

A LOOK AT DIACHRONIC PHONOLOGICAL PROCESSES IN INTHII OY

Jennifer L. Daniell
Payap University
jenniferlouisedaniell@gmail.com

Abstract

This study examines phonological processes from a diachronic view in the understudied West Bahnaric language Oy, Inthii village variety, Attapeu Province, Lao PDR. The paper, based on 1800 lexical entries collected from two speakers, provides an expansion of Sidwell & Jacq's (2003) phonological sketch of Oy and their observations on its historical development. This study covers lenition of main syllable onsets, diphthongization processes, *r/l* contrast, development of velar clusters, and nasal minor syllables. The appendix provides phonetic and phonological transcriptions of all entries with English and Lao glosses and links to the recordings.

Keywords: Austroasiatic, West Bahnaric, Oy, Oi, phonology
ISO 639-3 codes: oyb

1 Introduction

West-Bahnaric Oy or Oi is an unwritten, understudied Austroasiatic language spoken in Lao PDR, Attapeu Province (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:26) by approximately 23,500 speakers (Ministry of Planning and Investment, Lao Statistics Bureau 2015). Although nearly all speakers are fluent in the national language Lao, Oy is in vigorous oral use (Eberhard, Simons, & Fennig 2019). Linguistic descriptions are limited to two wordlists (Prachakij-karacak 1919; Thomas 1978), a preliminary grammatical questionnaire (Kommala 1978), a brief phonological account provided by Sidwell & Jacq (2003), who note that many distinctive phonological features are not found uniformly among the community's speakers, and a full synchronic phonological account of the Oy variety spoken in Inthii village, along with a comparison to three other Oy varieties (Daniell 2019).

The present study¹ provides an expansion of Daniell's (2019) findings from a diachronic perspective, such as diphthongization of Proto-West Bahnaric (PWB) *o to [au~əu] before glottal codas identified by Sidwell and Jacq (2003). The larger corpus also allows expansion on Sidwell & Jacq's (2003:27f) previous observations regarding the development of PWB modal voiced and glottalized stops, lenition of main syllable onsets in sesquisyllables, context-independent variation of the liquids *r* and *l*, a weak tendency for the high PWB vowels *ii and *uu to diphthongize and thus merge with the historical diphthongs, and the splitting of *kl onsets realized as *kl*, *tl*, *gl*, *d*, *b*, *mb* across the area.

Data are drawn from audio recordings of 1800 items collected in 2018 in Attapeu Town from two native speakers of Inthii village (Lao name ຫີນທິ, coordinates 14°44'32.9"N 106°40'15.1"E) in Sanamxay District, Attapeu Province. The full word list was recorded from a twenty-one-year old bilingual Oy-Lao female who has some knowledge of French and Vietnamese. A thirty-one-year old male who speaks Lao fairly well and claims to also understand the West Bahnaric languages Cheng and Laveh/Brao was available for only the first 500 words and for selected words from the rest of the list. All recordings are made available via Zenodo (DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.3272766). Phonetic and phonological transcriptions of all entries are presented in the appendix with English and Lao glosses.

¹ I would like to thank the two anonymous reviewers and Paul Sidwell for their invaluable feedback.

2 Previous research

The internal classification of West, Central, North and East Bahnaric (Sidwell & Jenny 2015) is defined by different sound changes within Proto-Bahnaric; the West Bahnaric branch, comprising Oy, Jru' (Laven), Juk, Su', Nyaheun, The, Sok, Sapuan, Cheng, Brao, Laveh, Krung, and Kravet (Sidwell 2009) underwent a *s? > t change (Sidwell 2002:21). Bahnaric languages in general are conservative in their word structure, mostly following the proto-Austroasiatic pattern of robust sesquisyllabicity (Sidwell and Jacq 2003:33); West Bahnaric Nyaheun is a notable exception, having undergone extensive monosyllabification (Davis 1970; Sidwell 2014b:679).

Proto-West Bahnaric is reconstructed as having voiced and voiceless oral stops, modal and glottalized sonorants, and fricatives *s and *h, with some evidence for PWB glottalized voiced stops (Sidwell and Jacq 2003). Some West Bahnaric languages, including Oy, retain optional minor syllable rhotic or nasal codas (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:33).

Sidwell & Jacq's (2003) presentation of Oy main syllable onsets, purposefully broad to encompass the encountered variation, comprises thirty-one contrastive consonants, including voiceless and (sometimes weakly prenasalized) voiced oral stops, strongly prenasalized voiced oral stops that alternate with preglottalized stops, modal nasals, preglottalized nasals that alternate with preglottalized voiced stops, and liquids, glides and fricatives, as seen in Table 1. The main syllable coda inventory is limited to voiceless oral stops, plain nasals, liquids, glides, and fricatives. Vowels as seen in Table 2 include monophthongs distinguished by length and a three-way contrast regarding height and backness, and the three diphthongs *ia*, *ia* and *ua*.

Table 1: *Main syllable onsets and codas (from Sidwell & Jacq 2003:27)*

Onsets:				
p	t	c	k	ʔ
b ~ ^m b	d ~ ⁿ d	ɟ ~ ^ɲ ɟ	g ~ ^ŋ g	
mb ~ ʔb	nd ~ ʔd	ɲɟ ~ ʔɟ	ŋg ~ ʔg	
m	n	ɲ	ŋ	
ʔm ~ ʔb	ʔn ~ ʔd	ʔɟ ~ ʔɟ	ʔŋ ~ ʔg	
w [v]	l	r	j	
ʔw [ʔv]	ʔl	ʔr	ʔj	
	s			h

Codas:				
p	t	c	k	ʔ
m	n	ɲ	ŋ	
w	r [r ~ r̥]	j	l [ɭ ~ wɭ ~ i ~ ə]	
		ç	h	

Table 2: *Oy main syllable vowel inventory (from Sidwell & Jacq 2003:27)*

ii	iĩ	uu	i	ĩ	u	iə	iə̃	uə
ee	əə	oo	e	ə	o ~ au			
εε	aa	ɔɔ	ε	a	ɔ			

Sidwell & Jacq's (2003) account of phonological variation and overlap between prenasalized stops and preglottalized nasals, which both vary with preglottalized voiced stops (2003:27) prompts more investigation by Daniell (2019), who identifies additional aspirated plosives, voiceless nasals and voiceless approximants. While these segments are reconstructed as clusters with *h* (Sidwell & Jacq 2003), they are interpreted as modified single phonemes by Daniell (2019) as seen in Table 3, analogous to the voiced/voiceless contrast of the stop system. Minimal and near-minimal sets of initial consonants (marked in bold letters) are shown in Table 4.

Table 3: Main syllable onsets (from Daniell 2019)

	bilabial		alveolar		palatal	velar		glottal
plosive	p	p ^h b	t	t ^h d	c ɟ	k	k ^h g	ʔ
nasal	ʔm	m̩ m	ʔn	n̩ n	ʔɲ	ɲ	ɲ̩ ɲ	
fricative				s				h
approximant	ʔw	w	ʔl	l̩ l	ʔj	j		
			ʔr	r̩ r				

Table 4: Near-minimal sets for Oy initial consonants

<i>paŋ</i> ‘to close the door’	<i>taŋ</i> ‘joint’	<i>cam</i> ‘to wait’	<i>kin</i> ‘to think’	<i>ʔam</i> ‘to give’
<i>p^huŋ</i> ‘murky’	<i>t^haj</i> ‘manioc, cassava, tapioca’		<i>k^hum</i> ‘to urge’	<i>ham</i> ‘salty’
<i>buŋ</i> ‘pimple on body’	<i>daŋ</i> ‘to look for’	<i>jaŋ</i> ‘to aim’	<i>gəm</i> ‘entrap between legs’	
<i>ʔmaŋ</i> ‘block, cover’ ²	<i>ʔnaw</i> ‘half a unit’	<i>ʔna:n</i> ‘reach out’	<i>ʔɲa:m</i> ‘be sweet’	
<i>ɲun</i> ‘annoyed, rude’	<i>ɲaw</i> ‘when’		<i>ɲan</i> ‘to sleep’	
<i>maŋ</i> ‘night’	<i>niŋ</i> ‘northward’	<i>ja:ŋ</i> ‘cicada’	<i>ɲaw</i> ‘often’	<i>sam</i> ‘to rest’
<i>ʔraj</i> ‘a red fruit’	<i>ʔlɔ:ŋ</i> ‘petiole, stalk of leaf’	<i>ʔjɔŋ ʔjɛc</i> ‘swing’	<i>ʔwe:</i> ‘toward north/south’	
<i>ɟɔŋ</i> ‘neck’	<i>ʔan</i> ‘stuck (in throat)’			
<i>ram</i> ‘to shiver’	<i>laŋ</i> ‘be hard’	<i>ju:ŋ</i> ‘tie bell around cattle neck’	<i>wan</i> ‘jungle plant’	

Glottalized articulations range from full glottal closure and release to creakiness affecting at least part of an adjacent segment. For a fuller discussion with examples, see Daniell (2019). Rhotics are realized as flaps or trills in all positions in the word, with extensive inter- and intra-speaker variation. Daniell’s (2019) analysis of Oy’s coda inventory does not differ from Sidwell & Jacq’s (2003), except in that the final palatal fricative *ç* is interpreted as a voiceless palatal approximant *j̥* due to its lack of stridency (see also section 3.5). This segment developed from final *s in PWB (e.g., *tuus > tu:j̥ ‘head’), resulting in complementary distribution of initial *s* and final *j̥* in modern Oy.

Oy main syllable onsets include consonant clusters of a restricted set of obstruents followed by *r* or *l*, as exemplified in Table 5.

Table 5: Consonant cluster examples (C1 in top row; C2 in leftmost column)

	<i>p</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>ɟ</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>g</i>
<i>r</i>	<i>pra:ŋ</i> ‘crossbeam’	<i>breŋ</i> ‘strong’	<i>trɔ:ŋ</i> ‘iguana’	<i>drɔ:m</i> ‘wallow’	<i>sra:p</i> ‘fish scale’	<i>craŋ</i> ‘remember’	<i>ɟru:ŋ</i> ‘be tall’	<i>kraʔ</i> ‘old’	<i>gra:t</i> ‘rust’
<i>l</i>	<i>plɔ:k</i> ‘clay’	<i>bliw</i> ‘gecko’	<i>tliɑ</i> ‘caterpillar’	<i>dli:ŋ</i> ‘latch’					

Sidwell & Jacq’s minor syllable onsets are limited to oral stops which lack voicing contrast, modal nasals *m* and *n*, the rhotic, and fricatives *s* and *h* (2003:27). Daniell’s (2019) analysis of minor syllable onsets includes

² From the Lao Ǔŋ *baŋ*.

voiceless oral stops with predictable voicing before homorganic voiced stop main syllable onsets, alveolar and velar voiceless plosives in common Lao loans, palatal and velar nasals as in *ɲ^anim* ‘whetstone, grindstone’ and *ŋkap* ‘somewhat’, and the liquid *l* as found in *l^aŋok* ‘kind of mushroom’. Oy minor syllables may have a final rhotic or nasal (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:28). The latter is homorganic with the initial consonant of the following main syllable, with velar nasals preceding both velar and glottal main syllable onsets (Daniell 2019).

3 Phonological processes in Inthii Oy

Oy phonological processes illuminated by diachronic analysis are patterns of nasal minor syllables, variation of *r* and *l*, onset stop lenition, the realization of velar onset clusters, and patterns relating to diphthongs and monophthongs.

3.1 Nasal minor syllables

In modern Inthii Oy, minor syllables with nasal onsets and epenthetic vowels [N_a] and optionally preglottalized syllabic nasals [^(ʔ)N̩] are in complementary distribution. The occurrence of syllabic nasals is limited to following homorganic main syllable obstruent onsets, while a nasal followed by an epenthetic vowel precedes main syllable sonorant onsets. The data provide one instance of inter-speaker variation in which both forms are valid: Speaker 1 realizes *m^ali* ‘jackfruit’ as [m̩li:], for Speaker 2 it is [mli:]. An exception in which an epenthetic vowel precedes a stop is *m^aʔiʔ* [m̩ʔiʔ] ‘squash, pumpkin’ for Lao *makʔiʔ* ‘pumpkin’. The overall pattern renders forms like the following:

Syllabic nasal before stops and fricatives:

- [m̩bɔ:k] ‘tree bark’
- [ŋ̩tiaŋ] ‘catfish’
- [ŋ̩sa:j] ‘fishing rod’

Nasal + epenthetic vowel elsewhere:

- [m̩ənim:] ‘mountain’
- [ŋ̩əna:] ‘herd’
- [m̩əmeɕ] ‘none at all’
- [m̩əriaʔ] ‘same, likewise’

Syllabic nasals are considered minor syllables because they resemble other minor syllables in duration and intonatory patterns, i.e. the main syllable being of a relatively higher pitch than the minor syllable. This is illustrated by the pair [m̩pa:ŋ] ‘bitter green gourd’ and [s̩pa:ŋ] ‘hut’; their spectrograms, with pitch in blue and the minor syllables outlined by red cursors, are shown in Figures 1 and 2. In [m̩pa:ŋ] (Figure 1), the syllabic nasal has a duration of 182 ms, which is even longer than the [s̩] of [s̩pa:ŋ] (Figure 2) at 155 ms. Both tokens show similar pitch patterns: the syllabic nasal has relatively low pitch at 209 Hz compared to the 235 Hz pitch of the mainsyllable [a:], and the minor syllable [s̩] of has a lower pitch of 210 Hz compared to 229 Hz in the main syllable.

Figure 1 Spectrogram of [m̩pa:ŋ] ‘bitter green gourd’

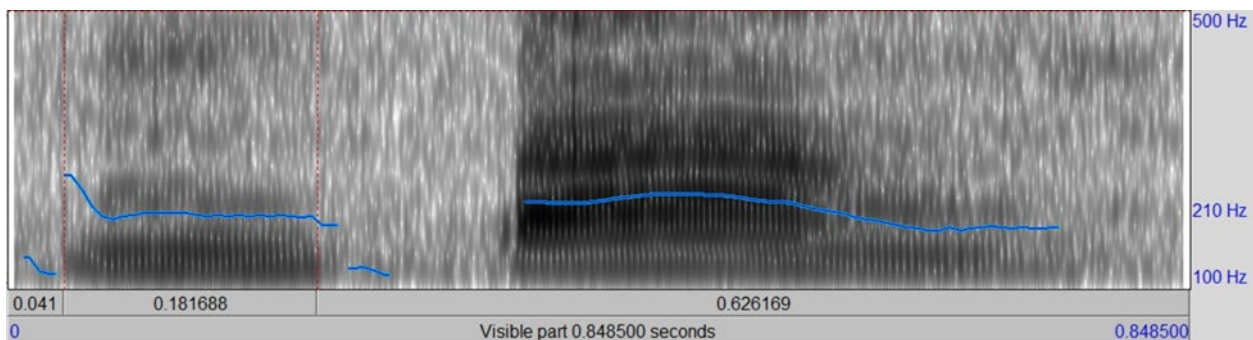
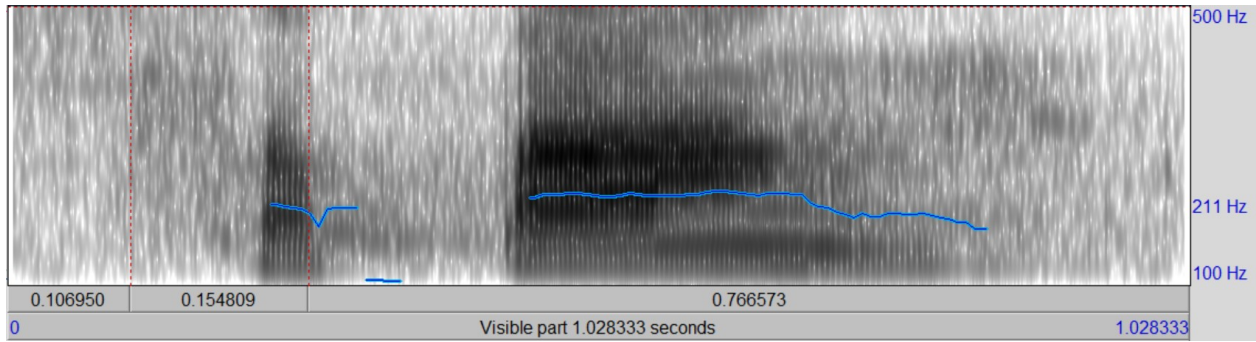


Figure 2 Spectrogram of [sapa:ŋ] ‘hut’

There are two possible analyses, both with merit, for the patterning of minor syllables with syllabic nasals and nasals with epenthetic vowels. One is to only interpret nasals followed by an epenthetic vowel as nasal minor syllable onsets. For the syllabic nasals with optional preglottalization, this analysis would posit an underlying glottal stop onset and a nasal coda, $\text{ʔ}N$. Thus they follow the pattern of other nasal-final minor syllables where the final nasal is the syllabic element of the minor syllable, as in *smba:n* [sɱba:n] ‘cloth’ and *endəŋ* [cɱdəŋ:] ‘to run’. In this context it should be noted that the data corpus available for this study does not account for contrast between preglottalized vs. smooth syllabic nasal presyllables; they are in free variation; see Speaker 1 [ʔɱpiəh] and Speaker 2 [ɱpiəh] ‘side, half’. The other possible analysis is to consider [N̩] and [ʔN̩] as context-dependent forms of the same underlying construction, a nasal minor syllable, realized as a syllabic nasal or with an epenthetic vowel depending on the main syllable onset. The differing acceptable forms of [m̩li:] and [ɱli] ‘jackfruit’ may signal that for modern Oy, the two nasal minor syllable forms are underlyingly the same.

These minor syllables originate from complex PWB obstruent onsets $\text{ʔ}N$, such as $\text{*ʔmbil} > [\text{ʔ}ɱbɪw:]$ ‘tamarind’, $\text{*ʔntək} > [\text{ʔ}ɱti:k]$ ‘turtle’ and $\text{*ʔnsii} > [\text{ɱsi:}]$ ‘big bamboo’. Some [N̩] forms are the result of a PWB voiced stop assimilating to a following nasal and gaining an epenthetic vowel: $\text{*bnim} > [\text{m̩}ɱɪm:]$ ‘mountain’, $\text{*bnus} > [\text{m̩}ɱnu:]$ ‘person’, and $\text{*bnu:n} > [\text{m̩}ɱnu:ŋ]$ ‘beak’. The same process of stop-to-nasal assimilation is seen synchronically in pairs with the nominalizing {-n-} infix; for example, [ɱim:] ‘sharpen’ and [ɱɱɪm:] ‘whetstone’. So while it can be seen that the forms have differing historical origins, their development has resulted in complementary distribution in the modern language.

3.2 Variation of *r* and *l*

The previously-described context-independent variation of [r] and [l] in some Oy areas (Sidwell & Jacq 2003) is limited to minor syllables in Inthii Oy. Liquids are fully contrastive as main syllable onsets, as seen in the following minimal and near-minimal pairs:

<i>rah</i> [rah] ‘unroll’	<i>lah</i> [lah] ‘slice open’
<i>ra:</i> [ra:] ‘classifier (people)’	<i>la:</i> [la:] ‘request’
<i>tram</i> [tram:] ‘to soak’	<i>tlam</i> [tlam:] ‘hundred’
<i>kur</i> [kʊr] ‘dove’	<i>ʔul</i> [ʔʊl:] ‘slimy toad’

In minor syllables, the rhotic is restricted to *r* main syllable onsets, while *l* occurs elsewhere:

r^a <i>ra:w</i> ‘wash dishes’
r^a <i>roh</i> ‘do laundry’
l^a <i>ŋo:k</i> ‘kind of mushroom’
l^a <i>we:ŋ</i> l^a <i>wa:ŋ</i> ‘windy’
l^a <i>lo:ŋ</i> ‘shin’

Interchangeability between *r* and *l* is found only in the PWB cluster onset *s(r)l which appears to have changed to both *l* and *r* in modern Oy. The available examples are as follows:

*sleew >	ʃe:w ‘flow, float’
*s(r)laap >	ʃa:p ‘feather’
*slianj >	ʃiaŋ ‘slippery’
*srleenj >	ʃe:ŋ ‘straw’

The following vowel is not the determining factor, as seen in see ʃe:w ‘float’ and ʃe:ŋ ‘straw’. The word class is not either, since ʃa:p ‘feather’ and ʃe:ŋ ‘straw’ are both nouns but undergo different processes. Both of the words whose onsets become rhotic have final velar nasals; this phenomenon may be related to the bunching of the dorsum that has been observed in molar or bunched rhotics (Catford 2001) in environments with a velar fricative. More data and research are needed.

One additional instance of interaction between *r* and *l* is the development of *brɪ̃ ‘chew’, which Speaker 1 produces as [ʔlia] and Speaker 2 as [brɪ̃]. PWB *b appears to have been reduced to glottal closure, while the liquid [l] is likely to be a reflex of PWB *r. However, this particular realization of *br by Speaker 1 is atypical, as she usually realizes *br as [br/br] in all other occurrences, as seen in the realization of PWB *brah as [brah] ‘spirit’.

3.3 Onset weakening

Sidwell & Jacq’s “lenition (mostly limited to voicing of voiceless stops) of main syllable initial stops in sesquisyllabic words” (2003:27) in Inthii Oy can be viewed from both diachronic and synchronic perspectives. Historically, there are examples of voicing as follows (all reconstructed forms are from the Proto-West Bahnaric dictionary in Sidwell & Jacq 2003):

*tkɔɔj >	t ^a guaj ‘horn’
*pcuar >	p ^a juar ‘to plow’
*ckaw >	c ^a gaw ‘bear’

Modern Inthii Oy main syllable-initial voiceless stops generally do not lenite in prefixed forms any longer, as seen in *ku:m* [ku:m] ‘to sit’ vs. *p^aku:m* [paku:m] ‘to seat’ or *caʔ* [caʔ] ‘beautiful, handsome’ vs. *p^acaʔ* [paʔaʔ] ‘to beautify’. Only a few lenited forms with voiced onsets in prefixed forms exist, the first example of which also features spirantization:

<i>ke:t</i> [ke:t] ‘be dirty’	<i>p^age:t</i> [paʃe:t] ‘make dirty’
<i>kuj</i> [kuj] ‘to sleep’	<i>p^aguj</i> [paŋguj:] ‘cause to sleep’
<i>ce:n</i> [ce:n] ‘cooked’	<i>p^aje:n</i> [paŋje:n] ‘make cooked’

PWB glottalized stops lose their glottal element and are weakened in several ways in modern Oy. This occurs not only in main syllable onsets following a minor syllable but also in compounds. In the Inthii data, *ʔp and *ʔc are found only as main syllable onsets following a minor syllable, where they weaken to homorganic approximants *w* and *j*, as in *tʔpeh > t^awɛh ‘to pound rice’ and *kʔcah > k^ajah ‘charcoal’. Similarly, *ʔb changes to modal *b* word-initially, with further lenization to *w* in medial position, surfacing as [w] or [v], e.g. *ʔbɔk > bɔ:k [bɔ:k] ‘white’; *kʔbuat > k^awuat [kawuat] ‘bamboo shoot’; *tʔbuan > t^awuan [tawuan] ‘to light fire’. PWB *ʔt and *ʔd do not lose their stop feature in any environment but weaken to a voiced oral stop, seen in examples like *ʔtaŋ > daŋ ‘bitter’; *ʔtiŋʔ > diaʔ ‘to vomit’; *sʔtiŋ > s^adi:ŋ ‘thin’; and *cʔdiŋ > c^adi:ŋ ‘rainbow’.

The data available for this study do not allow for establishing contrast of weak and strong prenasalization of oral stops corresponding respectively to PWB modal voiced and glottalized stops as observed by Sidwell & Jacq (2003:27). Firstly, the PWB bilabial and palatal glottalized oral stops are only observable word-medially where they are lenited to approximants, as previously mentioned. Secondly, PWB alveolar and velar glottalized stops *ʔt, *ʔd and *ʔg have retained their stop feature but have lost the glottal element, weakening to voiced stops in Inthii Oy. There is no perceptible difference between the modern reflexes of PWB glottalized stops and PWB modal voiced stops; modern Inthii Oy forms corresponding to PWB *ʔt, *ʔd and *d are all realized as voiced stop [d], and the one item available for PWB voiced glottalized velars, *ʔgoh, shows a voiced stop in [gauh] ‘long’. To illustrate the merger of *ʔt and *d to the voiced stop, images of the historical minimal set *ʔtaŋ ‘bitter’ and *daŋ ‘look for’ are given in Figures 3 and

4, both of which surface in modern Inthii Oy as *dan* [daŋ:]. Both stops are fully voiced but there is no nasal element in either token. The form for PWB *ʔt (Figure 3) has a slightly longer stop duration than the form for PWB *d (Figure 4), with 124 ms vs 91 ms. However, this is not found throughout the data. For example, the [d] closures in *ʔtəŋ [dəŋ:] ‘to hear’ and *den [dɛn:] ‘be soft’ are respectively 114 ms and 126 ms, with the *d onset being slightly longer than the *ʔt onset. Word-medial occurrences are similar in duration; for example, the [d] closures in *kʔtaam [kʔda:m] ‘crab’ and *kdaŋ [kda:ŋ] ‘skirt’ are 65 ms and 64 ms respectively.

Figure 3 *Waveform and spectrogram of daŋ (*ʔtaŋ) ‘be bitter’*

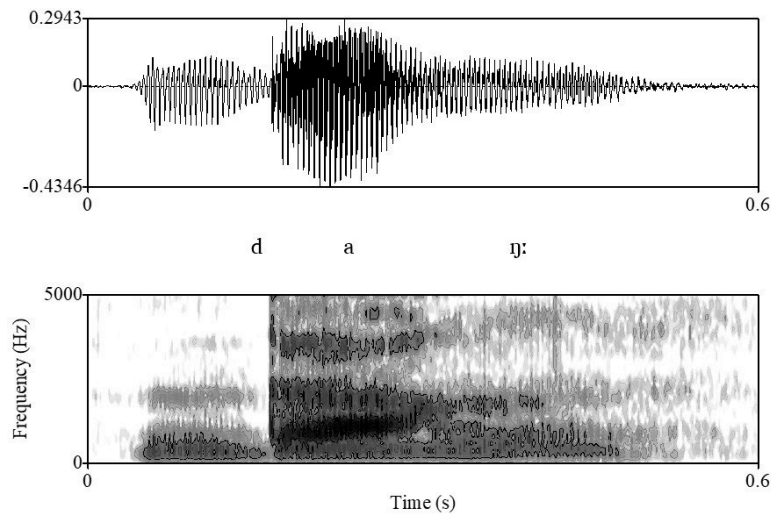
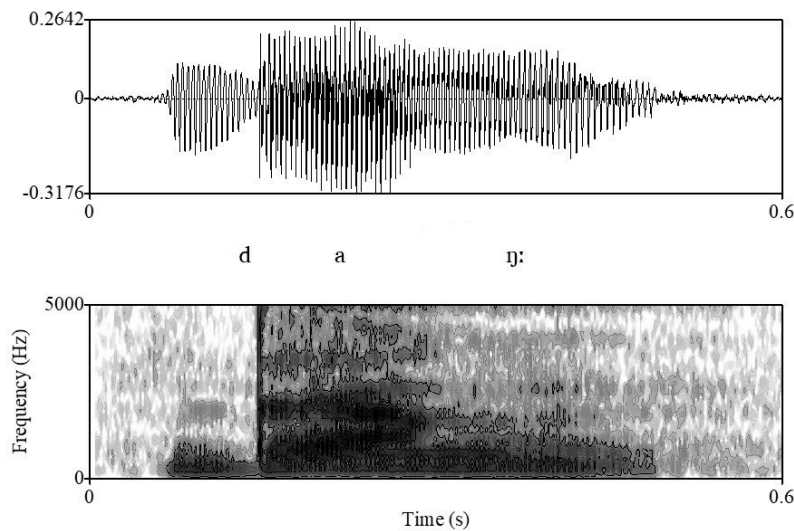


Figure 4 *Waveform and spectrogram of daŋ (*daŋ) ‘look for’*



3.4 PWB *kl, *khl, *gl

PWB velar onset clusters have a variety of realizations *kl*, *tl*, *gl*, *d*, *b*, *mb* throughout the Oy-speaking area (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:27). In modern Inthii Oy, no velar clusters of *kl*, *gl*, or *kʰl* exist; the first elements of PWB *kl, *gl and *khl assimilate to the place of the lateral, with aspiration contrast lost by merging to *tl* but voicing contrast retained in *dl*. Examples showing velar onsets in clusters being assimilated to the alveolar medial consonant are *klɛ > tɛ: ‘egg’; *khloom > tlo:m ‘to blow’; *gləŋ > dlə:ŋ ‘water leech’. There is one case in which the velar element is simply lost: *klaŋ > laŋ ‘be hard’.

As for other PWB clusters with velar first elements, PWB *kj onsets are realized with an epenthetic vowel in modern Oy, forming sesquisyllables as in *kjəŋ > kʰjə:ŋ ‘snail’. PWB *kr clusters are unchanged,

as in *krik > *krik* ‘chest’. In the one example available of a *gr cluster, Inthii Oy shows fronting of the velar to a bilabial: *graac > *bra:c* ‘to sow’.

3.5 Diphthongs and monophthongs

Diphthongization of PWB *o before glottals is a historical process for some Oy areas (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:27). This study finds that short front-mid vowel *e* undergoes the same process, diphthongizing to [ai] in the same environment. When the final consonant is *h*, the resulting sequence *eh* [aih] does not differ from *as *aj* [aj]. Several items that exemplify these rules follow:

<i>coh</i>	[cauh]	‘to burn (tr.)’
<i>k^a.joh</i>	[kajauh]	‘to spit’
<i>ho?</i>	[hau?]	‘also’
<i>so?</i>	[sau?]	‘be rotten’
<i>phe?</i>	[p ^h ai?]	‘be full, sated’
<i>m^a.ne?</i>	[ma ⁿ ai?]	‘to wink’
<i>ceh</i>	[caih]	‘to sneeze’ (*ceh)
<i>reh</i>	[raih]	‘to harrow’

The “weak tendency for *ii and *uu to diphthongize, merging with the etymological diphthongs” (Sidwell & Jacq 2003:27) is confirmed and clarified in this study. All three closed long monophthongs in modern Inthii Oy *i:*, *i:*, and *u:* pattern predictably with the respective diphthongs *ia*, *ia*, and *ua*. Some cases of both historical diphthongization and monophthongization are observable, such as *kuam > *ku:m* ‘to sit’ and *sii? > *sia?* ‘how many’. The patterns can be observed historically in the case of only *i:/ia* and *u:/ua* (since *ia* did not exist in PWB), and synchronically with all three pairs.

The phonemes *i:* and *ia* show contrast in all environments in modern Inthii Oy (sets 1-4, 6 in Table 6) except before glottal codas, where only *ia* is permitted. Set (5) in Table 6 shows the development of diphthongization in glottal-final syllables.

Table 6 Patterns of *i:*, *ia*

	Coda	Preservation of contrast vs. change	Examples	PWB
(1)	bilabial	Contrast	<i>dli:m</i> ‘cool’ <i>priam</i> ‘to repair’	*gliim *prniam
(2)	alveolar	Contrast	<i>pi:t</i> ‘knife’ <i>ciat</i> ‘cut’	*piit *ciat
(3)	palatal	Contrast	<i>ji:c ju:c</i> ‘scratch, massage’ <i>biac</i> ‘tiny pieces’	
(4)	velar	Contrast	<i>dli:ŋ</i> ‘hoe’ <i>dli:ŋ</i> ‘latch’	
(5)	glottal	Gliding to <i>ia</i>	<i>sia?</i> ‘how many’ <i>tliah</i> ‘to fall’	*sii? *kliih
(6)	∅	Contrast	<i>?ni:</i> ‘be good’ <i>?mia</i> ‘skin bump’	

Vowels *u:* and *ua* retain their historical contrast before alveolar and palatal finals, see sets 2 and 3 in Table 7. They also contrast in open position as seen in set (6). Set (1) shows that this contrast is neutralized preceding bilabial finals, like for PWB velar codas where only the monophthong *uu is reconstructed, see set (4). In the context of PWB glottal codas, PWB *uu diphthongizes in Inthii Oy, as seen in set (5), while *uu and *ua are merged to the monophthong before bilabials and velars (sets 1 and 4). With PWB velar codas, only *uu is found; no contrast of *u:* and *ua* preceding velar codas has been innovated in modern Inthii Oy.

Table 7 Patterns of *u:*, *ua*

	Coda	Preservation of contrast vs. change	Examples	PWB
(1)	bilabial	Merging to monophthong	<i>bu:m</i> ‘tuber’ <i>ku:m</i> ‘to sit (on seat)’	*buum *kuam
(2)	alveolar	Contrast	<i>ruat</i> ‘buy’ <i>ju:t</i> ‘to wipe’	*ruat *juut
(3)	palatal	Contrast	<i>ruaj</i> ‘elephant’ <i>tu:j</i> ‘head’	*ruas *tuus
(4)	velar	Monophthong only	<i>ju:k</i> ‘cloud’ <i>tu:ŋ</i> ‘lest’	*juuk *tuuŋ
(5)	glottal	Gliding to <i>ua</i>	<i>jua?</i> ‘be sour’ <i>luah</i> ‘to flow’	*juu? *luuh
(6)	Ø	Diphthongization, contrast	<i>su:</i> ‘leftover (food)’ <i>jua</i> ‘female’	*juu

The vowels *u:* and *ua* are contrastive in open syllables, such as in *su:* ‘leftover’ vs. *sua* ‘however’. Diphthongization is observed for all PWB *uu monophthongs in this environment, as seen in *juu > *jua* in set (6) in Table 7, and also in *kuu > *kua* ‘be at’ and *truu > *trua* ‘kapok’. Some instances of monophthong *u:* are a reflex of PWB *ə(l/w) in open syllables, observed in *kʔbəl > *k^awu:* ‘be thick’, *ʔŋəl > *ʔŋu:* ‘tree stump’, and *stəw > *s^adu:* ‘pus’. One case of PWB *iɪl > *u:* is seen in *kəjɪl > *k^aju:* ‘wind (n)’, but this process is irregular, as there is also *trɪɪl > *trɪi:w* ‘forehead’. Some other instances of open syllable *u:* may have been borrowed, such as *drdu:* ‘flee’, since *du: ‘flee, escape’ is reconstructed for Proto South Bahnaric (Sidwell 2000). As well, Oy *ʔmu:* ‘how much’ may be borrowed from Katuic Kriang *muu* ‘how much, how many’ (L.-Thongkum 2001).

The diphthong *ia* is a modern Oy innovation in the following environments: *iɪ is glided to *ia* before glottals (seen in set 5 in Table 8), and occasionally in open syllables (seen in set 6). Elsewhere, it remains a monophthong.

Table 8 Patterns of *i:*, *ia*

	Coda	Preservation vs. change	Examples	PWB
(1)	bilabial	Monophthong	<i>ti:p</i> ‘reach in’ <i>ji:m</i> ‘to weep’	*tiɪp *jiɪm
(2)	alveolar	Monophthong	<i>ki:t</i> ‘in the habit’ <i>ʔi:r</i> ‘reel in pain’	
(3)	palatal	Monophthong	<i>tli:j</i> ‘to overflow’ <i>wi:n</i> ‘forget’	*wiɪŋ
(4)	velar	Monophthong	<i>ni:k</i> ‘mermaid’ <i>k^adi:ŋ</i> ‘cross over, traverse’	
(5)	glottal	Glided to <i>ia</i>	<i>sia?</i> ‘covered in sticky film’ <i>piah</i> ‘to split’	*piɪh
(6)	Ø	Contrast	<i>li:</i> ‘make sound’ <i>jia</i> ‘we (1d exc.)’	*liɪ *jiɪ

The patterns governing the diphthongization of *iɪ in open syllables is unclear from the limited data. All available examples of open syllable *iɪ and their modern Oy reflexes for both Inthii speakers (given in phonetic transcriptions) are shown in Table 9. Five of the eight tokens available for *iɪ in open syllables show diphthongization to *ia*. PWB *triɪ with an initial *r* cluster shows inter-speaker variation, with [tri:] for Speaker 1 and [trəi] for Speaker 2. This may indicate a sound change still in progress. There is also inter-speaker variation in the realizations of *briɪ, [ʔlia] and [briə] respectively; however, Speaker 1’s realization is a break from the usual pattern which inherits PWB *br without change, as in *brah > *brah* ‘spirit’.

Table 9 Examples of PWB *ii open syllables

PWB	Speaker 1	Speaker 2	Gloss
*trii	tri:	trəi	‘fish’
*ʔnsii	ɲsi:	ɲsi:	‘big bamboo’
*lii	li:		‘make sound’
*klii	tliɑ	tliɛ	‘tiger’
*ʔmii	ʔmia	ʔmia	‘rain (n)’
*brii	ʔlia	brɪɛ	‘chew’
*[ʔ]jii	jia	jɪɛ	‘we (1d exc.)’
*blii	^m bliɑ		‘wash face’

A possible explanation is that main syllable complex onsets (clusters or modified segments) condition the diphthongization; four of the five examples of complex onsets show diphthongization (*trii > [tri:] being the exception). Of the simple main syllable onsets, both *lii* and *ɲ.sɪ:* retain the monophthong, though *jia* breaks this pattern. More data is needed to find a clear pattern.

Consistent diphthongization is also observable for PWB *ɔɔ changing to *ua* before final alveolars and *j. This process does not occur in open syllables and non-alveolar or *j finals, as seen in *sʔɔɔm > s^aʔɔ:m ‘fragrant’; *sʔbɔɔ > s^awɔ: ‘corn’; *ʔbɔɔk > bɔ:k ‘white’; *ʔɔɔp > ʔɔ:p ‘be narrow’. Examples of historical diphthongization are as follows:

*trkɔɔt >	<i>trkuat</i>	‘monitor lizard’
*mɔɔn >	<i>k^amuan</i>	‘child of older sibling’
*hɔɔn >	<i>huan</i>	‘to sprout’
*ptɔɔr >	<i>p^atuar</i>	‘star’
*tkɔɔj >	<i>t^aguaj</i>	‘horn’
*sɔɔj >	<i>suaj</i>	‘tail’

4 Summary and Conclusion

One of the main findings of this study is that the historical development of minor syllables with nasals has led to a modern state in which [N_a] (from PWB voiced stops before nasals) and [^ʔN] (from PWB *ʔN) are in complementary distribution, conditioned by the obstruent status of the main syllable onset. There are two valid synchronic analyses: to interpret them as allophonic realizations of a minor syllable consisting of a single nasal (this interpretation is supported by inter-speaker variation), or as separate phenomena of nasal-initial and nasal-final minor syllables.

Several of the Oy phonological processes described by Sidwell & Jacq (2013:27f) are confirmed and expanded upon in this study. Lenition of main syllable voiceless stop onsets in sesquisyllables is seen in voicing, but also spirantization. Inthii Oy diphthongization before glottal finals is not limited to *o but applies to both *o and *e. Both diphthongization and monophthongization of *ii and *uu are observed, with merging or preservation of contrast depending on the syllable rhyme, specifically the place of articulation of the coda consonant if one is present. Diphthongization of *ɔɔ to *ua* before final alveolars and *j is also observed. The initial velar element of PWB clusters *kl, *gl and *khl assimilate to the lateral, with *kl and *khl merging to *tl*, and *gl* becoming *dl*.

Sidwell & Jacq’s (2013:27) postulated contrast between strongly and weakly prenasalized voiced stops corresponding to historical glottalized and voiced stops does not hold for Inthii Oy. Rather, glottalized stops have lost their glottal element and are modal voiced stops in word-initial position, and several have weakened to approximants in word-medial position. As well, the liquids *r* and *l* do not vary independent of context (Sidwell & Jacq 2013:27) but are contrastive in Inthii Oy except in minor syllable position, where *r* occurs only when preceding main syllable initial rhotics, and *l* occurs elsewhere.

Many issues remain to be investigated, including sociolinguistic issues such as contact phenomena with Lao or other surrounding languages. There is no *l/r* contrast in Lao, and in the future, it may further influence Inthii Oy, which already shows complementary distribution of *r* and *l* in the limited environment of minor syllable onsets. Further study could also be undertaken to determine Inthii Oy’s degree of conservatism to PWB relative to other Oy varieties.

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Appendix: Word list

The following Inthii lexemic entries are ordered according to onset, in the following order: *p p^h b t t^h d c j k k^h g ʔ ŋ m ʔm ŋ n ʔn n ʔn ŋ ŋ ʔŋ s h w ʔw ʔl ʔj ʔj r ʔr*. Sesquisyllabic items follow entries that begin with a main syllable. Recordings are available on Zenodo, DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.3272766.

Speaker1 phonetic	Speaker 1 phonemic	Speaker 2 phonetic	Sp.2 phonemic	Gloss	Lao gloss
P					
pi:t	pi:t	pi:t	pi:t	knife	ພ້າ
pi:t kətaj:	pi:t kətaj			scissors	ມິດຕັດ
pe:n	pe:n	pe:n	pe:n	thresh rice with feet	ຍື່ນຂົ້າ
pɛɲ:	pɛɲ	pɛɲ:	pɛɲ	to shoot	ຍິງ
pɛ:	pɛ:	pɛ:	pɛ:	three (people)	ສາມຄົນ
pik	pik			to fan (with hand-held fan)	ວີ
piŋ:	piŋ	pəŋ:	pəŋ	tooth	ແຂ້ວ
pih	pih			riverbank	ຕາຝັ່ງ
pi:ŋ	pi:ŋ			on	ຢູ່ເທິງ
pi:r	pi:r	pi:r	pi:r	flower	ດອກໄມ້
pət	pət	pət	pət	duck	ເປັດ
pək	pək			a kind of bamboo	ໄມ້ເຮ້ຍ
pə:k	pə:k			to open the door	ໄຂ່/ເປີດ
pə:m ʔri:	pə:m ʔri:			a kind of tree	ຕົ້ນໄພ
pə:ŋ	pə:ŋ	pə:ŋ	pə:ŋ	cliff	ຜາ
pə:ŋ ʔuk	pə:ŋ ʔuk			waterfall	ນ້ຳຕົກຕາດ
pə:w	pə:w			wind up	ກູ້
pat	pat	pat	pat	to disappear	ຫາຍ
paʔ	paʔ			like	ຄື
paʔ trai tri:ŋ	paʔ trai tri:ŋ	paʔ trai tri:ŋ	paʔ trai tri:ŋ	miracle, wonder	ການອັດສະຈັນ
paŋ:	paŋ			to close the door	ອັດ
par:	par	par:	par	to fly	ບິນ
paɰ	paɰ			gather (vegetables, fruits)	ຕັກບ
pah	pah	pah	pah	seven (people)	ເຈັດຄົນ
pa:m	pa:m			cylindrical, bamboo fish trap	ໄລຸ
pa:w	pa:w			shoulder	ບ່າ, ໄຫຼ່
pot	put			footprint	ຮອຍຕີນ
pot	put			kind of bird	
puk	puk			oil (for cooking)	ນ້ຳມັນ
puʔ	puʔ			drink mother's milk	ອຸຍ
por	pur			food steamed in banana leaf	ຫມົກ
puɰ	puɰ			burn skin	ໂພງ
pok	puk	pok	pok	fat	ມັນ/ໄຂມັນ
pom: paw:	pum paw			a leafy plant	ໝາກປຸ່ມເປົ້າ
pu: dən	pu: dən			soft spot (baby's skull)	ຄະນ່ອມ
pu:t	pu:t			tie a cloth around hair	ຄ້ຽນ
pu:r	pu:r	pu:r	pu:r	build fire	ຈູດ (ຂີ້ເຫຍື້ອ)
pauh	poh			meet, find	ພົບ
po:t	po:t			check on	ຈອບ

po:ɿc	po:c			pass, reach	ກາຍ
po:r	po:r	pɔ:r	pɔ:r	be the same	ຄືກັນ
po:j	po:j			sweep	ປັດ
pɔk	pɔk			pick off, peel	ແກ້
pɔŋ:	pɔŋ	pɔŋ:	pɔŋ	throw casting net	ຕົກແຕ່ງ
pɔŋ pi:ŋ	pɔŋ pi:ŋ	pɔŋ pi:ŋ	pɔŋ pi:ŋ	spider	ແມງມຸມ
pɔh	pɔh			pound stake	
pɔh rɔh	pɔh rɔh			cowbell	ໝາກກະແລ້ງ
pian	pian			stink bug, shield bug	ແມງແຄ້ງ
piaŋ	piaŋ			sticky-rice-flower dessert	ຂະໜົມແໜບ
piah	piah	piɛh	piah	to split	ຜ່າ
puat	puat			chop down	ຕັດ
puan	puan	puɛn	puan	four (people)	ສີ່ຄົນ
puar	puar	puar	puar	cooked rice	ເຂົ້າສຸກ
puaj	puaj	puaj	puaj	calf, lower leg	ແຂ່ງ
puah	puah			to thresh rice (with flail)	ຜາດເຂົ້າ
pri:	pri:	pri:	pri:	familiar	ລ້ຽງເຄີຍ
prɛc	prɛc			hide (from police)	ລັ່ງ
prɛʔ	prɛʔ			chase away	ໄລ່
prɛh	prɛh			pluck banana from bunch	ປິ
prip	prip			rhyme	ສຽງປະສານກັນ
prip pɑtɔ:k	prip pʰtɔ:k			speak with expressions	ເວົ້າໃຫ້ຄ່ອງ
pri:t	pri:t	pri:t	pri:t	banana	ໝາກກ້ວຍ
pri:ŋ	pri:ŋ			lie supine, on back	ນອນຫງາຍ
pri:n	pri:n			patterned	ລາຍ
prəm:	prəm			sore, aching	ປວດ
prə:ŋ	prə:ŋ			provoke	
prai	prai			request	ຂໍ/ບອກ
pran:	pran			small worm	ຂີ້ກະເດືອນ
praŋ:	praŋ			dry season	ຍາມແລ້ງ
praj:	praj			to wake someone up	ປຸກ
prah	prah			to untie	ແກ້
prah	prah			struggle	ຕຶງ
pra:ŋ	pra:ŋ			crossbeam	ຄວນ
prɔk	pruk			bother, disturb	ລົບກວນ
pru:ŋ	pru:ŋ			rice cooked in bamboo	ເຂົ້າຫວາມ
prauh	proh			spew out liquid	ປຸດນໍ້າ
pro:ɿc	pro:c			spit out liquid	ປຸດນໍ້າ
pro:ŋ	pro:ŋ			small rice basket	
pro:j	pro:j			relative by marriage	ເປັນດອງ
pro:j	pro:j			release	ປ່ອຍ
prɔk pri:k	prɔk pri:k			mix together	ປົນກັນ
prɔh	prɔh			keep fish in something	ຂັງໄວ້ (ບາ)
prɔh	prɔh			reach other side	ຮອດຝັ່ງນັ້ນ
prɔ:	prɔ:			small bitter eggplant	ຫມາກແຄ້ງ
prɔ:ŋ	prɔ:ŋ			store water	ເກັບ (ນໍ້າ)

pria	pria			to divorce	ຢາຮ້າງ
priam	priam			to repair	ສ້ອມແປງ
prian	prian			to send someone to	ໃຊ້
priaŋ	priaŋ			flammable metal shavings	ເຫຼັກຖ່ານໄພ
priaw	priaw			hail	ຫມາກເຫຼັບ
priah	priah			dissolve	ບາດລະລາຍ
prua	prua			roll	
pruah	pruah			cobra	ງູເຫື່າ
ple:ŋ	ple:ŋ			graze cattle	ປ່ອຍ
plec	plec			drop through hole	ປ່ອນລົງ
plɛʔ	plɛʔ			soft (like powder)	ອ່ອນ
ple:j tɔŋ ɲoŋ:	ple:j tɔŋ ɲoŋ			a long bitter fruit	ໝາກລົ້ນໄມ້
plɔ:k	plɔ:k			to roof, cover	ມຸງ
plə:m	plə:m	plə:m	plə:m	land leech	ທາກ
plak	plak			guide water	ເປງ
plaj:	plaj	plaj:	plaj	fruit	ໝາກໄມ້
plaj̚	plaj̚			change (clothes)	ປ່ຽນເຄື່ອງ
plah	plah			shatter, crack	ແຕກ
pla:	pla:			ear lobe	ຕົ້ງຫູ, ຕ້າງຫູ
plot	plut			to smoke out	
pluʔ	pluʔ			to bark	ເຫືາ
plon:	plun			tadpole	ຮວກ (ລຸກກົບ)
plu:j	plu:j			calabash gourd	ຫມາກນ້ຳເຕົ້າ
plɔʔ	plɔʔ			reveal, visible	ເປັ້ງໃຫ້ເຫັນ
plɔ:k	plɔ:k			clay	ດິນດາກ/ດິນຫນຽວ
plia	plia			release (a person)	ປ່ອຍ
pluaʔ	pluaʔ			be young	ຍັງຫນຸ່ມ
papeŋ:	p ^a peŋ	papeŋ:	p ^a peŋ	to hunt	ລ່າ (ສັດ)
babe:w	p ^a be:w			a kind of tree	
bəbə:m	p ^a bə:m			redistribute rice seedlings	ຊ້ອນເຂົ້າ
pa ^a tuar	p ^a tuar	pa ^a tuar	p ^a tuar	star	ດວງດາວ
pa ^a tri:ŋ	p ^a tri:ŋ			miracle, wonder	ການອັດສະຈັນ
pa ^a tliap	p ^a tliap			clean up	ມ່ຽນ
pa ^a tliah	p ^a tliah			drop	ເຮັດຕົກ
pa ^a deh	p ^a deh	ba ^a deh	p ^a deh	earth, soil	ດິນ
pa ^a dik	p ^a dik			bring up	ເອົາຂຶ້ນ
pa ^a du:	p ^a du:	pa ^a du:	p ^a du:	abdomen	ທ້ອງ
pa ^a do:c	p ^a do:c			make it all gone	ໃຫ້ໝົດ
pa ^a dɔŋ:	p ^a dɔŋ	ba ^a dɔŋ:	p ^a dɔŋ	to blow (wind)	ພັດ (ລົມພັດ)
pa ^a dia	p ^a dia			move out of way	ຫລີກທາງໃຫ້
pa ^a diah	p ^a diah			send down	
pa ^a dua	p ^a dua			anthill, termite mound	ໂພນປວກ
pa ^a caʔ	p ^a caʔ	pa ^a caʔ	p ^a caʔ	make beautiful, beautify	ເຮັດງາມ
pa ^a car:	p ^a car:			to caulk	ຕາບ
pa ^a co:ŋ	p ^a co:ŋ			haughty	ຂີ້ຄຸຍ
pa ^a cɔŋ:	p ^a cɔŋ			incite, egg on	

pajɛ:n	p ^a jɛ:n			to make cooked	ເຮັດສຸກ
pajɛh	p ^a jɛh			to spread	ໃສ່ຝຸ່ນຊົວະພາບ/ບຸຍ/ຝຸຍ
pajɪ?	p ^a jɪ?			send home	ໄລ່ເມືອ
pajəŋ:	p ^a jəŋ	pajəŋ:	p ^a jəŋ	cause to stand	ຕັ້ງ
pajə?	p ^a ja?	pajə?	p ^a ja?	decorate	ປະດັບປະດາ
paja:	p ^a ja:			to feed	ປອນ
pajəŋ:	p ^a jəŋ			feed child	ປອນ (ເຂົ້າ)
pajiam	p ^a jiam			to feed	ປອນ
pajuar	p ^a juar			to plow	ໄຖ
pakɛ?	p ^a kɛ?			make smaller	ເຮັດນ້ອຍ
pakə:t	p ^a kə:t			cause to be	ເກີດ
pakap	p ^a kap			cause be pinched, clamped	ຫນີບ
paka:t	p ^a ka:t			cause fire to catch	
paka:k	p ^a ka:k			make dirty	ເຮັດເປື້ອນ
paku:m	p ^a ku:m			cause to sit	ເຮັດໃຫ້ນັ່ງ
pak ^h ɔ:j	p ^a k ^h ɔ:j			turn down (e.g. stove)	ເຮັດຄ່ອຍ
page:t	p ^a ge:t			cause to die	ເຮັດໃຫ້ຕາຍ
pagə'c	p ^a gəc			to entrust	ຝາກ
pagə:n	p ^a gə:n			exaggerate	ເວົ້າເກີນ
payuj:	p ^a guj	bəyuj:	p ^a goj	cause to sleep	ເຮັດໃຫ້ນອນ
pə?u:m	p ^a ?u:m			spoiled (food)	ບຸດ
pə?ɔ?	p ^a ?ɔ?			burp	ເອື້ອມ
pə?ɔ:	p ^a ?ɔ:			slim bamboo	ໄມ້ຊອດ
pənanəŋ:	p ^a nanəŋ	pənanəŋ:	p ^a nanəŋ	wall	ຜາເຮືອນ
pənia	p ^a nia	pənia	p ^a nia	some (people)	ບາງ/ລາງ
pəse:t	p ^a se:t	pəse:t	p ^a se:t	mushroom	ເຫັດ
pəsanəŋ:	p ^a sanəŋ			request, ask for favor	ໃຊ້
pəsa:p	p ^a sa:p			to spill	ເຮັດເຫຍ່ຍ
pəsrinəŋ:	p ^a srinəŋ	pəsrinəŋ:	p ^a srinəŋ	to surprise	ເຮັດຕື່ນ
pəʃal	p ^a ʃal	pəʃal	p ^a ʃal	stick out (tongue)	ອາ/ແລບລົ້ນ
pəʃu:k	p ^a ʃu:k			put through hole	ຊຸບ
pəlp	p ^a lip			close eyes	ຫລັບຕາ
pəle?	p ^a le?	pəle?	p ^a le?	shorten	ເຮັດສັ້ນ
pəli:	p ^a li:			cause to make noise	ເຮັດສຽງງດັງ
pələŋ:	p ^a ləŋ			healthy	ແຂງແຮງ
pəla:p	p ^a la:p			prank, dare	ແກ້ງ
pələh	p ^a ləh			enable self	
pə?lua	p ^a ?lua			knock over	ເຮັດໃຫ້ລົ້ມ
pəjə:	p ^a jə:	pəjə:	p ^a jə:	to lift	ຍໍ່/ຍົກຂຶ້ນ
pəjəh	p ^a jəh			stretch out, straighten	ຫຍຽດ (ຂາ)
pəjə:	p ^a jə:			lift up, pass	
pndah	pndah			bamboo strip	ຈັກຕອກ
pndrih	pndrih	pndrih	pndrih	firewood	ຜົນ
pn:ar	pnnar	pn:ar	pnnar	wing	ປີກ
pnjɛ?	pnjɛ?			clingy	ແອ່ວ

pn̄ɟuac	pn̄ɟuac			sharpen to point	ເຮັດໃຫ້ແຫວມ
pn̄i:m	pn̄ɟi:m			cause to cry	ເຮັດໃຫ້ໄຫ້
pn̄i:ɟ	pn̄ɟi:ɟ			take out	ເອົາອອກ
pn̄gauh	pn̄goh			lengthen	ເຮັດຍາວ
pn̄ʔəp	pn̄ʔəp			soak to germinate	
pn̄ʔa:	pn̄ʔa:			wean	
pn̄ʔoh	pn̄ʔuh			sic (dog on cow)	
pn̄ʔuac	pn̄ʔuac	pn̄ʔuac	pn̄ʔuac	window	ປ່ອງຢ້ຽມ
pn̄:uat	pn̄ɟuat	pn̄:uat	pn̄ɟuat	be hungry	ຫິວ/ຍາກເຂົ້າ
pn̄hin:	pn̄hin			to tame	ເຮັດໃຫ້ສັດຮູ້, ບໍ່ຮ້າຍ
pn̄ho:m	pn̄ho:m	pn̄ho:m	pn̄ho:m	bathe (tr.)	ອາບໃຫ້
brbah	prbah			place to put fish trap	
prti:	prti:			orphan	ກ່າຜ້າ
prtə:w	prtə:w	prtə:w	prtə:w	to answer	ຕອບ
prtu:k	prtu:k	prtu:k	prtu:k	brain	ສະໝອງ
prto:j	prto:j			afterwards	ທິດ
prdu:j	prdu:j			one (person)	ໜຶ່ງຄົນ
prdiaŋ	prdiaŋ			side-by-side	ຂ້າງກັນ
prduaj	prduaj			to join, affix	ຕໍ່
prcip	prcip			witchcraft	ຫລິ້ນຂອງ/ຫວານ
prcua	prcua			speak in sayings	ປຽບເປືອຍ
prkap	prkap			clamp, clothespin	ແນວຄົບ
prkaw:	prkaw			clump of dirt with worms	ກ້ອນຂີ້ກະເດືອນ
prgap	prgap			hairpin	ກີບ
prʔih prʔuh	prʔih prʔuh			not totally cooked (rice)	
prmeŋ:	prmeŋ			fight with guns	ຕໍ່ສູ້ກັນ
brma:ŋ	prma:ŋ			speech, language	ຄຳເວົ້າ
prnən:	prnən			sheaf (grain)	ພ່ອນ/ມັດ (ເຂົ້າ, ເຜືອງ)
prnə:m	prnə:m	prnə:m	prnə:m	to fight	ສູ້
prna:k	prna:k			share, divide	ແບ່ງ
prnu:k	prnu:k			mashed fish	ປັ້ນປາ
prno:ɟ	prno:ɟ			broom	ພອຍ
prɟa:	prɟa:			wealthy	ຮັ່ງມີ
prlɔ:	prlɔ:			tease, joke	ຢອກ
prjə:w	prjə:w			kind of bird	
prʔjo:ŋ	prʔjo:ŋ	prʔjo:ŋ	prʔjo:ŋ	stake (for vines)	ຄ້າງ
prsa:w	prsa:w	prsa:w	prsa:w	son-in-law	ລູກເຂີຍ
prso:ŋ	prso:ŋ			curse	ດ່າ
prhe:	prhe:			a lot	ເຮັດໃຫ້ຫຼາຍ
prhək	prhək			fermented fish sauce	ປາແດກ
p^h					
p ^h aiʔ	p ^h eʔ			be full, sated	ອົ່ມ
p ^h e:	p ^h e:			hulled rice	ເຂົ້າສານ
p ^h i:n mp ^h i:n	p ^h i:n mp ^h i:n	p ^h i:n mp ^h i:n	p ^h i:n mp ^h i:n	converse	ສົນທະນາ

p ^h i:ŋ	p ^h i:ŋ	p ^h i:ŋ	p ^h i:ŋ	wingless grasshopper	ມັນ
p ^h ə:w	p ^h ə:w			spirit	ວິນຍານ
p ^h ak k ^h iam	p ^h ak k ^h iam			garlic	ໝາກທຽມ
p ^h ak naw:	p ^h ak naw			small leafy vegetable	ຜັກຄະ
p ^h a:c	p ^h a:c	p ^h a:c	p ^h a:c	sand	(ດິນ) ຊາຍ
p ^h a:k	p ^h a:k			to entrust	ຝາກ
p ^h a:m	p ^h a:m	p ^h a:m	p ^h a:m	blood	ເລືອດ
p ^h oŋ:	p ^h uŋ			smelly, stagnant	ເຫມັນ
p ^h o:r ha:r	p ^h o:r ha:r			sweat	ເຫື້ອ
p ^h ɔk	p ^h ɔk			mud	ຂີ້ຕົມ
p ^h ɔ:m	p ^h ɔ:m			fart	ຕົດ
p ^h ɔ:ŋ	p ^h ɔ:ŋ			big, long fish trap	
p ^h ɔ:r	p ^h ɔ:r	p ^h ɔ:r	p ^h ɔ:r	sweat	ເຫື້ອ
b					
bic	bic			have	ມີ
bm ʔlaŋ ka:	bin ʔlaŋ ka:	bm ʔlaŋ ka:	bin ʔlaŋ ka:	stand on hands	ປີ້ນສະແຄງ
biŋ:	biŋ	biŋ:	biŋ	be full	ເຕັມ
bil	bil			disappear	ເສຍຫາຍ
bih	bih	bih	bih	snake	ງູ
bi:t	bi:t			often, industriously	ດຸ
be:ŋ	be:ŋ	be:ŋ	be:ŋ	plate	ຈານ
bɛʔ mbeʔ	bɛʔ mbeʔ	bɛʔ mbeʔ	bɛʔ mbeʔ	to crawl	ຄານ
bik	bik	bik	bik	to tie	ຜຸກ
bih	bih	bih	bih	to arrive	ມາຮອດ
bi:	bi:	bi:	bi:	at	ຢູ່
bət	bət			tough, chewy	
bə:p	bə:p	bə:p	bə:p	father	ພໍ່
bə:m	bə:m	bə:m	bə:m	to do, make	ເຮັດ
bat	bat	bat	bat	grass	ຫຍ້າ
bak	bak			wear (bag)	ພາຍຖົງ/ເປ
baʔ	baʔ			carry child in cloth	ເຈັ້
baw:	baw			recent past	ຜ່ານມາ
baj:	baj	baj:	baj	buttocks	ກັ້ນ
ba:	ba:	ba:	ba:	we (1d inc.)	ພວກເຮົາ
ba:w	ba:w	ba:w	ba:w	to throw	ແກວ່ງ/ໂຍນ
ba:r	ba:r	ba:r	ba:r	two (people)	ສອງຄົນ
bot	but			stretch (body)	ຍຽດໂຕ
buʔ	buʔ			clump of vegetation	ຝຸ່ມໄມ້
boŋ:	buŋ			body pimple	ໂພ້ງ
bor	bur			touch, pet	ບາຍ
bor mbor	bur mbur			toy	ເຄື່ອງຫຼິ້ນ
buŋ	buŋ	buŋ	buŋ	to boil (tr.)	ຕົ້ມ
buh	buh			roast in fire	ຈີ້
bu: boŋ:	bu: boŋ			be drunk	ເມົາ
bu:m	bu:m			tuber	ມັນ (ທົ່ວໄປ)

bu:n	bu:n			impede water flow	ຕັນ/ຄັ່ງນ້ຳ
bu:n l̥bu:n	bu:n l̥bu:n			medicinal cream	ຢາມອງ
bo:ŋ	bo:ŋ	bo:ŋ	bo:ŋ	to lie, fib	ຂີ້ຕົວະ
bək	bək			scrape off	
bəŋ:	bəŋ:			fish basket	ກະຂ້ອງ
bəh	bəh	bə:h	bə:h	salt	ເກືອ
bə:k	bə:k	bə:k	bə:k	white	ຂາວ
biac	biac			tiny pieces	ມຸ່ນງ
biak	biak			tired	ເມື່ອຍ
biam	biam			upper lip	ຮິມປາກ
bua? ʔa:p	bua? ʔa:p			lie on belly	ນອນຄວ້າ
buar	buar			lip	ຮິມສົບ
buah	buah			rice flour	ແປ້ງ
bliau?	blio?	bliau?	blio?	lightning	ຟ້າແມບ
bliw:	bliw:			gecko	ຂີ້ໂກະ
bli:k	bli:k	bli:k	bli:k	open eyes	ມືນ (ຕາ)
blək	blək			converse	ລົມ
blah	blah			valley	ຮ່ອມຟຸ
bla:ŋ	bla:ŋ			kind of fish	ປາກະເດີດ
bla:ŋ	bla:ŋ			bland	ຈິດ
blu? blət	blu? blət			pop up (fontanelle)	
blu:	blu:	blow:	blow	thigh	
blu:k	blu:k	blu:k	blu:k	fall over (people)	ລົ້ມ
blə:k	blə:k	blə:k	blə:k	elephant tusk	ງາຊ້າງ
blə:m	blə:m			tie in bundle	ມັດ
bliaw	bliaw			kho fish	ປາຄໍ
blia	blia			wash face	ຊ່ອຍຫນ້າ
bluaj	bluaj			peak, point	ຈອມ
b̥abe:w	p̥be:w			a kind of tree	
b̥əbə:m	p̥bə:m			redistribute rice seedlings	ຊ່ອນເຂົ້າ
bri:	bri:	bri:	bri:	forest	ປ່າໄມ້
bri:ŋ	bri:ŋ			Java plum	ໝາກຫວ້າ
breŋ:	breŋ:	breŋ:	breŋ:	be strong	ແຂງແຮງ
brə:	brə:			then, after that	ຫລັງຈາກນັ້ນ
brɪŋ:	brɪŋ:			look upwards	ຕົງຂຶ້ນ
brə:ŋ	brə:ŋ			snare trap	ແຮ່ວ
braŋ:	braŋ:			healthy and well	ຢູ່ດີມີແຮງ
braw:	braw			to crow (rooster)	ໄກ່ຂັນ
brah	brah			spirit	ຜີ
brah bri: ʝri: na:ŋ	brah bri: ʝri: na:ŋ			evil spirit, Satan	ມານຊາຕານ
bra:c	bra:c			to sow	ຫວ່ານ
bra:ŋ	bra:ŋ	tə:w	tə:w	be bright	ແຈ້ງ
bra:j	bra:j			thread	ຜ້າຍ
bru:c	bruc	bru:c	bruc	cylindrical bamboo fish trap	ກະໂລຕົມກອງ
brək	bruk	prək	pruk	dust	ຂີ້ຝຸນ
bru?	bru?			sink into ground	ໂຢດລົງ

brɔm:	brum			moringa	ຫມາກອີ່ຮຸ່ມ
brauh	broh			poke, jut out	ພົ້ນຂຶ້ນ
bro:j	bro:j			flour	ເຂົ້າແປງ, ແປງ
brɔŋ sra:j	brɔŋ sra:j	brɔŋ sra:j	brɔŋ sra:j	lemongrass	ຫົວສີໄຄ
brɔh	brɔh			girl, young woman	ຜູ້ສາວ
brɔh ʔmbrɔh	brɔh mbrɔh			teenage girl	ຜູ້ສາວ
briɑŋ	briɑŋ			die unnaturally	
briaw	briaw			porch-like platform	ຊານ
bruah	bruah			fully cooked (sticky rice)	ສຸກ
t					
tiʔ	tiʔ			on	ເທິງ
tiŋ:	tiŋ	tiŋ:	tiŋ	east	ທິດຕະເວັນອອກ
tir	tir	tir	tir	cricket	ຈິນາຍ
tih	tih	teih	teih	be big	ໃຫຍ່
ti:	ti:	taj:	taj	hand	ມື
te:	te:	te:	te:	say	ວ່າ
te:t	te:t			vagina	ຫີ, ຊ່ອງຄອດ
tɛc	tɛc	tɛc	tɛc	to sell	ຂາຍ
tɛʔ	tɛʔ			have sex	ສັ້ / ປະສົມພັນ
tenʔ	tenʔ			sit sideways (on bike)	
tɛh	tɛh			to light (match, lighter)	ຂີດ/ຕອຍ
teh	teh			to incubate	ພັກໄຂ່
tip ʔmbiʔ	tip mbiʔ			all day	ໝົດມື້
tik	tik	tik	tik	to pull	ດຶງ
tíʔ	tíʔ			at	ຢູ່
tí:p	tí:p			reach in	ຈົກ
tí:ŋ	tí:ŋ	tí:ŋ	tí:ŋ	to dry (tr.)	ຕາກ
tí:w	tí:w			slight daylight	ເກືອບແຈ້ງ
təi	təi	tai	tai	to see	ເຫັນ
tək	tək			bring in laundry	ກູ້
təʔ	təʔ			work hard	ເອົາໃຈໃສ່ເຮັດວຽກ
tən:	tən			clasp, trap	ເຕັງ
tə:m	tə:m	tə:m	tə:m	tree	ກົກໄມ້
tə:ŋ	tə:ŋ	tə:ŋ	tə:ŋ	carry on shoulder	ແບກ
tə:w	tə:w			answer	ຕອບ
tə:w	tə:w			float on water	
t.mɔ:	tʰmɔ:	tɔmɔ:	tʰmɔ:	stone	ຫີນ
tat	tat	tat	tat	dry up	ປົກ
tak	tak			to discard, abandon	ຖິ້ມ
tak bɔ:	tak bɔ:			an edible flower	ດອກແຄ
tak no:m	tak no:m			urinary bladder	ພົກຍ່ຽວ
taŋ:	taŋ	taŋ:	taŋ	joint	ຂໍ້
taŋ nɔh	taŋ nɔh	taŋ nɔh	taŋ nɔh	carry on back	ຂັ້ນຫລັງ / ຂໍ້ຫລັງ
taw:	taw	taw:	taw	reach (long enough)	ເຖິງ
tah	tah			slice open (chicken)	ປາດ
ta:ŋ	ta:ŋ	ta:ŋ	ta:ŋ	to weave (cloth)	ຕ່າ (ຜ້າ)

ta:w	ta:w			sword	ດາບ
tut	tut			kind of snake	
tuc	tuc			pluck	ລົກ
tuk tɛ:k	tuk tɛ:k			communicate verbally	ເຂົ້າໃຈກັນ
tom:	tum			from (north)	ຈາກທາງເໜືອ
toŋ:	tuŋ	təŋ:	təŋ	be deaf	ຫຸໜວກ
tor:	tur			pound, smash	ຕ່າ
tɔh	tuh	toɯ	touh	ashes	ຂີ້ເທົ່າ
tu:	tu:			step on	ຢຽບ
tu:n	tu:n			late	ຊ່າ
tu:ŋ	tu:ŋ	tu:ŋ	tu:ŋ	coconut	ໝາກຜ້າວ
tu:j	tu:j	tu:j	tu:j	head	ຫົວ
tom:	tom			to forge	ຕີຜ້າ
to: to:	to: to:			blanket	ຜ້າຫົ່ມ
to:t	to:t	tə:t	tə:t	skewer	ສຽບ
to:c	to:c	to:c	to:c	all (people)	ທັງໝົດ
to:m	to:m			fish trap, shape of wastebasket	ລານ
to:n	to:n			where (from)	ມາຈາກ
to:j	to:j			DIR	ແຖວ/ທາງ
to:j ?nto:j	to:j nto:j			copy, mimic	ເຮັດຕາມ
təke:	təke:			gecko	ກັບແກ້
tək tar	tək tar	tək tar	tək tar	house lizard	ຂີ້ກຽມ
tɛ?	tɛ?			have sex	ສີ້ / ປະສົມພັນ
toŋ:	toŋ	təŋ:	təŋ	to float	ລອຍ
toŋ to:l?	toŋ to:l?			lie in fetal position	ນອນຂົດ
toŋ: kʰə?	toŋ kʰə?	təŋ: kʰə?	təŋ kʰə?	to limp	ພິການ
tɔh	tɔh			take off	ຖອດ
tɔ:k	tɔ:k			suit each other, get along	ຖືກກັນ
tɔ:n	tɔ:n			to graft	ຕໍ່ກົ່ງໄມ້
tɔ:ŋ	tɔ:ŋ	tə:ŋ	tə:ŋ	arrow	ລູກສອນ
tɔ:j	tɔ:j			often	ເລື້ອຍໆ
tiat	tiat			carry	ຖື
tiaw	tiaw			earring	ຕ້າງຫູ
tiah	tiah	tieh	tiah	go down	ລົງ
tia	tia	tie	tia	be old	ເກົ່າ
tuap	tuap			two years from now	ປີຮີ
tuah	tuah			bloom	ບານ
treŋ:	treŋ			meadow	ທົ່ງ
tre:ŋ	tre:ŋ			lead by arm	ຈຸງ
trɛ? cndrɛ?	trɛ? cndrɛ?			get along	ສາມັກຄີກັນ
trim ŋiaw	trim ŋiaw			plant used to paint teeth black	
tri:	tri:	trəi	trəi	fish	ປາ
tri:n	tri:n	tri:n	tri:n	to play	ຫິ່ນ
trəp	trəp	trəp	trəp	eggplant	ໝາກເຂືອ
trəm:	trəm			complete, all	ຄົບ
trap	trap			a river fish	ປາອີ່ເປີ

tram:	tram			to soak	ແລ້ງໄວ້
traw:	traw	traw:	traw	six (people)	ຫົກຄົນ
traꞑ	traꞑ			reed, rush	ພິ
trah	trah			tie loosely	ຜາບໍ່ແຫນ້ນ
trah ꞑia	trah ꞑia	trah ꞑie	trah ꞑia	bold, friendly	ໃຈກ້ວາງຂວາງ
tra:c	tra:c			helicopter seed tree	
tra:ŋ	tra:ŋ	tra:ŋ	tra:ŋ	bamboo water pipe	ທໍ່ໄມ້
tra:w	tra:w			food, soup	ແກງ
truŋ:	truŋ			marsh	ບຶງ
tru:p	tru:p			cover (as a lampshade)	ປົກ
tru:ŋ	tru:ŋ	tru:ŋ	tru:ŋ	road, path	ທາງ/ທົນທາງ
tro:c	tro:c			come loose	ຫລວດ
tro:j	tro:j			to follow	ຕາມ
tro:ŋ	tro:ŋ			jar	ໄຫ
tro:	tro:			hit target	ຖືກ
tro:m	tro:m			hole	ຮູ
tro:ŋ	tro:ŋ			iguana	ກະທ້າງ
triap	triap			every	ທຸກຢ່າງ
tria	tria			woman	ຜູ້ຍິງ
triah	triah			bright	ແຈ້ງ (ເດືອນ)
trua	trua	trua	trua	kapok	ງົ້ວ
truaʔ	truaʔ			be scratched (by wood)	ຂຸດ
tli:m	tli:m			heartwood	ແກ່ນໄມ້
tli:ŋ	tli:ŋ	tli:ŋ	tli:ŋ	real	ແທ້
tle:ŋ	tle:ŋ			pond, pool of water	ໜອງ
tle:	tle:	tle:	tle:	egg	ໄຂ່
tli:ŋ	tli:ŋ			to slip	ມື່ນ
tli:j	tli:j			to overflow	ເຕັມ, ເຫລືອ
tləp	tləp			all closed up	ແອອັດ
tlə:m	tlə:m	tlə:m	tlə:m	liver	ຕັບ
tlak	tlak			chip off (bark)	ຖາກ
tlam:	tlam	tlam:	tlam	hundred (people)	ລ້ອຍຄົນ
tlan:	tlan			choke, strangle	ຄ້ອງ
tləŋ:	tləŋ			intensifier	ແຮງ/ດັງ
tlæ:	tla:	tla:	tla:	owner	ເຈົ້າຂອງ
tla:p	tla:p			flying ants	ແມງເມົາ
tla:ŋ	tla:ŋ			braid	ເປຍ
tla:ŋ	tla:ŋ			kind of bird	ນົກແຫລວ
tla:ŋ	tla:ŋ	tla:ŋ	tla:ŋ	noon	(ຕອນ) ທ່ຽງ
tla:ŋ rom:	tla:ŋ rom			parasol	ຄັນຮົ່ມ/ກົດ
tla:w	tla:w			bulb (e.g., onion)	ຫົວ
tla:w	tla:w			call, summon	ເອີ້ນ
tla:j	tla:j			have splinter	
tloj:	tluj			egg yolk	ໄຂ່ແດງ
tlu:	tlu:			cluster	ພວງ
tlauh	tloh	tlauh	tloh	to pound (rice)	ຕ່າ (ເຂົ້າ)

tlo:	tlo:			man	ຜູ້ຊາຍ
tlo:m	tlo:m	dlo:m	dlo:m	to blow	ເປົ່າ
tlək	tlək	tlək	tlək	navel	ສະບີ
tləʔ	tləʔ			able to see	ເຫັນໄດ້
tlə:ŋ	tlə:ŋ			pupil (eye)	ແກ້ວຕາ
tlə:k	tlə:k			a white spirit	
tliɑ	tliɑ			caterpillar	ບັງ
tliaw	tliaw			throat	
tliɑh	tliɑh	tliɛh	tliɑh	to fall	ຕົກ
tliɑ	tliɑ	tliɛ	tliɑ	tiger	ເສືອ
tliɑ ra:k	tliɑ ra:k			leopard	ເສືອດາວ
tluac	tluac			shoot, crown	ຍອດ
təpuɑ	təpuɑ			ridgepole	
təpri:ŋ	təpri:ŋ			lie supine	ນອນຫງາຍ
təbuʔ	təbuʔ			breastfeed	ໃຫ້ລູກກິນນົມ
təblaʔ	təblaʔ			open one's hand	ເປີດມື
dədi:	tədi:			middle	ກາງ
dədaiʔ	tədeʔ			exclusively	ໝົດ
tətɛc	tətɛc			to sell things	ຂາຍຂອງ
təkə:j	təkə:j			edge of boat	ແຄມເຮືອ
təkɑp	təkɑp	təkɑp	təkɑp	to grill	ປັງ
təkəŋ:	təkəŋ			married man	ບຸລດ
təkə:ŋ	təkə:ŋ			leaf stem	ກ້ານ
təgə:w	təgə:w			mound	ຫລາຍ
təguɑj	təguɑj	təguɑj	təguɑj	horn	ເຂົາ
təʔi:n	təʔi:n	təʔi:n	təʔi:n	goiter	ຄໍກົນເລືອດ
təʔə:ŋ	təʔə:ŋ	təʔə:ŋ	təʔə:ŋ	chin	ຄາງ
təʔə:r	təʔə:r			small wasp	ແຕນ
təʔuɑr	təʔuɑr			fever because of infection	ໄຂ້ຍ້ອນ
təman:	təman			boil (n)	ເປັນຜີ
təmia	təmia			axe	ຂວານ
təni:m	təni:m			molar	ແຂ້ວກົກ
tənə:m	tənə:m			kind of liquor	ເຫຼົ້າໄຫ
tənam:	tənam			an edible flower	ດອກກະຈຽວຫວ້ານ
tənəŋ:	tənəŋ	tənəŋ:	tənəŋ	beautiful, handsome	ງາມ
təŋɑj:	təŋɑj	təŋɑj:	təŋɑj	sun, day	ຕາເວັນ/ດວງອາທິດ
təŋɑ:c	təŋɑ:c	təŋɑ:c	təŋɑ:c	thatch	ຫຍ້າ
təŋɑr:	təŋɑr:			bone marrow	
təsa:k	təsa:k			ripped	ຂາດ
təvɛh	təvɛh			to pound rice	ຕ່າເຂົ້າ
təvɛ:	təvɛ:	təvɛ:	təvɛ:	liquor	ເຫຼົ້າ
təvi:k	təvi:k			to step	ກ້າວ
təvə:t	təvə:t			adorn	ແຕ່ງກາຍ
təvɑŋ:	təvɑŋ	təvɑŋ:	təvɑŋ	bamboo shoot	ໜົມໄມ້
təvɑw:	təvɑw			cubit	ສອກຫຼັ່ງ
təvɑr	təvɑr			glutinous rice	ເຂົ້າໜຽວ

təva:w	t ^a wa:w	təva:w	t ^a wa:w	mortar	ຄົກ
təvɔn təva:j	t ^a wun t ^a wa:j			make problems	ວັນວາຍ
təvɔ:j	t ^a wo:j			accompany	ຕາມ
təvɔk	t ^a wɔk			hang by hook	
təvuən	t ^a wuən			light fire using other fire	ຕໍ່ໄພ (ນໍາຫມຸ)
tə ^ʔ vir	t ^a wir	tə ^ʔ vir	t ^a wir	spin like a top (tr.)	ໝູນ
təlaʔ	t ^a laʔ			flat	ພງງ
təla:p	t ^a la:p	təla:p	t ^a la:p	cockroach	ແມງກະສາບ
təlom:	t ^a lum			kind of bird	
təjɔŋ:	t ^a juŋ			hang up	ຫ້ອຍ
tɪpat	tɪpat	co:j	co:j	to extinguish	ດັບ (ໄພ)
tɪplɛʔ	tɪplɛʔ			pulverize	ເຮັດອ່ອນ
tɪplɔʔ	tɪplɔʔ			to show	ເບິ່ງໃຫ້ເຫັນ
tɪbə:m	tɪbə:m			be the one to do	ເປັນຜູ້ເຮັດ
tɪblu:k	tɪblu:k			cause to fall over	ເຮັດໃຫ້ລົ້ມ
tɪ:e:w	tɪme:w			pregnant	ຖືພາ
tɪ:ɔt	tɪmut			put in	ເອົາເຂົ້າ
tɪ:ɔr:	tɪmur:			argue	ຜິດກັນ
tɪ:u:ŋ	tɪmu:ŋ	tɪ:u:ŋ	tɪmu:ŋ	to steal	ຂີ້ລັກ
tɪ:uat	tɪmuat			to rake	ກວາດຂີ້ເຫຍື້ອ
tɪ:uaj	tɪmuaj			loner	ຢູ່ໂດດດ່ຽວ
tɪ:ɛc	tɪnɛc			products, goods	ຂອງຂາຍ
tɪ:ɛh	tɪnɛh			lighter	ໄມ້ຂີດໄພ/ກັບໄພ
tɪ:ɔŋ	tɪnɔ:ŋ			walking stick	ໄມ້ຄ້ອນ/ໄມ້ເທົ້າ
tɪ:ɔ:ŋ	tɪnno:ŋ			gutter	ໄມ້ໂຕນນໍ້າ
tɪ:ɔ:	tɪnɔ:			extended string	ຕໍ່
tɪŋʔɛaŋ	tɪŋʔɛaŋ	tɪŋʔiaŋ	tɪŋʔiaŋ	to dry (by fire)	ຂາງໄພ
trɪtɪt	trɪtɪt	trɪtɪt	trɪtɪt	ear	ຫູ
trɪpaŋ	trɪpaŋ			mix seeds and dirt (with hoe)	
trɪpa:ŋ	trɪpa:ŋ	trɪpa:ŋ	trɪpa:ŋ	palm of hand	ຝ່າມື
trɪpu:ŋ	trɪpu:ŋ			hollow	ທົ່ມ
trɪpo:k	trɪpo:k			hip	ສະໂພກ
trɪpian	trɪpian	trɪpiən	trɪpian	to exchange	ແລກປ່ຽນ
trɪpiaw	trɪpiaw	trɪpiaw	trɪpiaw	pot (cooking)	ໝໍ້
trɪpuac	trɪpuac	trɪpuac	trɪpuac	finger	ນິ້ວມື
trɪbɛc	trɪbɛc			flick	ດີດ
trɪbi:k	trɪbi:k			eye crust	ຂີ້ຕາ
trɪbaŋ:	trɪbaŋ			fish pond	ຫລົ່ມ
trɪbɔn:	trɪbun			kitchen	ເຮືອນຄົວ
trɪtə:m	trɪtə:m			grab, fight over	ຍາດ
trɪtai	trɪtai			able to see, sighted	ເຫັນຮຽງ
drɪdaiʔ	drɪdeʔ			exclusively	ໝົດ
drɪdu:	drɪdu:			flee	ໂຕນ/ຫນີ
trɛi:k	trɛi:k			pandan	ເຕີຍ
trɪkap	trɪkap	trɪkap	trɪkap	stick for grilling	ໄມ້ຫີບ
trɪkaw:	trɪkaw	trɪkaw:	trɪkaw	knee	ຫົວເຂົ້າ

trkuat	trkuat			monitor lizard	ແລນ
trkuan	trkuan			child	ເດັກນ້ອຍ
trʔo:n	trʔo:n			seuam fish	ປາເຊືອມ
trma:ŋ	trma:ŋ			arrange marriage	
trŋe:k	trŋe:k			measuring tape, stick	ໄມ້ແມັດ
trnit	trnit			next-door	(ເຮືອນ) ຂ້າງ
trniŋ:	trniŋ:			rainy season	ຍາມຝົນ
trnaʔ	trnaʔ			flat	ແບ
trnɔh	trnɔh			stick used as whip	ໄມ້ແສ້
trnua	trnua			spine	ກະດູກສັນຫຼັງ
trŋi:w	trŋi:w	trŋə:j	trŋə:j	forehead	ໜ້າຜາກ
trsian	trsian			sharp knife	ມີດແຫວມ
trhian	trhian			studies	ຮຽນ
trɔw:	trɔw:			winnowing basket	ດັງຜົດເຂົ້າ
trvi:n	trvi:n			python	ງູແຫລືອມ
trve:w	trve:w			encircle, move around	ອ້ອມ
trlo:t	trlo:t			skin (already shed)	ຄາບ
trlian	trlian			adopted child, pet	ລ້ຽງ
trja:w	trja:w			chase each other	ໄລ່
trjuŋ:	trjuŋ:			clothesline	
trjua	trjua			married woman	ສະຕີ
tʰ					
tʰi:ŋ	tʰi:ŋ	tʰi:ŋ	tʰi:ŋ	yellow	ເຫຼືອງ
tʰap	tʰap	tʰap	tʰap	be near	ໃກ້
tʰaw:	tʰaw			warm, dry by fire	
tʰaj:	tʰaj			manioc, cassava, tapioca	ມັນຕົ້ນ/ມັນສະຫລາງ
tʰa:j	tʰa:j	tʰa:j	tʰa:j	gong	ຄ້ອງ
tʰa:m	tʰa:m	tʰa:m	tʰa:m	eight (people)	ແບດຄົນ
tʰu:k	tʰu:k			wear shoes	ໃສ່ເກືບ
tʰiam	tʰiam	tʰiɛm	tʰiam	red	ແດງ
tʰəlɔk	tʰəlɔk			joke around	ເວົ້າຫຼິ້ນ
d					
diŋ:	diŋ	diŋ:	diŋ	bamboo flask	ກະບັ້ງ
diauʔ	dioʔ			curved	
di:	di:			hard-working	ດຸໝັ່ນ
di: luŋ:	di: luŋ			cotton yarn	ຜ້າຍ
di:w	di:w	di:w	di:w	be smooth, level, equal	ລຽບ
di:w trdi:w	di:w trdi:w			same, reciprocal	ຄືກັນ
daiʔ	deʔ			only	ເທົ່ານັ້ນ
de:	de:			also	ຄືກັນ
dɛŋ	dɛŋ			drain water to catch fish	ຊະຫຼົມ
dik	dik			go up	ຂຶ້ນ
di:k	di:k	di:k	di:k	loose	ຫຼົ່ມ
dən:	dən	dən:	dən	soft	ອ່ອນ
dən duac	dən duac	duɛc	duac	be weak	ອ່ອນແອ

dəŋ:	dəŋ	dəŋ:	dəŋ	to hear	ໄດ້ຍິນ
dər	dər	dər	dər	be fat	ຕ້ຍ
də:k	də:k			put on one's lap	
də:m hndə:m	də:m hndə:m			at the beginning	ທ່າອິດ
dak	dak			place fish trap	ໃສ່ (ໄຊ / ຕ້ອນ)
dam:	dam	dam:	dam	to plant	ບຸກ
dan:	dan			yet	ບໍ່ທັນ
daŋ:	daŋ	daŋ:	daŋ	be bitter	ຂົມ
daŋ:	daŋ	daŋ:	daŋ	look for	ຫາ
daw:	daw	daw:	daw	able, get	ໄດ້
dah	dah	dah	dah	if	ຖ້າ/ແນ່
da:p	da:p	da:p	da:p	be short (height)	ຕ້ອຍ/ຕ່ຳ
da:k	da:k			water	ນ້ຳ
da:w	da:w	da:w	da:w	be correct	ຖືກຕ້ອງ
da:j	da:j			to forge	ຕີຜ້າ
dom:	dum	dom:	dum	be ripe	ສກ (ຜັກ, ໝາກໄມ້)
dɔn:	dun			hunched-over	ຫຼັງກົງ
dɔŋ	dɔŋ	dɔŋ	dɔŋ	takes a long time	ດົນນານ
dɔŋ:	dɔŋ	dɔŋ:	dɔŋ	eel	ອ່ຽນ
dɔj:	dɔj			missing an appendage	ກຸດ
du:k	du:k	du:k	du:k	boat	ເຮືອ
du:ŋ	du:ŋ			lest	ຢ້ານວ່າ
dau?	do?	dau?	do?	be hot	ຮ້ອນ
dau? ndau?	do? ndo?			keep company	ອົບອຸ່ນ
do:c	do:c			end, point	ປາຍ
do:k	do:k	do:k	do:k	machete	ພ້າໃຫຍ່
dɔk	dɔk	dɔk	dɔk	to walk	ຍ່າງ
dɔŋ:	dɔŋ			to bend	ງໍ
dɔŋ sa:j	dɔŋ sa:j	dɔŋ sa:j	dɔŋ sa:j	rabbit	ກະຕ່າຍ
dɔh	dɔh			snap (wood)	ຫັກ
dɔ:	dɔ:			be made sick	ເປັນແທນລູກ
dɔ:k	dɔ:k			to hide	ຊ້ອນ
diak	diak	diak	diak	beside	ຂ້າງ
diak	diak			peek around	ຊ່ອງເບິ່ງ
diaw	diaw	diaw	diaw	to lick	ເລຍ
dia?	dia?	dia?	dia?	to vomit	ຮາກ
diah	diah	diah	diah	be wide, broad	ກ້ວາງ
dua	dua			topical particle	ຫັ້ນ
duaŋ	duaŋ			be shallow	ຕ້ືນ
drim:	drim	drim:	drim	to sit	ນັ່ງ
dru:ŋ	dru:ŋ			crab shell	ອອງປຸ່
dru:ŋ dra:ŋ	dru:ŋ dra:ŋ	dru:ŋ dra:ŋ	dru:ŋ dra:ŋ	cylindrical, bamboo fish trap	ກະໂລຕົມກອງ
drou:m	drou:m			to wallow	ເກືອກ, ເມບ
drou:ŋ	drou:ŋ			back basket	ກະພ້າ
dli:m	dli:m	dli:m	dli:m	cool	ເຢັນ

dli:ŋ	dli:ŋ			latch	ລັອກ
dlə:m	dlə:m	dlə:m	dlə:m	to sink	ຈົມ
dlə:n	dlə:n			crane neck	ຢືດຄໍ
dlə:ŋ	dlə:ŋ	dlə:ŋ	dlə:ŋ	water leech	ປິງ
dlah	dlah			soup pot	ໝໍ້ແກງ
dla:w	dla:w			bamboo shard	ຕົວໄມ້
dləŋ:	dləŋ			cataract	ຕາເສື້ອງ
dliəŋ	dliəŋ	dliəŋ	dliəŋ	hoe	ຈົກ
dɔ̌di:	tʰdi:			middle	ກາງ
dɔ̌daiʔ	tʰdeʔ			exclusively	ໝົດ
drdaiʔ	trdeʔ			exclusively	ໝົດ
drdu:	trdu:			flee	ໂຕນ/ຫນີ
c					
cɪt	cɪt	cɪt	cɪt	to kneel	ຄຂ້າ
cɪt	cɪt	cɪt	cɪt	ten (people)	ສິບຄົນ
cik da:k	cik da:k			kadon plant	ຜັກກະໂດນນ້ຳ
cɪn:	cɪn	cɪn:	cɪn	nine (people)	ຕັກ້າຄົນ
cɪr	cɪr			intrepid	
cɪh	cɪh			kick	ທັງ
cɪ:ŋ lu:ŋ	cɪ:ŋ lu:ŋ			rock a boat	
ce:m	ce:m	ce:m	ce:m	bird	ນົກ
ce:n	ce:n	ce:n	ce:n	cooked	ສຸກ
ce:r	ce:r			hire	ຈ້າງ
cɛt	cɛt	cɛt	cɛt	to stab	ແທງ
cɛn:	cɛn			guess	ເດົາ
ceŋ:	ceŋ			Cheng people	ເຈັງ
cɛh	cɛh	cɛh	cɛh	paddy rice	ເຂົ້າເປືອກ
cɛ:	cɛ:			small for one's age	
cɪk	cɪk			rub nose in	ດຸດ
cɪʔ	cɪʔ	cɪʔ	cɪʔ	to return	ເມືອ/ກັບ
cɪ:	cɪ:			to harvest by hand	ເກັບເອົາດ້ວຍມື
cɪ:k	cɪ:k			fish with landing net	ຕັກ
cɪ:ŋ	cɪ:ŋ			God (old term)	ພະເຈົ້າ
cɪ:r	cɪ:r			comparative than	ກວ່າ
cəm:	cəm			knock down	ຊຸ
cəŋ:	cəŋ			sickle	ກົງວ
cə:ŋ	cə:ŋ	cə:ŋ	cə:ŋ	trade	ຊື້
cat	cat			to chop	ຕັດ
cak	cak			body	ຮ່າງກາຍ
caʔ	caʔ	ca:ʔ	ca:ʔ	beautiful, handsome	ງາມ
cam:	cam	cam:	cam	to wait	ລໍຖ້າ
caw:	caw			son's son	ຫລານ
caj:	caj	caj:	caj	louse (head)	ເຫົາ
car:	car			to set trap	ໃສ່ກັບ
caih	ceh	caih	ceh	to sneeze	ຈາມ
cah	cah	cah	cah	to dig	ຂຸດ

ca:	ca:	ca:	ca:	to eat	ກິນ
ca:j	ca:j			mixed-up, confused	ສັບສົນ
ca:ɟ	ca:ɟ			to comb one's hair	ຫວີ
cut	cut	cut	cut	to scrub	ຖູ
com:	cum			from (south)	ຈາກທາງໃຕ້
cor	cur	cor	cur	pig	ໝູ
cuh	cuh	cu:	cu:	be tired	ເມື່ອຍ
cu:k	cu:k			dig with hoe	
cu:ʔ	cu:ʔ	cu:ʔ	cu:ʔ	put, keep	ເອົາໄວ້
cu:r	cu:r			particle giving reason	
cauʔ	coʔ			southward	ທາງໃຕ້
cauh	coh	cauh	coh	to burn (tr.)	ເຜົາ
co:c	co:c	co:c	co:c	younger uncle, aunt	ອາວ (ນ້ອງຊາຍຂອງພໍ່)
co:ŋ	co:ŋ	təʔ	təʔ	west	ທິດຕະເວັນຕົກ
co:r	co:r			redistribute seedlings	ຊ້ອນເຂົ້າ
co:ɟ	co:ɟ			extinguish	ດັບໄຟ, ມອດໄຟ
cək	cək	cək	cək	to take	ເອົາ
cəh	cəh			crack, hole in floor	ປ່ອງ
cəh cək	cəh cək			Done Soung village	ບ້ານດອນສຸງ
cə:	cə:	cə:	cə:	dog	ໝາ
cə: to:p	cə: to:p	cə: to:p	cə: to:p	wasp	ແມງດໍ່
cə:k bək	cə:k bək			pale (face)	ຫນ້າເຫລືອງ
cə:ŋ	cə:ŋ			weave thatch	ເຮັດໄພຫຍ້າ
ciap	ciap			chick	ໄກ່ນ້ອຍ
ciat	ciat			cut (cloth, rope)	ຕັດ
ciam	ciam			to feed (animal)	ເກືອໝູ
ciaŋ	ciaŋ			carry by handle	ຫຼົ້ວ
ciaŋ cə:ŋ	ciaŋ cə:ŋ			cross limbs	
ciaw	ciaw			rain on	
ciaɟ	ciaɟ			long algae	ແຂໝູ
ciah	ciah			manipulative	
cia lania	cia lania			to sleepwalk	ລະເມີ
cuat	cuat			be pierced	ຢຽບ
crih	crih			to overflow (rice water)	
cre:k	cre:k			jealous	ອິດສາ
creʔ	creʔ	mə:t	mə:t	to love	ຮັກ
creh	creh	creh	creh	to nibble	ແຫ່ນ, ກັດ
crip	crip			gather (moths)	ຕອມ
crik	crik			fall over (tree)	ລົ້ມ
cri:m	cri:m			kind of bamboo	ໄມ້ປ່ອງ
cri:w	cri:w			rinse	ໄລ້ນ້ຳ
cram:	cram			withered (flowers)	ຫງວແຫງງ (ດອກໄມ້)
craj:	craj			remember	ຈື່
cra:p	cra:p			alone, uneasy	ງຽບແຫງງາ

cra:ŋ	cra:ŋ			bright	ເຫລັ້ອມ
crɔt	crut	crɔt	crut	to push	ຍັ້
cruh	cruh			descend	ລົງ
cru:ŋ	cru:ŋ			to build	ສ້າງເຮືອນ
croŋ:	croŋ			spear trap	ຫອກ
croj	croj			get a splinter	ຖືກໄມ້ສຽບ
crauh	croh			bless, support	ອດໝູນ
cro:k	cro:k			to meet	ພົບ/ເຈົ້
cro:j	cro:j			sift rice in wind	ໂຮຍ
croʔ	croʔ	croʔ	croʔ	morning	(ຕອນ) ເຊົ້າ
cro:k	cro:k			pour, put in	ຖອກ
cro:ŋ	cro:ŋ			canine tooth	ແຂ້ວຫມາກແງ
criap	criap	criap	criap	to count	ນັບ
criah	criah			to water (plants)	ຫົດນ້ຳ
cətɔh ləh	c ^a tɔh ləh			to bounce	ເຕັ້ນ
cədi:ŋ	c ^a di:ŋ	cədi:ŋ	c ^a di:ŋ	rainbow	ຮຽ (ກີນນ້ຳ)
cədək	c ^a dək			to boil (intr.)	ພົດ
cədah	c ^a dah			cracked (skin)	ຜິວແຕກ
cəda:	c ^a da:			handspan	ຄືບໜຶ່ງ
cədɔh	c ^a dɔh			to hop	ກະໂດດ
cəcaŋ:	c ^a caŋ			strip wood with axe	
cəkɛc	c ^a kec			pick (vegetables)	ເດັດ
cəgi:n	c ^a gi:n	hiap	hiap	to smile	ຍິ້ມ
cəgaw:	c ^a gaw	cəgaw:	c ^a gaw	bear	ຫົນ
cəgaj	c ^a gaj			impale	ຊົນ (ຄວາຍ)
cəgah	c ^a gah			to clear (field)	ຖາງ
cəgɔʔ	c ^a gɔʔ	cəgɔʔ	c ^a gɔʔ	chili pepper	ໝາກເຜັດ/ພິກ
cəʔi:h	c ^a ʔi:h			bright red	ແດງ
cəʔa:p	c ^a ʔa:p			smelly	ຄາວ
cəʔa:w	c ^a ʔa:w	cəʔa:w	c ^a ʔa:w	to laugh	ຫົວ
cəʔa:w daj:	c ^a ʔa:w daj			to mock	ຫົວຂວັນ
cəʔu:r	c ^a ʔu:r			murky	ນ້ຳຂຸ່ນ
cəʔiaw	c ^a ʔiaw	cəʔiaw	c ^a ʔiaw	left side	ເບື້ອງຊ້າຍ
cəma:k	c ^a ma:k			jaw	ຄາງກະໄຕ
cəna:w	c ^a na:w			cock spur	ເດືອຍໄກ
cənauh	c ^a noh			stick used to burn beehive	
cənoh	c ^a noh	cənoh	c ^a noh	stream	ຫ້ວຍ
cəno:	c ^a no:			pitiful	ອີ່ຕົນ
cəŋa:j	c ^a ŋa:j	cəŋa:j	c ^a ŋa:j	be far	ໄກ
cəhə:m	c ^a hə:m	cəhə:m	c ^a hə:m	heart	ຫົວໃຈ
cəha:t	c ^a ha:t			lick clean	ລອຍ
cəhək	c ^a hək	cəhək	c ^a hək	to suck	ດູດ
cəvik	c ^a wik			lotus	ກົກດອກບົວ
cəvak	c ^a wak			hang	ຫ້ອຍ
cəvɔr:	c ^a wur			feel around for	
cəvu:ŋ	c ^a wu:ŋ			heap in mound	ກອງໄວ້

cəʋoh	c ^a woh			blow bubbles (fish)	ບ້ອນ
cəʋiaŋ	c ^a wiaŋ			roundabout (speech)	ເວົ້າອ້ອມຄອມ
cəle:t	c ^a le:t	cəle:t	c ^a le:t	squeeze, press	ບີບ
cələ:k	c ^a lə:k			lift up (skirt)	ຈ້ອນຂຶ້ນ (ສິ້ນ)
cələ:ŋ	c ^a lə:ŋ			to cross	ຂ້າມ (ທາງ)
cəplək	cəplək			flip sticky rice in steamer	ສິກ (ເຂົ້າ)
cəmbi:n	cəmbi:n			press, lean on	ຄ້າ
cəmbəŋ:	cəmbəŋ			toss	ໂຍນຂຶ້ນ
cəmbar	cəmbar			pick fruit with a pole	ແຕມັ້ນ, ຕອຍ
cəmbu?	cəmbu?			clump	
cəmbiat	cəmbiat	cəmbiat	cəmbiat	ring (jewelry)	ແຫວນ
cəmbuaj	cəmbuaj			stem	ຂວັນ/ພ້ວ
cəmbriak	cəmbriak			piece	ປ່ຽງ
cəmbla:k	cəmbla:k	cəmbla:k	cəmbla:k	crossroads	ທາງແຍກ
cəma:j	cəmma:j			woven cylinder part of fish trap	
cəma:	cəmma:	cəma:	cəmma:	right side	ເບື້ອງຂວາ
cəndəŋ:	cəndəŋ			to run	ແລ່ນ
cəndə:t	cəndə:t			stand on tiptoes	ແຍ້ງຕີນ
cəndaw:	cəndaw			prop up	ຄ້າ
cəndə:ŋ	cəndə:ŋ			throw (a stick)	ຊັດໄມ້
cəndrə?	cəndrə?			get along	ສ່າມັກຄີກັນ
cəndru:ŋ	cəndru:ŋ			place for building	ບ່ອນສ້າງເຮືອນ
cəndriah	cəndriah			watering can	ບົວ
cəne:r	cənne:r			work for hire	ຮັບຈ້າງ
cənar	cənnar			fin	ຄີປາ
cəna:j	cənna:j	cəna:j	cənna:j	loincloth	ກະຕຽວ
cəno:	cənno:			wedge (for splitting wood)	
cəno:p	cənno:p			hang out, be friends	ເປັນຫມູ່ກັນ/ຈຸມນ່າຫມູ່
cəno:ŋ	cənno:ŋ			bridge	ຂົວ
cəŋk ^h o:	cəŋk ^h o:			bird of paradise plant	
cəŋgom:	cəŋgum			rub, scratch	
cəŋgiah	cəŋgiah			scoop with one hand	ຕັກ
cəŋ?aw:	cəŋ?aw			ring finger	ນິ້ວນາງ
cəŋ?o:t	cəŋ?o:t			point	ຊີ້
cərbak	cərbak			bra	ເສື້ອຊ້ອນ
cərcu?	cərcu?			items, objects	ເຄື່ອງຂອງ
cərko:ŋ	cərko:ŋ			beam under floor	
cər?a:w	cər?a:w			front teeth	
cər?iaj	cər?iaj	cər?iaj	cər?iaj	unpleasant sound	ລັກໄຫລຫູ
cərme:t	cərme:t			dip food	ຈ້າ
cərma:ŋ	cərma:ŋ			forked branch	ງ່າໄມ້
cərmiaw	cərmiaw			bright, blinding	ເຫລື້ອມຕາ
cərni:k	cərni:k			shovel	ຊ້ວານ
cərna:j	cərna:j	cərna:j	cərna:j	comb (n)	ຫວີ
cərniat	cərniat			clippers	ມືດຕັດເລັບ
cərnua:j	cərnua:j	cərnua:j	cərnua:j	disgusting	ຂີ້ດຽດ

crꝛah	crꝛah			refreshed	ມີແຮງ
crha:k	crha:k	crha:k	crha:k	sit straight (on bike)	ນັ່ງຂາບ
crhɔŋ:	crhɔŋ			dipped, curved	ເລິກ
crɔik	crɔik			stirring spoon	ຈອງ
crwa:	crwa:			oar	ໄມ້ພາຍ
crɔiah	crɔiah			to divide	ແຍກ\ແບ່ງ
J					
ji?	ji?	ji?	ji?	to hurt	ເຈັບ
jim:	jim	jim:	jim	sharpen, whet	ຂົນຜ້າ
jin:	jin	jin:	jin	leg	ຂາ
jih	jih			remove (thorn)	
ji:c ju:c	ji:c ju:c	ji: ju:c	ji: ju:c	scratch, massage	
ji:ŋ	ji:ŋ			request	ຂໍ
je:ŋ	je:ŋ			toss	ໂຍນ
je:r	je:r	je:r	je:r	banana heart	ປີກ້ວຍ
jəm:	jəm			fun	ມ່ວນ
jən:	jən			rushing (water)	
jəŋ:	jəŋ	jəŋ:	jəŋ	to stand	ຢືນ
jə:m	jə:m			to paint, smear	ທາ
jə:w	jə:w			shine a light	ເຄືອງ (ຂຽດ)
jaŋ:	jaŋ	jaŋ:	jaŋ	aim, look in mirror	ແນ
jar	jar			sap	ຢາງຕົ້ນໄມ້
jar ʔa:k	jar ʔa:k			a kind of insect	
jaʔ	jaʔ	jaʔ	jaʔ	strong-smelling	ຄົວ
ja:r	ja:r	ja:r	ja:r	you (2d)	ພວກເຈົ້າ
jot	jut	jot	jut	astringent flavor	ຜາດ
juk	juk	jok	juk	bead	ໝາກປັດ
ju:t	ju:t	ju:t	ju:t	to wipe	ເຊັດ
ju:n	ju:n			give, send	ສົ່ງ
ju:j	ju:j	ju:j	ju:j	deer	ກວາງ
jo:k	jo:k	jo:k	jo:k	to wet	ປຽກ
jo:r	jo:r			pick out (lice)	
jo:	jo:	jo:	jo:	be skinny	ຈ່ອຍ
jo:ŋ ʔa:ŋ	jo:ŋ ʔa:ŋ			a skinny frog	
jiap hrciap	jiap hrciap			pick up and put away	ມັ່ນ
juac	juac			sharp, pointy	ແຫລມ
jua?	jua?	jue?	jua?	mango	ໝາກມ່ວງ
jua?	jua?	jue?	jua?	be sour	ສົ້ມ
juap	juap			sit with legs to side	ນັ່ງຕະຫມອບ
jrec	jrec			a plant in water	
jreh	jreh			be quiet	ມືດ
jrəŋ:	jrəŋ			to smoke (meat)	ຢາງ (ຊີ້ນ, ປາ)
jraŋ:	jraŋ			stake	ເສົາ
jra?	jra?			idle, available	ວ່າງ
jraw:	jraw			wait to meet someone	ລໍຖ້າ
jrah	jrah			big grasshopper	ຕັກແຕນໄມ

ɟra:	ɟra:	ɟra:	ɟra:	thorn	ໜາມ
ɟroʔ	ɟruʔ	ɟroʔ	ɟroʔ	be deep	ເລິກ
ɟru:ŋ	ɟru:ŋ	ɟru:ŋ	ɟru:ŋ	be tall	ສູງ
ɟrɔ:ŋ	ɟrɔ:ŋ			chase trying to peck	
ɟriap	ɟriap			kind of bird	ນົກແອ່ນເຈີດ
ɟriat	ɟriat	ɟriət	ɟriat	cut with knife	ຊອຍ
ɟriaw	ɟriaw			shine (sun)	ສ່ອງແສງ
ɟriah	ɟriah			dark lines on limbs	
ɟɟiŋ:	c ^ɟ iŋ	ɟiŋ:	ɟiŋ	to sew	ຫຍິບ
ɟɟɛʔ	c ^ɟ ɛʔ			furious	ຮ້າຍ
k					
ki:t	ki:t	ki:t	ki:t	toad	ຂຽດ
ki:t rək	ki:t rək			leafy vine	
ke:t	ke:t	ke:t	ke:t	to die	ຕາຍ
kɛʔ	kɛʔ	kɛʔ	kɛʔ	be small	ນ້ອຍ
kɛ:w	kɛ:w			Vietnamese	ຫວຽດນາມ
kin:	kin			to think	ຄິດ
kih	kih			warn, forbid	ເຕືອນ
ki:t	ki:t	ki:t	ki:t	moon	ເດືອນ/ດວງຈັນ
ki:t	ki:t			in the habit	ເລີ້ງ
ki:c kəŋ ki:c	ki:c kəŋ ki:c			short (skirt)	ເຂັ້ນ
kəp	kəp	kəp	kəp	to bury	ຟັງ (ສົບ)
kn:u:	knnu:			a big caterpillar	
kəŋ:	kəŋ			cry out, moan	
kə:w	kə:w	kə:w	kə:w	to bark	ເຕົ້າ
kə:j kə:j	kə:j kə:j	kə:j	kə:j	be few	ໜ້ອຍ
kap	kap	kap	kap	to bite	ກັດ/ຄົບ
kat	kat	kat	kat	to harvest (rice)	ກ່ຽວ (ເຂົ້າ)
kaʔ tiar	kaʔ tiar	kaʔ tiar	kaʔ tiar	termite	ປວກ
kaʔ si:	kaʔ si:			lac; resin	ຄໍ່າ; ຂີ້ສີ
kaʔ sɛ:	kaʔ sɛ:			rope	ເລືອກ
kaw:	kaw			chop down	ຕັດ
kar:	kar			heal	ປັບປົວ
kaɟ	kaɟ	kaɟ	kaɟ	needle	ເຂັມ
ka:t	ka:t			catch on fire	
ka:k	ka:k	ka:k	ka:k	be dirty	ເປື້ອນ
ka:m	ka:m	ka:m	ka:m	whatever	ບໍ່ເປັນຫຍັງ
ka:w	ka:w			stairstep	ຂັ້ນ
kuk	kuk			white stork	ນົກຢາງ
kuj:	kuj	koj:	koj	sleep	ນອນ
kuj: pəkuj:	kuj p ^ə kuj	kuj: pəkuj:	kuj p ^ə kuj	to dream	ຝັນ
kör	kur	kör	kur	dove	ນົກເຂົ້າ
kuh	kuh	ku:	ku:	back	ຫຼັງ
ku:m	ku:m			to sit (on seat)	ນັ່ງ
ku:r	ku:r			romantic partner	ແຜນ

ko:ɕ	ko:c			burnt rice	ຂ້າໄຫມ້
kaʔ	kaʔ			small spider	ແມງມຸມ
kaʔ ŋkaʔ	kaʔ ŋkaʔ	kaʔ ŋkaʔ	kaʔ ŋkaʔ	to bow down	ກັມ
koŋ: ko:ŋ	koŋ ko:ŋ	koŋ ko:ŋ	koŋ ko:ŋ	pancreas	
kəh	kəh			chop meat	ຕັດ
ko: ko: ko kok	ko: ko: ko kok			in the beginning	ທ່າອິດ
ko:k	ko:k			thick, congealed	ໜຽວ ໆ
ko:m	ko:m	ko:m	ko:m	gather, swarm	ຕອມ
kian	kian			gnaw, bite	ແຫັນ
kiaŋ	kiaŋ	k ^h iaŋ	k ^h iaŋ	elbow	ສອກ
kua	kua			be at	ຢູ່
kuac	kuac			to waste	ເປືອງ
kuac	kuac			almost finished	
kuan	kuan	kuan	kuan	child, offspring	ລູກ
kuan dlaj:	kuan dlaj			chipmunk	ກະເລັ່ນ
kuan ko:	kuan ko:	kuan kə:	kuan kə:	scorpion	ແມງງອດ
kuaj	kuaj			carry on head	ທຸນ
kri:m	kri:m	kri:m	kri:m	crest (bull)	ກ້າມ
kreŋ:	kreŋ			kheng fish	ປາຂັງ
krej	krej			almost	ເກືອບ
kre:	kre:			thunder	ຟ້າຮ້ອງ
krik	krik			chest	ເອິກ
krim:	krim	k ^h arim:	k ^h arim	sky	ທ້ອງຟ້າ
krim:	krim			hut	ຕູບ/ຖງງນາ
kri:p	kri:p			stink bug	
kri:t	kri:t	kri:t	kri:t	to scratch	ຕົກ
kri:ɕ	kri:ɕ			shocked, afraid	ຕົກໃຈ
kri:m	kri:m	kri:m	kri:m	cat scratch	ຂຸດ
krə:ŋ	krə:ŋ			stand on end (hair)	
krə:j	krə:j			steep incline	ສູງຊັນ
kraʔ	kraʔ			be old (age)	ເຖົ້າ
kran:	kran			to trap	ຂັງ
krauh	kroh			to cover	ປົກປິດ
kro:m	kro:m	kro:m	kro:m	area under house	ກະລ່າງເຮືອນ
kro:m do:	kro:m do:	kro:m do:	kro:m do:	armpit	ຂີ້ແຮ້
kro:j	kro:j			roedeer	ຟານ
krək	krək	krək	krək	cow	ງົວ
krəŋ:	krəŋ			back of blade	ຫ້ງ
krəh	krəh			turtle shell	ອ່ອງເຕົ້າ
kriam	kriam			hard, firm	ແຂງ
krua jip	krua jip			speak loud	ເວົ້າແຮງ
kruaj	kruaj			loose stones, gravel	ຫີນແຮ້
kəpət	k ^a pət			to roll, fold	ກູ້
kəpə:	k ^a pə:			rub between hands (cream)	
kəbat	k ^a bat			hold breath	ກັ້ນໃຈ
kəbuŋ:	k ^a buŋ			swish in mouth	ອົມ/ບ້ວນປາກ

kəbu:n	k ^a bu:n			raft	ເຮືອແພ
kəbo:ɿc	k ^a bo:c			twist hair in bun	ເກັ່ງຜົມ
kətəŋ:	k ^a təŋ			kadon plant	ຜັກກະໂດນໂຄກ
kətə:r	k ^a tə:r	kətə:r	k ^a tə:r	crest (chicken)	ຫອນ (ໄກ)
kətək	k ^a tək			move water with feet	ກວນ
kəto:m	k ^a to:m			big black smoke	ຄວັນກຸ້ມ
kətək lək	k ^a tək lək	kətək lək	k ^a tək lək	back of head	ງ່ອນ
kətə:	k ^a tə:			slave	ທາດ
kətiaŋ	k ^a tiaŋ			a plant in water	
kədiŋ:	k ^a diŋ			north	ທິດເໜືອ
kədi: kədəʔ	k ^a di: k ^a dəʔ			lazy	ຂີ້ຄ້ານ
kədəc	k ^a dəc			pinch	ຢັກ
kədə:	k ^a də:	kədə:	k ^a də:	to winnow	ຜັດ (ເຂົ້າ)
kədip	k ^a dip			cover mouth	ປິດປາກ
kədik	k ^a dik			winter melon	ໝາກຜັກ
kədi:ŋ	k ^a di:ŋ			cross over, traverse	ຂ້າມ
kədəp	k ^a dəp			sticky rice basket	
kədə:w	k ^a də:w	kədə:w	k ^a də:w	heel	ສັນນ່ອງ
kədə:r	k ^a də:r			Achilles' tendon	
kədaʔ	k ^a daʔ			hit in face	ຕາບ
kədaʔ	k ^a daʔ			to patch	
kədaŋ: kədəh	k ^a daŋ k ^a dəh			narrow, restrained	ຄັບແຄບ
kədar:	k ^a dar			collect red ant eggs	ແຍ່ມົດແດງ
kədah	k ^a dah			gnaw, chew	ຫຍ້າ
kəda:	k ^a da:			almost	ເກືອບ
kəda:t	k ^a da:t			to cluck	
kəda:k	k ^a da:k			to fry	ຂົ້ວ (ນ້ຳມັນນ້ອຍ)
kəda:m	k ^a da:m			crab	ບູ
kəda:ŋ	k ^a da:ŋ			skirt (n)	ສິ້ນ
kəda:w	k ^a da:w	kəda:w	k ^a da:w	sugar cane	ອ້ອຍ
kəda:r	k ^a da:r			floorboard	ໄມ້ແປ້ນ
kədək	k ^a duk			to bump on something	ຕ່າ
kədu:p	k ^a du:p			lie prone	ນອນຄວ້າ
kədu:ŋ	k ^a du:ŋ	kədu:ŋ	k ^a du:ŋ	bone	ກະດູກ
kədə:ŋ	k ^a də:ŋ			stub, stumble	ສະດຸດ
kədəŋ dat	k ^a dəŋ dat			back of knee	ກ້ອງຫົວເຂົ້າ, ຫຼັງຫົວເຂົ້າ
kədəh	k ^a dəh			bend knee	ພັບຂາ
kədə:m	k ^a də:m			scoop with two hands	ກອບ
kədia	k ^a dia			amarinth plant	ຜັກຫົ່ມ
kəcək kəca:j	k ^a cək k ^a ca:j			make a mess	ເຮັດຮົກ
kəcək ləʔu:ŋ	k ^a cək l ^a ʔu:ŋ			make a mess	ເຮັດຮົກ
kəco:ŋ	k ^a co:ŋ			south	ທິດໃຕ້
kəciaŋ lo:ŋ	k ^a ciaŋ lo:ŋ			a kind of insect	ແມງຕັບເຕົ້າ
kəjrə:p	k ^a jrə:p	kəjrə:p	k ^a jrə:p	mosquito	ຢຸງ
kəʔe:t	k ^a ʔe:t			bran	ຂີ້ຮ່າ

kəʔə:w	k ^a ʔə:w			sculpted	ເຮັດດ້ວຍດິນດາກ
kəʔa:k	k ^a ʔa:k			crow	ນົກກາ
kəʔək	k ^a ʔək	kəʔək	k ^a ʔək	to cough	ໄອ
kəman:	k ^a man			son's wife	ລູກໄພ່
kəma:ŋ mə:ŋ	k ^a ma:ŋ mə:ŋ			door	ປະຕູ
kəma:w	k ^a ma:w			shy	ອາຍ
kəmauʔ	k ^a moʔ			skin chaff	ຂີ້ໄຄ່
kəmo:	k ^a mo:	kəmo:	k ^a mo:	year	ປີ
kəməm:	k ^a məm	kəməm:	k ^a məm	be afraid	ຢ້ານ
kəməŋ mə:j	k ^a məŋ mə:j			gnat, fruitfly	ແມງມື້
kəmə:ŋ	k ^a mə:ŋ	kəmaŋ mə:ŋ	k ^a maŋ mə:ŋ	door	ປະຕູ
kəmuən	k ^a muən			child of older sibling	ຫລານ
kəniŋ:	k ^a niŋ			chicken coop	ລົກໄກ່
kənat	k ^a nat	kənat	k ^a nat	bile, gall	ນ້ຳປີ
kənat	k ^a nat			rice harvest	ການກ່ຽວເຂົ້າ
kənən:	k ^a nun	kənən:	k ^a nun	path	ທາງ/ຫົນທາງ
kənu:k	k ^a nu:k			hug	ກອດ
kəno:m	k ^a no:m			brim (n)	ຂອບກຸບ
kənoʔ	k ^a noʔ			window prop	ແນວເກາະ
kəno:ŋ	k ^a no:ŋ			behind	ທາງຫຼັງ
kəniaŋ	k ^a niaŋ			tusk, fang	
kənuən	k ^a nuən			light a lamp	ໃຊ້ຕະກຽງ
kəʔni: luŋ:	k ^a ʔni: luŋ	kəʔni: luŋ	k ^a ʔni: luŋ	debt	ເປັນຫີ້
kəpe:	k ^a pe:			a leafy plant	
kəso:k kəsu:j	k ^a suk k ^a su:j			to move	ເຫັນຕຶງ
kəso:m	k ^a so:m	kəso:m	k ^a so:m	bird's nest	ຮັງນົກ
kəso:r	k ^a so:r			blow nose	ສັງຂີ້ມຸກ
kəha:ŋ	k ^a ha:ŋ			to step over	ຂ້າມ
kəhuaŋ	k ^a huaŋ			soot	ຂີ້ຫມັນຫມັ້
kəva:ŋ	k ^a wa:ŋ			wrap around	ເກົາ
kəwu:	k ^a wu:	kəwəw:	k ^a wəw	be thick	ໜາ
kəwəh	k ^a wəh			tray	ກະໂຕກ
kəviət	k ^a wiət			tick (insect)	ເຕັບ
kəvia	k ^a wia			floor of room	ຫ້ອງ
kəwuət	k ^a wuət			fist	ກຳບັ້ນ
kəlo:ŋ	k ^a lo:ŋ	kəlo:ŋ	k ^a lo:ŋ	to shout	ຕະໂກນ/ຮ້ອງ
kəliən	k ^a liən			yell in fear	ຮ້ອງ
kəjiŋ:	k ^a jiŋ			kind of fish	ປາຫລາດ
kəje:t	k ^a je:t	kəje:t	k ^a je:t	to kill	ຂ້າ
kəje:ŋ	k ^a je:ŋ			silkworm	ມ່ອນ
kəje:p	k ^a je:p			centipede	ຂີ້ເຂັບ
kəjeʔ	k ^a jeʔ	kəjeʔ	k ^a jeʔ	green	ຂຽວ
kəjik	k ^a jik	kəjik	k ^a jik	be heavy	ໜັກ
kəjə:ŋ	k ^a jə:ŋ			post-birth bed	ຕຽງ (ຢູ່ກຳ)
kəjah	k ^a jah			charcoal	ຖ່ານ
kəju:	k ^a ju:	kəju:	k ^a ju:	wind (n)	ລົມ

kaju:k	k ^a ju:k	kaju:k	k ^a ju:k	frog	ກົບ
kajauh	k ^a joh	kajauh	k ^a joh	to spit	ຖິ້ມ
kajək ʔə:j	k ^a ʔək ʔə:j			hiccup	ສະເອີ
kajək	k ^a ʔək			corpse	ລາກສົບ
kajə:ŋ	k ^a ʔə:ŋ	kajə:ŋ	k ^a ʔə:ŋ	snail	ຫອຍກະຕ່າຍ/ຫອຍຫອມ
kmbe:ŋ	kmbe:ŋ			surrounding	ບັງ/ອ້ອມ
kmbe:ŋ bo:ŋ	kmbe:ŋ bo:ŋ			a kind of insect	ຈຸຈີ
kmbuaʔ	kmbuaʔ			sit on chicks	ໂອບລຸກ (ໄກ)
kmblaɰ	kmblaɰ			change of clothes	ເຄື່ອງປ່ຽນ
kmbləh	kmbləh			small path	ທາງນ້ອຍ
km:a:j	kmma:j	km:a:j	kmma:j	widow	ແມ່ໜ້າຍ
km:ɔ:	kmmɔ:			year (age)	ປີ
km:uan	kmmuan			give birth	ອອກລຸກ (ສັດ)
kntor:	kntur			a big rodent	
knt ^h ɪn:	knt ^h ɪn			a plant with little leaves	ກະຖິນ
knde:w	knde:w	knde:w	knde:w	mat	ເສື້ອ/ສາດ
kndɛh	kndɛh			settlement	ບ່ອນຢູ່
kndəp	kndəp			cover from view	ບັງ
knda:t	knda:t			thick stew	ເອາະ
kndoŋ:	knduŋ			bag, quiver	ຖົງ
kndo:ŋ	kndo:ŋ			blister	ຫນັງໂພງ
kndre:ŋ	kndre:ŋ			fence	ຮົ່ວ
kndraw:	kndraw			pen (cattle, buffalo)	ຄອກ
kndraw dra:k	kndraw dra:k	kndraw ra:k	kndraw ra:k	butterfly	ແມງກະເບື້ອ
kn:ɔŋ:	knnuŋ			inside, midnight	ໃນ / ທ່ຽງຄືນ
kn:uj:	knnuj	kn:uj:	knnuj	sleeping area	ບ່ອນນອນ
kn:u:m	knnu:m			seat (general)	ບ່ອນນັ່ງ
kn:o:m	knno:m	kn:ɔ:m	knno:m	urinate	ຍ່ຽວ
kn:ua	knnua	kn:œ	knnœ	placenta, afterbirth	ແຫ່
kɲjaw:	kɲjaw			a plant in water	
kɲju:n	kɲju:n	kɲju:n	kɲju:n	mouse, rat	ໝູ
kɲjək	kɲjək			red squirrel	ກະຮອກ
kɲ:ɛ:m	kɲɲe:m	kɲ:ɛ:m	kɲɲe:m	porcupine	ເໝ້ນ
kɲ:ia	kɲɲia	kɲ:ia	kɲɲia	ginger	ຂີງ
krpi:	krpi:	krpəi	krpəi	buffalo	ຄວາຍ
krpo:ɰ	krpo:ɰ			dust off body	ປັດ
krpəŋ:	krpəŋ			clamber up	
krbal	krbal	krbai	krbai	crocodile	ແຂ້
krbu:	krbu:			carry, cradle	ອຸ້ມ
krbo:	krbo:			mak kho fruit	ໝາກຄໍ່
krbo:c	krbo:c			hair bun	ຜົມເກົ້າ
krbɔ: de:k	krbɔ: de:k			a big insect	ແມງດາ
krdeʔ	krdeʔ			food with rice flour	ເຂົ້າແປະ
krdo:p	krdo:p	krdo:p	krdo:p	eyelid	ຫນັງຕາ
krci:ŋ	krci:ŋ			lie on side	ນອນຂ້າງ
krciap	krciap			hoof	ເລັບງົວ

grgɔ:k	krɔ:k	grgɔ:k	krɔ:k	gibbon	ທະນີ
krʔe:	krʔe:			cone hat	ກຸບ
krʔih	krʔih			ember	ຖານໄຜ
krmuan	krmuan			child (with parent)	ລູກ
krʔmɔh	krʔmɔh			relatives	ພີ່ນ້ອງ
krɯ:k	krɯ:k			argue	ຖງງ
krne:	krne:			big leafy plant	ຫຍ້າຄັດ
krnə:w	krnə:w			to support during sleep	
krnap	krnap	krnap	krnap	booger	ຂີ້ດັງ
krnaʔc	krnac			toothpick	ໄມ້ຈີ້ມແຂ້ວ
krnu:k	krnu:k			sleep tangled together	
krnu:m	krnu:m			stool	
krniaj	krniaj	krniaj	krniaj	finger nail	ເລັບມີ
krɯjan:	krɯjan	krɯjan:	krɯjan	sleeping area	ບ່ອນນອນ
krsik	krsik			shake	ສັ່ນ
krsi:ŋ	krsi:ŋ			grunt disapproval	ຫ້າມ
krsu:	krsu:			shake	ສັ່ນ
krsɔ:p	krsɔ:p			to wrap	ຫໍ່
krha:m	krha:m			red (infant's feet)	ຕີນແດງ
krvat	krvat			wrap around	
krva:ŋ	krva:ŋ			wrap around	ເກົາ
krjauh	krjoh	krjauh	krjoh	saliva	ນ້ຳລາຍ
k^h					
k ^h i: trk ^h i:	k ^h i: trk ^h i:			carefully	ລະວັງ
k ^h i:c	k ^h i:c			afraid	ຕົກໃຈ
k ^h i:r	k ^h i:r			slip down	ຫລຸດ
k ^h a:	k ^h a:			suppose	
k ^h ɔm:	k ^h um			to urge	ບອກ
k ^h u:k	k ^h u:k	k ^h u:k	k ^h u:k	be angry	ຮ້າຍ
k ^h u:j	k ^h u:j			smelly	ເຫມັນ
k ^h ɔ:j trk ^h ɔ:j	k ^h ɔ:j trk ^h ɔ:j			to jog	
k ^h ua	k ^h ua			every (day)	ຄູ່ມື້
k ^h uar	k ^h uar	huar	huar	to shave	ແຖ
k ^h ɔba:	k ^h ɔba:			venomous snake	ງູກະບາ
k ^h ɔmiaŋ ^ʔ	k ^h ɔmiaŋ ^ʔ			rust	ຂີ້ໝັ້ງ
k ^h ɔnə:n	k ^h ɔnə:n			mallet	ຄ້ອນ
k ^h ɔna:t	k ^h ɔna:t			very	ຂະໜາດ
g					
gin:	gin	ŋgin:	ŋgin	nape of neck	ງ່ອນ
ge:t pɔye:t	ge:t p ^a ge:t			play dead	
ge:ŋ ga:ŋ	ge:ŋ ga:ŋ			part of yoke that plow connects to	
ge:r	ge:r			not so much	ບໍ່ບານໃດ
gɛc ~ ŋgɛc	gɛc ~ ŋgɛc			pick teeth	ຈີ້ມແຂ້ວ
geŋ:	geŋ			in small pieces	ມຸ່ນ ໆ
git	git			tightly tied	ແຫນ້ນ

gi:ŋ	gi:ŋ			crab pincers	ງ່າມບູ
gəm:	gəm			entrap between legs	ກາຍ
gaʃ	gaʃ	gəʃ	gaʃ	difficult	ຍາກ
gah	gah			pray	ອະທິຖານ/ສຸດ
ga:k mat	ga:k mat			messy-looking	ຮົກ
ga:w	ga:w	təya:w	t*ga:w	broken, snapped	ຫັກ
ga:w	ga:w			rhizome of banana tree	ເຫງົ້າຮາກ
guj:	guj			kind of fruit	ໝາກຢາງ
gu:k ŋgu:k	gu:k ŋgu:k			a big tree	ໝາກຫວດ
gauh	goh	gauh	goh	be long	ຍາວ
go:k	go:k			snail	ຫອຍຫອມ
go:r	go:r			cut grass	ເສຍຫຍ້າ
gɔŋ:	gɔŋ			hold in jaws	ຄາບໄວ້ໃນບາກ
gɔ:k	gɔ:k			small basket worn on side	ກະຕ່າ
gɔ:m	gɔ:m	gɔ:m	gɔ:m	jar	ອ/ແອງ
giat	giat	giat	giat	to itch	ຄົ່ນ
gre:ŋ	gre:ŋ			kind of bird	
greh	greh			clear throat	
grih	grih			hard, stable	ຫມັ້ນຄົງ
graŋ:	graŋ			Khang village	ບ້ານຄັງ
gra:t	gra:t	gra:t	gra:t	rust	ຂີ້ໝັ້ງ
gra:ʃ	gra:ʃ			scratch (thorn)	ຂຸດ
ʔ					
ʔic	ʔic	ʔic	ʔic	excrement	ຂີ້
ʔm:	ʔin			this, now	ປີນີ້
ʔih	ʔih	ʔi:ʃ	ʔi:ʃ	not	ບໍ່
ʔih ʔɔʔ	ʔih ʔɔʔ			forbidden	ຄະລ່າ
ʔe:r	ʔe:r	ʔe:r	ʔe:r	fish with dragnet	ອ້ວນບາ
ʔeɾ:	ʔeɾ	ʔeɾ:	ʔeɾ	he/she/it (3s)	ລາວ/ມັນ
ʔih	ʔih			hot, stuffy	ອົບເອົ້າ
ʔi:r	ʔi:r	ʔi:r	ʔi:r	reel in pain	ຮ້ອງ
ʔət ɲan:iʔ	ʔət ɲniʔ	ʔət ɲan:rʔ	ʔət ɲ*niʔ	endure pain	ອົດທົນ
ʔə:p	ʔə:p	ʔə:p	ʔə:p	cave	ຖ້ຳ
ʔə:k	ʔə:k			improvised singing	ວ່າຈິງ
ʔə:n	ʔə:n			have, be	ມີ
ʔə:w p ^h a:m	ʔə:w p ^h a:m			bruise	ຊໍ່າ
ʔə:r	ʔə:r			imitative	ຢາກເຮັດຄືກັນ
ʔam:	ʔam	ʔam:	ʔam	to give	ເອົາໃຫ້
ʔar:	ʔar			kind of tuber	
ʔaʃ	ʔaʃ	ʔaʃ	ʔaʃ	be swollen	ບວມ/ໂບ
ʔai	ʔai	ʔai	ʔai	I (1s)	ຂ້ອຍ
ʔa:	ʔa:			stop, cease	ເຊົາ
ʔa:c	ʔa:c			bother, mess with	ລົບກວນ
ʔa:k	ʔa:k	ʔa:k	ʔa:k	bow, crossbow	ທະນູ
ʔa:n	ʔa:n			kind of black ant	
ʔom:	ʔum	ʔom:	ʔum	to row, paddle	ພາຍເຮືອ

ʔoŋ	ʔoŋ	ʔoŋ	ʔoŋ	fire	ໄຟ
ʔoŋ ʔro:c	ʔoŋ ʔro:c			torch	ໄດ້ນື້ນ
ʔul:	ʔul	ʔul:	ʔul:	slimy toad	ອັງເພີ່
ʔu:t	ʔu:t			(still) a short time	ຈັກໜ້ອຍ
ʔu:j	ʔu:j			stir	ຄົນ
ʔow:	ʔow	ʔow:	ʔow	be many (people)	ຫຼາຍຄົນ
ʔo:m	ʔo:m	ʔo:m	ʔo:m	to winnow (rice)	ຜັດ (ເຂົ້າ)
ʔo:j	ʔo:j			autonym Oy	ຊື່ຄົນຊົນເຜົ່າເອີ້ນຕົນເອງ
ʔo:r	ʔo:r	ʔo:r	ʔo:r	to comfort (child)	ປອບໃຈ
ʔok hrʔok	ʔok hrʔok			space between clavicles	ກະຈອກຄໍ
ʔoh	ʔoh			younger sibling	ນ້ອງ
ʔoh	ʔoh			put food out to eat	ແຕ່ງຟ້າເຂົ້າ
ʔo:p	ʔo:p	ʔo:p	ʔo:p	be narrow	ຄັບແຄບ
ʔo:k ma:w	ʔo:k ma:w			dark lines around neck	
ʔiat	ʔiat			drive animal	ຈູງ
ʔiar	ʔiar	ʔier	ʔier	chicken	ໄກ່
ʔuat	ʔuat			file (teeth)	
ʔuac	ʔuac			to scoop (rice)	ຕັກ
ʔuar	ʔuar			a kind of frog	
ʔamik	ʔamik			sediment	ຂີ້ຝຸ່ນ
ʔaʔa:w	ʔaʔa:w	ʔ.ʔa:w	ʔaʔa:w	painful rash	ເປັນຫຼິ້ນ
ʔrɔn:	ʔrɔn			sheaf (grain)	ພ່ອນ/ມັດ (ເຂົ້າ, ເລືອງ)
ʔrʔo:p	ʔrʔo:p	ʔrʔo:p	ʔrʔo:p	rib	ກະດູກຂ້າງ
ʔrnat	ʔrnat			pineapple	ໝາກນັດ
ʔrvah	ʔrvah			almost finished	
ຸ					
ຸon:	ຸon			annoyed, rude	ຊົງ
m					
miʔ	miʔ			non-glutinous rice	ເຂົ້າຈ້າວ
mim:	mim			owl	ນົກເຄົ້າ
mih	mih	mih	mih	older uncle, aunt	ລຸງ (ອ້າຍຂອງພໍ່)
mih man:	mih man			child of younger sibling	ຫລານ
mi:r	mi:r	mi:r	mi:r	step-parent	ແມ່/ພໍ່ນ້າ
maiʔ	meʔ	maiʔ	meʔ	mother	ແມ່
me:w	me:w	me:w	me:w	cat	ແມວ
meŋ	meŋ			oppose poor people marrying into family	ດູທຸກ
me:	me:	me:	me:	they (3p)	ພວກເຂົາ
miŋ:	miŋ			to hope	ຫວັງ
mi:t	mi:t			kind of bird	
mi:t	mi:t	mi:t	mi:t	mist	ນ້ຳໝອກ
mi:m	mi:m	mi:m	mi:m	beard	ໜວດເຄົ້າ
mi:r	mi:r	mi:r	mi:r	paddy	ນາ
mə:t	mə:t			enjoy	ມັກ

mat	mat	mat	mat	eye	ຕາ
man:	man			belonging	ຂອງເຂົາ
maŋ:	maŋ	maŋ:	maŋ	night	ກາງຄືນ
maŋ: peŋ ɭeŋ	maŋ peŋ ɭeŋ	maŋ peŋ ɭeŋ	maŋ peŋ ɭeŋ	totally dark sky	ມືດ
mah	mah			cotton plant	ກົກຝ້າຍ
ma:t	ma:t	ma:t	ma:t	flesh	ຊີ້ນ
ma:m	ma:m	ma:m	ma:m	iron	ເຫຼັກ
ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ			civet-cat	ເຫງັນ/ເຫັນ
ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ	mouth, to speak	ປາກ
ma:ŋ ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ ma:ŋ	converse	ສົນທະນາ
ma:ŋ	ma:ŋ			brave, stubborn	ກ້າຫານ
mot	mut	mot	mut	to enter	ເຂົ້າ
muk	muk			kiss	ຈູບ
mom:	mum			joint of bamboo	ຂໍ້ (ໄມ້ໃຜ)
mom:	mum			bud	ອອກຫນ່ວຍ, ແຕກຕາ
mon:	mun			acne	ສິວ
mu'ŋ:	muŋ	mu'ŋ:	muŋ	unusually ugly	
moh	muh	mo:h	mu:h	nose	ດັງ
mu:j	mu:j	mu:j	mu:j	one (person)	ນຶ່ງຄົນ
mo:ŋ	mo:ŋ	mo:ŋ	mo:ŋ	cheek	ແກ້ມ
mək	mək			new rice	ເຂົ້າເຫມົ້າ
məm:	məm			dare	ກ້າ
miak	miak			son-in-law	ລູກເຂີຍ
miaŋ	miaŋ			guard	ເຜົ່າ
muan ɡon:	muan ɡun			spirit doctor	ຫມໍ່ຜີ
muar	muar	muər	muar	woodborer beetle	ຫມອດ
muaj	muaj			whisper	
mpə:ŋ	mpə:ŋ			kind of rattan	ຫວາຍໜູ
mpa:ŋ	mpa:ŋ			bitter green gourd	ໝາກກະດອມ
mpu:j	mpu:j			Puy village	ບ້ານປູຍ
ʔmpə:m	mpə:m			classifier for animals	ໂຕ (ສັດ)
ʔmpiah	mpiah	mpiah	mpiah	side, half	ເບື້ອງໜຶ່ງ
ʔmbiw:	mbiw			tamarind	ໝາກຂາມ
mbi: lu go:ŋ	mbi: lu go:ŋ			dragonfly	ແມງປີ
ʔmbe?	mbe?			calf (animal)	ຄວາຍນ້ອຍ
mbi?	mbi?			afternoon	ຕອນແລງ
ʔmbi? bi?	mbi? bi?			late afternoon	
mbuŋ luŋ:	mbuŋ luŋ			small-mouth fishbowl	ໄຫຂັງປາ
ʔmbo:t	mbo:t			trick, mess with	ຫຼອກ
mbə:k	mbə:k	mbə:k	mbə:k	tree bark	ເປືອກໄມ້
mbra:	mbra:			in two days	ມື້ຮີ
maʔi?	m ^a ʔi?	maʔi?	m ^a ʔi?	squash, pumpkin	ໝາກອີ
mamec	m ^a mec			none at all	ບໍ່ມີຈັກດີ້
maŋim:	m ^a ŋim	maŋim:	m ^a ŋim	mountain	ພູ
maŋə:m	m ^a ŋə:m			begin to do	ເລີ້ມເຮັດວຽກ

m̩naw:	m̩naw			afternoon	ຕອນແລງ
m̩nuj̩	m̩nuj̩	m̩nəj̩:	m̩nəj̩	person	ຄົນ
m̩nu:n	m̩nu:n			ridge between paddies	ຄັນແທນາ
m̩nu:ɲ	m̩nu:ɲ	m̩nu:ɲ	m̩nu:ɲ	beak	ສົບນົກ
m̩nʰai?	m̩nʰe?	m̩nʰai?	m̩nʰe?	to wink	ຍິບຕາ
m̩nʰə?	m̩nʰə?			nod head	
m̩nʰa:ŋ	m̩nʰa:ŋ	m̩nʰa:ŋ	m̩nʰa:ŋ	black ant	ມົດຄັນ
m̩li:	m̩li:	m̩li:	m̩li:	jackfruit	ໝາກມື້
m̩ria?	m̩ria?			same, likewise	ຄືກັນ
m̩nuj̩	m̩nuj̩			something boiled	ຕົ້ມ
m̩nu:ua	m̩nu:ua	m̩nu:ua	m̩nu:ua	pangolin	ລິ້ນ
ʔm					
ʔmɛc	ʔmɛc	ʔmɛ'c	ʔmɛc	animal	ໂຕສັດ
ʔmɛɲ:	ʔmɛɲ	ʔmɛɲ:	ʔmɛɲ	be fast	ໄວ
ʔmɔ:n	ʔmɔ:n			how much (price)	ເທົ່າໃດ
ʔmak tiŋ:	ʔmak tiŋ			button	ກະດຸມ
ʔma?	ʔma?			God	ພະເຈົ້າ
ʔmaŋ:	ʔmaŋ			block, cover	ກ້າບັງ
ʔmah	ʔmah			refer to	ວ່າ
ʔma:t	ʔma:t	ʔma:t	ʔma:t	real	ແທ້
ʔmɔn:	ʔmun			merit, luck	ບຸນ
ʔmu:	ʔmu:			how much (price)	ເທົ່າໃດ
ʔmu:k	ʔmu:k			puddle	ບວກ
ʔmɔ:n	ʔmɔ:n	ʔmɔ:n	ʔmɔ:n	place, location	ສະຖານທີ່, ບ່ອນ
ʔmia	ʔmia			skin bump	ເປັນຕຸ່ມ
ʔmia	ʔmia	ʔmia	ʔmia	rain (n)	ຝົນ
ʔmuan	ʔmuan			tell a tale	ເລົ່າເລື່ອງ
ɲ					
ɲət ɲət	ɲət ɲət	ɲət ɲət	ɲət ɲət	when	ເມື່ອໃດ
ɲaw:	ɲaw			when	ເມື່ອໃດ
ɲɔ:p	ɲɔ:p	ɲɔ:p	ɲɔ:p	to defecate	ຂັບຖ່າຍ, ຖ່າຍຫນັກ
n					
neŋ no:ŋ	neŋ no:ŋ			luffa, sponge gourd	ຍວງໝາກບວບ
ne:	ne:	ne:	ne:	this	ນີ້
ne:w nia	ne:w nia			lineage, bloodline	ສືບຕະກຸນ
nik n̩n:ik	nik n̩n:ik			young teenage boy	ຜູ້ບ່າວ
nɲiŋ:	nɲiŋ			northward	ທາງເຫນືອ
ni:k	ni:k			mermaid	ເງືອກ
na?	na?			alive	ຍັງ
naw:	naw	naw:	naw	time	ຕອນ
na:w	na:w	na:w	na:w	older sibling's spouse	ພໍ່ອ້າຍ/ພໍ່ເອື້ອຍ
nauh	noh			enough	ພໍ
no:j	no:j	no:j	no:j	earthworm	ຂີ້ກະເດືອນ
no:k tr̩no:k	no:k tr̩no:k			play hide-and-seek	
niam	niam			recover from illness	ເຊົາເຈັບ

nuan	nuan			soft (like mattress)	ນ້ຳ
nuar	nuar			before	ກ່ອນ
ʔnti:k	nti:k	ntə:k	ntə:k	turtle	ເຕົ້າ
ʔntam:	ntam			planted things	ແນວບຸກ
nton:	ntun			after	ຕາມຫຼັງ
ntuŋ:	ntuŋ			hammock	ຊ
ntiaŋ	ntiaŋ			catfish	ປາດຸກ
ʔntiaʔ	ntiaʔ	ʔntiaʔ	ntiaʔ	downstream	ລ່ອງໄປຕາມນ້ຳ, ຕາມກະແສນ້ຳ
ʔndi:	ndi:			side-dish	ກິນກັບ
ʔndaɰ	ndaɰ			newly	ໃໝ່ ໆ
nda:j	nda:j			for now	ຢ່າຜ່າວ
ndo:m	ndo:m	ndə:m	ndə:m	cucumber	ໝາກແຕງ (ກະບ່ອງ/ຫມີ)
ndri:	ndri:			Inthii village	ບ້ານອິນທິ
ndre:	ndre:			three ago (years, days)	ສາມປີຫຼັງ
ndri:ŋ	ndri:ŋ			platform under house	ຕ່ຽງ
ndra:	ndra:			two ago (years, days)	ປີຊົນ
ʔndra:ŋ	ndra:ŋ			sieve for rice bran	ເຂົ້ງຮ່ອນຮ່າ
ndrəŋ:	ndrəŋ			kind of snake	
ndrə:k	ndrə:k			toad	ຄັນຄາກ
ʔndriam	ndriam	ndriəm	ndriam	spade	ສຽມ
nəmuŋ:	n ^a muŋ			catfish barb	
nəmo:ŋ	n ^a mo:ŋ			a kind of grasshopper	
nəniŋ:	n ^a niŋ	nəniŋ:	n ^a niŋ	upstream	ທາງຕົ້ນນ້ຳ
nəni:m	n ^a ni:m			yoke	
nənəŋ:	n ^a nəŋ			mahogany	ໄມ້ດຸ່
nənaw:	n ^a naw	nənaw:	n ^a naw	jar	ອ/ແອງ
nəna:	n ^a na:			herd	ຜຸງສັດ
nsi:	nsi:	nsi:	nsi:	big bamboo	ໄມ້ໃສ່/ໄມ້ສ້າງໃສ່
nsa:j	nsa:j			fishing rod	ເປັດ
ʔnsə:m	nsə:m			sticky rice dessert	ເຂົ້າຕົ້ມ
nəni:k	n ^a nnik			young man	ຜູ້ບ່າວ
nənam:	n ^a nnam			planted things	ແນວບຸກ
nənaj:	n ^a nnaj	nənaj:	n ^a nnaj	river	ແມ່ນ້ຳ
nənoʔ	n ^a nnoʔ			things, items, objects	ເຄື່ອງຂອງ
ʔn					
ʔni:	ʔni:	ʔni:	ʔni:	be good	ດີ
ʔni:	ʔni:			misbehaving	ຂີ້ດີ
ʔnak saʔ ʔna:	ʔnak saʔ ʔna:	ʔnak saʔ ʔna:	ʔnak saʔ ʔna:	guava	ໝາກສິດາ
ʔnaw:	ʔnaw	ʔnaw:	ʔnaw	half a unit	ເຄິ່ງຫ້ອງ
ʔnar ʔnar	ʔnar ʔnar			very badly hurt	ຈົບແຮງ
ʔna:	ʔna:			flood	ນ້ຳຖ້ວມ
ʔna:w	ʔna:w			again, now	ໃໝ່
ʔnuʔ	ʔnuʔ			industrious	ດ
ʔnu:ŋ	ʔnu:ŋ			classifier for instrument	ດອງ

ʔnoh	ʔnoh	ʔnoh	ʔnoh	ladle, scoop (n)	ກະບວຍ
ʔnoh p ^h uŋ:	ʔnoh p ^h uŋ	ʔnoh p ^h oŋ:	ʔnoh p ^h uŋ	papaya	ໝາກຫ່ງ
ʔno:	ʔno:			wild chestnut	ໝາກກໍ່
ʔno:t	ʔno:t			jerky (e.g., pork)	ຊີ້ນຫລອດ
ɲ					
ɲrw:	ɲiw			revive	ຟື້ນຄືນ
ɲi:	ɲi:	ɲi:	ɲi:	husband of younger sister	ນ້ອງເຂີຍ
ɲie:t	ɲe:t	ɲie:t	ɲe:t	to drink	ດື່ມ/ກິນນໍ້າ
ɲieɲ:	ɲeɲ			to nibble	ແຕ່ນ, ກັດ
ɲe:	ɲe:			what	ອີ່ຫຍັງ
ɲi:m	ɲi:m	ɲi:m	ɲi:m	to weep	ໄຫ້
ɲi:j	ɲi:j	ɲi:j	ɲi:j	exit	ອອກ
ɲah	ɲah			cock crossbow	ດຶງ
ɲa:	ɲa:			we (1p inc.)	ພວກເຮົາ
ɲa:ŋ	ɲa:ŋ			cicada	ຈັກຈໍ່ນ
ɲo:ŋ	ɲo:ŋ	ɲo:ŋ	ɲo:ŋ	don't	ບໍ່ເຮັດ
ɲiar	ɲiar			disapprove	ຫລົບຕາຊັງ
ɲci:ŋ	ɲci:ŋ	ɲci:ŋ	ɲci:ŋ	lean against	ອີງ
ɲɲe?	ɲɲe?	ɲɲe:?	ɲɲe:?	baby	ເດັກນ້ອຍເກີດໃໝ່
ɲɲu:r	ɲɲu:r	ɲɲu:r	ɲɲu:r	warm oneself by fire	ຜົງໄພ
ʔɲo:j	ʔɲo:j			bend down (plants)	ຫມຸບ
ɲɲnim:	ɲ ^a nim	ɲɲnim:	ɲ ^a nim	whetstone, grindstone	ຫີນຂົນຜ້າ
ɲɲniw:	ɲ ^a niw			fight (chickens)	ຕົກັນ (ໄກ່)
ɲɲanaŋ:	ɲ ^a naŋ	ɲɲanaŋ:	ɲ ^a naŋ	mirror	ແວ່ນ
ɲɲm:iw:	ɲ ^a m:iw			faint	ສະຫລົບ
ɲɲantlap	ɲ ^a ntlap	ɲɲandlap	ɲ ^a ndlap	monkey	ລົງ
ʔɲ					
ʔɲa:n	ʔɲa:n			reach out	ຮື້
ʔɲu:j	ʔɲu:j	ʔɲu:j	ʔɲu:j	smoke	ຄວັນ
ŋ					
ŋan:	ŋan	ŋan:	ŋan	to sleep	ນອນຫຼັບ
ŋaj:	ŋaj	ŋaj:	ŋaj	tomorrow	ມື້ອື່ນ
ŋ					
ŋin:	ŋin			catch fire	ໄຫມ້
ŋir:	ŋir			healthy	ສະບາຍດີ
ŋi:r	ŋi:r	ŋi:r	ŋi:r	front	(ທາງ) ໜ້າ
ŋəm:	ŋəm			hot	ອົບເອົ້າ
ŋə:j	ŋə:j	ŋə:j	ŋə:j	sloped	ຄ້ອຍ
ŋaw:	ŋaw	ŋaw:	ŋaw	often	ຕະຫຼອດ/ເລື້ອຍໆ
ŋa:j	ŋa:j	ŋa:j	ŋa:j	he, she, it, they (3generic)	ພວກເຂົາ
ŋa:w	ŋa:w			healthy and well	ຢູ່ດີມີແຮງ
ŋon:	ŋun			moment	ບິດໜຶ່ງ
ŋor	ŋur			shade	ຮົ່ມ
ŋo:c	ŋo:c			burn food	ເຮັດໄຫມ້
ŋo:p	ŋo:p			to wish, want	ຢາກ

ŋw:h	ŋw:h	ŋw:h	ŋw:h	to cut (hair)	ຕັດຜົມ
ŋiat	ŋiat	ŋiet	ŋiat	small carp	ປາຊົວ
ŋiaw	ŋiaw	ŋiaw	ŋiaw	black	ດ່າ
ŋuat	ŋuat			abstain from food	ບໍ່ກິນເຂົ້າ
ŋkap	ŋkap			somewhat	ພໍດີ
ŋkəŋ:	ŋkəŋ			bracelet	ພະລັກແຂນ
ŋkə:ŋ	ŋkə:ŋ			red ant	ມົດແດງ
ʔŋkəŋ:	ŋkəŋ	ʔŋkəŋ:	ŋkəŋ	seed	ໃນ/ເມັດ
ŋkəŋ bo:n	ŋkəŋ bo:n			Adam's apple	ຄໍຫອຍ
ʔŋkua	ŋkua			kind of fish	ປາກັງ
ŋkuaj	ŋkuaj	ŋkuaj	ŋkuaj	gecko	ກະປອມ
ʔŋgəŋ:	ŋgəŋ			carry	ຈັບ
ŋga:w	ŋga:w			ploughshare	ໄຖ
ʔŋʔə:m	ŋʔə:m	ʔŋʔə:m	ŋʔə:m	edible leaf	ຜັກຂະແຂງ
ŋhu:r	ŋhu:r			have a cold	ເປັນຫວັດ
ʔŋ					
ʔŋih	ʔŋih	ʔŋi:h	ʔŋi:h	to miss	ຄິດຮອດ
ʔŋah ŋʔŋah	ʔŋah ŋʔŋah	ʔŋah ŋʔŋah	ʔŋah ŋʔŋah	often	ຕະຫຼອດ/ເລື້ອຍໆ
ʔŋa:m	ʔŋa:m	ʔŋa:m	ʔŋa:m	be sweet	ຫວານ
ʔŋu:	ʔŋu:	ʔŋu:	ʔŋu:	tree stump	ຕໍ່ໄມ້
s					
sip	sip			wear (earrings)	ໃສ່
sic	sic			bump on something hard	ດ່າ
se:t	se:t			too much	ໂພດ
se:w	se:w			peel, slice off skin	
səh	səh			horse	ມ້າ
sɛ:m	sɛ:m			leak (boat)	ຮົ່ວ
si:k	si:k	si:k	si:k	rice husk	ເປືອກເຂົ້າ
səp	səp			complete, full	ຄົບ
sə:	sə:	sə:	sə:	self	ຕົນເອງ
sə:k	sə:k			strip off, peel off	ປອກ
sə:ŋ	sə:ŋ	sə:ŋ	sə:ŋ	five (people)	ຫ້າຄົນ
sə:w	sə:w			gossip	ເວົ້າພັນ
sə:r	sə:r	snə:r	snnə:r	help	ຊ່ວຍ
sam:	sam			to rest	ພັກຜ່ອນ
saj:	saj	saj:	saj	previous (day, month, year)	ເມື່ອວານ
sa:	sa:			stop (rain)	ເຊົາ
sa:	sa:			lift and shake	ຮັ້ງຂຶ້ນ
sa:p	sa:p			big woven fish trap	ວີ
sa:p	sa:p			be spilled	ເຫຼ່ຍ
sa:c	sa:c			drain pond	ສະນ້າ/ໄປ່ມນ້ຳໜອງເພື່ອ ຈັບປາ
sa:c	sa:c			to scoop	ຊະ
sa:m	sa:m			bored	ເປື້ອ
sa:j	sa:j			older sibling	ອ້າຍ/ເອື້ອຍ
sa:r	sa:r			male (animal)	ໂຕຜູ້

sa:r kasa:r	sa:r k ^a sa:r			rake (n)	ເຫຼັກກວາດຂີ້ເຫຍື້ອ
sa:j	sa:j			lacking food	ຂາດຂອງກິນ
sai	sai	sai	sai	thou (2s)	ເຈົ້າ
sot	sut	sot	sut	bee	ເຜີ້ງ
so ⁱ c	suc	so ⁱ c	suc	to sting (bee)	ຕອດ (ເຜີ້ງ)
sum [?] mo:	sum [?] mo:	sum [?] mo:	sum [?] mo:	pomelo	ສົ້ມໂອ
sor	sur			skewer	ສຽບ
su:	su:			leftover (food)	ເຫລືອ
su:k	su:k			put through	ສຸບ
sau?	so?	sau?	so?	be rotten	ເນົ່າ
so:p	so:p			eat scraps	
so:t	so:t			be blind	ຕາບອດ
sok	sok	sok	sok	hair	ຜົມ
sokh	sokh			demolish	ມ້າງ
so:k	so:k			lump in flesh after boil	
siak	siak			offering	ຖະຫວາຍ
sia?	sia?	sie?	sia?	how many	ເທົ່າໃດ
sianj	sianj			bamboo strip	ຈັກຕອກ
sianj p ^h aj:	sianj p ^h aj	sianj p ^h aj:	sianj p ^h aj	small bamboo	ໄມ້ສ້າງໃຜ່
siaw suac	siaw suac			finished	ແລ້ວ ໆ
siar	siar	siar	siar	skewer	ສຽບ
siah	siah			porch	ນອກຊານ
sia?	sia?			covered in sticky film	
sua	sua			however	ຕາມ
suaj	suaj	suaj	suaj	tail	ຫາງ
suar	suar			go along	ໄປຕາມ
sre:ŋ	sre:ŋ			craving	
sreh	sreh			chop (branch)	ຕັດ
sriŋ:	sriŋ:	sriŋ:	sriŋ:	surprised	ຕົ້ນ
sra:p	sra:p			scale (e.g., fish)	ເກັດບາ
sru:k	sru:k			diarrhea	ຖອກທ້ອງ
srōh	srōh			lose weight	ຈ່ອຍລົງ
srō:k	srō:k	srō:k	srō:k	dry up	ບົກ
sriat	sriat			leak	ຮົ່ວ
sapec	s ^a pec			wag, swing	ແກ້ວງຫາງ
siaw suac	s ^a pa:ŋ			hut	ຕູບ/ຖຽງນາ
sabuaj	s ^a buaj			bait	
satar:	s ^a tar			sour-leaf vine	
sata:k	s ^a ta:k	sata:k	s ^a ta:k	bean	ໝາກຖົ່ວ
satum:	s ^a tum			thicket	ຝຸ່ມໄມ້
sadi:w	s ^a di:w			cook in bamboo	ຫລາມ (ໃສກະບັງ)
sadik	s ^a dik			choke (intr.)	ສະມັກອາຫານ
sadik	s ^a dik			pull up	ເອົາຂຶ້ນ
sadi:ŋ	s ^a di:ŋ	sadi:ŋ	s ^a di:ŋ	be thin	ບາງ

sɑ̌di:w	s ^a di:w			seed (for planting)	ເຂົ້າບຸກ/ແນວພັນເຂົ້າ
sɑ̌dak	s ^a dak			hang (with noose)	ຜຸກຄ່າຕາຍ
sɑ̌daw:	s ^a daw			wear hat	ໃສ່ໝວກ
sɑ̌da:	s ^a da:			wash (dishes)	ລ້າງ
sɑ̌dɔm:	s ^a dum			put down	ວາງ
sɑ̌don:	s ^a dun			move back	ຖອຍໄປ
sɑ̌du:	s ^a du:	sɑ̌du:	s ^a du:	pus	ໜອງ
sɑ̌cu:k lu:k lu:j	s ^a cu:k lu:k lu:j			turn upside-down	ເອົາຫົວລົງ
sɑ̌jua	s ^a jua	sɑ̌juɛ	s ^a jua	boil rice	ຫງ (ເຂົ້າ)
sɑ̌kaj:	s ^a kaj			parent of spouse	ພໍ່ແມ່ຂອງຜົວ/ແມຍ
sɑ̌ka:	s ^a ka:			one's own	ຂອງຕົນເອງ
sɑ̌ga:w	s ^a ga:w			know	(ບໍ່) ຈັກ
sɑ̌yu:r	s ^a gu:r			log	ຂອນໄມ້
sɑ̌go:ŋ	s ^a go:ŋ			scrape off (scales)	ເສາະ
sɑ̌gɔ:	s ^a gɔ:			white-haired	ຫງອກ
sɑ̌ʔi:t	s ^a ʔi:t	sɑ̌ʔi:t	s ^a ʔi:t	be slow	ຊ້າ
sɑ̌ʔɔ:ŋ	s ^a ʔɔ:ŋ			clean, pure	ສະອາດ/ບໍລິສຸດ
sɑ̌ʔaw:	s ^a ʔaw			lose weight (animal)	ຈ່ອຍລົງ
sɑ̌ʔa:r	s ^a ʔa:r			chicken crop	ຫນຽງ
sɑ̌ʔɔ:m	s ^a ʔɔ:m	sɑ̌ʔɔ:m	s ^a ʔɔ:m	fragrant	ຫອມ
sɑ̌mia	s ^a mia			bat (animal)	ເຈຍ
sɑ̌nah	s ^a nah			woven fish tray	ກະແຕະ
sɑ̌na:	s ^a na:			crossbow	ທະນູ
sɑ̌na:m	s ^a na:m	sɑ̌na:m	s ^a na:m	house	ເຮືອນ
sɑ̌nu:k	s ^a nu:k			manger	ຮ່າງ
sɑ̌nɔŋ:	s ^a nɔŋ			straw (for drinking)	ທໍ່ດູດ
sɑ̌ʔnaiʔ	s ^a ʔneʔ	sɑ̌ʔnaiʔ	s ^a ʔneʔ	too bad	ເສຍດາຍ
sɑ̌ŋɔ:	s ^a ŋɔ:			pine tree	ຕົ້ນແປກ
sɑ̌sɑp	s ^a sɑp			cover with blanket	ຕົ້ມຜ້າຫໍ່ມ
sɑ̌sɑj:	s ^a sɑj			tendon	ເອິນ
sɑ̌su:n	s ^a su:n			sculpt	ປັ້ນ
sɑ̌siaŋ	s ^a siaŋ			cut into strips	ຈັກຕອກ
sɑ̌vi:w	s ^a wi:w			look around	ຫລຽວເບິ່ງ
sɑ̌vi:	s ^a wi:			starfruit	ໝາກເຜືອງ
sɑ̌vɔt	s ^a vɔt			smash on ground	ທຸບລົງ
sɑ̌var	s ^a war			lost, confused	ຫລົງທາງ
sɑ̌vah	s ^a wah			search, rummage	ຄົ້ນ
sɑ̌vɔ:	s ^a vɔ:	sɑ̌vɔ:	s ^a vɔ:	corn	ໝາກເຂົ້າໂພດ/ສາລີ
sɑ̌viaw	s ^a wiaw			throw	ໂຍນ
sɑ̌lɔ:ŋ	s ^a lɔ:ŋ			jump over	ກະໂດດ
sɑ̌jɔ:ŋ	s ^a jɔ:ŋ	sɑ̌jɔ:ŋ	s ^a jɔ:ŋ	prawn, shrimp	ກັງ
sɑ̌juat	s ^a juat			drip	ຢອດ/ຢ້ອຍ
sri:j	sri:j			maggot	ໜອນຂອງແມງວັນ

sri:c	sri:c			helicopter seed plant	ກົກຍາງ
srəm:	srəm			smelly	ຄາວ
srak	srak			almost dried up	ນ້ຳບົກ
sra? srə:n	sra? srə:n			sympathize, pity	ອີ່ຕົນ
sraŋ:	sraŋ	sraŋ:	sraŋ	be dry	ແຫ້ງ
sra:	sra:			lose weight (human)	ຈ່ອຍລົງ
sra:c	sra:c			sow rice	ຫວ່ານກ້າ
srok	sruk	srok	sruk	village	ບ້ານ
sru:	sru:			to steam	ໜັງເຂົ້າ
sro:j	sro:j			know (about past)	
srɔ:	srɔ:			casting net	ແຫ
sriaŋ	sriaŋ			ant queen	
sruat	sruat	sruat	sruat	skin	ຜິວໜັງ
smba:n	smba:n	smba:n	smba:n	cloth	ແຜ
smbra:t	smbra:t	smbra:t	smbra:t	naked	ປະເປືອຍ
smbra:j	smbra:j			leave hair down	ລະຜົມ
smbrok	smbruk			pair	ຄູ່
smbru:k	smbru:k			fit together	ເອາໄວ້ເປັນຄູ່
smbro:j	smbro:j			Chomphoi village	ບ້ານຈອມໂພຍ
sm?ma:j	sm?ma:j			fine, well	ສະບາຍ
sm?ma:j ?ma:j	sm?ma:j ?ma:j			happy and well	ສະບາຍໆ
sndri:t	sndri:t			belt	ສາຍແອວ
sndru:	sndru:			steamer	ຫວດ
sən:ək	snnək			peel (n)	ສິ່ງທີ່ປອກແລ້ວ
sən:ər	snnər			help each other	ຊ່ວຍກັນ
sən:ap	snnap	sən:ap	snnap	blanket	ຜ້າໜົມ
sən:u:r	snnu:r			cluster of bananas	ເຄືອ
sn?no:ŋ	sn?no:ŋ	sn?no:ŋ	sn?no:ŋ	dote on, rub	ແຜງ
sn?nək	sn?nək			shake	ສັ່ນ
sŋgim:	sŋgim			deadfall (weighted trap)	ຖົບ
sŋgɔk	sŋgɔk			to knock (on door)	ເຄາະ
sŋgre:ŋ	sŋgre:ŋ			leafy plant	ສົ້ມພໍດີ
sŋ?ɔ:m	sŋ?ɔ:m			makeup	ເຄື່ອງສ່າອາງ
səŋ:uat	səŋ:uat			cause to not eat	ບໍ່ໃຫ້ກິນເຂົ້າ
srpuac	srpuac			pick out (lice)	
srbəŋ:	srbəŋ			to jump, leap	ເຕັ້ນ
srba:	srba:			long fishing rod	ເປັດ
srbo:ŋ liaŋ	srbo:ŋ liaŋ			topless	ບໍ່ໃສ່ເສື້ອ
srtəŋ:	srtəŋ			clear (sound)	ຊັດເຈນ
srtaw:	srtaw	srtaw:	srtaw	roof	ຫ້ງຄາ
srđi:n srda:w	srđi:n srda:w			leafy plant	
srđə:w	srđə:w			place under	ຮອງ
srdu:ŋ	srdu:ŋ			hole in ground	ຊມ
srjuh ʃia	srjuh ʃia			praying mantis	ແມງມ້າ
srʃia ʃraj:	srʃia ʃraj:			kind of spirit	
srki:	srki:			gill	ເງິບ

srkec	srkec			crumb	
srkaʔ kɔda:m	srkaʔ k ^a da:m			red-flower plant	ດອກເຂັມ
srkɔʔ	srkɔʔ			eggshell	ເປືອກໄຂ່
srʔə:w	srʔə:w			make soup	ແກງ/ຕົ້ມ
srmɪ:m	srmɪ:m			thick facial hair	
srmɪ:m ma:m	srmɪ:m ma:m			small flying insect	
srmaw:	srmaw	srmaw:	srmaw	shadow, shade	ຮົ່ມ, ດົງາ
srŋɛ:	srŋɛ:			wild rice	ເຂົ້ານົກ
srseŋ:	srseŋ	srseŋ:	srseŋ	gums	ຟັນແຂ້ວ/ເຫງືອກ
srsik	srsik			to trip, stumble	ສະດຸດ
srsauh	srsoh	srsauh	srsoh	lungs	ປອດ
srjɪ:k	srjɪ:k			clothesline	
h					
hɪr	hir			children's snot	ຂີ້ມຸກໄຫວ
hi:p	hi:p			coffin	ໂລງ
he:t	he:t			stingy	ຂີ້ຖີ່
hit	hit	hit	hit	sniff	ດົມ
hit	hit			tobacco	ຕົ້ນຢາສຸບ, ຢາເສັ້ນ
him:	him			happy	ດີໃຈ
hin:	hin			sick of, annoyed	ໃຈຮ້າຍ
hi:	hi:			to clear (field)	ຖາງ
hi:m	hi:m			spring water	ບໍ່ນ້ຳ
hət	hət	hət	hət	early	ໄວ
hə:r	hə:r			swim upstream	
hə:r ŋhə:r	hə:r ŋhə:r			cool	
hap	hap	hap	hap	shirt	ເສື້ອ
hat	hat			tight-fitting	ຄັບ
ham:	ham			salty	ເຄັມ
har	har	har	har	be spicy	ເຜັດ
ha:p	ha:p	ha:p	ha:p	to yawn	ຫາວ
ha:w	ha:w			to climb	ຂຶ້ນ
huc	huc			to sip from spoon	ຊົດ
hauʔ	hoʔ			also	ອີກ
ho:m	ho:m	ho:m	ho:m	bathe (intr.)	ອາບນ້ຳ
hək hək	hək hək			strongly desire	ຢາກແຮງ
hɔ:k	hɔ:k			to wear	ນຸ່ງ
hɔ:m	hɔ:m			not so much	ບໍ່ບານໃດ
hia hɔʔ	hia hɔʔ			plant with white flowers	
huat	huat	huat	huat	breathe	ຫັນໃຈ
huac	huac			ooze out	
huac ʔŋhuac	huac ŋhuac			whistle	ຜິວປາກ
huan	huan			to sprout	ເກີດ
hɔdi:	h ^a di:	hɔdi:	h ^a di:	halfway full	ເຄິ່ງນຶ່ງ (ບໍ່ເຕັມ)
hɔdeh	h ^a deh	hɔdeh	h ^a deh	be cold	ໜາວ
hɔʔə:p	h ^a ʔə:p			layer	ຊັ້ນ

həʔw:k	h ^a ʔw:k			kapok fluff	ນົ່ນ
həʔw:ŋ	h ^a ʔw:ŋ			bee pollen	
həmia	h ^a miə			be aware, conscious of	ຮູ້ເມືອ
həŋw:	h ^a ŋw:	həŋw:	h ^a ŋw:	sesame	ໝາກງາ
həjot	h ^a jut			rattan	ຫວາຍ
həmpiat	həmpiat	həmpiat	həmpiat	tongue	ລິ້ນ
hərdauʔ	hərdəʔ			kind of fish	ປາຂາວມົນ
həʔw:m	həʔw:m	həʔw:m	həʔw:m	to hate	ຊ້ງ
həme:t	həme:t	həme:t	həme:t	yellow	ເຫຼືອງ
həmi:ŋ	həmi:ŋ	həmi:ŋ	həmi:ŋ	rhinoceros	ແຮດ
həmia	həmia	həmia	həmia	visit	ຢ້ຽມຢາມ
hənaih	həneh			harrow	ຄາດ
hənah	hənah			other	ອື່ນ
həŋw:w	həŋw:w	həŋw:w	həŋw:w	residential land	ດິນປຸກສ້າງ
hərla:k	hərla:k			orphan	ກ່າພອຍ
həʔja:w	həʔja:w			Lagnao village	ບ້ານລະຍາວ
w					
wit	wit			crazy	ບ້າ
wiŋ:	wiŋ			turn around	ກັບໄປ
wir	wir	wir	wir	to be	ເປັນ
wə:w wəŋ	wə:w wəŋ			sit in circle	ນັ່ງເປັນວົງມົນ
wə:w	wə:w				
wə:r	wə:r			all over (spread)	ທົ່ວ
wəŋ:	wəŋ			twist together	ກັ້ວ/ພັນ/ມ້ວນ
wə:	wə:	wə:	wə:	you (2p)	ພວກເຈົ້າ
wi:ŋ	wi:ŋ	wi:ŋ	wi:ŋ	forget	ລືມ
wə:n	wə:n			whirlpool	ນ້ຳວຽນ
wat	wat			to wrap, coil	ຄັ້ງນ
wəʔ	wəʔ			to open mouth	ອາປາກ
wan:	wan			jungle plant	ບໍ່ສ່ຳພັນ
wəʔ	wəʔ			almost	ເກືອບ/ມ້ືຊິ
wə:	wə:	wə:	wə:	they (3d)	ພວກເຂົາ
wə:c	wə:c			form, dig with hands	ຄວັດ
wə:w	wə:w			frog hole	ປັກ
wə:r	wə:r			vine	ເຄືອໄມ້
wəj sraʔ	wəj sraʔ			sympathize, pity	ອີ່ຕົນ
wəŋ wə:w	wəŋ wə:w			to spin	ໝູນຕົວ
wiat	wiat			pinch and twist	ປິດ
ʔw					
ʔwə:	ʔwə:	ʔwə:	ʔwə:	toward (north, south)	ທາງ
ʔwia	ʔwia	ʔwie	ʔwia	wave at	ເອີ້ນ
l					
lə:ŋ	lə:ŋ			pour	ຖອກ
lə:w	lə:w	lə:w	lə:w	flow, float	ໄຫຼ
lən:	lən	lən:	lən	stuck (in throat)	ຄ້າງ
ləj:	ləj			floating algae	ເທົາ

lah	lah			banana bunch	ຫວີກ້ວຍ
la: lə:ŋ	la: lə:ŋ	la:	la:	leaf	ໃບໄມ້
la:p	la:p	la:p	la:p	feather	ຂົນນົກ
la:t	la:t			kind of fish	ປາຕອງ
la:ŋ	la:ŋ			scorpion fish	ປາຫລົດ
lum:	lum			unstable (land)	ດິນເຈືອນ
lu:k	lu:k			step through hole	
lauh	loh			broken, damaged	ເພ
lu:	lu:			revive, keep going	ຟື້ນຄືນ
lu:ŋ	lu:ŋ	lu:ŋ	lu:ŋ	wood	ໄມ້
l					
lip	lip			to close eyes	ຫັບຕາ
lɛc	lɛc			fall through hole	ລົງປ່ອງ
lɛ?	lɛ?	lɛ?	lɛ?	be short (length)	ສັ້ນ
lɛ:	lɛ:			kind of bamboo	ໄມ້ໄລ່
li:	li:			make sound	ດັງ
ləp	ləp			make sound	
lək	lək	lək	lək	instance	ເທື່ອ
lə:n	lə:n	lə:n	lə:n	to swallow	ກິນ
lə:j	lə:j			already	ແລ້ວ
lap	lap			fit (into hole)	ສ້າກັບ
lat	lat			amputate, cut	ຕັດ
la?	la?			that, which	ທີ່
lan:	lan	lan:	lan	stuck	ສາ
laŋ:	laŋ	laŋ:	laŋ	be hard	ແຂງ
law:	law			question final particle	ບໍ່
lah	lah			slice open (fish)	ປາດ
la:	la:			request	ຂໍ
la:p	la:p	bor	bur	rub	ລູບ
la:t	la:t			flat	ແບ
la:k	la:k	la:k	la:k	be blunt	ປຸ້/ບໍ່ຄົມ
la:ŋ	la:ŋ			to melt	ລະລາຍ (ໄຂມັນ)
la:j	la:j			snail hole	ປັກ
la:ʃ	la:ʃ			armspan	ວາຫຼັ່ງ
lot	lut			lift up (pant legs)	ຈ້ອນຂຶ້ນ (ໃສ້ງ)
lɔ'c	luc			be infertile	ເປັນໝັນ
luk	luk			smear, spread	ທາ
lu:n	lun			pass under	ລອດ
lu:n	lu:n	lu:n	lu:n	recover	ເຊົາເຈັບ
lu:ŋ	lu:ŋ			to invite	ຊວນ
lop	lop			flopped-over	
loŋ:	loŋ			eldest child	ລູກກົກ
lo:	lo:			outie (navel)	ສະບືຈຸນ
lək	lək			dig hole	ຊດ
lə?	lə?			banana blossom	ດອກກ້ວຍ
lə?	lə?			penis	ຊຍ

loŋ:	loŋ			to capsize	ເຮືອຈົມ
loŋ loj:	loŋ luŋ			tomato	ໝາກເລັ່ນ
loh	loh	loh	loh	know	ຮູ້
lo: le:m	lo: le:m			not serious	ບໍ່ເອົາໃຈໃສ່
lo:t	lo:t			to shed skin	ລອກຄາບ
lo:k	lo:k			to burn (intr.)	ໄໝ້
liap	liap			banyan	ກັກໄຮ
liap	liap			totally	ໝົດ
liat	liat			slice	ປາດ
liak	liak			take oyster from shell	
lianŋ	lianŋ	lianŋ	lianŋ	spoon	ບ່ວງ
lianŋ baŋ:	lianŋ baŋ			temple (head)	ຂະຫມັບ
lianŋ li:p	lianŋ li:p			scapula	
lua	lua			hairy caterpillar	
luat	luat			arm	ແຂນ
luan	luan	luen	luan	be round	ມົນ
luaŋ	luaŋ			take off (shoes)	ຖອດ
luah	luah	luəh	luah	to flow	ໄຫຼ
lʌŋo:k	lʌŋo:k			kind of mushroom	
lʌve:ŋ lʌva:ŋ	lʌwe:ŋ lʌwa:ŋ			windy (plowed path)	
lʌlo:ŋ	lʌlo:ŋ	lʌlo:ŋ	lʌlo:ŋ	shin	ໜ້າແຂງ
ʔ					
ʔle?	ʔle?			tease, bother	ຂີ້ດີ້
ʔle:	ʔle:			later	ຈັກໜ້ອຍ
ʔlih	ʔlih			yank, pry	ດຶງ
ʔlo:ŋ	ʔlo:ŋ			stalk of leaf	ກ້ານໃບ
ʔlia	ʔlia	brie	bria	chew	ຫຍ້າ
ʔlua	ʔlua			fall over	ລົ້ມ
ʔluac	ʔluac			dig, pull out	ຄວັດ, ແກະ
j					
jik	jik			pick up, put away	ມັ່ນ
jih	jih			have	ບໍ່ມີ
ji:j	ji:j	ji:j	ji:j	branch, stick	ກົງໄມ້
jək	jək			saggy (breasts)	ຍານ
ja?	ja?	ja?	ja?	grandparent	ພໍ່ເຖົ້າ
ja? jo:	ja? jo:			grandparents	
ja:w	ja:w	ja:w	ja:w	to chase	ໄລ່
ja:j	ja:j			spouse's older sibling	ລຸງ (ອ້າຍຂອງຜົວ)
ja:r	ja:r			stretchy (skin)	ຍານ
juŋ	juŋ	juŋ	juŋ	overcast	ຜ້າບົດ
ju:c	ju:c			sin	ຜິດ
ju:k	ju:k	ju:k	ju:k	cloud	ເມກເຜືອ
ju:ŋ	ju:ŋ			tie bell around cow's neck	
ju:r	ju:r			invite	ຊວນ
ju?	ju?			imperative final particle	ເດີ

jɔh	jɔh	jɔh	jɔh	be straight	ຊື່
jiɑ	jiɑ	jiɛ	jiɑ	we (1d exc.)	ພວກເຮົາ
jua	jua			female	ໂຕແມ່ (ສັດ)
juar	juar			rapids	ນ້ຳແກ້ງ
jaɟik	jaɟik			pick up dirty dishes	ມ້ຽນພ່າເຂົ້າ
ʔ					
ʔje:ŋ	ʔje:ŋ	ʔje:ŋ	ʔje:ŋ	gold	ຄຳ
ʔjə:ŋ ʔjə:ŋ	ʔjə:ŋ ʔjə:ŋ			happy, at ease	ສະໜຸກສະບາຍ
ʔja:	ʔja:	ʔja:	ʔja:	medicine	ຢາ
ʔja:ŋ ʔja:ŋ	ʔja:ŋ ʔja:ŋ			perfectly made	ງາມ
ʔjɔŋ: ʔjɛc	ʔjɔŋ ʔjɛc			swing	ໂອ້ນສາລ
ʀ					
ʀm	ʀin			afraid (of event)	ຢ້ານຕາຍ
ʀe:ŋ	ʀe:ŋ			straw	ເຜືອງ, ເຜືອງເຂົ້າ
ʀɛ: rɔ:p	ʀɛ: rɔ:p			go play, visit	ໄປຫຼິ້ນ
ʀip	ʀip			compatible (sounds)	ພ້ອມກັນ
ʀik	ʀik			uproot	ລົກ
ʀi:ŋ	ʀi:ŋ			big winnowing basket	ກະດັງໃຫຍ່
ʀək	ʀək			waves	ຄື້ນ
ʀəm:	ʀəm			Hom village	ບ້ານຮົມ
ʀə:ŋ	ʀə:ŋ			go insane, wild	ເປັນບ້ຳ
ʀap	ʀap			grab, catch	ຈັບ
ʀah	ʀah			unroll, unwrap	ປູ
ʀa:ŋ	ʀa:ŋ			Puy village	ບ້ານປູຍ
ʀuh	ʀuh			fall out	ຫລົ່ນ
ʀo:k	ʀo:k	ʀo:k	ʀo:k	mud	ຂີ້ຕົ້ມ
ʀək da:k	ʀək da:k			a plant in water	
ʀɔŋ:	ʀɔŋ	ʀɔŋ:	ʀɔŋ	neck	ວ່າຄໍ
ʀɔ:ŋ	ʀɔ:ŋ	ʀɔ:ŋ	ʀɔ:ŋ	loose	ຫຼົ່ມ
ʀiaŋ	ʀiaŋ			be thirsty	ຫ້ວນ້ຳ
ʀiaŋ	ʀiaŋ			slippery	ມື່ນ
ʀiaɟ	ʀiaɟ	ʀiaɟ	ʀiaɟ	root	ຮາກ
ʀuaŋ	ʀuaŋ			wrinkle (skin)	(ໜັງ) ຫ່ຽວ
ʀuaj:	ʀuaj	ʀuaj:	ʀuaj	fly (n)	ແມງງອນ
r					
ri:k	ri:k			fat (adj)	ອ້ອນ
rɛc	rɛc			chop (wood)	ຕັດ
rɛʔ	rɛʔ			leave, depart from	ຫນີ/ໄປ
rɛ:	rɛ:	rɛ:	rɛ:	to swim	ລອຍນ້ຳ
rɛ:	rɛ:			kind of rattan	ຫວາຍປອງ
rəp	rəp			simultaneous	ພ້ອມກັນ
rə:ŋ	rə:ŋ			tickle	ຂີ້ກະດຽມ
rə:w	rə:w			big and round	ໃຫຍ່
ram:	ram	ram:	ram	to shiver	ສັ່ນ
raw:	raw			direct (adj)	ລັດ
raj:	raj			wake up (intr.)	ຕົ້ນນອນ

raih	raih			to harrow	ຄາດ
ra:	ra:			person classifier	ຄົນ
ra:ŋ	ra:ŋ			watch, look	ເບິ່ງ
ra:w	ra:w	ra:w	ra:w	to wash	ລ້າງ
ra:j	ra:j			kind of mushroom	ເຫັດປວກ
ruʔ	ruʔ			be damaged	ເພ
ru:t	ru:t	ru:t	ru:t	massage	ນອດ
rauh	roh	rauh	roh	to launder	ຊັກຜ້າ
ro:ɿc	ro:c	ro:ɿc	ro:c	twilight	ຄ່ຳ
ro:ŋ	ro:ŋ	ro:ŋ	ro:ŋ	granary	ເລົ່າເຂົ້າ
ro:j	ro:j			withered	ຫ່ຽວ
ro:ʝ	ro:ʝ			gather	ເກັບ
roŋ:	roŋ			broom grass	
ro:ŋ	ro:ŋ			recover	ເຊົາ
rian	rian	rien	rian	to tell	ບອກ
ruat	ruat	ruet	ruat	buy	ຊື້
ruaj	ruaj	ruaj	ruaj	elephant	ຊ້າງ
rɿra:w	rɿra:w			wash dishes	ລ້າງຖ້ອຍ
rɿrauh	rɿroh			do laundry	ຊັກເຄື່ອງ
ʔr					
ʔre:ŋ ʔre:ŋ	ʔre:ŋ ʔre:ŋ			together	ພ້ອມກັນ, ນ່າກັນ
ʔreh	ʔreh	ʔreh	ʔreh	lichen	ຜາກກົກໄມ້
ʔrə:	ʔrə:			burp, spit up (baby)	
ʔraj:	ʔraj			red fruit	ໝາກຄໍ່ແລນ
ʔraj ʔŋʔraj:	ʔraj ŋʔraj	raj ʔŋʔraj:	raj nʔraj	pestle	ສາກ
ʔra:c	ʔra:c			grasshopper	ແມງຕົກແຕນ
ʔra:k	ʔra:k			carry on shoulder pole	ຫາບ
ʔra:ŋ	ʔra:ŋ			sift (rice bran)	ຮ່ອນ
ʔro:ŋ	ʔro:ŋ			staircase	ຂັ້ນໃດ