

THE INDEPENDENT

ISSUED

EVERY AFTERNOON.

TELEPHONE 841

Except Sunday)

at "Brito Hall," Konia Street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Per Month, anywhere in the Hawaiian Islands.....\$ 50
Per Year..... 6 00
Per Year, postpaid to Foreign Countries..... 8 00
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F. J. TESTA, Proprietor and Publisher.

EDMUND NORRIE, Editor.

W. HORACE WRIGHT, Assistant Editor.
Residing in Honolulu.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1898.

IN CASE OF WAR.

There can be no denial that a war between Spain and the United States now seems to be a possibility in the near future. The latest advices show, that the irresponsible jingoes in the States as well as in Spain have infected the conservative elements with the war fever, which McKinley and Sagasta may be unable to cure. The terrible disaster to life and property which a war would mean plays no figure in the calculations of sensational newspapers, stump-politicians, army-contractors and senators and congressmen, playing to the gallery. McKinley is undoubtedly trying to avoid a war, the disastrous results of which cannot be foreseen at the present moment. It is said, that he will submit a message to Congress, in which he will throw the blame for a possible war on that body, and as the wise men are not going to do the fighting or incur any personal dangers, it is very natural that they will accept the responsibility with great complacency and stoicism. The press and people in the States who howl for "B-l-u-d" and "Goar" and "War" are committing the same error as France did in 1870. They are over confident and altogether underestimating the power of the enemy. When the dispatches of constant defeats of the French armies reached Paris the people wouldn't believe them, and not until the German army was at Versailles did the French jingoes realize that they had made a move on the international chessboard which meant checkmate.

Let the United States look after their own business, however. The question of interest to us is, what does the Government propose to do in case of a Spanish-American war? If Mr. Dole realizes the danger, which such a war would mean to Hawaii, he must take the only step which can save us by proclaiming the neutrality of the islands. But what would his good friends, the annexationists in the States, think of such a step on the part of their "great and good" friend and a government which claims to virtually be part and parcel of the Great Republic?

Mr. Dole who represents a handful of office holders and a clique of missionary planters ought, of course, to take up the gauntlet for the States and offer the services of his army and navy, and of Minister Cooper. If he has the interest of the people at large at heart, he will take the other step and proclaim the absolute neutrality of the islands. Then we will find protection from the great powers interested here and will be spared the ravages of war.

The people should realize the dangers, to which we may be exposed in case of war, if we are annexed or by supporting, directly or indirectly to the United States. The untried navy of the United States

will have all it can do to protect the coasts of the Republic. The powerful Spanish vessels now at the Philippines would at once cross the Pacific and woe to Hawaii if the Stars and Stripes floated here or the government did not observe the very strictest neutrality. A blockade of the islands would mean starvation and ruin. Hawaii is not a self-supporting country, and we can boast of no natural resources besides sugar. All our necessities of life come from abroad and with that supply cut off, which it would be in case of war, great hardship would be encountered in spite of the glorious canefields and the golden dividends. We cannot live on sugar and gold.

When the emergency comes, the people should insist in being heard, and the fate of Hawaii should not be left in the hands of Mr. Dole and his little clique. They are not statesmen, not even their most faithful supporters give credit to their prowess in statescraft. They have embroiled us with Japan, several European powers and to a certain extent with China, and they are certainly not fit to steer the small ship of Hawaii safely through the dangerous breakers, which, if we are not prudent, may sweep us away in case of war.

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"Well, war be it then. It is no longer time for debate, but for action. It is war for which Spain is to blame.

"There has been no time when Spain, by looking the truth in the face and taking advice as to Cuban rule, could not have made this war impossible. She has been headstrong, even as Pharaoh, and would not let the people go. It must not be a mercenary war. The sword must not be drawn in the interests of syndicates, banking houses and holders of Spanish or Cuban bonds. There can be no peace without the independence of Cuba. We have exhausted diplomacy in the hope of peace, and we now accept the arbitrament of war.

"Spain devolves upon us this duty. The coup might have passed away could common sense and reason have been heard. It might even pass now, were headstrong, belligerent Spain to hearken to the voice of wisdom. She prefers war. War be it then.

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A VIGOROUS BATTLE.

From the New Era, Greensburg.

The following is a straightforward statement of facts by a veteran of the late war.

Squire Jhon Castor, of Newport, Indiana, is the narrator, and an honest, respected citizen he is too. He said: "I have been troubled with rheumatism in all my joints, ever since I went to the war. It was brought on by my exposure there. It came on me gradually, and kept getting worse until I was unable to do any work. I tried several physicians, but they did me no good. They said my trouble was rheumatism, resulting in disease of the heart, and that there was no cure for it. Nevertheless I had lived and fought the disease for thirty years, and did not intend to die, simply because they said I must, so I hunted up some remedies for myself, and finally happened on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I asked some of my neighbors about the medicine, for it had been used by several persons in the community, and they recommended it very highly. I procured a box. The pills helped me right away, and I continued taking them. I commenced taking them last fall, and finished taking the sixty box a few months ago. I am not bothered with the rheumatism now,—the medicine has cured me. I can most certainly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These pills are not only good for rheumatism, but are valuable for any disease that arises from impoverished or bad blood. They do not act on the bowels.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

LOST.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK BOOK NO. 1212 to Miss Annie Harris. A suitable reward will be paid by returning the same to this office. 861-1w

NOTICE.

PALAMA
CO-OPERATIVE GROCERY STORE CO., LD

The prospectus and subscribers list of the above Company may be seen and all desired information obtained at the Company's Temporary Head Quarter's Office in the Occidental Hotel Block next door to J. L. Kaulokou's Law Office, Alakoa Street. Communication or application for shares may also be sent through the mail. Address, H. CANNON, The Company's Soliciting Agent. 86-1w

Timely Topics.

Honolulu, April 1, 1898

IN ANCIENT DAYS

we crowned VICTORS, in modern days we sell them, for we are materialistic and not sentimental.

THE VICTOR SAFES

are indeed victors, for as fire and burglar proof safes they are the very best that can be made, and embody in their construction many improvements not found in other makes.

AS THE MAYOR of Cincinnati wrote they have "beautiful finish and excellent workmanship."

We carry six sizes in stock, and you will find everything perfectly satisfactory. Examine carefully.

OUR LARGE VICTOR

and you will be satisfied. We can fix up the interior in any way to suit you; or buy a little Queen for your Jewels and valuables. Above all come and inspect before you buy.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd

268 FORT STREET,

After the Continuous storms and the copious rains the sunshine and the balmy trade winds have come and with them luxuriant vegetation including the crop of grass on your lawn and the weeds in your garden.

You need a Lawn Mower, a Wheel Barrow and many other garden implements.

See the display in our big window.

W. W. DIMOND & CO,
Van Holt Block

GREAT FIRE SALE! ADDITIONAL BARGAINS!!

The Balance of the Goods Having Arrived on the Zealandia they will be Offered at the Following Prices:

Brown Cotton, 36 inches wide, 25 yards for \$1.00. White Cotton, 30 inches wide, 20 yards for \$1.00. New Prints Pattern, 30 yards for \$1.00. Prints Organdies, New Patterns, 10c yard. Printed Dimities, New Patterns, 15 yards for \$1.00. White Dimities, 20 yards \$1.00. Victoria Lawns, 10 yards in a piece, 50c. TABLE LINEN—Unbleached Damask, 25c a yard. Bleached Damask, 50c a yard. Bleached Napkins, large, \$1 doz. SHEETINGS.—Brown sheeting 10-4, 18c. per yard. Bleached 10-4, 20c. Brown sheeting 9-4, 16c per yard. Bleached 9-4, 18c. Brown sheeting 8-4, 14c per yard. Bleached 8-4, 16c.

Gents Furnishing Goods Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckties and Underclothes at Half Price

Ready Made Clothing, Suits From \$4.50, Trousers From \$1.50 up.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

We Have All the Latest Novelties at One-Half what they cost elsewhere.

L. B. KERR, Queen Street.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS

The races are on.
Easter Sunday to-morrow.
Waverley Club meeting to-night.
Concert at the Opera House this evening.
Execution at Oahu Jail on Monday morning.
Take your choice of choral services to-morrow.
The Charge of the "Light" Brigade.—"A penny a box."
Annexation is apparently shelved until the "next steamer."
Cricket practice at the British Commissioners this afternoon.
Berger gives an Easter program at Makee Island to-morrow afternoon.
I sought the Southern;
But got the double Cross.
Ben Naphtaly.
The Council of State meets this afternoon to commute (probably) Kaio's sentence of death.
Pattern Hats, made and trimmed in Paris only one of a kind for sale at L. B. Kerr's Queen street.
W. K. Vanderbilt promises the United States a war ship to cost \$5,000,000 in the event of war.
Jos. Marsden has been authorized to arrange international shooting matches for the Sharpshooters.
Oxford won the University boat race by twenty lengths. The Cambridge crew was exhausted. Time, 22 minutes 25 seconds.
Tickets for the Waverley Club concert on the 19th instant will be on sale on Monday next. There is already quite a demand for them.
It was too bad for the Belgic to keep the Advertiser boys up all night in expectation of the war signal that never came, and the "extra" that never came out.
Some public spirited man had better stop the erection of the Carter Memorial in Palace Square by an injunction. In ten years time the people will be grateful.
The Advertiser and Star are indulging in verbal "jim jams" and the Bulletin is sleepily nodding over news it cannot get, unless a schooner brings it a "late date."
The steamer James Makee arrived this morning from Kapaa with 2560 bags M. S. C. sugar for the ship Iroquois. The Makee was the only island steamer to arrive to-day.

Yesterday was the 80th anniversary of the birth of King Christian IX. of Denmark. A brilliant gathering of royalty from all European countries was to take place in Copenhagen to greet the venerable monarch.

A Carriage Accident.

Honorable Mr. W. C. Achi took a tumble this morning which fortunately had no serious results. Mr. Achi was driving his spirited horse down Nuuanu street. When turning into Merchant street the horse shied suddenly and a wheel of the break was dished. The scared horse tried to run away but Mr. Achi hung on to the reins until the Police Station was reached, where Inspector Sam Macy ordered the horse to stop, which it did, showing that it respects the law and the half dozen police officers who jumped on it. As Merchant street at the time was crowded with carriages, ladies and children calling for the mail a serious accident might have occurred if Mr. Achi had lost his presence of mind and his grip on the reins.

The Measles on the Mohican.

There are several more cases of measles on board the U. S. S. Mohican. The sick people have been removed to the Quarantine Station. This morning Agent McVeigh had the whole crew taken to the station where the men were disinfected. The crew will not be allowed ashore for the present. The cases are the mild form of German measles.

S. S. Belgic Arrives.

The O. & O. S. S. Belgic, Commander J. H. Rinder, Lieut. R. N. R., arrived early this morning from San Francisco. Time 6 days. H. C. Voss was the lone passenger for this port.
The Belgic sails for the Orient at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

STRIVING FOR PEACE

The Position as Seen at Madrid—Minister Woodford's Efforts.

MADRID, April 1.—It is generally accepted to-day that Spain, through the most liberal Cabinet she has ever known, has gone as far as a nation can.
The Liberal, Sagasta's organ, says; "Should President McKinley agree to it, the danger which threatens peace will cease, and the tension between the two countries will cease. Should he not agree, we accept with a tranquil conscience the trials which are in store in defense of our honor and our rights."
Following are some of the details of the negotiations which have been going on during the last three days, leading up to the present issue. Some days ago a note was sent to the Spanish Government, not, as has been stated, suggesting intervention, but urging the Spanish Government to think of some means by which the present unfortunate condition of affairs could immediately be brought to an end. The reply made to this by the Minister of Foreign Affairs was that it was impossible.

Senor Gullon is a somewhat haughty statesman, who sticks to the tradition that Spain is perfectly able to manage her own affairs, especially those which concern Cuba. To save time a request was made that America should give and distribute food worth half a million dollars among the starving Cubans. This latter request was agreed to.
This gave an opening to the United States Government, and General Woodford pursued his course in the cause of peace by suggesting that an armistice be announced by the Spanish Government, he undertaking that the United States would obtain the acceptance of the same by the insurgents. He begged that a reply might be given at once.
Again there came from the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs word that it was impossible.

Nothing daunted, General Woodford, seeing his way, and this the only way, to honorable and just peace, satisfaction to Spain, the United States and Cuba, eabled on Sunday to the President, who gave General Woodford full power to act in the direction he indicated. Spain failing to accept any of the plans, President McKinley authorized the Minister to break off diplomatic relations. This, of course, meant the certain intervention of the United States in Cuba.

Finding Senor Gullon non-compliant, General Woodford applied, through the Minister of Foreign Affairs, for a conference with Premier Sagasta, asking Senors Gullon and Moret to be present.

This most solemn meeting, which really meant peace or war, was held, as I announced, on Tuesday. The conference, which will be recorded on a page of history, was truly remarkable. General Woodford had, it is said, intended to have delivered notes of requests, which he had written down, and retire with a few words, but he changed his mind, and after reading the requests made, which are summarized above, he proceeded in his own eloquent manner, so well known in the United States courts, to plead good reasons upon the score of humanity, common sense, economy and peace, which made it evident that Spain had but one course to adopt. He told them how anxious the United States was for peace, and how anxious his Government was to prove it in this way.

Sagasta, the veteran Spanish statesman, at this spoke out, and in his brilliant oratorical style, cast doubts upon the methods America took of showing a desire for peace by arming to the teeth.

One of those present described the scene to me. He said: "General Woodford was really splendid. He was diplomatic, persuasive, considerate toward Spanish sensitiveness, impressive, never once left his point. Sagasta, cold at first, was roused by what General Woodford said, and seemed really to be perturbed by

the truth so eloquently told. General Woodford struck us greatly. He was the diplomatist and the gentleman, as well as the United States Minister. He concluded by reminding his very distinguished listeners that after all the Cubans fighting in the field were both soldiers and insurgents. Equally with the Spaniards they were children of Spain, and surely Spain, as their mother, would do all in her power and accept an offer which would stop their shedding each other's blood.
"Then he advanced to the desk of the president and said: 'Gentlemen. I want to be frank and open with you. I will telegraph to the President of the United States from here as to the result of our meeting, so that you may all see it before it goes to the President.' Then, before the Ministers had had time to recover from their surprise at this remarkable sample of diplomatic frankness, General Woodford, upon a note of paper, headed 'Council of the President,' sent a cablegram to President McKinley somewhat as follows:
"At a meeting which I have had to-day with Senor Sagasta, Senor Gullon and Senor Moret, we discussed the terms which would establish peace, a peace safeguarding the honor of Spain, and which would be satisfactory to Cuba and to the large interests held there by the United States. A reply will be given on Thursday, which I feel confident will be satisfactory, and, therefore, I beg you to take no action until I shall have communicated that reply to you."
On Tuesday a Cabinet council was held at which the discussion was very keen. That evening, beyond the Queen, no one outside the ministerial circles knew what the result was going to be.

A CHAT WITH CONFUCIUS.

Or Rather an Interview Upon His Teachings from His Notebook.

Many people talk very glibly of Confucius and yet probably not one in a thousand of those who use his name have ever even glanced at his writings. To tell them that in his moral teachings and precepts he was the predecessor of the Christ would be regarded almost as blasphemy, and yet as a matter of fact he was such.
Confucius was a celebrated Chinese Sage, who was born, approximately to our modern dates, on June 19, 551 B. C., at Shaugping, in the kingdom of Lu. His real name was Kong, but his followers changed his name to Kong-fu-tse, the master or teacher, and the Jesuits subsequently Latinized it into Confucius.

He was not a prophet, however "inspired" were his writings, but he had a mother, Yan-she, who brought him up in a love and veneration for the ancient laws of his country. In youth he was an inspector of corn marts, and in old age he sank to rest as a pauper, leaving behind him a legacy of love and learning for countless millions. The teacher thus writes his life history:
"At fifteen, I had my mind bent on learning.
At thirty, I stood firm.
At forty, I had no doubts.
At fifty, I knew the decrees of heaven.
At sixty, my ear was an obedient organ for the reception of truth.
At seventy, I could follow what my heart desired, without transgressing what was right."
All are familiar with the Golden Rule of Jesus, "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so to them," but how many know that the same theory of morals was enunciated by Confucius some six hundred years before the Christ spoke. Said the Chinaman: "What you do not want done to yourself, do not do to others;" and again, "What I do not wish men to do to me, I also wish not to do to men."
Is there not salutary advice in his suggestion even for the rulers of our own vestry in the following words of his: "To rule a country, there must be a reverent attention to busi-

Do You Want a Set of Rubber Tires Put on Your Buggy, Hack or Wagon? IF NOT? WHY NOT?

A PLANT FROM THE RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO

Is now in operation at the shop of the Hawaiian Carriage Manufacturing Co., where the licensees are prepared to equip all wheeled vehicles with these famous
Rubber Tires and Roller Bearing Axles.
The tires of the RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO. have withstood the severest tests and have been proven to be the only
Successful Rubber Tire in the Market
OLD WHEELS RE-SET WITH STEEL CHANNELS AND RUBBER TIRES.
Roller Bearing Axles put on any Vehicle and Guaranteed to reduce draft 40 percent.
Rubber Tires and Roller Bearing Axles are not Luxuries.
They cost absolutely nothing, as the life of the vehicle is prolonged by their use, and are not necessary.
We Invite Inspection and Guarantee to demonstrate their economy
WILSON & WHITEHOUSE,
848 Sole Licensees for the Hawaiian Islands

COFFEE LAND FOR SALE

In the Celebrated Coffee District of Kona, Hawaii

2064 Acres at Kolo and Olelomoana, 1135 Acres at Kaohu.
The Land of Kaohu is only five and one-half miles, and the Land of Kolo and Olelomoana only six miles, from Hookea, and are reached by a good carriage road which has just been completed. They each have their own landing, which can be reached and utilized at no very great expense.
The lands are covered by a magnificent forest of koa, ohia, kukui and other indigenous trees, and the greater portion of them is splendid COFFEE LAND. There are now SEVENTY-EIGHT ACRES OF GROWING COFFEE upon Kolo and Olelomoana.
Purchasers can pay part cash and the balance of the purchase money, with interest, secured by mortgage on the property. Warranty Deeds of the lots will be given; the property to be free from all incumbrances. No charge for drawing deeds or taking acknowledgments to the same. Stamps on the deeds to be paid for by the purchasers. The above lands will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars apply to.
J. M. MONSARRAT,
Cartwright Block, opp. Post Office. Tel. 68.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUY A CARRIAGE?

If so, do not fail to call and see our large variety. We have been in the Carriage business many years, and you can profit by our experience
Prices Quoted Upon a Call at Our Factory
RUBBER TIRES A SPECIALTY.
PAINTING, REPAIRING AND TRIMMING AT SHORT NOTICE.
Honolulu Carriage Manufactory,
Fort Street. **W. W. WRIGHT**



As the News Spreads The Crowds Grow Greater at Waterhouse's

We quote you this week standard fancy crackers in the following styles: Graham Wafer, Honey, Popular, Oyster, Cheese, Noahs Ark Animals, Pretzels, Butter, Snow Flakes, Milk and Wine, Water, Gluten Wafer, Ginger Cakes, Ginger Nuts, Nicnacs, Saloon Pilot and Pilot Bread.
SUGAR in Dry Granulated, Cube, Powdered and Confectioners.
CANNED FRUITS. Of all things be wary of unknown brands, too many people have suffered disastrous results. We can vouch for our cooking fruits in gallon cans. The table fruits are well-known standard brand packed in 2½ pound cans and the more convenient size known as the lunch size.
J. T. Waterhouse,
QUEEN STREET.
Ring up 841, if you have anything to say to THE INDEPENDENT.
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ness, and sincerity; economy in expenditure, and love for men; and the employment of the people at the proper seasons."
The Master also said: "If the people be led by laws, and uniformity sought to be given them by punishments, they will try to avoid the punishment, but have no sense of shame. If they be led by virtue, and uniformity sought to be given to them by the rules of propriety, they will have the sense of shame, and moreover will become good."
A pupil asked him what was shameful, and the master replied: "When good government prevails in a state, to be thinking only of his salary; and, when bad government prevails, to be thinking, in the same way, only of his salary—this is shameful."
Several governors of Provinces consulted the master on government, and received the following suggestions and axioms: "Good government obtains when those who are near are made happy, and those who are far off are attracted."
"Do not be desirous to have things done quickly; do not look at small advantages. Desire to have things done quickly prevents there being done thoroughly. Looking at small advantages prevents great affairs from being accomplished."
A great man once asked him, "Of what sort are those of the present day, who engage in government?" the master said, "Pooh! they are so many pecks and hampers, not worth being taken into account."
If Confucius lived to-day within a radius of 1000 miles of Honolulu, would he amend the opinion he formed 2400 years ago? Who knows?

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From the New Era, Greensburg.
The following is a straightforward statement of facts by a veteran of the late war.

Squire Jhon Castor, of Newport, Indiana, is the narrator, and an honest, respected citizen he is too. He said: "I have been troubled with rheumatism in all my joints, ever since I went to the war. It was brought on by my exposure there. It came on me gradually, and kept getting worse until I was unable to do any work. I tried several physicians, but they did me no good. They said my trouble was rheumatism, resulting in disease of the heart, and that there was no cure for it. Nevertheless I had lived and fought the disease for thirty years, and did not intend to die, simply because they said I must, so I hunted up some remedies for myself, and finally happened on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I asked some of my neighbors about the medicine, for it had been used by several persons in the community, and they recommended it very highly. I procured a box. The pills helped me right away, and I continued taking them. I commenced taking them last fall, and finished taking the sixty box a few months ago. I am not bothered with the rheumatism now,—the medicine has cured me. I can most certainly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These pills are not only good for rheumatism, but are valuable for any disease that arises from impoverished or bad blood. They do not act on the bowels.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

LOST.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK BOOK NO 1212 to Miss Annie Harris. A suitable reward will be paid by returning the same to this office. 861-1w

NOTICE.

PALAMA

CO-OPERATIVE GROCERY STORE CO., LD.

The prospectus and subscribers list of the above Company may be seen and all desired information obtained at the Company's Temporary Head Quarter's Office in the Occidental Hotel Block next door to J. L. Kaulokoa's Law Office, Alaka'a Street. Communication or application for shares may also be sent through the mails. Address, H. CANNON, The Company's Soliciting Agent. 86-1w

Timely Topics.

Honolulu, April 1, 1898

IN ANCIENT DAYS

we crowned VICTORS, in modern days we sell them, for we are materialistic and not sentimental.

THE VICTOR SAFES

are indeed victors, for as fire and burglar proof safes they are the very best that can be made, and embody in their construction many improvements not found in other makes.

AS THE MAYOR of Cincinnati wrote they have "beautiful finish and excellent workmanship."

We carry six sizes in stock, and you will find everything perfectly satisfactory. Examine carefully.

OUR LARGE VICTOR

and you will be satisfied. We can fix up the interior in any way to suit you; or buy a little Queen for your Jewels and valuables. Above all come and inspect before you buy.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd.

268 FORT STREET,

After the Continuous storms and the copious rains the sunshine and the balmy trade winds have come and with them luxuriant vegetation including the crop of grass on your lawn and the weeds in your garden.

You need a Lawn Mower, a Wheel Barrow and many other garden implements.

See the display in our big window.

W. W. DIMOND & CO,
Van Holt Block

GREAT FIRE SALE! ADDITIONAL BARGAINS!!

The Balance of the Goods Having Arrived on the Zealandia they will be Offered at the Following Prices:

Brown Cotton, 36 inches wide, 25 yards for \$1.00. White Cotton, 30 inches wide, 20 yards for \$1.00. New Prints Pattern, 30 yards for \$1.00. Prints Organdies, New Patterns, 10c yard. Printed Dimities, New Patterns, 15 yards for \$1.00. White Dimities, 20 yards \$1.00. Victoria Lawns, 10 yards in a piece, 50c. TABLE LINEN—Unbleached Damask, 25c a yard. Bleached Damask, 50c a yard. Bleached Napkins, large, \$1 doz. SHEETINGS.—Brown Sheeting 10-4, 18c. per yard. Bleached 10-4, 20c. Brown Sheeting 9-4, 16c per yard. Bleached 9-4, 18c. Brown Sheeting 8-4, 14c per yard. Bleached 8-4, 16c.

Gents Furnishing Goods Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckties and Underclothes at Half Price

Ready Made Clothing, Suits From \$4.50, Trousers From \$1.50 up.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

We Have All the Latest Novelties at One-Half what they cost elsewhere.

L. B. KERR, Queen Street.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS

The races are on.
 Easter Sunday to-morrow.
 Waverley Club meeting to-night.
 Concert at the Opera House this evening.
 Execution at Oahu Jail on Monday morning.
 Take your choice of choral services to-morrow.
 The Charge of the "Light" Brigade.—"A penny a box."
 Annexation is apparently shelved until the "next steamer."
 Cricket practice at the British Commissioners this afternoon.
 Berger gives an Easter program at Makee Island to-morrow afternoon.
 I sought the Southern;
 But got the double Cross.
 Ben Naphtaly.
 The Council of State meets this afternoon to commute (probably) Kaio's sentence of death.
 Pattern Hats, made and trimmed in Paris only one of a kind for sale at L. B. Kerr's Queen street.
 W. K. Vanderbilt promises the United States a war ship to cost \$5,000,000 in the event of war.
 Jos. Marsden has been authorized to arrange international shooting matches for the Sharpshooters.
 Oxford won the University boat race by twenty lengths. The Cambridge crew was exhausted. Time, 22 minutes 25 seconds.
 Tickets for the Waverley Club concert on the 19th instant will be on sale on Monday next. There is already quite a demand for them.
 It was too bad for the Belgic to keep the Advertiser boys up all night in expectation of the war signal that never came, and the "extra" that never came out.
 Some public spirited man had better stop the erection of the Carter Memorial in Palace Square by an injunction. In ten years time the people will be grateful.
 The Advertiser and Star are indulging in verbal "jim jams" and the Bulletin is sleepily nodding over news it cannot get, unless a schooner brings it a "late date."
 The steamer James Makee arrived this morning from Kapaa with 2560 bags M. S. C. sugar for the ship Iroquois. The Makee was the only island steamer to arrive to-day.
 Yesterday was the 80th anniversary of the birth of King Christian IX. of Denmark. A brilliant gathering of royalty from all European countries was to take place in Copenhagen to greet the venerable monarch.

A Carriage Accident.

Honorable Mr. W. C. Achi took a tumble this morning which fortunately had no serious results. Mr. Achi was driving his spirited horse down Nuuanu street. When turning into Merchant street the horse shied suddenly and a wheel of the break was dished. The scared horse tried to run away but Mr. Achi hung on to the reins until the Police Station was reached, where Inspector Sam Macy ordered the horse to stop, which it did, showing that it respects the law and the half dozen police officers who jumped on it. As Merchant street at the time was crowded with carriages, ladies and children calling for the mail a serious accident might have occurred if Mr. Achi had lost his presence of mind and his grip on the reins.

The Measles on the Mohican.

There are several more cases of measles on board the U. S. S. Mohican. The sick people have been removed to the Quarantine Station. This morning Agent McVeigh had the whole crew taken to the station where the men were disinfected. The crew will not be allowed ashore for the present. The cases are the mild form of German measles.

S. S. Belgic Arrives.

The O. & O. S. S. Belgic, Commander J. H. Rinder, Lieut. R. N. R., arrived early this morning from San Francisco. Time 6 days. H. C. Voss was the lone passenger for this port.
 The Belgic sails for the Orient at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

STRIVING FOR PEACE

The Position as Seen at Madrid—Minister Woodford's Efforts.
 MADRID, April 1.—It is generally accepted to-day that Spain, through the most liberal Cabinet she has ever known, has gone as far as a nation can.
 The Liberal, Sagasta's organ, says; "Should President McKinley agree to it, the danger which threatens peace will cease, and the tension between the two countries will cease. Should he not agree, we accept with a tranquil conscience the trials which are in store in defense of our honor and our rights."
 Following are some of the details of the negotiations which have been going on during the last three days, leading up to the present issue. Some days ago a note was sent to the Spanish Government, not, as has been stated, suggesting intervention, but urging the Spanish Government to think of some means by which the present unfortunate condition of affairs could immediately be brought to an end. The reply made to this by the Minister of Foreign Affairs was that it was impossible.
 Senor Gullon is a somewhat haughty statesman, who sticks to the tradition that Spain is perfectly able to manage her own affairs, especially those which concern Cuba. To save time a request was made that America should give and distribute food worth half a million dollars among the starving Cubans. This latter request was agreed to.
 This gave an opening to the United States Government, and General Woodford pursued his course in the cause of peace by suggesting that an armistice be announced by the Spanish Government, he undertaking that the United States would obtain the acceptance of the same by the insurgents. He begged that a reply might be given at once.
 Again there came from the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs word that it was impossible.
 Nothing daunted, General Woodford, seeing his way, and this the only way, to honorable and just peace, satisfaction to Spain, the United States and Cuba, eabled on Sunday to the President, who gave General Woodford full power to act in the direction he indicated. Spain failing to accept any of the plans, President McKinley authorized the Minister to break off diplomatic relations. This, of course, meant the certain intervention of the United States in Cuba.
 Finding Senor Gullon non-compliant, General Woodford applied, through the Minister of Foreign Affairs, for a conference with Premier Sagasta, asking Senors Gullon and Moret to be present.
 This most solemn meeting, which really meant peace or war, was held, as I announced, on Tuesday. The conference, which will be recorded on a page of history, was truly remarkable. General Woodford had, it is said, intended to have delivered notes of requests, which he had written down, and retire with a few words, but he changed his mind, and after reading the requests made, which are summarized above, he proceeded in his own eloquent manner, so well known in the United States courts, to plead good reasons upon the score of humanity, common sense, economy and peace, which made it evident that Spain had but one course to adopt. He told them how anxious the United States was for peace, and how anxious his Government was to prove it in this way.
 Sagasta, the veteran Spanish statesman, at this spoke out, and in his brilliant oratorical style, cast doubts upon the methods America took of showing a desire for peace by arming to the teeth.
 One of those present described the scene to me. He said: "General Woodford was really splendid. He was diplomatic, persuasive, considerate toward Spanish sensitiveness, impressive, never once left his point. Sagasta, cold at first, was roused by what General Woodford said, and seemed really to be perturbed by

the truth so eloquently told. General Woodford struck us greatly. He was the diplomatist and the gentleman, as well as the United States Minister. He concluded by reminding his very distinguished listeners that after all the Cubans fighting in the field were both soldiers and insurgents. Equally with the Spaniards they were children of Spain, and surely Spain, as their mother, would do all in her power and accept an offer which would stop their shedding each other's blood.
 "Then he advanced to the desk of the president and said: 'Gentlemen. I want to be frank and open with you. I will telegraph to the President of the United States from here as to the result of our meeting, so that you may all see it before it goes to the President.' Then, before the Ministers had had time to recover from their surprise at this remarkable sample of diplomatic frankness, General Woodford, upon a note of paper, headed 'Council of the President,' sent a cablegram to President McKinley somewhat as follows:
 "At a meeting which I have had to-day with Senor Sagasta, Senor Gullon and Senor Moret, we discussed the terms which would establish peace, a peace safeguarding the honor of Spain, and which would be satisfactory to Cuba and to the large interests held there by the United States. A reply will be given on Thursday, which I feel confident will be satisfactory, and, therefore, I beg you to take no action until I shall have communicated that reply to you."
 On Tuesday a Cabinet council was held at which the discussion was very keen. That evening, beyond the Queen, no one outside the ministerial circles knew what the result was going to be.

A CHAT WITH CONFUCIUS.
 Or Rather an Interview. Upon His Teachings from His Notebook.
 Many people talk very glibly of Confucius and yet probably not one in a thousand of those who use his name have ever even glanced at his writings. To tell them that in his moral teachings and precepts he was the predecessor of the Christ would be regarded almost as blasphemy, and yet as a matter of fact he was such.
 Confucius was a celebrated Chinese Sage, who was born, approximately to our modern dates, on June 19, 551 B. C., at Shuangping, in the kingdom of Lu. His real name was Kong, but his followers changed his name to Kong-fu-tse, the master or teacher, and the Jesuits subsequently Latinized it into Confucius.
 He was not a prophet, however "inspired" were his writings, but he had a mother, Yan-she, who brought him up in a love and veneration for the ancient laws of his country. In youth he was an inspector of corn marts, and in old age he sank to rest as a pauper, leaving behind him a legacy of love and learning for countless millions. The teacher thus writes his life history:
 "At fifteen, I had my mind bent on learning.
 At thirty, I stood firm.
 At forty, I had no doubts.
 At fifty, I knew the decrees of heaven.
 At sixty, my ear was an obedient organ for the reception of truth.
 At seventy, I could follow what my heart desired, without transgressing what was right."
 All are familiar with the Golden Rule of Jesus, "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so to them," but how many know that the same theory of morals was enunciated by Confucius some six hundred years before the Christ spoke. Said the Chinaman: "What you do not want done to yourself, do not do to others;" and again, "What I do not wish men to do to me, I also wish men to do to men."
 Is there not salutary advice in his suggestion even for the rulers of our own vetry in the following words of his: "To rule a country, there must be a reverent attention to busi-

Do You Want a Set of Rubber Tires Put on Your Buggy, Hack or Wagon?
IF NOT? WHY NOT?
A PLANT FROM THE RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO
 Is now in operation at the shop of the Hawaiian Carriage Manufacturing Co., where the licensees are prepared to equip all wheeled vehicles with these famous
Rubber Tires and Roller Bearing Axles.
 The tires of the RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO. have withstood the severest tests and have been proven to be the only
Successful Rubber Tire in the Market
 OLD WHEELS RE-SET WITH STEEL CHANNELS AND RUBBER TIRES.
 Roller Bearing Axles put on any Vehicle and Guaranteed to reduce draft 40 percent.
Rubber Tires and Roller Bearing Axles are not Luxuries.
 They cost absolutely nothing, as the life of the vehicle is prolonged by their use, and are not necessary.
 We Invite Inspection and Guarantee to demonstrate their economy
WILSON & WHITEHOUSE,
 Sole Licensees for the Hawaiian Islands
COFFEE LAND FOR SALE
In the Celebrated Coffee District of Kona, Hawaii
 2064 Acres at Kolo and Olelomoana,
 1135 Acres at Kaohe.
 The Land of Kaohe is only five and one-half miles, and the Land of Kolo and Olelomoana only six miles, from Hookeana, and are reached by a good carriage road which has just been completed. They each have their own landing, which can be reached and utilized at no very great expense.
 The lands are covered by a magnificent forest of koa, ohia, kukui and other indigenous trees, and the greater portion of them is splendid COFFEE LAND. There are now SEVENTY-EIGHT ACRES OF GROWING COFFEE upon Kolo and Olelomoana.
 Purchasers can pay part cash and the balance of the purchase money, with interest, secured by mortgage on the property. Warranty Deeds of the lots will be given; the property to be free from all incumbrances. No charge for drawing deeds or taking acknowledgments to the same. Stamps on the deeds to be paid for by the purchasers. The above lands will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars apply to.
J. M. MONSARRAT.
 Cartwright Block, opp. Post Office. Tel. 68.
ARE YOU GOING TO BUY A CARRIAGE?
 If so, do not fail to call and see our large variety. We have been in the Carriage business many years, and you can profit by our experience
 Prices Quoted Upon a Call at Our Factory
RUBBER TIRES A SPECIALTY.
PAINTING, REPAIRING AND TRIMMING AT SHORT NOTICE.
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 Fort Street. **W. W. WRIGHT**
 ness, and sincerity; economy in expenditure, and love for men; and the employment of the people at the proper seasons."
 The Master also said: "If the people be led by laws, and uniformity sought to be given them by punishments, they will try to avoid the punishment, but have no sense of shame. If they be led by virtue, and uniformity sought to be given to them by the rules of propriety, they will have the sense of shame, and moreover will become good."
 A pupil asked him what was shameful, and the master replied: "When good government prevails in a state, to be thinking only of his salary; and, when bad government prevails, to be thinking, in the same way, only of his salary—this is shameful."
 Several governors of Provinces consulted the master on government, and received the following suggestions and axioms: "Good government obtains when those who are near are made happy, and those who are far off are attracted."
 "Do not be desirous to have things done quickly; do not look at small advantages. Desire to have things done quickly prevents there being done thoroughly. Looking at small advantages prevents great affairs from being accomplished."
 A great man once asked him, "Of what sort are those of the present day, who engage in government?" the master said, "Pooh! they are so many pecks and hampers, not worth being taken into account."
 If Confucius lived to-day within a radius of 1000 miles of Honolulu, would he amend the opinion he formed 2400 years ago? Who knows?

As the News Spreads The Crowds Grow Greater at Waterhouse's
 We quote you this week standard fancy crackers in the following styles: Graham Wafer, Honey, Popular, Oyster, Cheese, Noahs Ark Animals, Pretzels, Butter, Snow Flakes, Milk and Wine, Water, Gluten Wafer, Ginger Cakes, Ginger Nuts, Niennacs, Saloon Pilot and Pilot Bread.
 SUGAR in Dry Granulated, Cube, Powdered and Confectioners.
 CANNED FRUITS. Of all things be wary of unknown brands, too many people have suffered disastrous results. We can vouch for our cooking fruits in gallon cans. The table fruits are well-known standard brand packed in 2½ pound cans and the more convenient size known as the lunch size.
J. T. Waterhouse,
 QUEEN STREET.
 Ring up 841, if you have anything to say to THE INDEPENDENT.
 Ring up 841, if you have anything to say to THE INDEPENDENT.



