger, wife and son, H M Parahan and wife, C F Ridgway and wife, Mrs Lord, Miss Mary Trent, G W Macfarlane, W G Hoggson, J M Littlebale, A Waterhouse and wife, L A Carlson, Wm G Alexander and wife, M W Barrett and wife, Mrs Chase, Mrs Pickens.

Outgoing Kinau List.

W J Hoggson, M W Barrett and wife, C P Morse, Mr and Mrs P Peck, Dr Geo. A Moore and wife, Mrs J L Richardson, J M Coulson, F Halstead, Carl S. Smith, Miss L S Hutchins, Mrs C A Hutchins, Mrs L M Whitehouse, Miss Hattie Hitchcock, Mrs E G Hitchcock, F L Lowell, Mrs J Patton, Miss Fitzgerald, John T. Baker, Mrs J H Fiddes, H Dimond, H Wilson.

Election of Officers.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the HILLO ELECTRIC LIGHT CO. LTD. held on Saturday, Jan. 31, 1903, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

J. A. Scott.....President
C. C. Kennedy.....Vice President
N. C. Willifong.....Treasurer
Wm. T. Balding.....Secretary
R. T. Guard.....Auditor
Directors—W. H. Shipman, F. S. Lyman, J. T. Moir.

First Foreign Church

Services next Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject—"Meekness." Evening subject—"The Model Mother."—last of the series on "Home, Sweet Home." Everybody welcome.

F. L. NASH.

Subscribe for the TRIBUNE, Island subscription \$2.50.

Matson Navigation Co.

The only Direct Line between San Francisco and Hilo, comprising the following Fast Sailors



Steamer ENTERPRISE

Bark ANNIE JOHNSON
Bark SANTIAGO
Bark RODERICK DHU
Bark MARION CHILCOTT
Ship FALLS OF CLYDE
Tug CHAS. COUNSELMAN
Launch LURLINE

And other Specially Chartered vessels makes this trip with at least one of these boats each month, carrying both Freight and Passengers.

For dates of sailing and terms, Call upon

Jno. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.,

Agents,

327 Market St., San Francisco.

R. T. GUARD, Agent,

HILO, HAWAII.

HOP WARN CO.

Cor. King and Front Streets.

Dealers in Dry Goods,
Japanese and Chinese
Goods.

RATTAN FURNITURE.

HILO SALOON

KING STREET.

Enterprise Lager Beer

On Draught, Ice Cold.
10 Cents a Glass :::

The Finest of

**Liquors,
Beers,
Wines, and
Cordials**

At Moderate Prices.

J. S. Canario,

Manager.

UNION SALOON

SHIPMAN STREET

First Class

**LIQUORS
WINES AND
CORDIALS**

At Moderate Prices.

MIXED AND FANCY DRINKS

Concocted by

EXPERIENCED MIXOLOGISTS

The Celebrated

Enterprise Beer

On Draught.

Two Glasses for 25 cts.

J. C. SERRAO,

Proprietor.

MOSES & RAYMOND

**SINGER
SEWING
MACHINES**

Butterick Publications

DELINEATOR

BRIDGE STREET, - HILO

Be Strong

Why not be strong? Why not have a good appetite and a good digestion? Why not feel well and hearty all the time? You can just as well have it your own way as not, for there is strength, vitality, power, and good health in every bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Always keep it on hand.



Here are the words and the photograph of Mr. H. H. Archer, of Hobart, Tasmania: "I often find myself weak, without appetite, and my whole system all run down. My blood gets impure and I have boils and eruptions. Then I always use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, for it makes my blood pure and rich, gives me strength and vitality, and braces me up wonderfully."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitations "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's.

Keep Ayer's Pills on hand and quickly correct any tendency to constipation. It's an easy way to prevent sickness.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

For Sale by HILO DRUG COMPANY.

KEYSTONE SALOON

Draught Beer 10 Cents

When you need a drink call at the KEYSTONE, corner Front and Ponohawai streets.

A first class line of

**WINES
LIQUORS
BEERS**

always on hand.

Telephone 10

W. DOWNER

Proprietor.

Hilo Electric Light Co., Ltd.

Houses Wired and
Lights Installed

In accordance with the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

A complete stock of

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

Fan Motors at reduced price. Fixtures, Shades, Table, Bed and Desk Lamps etc., always on hand.

**Fan Motors . . . \$15
Sewing Machine Motor \$20**

Power for operating them \$1 a month

Just received, new stock of Shades of various patterns. Also Sewing Machine and Fan Motors.

Estimates furnished on all classes of Electrical Work and Contracts taken to install apparatus complete.

E. WERY

Stone Mason and Brick Layer

is ready to take contracts for work in any part of the Island

Boiler Setting
a Specialty. . .

E. WERY

Hilo, - - - Hawaii

SURVEYOR GENERAL ALEXANDER.

Walter E. Wall's Report Pays Him Just Tribute.

The report of Walter E. Wall, Surveyor of the Territory, for the year ending June 30, 1902, contains a good portrait of Professor William De Witt Alexander and a reference in the text to his connection with the bureau from which the following extracts are taken:

"Prof. W. D. Alexander, having resigned his position as the head of this office to take charge of the branch-office of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey in the Islands, I was appointed to fill the vacancy so caused on the first day of February, 1901.

"Reference to the resignation of Prof. Alexander cannot be made without a tribute to the character and services of that gentleman. For a period of over thirty years, beginning with the inception of the Government Survey of the Islands, he was the responsible head of an office that had before it the task of bringing order out of chaos; of performing a work which called alike for high scientific attainments and practical knowledge, and the scope of which was continually widened with its own progress.

"From the humble beginning in 1871, when with two youthful assistants he began preparing for the original base line, to the day of his resignation from a well-ordered office with its invaluable records, his constant aim was to serve the public."

Then, referring to some account of the duties and difficulties confronting the former Surveyor General contained in appendices, the report continues:

"How well these duties have been performed and difficulties overcome has been testified to by visitors whose professional standing qualifies them to speak with authority, and of the lasting values of his services none can doubt who know what these services have been. To those who have been associated with him in his work, and to all acquainted with his character and attainments it will be a satisfaction to know that, in accepting a new position of trust and responsibility, he may still co-operate with the department which he has served with such distinction."

Information is given regarding the office staff. O. L. Sorenson, for a long time assistant in office and city work, has been made chief assistant. S. M. Kakanui, the well known Hawaiian surveyor, has been appointed first assistant. John M. Donn has been acting as second assistant and chief of the drawing division. Pros. Curtis J. Lyons, besides continuing as director of the Weather Bureau, renders much valuable professional service in the general office work. E. D. Baldwin took charge of the Hilo city work and directed the field parties doing homestead survey in the Hilo and Puna districts. His work is highly praised by Surveyor Wall.

In the record of field work, the services are mentioned of Wolde-mar Muller, Mr. Kakanui, Geo. F. Wright, Chas. V. E. Dove, F. L. Lowell, J. S. Emerson and F. E. Harvey.

Regarding city surveys, S. M. Kerns is stated to have taken a deep interest in the improvements to the streets of Honolulu, his efforts having done much to better the general appearance of the city. It is mentioned that special attention has been given to the furnishing of the new street lines and grades for new buildings. There have been 403 building permits acted upon.

Many pages are devoted to details of the work of the bureau. E. D. Baldwin's report constitutes appendix No. 1. Prof. C. J. Lyons, whose portrait is given, writes appendix No. 2, on "Meteorology and Tides." No. 3, "The History of the Hawaiian Government Survey, 19 pages, and No. 4, "Land Matters in Hawaii," 42 pages under 15 subdivisions. The last two treatises are of great interest, historically and technically. They clear up the mystery of Hawaiian land divisions and titles, which bewilder the mind of anyone having to do

with such matters without experience or preparation.

Under the separate cover Surveyor Wall brings his report up to December 31, 1902. It tells of the work continuing, as time permits, of establishing levels and grades in Honolulu. The section covered extends from Moanalua to Diamond Head and from the water front up Kalibi, Nuuanu and Manoa valley.

The office has continued to be of service to the various departments of the Government by furnishing information bearing on many measures under consideration. Details of the work for the six months reveal activity in every branch. Estimates for the current biennial period give \$25,800 for salaries and \$75,700 for general expenses.

JANUARY WAS COOL.

Meteorite Data From Office of Curtis J. Lyons.

Temperature mean for the month, 69.8; normal, 70.2; average daily maximum, 75.5; average daily minimum, 63.5; mean daily range, 12.0; greatest daily range, 19 degrees; least daily range, 5 degrees; highest temperature, 79; lowest, 56.

Barometer average, 30.020; normal, 29.965; highest, 30.22, on the 30th; lowest 29.72; on the 9th; greatest 24-hours change, .17; "lows" passed this point 7th, 26th; "highs" 4th, 21st and 30th.

Relative humidity average, 73.8; normal, 77.0; mean dew-point, 60.5; normal, 62.5; mean absolute moisture, 5.89 grains per cubic foot of air; normal, 6.27; dew on grass 12 mornings. There was again an unusual period of low dew-point at the end of the month.

Rainfall, 4.05 inches; normal, 3.10; rain-record days, 12; normal, 16; greatest rainfall in one day, 1.65, 11th; total at Luakaha, 9.64, normal, 9.15; Kapiolani Park, 2.30; normal, 2.00.

The artesian well level rose during the month from 34.57 to 35.06 feet above mean sea-level. January 31, 1902, it stood at 33.95. The average daily mean sea-level for the month was 9.71, the assumed annual mean being 10.00 feet above datum. For January, 1902, the figure was 9.90.

Trade-wind days, 15 (5 N. N. E.); normal, 14; average force of wind during daylight, Beaufort scale, 2.1. Average cloudiness, tenths of sky, 4.5; normal, 4.4.

Approximate percentage of district rainfall as compared with normal; Hilo 140; Kau, 50; Puna, 50; Maui S. E. exposures, 100; N. ditto, 200 and over; Oahu, about 100; Kauai, 55.

The heaviest rainfall for the month was 20.52; Puuohua; (Nahiku, 1600 feet not yet heard from); heaviest 24-hour rainfall, 6.94, Nahiku, 850 feet, 13th.

MEAN TEMPERATURE TABLE.

	Eleva- tion.	Max.	Min.	Cor. Min.	Ave.
Pepeekeo	100	75.4	66.3	70.1	
Waimea	2720	73.6	53.6	63.0	
Kohala	521	75.1	62.9	68.3	
Waikoa, Maui	2700	70.6	53.6	61.5	
U. S. Mag. Sta.	50	77.5	61.6	69.0	
U. S. Exp. Sta.	359	76.3	64.5	69.8	
Tantalus Heights	1725	71.1	59.3	64.5	
Hilo	40	80.2	64.0	71.4	

Kohala, Bond, dew-point, 61; relative humidity, 77; U. S. Magnetic Station, 61.0 and 75.

The month was characterized by two principal storms, the rains of the 11th from S. E. and the rain of the 27th followed by a northerly gale. The coincidence of these with corresponding storms in the previous month is worth noting. Heavy surf on Hawaii windward coast, 1st to 6th, 9th, and 27th to 31st. Earthquake noted at Hilo, Waimea and Kohala on the 3rd between 7:20 and 7:25 a. m. Solar haze and afterglow occasionally marked. No lightning noted.

CURTIS J. LYONS,
Territorial Meteorologist.

From the Reports of the dealers in this city, we think no proprietary medicine has a larger sale than PAIN-KILLER. Its valuable properties as a speedy cure for pain can not fail to be generally appreciated, in case of accident, or sudden attack of dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera morbus.—Montreal Star. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

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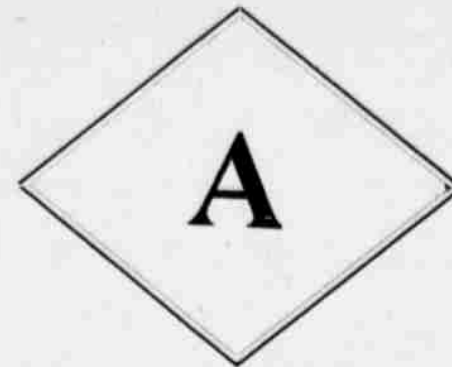
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Hilo Railroad Co.

Short Route to Volcano

TIME TABLE

In effect January 1, 1903. Passenger Trains, Except Sunday.

No. 1	No. 3	No. 4	No. 6
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:30	9:30	5:30
7:50	3:50	9:10	5:10
8:50	4:50	9:20	5:20
8:15	4:15	8:45	4:45
8:30	4:30	8:30	4:30
SUNDAY.			
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
8:00	3:30	10:30	5:30
8:20	3:50	10:10	5:10
8:30	4:00	10:00	5:00
8:45	4:15	9:45	4:45
9:00	4:30	9:30	4:30
FOR PUNA Thursday.			
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
11:00	.....	.....	2:00
11:20	.....	.....	1:40
11:40	.....	.....	1:20
12:00	.....	.....	1:00
Pas. Sunday.			
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
9:00	.....	.....	4:30
9:20	.....	.....	4:10
10:05	.....	.....	3:40
10:30	.....	.....	3:00

The only desirable means of reaching the Volcano. Connections at Mountain View with stages daily—morning trains going; afternoon trains returning. Fare from Hilo for the round trip \$8. This route is through Olaa plantation, the largest in Hawaii, virgin forests of koa and wild ferns, and through many coffee farms.

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EFFECTS OF A EUROPEAN WAR.

Would Produce Famine And Riot in Old Country Capitals.

Financial disaster, starvation and civil riots would confront England Germany and other European Nations says, the San Francisco Chronicle if war should come with the United States.

The European manager of the Carnegie Steel Company, in an interview which was telegraphed to this country from London, said: "It is nonsense to suppose that Germany or any other European power is scheming to get into trouble with the United States in the western hemisphere." This opinion is based on the assumed impossibility of Europe financing such a war as an armed conflict with the United States would involve. Colonel Hunsiker by no means stands alone in the expression of this view. Indeed, there are some very distinguished European publicists who have reached the conclusion that a general war involving the great nations of Europe would produce something like universal bankruptcy.

But the fear of financial disaster is not the only one that influences the thoughts of statesmen and writers in Europe. There is another consideration, infinitely more appalling than the dread of bankruptcy, and that is the apprehension that a great conflict would bring starvation to the congested populations of the manufacturing nations of the Old World. At a recent meeting of the London Trades Council a resolution was adopted which had for its purpose the awakening of public opinion to the danger that confronts England in case of a collision. In that event, the council declared, famine prices would at once ensue, and a condition of affairs would be created which would tie the hands of any government. The reasons assigned for this belief are:

1. The changed industrial conditions of the present day and the vast poverty-stricken masses congested in our great cities.
2. There are nearly 7,000,000 people to-day living (in the United Kingdom) in poverty so dire that they can hardly eke out a bare subsistence even at present prices. They will not be able to pay famine prices.
3. The disruption of trade which must accompany a European war will throw a further very large number—how large cannot be foreseen—out of work. Wageless, they will not be able to purchase food.

Commenting on these resolutions, a writer in the Nineteenth Century for January declares that the fears expressed are well grounded, and he asserts that bloody riots and a popular discontent of such magnitude would follow a great war that the Government would be driven to make peace on any terms.

The conditions in Germany, or, in fact, any of the European industrial countries, are very little better than those described in the London Trade Council's resolutions as existing in England. In all of them vast numbers of people are hovering on the limits of subsistence, and a war would mean starvation for many. The wise men of the nations referred to are aware of these facts and do not wish war. It may even be assumed that they dread contemplating anything of the kind, and that the rulers, even the Emperor of Germany, share their views and fears. But unfortunately, wars are sometimes precipitated in the face of the conviction of inevitable disaster, and it is a regrettable fact that such results are often contributed to by the people who are first to suffer when the pinch comes. There has been more than one so-called popular war in the past, and it may easily happen that another may occur and set Europe aflame. Because this is possible it is not wise to rest too securely on the assumption that there will be no war because sensible men know that disaster will follow. We must always reckon with the fact that impulse, folly and carelessness have as much to do in shaping the destinies of the world as prevision, care and reason.

THE WHITE ELEPHANT.

He is More of a Delusion Than a Reality.

The white elephant has become a phrase for an expensive and useless anomaly, says a writer in the Times of India. It appears that even his name is an anomaly. The white elephant, like the virtue of many people, is far from being white. He is merely lighter than his brother; his skin, instead of being blackish gray, is of a light, or more often a reddish, gray. A "dirty brick color" is perhaps the best description. The famous she-elephant Sarit, at the Jardin des Plantes, who was presented three years ago by M. Doumer, when Governor-General of Indo-China, which attracted so much attention on the slopes of the Trocadero at the great Exposition, is a dark brick color, covered with little rosy spots, hardly visible. These reddish spots, which are a frequent feature, are due to mere abrasion, subsequently cicatrized. It was the rosy-spotted variety of the white elephant which used to be most prized in Ceylon, where no white elephants are now found. The white elephant Kedah, lately on exhibition in America, was captured in Sumatra, and was of a light delicate gray, passing to a light rose color at the end of the trunk and around the ears, with nails of a beautiful creamy white. By the way, a frequent but not invariable sign of the white elephant is the presence of five instead of four nails on each of the hind feet. An invariable characteristic is light-colored eyes, generally reddish yellow. A light-colored elephant, with actually light blue eyes, was seen at Mysore in 1870 by Mr. Sanderson, as recorded in his "Thirteen Years Among the Wild Beasts of India." From the time of the first white elephant who visited Europe in modern times (according to Pere Armandi, author of "The Military History of Elephants, this was the one exhibited at Amsterdam in 1633) the Burmese-Siamese qualifying adjective has been persistently mistranslated. It means no more than "lighten," and the "light," the "red" or the "albino" elephant would be a truer rendering. Much information has lately been collected about the white elephant by various writers, among whom may be mentioned Young in his "Kingdom of the Yellow Robe"; a writer with singular name of Pyinya, who contributes "The Decadent White Elephant" to a recent Asiatic Quarterly Review, and M. Henri de Varigny, who has a paragraph on "La Grandeur et la Decadence de l'Elephant Blanc."—Hongkong Press.

Jupiter and Its Red.

In one of his interesting notes in Nature, W. F. Denning gives an abstract of the history of the famous red spot of Jupiter. He tells us that acceleration of the movement apparent in this spot has been noticed for some time past. During last summer the movement was especially intensified. The rotation period for twenty-three years of the spot had shown an increasing retardation, the period lengthening from 9 h. 55 min. 34 sec. to nearly 9 h. 55 min. 42 sec. Then, in 1891, it declined by one second, and in the present year its period is 9 h. 55 min. 39 1/2 sec. What is highly interesting to astronomers is the concurrent development of a big marking, irregular in shape and of a dusky hue in the same area of the planet. Mr. Denning suggests that this second marking may have exerted an influence on the rate of motion of the red spot, which, in the present year, appeared to be envired by the new spot. The recounting of these and other details shows us the difficulties which attend the observation of a planet like Jupiter. We are also taught thereby the need for the accumulation of accurate details, from the mass of which the astronomy of the future may be enabled to draw trustworthy conclusions concerning the history of the orb.

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Sierra.....Feb. 25
Alameda.....March 6
Sonoma.....March 18
Alameda.....March 27
Ventura.....Apr. 8
Alameda.....Apr. 17
Sierra.....Apr. 29
Alameda.....May 8

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Sonoma.....Feb. 24
Alameda.....March 11
Ventura.....March 17
Alameda.....Apr. 1
Sierra.....Apr. 7
Alameda.....Apr. 22
Sonoma.....Apr. 28

In connection with the sailing of the above steamers the agents are prepared to issue, to intending passengers **Coupon Through Tickets** by any railroad from San Francisco to all points in the United States, and from New York by any steamship line to all European ports. For further particulars apply to

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FEDERAL CONTROL OF LANDS.

Why All Hawaiian Interests Should
Welcome the Change.

Is any industry threatened by turning over the public lands to Federal control? Let us discuss that proposition, and when we fully understand it I feel that nine tenths of the citizens of this Territory (planters included) will say, let us have Federal control. A word to the planters here would not be out of place. Everyone who knows anything at all, knows that almost without exception each plantation has an agency in Honolulu; that such agency is one or the other of the leading mercantile concerns there; that the Chamber of Commerce is composed of those mercantile houses, and that each concern is entitled to one member.

Therefore, we must take it that the planters are quite plainly responsible for the action of the Chamber of Commerce. Now, was that action prudent and wise? Was it not rather hasty and ill considered? Was the sending of W. O. Smith to Washington on the heels of the Senatorial Commission such as we ought to expect from prudent business men? These are all questions which suggest themselves, and answer them how you may, I am unable to see how any good from such hasty action can come to the sugar interests of this Territory.

Let us look at the matter in other lights. It is quite plain to me that something is going to happen in Hawaii—something ought to happen and the sooner the better for all concerned.

Can the sugar corporations expect that capital from the Mainland and elsewhere is going to invest in plantation stock while boys play is going on in Hawaii? The capital invested in such enterprises may be divided into two classes.

1st. Investments in small amounts by those who rely upon some friend for advice and information, such as individuals of small means.

2nd. Investments in large amounts by those who make a business of handling investments, such as trust companies, etc., and capitalists of large means.

The small investor has not the facilities, and can not afford the expense of making a minute investigation of all details, examination of laws, etc. We might say, practically, "he goes it blind," "just for luck." While the second class, or large investor, pursues the other course. Of necessity he must, and does retain the most eminent legal assistance he can procure. The amount of his business warrants the expense. He closely watches the drift of public sentiment, political action, etc., etc.

Where the legality of transactions are in doubt; where there is disagreement and turmoil, he gets out as fast as he can and stays out; going where business is more safe and satisfactory.

Naturally he takes the local planter at his word when he says: "White men can not work in the cane fields," "If Asiatic labor is not allowed freely in Hawaii the sugar interests will suffer," "If the public lands pass to the control of the Federal Government great damage will be done to our main industry," etc., etc. Thus, I say, bogies are put up and wind mills charged by the Chamber of Commerce, only to result in a back action on the sugar interests, and generally the small investor suffers the most; at the same time he is most apt to be alarmed with bogie and ghost stories when his small investment is at stake.

Some of the members of the Senatorial Commission are lawyers of considerable ability, whose opinions should not be despised. What do they say? (See page 3 Report on Public Lands.)

"Shall the present system established under the Republic, mainly by the act of 1895, and which was substantially incorporating into one act the old laws of the Monarchy and perpetuated by the Organic Act in the Territorial Government, be continued, which system your committee believes to be both unwise and of very doubtful constitutionality, or shall it be changed, and if so, in what respect?"

And again, in report on the Kohala Ditch question (see page 4) the Commission says:

"Until Congress shall provide some different mode of dealing with the public lands in the Territory of Hawaii and shall take the control and disposition of public lands, now illegally, and as your committee believes, unconstitutionally being disposed of by the local government, and places the same under the control of the proper land department of the United States, no license or charter of any kind should be issued, etc."

Does any lawyer in this Territory contend that the public lands are legally and constitutionally being disposed of? I have heard of none and I do not believe such a lawyer exists.

Coming back to where I started—Is any industry threatened by turning over the public lands to Federal control? On the contrary, I hold that every industry and every investment is threatened by not turning them over and every moment of delay is only adding to the prevailing doubt, fear and anxiety. Sugar stocks, business of any nature can not stand up under such pressure.

No doubt, the legal experts employed by capitalists and trust companies discovered this state of affairs long since, and while they make no such conclusions public, capital is withdrawn—it is business. Now what are the people here going to do? Quarrel longer and make times harder? I say, let us put our heads together and our shoulders to the wheel, all prepare for a long pull, a strong pull and a pull all together. That will put Hawaii on the road to progress and prosperity.

T. J. RYAN.

Seeing By Wire.

A Belgian engineer whose name is not known has endeavored to solve a problem which has baffled many inventors. The problem in question is that of devising some means whereby it is possible to see electrically through long distances, just as we hear electrically by means of the telephone. The new invention is of unusual interest, since it employs but a single circuit to transmit the images.—Scientific American.

Theft of Rare Coins.

A number of rare coins were recently stolen from the Museum of Coins and Medals at Marseilles for the sake of the gold and silver they contained. The thieves will probably realize only a few dollars from the melting down of pieces valued by collectors at hundreds of times the worth stamped on them.

To Traverse The Dead Sea.

The trade between Jerusalem and Kerak has greatly increased, and number of tourists also. So the monks have organized a company, and the first motor-boat is soon to move over the waters of the Dead sea, which have not been used for transit for centuries.

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