

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXIX., NO. 88.

HONOLULU, H. I., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1894.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1601.

Hawaiian Gazette, Semi-Weekly

PUBLISHED BY  
HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY  
(LIMITED),  
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNING

Geo. H. Paris, Business Manager.  
W. N. Armstrong, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
Per month.....\$ 50  
Per year..... 5 00  
Payable In Advance.  
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**COLDS,**  
**ASTHMA,**  
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**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE**  
—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated  
publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE  
was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORO  
XYNE, that the whole story of the defendant  
Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he re  
quested to say it had been sworn to.—See The  
Times, July 13, 1884.

**DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE**  
is a liquid medicine which assures PAIN OF  
EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep,  
WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES  
the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE  
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**DR. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta,**  
writes:—TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED  
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With Notes of the Methods of Coffee Cul  
ture Practiced in Guatemala,  
Brazil, Liberia and Ceylon.

Giving full instructions how to plant,  
cultivate, clean and prepare Coffee for  
market. Also estimate cost of a coffee  
plantation of 200 acres.

EDITED BY H. M. WHITNEY.

PRICE : 50 : CENTS.

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**HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.**  
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## IN BEHALF OF THE LITTLE ONES.

Glorious Mission of the Effective  
Kindergarten System.

DOING GRANDLY IN EVERY CLIME.

A Letter on the Subject From a Hono  
lulu Teacher—Some Practical Infor  
mation is Given—The Far-Reaching  
Plan of a Lady Philanthropist.

**E**DUCATION OF  
the very young is  
now more than  
ever engaging the  
attention of those  
in school and  
humanitarian  
work. A few years  
ago this writer interviewed Miss  
Kate Drexell, a Philadelphia young  
lady of high culture and enormous  
wealth. She had just then become  
wedded to the Catholic Church. She  
was the head of a sisterhood and  
was known simply as Mother  
Katherine. At that time she had  
just then inaugurated an extensive  
mission work at the Wind River  
Indian reservation, south of the  
Yellowstone National Park. More  
than \$100,000 in preliminary work  
and building had been expended.

"How are you going to civilize  
these Indians?" was asked.  
"I am going to get their little  
children into our kindergartens.  
That is the only way to civilize the  
tribes. Every other method has  
failed. We will thus go to the  
root of the evil, as it were."  
Mother Katherine, like all per  
sons of advanced thought is an en  
thusiastic advocate of the kinder  
garten.

Following is a treatise upon this  
subject from the pen of a Honolulu  
teacher. It is interesting and  
practical:

Kindergarten education is one of  
the most beautiful achievements of  
this century. And the free kinder  
garten movement is the flowering of  
the wonderful plant, whose seed was ger  
minated in the soul of that "apostle  
of childhood," Froebel about sixty  
years ago.  
In beginning an article on this  
subject to awaken thought in the minds  
of the mothers, sisters, daughters,  
and lady teachers of our islands, I trust  
the words may be of interest and be  
read also by fathers, brothers and  
sons.  
My object is to state in a condensed  
form, the system of kindergarten edu  
cation, and to awaken the desire in  
many women to investigate this sub  
ject for the sake of their own chil  
dren, and to enlist young ladies to  
take the course of study for kinder  
garten teaching. The day may yet  
arrive when a young lady's education  
will scarce be considered complete  
without some knowledge of kinder  
garten methods.

I may be pardoned in extracting  
freely from the most interesting Four  
teenth Annual Report of the Golden  
Gate Kindergarten Association. Mrs.  
Sarah H. Cooper, the founder, in an  
address delivered last year to Chris  
tian workers, explains her own incep  
tion of this work in San Francisco as  
follows: "The Divine teacher when  
upon the earth took a little child,  
and set him in the midst saying,  
'whosoever receiveth a little child in  
my name, receiveth me.' The little  
child has been left standing in our  
midst too long. The world is just be  
ginning to understand that the little  
child is the important factor in this  
universe; that the quickest, surest  
route to Christian manhood is the  
old-fashioned turnpike road, 'train  
up a child in the way he should go.'  
Believing this with all my heart I  
turned the thought of my class, (Mrs.  
Cooper, as it is well-known is the  
teacher of a large Bible class in San  
Francisco, of both ladies and gentle  
men, numbering always a hundred or  
more) some fourteen years ago, to  
kindergarten work among the poor  
walls of the by-ways and alleys, chil  
dren from three to six years of age,  
too young to enter the public schools,  
but not too young to learn the entire  
vocabulary of wickedness from their  
older companions in the streets; chil  
dren of brutal fathers and mothers,  
children of vice and crime growing up  
to become candidates for our prisons  
and penitentiaries. \* \* \* \* \*  
'The hot-tem and jettison on the wild  
mad sea of life,' children who have no  
childhood, and none to call them by  
dear names, who have almost for  
gotten the knack of play. \* \* \* \* \*  
Among just such children as these the  
members of my Bible class began  
their successful work. \* \* \* \* \* From  
that time to the present over 16,000  
children have been gathered into  
kindergartens, no less than thirty  
seven having been organized during  
this period."

It is well known in Honolulu that  
an enterprise of this kind has been  
established this year with Queen  
Emma hall for its headquarters, and  
that an able, trained Kindergarten,  
Miss Hannah E. Eastman, one of Mrs.  
Cooper's own choice workers has been

secured to aid us as organizer. The  
four successful minor kindergartens  
already established in the years 1892-3,  
for the Hawaiians, Portuguese, Chi  
nese and Japanese, have been placed  
under her supervision; while the fifth  
free kindergarten, for the children of  
Americans, English, German and peo  
ple of various nationalities has been  
opened under Miss Eastman's particu  
lar teaching.

She has a training class for teachers  
which includes all the teachers al  
ready employed in our mission schools,  
as of necessity in beginning the work  
we could not secure teachers who had  
taken the regular course. And it is  
to awake the desire of others to know  
and possibly enter this class in future  
that this article is prepared.

To give a little idea of what kinder  
garten teaching is, and how it lays  
foundations for future work, I con  
dense exceedingly the programme of  
the two years course laid down for  
teachers in the Golden Gate Associa  
tion.

1. Observation and Work—First  
Year. Games and songs with form  
gifts, by which the square, rectangle,  
oblong and circle are all made familiar  
to the little eye, with recognition of  
angles. By form gift is meant, that  
after the children have learned all  
these things, they receive as their own  
the article that gave the lesson.

2. Observation and Work—Second  
Year. Analysis of the cube in the  
fifth and sixth gifts. Much combina  
tion and practice in making all these  
forms in clay and paper.

3. Modeling and Drawing—First  
Year. Automatic exercises for both  
hands in games, songs and dictation.  
Tracing outlines with hands and fin  
gers and with pencils. Cardboard  
sewing. Drawing simple objects con  
structed in the kindergarten.

4. Second Year. Drawing from  
simple forms in nature and art. Out  
lining and shading. Modeling in clay  
and sand.

5. Color Work—First Year. Color  
and rainbow games. Recognition of  
the standard prism colors. Matching  
colors. Second Year. Selecting col  
ors in nature and art. Testing the  
children's color perceptions. Water  
coloring, after nature, fruit and  
flowers.

6. Number Work—First Year.  
Number game with beads, blocks,  
sticks and cards to develop the idea of  
one and more than one. Counting in  
groups of twos, threes, fours and fives.  
By the end of the first year children  
should be brought up to ten or twelve  
in numbers.

7. Number Work—First Year.—  
Giving and guessing games. Develop  
ing in simple ways formation of  
numbers in groups of twos, threes,  
fours and on to higher numbers,  
counting backwards and forward.  
Dividing and selling with toy money.

8. Size and Dimension—First Year.  
—Training of eye in size, length and  
width; accuracy of the aim. Second  
year—Weight and measure by object  
lessons and practice in inches, feet,  
and lifting different weights.

9. Life and Nature—Lessons and  
talks on plants, flowers; observations  
and stories on animals—all to develop  
a direct love and sympathy in the  
child; lessons on the human frame  
from their own bodies.

10. Locality and Geography.—Talks  
on earth and sky; develop ideas of  
right and left, in direction, and the  
points of the compass; observation on  
the locality of the homes; on rivers,  
lakes, earth, air, sky.

11. Physical and Chemical Prop  
erties—Recognizing plants, animals,  
and minerals; simple experiments;  
making cabinets of natural objects.

12. Training in morals and polit  
eness by talks, stories and influence.

13. Biography and history.

14. Language, free hand drawing  
and writing.

15. Physical training.  
It is evident from this brief review  
of the course for kindergartners that  
it is no trifling affair to be a successful  
teacher, and that the course for chil  
dren is an education as well as pas  
time.

In the words of one article in the  
valuable report already alluded to:  
"It goes without saying that there  
must be good, moral character, sincere  
love for children, and an enthusiasm  
for teaching; also, good, firm health  
to be a successful kindergarten."  
Yet it is hoped that this "enthusi  
asm for humanity" may spread, and  
that many who cannot devote them  
selves to teaching may catch this  
spirit at home, and that those who  
have means may help in the establish  
ment of the Free Kindergarten on all  
these islands.

It is earnestly desired to form a  
mothers' class, which may meet oc  
casionally and have the benefit of lec  
tures on kindergarten methods, illus  
trated by the educated movements of  
the little ones in classes; but this  
must be developed in the future. Such  
classes are now quite a feature of this  
kindergarten work in Chicago and  
other cities. A TEACHER.

Frank Dekum, who is known  
here, died at Portland, October  
19th. He was a pioneer and lead  
ing man of that city. The two  
Misses Dekum, who had started  
for Honolulu, returned to Portland  
from Astoria.

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at  
Weslton, Florida, says he cured a  
case of diarrhoea of long standing in  
six hours, with one small bottle of  
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhoea Remedy. What a pleas  
ant surprise that must have been to  
the sufferer. Such cures are not  
unusual with this remedy. In many  
instances only one or two doses are  
required to give permanent relief.  
It can always be depended upon.  
When reduced with water it is  
pleasant to take. For sale by all  
Dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., Agents  
for H. I.

## NOW FRIENDLY TO VACCINATION.

Board of Health Secretary So Re  
ports the Natives.

A WARNING ABOUT DRINKING WATER.

It Should Be Boiled In All Cases—Bad  
Drainage Near Town—Many Dogs  
to Be Destroyed—License Issued for  
a Woman Physician to Practice.

**V**ACCINATION,  
drinking water, dogs  
dangerous to public  
health, new physi  
cians and letters on  
various subjects were  
considered at a meet  
ing of the Board  
of Health yesterday.

President Smith was in the chair.  
The following members were in at  
tendance: Doctors Day, Wood and  
Emerson and Messrs. J. T. Water  
house and Lansing and Executive  
Officer C. B. Reynolds.  
Doctors Day, Emerson and Wood  
reported adversely on the applica  
tion of a Japanese doctor, named Hirano,  
for a license to practice medicine.  
The doctors were assisted in the ex  
amination by Dr. Kobayashi. The  
report concludes: "The examination  
was made with all fairness and was  
eminently practical in its scope, and  
so admitted by the applicant."

A letter was read from a kokua,  
now at the leper settlement. He is  
anxious to leave the place, and asks  
for the board's permission. The mat  
ter will be considered when the board  
visits Molokai next week.

Dr. Mouritz, Government physician  
on Molokai, sent in his monthly re  
port and asked for more vaccine, stat  
ing that the opposition to vaccina  
tion in his district had greatly de  
creased. Mr. Smith said that it was  
very gratifying to the board to know  
that the natives were taking more  
kindly to vaccination, and much of  
the credit for the change of front was  
due to the discretion exercised by the  
Government physician. Mr. Smith  
added that the supply of virus was ex  
hausted, but another shipment was  
expected next week.

The secretary presented a report on  
vaccination. It states that 1330 chil  
dren were vaccinated during the last  
three months. This amount covers  
the whole group. The money ex  
pended during the time for vaccina  
tion was \$720.50.

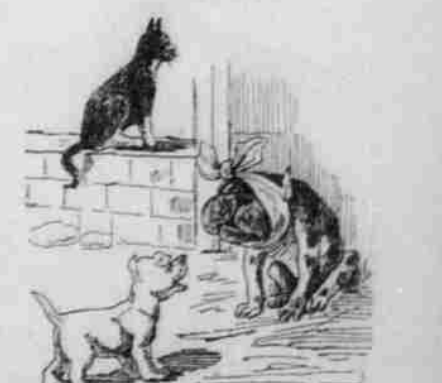
Agent Greene of the Humane Soci  
ety addressed a letter to the board,  
calling attention to the large number  
of mangy dogs that are at present in  
Honolulu. He considered their pres  
ence a menace to the health of  
the community and wanted  
the board to give him power  
to put the curs out of the way.  
The matter was discussed and it was  
finally decided to declare war on all  
mangy dogs. Hereafter, whenever  
any are caught they will be killed.

Dr. Wood stated that every fall a  
large number of cases of malarial fever  
were discovered on the Ewa planta  
tion. This state of things was caused  
either by bad drainage or from water.  
In his opinion the latter was the chief  
cause, as the water is stored in tanks  
and is kept sometimes until it becomes  
foul. The same trouble was met with  
on Kahuku some time ago but a re  
medy was found for it. This matter was  
disposed of by deputizing Dr. Em  
erson and Agent Reynolds to make an  
investigation and report to the next  
meeting.

Jennie L. Hildebrand, M. D., ap  
plied for a license to practice medicine  
and surgery. Her diploma was ex  
hibited along with some good recom  
mendations. The license was granted.  
A report from the health agent at  
Hilo was that the town was free from  
scarlatina and German measles.

Dr. D. Hardy, of Brisbane, writes that  
a meeting of a science association will  
be held at Brisbane in January, and  
requested the Board to send photo  
graphs of cases of leprosy with explana  
tory notes. The Board decided to  
grant the request.

Dr. E. S. Goodhue, of Riverside,  
Cal., applied for a position. His ap  
plication was placed on file as there  
are no vacancies at present.  
It was decided to warn the public  
regarding the danger of drinking water  
without taking the precaution of boil  
ing it. The Board considers that the  
importance of boiling water for drink  
ing purposes cannot be overestimated  
as there is always more or less typhoid  
and malaria during the rainy months.



BULLETIN—"Seems to me you look  
kinder sad."  
STAR—"I only told the office cat of  
the ADVERTISER she was no good. I  
ain't feeling well this morning. I  
hate cats."—Life.

IT WAS ELABORATE BUT QUIET.

Chinese Celebration of Yin Ling's Birthday.

THE AGED DOWAGER IS POPULAR.

Yellow Flags Floated Everywhere—A Reception—Music and Fireworks—An Address That Pleased the Large Audience—Text of It.

HE is the greatest individual force in China." This short sentence was the description of a leader in the celebration in honor of the 60th birthday of the mother of China's Emperor.

When honored with the hand of a prince of the blood the woman was a member of an obscure family. Her own talents earned her the place she so ably occupied.

reigned only for thirteen years and died, and was succeeded by Kong See, our present Emperor. We all understand that our present Emperor was only five years old when he became Emperor, and the country was again under the rule of our beloved Empress Dowager.

The Chinese delight to honor Yin Ling. In every clime to which a person of the race has been attracted, her praises are sung. In the empire she is simply imperial. To her brain power there is added the most commendable graces of the heart.

In Honolulu the Chinese celebrated the anniversary of Yin Ling's birth quietly but on a pretentious scale. Mr. Ho Fong, of the Hawaiian Chinese News, said they were averse to doing anything that might tend to make friction locally.

Chinatown was profusely decorated. There never was before such a showing of flags and lanterns. Banners had been imported for the occasion. The yellow flag with the fierce, forbidding dragon floated over every Chinese place.

Go Kim and the assistant commercial agent and other officers received members and a few friends at the club house of the United Chinese Society on King street. There were feasts of sweetsmeats for those who entered the parlors. The decorations were screens and dollies. The latter were hand worked with golden thread.

These two paragraphs are from the Anglican Church Chronicle: "We ought to congratulate ourselves on the quietness we enjoy in these Islands, where there are so many conflicting elements and especially while the war is being waged between two of the nations whose people supply for the most part our labor.

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or croup as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for several years with the best results and always keeps a bottle of it in the house.

be a fine orator. He made himself heard and held the close attention of a large audience. The speaker came to Hawaii as a child and has become manager for a heavy wholesale house, as well as a leader in the colony. He said: "This is the birthday of our beloved Empress Dowager Tzsi Hi, and she is 60 years of age. We, her people, must honor her, as she has always treated us as her own children."



reigned only for thirteen years and died, and was succeeded by Kong See, our present Emperor. We all understand that our present Emperor was only five years old when he became Emperor, and the country was again under the rule of our beloved Empress Dowager.

IS A GOOD PLANK.

An American Union Man Writes About the Tariff.

MR. EDITOR: The platform of the American Union Party contains the following plank on the tariff. "We demand such a revision of the tariff as will prohibit competition with American products and manufactures, protection to which America is justly entitled by virtue of the treaty of reciprocity, and which we deem necessary to insure the existence of our merchants, who are being rapidly superseded by an element having nothing in common with the principles lying at the foundation of our institutions."

The membership of the American Union party have full confidence in their elected representatives to the Legislature, and know that they will live up to the platform, which demands the correction of a condition, the existence of which is well illustrated by the saki trade. W. R. S.

White Winged Peace.

These two paragraphs are from the Anglican Church Chronicle: "We ought to congratulate ourselves on the quietness we enjoy in these Islands, where there are so many conflicting elements and especially while the war is being waged between two of the nations whose people supply for the most part our labor.

"The first election under the Hawaiian Republic took place last Monday."

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or croup as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for several years with the best results and always keeps a bottle of it in the house.

ENDING OF THE CONVENTION.

The Second Day's Session of the Planters.

F. A. SCHAEFER IS NOW PRESIDENT.

Goes in at an Important Time—Company Will Establish an Experimental Station—Revenues—Coffee Men Wanted as Members of the Society.

F. A. Schaefer is the new president of the Planters' Labor and Supply Company. There was applause when this was reported to the meeting Tuesday morning. Mr. Schaefer has been interested in plantations since 1882. He has always had an abiding faith in the industry and has put in his time and money through all the vicissitudes. He is now very prominent in the business, being well known in foreign countries as a successful man.

It was recommended by the trustees that the company levy five cents a ton on output for current expenses and an additional five cents if the laboratory was secured and a chemist engaged. Such a resolution was adopted after a discussion that reached into many fields. Mr. Baldwin said they needed a chemist with facilities here to make all sorts of analyses. He should also travel about the islands and report on soils. As the work would be for the direct benefit of the whole agricultural interest, the Government should encourage it.

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CANAIGRE CULTURE.

An Experiment to be Made on the Coast.

An Eastern corporation with ample capital is about to plant 5,000 acres in San Joaquin Valley with canaigre, the new tannin plant. As canaigre can be grown on the sand plains without irrigation the new enterprise is likely to make valuable those lands that have hitherto been comparatively worthless. A Stockton paper says that in process of time the bark supply of the Mendocino country must be exhausted and bark grow dearer. The cultivation of canaigre at present prices is not richly remunerative, but it will pay in the near future. The root yields about like the sugar beet and would readily command \$5 a ton if produced in such quantities as would justify a tannery in putting up drying kilns and mill to grind it.

Imprisoned On a Ship.

The steamship *Normania*, from Hamburg, arrived in the port of New York on Saturday, Sept. 3rd, 1892, with cases of cholera on board. Many of the ship's company had died on the passage. At Hamburg and elsewhere in Europe the disease was raging. The authorities in America were alarmed lest the scourge should be introduced into that country. Hence they quarantined the *Normania* with every soul of her passengers and crew. The writer was a passenger. It was an awful time. Death was among us and on all sides of us. Nobody knew who next would fall. We were imprisoned. Liberty never seemed so fair, *non pro nobis*. We could neither fight nor fly. There were hundreds of us—perfectly well, and yet bound together as with chains, that the health officer of the port might see whether the plague would not yet break out in our midst. When at last—after weeks of this—we were set on shore, men lifted their hats and reverently said, "Thank God!"

What happened after that the lady shall tell in her own fashion—the best of all fashions, because it is plain and straight to the point. She says:—"Owing to our bedding being damp from exposure, I took a bad cold, which brought on rheumatic fever. For fourteen days I was confined to my bed, and for twenty weeks I never moved a yard from my own doorstep. After a time the fever abated, leaving me weak, languid, and low. At first I had a sickening taste in the mouth and a poor appetite. No matter how simple and light the food was, I was afraid to eat, for it was sure to give me pain at the chest and sides; so I often had to loosen my corset and undress myself during the day. I could not bear the weight of my clothing. I was constantly spitting up a scum, frothy fluid, and had a gnawing pain at the pit of the stomach—like hunger, and yet different. It was with difficulty I voided the kidney secretion, and my bowels, ankles, and legs began to swell. I got worse; I was in agony night and day, and could not put my foot on the ground. Soon afterwards a husky cough took me, and my throat filled with a thick phlegm. I could not sleep, and was nervous. Later I had to get up to sit in bed, for I felt as if I should choke."

"Year after year I continued to suffer in this way, growing worse and worse, until I despaired of ever being well again. But who can tell when trouble will come, or when relief? A wonderful Providence is over all."

"One day in June, a book came by post describing Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup and what it had done for many poor sufferers. I got a bottle from Mr. Seigel, medicine dealer, and after taking it for a short time all pain left me, and I gradually gained strength. By taking an occasional dose I have since kept in good health, and can eat and digest any kind of food. (Signed) Mrs. LYDIA GREEN, Moor End, Great Sampford, via Braintree, Essex, Aug. 24th, 1892."

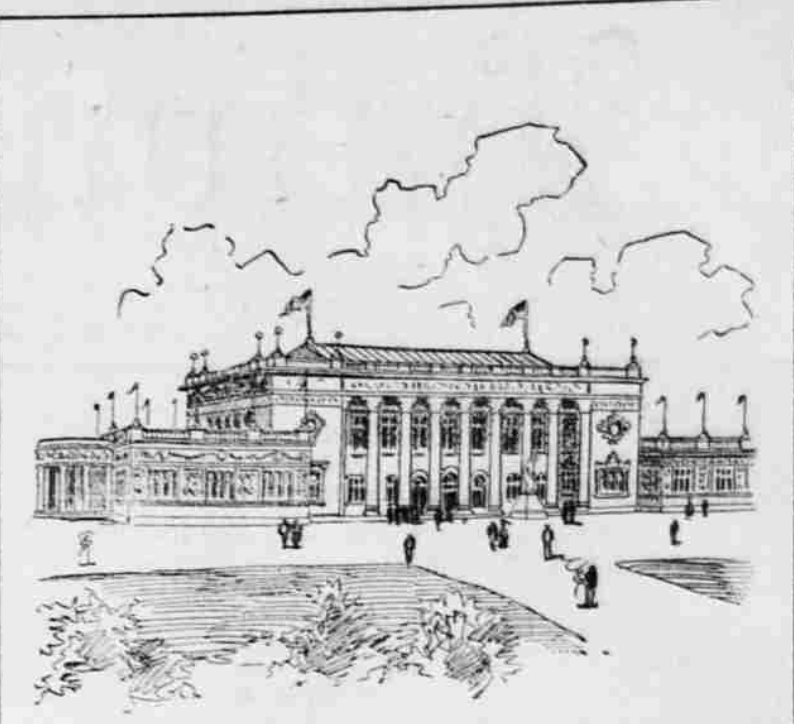
Now, in order that Mrs. Green's clear and truthful statement may be of use to others (as she desires it to be), we must add a word or two. The bad cold she caught at the fire no doubt "brought on" the rheumatic fever (as she relates), but there was something back of the cold, for a cold never causes rheumatism. The rheumatic seeds, or poison, must already lie in the blood; and that poison is always created by pre-existing indigestion and dyspepsia, whether the sufferer knows it or not. This is proved by the fact that Mrs. Green's chief ailment for ten years after the fire was not rheumatism, but indigestion and dyspepsia and dropsy, which is one of its results and symptoms. When the digestion was finally cured by the remedies to which, *all her apparent maladies* ceased to have. Why? Because she had but *one*, as we have said. Ah, yea, disease is a stern jailor. And how cheap (and cheap) is liberty, obtained by Mother Seigel's help.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla. The only Sarsaparilla Admitted at the World's Fair CHICAGO 1893.

Why? Because The World's Fair Directors were satisfied that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Best of Blood-Purifiers AND THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

To Quicken the Appetite, Relieve that Tired Feeling, and Build up the System, Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. For Sale by HOLLISTER DRUG CO.



ATLANTA'S EXPOSITION. The Administration building of the Atlanta Exposition of 1895, the cornerstone of which was laid recently, will be one of the largest ever erected in the state. It is 50 by 100 feet, with two wings, each of which is 60 feet across. The design of the building is purely southern and is simply an enlargement of the typical planter's home. There will also be six other buildings about the same size.

FOR Hardware, Paints and Oils, Ship Chandlery, Leather, Pipe and Fittings, Salt, King Streets. Lubricating Oils.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world indicates its inestimable value.

20,000 CHEMISTS Sell It. Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once. In pain and cottage alike, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY. Its large sale throughout the world proclaims its great worth.

Agents for Honolulu, Hollister Drug Co., Ltd. For Sale.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES in the South Kona Coffee Company. The Company has acquired five hundred acres of coffee land in fee simple at Papa 2, South Kona, Hawaii, about three and one-half miles from Hoopuloa landing.

Dr. LIEBIG & CO. Special Doctors for Chronic, Private and Wasting Disease. Dr. Liebig's Investigator the greatest remedy for Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood and Private Disease, overcomes Prematureness and prepares all for marriage life's duties, pleasure and responsibilities; it gives a bottle given or sent free to any one describing symptoms; call or address 409 Geary St., private entrance 405 Mason St., San Francisco. 1574-ly

For 75 cents a month you can have the ADVERTISER left daily at your residence or office. Telephone 88.

Of Interest to Sugar Mill Owners Managers and Agents of Plantations, and to Everybody Using Machinery.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has opened an establishment at the corner of QUEEN and NUUANU STS., HONOLULU, where will be kept in stock a full supply of Engineer's Findings; Steam and Water Pipe and Fittings; Brasswork, Finished and Rough; Hooker's Steam and Double Acting Pumps; Deep Well Pumps; Windmill Pumps; Hand Power Pumps of various designs.

Being sole agent and representative of the firm of W. T. GARRATT & Co., of San Francisco, who are manufacturers of this line of goods I am enabled to sell at prices never before quoted in this market, saving my customers the wholesale and jobbers profits.

Agent for the Hawaiian Islands of the Richard's Lock Nut, which is an ordinary hexagon nut constructed so that it is impossible for the nut to become loose or slack, and fall off the bolt. It costs no more than the ordinary cold pressed iron nut and dispenses with the use of the lock washers, keys and split pins. This nut is now exclusively used on all the principal railroads and street cars lines in the United States. Samples and pamphlets furnished on application to the undersigned.

Agent for the Siphon Water Elevator, which is automatic, for irrigation, city supply, farms, etc. This invention as its name indicates is based upon the principle of the siphon known to the Ancients but it is devised in such a manner as to greatly enlarge the field of application. Used until today only for the drawing off of liquids to a lower level, the siphon now becomes an Automatic Water Elevator, which under favorable conditions is endowed with great powers. In many instances, land situated higher than the irrigation ditch can be irrigated at a nominal expense. The Siphon Elevator is especially adapted for such conditions, as it can elevate the water from the main irrigation ditch to a higher one, while the waste is available for irrigating the lower levels. The siphon elevators are made of brass and iron in sizes ranging in capacity of from two hundred to three million gallons per day.

Estimates and plans furnished for new machinery and repairs. C. R. McVETON, Consulting Engineer. Office and warehouse cor. Queen and Nuuanu sts., Honolulu. P. O. Box 457. Mutual Tel. 578.

KATE DALGLEISH IS A BRIDE.

The Popular Actress Has Become Mrs. T. C. Miller.

QUIET MARRIAGE AT ST. ANDREW'S.

Rev. Alex. Mackintosh Tied the Knot—Only a Few Friends Knew of the Event—A Wedding Supper—The Groom is a Coast Business Man.

Katherine B. Gray and Thos. C. Miller were the names on a marriage license presented to Rev. Alex. Mackintosh at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.



MRS. THOS. C. MILLER.

Miss Kate Dalgleish, the beautiful and accomplished young leading lady of the troupe now at the Hawaiian Opera House.

The marriage will be a great surprise to all except the bride's immediate friends. To these it was known that the engagement was made about half a year ago.

Mrs. Miller is 23 years of age. She was born in Scotland, but considers herself a Californian.

THE "HELLO" COMBINATION.

Preparations to Place All Under Mutual Rule.

After January 1st, the only telephone central office in town will be at the corner of Merchant and Alakea streets.

After the consolidation many of the poles and wires now used by the Bell will disappear from the streets.

There is considerable speculation as to who will be manager of the enlarged Mutual.

In the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1894.

IN EQUITY.

SAMUEL NORRIS V. EMILY DE HERBLAY.

BEFORE JUDD, C. J., BICKERTON AND WM. FOSTER, ESQ.

On appeal from Circuit Judge Whiting, sustaining Demurrer.

(Mr. Foster, a member of the bar, sat in place of Mr. Justice Frear, disqualified by reason of his having been counsel.)

A plea of the statute of limitations was made in an action at law by the present defendant against the present plaintiff.

OPINION OF THE COURT BY JUDD, C. J.

This is the second Bill in Equity by the defendant in a suit at law, to vacate the judgment against him and to enjoin its collection.

The bill alleges in substance that in the suit at law the defense of the statute of limitations which was pleaded was inadvertently omitted to be passed upon by the Justice who heard the case.

The bill prays that the judgment be vacated because barred by the statute of limitations, and that the collection of the judgment be enjoined.

The defendant demurred to the bill as disclosing no equity.

The ground claimed for equitable relief, is, concisely stated, the omission of the Justice who heard the case to pass upon and decide whether the action at law was barred by the statute of limitations.

The precise question before us, whether a defense of a legal nature, omitted to be passed upon and decided by the law Court and not brought to the notice of the Court, and upon which no finding was requested, is good ground for equitable relief.

Pomeroy says it is not. We quote from 3 Pom. Eq. Jur., Sec. 1361: "Equity will not restrain a legal action or judgment, where the controversy would be decided by the court of equity upon a ground equally available at law, unless the party invoking the aid of equity can show some special equitable feature or ground of relief; and in the case assumed this special feature or ground must necessarily be something connected with the mode of trying and deciding the legal action, and not with the cause of action or the defense themselves.

Note 1 on page 395. "It is immaterial whether the question or matters relied upon by the complainant in equity was considered by the law court or not. Omission to present or make out a defense at law is not a ground for equitable relief."

In Day v. Cummings, 19 Vt. 500, the Court, per Redfield, J., says: "It has always been held, that any defense, which might be interposed at law to defeat the recovery, or a portion of it, must be so interposed, or it is concluded by the judgment."

In 1897 Lord Eldon said in Ware v. Horwood, 14 Ves., 31, "Giblett has had an opportunity of defending himself at law; and in fact a judgment was recovered against him; and I agree, generally speaking, that a jurisdiction does not arise here from the mere circumstance that a party has omitted to make a proper defense at law."

In Hungerford v. Siegerson, 20 How., 161, the Supreme Court of the United States says: "Where a party has failed to make a proper defense at law through negligence, equity will not aid him."

The defense of the statute of limitations is a legal defense. It was not passed upon by the trial Court, because it was not argued and the Court was not asked to decide it.

ered the defense a valid one and so waived it. It was not the duty of the Court to have passed upon it, of its own motion. The bar of the statute of limitations must be interposed by the diligence of the debtor and unless otherwise provided by statute, be pleaded. It will not be raised by the Court unsolicited.

The rule is undoubted that if the law Court had passed upon the plea and overruled it, though it was, in the opinion of a Court of Equity, erroneously so decided, equity would not relieve. (Holmes v. State, 28 N. J. Eq. 173.)

If the plaintiff had failed to have the plea passed upon, through negligence or because he waived it, and had after decision, asked the law Court to allow him an exception on this point as a ground for a new trial, he would be refused, because he had not asked the Court to rule upon it; and an exception to this refusal would not avail him.

The plaintiff had his day in Court and then and there failed to present the defense he now offers. Equity cannot grant him relief. The only case cited by the plaintiff bearing upon the equity of this case is Peizer Manufacturing Co. v. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Ins. Co. 62 Fed. Rep.

We dismiss the appeal and sustain the demurrer. A. S. Hartwell and F. M. Hatch for plaintiff; P. Neumann, Carter & Carter for defendant. Honolulu, October 25, 1894.

CONCURRING OPINION BY WILLIAM FOSTER, ESQ.

I dissented from the decision of the Court on the issues presented in this matter at the last June Term, and have since seen no reason to change my opinion; on the contrary, the affidavits of Mr. Justice Dole, attached to the record now before us, confirm my former belief that he did not consider the question of the statute of limitations.

The sole issue now before this Court is whether such omission of the Trial Justice to consider that question is, for any reason, an equitable ground for now disturbing the judgment; and I agree that it is not.

Two sons of N. F. Burgess of this city are studying medicine in San Francisco. The senior son will graduate before the year is out.

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Soda Water Works Company, Limited

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Viavi Remedies.

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Boston Line of Packets.

Shippers will please take notice that the AMERICAN BARK EDWARD MAY

Leaves New York on or about DEC. 15 for this port, if sufficient inducement offers.

For further information, apply to Chas. Brewer & Co., 27 Kilby St., Boston, Mass., or to C. BREWER & CO. (L'D.), Honolulu, Agents.

General Advertisements.

BEAUTY AND PURITY

Go hand in hand. They are the foundation of health and happiness; Health because of pure blood; Happiness because of clear skin.



CUTICURA REMEDIES

Are the greatest of skin purifiers As well as blood purifiers. Because of their peculiar action on the PORES. They are successful in preventing and curing all forms of Skin, Scalp, and Blood humors, When the best physicians fail. Pure, sweet, gentle, and speedily effective, They especially appeal to mothers and children. Their use at all seasons insures a clear skin and pure blood, As well as sound bodily health.

Bad Complexions



Sluggish action of the pores also causes the complexion and skin to become dark, yellow, oily, and mothy, giving rise to pimples, blackheads, roughness, redness, falling hair, and facial blemishes.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, \$1; CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c. BENSON SMITH & CO. Honolulu, H. I.

FURNITURE!

JUST RECEIVED—A NEW LINE OF

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY

—OF THE LATEST PATTERNS IN—

Bedroom Sets, Wicker Ware, Cheffoniers and Chairs

TO SUIT ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES; ALSO, ALL KINDS OF MANUFACTURING DONE IN FURNITURE, BEDDING AND UPHOLSTERY, AND BEST QUALITY OF

LIVE GEESE FEATHERS, HAIR, MOSS AND EXCELSIOR

ON HAND; ALSO THE LATEST PATTERNS OF WICKER WARE KEPT IN SETS OR SINGLE PIECES.

Special orders for Wicker Ware or all kinds of Furniture to suit at low prices. All orders from the other islands will receive our prompt attention and Furniture will be well packed and goods sold at San Francisco prices.

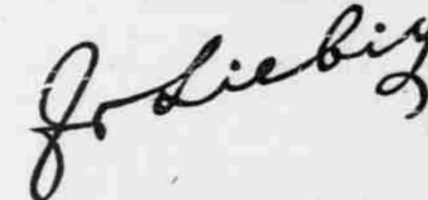
J. HOPP & CO.,

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LIEBIG COMPANY'S

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.



To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India. Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

EXTRACT OF MEAT

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest climates, and for any length of time.

General Advertisements.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

are just in receipt of large importations by their Iron Barks "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America consisting of

A Large and Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS,

Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regatta, Drills Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

DRESS GOODS, ZEPHYRS, ETC!

A splendid line of FLANNELS, black and colored MERINOS and CASHMERE, SATINS, VELVETS and FLUSHES, CRAPE, &c.

TAILORS' GOODS,

a full assortment, Silesias, Steadfasts, Stiffens, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meltons, Serge, Kammgarns &c., &c., &c.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Tablecovers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroidery, Cutlery, Perfumery and Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

SADDLES,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reichenstein & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Fats, Canned Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages, Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wapping Paper, Burlaps, Filterpress Cloth.

Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galv. Iron—Best and 3 Best, Galv. Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails, 15 and 20, R. R. Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, H. E. Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks, &c.

Hawaiian Sugar and Rice,

Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and Eldorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, &c., &c., &c.

For sale on the most liberal terms and at lowest prices.

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NEAR CUSTOM HOUSE, HONOLULU

Imported and Dealer in

Japanese Provisions,

Dry Goods,

AND EVERY LINE OF JAPANESE MANUFACTURE.

Island orders faithfully filled at reasonable prices, in quantities to suit. P. O. BOX 116. MUT. TEL. 9W 1493-4m

Castle & Cooke,

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS!

AGENTS FOR

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF BOSTON.

Aetna Fire Insurance Company

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When a Man Needs Meat

HE DON'T GO HUNTING FOR IT

HE BUYS IT!

When a man needs Hay and Grain, he don't have to hunt.

The California

Feed Company

Does the the hunting and furnish

THE HAY

AND GRAIN.

We hunt for the market. Fresh supply just arrived ex S.G. Wilder.

Telephones 121.

Office: Corner Nuanuan and Queen Streets.

The Pacific Hardware Co. have received invoices of new and staple goods direct from the manufacturers by The Amy Turner.

Hawaiian Gazette

SEMI-WEEKLY.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1894.

EMPRESS DOWAGER OF CHINA.

The history of the present Empress Dowager of China is a romantic one. It surpasses in incidents the fairy tales of the children. Sold in Canton as a slave, to a celebrated Chinese general, owing to the extreme poverty of her parents, she became his adopted daughter and, on his receiving great distinction and honor from the Emperor, Hein Fung, he presented her as a gift to the Emperor, and she became one of his wives. She was celebrated for her beauty and tact. Although a Chinese, and forbidden by law to become the wife of a Tartar Emperor, the fact of her Chinese birth was concealed, and she was made the first wife, but lived on cordial terms with the other wife. She became the mother of a "Heavenly son," who was heir to the Empire. The royal family was driven from Peking by the French troops, in 1860, and the Emperor died. In spite of great intrigue against her, she placed her son on the throne, by masterly strategy, and she became Regent. Her son ascended the throne in 1873. He suddenly died in 1875. The son of Prince Kung was then declared Emperor, and the Empress Dowager continued to be the chief adviser in all political matters, although Prince Kung is the Regent. After many years she declared her Chinese origin, and sought out and found her brother, who was living on a farm in poverty, and she raised him to a high station. In spite of her violation of the law, in marrying a Tartar ruler, she allayed all hostile feeling against her, and remains a great power in the vast Empire.

THE JAPANESE COUNSEL.

The report of the committee of the Planters' Association, on the labor question is admirable, in many respects. It contains, however, a statement which is, we believe, incorrect. The counsel employed, in the defense of the Japanese, who are charged with offenses, receives no compensation, whatever, from the Japanese Government, but is paid out of the sum received by the contractor who supplies laborers. The employment of such counsel is done, we were informed by Mr. R. W. Irwin, in order to assure the Government of Japan, that the Japanese, many of whom are ignorant, would be fully protected under the laws of Hawaii. He believed that any miscarriage of justice would imperil the immigration from that country.

Regarding the remarks of the counsel for the Japanese, on their trial for offenses, we do not attempt to defend Mr. Neumann. He can do that for himself. It must not be forgotten, however, that the public policy of the Anglo-Saxon race, permits, and even protects, extravagant speech. Counsel are not required to "pick out their words." The history of jurisprudence shows, that counsel are allowed to use absurd, impolitic, and even seditious language, in the defense of clients. This may be an evil, but it is a lesser evil than that of defining their limits of speech. The intelligent, and honest committee failed, for the moment, to see, that their criticism was far reaching, and might be taken to be an attack on our system of jurisprudence, rather than an attack on the counsel for the Japanese. It is unfortunate, of course, that we have ignorant laborers here, who do not understand all this. "Gentlemen of the jury," said an excited lawyer, "if you convict my client, you turn back the wheels of time, and break up society, and stain your hands with blood." And then they convicted his client, and all was quite serene.

LABOR IN THE TROPICS.

In the able and valuable report on the labor question, read by Mr. Swanzy on Monday before the Planters' Association, he says that "laborers should be of a race capable of continued exertion under a tropical sun, and no other class of laborers will ever be able to thoroughly assist in the development" of our agricultural resources.

There is much difference of opinion, everywhere, regarding "capacity to labor in the tropics," because the subject has not been thoroughly investigated. We remember that, before the civil war in America, the Southern planters claimed that the white men could not work in the cotton fields. At that very time we saw, in Louisiana, gangs of Irishmen digging ditches, and the boss said, "No nigger can do the work of these men." Thousands of German farmers are now raising cotton in Texas with their own hands. Tens of thousands of American farmers who, before the war, did not believe that the white men could work in the hot sun of the South, are now tilling the soil. Northern men, who have emigrated to Florida, are personally cultivating the land. The Japanese live in a semi-cold climate; so do the Germans and Belgians. The Norwegians worked without difficulty in our canefields, we are told. During the working season in California the heat greatly exceeds that of these islands.

Men from the higher latitudes, when they live in the tropics, make the error of clinging to the habits of labor common in those higher latitudes. It is we believe, a fact that wherever such men have wisely considered the climatic conditions, and adapted themselves to them, they can produce the same results in agricultural work in all climates. The growing season in Canada is limited to about four months of the year, while in the tropics, there is no limit. This great climatic difference, must, and should, greatly modify the methods of labor in the different latitudes.

Heretofore, the men of the higher latitudes have made the "inferior" men of the tropics work for them with cheap wages, and have, themselves, superintended the work. Whenever they fail to get this cheap labor, and are compelled to do their own manual labor, they have done it better than the men of the tropics can do it. In these islands, the climate is singularly favorable to open air work. The labor trouble does not arise from climate, but from the refusal of the white men to work for \$15 a month. Opinions on this subject have greatly changed during the last few years.

CANAIGRE.

While the matter of the cultivation of canaigre is attracting much attention here, it is wise to look closely at the commercial side of it. Already its cultivation has begun in California on a large scale, and there is a vast territory open to it in New Mexico and Arizona. Time only will settle the question of overproduction. Mr. D. B. Mason, the Vice-Consul General of the United States in Vienna, has lately sent to the State Department, in Washington, a valuable paper on the subject, in which he states that the chemists are agreed that the tanning material of the canaigre is especially excellent. As to commercial value, he says:

"It is very similar to gambier in its tanning properties, and, if it is ever to be exported in large quantities to Europe, it will have, for the amount of tanning power, to be as cheap as, or cheaper, than the last named article. It is for this reason that gambier has a particular importance for everyone interested in the sale of canaigre."

This statement of its probable value is important in making an estimate of the profits to be made out of it.

While the tanning material derived from the use of bark, is decreasing slowly in quantity, every year, it will not be exhausted for

many years, and canaigre will come in competition with it. There is no reason for any discouragement in pushing its culture here, but the safest course is, to make moderate experiments, at first.

A NEW PARTY.

THE "American Protective Association" is a new and disturbing element in American politics. Its moving spirit is anti-Catholicism, and its membership is recruited mainly from the Republican party. So far, it has worked secretly, and within the lines of the Republican party, and it shows the greatest vigor in the Western States. The rise of the "A. P. A." is due to the great growth of Catholicism during the last few years, and a foolish fear that it will dominate American civilization.

Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott spoke recently, in Plymouth Church, on the subject:

"The American Protective Association," he said, "declares that the Roman Catholic Church is opposed to our public schools. That is not true. Some Roman Catholics, some powerful members of the Church, are opposed to the schools, but the Church itself—no!"

Dr. Abbott said that it was the duty of all Christians to commend the good done by all denominations. It was an easy thing to pass judgments on this or that creed. Some say that the Roman Catholic Church is the only Divine Church, and others that it is Antichrist, the Scarlet Woman, but both these judgments are wrong. While there were pages of the Roman Catholic Church written in blood, yet there were other pages luminous with light and noble things. It was their duty to commend the good and condemn the evil.

Dr. Abbott declared that the Protestant spirit of intolerance was shown in the American Protective Association, and he read a portion of the oath of the association, in which the members pledge themselves not to employ a Catholic servant.

"I would rather," he continued, "combat the intolerance of the nineteenth century than combat the intolerance of the dead Popes of the fifteenth century. Combat intolerance wherever you find it; combat intolerance in your own hearts; combat the intolerance that sneers at the black-robed women, who have devoted their lives to the care of the sick and poor, who have cared for the wounded on the battlefields, combat the intolerance which manifests itself in your breast at the sight of a man who wears a cross on his breast."

Dr. Abbott said that many eminent Catholic dignitaries believed in the American public school system. He commended Bishop Watterson for the stand he had taken on the liquor question, and hoped that Protestants would follow his example. In conclusion he expressed the hope that Christians of all denominations would exercise larger charity in dealing with those who differed from them.

The Catholics will mass themselves in opposition to this party, if it continues to grow, and they may, in the end, get a balance of political power, which will make great confusion.

OLD AGE PENSIONS.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the brilliant English statesman, and leader of the Liberal Unionist Federation, has shocked British conservatism, by the proposition to bestow old age pensions upon workingmen, and provide each one of this class with a house on easy terms of purchase. The German government is now carrying out Bismarck's old age insurance fund, but Mr. Chamberlain's plan goes far beyond it.

It is possible that this plan, or one like it, will be the solution of one of the most complicated problems of modern life, in which so many men abandon agricultural for industrial or the artisan's life.

Of course the promoters of this plan will meet with the usual difficulty, that men "lie down" whenever anyone undertakes to provide for them, and the bad side of the plan is, that it may encourage idleness. At the same time, there is a vast amount of physical and mental suffering arising from sickness, and other causes, for which the workmen are not directly responsible.

The proposal made by Mr. Chamberlain is another instance of the queer freaks of British politics, the swinging of the political pendulum from conservatism to radicalism. Disraeli showed it when he out-Heroded Herod, in out-reforming reformers.

Underneath all this is the important fact that there is an evolution for the better, whatever the conditions of politics may be, and it enlarges the plan of life insurance so that it will reach all classes of people.

AMERICAN NAVAL STATIONS.

The rapid destruction of war ships, during the recent battle between the Chinese and Japanese vessels, creates considerable excitement among navy men in Washington. As these vessels contain many steam and electric engines, used in the navigation of the vessels, and the movement of the guns, this machinery is liable to great destruction. Besides this, the use of large guns carrying shot and shell of enormous weight, makes the injury far greater than that done by the light, old-fashioned guns. There is, therefore, need of many and efficient dockyards, to which injured vessels may resort at once for repairs.

The importance of the Pearl Harbor station for the use of the American navy becomes more imperative since the late sea fights. The distance between the Asiatic and Chinese coast is so great, that a middle station is absolutely necessary for quick operations.

"The unexpected always happens." Naval men believed that the efficiency of modern war ships, in actual combat would take place between the European powers. Instead of this being the case, the first and most important test takes place, with modern ships, between those nations who have had the least experience in naval warfare, and between nations whose attitude toward the United States, is of much greater importance to them, than the attitude of the European nations.

OPINIONS ABOUT AMERICA.

Ka Leo (Royalist journal) impressively gives reasons "why the Hawaiians cannot join the Government of the United States." That "government, named a republic of starving millions, is acknowledged by its leading men to be as corrupt a condition as a government possibly can be," and, "it is not a desirable government for any one to become a citizen of, unless he has ample means, and is unscrupulous and ready to take every advantage of his neighbor; he must be unprincipled and without honor," and "the people of Hawaii would be fools to agree to annexation to America."

What, now, have the people of the United States to say? Are they deserving of the acute pain they, and each of them must feel, at this crushing comment on their character by the purest and most learned journal of Hawaii? Even if the people of the States have not made such great strides in education, commerce, and all material prosperity as the natives have, Mr. Bush should not twit them about their shortcomings. Far better, if he, and Mr. Nawahi would travel through the States, as apostles of Hawaiian purity and nobility of character, exhibiting themselves as the consummate flowers of native civilization, teaching the backward and besotted youth of America the glory and sweetness of their own lives. And they could do nothing less than found a great institution in the States, within which the ambitious young men of that vast continent may learn to love "poi and gin," those two precious substances, which the other royalist journal, the Holomua, says are the glory or shame of Hawaii, it doesn't know which.

There is something pathetic in the spectacle of a compact, vigorous, enlightened race, though few in numbers, with an interpid Moses, like Mr. Bush, as its leader, casting the people of the United States into the outer darkness. It reminds us of the editorial in a newspaper published by the boys consigned to the Elmira Reformatory, for sneak-thieving: "Let us not associate with evil-minded persons." Mr. Bush, spare, oh spare, the American people.

For a pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bonnd on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent a cold from resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by all Dealers. BEXSON, SMITH & Co., Agents for H. I.

THIS ONE TOOK THE PRIZE.

Model Platform of the Republicans of Massachusetts.

DECLARES ITSELF IN FEW WORDS.

Sentiments That Must Appeal to Intelligence—Positive and Patriotic—Covers Every Current Issue—Even Hawaii Comes In for a Brief Mention.



IN THE State of Massachusetts there are some of the leading patriots and foremost minds of the day. In politics, the commonwealth

which owns Bunker Hill has developed rational reforms. Many of their cranks have become oracles. In every campaign Massachusetts produces refreshing men and measures and documents. Now the Republicans of that State have put forth a platform that is a perfect model of form and expression. It has been published from one end of the country to the other. This is all of it:

The principles of the Republicans of Massachusetts are as well known as the Commonwealth itself; well known as the Republic; well known as liberty; well known as justice. Chief among them are:

- An equal share in government for every citizen.
- Best possible wages for every workman.
- The American market for American labor.
- Every dollar paid by the Government, both the gold and silver dollars of the constitution and their paper representatives, honest and unchanging in value and equal to every other.
- Better immigration laws.
- Better naturalization laws.
- No tramp, anarchist, criminal or pauper to be let in, so that citizenship shall not be stained or polluted.
- Sympathy with liberty and republican government at home and abroad.
- Americanism everywhere.
- The flag never lowered or dishonored.
- No surrender in Samoa.
- No barbarous queen beheading men in Hawaii.
- No lynching.
- No punishment without trial.
- Faith kept with the pensioner.
- No deserving old soldier in the poor-house.
- The suspension of dram drinking and dram selling.
- A school at the public charge open to all the children, and free from partisan or sectarian control.
- No distinction of birth or religious creed in the rights of American citizenship.
- Devotion paramount and supreme to the country and to the flag.
- Clean politics.
- Pure administration.
- No lobby.
- Reform of old abuses.
- Leadership along loftiest paths.
- Minds ever open to the sunlight and the morning; ever open to new truth and new duty, as the new years bring their lessons.
- What a speech Ben Butler would have made with that platform as a text.

REPUBLIC OF HAWAII.

DEDICATED TO MRS. S. B. DOLE.

Republic of Hawaii,  
Thy praise I sing.  
Thou embrace all races  
In harmony's ring.  
United we stand, divided we fall.  
Aloha and peace may reign over all.  
Hawaii Aloha,  
Aloha Hawaii.

Republic of Hawaii,  
My home, dear home.  
From Waikiki's beach  
Te Maunaloa's dome,  
This beautiful land of love and of truth  
Is paradise here for age and for youth.  
Hawaii Aloha,  
Aloha Hawaii.

Republic of Hawaii,  
Thou land of dreams,  
With mountains so high  
And valleys with streams,  
Where Maile round Koa lovingly twines  
And moon ever pure and silvery shines.  
Hawaii Aloha,  
Aloha Hawaii.

Republic of Hawaii,  
Take hand and heart,  
From thee my country I never will part!  
Should clouds ever rise, be all true and brave  
Till Hawaiian palms wave over our grave.  
Hawaii Aloha,  
Aloha Hawaii!

H. W. SCHMIDT.  
Maluhia, July, 1894.

England's Policy a Failure.

The London Post has the following editorially on the cable and Necker island:

"England's policy in the Pacific never has been a success. Now we have to humble ourselves to the Sandwich Islands. Whether the Colonies knew Necker island was Hawaiian territory or not when they sent their messages to the Colonial Secretary in London, they committed a great blunder in making them public. It is largely due to the unusual course of the Colonies that we are placed in this unfortunate position."

Timely Copies

October 26, 1894.

If the United States government should place no obstacles in the way of the cable scheme from Vancouver to the Colonies via Honolulu, Hawaii nei will, within the next two years take on a new lease of life. Instead of a couple of third-rate steamers on the Canadian line, there will be five of the first-class. Emigrants will learn more about our country and the lands will be settled by the small farmer. Houchins' Water Filters at a dollar apiece will be in demand by thousands instead of hundreds as it is today. The islands will be joined by a local cable line and the country in general will be in the swim instead of the soup. The advent of a cable will bring to our shores men with progressive ideas, men who by their acts will better themselves, at the same time improve the condition of the country. Hawaii is all right; it has the finest climate in the world and the people would wax rich on it if climate was a commercial commodity—the trouble is with the people. Compared with the United States, we are living in the era of pantalettes instead of bloomers. We want new blood, something that will make us shake off the lethargy that the people have lived in since the time of whaleships. Give us a cable and we will have new blood. The newspapers, instead of publishing boiler plate will give the news of the world for breakfast. You will learn, probably, that the metallic refrigerator we are selling is the greatest ice saver of the age and that it is economy, money in your purse to buy one. We put thirty pounds of ice in one of the boxes on Friday evening and it was not all melted until Monday afternoon, keeping the lower portion of the box at a temperature of 58° all the time. If you can get a wooden refrigerator or ice box that will do better than that you ought to buy one. We've never seen them.

Incidentally we have mentioned Houchins' Tap Water Filter; now we will tell you what it is. An arrangement that fits on to the faucet and filters the muddy water as clear as crystal. Talk about microbes; they're not to be found in filtered water, and where can you find anything to equal the Houchin filter for a dollar. We have them for the regular 3/4 hose pipe, the size generally used here and we expect a big demand for them.

The very unique Electric table bells so much used in the United States have a place with us. You can have one for two and a half.

Rain gauges that will tell you to a drop how much rain falls in your locality during the night or all day for that matter, reached us by the Monowai, together with a complete assortment of pocket knives from Wostenholms factory.

The celebrated "Fred Archer" racing glass, used almost exclusively at the Derby by London's swaggar set may be obtained from us.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co. Ltd.  
Opposite Spreckels' Block,  
807 FORT STREET.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dr. Jennie Hildebrand is a guest at the Arlington Hotel. The Kamehameha Girls' School will be lighted throughout by electricity. The Rev. H. W. Peck's new Methodist Church has eighteen members. Adjutant Egner, of the Salvation Army left for a visit to Hawaii yesterday.

A number of Honoluluites will return home on the steamship China, due here on next Monday.

Nick Braham's tall hustling did not win. He has been compelled to close up his business on Bethel street.

McCandless Bros. have taken a rig to Kamohilili and will bore a well to irrigate rice lands for A. S. Cleghorn.

A "satisfaction of judgment" was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday in the Norris-deHerblay case. This ends finally the suit.

What is called the "gumming" disease is threatening Australian cane fields. It has appeared in the Mary River district.

The Board of Health will visit the Leper Settlement the latter part of next week. The steamer Iwalani will convey the party.

In the last number of the Sydney mail, one of the influential Australian papers, there is a picture and biography of President Dole.

The agricultural experiment station will be located near the Lunailo Home. The sugar and farming State of Louisiana has three of these stations.

The American League's anniversary celebration is underlined for the 19th inst, at Independence Park. Chas. L. Carter will be the principal speaker.

Diphtheria was assigned as the cause of a child's death at Kukuihaele last week. The district doctor could not be reached to attend the little one.

Three of the gentlemen who came by the Australia to engage in business here will open a tailoring and furnishing goods house in the old Boston lunch rooms on Fort street.

Handicraft announces the completion of a hospital at the Kamehameha Schools. The boys are to receive a training in nursing and hygiene under the direction of Dr. Day, the school physician and Mrs. Thompson, who has spent some time in a hospital training school.

PERSONALS.

Edwin A. Jones has been confined to his house several days with a fever.

J. J. Williams, who has been quite ill, is at his business place again.

Alex. Young will leave for an American and European tour about January 1st.

Theo. H. Davies will not return to Hawaii during the winter and may be absent a year yet.

Transit of Mercury.

People who are partial to astronomy will be interested in the following. The information is taken from Thrum's Annual under the head of "Eclipses of 1894."

"There will be a transit of the Planet Mercury over the Sun's Disc on November 10 (Saturday), visible at Honolulu as follows, local mean time:

"Ingress invisible, being before sunrise; Egress, interior contact, 10 h. 39 m. 25.7 a. m.; Egress, exterior contact, 10 h. 41 m. 9.7 s. a. m.

Bury at the Iron Works.

The force at the Honolulu Iron Works is now getting in full time. The rush is on account of the preparation of sugar mills for the campaign of 1894-5. All of the mills are taking unusual precautions against breakdowns. In some instances quite extensive repairs are being made. The managers and employes at the Iron Works are naturally happy, and only hope that business will continue to pile in. Orders are coming by nearly every island steamer.

Hallelujah Promotions.

William Higgins, of the Salvation Army, has been promoted to the rank of Sergeant-Major. Mr. Higgins is an eloquent speaker, and has made for himself a large number of friends. He is the first Hawaiian who ever won an officer's place in the Salvation Army.

Peter Lee will be the next for promotion. Adjutant Enger has asked him to go to the training home in San Francisco. Mr. Lee has not yet finally made up his mind to accept the offer.

THE OFFICERS WERE CONVICTED.

Klemme and Cordes Must Pay the \$50 Fine Each.

MULLER WANTED TO DROP THE CASE.

Story Told on the Stand—Statements and Denials—An International Massacre of the Language—Other Cases in the Circuit Court.

In the case of the Republic against Carl Klemme and Gus Cordes, the Circuit Court has affirmed the decision of the District Magistrate. A jury trial on the charge of assault and battery resulted in a conviction. The fines of \$50 each were paid by the officers. Kaulukou appeared for the defense, and Deputy Attorney-General Robertson prosecuted. There was quite a crowd in the court room during the trial. These gentlemen were the jurors: J. W. Robertson, C. V. Sturdevant, J. M. Webb, Jas. Torbert, J. C. Quinn, C. B. Gray, Peter High, George Gray, William L. Hopper, C. F. Wolfe, W. H. Smith, J. M. Tracy.

The transcript of the evidence in the District Court was in the hands of the prosecution. Witnesses who testified orally for the Government yesterday were Muller and three native policemen. The defendants made statements for themselves. One of the witnesses for the defense was not used this time. Mr. Robertson was prepared to attack his credibility. Muller wanted to "drop" the prosecution. He so stated in court. The Government insisted on proceeding. The testimony was to the effect that Klemme and Cordes jumped on Muller at the main entrance to the police station and used him roughly. Klemme declared that he believed Muller was about to draw a pistol on him and use it. He had been told that Muller was armed. Cordes, who is lieutenant of the mounted police, came to the aid of his captain. He said he interfered when he saw Muller chewing Klemme's finger. He said he did not strike Muller at all; only shoved him.

There had been bad blood between Klemme and Muller about the politics of the Schuetzen Club. Muller says that on the street one day Klemme said to him: "I will blow your brains out." Muller had then asked permission of the authorities to arm himself, but this was denied.

Klemme and Cordes made a strong point of the fact that Muller had sent them a threatening message through John L. Xavier. The latter, it appears, was playing a double game. He was associating with Muller to get information for Klemme. Muller proposed to Xavier: "You go and tell Klemme that I am carrying a pistol for him. He will then arrest me. Of course I will not be armed and I can then sue him for damages." Xavier testified to this in the District Court. Another incident of the feud was that Muller's room at a lodging house was searched by a mounted policeman one night without a warrant.

With Kaulukou's attempt to conduct the case in English and the linguistic imperfections of several witnesses, the trial abounded in beautiful specimens of the pure and undefiled as "she is spoke." At one stage of the trial Cordes was making quite an address to the jury. The deputy attorney general called a halt on the orator. Judge Cooper seemed quite vexed over the determination of the larceny case against George Malina. The evidence was clear that the defendant had stolen goods from Wilder's warehouse. Nine of the jurors returned the verdict, "we let the defendant go." They were required to change the form, and made it "not guilty." A. K. Kuniakea, Moosman and Crowell were for convicting. The nine jurors will likely hear more of the matter next Monday. In a couple of other native cases this term there has been a marked miscarriage of justice.

The case in which these persons are defendants have been stricken from the docket on motion of the prosecution. E. A. Galaspo, liquor selling. Francesca Dias, liquor selling. T. Carpenter, assault with a dangerous weapon. H. Ah Neep entered a plea of guilty of gambling and was fined \$150.

AT KAMEHAMEHA.

Ninety-nine Students and a Number of New Features.

The following newsy notes are

from Handicraft, the newspaper of Kamehameha schools:

"Kamehameha school opens again after two long months of vacation. Seventy-two boys came back the first day and now we have ninety-eight boys and one girl. We are glad to see so many new pupils and hope they will find a pleasant home in our 'beloved Kamehameha,' and enjoy their school work. The boys have come from Hilo, Maui, Kailua, Honolulu and from Kauai.

"We miss our old friends, Mr. Babb and Mr. Ruevsky, but we are very glad to welcome our new ones. Mr. Perry came from Massachusetts and has charge of drawing and wood-turning. Mr. Penfield came from Ohio. We are happy to welcome them all, including Mrs. Dumas and Mrs. Penfield.

"Our hospital is not quite finished, but it is hoped it will be ready for use before any boy is sick.

"The afternoon prayer meetings are under the care of Mr. Penfield and are very helpful. Many of the boys are interested in them and others are becoming so.

"The evening service is now called 'Our Pleasant Hour.' The boys prepare a program of singing, story-reading and music, which all enjoy."

LINES FILLED WITH PATHOS.

Letter From a Lady at the Kalihi Receiving Station.

Would Like to be Called on by Some of Her Friends—Is Resigned—Mrs. L. M. Todd, a Nurse.

Mrs. L. Todd, who is at Kalihi receiving station, sends an extremely touching note to this office. The lady is of a sensible mind and must be of strong character. She accepts the situation with a surprising show of courage. Mrs. Todd is quite well known here and has many friends whose hearts will go out to her in this crucial trial. Her only desire is to speak to some of these friends before she leaves for the settlement.

Below are the principal paragraphs of the letter. "I may be sent to Molokai this week. I do not know about the time. I am only a suspect and may not be sent at all. I trust our Father in heaven will so direct that I may remain among friends and have the privilege of going where I like. If the Lord directs otherwise I shall bow to His will and accept it with resignation.

"I have been in the Kalihi receiving station six weeks and wish to inform friends of my whereabouts. "I contracted the disease in San Francisco, nursing small-pox victims some years ago. I had lived on the islands quite a time, yet had never seen a case of leprosy.

"The time that Ashford and Wilcox got into that trouble and were put in jail, my husband, A. A. Todd, made his escape. He left at 3 o'clock in the morning, going to Apia, Samoa, on the steamer Alameda. What property he did not sell he leased. I left the little income for the children and went to San Francisco, thinking I could make money there as a nurse.

"They had small pox on the coast at that time, and I have always made a specialty of infectious diseases. I did not lose a case I had at the lazarette, though other patients died by scores. This lazarette was a wretched, miserable place, a disgrace to mankind. In this filthy den I did the best I could for suffering humanity. It was there I contracted this disease, if I have it, and I suppose I have. "I would sooner go to the settlement and live quietly than to remain in Honolulu as a suspect. I would not like to go among my friends. I would be pleased to see any friends who can call, and will be grateful to them. I believe permission can be had from the Board of Health.

"I have nursed some of the best people in the United States, and some of the most pitiable subjects of poverty that can be imagined. Yet I never complain. I was the third person registered in the nurses' directory in San Francisco, and handled some notable private cases there. Yet I was never so happy as when in some public institution.

"If I can only see a few of my friends before leaving I shall be satisfied. Very respectfully, Mrs. C. M. Todd, Nurse."

COFFEE IN KONA.

The Subject of a Paper in the November "Paradise."

The Paradise of the Pacific for November has been issued and can be had at the newsdealers. It is a very good number and contains a great deal of matter that will interest people abroad. Of the contributed articles the story on "Coffee in Kona," written by Wm. G. Wait, is the most valuable. The author proves that he is thoroughly familiar with the subject and handles it accordingly. J. W. Preston furnishes a descriptive article and selects the Windward Side of Hawaii for his subject; H. W. Schmidt, one of Honolulu's best known citizens, contributes a poem which he has dedicated to Mrs. President Dole; then there are other readable articles including some valuable industrial statistics, compiled by H. M. Whitney, editor of the Planters' Monthly.

There are four excellent half-tone pictures accompanying the principal articles.

Manager Dailey is studying up novelties for his benefit next Wednesday. He will probably present a refined vaudeville programme.

MR. H. KLEMMER WILL CONTEST BY AUTHORITY.

Will Petition to Have the Election Declared Void.

Declares that He was Elected—Says They Counted Him Out—He "Will Not be Bull-dozed"—Is Mad.

Henry Klemme, the independent, will contest. He gives notice that he will sue to have the election declared void. Klemme claims that he was cheated on the 29th ult. He believes a recount will show that at least one A. U. P. candidate was beaten and that there were some flaws in the count. Klemme is the man who was advertised as "the people's representative." He was the avowed candidate of the Schuetzen Club from which the mounted police cut off. Klemme was defeated by four votes.

In an interview yesterday Mr. Klemme spoke with much earnestness and was somewhat bitter in his tone. He said that he knew and that every fair-minded person must know that he was elected. A correct recount, he declared, would show that he was entitled to a seat in the house. He wanted his rights and did not propose to be "bull-dozed." The Schuetzen Club, of which he is president, is pushing the matter and bearing the expense, so he says. Mr. Klemme added that people who thought that the two Schuetzen Clubs were at enmity would be fooled and would soon be treated to a surprise in political manipulation.

Mr. Klemme contends that he really had as many votes as the most popular candidate on the A. U. P. ticket. He claims that all the Portuguese voted for him, but that their ballots were unceremoniously tossed out. According to Klemme he was given credit only for the votes cast by "white men" and some of these were overlooked by the returning boards.

The contestant says that he has the sympathy of plenty of good people and mentioned the employees of a very large German wholesale house as having voted for him.

A LITERARY GEM.

A Colonist Who is Keen for Island Information.

Below is a verbatim copy of a letter of inquiry lately received at one of the Government offices. The man no doubt means well enough. He will be favored with "ful particulars":

BRITISH COLUMBIA, October 17, 1894.—Selling By the press that your Government is wishing White labour to emigrate to your Country allow me to ask you for the information I wish I and five of my family at Tailors four sons and won daughter. My family sists of nine not including My self and Wiff I am from the Stat of Washington to B C during the start of the depones and I find it near as Bad her Being so near the lines Sir the informataion I want is Cold we Get work at our tread ther and about mate wages is payed on the average to Tailors and Tailoresses and cost of living you must no it is no small matter to move with such a large family considering the expensess and Get disappointed I hope you will be so kind as to assist me and find out our tread By letting me no ful particulars you will oblige your humben servant

William M. Graham has been appointed a Notary Public for the First Judicial Circuit.



Ivy Poisoning

Eight Years of Suffering

Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Dear Sirs:—We have tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and find it to be all you claim for it. My wife was poisoned by ivy when a young woman, and for eight years was troubled every season

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures with the breaking out and terrible itching and burning. I thought hers was as bad a case as anyone ever had. She was in this distressing condition every year until she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has effected a perfect cure, without leaving any scars, and she has had

No Sign of the Poison Since. She is well and hearty. I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla after the grip with good results, and have also given it to our four children. We are all pictures of perfect health and owe it to Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. C. FREEMAN, Yandalla, Illinois.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other instead.

Hood's Pills are hand made, and perfect in proportion and appearance. 25c. per box.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, 336 Wholesale Agents.

BY AUTHORITY.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, } HONOLULU, November 8, 1894. }

The following named officers have been commissioned under this Department.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.

COMMISSIONERS OF FENCES.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, Hilo, Oct. 22, 1894—Benjamin Brown.

Hawaii, Hilo, Oct. 22, 1894—D. H. Hitchcock.

Hawaii, Hilo, Nov. 5, 1894—Chas. Notley.

AGENTS TO TAKE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TO LABOR CONTRACTS.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, Hamakua, Sept. 1, 1894—Chas. Williams.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Sept. 1, 1894—D. H. Kaalau.

Maui, Hana, Sept. 1, 1894—B. K. Kawaiwa.

Oahu, Honolulu, Oct. 22, 1894—H. G. Crabbe.

Kaui, Waimea, Sept. 1, 1894—Sam'l Ekaula.

AGENTS TO GRANT MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, Hilo, Oct. 22, 1894—J. H. Maby.

Hawaii, Puna, Oct. 30, 1894—H. E. Wilson.

Hawaii, Kau, Sept. 1, 1894—T. C. Wills.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Oct. 22, 1894—D. Alawa.

Hawaii, Hamakua, Sept. 1, 1894—Jno. L. Kanakaloana.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Oct. 22, 1894—Wm. Wilson.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Oct. 30, 1894—Email de Harne.

Molokai, Kailua, Sept. 1, 1894—D. Molokai.

Molokai, Kainuwai, Oct. 22, 1894—J. K. Molokai.

Molokai, iam Notley, Oct. 30, 1894—Will.

Maui, Wailuku, Oct. 22, 1894—Geo. Hons.

Maui, Wailuku, Kaleikau, Oct. 22, 1894—S. E.

Maui, Wailuku, Waiwaiole, Oct. 22, 1894—M. P.

Maui, Wailuku, Agnes Kalua, Oct. 22, 1894—Miss.

Maui, Wailuku, K. Kunukau, Oct. 30, 1894—Geo.

Maui, Makawao, Sept. 1, 1894—Hao Kawaimaka.

Maui, Makawao, F. Mossman, Sept. 1, 1894—W.

Maui, Makawao, E. K. Maikai, Sept. 1, 1894—W.

Maui, Makawao, Pa, Oct. 22, 1894—T. K.

Oahu, Honolulu, N. Shaw, Oct. 30, 1894—Geo.

Oahu, Honolulu, Vivas, Sept. 1, 1894—J. M.

Oahu, Ewa, Oct. 22, 1894—J. Kaup.

Kaui, Kawaihau, Oct. 23, 1894—H. Z. Austin.

Kaui, Hanalei, Sept. 1, 1894—S. N. K. Kakaia.

Kaui, Hanalei, Oct. 22, 1894—Peter Nowlein.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Date of Appointment.

First Judicial Circuit, Oct. 27, 1894—Jas. W. Girvin.

Second Judicial Circuit, Oct. 22, 1894—Geo. Hons, Geo. K. Kunukau and B. K. Kawaiwa.

Third Judicial Circuit, Sept. 1, 1894—Thos. Ain, S. W. Kekuewa.

Fourth Judicial Circuit, Sept. 1, 1894—Chas. Williams.

Fourth Judicial Circuit, Oct. 25, 1894—H. E. Wilson.

Fifth Judicial Circuit, Nov. 5, 1894—Chas. Blake.

AGENTS TO TAKE ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TO INSTRUMENTS FOR RECORD.

Date of Appointment.

Oahu, Honolulu, Oct. 25, 1894—S. M. Kaaukai.

Oahu, (Koolauloa & Koolanoko, ) Sept. 1, 1894—E. P. Aikue.

Oahu, Koolanoko, Sept. 1, 1894—A. Ku.

Oahu, Ewa, Oct. 25, 1894—A. Kanhi.

Maui, Lahaina, Oct. 1, 1894—T. C. Forsyth.

Maui, Wailuku, Chillingworth, Oct. 26, 1894—S. P.

Maui, Makawao, H. Ankaui, Sept. 1, 1894—D.

Hawaii, Kau, Oct. 1, 1894—C. Meinecke.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Oct. 1, 1894—D. Alawa.

Hawaii, Kona, Oct. 25, 1894—J. K. Nabala.

Hawaii, S. Kohala, Sept. 1, 1894—Miss E. W. Lyons.

ROAD BOARDS.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Sept. 1, 1894—Wilnot Vredenburg, Chairman.

J. Kanwe, T. W. Lindsay.

Hawaii, N. Kohala, Sept. 1, 1894—Robert Hall, third member.

POUNDMASTERS.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, Kau, Punaluu-kai, Sept. 1, 1894—John Anderson.

Hawaii, S. Kohala, Kealia, Nov. 2, 1894—Wm. Apela.

Hawaii, S. Kohala, Kukuiopoe, Nov. 2, '94—Solomon Hu. Kauai, Koloa, Kaula, Oct. 30, 1894—Jacob Kauia.

COMMISSIONERS OF AGRICULTURE.

Date of Appointment.

Hawaii, Hilo, Sept. 1, 1894—D. H. Hitchcock.

Hawaii, Hilo, Sept. 1, 1894—N. C. Wilfong.

Hawaii, Hilo, Sept. 1, 1894—G. K. Wilder. 1601-11

H. DICKENSON, Esq. has been appointed Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights for the District of Lahaina, Island of Maui, his commission dating from October 16th, 1894, Vice Rev. A. Pali resigned.

G. E. SIMPSON, Esq. has been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Makawao, Island of Maui, his commission dating from October 25th, 1894, Vice A. Hocking resigned.

L. A. LUI, Esq. has been appointed Poundmaster for the Government Pound at Kipahulu, district of Hana, Island of Maui, his commission dating from October 30th, 1894, Vice C. E. Lake resigned.

D. P. PILLANI, Esq. has been appointed Poundmaster for the Government Pound at Kilauea, district of Hanalei, Island of Kauai, his commission dating from October 30th, 1894, Vice J. Kaheo resigned.

WILLIAM HENRY RICE, Esq. has been appointed a member of the Board of Inspectors of Animals for the Island of Kauai, his commission dating from October 23rd, 1894, Vice Wm. H. Rice Esq. resigned.

EBEN P. LOW, Esq. has been appointed Poundmaster for the Government Pound at Kaipoku, district of North Kohala, Island of Hawaii, his commission dating from the 5th inst. Vice A. K. Kahukula resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, November 8th, 1894. 1601-1

Members of the Tax Appeal Boards Commissioned by the Minister of Finance for 1894.

HONOLULU.

Jas. A. Kennedy, J. T. Waterhouse, Jr.

EWA AND WAIANAE.

L. K. Halulani, L. L. McCandless.

WAILAUA.

Alfred Kaili, Henry Wharton.

KOOLAULOA.

David Kekoa, Moses Nakurua.

KOOLAUKO NO. 1.

Edwin Baskerville, Wm. McGowan.

KOOLAUKO NO. 2.

James Stewart, James Kadoo.

KAUAI.

Col. Geo. De la Vergne, H. D. Wishard.

MOLOKAI.

H. McCriston, H. Peelua.

LAHAINA AND LANAI.

Thos. Forsyth, A. Pali.

WAILUKU.

**A WICKED-LOOKING CRAFT, HE'S TO DIE IN DECEMBER.**

The French Warship Trouin to Leave this Afternoon.

A VESSEL WITH AN UGLY RAM.

She is Bound for Japan to Reinforce the French Squadron—An Old Vessel that Would Make it Very Warm for an Enemy at Close Quarters.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The French warship Duguay-Trouin, Captain Courrijolles, will leave for Japan this afternoon at 3 o'clock, after remaining five days in port. During her stay she has taken in a heavy supply of coal and provisions. The Trouin is a composite cruiser of the second class, large and wicked-looking, with a sharp prow projecting twenty feet from a line with her stem. But she is not so terrible as she looks, being by no means a new vessel, and she is not fitted with the latest fighting appliances, except her guns, which are modern. Breech-loaders, mounted on her main deck in sponsons.

There are five big guns of 6 1/2 inches caliber, two on each side and one placed in a rather peculiar

That is the Sentence Passed on Punipaka.

CONFESSED HE DID THE KILLING.

An Aged Woman Was Murdered—Circumstantial Evidence—Letters From the Condemned—Efforts Being Made on His Behalf—His Former History.

**D**EATH on the gallows will, in all likelihood, be the fate of Punipaka. He is the native briefly mentioned as having been convicted of a capital offense at Placerville, Cal. Sentence is to be carried into execution in December. Punipaka has only about six weeks to live.

In some letters which were handed to Chief Justice Judd there was a meagre account of the crime. Punipaka and another Hawaiian were arrested on the charge of killing an old woman. It is believed robbery was the motive and that a weapon such as a club was used. Liliu easily established his innocence and was discharged.

that my lawyers want to appeal my case, because they have pity on me. I now have some hope, and want to live. Sell all the lands to the allies. Do not sell to the haoles. When you get the money send it direct to Swisler, my lawyer. When you send the money you must let me know also. If you hear that I am hanged, then the lawyers have not appealed my case. If I am not hanged, then it is either freedom or imprisonment for life. In either case I still have my life. Write in English. If you cannot do it, get Kalaniana'ole Kubio to do it for you. Swisler is trying his best to defend me. I remember you said to me when I left home that I left all my friends behind and had only my lands to work with. Give my aloha mul to the ali and to the children and all of your family. PUNIPAKA.

**CARGO OF WILCOX FREIGHT.**

Brought Across the Channel by the Schooner Heeia.

Waited Three Weeks for Favorable Weather—The Haleakala Quilt—Heavy Stuff—Prospects.

The schooner Heeia came over from the wreck of the Wilcox Wednesday with a full cargo. She is docked at Brewer's wharf. The wrecking syndicate members are in high glee. The Heeia was drawing more water than she ever drew before. She was loaded as heavily as the prospects of a trip across the Molokai channel would permit.

In the load there is corrugated iron, car wheels and gearing, flume supports, sugar bags, bar iron, and some machinery for a fertilizing plant. The speculators begin to see profit in their undertaking. So soon as the Heeia discharges she will return to the place where the good German bark lies in a watery grave.

For three full weeks the Heeia and Haleakala stood off from the wreck. Every day attempts were made to raise plunder but the weather was too rough. On Thursday last the Haleakala's captain gave up in disgust and left to load firewood at another place on Molokai. She is now over due at Honolulu.

Next day the wind shifted. The waves rolled lazily against the great rocks on which the Wilcox stranded. There was nothing but a light swell. The native divers and laborers pitched in and worked as only Hawaiians can when so inclined. In three days they had all that could be carried on board the Heeia. Yesterday morning the schooner was headed for Oahu. She moved away in water almost smooth as the bay, soon worked out into the wind and made a quick run across the channel.

The Heeia's departure left the wreck unguarded. Coming over with the load the little yacht Spray was sighted. Capt. Cook was in command and had John Bowler with a diving suit as manager. The Spray was signalled, but did not answer. They say in town that Capt. Cook is liable to get into a joking mood and start for the South Seas with Mr. Bowler. The syndicate is not alarmed however. Mr. Bowler is probably today making experiments with the diving outfit.

It is now hoped to recover the entire cargo of the Wilcox, including the sails and any amount of case goods. There is not a little risk in the venture. The situation now is that they are gambling on the weather.

**NEW COFFEE BLIGHT.**

The Red Spider and How it is Being Driven Out.

About six weeks ago Jos. Marsden received from Oloo some black, withered coffee leaves. The planter wrote that there was no blight on his place and that he could not understand the trouble of the trees. Mr. Marsden unlimbered his \$650 microscope and in about ten minutes located the minute red spider on the leaves. This is an extremely dangerous pest.

The commissioner does not hesitate when dealing with blight. He looked up the authorities, and learned of a ladybug that feeds on the red spider. He sent to California and Australia for the blight destroyer. Yesterday Mr. Marsden sent a colony of bugs to the infested plantation and will soon forward more.

For the ordinary blight there are now on hand many colonies of the ladybug. Those who are troubled need only to call on Mr. Marsden at the Judiciary Building with a jar.

Croup is a terror to young mothers. To post them concerning the first symptoms, and treatment is the object of this item. The first indication of croup is hoarseness. In a child who is subject to croup it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar, rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the rough cough has appeared it will prevent the attack. It has never been known to fail. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all Dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., Agents for H. I.

**Special Notices.**

**SCALDS and BURNS** should have prompt and proper care or they may prove very dangerous and perhaps FATAL. ACCIDENTS are constantly happening. A kick of a horse or cow may cause a bad bruise; the slip of an axe or knife may result in a serious cut.



Any of these things may happen to one of YOUR family at any moment. Have you a bottle of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER ready for use in such cases? It has no equal for the cure of Scalds, Burns, cuts, swellings, bruises, Sprains, sores, insect bites &c.—All Druggists sell it. PERRY DAVIS & SON, PROVIDENCE R. I.

**HOLLISTER DRUG Co.** Limited, AGENTS FOR **PERRY DAVIS' Pain Killer!**

503 Fort Street, HONOLULU.

**CASTLE & COOKE** IMPORTERS, Hardware and General Merchandise

For some time we have been trying to get hold of a GOOD LAWN MOWER, one that would do all the work of high priced machines, and yet sell for about ONE HALF THE MONEY. We have succeeded in finding just such a LAWN MOWER and do not hesitate to recommend them to you. If you want a Lawn Mower these will please you in every respect and cost you as we say about one-half the usual price. Besides our regular line of 3 and 4 ply HOSE we have the WATERBURY SPHINCTER GRIP GALVANIZED SPRING STEEL ARMORED HOSE, which is the best of the kind in this market. Those who have used the common iron-bound hose will appreciate the WATERBURY STEEL ARMORED HOSE; it last longer and is in every way better. THE CACTUS LAWN SPRINKLER was evidently made to never wear out; it is simple and inexpensive, while it does the work of any other Lawn Sprinkler, though it has no revolving parts. Remember, we sell PEARL OIL at \$1.90 per case, c. o. d., delivered to any part of the city.

**CASTLE & COOKE.** IMPORTERS, Hardware and General Merchandise

**General Advertisements.**

**SOMETHING NEW!**

**Mexican Cigars!**

VERY FINE.

Said to be Superior to Havanas!

TRY THEM.

**HOLLISTER & CO.**

Importers of Tobaccos, Cigars, Smokers' Articles, Wax Vestas, Etc., Etc.

**JOHN NOTT,**

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—



Steel and Iron Ranges, Stoves and Fixtures,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS AND KITCHEN UTENSILS.

AGATE WARE IN GREAT VARIETY.

White, Gray and Silver-plated

**RUBBER HOSE!**

LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS, WATER CLOSETS, METALS,

Plumbers' Stock, Water and Soil Pipes.

Plumbing, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Work.

DIMOND BLOCK, 95 and 97 KING STREET.

**JUST ARRIVED**

PER BARK C. D. BRYANT.

BABY CARRIAGES of all styles, CARPETS, RUGS, and MATS in the latest patterns, "Household" Sewing Machines Hand Sewing Machines, all with the latest improvement. Also on hand—

Westermayer's Celebrated Cottage Pianos Parlor Organs, Guitars and other Musical Instruments. For sale by

**ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,**

King Street, opposite Castle & Cooke.

**Give the Baby**

A Perfect Nutrient for GROWING CHILDREN, CONVALESCENTS, CONSUMPTIVES, DYSPETICS, and the Aged, and in Acute Illness and all Wasting Diseases.



—THE— **Best Food** for Hand-fed Infants.

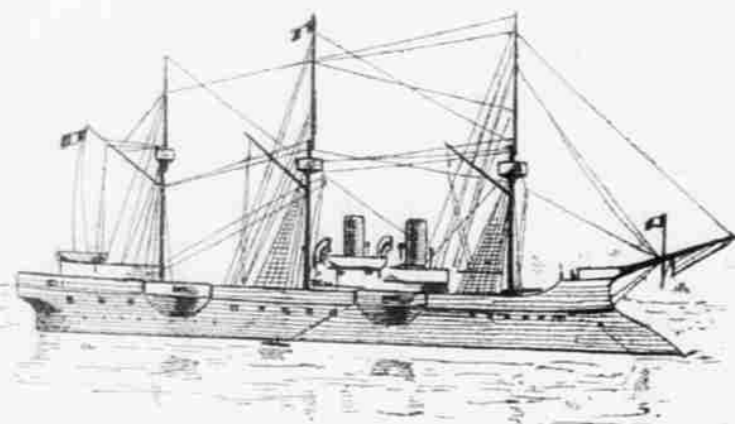
OUR BOOK for the instruction of mothers, "The Care and Feeding of Infants," will be mailed free to any address, upon request. DOLIBER-GOODALE CO., BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

**BENSON, SMITH & CO.,**

Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Daily Advertiser, 75 Cents per Month

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.



THE WICKED-LOOKING DUGUAY TROUIN.

position under the fore-castle deck, where it is intended shall be used after the fashion of an old-time "bow-chaser." An advantage is gained by having the gun thus mounted, when the Trouin is ramming an enemy, the cruiser's forward gun-crew being able to keep up a rapid fire while steaming upon their marine victim.

Painted a neutral grey, lying somewhat high out of water, and with a portion of her powerful ram showing plainly, the visitor presents a great contrast to the familiar black hulls of the British fleet. Her color, useful in war, gives her a dingy appearance at a distance, which greatly belies the natty, trim cleanliness of her decks and guns. Everything about her is beautifully kept, and her crew are as smart, likely-looking fellows as one would wish to see.

Between decks the Trouin lacks many of the trim, light adjuncts to a modern ship of the line. Her officers' quarters are very limited for space, and are by no means luxurious, though they are undoubtedly comfortable. The berth deck is low, and one must bow his head in passing over it. This deck is utilized as a sort of a general armory, rifles being kept in racks both forward and aft, entirely unlike the arrangements for small arms planned for a cruiser of '94.

The Trouin steers from an ordinary pilot-house built on the forward part of the superstructure. The gear is operated by steam and also by hand from this place; but there is no supplementary steering apparatus below the water line in case the pilot-house was shot away during action. The conning-tower is not known on the Trouin.

There is no lack of rapid-fire cannon and machine guns on the Frenchman. She could make it pretty warm for an enemy at close quarters.

The Trouin is a second-class cruiser of 3500 tons. She was built in France in 1877. She is 296 feet in length, 43 feet beam, and 17 feet depth of hold. Her displacement is 3525 tons, and speed 16 knots. In addition to her battery of heavy guns and rapid-fire cannon she is supplied with two torpedo-tubes.

She takes her name from the famous old French Admiral who distinguished himself in the seventeenth century against the Dutch and English. The Duguay-Trouin has a crew of 360 officers and men, her officers being: Captain Courrijolles, Commander Auvert, Flag Lieutenant Delaruelle; Lieutenants de Montbrun, Caron, de Cezeneuve, de Paramom, Blanc; Paymaster de Gonuecourt, Surgeon Herve, Chief Engineer Pierregues; Midshipmen Brylinski, de Pianelli, Perierguere, Rougier, Lecamus, Salmon and Mullenheim.

The evidence against Punipaka was entirely circumstantial. It was so conclusive, however, that a verdict of guilty was promptly returned. Punipaka then confessed that he had killed the woman.

There has been correspondence between the Governor of California and the authorities here on the affair. California's executive has written that he will investigate the case. Punipaka's friends here are hopeless. The Government will ascertain all the particulars, and, if it is justified, will make an effort to save the man's life. The foreign department is moving promptly in the matter.

It was many years ago that John II made a trip to California to save from the gibbet a Hawaiian who had been convicted of murder. Judge II found that the man had not been defended properly. For this and other reasons a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment was secured.

Punipaka was, as a boy, in the household of Kapiolani, and has a great aloha for that lady. She has taken quite an interest in his case. Punipaka left Hawaii against the wishes of his friends. His relatives tried their best to detain him.

Translations of three letters written by Punipaka to a cousin here are given below. They well reflect the thoughts of a simple man in a strange land:

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, PLACERVILLE, CAL., July 18.

KUKULEHIWA KAMAUNU: Aloha Oe—I let you know, my dear cousin, that I am now in jail. If you have heard from our minister, then you are acquainted with the cause of my being arrested. For the reason of this, I want you to try and sell my hand. I need money to pay my lawyer. He was appointed by the court to defend me. If you should write to me, put down these figures—\$72,468. That would let me know without the people understanding it. If you do not know how to use these figures inquire of some Hawaiian. If you can use these characters, write the interesting parts of your letter with them.

I have nothing more to say. Give my aloha to our family. Since I started to write, the court has appointed another lawyer, so the land need not be sold. Tell the minister not to sell it. I am here, but my heart is in Hawaii. PUNIPAKA KAMAUNU.

PLACERVILLE, Sept., 1894.

KUKULEHIWA KAMAUNU: Aloha Oe—This is what I have to tell you. I am sentenced to be hanged according to the law of this foreign land. I give you my last farewell. Give my aloha also to all the aliis; also to our relatives. If my father is still living, give him my warmest aloha. My share of our estate take for yourself. Then never mention that you had a brother. I am going to die. My last farewell to you. PUNIPAKA.

PLACERVILLE, Sept. 23, 1894.

KUKULEHIWA: Aloha Oe—Now I have to tell you

TOOK A SHOT AT A GUEST.

The Last Number on a Social Party Programme.

J. H. TRUSCHLER AS A BAD MAN.

Uses a Pistol at Honokaa—Teamster Kiser was His Mark—Clean Miss—Story of a Wife's Faithfulness—Ran Away from Here.



A STORY of quite a sensational turn came to town from Hawaii with the Waialeale Wednesday morning. It is a tale of love and liquor and a pistol, of a deserted husband, a faithless wife, a jealous paramour, and an outside wooer.

J. H. Truschler left Honolulu about a month ago. Besides taking along a cobbler's outfit he had another man's wife. The husband thus wronged is a soldier at the barracks. He is a very worthy sort of a man and has the sympathy of all who know of the affair.

The deserted husband said yesterday that his wife took with her about \$400 of his money. He had saved \$700 up to a few months ago. To quiet his wife he turned the entire sum over to her. She had disposed of \$300 of it before going away with Truschler.

There was a party at the Truschler Honokaa house last Saturday night. Drinkables were served and everybody had a good time. At the windup the furniture was chucked about in rough fashion.

When Truschler began abusing Kiser about the furniture the latter stood his ground. The woman tried to calm Truschler and made a sign to Kiser to leave to avoid trouble. This was on the lanai. Truschler became greatly enraged.

The advertiser's informant says the details of the affair are known all over the district, but that the police appear to be unable to get at the facts. The officers are making an investigation. Kiser, who is a teamster, was asked to make a complaint in court against Truschler. He declined to do this.

A BIG JUDGMENT SATISFIED.

The Timely Appearance of a Check Stops a Land Sale.

S. M. Damon, as Trustee for Colonel Sam Norris, handed Deputy Marshal Brown a check for \$15,584.15 Wednesday to satisfy an execution. The property belonging to Mr. Norris was to be sold at auction at noon unless the money was paid in before the hour.

The judgment against Colonel Norris was obtained by Mrs. de Herblay, of New York, after a legal contest that lasted for over four years in the courts of this country. It is said that the original claim was for \$4000; interest, court costs, and attorneys' commissions, swelled it to the amount of the judgment.

Samoa Affairs.

The German cruiser Falke has visited Savaii for the purpose of warning the disaffected chiefs there. The captain of the cruiser sent ashore a pinnace and an invitation to the rebel chiefs to visit the Falke. It took them 24 hours of thinking before the warriors could see their way clear to accept the proffered hospital-

ality of the German naval officer. A number of loyal chiefs had at once gone off to the cruiser, but not so the others, who probably suspected that the German intended to spirit them away to sojourn with their ex-colleague Mataafa in the Marshall Islands. Captain Von Moltke, of the Falke, was eventually favored with a visit from the ex-escalp hunters or "head cutters" as they were described in a recent fight. He administered a wholesome lesson to them, laying stress especially upon the foolish statement alleged to have emanated from Tamasese that in a little while the rebels would receive German support. Notwithstanding the captain's warning it was current in Apia the day the Mariposa sailed that the rebel cause is spreading. Despite this condition of native affairs the jubilee celebration of the Malua School (London Missionary Society) drew together 3000 Samoans and the services lasted two days.—Sydney Herald.

SUSPENDED BY A SILKEN SASH.

Dainty Suicide of a Liquor-Crazed Japanese.

He Loved an Ewa Maiden and Was Rejected—Drowned His Sorrow in Saki—Coroner's Inquest Held.



ICE taste was displayed in one feature of the suicide of Mr. Matsumoto. He was found hanging by the neck in Fowler's yard Wednesday at 6 A. M. The man used a handsome black silk sash for a line. He passed a slip-noose over his head and made fast the double end to a plank. Fowler's yard is otherwise known as the Mechanics' Home. It is located near the corner of Nuuanu and Hotel, with entrances from both streets. Matsumoto was not a guest of the lodging house. He simply took the liberty of trespassing and taking his life on the premises. The proprietor is much vexed over the affair, but has no recourse. Matsumoto did not leave any rich relatives.

This Japanese came to Hawaii as a contract laborer in 1891. He served his time on a Kauai plantation and was booked to return to his own country by the Nanshan, sailing today. His savings amounted to \$70 and he had the money in the Yokohama Specie Bank.

For a week or more Matsumoto has been at Ewa. He was in love with a Japanese girl at the big plantation. A rival or relative drove him away. He came to town and laid himself out to drink all the saki in sight. He was doing very well for one small man when a particularly vicious dose of the stuff knocked his intellects "topside up" as the Chinese say.

Matsumoto made his headquarters at one of the many Japanese hotels on Smith street. He was about the place a couple of hours Wednesday evening and was acting like a crazy man.

Fowler yard people told the police of the hanging and Capt. Scott brought the body to the station. An inquest was held at noon.

Four witnesses were examined by the coroner's jury, one of whom was the landlord of the place where the deceased lived. He stated that the last time he saw Matsumoto alive was on Tuesday night about ten o'clock. He appeared to be feeling badly because he had no money with which to return home.

The watchman at Fowler's yard related how he discovered the body hanging from the stairway.

Dr. Cooper stated that he had examined the body; he stripped it and made a careful examination for any marks of violence but did not find any. He saw a discoloration which completely encircled the neck, and caused by a silk sash, in one end of which a slip noose had been made and was still tightly drawn around the neck when the examination was made. The doctor concluded his remarks by stating that death was undoubtedly caused by strangulation. The jury brought in a verdict of suicide.

Who Made This Neat Puzzle?

We should like to know the name of the author of the following puzzle and anagram:

A—old woman with—intent Put on her—and to market went: "—," said she, "give me, I pray, The wherewithal to—this day."

Each of the blanks is to be filled with a word of four letters and the same letters occur in each of the five different words. These words are consecutively, "vile," "evil," "veil," "Levi," and "live." We repeat that we are curious to learn the name of the author of this ingenious anagram puzzle.—Chicago Record.

ACCUSED OF BEING SMUGGLERS.

"Australia" Men Made the Objects of Complaint.

SAID TO USE MERCHANDISE.

Collector Wise of San Francisco is After Them—Writes Twice to Mr Spreckels—Operations Detailed—800 Tons Are To Be Sent Through.



OS'N BEN, who is on the reef here for handling opium off the Australia, is mentioned in San Francisco papers as one of the tools of a powerful ring. H. C. Foss, a clerk on the Oceanic dock at the Coast, is given prominence as one of the main men of the combination. The Federal authorities have asked his employers to remove him.

Early in October, says the San Francisco Call, Collector Wise wrote a letter to John D. Spreckels asking him to dismiss certain of his employees, whom the agent of the Government has good reason to believe are smuggling. The letter is still unanswered and the employees whose names and offenses were given in it are still on the payroll of the ship-owner.

The Collector is at a loss to explain the situation and just before leaving the city, October 25th, for a trip to San Diego, sent another epistle to Mr. Spreckels. If this latter communication does not have the desired effect Mr. Wise will see what can be accomplished by a personal visit.

Among the persons who were named as suspects when the Collector wrote were employees on the Oceanic dock and members of the crew of the Australia.

Their plan of operation at present, according to the Call, is to have the opium shipped as merchandise in transit from Victoria to Honolulu or to some Central American port. The packages come to San Francisco and it is alleged their contents are changed while in the hands of the suspects. The opium is removed and the boxes are stuffed with trash and sent on to a member of the ring at Honolulu or some other port.

It will be remembered that eight hundred tins of opium shipped from Victoria as books for a priest of Honolulu were seized several months ago and are still in the custody of the United States Marshal of California. The seizure was made before the opium could be removed and books substituted. What will become of the drug is a question that is puzzling the authorities. It cannot be sent on to Honolulu, for the importation of opium is forbidden by the new Republic. It is now known beyond question that it belonged to the Emerald ring. Greenwald, one of the Emeralds, who is now serving a sentence of six years in the penitentiary, has given Attorney Riordan power to sue the Government for the drug, and the case will be tried early next term.

While Mr. Spreckels has taken his time for answering the Collector's letter, there is reason to believe that he has not ignored its contents.

The San Francisco customs people fear that they will be compelled to give back the eight hundred tins, as a claim has been made for it. If it be decided that the authorities had no right to seize the opium they will send it on to Honolulu and let the customs officials here take what action they please. Of course they will seize the stuff.

G. E. Boardman wants to be appointed general labor agent for the Planters' Labor and Supply Company.

NO WOMAN LIVING



Positively needs a SKIN FOOD to prevent Wrinkles, withering, drying, ageing of the skin and Facial Blemishes. The original Skin Food Tissue Builder, Lela Montez Creams is still the best. You will be surprised and delighted when you try this luxury—a luxury in every respect except price. A 75-cent pot lasts three months. Do you tan or burn? Mrs. Harrison's PINK BLEACH cures the worst case of Freckles, Sunburn, Sallowness, Moths, Pimples, and all Skin Blemishes. Price \$1. Balminess and effective. Superfluous hair permanently removed. For special advice and book on beauty, free, address Mrs. NETTIE ARRISON, Beauty Doctor, 26 Geary St., San Francisco. For sale by HOLLISTER DRUG CO., 523 Fort St., Honolulu. \$791-ft

A Wonderful Discovery.

ANGIER'S PETROLEUM EMULSION.

A preparation of purified petroleum combined with the hypophosphites. Cures consumption if taken in time.—Not unpleasant to take.—Testimonial of Mr. Walton.

Ancient Use of Petroleum.

As a remedial agent petroleum was known to the ancients by whom it was considered a sovereign remedy.

Literature on the Subject.

It is only within recent years that the properties of petroleum have been discussed through the medical journals. Articles have appeared and given, in very positive language, the most gratifying results from its use, both as medicine and as a reconstructive. Great value is attributed to petroleum in the treatment of consumption, bronchitis, la grippe, catarrh, asthma, diseases of the digestive apparatus and of the kidneys, as well as in wasting diseases. It appears to have special value in all pulmonary complaints.

Former Drawbacks to Its Use.

The reason why petroleum has not been more general in use is due to the fact that, in its unpurified state, it has nauseating and irritating properties. After exhaustive experiments Angier's Petroleum Emulsion was secured. It is deprived of all objectionable features while retaining the valuable medicinal qualities, and is acceptable to both palate and stomach.

Petroleum Emulsion vs. Cod Liver Oil.

All who have ever tried Cod Liver Oil know what a nauseating dose it is. It is impossible to disguise the disagreeable taste and odor of the Oil. The palate and stomach revolt against it.

Every Mother Loves

To see her children strong and healthy. If the little ones are troubled with coughs, croup, or are thin and puny, or have any wasting disease, they can be brought back to health by Angier's Emulsion. Children will take it readily who resist taking Cod Liver Oil.

It Saved My Life.

"Six months ago, I was told by three physicians that I had quick consumption. I was coughing badly, had hemorrhages and profuse night sweats. I was rapidly wasting away. I tried Cod Liver Oil, but could not retain it. Angier's Petroleum Emulsion was then prescribed. It agreed with me perfectly. I then weighed 102 pounds. Now after taking it 6 months I weigh 161 pounds. I consider myself cured and attribute it all to Angier's Petroleum Emulsion. B. H. WALTON, Bedford, Mass."

Tell Your Sick Friends.

It is worth your while to give Angier's Petroleum Emulsion a trial. Have you any friends with colds or consumption? Tell them about it. Angier's Petroleum Emulsion can be obtained from

THE Hobron Drug Com'y Agents for Angier Chemical Company. 12 & 13 The Albany, LIVERPOOL.

General Advertisements.

Metropolitan Market King Street. Choicest Meats - FROM - Finest Herds. G. J. WALLER, Prop. FAMILIES AND SHIPPING SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE - AND AT THE - Lowest Market Prices.

All Meats delivered from this Market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties, and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat. 1894-g

BENSON SMITH & CO. JOBBING AND MANUFACTURING PHARMACISTS. Pure Drugs, CHEMICALS. Medicinal Preparations, AND PATENT MEDICINES AT THE LOWEST PRICES. 113 and 115 Fort Street.

BEAVER SALOON H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor. Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general That he has opened the above Saloon where first-class Refreshments will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m. under the immediate supervision of a Competent Chef de Cuisine THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes and Smoker's Sundries Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers, has been obtained, and will be added to from time to time. -One of Brunswick & Balke's- Celebrated Billiard Tables connected with the establishment, where of the cue can participate. 5215-g

W. H. RICE, STOCK RAISER and DEALER BREEDER OF Fine Horses and Cattle From the Thoroughbred Standard bred Stallion, Nutwood by Nutwood, Jr Norman Stallion.....Captain Grawl Native bred Stallion.....Boswell ALSO A CHOICE LOT OF Bulls, Cows and Calves From the Celebrated Bulls Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham A LOT OF Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses FOR SALE. 2 PURE BRED HEREFORD BULLS FOR SALE Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams of Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables. All communications to be addressed to 1293-1v W. H. RICE, Libbie, Kanai.

THEO. H. DAVIES, HAROLD JANIOR, THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 12 & 13 The Albany, LIVERPOOL.

Insurance Notices.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Insurance Company. TOTAL ASSETS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1893, £11,084,687 7s. 6d. 1-Authorised Capital, £3,000,000 £ 4 Subscribed " " 2,750,000 " 2 Paid-up Capital..... 687,500 0 0 3-Fire Funds..... 3,544,187 11 11 3-Life and Annuity Funds..... 5,023,084 15 7 £11,084,687 7s. 6d. Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,500,462 2 6 Revenue Life and Annuity Branches..... 1,233,974 18 8 £2,734,437 0 6 The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other. ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS - - ATLANTIC Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG- Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichs marks..... 6,000,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies..... 101,450,000 Total.....Reichsmark 107,450,000

NORTH GERMAN Fire Insurance Company, -OF HAMBURG- Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichsmark..... 8,800,000 Capital their Re-Insurance Companies..... 35,000,000 Total.....Reichsmark 43,800,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms. H. HAUFELD & CO., 1358 1y

The Liverpool and London and Globe INSURANCE CO. (ESTABLISHED 1864.) Assets.....\$ 40,000,000 Net Income..... 9,070,000 Claims Paid..... 112,549,000

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Machinery, Sugar Mills, Dressings and Furniture, on the most favorable terms. Bishop & Co. 1382-g

INSURANCE Theo. H. Davies & Co., AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE. INSURANCE Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE. ESTABLISHED 1836. ACCUMULATED FUNDS - - £3,975,000 BRITISH AND FOREIGN

Marine Insurance Co. Ltd Of Liverpool for MARINE. CAPITAL - - - £1,000,000. Reduction of Rates Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Agents by MARINE INSURANCE

The undersigned is authorized to take Marine Risks on HELLS, CARGOES, FREIGHTS and COMMISSIONS, At Current Rates in the following Commodities, viz: Alliance Assurance Fire and Marine, London. Wilhelma of Madgeburg Gen'l. Ins. Co Sun Insurance Co., San Francisco. JOHN S. WALKER, 1373-1y Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

HAMBURG - - - BREMEN Fire Insurance Company. The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Homes and Merchandise, and on Merchandise stored therein, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1356 1y

GERMAN LLOY Marine Insurance Company -OF BERLIN- FORTUNA General Insurance Company. -OF BERLIN- The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Dangers of the Sea at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms. 1293 1y F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY For Sea, River & Land Transport -OF DRESDEN- Having established an Agency at Honolulu the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take Risks against the Danger of the Sea - - - - - at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1360f Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Table with columns for ship names, destinations, and departure dates. Includes ships like Australia, Mariposa, and Monowai.

WHARF AND WAVE.

When the steamer Hawaii returns to port, she will go on the marine railway for an overhauling.

The steamer Kinan will return from Hilo on next Tuesday, one day ahead of time.

The Australia will carry away a heavy shipment of bananas but very little sugar.

The steamer Lehua is being refitted for the coming sugar season.

The departure of the Hyacinth has been indefinitely postponed.

The Japanese steamer Nanshan left for Yokohama yesterday with about one hundred Japanese.

The steamship China was advertised to leave San Francisco on last Tuesday.

A SOUVENIR BADGE.

Sam McKeague Presented with One While in Pittsburg.

Sam McKeague, a member of the George de Long Post, G. A. R., recently returned home.

A HYACINTH DIVER.

While at Work He Was Attacked by a Sea Monster.

A thrilling experience was had by our divers while employed in the operation of cleaning the Hyacinth's bottom on Saturday last.

A LUCKY WHALER.

The steam whaler Narwhal, well-known here, has just reported at San Francisco.

EX-INSPECTOR-GENERAL TALKS.

Was Employed to Prepare a Chinese Army Report.

A STORY OF SURPRISING FRAUDS.

All the Officers on the Make-A-Money-ized and Inefficient Army—Demoralized and Simply Stolen—A Contrast With Japanese Conditions.

OLD has been a power in every land since barter began.

In some civilizations it can purchase articles that are not so common elsewhere.

Tales of official corruption in the far East have been coming out since communication was established.

Among the passengers on the Empress of Japan was Major Richter, late of the Chinese army.

He found corruption and fraud rampant, even his reports to Li Hung Chang being garbled and cut before they reached him.

After leaving China, Richter spent a short time in Japan and had a long conference with high Japanese officials at Hiroshima.

"Two pastors on Molokai" says Rev. O. P. Emerson in the Friend.

Applications for admission may be addressed Miss Pope, either at Kamehameha Manual, or Miss Pope will be in the Hawaiian Kindergarten Room.

Alex. Young, President; W. F. Allen, Vice-President; W. M. Swanzy, Treasurer; W. H. Baird, Secretary; T. R. Keyworth, Auditor.

Death of an Estimable Woman. Kelihoohuli died in Honolulu on November 4th.

Wages of English Laborers. The latest statistics given to the public by the British Labor Commission show that in the agricultural districts the weekly wages of laborers average \$3.35.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD FOR OCTOBER, 1894.

From Observations Made at Oahu College by Prof. A. B. Lyons.

Table showing temperature of the air with columns for hours of observation, maximum, minimum, and average.

Average temperature in October in previous years, 74.6°.

Table showing barometer (corrected readings) with columns for hours of observation, maximum, minimum, and average.

G. A. Gymer, who has been in Honolulu several months, has gone to Hilo to open a barber shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED DULY appointed Administratrix of the Estate of SARAH ANN NICHOLS.

Copartnership Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED, RESIDING in the town of Hilo, Island of Hawaii.

Kamehameha School for Girls. The First Term of Kamehameha Girls' School opens Wednesday, December 19th.

They Need Furniture. "Two pastors on Molokai" says Rev. O. P. Emerson in the Friend.

Election of Officers. AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Pepee Sugar Company held this date.

Notice of Election of Officers. THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS were elected for the ensuing year at the adjourned annual meeting of the Haiku Sugar Company.

Notice of Election of Officers. THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS were elected for the year 1894-5 at the annual meeting of the Reciprocity Sugar Company.

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Legal Advertisements.

CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of HENRI G. McGREW.

CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of SAMUEL N. CASTLE.

CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of CHARLOTTE ADAMS.

CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate, in the matter of the Estate of ROBERT BROWN.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, in the matter of the Will of George Philippe Trousseau.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE provisions of that certain mortgage made by SAMUEL KAILAA.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE provisions of that certain mortgage made by SAMUEL KAILAA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the will annexed of the will of MALIE KAHAI.

NOTICE. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the following named persons to wit: J. W. Edwards, Frank C. LeBlond, A. P. Murphy.

NOTICE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Kipahulu Sugar Co. held in Honolulu on the 15th day of October, 1894.

New Advertisements.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP CO.'S TIME TABLE.

STMR. KINAU, CLARKE, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu at 2 o'clock P. M. touching at Lahaina, Maiala Bay and Makena the same day.

Returning leaves Hilo, touching at Lualaba the same day; Kawahua A. M., Mahukona 10 A. M., Matoua 4 P. M., Maiala Bay 6 P. M., Lahaina 8 P. M.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU. Saturday, Sept. 22; Wednesday, Oct. 3; Saturday, Oct. 13; Wednesday, Oct. 24; Saturday, Nov. 3; Wednesday, Nov. 14; Saturday, Nov. 24; Wednesday, Dec. 5; Saturday, Dec. 15.

STMR. CLAUDINE, CAMERON, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 o'clock P. M., touching at Kahului, Huelo, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui, and Paahoa, Hawaii.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight, as we will not hold ourselves responsible after such freight has been landed.

W. C. WILDER, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary. Capt. J. A. KING, Port Supt.

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE provisions of that certain mortgage made by SAMUEL KAILAA to O. P. Emerson.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the will annexed of the will of MALIE KAHAI.

NOTICE. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the following named persons to wit: J. W. Edwards, Frank C. LeBlond, A. P. Murphy.

NOTICE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Kipahulu Sugar Co. held in Honolulu on the 15th day of October, 1894.

NOTICE. MISS D. LAMB, Notary Public.

Office of J. A. Magoon, Merchant street near the Postoffice. 1841-y.