

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXIX., NO. 30.

HONOLULU, H. I., FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1894.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1541.

## HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

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which includes postage prepaid.  
H. M. WHITNEY, Business Manager  
AND EDITOR.  
Office, No. 48 Merchant Street

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1 in.	1.00	2.00	4.00	8.00	16.00
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5 in.	5.00	10.00	20.00	40.00	80.00
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FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,  
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No. 215 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.  
Post Office Box 288.

HAWAIIAN WINE CO.  
FRANK BROWN, Manager.  
28 and 30 Merchant Street, Honolulu, H. I.

## "THE HAWAIIAN REVOLUTION."

A Few of the Contents of This  
Most Interesting Work.  
The work on the "Hawaiian  
Revolution" is going ahead rapidly.  
The patron list is a strong one,  
headed by President Dole. It will  
contain, among other things, the  
following articles: Professor Alex-  
ander's histories of the reigns of  
Kalakaua and Liliuokalani, brief  
histories of the Revolution of 1893  
and the Provisional Government  
to date, the correspondence be-  
tween President Dole and Minister  
Willis, Thurston's protest in Wash-  
ington and his statement of the  
Hawaiian case, President Dole's  
specifications, Senator Morgan's re-  
port, and the Senate's action on the  
Hawaiian matter.

The price of the book will not  
exceed sixty cents and will prob-  
ably be only half a dollar. It will  
have an elaborate fancy cover, and  
will be a work that will be a hand-  
some and necessary addition to  
every library.

Optim at the Settlement.  
A letter from R. W. Meyer, the  
superintendent of the leper settle-  
ment, was read at the meeting of  
the Board of Health yesterday,  
stating that there had been two  
packages of opium found at the set-  
tlement, that had evidently been  
smuggled in. The authorities are  
working on the case. Mr. Meyer  
also reported that two lepers had  
escaped but had been captured at  
Kaunakakai.

HAWAIIAN  
Abstract and Title Co.  
NO. 42 MERCHANT ST.  
HONOLULU, H. I.

F. M. Hatch, President  
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W. R. Castle, Secretary  
J. F. Brown, Treasurer & Manager  
W. F. Frear, Auditor

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Hotel St., opp. Dr. J. S. McGrew's  
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THE FAMOUS TOURIST ROUTE OF THE WORLD.  
\$5 Second and \$10 First Class.  
Less than by Other Lines.

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Investment Company  
—Money loaned for long or short periods—  
ON APPROVED SECURITY.  
Apply to W. W. HALL, Manager.  
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Corner of Fort and Queen Streets, Honolulu,  
Lumber, Paints, Oils, Nails, Sails & Building  
Materials of every kind.

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Wholesale and Retail Grocer,  
111 King Street, under Harmony Hall.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.,  
Agents Canadian Pacific Railway for  
Hawaiian Islands.

## THE COUNCILS IN SESSION.

A Good Deal of Business Done by  
the Law-Givers.  
A SUNDAY BAND CONCERT BILL IN.  
The Councils Get Down to Work on the  
Salaries and Pay Roll Bill—The Rec-  
ommendations of the Executive  
Prevail—Grading the Salaries.

The Councils were called to order  
at 1:35 yesterday, President Dole in  
the chair.  
Present: Ministers Hatch, King,  
Damon and Smith; Councillors Ena,  
Waterhouse, Allen, Emmeluth, Men-  
donca, Wilder, Smith, Bolte, Morgan,  
Nott, Suhr and Tenney.  
The minutes of the preceding meet-  
ing were read and approved.

REPORTS.  
The Attorney-General presented a  
petition from Kalaupapa, asking for a  
general post office there.  
Referred to Finance Committee.  
Minister Hatch presented a resolu-  
tion from the Schuetzen Club, oppos-  
ing Japanese suffrage.  
Tabled for consideration whenever  
the matter should arise.  
The same Minister presented a peti-  
tion from the Hawaiian Evangelical  
Association opposing Sunday band  
concerts, and protesting against Sun-  
day shooting.  
Tabled for consideration with any  
bill on the subject.

RESOLUTIONS.  
Minister Hatch presented for the  
judiciary committee a report and bill  
providing for the holding of Sunday  
band concerts.  
Mr. Waterhouse moved the bill be  
tabled for consideration by a more  
representative body. Lost.  
The bill took the usual course.  
D. B. Smith moved the petition re-  
garding duty on alcohol be taken from  
the table and referred to a special  
committee. Carried.  
The bill was referred to the same  
committee as before, with the addi-  
tion of D. B. Smith.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.  
Second reading of the Appropria-  
tion Bill.  
Salary of the President, \$24,000.  
Passed.  
PERMANENT SETTLEMENTS.  
Queen Dowager Kapiolani, \$4000.  
Passed.  
Mrs. Barnard, \$900. Passed.  
Mrs. Simeona, \$400.  
Deferred for investigation of the  
peonier's character.  
Mrs. Kaulua, \$400. Passed.  
Mrs. Kaunahue, \$480. Passed.

JUDICIARY.  
Salary of Chief Justice, \$12,000.  
Passed.  
Salary of First Associate Justice,  
\$10,000. Passed.  
Salary of Second Associate Justice,  
\$10,000. Passed.  
Salary of Clerk of Judiciary, \$5400.  
The Attorney-General stated that  
this was one of the first reductions.  
It was based on the grading system.  
There had been a correspondence with  
the Court on this subject. The At-  
torney-General read a letter from the  
Court opposing the reduction from  
\$50 to \$25 a month, and setting forth  
with much force the responsibilities of  
the chief clerk, and the merits of the  
present incumbent, Henry Smith. A  
letter from Mr. Smith himself was  
also read.

Minister Damon opposed the con-  
tention. This Government paid al-  
ready higher salaries than any other.  
Very few clerks in business houses got  
more than \$200 a month. It was not  
pleasant to cut down salaries but it  
was a necessity to retrench.  
Mr. Allen appreciated everything  
which the Minister said, but there  
were exceptions to all rules. The clerk  
gave a high bond and his salary should  
be fixed accordingly. He moved the  
item pass at \$3000.  
Mr. Damon said the position was no  
more responsible than that of the as-  
sessor for Honolulu.  
Mr. Morgan asked if the clerk did  
not get fees outside.

The Attorney-General said he got  
them occasionally only.  
Mr. Emmeluth opposed any reduc-  
tion of particular salaries. All should  
be reduced alike.  
The Attorney-General said the propo-  
sition of Mr. Emmeluth to scale  
down all salaries equally had been  
made before, but it was not a wise

## RECEIPTS.

April 4, 1894	\$	230,839 41
Interior Department	\$	2,272 00
Customs receipts		9,910 10
Fines, etc.		2,324 70
Revenue stamps		497 50
San Francisco Consul Fees		38 55
Chinese Passports		300 00
Fish Market		441 00
Post Office		1,910 23
Prison		1,008 15
Government Realizations		197 79
Taxes		1,344 02
Hilo Water receipts		5 00
Sale of Government Bonds		1,500 00
Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank		6,000 00
Total Treasury Balance as above	\$	230,839 41
		\$253,044 65

EXPENDITURES.  
Judiciary Department, 1,699 97  
Department of Foreign  
Affairs, 506 44  
Interior Department:  
Bureau of Survey, 85 00  
Bureau of Immigration, 150 00  
Bureau of Public Works, 409 15  
Board of Health, 6,570 77  
Miscellaneous, 758 09  
Finance Department:  
Salaries, Incidentals, etc., 2,541 74  
Interest, 1,641 00  
Attorney-General's De-  
partment, 10,289 42  
Bureau of Public Instruc-  
tion, 3,001 65  
General expenses Provision-  
al Government, 4,480 30  
Road Taxes to Special De-  
posit, 250 00  
School Taxes to Special  
Deposit, 144 00  
Payments under Sec. 2, 5,939 17  
Total Treasury Balance,  
above date, 213,077 35  
\$ 253,044 65

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT MEMO.  
Exps. Prov. Govt. to date, \$ 225,042 52  
(This amount covers all  
expenses, including mili-  
tary and items not appro-  
priated by the last Legis-  
lature.)  
MEMO. CASH IN TREASURY.  
Outstanding Certificates, \$ 312,000 00  
Cash in Treasury to re-  
deem all outstanding  
Certificates, 312,000 00  
Total amount certificates, \$ 312,000 00  
Cash on hand Postal Sav-  
ings Bank, 48,672 13  
Balance to credit of twenty-  
six Road Boards, in  
Treasury, 29,257 09  
Balance to credit of School  
Board, in Treasury, 6,527 48  
Available Cash, Current  
Account, 213,077 35  
Total Cash, \$ 297,534 05

Due current account from  
advances to loan fund, \$ 72,747 77  
Due current account from  
advances to Postal Sav-  
ings Bank, 23,157 08

MISCELLANEOUS.  
Honolulu Fire Department, 471 84  
Forests and Nurseries, 13 50  
Electric Light, 22 75  
Maternity Home, 100 00  
Rent C. H. Lot, Kahului, 150 00  
\$ 558 09

ANOTHER CIRCULAR.  
Urging the Natives to Support the  
Adopted Resolutions.  
A circular was issued from the  
Holomua office yesterday, the gist  
of which appears below. It is an  
appeal to the natives to join with  
those who conducted Monday's  
mass meeting.

SUBSTANCE OF CIRCULAR.  
About 3000 people assembled at the  
mass meeting in spite of the resist-  
ance of the Hui Aloha Aina and the  
newspaper Ka Leo, and Bush and  
Kaunamano. The country districts  
are called upon to join in the resolu-  
tion adopted to uphold the rights and  
welfare of the natives, and are urged  
not to listen to Bush, Kaunamano,  
Nawahi, Kaulia, John Cummins, and  
the worthless foreigners with them.  
This is declared to be the course of  
progressive Hawaii, and the Hawa-  
ians are told that by following the  
advice they will see who are the true  
friends of the country, its people and  
its chiefs.

In A Nutshell.  
'Twas Mr. Blount,  
The no account,  
Who pulled the Starry Banner down;  
But Mr. Dole,  
Bless his dear soul,  
Is still the master of the town.  
—Nebraska State Journal.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE  
WEEK ENDING APRIL 11, 1894.  
Current Account, balance

LATEST NEWS FROM ABROAD.

Senator Perkins Congratulated On His Services to California.

TWO AWFUL TRAGEDIES OCCUR.

A Man Shoots His Divorced Wife in Church—A Bank Robber Kills the Cashier—The New Treaty With China.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Cuban centrifugal 96 degrees 3/4 at 3.

The revised tariff bill was submitted to the Senate on the 20th inst. The most important change is in the sugar schedule, the change being made by which an additional duty of 1/2 cent per pound is given on all sugars above 88 degrees by the polariscope test, or which are above No. 15, Dutch standard, in color.

The text of the sugar schedule as now agreed upon is as follows: "All sugars, tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice or beet juice, molasses, concentrated molasses, concrete and concentrated molasses, testing by polariscope not above 88 degrees, shall pay a duty of 1 cent per pound, and to every additional degree or fraction of a degree above 88 and not above 90 degrees, shown by the polariscope test, shall pay 1/2 of a cent per pound additional, and above 90 and not above 98 degrees, for every additional degree or fraction of a degree shown by the polariscope test, shall pay a duty of 1/2 of a cent per pound additional, and upon all sugars testing above 98 degrees by the polariscope test, or above No. 15 by Dutch standard in color, there shall be levied and collected a duty of 1/2 of a cent per pound in addition to the duty imposed upon sugars testing above 88 degrees. Molasses testing not above 56 degrees by polariscope shall pay a duty of 2 cents per gallon; molasses testing above 56 degrees shall pay a duty of 4 cents per gallon."

It is understood the bill will be amended so as to make a positive declaration for the abrogation of the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley Act. This is to satisfy the fears of the sugar men, though the committee is satisfied the bill as it stands would do so.

It is also probable that the clause abrogating the Hawaiian treaty will be stricken out. There has been some contention among the Democratic members on this score, and two or three votes have been taken upon the proposition to strike it out, the majority at first opposing the change. The principal argument for striking it out, was based upon the ground of expediency. It was urged if permitted to remain it would be the means of introducing the Hawaiian complications into tariff discussion. All agreed this should be avoided, if possible, without surrendering too much, and the latest reliable statement is that this argument won, and the amendment will be stricken out.

A dispatch from Washington on the 24th inst. stated that Senator Hansborough of North Dakota is preparing an amendment to the tariff bill restoring the present bounty on sugar, and placing the duty of 6 per cent ad valorem on refined sugar. He thinks it will receive the support of all the Republicans, the Populists and the two Louisiana Senators, which would carry it in the Senate by a majority of one vote.

Hawaiian Matters.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 20.—The Senate today, after having received the Tariff bill from the Finance Committee, did little else than to listen to a speech by Senator George of Mississippi on the legal aspects of affairs in Hawaii. Previous to the beginning of his speech Senator Turpie of Indiana tried to have the Senate agree mutually upon a time for the consideration of the Hawaiian resolution which cannot quite a stir some weeks ago. Senator Dolph prevented any agreement being reached by declaring that he was not in favor of fixing any date at this time.

At the conclusion of Mr. George's speech the Senate passed a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to lend consumed cannon and cannon balls to the association having in charge the monument on Government land at Chicago to the Confederate dead buried there. A bill for the relief of the owners and crew of the Hawaiian steamer Arctic was taken from the calendar and passed.

Without the transaction of any other business the Senate went into executive session and adjourned at 4:30.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 19.—Another installment of Hawaiian correspondence was submitted to Congress by the President today. The principal letter was from President Dole of the Provisional Government to Minister Willis, complaining of the uncertainty of the position of the United States on the subject of the Queen, and explaining certain expressions in the previous correspondence.

TACOMA, Mar. 19.—A letter received this morning by James T. Belcher, Hawaiian Consul at this port, from President Dole of the Provisional Government says: "You will kindly use your efforts to dissuade people from the present from coming to the islands either in the capacity of volunteers for military service or for the purpose of obtaining employment. The very low price of sugar has depressed every branch of trade, and there are many here unable to obtain any kind of employment."

The Hawaiian Treaty.

The following telegrams exchanged yesterday are self-explanatory:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25, 1894.

General W. H. Dimond, President Chamber of Commerce, San Francisco: The Finance Committee reported to Senate this morning the revenue bill;

they have eliminated clause canceling Hawaiian Treaty. I congratulate the people of California that our commercial relations will not be disturbed with the islands.

GEORGE C. PERKINS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20, 1894.

Senator George C. Perkins, United States Senator, Washington, D. C.: The merchants of San Francisco extend to you their hearty congratulations on your successful efforts in protection of their interests in connection with Hawaiian treaty.

W. H. DIMOND, President Chamber of Commerce.

A Great Big Canard.

A dispatch from Indianapolis, of March 21st, says that Dr. J. A. Houser, who, some six weeks ago, directed a message to ex-Queen Liliuokalani, asking her royal highness to accompany him on a lecture tour through the United States, has just returned from a season's engagement in the West. He says that he has information indirectly from the queen, through a Washington friend, which amounts to a positive assurance that she has decided to accept his offer and he has requested his manager to be in readiness to commence the engagement at once.

"We will begin the tour at San Francisco," said he, Wednesday, "as soon as the queen desires to come over. I will be there to meet her, and from that city we will make a prolonged tour of the whole country, visiting all cities of considerable size. I have arranged for the queen to wear a crown on the stage, and she will present precisely the same appearance that she does at home.

"I have already received offers from over twenty managers in different cities, offering almost any terms that I desire. The entertainment at Indianapolis will be especially attractive, and I will extend an invitation to ex-President Harrison to occupy a place on the stage."

Dr. Houser is expecting an answer closing the arrangement, from the queen at any time.

Minister Thurston.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Minister Thurston was seen today relative to the report that notice of his recall as diplomatic representative at Washington of the Provisional Government at Hawaii had been sent him. Thurston said that he had no knowledge of the report of recall, or that the Hawaiian Government was anxious for his presence to assist in transferring it into a republican institution. There is no mail now on the way from San Francisco, he said, the last mail which arrived there having been received at the legation. He declined to discuss the probability of a change in the form of Government, saying he had no recent information concerning the political situation in the islands.

San Francisco News.

The law abiding community of San Francisco was thoroughly shocked on March 23rd by a crime the boldness of which has not been equaled since the days of gold and lawlessness. On that day William Fredericks the pal of Sontag and Evans, California's most notorious bandits, entered the branch of the San Francisco Savings Union at Polk and Market streets, and demanded of Cashier Wm. Herrick that he open the safe and deliver the money therein. Herrick refused and the bandit undertook to shoot him but the cartridge missed fire; the cashier then drew his pistol and the bandit and himself exchanged shots at the same time. The banker was shot through the heart and killed instantly. His assassin then fled followed by a bullet from the book-keeper's revolver and was finally captured a half a mile away and claimed to be in a dying condition. He had been shot in the head and declared that the bank cashier did the shooting, but those who pursued him state that he shot himself before he surrendered. The desperado will probably die from his wound. There is considerable talk among the business men in the city with reference to the organization of the old time committee of safety to rid San Francisco of desperate characters of this class.

On the 18th inst. the city of Oakland was treated to a horrible sensation in the matter of a murder and suicide committed in the Church of the Immaculate Conception. One John Brady whose wife had divorced him two years ago followed her to the house of God, shot her dead, and while kneeling over her body destroyed his worthless life. As the church had been defiled, mass and the services were held in the open air.

The usual Sunday drowning occurred in the bay, the victims being Mrs. John Martin, her daughter Flora and Mrs. Nellie McCarthy. They went out in a yawl on a pleasure trip, were captured and only the boatman was saved.

John H. Nicholson who was cashier of the Bank of California when W. C. Balston was king of San Francisco died suddenly in Oakland on March 18th. He was one of the oldest men in the banking business in this city.

There has been a big deal in May wheat options in the Produce Exchange, and many speculators have been caught short and lost heavily. One of the peculiar results of the corner was the sudden death of Julius Baum who suffered a severe loss and dropped dead when he realized his situation.

The Midwinter Fair or rather the important commissionaires thereof are having hard times owing to continued bad weather and lack of attendance. A number of them have been attached, and some of the special attractions of the midway are considering a proposition from Buffalo Bill to take their shows to Brooklyn, N. Y., for the Summer. If the management of the Fair persists in maintaining the fifty cents admission fee, some of the best attractions will undoubtedly be withdrawn.

American News.

The people of the Pacific Coast are very much worried over the fact that the Administration has formulated a new treaty with China which it refuses to submit to public criticism until it has gone to the Senate for confirmation. It is the usual Cleveland message—calculated to injure the interests of the United States. In other words, it is said to abrogate all existing laws for exclusion and protection against the Chinese. When this measure reaches the Senate, Mr. Cleveland will find that he has stirred up a large and healthy hornet's nest.

Miss Hattie Blaine, third daughter of the late James G. Blaine, is to wed Truxton, the only son of the late General Beale. The groom is a man of money.

The usual western cyclone has been at work in Texas, and the result is the destruction of several towns and a score of lives. It was one of the most terrific storms ever experienced in this country. In Utah, Wyoming, Kansas, Nebraska and the Northern tier of States, a terrible blizzard has destroyed many lives and an immense number of live stock. Traffic on the Union Pacific and other western roads has been suspended for several days, and many trains have been abandoned in the snow-lanks.

Colorado is having more than its share of lawlessness. A great strike occurred at Cripple Creek mines which resulted in lawlessness, and the Governor found it necessary to send a part of the National Guard to the scene of the disturbance. At the present time the strikers are undecided whether to fight or surrender. Governor Waite, of that State, is still at war with certain city officials, and it is feared that his crazy ideas of his power will lead him to resort to arms before the trouble is settled.

The better element of the Democratic party in New York is out for the scalps of the Tammany bosses. Bourke Cockran, the famous Tammany orator, it is said, will leave Washington and take a hand in the fight. Up to date three bosses, who were guilty of election frauds, have been sent to Sing Sing, and the good work is still in progress.

The famous Archbishop Ireland has preached a masterly sermon, in which he commands the members of the Catholic Church to put foreign nationalism in the back ground and give place in church and state to Americanism. In the course of his remarks he said: "St. Patrick teaches this lesson. He himself, not a native of Ireland, became a more thorough Irishman than most Irishmen. If St. Patrick were a bishop in America today he would be the staunchest of American patriots and the most loyal of American citizens. Nationalism is and must be supreme in our civil and social matters; that is, American nationalism. On this condition has America admitted foreigners to citizenship. No political segregation of citizens on foreign lines can be allowed. It is wrong to have so-called Irish-American votes. No one should vote as an Irishman and seek an office as such. It is wrong in private life to cultivate the spirit of a foreign nationalism at the expense of American nationalism."

The Senate Committee on the Tariff Bill has formally reported the measure. The bill is largely amended from the House schedules, and it is believed by those who are conversant that there will not only be a dangerous opposition to it in the Senate, but that a hot fight will occur when it is referred to the House Committee for conference. The opposition is not only to the sugar, coal, iron, lumber and wool schedules, to say nothing of the antagonism to the income tax, promises to either defeat the passage of the bill or to prevent its completion for many weeks. It is among the probabilities that the bill will not reach the President, and the intelligent Democrats confess that if this should occur, there will be no revision of the tariff. This idea is based on the belief that the Fall elections will make the House Republican, and that Mr. Cleveland will be succeeded by a Republican. All of which would leave the McKinley bill in force for the next three years at least. It is conceded that President Cleveland's "masterly inactivity," of which he wrote so forcibly a few years ago, has buried the Democratic party for many years to come, and that the G. O. P. will still continue to control the destinies of the Republic.

A dispatch from Tacoma, Washington, announces that negotiations are in progress that will result in the removal of the Burlington Rolling Mills to that city. The plant is worth \$750,000, and occupies forty eight acres, and employs 400 men. It has been closed six months owing to business depression and consequent overproduction of iron products in the East, and lack of suitable coal in this city. Tacoma is asked for a bonus of \$35,000 to pay the expenses of removing the plant. A number of Tacoma capitalists are interested.

Among the late political news from Washington is the statement that Vice-President Stevenson stands a three to one chance to obtain the nomination for President in the next Democratic convention. He is a Western man, and it is conceded that the standard-bearer cannot come from the East or South. It is said that Senator Hill, of New York, will support him, and that it is possible that gentleman will be a candidate for the Vice-Presidential nomination. The combination would make a strong ticket.

A dispatch from Bluefield, Nicaragua, states that the American citizens of that place endorse the action of the British naval Commander in landing troops to suppress the insurrection. If this is the truth, the complications which threaten the peace of United States and England will be amicably settled.

The Industrial Army, which is marching on to Washington, and is loaded with anarchy and idiotic ideas of the duty of the Government, is making fair progress through the Southern territories. The citizens of the invaded towns are feeding them, and it looks as though a certain number of these tramps would not reach their destination. The army which is being formed in Ohio is growing rapidly, and if they do not resort to violence, will undoubtedly reach the capital. The municipal authorities of Washington are striving the police force, to prepare for the prompt suppression of the mob, if it becomes violent.

Prudergast, the band who assassinated Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, was to have been hung today, but the Court has ordered the stay of proceedings for the examination of the murderers for insanity.

As a result of the splendid exhibition made in the California Building at the World's Fair in Chicago, and the attractions of the Midwinter Fair, the western travel is unusually heavy. The southern portion of the State is filled with Eastern people, and the

hotels of San Francisco are crowded to overflowing. It is believed that the immigration to this State will be greater than for many years.

A despatch from Chihuahua, Mexico, states that a delegation of Mormons has arrived in the Degoda district, in the northern part of this State, and are making preliminary arrangements to establish another colony of several thousand polygamous Mormons. The new settlers come from Salt Lake and other parts of Utah. The concession obtained from the Government is very liberal, and embraces 2,745,600 acres of rich agricultural lands in one body. If the plans under way are completed in time, there will be a great exodus of Mormons from the United States to Mexico this fall.

Foreign News.

The situation in Brazil is still unsettled. Mello with his followers who were not captured in the surrender of the fleets and forts at Rio, are at large and have the famous flagship Aquibadam and other vessels. They are expected to still battle with the Government forces for supremacy, but cannot possibly make any headway.

Among the interesting news from Rio is a plot for an uprising of the rebels and their sympathizers in that city to overthrow the Government. The plans were well laid and had they been kept secret the revolt would have been successful. It was fifteen of the conspirators are said to have been shot.

President Peixoto has resurrected the old law which gives him the power to condemn to death, without trial those who have conspired against the Government. It is believed that hundreds of conspirators will suffer from his vengeance.

Portugal may become involved in war by reason of having permitted one of her warships to carry away Admiral Da Gama at the time the surrender of the rebel fleet occurred. It is also reported that nearly 500 rebel officers and sailors were given the protection of Portugal at the same time. Brazil has demanded the surrender of the defeated rebels.

Clarence Greathouse, a former newspaper man of San Francisco and a member of the cabinet of the King of Corea, barely escaped destruction by a gunpowder mine, which was placed under the Government building to annihilate the king and his officials. The cause of the attempt was the native prejudice against the introduction of American ideas and progress. The conspirators will enjoy the sensation of having a sword separate their heads from their bodies.

A Boston Dressmaker

Quickly Cured of Sour Stomach

All Who Suffer Similarly, Remember, HOOD'S CURE.



Mrs. F. W. Barker, Boston, Mass.

This lady is a well-known and popular dressmaker. She says:

"There is no mistake about Hood's Sarsaparilla. I want to tell how quickly it cured me of sour stomach, which had troubled me for over a year. I could not even take a swallow of water but what I suffered from distress and acidity. When I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla I could see good effects from the first three doses. I continued until I had taken three bottles and

Hood's Cures

have been entirely cured. I give this statement for the benefit of others who are suffering similarly." Mrs. F. W. BARKER, 41 Chester Park, Boston, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills used for indigestion, cure headache. Try a box. 25c.

HOEBER, NEWMAN & CO., 236 WASHINGTON AGENTS.



Why? Because

The World's Fair Directors were satisfied that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the

Best of Blood-Purifiers

—AND THE— FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

To Quicken the Appetite, Relieve that Tired Feeling, and Build up the System, Take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

For Sale by HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

General Advertisements.

Hardware, Builders and General, always up to the times in quality, styles and prices.

Plantation Supplies,

a full assortment to suit the various demand.

Steel Plows,

made expressly for Island work with extra parts.

Cultivator's Case Knives.

Agricultural Implements,

Hoes, Shovels, Forks, Mattocks, etc., etc

Carpenters', Blacksmiths' and Machinists' Tools

Screw Plates, Taps and Dies, Twist Drills,

Paints and Oils, Brushes, Glass,

Asbestos Hair Felt and Felt Mixture.

Blake's Steam Pumps,

Weston's Centrifugals.

SEWING MACHINES, Wilcox & Gibbs, and Remington.

Lubricating Oils in quality and efficiency surpassed by none.

General Merchandise, it is not possible to list every thing we have, if there is anything you want, come and ask for it, you will be politely treated. No trouble to show goods.

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Give the Baby A Perfect Nutrient



FOR GROWING CHILDREN, CONVALESCENTS, CONSUMPTIVES, DYSPEPTICS, and the Aged, and in Acute Illness and all Wasting Diseases.

Best Food

FOR Hand-fed Infants.

OUR BOOK, for the instruction of mothers, on the Care and Feeding of Infants, 700 pages, 25c. Free to any address, upon request.

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BENSON, SMITH & CO.,

Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

GET YOUR

DOG COLLARS

—AND—

DOG CHAINS

—AT THE—

Pacific Hardware Company, Ltd.

A large variety suited to all sorts of dogs, from a Japanese Poodle to a Mastiff.

Since we introduced the Little Giant Rat Traps, five years ago, we have sold hundreds of them. They have caught mungoose as well as rats.

A new lot of that superior Galvanized Fence Wire and Barbed Wire.

New Goods to hand by the Martha Davis.

A large assortment of first quality Agate Ware direct from the factory.

The best Ready Mixed Paints; Staple and Fancy Goods.

Pacific Hardware Company, Limited

402 AND 404 FORT STREET.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF MILLINERY

—IN ALL ITS STYLES AT—

J. J. Egan's, 514 Fort Street.

A large assortment of Woolen Dress Goods, Storm Serge in Blue, Black and White; Scotch, English and American Ginghams in large quantities.

—A FINE LINE IN—

WHITE AND FANCY-FIGURED WASH GOODS

A complete stock of Striped and Checked Flannels. This is the place to buy yours. Laces, Embroidery and Hosiery, cheap; a complete line.

Dressmaking Done in all its Branches

BY THE WELL-KNOWN DRESSMAKER, MRS. RENNER

The Club No. 2.

Starts from March 1, and the drawings will be made every other Saturday.

Start now, pay \$2.50 a week from the date above named, and you will soon be the possessor of the finest Bicycle ever made.

It costs you \$15, when you get your wheel, the balance is paid by the week in amounts that anyone can afford.

Cheaper than CAR fare.

COLUMBIA BICYCLE AGENCY.

REAR ADMIRAL WALKER COMING.

He Will Relieve Admiral Irwin On This Station

THE TAKING OF PEARL HARBOR.

A Positive Assertion That the United States Will Use It for a Coaling Station—Admiral Walker's Appointment Said to be in Connection With This Matter.

New York, March 28.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs that the main object of the President in the selection of Rear Admiral Walker for the command of the Pacific Station is connected with the lately defined policy of the Administration in regard to the occupation of Pearl Harbor by the United States.

Admiral Walker fully understands what is expected of him. He has had several long conferences with the President and the Secretary of the Navy. The general nature of his instructions was outlined today by a high official as follows:

The President views with concern the manifesto issued by President Dole some time ago, which stated that while the United States would be allowed to occupy Pearl Harbor



ADMIRAL JOHN G. WALKER. (Reproduced from an illustration in the San Francisco Chronicle.)

in accordance with the terms of the treaty of 1857, he understood the word "grant" in that treaty to mean simply "loan," and not an outright gift, as held by the State Department.

This manifesto resulted in numerous consultations between the President and Secretary Gresham, who have reached the conclusion that it is high time for the United States to firmly assert its exclusive right to Pearl Harbor and take possession of it.

It is now the purpose of the President to secure an absolute vested right to the harbor, carrying out the conditions prescribed in the treaty. These authorized the United States to improve the entrance to the harbor and make such other improvements as may be necessary.

With the conditions on the islands already perturbed, it is feared the occupation of the harbor by the United States may excite further trouble. Hence it has been deemed desirable to have an experienced and wide-awake officer upon the scene, one in whom the Administration can place the utmost confidence.

Admiral Walker fully understands that the Administration will not countenance anything that savors of foreign interference with Hawaiian affairs. It is also feared that the Provisional Government will find much difficulty in framing a new constitution, and it is regarded as not beyond the bounds of probability that a revolution may ensue before a permanent republican form of government is established in Hawaii.

Preparations for Her Marriage to Thurston Progressing.

St. Joseph (Mich.), March 19.—Miss Harriet E. Potter, who is to wed L. A. Thurston, Minister of Hawaii to the United States, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Potter of this city. Her father is one of the pioneers of St. Joseph, having been a resident and business man here for about fifty years.

She was born September 30, 1871, and has resided here all her life. She graduated from the High School of this city in 1889 with high honors.

She is a beautiful and accomplished young lady and will make a fitting helpmate for Minister Thurston, who is but 35 years old.

Miss Potter is a tall, stately woman, with a clear complexion, blue eyes, brown hair and would grace any position in life. When asked when the happy event would take place she declared that the date had not been fixed yet and could not be until Mr. Thurston's work at Washington was completed. She is, however, making all preparations for the event. The ceremony will take place in this city.

Persons who are subject to attacks of bilious colic can almost invariably tell, by their feelings, when to expect an attack. If Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is taken as these symptoms appear, they can ward off the disease. Such persons should always keep the Remedy at hand, ready for immediate use when needed. Two or three doses of it at the right time will save them much suffering. For sale by all dealers. BAXSON, SARRIS & CO., Agents for H. I.

THE TOLNA'S CREW DESERTED.

It is Claimed That They Were Left On an Island.

The barkentine Tropic Bird recently arrived at San Francisco from Tahiti and brought news concerning the pleasure yacht Tolna, which took a crew of natives from this port some months ago. When the Tolna arrived at Papeete harbor she was without a crew. The erratic Count Festetics said that the men deserted, but his story is disputed by Tommy, the cabin boy of the vessel, who says that the yacht touched at an island before reaching Tahiti, and the men were allowed shore leave, and that the yacht sailed away and left them before their leave expired, because there was considerable money due them as wages. The boy did not know the name of the island. After leaving this port the crew had trouble with the erratic Count over the poor food supplied to them.

"Rebellion was confined to grumbling, however, until the Tolna touched at the island where the sailors were left," says the S. F. Call. "Festetics wanted Tommy to go ashore on a foraging expedition, and in lieu of coin gave him a bundle of cheap suspenders to sell or trade for provisions. The population being mainly clad in a coating of coconut oil, with the addition of a lava lava—that is, oresch-clout, Tommy thought that it would be a difficult matter to work off a joblot of trouser supporters and declined the commission. As a consequence there was no improvement in the cuisine, and a day or two before reaching Papeete Tommy stole a ham from the cabin stores and feasted himself, the mate and the sailing master.

"The theft was not discovered immediately by the absence of the ham, but some time afterward by the power of scent vested in the Count's aristocratic nose. Festetics suggested to Tommy that there was a smell of ham cooking forward, and pursuing the suggestion with an investigation the remains of the meat were discovered.

"The cook was immediately discharged, and was still in Papeete when the Tropic Bird sailed engaged in telling stories of life on the Tolna, and an endeavor to collect fifty per cent. of his wages which were withheld when he was discharged."

MR. HOWLAND AGAIN.

He Is Wanted by the Police of San Francisco.

Nearly everyone will remember the "Rev." H. E. Howland, who came here as an evangelist some months ago. While here he was completely shown up by the Antislavery, and left town swearing vengeance on the newspapers of this city.

The San Francisco Chronicle of March 19th devotes a column to Howland, who has again been operating in San Francisco. It seems that the festive spirituous-evangelist beat his landlady out of a few months' board and \$180 in borrowed money and left town. He was engaged to be married to an Oakland lady, when the fact that he had a wife and family residing in the little town of Briggs Corners, Mass., spoiled his matrimonial schemes. He is supposed to have gone to Australia.

AT MISS POTTER'S HOME.

Preparations for Her Marriage to Thurston Progressing.

St. Joseph (Mich.), March 19.—Miss Harriet E. Potter, who is to wed L. A. Thurston, Minister of Hawaii to the United States, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Potter of this city. Her father is one of the pioneers of St. Joseph, having been a resident and business man here for about fifty years.

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THE END OF JOHN SLATTERY.

One of the Poisoned Soldiers Passes Away in San Francisco.

About one year ago a number of men belonging to Captain Good's company, then quartered in the barracks, were poisoned. It has not been determined whether the poison was placed in the food or the blame rested with the cooks. All of the men recovered with the exception of John Slattery, and he went to San Francisco for treatment. It was claimed that he was troubled with a cancerous growth caused by the poison. The San Francisco Chronicle of March 19th contains an account of his death.

When Slattery reached San Francisco he entered St. Luke's Hospital; his condition was considered precarious. The paper then says that after a stay of six weeks the physicians at St. Luke's decided to make an incision in the man's stomach and ascertain the cause of the patient's trouble. A cancerous growth was found, and the physicians sewed the wound up without attempting any operation, thinking it useless. Slattery, contrary to expectations, instead of losing flesh, showed signs of improvement from that time on. He gained in weight, and was able to walk about with steady step. So confident was he that the operation, as he termed it, had benefited him that he took his departure from St. Luke's. A fortnight ago he complained of violent pains in the stomach, and the old trouble manifested itself again. He went to the City and County Hospital. After staying there a few days, he was admitted to the French Hospital on March 5th. On Monday last Dr. Tait performed an operation upon Slattery to remove the cancer. The patient, however, steadily sank after performance of the operation until 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when he died. It was claimed that the cancer was caused by poison.

The California Feed Company have a big stock of hay and feed. Until the 11th of June they will make a daily delivery at the race track for the convenience of people who have horses there.

DO YOU FEED THE BABY!

The Skin needs food. If the complexion is sallow, rough, scaly, pimply, it is because it is not fed with

LOLA MONTEZ CREME

The Skin Food and Treasure Builder, positively the only safe and reliable article for the complexion. Absolutely harmless, opens the pores, increases the natural and necessary secretions of the skin. Restores the skin to its healthy state of youth. Prevents wrinkles, food for weak, chapped lips and hands. Use for best results.

PRICE 75 CENTS. Ask your druggist for it.

HOW CAN YOU TOLERATE

Freckles, Pimples, Blackheads, yellow or muddy skin, mouth wrinkles or any form of facial disfigurement when Mrs. NERTIE HARRISON guarantees to cure you. Don't consider your case a hopeless one.

Mrs. Harrison treats ladies for all defects of face and figure. The permanent removal of superfluous hair guaranteed.

MRS. NERTIE HARRISON America's Beauty Doctor. 36 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal. For sale by HOLLISTER DRUG CO., 117 Fort St., Honolulu. 3556-11



Pioneer Steam CANDY FACTORY and BAKERY. F. HOES Practical Confectioner, Pastry Cook and Baker. 50, 71 Hotel St. Telephone.

CASTLE & COOKE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL Life Insurance Co. OF BOSTON, and Aetna Fire Insurance Co. OF HARTFORD.

General Advertisements

11th June Races. WE HAVE SOME THE CHOICEST OF

Wheat and Oat Hay AND NEW ZEALAND SURPRISE OATS

That ever came to Honolulu, so if the owners and trainers of good stock want to be winners, they should send their orders to the

CALIFORNIA FEED CO. TELEPHONES 121. DELIVERY TO THE PARK EVERY DAY.

That Joyful Feeling Will be experienced by everyone unfortunate enough to be obliged to wear specially ground

Spectacles or Eye Glasses on reading that we are now fully equipped to manufacture anything and everything in the

Optical Line no matter how complicated. JOYFUL, because the long wait of six weeks or more in sending away for your glasses is done away to ever. Those who have suffered by this wait will know best what it means. Much time and money has been spent to ensure perfect success.

My Machinery is the newest in use in all of the large factories of the East, and being thoroughly conversant with all manner of complicated work, we claim to be able to turn out as perfect work as can be obtained in any part of the world.

The distance from optical centres and the long delay in sending away for special work has prompted us to add this special department to our already large optical business, and we hope to be favored with a liberal share of the work done in Honolulu. Prices—the same as in San Francisco, and on some work a little lower.

Oculists Prescriptions accurately filled. Telescope, field, marine or opera glass lenses re-polished and adjusted. One trial will give you more of that joyful feeling than anything we can think of.

H. F. WICHMAN Manufacturing Optician. CHAS. BREWER & CO'S Boston Line of Packets. Shippers will please take notice that the AMERICAN BARK AMY TURNER will load in New York for Honolulu, to sail about FEBRUARY 15, 1894, if sufficient inducement is offered.

For further information, apply to Chas. Brewer & Co., 37 Kilby St., Boston, Mass., or to C. BREWER & CO. (LTD.), Honolulu, Agents.

W. H. RICE, STOCK RAISER and DEALER BREEDER OF Fine Horses and Cattle From the Thoroughbred Standard bred Stallion, Nutwood by Nutwood, Jr Norman Stallion.....Captain Grawl Native bred Stallion.....Boswell ALSO A CHOICE LOT OF Bulls, Cows and Calves From the Celebrated Bulls Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham A LOT OF Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses FOR SALE 2 PURE BRED HEREFORD BULLS FOR SALE

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams of Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables. All communications to be addressed to 1895-1y W. H. RICE, Lihue, Kauai.

THEO. H. DAVIES, WAREHOUSES, THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 12 & 13 The Albany, LIVERPOOL.

Crown Flour FOR SALE BY Castle & Cooke 3583 1514-1mtf

General Advertisements

Metropolitan Market King Street. Choicest Meats FROM Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Prop. FAMILIES AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE AND AT THE Lowest Market Prices.

All Meats delivered from this Market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meats so treated retain all its juicy properties, and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat. 1392 q

BENSON SMITH & CO. JOBBING AND MANUFACTURING PHARMACISTS A FULL LINE OF Pure Drugs, CHEMICALS, Medicinal Preparations, PATENT MEDICINES AT THE LOWEST PRICES. 113 and 115 Fort Street.

BEAVER SALOON H. J. COLTE, Proprietor. Bege to announce to his friends and the public in general That he has opened the above Saloon where first-class Refreshments will be served from 1 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes and Smoker's Sundries Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers, has been obtained, and will be added to from time to time. One of Brunswick & Balke's Celebrated Billiard Tables connected with the establishment, where of these can participate. 1895-9

W. H. RICE, STOCK RAISER and DEALER BREEDER OF Fine Horses and Cattle From the Thoroughbred Standard bred Stallion, Nutwood by Nutwood, Jr Norman Stallion.....Captain Grawl Native bred Stallion.....Boswell ALSO A CHOICE LOT OF Bulls, Cows and Calves From the Celebrated Bulls Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham A LOT OF Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses FOR SALE 2 PURE BRED HEREFORD BULLS FOR SALE

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Insurance Notices

TRANS - - ATLANTIC Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG- Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichs marks..... 4,000,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies.....101,650,000 Total.....Reichsmark 107,650,000

NORTH GERMAN Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG- Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichs marks..... 3,800,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies..... 3,000,000 Total.....Reichsmark 6,800,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms. H. HACHFIELD & CO. 1336 1y

The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE CO. ESTABLISHED 1681. Assets.....\$ 40,000,000 Net Income..... 3,079,000 Claims Paid..... 112,569,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dwellings and Furniture, on the most favorable terms. 1332-q Bishop & Co. INSURANCE Theo. H. Davies & Co., AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE and MARINE. INSURANCE Northern Assurance Co Of London for FIRE & LIFE. ESTABLISHED 1836. ACCUMULATED FUNDS - - £3,975,000 BRITISH AND FOREIGN Marine Insurance Co. Ltd Of Liverpool for MARINE. CAPITAL - - - £1,000,000. Reduction of Rates Immediate Payment of Claims. THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Agents by MARINE INSURANCE The undersigned is authorized to take Marine Risks on HULLS, CARGOES, FREIGHTS and COMMISSIONS. At Current Rates in the following Companies, viz: Alliance Assurance Fire and Marine, London. Wilhelm of Madgeburg Gen'l. Ins. Co Sun Insurance Co., San Francisco. JOHN S. WALKER, 1875-1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands. A. A. HERRING Fire Insurance Company. The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Homes and Hotels, Buildings, and on Merchandise stored therein, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1356 1y

GERMAN LLOYD Marine Insurance Company -OF BERLIN- FORTUNA General Insurance Company. -OF BERLIN- The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Dangers of the Seas at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms. 1389 1y F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY For Sea, River & Land Transport -OF DRESDEN- Having established an Agency at Honolulu in the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Danger of the Seas -AT THE- Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1364-1y Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE Insurance Company. TOTAL ASSETS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1891. £11,141,294 1s. 1d. 1-Authorized Capital.....£3,000,000 £ s. d. Subscribed..... 2,750,000 Paid-up Capital..... 67,250 0 0 2-Fire Funds..... 2,078,988 12 2 3-Life and Annuity Funds..... 7,774,055 8 11 £11,141,294 1s. 1d. Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,577,256 7 9 Revenue Life and Annuity Branch..... 1,216,756 1 10 £2,794,012 8 7

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other. ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO., 1351 9y Agents for the Hawaiian Is

## Hawaiian Gazette

SEMI-WEEKLY.

FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1894.

W. A. HERRICK, while guarding the deposits of a San Francisco bank against a burglar, has been foully murdered. He was for about a year a resident of these islands, where his good qualities won him many friends. He died like a man of courage.

THE quarrel between the various royalist factions and leaders still continues, and the Bulletin and Holomua, Bush and Kaula and Kaunamano and Rosa, the Hui Aloha Aina and all the other public and private hui are executing a war dance of so confused a figure that it makes the head swim to look upon it.

MR. EMMELUTH's letter, defining his views as to the proper attitude of the Government regarding the submission of the constitution, when framed, to a popular vote is a clear and forcible yet moderate statement in favor of such submission. It must be read with respect by those who differ from Mr. Emmeluth, as well as by those who agree with him.

A discussion arose in the Councils yesterday on the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Supreme Court. Mr. Henry Smith is an official who deserves all the encomiums which have been passed upon him, and it is a great pity that his salary should be reduced. There is no one in the Government service more uniformly courteous and obliging, while his long experience in an important and difficult service has brought his efficiency to the highest point.

THE question has been mooted whether it would be diplomatic for Minister Willis to forward to Washington a political manifesto like the resolutions adopted by royalists Monday night. At first blush, there would seem to be some force in this suggestion, but it is exploded by the fact that Mr. Willis is not asked to forward these resolutions in his official capacity, as a communication from a political body here to the President of the United States. He forwards them simply for the information of his Government, as he has forwarded newspaper clippings before and doubtless will do again.

## A BOOK ON HAWAII.

Captain Nottage, who will be remembered as a Hawaiian Hotel tourist who continually pestered the papers with remarks on the weather, has written a book with the characteristic title, "In Search of a Climate." It is magnificently printed and illustrated, and published by a leading London firm. The work is devoted almost entirely to these islands, and is not devoid of interest. The author is a royalist, but his statements of fact are not altogether inaccurate, and are far from justifying his sentiments.

## PATIENCE ON A MONUMENT.

Theophilus H. Davies was not happy in Washington. He did not find that the administration was waiting for him to settle the Hawaiian difficulty. A private letter from Washington confirms the dispatches and states that whenever Mr. Davies called upon Mr. Gresham, Mr. Gresham was always otherwise engaged.

This is a melancholy state of affairs for Mr. Davies. His hopes have fallen into the mire and yellow leaf. The post at the Court of St. James recedes into the dim distance. The haughty aristocracy of England is more inaccessible than ever. No entry into these sacred penetralia—none. No princess for a step ladder; no throne for a footstool. Tragedy has no darker picture than this.

There is plainly nothing for Mr.

Davies to do, but gracefully to wrap himself in his mantle of virtue, climb the monument of Patience and smile at grief.

## ADMIRAL WALKER'S MISSION.

THE ADVERTISER lays before its readers this morning the different theories of the American papers on the subject of Admiral Walker's mission to these islands. While the statement that the Administration strongly intends the establishment of a coaling station at Pearl Harbor seems to be well vouched for, it cannot be regarded as authenticated. Few persons will doubt, however, that the Cleveland Administration seriously contemplates something of the kind.

The tales about a British plot are probably entitled to very little credence, though it is not impossible that the Administration has thought it wise to be on its guard with reference to any sudden move of the ex-queen.

Whatever the precise nature of Admiral Walker's mission, we are sure that it can bode no ill to Hawaii, and we cordially welcome the gallant officer to our shores.

## A POOR REASON.

Those voters who are abstaining from registering because they fear that they will lose the protection of their home governments are abstaining for a very poor reason. There is no good ground for supposing that the oath prescribed carries with it any loss of citizenship. There is only one way of acquiring Hawaiian citizenship known to Hawaiian law, and that is the way of naturalization. It is described in the Civil Code. It requires a long residence and the consent of the Minister of the Interior, who must be satisfied as to the moral fitness of the applicant for citizenship. In brief, it is not the process required for registration, but a very different one. The persons who take the oath prescribed for voters do not acquire the status of Hawaiian citizens. They do not, therefore, change their political condition; do not renounce their allegiance to their own Governments, and cannot, therefore, lose their former citizenship.

The State Department at Washington has on more than one occasion expressed an opinion on cases like this, and its doctrine is as indicated above. In the case of P. C. Jones, who took the oath of allegiance under Kamehameha IV., an inquiry was made of the Secretary of State in Washington, and the decision was that his right to protection as an American citizen remained intact. In a case reported in the second volume of Cranch, the name of which escapes us at this moment, an American who had resided for many years on an island belonging to Denmark, and who had taken an oath of allegiance, but without expressly renouncing his former allegiance, was decided by the Supreme Court of the United States to be still an American citizen. There are other cases.

It should be borne in mind that all Governments are jealous as to their rights over their subjects, and indisposed to allow that anyone has passed beyond their reach. The common law of England did not allow any alienation of allegiance on the part of the subject, and, in the absence of Federal legislation, it is possible that this is still law in the United States. Whether it is or not, it is safe to say that no foreign power will construe an oath like that prescribed in Hawaii as an alienation of citizenship.

## THEY ALL CONCURRED.

THE Washington Post contains an article which throws an entirely new light on the relation of the Democratic members of the Foreign Affairs Committee to the Morgan report. It shows very clearly that the main conclusions of the report were concurred in by all the members of the committee. The facts adduced by the Post are so interesting and so significant that we take this opportunity to lay them before our readers:

"The facts in the case are these: In pursuance of an agreement that any of the members might present additional or supplemental views to those expressed in the report of the chairman, Senators Turpie, Gray, Daniel and Butler signed a report of 'additional views.' The first printed copies, however, stated that the views of the four Senators named were the views of a 'minority' of the committee. Attention was called to the error, and it was corrected, and 'minority views' was made to read 'additional views.' Before this change was made, however, copies had been furnished to the press associations, and inadvertently it was made to appear that a majority and minority report had been made, in which Mr. Morgan figured as standing out alone against his Democratic colleagues. Senator Morgan has written a letter to the Wilcox New Era, an Alabama paper, explaining the true state of the case, and has supplemented it with a letter addressed to himself by Senator Butler, in which the latter assumes the authorship of the so-called minority report, and says: 'It dissents from your report simply as to conclusions of fact on a single point—the culpability of the United States Minister Stevens, in his relations to the events which brought on the revolution. There was ample ground for a difference of opinion on the evidence taken before the committee on that point. With this single exception, and the views submitted by the Republican members, the very able and exhaustive report prepared by you stands as the report of the committee. Though not concurred in, in terms, it is so by implication from the paper filed by myself and signed by the other Democratic members of the committee.' Mr. Morgan's view of his own report was briefly expressed in a conversation with a friend a few days ago: 'It is intended,' he said, 'to deal with the plain facts, without prejudice to anybody's administration, but always jealous of the integrity of American interests.'

## THE MORAL OF THE MASS MEETING.

THE royalist mass meeting of Monday night was an invaluable object lesson in Hawaiian politics. It showed the reactionary party in all its weakness, split up into groups and sub-groups, and hopelessly divided against itself. It showed, as effectually as anything could, that the prospect of restoration does not exist, and that the hope of it is dying. The mass meeting was boycotted by almost all the prominent royalist leaders. The greater part of those who signed the call, left the gathering severely alone, and at the meeting itself there was a very notable lack of enthusiasm. Even the mild approbation which some of Mr. Ashford's witticisms elicited came from a number of dissatisfied American leaguers at the back, rather than from royalists.

The tone of the speakers was also worthy of comment. Nothing was said in defence of the ex-queen unless we are to regard as such, Mr. Ashford's attempted parallel between her sins and the sins of the Provisional Government. This was as lame a defence, as that of the English barrister whose instructions read—"No case; abuse the plaintiff's attorney."

There is a very plain moral to be drawn from the event of this mass meeting. It should teach the Government that the danger from restorationists, within as well as without, is over. It serves a notice on the Executive that from now on they may adopt a more fearless and more liberal policy, one which makes larger concessions to the electorate, and places a larger confidence in them. The caution which has been hitherto exercised, while sometimes excessive, has been founded on a prudent determination to conserve the gains of the revolution. The Councils have had no mind to endanger the fruit of so much anxiety and labor. And they were right.

The situation, however, has now changed. While "sleepless vigilance" is as imperative a duty as ever, the Government may with safety recognize that the season of greatest peril has passed. Its policy should take account of this fact.

We know of no better way for the Administration to evince the liberality of its sentiments than by responding to a popular demand and declaring itself in favor of a submission of the constitution to a

popular vote. The vote can and should be based upon the registration for the election to the convention. Persons who will not share the responsibility of making a constitution should have no share in its acceptance or rejection. Their negligence or indifference deprives them of all right to a voice in public affairs. They are self-disfranchised. Their interests, of course, must still be regarded, but not their opinions.

There is one thing further which the Government might do. It is too late to enlarge the number of delegates to be elected by the people, but there is another way to give the people a preponderating influence. The members of the Executive might, of their own motion, abandon the right to a vote in the convention, retaining, of course, their seats and leadership. A simple amendment to the law would effect this change, and it would certainly be a graceful and gracious thing to do. The high esteem in which the President and all the members of the Cabinet are held is guarantee enough of their just weight in the convention.

## FISHING IN TROUBLED WATERS.

In his speech on Monday night, Mr. C. W. Ashford plainly indicated that his position is that of the man who had the tiger by the tail, and did not know whether to hold on or let go.

He doesn't like the Provisional Government, nor, in fact, any form of government which does, or may, put any restraint upon his powers for good or evil, especially the latter, and yet, if the Provisional Government and its successor are to continue he would like to attend the picnic and get some of the good things.

He feelingly spoke of his friends in the Provisional Government, and said, with tearful eloquence, that he "pitied them from the bottom of his heart." The profound depth of that heart he has pretty well established in the opinion of the community, and, if the bottom of it can be reached by a one-inch string, it is his own fault. His deep sympathy for them is much like that of the tramp, who was ridden upon a rail. "My friends," he said, "I am sorry for you. I am riding, while you are compelled to walk."

Mr. Ashford does not clearly disclose his attitude, but we judge that he is sitting on the bridge, fishing in the troubled sea of politics, and it is quite apparent that his hook is baited for the kanakas. In the protracted interval, during which neither the kanaka nor any other fish take his hook, he can continue to discharge volumes of infinite pity for his friends in the Provisional Government, and wait for that manifest destiny which he expects will in the fullness of time, cause his immaculate virtues to do their perfect work.

## THEOPHILUS IN WASHINGTON.

Given the Cold Shoulder by Grover and Walter.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—One of the interesting rumors in connection with the visit here of Mr. Davies is to the effect that Judge Gresham, not Mr. Cleveland, is in the lead now regarding Hawaii; that Cleveland is even more disposed to wash his hands of the Policy of Infamy than was Gresham when he realized what it was. The remark Mr. Cleveland is reported to have made when he heard that Davies wanted to see him, is construed to have much significance, namely: "What does that man want of me?" Gresham was even more curt. His answer to Davies' card is said to have been "Not at home!" So the guardian of the Princess had poor luck with the Administration.

It was in the part of the White House where Mrs. Cleveland presides with so much satisfaction to all concerned, that Davies was a particularly welcome guest when he was here before with his ambitious ward. It is now said that even there the Englishman from Hawaii has not been successful.

## Telegraph Wires Unnecessary.

W. H. Preece, of London, England, who has lately been engaged in investigating the principle of the transmission of messages without the agency of wires, has perfected and patented an invention. He asserts that by his discovery he can cause sound to radiate any distance from a given point.

## THE BOLD CAPTAIN SANSOM.

A Well Known Bidder for Notoriety in Vancouver.

## AN ENGLISHMAN OF FIGHTING STOCK.

Said to be Raising Troops for Hawaii—Complacent Talk About His Plans—Vancouver People Do Not Believe in His Plans—What Sansom Looks Like.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 28.—Captain W. H. Sansom, of Vancouver, B. C., is today the most talked of man in British Columbia. He is said to be recruiting a corps of volunteers for the purpose of overthrowing the Provisional Government of Hawaii and reinstating Queen Liliuokalani. Vancouver people believe that Sansom is simply playing upon the feelings and prejudices of credulous men for purposes of personal revenue. Sansom is a soldier from his British boots to the crown of a head entirely destitute of hair. A deer-stalker cap, drooping fore and aft, only partially hides the prominence of his shining pate. He is six feet three, and measures forty-four inches around the chest. He comes from a family of fighters. His father, a judge of Queen's bench, is a retired army officer. Colonel Sansom of the Sixteenth Bengal Lancers is an uncle. Another uncle was the



CAPTAIN W. H. SANSOM.

(Reproduced from the San Francisco Chronicle.)

late Brigadier-General Sansom, who was killed in India. Captain Sansom, a brother, was a noted insurgent officer under Balmaceda and died fighting in Chile. The present Captain Sansom of Hawaiian notoriety holds a commission in the English yeoman cavalry.

When the half-breeds and Indians, headed by Louis Reil, rebelled against Canadian rule in 1885 Sansom went to the front as correspondent for the Toronto Mail, buying the place of a volunteer in Steel's trooper scouts, a company which saw the hardest fighting of the campaign. Sansom was in eight engagements, and was awarded a medal for bravery and heroism.

For five years he has assumed the role of social lion and club man, and on the first announcement of his military aspiration it was rather difficult to recognize the bold buccaner in the erstwhile club lounge and gentleman of leisure.

On his return to Vancouver a Chronicle correspondent interviewed Sansom. Opening a drawer in his office desk, he pointed to a large number of letters, saying: "These were received from officers and sons of officers of the United States army offering advice and, in one or two instances, money; from Canadian officers and volunteers offering their services and advice, and one is from a general in the British army. I will read you portions of it."

The extracts said: "I was pleased to see by newspaper dispatches that you were enlisting men for service in Honolulu on behalf of Hawaii's queen. You are not committing any breach of international law, as the queen, who is sovereign, has a right to raise troops, and foreign subjects have a right to go to Honolulu and enlist in the service of the queen. If I were a young man I should like nothing better than to go to the front with you."

The signature, genuine or not, was that of a man famous the world over. Sansom also showed letters from prominent Honolulu Royalists whose names are constantly before the public, but their contents he kept secret.

"Yes," said Sansom, "I have had practical offers of assistance, a fully equipped vessel and a personal and individual promise of 500 volunteers and several thousand dollars in money. I have done nothing because my supposed friends whom I trusted exposed some of my plans and the Provisional Government seized some of my letters. At present any decided action would be premature."

"A. M. B.attie, the Hawaiian Consul here, has asked me in vain to deny the newspaper reports. Mr. McConnell, agent of the Provisional Government, came all the way to Vancouver to dissuade me by suggestions, covert threats and innuendoes, to abandon my alleged military scheme."

"Yes, it is true that a number of veterans and ex-Northwest rebellion men have embarked by the Canadian-Australian steamers for Hawaii. They are there to be ready if the call to arms is given. I will go to Honolulu and will send my card to President Doole as a traveler to a strange land. If I am refused a landing I shall land anyway."

"If I am put in prison I shall appeal to the British Government as a British subject."

"I am not after notoriety. I have been offered \$1200 for the exclusive privilege of selling my photograph, and have declined."

"You ask me if I am going to attempt to release the Queen. Well, I am not prepared to answer that; wait and see."

## AN ANCIENT MAP.

A Geography Published in Venice in the Year 1683.

At a meeting of the Historical Society, held last evening, a most curious geography was exhibited. It was published in Venice in the year 1683. One of the curious features of the work is, that it shows Lower California and a part of Upper California as an island.

What is supposed to be the Hawaiian Islands is represented by a group of three islands. Lord Anson, a well known Englishman, had captured a Spanish galleon, on which he found a chart that these islands appeared upon. The supposition is, that the Spanish ship had discovered the islands, and had made a chart containing them. Their latitude is nearly correct, but the longitude is considerably east of the proper position.

On the map, the names of the group appear as Los Monges. The individual names are La Disgraciata, La Vezina and La Monaci. Only three islands appear.

## THURSTON'S PLANS.

Not Yet Known Whether He is Coming Back.

It is not yet known whether Mr. Thurston is coming back to Honolulu just now or not. Inquiry at the Executive Building elicited the fact that he has not been sent for by the Government, though they have notified him that he is at liberty to return when ever he thinks the interests of Hawaii will safely permit him to do so. He probably would have returned by the last Australia, if the proposition to abrogate the treaty had not detained him in Washington.

Mr. Thurston has indicated his desire to return, without stating whether he wishes to remain permanently or not. His friends are of the opinion that he would like to retire from public life altogether, and devote himself to his private affairs. If Mr. Thurston comes back, he will probably be accompanied by his wife.

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April 9, 1894.

THE carelessness exhibited by the San Francisco paper in stealing the glory of the ADVERTISER in republishing a certain illustrated article without giving proper credit, as well as admitting that their facilities for such illustrated work was crude, is on a par with the publication of one of our April 1st ads. by the Coast papers as a bit of news. The exchange editor who should be a careful man as well as a thoughtful one in the matter of credits, was, in both instances, lacking in these essentials. We believe in the motto—"Credit to whom credit is due," spot cash in all other cases.

We believe we have the credit of introducing to the people of Honolulu, some articles that have been of the greatest service to them. Notable among these is the Haviland China. People who might never have felt able to own a decorated dinner set have grasped the opportunity we have offered them and bought them in installments. We do not mean the "dollar down and dollar a week" plan, but a dozen plates this week and something else next. This is our installment plan in China ware.

Another article that has paid for itself in installments of fuel is the Fischer Steel Range. Suppose you have been using fuel at the rate of five dollars a month, a Fischer Range will reduce the cost to forty dollars a year, and two years and a half pays you back the money you spent to own one.

The Jones Locked Fence saves you about ten cents on every post you use in fencing and gives you the best fence you ever saw. "Put money in the purse."

THE HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,

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FORT STREET, HONOLULU.

THE ADVERTISER is the leading paper of the Hawaiian Islands. It has a larger circulation and prints more live news than any other island paper. Price 75 cents per month, in advance. Ring up telephone No. 88.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Hugh Gunn is in town again. The Dailey Theatrical Company is quartered at the Hawaiian Hotel.

A Portuguese mass meeting is to be called for Sunday next at the drill shed.

C. H. Luther and H. E. Congdon returned yesterday from a tour around the island.

The bark John D. Brewer will probably leave New York on or about July 15th next.

A native named Kaluakini was fined \$200 yesterday for selling liquor without a license.

The U. S. S. Adams will leave on Saturday for Port Townsend en route to the Behring Sea.

The different district clubs will meet tonight to nominate delegates to stand at the coming election.

Mrs. T. W. Ames, wife of Paymaster Ames, U. S. N., was a passenger on the Mariposa yesterday.

The Board of Health, accompanied by several physicians, will go to the leper settlement on Monday.

The Cartwright Brothers have dissolved partnership. Bruce Cartwright assumes the liabilities of the firm.

Admiral Walker arrived yesterday morning, accompanied by Lieut. S. A. Staunton, U. S. N. and Ensign S. S. Wood.

Mrs. Bena Good, the well-known milliner of this city, was married to Mr. Keilburg on Sunday last by the Rev. H. H. Parker.

Thirty-one steerage passengers arrived on the Mariposa. Ten of them were Portuguese who returned to work on plantations.

About 2800 voters went to the polls at the last general election. Half of that number are now disqualified from voting by arrears of taxes.

Colonel G. W. Macfarlane was one of the bidders on the lease of the California Hotel in San Francisco. It was not secured by him, however.

Louis Morrison was given two months in jail in the District Court yesterday. He was charged with stealing \$250 from an employee at the hotel.

Mrs. David A. McKinley recently died at San Francisco. She was the widow of David A. McKinley, who was Hawaiian Consul at San Francisco for a number of years.

A supplement to the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE was issued yesterday for the benefit of island subscribers. Those on Hawaii and Maui will receive the latest foreign news on the arrival of the Likelike.

Captain Kidwell has returned from his trip to the Coast, looking the picture of health. He traveled through California, Oregon and Washington, and claims that he only saw two men who were not annexationists.

The Likelike took the Mariposa's mail for Maui and Hawaii ports yesterday, and the mail for Kauai was sent on the Iwalani. The people on the other islands will be more than pleased to receive their mail so promptly.

A. J. Campbell, formerly of this city, is about to establish a new telephone company in San Francisco. He proposes to cut on the rates of the present company about 33 per cent., and it is said he is securing a large number of subscribers.

The Government received full advice from Minister Thurston yesterday. Bananas and pineapples are on the free list. The impression prevails in Washington that the Administration will go to work on Pearl Harbor. There is no indication that Mr. Thurston will return to Honolulu at present.

THE RESOLUTIONS WILL GO. But They Will Be Sent as a Matter of Political News.

It was stated yesterday that Minister Willis had been asked to forward the resolutions adopted at the royalist mass meeting last Monday, and had refused. Mr. Willis was asked about the matter, and said,

"There is no truth in the report. I have not yet even been asked to forward any resolutions. When I send my next communication to my Government, I shall send an account of the proceedings of the meeting, just as I send an account of all political happenings here. But as to refusing to send them, as I said, I have not even been asked to do so."

LATEST NEWS FROM ABROAD.

Opu, the Shark Fighter, Tries to Kill a Native Woman.

THE CANADIAN STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

Some Talk of a Line Between Here and Seattle—The Princess Colonna to Live in California—George Macfarlane Wants a Big California Hotel.

Mr. James Huddart, of the new Australian-Canadian line, has been in Ottawa, and has succeeded in inducing the Dominion Government to grant a subsidy of £150,000 per annum for the conveyance of mails between England and Canada by 20-knot steamship service. The contract is for ten years, with the option of renewal.

The new Atlantic service will be complementary to the Pacific one and the mails will pass from England to Australia and New Zealand, via Canada, and vice versa. It will be remembered that the Dominion Government has subsidized the Pacific line; the total subsidies to the combined lines will be £185,000. The steamers carrying on the Atlantic service will sail from Quebec in the summer and Halifax in the winter.

E. F. Sweeney of the Seattle Brewing and Malting Co., who recently visited Honolulu, thinks Seattle manufacturers and jobbers can build up a profitable trade and favors the suggestion, made some time ago, that an agent be sent there to canvass the Hawaiian trade and see that consignments are properly received and delivered. Mr. Sweeney thinks sufficient trade could be secured to warrant putting on a fast sailing vessel or two until business would warrant chartering a steamer. He found Honolulu traders financially high in rating, rather conservative but thoroughly independent in business, and not entangled by San Francisco alliances.

When they order it is usually in a liberal manner, and they are favorably disposed to try an exchange trade with Seattle. The question of freight rates is one, however, that must be carefully considered. Mr. Sweeney had rather rough experience with the Canadian Pacific steamer line, which, he says, seems disposed to premeditated carelessness in the handling of freight and averseness to fostering the trade that might be had from Puget Sound. This is not the first complaint, and even though damages to shipments are made good, a few such transactions would so prejudice Honolulu traders against it that the trade might be safely continued at San Francisco or be divided with British Columbia as distributors. A definite understanding as to what freights will be charged should be had. It is not sufficient to be told they will be as cheap as to or from San Francisco.

Row in the Hawaiian Village. Once more Mr. Opu, champion clump and deep-sea diver of the Hawaiian village, at the Midwinter Fair, placed himself prominently before the public. His latest exploit was to caress Mrs. Mary Ann Paau on the side of the head with an ax, placing the good lady hors du combat in a very brief space of time.

The fight, which took place in the village at San Francisco, on the 4th, was the outcome of a praying tournament inaugurated about two weeks ago. So far Opu has scored the most points in the long-winded supplication class, but the woman says that when she is able to get around she will make the diver see more stars than are contained in the blue vault of heaven.

About two weeks ago Opu broke a calabash belonging to Mrs. Paau and alleged to be a royal heirloom worth \$55 in the coin of the ex-kingdom. The destroyer of the priceless gourd refused to pay that sum to the owner, whereupon she lifted up her voice for the sole purpose of praying Opu to death in one hundred short and fleeting days. When the managers discovered the plot the superstitious savage was half dead. They saved his life by compromising with Mrs. Paau, but Opu yearned for revenge. So he addressed a moving appeal to the shark god of his forefathers asking for the immediate removal of Mrs. Paau from the universe. For several nights he prayed like a camp-meeting exhorter. Night after night his tones grew louder, until the prayer disturbed the slumbers of the dusky villagers. On several occasions the watchmen had to be called in to suppress Mr. Opu and chase him into his bed. His solitary prayer meeting got to be a nuisance.

Then Mrs. Paau, who is well educated and knows better, took up the gauntlet in self-defense and started an opposition prayer to the frenzied appeals of ignorant savage. The battle raged several nights, and then the climax came early yesterday morning. After a night of fruitless supplication Opu arrived at the wise conclusion that his shark god was no good. An ax, he thought, would prove more efficacious than incessant prayer, so he gathered up a cleaver and went for the audacious Mrs. Paau. In the fight that followed the village took sides and joined in, the enlightened against the gropers in darkness. The ax, however, carried more weight than the prayers of the agile Opu, and in one round he laid the sorceress low and clipped a large piece out of her head. Although the ax made a frightful gash, Mrs. Paau is alive and well enough to start for Honolulu to-day on the steamer Alameda. Owing to her crafty nature and the spell of witchery she exercises over the superstitious natives, the woman has kept the village in a constant state of turmoil. The management concluded to send her home.—S. F. Chronicle.

San Francisco News. The Princess Colonna expects to make her home in California for at least a year and then bring her proceedings for divorce here. In California she can secure a divorce which her attorneys say will hold good

anywhere in the world, and one of these attorneys has dropped a hint that one effect of the divorce scandal will be to bring the Mackays home to California to spend their money. The divorce is to have an international significance, because the treaty between the United States and Italy is to play a prominent part in the contention—in fact, it is on this treaty that the Princess will rely to make her California divorce good all over the world.

It is stated that the shrinkage in value of the Central Pacific Railroad stock has cost the Stanford estate nearly a half million dollars.

May Yohe, the American burlesque actress who has for a number of years been a heart breaker for the dudes, it appears is now a member of the peerage of England. She was secretly married a year ago to Lord Francis Hope, heir presumptive to the dukedom of Newcastle. The woman was once a chorus girl and has had a remarkable career.

John Hayes Hammond, a former prominent mining man of the Comstock, is now in the South African mines, and is reported to be receiving a salary of \$30,000 as consulting engineer. He has made a fortune there.

Among the noted people who are taking in the Midwinter Fair are Major-General Schofield, commanding the army of the United States; ex-Secretary of War Robert T. Lincoln, son of the late President, and George M. Pullman, the inventor of the palace car.

The Coxe army, which left San Francisco for Washington and got as far as Oakland, was refused free transportation by the railroads and is in a very dejected mood. It consists of about 200 men, and has been ordered out of Oakland by the police.

Wm. Fredericks, the ex-convict who killed Cashier Herrick, of the branch of the San Francisco Savings Union, has been brought to trial, and a special effort is being made to secure his conviction within two weeks of the time he committed the crime. It is hoped that he can be hanged within sixty days.

Miss Ellen Beach Yaw, a California girl, has developed the most wonderful voice ever heard. She has an easy register of three and one half octaves. She sings from G below the treble clef to D sharp in altissimo. Miss Yaw is believed to be the coming prima donna of the world.

In an incendiary fire this week Mrs. Donald M. Ross and her baby were burned to death, and her mother, Mrs. A. K. Irving, was badly injured by jumping from a window. The feud who did the work has not been discovered.

Irving M. Scott has been appointed Park Commissioner vice Richard P. Hammond. The latter was one of the best officers the city ever had, but he was a Democrat, and had to go.

On April 17th, 18th and 19th, there will be a grand Mardi Gras carnival in connection with the Midwinter Fair. The event will be a most notable one.

The Superior Court has ruled that the State cannot collect the inheritance tax from Mrs. Stanford as a legatee. This saves the estate a large sum.

Messrs. Huntington, Crocker and Searles have resigned as directors of the Central Pacific Railroad Company in a very hurried manner—a fact which is said to be due to the early arrival of the representative of the English stock and bond-holders. There appears to be a large row in prospect.

General R. H. Warfield has finally secured a lease of the California Hotel for five years, with the privilege of extending it to ten years. Colonel G. W. Macfarlane, of Honolulu, was one of the bidders for the lease.

The Executive Committee of the Midwinter Fair has made a report of receipts and expenditures to March 24th. The receipts were \$742,635, and expenditures \$682,554. With bills payable, there was at that date a deficit of \$124,575; but the Fair is now making money, and there is no doubt but that it will be a financial success.

American News. Municipal elections were held in many of the Eastern States on the 3d inst. The elections were generally favorable to the Republicans, and in Ohio gains were made over the McKinley sweep of last November.

The presidential boom of Senator Hill will be launched in Chicago, shortly, by the Washington Club. Twelve thousand coke makers are on strike at Uniontown and other places in Pennsylvania. Over a dozen people have thus far lost their lives in riotings. It is thought that the State militia will be called out.

A fatal shooting affray over elections between the Catholics and the members of the American Protection Association occurred at Kansas City on the 3d. About two hundred shots were exchanged before the riot was stopped. Four people were killed and many were injured.

The Union Mill at Stockton, Cal., has been sold to the Sperry Flour Company (the flour combine) for \$250,000.

There has been rioting at Darlington and Florence, S. C., over the efforts of Governor Tillman to enforce the State liquor law. His spies were hunted over the country and several were killed. Part of the State militia refused to respond to his call, but at latest accounts quiet had been restored.

Governor McKinley of Ohio received a flattering reception at St. Paul, Minn., on the 29th. The McKinley presidential boom is well under way.

The trial of Congressman Breckenridge in Washington for leading Madeline Pollard astray is furnishing column after column, of salacious material for the newspapers. Pressure is being brought to eject Breckenridge from his seat.

Eighteen people were lost in a snow slide on Canyon Creek, Idaho, on the 29th ult.

Governor Nathan of Georgia has appointed Patrick Walsh, editor of the Augusta Constitutionalist as United States Senator, vice A. H. Calhoun, deceased. Mr. Walsh is a native of Ireland and has been a newspaper publisher for many years.

Coxey's industrial army has reached Pittsburg about 500 strong. The California contingent has reached St. Louis. The Pittsburg authorities are trying to break up the "army" by prosecutions under the vagrancy laws.

The Colorado war between Governor Waite and the Denver authorities will be settled by the courts.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert has

made a statement to the effect that the armor plate frauds of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., of Pittsburg, will reach \$75,000.

The trial of R. S. Heath at Fresno, for the murder of L. B. McWhirter, is in progress. Mrs. Palmer, a resident of Fresno, who is dying of consumption, has afforded a new sensation in the trial by giving testimony which implicates Judge Harris and Keel B. Terry, son of the late David S. Terry, in the killing.

Olette Tyler the actress is to marry Howard Gould, son of the late Jay Gould.

Smallpox has been declared epidemic at New York, and the authorities are taking prompt measures to stamp the disease out.

George Ticknor Curtis, author and writer, died at New York on the 28th ult., aged 82.

President Cleveland has vetoed the bill of Congressman Bland providing for the coinage on silver now lying in the treasury. The bill provided for the coinage of about \$55,000,000.

Foreign News. Costa Rica is in the throes of internal strife and the army, under the leadership of General Ileguals, has overthrown the Government and is running things in a reckless and bloody way. Latest reports show that eleven prisoners, among them two priests, have been shot within the barracks without being given a trial. A telegram of 18th says: A general revolution in all Central American countries is believed to be imminent.

Since the defeat of the rebel fleet in Rio harbor, general business is rapidly reviving and it is evident that the attitude of the United States during the trouble there will result in a material increase of the trade with this country.

The funeral of the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, was held in Buda-Pesth on April 1st. The procession of his townsmen numbered 500, and the remains were viewed by 150,000 people.

De Gama is suffering from wounds received in the last attack upon Nietheroy, during which he had his left arm broken and was shot through the neck. He is confined to the Captain's berth, unable to speak, and is anxious to proceed to Europe for medical treatment.

Prof. Edward Brown-Sequard, the inventor of the supposed elixir of life, died in Paris on April 2d.

A caucus nominee. The Third District Club held a caucus meeting last evening at the drill shed to agree on a nominee for delegate to be balloted for this evening. A committee reported that G. W. Smith declined to run. Messrs. W. C. King and A. G. M. Robertson were placed in nomination, but before proceeding to ballot Mr. King withdrew in favor of Mr. Robertson, who was declared the caucus nominee. The polls will be open at 7:30 o'clock and will close at nine. The enrolling committee will be at the drill shed this evening at 7 o'clock to enroll new members.

Be May Return. It will be remembered that, some weeks ago, a Kauai school teacher named Foss was taken back to California on a requisition, charged with the embezzlement of the school funds of Plumas county. Word was received yesterday, that shows that it is probable that Foss will soon return to the islands. His attorney has applied for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the offense he is charged with is not extraditable. If Foss wins his case, it is more than probable that he will soon return here.

Formerly a Resident. W. A. Herrick, an account of whose murder appears in the ADVERTISER'S San Francisco letter, is the same Mr. Herrick who came to these islands about ten years ago. He spent some months on Maui, and afterward was employed in the law office of W. R. Castle. He was an expert accountant, and a young man of excellent character, who made many friends during his residence in this country. He was an only son in a family of eight, and was unmarried.

A New Party. It was rumored yesterday that a new party was soon to be formed that would be a revival of the old Liberal party. The mass-meeting of Monday night is supposed to have been only a preliminary to such a step. It is to contain a number of the prominent royalists, and some of the present Provisional Government supporters, most of whom are members of the American League, and a great many of the old National Reform party.

Not Mary Ailan. All of the San Francisco papers print a story about a native woman being struck on the head with an ax. The supposition about town was that the unfortunate woman was Mary Ailan, but it turns out that it was not she, but a woman named Luka Paau. She was assaulted by John Edwards, a half-caste, who claims to be her husband. He is employed as a musician at the Cyclorama at the fair grounds. The woman was not seriously injured.

A THEATRICAL COMPANY.

Honolulu to Be Treated to a Good Performance.

W. R. Dailey's theatrical company arrived on the Mariposa yesterday. The troupe is composed of well-known California players, and will be a welcome addition to the limited amusements of the city.

The company has a large repertory, and is said to be an excellent one. The opening night will be next Tuesday, when a dramatization of Dumas' "Monte Cristo" will be given. This is a most powerful play, and full of interest. It is sincerely to be hoped that the visiting Thespians will receive a rousing welcome on their first appearance.

SUGAR CANE.

An Experimental Plantation in California.

The planting of true sugar cane begins this week at the Government experiment station on Union Island, near the mouth of the San Joaquin river.

Ten acres of cultivable land and a site for buildings on an elevation beyond the reach of freshets at Fish Camp have been placed at the disposal of the Government for this purpose by Messrs. Williams and Bixler, who possess large holdings of tule land, and are directly interested in the success of these experiments.

Dr. Wiley, who has the immediate supervision of this work for the Department of Agriculture, will visit the State early in the summer to give it his personal inspection.

Professor Wickson will direct the work under the Agricultural Department.—S. F. Bulletin March 22.

NO CUCKOOS THERE.

Oregon Democrats Would Not Indorse Cleveland.

SALEM, Or., March 20.—In the Democratic county convention today the following resolution was voted down by a large majority: "Resolved, That we fully indorse the administration of President Cleveland. His Hawaiian policy is humane; his financial policy is sound and his tariff policy is conservative."

Minister Thurston's Nuptials. ST. JOSEPH (Mich.), March 28.—Miss Hattie E. Potter, fiancée of L. A. Thurston, the Hawaiian Minister, denies the rumor that they are to be married on April 5th. She says the date has not been fixed and cannot be until Mr. Thurston gets through with his work in Washington. Miss Potter has been besieged by newspaper correspondents until she has ordered that they be asked to leave the house.

Now Ready IN PAMPHLET FORM

Senator Morgan's Report on Hawaiian Affairs.

PRICE PER COPY, 10 CENTS

Hawaiian Gazette Co.

MR. HARRY ROBERTS

A Newspaper Artist, Late of the San Francisco Evening Post

Is prepared to make illustrations for newspaper advertisements, or for book and job work at short notice.

Cuts of buildings, portraits, real estate maps, etc., made at Coast rates.

Fine pen work for labels and photograving. Music copied.

Address care of the ADVERTISER office.

Approved: S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance.

Honolulu, April 9th, 1894. 1540-1

It is no trouble to register, and it is every man's duty to do it.

You can register every day between 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

BY AUTHORITY

Notice Relating to Vaccination.

The attention of parents guardians, and teachers are respectfully called to Chapter LXVII of the Laws of 1892, but more particularly to the following section of said Act, viz:

"SECTION 2—No child shall be admitted to any public or private school without producing a certificate of vaccination or showing marks of successful vaccination.

"The principal or teacher of any public or private school who shall admit to such school any child without such certificate or marks, shall be liable to a fine of five dollars."

By order of the Board of Health. WILLIAM O. SMITH, President Board of Health.

Honolulu, March 29, 1894. 8649-6t

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, HONOLULU, H. I., March 22, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular business meeting of the Board of Health held in its office March 21, 1894, Sections 13 and 20 of the Quarantine Regulations of the Hawaiian Islands were amended to read as follows:

SECTION 13—In every case where a vessel is boarded by the Port Physician, or other health officer, his fees and expenses shall be paid by the vessel or its representatives; and if said vessel or its representatives decline to pay these fees, the Collector of Customs shall collect them and shall not grant a clearance to said vessel until such fees and expenses shall have been paid.

SECTION 20—Vessels arriving from an Asiatic port, or from any port reported to be infected with cholera, yellow fever, small pox, scarlet fever, plague or any other disease deemed by record in the Hawaiian Registry of the Board of Health to be dangerous to the public health, shall not enter any port of the Hawaiian Islands until permission is granted by the Port Physician or a duly accredited officer of the Board of Health. Such vessels if refused entry, shall be anchored in quarantine at such places as may be chosen by the pilot, under the direction of the health officer, and remain at such anchorage until changed or permitted to enter the port by the Board of Health; and no person shall be allowed to land from any vessel arriving from a foreign port, until the commander of such vessel has received a certificate of free pratique from the health officer.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, President Board of Health. 2643 1535-3t

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL, HONOLULU, April 2, 1894.

There appearing to be some misunderstanding as to the effect of the oath required of voters for delegates to the Constitutional Convention, it has been deemed advisable that an authoritative statement on the subject be made.

The following is a correct statement of the intention of the law: The word "oppose" in the form of the oath relates to the duties of those taking it, as voters and as delegates; the former binding themselves in voting for delegates to vote only for such persons as are opposed to a re-establishment of the monarchy; and the latter as members of the Convention binding themselves to work in the Convention against the introduction of any provision in the new constitution tending to a re-establishment of the Monarchy.

The word "resist" was in the first draft of the oath and was stricken out as possibly misleading.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, Attorney General. 2652 1535-2t

Pound Notice.

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day changed the location of the Government Pound at Waialuku to the land owned by M. P. Waiwaiolo known as "Nehe," in the District of Waialuku, Maui.

In accordance with Section 2 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day appointed M. P. Waiwaiolo, Poundmaster to the above Pound.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, April 2, 1894. 2653-3t

Notice to Taxpayers.

A. S. MAHAULU has this day been appointed Deputy Assessor and Collector for the District of Waialua, Island of Oahu, vice Isaac D. Isaacs resigned.

JONATHAN SHAW, Assessor 1st Division.

Approved: S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance.

Honolulu, April 9th, 1894. 1540-1

It is no trouble to register, and it is every man's duty to do it.

You can register every day between 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

A FEAST OF MANY NATIONS.

What the Booths Will Contain Tomorrow Night.

COSTUMES OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES

Names of Those Who Will be in Charge of the Booths—A Grand March of All the Characters—Tableaux to be Given on Saturday Evening—The Charities.

The event of the year, from a charitable and social point of view, is the Feast of Nations that begins this evening.

The charities to be benefitted are the Kindergarten, the Flower Mission, the Gleaners, the W. C. T. U., the "Ys" and the Sailors' Home.

The Gleaners is an old missionary society founded by the Central Union Church.

The W. C. T. U. was started about ten years ago by Mrs. Leavitt. It gives \$200 a year to Miss Mary Green for her work among the Hawaiians.

The "Ys" are a branch of the last named society, and have about fifty young women as members.

The money that will go to the Sailors' Home as its share of the proceeds of the Feast of Nations will be used for furnishing that institution.

There will be twelve booths in the bazaar. They will be presided over by well known ladies of Honolulu.

Mrs. Haalelea has charge of the Hawaiian booth. It will be built to represent an old-time native house.

Mrs. Dole will be at the head of the American booth, which will represent a room of the old Colonial times.

Great Britain will be under the care of Mrs. J. H. Wodehouse. "Ye old Red Lion" inn will be her headquarters.

Mrs. H. F. Glade, in the German booth, will have control over a veritable German outdoor coffee garden.

Mrs. W. G. Irwin will rule over a French salon of the time of Louis XV.

Mrs. Cunha, in the Portuguese booth, will have a villa built in a style of architecture between Moorish and Gothic.

Ancient Greece will have Mrs. Widdifield as chief goddess, with a number of minor goddesses surrounding her.

China, under the charge of Mrs. Frank Damon, will be represented by an honorary portal, or pai-lou, of a Chinese mandarin's house.

Mrs. H. W. Schmidt will be in possession of the booth representing Sweden and Norway.

Mexico and Spain, under Mrs. Paul Neumann, will be represented by a Mexican hut, where ladies and gentlemen in Mexican costumes will serve genuine Mexican chocolate and fruits.

Mrs. Maxwell, who has been a missionary in India, will have charge of that country's booth.

Miss Castle will have the Japanese booth, where, in a tea house, Japanese tea and sweets will be for sale.

of the room will be a large punks, or Indian fan, and the booth will be decorated with phulkaries and all sorts of Indian draperies.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MR. EDITOR: It seemed to me that the burden of the speeches made at the mass meeting at Union Square on Monday evening was an objection to the present Councils taking part in drafting a proposed constitution.

The constitution of the United States was ratified by the different States through their representatives.

There are other ways which have been selected of promulgating constitutions, but I think we can depend on the wisdom of the coming constitutional convention.

There is no objection to Tom, Dick and Harry refusing to register or take part in making a constitution.

The constitutional rule on these islands is determined, and also that it may be some time before annexation takes place; therefore, the necessity of forming a permanent government.

The constitutionality of a constitution (if I may be allowed to use an Irishism) so adopted will never be called in question and will be binding; ergo, the absurdity of refraining from taking part in making it.

JAS. W. GRVIN.

RACES ON THE ELEVENTH.

Kamehameha's Birthday to be Duly Celebrated.

The following programme was arranged by the Hawaiian Jockey Club at its meeting last evening.

Bicycle Race. Half mile dash for Hawaiian-bred horses.

One mile dash for Hawaiian-bred horses.

One and a half mile dash for Hawaiian-bred horses.

Pony race, three-quarter mile dash, for Hawaiian-bred, fourteen hands and under.

Three Minute Class—Trotting and pacing, for Hawaiian-bred horses.

Trotting and pacing, for Hawaiian-bred horses. Mile heats, best two in three, to harness.

Trotting and pacing, free for all. Mile heats, best three in five, to harness.

Class 2:40—Trotting and pacing, free for all. Mile heats, best two in three. Pacers to go to road cart.

THEY ARE AT WAR.

A Letter From Nawahi and Bush to the Bulletin.

War, blood red war, now reigns supreme in the ranks of the royalists. The different factions are of widely different opinions in several matters.

Editor Bulletin.—In answer to an erratic editorial in yesterday's Honolulu, attacking your paper, I wish you to state that the card of the Hui Aloha Aina published in Saturday's Bulletin was official and correct.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against negotiating the following drafts, viz: Check No. 619, drawn by Pan Plantation upon Bishop & Co., favor Jas. Anderson, \$500.

THE PREMISES ON KULAKOHA Plains, situated at the northeast corner of Beretania and Piikoi streets.

Postmaster Oat has left for Maui on business. He will return to town before the week is over.

HE TRIED TO KILL HIMSELF.

Kum Wun, the Chinese Desperado, Attempts Suicide.

STABBED HIMSELF WITH A KNIFE.

He Has Attempted to Make Away With Himself Several Times Before—One of Mr. Low's Most Troublesome Convicts—His Record as a Criminal.

Kum Wun, Chinese burglar, all-around thief, jail breaker, and nearly murderer, added another to his list of crimes Wednesday by attempting suicide by stabbing himself in the abdomen with a wicked looking knife.

Kum, who is on the chain-gang, was sent out with the laboring convicts Wednesday, the scene of their labors being the quarry near the residence of J. F. Hackfeld.

At the noon hour, when the men were resting and eating their lunch, he pulled a long, dull knife from under his blouse, and stabbed himself, saying he did not want to work any more.

Kum Wun, also known as Ah Loo, was put into a wagon and taken to the Queen's Hospital, where his wound was dressed by Drs. Cooper and Wood.

Kum Wun has been one of the most troublesome of Jailor Low's prisoners. He is a noted Chinese burglar and thief who has proved himself a desperate man to all who interfere with him in his unlawful work.

Last Friday Kum made another attempt to hang himself in his cell at the prison. Owing to his suicidal mania, Mr. Low had ordered his hands strapped down at night.

Mulligan Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The Senate, in executive session today, confirmed the nomination of James H. Mulligan, Consul-General at Apia, Samoa.

Meeting Notice.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Honoum Sugar Company held this day at the office of C. Brewer & Company, Limited.

A. C. LOVEKIN, Secretary, Honoum Sugar Co. Honolulu, March 29, 1894. 3649-1m

Corporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the charter of the North Pacific Phosphate and Fertilizer Co. has been amended by changing the name of the Corporation to "The Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company."

E. SUHR, Secretary. Honolulu, April 9, 1894. 3658-3t

Notice.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against negotiating the following drafts, viz: Check No. 619, drawn by Pan Plantation upon Bishop & Co., favor Jas. Anderson, \$500.

For Sale.

THE PREMISES ON KULAKOHA Plains, situated at the northeast corner of Beretania and Piikoi streets; the lot having a frontage of 200 feet by 150 feet depth.

General Advertisements.

FOR DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMES and PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.

Hollister Drug Company, Limited, 523 FORT STREET.

THREE COFFEE

Pulping Machines

Of the Best Kind Just Received. They Will Pulp From 30 to 60 Bushels of Ripe Coffee per Hour.

A FULLER similar to these is in use by the Coffee and Tea Company at Kona, and the parchment coffee turned out from this machine is a joy to behold.

Now is the time to purchase, so as to be prepared for the coming crop. These Pulpers are made very strong.

Besides these Pulpers, which are the first ever offered in this market, we have just received a fine assortment of goods.

WIRE NAILS,

Cut Nails and Spikes, Galvanized Nails and Spikes, Assorted Ash Oars, Cases Card Matches, C. C. Irons, Cases Turpentine, Barrels Rosin and Pitch.

Manila Rope,

Pick and Hoe Handles, Lawnmowers, Fodder Cutters, Horse Shoe Nails, Horse Raps, Hand Screws and Alden's Patent Brooms.

Hall's Plows and Breakers,

Haps and Hinges, Ox Bows, Axes, Hatchets, Crowbars, Pickaxes and Mattocks, Grindstones, Mops, Hoes, etc.

POCKET CUTLERY

ELECTRIC LAMPS, all Sizes.

E. O. HALL & SON

CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS, HONOLULU.

New Advertisements.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

Original and Only Genuine. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE IN NEURALGIA, COLIC, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, HEUMATISM.

THE GENERAL BOARD OF HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHLORAL, one dose generally sufficient.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cures all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—THE IM-MENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. N. B.—Every bottle of GENUINE CHLORODYNE bears on the Government stamp the name of the inventor—DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE.

New Store! New Goods! New Firm!

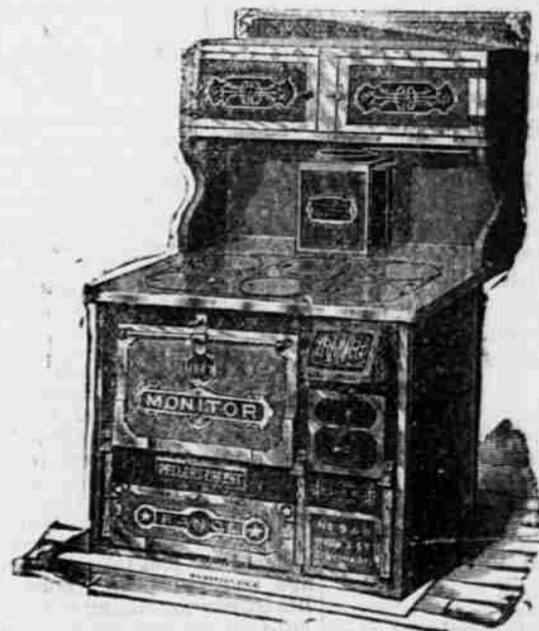
All the Latest Novelties and Styles in Antique Oak Bedroom Suits, Wicker Ware SIDE BOARDS, CHEFFONERS, ETC., WARDROBES, WALL BRACKETS. And all kinds of Furniture Manufactured and Repaired.

ORDWAY & PORTER

Robinson Block, Hotel Street, between Fort and Nuuanu.

JOHN NOTT,

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—



Steel and Iron Ranges, Stoves and Fixtures,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS AND KITCHEN UTENSILS,

AGATE WARE IN GREAT VARIETY,

White, Gray and Silver-plated.

RUBBER HOSE!

LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS, WATER CLOSETS, METALS,

Plumbers' Stock, Water and Soil Pipes.

Plumbing, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Work,

DIMOND BLOCK, 95 and 97 KING STREET.

JUST ARRIVED

PER BARK C. D. BRYANT.

BABY CARRIAGES of all styles,

CARPETS, RUGS, and MATS in the latest patterns.

"Household" Sewing Machines

Hand Sewing Machines, all with the latest improvements.

—Also on hand—

Westermayer's Celebrated Cottage Pianos

Parlor Organs, Guitars and other Musical Instruments.

For sale by

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

King Street, opposite Castle & Cooke.

HONORS TO NEAL DOW.

Celebration of the General's Ninetieth Birthday.

LONDON, March 20.—England, in common with all the civilized world, today celebrated the ninetyeth birthday of General Neal Dow, the great American temperance advocate.

The United Kingdom Alliance of the British Woman's Temperance Association of England enthusiastically adopted the suggestion offered by the World's National W.



NEAL DOW.

(From a Photograph.)

C. T. U., and the picture of General Dow as he appeared in 1851 when he was Mayor of Portland, Maine, when the prohibitory law was adopted in that State, and another picture representing him as he now appears are to be seen displayed in all the temperance resorts throughout England today.

Lady Henry Somerset, Miss Frances Willard, Sir Wilfred Lawson, Rev. Hugh Bruce Hughes and others sent through the Associated Press the following message to General Neal Dow to be read at the celebration today at the City Hall, Portland, Me.:

To General Neal Dow:

A mighty throng gathered in Exeter Hall to crown your 90 beneficent years with love and gratitude, for you can truly say: "When the ear heard me, then it blessed me, and when the eye saw me it gave witness to me. Because I delivered the poor that cried and the fatherless and him that had none to help him. The blessing of him that was ready to perish came upon me, and I caused the widow's heart to sing for joy. I put on righteousness and it clothed me; my judgment was a robe and diadem. I was eyes and blind and feet was I to the lame. I was a father to the poor, and the cause which I knew not I searched out."—Job xx-xii-15.

The meeting this evening in Exeter Hall to celebrate the ninetyeth anniversary of the birth of Neal Dow was an immense success. A speech was made by Lady Somerset, also Miss Frances Willard.

PORTLAND, Me., March 20.—The birthday of Neal Dow was celebrated today. The old temperance reformer was present. Up to 2 o'clock over 2000 congratulatory telegrams and letters had been received.

In spite of his advanced age General Dow is in the enjoyment of excellent health and says he has no reason to believe he will not live to be 100 years old. He is evidently ambitious to pass the century mark and is as great an advocate of prohibition as he was in 1851, when he persuaded the legislature of his native state to pass the celebrated prohibition act that has gone into history as the "Maine law." Dow was mayor of Portland at the time and drafted the bill himself, entitling it "An act for the suppression of drinking houses and tipping shops."

The measure was very stringent. Under it liquors intended for sale were confiscated and destroyed, and those who sold or kept them for sale were fined or imprisoned. The places where they were kept or sold were declared public nuisances, and officers were empowered to search suspected premises. The bill was introduced on the last day of the legislative session, and under the influence of Dow's persuasive eloquence was passed within 24 hours without the change of a single word. That it suited the people of Maine was made evident in 1884, when a prohibition amendment to the state constitution was adopted by a three-fourths majority of all the voters of the state.

In 1864 Mr. Dow was again elected mayor of Portland, and subsequently he served two terms in the legislature. He entered the army in 1861 as colonel of the Thirtieth Maine volunteers and was commissioned brigadier general by President Lincoln. He served throughout the war and at one time commanded the department of the Gulf. He was wounded twice at the battle of Port Hudson and after being taken prisoner was confined for eight months before being exchanged for General Fitzhugh Lee.

In a recent letter to John Chandler, a New York temperance advocate, General Dow thus summarizes the results of prohibition in Maine:

"The people of Maine by a regular system of public meetings were fully convinced 42 years ago that the liquor traffic was injurious to the general welfare, that it was in deadly hostility to every interest of the state, and they were fully resolved that the experiment of prohibition should be tried upon it to see what the result would be. On the day of the enactment of the Maine law the liquor traffic was carried on in Maine extensively in the same manner as it is now conducted in these states and countries where it is licensed by the law.

Quickly all this was changed. The effect of the law was almost instantaneous. Stocks of liquor were sent out of the state, and in every case the small stocks of the retail dealers were carefully concealed. The favorable result of this policy was felt very soon, and I have lived long enough to see the day that I bless God for

having used me as his instrument in securing prohibition for Maine.

Empty jails and empty workhouses followed in the wake of prohibition in Maine. In many of the rural districts of the state I can well remember having seen the "To Let" sign tacked upon jails and workhouses four months after the Maine law was enacted. If the liquor traffic could be entirely extinguished, there would be very little poverty and suffering in the land, and the people of New York would not have to furnish bread for the needy.

General Dow writes that the first illustration of the beneficent effects of the law that he knew of came under his observation about 10 days after its enactment. There was an eccentric old farmer of the name of Eliakim Libby who used to pass Dow's house in Portland once a week on his way to and from market. He was called Like Libby by his Portland acquaintances, who sincerely believed he could drink more applejack than any 10 men in Maine. He made a regular practice of going home gloriously drunk on market day, and no one who knew him could remember when he had returned in any other condition. The mayor had frequently seen him drunk and knew of the habitual regularity of his market day spree. One day soon after the passage of the prohibitory law, however, Like drove by and called out to some member of Dow's household who was in sight:

"Look a here! You tell Neal Dow that Like Libby is going home sober for the first time in 30 years."

CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Emmeluth's Views on the Constitutional Convention.

MR. EDITOR:—In view of the statement that I was to speak at last Monday's mass meeting, I deem it proper for me to state my convictions as to matters now agitating the community.

The act calling for a constitutional convention fails to state the manner in which the instrument, when framed, is to be ratified and promulgated. This, under ordinary conditions, say where the whole number of delegates are elected by popular ballot—would not seem a very serious omission, as in that case the manifest representative character of the convention would guarantee popular conditions of ratification, but where, as in our case, a number of men constituting a self-perpetuating executive and legislative body, vote themselves into such convention and actually form a majority of the delegates to the same, I claim that the matter takes on a decidedly different aspect. Under such conditions I contend the Government should stand absolutely committed to the proposition of submitting the result of their deliberations in convention to the crucial test of ratification by its supporters.

The statement by the Minister of Foreign Affairs that this is a matter for the convention to deal with, is simply an evasion of the point at issue. A vote on the resolution introduced by me at the last Council meeting would have shown how the members would stand on this matter in the convention.

The lack of policy in continuing an uncertain attitude on a matter of such profound import to the whole community, smacks of political suicide; a want of confidence in the loyalty of our supporters which must be very consoling to them, after their past fourteen months' faithful and unflinching devotion to the cause.

The fundamental idea of a government by the people is that the laws enacted for such government shall be framed by men chosen from the various callings pursued by the industrial masses, and in this way the various interests could be protected. Under the peculiar conditions existing in our community at present, more than one-half of the former electorate will be debarr'd from taking an active part in the coming elections, and the rest of us look forward to a convention in which a single industry will undoubtedly have a controlling influence on account of the abnormal conditions above quoted; for these reasons, I candidly confess a most firm conviction that it is the duty of the Government, at this time, to reassure its supporters as to its faith in their loyalty and patriotism by pledging itself to the submission of the Constitution for their ratification.

Any other course will prove unpopular, and, for that reason, may be fraught with peril to our future ship of state, as it may entail a continuation of the military occupation of the past fourteen months.

The early disbanding of our military establishment and resumption of necessary internal improvements will be among the first fruits of a popular bill of rights; anything else will go the way of the political abortion known as "the Constitution of 1887," born of the brains of seven men, and virtually promulgated at the point of the bayonet. It lasted seven years, and the days of its lasting were full of fraud, corruption and political compromises of a character that put to shame the term "constitutional government." Let us have the fundamental law enacted on lines of justice and equity, and save the country these periodical convulsions for the future.

I regret the circumstances which seemed to point the necessity for immediate action in this matter, as I am satisfied that a large number of loyal Hawaiians see fit to remain neutral while they feel that the matter under consideration at Washington has not finally been disposed of.

Could a stay of proceedings be had until then, I feel the result would justify the delay, in that the convention would then be more representative of all interests and thus insure harmony in the government that is to be.

JOHN EMMELUTH.

My wife was confined to her bed for over two months with a very severe attack of rheumatism. We could get nothing that would afford her any relief, and as a last resort gave Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. To our great surprise she began to improve after the first application, and by using it regularly she was soon able to get up and attend to her house work. E. H. Johnson, of C. J. Knutson & Co., Kensington, Minn. 50 cent bottles for sale by all dealers. Bross, Smith & Co., Agents for H. I.

In the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

MARCH TERM, 1894.

BEFORE JUDD, C.J., BICKERTON, AND FREAR, JJ.

JOSE MARCELL V. JOSE FREITAS.

TRESPASS.

EXCEPTIONS FROM CIRCUIT COURT SECOND CIRCUIT.

Verdict under the circumstances held not to be contrary to the law and the evidence.

OPINION OF THE COURT BY BICKERTON, J.

This is a suit to recover damages sustained by the plaintiff, in consequence of an assault committed by defendant on the plaintiff with a stone, whereby he was seriously injured; the damages were laid at \$300 and the case was first heard in the District Court of Makawao, where judgment was given for the plaintiff for \$150 damages. An appeal was taken to the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit, and the case came on for hearing at the December Term 1893, of said Court, when the jury rendered a unanimous verdict for plaintiff, assessing the damages at Three Hundred Dollars (\$300), to which verdict defendant's counsel noted exceptions, as being contrary to law and against the weight of evidence; and gave notice of a motion for a new trial. The motion was argued and overruled by the Court, and an appeal was noted to this Court, and the matter now comes here on a duly allowed bill of exceptions.

The only question before us is whether the verdict was contrary to the law and evidence. There are no exceptions taken to any ruling of law made during the trial, or to the charge of the Court to the jury. The following stipulation is on file: "The evidence taken before the jury at the Lahaina term being identical with that taken before the District Magistrate as appears from his notes on file herein, it is hereby stipulated that such notes shall be considered as part of the Bill of Exceptions herein in lieu of a transcript of the reporter's notes." The evidence of Dr. Herbert shows that he was called to attend the plaintiff, and found him with a very serious wound on the head near the temple which might have been very dangerous; that the wound had been caused by some blunt instrument or weapon, used with great force and that his fee for treatment of the wound was \$30. John Ferrira testifies to seeing the wound, and the large amount of blood plaintiff lost and the nature of the wound. The plaintiff testifies that the cause of the trouble between defendant and himself was the breaking of some window glass by defendant's children; that defendant came to him and shook hands, then took him unawares, and with a stone which he had hidden behind his back, struck him on the head, causing the said wound; that he ran away, followed by defendant, who continued to throw stones at him and assault him; that he suffered great pain from the injuries inflicted on him, and was unable to work for sometime in consequence.

The defendant testified in his own behalf and denied that he struck plaintiff with a stone, but admitted that he assaulted him, but only with his hand. He also says that he was angry because plaintiff chased his children with a gun and that when he went to plaintiff's house, he (plaintiff) drove him out of the house with a hoe; plaintiff denies this and says that he had a gun and was out shooting birds, but before he chased the children he left his gun on the veranda. The jury evidently did not believe defendant's story, and we do not see how they could in the face of the evidence of Dr. Herbert and the other two witnesses for the plaintiff as to the nature of the wound. They certainly could not believe that the wound described could have been caused by the hand of the defendant without any weapon in it; they evidently ignored the defendant's evidence entirely, and decided the case on the evidence offered for the plaintiff. They also had the evidence that the defendant had pleaded guilty on a criminal prosecution to a charge of assault on plaintiff with a dangerous weapon, a stone.

We are of the opinion that the jury could not have found any other verdict than one for the plaintiff, and they evidently considered that \$300 was not too much or excessive damages to allow the plaintiff, taking into consideration the actual damages he had sustained, the great suffering of mind and body he had undergone in consequence of the violent acts of the defendant. The measure of damages was with them, and we do not consider it excessive.

In defendant's brief "the erroneous charge of the Judge" is referred to: as we have said, there is no exception taken to the charge of the Court, and we therefore do not consider it.

We hold that the verdict is well sustained and we refuse to interfere with it.

The exceptions are overruled. A. Ross for plaintiff; Charles Creighton for defendant. Honolulu, April 5 1894.

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By the Cuticura Remedies when the best physicians, hospitals, and all other remedies and methods of treatment fail. They afford immediate relief in the most torturing of Itching and Burning Eczemas, and other itching, scaly, crusted, and blotchy skin and scalp diseases, permit rest and sleep, and point to a permanent and economical (because most speedy) cure.



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The great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin purifier and beautifier, externally, instantly allay the most intense itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal raw and irritated surfaces, clear the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and restore the hair, while Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood and skin purifier and greatest of humor remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and hereditary elements, and thus removes the cause.

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HOLLISTER & CO. have removed their Office and Salesroom to the corner of Fort and Merchant streets, the store formerly occupied by M. Goldberg.

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JUST RECEIVED—A NEW LINE OF

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Bedroom Sets, Wicker Ware.

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TO SUIT ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES; ALSO, ALL KINDS OF MANUFACTURING DONE IN FURNITURE, BEDDING AND UPHOLSTERY, AND BEST QUALITY OF

LIVE GESE FEATHERS, HAIR, MOSS AND EXCELSIOR

KEPT ON HAND; ALSO THE LATEST PATTERNS OF WICKER WARE IN SETS OR SINGLE PIECES.

Special orders for Wicker Ware or all kinds of Furniture to suit at low prices.

All orders from the other islands will receive our prompt attention and Furniture will be well packed and goods sold at San Francisco prices.

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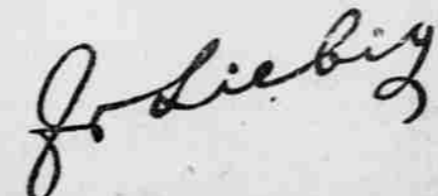
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FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

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Cookery Books may be had at the office of this paper.

New Advertisements.

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are just in receipt of large importations by their Iron Barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America consisting of

A Large and Complete Assortment

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DRY GOODS,

—SUCH AS—

Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns, A FINE SELECTION OF

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in the latest styles.

A splendid line of FLANNELS, black and colored MERINOS and CASHMERE, SATINS, VELVETS and PLUSHES, CRAPE, &c.

TAILORS' GOODS,

a full assortment,

Silesias, Sleevebindings, Stiffeners, Italian Cloth, Molesters, Meltons, Serge, Kammaris &c., &c., &c.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Tablecovers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas,

Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroidery, Cutlery, Perfumery and Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

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Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Rochstein & Seiler Placques, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

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Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galv. Iron—Best and 3 Best, Galv. Corrugated Iron.

Steel Rails, 18 and 20, R. R. Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, R. R. Steel Sleepers.

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Hawaiian Sugar and Rice.

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For sale on the most liberal terms and at lowest prices.

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with reliable drivers, SINGLE or DOUBLES TEAMS, SADDLE HORSES

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Carriages will be at every Steamer land 7 on Steamers arrival.

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Will cover 10 mares at \$30.

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SERVICE \$20.

Fine Horses for Sale

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518-2m

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE. Table with columns for ship names, destinations, and departure dates.

Stanton, Geo H Taylor and wife, Darel Vinton, Mrs S S Welch, Miss J Welch, Admiral John G Walker, A T Wall, Fred Waterhouse, P L Wooster, Miss May Young. From Port Blakeley, per bktn Amelia.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF EXECUTION issued out of the First Circuit Court on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1894, against N. Hookano, D. K. Kahana, J. Kekaulike and Keahona, defendants, in favor of Margaret Campbell et al., plaintiffs, for the sum of \$540.60, I have levied upon and shall expose for sale at the Station House in the District of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, at 12 o'clock of MONDAY, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1894, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the said N. Hookano, D. K. Kahana, J. Kekaulike and Keahona, defendants, in and to the following properties, unless said judgment, interest, costs and my expenses be previously paid.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of GEORGE E. RICHARDSON, late of Wailuku, Maui, deceased. On reading and filing the petition and accounts of William O. Smith, Executor of the Will of George E. Richardson late of Wailuku, Maui, deceased, wherein he asks to be allowed \$2623.88, and charges himself with \$684.67, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of the said estate, and that the executor be discharged to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such Executor.

Legal Advertisements. Lands at Auction. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER issued by the Court through the Chief Justice, HON. A. F. JUDG, in regard to case of WILLIAM WATSON, et al, against DAVID JATSON, the said land, heretofore situated at the Auction Rooms of James F. Morgan, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, On Monday, March 19, 1894.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP CO.'S TIME TABLE. Table listing ship names, destinations, and departure times.

ARRIVALS. TUESDAY, April 10. Bk Albert, Griffiths, 17 days from San Francisco. Four-masted schr Transit, Jorgensen, 17 days from San Francisco.

There is some talk of the flagship Philadelphia being ordered home soon to undergo an overhauling. If she does leave, it is expected that the "pride of the navy," the New York, will be sent here.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE. D. W. KAHUKAHI'S. 1—That certain indenture of lease of premises situate at Kamanuui, near the corner of Nuuanu and Beretania streets in said Honolulu, made by and between Chas. R. Bishop and said D. W. Kahukahi, dated January 1st, 1888, together with the premises thereby demised.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of ANNA J. BUCKLE, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased. A document purporting to be the last will and testament of Anna J. Buckle, deceased, having been presented to the Probate Court, and presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to H. H. Parker, having been filed in said Court.

Legal Advertisements. Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, made by KUKANA POAMOKU and JOAQUIN her husband, and S. W. KALANUIA of Lahaina, Island of Maui, to James M. Monsarrat of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Trustee, recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, in Liber 126, folio 62 and 66, the said James M. Monsarrat, Trustee, as aforesaid, Mortgagee, intends to foreclose the said mortgage for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit: the non-payment of both the principal and interest when due.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.

DEPARTURES. TUESDAY, April 10. Am schr Alice Cooke, Penhallow, for San Francisco. Stmr James Makee, Haglund, for Kauai.

On the 30th ultimo the schooner Eva arrived at San Francisco, 14 1/2 days from Mahukona. A San Francisco paper says that she broke the round trip record, going down and returning in 28 1/2 days.

4—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Ho-eae, Ewa, in said island of Oahu, and being the same premises described in R. P. 783, L. C. A. 899, to Kahooweliwelli and which were conveyed to the said D. W. Kahukahi by Kapiolani, the brother and heir-at-law of said Kahooweliwelli, by deed dated May 18th, 1875, and recorded in Liber 42, on folio 357, and recon 1 acre 453 square chains, subject to mortgage of \$225, in favor of A. Campbell, dated November 26th, 1887, and recorded in Liber 108, on folio 266-7, which was assigned to Margaret Campbell et al., by A. J. Campbell, administrator of the estate of Alexander Campbell, by assignment dated November 5th, 1889, and recorded in Liber 118, on folios 459, 460 and 461.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of L. K. A. HILLO, late of Honolulu, deceased, intestate. Before Mr. Justice S. L. AUSTIN. On reading and filing the petition of M. S. Grubman & Co., B. Schmidt & Sons, Creditors of L. K. A. Hillo, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1894, and praying that an Administrator may be appointed of said estate, and that due notice be given to all persons interested to appear at such time and place as this Court may direct, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of this petition should not be granted.

Legal Advertisements. Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated the 30th day of October, 1889, made by KAWAWAHIMOKU (HUKU) and JOSEPH KALANUIA, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Trustee, recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, in Liber 125, folio 34, 35 and 36, the said James M. Monsarrat, Trustee as aforesaid, Mortgagee, intends to foreclose the said mortgage for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit: the non-payment of both the principal and interest when due.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.

VESSLS LEAVING TODAY. Stmr Kaala, Thompson, for Waianae at 7:30 a. m. Stmr Mikahala, Chaney, for Nawiliwili and Hanamaulu, at 3 p. m.

The barkentine Tropic Bird has proudly thrown to the breezes the rooster flag presented to Captain Burns by the merchants of Tahiti, commemorating the vessel's remarkable trip in January last. The voyage broke all records and was one of the fastest runs of 4200 nautical miles ever made on the Pacific, the time from dock to dock being 17 days and 20 hours.

5—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Kanimano and Manua, Kapalama, Island of Oahu, being the same premises described in L. C. A. 2319, to Kahooweliwelli, containing an area of 69 square chains; also some horses at Koolau.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of A. TYLER, late of Honolulu, deceased. Order appointing time for the Probate thereof, and directing publication of notice of same. A document, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of A. TYLER, deceased, having been presented to the Probate Court, and presented to said Probate Court and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to J. M. MAUKALOA, having been filed in said Court.

Legal Advertisements. Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated the 30th day of October, 1889, made by KAWAWAHIMOKU (HUKU) and JOSEPH KALANUIA, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Trustee, recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, in Liber 125, folio 34, 35 and 36, the said James M. Monsarrat, Trustee as aforesaid, Mortgagee, intends to foreclose the said mortgage for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit: the non-payment of both the principal and interest when due.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.

VESSLS IN PORT. This list does not include coasters. NAVAL VESSELS. U S S Philadelphia, Barker, Callao. U S S Adams, Nelson, San Simon.

The following is a summary of San Francisco shipping up to the 24th ult: Arrivals—March 30, S. N. Castle, 17 days from Honolulu; schr George C. Perkins, 20 days from Kahului; schr J. G. North, 19 days from Mahukona; schr J. M. Weatherly, 15 days from Hilo; schr Eva, 14 1/2 days from Mahukona; 31st, bark Matilda, 17 1/2 days from Honolulu; April 1st, S. S. China, 6 days from Honolulu.

6—All those pieces or parcels of land situate at Moanalua, in the district of Kona, said Island of Oahu, and being the pieces of land described in R. P. 3565, L. C. A. 1059, to K-kaha, the same having been conveyed to the said D. Kekaulike, by deed dated February 10th, 1887, and recorded in Liber 58, on pages 120 and 121, subject nevertheless to apana 2 to the thereof, to H. Holmes for ten years, the rent thereof has been paid for the whole of the said term, and subject to a mortgage of \$350, in favor of Chnn Atong, dated February 22nd, 1894, recorded in Liber 139, folios 361-3-3.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of A. TYLER, late of Honolulu, deceased. Order appointing time for the Probate thereof, and directing publication of notice of same. A document, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of A. TYLER, deceased, having been presented to the Probate Court, and presented to said Probate Court and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to J. M. MAUKALOA, having been filed in said Court.

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ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.

EXPORTS. For San Francisco per schr Alice Cooke, April 10—23,000 bags of sugar weighing 2,448,077 pounds; domestic value \$71,201.92.

Projected Departures—April 5, steamr Mariposa, via Honolulu; April 10, steamer China, via Honolulu; May 29, steamer Gaelic, via Honolulu; April 14, steamer Australia, for Honolulu.

7—Fishing Nets at Ewa, Halawa-uka, near the Chinese rice plantation. Terms Cash. U. S. Gold Coin. A. M. BRUNN, Deputy Marshal, Hawaiian Islands, Honolulu, March 16th, 1894.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of A. TYLER, late of Honolulu, deceased. Order appointing time for the Probate thereof, and directing publication of notice of same. A document, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of A. TYLER, deceased, having been presented to the Probate Court, and presented to said Probate Court and a petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to J. M. MAUKALOA, having been filed in said Court.

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ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.

PASSENGERS. ARRIVALS. From San Francisco, per bk Albert, April 10—Mrs Butcher.

The more Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used the better it is liked. We know of no other remedy that always gives satisfaction. It is good when you first catch cold. It is good when your cough is seated and your lungs are sore. It is good in any kind of a cough. We have sold twenty-five dozen of it and every bottle has given satisfaction.

AMERICAN BARK JOEN D. BREWER. Shippers will please take notice that the AMERICAN BARK JOEN D. BREWER leaves New York on or about JULY 15th for this port, if sufficient inducement offers.

HAWAIIAN ANNUAL. NO HAND-BOOK EXCELS THE HAWAIIAN ALMANAC AND ANNUAL for reliable statistics and facts relating to these Islands. Price 75 cents; or mailed abroad at 75 cents each.

Legal Advertisements. Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated the 30th day of October, 1889, made by KAWAWAHIMOKU (HUKU) and JOSEPH KALANUIA, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Trustee, recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, in Liber 125, folio 34, 35 and 36, the said James M. Monsarrat, Trustee as aforesaid, Mortgagee, intends to foreclose the said mortgage for a breach of the conditions in said mortgage contained, to-wit: the non-payment of both the principal and interest when due.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Table listing ship names, arrival dates, and agents.