

MAILS NEXT WEEK

(To Arrive and Leave Honolulu)

From the Coast: Konigin der Niederlanden (Doubtful).
For the Coast: Korea Maru and Sojima, 26.
From Orient: Nothing.
For Orient: Nothing.

Maui News

LATEST SUGAR QUOTATIONS

	Cents	Dollars
	per lb.	per ton
Today's Quotation	6.005	\$120.10
Last Previous	6.00	118.40

EIGHTEENTH YEAR

WAILUKU, MAUI CO., HAWAII, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1918.

NUMBER 941

Maui Choral Club In Fourth Success

"Chimes Of Normandy", At Paia Community House, A Big Week-end Feature

Saturday evening, March 16th, a goodly-sized audience of central Maui people much enjoyed a most successful presentation of Robert Planquette's "Chimes of Normandy" a comic opera in three acts, by the Choral Club at Paia Community House.

It was the fourth opera given by this musical association and proved a worthy successor to "Queen Esther," "The Mikado" and "Pinafore."

H. W. Baldwin as Gaspard, the miser, was easily the star of the play, doing most admirable work throughout, but especially so in the second act where the old miser is discovered, gloating over his gold.

Miss Oriet Robinson, as Serpolette, the good-for-nothing, made a pleasing stage appearance and sang her lines in a charming manner.

Mr. D. C. Lindsay, as Marquis of Cornville, and Mr. David Ratray as Jean Grenichoux, a fisherman, did their usual creditable work.

Mr. H. D. Sloggett was, as is customary, a leading favorite with the audience in the comedy part of "The Ballad," and Mr. Lillico, as the notary, created much fun.

The chorus presented a most attractive appearance with changes of

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Mathews Resigns Settlement Work

Several Reasons Of Superintendent Cause Him To Decide To Return East

At a meeting of the Alexander House Settlement trustees held on Wednesday, the resignation of L. R. Mathews from the position of head worker was received and accepted with expressions of much regret.

It is the intention of Mr. and Mrs. Mathews to leave from Honolulu by the Mauna near the end of April for the latter's old home in Connecticut.

The reasons for the resignation of Mr. Mathews are two. In the first place, he has suffered a great deal with his eyes, is otherwise "run down" as the result of work-strain and feels that he should have a change. Then, the father of Mrs. Mathews is very ill and she feels that she should be near him.

Mr. Mathews came here under an arrangement to stay three years. This term would expire in August.

The Settlement trustees decided to name Charles A. Puck, who is now assistant to succeed Mr. Mathews in general charge of the work.

More Names Added To The Vigilance Corps

The following names have been added to the list of members of the Maui branch of the American Defense League since the last list was published:

Alan, Louis.
Alexander, Arthur C.
Born, E. O.
Carley, Edward B.
Cumming, Jas.
Dolm, J. C.
Gonsalves, Joe.
Gossin, Mrs.
Haramoto, S.
Hoogs, F. L.
Jardine, Manuel C.
Kinney, David K.
Leval, George S.
Montgomery, W.
Moura, M. J.
Palmer, L. C.
Quill, D.
Rose, C. F. N.
Savage, Chas.
Short, S. T.
Smith, Jas.
Smith, Wm.
Souza, Joe.
Thomson, J. B.
Turner, Miss Charlotte.
Vincent, Enos.
Visher, J. F.
Weight, G. N.
Wilbur, Geo. W.
Williams, Ben.
Williams, Mrs. Ben.
Wodehouse, Miss Annie.

Attorney W. Rawlins came up from Honolulu Tuesday morning to appear in two cases in the Circuit Court. He went back to the city Wednesday night, but without being able to finish his work and will come back again next Wednesday.

ACCIDENT BOARD FILES REPORT ON WORK OF YEAR

Court Decision Caused Suspense For Several Months, But Much Work Was Done

DETAILED STATEMENT OF BUSINESS

To His Excellency,
Lacius E. Pinkham,
Governor of Hawaii,
Honolulu, Hawaii.

Sir:
We have the honor to submit the following report of the work of the Industrial Accident Board for the County of Maui, covering the year ending February 1, 1918.

The work of the Board was seriously interfered with during the latter part of the period owing to the decision of the First Circuit Court which held the Workman's Compensation Act unconstitutional. Until this decision was overruled by the Supreme Court on December 11, on advice of the Attorney General's Department, no action was taken on any cases of accident, and the activity of the Board consisted only in holding regular meetings and receiving and filing such reports and claims for compensation as were received.

Employers Delinquent.
The insurance policies of most of the employers within our jurisdiction expired on July 1, 1917, and a large part of these failed to renew them or to make other provision for compensating their employees pending a decision by the higher court on the validity of the law. The Board is find-

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Medical Board Examining Registrants

Busy Week Put In—Major Cooper Says Nice Things Of Local Draft Workers

The military medical examining board arrived in Wailuku by the Mauna Kea last Saturday night, registering at the Maui Hotel, and have been here since. They plan to leave here tomorrow night for the island of Hawaii to continue their labors there. The board is composed of Major Charles B. Cooper (until lately head of the medical department in the National Guard of Hawaii, who was recently called into active service) and the following from the regular army: Major A. V. Hennessey, Captain J. P. Cleary, Captain O. J. Markley and Hospital Sergeants A. O. Miles, Vanderpool and Phillips (the latter three also being medical specialists).

The board came here to examine what are termed "deferred" men on the list for the selective draft and in the National Guard. The local examining board accepted some, rejected others and "deferred" quite a large number on account of questions as to their physical fitness, and it is the latter lot that the general board has been examining. The work began Monday morning in the Wailuku town hall and has been progressing steadily, and as rapidly as possible, since. About 110 men a day have been examined.

Speaking of the work which had previously been done here, Major Cooper said: "I cannot refrain from complimenting Sheriff Crowell, Dr. Osmer and their assistants on the thoroughness of their work in connection with the selective draft. His thoroughness shows itself all the way through, and has greatly simplified the work of our board. Moreover, we have had the most valuable assistance from both Sheriff Crowell and Dr. Osmer, the former placing his clerical force at our service and the latter making a special trip to Hana and doing certain work there which has saved the board a great deal of inconvenience. I regard the selective draft work on Maui as A-1, and Sheriff Crowell, Dr. Osmer and their associates are to be complimented."

Thieves Break Into The Wailuku School

Thieves broke into the Wailuku school house Tuesday night, gaining access through a window. They found and took away \$13.25 in money and about \$15 in thrift stamps, which were being held there to be sold to the children.

No arrests have yet been made, although the police have a line on the guilty parties.

Let Prohibition Apply All Over

The Chamber of Commerce of Maui, composed of the business men in every line, yesterday afternoon discussed the liquor question seriously and earnestly, and the opinion was that an effort should be made to bring this island in under the same rule which will make Oahu "dry". The following resolution was introduced, supported by all of the speakers and unanimously endorsed:

Resolution.
WHEREAS, in order to effectively aid our Government every effort should be made to speed up production of necessary materials for the conduct of the war, including food products; and,

WHEREAS, the Territory of Hawaii produces a large quantity of such food products, namely sugar and canned pineapples; and,

WHEREAS, it is a known fact that the use of intoxicating liquors is one of the potent agencies which works against efficiency in all industries; and,

WHEREAS, the recent order of President Wilson, prohibiting the sale of liquor on the island of Oahu may deter the passage of the bill, providing for prohibition for the Territory of Hawaii, now under consideration by the Congress of the United States; and,

WHEREAS, although we believe the said order of the President safeguards those in active military service of the Federal Government, we believe that results will be far better if said bill becomes law as prohibition for the entire Territory of Hawaii as it will assure far better industrial efficiency as well as the saving of foodstuffs now used in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages consumed in this Territory; and,

WHEREAS, we further feel that great unfairness will result to us if prohibition is applied to the island of Oahu only, as such a half-way measure will be followed by a large increase in the liquor traffic and its accompanying evils on this island. Therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the Maui Chamber of Commerce, being a representative body of the County of Maui, Territory of Hawaii, urges the Delegate to Congress from said Territory of Hawaii to use every effort to further the enactment of a law, as a war measure, providing for prohibition for this Territory as a whole; and be it further

RESOLVED, that a copy of this preamble and resolution be sent to our Delegate to Congress, J. Kuhio Kalaniana'ole.

Maui Business Men Would Ban Booze

Are In Favor Of Going "Dry" With Honolulu—Other Matters At Chamber Meeting

The board of trustees of the Maui Chamber of Commerce held a special meeting at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon for the purpose of getting several matters from the table. The business transacted was as follows: Meeting called to order by President Rice.

Trustees present: Messrs. H. W. Rice, F. F. Baldwin, J. P. Foster, Wm. Walsh, H. B. Penhallow, Dr. W. D. Baldwin, C. D. Lufkin, H. A. Baldwin, D. C. Lindsay and D. H. Case.

Minutes of previous meeting of date January 31, read and approved. The president stated that the Trustees had been called together to consider whether the Maui Chamber of Commerce should take a prominent part in furthering the next Liberty Loan, which will be April 6, and, if so, how best to proceed.

Mr. Rice stated that he had received a communication from Mr. Tenney Peck, who is chairman of the next Liberty Loan drive, in which Mr. Peck stated that he would like to have the Maui Chamber of Commerce organize for this drive. Mr. Rice was of the opinion that it was very necessary to make the sale of these bonds a tremendous success.

After considerable discussion had, in which all of the trustees participated, it was moved by Mr. F. F. Baldwin, seconded by Mr. Wm. Walsh, that the secretary of the Maui Chamber of Commerce be directed, on behalf of the organization, to reply to Mr. Tenney Peck's communication, in-

(Continued on Page Six.)

J. Garcia, of the Bank of Maui, Ltd., will be leaving on Saturday for a visit of two months in the States.

BIG SPORT CARD IS PLANNED FOR THE JUNE FAIR

Spectacular Cavalry And Infantry Features To Be Staged By The Army And Others

ATHLETES OF ISLANDS TO ENTER

Honolulu, March 20—Prospects are bright for a great sport card at the territorial fair, with spectacular cavalry and infantry features staged by the army as special events. The race-track at Kapiolani Park will be rolled and put into first-class condition for the speed events, and the polo field inside the course offers excellent facilities for many of the field events and the army maneuvers. The grandstand has a seating capacity of 1800, while bleachers can be placed to accommodate 2000 more.

Athletes and strong men from all parts of the territory will be urged to participate in the big fair events. The commission expects to have something doing on the track or field every hour of the morning, afternoon and evening, for the entire six days of the celebration.

For runners the program will provide sprints, distance events, marathons, relays, etc.

A tug-of-war tournament for the championship of the Islands, with a purse hung up as added inducement, undoubtedly will be arranged, to attract the strong men from the Big Island, Maui and Kauai. In this test the regimental teams of the army will participate, and it probably will be staged as one of the regular evening attractions, with one or two con-

(Continued on Page Three.)

Maui's New Judge Formally Seated

Neat Little Ceremony, In Which Speeches Of Welcome Are Made And Responded To

Hon. Leslie L. Burr, the newly appointed judge of this circuit, arrived in Wailuku on Tuesday and registered at the Maui Hotel, which will be his home indefinitely. Members of the local bar had planned to meet him in a body and give him a legal "glad hand" to Maui, but owing to the uncertainties of his time of arrival, and place of arrival, the plan in its completeness could not be carried out.

At 2 o'clock that afternoon the new judge formally assumed charge of the court. In the court room at the time were Attorneys Case, Bevins, C. Eckert, Vincent, Sheriff Crowell, other officials and a considerable audience.

When the judge took his seat he requested Clerk Linton to read the cable order of his appointment and the oath of office which he had taken in Honolulu.

County Attorney Bevins, in a few words, expressed the welcome of Maui to the new judge, speaking on behalf of the bar, officials and citizens generally.

Mr. Eugene Murphy endorsed the remarks of the previous speaker, added a word of welcome and then transferred the subject to Mr. Dan Case, whom he referred to as the "dean" of the local bar.

Mr. Case spoke briefly, but most cordially greeted the new head of the court and assured him of the pleasure it gave the bar, court and county officials and the public generally to welcome him to Maui.

The court, in reply, spoke briefly, saying that he appreciated very much the attitude of the people of Maui toward him, as he had, in such brief time, been able to observe it; and particularly appreciated the expressions which he had just listened to from members of the bar. He trusted, and believed, that results would bear out the hopes of everyone.

That brought the proceedings, which were very short and simple, to a close, the court announcing adjournment for the day.

Compliments Mr. Burr

When the circuit court term opened Wednesday Attorney Wm. T. Rawlins, of Honolulu, took the floor and in a very eloquent manner paid a high tribute to the abilities, character and reputation of Judge Burr, who was just beginning his official duties. The remarks of Mr. Rawlins were received with interest and were regarded as timely, for the reason that Judge Burr had come into the community as almost a stranger. Mr. Rawlins came up on two cases in which he is interested and will return again next week.

WORLD'S GREATEST FIGHT HAS PROBABLY STARTED

Germans Begin The Battle With Attacks By Massed Troops On The British Over A Front Of Fifty Miles—Terrific Artillery—Lines Penetrated In Places—British Quite Confident—Americans Unaffected Yet

London—Simultaneously with the intense bombardment on a wide stretch of the western front, the Kaiser telegraphed the Rhenish provisional council that: "We are at the decisive moment, one of the greatest moments in German history". This leads to the belief that the German drive is coming.

There has been a naval battle between Anglo-French light ships and German destroyers off Dunkirk. The Germans were defeated, losing two destroyers and two torpedo boats. One British destroyer was slightly damaged.

The British have advanced in Palestine, occupying three more towns.

BIG FIGHT PROBABLY STARTS

London (Latest)—The Germans are heavily attacking the Cambrai sector, evidently heralding their great offensive. They are advancing under cover of a smoke barrage, tactics which were not unexpected.

Paris reports a heavy, sustained bombardment on the Rheims sector.

THE BIG GERMAN ATTACK

London—By employing massed troops, supported by a great weight of artillery, the Germans appear to have penetrated the British front lines at certain points between the Scarpe river and Vendekil river, in the opinion of Reuters' correspondents. The German attack on the British is on a larger scale than any during the war at any part of the western front. This report is sent out: "Our counter measures have not yet developed. It is difficult to define the situation". The enemy's apparent purpose is to launch attack on two fronts, which requires a salient in the hope of cutting it off. The enemy is employing all calibre guns and duels between heavy batteries are rocking the country-side. The Germans are employing gas shells frequently. There is hard fighting continuously from a point north of Lagnicourt to the southward of Gauche Wood.

Bonar Law, making a statement in the House of Commons, says: "Our outpost troops were withdrawn from one portion of the front which was lightly held. This attack is nothing more than was expected, was in accordance with our calculations and no surprise. I am sure that the House and the country need not feel unnecessarily alarmed. Our Versailles council knew the attack was coming, and the country may have no cause for anxiety as to the outcome".

British monitors bombarded the submarine base at Ostend yesterday, while naval planes attacked Heligoland.

TRYING TO BREAK BRITISH

Washington—American overseas authorities are convinced that the great battle is a genuine effort of the Germans to win a decisive victory over the British. They declare military circumstances are against German success. It is thought that possible internal pressure in Germany forced the military to try a forlorn hope.

PREPARED FOR CASUALTIES

London—Long lines of ambulances are standing at London railway stations to receive expected casualties from the great battle front. The British people are calm. Bonar Law's words are reassuring. General Haig describes the German offensive as comprising an intense bombardment on a front fifty miles long, both front and rear positions being shelled. Vast, specially trained infantry elements, following, breaking through outposts and penetrating some battle positions. The enemy losses have been heavy and no where have they attained their objectives. Violent fighting continues along the whole of the new line.

WHAT THE GERMANS SAY

Berlin (Official)—Between Cambrai and Lefere we have penetrated the English positions.

Honolulu—The dissolution of the corporation of J. F. Hackfield, Ltd., has begun and must go the regular way through the courts. It will take months before a majority of the stock could be in the hands of the custodian.

WOOL FOR AMERICA AND JAPAN

San Francisco—It is announced here that America and Japan will share in the Australian wool crop. British vessels will bring 25,000 bales to the States, while Japanese vessels will take 44,000 bales to Japan. The British have allowed the Japanese a total of 49,000 bales which were previously for British mills.

WIRELESS MARKET QUOTATIONS

SESSION 10:30 A. M. MARCH 22, 1918.

Ewa Plantation Company	30.00
Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Co.	
McBryde Sugar Company	
Oahu Sugar Company	31.00
Olau Sugar Company	6.30
Pioneer Mill Company	29.50
Waialua Agricultural Company	25.00
Honolulu Brewing & Maltng Company	15.00
Mineral Products Company	
Honolulu Consolidated Oil Company	
Engels Copper Company	
Mountain King Mine	
Hawaiian Sugar Company	35.00
Onomea Sugar Company	50.00
Hawaiian Pineapple Company	43.50
Oahu Railway & Land Company	
Mutual Telephone Company	20.00
San Carlos	18.00
Honokaa	
Montana Bingham	
Madera	

KAPIOLANI PARK DECIDED ON AS THE FAIR SITE

Aala Park Idea Abandoned For Reasons That Too Small And Expense Too Great

OTHER ITEMS ABOUT BIG SHOW

Honolulu, March 20.—Because the space at Aala Park has been found entirely inadequate to the demands of the territorial fair the commission in charge of the coming exhibition has decided to stage the event at Kapiolani Park instead. Decision to make the change is further encouraged by General Wissner, commanding the Hawaiian Department of the U. S. Army, who has authorized Colonel Schofield, constructing quartermaster, to give the fair board every assistance possible.

As a result Colonel Schofield promises to erect without charge an entire city of tents at Kapiolani Park, sufficient to house every exhibit at the fair, and to arrange a military program of sports that will be the most spectacular feature of its kind ever given here.

For a nominal sum the Hawaii Polo & Racing Club will permit the fair to use the big grandstand at the Park race track and the Club's paddocks, in which the horse show may be housed.

The Army's cooperation relieves the fair of the whole burden of building shelter, and makes it possible to furnish inexpensive, adequate space for every division. Plans for the use of Aala Park contemplated a necessary expenditure of at least \$5,000 for buildings alone, and a consequent charge of 25 cents a square foot, with very limited space permitted, to mercantile and business exhibitors. It is estimated the new plans will require a charge of not more than 10 or 12 cents a square foot against business exhibits, and that they may have all the space they desire.

Colonel Schofield offers 68 tents, each 20 by 60 feet in size and eight others that are about 60 feet square. These are known as hospital wall tents, ideal for housing displays or sheltering crowds of people. He takes complete charge of the erection and care of these, and says that he will give a tent pitching demonstration, his men building the city, complete in every detail within a space of four or five hours.

The soldiers, under the direction of Colonel Schofield, Major James D. Dougherty and a special committee of six army officers from the different posts, will also arrange a big program of sport features that should attract thousands of people to the fair-ground every day. These will include ten-team relay races, foot races, bareback riding, tugs-of-war, Wild West features, bridge building exhibitions, cavalry maneuvers and the like.

MR. BRECHT'S SILVER CUPS

Honolulu, March 20.—One of the two silver cups which Ernest Brecht, of Lahaina, Maui, has offered to the territorial fair as special prizes in the coming livestock show, will be hung up for the best Hawaiian-bred saddle animal displayed in the horse class. The other cup will go to the grand champion aged bear, irrespective of breed. This was decided upon by the livestock committee, which expressed its gratitude to Mr. Brecht for the donation and adds that it is prepared to accept similar contributions from business firms or individual livestock breeders who are interested in the big June show.

It is believed a number of special premiums will be given by breeders' associations in the states. Mr. Brecht's are the first to be received and within the week will be placed in a window of one of the prominent Honolulu stores, forming the nucleus of a large, attractive display of territorial fair prizes.

The livestock committee has added a new entry in the horse show especially for thoroughbreds. At the same time it ruled that Class A, under which thoroughbreds are entered, shall be called the "Light Animal" class, rather than "Light-Draft Animal" class.

Livestock entries to date are nearly 150. H. M. von Holt is expected to exhibit a selected herd of range cattle and L. L. McCandless may show a range herd and a collection of fine imported swine; neither has filed entries yet.

PRESIDENT AND THE FAIR

Honolulu, March 20.—President Wilson's approval of the territorial fair, to be held here June 10 to 15, as a worthy war-time enterprise, will be asked by Delegate Kuhio. Acting on a request from the fair commission, the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce is sending word to Hawaii's Delegate at Washington, to interview the President or a member of his Cabinet with a view to obtaining his written endorsement of the forthcoming livestock and agricultural exhibition.

If the Delegate finds it difficult to gain an audience with the Chief Executive, upon whom the burdens of the Nation at war are bearing so heavily, he will endeavor to see Herbert Hoover, Food Administrator, Mr. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, William G. McAdoo, Director of Railways or Mr. Hurley, head of the U. S. Shipping Board.

In its letter seeking the Honolulu Chamber's cooperation in this matter the fair commission expresses the belief that the exhibition will prove the biggest factor in ship space conservation and food production so far

brought into play in the Islands.

"The greatest proportion of the consuming public in Hawaii is centered in Honolulu, with its civilian population of more than 80,000 and military population of approximately 10,000, the latter practically non-producing and ready to buy all its foodstuffs from the Island growers. Foodstuff importations last year amounted to a million tons, and diminution of imports is not as large as it should be. Growers must be educated to the home-market opportunity if production is to be stimulated materially," declared Chairman Angus.

To cooperate actively with the fair board in preparations for the big celebration the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce authorized its president Walter F. Dillingham, to name a special committee on fair participation. The president has accordingly appointed the following members of the Chamber to serve on the committee: F. D. Lowrey, chairman; Ed. Towse, C. G. Helser, Jr., R. B. Booth and B. E. Noble.

Commercial Committee For Territorial Fair

Merchants or others who may desire to place commercial exhibits at the Fair are requested to get in touch with members of the Committee named below:

W. H. McInerney—Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes. Address, M. McInerney, 1021 Fort St.
E. H. Paris—Hardware. Address, E. O. Hall & Son, Fort & King St.
F. O. Boyer—Oils and Greases. Address, Dearborn Chemical Co., 30 S. Queen St.
Wm. A. Ramsay—Power Machinery. Address, Cation, Neill & Co.
L. P. George—Auto Accessories, Motorcycles and Bicycles. Address, Schuman Carriage Co.
W. N. Patten—Drugs, Stationery & Office Supplies. Address, Patten Co., Ltd., Hotel St.
Marston Campbell—Motor Cars and Motor Trucks. Address, Honolulu Iron Works.
R. Renton Hind—Sugar Machinery. Address, H. Hackfeld & Co.
Thos. J. McGrath—Electrical Supplies. Address, The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.
Onodaro Yamamoto—Japanese Merchants. Address, Kekaulike 2 makai Hotel St.
Norman Watkins—Farming Machinery. Address, Hawaiian Fertilizer Co., Ltd.
George Bustard—Groceries & Food Supplies. Address, Henry May & Co., Ltd.

The Use Of Candy In These War-Times

Bulletin No. 35, of the food administration, relative to the use of candy, had the attention of the Maui conservation committee at its last meeting, and as it contains data of general interest is published, being as follows:

Is it wrong to make and eat candy in war time? Can we find in this class of food, substitutes for sugar just as we are finding substitutes for food that are being needed abroad? With every desire to be patriotic those who eat candy are uncertain whether it is wrong or right, because this part of the food program has not received as much emphasis as that part touching grains and meats.

The Food Administration says it is possible to eat candy and satisfy your sweet tooth, and still be patriotic if you use care in selecting the kinds of candy that contain a minimum rather than a maximum amount of sugar.

We are asked to share our sugar with the Allies, yet the American sweet tooth craves candy. It not alone has food value but a reasonable amount of it is desirable in the diet. There are at least four groups of candy that contain a minimum instead of a maximum amount of sugar and which also contain other pure and wholesome ingredients, which are plentiful.

The first group includes chocolate coated candies with nut and fruit centers, especially the old fashioned chocolate creams with the bitter-sweet coating and uncoated candies such as nougates, Turkish pastes and similar varieties. There is an abundance of chocolate; it is pure and wholesome and has high food value. You are cooperating in the conservation program if you eat chocolate confectionery containing such centers.

The second group includes "hard boiled candies" such as lemon drops, stick candy, fruit tablets, peanuts bars, peanut brittle, glace nuts and the like. In this group may also be placed molasses candies such as taffies and kisses.

Marshmallows and similar candy comprises the third group. They may be eaten plain, toasted, dipped in chocolate, rolled in cocoanut and in many other palatable forms, also pop corn confections.

In the fourth group are included gum drops, jellies, pelly beans and the like, giving a wide variety of candy made from pure and wholesome ingredients and containing a minimum amount of sugar.

In eating candy in any of these four groups the consuming public is doing two definite things to aid conservation. First, it is saving sugar without neglecting the great American sweet tooth; second, it is enabling the confectioners to continue their industry and employ their labor as usual.

BASEBALL MEETING

Baseball is now at hand, and the athletic committee of the Maui County Fair and Racing Association have called for a meeting to be held at the Grand Hotel reading room on Wednesday, March 27th., at 7 p. m. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance of baseball fans, so as to get the 1918 season started right.

HAWAIIAN OIL REQUIREMENTS TAKEN CARE OF

The following interesting announcement appeared in the Honolulu Star-Bulletin last Monday afternoon:

Recommendations On Oil Priorities For Pacific

1. Hawaiian Islands.
2. Columbia river and Coos bay.
3. Puget Sound and Grays Harbor.
4. Alaska.
5. Eureka, Cal.
6. Panama Canal.
7. Santa Rosalia.
8. British Columbia.
9. Huemene.
10. San Diego.
11. Chili and Peru; Corinto, Nicaragua.
12. San Jose de Guatemala, La Union, Salvador.

Hawaii's fuel oil requirements will come first in the list of priority orders of the Pacific coast district if the recommendations on oil distribution, submitted by Mr. Fitzsimmons, vice president of the Standard Oil Company of California, in charge of the fuel oil department, are accepted by the federal fuel oil board and the federal shipping board. This is the word brought back from the coast by L. M. Judd, who has every reason to believe that Mr. Fitzsimmons' recommendations will prevail. Mr. Judd is a member of the committee of the chamber of commerce having the matter of fuel oil requirements for Hawaii in charge was instructed by the chamber to take up the problem with the proper authorities in San Francisco.

Mr. Judd says he is confident that Hawaii's oil needs will be fully provided for. The oil men of the coast realize that Hawaii's sugar is essential and that the sugar manufacturing interests of the islands must have oil. As all oil companies producing in excess of 100,000 barrels of oil a year are required to take out a federal license, control of the industry rests with the shipping board and with the fuel oil board so that shipments and

distribution can be made where the need is greatest.

"The above list is Mr. Fitzsimmons' recommendation as to priorities and shows that Hawaii has been placed ahead of all other districts requiring fuel oil distribution from the Pacific coast, numbering 12.

Mr. Fitzsimmons has also given an opinion as to priorities in the islands, distribution to be made according to the appended position. The sugar industry comes under Classification D. The list follows:

A—Railroads (excluding electric railroads.)

Bunker fuel for boats engaged in inter-island service.

U. S. Government transport service.

U. S. Navy.

Boats calling at Hawaiian islands.

Public water works.

Fire departments.

Bureau of lighthouses, including coast guards.

B—Hospitals.

C—Manufacture, production and storage of food.

D—U. S. quartermaster corps for engineers, ordnance and cantonments.

Agriculture which includes the pumping of water for irrigation.

E—Public utilities, light, heat and power.

F—Prisons, apartment houses, hotels, restaurants, laundries, court houses, postoffices.

G—All other consumers.

The foregoing priorities will apply to distribution of oil in the islands. It is now before the fuel oil committee which will agree on recommendations and submit them to Washington.

In his report to President W. F. Dillingham of the chamber of commerce Mr. Judd says:

"I certainly think that they are giving Hawaii all that is coming to us so far as their view of priority is concerned."

Why We Have Meatless And Porkless Days

Bulletin No. 27, issued by the food administration on March 13, contains the following interesting statements: The meatless and porkless days on the mainland have been temporarily

reduced to "Porkless Tuesday."

This action was taken by the Food Administration to take care of the surplus stock of these products which have accumulated in storage and on farms because of lack of transportation to carry them to the Allies and to prevent a decline in the price paid to the producer. It is desired to keep the price of cattle, hogs and sheep at such a price which will encourage production and which will pay the producer to produce more cattle, hogs and sheep.

Hawaii has no surplus, therefore will continue the meatless and porkless days as heretofore until further notice.

The price paid our producers is sufficiently high to encourage production so that we will have a supply for

1919, 1920 and 1920.

Retail butchers in Honolulu pay 15¢ lb. dressed.

Retail butchers in San Francisco 17½¢ lb. dressed.

Delivery charges to Honolulu 5¢ lb. dressed.

Cost to retail butcher on Australian beef if imported 16¢.

J. F. CHILD,
Food Administrator for Hawaii.

FEDERAL JURORS

The Federal grand jury for the April term was selected at Honolulu last Friday. Two Maui names are on the list, they being George Weight and W. E. Bal, Jr., both of Wailuku.

Hawaiian Vigilance Corps A MASS MEETING

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Maui Branch of the Hawaiian Vigilance Corps

WILL BE HELD AT THE

Kahului Community House Saturday, March 23rd.,

AT 4 P. M., TO MEET

GEORGE R. CARTER

PRESIDENT AND HEAD OF THE HAWAIIAN VIGILANCE CORPS OF THE AMERICAN DEFENSE SOCIETY.

Everyone (Ladies and Gentlemen) are urged
TO COME.

BUY CUDAHY'S "REX" BRAND

BEST

BEST

CANNED

CANNED

MEATS

MEATS



For Sale at Leading Markets and Grocers

Hawaii Meat Co., Ltd.

Sole Distributors for the Territory of Hawaii.

Judge Burr's Charge To The Grand Jury

Judge Leslie L. Burr's charge to the grand jury, at the opening of the term of court Wednesday morning, was as follows:

The law of Hawaii provides for a Grand Jury and that the Grand Jury, upon being empanelled and sworn, shall be charged by the Court; and that in so doing, the Court shall give them such information as it may deem proper as to their duties and as to the law pertaining to such cases as may come before them.

The duties devolving upon a Grand Jury are of supreme importance, and the oath that you have just taken expresses briefly and fully the duties, and embodies in its letter and spirit what is required of you and which every honest citizen in this community is justified in expecting at your hands.

You are now a part of this Court and your functions are judicial; your duties being to administer justice according to the law and the evidence, free of prejudice, bias, passion or malice. All your acts and proceedings should be guided and influenced by absolute fearlessness, impartiality, justice and common sense.

You are under no duress and are not to be directed or influenced in your deliberations or conclusions by anyone.

You will meet at such times as you may deem most convenient for your investigations. The officer who will attend you will be at your command for all lawful purposes. You may summon anyone to testify before you whom you may deem proper to examine touching upon any matter before you for investigation. You will not, however, generally examine witnesses for the defense as by so doing you will virtually constitute yourself trial jurors. Those accused of some penal offense of which you are investigating have no right to be present before you during such investigation, either personally or by an attorney; neither have you the power to summon the accused to appear before you.

You have the power to order any contumacious witness, or any disturber of your deliberations, into the custody of your officer for the purpose of being brought before this Court to be dealt with as the Court may deem proper.

Your foreman, or, in his absence, any member of the Grand Jury, is authorized to administer the oath to any witness appearing before you, which witness shall be sworn to keep secret what occurs in the jury-room during your investigations.

Except the prosecuting officer, interpreter and witnesses, you shall not permit any person to be present during your sessions; and when you are deliberating on a matter and taking a vote thereon, you shall exclude all persons.

It is the duty of the County Attorney to draw all indictments, and he will be at your service to advise you as to the law and to present to you such evidence as you may consider.

An indictment, when found, shall be signed by your Foreman and a presentment, when made, shall also be signed by him.

In order to return a true bill, at least twelve of your number must concur.

When you have progressed far enough to report, you shall all come into Court and your Foreman will report such business as you have concluded.

You may, and should, avail yourselves of all proper means of investigating crime existing in this community.

You will keep secret all your doings and not permit any person to talk to you concerning any matters under investigation except in the course of such investigation and within the limits of the inquiry.

You may appoint one of your members, should you so desire, to act as Clerk to preserve minutes of your proceedings; such clerk, however, is not entitled by law to any additional compensation.

In making your final report you may make such recommendations, should you so desire, as may appear proper

Wailuku Mission Work Told Of By The Friend

The current issue of The Friend carried the following two items of interest concerning school and church work here:

The Fragrant Orchid Girl's Home in Wailuku is looking forward to having some rarely qualified workers cooperating in its management, Miss Edith N. Parsons, B. S., of Hartford, Conn., who comes to Hawaii for the first time and Mr. and Mrs. M. Kakehi, who are already well known here.

Miss Parsons graduated from Simmons College, 1913, since which time she has been teacher of cooking, sewing and chemistry first at Howard Seminary for Girls and afterwards in the same courses at the Onelida, New York, High School. She is now coming from the Hartford School of Religious Pedagogy. She comes with excellent recommendations from her teachers and fellow students.

Mr. Kakehi's excellent service in these Islands, especially in the Y. M. C. A. Citizenship Campaign, is so well and widely known that no special introduction is necessary. Over strenuous work upon his health, requiring a year of recuperation in Japan, from which he is now returning full of new enthusiasm.

The Girls Home was established seven years ago by Mrs. S. Kanda, who was engaged in Woman's Work in the Japanese Department of the Hawaiian Board. Mr. and Mrs. Kanda have both put their whole life and income into the development of this home, and have had the generous support and cooperation of American friends in Maui and other islands. There are now 63 in the Home.

Rev. L. B. Kaumehelewa has been called to the pastorate of the Kaahumanu Church in Wailuku. His excellent work among the young people of this church for the past two years makes this choice as its pastor a suitable recognition of his services.

Big Sport Card Is Planned For The June Fair

(Continued from Page One.)

tests each night.

Another island championship can be established in the long distance runs. There are many marathons in Hawaii this year and not all of the best are on Oahu, as the Hilo boys demonstrated at the recent Volcano race. Competition will be keen and with the fleetest-footed runners all in it, a race of this kind will prove one of the most attractive on the entertainment program.

The broad, mile track offers the best course possible for determining championships in relay events. Since June is the driest month in the year for Honolulu, there will be small danger of "heavy going," and some new and sensational island records can be expected.

The army probably will stage a big series of Roman races, cavalry drills and exhibitions, a bridge-building exhibition and Wild West show spectacles, every one a real thriller.

More definite plans should be ready for announcement within the next week or ten days.

GRAND HOTEL ARRIVALS

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hale, Dan Conway, T. J. Leek, V. J. Burgess, L. M. Fishel, G. W. Schuman, H. W. Kinney and H. Faria, Honolulu; Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Sturgis, Los Angeles; Wm. Reinecke, Mrs. S. Davis and Mr. and Mrs. Barden, San Francisco; Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Raymond, Harvey Raymond, Miss V. G. Makee, Ulupalakua; John McLaren, T. A. Tavares, Paia; Joseph G. Anjo, Makawao; John M. Watt and J. T. Moir, Wailuku.

touching on any matters of public concern, public institutions, public officers and public welfare and present the same to this Court.

Delegate Kuhio's Prohibition Bill

The prohibition bill of Delegate Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, which was introduced in Congress on February 18 and referred to the committee on Territories, was as follows:

Whereas the "Ahahui Puuhenua o na Hawaii" (Hawaiian Protective Association) representing the Hawaiian race, is endeavoring in every way to protect the Hawaiian people from everything that is disastrous to their life and general welfare, thereby continuing the struggle of Hawaii's early leaders to maintain and to promote the best traditions and principles of their forefathers; and

Whereas experience and facts have shown and proven that alcoholic drinks are an evil and a menace to the social, educational, physical, moral, and spiritual welfare of the Hawaiian as well as of the other races in the Territory of Hawaii; and

Whereas alcoholic drinks have been proven to be detrimental and perilous to the mental, moral, and physical welfare of the fighting men of our country, thus making the elimination of the same a proper and effective war measure at this time when our country is engaged in the world-wide war; and

Whereas the war conditions in our country are demanding with imperative force the immediate application of all effective means for the successful carrying out of our country's war measures; and that, from such a standpoint, prohibition in Hawaii is an immediate necessity, a suspension of precedence in our home-rule practices, is therefore necessary, and that, while we do believe in and adhere to the home-rule doctrine, we do recognize that the emergency occasioned by the war must be met now, and in order to accomplish it, the home-rule doctrine must be suspended: Now, therefore

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That, ninety days after the passage of this Act, during the period of the war and thereafter, except as herein provided, it shall be unlawful in the Territory of Hawaii to sell, give away, manufacture, transport, import, or export intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal purposes, under provision regulated by the governor of said Territory, and any person violating the provisions hereof shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$500, or imprisoned for a period of not longer than one year, or both: Provided, That at any general election of Hawaii held within two years after the conclusion of peace, the repeal of this Act may, upon petition of not less than twenty per centum of the qualified electors of said Territory at the last preceding general election, be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of said Territory, and if a majority of all the qualified electors thereof voting upon such question shall vote to repeal this Act, it shall thereafter not be in force and effect, otherwise it shall be in full force and effect.

Sec. 2. That the said petition shall be addressed to and filed with the Secretary of the Territory at least two months before the election at which the question is to be voted upon, and the person obtaining any signature to such petition shall make affidavit that he witnessed the signing of the same and believes the address of each petitioner affixed to his name is the true address of such petitioner. Such election shall be conducted under the laws of the Territory providing for general elections.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

The following have been issued in Wailuku district since the last report:

Lin Sing Woo, Korean, Haiku, 32; Lee Kwan Sill, Korean, Haiku, 16. A. G. Murakami, Japanese, Wailuku, 23; Misao Akahoshi, Japanese, Wailuku, 17.

Kim Sing Chun, Korean, Waihee, 29; Mary Kemu, Hawaiian, Waihee, 19.

Yono Ito, Japanese, Keahua, 25; Tari Ogata, Japanese, Keahua, 20.

N. SANO

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Just received a new stock of Mattresses, poultry netting, paints and oils, furniture, etc. Coffins and General Hardware.

Phone Market Street Wailuku

THE HOME OF THE Steinway and Starr PIANOS



We have a large stock of Inside Player Pianos at fair prices and easy terms. We take old pianos in exchange. Thayer Piano Co., Ltd. HONOLULU, HAWAII.

Get More Out Of Your Clothes

The few dollars you spend for dry cleaning bring back a five-fold profit.

You save money by investing it for faultless dry cleaning at

ABADIE'S FRENCH LAUNDRY

Jno. D. Souza, Paia Agent

M. Uyeno, Kahului Agent

Jack Linton, Wailuku Agent.

Buy

KEWPIE TWINS

SHOES

for the kiddies.

Specially designed for growing feet. Flexible soles. Flat heels. Formed to the natural shape of the foot.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Ltd.

1051 Fort Street

HONOLULU.

Kahului Railroad Co.'s Merchandise Department

Please note that this stock is available for immediate delivery

The Carborundum Company's Products.

Aloxite Wheels 06

PLAIN NO. 1 SHAPED EDGES:

Dia.	Thick.	Arbor.	Grit.	Grade	Bond
5"	3/8"	1/2"	50	J	D 842
10"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	36	J	D 842
10"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"	36	K	D 841
12"	2"	1 1/4"	40	J	D 842
12"	1"	1 1/4"	40	J	D 842
14"	2"	1 1/4"	20	J	D 842
14"	2"	1 1/4"	36	K	D 841-2
14"	2"	1 1/4"	30	J	D 841-2
24"	4"	2"	24	H	D 845
24"	4"	2"	24	J	D 844

PLAIN NO. 2 SHAPED EDGES:

Dia.	Thick.	Arbor.	Grit.	Grade	Bond
12"	2"	1 1/4"	16	I	G 6
3"	1/2"	1/2"	60	K	D 841
8"	1/2"	1"	60	K	D 841
12"	1"	1 1/4"	36	I	D 844
12"	1"	1 1/4"	36	H	D 846

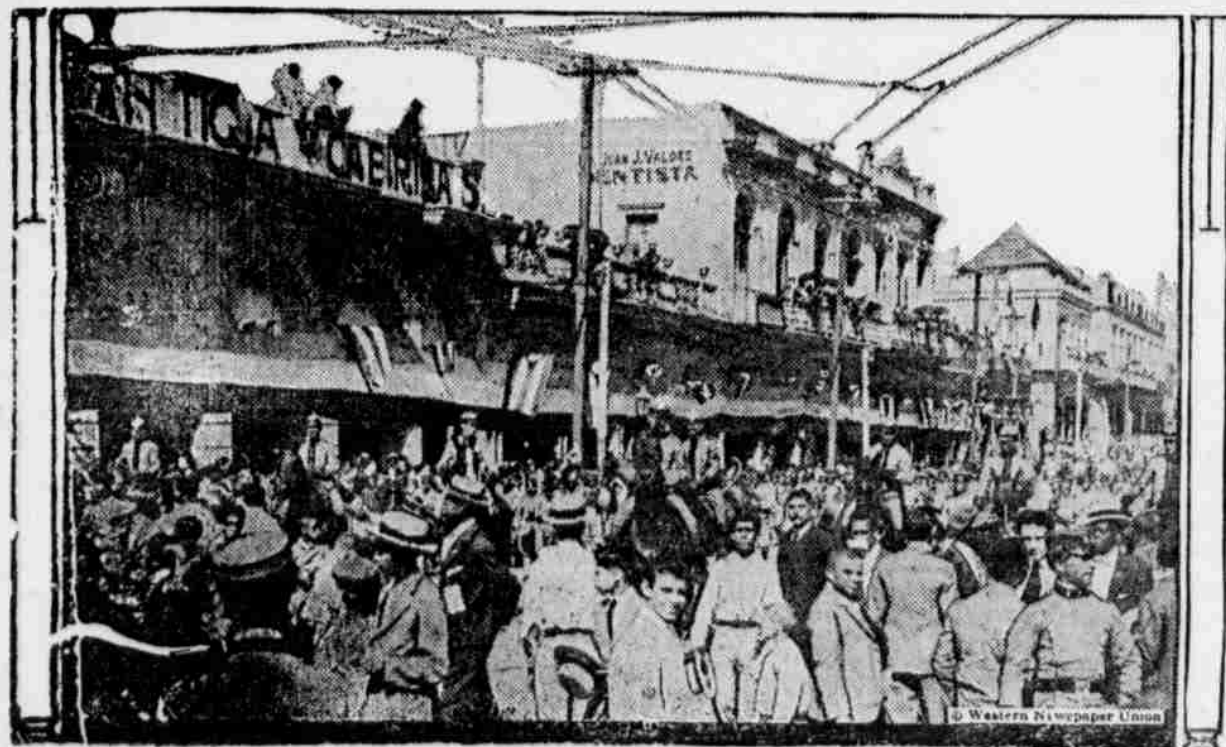
Carborundum Wheels 01

3/4" WALLS AND BACKS:

Dia.	Thick.	Arbor.	Grit.	Grade	Bond
3"	1/2"	1/2"	60	J	G 5
3"	1/2"	1/2"	70	K	G 4
3"	1/2"	1/2"	100	H	G 9
8"	1/2"	1"	60	L-H	G 3 & 7
8"	1/2"	1"	70	K	G 4
12"	1"	1 1/4"	24	J	G 5
12"	1"	1 1/4"	40	G-L	G 3 & 8
3"	1/2"	1/2"	50	J-K	D 841-2
12"	2"	1 1/4"	201	J	G 5
12"	2"	1 1/4"	241	J	G 5
14"	2"	1 1/4"	16	H	B 8
14"	2"	1 1/4"	20	H	B 8
14"	2"	1 1/4"	365	M	B 3

Prices on Application.

-- Cubans Pay Tribute To The Bravery Of Italy --



The republic of Cuba has paid its tribute to the bravery of Italy in the war by renaming Galliano street, the most famous thoroughfare in Havana, Avenida de Italia. Fifty thousand persons took part in the ceremonies. The photograph shows a scene on the avenue during the passing of the military parade.

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::: Kahului, Maui, T. H.

THE MAUI NEWS

Entered at the Post Office at Wailuku, Maui, Hawaii, as second-class matter.

A Republican Paper Published in the Interest of the People
Issued Every Friday.
MAUI PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED,
Proprietors and Publishers
Subscription Rates, \$2.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

L. D. TIMMONS : : : EDITOR AND MANAGER
FRIDAY : : : MARCH 22, 1918

KAUAI WILL GO DRY

The board of liquor license commissioners of the island of Kauai have snapped down on their bit and declared that after July 1 they will grant no liquor licenses whatever, which means prohibition there without further ado, provided the commissioners have the right to refuse all licenses. Whether or not the matter will be taken to the supreme court is yet a question, but owing to the more advanced prohibition sentiment on Kauai, it is doubtful that it will be; and Kauai will pass peacefully into the list of "dry" communities.

Some years ago the Kauai license commissioners cut out the open saloon and permitted only a few wholesale places—one each at Kapaa, Kapaia, Nawiliwili, Koloa, Hanapepe and two at Waimea. Last year, following a rather strict schedule, other conditions were imposed upon the wholesale dealers, to the extent that near-prohibition was brought about. Although there was ample money behind the liquor interests on the island, those interests have never felt inclined to spend any to fight the several bold dashes of the commission; and as they had the advice of able attorneys, it is to be assumed that they were cautioned that the commission was acting within its legal province.

It is our opinion that the liquor license commission of any county has the right to refuse any or all licenses to sell intoxicants. The law prescribes that they "may" (not shall) grant licenses of certain kinds, for the sale of liquor under certain conditions. A county board can grant a hundred licenses, only one or none, just as it thinks may be best for the community; and so long as the law stands as it now is, an appeal from refusal to grant any licenses whatever in a given county could not be sustained by any court to which it would be possible to take it.

The liquor commission of Kauai has led off on a new route toward prohibition, but when one figures it out it is plain that it is direct, is quick, is certain and that it is, almost without the remotest doubt, sure to stand.

We would like to see the liquor license commissioners of some other counties (well, in Oklahoma, for instance) follow the example of the Kauai board.

THE PEOPLE ARE SAVING

Evidences are accumulating that the habit of saving among the American people, especially among the patrons of savings banks and postal savings, is outstripping the financial demands made upon them by the Government.

While no exact figures are available at present, it is known that postal savings deposits have steadily gained during the year 1917, and notably since the 1st of July of that year, which was after the first issue of the Liberty Loan.

The reports from savings banks also show a steady gain, and the same is true of cooperative building and loan associations.

Nor have the people of small means been the only savers. It is estimated that the savings of the whole people of the United States, ordinarily \$5,000,000,000 to \$6,000,000,000 annually, were increased to \$14,000,000,000 to \$15,000,000,000 in 1917.

The response of the people to the national need of economy and saving has been general and generous.

"Meatless" days greatly increased the demand for fish. The increased demand came at a season of the year when fishing is most difficult and the supply is necessarily at the lowest. This double-condition brought about the situation which the public has been called upon to face. Moreover, there has been an immense increase in the cost of supplies necessary for fishing and the wages to be paid fishermen have gone up. In view of these facts, we doubt that a good deal of criticism of the fishermen on account of the scarcity and high price of fish has been just fair. The situation will, in all probability, return to near normal when weather conditions are improved; and in the meanwhile it would seem to be a matter of justice that indiscriminate criticism be modified. As we have suggested before, it would have been a fine thing if many of the carpenter, who are well able to do so, had turned to at the beginning of winter and assisted in increasing the fish supply, by putting on additional boats and more men.

The conservation committee of the Maui branch of the American Defense League has taken up the matter of the use of Hawaiian grown coffee, as against the imported article, or coffee substitutes. Hawaiian coffee is better than a lot of the coffee (and "alleged" coffee) sold in the stores. The success of this movement is up to the consumers. If they will demand Hawaiian coffee, and accept no other, they will get it; and the most substantial principle of real conservation (that of using home-grown products) will be carried out. Let everybody boost for Hawaiian coffee!

We who have heard so often, and read so much, anent the "passing of the horse" should read with interest a letter from Mr. Louis von Tempsky and an appended article, appearing on another page, having to do with this subject. From the facts presented in the latter it would appear that the horse is still holding his own against the automobile and is likely to continue to do so for a long time to come. Our esteemed correspondent thinks that the business of raising good horses should be kept up, and the case made out certainly suggests the soundness of his reasoning.

Maui parts with Judge Edings with feelings of sincere regret. He "made good" here, to use a familiar, American expression, and his future career will be of interest to practically everybody on this island. He came here at a time when, owing to peculiar circumstances, there would, ordinarily, have been "hard going" for the average jurist. He leaves here with the respect and sincere esteem of everybody. It seems to us that that is a record unusual enough to merit special comment.

Food Administrator Child has been informed by cable, upon inquiry, that beef from Australia would cost 16 cents a pound delivered in Honolulu, while the same quality of meat from California is sold at 17½ cents, on the coast with an addition of 5 cents for freight and other charges, bringing the total cost up to 22 cents. This bears out our statement of a few weeks ago that, owing to the concentration of shipping on the shorter haul between New York and other Atlantic ports and Europe, Australian meats have been, and are unable to reach the market, with the result that there are immense supplies of beef and mutton in the Colonies to be had at very low figures. The problem is one of ships and shipping facilities.

The announcement is now officially made that the United States will have as many flying machines in France by July 1 as may be needed. This is highly gratifying. It has been figured all along that the time America's big strike would come would be about July Fourth, and a most important part of that work will have to do with the air. If America is prepared then in the air, we will feel safe, as there is little to fear as to the rest of the program.

The selection of Governor George R. Carter to head the Red Cross in the Islands is important for the reason that the requirements of the Red Cross are now such that the organization must have at its head a man with the time to devote to the work, and, most of all, a man of vim and earnestness. It is not too much to say that Mr. Carter ideally meets all of these pre-requisites, and we feel that Red Cross work in Hawaii is due for a "boom" such as it has seldom, if ever, had.

Portuguese Meet On The W. S. S. Question

There was a large gathering of Portuguese in the Pala armory at 7 o'clock Sunday evening for the purpose of discussing the question of war savings stamps. M. S. De Ponte arranged the meeting and presided, and about 250 were present.

The address on war savings stamps was delivered by M. G. Paschoal, and made a deep impression.

J. B. Thompson appeared at the meeting and delivered an address on food conservation. In this same connection, J. Garcia explained the half and half rule laid down for the stores, and John Medeiros spoke on the general matter of food saving.

The meeting was regarded by everyone as interesting and of much value.

Lahaina News Notes

John Gannon, manager of the Lahaina Store, returned home by the Mauna Kea Wednesday night from Honolulu where he had gone to have a slight operation performed on his nasal organs. He was away a week.

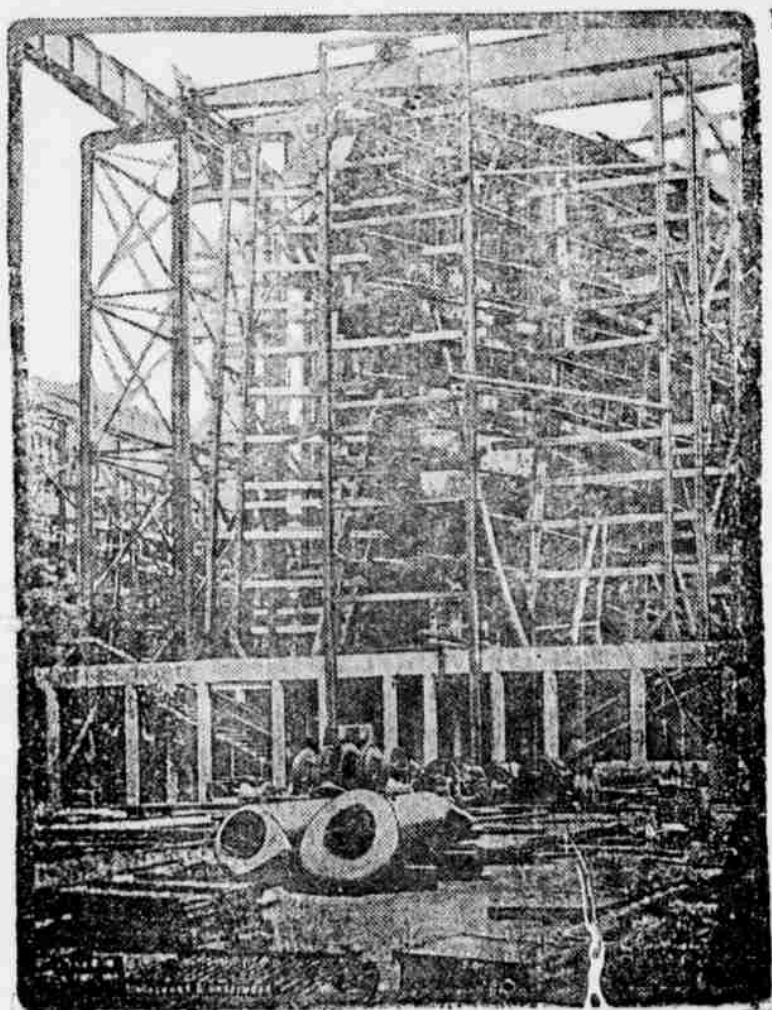
Miss Garnie Rosecrans, of Paia, has been spending the week with Mrs. Gannon. Mr. and Mrs. Rosecrans were also there on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, of Puunene, spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Keeney.

PATRIOTIC JURY

At the conclusion of its session yesterday the grand jurymen voted to take their fees in thrift stamps.

America's Great Mercantile Fleet :- Being Rapidly Constructed :-



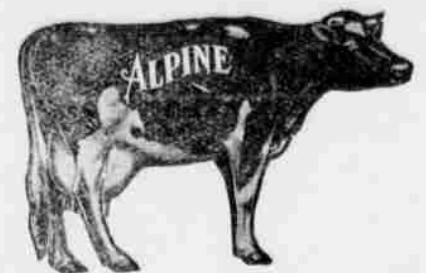
The mercantile fleet needed to carry our soldiers overseas and the enormous quantities of supplies needed to keep these men and our allies supplied with food and other necessities, is being rapidly constructed. A great number of vessels are on the ways and many are nearly completed. As soon as the first vessels are off the ways others will be started, until the fleet the United States has on the seas will be more than enough to fulfill the mission required to win the war. This photograph taken in one of the many shipyards working to capacity shows a vessel on the ways almost ready to be launched.

Extraordinary Pictures of the Great War
France in Arms
AT THE
Wailuku Orpheum Saturday 23rd.
Proceeds in aid of the
FRENCH WAR ORPHANS
Seats Now On Sale.

1917 Indian Motorcycles—Honolulu Prices

Model	Cash	Installments	Terms
TYPE N. Powerplus twin cylinder, cradle spring frame, 3 speed model. Develops 15 to 18 horsepower on dynamometer test.	\$295.00	\$305.00	\$130.00 cash and seven monthly payments of \$25.00 each.
TYPE NE. Powerplus twin cylinder, cradle spring frame, 3 speed model, with complete electrica equipment including ammeter. Develops 15 to 18 horsepower on dynamometer test.	\$335.00	\$345.00	\$145.00 cash and monthly payments of \$25.00 each.
TYPE S. Improved side car with adjustable axle.	\$100.00	\$110.00	\$50.00 cash and six monthly payments of \$10.00 each.
TYPE T. Standard delivery van with adjustable axle, body dimensions 40" long, 21" wide, 21" high, metal cover with latch.	\$100.00	\$110.00	\$50.00 cash and six monthly payments of \$10.00 each.

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DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.



THE MILK WITH A \$1,000.00 Purity Guarantee.

For Sale By The Best Stores Everywhere

GONSALVES & CO., LTD.

AGENTS FOR HAWAII

74 Queen Street

HONOLULU

ORDER IT BY MAIL!

Our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is exceptionally well equipped to handle all your Drug and Toilet wants thoroughly and at once. We will pay postage on all orders of 50c and over, except the following:

Mineral Waters, Baby Foods, Glassware and articles of unusual weight and small value.
Non-Mailable: Alcohol, Strychnine, Rat Poisons, Iodine, Ant Poison, Mercury Antiseptic Tablets, Lysol, Carbolic Acid, Gasoline, Turpentine, Benzine and all other poisonous or inflammable articles.

If your order is very heavy or contains much liquid, we suggest that you have it sent by freight.

Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd.

SERVICE EVERY SECOND

THE REXALL STORE

HONOLULU

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd.

BUYS AND SELLS REAL ESTATE, STOCKS AND BONDS.
WRITES FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
NEGOTIATES LOANS AND MORTGAGES.
SECURES INVESTMENTS.

A list of High Grade Securities Mailed on Application.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

HONOLULU, HAWAII

P. O. BOX 346.

Yuba Tractors
ready for delivery

Ask for demonstration on your own farm

Honolulu Iron Works Co.

Sole selling agents for the territory

Our Island Contemporaries

The Experiment At Olaa

Nothing of more importance to the cane growing industry of these islands than the experiment at Olaa in making paper from bagasse could well be imagined. It bears much the same relation to the production of sugar that the manufacture of gasoline, benzine, naphtha, kerosene and distillate do to the marketing of fuel oil; or the coke, gas, and chemical industries do to coal mining. If good paper can be made from waste bagasse, which represents to the mill nothing but its fuel value in equivalents, it will be to the Territory as if an inexhaustible mine of gold had been discovered. There is a world wide shortage of paper. Flippancy about the Bureau of Public Information and the Congressional Record aside, it is a real and a serious shortage. All the newspapers of New York City have doubled their price. If the shortage continues, they will have to reduce the size of their issues and raise their advertising rates. Honolulu papers already have raised their rates. In England, France, and particularly Germany, the shortage is even more acute. Costs of publication in Germany have appreciated between four and five hundred per cent. Nor is the paper famine one that is likely to be relieved over night. News print is made from spruce pulp, and the world's supply of spruce pulp is steadily diminishing. If a new supply can be discovered in bagasse, the effect will be felt wherever cane is grown and ink is used to blacken paper.—Hilo Daily Tribune.

The Future Of Hackfeld And Company emy just what they propose to do to him. Their grand strategy is simple. McCandless and his co-belligerents make no bones about telling the enemy and anybody may read it for five cents in The New Freedom, McCandless, weekly organ. They want to take the Hackfeld plantations away from Hackfelds and distribute them among the other agencies. "Once there were five of them, now there are but four," as the nursery rhyme runs. This candor simplifies matters for the custodian of enemy alien property. The property is now in his hands and there are four things he may do with it:

1.—He may restore it to the control of the present board of directors—which seems most unlikely. The ownership being overwhelmingly alien if there is any administration for the benefit of the enemy to be done, the Government is likely to have a hand in the doing.

2.—He may divide the property among the spoliators, as McCandless advises—which seems more unlikely yet. It is doubtful, indeed, if such an ingenuous suggestion could be made outside this Territory. The endless aftermath of squeals and scandals which it invites is not an investment to attract any prudent custodian.

3.—He may put the property up at auction to the highest bidder. Legislation empowering him to do this is now pending in the Senate.

4.—He may administer the property for the owners until peace is declared. This newspaper does not propose to instruct the custodian in his duties. Not all the wisdom in the world is confined to the offices of its editors. The public at large had great interest in the future of Hackfeld and Company, so long as it remained in the hands of a few private individuals. Now that the government is in control, that interest is largely satisfied. What may happen hereafter is merely matter of lively curiosity. The only persons now active with advice and exhortation are those who stand to profit or to lose.—Daily (Hilo) Tribune.

Public Forum

The Horse In War

Editor Maui News:

I enclose a cutting from a mainland paper that should prove interesting reading to stock raisers, amongst whom are many that believe horse breeding for profit (especially of the draught type) is a thing of the past.

I believe, notwithstanding the very general and growing use of auto trucks, caterpillars, etc., that good horses can, and should be bred and the type kept at its best; and those stock raisers who keep along these lines will (even after the war is over) reap a great benefit.

Your very sincerely,

L. von TEMPSKY.

Some time ago this Journal called attention to the establishment of a branch of the American Red Star Animal Relief Society in this State. This society was founded by William O. Stillman, of Albany, New York state, who is president of the American Humane Association, at the suggestion of Secretary of War Baker, for the purpose of rendering to horses employed in war the same services that the Red Cross is rendering to soldiers. In America, as in the case of Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Austria, all of which nations have highly equipped veterinary staffs engaged, the assistance of auxiliary organizations, like the Red Star, is highly appreciated. That the great importance of this movement may be better understood we quote the following description of the number and value of mules and horses at the Western front, given by "Leslie's Weekly":

"Lloyd George recently declared that the British have 2,000,000 horses engaged in this war. It is estimated that on the Western front alone the

number of horses and mules in service is close upon 5,000,000 and as the American army in France grows, so will the number of animals. A high military officer has stated that, apart from man, the horse is the most important factor in the war, while another authority has declared: "If we had a hundred guns for every German gun, and a hundred shells for every German shell, and our supply of horses gave out, the Allies could not win the war." The service of the horse in this war is beyond computation; his value, worth and usefulness would only be fully realized, if by any chance the supplies of horses in America should fail. Our own army will require an enormous number of animals. If America should send to Europe an army of 5,000,000 men, she will have to transport to France, and maintain there, a force of 1,250,000 horses and mules—one animal for every four men. Once within the zone of war, the horse assumes a value he never previously possessed. He is precious. The army knows what a few hundred more or less mean in a tight

place, what a few thousand cavalry may mean in a pursuit or rout. And the horse is cared for at its value."

In each warring country these organizations have rendered invaluable service, and a high British officer, on a visit to the War Department at Washington, said: "Only when the full history of this war comes to be written will the world realize what magnificent service has been rendered to the British forces in France by the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals." So it will be seen that to do our full duty the Red Star, as well as the Red Cross, must be fully supported. Therefore, we particularly call the attention of California stockmen to the former organization, to support which is most certainly a patriotic duty.

The intended increase in the force of horses and mules with the American army at the front in France can be best understood by reading what appeared in our Horse Market last week: "The United States needs horses and mules for its auxiliary remount depot at Camp Fremont, the American Red Star Relief Society an-

nounced yesterday for Captain Charles L. Rogers, commanding officer at the depot. Horses offered for sale may be taken directly to the depot and will be cared for at the expense of the Government, which will pay \$140 for each horse and \$215 for each mule which it accepts. Horses must be from 15 to 16 hands high, weight 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, and must be from six to ten years old. No white horses will be accepted. Mules must stand 15 hands, 3 inches, to 16 hands, 1 inch, high, 1,200 to 1,400 pounds in weight, and 5 to 10 years old. The Government will pay cash." We believe that the above is only one of the many notices now emanating from the War Department, that many of them include light drafters for gunners, and that the total number of animals required will exceed a million. It will be seen, therefore, that the care of those animals which reach the front will prove just as important to America as it has to her allies and her enemies, and that the services of the Red Star Relief Society will, indeed, help in winning the war!

Four Hundred Bohemians Of New York Leave For France To Fight Against The Teutons



They're off, 400 strong Bohemians of New York, who have volunteered for the Czecho-Slovak army to fight in France against the German-Austrian armies. These brave men will fight for the freedom of the Bohemians, the Slovaks, the Serbs, and other peoples of small nations who have suffered under German dominance. They are shown parading through the streets of New York prior to embarking.



HONOLULU — HAWAII — JUNE 10TH. TO 15TH., 1918

Hawaii's Annual TERRITORIAL FAIR

Every one should exhibit
Make your application for entry NOW!

LIVE STOCK
ENTRIES CLOSE APRIL 1st.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE
FOOD CONSERVATION
NO ENTRY FEE

POTTED PLANTS
and CUT FLOWERS
NO ENTRY FEE

DOGS

AGRICULTURE
NO ENTRY FEE

ARTS and CRAFTS
NO ENTRY FEE

MANUFACTURES
HOME INDUSTRY

POULTRY

To increase Hawaii's Production
To improve Hawaii's product

Reservations for space are now
being received: Write today!

Territorial Fair Commission, C. R. Willard, Secretary Box 253, Honolulu.

A WARFAIR OVER HERE AND BACK UP A WARFARE OVER THERE.

Matson Navigation Co.

1918—Passenger Schedule—1918

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

STEAMER	Voyage	Leave San Francisco	Arrive Honolulu	Leave Honolulu	Arrive San Francisco
Governor	2	Jan. 2	Jan. 8	Jan. 12	Jan. 18
Lurline	115	Jan. 5	Jan. 12	Jan. 19	Jan. 26
President	3	Jan. 9	Jan. 15	Jan. 19	Jan. 25
Manoa	49	Jan. 19	Jan. 26	Feb. 2	Feb. 9
Governor	3	Jan. 23	Jan. 29	Feb. 2	Feb. 8
President	4	Jan. 30	Feb. 5	Feb. 9	Feb. 15
Lurline	116	Feb. 2	Feb. 9	Feb. 16	Feb. 23
Governor	4	Feb. 13	Feb. 19	Feb. 23	Mar. 1
Manoa	50	Feb. 16	Feb. 23	Mar. 2	Mar. 9
President	5	Feb. 20	Feb. 26	Mar. 2	Mar. 8

Time Table--Kahului Railroad Co.

Daily Passenger Train Schedule (Except Sunday)

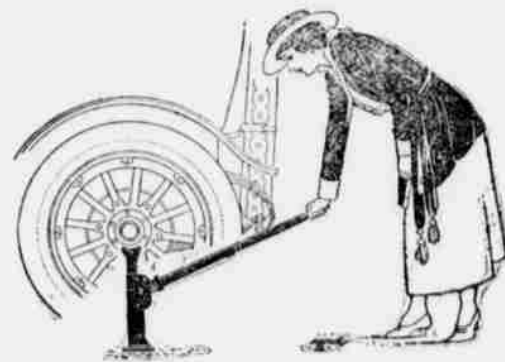
The following schedule went into effect June 4th, 1918.

TOWARDS WAILUKU						TOWARDS HAIKU					
9	7	6	5	4	3	Distance Miles	STATIONS	Distance Miles	2	4	6
PM	PM	PM	AM	AM	AM				AM	AM	PM
5:33	3:30	1:25	8:42	6:35	5:30	15.3	A. Wailuku..L	0	6:40	8:50	1:30
5:23	3:20	1:15	8:30	6:25	5:20		L. Kahului..A	3.3	5:50	8:00	1:40
5:20	3:17	1:12	8:27	6:22	5:17	12.0	A. Kahului..L		6:52	9:02	1:42
5:10	3:07	1:02	8:17	6:12	5:07		L. Spreck..A		7:02	9:12	1:52
5:09	3:05	1:00	8:15	6:10	5:05	8.4	A. Spreck..L	6.9	7:03	9:13	1:53
5:00	2:55	0:50	8:05	6:00	5:00	5.5	L. Spreck..A	9.8	7:15	9:25	2:05
4:58	2:53	0:48	8:03	5:58	4:58		A. Spreck..L		7:17	9:27	2:07
4:52	2:47	0:42	7:57	5:52	4:52		L. Hama..A		7:24	9:34	2:14
4:51	2:46	0:41	7:56	5:51	4:51	3.4	A. Kuapoko..L	11.9	7:25	9:35	2:15
4:45	2:40	0:35	7:50	5:45	4:45		L. Kuapoko..A		7:33	9:43	2:23
4:44	2:39	0:34	7:49	5:44	4:44	1.4	A. Pauwela..L	13.9	7:35	9:45	2:25
4:40	2:35	0:30	7:45	5:40	4:40		L. Pauwela..A	15.3	7:40	9:50	2:30

PUUNENE DIVISION

TOWARDS PUUNENE				TOWARDS KAHULUI			
Passenger	Passenger	Distance Miles	STATIONS	Distance Miles	Passenger	Passenger	
PM	AM				AM	PM	
2:50	6:00	0	L. Kahului..A	2.5	6:22	3:15	
3:00	6:10	2.5	A. Puunene..L	0	6:12	3:05	

- All trains daily except Sundays.
 - A Special Train (Labor Train) will leave Wailuku daily, except Sundays, at 5:30 a. m., arriving at Kahului at 6:50 a. m., and connecting with the 6:00 a. m. train for Puunene.
 - BAGGAGE RATES: 150 pounds of personal baggage will be carried free of charge on each whole ticket, and 75 pounds on each half ticket, when baggage is in charge of and on the same train as the holder of the ticket. For excess baggage 25 cents per 100 pounds or part thereof will be charged.
- For Ticket Fares and other information see Local Passenger Tariff I. C. C. No. 3, or inquire at any of the Depots.



LANE'S
"H-C" AUTO JACK
36 inch handle.
Easily operated from the outer end of the handle.
Will lift from 1800 to 3000 pounds
Price, \$3 to \$4.25

Lewers & Cooke, Ltd.
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Lime, Coral, Alfalfa.

DISTRIBUTORS:

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ENGINEERS

HONOLULU

Accident Board Files Report On Work Of Year

(Continued from Page One.)

ing considerable difficulty in removing the impression which seems to have become general that the law is a dead letter, particularly among the Oriental employers. As a result of this almost two-thirds of the employers in our files are still without insurance.

Insurance Companies Indifferent

A very potent reason for this condition of affairs is the fact that little energy is now shown by the insurance companies doing business in the Territory in getting this class of insurance. In fact there are but three companies now writing workmen's compensation in this county against eight a year ago. And where at least two formerly had agents actively engaged in working up this business, there are now none, so far as we are advised, who make special efforts along this line. Representatives of the companies still writing this class of insurance assert that the business has not proved a paying one for the insurers.

Policies Not Accepted

The Board has been unable to approve recent policies submitted by the insurance companies owing to a rider clause attached limiting the liability of the insurer to the sum of \$20,000 on account of any one accident. This limitation has appeared to the Board to be in direct contravention of Sec. 49 of the Statute which requires that "Every policy of insurance and every guarantee contract covering the liability of the employer for compensation, whether issued by a stock company, or by a mutual association authorized to transact workmen's compensation or guarantee insurance in this Territory shall cover the entire liability of the employer to his employees covered by the policy or contract." The County Attorney has also declined to advise the acceptance of policies carrying this clause. It now seems quite probable that this matter will remain unsettled until after June 1918 when, by Act 227, S. L. 1917, amending Act 221, a uniform policy approved by the commissioner of insurance of the Territory must be adopted.

Compensation Delayed

While the validity of the law was in question, in at least two instances insurance carriers suspended payment of compensation in spite of their contracts with the employers.

Insurance Fund Advocated

Because of the increasing indifference of insurance companies which makes it difficult for employers to secure compensation for their employees as required by law, and because of their apparent reluctance to adopt a policy complying with the law in all particulars, the Board is confirmed in its opinion that the Legislature should establish a Territorial insurance fund to supply employers with security for compensation to their employees, along lines as are in force in a number of states. This was one of the recommendations of this Board made in its report dated February 1, 1917.

Expenses For Year

Clerical help \$350.00
Printing and publishing . . . \$1.90
Postage 8.00
Transportation 10.00
Medical examination 15.00
Stenographer and witness fee

Data Re-Year's Work

- (1) Number of meetings held. 10
- (2) Number of accidents reported. 509
- (3) Total compensation paid recovered employees. \$2,904.77
- (4) Total hospital and medical costs. \$1,301.10
- (5) Fatalities—
 - (a) Lumpsum settlements in 3 cases amount to \$3,400.00 covering 3 widows and 8 children.
 - (b) 2 cases in which periodical pay'ts. amount to \$39.78 weekly covering 2 widows and 10 children.
 - (c) 5 — no dependents.
 - (d) 3 cases pending from last year now amount to \$59.04 monthly covering 3 widows and 3 children.
- (6) Number of Insurance Comp's. doing business. 3
- (7) Number of employers recorded. 159
- (8) Number of employers carrying own insurance. 14
- (9) Number of employers re-insured to date. 45
- (10) Number of employers failing to re-insure. 100

Those Who Travel

Departed

For Honolulu per. Mauna Kea, March 16—A. S. Hayward, H. W. Kinney, Mrs. W. F. Dale, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Sturges, Mrs. Takamatsu, K. Oki, T. Hori, U. Fukumoki, W. O. Reinecke, A. Reis, J. H. Raymond, P. F. Diehl, V. J. Burgess, S. Fujiha-

Maui Business Men Would Ban Booze

(Continued from Page One.)

forming Mr. Peck that the Maui Chamber of Commerce will be willing to take general charge of the next Liberty Loan campaign on the island of Maui, if Mr. Peck so desires, and that the secretary request Mr. Peck to reply by the earliest mail, and forward the necessary available literature, Motion carried unanimously.

Mr. H. A. Baldwin stated that he desired to bring before the trustees for their consideration the advisability of taking some favorable action in the way of supporting legislation that will make the Territory "dry," more especially so if the island of Oahu is to be dry. Mr. Baldwin stated that he did not like the idea of having Maui made a dumping ground for liquor that could not be sold on Oahu. He had no written resolution to present, but thought that perhaps action should be taken by the Chamber of Commerce by way of resolution, and this resolution forwarded to Delegate Kubio, urging him to press for dry legislation. In other words, Mr. Baldwin believed the Maui Chamber of Commerce should go on record as objecting to Honolulu being the only dry territory.

After some discussion had, the following motion was made by Mr. F. F. Baldwin, seconded by Mr. H. B. Penhallow: "That the President of the Maui Chamber of Commerce at this time appoint a committee of two to prepare and present at the next meeting of the Maui Chamber of Commerce a resolution favoring the enactment by the Congress of the United States of a law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Territory of Hawaii." Carried.

The chair appointed Mr. H. A. Baldwin and Mr. H. B. Penhallow as members of this committee.

There being no further business before the trustees, adjournment was taken.

The Shortage In Maui's Sugar Outturn

The final, official figures of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association on the sugar production of Maui in 1917 are now at hand and show that the island went behind 1916 by something like 2600 tons. The figures for the two campaigns, by plantations and years, are as follows:

Company	*Tons.	*Tons
Pioneer Mill, Ltd.	32,573	33,279
Olowalu	1,850	1,974
Wailuku Sugar	15,094	15,038
Haw. Com. & Sugar	59,035	53,812
Maui Agricultural	34,011	35,795
Kaheleka Plant., Ltd.	6,721	6,240
Kipahulu Sugar	848	1,510
Totals	150,312	147,648

BY AUTHORITY

TERRITORY OF HAWAII
Treasurer's Office, Honolulu, Oahu.

In re Dissolution of the MAUI MEAT MARKET, LIMITED

Whereas, the MAUI MEAT MARKET, LIMITED a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has pursuant to law in such cases made and provided, duly filed in this office, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in said manner whatsoever in the said corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before 12 o'clock noon of May 3, 1918, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned, in the Executive Building, Honolulu, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

(Sgd.) C. J. McCARTHY,
Treasurer Territory of Hawaii.
Honolulu, T. H. February 11, 1918.
(Feb. 15, 22; Mar. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29; Apr. 5, 12, 19.)

TERRITORY OF HAWAII,
Keena O Ka Puuku, Honolulu, Oahu.

No. Ka Hoopauna i ka MAUI MEAT MARKET, KAUPALENAIA.

NOKAMEA, o ka MAUI MEAT MARKET, KAUPALENAIA, he hui i hoohua i kukulu a e ku ana malalo a mamuli hoi o na Kanawai o ke Teritoro o Hawaii, i kuli ke ai me na hooponopono ana a ke Kanawai i hanala no ka hoopauna i ua hui ala, me na palapala hoolea i hoopiipua e like me ke koi a ke Kanawai.

A Noleia, ke hoolea hui ala i na poe apau, i lawelawe oihana pu a i kuleana paha hoko o ua hui ala, e waihoia mai na kumu koe apau no ka ae ana aku i ua Palapala Noi ala maloko o kea Keena Oihana mamua e o ka hora 12 o ke awakea, la 3 o Mei, 1918, a o na poe apau i makemake e loheia kona manao maluna o ua kumuhana ala e hiki ae ma ke Keena Oihana o ka mea nona ka inoa malalo nei, ma ka Hale Mana Hooke, Honolulu, hora 12 o ke awakea o ua la ala, e hoike mai i na kumu, ina he kumu kana, no ka hoole ana i ua Palapala Noi ala.

(Kakauloia) C. J. McCARTHY,
Puuku Teritoro o Hawaii.
Honolulu, T. H., February 11, 1918.
(Feb. 15, 22; Mar. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29; Apr. 5, 12, 19.)

Bishop Leonard A Visitor To Maui

Bishop Leonard, of the Methodist Episcopal church, is here from the mainland, having arrived at Lahaina Wednesday, accompanied by Dr. Fry. He was met at the wharf by the teachers and pupils of the Japanese school there, visited Lainauna and in the evening held a service at Kaanapali. Yesterday morning he left for Punene and in the afternoon went up Haleakala, expecting to return during this afternoon.

The Bishop is a noted scholar and speaker and it is hoped that arrangements can be made whereby the general public may hear him while here.

War Saving Stamps In The Schools

The Kamehameha III School, Lahaina, seems to be leading in the work of selling thrift and war-savings stamps. The next heaviest total value so far received by this office is from Wailuku school, which shows \$361.68. The Kamehameha III School record up to Friday, March 15, was as follows:

Grade	Enrollment	No. Purchasers	Percent. Purchasers	Thrift Stamps Sold	Value Thrift Stamps	U. S. Stamps Sold	Value U. S. Stamps	Total Value	Room Leader	Amount
I. D.	55	14	25	41	\$10.25	1	5.00	\$15.25	Masato Ishimura	\$1.75
I. C.	55	12	21	41	10.25	1	5.00	15.25	Irmgard Farden (each)	7.00
I. B.	44	12	27	39	9.75	1	5.00	14.75	Anna Furtado	5.00
									Andrew Kipapa	
									Helene Freudenberg	
									Kiyoshi Yagi	
									Mitsuko Amioka (each)	5.00
I. A.	36	10	28	22	5.50	3	15.00	20.50	Clarence Seong	6.00
II. B.	51	19	37	66	16.50	3	15.00	31.50	Eiho Hokama	5.00
II. A.	52	17	32	121	30.25	1	5.00	35.25	Dolores Furtado	8.25
III. D.	43	19	44	105	26.25	2	10.00	36.25	Umeno Obuchi	6.25
III. A.	43	19	44	70	17.50	2	10.00	27.50	Iima Lee	5.50
IV. B.	37	16	43	86	21.50	1	5.00	26.50	Minoru Tsuda	10.00
IV. A.	36	15	41	49	12.25	5	25.00	37.25	Alice Hosi	11.25
V.	39	35	89	140	35.00	7	35.00	70.00	Kazuo Morinaga	5.50
VI.	32	18	56	54	13.50	1	5.00	18.50	Henry Oana	6.25
VII.	24	13	54	65	16.25	3	15.00	31.25	Charlotte Freitas	
									Ah Lan Wong (each)	10.00
VIII.	17	10	58	68	17.00	4	20.00	37.00		
Sch.	564	230	40	967	241.75	34	170.00	411.75		
									School Leader, Alice Hosi.	Amount \$11.25
									Grade leading in amount, Grade V.	Amount 70.00
									Grade leading in percentage of purchasers, Grade V.	89%



Born Tailored to Your Order

Born-tailored clothes are fashioned as you dictate, of goods pleasing to your taste—they are tailored to fit you perfectly, and to serve you satisfactorily:

They are in truth "tailored to your order"—and the price is no more than you expect to pay for good clothes.

(Resident Born Dealer)

Maui Drygoods & Grocery Company, Wailuku.

ANTONE DO REGO

THE LIVE AUCTIONEER
FOR MAKAWAO DISTRICT
Residence and Postoffice: Makawao
Phone: Tam Yau.

The First Drawing in the 1918 Prize Contest Will Take Place May 15, 1918

Get Your Coupons from

Maui Dry Goods
Pioneer Store
The Central Store
Moura & Co. Garage

A trip to the volcano
FREE



The **Blaisdell**
Newest, Coolest Hotel in Hawaii
Fort Street, Honolulu

Collections Of Every Nature

ALL OVER KAUAI
Quick Action—Prompt Reports.
I Begin Where Others Leave Off
Any Amount is Accepted for Collection.
Nine Years of Experience.
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Kealia, Kauai, T. H.

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WAILUKU, MAUI, T. H.

Reasonable Rates

Dinner parties given special attention.

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Mild Liver Tonic and Laxative

Fine Kidney and Bladder Remedy

Remarkable Blood Cleanser

Cures Rheumatism and Malarial Ailments

\$1.00 per bottle.

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The Army Officer and Busy Business Man prefer

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**HAWAIIAN NEWS
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Young Hotel Bldg.
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How to help Uncle Sam

Put your spare coins
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THRIFT STAMPS

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ask for them in change.

**Regal
Shoe Store**

Fort and Hotel Streets
HONOLULU

LODGE MAUI, NO. 984, A. F. & A. M.



Stated meetings will be held at Masonic Hall, Kahului, on the first Saturday night of each month at 7:30 P. M.
Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
F. W. PEACOCK, R. W. M.
W. A. ROBBINS, Secretary.

ALOHA LODGE NO. 3 KNIGHTS
OF PYTHIAS.



Regular meetings will be held at the Knights of Pythias Hall, Wailuku, on the second and fourth Friday of each month.
All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

H. S. PERRY, C. C.
J. C. BLAIR, K. R. & S.

COURT VALLEY ISLAND NO. 9239
ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS

Regular meetings will be held at Moose Hall, Kahului, on the first and third Thursday of each month, at 7:30 P. M.

All visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
CARL F. N. ROSE,
Financial Secretary.

MAUI BOOKSTORE

BOOKS, STATIONERY
NEWS DEALERS

Hawaiian Views and Post Cards
Souvenir Jewelry
Koa Novelties
Fine Candles
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WAILUKU, MAUI

Compact, all metal construction
VEST POCKET
AUTOGRAPHIC KODAK

Particularly the
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Small
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any kit.

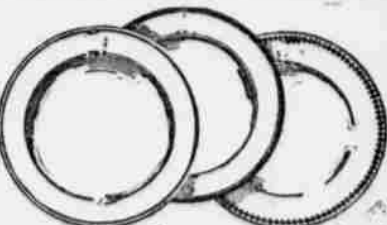
Will make as good pictures as larger cameras. Fitted with achromatic lens and Kodak ball-bearing shutter.

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Owing to the foresight of our buyers we are able to offer you a very complete stock to select from. Our large stock of English and American makes of semi Porcelain gives you a chance to suit your individual taste.

In fine China we show Lenox, Minton, Syracuse, Worcester, Royal Doulton, Haviland, Theodor, Haviland, Royal Copenhagen, Canton China, and Satsuma in the white for decorating.

We will appreciate a call from you. If you cannot call, send us your mail order. We send goods on approval; we also send samples.

W. W. DIMOND & CO., LTD.
The House of Housewares
HONOLULU.

The Rule As To Sales Of Wheat Flour 50-50

The following explanatory bulletin has been issued by the food administration for Hawaii:

Misunderstanding of the Government's regulation of flour, placing its purchase on a "fifty-fifty" basis, has been very general. There seems to have been a misconception of the modification made to cover whole wheat and graham flour containing at least 95 per cent of the entire grain. With each five pounds of either of these flours, only three pounds of the allowed substitutes must be purchased.

Ninety-five percent extraction uses about 20 per cent more of the grain than goes into the average white flour. It is to compensate for this 20 per cent saving that the Food Administration allows a modification of the "fifty-fifty" rule.

To clear up this misunderstanding the Food Administration today quoted its rule No. 26 transaction in flour: "The licensee dealing in flour at retail shall not, without written permission of the United States Food Administrator, sell wheat flour to any person unless such person purchases from him at the same time one pound of wheat flour substitutes for every pound of wheat flour purchased, or in the case of whole wheat or graham flour containing at least 95 per cent of the entire wheat, six-tenths of a pound of wheat flour substitutes for every pound of such whole wheat or graham flour purchased."

Gymnasium Schedule

The following is the schedule for activities in the Alexander House Gymnasium for the coming week:

Friday, March 22nd—

3:00 p. m. All boys class.
7:00 p. m. International league Athletics vs. Sox, indoor baseball.

Saturday, March 23rd—

9:00 a. m. Junior girls class.
1:30 p. m. All boys class.

7:00 p. m. Intermediate boys club series.

Sunday, March 24th—

1:30 to 3:00 p. m. Open day for all boys.

Monday, March 25th—

2:45 p. m. Japanese girls' class.
3:30 p. m. Junior girls' class.

7:30 p. m. International league Sox vs. Giants, basketball.

Tuesday, March 26th—

3:30 p. m. Special new class Japanese boys (juniors).

7:00 p. m. Open night for all boys.

Wednesday, March 27th—

2:45 p. m. Japanese girls.
3:30 p. m. Junior girls.

7:00 p. m. Business men's class.

Thursday, March 28th—

3:00 p. m. Boys' Gymn. class.
7:00 p. m. New women's Gymn. class.

The Wailuku Gym. club team "C" went down to defeat before the Kahului club team "C" to the tune of 25 to 13 in a game of basket ball. Exciting game.

Thursday evening the Wailuku girls basket ball team will play the Kahului girls' basket ball team.

AT THE THEATERS

Vivian Martin in "Sunset Trail"
Story of How Mother and Daughter Find Happiness

The "Sunset Trail" is the picture in which Vivian Martin will be seen next at the Orpheum theater. Miss Martin who has been always to advantage in some of the biggest and best productions on the screen is featured in this late one from the Lasky Studios, releasing on the Paramount program. She presents the part of Bess Aiken, who lives in the mountains of California. The settlement is thinly populated and Bess Bess looks for people of her own age with which to associate. Her mother, married when she was young to an elderly man, is also dissatisfied with the lonely life in California. Before her marriage she was one of the brightest stars on the stage and it was her fondest hope to again shine behind the footlights. Vernon Trole and his nephew, Kirke, are camping in the mountains nearby. The love romance that develops from the meeting of Bess and her mother with the campers brings about a great change in the lives of both and both are given the happiness for which they have wished. Miss Martin is seen in a role that gives her every opportunity to appear at her best before the camera. Gifted with a pleasing personality, Miss Martin has only to act her own natural self, to entertain. She does so in her latest picture. The scenario was written by Beulah Marie Dix, who has to her credit some of the best stories ever adapted to the screen. With Miss Martin in the supporting cast are Henry A. Barrows, Harrison Ford, Charles Ogle, Carmen Phillips and Billy Elmer.

Vivian Martin will be seen on the screen of the Wailuku theater on Wednesday of next week in "Sunset Trail," the crowning success of Miss Martin's career on the screen.



JULIAN ELTINGE
in "The Countess Charming"

"Countess Charming"
Having been cold-shouldered out of "society" and the local country club by the over-ambitious mother of his sweetheart, good-looking Saunders Julian decides to make society and the girl's mother both change their policy and welcome him with open arms.

To carry out this project he calls into play an old accomplishment of his college days,—that of disguising himself as a woman, and as "The Countess Raffelski" he completely subjugates the society leaders who had hitherto scorned him.

There had been talk of raising a huge amount of money for the Red Cross and as Saunders Julian he had promised a fabulous amount. As the Countess he proceeds to raise money in bunches and is greatly amused at the ease with which he is able to fleece the men particularly.

The situation becomes tense and the outlook is extremely doleful for the "Countess," who becomes suspected of theft and other crimes, but a laughable climax ends the whole thing in a gale of fun with, in addition, an extremely substantial fund to the credit of the Red Cross.

This is Mr. Eltinge's first photoplay, although he is known all over this country as the greatest female impersonator of the stage and has won plaudits from the Atlantic to the Pacific and back. The story was written by the well-known humorists, Carolyn Wells and Gelett Burgess, in collaboration. At the Orpheum Sunday next.

"Patsy"
The Wailuku Orpheum guarantees sunshine for its patrons this week in the presence of June Caprice who will appear there in William Fox's "Patsy," beginning on Monday next.

"Patsy" is filled with more sunshine and happiness than any picture play in which the "Sunshine Maid" has yet appeared. It is also crowded with more thrills and adventure.

The story of "Patsy" opens in a little western town just as Patsy Prim, the role played by Miss Caprice, starts for New York to meet Richard Hewitt, an old friend of her father. But since Mr. Hewitt had died a few years before, the letter is received by Dick Hewitt, a fast living young sport.

Dick undergoes a great change on meeting Patsy who makes her home in his bachelor apartments. He longs to wed the wild and innocent girl and settle down. A tangled affair he has had with an adventuress interferes for a time but the woman is finally exposed and Dick and Patsy marry.

"Who Is Number One?"—Paramount Serial Featuring Kathleen Clifford

Anna Katherine Green's baffling mystery story has been adapted to the screen, and produced by Paramount, with Kathleen Clifford in the featured role of Almee Villon. "Who Is Number One?" is the title of this story, which has been produced in

fifteen episodes, the first of which is titled, "The Flaming Cross." The story centers about the plans of a gang of plotters against the fortune of Graham Hale, a millionaire inventor. It is a story of revenge—the revenge of a mysterious person who is the instrument through which a woman seeks to make a famous inventor and capitalist pay for his scorn. The woman scorned does not seek the life of the man who has scorned her, but she desires that he shall be ruined—that one by one the big things that go to make him a powerful factor in the world of invention and finance are taken from him, and, lastly, after his most valuable possession, his son, is taken, then that his mind shall be destroyed. Camille Arnot gathers about her men capable of fighting such a foe, and at the head of this body of men is placed "Number One," the mysterious person who directs all the activities against the happiness and fortune of Graham Hale. In the midst of all this intrigue and plotting is Almee Villon (Kathleen Clifford) who is in love with Tommy Hale, and who fights to save the Hales from destruction from this mysterious foe.

The first episode of "Who Is Number One?" entitled "The Flaming Cross," with Kathleen Clifford in the featured role, will be seen on the screen of the Orpheum on Saturday of this week. The first episode of Paramount's first serial production.—Adv.

PIGEONS FOR SALE

CARNEAUX and HOMER PIGEONS

\$2.00 per pair.

F. F. ATKINS,

2355 Maunaloa Ave., Kaimuki,

Honolulu.

BY AUTHORITY

NOTICE OF SALE OF GOVERNMENT LEASE.

At 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, April 13th, 1918, at the front door of the Capital Building, Honolulu, T. H., there will be sold at public auction, under Section 380 of the Revised Laws of 1915, a general lease to the following described Government land:

That certain tract of Government land situate in the Il o Kuu, adjoining Waihee, Island of Maui, containing an area of 310.69 acres, more or less;

Term of lease, 15 years from June 14th, 1918.

Upset rental, \$1200. per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

The purchaser shall pay the cost of advertising.

For maps and further information, apply at the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Capitol Building, Honolulu, T. H.

B. G. RIVENBURGH

Commissioner of Public Lands.

Dated at Honolulu

February 27th, 1918.

(Mar. 8, 22; Apr. 5, 12.)

K. MACHIDA Drug Store

ICE CREAM

The Best in Town

And a Up-To-Date Soda Fountain

Give Us a Trial

MARKET STREET, WAILUKU.

No. 8207.

Report of the Condition of

THE BALDWIN NATIONAL BANK OF KAHULUI

At Kahului, in the Territory of Hawaii, at the close of business, on

March 4th, 1918.

Resources.

Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c) \$628,641.84

Foreign Bills of Exchange or Drafts sold with indorsement of this bank, not shown under item d above (see item 55c) \$628,641.84

Overdrafts, secured, none; unsecured, \$3,697.49 3,697.49

U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) 25,000.00

Premium on U. S. bonds 593.55

Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness 25,593.55

Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1/2 per cent and 4 per cent 3,900.00

Liberty Loan Bonds, 2 1/2 per cent, and 4 per cent, pledged to secure State or other deposits or bills payable 3,900.00

Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable, 43,556.86

Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged 1,808.61

Total bonds, securities, etc. 45,385.47

Furniture and fixtures 4,967.26

Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank 3,610.57

Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks 50,685.79

Net amounts due from banks and bankers, and trust companies other than included in items 13, 14, and 15 31,408.59

Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items 997.27

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer 1,250.00

Total \$800,117.83

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in \$50,000.00

Surplus fund 50,000.00

Undivided profits 26,550.11

Less current expenses interest, and taxes paid 3,418.29

Circulating notes outstanding 25,000.00

Individual deposits subject to check 599,161.42

Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed) 400.00

Cashier's checks outstanding 812.06

Deposits requiring notice but less than 30 days 33,204.29

Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 632,577.84

Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed) Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, 43, and 44 18,408.24

Total \$800,117.83

Territory of Hawaii, County of Maui, ss:

I, D. C. LINDSAY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. C. LINDSAY, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

H. W. RICE }
H. A. BALDWIN } Directors.
F. F. BALDWIN }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1918.

E. R. DEVINS.

Notary Public, 2nd Circuit.

Honolulu Wholesale Produce Market Quotations

ISSUED BY THE TERRITORY
MARKETING DIVISION.

Wholesale only.

Week ending, March 16, 1918.

Small consumers cannot buy at these prices.

Island Butter, lb.	.55 to .60
Eggs, select, doz.	.55
Eggs, No. 1, doz.	.52
Eggs, Duck, doz.	.45
Young Roosters, lb.	.55 to .60
Pullets, lb.	.50 to .60
Turkeys, lb.	.50
Ducks, Musc. lb.	.35
Ducks, Pekin, lb.	.35
Ducks, Haw. doz.	10.00

Vegetables And Produce

Beans, string, green.	.05
Beans, string wax	.06
Beans lima in pod	.04 1/2
Beans, Maui Red	\$2.25
Beans, Calico	10.00
Beans, small white.	12.00
Peas, dry island	9.00 to 10.00
Beets, dozen beets	.30
Carrots, dozen beets	.40
Cabbage, cwt.	2.50 to 3.00
Corn, sweet 100 ears	2.50 to 3.00
Corn, Haw. lg. yel.	\$2.00 to \$5.00
Rice, Jap. seed, cwt.	7.75
Rice, Haw. Seed, cwt.	7.40
Peanuts, lg. lb.	.05 to .06
Green peppers, bell	.08
Green peppers, chili	.07
Potatoes, Is. I.	3.00 to 3.50
Potatoes, sweet red cwt.	1.50 to 1.60
Potatoes, sweet, cwt.	1.00 to 1.15
Taro, cwt.	2.75
Taro, bunch.	.15
Tomatoes	.08 to .09
Cucumbers, doz.	.40 to .50
Pumpkins, lb.	.02 1/2

Fruit

Haw. oranges, per 10	1.50
Bananas, Chinese, Bch.	.30 to .70
Bananas, cooking, Bch.	1.25
Figs, 100	1.00
Grapes, Isabella, lb.	.08 to .09
Limes, 100	1.00 to 1.25
Pineapples, cwt.	1.50
Papayas, lb.	.02 1/2 to .02 1/2
Strawberries.	.25 to .30

Livestock

Cattle and sheep are not bought at live weight. They are slaughtered and paid for on a dressed weight basis.

Hogs, up to 150 lb. .18 to .19

Dressed Meats

Beef, dressed, lb.	.14 to .15
Veal, dressed, lb.	.15 to .16
Mutton, lb.	.18 to .19
Pork, lb.	.25

Hides, Wet Salted

Steer, No. 1, lb.	.11
Steer, No. 2, lb.	.10
Steer, hair slip	.08 to .09
Kips, lb.	.14
Goat, white.	.20 to .30

Feed

Corn, sm. yel. ton	95.00
Corn, lg. yel. ton	92.50
Corn cracked ton	96.00
Bran	62.50
Barley ton	87.00 to 85.00
Scratch food ton	92.00 to 92.50

Oats, ton	79.00 to 85.00
Wheat, ton	100.00
Middling ton	70.00
Hay, wheat	55.00 to 62.00
Hay, alfalfa	47.00 to 48.00
Meal, alfalfa, ton	48.00 to 55.00

ATTRACTIONS FOR THE WEEK, BEGINNING MARCH 23rd., 1918.



Saturday, March 23rd.

"FRANCE IN ARMS"
Proceeds in Aid of French War Orphans.

Sunday, March 24th.

PARAMOUNT PROGRAM

JULIAN ELTINGE

in "THE COUNTESS CHARMING"

First Episode of the Paramount Serial

"WHO IS NO. 1?"

And the BRITISH WAR PICTURES

Monday, March 2

Lieutenants Named Help Stamp Drive

R. A. Wadsworth, who has been commissioned to handle the campaign for the sale of thrift stamps on Maui, has decided upon a plan for assistants in the various districts, which should aid the campaign greatly and at the same time be of much convenience to the public. These sub-committees will give information to anyone wishing it, and will have charge of the campaign in their respective districts.

George S. Raymond, supervising principal of schools, already has charge of the work in the schools.

The committees named by Mr. Wadsworth are:

Charles Puck, Wailuku; F. N. Lufkin, Lahaina; A. C. Rattray, Kahului; F. W. Hardy, Makawao; Robert von Tempels, Kula; J. J. Walsh, Punahoa; Rev. George E. Lake, Hana; W. F. Pogue, Huelo; W. A. Baldwin, Hakul; J. H. Raymond, Uluakula; F. B. Cameron, Paia; H. D. Sloggett, Hamakua; D. T. Fleming, Honolulu.

It is believed that with all this new force the savings stamp drive will go forward with renewed vim. On Maui, tremendous efforts have already been put forth. Mr. Wadsworth has been most active in his campaign, and the results have been greatly surprising. Under the new arrangement, however, he hopes for even better things.

Dr. Sanborn To Leave For Front

The many friends of Dr. Sanborn, of Molokai, will be interested to know that he will be leaving next week for Honolulu to enter the service of the government, in the effort to "do his bit" in the war. In connection with his departure from Molokai, a friend sends the following:

Dr. Fletcher G. Sanborn, government physician for leeward Molokai, leaves for service in the United States army next week, awaiting further orders at Honolulu; having been granted leave of absence from his district during the term of the war by the Territorial Board of Health.

Dr. Sanborn saw active service with the medical corps of the U. S. Army, during the Spanish-American war, and only refrained from taking his examination for a commission in the present war before the army board until recently on account of the severe illness of his father who resides with him. Immediately that he was out of danger, the doctor took the examination at Fort Shafter; five weeks later he was notified by cable from Washington, D. C. by Adjutant-General McCain, of his appointment to a captaincy in the U. S. Medical reserve corps.

Mrs. Sanborn will accompany the doctor in so far as his future orders may allow, she hoping to become of use in some branch of Red Cross work.

His daughter Virginia, now a chief yeoman in the U. S. Navy, was the first young woman to enlist in the Hawaiian Islands upon President Wilson's call.

The doctor has made many friends during his three years on Molokai, who will greatly regret his absence, and miss his faithful attention.

Me ke aloha nui loa.

The Grand Jury Makes Its Report

After being charged by Judge Burr on Wednesday the grand jury began its work and went thoroughly into all matters brought before it. Conclusion of its labors was reached yesterday afternoon when the following report was presented:

Wailuku, Maui, March 21, 1918.

The Grand Jury for the March 1918 term, begs to report: that we have investigated all the matters presented to us; and have found true bills as follows—

Territory of Hawaii vs. Malciano Pior, malicious burning.

Territory of Hawaii vs. Sofia Deocales, polygamy.

Territory of Hawaii vs. John Dias, assault with a weapon.

We have found true bills in four cases presented for investigation, which at the request of the County Attorney, we ask be placed on the secret file until served upon defendants.

We found no bill in the Territory of Hawaii vs. S. Makino, charged with manslaughter.

It is the recommendation of the Grand Jury that the Sheriff be absolved from all censure with reference to complaints brought against the Deputy Sheriff at Hana.

We found good and sufficient reasons for the Sheriff's action in not removing this Deputy at the time the complaint was first made.

Respectfully submitted,

C. D. LUFKIN, Foreman.

MAN STABBED IN LAHAINA

Meager details have been received here of an affair in Lahaina in which Filipino stabbed a Japanese in the back of the right shoulder with a knife, inflicting a severe but probably not serious wound. The men had a quarrel over a game of billiards. The injured man is in such condition in the hospital that no complaint has yet been made.

Much of the time in the Circuit Court this morning was taken up with calling the calendar and setting cases.

Dedications Of Church At Wailua, Molokai

On Sunday over two hundred people gathered in the beautiful new Wailua Church on Molokai for the dedication services. The building is a commodious one, and, by crowding, the pews will seat about 180 people, whereas the usual audience of about 100 people, will be easily accommodated on Sunday.

The sermon of dedication was preached by the minister, Rev. J. Kaulouahi, who also led his people in the dedication services. Rev. I. D. Iava, the neighboring minister of Kaluaaha church, offered the dedicatory prayer.

Rev. L. B. Kaumeheiwa, of Wailuku, gave the charge to the people. The music was by the famous Molokai choir and was very fine. David Kalaau, the talented leader, directed. About \$225.00 was raised for the new building by the congregation in gifts and pledges.

The Lord's Supper was held in the afternoon. Three young people joined the church, and one child was baptized.

Rev. Rowland B. Dodge reported on the church building at the dedication services. The people of the church raised in cash nearly \$1400.00. A large part of this had been deposited with the Maui Aid Association in the savings department for some time. The people added to the deposit little by little until they were ready to build.

The new edifice is one of the handsomest church buildings of Molokai, and all attended were much pleased with it.

B. Dodge and L. B. Kaumeheiwa on the trip to Molokai last Saturday. They were present at the dedication services at Wailua Church. Mr. Dodge and Mr. Kaumeheiwa held services at Kaluaaha and Kaunakakai churches also. The party returned on Tuesday's Likiepke.

The Week's Weather

The following was the weather in Wailuku during the week closing Wednesday:

Date	Highest	Lowest	Prevailing Wind	Character	Precipitation of Day
14	71	66	.37	N. E.	Cloudy
15	75	63	T.	N. E.	Cloudy
16	71	67	.06	N. E.	Cloudy
17	79	65	1.08	N. E.	P. C.
18	80	64	T.	N. E.	P. C.
19	81	61	.00	N. E.	Clear
20	81	65	.00	N. E.	Clear
Averages Tot'l.					
	79	64	1.51		

IN THE "UP-COUNTRY"

Weather during the week around Haiku has been very favorable to growing crops. Corn harvesting in the district has begun.

Date	Highest	Lowest	Precip'n, in inches and hundredths
15	77	63	Trace
16	77	65	2.13
17	77	65	.66
18	79	65	Trace
19	78	63	Trace
20	78	65	Trace
21	76	66	Trace
Averages, Total.			
	77.5	64.5	2.79

Rice Withdrawn As Flour Substitute

The following very important ruling has been sent out by the food administration, being Bulletin No. 38:

Rice as a substitute has been permitted to be sold with flour but in some localities this has not had the effect of cutting down the consumption of flour, because the per capita consumption of rice is four times that of flour and many rice consumers have developed a very strong appetite for flour which they purchase with their rice and trade the flour to others thus enabling them to obtain their full flour requirements.

Merchants are therefore urged to sell substitutes other than rice with flour.

Beginning April 15th rice will be withdrawn from the list of substitutes permitted to be sold with flour. You should make every endeavor to obtain a supply of other substitutes.

J. F. CHILD,

Food Administrator for Hawaii.

Shipping At Kahului

The steamer Windler, one of the vessels in charge of the shipping board, arrived at Kahului Wednesday morning, bringing the freight originally billed for the Lurline. She left yesterday and went around to Kaula, where she will take a load of sugar.

The steamer Sacramento, another one of the shipping board's fleet, arrived Thursday morning and is taking sugar. She will go from here to Hilo.

"Jack" Bergstrom is back on Maui, having returned to Wailuku by the Mauna Kea Wednesday night. He will be here several weeks.

Cases Set For The Present Court Term

The March term of the Circuit Court started on Wednesday, very little being done that day, except the charge to the grand jury. The report of the grand jury, which is published elsewhere, was brought in yesterday. On Monday the trial jurors will appear and the hearing of cases will begin. The cases on the calendar are as follows:

Criminal

Levi K. Kalolo, et al, fishing with explosives, demand for trial by jury. Ho Sung, Kum Chong, and Len Young, assault & battery; Hose Robello, profanity; Koichi Akanao, fornication; Lim Sung Woo, appeal; Ono Kosuki, desertion; John Leopardo, assault battery; Manuel Peters, assault and battery; Alfred Ferrera, gross cheat; Joe Santiago and Olara Ponce, committal; Elizabeth Ah Sam, support of bastard; Mrs. Josepha Sardinha as assault and battery; Anastacio Martin, malicious injury; Ned Nicholas, violation of Auto Ordinance 31; Manuel Lasado, assault and battery, appeal for mitigation of sentence; K. Nobu, furious and heedless driving; Tok Sung and A. K. assault and battery; Ned Nicholas, violation of Auto Ordinance 14.

Civil

M. T. Lyons vs. Maui Wine & Liquor Co., assumpsit; Tevese Joaquin vs. Grand Hotel, an action to enforce mechanic's lien; Rosa Enos vs. Frank M. Correa, assumpsit; H. E. Poihihi vs. Mrs. Kahoolani et al, ejectment; Joseph Sardinha vs. John de Freitas; Territory of Hawaii vs. Hugh Howell and U. S. Fidelity and Guarantee Co., action on bond; Ben Vickers vs. M. S. Martins, assumpsit; Ohia Ferreira vs. Ah Choy, replevin; S. Ah Fat vs. Tom Brown, assumpsit; Mileka Whitford vs. Lucy Kahamant, action to quiet title; Manuel Botelho vs. Thomas Brown; John de Freitas vs. Jose Sardinha, Josepha Sardinha and Manuel Sardinha, damages; Palau Paki et al vs. Kalua Paki et al, ejectment; E. Murphy vs. H. R. Hitchcock and O. Tollefsen, action on the case; Yoshimoto, Hiraca et al vs. Hishikara, assumpsit; Mrs. John Richardson et al vs. Alice K. Knae, ejectment; M. Dutro vs. Grand Hotel Co., appeal; E. R. Bevins vs. Saragadhar Das, assumpsit; M. do Rego vs. H. Oyagi & Kalili Halama, ejectment; Muto Fukumoto vs. Lim Sung Woo, damages; Joe Kaakikola vs. Chas. Mahiai, ejectment; S. Nagata vs. Ho Jo Choi; Kahului Railroad Co. vs. Grand Hotel Co., assumpsit; John Brown, Jr. vs. Kestokahana, Ah See & Ah See, ejectment; Wailuku Rice Co. vs. Chin Chong, assumpsit; Kaniko Wagner Wood et al vs. Jose Freitas Phillip, Sr., ejectment; W. S. Sing vs. Diego Moniz, appeal; Harry Gesner vs. Yamatsu, assumpsit; Joe E. Perreira vs. Jerdao Santos, appeal; Sam Ako vs. Gabriel Davison, assumpsit; E. Murphy vs. D. Kaai, Sr., and John W. Kalua, assumpsit.

Program Arranged For Mr. G. R. Carter

One of the leading features of this week-end will be the visit of former Governor George R. Carter, who comes up on matters which are now engaging much of this island's thought. Mr. Carter will arrive at Kahului in the Claudine tomorrow morning. Accompanying him will be James A. Rath, the well-known Settlement worker of Honolulu, and there may be others.

Mr. Carter is coming over, primarily, to show his famous collection of French war films, which will be put on at the Orpheum theater, in Wailuku, tomorrow evening. The proceeds of this entertainment will go to the war orphans. A big house for this affair is already assured.

In the afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Mr. Carter will address a mass meeting in the Kahului Community House. The former governor is head of the Hawaii Branch of the American Defense Society, so that the meeting will be under the auspices of the Maui branch of the vigilance corps. Everybody is invited to be present, however, including the ladies.

Meeting Of Paia Church Committees

About forty people attended a buffet supper at the home of Rev. and Mrs. A. C. Bowditch, Paia, Wednesday evening to meet Dr. Williams and discuss church matters. They were prominent members of the church and the community committees.

Dr. Williams spoke on the possibilities of a community church, which was followed by a free discussion. The meeting was considered very helpful.

A "BOOK PARTY"

Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, of Haiku, who are shortly to move to Honolulu, gave a party to a few of their friends last week, Saturday. Each guest represented some book and the title of the book was to be guessed by the others. Following other games refreshments were served and a very enjoyable time was reported. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Barter, Mr. and Mrs. Beeman, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Cumming, Mr. and Mrs. Pitchford, Miss Newman, Miss Pester, and Mr. Watkins.

WAILUKU GIRL MARRIED

Miss Eva A. Robinson, eldest daughter of Senator and Mrs. W. T. Robinson, of Wailuku, was married in Honolulu last week to James Hart, of Haeckfeld & Co. The bride, who is a well known Wailuku girl, is stenographer in the circuit court at Honolulu.

Maui Choral Club In Fourth Success

(Continued from Page One.)

pretty costumes and their singing was full of harmony and life.

Though the costumes expected from San Francisco did not arrive, those kindly loaned by Punahou served excellently.

The following were the caste of Characters:

Serpolette Miss Oriet Robinson
Germaine Miss Marie Anderson
Gertrude Miss Thelma Boyum
Jeanne Miss Lois Murdoch
Manette Miss Dorothy Foster
Suzanne Miss Garnie Rosecrans
Village Maidens.
Henri, Marquis of Cornville Mr. D. C. Lindsay
Jean Grenacheux, a Fisherman Mr. David Rattray
Gaspard, a Miser Mr. H. W. Baldwin
The Bailiff Mr. H. D. Sloggett
Notary Mr. Richard Lillico
Registrar Mr. Foster Robinson
Assessor Mr. Wm. Phillips
The stage-setting of the four scenes of the three acts was most appropriate and pleasing to the eye.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT

The following account of the entertainment has been sent in:

Last Saturday the Choral Club presented "The Chimes of Normandy" at the Community House, Paia. In spite of the inclement weather a large audience was present and the production was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Without doubt the "Chimes" was the most interesting and best presented of all the operas given by the Club. Mr. H. W. Baldwin as the miser was especially effective, while "Pet" Robinson entered into the part of Serpolette with great energy and gave a very realistic "scrap" with the girls who accused her of gossiping. Mr. D. C. Lindsay as Henri, the Marquis, took his part in splendid shape. The other principal characters were Mr. H. D. Sloggett, as the Bailiff, Miss Marie Anderson as Germaine, David Rattray, as Jean Grenacheux, and Mr. Lillico as the Notary. Most of the members of the Club were in the chorus and were present at the "Hiring Fair."

Over \$200 was cleared.

Maui Agricultural Notes

Residents of Maui will remember the interesting agricultural booth installed at the First Maui County Fair by the Haiku Farmers' Association. The homesteaders at Haiku are planning to exhibit their farm produce collectively at the coming Territorial Fair in Honolulu. Space for a booth has already been allotted by the fair management and it is expected that a very creditable exhibit will be gotten together by the Haiku Farmers.—F. G. K.

Personal Mention

Wm. Thompson, business agent and "booster" is visiting Maui again, being a guest at the Maui hotel.

J. H. Kunewa went to Honolulu on Saturday to attend the annual meeting of division tax assessors on equalization problems.

Sergeant Wetzel, National Guard instructor, returned to Wailuku Wednesday night after an absence of sometime in Honolulu.

"Harry" S. Hayward, superintendent of the Honolulu Star-Bulletin, has been paying Maui a visit this week. He is accompanying the representative of a large San Francisco printing house around the Islands, and came here after a tour of Hawaii.

Mr. Wallace, the new manager of the new theater in Kahului, has arrived and it is understood that he will open up the place around the first of the month. It is anticipated that the new theater will not assume the old name of "Lyceum."

DIRECTOR OF TRAFFIC IN NEW YORK HARBOR



H. H. Raymond, president of the Clyde and Mallory steamship lines, has been designated to direct the United States shipping board's traffic entering and leaving the port of New York. He has the authority to pool vessels and to co-ordinate facilities in co-operation with the allies wherever pooling is necessary.

In The Churches

WAILUKU UNION CHURCH

Rowland B. Dodge, Minister.
Mrs. George N. Weight, Jr., Director of the Choir.

Miss Mary E. Hoffmann, Organist.
Palm Sunday Services
9:45 to 10:40 A. M. Church School.
7:00 to 7:30 P. M. Organ Recital by Miss Hoffmann.

7:30 Preaching Service with Sermon by the minister.
The service will be suitable for Palm Sunday.

There will be special music by the choir.

By vote of the church the election of the deacon to take the place of Earl L. Corson will be held. Mr. Corson resigned when he left for the east.

To the services of this Church everyone is most cordially invited.

The "Bright Monday Club" will meet as usual directly after school in the Sunday school room on Friday afternoon.

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD

Rector, Rev. J. Charles Villiers.

The services on Sunday will be at usual hours; Holy Communion, at 8 a. m., Morning Prayer at 11. As it will be Palm Sunday, there will be special music.

Next week being Holy Week, services will be held in the Church, each evening, at 7:30. On Good Friday there will be a service at 10:30 in the morning, and the last hour of the sacred three hours will be kept, from two till three o'clock.

To all services you are cordially invited.

KAHULUI UNION CHURCH

Ellis E. Pleasant, Minister.

Sunday-school 10 o'clock.
Evening service of worship 7:30.
Sermon subject "The Triumphal Entry."

The solo "The Palms," will be sung by Miss Drinkle. The quartette will sing the anthem "Words of Grace", by Marks.

MAKAWAO UNION CHURCH

A. Craig Bowditch, minister.

10:00—Sunday School.
11:00—Morning Service.—
Dr. J. H. Williams will preach the sermon.

6:45 Christian Endeavor in the Community House.

6:45 The Discussion Club in the Chapel.

7:20 Organ will play.

7:30 Dr. Williams will give an informal talk.

Dr. Williams' Sermon

Dr. J. H. Williams spoke Sunday morning at the Makawao Union Church on "Jesus' Motive in Winning Men." He centered his thought around Nichodemus who came to Jesus frankly and candidly, though cautiously. "Sir, we know that thou art a teacher come from God; for no one can do these signs that thou doest except God be with him" was Nichodemus' stated reason for coming to Jesus. Whoever carefully considers Jesus and his truth will be compelled to think.

Nichodemus passed through three stages of life. First he had his season of thinking when the new truth and fuller knowledge of life came to him. Though Nichodemus was one of the prominent rulers of the Jews, Jesus gave him no undue deference. Rather Jesus faced him as man with man. Jesus told him that nothing could take the place of the spiritual acceptance of moral truth. It was not a question of his position or rank, but of his being born into the Spirit.

The second state of Nichodemus was his time of readjustment to the truth he had heard and accepted from Jesus. It was during this period when he stood up among the Jewish rulers and acknowledged his discipleship. He mildly championed Jesus against the plotting of his enemies.

The third state was of decision and positive action. The record is brief and incomplete. But it is stated that Nichodemus brought spices for Jesus' body that the burial might be fitting for one who had done so much for Nichodemus. This good man was led out to larger, nobler, life by the careful consideration of Jesus and his life. It was the motive of Jesus thus to draw out men and women to the realization of their best selves.

St. Patrick: Lessons From His Life

By Rev. J. Charles Villiers

(Church of the Good Shepherd.)

It is a point of interest, if not of significance, that the patron saint of Ireland, St. Patrick, so far as birth-place goes, was not an Irishman, but a Scotchman. He was born not far from Glasgow, at what is now known as the town of Dumbarton. The year of his birth is uncertain, but it was well on toward the close of the fourth century, some say in the year A. D. 396. Again, it is a point of interest that his father was a deacon in Holy Orders, (and, also, a magistrate, or Roman civil officer,) and his grandfather a priest, so we learn from St. Patrick's "Confessions," a fact which discloses to us that a celibate ministry was not universal at that period, even in the western Church. Nor was it until much later times.

The life of St. Patrick is involved in obscurity. That he was captured by Irish marauders, when a lad of, perhaps, sixteen years, who took him to Ireland, and sold him into slavery, we know. Slavery was his condition for six years, and in it he underwent the greatest hardships. His chief occupation was that of a herdsman. At times, while following his lonely work, he had visions, due, probably, in large measure, to hunger. In one or more of these visions, he was strongly urged to make his escape from slavery. One reason why he desired to escape from slavery was the interest which had been awakened in his soul for the Irish people.

Though he had not been profoundly taught in religious doctrine and discipline, yet from childhood he had been trained in the Christian faith, and what he saw of the ignorance of that faith in Ireland, led him to make a vow that if he could escape to freedom, it should be his purpose to prepare for Holy Orders, and to give himself, in the ministry of Christ, to the people of Ireland. He made the effort to escape, and succeeded, although, before reaching his kinsfolk, in Scotland, he was again captured, and spent a second brief period in slavery. On reaching his family, he told them of his experiences, of his vow, and of his determination to prepare for missionary work in Ireland. That he had the opportunity for theological training, and embraced it we know, but we are not certain where he received it. The Roman Church claims that he received it at the hands of St. Martin, of Tours, but the claim lacks historical support, as does also the claim that he went to Rome for it. The most generally conceded opinion is that St. Ninian, of Scotland, a disciple of St. Martin, was his tutor.

By whomsoever trained for the priesthood, and by whomsoever consecrated to the Bishopric, the undisputed fact is that St. Patrick became a missionary, and a Bishop to the people of ancient Ireland, and, for at least the third of a century, so identified himself with their interests, of every sort, and so labored among them, with unexampled zeal, fidelity, and success, that there is little wonder that he should be thought of as an Irishman, or that he should be chosen the patron saint of the Irish people.

Whatever St. Patrick owed to Scotland, educationally, or in the way of theological training, he fully paid the debt, by giving back to her, from his own Irish priests, a service of missionary ardor which reminds us of apostolic times. And all this was over, and above what he did for Ireland; a work the result of which was to bring that land into the column of Christian nations. What was it Jesus said? "Give and it shall be given unto you, good measure, shaken together, running over, shall they give into your bosom; for with what measure ye meet, it shall be measured to you, again."

One of the outstanding lessons in the life of St. Patrick is that of the interplay of influences at work in, and among, men and nations. None of us liveth unto himself. He who so attempts is of all men most miserable, for, as Seneca says: No man can live happily who regards himself alone, who would turn everything to his own advantage. To live for others, is the truest, and noblest way of living for one's self. That is what St. Patrick did. He lived for others, for the very best and highest in others, and the result was,—the cultivation of the best and highest in himself. Every window in his soul had a Godward outlook, and as the soul's attitude toward God determines its attitude towards mankind, he had one aim and passion in life—the moral and spiritual betterment of his fellows.

The good, as well as the evil, that men do lives after them. We live, in influence, for weal or woe, after we are dead and gone. It is more than a millennium of years since St. Patrick died, but there is influence in the very thought of him to-day. To every succeeding generation, he communicates something of the spirit of his great, good name. The story of his Christian faith, and trust, his great courage, his benevolence and generosity, his patient persistence in well doing in face of all discouragements, adds to the sum total of things which make for the world's uplifting. Well has it been said: "It is not to our contemporaries alone to whom we may be a blessing or a curse; to the men and women, and children, of oncoming generations."

Hawaiian Dressings So Good They Are Hurried Abroad

(The following from the Advertiser, of Honolulu, is published by request of the Maui Red Cross.)

Special arrangements are being made in New York by the distribution heads to rush through the cases of Hawaiian supplies for the Red Cross, as they are so satisfactory that they are to be hurried to France for the use of the hospitals there. This news comes to Honolulu in a letter from Miss Sara Nieman, director of women's work of the fourteenth division, at the Red Cross headquarters in Washington, to Miss Beatrice Castle, who is the supervisor of women's work for the Territory.

Red Cross work is being speeded up all over the country in readiness for whatever turns the fighting may take this spring. It is thought that it will soon become heavier and there will be a huge demand for dressings and garments, which cannot be filled unless there is a large reserve stock on hand and a great amount of work constantly coming in.

Gertrude Austin, chief of the surgical dressings service for the American Red Cross at 25 Rue Pierre Chanon, Paris, has also written to Miss Castle acknowledging the receipt of a case of Hawaiian dressings.

"A case of your dressings has just been opened in our packing rooms, which are now growing most alarmingly empty. A few weeks ago thousands of cases all packed were piled nearly to the ceiling waiting to be sent to our hospitals. How many of these cases have gone out and the orders still come larger than ever. We count on you to enable us to keep pace with the needs of our men. "Thank you for your help."