

BY H. W. SEVERANCE.

ON THURSDAY - - AUGUST 24,
At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,
Will be sold:

A LARGE VARIETY OF
Merchandise
Consisting of
NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS!
PER LATE ARRIVALS.

—ALSO—
DRUGGALAE.
BARRELS FISH.
TINS MATCHES.
And a great variety of Sundries.

To Let.

THE HOUSE IN MANOA VALLEY
formerly occupied by Mr. T. THREMB. The house has
a home party furnished. Persons desiring a summer
home will find this just the place.
For terms apply at the
480-3m

FOR SALE.

ASUPERIOR ROSEWOOD PIANO
BUTTE, with cover and stool.
W. A. ALDRICH.
480-3m

TAPIOCA, FARINA and ARROWROOT
Of Superior Quality.

MANUFACTURED AT KOLOA, KAUAI
constantly on hand and for sale in quantities to suit by
WALKER & CO.,
480-3m

FOR SALE.

1 SUPERIOR CARRIAGE, CUS-
tom made, 9 seats.
H. HACKFELD & CO.
479-3m

FOR SALE!

THE LOT AND HOUSES Thereon
situated at the corner of King and Alapai streets, are
offered for sale.
Apply at the Printing Office of the "Advertiser,"
475-3m

BY J. H. COLE.

THIS DAY!
AT 12 M., ON THE ESPLANADE, REAR
OF CUSTOM HOUSE.
Will be sold:

A LOT OF LUMBER!
From the Sugar House of A. Chater, Esq.,
2nd and 3rd Streets,
11 Inch Plank Molasses Gutters,
Lot of Tools, Buckets, Lathes,
Remnants of Barrels,
Office Tables and Chair.
—ALSO—
1 New Large Water or Molasses Tank, about
1000 Gallons.

GENERAL SALE
At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,
ON WEDNESDAY, - - AUGUST 23d

Caution.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FORBID
from running stock on description on the land of
WATAU, Ewa, Oahu as from and after this date I
disclaim all interest.
ANDREW FORGO.
481-1m

The Highest Price Paid for
Castor Oil Beans!
BY ALDRICH, WALKER & CO.
481-5m

For Sale!
CASTOR OIL IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT
BY ALDRICH, WALKER & CO.
481-5m

To Let.

THE CANTON HOTEL PREMISES,
Possession given 15th October.
W. A. ALDRICH.
480-3m

FOR SALE.

ONE IRON SUGAR MILL, With Wooden
FRAME, complete. ROLLERS, 19x18 inches. Also, One
WOODEN WATER WHEEL, 14x2 feet.
For particulars enquire of
ALDRICH, WALKER & CO.,
480-3m
Or BAL & ADAMS, Waiuku, Maui.

THE PACIFIC
Commercial Advertiser.

CRAMMER, the noble martyr.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19.
(Continued.)

Leprosy.

To a person who has never had the chance of seeing a leprosy person the disease is looked upon as something dreadful, and it is indeed a terrible disease, and any person afflicted with it is worthy our sympathy, for the pain suffered by a leprosy person is awful—there is not to be found on the whole body a spot free from pain, while the stench arising from the ulcers is suffocating.

Leprosy is a climatic disease and rarely to be found in any country except in the East, where it seems to have its origin and seat.

The first time I ever saw leprosy persons together in numbers was in 1847, in the city of Alexandria, Egypt. I resided in Alexandria forty-nine days preparatory to inland travel, and in this time got a somewhat near acquaintance with this disease, by my own observations, together with information kindly rendered by the resident "Pilgrim Father," who acts in the capacity of Prior in the Asylum for Lepers, called Hadya. Leprosy can be seen here in almost every stage of appearance from beginning to end, and you may also witness the mode of treatment by which a great many recover, if not wasted too far by neglect. I have not heard it pronounced incurable, but have seen persons who were wholly restored to former health. In leprosy cases extreme care is taken as regards diet and cleanliness of person.

While leprosy in the East is a constitutional disease, this *Mai Pake* in the West Indies is classified among skin diseases, and is also contagious, and is treated accordingly. Leprosy exists in but one form, but has different stages, while this *Mai Pake* appears in two distinct forms, and assumes a different character in each form, in symptoms, progress, and obstinacy.

After a residence of two years and three months in Cuba, during which time I treated successfully numerous cases, I am certain that this Hawaiian *Mai Pake* is the same disease that was imported into the West Indies by parties of coolies, and spread by them among the negroes and mulattoes, among whom it is quite frequently found. Experience has shown however that it is not dangerous and is also curable in its most aggravated form, and never in the West Indies is it called incurable. It causes no alarm among the population, as all necessary steps are taken to prevent its propagation. *Mai Pake*, as it has come under my observation on these islands, is the same malady in every respect, and is caused wholly by neglect and improper treatment.

There are also other diseases prevailing here similar in appearance to the *Mai Pake*, and may be mistaken for the same disease. But as *Mai Pake* has its own distinct forms of appearance, and each form is distinguished from the other by its own character it may easily be distinguished from any complaint resembling it, by a close investigation, if the examining physician has a true knowledge of its symptoms, and its different forms. I know of persons who have been treated for the *Mai Pake* by good physicians, but with no result. Application was then made to me, and on investigation I found it not to be the *Mai Pake* but a disease resembling it in appearance, but had none of its symptoms either in origin or progress. Under my treatment a perfect cure was effected.

It is curable in its most aggravated state, except in cases where other diseases predominate, such as consumption, secondary and tertiary syphilis, constitutional scrofulous habit, lupus and fistula in anus. In such cases I would not warrant a cure, but in cases where *Mai Pake* only is predominant, I will warrant a cure, and in such cases, if the patient is not so obstinate in his cure by very simple means as cases of syphilis.

This *Mai Pake* seldom requires an operation or amputation, the same as I am so certain that it is curable, and with a little care a harmless complaint that I am somewhat surprised to hear and read in public journals of the retention of the diseased limbs, and of the mutilation, such cases are owing in a great degree to their own neglect and carelessness. It is not so terrible in its consequences as secondary syphilis, and I cure it with milder means, only a different mode of treatment must be observed; and every case can be successfully treated, if the physician has a thorough knowledge of the pathology of the disease, and each of the symptoms and signs of the disease. His instructions are to see that the patient, who has to be separated from the rest of the family, takes his medicine regularly, bathes regularly and is allowed to meddle with the policeman, not even the planter, and he can cause to be arrested any one interfering with his orders, which he receives every day from the physician.

Generally every planter engages a doctor at a fixed salary by the year, whose duty it is to attend to all cases on the plantation. As soon as any one of the hands is afflicted with the disease, and the physician is called and an examination made, when if the patient is really found to be afflicted with the complaint, he is then separated from the rest of the laborers and given in charge of a policeman, who is obliged to execute all orders given by the physician as regards diet, medicine, exercise and bathing. No one feels particularly afraid of such a person, as experience has taught them that though the disease is contagious, it is as harmless as the heat and causes no more alarm. I will prove to any one making a personal application to me that even in cases where the cords of the fingers are so completely contracted that they cannot be opened, after a few days treatment they will become flexible again and straighten gradually as before. I will undertake the most desperate cases, where other means have failed to procure a cure, and on examination I find the patient to be afflicted with the *Mai Pake*, and thereby prove the truth of my assertions.

I should recommend rather to remove all persons afflicted with secondary and tertiary syphilis, and endeavor to cut off the evil consequences produced by them, which produces more constitutional complaints, syphilis or the *Mai Pake*. The latter is never known to become constitutional, while the former is known to be a real destroyer of human life, and carries off its thousands every year. If even a part of those unfortunate enough to be afflicted with the *Mai Pake* should be removed to Molokai, is the country safe? Not in two months thereafter they could send another lot and so on. Why not cure them at home?

Every possible means should be taken to effect a cure, before taking steps to remove them, and the consequences which will inevitably follow this transportation measure, particularly in the families of many of those transported, can show diseases that have been pronounced by others as past cure that under my method of treatment have been restored to health, and others that are now under treatment recovering rapidly.

Medicine that are most effectual in curing the disease, and the government call of a policeman, leprosy will do much harm if used in the treatment of *Mai Pake*. Any medical man at all acquainted with leprosy, will know that the disease is not accompanied by another dreadful disease, "bilious" or insatiable hunger. Knowing this, any one acquainted with the *Mai Pake*, should see at once that the two diseases, *Mai Pake* and leprosy are not one and the same disease.

I do not believe there is an incurable case on the islands, neither do I believe there ever was a case of leprosy in this Kingdom. Let me say no more than anything else, the atmosphere itself speaks against such a fact that leprosy should be or ever have been in these islands.

Dr. CHAS. L. DE WOLF.
Lahaina, Aug. 10, 1855.

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Dr. CHAS. L. DE WOLF.
Lahaina, Aug. 10, 1855.

THE TWENTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TREASURER:

On the 20th Dec., 1854, I had a balance of cash on hand.....	\$ 200 16
From the Hawaiian Treasury, individuals, etc., for account of the Hawaiian Treasury.....	131 50
From the Hawaiian Treasury, appropriation for the Hawaiian Treasury.....	714 50
From the Hawaiian Treasury, appropriation for the Hawaiian Treasury.....	483 33
For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the half year ending March 31st, 1855.....	1850 87
Total.....	\$5620 36

The disbursements during the same time have been for the Hawaiian Treasury, from July 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855, as follows:

For Wages of Payeees and servants from Dec. 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855, 6 mos.....	\$1735 00
Medicines, etc., imported for the Hospital by Messrs. VanHook & Heuck, on acc't of the Hawaiian Treasury.....	702 00
For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the half year ending March 31st, 1855.....	428 06
For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the half year ending March 31st, 1855.....	515 51
For provisions, fuel, lights, bedding, coffee, etc., part of the bills for July, Aug., and Sept., 1854, and all of the bills from Oct. 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855.....	2944 32
Balance on hand at this date.....	2561 47
Total.....	\$6586 36

The cash assets and liabilities on the 1st Dec. are estimated as follows: ASSETS

Cash on hand.....	2561 47
Appropriation for the month of June.....	416 47
Passage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the quarter year ending June 30th, 1855.....	700 00
From paying patients.....	90 00
Total.....	\$3778 14

LIABILITIES—Physicians' salary 1 month..... 125 00
Other expenses, for month of June..... 450 00
Total..... \$575 00

Surplus July 1st..... \$3203 14

Respectfully submitted,
C. R. HANOR, Treasurer.

The American Numismatic and Archaeological Society have in preparation a new medal designed to commemorate the life and perpetuate the name of Abraham Lincoln. It will be three inches in diameter, and will bear on the obverse a bust of the late President and on the reverse an inscription.

A man named Knowlton spent six months in discovering a method for sawing ship timber in a banded form, and another mode for boring granite, and sold a part interest for \$10,000. During the same time a comrade taught a poodle dog to dance on a jig on his hind legs. Brains have a value.

The New York Tribune, in an article on Mr. Wendell Phillips, says: "But for his misfortune in having received his moral and religious training from a Bible wherefrom the 13th chapter of 1 Cor. taken rank among the very foremost men of our age."

In 1857 Sir George Cornwall Lewis wrote thus of the assault of Brooks upon Sumner: "People here speak of the outrage on Sumner as a proof of the brutal manners of the Americans and their low morality. To me it seems the first blow to civil war. It betokens the advent of a state of things in which political differences cannot be settled by argument, and can only be settled by force."

It is commonly stated that the wife of Jeff Davis is a daughter of the late President Taylor. This is not so. Miss Taylor became the first wife of Davis, but his present wife's maiden name was Verina Howell, said to be a grand-daughter of Gen. Howell, of New Jersey. Davis has three children now living by his second wife.

It is said that no fewer than 252 persons are annually killed in London in the streets; a very large percentage of these suffer through the arrangements which compel people to cross crowded thoroughfares at the risk of their limbs and lives.

It is said that it requires more sense to keep out of the way of the omnibusses in the city than to be Justice of the Peace in the country.

The University of Chicago possesses the largest, and it is believed the finest, telescope in the world. Heretofore Harvard College held the honor of having the "Clark telescope" of Chicago is to the Harvard as 34 to 21—more than one-half larger. Its cost was \$11,187 for the object-glass, and \$7,000 for the tube and mounting. The focal length of the telescope is 23 feet.

At length the light of veracious official statistics has been thrown on the losses sustained by the French army during a portion of the Crimean war. Dr. Chenu, Physician-in-Chief to the army, has just sent his official medical report to the Government, from which it is published. It covers the period between April 1 and Dec. 31, 1857, inclusive: Killed on the field of battle, or missing, 10,240; lost in the Semlitz, 702; died of cold and apoplexy, 4,342; of various diseases, 2,000; died in hospitals, 72,247; total, 95,615. It will be seen that the mortality from the effects of disease and climate is very high.

The following is a comparative statement of the National Debt of the United States, at different times, since 1791:

January 1, 1791.....	\$ 15,463,476 62
January 1, 1811.....	48,299,737 80
January 1, 1816.....	127,243,933 74
January 1, 1820.....	201,089 05
January 1, 1826.....	291,089 05
July 1, 1840.....	20,363,909 64
November 15, 1850.....	64,769,749 08
July 1, 1850.....	514,210,371 92
July 1, 1852.....	514,210,371 92
July 1, 1854.....	1,540,000,489 40
July 31, 1855.....	2,279,579,486 10

GOLDEN SMITH ON "REFORMED CATHOLICISMS."—The secession of Dr. Newman to the Church of Rome closed, in truth, the history of the religious movement of which he was the leader. With him its genius, its poetry, its chivalry, its fascinations for high intellects and spiritual natures passed away. Since that time it has almost lost its spiritual character, and degenerated into a mere State Church combination, the subservient ally of political Toryism, and the tool of the Tory chiefs. Twenty years ago it carried with it almost all the powerful intellects of the University; now it has degenerated into a mere State Church combination, the subservient ally of political Toryism, and the tool of the Tory chiefs. Twenty years ago it carried with it almost all the powerful intellects of the University; now it has degenerated into a mere State Church combination, the subservient ally of political Toryism, and the tool of the Tory chiefs.

Honolulu Iron Works!

Just Received
AT THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT A
New and Improved
Best Refined Bar Iron!

—ALSO—
On Hand every description of
PIPING, STEAM OR WATER COCKS,
VALVES, INDIA RUBBER PACKING, FIRE CLAY,
And Everything applicable to the uses
of Plantations. 480-3m

LOOK AT THIS FIRST!
BOOTS and SHOES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS RECEIVED
EX LATE ARRIVALS, A CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF BOOTS and SHOES
Consisting of
Ladies' Superior Lasting and Kid Gaiters and
Misses' and Children's Superior Kid and Bronze Gaiters and
Shoes, all sizes.
Boys' Superior Lasting and Kid Boots, all sizes;
Best Superior Calf Boots, several and pegged;
Men's Elastic Gaiters.

—ALSO—
DRY GOODS.
French, English and American Prints,
Best French Calicoes,
Superior Linen Sheet, 23 yards wide,
Superior Pillow Case, 11 yard wide,
Fine Cotton Sheet, 2 yards wide,
Superior Pillow Case, 11 yard wide,
Medium and Fine Linen, 1 yard wide;
Linen Damask Table Cloth, best medium sizes,
Linen Damask Towels, Ladies' Collars and Cuffs,
Broads' Spool Cotton, Pearl Shirt Buttons,
Basics and Colored Colgates and Alpaca,
Silk Umbrellas, all sizes;

—ALSO—
Gent's, Ladies and Misses' Lisle Thread Hosiery
SUPERIOR CLOTHING!
Consisting of
Men's Superior Gaiters and Tweed Pants,
Sack and Frock Coats, Grey Merino Half Hose,
Blue Fannel Suit, Davis' & Jones' Shirts,
Gent's Superior Shirt Collars,
Black and Brown Felt Hats, Boy's Straw Hats,
Gent's Umbrellas and Drawers.

Downer's Kerosene Oil!
And a variety of Articles too numerous to specify,
all of which will be sold Cheap for CASH
at the Store of
M. McInerney,
Corner Beretania and Maunakea Streets.
N. B.—Ladies will please call and examine my
Stock of Children's Boots and Shoes before
purchasing elsewhere. 481-2m

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

ONE 2-HORSE POWER HORIZONTAL
STEAM ENGINE!
10 inch cylinder and 18 inch stroke, with large fly wheel and
governor, complete. Also, **CORNISH BOILER** for
same, 14 feet long, 6 feet diameter, one 3 feet diameter,
with furnace and frame complete, also, firebricks, steam
pipes and connections; manufactured by Young & Co., London.
This may now be seen set up at the Honolulu Iron
Works.

Also, just Received per
Dennis Brundit,
A Vacuum Pan!
6 feet diameter and pump of the latest and most approved
make, by Gen. Forster & Co., of Liverpool. This will be sold
with all the necessary fittings for driving it.
A TRAIN OF 5 CAST IRON CARRON PANS,
Of the most approved form, to bolt together.
The above will be sold on advantageous terms if applied for
soon, and may be imported for cash on duty free.
477-2m
JANON, GREEN & Co.

A REVIEW
—OF A—
PASTORAL ADDRESS
—BY THE—
RIGHT REV. T. N. STALEY, D. D.,
REFORMED CATHOLIC BISHOP OF HONOLULU,
CONTAINING A REPLY TO SOME OF
THE CHARGES AGAINST THE AMERICAN PROTESTANT MISSION TO
THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

BY W. D. ALEXANDER.
Originally published in the PACIFIC COMMERCIAL AD-
VERTISER, and reprinted by Request of the Author,
And now to be had at the BOOKSTORE OF H. M. WHITNEY,
PRICE: 50 CENTS. 481-1m

C. FRED'K PFLUGER
OFFERS FOR SALE
At Low and Reasonable Prices.

VERY SUPERIOR WHITE LINEN TABLE
DAMASK,
Very superior brown linen table Damask,
Superior ready made white linen Damask,
Table Covers and Napkins,
SUPERIOR HEAVY BLACK SILKS,
Silk Piece Velvets,
French Plain de Laines, all Colors
A GREAT VARIETY OF
Dress Trimmings & Millinery Goods
Chinese fancy articles and curiosities.
ENGLISH and FRENCH PERFUME-
ries of the best kind. 480-3m

Queen's Hospital.

HONOLULU, Aug. 8th, 1855.

His Ex. C. DE VARIOST, Acting Minister of the
Interior.

Sir: I have to inform you that at the Quarterly
Meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Queen's
Hospital, held July 20th, 1855, the following officers
were elected:

A. F. Judd, Secretary; C. R. Bishop, Treasurer;
W. L. Green, Auditor.

On the Executive Committee, Messrs. Castle,
Heuck, Bishop, Austin and Damon.

On the Visiting Committee, Messrs. Damon,
Parke and Bishop Staley.

I beg leave also to transmit herewith to Your
Excellency the Twelfth Semi-Annual Report of
Chas. R. Bishop, Esq., Treasurer, which has been
handed to me.

At the meeting above mentioned, the Secretary
was instructed to advise His Majesty the King,
the Royal President of the Corporation, through the
Minister of the Interior, that the term of office of
Mr. S. N. Castle as Vice-President of the Corpora-
tion had expired by limitation, in accordance with
the provisions of the Second Article of the Charter.

I beg leave, accordingly, to ask you to advise
His Majesty the King of this fact and to ask His
pleasure in the premises.

I have the honor to be, Sir, yours most respect-
fully,
A. FRANCIS JUDG,
Secretary of Queen's Hospital.

To His Ex. C. DE VARIOST, Acting Minister of the
Interior, etc., etc.

To His Excellency W. H. HUTCHISON, Minister of the
Interior:

Sir—Accordingly to the requirements of the
Charter of the Queen's Hospital, I furnish to you

the twelfth semi-annual Report of the Treas-
urer:

On the 20th Dec., 1854, I had a balance of cash on
hand..... \$ 200 16

From the Hawaiian Treasury, individuals, etc., for ac-
count of the Hawaiian Treasury..... 131 50

From the Hawaiian Treasury, appropriation for the
Hawaiian Treasury..... 714 50

From the Hawaiian Treasury, appropriation for the
Hawaiian Treasury..... 483 33

For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the
half year ending March 31st, 1855..... 1850 87

Total..... \$5620 36

The disbursements during the same time have been for the Hawaiian Treasury, from July 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855, as follows:

For Wages of Payeees and servants from Dec. 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855, 6 mos..... \$1735 00

Medicines, etc., imported for the Hospital by Messrs. VanHook & Heuck, on acc't of the Hawaiian Treasury..... 702 00

For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the half year ending March 31st, 1855..... 428 06

For postage and Hawaiian Treasury's taxes for the half year ending March 31st, 1855..... 515 51

For provisions, fuel, lights, bedding, coffee, etc., part of the bills for July, Aug., and Sept., 1854, and all of the bills from Oct. 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1855..... 2944 32

Balance on hand at this date..... 2561 47

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Surplus July 1st..... \$3203 14

Respectfully submitted,
C. R. HANOR, Treasurer.

Foreign Miscellany.

There is a woman in Quebec 118 years old. Her children, grand-children and great-grand-children number 225.

Free soap, of an excellent quality, is daily dealt out to the citizens of Richmond by the United States Christian Commission.

On the site of Sodom and Gomorrah, English enter-
prise has established a factory for the extracting
of bromides from the waters.

Among Mr. Lincoln's papers has been found a
package of letters, labelled in his own handwriting,
"Assassination letters."

The New York Herald states that the cost of its
war correspondence, during the past four years, was
over half a million dollars.

The United States has now ten Territories waiting
to be made into States—they are Wyoming, Arizona,
Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico,
Utah and Washington.

Seventy disabled and discharged soldiers, are now
employed as clerks, messengers, carriers, collectors,
etc., in the New York Post-office. The Collector
has also given place to a number in the Custom
House.

The King of Italy intends sending to the Interna-
tional Exhibition at Dublin a topaz weighing several
pounds, and eight or nine inches long, having on it
a beautiful engraving of "The Last Supper."

The Massachusetts Senate has passed a law im-
posing \$50 fine for making discrimination on account
of color in any inn, place of amusement, public
conveyance or public meeting.

George P. Prentiss says that he heard rebel leaders
say unreservedly in Richmond last December, when
Jeff. Davis' health was very bad, that if he should
die, assassination would be resorted to as a means
of preventing Stephens from being President.

The colored woman is still living at the Freedman's
village, upon the Ararat estate, who was whipped
by Gen. Lee after the overseer had refused the job
because he thought she did not deserve it.

A Catholic church has been opened in Utah—Gen.
Conner having undertaken to obtain and secure
religious toleration in the Mormon Territory.

Miss Laura Harris, the young American contralto
has made a great hit in London. The critics all
speak of her as one of the most promising young
artists they have heard.

Rev. T. C. Cuyler preached his fifteenth anniversary
sermon of late. He is a pastor and in the Brooklyn
church. In thirteen years of preaching he has been
absent but a single Sunday from the pulpit.

The annual business of Chicago is estimated at
\$206,000,000, of which one-fourth is flour trade,
and one-sixth, hog. Taxes last year, \$3,617,838.57.
Increase in population, 31,309,827.

The deposits in the First National Bank of Rich-
mond on its first regular day of business amounted
to over \$60,000, a fact which shows that the people
of the late rebel capital are not destitute of money.

The Duchess de Morny leaves Paris. She says
"I never had but one husband, my dear husband,
and our holy Russia. I have lost the one,
let me return to the other."

The London Lancet, at the close of an elaborate
article, concludes that the public need be under little
apprehension as to the importation of the Russian
epidemic into England.

New York is the largest market for sole leather in
the world, more being bought and sold in that city
than in Liverpool, London and Paris combined. It
is estimated that 10,000,000 hides are tanned in this
country annually, requiring about 700,000 cords of
bark for the operation.

A Washington telegram says that General Lee in-
tends, if he cannot recover his Arlington estate, to
retire to Europe and offer his sword to some foreign
power. That is already better disposed than
whether he will be allowed to go to Europe, will de-
pend very much on the future policy of the Govern-
ment.

The students of Williams College, Massachusetts,
are about to erect a monument to their comrades who
have fallen on the battle-fields of the present war.

Mr. Paul Arpin, editor in chief of the *Courrier
des Etats Unis*, died in New York, May 25. He was
the oldest French journalist in the United States, and
formerly edited the *New Orleans Bee*.

Englishmen spend \$200,000,000 a year for ale,
and the daily allowance for each adult male is two
quarts.

The present fleet of the Canada Steam Ship Com-
pany consists of thirty-two vessels, of altogether 60,
000 tons burden.

During the season for orange flowers at Nice there
are sold about fifteen to eighteen tons of flowers
daily, each ton of flowers yielding more than forty
cans of perfume.

According to a Russian custom, the wife of the
late Duke de Morny cut off her hair and put it in his
coffin, as a pledge not to marry again.

A Melbourne (Australia) paper says there is a
silkworm native to the Australian continent. It
feeds on the leaves of the gum-tree, and its silk is
fine and lustrous.

Figure it up. It costs forty cents a gallon to make
whisky and the government tax is \$2 a gallon; total,
\$2 40. Yet the beverage is sold for \$3 10 and the
seller was wealthy.

For rheumatic pains, or even pleurisy pain, we
would strongly recommend trying a hot bag of salt,
placed on the suffering part. We have known acute
pain to be easily removed by one application only,
though it is well worthy persevering trial.—*Er.*

Slavery and Protectionism naturally went together,
as slavery was only Toryism full blown; and Toryism
is, all the world over, associated with the most stupid
notions of commerce and trade.—*London*

Forty years ago John Hopper, of New York, died
and by will left his farm to three grandchildren, with
certain conditions that made it necessary to bring the
matter before the courts. A final decision has just
been reached. The farm, then of no great value,
strives, extending from the Sixth avenue to the North
river, and is worth about \$5,000,000.

For the preceding fiscal year the gold interest
charged upon the funded debt of the United States
will be \$4,016,651, while there is every reason to
believe that the custom revenues for the year will
be \$102,000,000, one hundred millions in gold. It
was \$102,000,000 the year before the present on a
lower scale of tariff duties, and with no trade with
the Southern States then in insurrection.

The Knoxville *Herald* says: "It is a remarkable
and as significant fact, that of the one hundred
and nine in the Legislature of Tennessee, nine of
them came from the old Democratic party, and one
hundred of them from the old Whig party."

The French Government has received official in-
formation that the land cultivated with cotton in the
province of Bona, Algeria, has increased within two
years from 150 to 1,250 acres; 942 quintals of raw
cotton were sent from that province to France previous
to March 14, in the present year.

NORTH WEST
—AND—
REDWOOD
LUMBER!
LEWERS &

