

Washington, D.C.: Public Relations: Press Releases, Chronological: 1976 June

Senator Daniel K. Inouye Papers

Administrative Files, Washington, D.C., Public Relations, Press Releases, Chronological,

Box AD36, Folder 28

<https://hdl.handle.net/10524/68659>

Items in eVols are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.

UHM Library Digital Collections Disclaimer and Copyright Information

news from

Senator DANIEL K. INOUYE

topic:

INOUYE RURAL REAL ESTATE AMENDMENT ACCEPTED

date:

release date:

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE -- JUNE 8, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- Senator Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii) today announced that the Senate Agriculture Appropriations Subcommittee approved his amendment to appropriate \$475,000 to the Department of Agriculture to study foreign direct investment in rural real estate and the grain trade.

Senator Inouye, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Foreign Commerce and Tourism, said that his amendment is designed to develop comprehensive information about foreign involvement in these areas and to provide a methodology for tracking future investments.

"A recent Department of Commerce study revealed that data on real estate investment is woefully inadequate," he remarked. "Because land registration has been a local function, foreign buyers have been able to disguise their purchases. We would like to find out the nationality of purchasers, geographical distribution, types of farmland and facilities bought, and the impact of foreign purchases on the agricultural industry. Since agriculture is one of this country's most progressive and dynamic industries, it is quite probable that foreign investment in real estate and the grain trade are substantial and that the pace of investment could accelerate." I hope that the information obtained in this study can also be used to determine more accurately the degree of foreign investment in urban real estate."

The Hawaii Democrat was the sponsor of legislation which produced the first benchmark study on foreign direct investment in the United States in 15 years.

Supporting Senator Inouye in this proposed amendment was Senator John Culver of Iowa.

INOUYE RURAL REAL ESTATE AMENDMENT ACCEPTED

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE -- JUNE 8, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- Senator Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii) today announced that the Senate Agriculture Appropriations Subcommittee approved his amendment to appropriate \$475,000 to the Department of Agriculture to study foreign direct investment in rural real estate and the grain trade.

Senator Inouye, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Foreign Commerce and Tourism, said that his amendment is designed to develop comprehensive information about foreign involvement in these areas and to provide a methodology for tracking future investments.

"A recent Department of Commerce study revealed that data on real estate investment is woefully inadequate," he remarked. "Because land registration has been a local function, foreign buyers have been able to disguise their purchases. We would like to find out the nationality of purchasers, geographical distribution, types of farmland and facilities bought, and the impact of foreign purchases on the agricultural industry. Since agriculture is one of this country's most progressive and dynamic industries, it is quite probable that foreign investment in real estate and the grain trade are substantial and that the pace of investment could accelerate." I hope that the information obtained in this study can also be used to determine more accurately the degree of foreign investment in urban real estate."

The Hawaii Democrat was the sponsor of legislation which produced the first benchmark study on foreign direct investment in the United States in 15 years.

Supporting Senator Inouye in this proposed amendment was Senator John Culver of Iowa.

topic:

INOUYE RURAL REAL ESTATE AMENDMENT ACCEPTED

Sent to Edna 7:40 AM.

*6/8/76
Bl*

date:

release date:

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE -- JUNE 8, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- Senator Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii) today announced that the Senate Agriculture Appropriations Subcommittee approved his amendment to appropriate \$475,000 to the Department of Agriculture to study foreign direct investment in rural real estate and the grain trade.

Senator Inouye, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Foreign Commerce and Tourism, said that his amendment is designed to develop comprehensive information about foreign involvement in these areas and to provide a methodology for tracking future investments.

"A recent Department of Commerce study revealed that data on real estate investment is woefully inadequate," he remarked. "Because land registration has been a local function, foreign buyers have been able to disguise their purchases. We would like to find out the nationality of purchasers, geographical distribution, types of farmland and facilities bought, and the impact of foreign purchases on the agricultural industry. Since agriculture is one of this country's most progressive and dynamic industries, it is quite probable that foreign investment in real estate and the grain trade are substantial and that the pace of investment could accelerate." I hope that the information obtained in this study can also be used to determine more accurately the degree of foreign investment in urban real estate."

The Hawaii Democrat was the sponsor of legislation which produced the first benchmark study on foreign direct investment in the United States in 15 years.

Supporting Senator Inouye in this proposed amendment was Senator John Culver of Iowa.

SENATOR:

DO YOU WISH TO SEND
ATTACHED RELEASE?

ERIC



news from

Senator DANIEL K. INOUE

topic:

INOUE SEEKS AMENDMENT TO TAX BILL
CONVENTION PROVISION

date:

release date:

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE--June 14, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- Senators Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii) and Barry Goldwater (R-Arizona) today introduced an amendment to the Senate's tax reform bill to affirm existing Internal Revenue Service rules that allow tax deductions for business conventions held outside the United States.

The senators seek to kill a proposed tax measure that would severely restrict tax deductions for conventions abroad and would bar all deductions for business meetings on cruise ships. They say no new legislation is necessary because existing laws empower the Internal Revenue Service to police tax fraud relating to convention deductions.

"Existing law and agency regulations clearly and unequivocally prohibit taxpayers from claiming expenses for trips which are personal in nature," Inouye said in a floor speech today. "And there are no loopholes!"

As drafted by the Senate Finance Committee, the tax provision would deny tax deductions for all conventions held outside North America, including the Caribbean, U.S. territories and possessions. But exceptions would be allowed for international groups with a large foreign membership, or in cases where the subject of the meeting or the purpose of the organization make a foreign convention site more appropriate.

That provision is contained in section 602 of Title VI of the Senate version of H.R. 10612, the major tax reform package of this Congress.

"Enactment of that section will most assuredly give rise to serious economic consequences at a time where we can ill afford them as a nation," Inouye said. "Just as importantly, adequate means and machinery exist to correct any abuses that now exist."

"All the IRS need do is rigorously enforce the Internal Revenue Code and its own regulations to determine whether expenses incurred in attending a meeting or convention qualify as business or income producing expense deductions," he said. The IRS on February 14, 1974 announced that its examiners would carefully scrutinize deductions claimed for cruises, trips and conventions where little time is devoted to professional or business activities, he added.

If existing laws are enforced adequately, the public will not be subject to the tax deduction abuses which advocates of section 602 feel warrant passage of that section, Inouye said.

"In view of its potential for harm, and the availability of a less harsh but equally effective alternative, enactment of section 602 would be a classic example of 'over-kill,'" he said.

The provision "puts a restraint on travel abroad by Americans" Inouye said. "Most assuredly it would invite retaliation from other countries...to the extent that [the provision] would have a chilling effect on travel to the United States from abroad."

He said about \$6 billion of the nation's \$70 billion tourist industry results from international tourist expenditures, and foreign tourists contributed substantially to the more than \$3 billion in domestic convention expenditures last year.

The potential economic loss to the United States if other nations retaliate would be "substantial" and would "ripple throughout the economy of the country," he said, citing possible economic threats to airlines, hotels and U.S. commerce.

A recent Library of Congress study showed that five of six countries which comprise the major portion of America's foreign tourist population have no restrictions like those contained in the proposed Senate tax bill. The sixth country has a limit on tax deductions which is far less stringent.

###

news from

Senator DANIEL K. INOUE

topic: SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE APPROVES \$41.521 MILLION
APPROPRIATION FOR ISLAND MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

date:

release date: FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE -- JUNE 17, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- The Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Military Construction today approved a \$41.521 million appropriation for military projects in Hawaii, with \$7.4 million earmarked for Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop modernization plans.

The appropriation matches the fiscal year 1977 authorization figure set on May 13, 1976 by the Senate Armed Services Committee, but represents a restoration of \$13.22 million trimmed by the House Appropriations Committee on June 8.

"The subcommittee acted wisely in maintaining the funding levels necessary for Hawaii's military projects," Senator Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), a ranking Military Construction Subcommittee member, said today. "Much needs to be done to improve and maintain our military facilities, especially in the Pearl Harbor area."

The House appropriations were announced prior to an agreement by House and Senate conferees June 9 to authorize the full \$41.521 million for Island military projects. "I am hopeful that when conferees meet late this month or next on the 1977 appropriations bill, they will again agree to the \$41.521 million figure," Inouye said.

The \$7.4 million appropriation approved by the Senate subcommittee today will cover the construction of three new buildings as well as the purchase and installation of bridge cranes, elevators, monorails and jib booms at the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop. Renovations would be aimed at improving power utilities and abating pollution and environmental hazards.

The Pearl Harbor facility, consisting primarily of a separate electric shop and electro-plating shop, has been housed in seven buildings constructed in 1911 that lack adequate storm drainage and a sufficient power supply. Electro-plating operations have subjected workers to hazardous pollutants and excessive noise, in conditions that violate safety requirements set by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

The Senate panel, on the recommendation of Chairman Mike Mansfield (D-Montana), today restored a \$5 million appropriation for the clearing and rehabilitation of Enewetak Atoll in the Marshall Islands. The House Appropriations Committee earlier voted against an Enewetak appropriation.

Mansfield urged his colleagues to approve the appropriation, citing a moral responsibility of the U.S. government to the people who had been relocated from Enewetak in 1947, Inouye said. The government that year selected the atoll as a nuclear testing site and forced the 136 residents to leave in exile. Testing has since ended in 1958 and some 432 persons have expressed a desire to return to Enewetak.

The Senate subcommittee agreed that "all feasible economies should be realized in the accomplishment of this [cleanup] project, through the use of military forces, their subsistence, equipment, material, supplies and transportation." This language, as contained in the subcommittee report, suggests a strong likelihood that Hawaii military personnel will be engaged in the cleanup operations, Inouye said.

(MORE)

The subcommittee also approved \$4.585 million for the shipyard Quality Assurance facility, which now performs chemical and metallurgical laboratory tests and research into welding methods in nine buildings, the oldest of which is 55-years old. The funds would go towards consolidation of administrative and laboratory functions into one new two-story concrete block and steel building.

Other appropriations approved by the subcommittee include:

* \$4.3 million for additions and alterations to an intelligence facility at Camp Smith. The funds would allow the Commander in Chief of the Pacific to consolidate general Far East and Pacific intelligence functions -- previously performed elsewhere on Oahu-- at Camp Smith.

* \$1.9 million for electrical improvements at Kaneohe Marine Corps Air Station.

* \$1.046 million for electric power improvements at Fleet Marine Force Pacific headquarters at Camp Smith.

* \$12.836 million for a municipal sewer connection at Barbers Point Naval Air Station.

* \$4.051 million for onshore ship waste water collection at Pearl Harbor Naval Station.

* \$975,000 for a torpedo retriever facility at the Pearl Harbor Naval Submarine Base.

* \$283,000 for building additions at the Pearl Harbor Naval Environmental and Preventative Medicine Unit No. 6.

* \$4.145 million for a Hickam Air Force Base apron and a fire training facility.

The Senate Appropriations Committee is expected to act on the subcommittee decisions June 22, and the full Senate should consider the bill by June 29.

#

news from

Senator DANIEL K. INOUYE

topic: SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE APPROVES \$41.521 MILLION
APPROPRIATION FOR ISLAND MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

date:

release date: FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE -- JUNE 17, 1976

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- The Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Military Construction today approved a \$41.521 million appropriation for military projects in Hawaii, with \$7.4 million earmarked for Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop modernization plans.

The appropriation matches the fiscal year 1977 authorization figure set on May 13, 1976 by the Senate Armed Services Committee, but represents a restoration of \$13.22 million trimmed by the House Appropriations Committee on June 8.

"The subcommittee acted wisely in maintaining the funding levels necessary for Hawaii's military projects," Senator Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), a ranking Military Construction Subcommittee member, said today. "Much needs to be done to improve and maintain our military facilities, especially in the Pearl Harbor area."

The House appropriations were announced prior to an agreement by House and Senate conferees June 9 to authorize the full \$41.521 million for Island military projects. "I am hopeful that when conferees meet late this month or next on the 1977 appropriations bill, they will again agree to the \$41.521 million figure," Inouye said.

The \$7.4 million appropriation approved by the Senate subcommittee today will cover the construction of three new buildings as well as the purchase and installation of bridge cranes, elevators, monorails and jib booms at the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop. Renovations would be aimed at improving power utilities and abating pollution and environmental hazards.

The Pearl Harbor facility, consisting primarily of a separate electric shop and electro-plating shop, has been housed in seven buildings constructed in 1911 that lack adequate storm drainage and a sufficient power supply. Electro-plating operations have subjected workers to hazardous pollutants and excessive noise, in conditions that violate safety requirements set by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

The Senate panel, on the recommendation of Chairman Mike Mansfield (D-Montana), today restored a \$5 million appropriation for the clearing and rehabilitation of Enewetak Atoll in the Marshall Islands. The House Appropriations Committee earlier voted against an Enewetak appropriation.

(MORE)

Mansfield urged his colleagues to approve the appropriation, citing a moral responsibility of the U.S. government to the people who had been relocated from Enewetak in 1947, Inouye said. The government that year selected the atoll as a nuclear testing site and forced the 136 residents to leave in exile. Testing has since ended in 1958 and some 432 persons have expressed a desire to return to Enewetak.

The Senate subcommittee agreed that "all feasible economies should be realized in the accomplishment of this [cleanup] project, through the use of military forces, their subsistence, equipment, material, supplies and transportation." This language, as contained in the subcommittee report, suggests a strong likelihood that Hawaii military personnel will be engaged in the cleanup operations, Inouye said.

The subcommittee also approved \$4.585 million for the shipyard Quality Assurance facility, which now performs chemical and metallurgical laboratory tests and research into welding methods in nine buildings, the oldest of which is 55-years old. The funds would go towards consolidation of administrative and laboratory functions into one new two-story concrete block and steel building.

Other appropriations approved by the subcommittee include:

* \$4.3 million for additions and alterations to an intelligence facility at Camp Smith. The funds would allow the Commander in Chief of the Pacific to consolidate general Far East and Pacific intelligence functions -- previously performed elsewhere on Oahu-- at Camp Smith.

* \$1.9 million for electrical improvements at Kaneohe Marine Corps Air Station.

* \$1.046 million for electric power improvements at Fleet Marine Force Pacific headquarters at Camp Smith.

* \$12.836 million for a municipal sewer connection at Barbers Point Naval Air Station.

* \$4.051 million for onshore ship waste water collection at Pearl Harbor Naval Station.

* \$975,000 for a torpedo retriever facility at the Pearl Harbor Naval Submarine Base.

* \$283,000 for building additions at the Pearl Harbor Naval Environmental and Preventative Medicine Unit No. 6.

* \$4.145 million for a Hickam Air Force Base apron and a fire training facility.

The Senate Appropriations Committee is expected to act on the subcommittee decisions June 22, and the full Senate should consider the bill by June 29.

#

news from

Senator DANIEL K. INOUE

topic: CONFEREES AGREE ON HAWAII MILITARY CONSTRUCTION FUNDS

date: JUNE 29, 1976

release date: FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

WASHINGTON, D.C.---Senate and House conferees agreed today to appropriate \$42.521 million for military projects in Hawaii, with \$7.4 million earmarked for Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop modernization and \$2 million for an overhaul of Tripler Army Medical Center.

The conferees sustained all but \$1 million of the fiscal 1977 military construction appropriations intended for Hawaii that passed the Senate by unanimous vote last Saturday. A Senate-approved \$4.585 million appropriation for the Pearl Harbor Shipyard Quality Assurance facility was trimmed by conferees today to \$3.585 million.

"I am extremely pleased that the conference committee wisely maintained the funding that had been backed strongly by both the Senate Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services, and the full Senate," Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), a ranking member of the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Military Construction and a conferee, said after today's meeting.

"So much must be done to improve and maintain our military facilities, especially at Tripler and in the Pearl Harbor area," he said.

The original \$43.521 million for Hawaii military projects approved by the Senate last Saturday matched the fiscal 1977 authorization figure set on May 13, 1976 by the Senate Armed Services Committee. But the original figure also represented a restoration of \$13.22 million cut by the House Appropriations Committee on June 8.

The Quality Assurance facility, the only project with funds cut by conferees now performs chemical and metallurgical laboratory tests and research into welding methods in nine buildings, the oldest of which is 55 years old. The funds agreed to today would go towards consolidation of administrative and laboratory functions into one new two-story concrete block and steel building.

(MORE)

Military construction appropriations approved by conferees today include:

- * \$7.4 million for renovations of the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop. Specific projects include the construction of three new buildings, installation of new equipment, improvement of power utilities and abatement of environmental hazards.
- * \$2 million for renovations at the 28-year-old Tripler Army Medical Center.
- * \$4.3 million for additions and alterations to an intelligence facility at Camp Smith. The funds would allow the Commander in Chief of the Pacific to consolidate general Far East and Pacific intelligence functions--previously performed elsewhere on Oahu--at Camp Smith.
- * \$1.9 million for electrical improvements at Kaneohe Marine Corps Air Station.
- * \$1.046 million for electric power improvements at Fleet Marine Force Pacific headquarters at Camp Smith.
- * \$12.836 million for a municipal sewer connection at Barbers Point Naval Air Station.
- * \$4.051 million for onshore ship waste water collection at Pearl Harbor Naval Station.
- * \$975,000 for a torpedo retriever facility at the Pearl Harbor Naval Submarine Base.
- * \$283,000 for building additions at the Pearl Harbor Naval Environmental and Preventative Medicine Unit No. 6.
- * \$4.145 million for a Hickam Air Force Base apron and a fire training facility.

#