

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1905. —SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE 2761

## MAILE ILIMAS CAPTURE FIRST SENIOR CONTETS

### Green and Gold Vanquishes the Tenth Infantry Footballers By 18 Points.

The 10th Infantry played a surprisingly good game and held down the Maile Ilimas in the first half.

Schoeffel at right half and Garrett at left half did herculean work for their side and played the game to dropping point.

Foster, the Infantry's center, played a consistently hard game in the first half and although worn out in the second period, stuck by his guns until the call of time.

Plunkett's brilliant work at right half counted heavily for the Maile in the second period of the game. The way he escaped from his tacklers, even after hands had been laid upon him, was phenomenal.

Rose played an impressive game at left end, putting in some beautiful tackles.

Sumner and Akina at right end were there with the speed, aggressiveness and alertness that wins games.

The Maile demonstrated fine kicking ability, the three touchdowns being converted by as many different men.

The crowd was a very satisfactory one and the arrangements all that could be desired.

The same remarks applies to the officials who had charge of the game.

Sets of 3 to 1, that the Maile would win, were freely offered.

The teams were in good condition although the soldiers suffered from a paucity of reserves. No player suffered anything more serious than a wrenched knee.

The game was commendably clean. There was no slugging—no unpleasantness.

people are speculating as to what will happen when the Mailes meet the Punahou Athletic Club eleven a week from tomorrow. That game looks like being a record-breaker in point of interest and should be as keenly fought as any in the history of local football.

### THE GAME.

#### FIRST HALF.

It was announced that two halves of 25 and 20 minutes each would be played. In a tumult of noise caused by tin horns which almost drowned the signals the Infantry kicked off from the bleachers end of the field.

The ball was taken back to the Maile's 45-yard line. It was then lost by a fumble, Kolb falling on it on the Maile's 50-yard line.

The soldiers kicked again and the leather was down on the Maile's 35-yard line. Then Sumner booted the ball which finally reposed on the soldiers' 45-yard mark.

A light breeze was blowing almost across the field which did not give much advantage to either team. On that account the kicking game was played to its fullest advantage and found much favor with the quarters of the respective elevens.

Schoeffel was sent round the right end for a gain of 15 yards and then Garrett tore through the right of the Maile's line for 15 yards more, Schoeffel duplicating the gain by ripping up the Maile's left end, between tackle and guard.

This juncture found the ball on the Maile's 25-yard line with the soldiers going strong and making a noise like scoring.

On a fake kick the ball was taken to the Maile's 10-yard line, the green and gold contingent shortly afterwards gaining possession on downs, on their own 5-yard line.

The Maile kicked and the ball rested on their 55-yard line being fumbled on receipt.

The Infantry lost the ball on a fumble, Allen dropping on it on their 55-yard line.

Two plays saw the Maile driven back ten yards, but a stand was then made and the line held well, the Maile getting the ball on downs.

James carried the sphere round the right end to the soldiers' 35-yard line and the ball changed hands 5 yards nearer the Infantry's goal.

Freeth kicked and the ball was returned to the soldiers' 40-yard line.

It was the Maile's ball and the half back managed to drop it. The fumble was a lucky one, however, for Sumner grabbed the leather and dashed around right end as far as the soldiers' 25-yard line.

The Maile were penalized 15 yards for offside play, leaving the ball on the soldiers' 40-yard line.

Harry Clark made a gain over the Maile right wing of 20 yards and a couple of bucks brought a touchdown within easy reach. Another penalty, this time of 5 yards, was given against the Maile for offside play.

Freeth tried a drop kick but a splendidly directed shot went a shade low and skimmed just under the cross-bar.

The soldiers took a free kick from their 25-yard line, Freeth bringing the ball back to the soldiers' 50-yard line.

The Maile pushed the oval to their opponents' 40 and 30-yard line and then Sumner tried for a placement goal, the ball going a trifle wide of the right-hand goal-post.

The half-time whistle sounded almost immediately with the score.

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## SERVICES YESTERDAY

### Union Meeting and a Cathedral Sermon.

The Thanksgiving Day services were well attended. The day was bright and large numbers turned out. The usual union services at Central Union were particularly well attended. The Christian, Methodist and Central Union pastors and assistants, and the chaplain of Kamehameha schools occupied the rostrum.

The following was the printed order of services:

#### ORDER OF SERVICE

Organ Prelude.

Harvest Anthem—"Rejoice in the Lord".....Tours

Reading of the President's Proclamation— Governor Carter.

Doxology— By Choir and Congregation.

Responsive Reading.....Psalm 150 Rev. J. W. Wadman.

Prayer— Rev. Wm. M. Kincaid, D.D.

Offertory—"The Lord Hath Done Great Things".....F. Stevens

Quartet—Mrs. Otis, Miss Hall, Mr. Wichman, Mr. Herzer.

Hymn—187

By Choir and Congregation.

Sermon—"Counting Your Blessings" Rev. G. D. Edwards.

Hymn—1029—"My Country 'Tis of Thee"

By Choir and Congregation.

Benediction.

Organ Postlude.

Owing to a misunderstanding between Mr. Kincaid and some of his assistants, the invitation to the Governor to be present and read the President's Thanksgiving Day proclamation had been omitted. The Doctor explained to the congregation that last Monday he had inquired whether an invitation had been sent to Governor Carter and he understood his informant to say yes. Now, it appeared, the Governor knew nothing about it. The apparent slight to the Governor had been purely unintentional, the Doctor said, and he regretted the necessity of beginning a Thanksgiving service with an explanation, especially one that would disappoint the congregation.

The choir was well balanced and Mrs. Otis, Miss Hall, Mr. Wichman and Mr. Herzer leading the respective parts, the rendition of the music was excellent. The congregational singing was unusually spirited.

The Christian pastor, Rev. G. D. Edwards, delivered the sermon, taking for his subject, "Counting Your Blessings." "Did you ever try to count your blessings?" said he. "I have found it impossible to count the many blessings that the Lord has showered upon us, and is continually pouring in abundance upon us. We can only say in the words of the Psalmist, Give thanks unto the Lord for he is good, for his loving kindness endureth forever. If we were to try to enumerate his goodness to us, we would be here all day, but let us try to speak of some things wherein the Lord has been good to us.

"Let us thank him for the Pilgrim fathers and their coming over to the United States and their descendants coming to these bright islands of Hawaii. Let us thank him because the deserts of our country have been made to blossom as the rose. Let us thank him for the public school system, the like of which has never before been known in the history of the world. Let us thank him for the prodigious growth of the United States and of these islands, too. Can we not see the finger of God in the path of our nation?

"Now, let us take our lives, our own lives as individuals, and compare them with the lives of individual nations. It may not be that we can take any individual life and trace the goodness of God in every moment and every hour or even every day, but take it from

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## FORECASTS OF CONGRESS

### E. G. Walker's Letter on the Legislative Status.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—Little or no legislation can be expected from Congress, soon to assemble, before some time next January, but the city is already filling up with legislators. Nearly a fourth of the ninety Senators are now here and by the end of the coming week a considerable number of members will be on hand. The early arrival of Speaker Cannon, who has yet to be re-elected, but who, nevertheless, will consult extensively about committee assignments, is sufficient to hasten the coming of men concerned about receiving good working places under the new organization. As the New England delegations generally remain to pass Thanksgiving under their own roof trees, most of the Senators and members from that section will be late in reaching Washington this year.

There will be a lot of conferring between now and Monday, December 4, the day when the session formally begins. There have already been many conferences at the White House offices, in which the President will get into closer touch with the 236 congressional constituents of the country. There will also be many conferences among the Congressmen themselves, in which they will get into closer touch with each other. The sessions of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, next Tuesday, will give a decided impetus to general exchange of views on the railroad rate question, which at present is far and away the dominant question with all the Congressional arrivals.

Senator Elkins, chairman of that committee, just here to reconnoiter, has gone away to West Virginia, where his fight for re-election next year is now in full swing. He will return soon. Since his visit the impression has gained ground in authoritative quarters that the President has the whip hand and will secure some compromise measure from Congress. But that the deliberations of the committee will be prolonged and that there will be much fencing for advantage, before the committee makes up its report, or reports, is regarded as certain. That would not materially delay consideration of the bill in the Senate, as no measure of such an important character can be considered there till after the holidays. What work the Senate does, prior to the New Year, will pertain largely to executive and routine business.

The making up of committees offers some unusual problems in both branches and the Republican leaders will address themselves to that task very early. Senators, in recent times, have become great hunters for choice assignments. Two years ago Senator Hale, of Maine, was chairman of the Republican committee that arranged those matters for his party at the north end of the Capitol. There is more wire pulling nowadays for one good committee place than there was fifteen years ago for all the committee places in the Senate and the Senator accepting the chairmanship invites upon himself a heap of trouble. The struggle for some other chairman of the Interstate Canal Committee than Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, now under sentence for land frauds, will be renewed.

It is announced here that Speaker Cannon will try to announce the House Committee by December, whereupon the House could take up an appropriation bill or two and, possibly, an urgent deficiency bill for the Panama canal. The House Republican caucus, for nomination of the Speaker, clerk, sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, etc., will be held Saturday, December 2. It has been urged that he should announce his appropriations committee in advance of the others, so that the Panama appropriations can be immediately considered, with a view to an enactment before the holiday recess, which

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## IMMENSE STRIKE TO TAKE PLACE IN PETERSBURG

### General Postoffice to Be Closed--Martial Law for Poland--Government in the Dark.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

ST. PETERSBURG, December 1.—The Workmen's Council has decreed the closing of the general postoffice. It is estimated that 100,000 workmen will be locked out.

#### A PARALYZING STRIKE.

The strike of telegraphers is paralyzing official commercial life.

#### THE GOVERNMENT'S IGNORANCE.

The government is ignorant of the situation in the interior.

#### MARTIAL LAW FOR POLAND.

The cabinet has decided to declare martial law in Poland.

#### THE CRIME OF IMPORTUNITY.

A number of soldiers of the household guards at Tsarskooselo have been arrested for presenting a petition for reforms.

#### DE WITTE'S BETTERED POSITION.

The defeat of the mutineers strengthens De Witte's position.

## REBELS BADLY WORSTED.

SEBASTOPOL, December 1.—It is officially stated that one rebel torpedo boat has been sunk and two disabled. The rebel cruiser Otchakoff is burning. Lieutenant Schmidt, who was in command of the rebel fleet, was arrested un wounded. The majority of the mutineers are reservists.

## SOME FOOTBALL SURPRISES.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 1.—Pennsylvania defeated Cornell, 6 to 5. Chicago won from Michigan, 2 to 0. Indiana went down before Ohio, 11 to 0.

## THE BURDEN OF DISGRACE.

VANCOUVER, Wash., December 1.—Captain Alga Berry, recently dismissed from the U. S. army for improper conduct aboard a steamship, has committed suicide by shooting.

## ENGLAND'S LIVE POLITICS.

LONDON, December 1.—It is understood that Premier Balfour and cabinet have decided to resign and that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, C.G.B., will be premier.

## THE SULTAN'S ENNUI.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 1.—It is believed that the Sultan will not act until further demonstrations have been made.

## PROMINENT RUSSIAN OFFICIALS.



Durnovo, Governor-General of Moscow Dedyulin, Chief of St. Petersburg's Police Golitsin, the Mayor of Moscow.

## TRIED TO PURCHASE ALAMEDA.

Officials of the San Francisco and Portland Steamship Company, an adjunct of the Pacific Mail Company, were after the steamer Alameda a few days ago, with a view of purchasing the vessel for use on the Portland route, but there will be no change of ownership, for the Alameda is to remain on the Honolulu run. So far as equipment and general requirements go, the Alameda would make an ideal liner on the Portland route, but she draws a little too much water for the Columbia river bar. And her value to the Spreckels company is more than anybody could afford to pay for her. In the market the Alameda might bring \$250,000, but it is doubtful whether she could be purchased from her present owners for less than \$400,000. She has proved her worth on the Honolulu route for the Oceanic Company, and is now better fitted than ever to remain in that service. It is not unlikely that the San Francisco and Portland Steamship Company will build a steamer for the northern route, to take the place of the St. Paul, for which use the Alameda was wanted.—Chronicle.

In a clean, sportsmanlike game of football, the Maile Ilimas football team vanquished the 10th Infantry eleven at the baseball grounds yesterday afternoon, by the score of 18 to 0.

Eleven hundred enthusiastic partisans witnessed the contest and it is safe to say thoroughly enjoyed it.

The game was spectacular and very fairly fast and was totally lacking in that brutality which has thrown football into such disrepute elsewhere.

The best team and at that the favorite team won, but the losers put up a surprisingly good game throughout, and not until the second half was a point scored against them. Then the better condition of the Maile and their wealth of reserves told the tale and no less than 18 points were notched in their favor before the termination of the game.

It is no disparagement to the Infantry team to say that not a great deal was expected of them on account of the newness of a number of the soldier players to the game. The Maile, on the other hand, took the field in absolute confidence of winning, and that by a handsome majority. They were in a fine condition physically and bore the visible tokens of much strenuous and comprehensive trying-out.

The crowd who went out to see somebody win was the same old buoyant, goodtempered, gayly bedight, clamorous, wildly enthusiastic crowd that is always in evidence at a Thanksgiving Day game. They yelled and cheered and shrieked and blew horns until it seemed as if all the world was mad with the joy of living and being young.

Throughout the first half of the contest the spectators were kept in a state of expectancy, for the ball was constantly changing hands and the game was one minute raging in the Maile territory and in the next the soldiers were defending their goal line, cheered on by the encouraging shouts of a large delegation from Camp McKinley.

When one looks back over the field of the game he is at a loss whom to single out for special praise, as each and every man that played on the field gave all that was in him for the side he represented.

The spirit of fair play was the pleasantest feature of the game and the men never seemed to forget it even in the fiercest parts of the game.

Captain Schoeffel's game at right half for the Infantry was the brilliant feature of the game, as time and again he could be noticed breaking through the Maile line and piloting the plays that were sent in his direction. Garrett also played a sterling game at the other half. Right well did he deserve the cheers that were given him as he left the field near the end of the second half.

And so the first big game of the season has been won and lost and already



# GOVERNMENT TAKES PART

Attorney General E. C. Peters intervened yesterday in the Ahmi appeal from Judge De Bolt's ruling that the 60-day limitation on civil jury trials was unconstitutional. He asked the Supreme Court to allow him to file a brief on the question and the request was granted. The Attorney General supports the First Judge in the matter.

C. F. Clemons of Thompson & Clemons, appeared as amicus curiae and filed an answer on behalf of Judge De Bolt on the order to show cause. The hearing was postponed on account of the absence on Kauai of C. W. Ashford, counsel for Ahmi, who brought the prohibition suit.

Argument was had in the James Love guardianship matter yesterday afternoon before the Supreme Court. The court's ruling was given in the morning that Justice Wilder was not disqualified, as, though a member of the firm of Robertson & Wilder when it filed a demurrer, he personally did not have anything to do with the case. H. E. Highton appeared for James Love, appealing from Judge Lindsay's refusing to cancel his trust deed; A. G. M. Robertson and D. L. Withington, for the beneficiaries under the deed and the trustee, Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd.

### AN EQUITY SUIT.

Judge De Bolt was engaged all day yesterday in hearing the equity case of Cheong Ah Chow vs. Ching Nam Sze, bill for dissolution of copartnership, accounting, injunction and appointment of receiver. It is still on.

A. S. Humphreys for complainant; W. W. Thayer and E. M. Watson for respondent. The property involved is a store business on the island of Maui.

### JURY TRIALS.

In the Takada murder trial before Judge Lindsay the prosecution has not yet concluded its case. One witness who had seen part of the deadly meeting of the defendant and the victim was on the stand most of yesterday.

Judge Robinson is still hearing the accomplice suit of Niehaus Brothers Co., of San Francisco against Honolulu Brewing & Malting Co.

### BETELMANN'S CASE.

It is proving a lengthy process to obtain a jury in the Federal court for the trial of Frank C. Bertelmann on the charge of fraudulently impersonating a Federal officer. As a vacancy occurs Judge Dole orders a talesman brought in and Deputy Marshal Winter sallies forth into the town, soon returning with a "good man and true" in tow. At adjournment at 4:30 yesterday the prosecution had one and the defendant three challenges left.

## IAUKA'S CONTEST

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)  
 WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 18.—The contest's brief "of facts and authorities" in the election case of Curtis P. Iauka vs. Jonah K. Kalaniana'ole has been printed in pamphlet form and accordingly will be ready to place in the hands of the House Committee the moment it is organized in the course of a few weeks by Speaker Cannon. It makes 41 printed pages and sets forth convincingly the reasons why Prince Kuhio should not be disturbed in his office of delegate. A. G. M. Robertson and Dudley & Michener appear as "attorneys for contestee."

The brief urges that Prince Kuhio's election "was duly declared and certified as provided by law, and he is therefore prima facie a member of the House." The fact that Iauka exonerates Kuhio from any personal connection with the alleged frauds is mentioned. Prince Kuhio, however, "denies that there were any general frauds committed by any of the parties or any of their partisans that in any way ought to vitiate the election or its results, or any special or particular frauds that ought to or do even taint the returns from any precinct in the district." The brief continues:

"Hawaii is young yet in the use and exercise of the high privilege of the elective franchise, free and untrammeled, guaranteed to each member of the great family of the United States, and likewise to their organized territories. Hawaii's desire is to send her best and most representative men to Congress, and that their election shall express the full, free and honestly-ascertained will of all the qualified voters of the Territory. Her election system and law is modeled upon the best legislation of the various States, and its provisions are wisely guarded so as to ensure full, free and fair elections. In our opinion, after a careful perusal of the evidence in the record, no serious infraction of that law, in any of its essentials, was committed, and such irregularities as may have occurred in holding the election at some of the precincts are harmless and immaterial, and can not and do not affect the result."

"That there were certain of the precincts in the various election districts of the Territory, in which ballots were cast and counted containing a distinguishing number, in violation of the statute is conceded. But they were harmless, and the votes so cast and counted were almost evenly divided between contestant, the other opposing candidate, Notley, and contestee. So that, as the ballots themselves are in the record and can be absolutely identified, as to the candidate for whom cast, and they can be thrown out and thus the returns be purged, without affecting the result, they are immaterial."

"Contestant's effort, in his charges and in his brief, to show a conspiracy on the part of contestee's friends to secure the election of contestee by fraudulent means, and chiefly by the use of numbered ballots, from which the distinguishing mark had not been torn off by the election officers before they were placed in the box, is defeat-

# GOOD NEWS ON THE QUESTION OF FIELD LABOR

(Special Cablegram to the Advertiser.)  
 WASHINGTON, November 29.—To Advertiser, Honolulu: Hawaii will be Americanized. Let us give thanks.

ATKINSON.

"It means that his mission there has been a success." Governor Carter replied when asked as to the significance of Secretary Atkinson's cablegram.

"He went there to see if there was any necessity for testing the law of the last Legislature establishing a Board of Immigration.

"And he has found that the President and Commissioner General Sargent both approve of the Territorial Board of Immigration and its purpose of bringing good, healthy immigrants into this Territory and assisting their passage.

"This means that if the sugar planters are in earnest the desired labor can be secured—that is, laborers that are suitable to become citizens, such as Portuguese and Italians.

"It is the best news that has been received during my administration. Light is breaking. By assisted immigration the planters can send steamers to the Azores and to Italy for labor emigrants from those countries and

softer no interference from the courts.

"This news opens up the best kind of an outlook for us all."

In addition to the foregoing intelligence from the administration, the Advertiser has learned that the planters have information that they can bring all the Portuguese that they wish from the Azores, by way of the Tehuantepec Isthmus route, at \$65 a head. Although the wharves at Tehuantepec are not completed, the transportation concerns will be in a position shortly to handle all traffic contracted. It is by this route that the quota of Hawaiian sugar for the Eastern refiners the coming season will be forwarded.

Secretary Atkinson has achieved far more than the planters or the Board of Immigration ever expected he would be able to do, and in a very short time. His success shows that he is the man to push the matter to completion and it is now up to the Board of Immigration to see that he does so by sending him on to Europe. An inferior man would spoil the whole business.

## MRS. SHEPARDSON TOLD ABOUT YARROW AFFAIR

I, Z. J. Meridith, upon oath, do hereby depose and say:

That I was the informant of the Advertiser as to the substance of its article in yesterday's issue concerning the resignation of Miss Yarrow and Dr. Kincaid's attitude concerning the same.

That my information was derived directly from statements made by Mrs. Shepardson in my presence and in the presence of ladies whom I can name. Mrs. Shepardson told me yesterday afternoon without any intimation of confidence that Miss Yarrow had resigned and was going abroad with her to assist in the delivering of Dr. Shepardson's lectures and the using of the stereopticon views.

During Dr. Shepardson's lifetime I talked frequently with him and he stated to me that he regretted that anything had been said about his taking the pastorage of Central Union as he could not do it and it had simply served to excite Dr. Kincaid's jealousy and make it disagreeable for all concerned.

Z. J. MERIDITH.  
 Sworn and subscribed before me this 29th day of November, 1905.  
 (Seal) A. M. McBRIDE,  
 Notary Public,  
 First Judicial Circuit.

The deposition printed above shows where the Advertiser got its story of the Kincaid-Yarrow affair. It was late when the news arrived and every effort was made to get into communication with leaders of the church, but those called upon were either asleep, away from home or ignorant of the facts. The tale itself was circumstantial and semi-authoritative and there were ladies, two of them from Central Union, who backed Mrs. Shepardson in her statements. Much that was said is true; some of it is misleading. Under the latter head is the bald statement that Miss Yarrow had resigned because of differences with Dr. Kincaid and overwork. The ladies evidently got the fact that Miss Yarrow intended to resign confused with the supposition that she had resigned.

Miss Yarrow says she has not resigned. But at the wharf she said she was coming back "for a time." To friends who have entertained her lately she said that she ought to give the church notice and should probably remain here about six months. So the difference between Mrs. Shepardson's statement and the actual fact is between tweedledum and twaddledee.

The deposition of Mr. Meridith is that of a trustworthy man who assisted the Rev. Dr. Shepardson in his last hours and was his warm friend. The paragraph regarding Dr. Kincaid's jealousy was derived, in the form of regrets, from Dr. Shepardson himself.

The facts seem to be that the church conference which met on Monday evening was called for a purpose unknown to the public and that during the proceedings the question of letting Miss Yarrow go came up and she received her leave of absence. P. C. Jones speaks of this in his interview in last night's Star.

On Tuesday morning a second conference between Dr. Kincaid, Miss Yarrow and Mr. Frank Atherton took place. Mr. Atherton says that this conference was courteous on all sides, and that no sign of discord appeared between Dr. Kincaid and Miss Yarrow though the Doctor regretted that she should be called to leave so soon after his arrival.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. Shepardson and other ladies made the statement which appeared in the Advertiser.

On Wednesday morning, after the Advertiser story appeared, Miss Yarrow was urged to say something to relieve the strain, so she sent the following letter to this paper:

Editor Advertiser: Will you please state in the morning paper that I have not resigned my position as Pastor's assistant of Central Union Church and expect to return on the return trip of the Manchuria, reaching here December 22, and will take up my usual duties, and my relation with Dr. Kincaid is harmonious.

Sincerely,  
 FLORENCE R. YARROW.

Honolulu, November 29, 1905.

Miss Yarrow's statement that she will return "for a time" is mentioned elsewhere. Mrs. Shepardson seems to have mistaken the intent for the deed. As to the letter given above Miss Yarrow originally stopped it with the phrase "here Dec. 22," but was induced, as we are reliably informed, to interline the words "and will take up my usual duties and my relation with Dr. Kincaid are harmonious."

In concluding, it may be said that the lower half of the Advertiser's article about the dimensions in the church over the further pastorage of Dr. Kincaid has not been challenged; and that there does not seem much to quarrel over between the statement that Miss Yarrow had resigned and the statement that she will resign. As to harmony between herself and Dr. Kincaid that appears to be of very recent origin.

such cases, as is fully set out in the foregoing brief and in our table in the appendix, we concede that the ballot which we have enumerated as class 1 should be thrown out by the committee and Congress, and the number of votes received by each candidate upon such ballots—which is fully set forth in the record and shown by the ballots

in evidence—be deducted from the respective total votes credited to each candidate for Delegate in Congress. We concede this because it is apparent that if the stub, containing a serial number, from which the official ballots containing a similar number was torn, were preserved by the election officers and the voter's name written thereon,

# NEW ROAD LANDSLIDE

There was a report from the other side of this island that sixty feet of the Papuke limestone road had slid down the mountain side. This road was lately built under a Territorial contract for \$2700, out of an appropriation of \$3000.

John Lucas, chairman of the road committee of the Board of Supervisors, was not seen until late owing to a supposition that he was in Keolu. Meantime the conversation with Superintendent Holloway below reported was had.

"Yes, there has been considerable of a landslide there," Mr. Lucas said. "It was at a turn where we had not yet begun working."

"Work at the other places is going on all right. The slide makes the road dangerous to traffic at the place. It was caused by the heavy rains."

A few weeks ago Lucas informed the Board of Supervisors that some turns in the road were so sharp that large wagons could not get around them without unbiting the teams and working the vehicles past the crooks by main strength and superior ingenuity.

A reformation of the turns was accordingly authorized. C. S. Holloway, Superintendent of Public Works, under whose department the contract was made and completed, on being questioned relative to the reported landslide said:

"It is news to me. The county supervisors are making some changes in the road, widening the turns, but I have not heard of any washout. I was out with Jack Lucas yesterday and he said nothing about such a thing. When I saw the road last it seemed to me all right—the grades are easy—except that the turns were too short. Lucas and I went over the road some weeks ago and since then the contractor, A. A. Wilson, has been employed to widen the turns on a day labor proposition. The county pays the expense."

"It is a hillside road to the Papuke homesteads on the high lands, on the Kahuku side of the Waimea gulch, and about a mile in length. The road was laid out by H. E. Watson, a man employed on Kahuku plantation who did some work also on Maui plantations."

"The road as built was all right for a light wagon, but when you got a big lumber wagon on one of the sharp bends it was hard to get around."

## SECRETARY RODGERS RETIRES FROM OFFICE

Dr. C. T. Rodgers, for many years past the efficient secretary of the Board of Commissioners of Public Instruction, has resigned his position. His resignation was accepted by the Board at a meeting yesterday afternoon, to take effect December 31.

Superintendent Babbitt stated last night that there was nothing to give out as yet regarding a successor to Dr. Rodgers.

## RUSSIANS LEAVE IN DISAPPOINTMENT

Land Commissioner Pratt has designated E. G. K. Deverill, sub-land agent for Kaula, as the first member of a board of appraisers to value the Kapaa lands in requisition by Russian colonists. Two others will be appointed.

Mr. Pratt is disposed to offer the lands to the Russians on the settlement association basis. Captain Demens and the two Molokan delegates left in the Manchuria for Los Angeles, leaving the business of their mission unsettled. They regard the price of land suggested by the Government as too high.

On the Governor's part the difficulty is to meet the views of the Russians within measurable distance, without giving concessions that would seem invidious to other people seeking homesteads who are being held to the strict tenor of the land laws.

Supervisors Lucas and Moore, on their way over the Fall route to investigate the Koolauloa road trouble, suffered an automobile breakdown and gave up the trip for yesterday.

## A SILLY SAYING.

"It is a common but silly opinion prevailing among a certain class of people that the worse a remedy tastes, smells or hurts, the more efficacious it is." So says a well-known English physician. He further adds: "For example, let us consider cod liver oil. As it is extracted from the fish this oil is so offensive to the taste and smell that many cannot use it at all, no matter how badly they need it. Yet cod liver oil is one of the most valuable drugs in the world and it is the greatest pity that we have not thus far been able to free it from those peculiarities which so seriously interfere with its usefulness." This was written years ago; the work of civilizing and redeeming it has since been triumphantly accomplished; and as a leading ingredient in the remedy called

## WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION

the oil retains all its wonderful curative properties with no bad smell or taste whatever. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry; creating a medicine of unequalled power for the diseases most prevalent and fatal among men, women and children. There is no other remedy to compare with it. It increases the digestive power of the stomach and in Blood Impurities, Throat and Lung Troubles, Nervous Dyspepsia and Scrofulous Affections, it gives quick and certain relief and cure. Dr. G. C. Shannon, of Canada, says: "I shall continue its use with my patients and satisfaction to myself." Has all the virtues of cod liver oil; none of its faults. You may trust it fully; it cannot disappoint you. At all chemists.

## DISLOYAL G. O. P.'S TO BE EXPELLED

A caucus of the Fifth District Republican Committee and some of the rank and file was held at the Republican headquarters last night, at which about twenty persons were present. It was decided to adopt the Waterhouse recommendation that the district and county conventions be held at the same time, or, in fact, be one convention.

A new section was proposed, which was voted on favorably by those who were not members of the committee, Waterhouse and Lane not voting. This was to the effect that if any person in the Republican party is ascertained to be disloyal, he should be expelled.

## AN ATTACK OF CROUP Warded OFF.

"Our little girl, two and one-half years old, woke up coughing with the croup one evening recently. We happened to have some of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on hand and gave her two doses of it. She went back to sleep and woke up next morning without a trace of cold. It is certainly a great medicine," says A. J. Luginbill, editor of Star, Villa Rica, Georgia, U. S. A.

An attack of croup can always be warded off by giving this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears. It has been in use for many years and has never been known to fail. It contains no harmful drug and may be given to the smallest child with perfect confidence. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# TIME LIMIT EXCEEDED

The dredging contract held by Lord & Belder for the excavation and dredging of the Aluaka street slips has gone over the date limit, and will not be finished until about January 1.

The contractors had ten months in which to perform the work, but owing to costly delays in receiving the machinery for the dredger Governor from the mainland (no fault of the contractors, however) the dredger was not completed and in readiness to be put to work until much valuable time had been lost.

Then the contractors met with the most solid formation of coral on the lower strata, or from 25 feet to 35 feet below the surface, which put the big dredging apparatus to the supreme test. It became necessary to set a large number of blastings to dislodge the under coral-strata. Besides this, there were many breakdowns, due to the strenuous work required of the dipper.

The contract ran out on October 14, and the penalty for each day over the contract time until the job is completed is \$50 per day. Up to the first of the year this means a penalty of about \$3900.

Superintendent of Public Works Holloway expects the dredging to be finished by January 1.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

Entered at the Postoffice at Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter Semi-Weekly—Issued Tuesdays and Fridays.

WALTER C. SMITH, Editor.

Subscription Rates: Per Month \$1.00 Per Month, Foreign \$1.25 Per Year \$10.00 Per Year, Foreign \$12.00 Payable Invariably in Advance.

CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.

FRIDAY

DECEMBER 1

LAND AND SETTLERS.

The territory can well afford to sell its public lands, not absolutely needed for other purposes, at a low price, to bona-fide farmers. That is to say it can afford to do so under restrictions which will keep the land from being snatched up for speculative purposes.

We say the territory can afford to do these things. We add that it can not afford not to do them. If Congress is given to understand that good settlers are kept from coming here by prohibitive land regulations it will be quite likely to amend the organic act and vest the island land administration in the Federal government.

Now why, as a financial proposition, can the Territorial government well afford to give actual settlers a show at nominal figures? It is because if our public lands are made taxable we shall ultimately get more from them in tax returns than we can possibly get from leases.

The effect of settling white labor on the soil which would be available to plantations should also be considered.

It would be a shame and a danger to lose such settlers as the Molokans because of high appraisals of land. Hawaii needs settlers a deal more than it needs lanterns and guava thickets; it needs labor more than it does surplus cane that can not be cut for the want of labor.

THE REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA.

The incidents of civil war are all very terrible but, as Bismarck was wont to say, if an omelet is to be made some eggs must be broken. Nothing could have been more deplorable than some phases of the French revolution and yet Wendell Phillips was able to say to a Phi Beta Kappa audience at Harvard that this revolution was "the most unmixt and wholly perfect blessing, save the reformation, which had ever come to Europe."

It is like the knife to the cancer. For the suffering patient who lies prostrate under the keen blade and comes again into a flickering life with pain in every nerve and with hope but faintly revived, we may surely sympathize. But shall we stay the knife? The surgeon may seem unfeeling and he may sometimes cut with a bungling hand.

We must weigh the revolution with its horrors against what the revolution, sooner or later, is sure to establish. What our fathers in many lands have fought for with fire and sword, the Russian people are fighting for. America may well cry Forward!

GOOD NEWS FOR PLANTERS.

Secretary Atkinson's cablegram and the Governor's explanation of it ought to give zest to Thanksgiving Day.

The way to settle the labor question is now provided. The President has assured the Secretary of the Territory that Hawaii may assist immigration, save that of Chinese, to its heart's content.

Probably Azores Portuguese and Northern Italians will be sent for and enough of them brought to provide all the labor that Hawaii needs.

As Secretary Atkinson cables "Let us give thanks!"

Miss Yarrow, who has retired from her position of assistant to the pastor of Central Union Church, will be missed by the poor, the sick and the suffering of her parish. Her work was absolutely unselfish and it taxed her energies to the utmost.

Sugar is not doing well in the Philippines, partly from lack of labor. It is rather odd that the planters there do not get Japanese, who must be available. As for Filipinos they are children of the sun who find it easier to smoke cigarettes and earn their necessary pittance by the easiest of tasks, than to undertake the drudgery of the cane fields.

The Russian uprising seems likely to revive the European troubles of 1848. How great the scare is at the centers of government may be judged by the fact that the Austrian premier has promised a bill granting universal suffrage.

Italy is having a serious time with earthquakes in spite of two active volcanoes. After all, the safety valve is not a sure thing, although it probably mitigates explosive phenomena.

Evidently the Russian government thinks that northern Manchuria is the safest place it has to winter Linaevitch's army in. Its return home might smash everything the Czar has left.

One of the things Honolulu needs is an endowed opera house for the purpose of attracting the best theatrical and musical talent from the Coast at suitable intervals.

The quicker the Philippines are sold to Japan the sooner the United States will be out of a bad mess.

It is a cold day when the Empress Dowager of China does not have her portrait painted.

It begins to look as if De Witte could not master the situation in Russia.

Austrian democrats may soon see the sun of Austerlitz.

OUR IDLE WOMEN.

The Philadelphia Ledger reports upon Mrs. Russell Sage's views for the future of American women by reason of their tendency to smoke, drink and gamble.

Well known matrons of New York, interviewed on the subject, generally declined to share in the views of Mrs. Sage. Some of them admitted that the customs mentioned do exist, and are growing. They contend, however, that they represent but a passing phase, and that the limitations are strict.

The excuse given, whatever might be its validity merely as an excuse, is hardly sustained by the facts. Admitting the incalculable and growth of the practice, and that to a certain extent women have taken the place of men, the practices do not obtain among the women who have sought the new fields of endeavor.

There may be certain club women who fall into their brothers' habits as a way of showing their independence, and proving that they live in an atmosphere of advanced thought. The average club woman, however, has a serious purpose, or persuades herself that she has, and, far from sanctioning levity of conduct on the part of her own sex, hopes to aid in its intellectual and material development.

There are women who are very rich, and whose duty is to kill time. The task becomes onerous, and recourse is had to anything that promises novelty. If they smoke or drink it is for a fresh sensation, and if they gamble, they are frittering away hours that would hang heavy on idle hands, and of which they have so many that they represent to them no value.

An important plank in the Mohonk conference reads as follows:

We wish also particularly to urge upon the attention of the government the wisdom of considering the difference between the civilization of all our insular territories and that of the United States with which the resulting need of giving special heed to the recommendations of the men there in charge, even as concerns matters so important as those of forms of government, coastwise traffic or immigration.

It will be difficult for one Territory, speaking in the sense of political organization, to get favors from Congress which are denied to other Territories. Most of the special privileges Hawaii has asked for, inhere to the colonial status. It is possible, however, as soon as Hawaii is the only organized Territory left, a condition which may not be far off, that it can get legislation suited to its individual needs.

DR. RUSSEL'S WORK.

In a private letter from Dr. Russel to a friend in Honolulu, he writes, "Our cause here is advancing with gigantic steps. As a matter of fact we have our revolution among the 72,000 prisoners ready. Vladivostok is almost in turmoil and I imagine what will be the result when they join together."

Dr. Russel has had a good field to work in and has made the most of his opportunities. A man of learning, of culture, of strong patriotism, he was long ago banished from his native land because he tried to better the political condition of his countrymen. Naturally, at the outbreak of the recent war, his sympathies were with the Japanese in the hope that they would crush the Russian autocracy and give the people a chance.

THE CASE OF MISS YARROW.

It is proper, in view of the denial by Miss Yarrow that she has resigned and her statement that her relations with Rev. Dr. Kincaid are harmonious, to say that the principal information about Miss Yarrow's treatment and of her resignation, was given to a friend of her husband by Mrs. Sheppardson.

There was no occasion and is no occasion to doubt Mrs. Sheppardson's good faith nor that of our informant. The latter was Dr. Sheppardson's personal friend and was near him when he died.

Further inquiry of friends with whom Miss Yarrow had been stopping develops the statement that she had signified her purpose to give six months' notice of her resignation so that there would be no trouble about filling her place.

If Miss Yarrow is now in a state of harmony with the Rev. Dr. Kincaid she must have been converted to that view, for the sake of church peace, at a very early hour yesterday morning.

It is significant that the phrase in Miss Yarrow's letter, "and will take up my usual duties and my relation with Dr. Kincaid is harmonious," was interlined after the letter had been finished and signed, and that the interlineation was proposed, or insisted upon, by others.

The promoters of the local steamer enterprise should make very sure of the bona fides of the Oceanic Steamship company's alleged scheme to put the Sierra on the local ferry route, before permitting that possibility to affect their plans. Who knows but that the Sierra story is a mere bluff intended to discourage the local investment? What assurance has Honolulu that the tourist route would be moderate? How long would it take the Oceanic company to build or buy a steamer to take the place of the Sierra on the Australian route?

De Witte is in a precarious position. The aristocrats never liked him and are now trying to persuade the Czar to dismiss him from office, abandon the policy of conciliation and declare martial law. On the other hand the actual revolutionists do not trust him because he is at the head of the Czar's cabinet and does not favor a republican movement. The constitution liberals who support him are not strong and may be ground between the upper and the nether mill-stones. Such conditions existed in the days of the French revolution and it required a Napoleon to bring order out of the resulting chaos.

General Booth has been made a freeman of the city of London, an honor never before conferred upon a religious teacher. Few if any men of the cloth ever deserved better of London, the moral and Christian status of which the founder of the Salvation Army has so much improved. It was General Booth who refused to be knighted a few years ago—also an uncommon circumstance—but the grant he has had from the Lord Mayor and the aldermen, being something that would not call him out of the ranks of the commoners, he cheerfully accepted.

Football is a prize-fight without rules against foul blows and without a referee close at hand to separate combatants who fight unfairly. It permits many men to fight one man. The casualties of football are vastly greater than are those of prize-fighting. No wonder that college faculties are beginning to eliminate it from the list of student sports.

Gentlemen of full habit who run into newspaper offices "boiling over" are apt to sloop over.

Wasn't there something about the Slings and Yarrow's of outrageous torture?

The Czar's sled is slowing up and the wolves are gaining on it.

May good digestion wait on "Our Jack" and health on both.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Monday's Advertiser.) Some 400 fowls have been culled for to compete in the poultry show.

George Benson, Proprietor of the Fox Station Hotel of Manila was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gilford announce the engagement of their daughter Jennie to Arthur A. Wilder.

Mrs. Mabel Wing Castle and daughter have returned home from a long sojourn at health resorts in California. Capt. A. C. Baker, U. S. N., who has been in Canton studying the boycott situation, is en route to Washington to report what he has found. He is a passenger by the Manchuria.

The Republican executive committee for the Territory held a session on proposed appointments Monday evening. The deputy attorney generalship was the principal office under consideration.

Lieutenant Jensen of the Salvation Army was a passenger to the Coast by the Sonoma. She returned to her home in Eureka, Cal., on a leave of absence. On the expiration of her leave she will be re-assigned.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Bar Association of the Hawaiian Islands will be held on Wednesday, November 29, 1905, at 4 o'clock p. m., at the Republican Headquarters, 925 Fort street, Honolulu.

The trial of F. C. Bertelmann, charged with impersonating a Federal officer, was begun in Judge Doe's court yesterday. A number of witnesses are on hand. There was some difficulty in securing a jury.

The hotels were lively yesterday with the influx of strangers. The Hawaiian and Young Hotels had their registers filled up, with names and the dining rooms looked like old times had struck the town.

Mrs. Silva of Kaneohe was accidentally shot Monday morning by the discharge of a gun intended to be used on chickens. She is at the Queen's Hospital at present, having been removed to that institution yesterday and is doing well. The wound is not expected to be fatal.

Hubert Vos, who married one of the Coney girls, of Honolulu, is in the city, a through passenger on the Manchuria. Mr. Vos is the well known portrait painter. In the Orient he had the privilege of painting a portrait of the Empress Dowager of China, and it is said that his fee for performing this feat was one of the largest ever given an artist.

An oral decision was given yesterday morning by the Supreme Court affirming the decree of Judge Robinson in the matter of the estate of Margaret V. Carter in which the lower court surcharged Mrs. Jessie Kahe, the administratrix, with sums aggregating \$800. During the hearing J. F. Colburn was permitted to address the court as the representative of Mrs. Kahe.

Governor-General Wright of the Philippines, en route home on the Manchuria on a leave of absence, says that the sugar industry in the Philippines is at a low ebb, the crop having dropped from 300,000 tons before the revolution to 10,000 last year. The cattle growers have suffered from the rinderpest and both capital and labor are short. The Filipino is now a peaceful citizen, said he, and Aguinaldo is a farmer.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

The Republican Central Committee has endorsed F. W. Milverton for the position of third Deputy Attorney General.

Col. Thomas Fitch, on account of the sake case appeal, will return to the mainland by the Korea, sailing December 12.

F. W. Carter, manager of the Parker ranch, was among the departing passengers on the Manchuria, for San Francisco.

A. Lewis, Jr., of the law firm of Smith and Lewis, left for the Coast yesterday on business on the S. S. Manchuria.

C. F. Eckart of the Planters' Experiment Station, accompanied by his wife and child, departed on the Manchuria for the Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Knight and Miss Thelma Parker, the Parker ranch betress, left for San Francisco yesterday on the Manchuria.

Major Crawford, a retired British army officer who visited Honolulu last year, is reported to have mysteriously disappeared in Australia.

General and Mrs. Summer were the guests of honor at the Palace Hotel at a dinner given by Capt. Jocelyn, U. S. A., just before their departure for Honolulu.

Miss Grace Zorbaugh, one of the editorial staff of the Philadelphia North American, was a through passenger from Japan to San Francisco by the Manchuria. While here she was entertained by her cousins, Senator and Mrs. C. H. Dickey.

Robert Catton was informed before returning home from his recent tour that the Buffalo, N. Y., firm that contracted with Architect Newcomb and himself to supply stone for completing St. Andrew's cathedral would be unable to fulfil the contract.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Davies and daughter and Mr. H. Jennings and daughter, of Portland, Oregon, are visitors in the city for the winter. Mr. Jennings is a prominent furniture dealer while Mr. Davies is proprietor of one of the large hotels in the Oregon metropolis.

M. J. Connell, a Seattle fruit merchant, while here in the Manchuria visited the pineapple plantation of the Tropic Fruit Co. at Wahiawa and was so pleased that he promised to become a regular customer. He requires several thousand cases a year and had been in Singapore after contracts to supply him with pineapple preserves.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

There is no danger from blood poison resulting from a cut or wound of any kind, when Chamberlain's Pain Balm is used. It is an antiseptic dressing and should be in every household. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Dealers in lumber and building materials. 375-381, 414 Fort St.

LEWERS & COOKER—(Robert Lewers, J. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooker)—Importers and Dealers in lumber and building materials. 375-381, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, November 29, 1905.

Table with columns: NAME OF STOCK, Capital Paid Up, Val., Bid., Ask. Lists various stocks like Mercantile, Hawaiian Agricultural, Hawaiian Sugar Co., etc.

SESSION SALES.

(Morning Session.) 100 Kahuku, 27.

SALES BETWEEN BOARDS. \$5000 O. R. & L. Co. 6s, 105.

NOTICE.

No session of the Exchange today, November 30, Thanksgiving Day.

LOCAL OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Alexander Young Building, Honolulu, Thursday, November 30.

Table with columns: Year, Month, Day, Thermo., Rain, Wind, etc. for the month of November.

ALEX. McC. ASHLEY, Section Director.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Issued Every Sunday Morning by the Local Office, U. S. Weather Bureau.

Table with columns: Day, Month, Year, Mean, Thermo., Rain, Wind, etc. for the current day.

Note:—Barometer readings are corrected for temperature, instrumental errors, and local gravity, and reduced to sea level. Average cloudiness stated in scale from 0 to 10. Direction of wind is prevailing direction during 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. Velocity of wind in average velocity in miles per hour.

ALEX. McC. ASHLEY, Section Director.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Table with columns: Day, High Tide, Low Tide, Sun rise, Sun set, Moon rise, Moon set.

First quarter of the moon Dec. 3d. Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu.

Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees thirty minutes. The time while the blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 6 hours 6 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.





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Theo. H. Davies & Co (Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1835. Accumulated Funds .... £2,375,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co. OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital ..... £1,000,000.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

Mountain Resorts: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World. For Tickets and general information APPLY TO

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S NEW YORK LINE

Bark Nuanu sailing from New York to Honolulu on or about March 1st. FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOWEST RATES. For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby St., Boston, or C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Entered for Record November 27, 1905, From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

- A Lewis Jr to Joao Batelho... D Joe Medeiros wf to Levi Perkins... M Alvine W Conrad and hb to Lilluokalani... D Francis Gay to Lepeka Akeau et al R Harry N Denison by Regr... N Carl du Roi et al by Regr... N Charles S Desky tr et al by Comr to W Wolters... C D Mose Kauwe... W Entered for Record November 28, 1905, From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. J W Humeku and wf by mtgee to William Henry... F A J W Humeku and wf by mtgee to W H Place... D Chas A Brown and wf to J Alfred Magoon... D H M Dow by mtgee to Mary E Eow... D Maria J Bush and hb to Board of the Hawn Ewan Asen... D

W Yoshino to Y Kumada... M Mary N Lyons and hb to Bishop & Co... M John D Jewett and wf to Thomas Dunn... D Thomas Dunn and wf to Richard H Trout... M Entered for Record November 29, 1905, From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. H A Juen and wf to W Matlock Campbell... D W Matlock Campbell to John K Munner... D Elizabeth J Knight and hb to William K Irwin... D Bishop & Co to Jacob F Brown... R Gear, Lansing & Co by tra to Manuel V Souza... D Emma K Kauiua to Akeau Ah Chong... D W R Castle tr by atty to Notice... N W F Allen tr to J T Warren... R

Recorded November 22, 1905.

Lucy K Henriques and hb (E) to William Savidge, L. R. P. 3941, Makawao, Maui. 15 yrs at \$40 per yr. B 273, p 342. Dated Nov 21, 1905. Lilluokalani by atty to James M Laird, A. M., mtg D W Kamallikane on pcc land, Kahala, N. Kona, Hawaii. \$275.00. B 271, p 451. Dated Nov 29, 1905. Lilluokalani by atty to James M Laird, A. M., mtg T C Polikapu et al on pcc land, Oahu, Maui and Hawaii. \$2518.00. B 271, p 452. Dated Nov 29, 1905. Capital Bldg Co Ltd to Margaret Cowes, Sur L; pc land, Hotel St. Honolulu, Oahu. \$1. B 273, p 344. Dated Nov 22, 1905.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Local Office, Weather Bureau.

The following data, covering a period of 28 years, have been compiled from the Weather Bureau and McKibbin records at Honolulu, T. H. They are issued to show the conditions that have prevailed, during the month in question, for the above period of years, but must not be construed as a forecast of the weather conditions for the coming month.

Month December for 28 years. TEMPERATURE (1890-1904). Mean or normal temperature, 72 degrees.

The warmest month was that of 1891, with an average of 74 degrees. The coldest month was that of 1902, with an average of 71 degrees. The highest temperature was 84 degrees on December 2, 1890. The lowest temperature was 55 degrees on December 30, 1900.

PRECIPITATION (rain 1877-1893 and 1904).

Average for the month, 3.57 inches. Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 14. The greatest monthly precipitation was 8.86 inches in 1879. The least monthly precipitation was 1.17 inches in 1888. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 4.30 inches on December 22, 1879.

CLOUDS AND WEATHER (1890-1904).

Average number of clear days, 13; partly cloudy days, 14; cloudy days, 4.

WIND. The prevailing winds have been from the northeast.

The average hourly velocity of the wind during December, 1904, was 8.3 miles.

The highest velocity of the wind during December, 1904, was 36 miles from the northeast on the 20th.

Station: Honolulu, T. H. Date of issue: November 29, 1905. ALEX. McC. ASHLEY, Section Director, Weather Bureau.

THE INDUSTRIAL WORLD.

The copper miners are selling every pound of copper as fast as they can smelt it.

Large quantities of gold are arriving from Europe. of the supply and manufacturers are far oversold.

The Connelville region produces this year 16,000,000 tons of coke.

The bankers are still howling for the retirement of the legal tenders.

The California output of gold has increased \$3,000,000 in the last year.

Steps are being taken to bring about a general reduction in the price of telephone service.

The Canadian government is paying out big piles of money to stimulate manufacturing.

A Jacksonville shipbuilder has started to build eleven wooden barges for the Panama canal.

Another big gold strike has just been made in the Goldfield District and great excitement prevails.

A gigantic wine trust has been organized in France to build cellars for the storage of wine.

So far this season 29,504 carloads of oranges and lemons have been shipped from California to eastern markets.

A great effort is being made to induce Americans to cultivate flax. The whole world is calling for more flax.

There is a great influx of foreigners to the United States and more are coming from Russia than anywhere else.

river to Lake Erie. It has been talked of for a century.

It is reported Charles M. Schwab wants to be a Senator from Nevada, but he says there is nothing in it at least not yet.

The wholesale grocers propose to stop selling groceries to the department stores as they say they interfere with the retail grocers.

The largest shoe manufacturer in New England sold last week 100,000 pairs of shoes and expects to keep that average up for some time.

A large apartment house in New York city will take 10,000 tons of steel in its construction. A bank in Pittsburg will take 4,000 tons.

A number of new steel plants are projected to meet the enormous demand for steel and most of them will be erected in Western Pennsylvania.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, is threatening to become the Chicago of the far northwest. Prices for real estate are running mad and town lots are sky high.

One of the large steel mills in Pennsylvania took an order last week to make 1,000 steel hopper gondolas, each of which will carry 50 tons of freight.

Material to build 1,000 cars is to be shipped by Seattle lumbermen all the way to Pittsburg which is the first transaction of this kind in car building.

Government estimates show that the corn crop will amount to 2,707,517,000 bushels. The oat crop will amount to 539,332,000 bushels. The horses are laughing.

The people of the world are beginning to forsake the diet they have been living on and are turning to wheat, in consequence of which there is a larger demand every year.

The British government is ordering large quantities of naval and military supplies from this country. Also heating and ventilating outfits for buildings in their dock yard.

New York expects to furnish itself with a new water supply which will cost \$162,000,000. It will be located in the Catskill Mountains. The engineers are at work on the project.

The Germans are organizing to demand that meat and food animals be allowed to come in free as prices are going up because of their exclusion. Germany must be fed from the outside world to a considerable extent.

PLENTY OF PREMIUMS

The following list of premiums has been subscribed by the business houses of Honolulu, to be awarded birds shown at the coming exhibition of the Hawaiian Poultry Association:

H. Hackfeld & Co.—One box Cremo cigars for the best S. C. white Leghorn breeding pen.

H. Hackfeld & Co.—Sibs. coffee for the best brown Leghorn breeding pen. Manufacturers' Shoe Co.—One pair shoes for the best light Brahma breeding pen.

Hobron Drug Co.—One dozen Columbia Egg Food for the best barred Plymouth Rock breeding pen.

Union Feed Co.—One sack wheat for the best white Wyandotte cock. Gunst-Eakin Cigar Co.—One box cigars for the best barred Plymouth Rocker.

McInerney, Ltd.—One Stetson hat for the best buff Cochon exhibit.

M. Phillips.—One box La Victoria de Colon cigars for the best pair of silver Wyandottes.

M. Phillips.—One box "The Original" cigars for the homeliest chicken.

Nolte.—Week's lunch for one for the best trio (cock and hens) of barred Plymouth Rocks.

Macfarlane & Co.—One bottle O. P. S. whisky for the second best trio (cock and hens) of white Leghorns.

Bergstrom Music Co.—One mandolin for the best trio (cock and hens) of white Leghorns.

Hawaiian Fertilizer Co.—100lbs. fertilizer for the best white Leghorn breeding pen.

Hawaiian Star.—One year's subscription for the best trio (cock and pullets) of barred Plymouth Rocks.

Hawaiian Gazette Co.—Six months' subscription to Pacific Commercial Advertiser for the best pair game chickens.

J. O. Lutted.—Sibs. the best candy for the best pair of white fan-tail pigeons.

M. S. Greenbaum & Co.—One tin of "Seven Up" tobacco for the second-best white Leghorn breeding pen.

W. C. Peacock & Co.—One case of White Rock water for the exhibitor who takes the most premiums.

American Brokerage Co.—100 good cigars for the second-best trio (cock and pullets) of barred Plymouth Rocks.

Consolidated Soda Works Co.—One case (4 dozen) assorted sodas for the best pair (cock and hen) of white Leghorns.

Frank Kruger.—One Seth Thomas clock for the best exhibit of bantams.

Potluna incubator for the greatest variety of fowls exhibited.

Henry May & Co.—One sack Continental flour for the best pen of white Plymouth Rocks.

M. C. Sayres.—One year's subscription to Reliable Poultry Journal for the best trio of black Minorcas.

Fred L. Waldron.—One sack of Port Costa flour for the best white Plymouth Rock cock.

Fred L. Waldron.—One case Armour's Veribest corn beef for the best black Minorca breeding pen.

E. O. Hall & Son.—One boy's choice Cyper's incubator for the best pair of barred Plymouth Rocks.

Wall, Nichols Co.—Choice of the latest popular novels for the best white Wyandotte cockerel.

Rainier Bottling Works.—One case Rainier beer for pair of black Minorcas. Club Stables.—One trio of white Leghorns for the best pair of white Wyandottes.

J. A. M. Johnson Co.—\$5 merchandise for the best black Minorca cock.

Honolulu Rapid Transit Co.—100 tickets for the best exhibit of ducks.

J. M. Levy & Co.—1-2 dozen Sibs. tins Tilmans' canned goods for the best black Minorca cockerel.

Honolulu Brewing & Malting Co.—One case Primo beer for the best barred Plymouth Rock breeding pen.

C. Q. Yee Hop & Co.—One 15lb. roast of beef for the best game cock.

Honolulu Tobacco Co.—Two dozen Dandy tobacco for the best white face black Spanish exhibit.

H. F. Wehman & Co.—One silver cup for the best exhibit of chickens in point of numbers, varieties and general appearance.

Honolulu Photo-Supply Co.—One No. 2 folding Brownie camera for the best barred Plymouth Rock cock.

W. W. Dimond & Co.—1-2 dozen chicken coasts for the best buff Orpington exhibit.

Lewis & Co.—1 box Sanchez & Haya cigars for the best exhibit of Games.

California Feed Co.—1 bag Scratch food for the best exhibit of Games.

Honolulu Photo-Supply Co.—One No. 2 Brownie camera for the best white Leghorn cock.

G. P. Wilder.—Silver cup for the largest number of entries shown.

Governor G. R. Carter.—\$5 cash for the best live capon.

California Feed Co.—1 bag Excellent flour second-best barred Plymouth Rock cockerel.

Thomas Rewcastle.—Six jars of honey for the best pair of pouter pigeons.

Thomas Rewcastle.—Six jars of honey for the best pair of tumbler pigeons.

SUDDEN DEATH OF LADY PASSENGER

About 4 o'clock yesterday morning, Miss S. Brinton of West Chester, Pa., a passenger on the Manchuria, died of heart failure at the Hawaiian Hotel. The body was embalmed and was shipped on the steamer.

Miss Brinton, who has been traveling around the world leisurely for the past three years, arrived on the Manchuria and took an apartment at the Hawaiian for the night. About the time mentioned groans were heard in her room and Mr. Barbour Lathrop and others hurried to her assistance. The door was forced in, and Dr. Murray was called. Miss Brinton expired in a short time. Her death was a shock to her fellow passengers. Rev. S. N. Usher took charge of the remains and will accompany the body to Miss Brinton's home. The deceased was about 65 years of age. She was a sister of Dr. Daniel Brinton, professor in the University of Pennsylvania.

That Tired Feeling

Which is so disheartening is often caused by poor, thin blood, resulting in deficient vitality. The blood needs to be enriched and vitalized; and for this there is no medicine in the world equal to

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The cures it has worked, the men, women, and children it has restored to health, are countless in number. One such experience is as follows: "I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family for years, and would not be without it. I used to suffer with boils and skin eruptions, attended with great lassitude and exhaustion. In fact, I was so ill that I could not attend to my business. Being advised to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I did so, and I am happy to say that the medicine restored me to perfect health. I have since used Ayer's Sarsaparilla for my children, in various complaints, and it has always proved effective. I can safely recommend it to sufferers as a true blood purifier."

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas. Be sure you get "AYER'S." Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. AYER'S PILLS, the best family laxative.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., AGENTS

BEAUTIFUL SKIN Hands and Hair Produced by Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with itching palms and shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES.

Sold throughout the world. FORTEN DAVIS AND COMPANY, Sole Props., Boston. British Agents: F. NEWBURY & SONS, London. Ask Read for "How to Cleanse, Purify, and Beautify the Skin," 8-cv. and "Hair," a book of interesting matter to ladies, post free.

IN FOREIGN LANDS

or in your native land when you are away from home, the SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE will be found a most welcome visitor; giving as it does a condensed summary of all the local news of the Islands and Honolulu.

Subscribe before you start on your travels and you won't need to "wonder what is happening at home" while you are away. Price 50 cents per month or \$5.00 per year postpaid to any part of the United States. Foreign postage extra.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO., LTD. PUBLISHERS. 65 South King St. Phone 68. Honolulu, Hawaii.

Old Planters

The Hawaiian Gazette Co. has, at considerable expense, succeeded in completing a limited number of sets of Planters' Monthlies from Vol. 1 of 1882 up to the first of the present year.

Of the earlier numbers, long since out of print, many issues were entirely exhausted, making it necessary to reset and reprint all such numbers, thus adding materially to the cost. This extra expense was more than justified, however, by the valuable nature of much of the matter contained in these old numbers, matter that cannot be found elsewhere than in these books and that is valuable really beyond price to the plantation interests.

These Planters are uniformly bound in full law sheep, giving them an attractive appearance in addition to their durability.

Anyone desiring a complete set, or any part of a set, would do well to communicate with the Gazette Co. at an early date, as there are but very few sets available at the present time, and in order to complete more sets it will be necessary to reset and print more back numbers, thus increasing the cost still more.

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED.

- Nat Goodwin will try vaudeville. Bernhardt has fallen a prey to wrinkles. Germany's navy is to be greatly increased. Arthur J. Talbot, the old-time minstrel, is dead. Richard Mansfield's company split up in Denver. Scotty's desert mine is said to have been located. Shattuck Hall, Berkeley, has been destroyed by fire. Nellie McCoy, the well-known actress, has lost her reason. Lauren Pease of Portland has been arrested for embezzlement. Thirty-nine lives were lost in a fire in a Glasgow boarding-house. Jack London's marriage to Miss Kittredge has been declared illegal. The four murderers of Jack Welch have been hanged in San Francisco. Emil Pretorius is dead. He was the Nestor of the German press in the west. Seven new battleships and six cruisers are to be added to the American navy. Tammany Chief Murphy is said to have a fortune surpassing Richard Croker's. Consul-General Parsons says that people should investigate before investing in Mexico. Two men have been arrested for attempting to force Armour to pay for stolen letters. One hundred and twenty-eight lives were lost in the wreck of the English Channel steamer Hilda.

