



WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE MARSHALL ISLANDS.

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ENAN IN WEEK OTEMJEJ NON RO DRI AILIN IN MARSHALL.

Published weekly for the people of the Marshall Islands. Prepared and distributed by Civil Administration Unit and Marshallese personnel on Kwajalein. This paper receives JCC, Ship' Editorial Association and Camp Newspaper Service Material. Items listed may be printed if proper credit is given. Printed in accordance with SecNav letter. EXOS (PUB) WEN dated 25 May 1948.

Walok ilo week otemjej non ro dri ailin in Marshall. Civil Administration Unit eo kab dri Marshall-ese ro ilo office eo an ion Kwajalein in rej komon im kejerer JCC, Ship' Editorial Association kab news ko jen iloon Camp. Maron in bok nan jen paper ko jet ne naj kalikare paper eo jar bok jen. e. Printed einwot ilo ekkar ko ilo letter eo an SecNav (EXOS (pub) WEN 25, 1948.

S-T-A-F-F

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CEYLON EJ JINO 2 - WEEK
KEMEM IN ANEMKWOJ

Colombo, Ceylon Feb. 4. Honolulu Advertiser. -- Elkin 300 yio in ber iomin peir jet ailin, Ceylon rānin erōlakim anerkwoj-- ej moke lale e moke kio, crown colony eo maktata an Britain im ej jino tobar men in.

Bell ko ilo Temple ko rar kakolleik i jino in ran eo, ran in anerkwoj eo ilo lukwon bonin eo. Tokelik bakke ko, kabukbuk ko im sairin rebaj e lur eo an bonir eo ke dri ailin eo rej jino monono eo enaj aitokon 2 week.

Rujloken eo ej ranin kamolol, kin jar im kabun ilo Buddhist temple ko kajitok jeramon non Lanka - etan ailin eo ilo bwebwenato in eto ko.

Flag in laion eo in ear rorok ke dri British rar jino lale ailin eo, kio ebar ejobelbel ion Imwen Kien ko i Kandy, capital eo kio an Ceylon. Ilo kar ien hata eo Kandy ekar jikin eo eutiey an southeastern Asia command.

Monwa in Britain ko iar ilo haba eo rej salut i dominion in ekal ilo komant ilo ien an governor general eo ekal Sir Henry Moore bok kalimur ilo Queens house eo.

"Pajnin enaj bev ilo bwebwenato ko" Moore ej kwalok e "Ceylon ej colonial territory eo maktata ejino kelok im bok jikin kin aolepen maron ko an juon Nation (Juon lol) iben Beitish commonwealth, ijoke ear tobar men job in kin ektar ko re jajit, constitutional methods.

President Truman ej jilikin i lok nan kein: Ij lewoj non kom ilo etan armij ro ilo United States ilo mol aolep konan eo i buruem bwe kom eo dri Ceylon konin jeramon. Kim ij liki bwe kom naj koba iben democratic nation ko jet ilo air kate ir kolaplok i mejal ko an kajojo armij in anerkwoj eo ilo aolepen lol in. Joij im bok nan in liki in jen na ke Ceylon kio ke ej joblak ilo juon ial ekal yokwe eo in buruen dri America rej iben.

Ene in Ceylon aitokon 267 mail im 137 mail drelpen ej ber i jobar in India.

DANCING AGAIN IN CAMP

Ilo bonin Saturday eo Feb. 14 ran kin joij an Comdr. Malcolm ilo an ketobrak e juon record player ekal kin bar jino monono ko an, elon ro rar itok ilo ien dance eo im elap an aolep im monono im itok limo-
iir. Kio ke eor kejanjan emon jej lemmok bwe naj ilo aolep bon in Saturday kan enaj or dance lok non lukon bon.

HONORARY MEMBERS

Captain J.P.W. Vest, U.S. Navy, Governor of the Marshall Islands.
Commander E.F. Ferguson, U.S. Navy, Civil Administrator, Kwajalein.
Lieutenant Clarence B. Watson, Executive Officer.

CEYLON BEGINS 2- WEEK

FREEDOM CELEBRATION

Colombo, Ceylon, Feb. 4. Honolulu Advertiser.-- After 300 years of foreign domination, Ceylon today became free-- the first British crown colony to attain full self-government.

Temple bells heralded the advent of independence at midnight. Later salvos of guns, bursting firecrackers and the shriek of sirens shattered the silence of the night as the people of the island began celebrations that will last two weeks.

The Day Was observed as a day of thanksgiving, with religious ceremonies in Buddhist temples invoking blessings on Lanka--the name by which the island was known to the old Hindu poets, and still is to some.

The flag of the lion, which was hauled down when the British took over power, again fluttered over government buildings in Kandy, the new capital of Ceylon. During the war Kandy was headquarters of the south-eastern Asia command.

British Warships in the harbor here saluted the newborn dominion with ceremonial salvos as the new governor-general, Sir Henry Moore, was sworn in at Queens house.

"Today made history," Moore said, "Not only is Ceylon the first colonial territory taking a place in the full nationhood among the British commonwealth, but she has attained it by constitutional methods."

President Truman sent the following message: "I extend on behalf of the people of the United States sincere best wishes to the people of Ceylon. We are confident they will join other democratic nations in the high endeavor of increasing individual freedom and liberty throughout the world. Please accept my assurance that Ceylon embarks on a new course with the friendship and good will of the United States of America".

The Island, 267 miles long and 137 miles wide, lies off the coast of India.

DANCING AGAIN IN CAMP

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Saturday night, Feb. 14th. Through the kindness of Comdr. Malcolm securing us a new record player we started our dances again, the dance was well attended and every one had a good time. Now that we have lots of music and we hope to have a dance every Saturday night untill midnight.

MARSHALL EJ LOE BWE JIBON EUROPE EJ
KEJATRIKRI EO AR ELAP IN

(Jen Honolulu Advertiser)

DES MOINES, Ia, Feb. 13-- Secretary of State George C. Marshall boninin ear nebar burukuk eo an Europe turilik bwe ej "Kejatrikri eo ar elap" im kakil bwe ial eo dre in juon Marshall plan wot emaron in kabwe ketobrak im kakon Europe ej kejatrikrik eo an lol in eliktata in, im bobrae an Communist ro naj bek lol in.

Marshall ear konono ilo radio non National Farm Institute eo ijin. Ear lemmok bwe enaj kar kwelok ibeär ak kin an nana lon eo ilo Knoxville, Tenn. ear ber wot ijo bonin eo.

Konono eo an non farm institute eo ej juon moton in katak ko woj an bwe en emon im kon ekkar ilo ailin eo bwe en maron in tebrak ekkar ko an kajutake bar Europe.

Ear kwalok jet awa mwij in an imon bebe eo kowappen e juon an bebe kajitok kin \$ 5,300,000,000 an naj alin ko 12 mokta, kar ekkar an Administration eo \$ 6,800,000,000 an 15 alin. Rej lemmok bwe enaj bo buruen Marshall kio ke senate eo ear ketobrak i men kein.

Ilo nan ko an ej ba kin British Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin kin bebe eo an bwe Britian, France im ailin ko jet ren kajutak juon "Union in ailin jab kein turilik" ilo Europe.

Mwij in nebar ailin kein 16 kin bebe in burukuk eo air in ketobrak Marshall plan eo, secretary eo ej ba bwe ailin jab kein kio, ke re burukuk retobrak re le jen nita, matan wot bwe ren kajutak e juon Union in Europe turilik.

Ekkar jab in kar kejatrikrik eo ar im elap in.

E alikar an kanuij in lap an Marshall lemmok kake jibon Europe eo. Ej ba bwe "komakit eo elaptata in" ej jelmae America kio; men eo enaj konon e kio e naj komakit i aolepen lol in. Ne enaj tobrak im enin, ej ba enaj juon ian men ko me relaptata non kowonmanlok maran eo ilo lol in im ear tobrak. En jab bwir ami lemmok kake men in, ej ba emakit ko re naj walok ilo an naj tobrak ak jab tobrak men in, men ko renaj bek ii. kalek e jukjuk im ber an lol in kein ilo ran kane rej itok, juon lol eo me democracy, an-emkoj an kajojo armij, ainemon im mour eo ekon im jejit eber ie.

"Eban in bar or juon ien einwot in ien in eban in bar rol".

KALWIN I GANDHI

Allahabad, Feb. 12-- (Hour Class) Melle im drin kab kibwen ubaj in enbwinin Mohandas K. Gandhi rar jeor i ion river eo ekwojarjar Ganges ijo irro Jumna ej iyon dren ie rainin im ilo tomak eo an dri Hindu ro, Dri kaki in komon ainemon in an India emotlok ilo river eo lok im koba iben ro rej mour in dreo i lon.

Devades kab Ramdas Gandhi, nejin lein emij, irro ro rar lutok e bato copper eo melkwarar ko rej ber ie ilo dren eo ekwojarjar, rej ber ion juon kar wan torinae ko emwij uno mouj i juon "duck".

Juon jar in armij 2 im 3 million rej lajrok lok itoreren river eo lok in kautiej e Gandhi dri tel in an India.

MARSHALL SEES EUROPE AID AS
OUR GREAT HOPE

(Honolulu Advertiser)

DES MOINES, Ia, Feb. 13--Secretary of State George C. Marshall tonight hailed proposals for a western European political union as "our gseat hope" and warned that an adequate and successful Marshall plan of Europe is the world's last chance to avoid Communist domination.

Marshall delivered the address by radio to the National Farm Institute here. He had planned to speak in person but his plane was grounded by bad weather at Knoxville, Tenn., where he had to spend the night.

The Address to the farm institute was another of his serise appealing for sound legislation to carry out his European recovery program.

It was made a few hours after the senate foreign relations committee inanimously approved a Marshall plane bill calling for \$5,300,000,000 for the first 12 months compared with \$6,800,000,000 for the first 15 months requested by the administration. Marshall was expected to be pleased by the senate committee action.

He made his first direct contact on criticism Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin's recent proposal for a "western union" of Britain, France and the low countries.

After praising efforts of the 16 Marshall plan European countries in agreeing on economic cooperation, the secretary said those nations now have passed beyon economic coordination to the consideration of a western European union.

"This development has been our great hope" he said.

Marshall left no doubt of the importance he attaches to the recovery plan. He said the United States faces "the greatest decision" in its history; that it would have "a profound far-reaching effect" on the whole world. If adopted, he added, it will rank as "one of the great historic undertakings in the annals of world civilization". "Make no mistake", he continued, "the consequences of its success or failure will determine the survival of the kind of world in which democracy, individual liberty, economic stability and peace can be maintained.

"there will be no opportunity for a second guess".

GANDHI'S REMAINS SCATTERED

(Hour Class)

Allahabad, Feb. 12---The ashes and charred bones of Mohandas K. Gandhi were scattered from a brass urn into the holy Ganges River at its confluence with the Jumna today and, in the belief of Hindus, India's assassinated "apostle of peace" thus joined the immorals in heaven.

Devadas and Ramdas Gandhi, the martyred leader's sons, titled the urn and spilled the cermated remains into the muddy green holy water from a white-painted war-time "duck".

A crowd estimated at between 2 and 3 million lined the banks--untouchables, Cabinet members and potentaties came to pay respect to Gandhi, India's leader.
