

Hawaiian Gazette

VOL. VI, NO. 169

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1913. - SEMI WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 3855

ARMY AND NAVY ARE NOW IN READINESS

Government at Washington, Fearing Anti-Foreign Outbreak During Election in Mexico, Prepares for Instant Intervention—Nine Dreadnoughts Ready to Join Others at Vera Cruz.

AMERICAN TROOPS ARE CLOSE TO THE BORDER

Huerta Issues Eleventh Hour Statement to Cabinet Ministers and Diplomats in Which He Says His Only Purpose Is to Establish Peace in Republic and Protect Foreigners.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 24. (By Associated Press Cable)—Provisional President Huerta, in a statement last night, which he read to diplomats of the different governments now in the City of Mexico and to his cabinet ministers, gave assurances that the sole use he will make of his power as Provisional President will be to establish peace in Mexico, and comply strictly with the law governing the elections to be held next Sunday. He declared in conclusion that the Mexican government as it is now constituted is determined to protect foreigners at all costs.

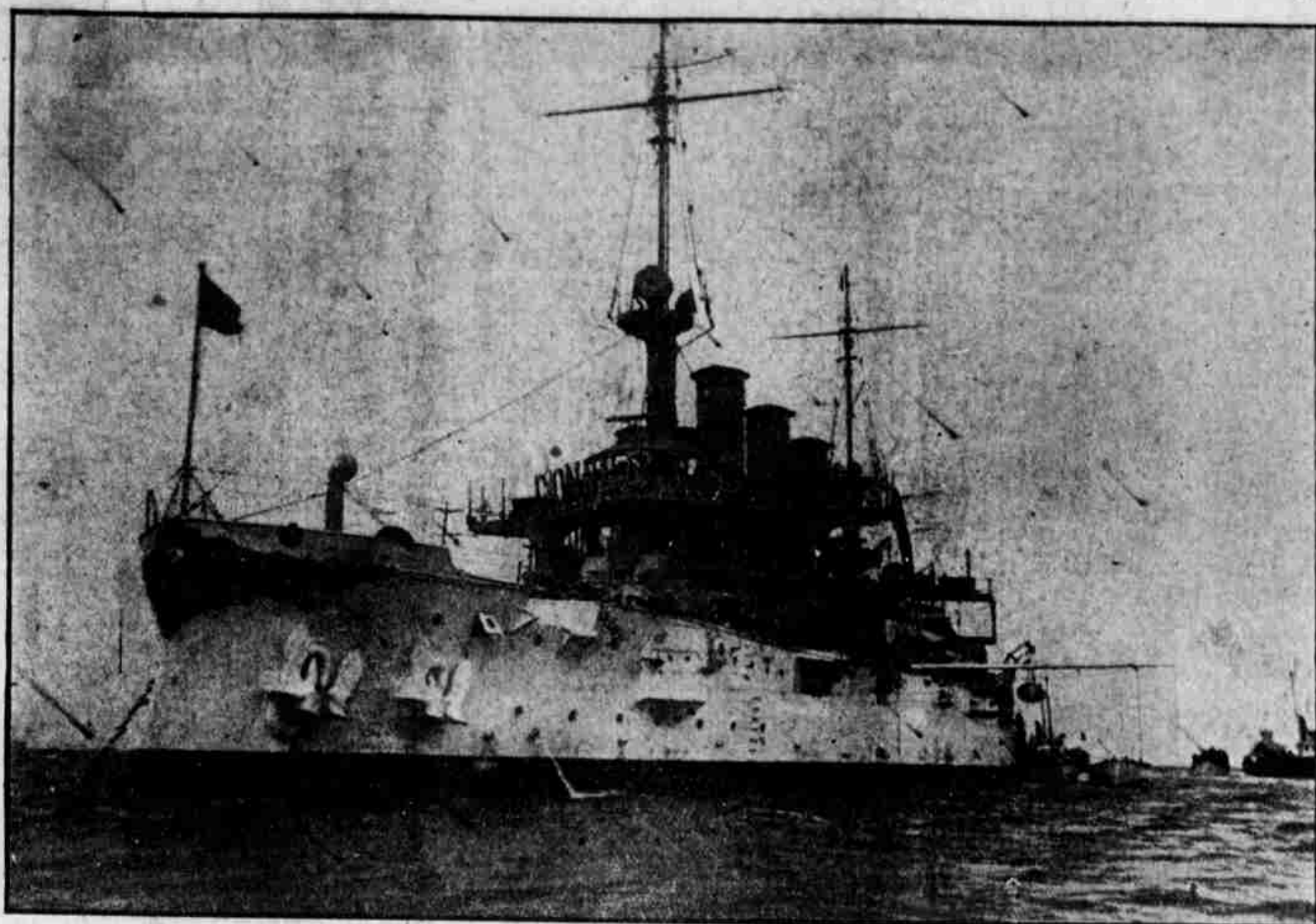
BATTLESHIPS READY TO MOVE WITHOUT DELAY

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Fearing an anti-foreign outbreak during the Mexican election, the administration today completed preparations for armed intervention in Mexico should this become necessary. Both the Army and Navy are in such form that they can be moved instantly with the least possible loss of efficiency. In addition to three dreadnoughts, now anchored at Vera Cruz, nine of the largest ships in the Navy, the Wyoming, Utah, Florida, Arkansas, Delaware, Connecticut, Vermont, Kansas and Ohio will steam out of Hampton Roads Saturday morning. The big ships will not proceed at full speed but will cruise leisurely eastward so as to be within easy wireless communication with Washington for three days after sailing. The warships now at Vera Cruz are the Louisiana, Michigan and New Hampshire.

HUERTA PREPARES TO SEIZE GOVERNMENT

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CITY OF MEXICO, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—It is generally accepted that Great Britain's refusal to follow the policy of the United States in Mexico is an endorsement of the Huerta administration by that country. The dictator intends to hold the reins of power and already preparations are being made for a coup d'etat by which he will be "legally" elected. The plan is to make Frederico Gamboa, the Catholic party's candidate, withdraw his name at the last moment, when Huerta's name will be substituted and he be declared elected. The constitutional provisions barring the President from suc-

Dozen Dreadnoughts in Readiness to Do Their Part When Intervention is Ordered in Mexico



UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP CONNECTICUT.

ALFRED NOBLE'S PEARL HARBOR REPORT MADE

RECOMMENDS NOVEL TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION WORK—CONCRETE SCOW PLAN IS THE PROBABLE CHOICE.

WASHINGTON, October 23. (Special by Cable to The Advertiser)—Alfred Noble, the famous drydock expert, who was sent to Hawaii to make a final report on the Pearl Harbor situation, filed his recommendations with the secretary of the navy today. He recommends that the drydock work on the old location be proceeded with, but suggests an entirely new method of carrying on the work. His recommendation is that the drydock be of a new type, to be built in small sections of reinforced concrete cast outside of the dock excavation, these sections to be floated into place and sunk, to be later concreted together.

The recommendations of Mr. Noble as to the method of building the drydock follow those made by Francis ("Drydock") Smith, although they may not be directly along the proposals made by him. Mr. Smith's idea was to build reinforced concrete sections, as Mr. Noble recommends, and to float these into position. The plan, as he talked it over here, was to have what would really be huge concrete scows, a hundred feet wide and the length of the width of the dock, one hundred and twenty feet. These scows would have a depth of from fifteen to twenty feet, and the concrete in them would be from two to four feet thick.

These scows, according to Mr. Smith's plan, would be floated into position and then sunk by pouring in additional concrete, while the ends—which would form the sides of the drydock—were to be bound on by reinforcement irons and built up to the required height for the dock. As these hundred-foot sections were sunk side by side, they were to be knit together with concrete and steel to form a completed graving dock.

According to those connected with the Pearl Harbor work who could be consulted yesterday as to the probable plan outlined by Mr. Noble, this, or something like it, will be the method under which the new work at Pearl Harbor will be carried on.

eeding himself will be disregarded, the Huertistas maintaining that the suspension of congress for session also suspended the constitution.

WILSON NOW REALIZES SITUATION IS GRAVE

WASHINGTON, October 23. (By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—For the first time since his inauguration, President Wilson today refused to discuss international affairs with the newspaper correspondents, and his attitude is such that there is no longer any doubt that the seriousness of the Mexican situation in its various phases has been greatly increased by the British policy.

Because of the previous frankness with which Mr. Wilson has talked to the press representatives, even when what he said was confidential, his silence now is considered doubly significant as bearing on Great Britain's attitude toward the Mexican situation. The trouble that threatens friction between the two great countries arose, it was learned definitely today, when the new British ambassador to Mexico, Sir Lionel V. Carr, presented his credentials the day after General Huerta had imprisoned the members of his congress.

When interviewed later, Sir Lionel said: "The American government doesn't understand the situation." This, in view of the refusal of the United States to recognize Huerta's

REBELS MURDER MANY.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 23. (By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—News has been received here that the rebels have exterminated an entire village of fifty, the populace snubbing the rebels by attending a church from looters. Three men who were taken prisoners were put to torture. The soles of their feet were skinned and then they were marched several miles, while their captors endeavored to make them cheer for General Carranza, the rebel leader. When they refused, the men were beheaded.

STORK HOVERING OVER HOUSEHOLD OF CZAR

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Czar Nicholas today informed King George and Queen Mary of Great Britain that an addition to the Russian royal family is expected shortly.

GUARDING AGAINST PLAGUE

SEATTLE, October 23. (By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—As the result of the catching of seven rats afflicted with plague, an active campaign is on foot to destroy the many old wooden buildings along the waterfront.

THAW INDICTED BY GRAND JURY

Mattewan Escape and Four Others Are Charged With Conspiracy.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—A supreme court judge today reported the returning of indictments against Harry K. Thaw and four other men and bench warrants were issued for the arrest of Thaw and his companions. Conspiracy in connection with Thaw's escape from Mattewan is charged. This means that all obstacles in the way of Thaw's extradition to New York were removed.

The indictment was voted after eighteen witnesses had been examined. It charged that the plot to free Thaw was hatched in New York. The men who were charged with aiding Thaw to make his sensational dash out of Mattewan and into Canada are Richard Butler, Michael Okeefe, Roger Thompson and Eugene Duffy.

THOUSANDS ATTEND PORTOLA OPENING

SAN FRANCISCO, October 23. (By Associated Press Cable to Star-Bulletin)—San Francisco's second Portola festival opened yesterday with the streets of the city thronged with merry-makers from all sections of the Coast State. It is estimated that the attendance this year is much larger than during the event of 1909.

The events include many in which the entire West will participate, for the whole Coast, and the Mid-Pacific, too, are helping celebrate the Four Hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean by Vasco Nunez de Balboa.

There are pageants, lectures, receptions, banquets and inspection of the warships in the harbor.

The musical program is elaborate, involving the entire festival. Throngs will gather in the open air, under an exampled decorations, for this phase of the holiday. Never was city garbed as San Francisco is for the Portola, miles of streets have been turned into bowers.

By day as well as by night there are fireworks, on a larger scale than the Pacific Coast has yet seen; and in addition the city and harbor are wonderfully illuminated. Electric-outlined warships flash warning signals as they lie in the reflection of castled hills crowned with fire.

WILEY'S PLANS FOR 'PURE FOOD BABY'

Noted Expert Tells Manner in Which He Hopes to Make Child a Healthy Man.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Dr. Harvey Wiley, who has built a "pure air house" in which to rear his "pure food baby," has given out some of the health texts on which he will preach the gospel of right living to his boy.

"Environment has a great effect on children, and this boy is going to have a beautiful view from his house. His life will be beautiful.

"He is going to have plenty of pure air, plenty of pure food and plenty of exercise, and plenty of work when he grows up."

PRESIDENT WILSON ASKED TO ABOLISH MORMON CHURCH

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Legislation prohibiting polygamy and abolishing the Mormon Church in the United States was asked of President Wilson today by the Women's Home Missionary Society, representing twenty thousand women of the Methodist Church. They sent a letter to the President transmitting resolutions offered by Mrs. B. S. Potter, secretary of the Utah Conference passed unanimously by the society at the closing session of its convention here.

BRITISH SYNDICATE BUYS COAL LANDS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BALTIMORE, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—According to advice received here today, negotiations have been closed by a British syndicate for the purchase of extensive coal land and mining properties in the New River district of West Virginia at a price said to approximate \$50,000,000. Five hundred and fifty thousand acres of land and ninety-six collieries are involved in the transaction.

DREW NOW CLAIM AGENT FOR MATSON

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Charles Drew, formerly purser of the liner Wilhelmina and more recently agent of the Matson Navigation Company at this city.

Monarchists Had Planned to Kill President Arriaga

Portuguese Conspiracy Is Thwarted When Government Puts Down Second Recent Uprising in Lisbon.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LISBON, Portugal, October 23.

(Special to The Advertiser)—There was a second outbreak of the Portuguese monarchist uprising today, when a group of students stormed the government buildings. Their leaders, as well as fifteen other persons, were arrested.

According to the authorities, one prisoner confessed that President Arriaga and the Premier were to be assassinated as part of the plot against the government.

The city is under martial law. Members of the cabinet do not venture abroad unless surrounded by soldiers.

FIVE SCOUTS DIE IN CLASH WITH SAVAGES IN MINDANAO JUNGLES

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) MANILA, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Fresh troops were dispatched today for the Aijao in Mindanao where five Philippine scouts are reported killed and eight wounded in fighting with tribesmen who are fortified in their swampy jungle fastness. Captain Harry McElerry, Thirteenth Company of Philippine Scouts, is expected to recover. He has been brought here.

CHANUTE IN THE NEWS; TABOOS NUDE POSTERS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CHANUTE, Kansas, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Musical comedy posters and other glaring billboard scenery displaying female figures in tight or any costumes not "decently comely" were placed under a ban today by the city authorities. Members of the police department were about with brush and paint and plain white paper covering up those portions of posters not properly dressed.

BELIEVED THAT MOST OF 284 MINERS PERISHED

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) DAWSON, New Mexico, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—Late yesterday afternoon the force fighting the fire in the tunnel of the Stag Canyon Fuel Company had made some headway in controlling the flames. Not more than a dozen bodies have thus far been recovered. It is believed that it will be found that but few of the 284 unfortunate miners who were at work in the property when the explosion cut off their escape yesterday are now alive. Families of the entombed men gathered around the pit continue to hope that some of the men will be brought out alive.

ASSEMBLY MAY REFUSE TO SEAT SULZER IN EVENT OF ELECTION

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) ALBANY, New York, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—If Sulzer is elected to the State assembly efforts will be made to bar him. This statement was made today by Assemblyman Louis Govier, who said: "The assembly has the right to pass upon the character of its members, and I believe removal from office a sufficient ground for an open expression of opinion on the part of the assembly as to whether that body deems Sulzer fit for membership."

POTTER ONLY HIDING, SAY HIS CREDITORS

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) PARIS, October 23. (Special to The Advertiser)—The disappearance of Paul M. Potter from the Hotel Chatigny here is explained, his creditors say, as a ruse to avoid paying his debts. Potter, they assert, and so hiding himself deeply in debt, hurried to a secluded lodging in London. From there, it is said, he is writing. He will pay his debts if he is not forced to the wall.

M'DUFFIE WILL FACE UGLY CHARGES

Returning Home Today from the Orient, He Will Be Suspended by Sheriff Jarrett — Will Be Given a Week to Answer Allegations Arising from Attorney General's Probe.

SERGEANT KELLETT IS ALSO UNDER FIRE

Possibility of Criminal Proceedings Against the Two Detective Heads—Details of Charges Are Withheld to Give Officers Full Opportunity of Filing Answers.

Upon his arrival home from Shanghai it noon today Captain of Detectives Arthur McDuffie will be suspended from office, pending an answer from him to charges that are the results of a three months' investigation by various territorial and city officials. Sergeant of Detectives J. R. Kellett will also be suspended under the same conditions.

The charges deal with misconduct in office. Their exact nature has been withheld by Sheriff Jarrett under the recently passed civil service rules which require that charges against police officers be kept secret until a chance to answer them is given, unless they are previously released with the consent of the officers charged. Criminal prosecution, it is stated, is possible in the case of each officer, but it is to be doubted whether the sheriff will take any initiative towards this. According to announcements yesterday, any prosecution that is undertaken will be left to the attorney general's office, which elicited most of the information on which the sheriff will act this morning.

The sheriff yesterday announced that he would give the two officers until next week to prepare their answer to the charges, when, if they fail to refute them, they will be discharged. They are then entitled to an appeal to the civil service commission, which it is believed will supply be taken should the cases go that far.

Attorney General Led Probe.

Deputy Attorney General Smith has been actively engaged for the past two weeks in the investigation of conditions in the detective department and during that period has devoted most of his time to it. About twenty witnesses have been examined during that time, eight of whom appeared before him yesterday morning. With one exception, all were Chinese.

Sheriff Jarrett yesterday said that he had taken no part in the investigation but upon the charges first being called to his attention detailed as many detectives as were needed each day. Up to last night he had received but a gist of the information that had been secured by the investigators, but will probably receive today the complete charges that he will present against the two officers. He believes that he has plenty of grounds for summarily suspending both McDuffie and Kellett.

Kellett in Sweat Box.

Sergeant Kellett was in conference with Mr. Smith yesterday, being closeted with him for over an hour. The deputy attorney general announced that the investigation was now concluded and that the office was on the trail of considerable other data. This probably means that criminal prosecution will not follow immediately upon the suspension of the officers, but will follow later.

There are not more than two charges so far against McDuffie, and possibly five or six against Kellett. These, it is understood, have been selected from a great mass of statements in the hands of the attorney general, which appear to incriminate both men.

Most of them relate to financial irregularities. Considerable evidence was taken yesterday morning in regard to these. One Chinaman, named Siu Yuk Lung, alleged by the police to be connected with gambling circles, after an hour's session with the attorney general, was sent direct to the police station, where he was locked up incommunicado under orders from Sheriff Jarrett. Instructions were left with the captain of the watch to permit no one, not even police officers, to speak to him without permission of the sheriff. All the other witnesses who were taken into the attorney general's office were released at once after they had made their statements, or rather, they were not taken into custody. Six detectives aided the attorney general yesterday morning, all from police headquarters.

BLOODSHED IS LOOKED FOR IN CAPITAL

Political Developments in City of Mexico Are Rapidly Moving to a Crisis and Clash Is Expected Between Adherents of Rival Candidates for the Presidency.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) City of Mexico, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Political developments are rapidly moving to a crisis here. The relations of the various parties are becoming so strained that even the most conservative believe bloodshed will result before the presidential election.

Brief conflicts have already broken out between the followers of Frederico Gamboa and Felix Diaz, but the police thus far have been able to prevent the use of arms.

Felicitas are posting circulars everywhere in the city insulting the Catholic party, whose candidate is Gamboa, but these are torn down almost as soon as they are posted.

No confirmation has been received yet of the report that Montenegro has been captured by the rebels.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) EAGLE PASS, Texas, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Constitutionals here today denied the reports that General Francisco Villa is holding thirty-three Germans as prisoners at Torreon, Mexico.

They branded the report as a political move on the part of Huerta. It was reported today that the rebels are concentrating for an attack on Chihuahua.

As "Ritual Murder" Trial Draws to Close They Ask Czar for Protection.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) KIEFF, Russia, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—As the "ritual murder" trial of Mendel Beiliss draws to a close the exodus of Jewish residents becomes heavy. Many are immigrating to the United States.

Fearing a victory for the defense will enrage the rabble of the city to the point of attacking the Ghetto, prominent Jewish merchants have appealed to the government for a detachment of Russian guards to protect the homes of the Jewish quarter.

HORINE INJURES KNEE. (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—While training yesterday, George Horine, the world's record holder in the high jump, wrenched his knee, and doubt is expressed as to whether he will be able to compete in the Portola and world's championship next Saturday.

MOB LYNCHES NEGRO. (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) MONROE, Louisiana, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A negro who insulted a white woman here last Monday was taken from the jail this morning by twenty-five men and hanged from a telephone pole.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Hon. John Freeman Mitford, a cousin of Lady Randolph Churchill, and a son of Baron Rosdale, is to marry Germany's richest heiress, Fraulein Marine Anna Von Freidlander, Paul, daughter of Berlin's coal king whose fortune is estimated at \$25,000,000.

Mitford has been working as an unpaid clerk in a Hamburg bank for the past two years in order to gain experience in German life and business.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) ROME, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—"The Blarrie Princess," an operetta attributed to the former Crown Princess of Saxony was given a chilling reception when produced here for the first time last night.

The disrespectful references to the King of Saxony and the scandalous allusions were disregarded by the major portion of the audience.

SAYS MILITANCY HAS REACHED ITS ZENITH



REV. DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW, President of the National Association for Suffrage.

Governor of California Says Republicans Must Adopt Progressive Principles to Unite.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CHICAGO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Governor Hiram Johnson of California, accompanied by Mrs.



HIRAM JOHNSON, Governor of California and Ball Moose leader in Golden State.

Johnson, arrived here today, en route East to assist in the gubernatorial campaign in Massachusetts.

Discussing the Progressive party, the Governor declared:

"There is no doubt in my mind that the Republican and Progressive parties will eventually be united, but that will not be until the Republicans adopt the principles of the Progressives."

Decisive Action Being Taken to End the Revolution in Portugal.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LISBON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Three hundred and fifty persons, some of them military soldiers, are under arrest for aiding in the unsuccessful uprising of Monarchists.

The city is under heavy martial guard throughout night and day with detachments of the republican guard patrolling the principal streets.

Machine guns are placed before the government buildings. The government charges that a number of women, members of monarchist allies, are implicated in the conspiracy, having negotiated with European armament firms for guns and ammunition.

THAW'S ESCAPE TO BE INVESTIGATED

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Orders for a grand jury investigation in New York county of the escape of Thaw from the Matteawan asylum were issued today by Governor Glynn.

Three contracting concerns were bidders for the reconstruction of the Mahukona wharf, on the island of Hawaii, when the bids were opened in the presence of the members of the harbor commission who met for the purpose yesterday at noon in the office of the superintendent of public works.

The bids called for sixteen separate sets of figures, all but four sets being for certain detailed portions of the work. Eliminating those, the bids were as follows:

E. Wery and Son and John Robinson, of Hilo—\$14,340; \$14,187; \$14,254.50 and \$14,588.20, in 180 days.

MILITANTS MAY YET SHED BLOOD

Suffragettes Have Reached Point Where They Must Either Take Human Life or Carry on Campaign or Take Backward Step, Says Rev. Anna Howard Shaw.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BALTIMORE, Maryland, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Mrs. Pankhurst and other militants of England have reached a point where they will either have to take human life in carrying on their campaign of militancy or take a backward course, said Rev. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National Association for Suffrage today.

In her opinion the militants would be glad to take the backward step if they could find any way of doing so and at the same time save their faces.

Doctor Shaw recently cancelled her engagement to speak with Mrs. Pankhurst at a meeting scheduled to be held at Madison Square Garden in New York October 15. She said her unwillingness to speak was due to the fact that while Mrs. Pankhurst had been guaranteed \$1500 and part of the gate receipts she (Doctor Shaw) had been unable to procure a guarantee of \$1000 for her share.

"I do not object to Mrs. Pankhurst's receiving any price she can get for her lectures here," reads a statement issued this afternoon by Doctor Shaw, "but I feel very strongly that cooperation implies an obligation on both sides. I will take either course than the Madison Square meeting to reassure the American public that militant methods have not been used and are not advocated in this country."

Attorneys in Criminal Case Agree on Majority Vote of Jury and Prisoner Is Victorious.

(From Thursday Advertiser) "Mr. Brown.—On behalf of the prosecution I am willing to stipulate at this time that the prosecution will be bound by the majority vote of the twelve jurors. If the majority vote of the jury is for acquittal the prosecution is ready to dismiss the case, if that announcement is made. If the verdict of a majority of the jury is for conviction, I understand that counsel for the defendant will accept that as a verdict against the client."

"The Court.—Is that correct?" "Mr. Lightfoot.—That is correct."

The above is taken from the official record of Stenographer J. W. Jones in the trial yesterday before Judge Robinson of the criminal branch of the local circuit court in the case of the Territory against T. Inada, who was tried yesterday by a jury on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

First Instance in Honolulu. It is the first case on record in Honolulu so far as is known in the Territory, in which an instance of this nature was brought to light.

The jury retired at half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning to arrive at a verdict, but it was only some minutes after half-past two o'clock in the afternoon that it returned to court, and when it did so it was only to report that the jury had failed to agree on a verdict.

The trial of the case lasted only an hour and a half, and as Deputy Attorney A. M. Brown, who conducted the prosecution, noted the long delay of the jury in arriving at a verdict he turned to Attorney Lightfoot, who had conducted the defense, and said:

"I do not stipulate that if there is a disagreement we will be bound whichever way the majority of the jury goes," and he explained the situation as set forth above.

"That's a go, Arthur. I'm game." And he was, and because he was game T. Inada later walked out of court a free man.

As the jurors filed into court and took their places in the jury box, Deputy City Attorney Brown arose and made the above statement to the court. Judge Robinson asked Attorney Lightfoot if that was correct, and on being informed that it was the judge turned to the jury and explained the situation.

I do not want to know what jurors stand for in this case, but I want to know what you, as a juror, stand for in this case. I will ask you how the jury stands, as to numbers, in this regard."

Benjamin Sammons reported that the jury had been unable to agree on a verdict and that it stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction. With a smile Attorney Lightfoot moved for the discharge of his client, and this was ordered by the court under the agreement entered into between counsel.

Procedure Is Legal. This novel procedure appealed to a good many who were in court at the time. "This is quite legal, for the man was charged only with the commission of a misdemeanor," said Judge Robinson. "Had he been tried on a charge of felony it would be different, as in that case the jury would have to be unanimous on the verdict, but in this case the defendant can be tried by any number of jurors under twelve, according to agreement."

This case was a commitment from the district court, where the plea, now discharged, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100. Twenty-one jurors had to appear this morning for the selection of twelve men to try the case. In jurors five alone the case cost sixty-three dollars. Had the jury been held until tomorrow to arrive at a verdict or had another jury been selected to try the case, a like amount in jurors' fees would have to be paid out.

The jury was made up as follows: William A. Hall, William W. Hooley, James H. Fisher, George E. Brann, Ben Jones, Sammons, James Steiner, Harlan T. Wally, William K. Macpherson, Westworth M. Buchanan, Murley Philip, George M. Ruppert and Harold T. Bay.

Roosevelt Arrives in Rio de Janeiro; Becomes Impatient to Get Into Jungle



Roosevelt Ready for the Hunt.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) RIO DE JANEIRO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Colonel Roosevelt was today taken in an automobile ride through the city and later inspected the most important public buildings. The Colonel expressed pleasure at everything he saw, but could not completely hide his impatience to get into the untrodden jungles. During his ride he was taken through the most beautiful boulevards.

In the Roosevelt party, being lavishly entertained by the local authorities, besides the Colonel, are Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Margaret Roosevelt, Anthony Zola, a Polar explorer; George K. Cherry, field naturalist; the Rev. J. A. Zahn, a missionary, who was with Mr. Roosevelt in Africa; Frank Hamper, secretary, and L. K. Miller, another field naturalist, who joined the party at Barbadoes.

Much equipment is carried by the Roosevelt party for its exploration work. Four motor boats, four canoes, two extra motors and camping supplies were included in the luggage carried off the steamer Van Dyck.

Bishop Estate Trustees Decide to Carry Million-Dollar Structure to Completion.

A million-dollar building to be known as the Park Block, has been authorized by the trustees of the Bishop Estate for the Bishop lot opposite the Young Hotel. The trustees last week decided to accept the plans of Architect Traphagen, covering the entire block facing Bishop street, from Hotel to King streets, but it is undecided whether to build the entire structure or only a portion of it just now.

The final decision of the trustees is to erect the whole structure, but estimates in round numbers being a million dollars.

Acting in accordance with the wish of Hon. Charles R. Bishop, husband of the late Princess Berdie Kanani Bishop, whose estate will finance the deal, it will be called the Park Block in memory of Mrs. Bishop's father, a high chief of the ancient Hawaiian regime.

Local contractors are already looking forward to securing this plan, and it is possible that practically every contractor here in Honolulu, as well as many mainland firms, will be bidders.

W. C. T. U. AFTER MORMONISM NOW

GALESBURG, Illinois, October 10.—Grading Mormonism as "an agent to degrade womanhood," Miss Helen L. Hood, of Chicago, at the president's address to the fortieth annual meeting of the Illinois White Ribboners here today, declared that the Woman's Christian Temperance Union would never test so long as there were any "Auntie Sam's" of the Mormon sect remaining. Miss Hood said 727,000 Mormons held the balance of power in seven Western States.

"We have frightened the brewers and since we are bearing victory against them, we should direct W. C. T. U. influence against Mormonism, white slavery, cocaine, morphine and institutions of evil," said the State president in conclusion.

WASHINGTON, October 8.—Three new battleships and a proportionate number of torpedo boat destroyers is the aim of the Wilson administration, shaping its naval policy for the December session of congress. It became known yesterday that in all probability Secretary Daniels of the navy department would put into effect his principle of "less money and more ships" and advocate using the greater part of an appropriation of \$148,000,000 to build three powerful warships—one more than the usual annual quota, though only a single battleship was obtained after a stormy fight in the last congress.

With the addition of three first-class battleships, naval officials hope the United States will resume its place next to Great Britain in naval fighting strength, passing Germany, which took second place when the United States dropped to third.

While President Wilson never has made any public declaration on the battleship question, it is understood that he favors "an adequate navy."

What particularly encourages naval builders is the fact that the battleships will be constructed in a way that is well adapted to the construction of government vessels. The frames of the Tariff battleship are \$148,000,000 for naval construction, an increase of about \$2,000,000 over the last appropriation.

CURRENCY BILL HOLDS THE STAGE

While Senate Committee Wrestles With It, House Has Job to Hold a Quorum.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, October 22.—There seems virtually but one governmental matter at Washington nowadays to think about and talk about. Of course, that is the Currency Bill and recalcitrant senators. It is a little strange this should be so for in normal October government business is beginning to quicken at the federal seat. Officials are coming together at that time for the season of close attention to duty. Scores of issues are rising and the future seems with prospects.

President Wilson is actually finding himself face to face with the most formidable task he has yet undertaken. The opposition is trying to break him, as it has never done before, and is counting upon a jaded senate to cooperate. The chances are yet, however, that the President will get his Currency Bill. The point of importance is how much will ultimately be yielded to the banks. It is taken for granted here that on two questions the administration will stand pat. One is the government control of the federal reserve board; the other government issue of notes. Certain minor concessions may be made as to government control. Possibly a part of the proposed cabinet membership will be eliminated, as for instance the secretary of agriculture.

There will probably be concessions as to the regional reserve banks. Instead of twelve there may be but three or four. It has been suggested that at least the country banks of the West and South be exempted from the requirements to organize regional reserves and that the experiment be tried out in the more populous sections of the country.

Banks May Resist. Just now it looks as though the banks would make a long fight, but in this appearance may be very deceptive. As soon as the banks are assured some concessions will be made the campaign may collapse. It might happen that the hearings before the senate committee would cease sooner than planned and the bill might even be speeded out of committee and through the senate. There is no assurance of such an outcome yet, but senators of the banking and currency committee have not reached the stage where they are centering upon changes that can be agreed to by a majority.

Hard blows are being delivered in the mean time. Some compare resistance to the pending bill with the fight waged against the state regulation. The fight is fiercer now than it ever was during state regulation. It remains to be seen whether it will be as prolonged. President Roosevelt was two years getting his first railroad bill through congress.

No Truancy Allowed. There is utter stagnation of business at the Capitol, outside of the currency committee of the senate. More than four hundred representatives, trying to get away to their homes, deserve some consideration when it is remembered the regular session will soon be here with at least six or eight months of hard grinding. The Colorado members of the house, who had sought to get away for weeks, just reached their homes the other day, when, in the struggle for a quorum, all leaves of absence were revoked. Several far Westerners found themselves in like plight. Few of them brought their families to Washington for the summer, and have planned the home trips for the sake of bringing their wives and children to town for the winter.

Republicans, playing parliamentary politics, are responsible for the situation, but Democrats, in being the majority party in senate and house, should deride whatever blame attaches for not keeping a legislative quorum at hand. House Republicans, for reasons of their own, ascribe their course to the Currency Bill to which they claim to be most opposed. And yet the Currency Bill has passed the house. The house can have nothing more to do with the Currency Bill till after the senate has acted.

After a few days the members will disperse again, and Minority Leader Mann may have a chance once more to perform. But before the quorum again disappears the Deficiency Appropriation Bill will have been disposed of. It would seem a minor matter of legislation, but it carries appropriations for numerous government projects and likewise salaries for thousands of government employes.

Tariff Amendment. If the Tariff Bill is to be amended, because of that perplexing clause granting a five per cent reduction on goods brought in American bottoms, a few days of legislative activity may be expected. It is hard to understand why the Democratic house should have ever insisted on such a provision. The Democratic secretary of state conspired against it. He wrote a letter, emphasizing in the plainest terms that it would contravene treaties and lead to serious embarrassment.

There will hardly be the usual preparation this year for the winter's work at Washington. Everybody is more or less exhausted from the long sojourn in the capital. Now and then suggestions are made for legislation after the Currency Bill is passed. The prospects are that nearly everybody will be taking a rest during December and that the large tasks of the regular session of congress will be deferred till into the spring and summer.

The hankers versus proceedings on behalf of China. Wang Yung and his job are scheduled to be heard by Judge Holt in the federal court this morning, while that of T. S. Chen, charged with transporting concealed opium, has been set for hearing before Judge Thomas, at the same hour.

200 MEN ARE ENTOMBED IN COAL MINE

Without Warning Explosion Occurs in New Mexico Property and Crashing Tunnel Cuts Off Chance for Escape; Believed Many Must Have Perished.

DAWSON, New Mexico, October 23.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Without warning, late yesterday afternoon, an explosion in Tunnel No. Two of the Stag Canyon Fuel Company, tore out the timbers supporting the exits from the mine and two hundred and eighty miners are entombed in the gas-filled hole tonight.

How many are dead will not be known until the rescue party, proceeding slowly through the debris, reaches the chambers in the mine.

That many are dead, is admitted even by the mine managers tonight and many claim that the accident will prove to have exceeded in horror that of the soft coal mines explosion at Gallup, New Mexico, a dozen years or more ago.

With the exception of the timekeepers and checkers nearly all those employed in the mine were Poles or Slavs. Their families tonight are gathered around the mouth of the tunnel weeping and urging the rescue parties to greater effort in reaching their loved ones. The corpses are pitiful.

The mine managers are at a loss to account for the explosion. The rigid mine inspection laws now in force in New Mexico would indicate that the company had complied with the regulations, but even this cannot be determined until the mine is opened and a thorough investigation made.

Failure of Credit Bank Demoralizes Business Conditions in India.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) BOMBAY, India, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Bombay Stock Exchange closed today because of the demoralized conditions in India, as a result of the failure of the Credit Bank of India on October 3.

Runs were made on several banks on Saturday. The fact that all demands were met served to restore confidence somewhat. There were no signs of panic in the stock market. A large business was done, but conditions have since become worse.

It is alleged that the affairs of the Credit Bank are very much involved; that the bank advanced £100,000, and that advances were made on its own shares in some cases as collateral security for the shares of various joint stock companies on which the bank advanced money. The bank has a subscribed capital of fifty lacs of rupees and a paid-up capital of ten lacs.

The high court has appointed a provisional liquidator, pending a hearing on November 1 on the petition of a creditor for the winding up of the business.

WOULD HAVE RUSSIA WITHDRAW CHARGE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Senator Lewis of Illinois today in the senate introduced a resolution calling on the government of the United States to use its good offices with the government of Russia to get that country to withdraw the "unjust ritual murder charge" against Beiliss on trial in Russia for the murder of a Christian boy.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Miss Nettie Stone, the Alameda girl who unintentionally made a trip to Honolulu taking a steamer she believed was bound from Victoria to San Francisco, returned here on the Matson liner Honolulu today.

The young lady was none the worse for her unusual experience. On the other hand, she says she had the time of her life.

"I cannot say too much for the people of Honolulu and the officers of the Honolulu," said Miss Stone. "They were very good to me in the Islands and the whole affair has turned out an enjoyable lark."

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SOERPOLK, Virginia, October 22.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Every ship in the Atlantic fleet, except the three now in Mexican waters, is now at Hampton Roads preparing for the cruise to the Mediterranean Sea, which begins October 25. Ammunition worth \$200,000 will be distributed among the ships of the fleet.

Commissioner James Wakefield, of the harbor commission, spoke at the Ad Club luncheon yesterday, on the harbor and wharf facilities of the port of Honolulu, as well as those at territorial landings, and told of the work being carried on by the commission. He spoke at length on the revision of the postage and other port fees, claiming that the charges for vessels of the Teano Maru and Mongolian class are really low, and that the present rate of sixty dollars each way, lets the large boats down easy, although it works a hardship on the smaller vessels. He says the commission is still studying the charges and rates and believes a satisfactory adjustment will be made with the shipping interests.

He believes that Panama business will greatly develop the shipping of the Islands.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON EDITOR
 Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-Class matter.
 Semi-Weekly—Issued Tuesdays and Fridays.
 Subscription Rates:
 Per Month..... \$ 35 Per Month, Foreign..... \$ 55
 Per Year..... \$250 Per Year, Foreign..... \$450
 Payable Invariably in Advance.
CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.
 FRIDAY OCTOBER 24

CLOUDS AHEAD.

It is joyfully apparent that the Democratic solidarity in congress is not liable to outlast the present session. There is not going to be quite so violent an eruption as when the Republican party split at the Chicago convention. Rather, it is one of those deep, slow separations that indicates permanency.

It is freely predicted that the putting into effect of the income tax provisions of the Underwood Tariff Law is going to cost the government a good deal more than the \$18,000,000 that the Democrats had figured in increase of revenue. There will have to be a small army of government clerks added to the payroll, whose inquisitorial powers and functions are not going to be appreciated by the great middle class of taxpayers, who, in the last analysis, are going to be the ones that will have to pay a pretty big share of the new tax. The middle class are not so ardently wedded to "Trust-busting" as a political pastime. There is no close season for Trusts to political big-game hunters, but when Anti-Trust legislation hits the small man who happens to be in the line of fire between the game and the hunter, there is going to be a decided change of opinion, and, at the next elections, a marked change in the way the small man votes.

Then, too, the crippling of industries, like sugar, in Louisiana, Colorado and Hawaii, and a full realization of what it means to destroy an edifice in order to build up something better, but no one knows just what, is inducing a sober second thought that bodes no particular good to the political party that is bringing this change about. Would-be reformers sometimes mistake their own thoughts for the "voice of the people."

THE HOMECRAFT COURSE.

In the homecraft course just instituted in the Wadleigh High School, New York City, the attempt to meet practical demands in girls' education is seen at its best, according to officials of the United States bureau of education. The homecraft course is for girls whose interest is in up-to-date home-making rather than in advanced literary or scientific study. The work is taken chiefly by students who do not intend to go to college, but who wish to make the best use of their time while in high school; and it is particularly recommended for those who expect to stay in school only two years or less.

The course is both "practical" and "cultural." It answers the everyday needs of girls who mean to be real home-keepers and it affords abundant opportunity for studies that are for enjoyment as well as for work. Domestic science and domestic art, with household arithmetic, study of vocations, "clothing—its care and remodeling," are prominent subjects the first year. Drawing, music, biology, English, and physical training are required subjects, with current history, English history and modern languages among the electives. Latin and advanced mathematics are conspicuous by their absence.

In the second year hygiene and sanitation are added to the requirements, and other studies may be chosen from a list which includes millinery, household chemistry, European and American history, history of women's work, arts and crafts, and modern languages.

Household management, a required study, is a feature of the third year of the course. Applied design and applied physics are among the subjects that may be selected by the students. In the fourth year the girls delve a little deeper into the philosophy of homecraft by means of a required course on social efficiency. They may also regale themselves with a number of more advanced studies, such as: Fundamentals of legal procedure; physiology, bacteriology, and sanitation; household design and decoration.

Throughout the course the emphasis is on applied, rather than theoretical knowledge; and the work is so arranged that regardless of whether a girl completes the four-year course or leaves before she finishes she has acquired a fund of workable ideas of direct value to her in the immediate problems of her life. At the same time the course is not narrowing. Girls who take it may, if they desire, elect some of the more usual studies from the regular high-school courses. Furthermore, they are prepared to meet the admission requirements of the Columbia University School of Household Arts and similar higher institutions for young women.

THE PROBABLE CONFIRMING OF MR. PINKHAM.

There is little left to say regarding the progress made in the gubernatorial contest at Washington. The very evident desire of Governor Frear to lay down the burden he has carried for so long over his regular term, coupled with the fact that Acting Governor Mott-Smith has all but gone under from the undue strain put upon him, has undoubtedly led to a hastening of action in Washington and a favorable report from the senate committee on the nomination referred to it. Those of the committee who disliked reporting favorably on an avowed Republican were given no alternative. The Democrats of Hawaii, between their double-dealing with Washington and their double-crossing of each other, are as far apart today as the day Mr. Pinkham was nominated, three months ago, and nothing whatever was done here to bring concerted action to bear upon Washington against Pinkham, although no faction of the Democratic party wants him or in his heart approves of the President's desperation choice.

The Advertiser has stated its position toward Mr. Pinkham. We fear that his nomination means long, drawn-out trouble for Hawaii, but hope that in this instance we may be agreeably disappointed. We hold ourselves ready to judge him as Governor solely on his actions as Governor, with the differences of the past forgotten. In whatever the new Governor and his departmental heads do for the advancement of the Territory, The Advertiser will be glad to cooperate. Hawaii requires united action now, more than at any time in its history. The future is perilous, fraught with danger, and those who are willing to put the interests of the Islands ahead of personal differences and personal advantage have the way wide open now to demonstrate it.

We have no hesitation in stating that our idea of a Governor is not that of the President's, but now that Mr. Pinkham's confirmation seems reasonably certain and no good can result from opposing it, we wish him a quick return to Hawaii and a successful term in the Capitol.

THE REVELATION.

The morning paper's bandwagon cartoon today hardly jibes with its statement of yesterday that Pinkham's confirmation is near. There must have been an oversight revelation. —Star Bulletin.
 There was an oversight revelation, indeed, which accounted for the bandwagon rush. Pinkham's stock jumped from zero to par. Today he has more friends (after jobs) than he ever had before in all his life. Our afternoon friend remarks that "Hawaii is glad" over the possibility of near confirmation, but the gladness is that of the boy with a dose of castor oil in him—winded he has it down, and willing to look pleasant because there's nothing else to do.

THE NEW TARIFF ACT.

Copies of House Roll No. 3321, otherwise "An Act to reduce tariff duties and provide revenue for the government, and for other purposes," were received by the last mail.

This is the act that is going to regenerate business all over the United States and reduce the cost of living. It applies to Porto Rico and the Canal Zone as well as to the States and Territory of Hawaii. The Philippines, Taftula and Guam remain without the palings. Porto Rico is promoted.

The free list is interesting to Hawaii. How sugar is to be affected is well known. Some of the other inestimable boons conferred upon us may have escaped public notice.

"Appetite" is free; books for the blind, coffee, pulu, limu, daizu, copra, Bibles, cash registers worth less than \$75, coal, cement, weeds and weed seeds, eggs of insects, ice, hides, saddles and harness, shoe leather, milk and cream, horseshoes, gold coin, needles, salt, steel nails, lard and lard compounds, fresh meats, bacon, pig iron and scrap steel, Paris green, lumber, flour, fence wire, sheep dip, works of art, pia starch, tallow, lifeboats and corks, newspapers, Balm of Gilead, agricultural implements, and all MACHINERY USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SUGAR! This latter beneficent provision is apparently intended to help along Hawaii's machine shops and foundries. Is that why Balm of Gilead remains free?

The "dutiable" list shows an occasional gleam of comfort. Jewelry is protected 60 per cent, pianos 35 per cent, sugar bags 10 per cent, poker chips 50 per cent, asbestos 10 per cent, lead pencils 36 cents per gross, playing cards 60 per cent, firecrackers six cents per pound, dolls 35 per cent, automobiles worth more than \$2000, 45 per cent; live poultry one cent per pound, champagne (quarts) \$9.60 per dozen, beer 45 cents per gallon, fish nets 25 per cent; all starches, except cassava or pia, one-half to one cent per pound; pia free. Sisal is on the free list.

In the whole list of products from Hawaii, the only ones on the protected list are vanilla pods, 30 cents per pound; wrapper tobacco, \$3700 per ton; hardwood railway ties and telegraph poles, 10 per cent; pineapples, six cents per cubic foot, or in bulk, \$5 per thousand; peanuts, three-eighths of one cent per pound; ginger root, one cent; rice paddy, three-eighths of one cent per pound; butter, two and one-half cents; onions, 20 cents per bushel; jellies, 20 per cent of value; honey, 10 cents per gallon, and hay, \$2 per ton.

Any one who considers the purely revenue features of the Underwood Bill cannot but be impressed with the aloha that Democracy has for Hawaii.

THE INCOME TAX.

The principle of direct taxation has been slow of adoption by the American people. The first income tax law was a war-time measure, enacted in 1862 and repealed in 1872. This method of revenue production was again adopted when a deficiency occurred following the enactment of the Wilson Tariff Law. This law was tested in the courts and declared unconstitutional on the grounds that under the Constitution all direct taxes must be apportioned equally among the States.

The Democratic administration has accepted as mandatory the constitutional amendment which became effective last February, and has chosen to embody its interpretation of the will of sovereign democracy as Section II of the Underwood-Simmons Tariff Law. This portion of the new law forms an intricate and complicated document which must be many times read and re-read before its provisions can be grasped. It is without doubt one of the most comprehensive attempts at the formulation of new legislation that has ever passed congress.

This Income Tax Law injects the tax-gatherer into the daily life of every tax-payer, for while there are numerous exemptions and a studious attempt to make it appear that this is a law affecting only the rich, the fact remains that every taxpayer within the jurisdiction of the United States must make a return showing his entire gross and net income, even though he is protected by the legal exemptions.

The Income Tax Law is said to be a "popular" measure in so far as any taxation system can be popular. Certainly no more daring action has ever been taken by any great political party than this of taking the people at their word, and, on the instant, attempting to translate the will of the people into the terms of the written law.

It may be comforting to some poor people to know that perhaps eighteen or twenty individuals in Hawaii are said to have annual incomes exceeding \$100,000, and that, if these rumors are correct, each of these will have to contribute three thousand dollars or more, in gold coin or its equivalent, as a direct payment to Uncle Sam. But when the same poor man has to report, in detail, the items of his own income to a deputy collector of internal revenue, under the admonition on the part of Uncle Sam that the government assumes that each individual tax-payer is lying about it unless he can prove otherwise, and under a penalty of fine and imprisonment if the government's assumption proves to be correct, the average man's opinion in regard to the justice of direct taxation may be subject to an illuminating change.

It is admitted that the collection of the new tax is going to be a difficult and expensive procedure, it being estimated that there will be about 450,000 individuals whose incomes will be subject to this tax. As a war-time measure there never has been and never could be any valid objections to the principle of direct taxation, because every patriotic citizen acknowledges the right of the government to tax the shirt off a man's back if the preservation of the Nation demands it; and it has been a Republican idea that this method of taxation should be constitutionally legalized, so that an income tax could be levied in case of war or other national emergency.

There is a feeling among statesmen that in needlessly inflicting an Income Tax Law on the American people, creating a deficiency in order to practise up on a new method of meeting it, the Democratic party has again signally misinterpreted the will of the majority.

HAWAII LOOKING UP.

The federal government, which in the last analysis signifies the people of the United States from Maine to California, have great plans for the future development of Hawaii. Our mainland friends are forgetting that Hawaii is just a South Sea Island group with palm trees, grass butts and luhulua scenery, and would forget it entirely if we would let them. There is hardly a single copy of any mainland exchange that comes to this office that does not have a lot of good "copy" about us. And they forget to tell how civilized we are, but talk about how we have surmounted difficulties and what an important adjunct the Territory of Hawaii is to become in the development of trade and in carrying American civilization across the Western Seas.

THE NOBLE REPORT.

While it has been taken for granted in Honolulu that the report on the Pearl Harbor drydock project by Mr. Noble would confirm earlier reports that the selected site for the dock is a feasible one and the proper one, it is comfortable to have that report officially on file, setting at rest the various rumors of a probable change of site, or an amendment of the land-dock plan, or a possible abandonment of Pearl Harbor as the site of the great naval base. The report of Mr. Noble will also relieve the contractors of the financial loss due to the failure of the original plan, leaving the government to stand the strain of supplying over again the hundreds of thousands of dollars represented in the work that went to pieces in a few minutes when the dock collapsed. The Noble report is the last to be made. Now there is nothing in the way of an early resumption of work on a large scale.

Lieutenant Giegler, fresh from West Point and only four days with his regiment, gets his name in despatches right off the reel.

THE CHARGES AGAINST M'DUFFIE.

The major part of the charges to be presented against Captain of Detectives McDuffie and Sergeant of Detectives Kellett this afternoon do not relate to gambling, contrary to the expectation of those who have followed the street rumors of a police shake-up.

The supposition that charges of graft relations between the police and the gamblers would be made arose through the activity of Sheriff Jarrett in breaking up gambling after Chief McDuffie had left for the Orient, this campaign against the gamblers emphasizing the fact that McDuffie had failed to break up the games at any time during two years previous, although all the joints were closed by two weeks' sharp work on the part of the sheriff with the very same weapons that McDuffie had continually at his service.

This relation may or may not be established. If grafting existed, and no specific charges of it have been made yet, it is not the only thing that is to be taken up in regard to the detective department. This fact will be demonstrated before the grand jury within the next week, in all probability.

Sheriff Jarrett has taken cognizance of his captain of detectives' failure to keep down the percentage gambling games, although the department as a whole is liable to some censure for leaving this important police duty so exclusively to one small part of itself that the departmental head was practically unacquainted with the gambling situation until public opinion forced the issue.

The sheriff's action was prompt and no gambling of any serious nature exists in Honolulu today. It is, however, through the gambling crusade that much other evidence was jarred loose. The first time the spoon of investigation was stirred in the staleness a number of unexpected things came to the surface.

Some of these are farcical; some of them serious, and while it is to be doubted whether charges of gross incompetency and maladministration would not be sustained by an impartial commission, the charges that have been selected for the moment deal with worse than incompetency.

CUTTING OUT THE MIDDLE MAN.

Congress appropriated \$50,000 last May for an investigation of marketing problems in the United States. Many business men having gained the impression that this new line of work had for its purpose the elimination of the middle man, the National City Bank of New York, in its current financial letter, endeavors to set market-ought. The work has been assigned to a newly-created "Office of Markets" in the department of Agriculture, and is to be carried on along the following lines: Promulgation of market grades and standards; cooperative distribution; organization of consumers as affecting supply and demand; methods and costs of distribution; transportation problems, and the feasibility of a market news service for perishable farm products.

Some of these lines of investigation have been long underway, as, for instance, the standardization of cotton and of wheat. Commission men have their own grades and standards for many lines of produce, understood by the trade, but not at all by either producer or consumer. It is believed that much good will come by making known and defining such standards and that this work can be done better by the department of agriculture than by trade organizations. The whole aim and object of this new work is not to cut out the middle man, but to eliminate waste and wasteful methods of distribution.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The public land question is to be the principle bone of contention at the Mining Congress which is being held in Philadelphia this week. Mining interests have appealed to the United States Supreme Court a case wherein the right of the President to withdraw large areas of the public domain from entry is challenged. Miners attack the executive withdrawal orders of President Roosevelt made in 1908 and claim that the locking up of some millions of acres of alleged mineral and oil lands not only works a hardship against individual locater but has directly hurt every branch of the mining industry from coal to gold.

THE PASSING HOUR.

Huerta's announcement yesterday that he only wants supreme power to see that the elections are fairly conducted and that no foreigner is hurt may sound all right to him.

It's about time the United States was recognizing someone south of the Rio Grande. Uncle Sam will be over there pretty soon and it is always awkward to meet none but strangers.

Now that Governor Hiram has gone East to elect a new Governor of Massachusetts, the World's Fair gardeners have felt free to set out a few thousand Japanese honeysuckle vines in the exposition grounds.

The cares of state are beginning to tell on our Delegate to Congress. There was a time when he was able to take his pen in hand and in his own handwriting sign the letters others wrote for him. Now he has to use a rubber stamp.

How kind of Mrs. Pankhurst to announce that she will not go to see the President unless invited. At home she has a habit of going not only where she is not invited but where very strenuous efforts are made to inform her that she is not wanted.

The Chinese government's idea of offering a reward of five dollars Mex. for Sun Yat Sen is to induce the Chinese people to value Sun at the small change figure. The old Manchu government had a standing offer of fifty thousand dollars on Sun's head.

A part of the work of the mill engineers in convention was to pose for photographs. Roseoe W. Perkins became official photographer and made some lasting records of the delegates' activities. The Advertiser has reproduced two of these groups, one taken at the Country Club, the other snapped during the inspection of the Rapid Transit powerhouse.

A German banker has compiled an estimate of the wealth of the four great world Powers. Doctor Heflerich estimates the wealth of Germany at about \$78,000,000,000; France, \$60,000,000,000; England, \$65,000,000,000, and the United States, \$124,000,000,000. The German per capita wealth is placed at \$1100, that of England \$1250; the United States, \$1360, and France, \$1425.

Every American in Honolulu is proud of Colonel Goethals and the way he and Colonel Gorgas cleaned up Panama and built the canal, but not so blameworthy proud that many of them want the two colonels to come here and give us the same kind of model government. And yet, why not? None ever heard of any complaints over lack of freedom from the thousands of Americans who lived in the Canal Zone.

For playing ball next year Walter Johnson, the premier pitcher of the Washington American Leaguers, will receive \$500 more than the Vice President of the United States or a cabinet officer, and \$2500 more than the governor or a supreme court justice of many of the States. Johnson's salary of \$12,500, the highest paid to any pitcher, is equalled in baseball only by that of Cobb, the Detroit outfielder, of the same league. Contemplating such figures, the ambitious American boy may say: "Let me play the game of a nation and I care not who administers its laws."

George B. Carter writes to the mayor for information concerning certain municipal appropriations and the mayor solemnly writes to the board of supervisors and transmits to them the letter. Then the supervisors, as solemnly, refer the letter to a committee. Inasmuch as the letter was one touching on subjects of ordinary routine, the mayor should have been able to answer it directly. The mayor of any city would have done so, but then the mayor of no other city is like our mayor, who knows less about the business of the city than almost any other man in it and is less able to tell what little he does know than almost any other man in it. That's what makes him think he is fit for congress.

BIG CALENDARS IN CIRCUIT COURTS

Divorce Hearings Vie With Criminal Trials for First Place in Halls of Justice.

On the ground of non-support Judge Whitney yesterday granted a decree of divorce to Maud Evangelina Scholl from Harry Benjamin Scholl, the decree to take effect November 1.

The trial of the Ruething vs. Ruething divorce suit was yesterday postponed by Judge Whitney until November 19.

In the action to quiet title of Harrison vs. Davis, heard some time ago before Judge Whitney, the giving of the decision has been postponed until a later date.

Two civil cases are on the calendar for trial this morning before Judge Whitney, as follows: The divorce suit of Ivy K. Peterson vs. W. F. Peterson, and the assumpsit suit of Fernandes vs. Yong Ferr.

Judge Robinson's Court.

The trial jury doing service in Judge Robinson's court has been excused until Monday morning at half-past eight o'clock.

Frank Enos, James Alohioka and Titus Lovell yesterday pleaded guilty before Judge Robinson to the reduced charge of burglary in the second degree. On motion by Deputy City Attorney A. M. Brown the passing of sentence on the confessed second degree burglary artists will take place at nine o'clock this morning.

The case of malicious injury against Ishida Hiroshi set for tomorrow for disposition in Judge Robinson's court.

The jury waived damage suit of Leo E. Solomon against the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Company, for \$5000 damages, has been set for trial before Judge Robinson at ten o'clock this morning.

"Link" McCandless in Court.

The trial of the jury waived case of Mrs. Abbie Harrison vs. L. L. McCandless, an action for the summary possession of certain lands at Waiahole, Windward Oahu, came to an end yesterday in Judge Lyle A. Dickey's court. It was taken under advisement by Judge Dickey, who is expected to render a decision soon. Mrs. Harrison was represented by Judge P. L. Weaver, and McCandless by Col. C. W. Ashford.

Judge Dickey has postponed the hearing of defendants' motion to dissolve the injunction in the suit of Associate Justice Perry vs. C. F. Peterson, William Kawanu and Chun Kim Sot, until Monday.

The assumpsit suit of De Sausure vs. The Honolulu Amusement Company, et al., has been assigned for trial to Judge Whitney by Judge Dickey.

In the Clerk's Office.

Ferdinand Schnack, administrator of the estate of Maria Nuiwi Whaley, the woman for whose death Franklin Lee Whaley, the husband, is now serving time in Oahu Jail, yesterday filed an inventory of the property left by her which shows that her personal effects are valued at twenty-five dollars and her one-sixth undivided interest in three pieces of land in Honolulu are worth \$400.

John Ahiwa yesterday filed his answer to the libel for divorce instituted against him by his wife, Ose Ahiwa. John denies all the allegations contained in the complaint for divorce.

Joao da Costa Masetta has discontinued his assumpsit suit against William T. Bingham.

The resignation of Matilda Hao as guardian of the persons and property of Madeline K. Keawe and Joseph Keawe, minors, has been accepted by Judge Whitney.

The Kapiolani Estate has filed its answer to the assumpsit suit brought against it by Clinton B. Ripley for \$1080 alleged to be due him for plans and specifications said to have been prepared by him at the request of the estate for adding a third story to the Kapiolani block, corner of King and Alakea streets. The estate denies all the allegations contained in the complaint.

The jury in Judge Dickey's court has given judgment in favor of Joe Paiko for \$233 in the suit of Paiko vs. William K. Castle, trustee, as administrator of the estate of Alice Keawe. The suit was originally for about \$1700, but the greatest part of this sum was outlawed through the operation of the statute of limitations.

The bond of the Hawaiian Trust Company, administrator of the estate of John McKay, in the sum of \$200, with the National Surety Company as surety, has been canceled by Judge Whitney, and a receipt given for twenty-four dollars and forty cents, balance of the property of the estate then in the hands of the administrator.

D. Hoopli, charged with assault and battery, has pleaded not guilty in Judge Robinson's court and the case set for trial on Wednesday morning at half-past eight o'clock.

The following cases have been set for trial in Judge Robinson's court: Sirilo Bondar, assault and battery, November 5; Phillip Guerrero, burglary in the first degree, October 30; Rinsubo Mori, assault and battery, October 31.

Divorces granted by Judge Whitney: Mitsuwa Kudo from K. Kudo; I. Yamamoto from M. Yamamoto. Both divorces were granted on grounds of desertion and will take effect on November 1.

The bail in each criminal charge against "Baron" von Woellworth, gross cheat and defrauding an inn keeper, has again been reduced, this time to \$150 in each case.

LIQUOR CAUSE OF DEATH.

A Hawaiian known as Melchior along the waterfront died in a cheap restaurant house in Puna street yesterday afternoon and the body was removed to the morgue. Melchior had been drinking cheap wine for several days, and an hour before his death was taken with violent cramps. It is the suspicion that Melchior died from overindulgence in alcohol.

CONFESSES TO SOME NEW GRAFT

Police Clerk Brown Tells Some More—Hilo Graft Cases Go to Grand Jury Tomorrow, While in Two Other Circuits Cases Against Grafters Are Being Made Ready.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, October 20.—As a result of information which Gooding Field dug up during his investigation trip in Hamakua last week, Enoch Brown has admitted that he did not tell the truth when he, in his original confession, stated that he had been embezzling county funds only since last April. He now admits that he began this practice soon after he had obtained the office of chief clerk at the police station.

Field returned last Friday from Honokaa, where he had spent several days going over the police and the court records. He also looked over the North Hilo court records. He found both Judge Hilla and Judge Osorio's affairs in order, and the same was the case with the Hamakua police accounts with the exception of some instances, where it appears that former Police Officer Perez, who is now serving a term in jail, had received money which he should have turned over to the sheriff, but of which no record is to be found. Many of the jail records at Honokaa prior to 1912 had been destroyed, however.

Last Saturday Field went to Sheriff Pua and stated to him that he had secured evidence showing that Brown had pocketed county money which had been turned over to him by Hamakua officials prior to last April, in spite of the fact that Brown had told Breckons, Hilla and Osorio, when he made his original confession, that he had begun grafting only last April.

The sheriff immediately went with Field and with his assistant, Cook, to Brown's house, where they found Brown sick in bed.

"I want you to tell the truth this time, Brown," said Field. "You know you lied to me before."
"What is it you want?" asked Brown.

In reply Field confronted Brown with a showing to the effect that the deputy sheriff of Hamakua district had last January sent in to Brown seventy-seven dollars, which had never been turned in to the county treasurer. Field added that he was certain that he would be able to show that Brown had taken several hundred dollars from the county last year, and that prior to the month of November he had from time to time helped himself to the county funds in his custody, but he had, he believed, made restitution in every case until November, when he had borrowed from the county till he became so large that he was not able to replace them.

Field figures that the peculations of Brown so far discovered amount to at least a thousand dollars. He adds that he will not be able to tell with any degree of certainty what the total of his peculations will amount to until after an audit has been made of the Puna district records and of the Hilo jail records. The former will probably amount to much, but the latter, Field believes, may prove a promising field for investigation.

Grand Jury Tomorrow.

The grand jury will meet Wednesday morning, but it is probable that the general run of cases, which have accumulated, will be taken up before the county graft cases are handled. If that is done County Attorney Beers will have his innings first, whereupon Breckons will appear before the grand jury with his budget. This includes cases against former Supervisor Parry, former Road Supervisor Nahakoa, Supervisor Keoluha and former Police Clerk Enoch Brown, all of whom have already had charges preferred against them. Matters will also be presented involving one or two Puna men, who have not been publicly charged as yet.

For Kona Jurors.

As a result of the graft investigation there will also be a number of cases involving county employes to present before the Kona grand jury, which will meet at Kailua next Monday morning. Judge Matthewsman has issued the following grand jury venire: Wm. R. Sawyer, John Gabeler, Frederick Hoffe, Walter D. Askerman, John Hail, William Naylor, William Maertens, John T. Nakai, G. C. Whitson, R. G. Dods, C. E. Miller, Thomas C. White, Frederick Martin, John Smeaton, O. H. Sanders, C. E. Merrill, P. J. Daniels, A. K. McDougall, Samuel Parker Jr., E. E. Conant, Clarence McVey, John Johnson.

GOES TO MAINLAND TO BOOST HAWAII



ALBERT P. TAYLOR, Veteran member of Advertiser staff who in new field will continue to be a Hawaii booster.

FELLOW WORKERS SAY FAREWELL

Members of Editorial Staff of The Advertiser Guests at Parting Dinner to A. P. Taylor.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
Bidding their aloha to Albert P. Taylor preparatory to his departure to take up his duties as Hawaii Booster on the mainland, Advertiser men assembled at the Bathskeller last night to hold "a wake over a good newspaperman."

Only one member of the paper's personnel was absent and he wire-lessly his aloha from the "battlefields" around Lelehuia. Thanks to Mine Host Heydenreich the dinner, one of the few at which the staff could assemble, was highly successful and his companions wished Taylor the best of success in his new venture, which means much to Honolulu.

After dinner was served C. S. Crane presented the guest of honor with a handsome watch suitably inscribed and a letter from L. A. Thurston appreciative of long and faithful service. Mr. Thurston, who is on the mainland, wrote his congratulations in the following letter:

Mr. Albert P. Taylor, City.
Friend Taylor.—I desire to express my gratification that your energy, discretion and thorough knowledge of Hawaiian conditions have been recognized, by your appointment as the representative at San Francisco of the commission having charge of the Hawaiian exhibit at the 1915 Fair.

On behalf of the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Limited, I desire to further say that your faithful and untiring work on The Advertiser, and otherwise on behalf of the Company's interests, during the past fifteen years has been highly appreciated by the Company and its officers. We shall miss you, and if, at any time, the fates again send you this way will be glad to welcome you back to The Advertiser family.

Meanwhile, as a slight token of the appreciation of which you are held by this Company, and to help you "Watch Hawaii Grow," I take pleasure in handing you herewith a Howard Watch, suitably inscribed.

Yours with Aloha,
L. A. THURSTON,
President Hawaiian-Gazette Co., Ltd.,
Publishers of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser.

In Appreciation of Faithful Service.

Those present beside the guest of honor were C. S. Crane, R. O. Matheson, J. F. Haley, H. G. Lowrey, D. L. MacKay, G. F. Alfonso and J. Walter Doyle.

Additional British Capital May be Invested in the Territory as a Result of the Visit of Claude R. Hamilton to Honolulu.

He arrived here last week on the Sierra and since then has been quietly investigating conditions with a view, it is said, of investing. Mr. Hamilton is a cousin of the Duke of Hamilton and is manager of the vast estates of Lady Padgett located in Hood River Valley, Oregon, as well as in California. During his stay here he has been the guest of John T. Humberg, Henry Wastman, Frank Kuhn, Robert Shingle and Prince Kuhio.

Mr. Hamilton will leave with these gentlemen on the Mauna Kea today. It is understood they are en route first to Hawaii to examine a large estate on the Big Island. Later, it is said, they will visit the island of Lanai.

MAUI STOCKED UP ON BEANS

County Dealings in Kiawes Coming to Light and Taxpayers Are Asking Questions.

WAILUKU, Maui, October 20.—When The Advertiser first called attention to the possibility of mismanagement and near-graft in Maui county affairs, the majority here were inclined to take offense at the very idea of any paper even hinting at wrong. Hawaii might go to the bad; there might be graft in Honolulu; even the Garden Island might slip a cog—but Maui, never. Maui no ka oi! But there were some skeptical folks, even here, and they began to ask some of the questions suggested by The Advertiser, and then some funny things were dragged out into the light.

First there were the particulars concerning the purchase of Chairman Kanaia's second-hand automobile, and the disappearance of a rock crushing plant. Then someone dropped a hint about kiawe beans, and there was some sleuthing around. As a result of the sleuthing, a story is being told that the county, which is not in the most flourishing financial condition, recently purchased \$1500 worth of kiawe beans. As there is no record of any Joseph having arisen in the land of Maui to predict the coming of seven lean years (outside, of course, of our fee star tarantula), there appears to have been no good reason for the taking of this action, which probably has no precedent later than that set by the late lamented Pharaoh Rex.

The story goes further that the bulk of these beans were bought from prominent county officials; that thirty-one cents a bag was paid for them, whereas they can be bought in the open market by the single bag for eighteen cents, and that, to crown the act, the bags contain hardly more than half the proper weight.

It is also told that, in order to make room for the storing of this \$1500 bean deluge, county machinery, worth \$50,000, was moved out of its sheds, and is now exposed to the elements.

A man in an excellent position to know is quoted as saying that at the present rate of consumption it will take the county a year and a half to devour the beans on hand.

Oh, Gooding Field, where is your sting?

Many Preparing to Join Oakland Brethren in Holiday Trip to Honolulu.

PORTLAND, October 11.—An effort is being made by the Portland Lodge of Elks to organize a good-sized delegation of members of the order to join the Oakland lodge in the pleasure tour to the Hawaiian Islands, to take place during the progress of the great All-Pacific Floral Tournament held there the latter part of next February. Already a number of Portlanders are figuring on making the trip, but the more the merrier, say the local logjammers.

The steamer which has been chartered by the Oakland lodge will have a passenger capacity limited to exactly 200. The entire trip, which will cover twenty days, including all necessary expenses, with several picturesque side trips among the Hawaiian Islands, will cost from \$210 to \$225.

The Elks steamer will sail from San Francisco on February 12, Lincoln's birthday, and seven complete days will be given to Honolulu and the spectacular pagantry and other historical and symbolic features of entertainment which will be afforded by the big floral festival, which corresponds in a way to the annual Rose Festival of this city.

There will be side trips to Hilo and to Kilauea, the famous volcano.

For the trip to Hilo, the visit to the great crater will be one of the big attractions, where a witch's supper will be served by native girls. This is to be followed by a stroll through the crater and over the great lava beds.

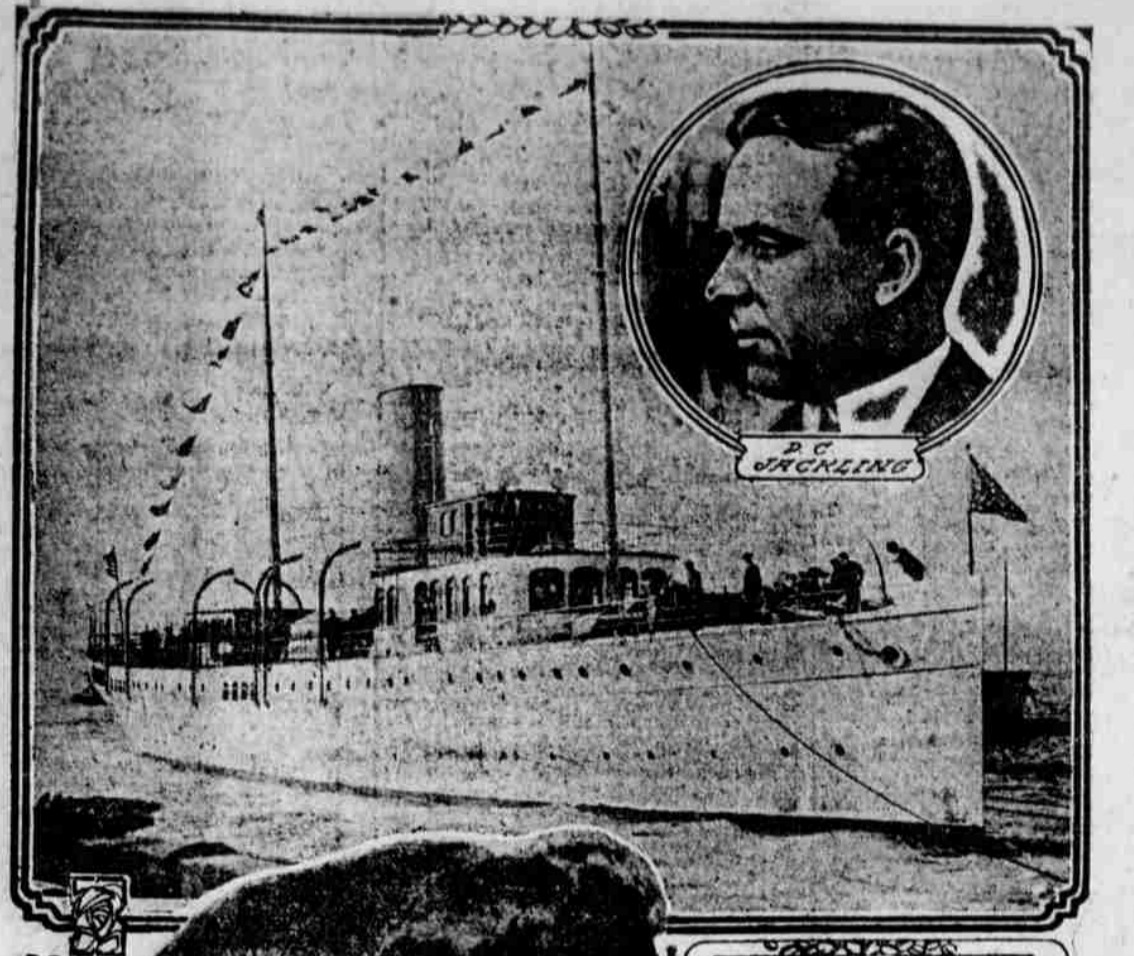
There are a number of former Portlanders living in Honolulu at the present time, and they will make suitable arrangements for the entertainment of the Elks who join the tour from this city.

Board of Health Regulations, It Is Believed, Will Now Be Complied With.

Indications that the Chinese fish-market owners would no longer insist upon their defiance of sanitary rules and the board of health were seen yesterday in a meeting of their attorneys with representatives of the board of health and City Treasurer McCarthy in the latter's office.

The chief outcome of the meeting, according to opinions expressed afterwards, was that it was seen that the Chinese did not altogether understand the orders of the board of health. Some orders they said were plain, others vague and in consequence of this E. A. Donthitt, one of their attorneys and Chief Sanitary Inspector Charlock will make a tour of the fishmarket at two or four o'clock this afternoon.

Pacific's Premier Pleasure Craft to Visit Honolulu on Maiden Trip



Multimillionaire Will Bring a Party to the Islands for Christmas Holidays.

Greatest of all pleasure craft built on the Coast and surpassing in many respects the efforts of the world's famous naval architects, the palatial yacht Cypris, built for Daniel Cowan Jackling of Salt Lake City, will be a visitor in Honolulu harbor about Christmas, according to letters just received here from D. E. Burley, general passenger and ticket agent of the Oregon Short Line Railway.

Mr. Burley states that the vessel, which will cost about \$600,000, is a condenser ship, and one of its first cruises will be from San Francisco or Los Angeles to Honolulu, where Mr. Jackling and his guests may remain for a few weeks, cruising among the islands, a trip to Hilo and a visit to the volcano being already planned.

The Cypris has just been launched by the Seattle Construction and Drydock Company, taking its first dip in the waters of Elliott Bay. The beautiful craft was christened by Miss Mildred Scott Bone, who broke a bottle of beribboned wine on the steel bow as it slid gracefully down the ways early in October.

Mr. Jackling, its owner, is a wonderful character both as to personality and as to ability. He made a fortune in Utah copper mines and is rated as a multimillionaire. When he travels he generally leases half a floor of a hotel for himself and guests. Mr. Burley states that the Cypris, when ready for its first cruise, will equal in elegance, equipment and appointment any launch in the world. Miss Bone, at the banquet given last evening after the launching sail, in responding to a toast: "Here's hoping that the Cypris will prove as seaworthy as she is beautiful."

The Cypris is the only large steam yacht of modern construction ever built on the Pacific Coast, and is the first that has ever been fitted originally as an oil burner. In its construction several rare varieties of oriental woods have been used. The vessel is 231 feet long with thirty feet beam, and when loaded will draw fourteen feet. It was designed by Irving Cox, of the firm of Cox and Stevens, New York, and was built under the supervision of Mr. Cox. It will have a speed of eighteen knots, or over twenty statute miles. It is equipped with wireless.

The owner has had the entire machinery installed in duplicate, so that it is almost impossible to conceive of a yacht being totally disabled at sea. Every modern improvement, such as electric fans, searchlights, telephones, electric pressing irons, curling tongs and all such devices that make for the comfort of modern travel, will be found on the Cypris. The vessel will carry a crew of forty men, Capt. Alexander Carman, a navigator of wide experience, will take command of the Cypris when ready to be commissioned.

Mr. Burley, who visited the islands about eleven years ago, expects to be one of the guests aboard the Cypris.

CLOSE GAMES AT HILO.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)
HILO, Hawaii, October 20.—In the baseball games played at the Maunaloa Park on Sunday afternoon, the C. A. team defeated the Hawaii Brag nine by a score of five to four. In the second game the Japanese were beaten by the Hawaii, also by a score of five to four. This was a very exciting game, the score being four to four at the end of the eighth inning. The Japanese made several clever double plays.

WILL PHOTOGRAPH KILAUEA FROM KITES FLYING SEVERAL MILES ABOVE THE PIT

In connection with the somewhat novel work now being conducted at Kilauea under the auspices of the geological department of Harvard University of reproducing the volcano in naturalistic relief, it is proposed to make a series of aerial photographs from kites flown at heights of from one to several miles above the crater and adjacent region," writes George Carroll Curtis in Science. "Not only will the data obtained be applied to supplement the photographic survey just completed after three months of field work, itself probably the most comprehensive of its kind yet made for the reproduction of a land-form type, but it is hoped there may be secured an opportunity of novel comparison with lunar craters, which are more nearly approached by the Hawaiian type than by any others known to lie on the earth's surface.

The kite photography will be conducted by expert F. W. Haworth, of Pittsburgh, who has developed this subject and the pertaining apparatus to unequalled perfection."

POSTOFFICE STRIKE FOR CHRISTMAS

LONDON, October 10.—The possibility of a Christmas strike among postal workers is added to the rumors of other strikes. A strike among postal employes is advocated only by extremists represented largely by Socialists, who are endeavoring to bring about a stoppage of mails at a time which would be convenient for direct action. It is said that the provinces will support the strike and it is alleged that plans for dislocation are being considered. The extremists are reported among twenty unions of postal employes.

National Strike in 1915.

Joint trade union action that may lead to a national strike in 1915 is foreshadowed by one of the resolutions passed yesterday by the Miners' Federation now in conference at Scarborough. The federation decided to approach railwaymen and dockers and their labor organizations with a view to uniting and synchronizing their program of movement. This may lead to a national strike of the three organizations, although one speaker said that the effect of combination would be more likely to prevent a strike.

Raising Follies Fund.

Alongside this industrial action the miners are continuing their political policy, the last ballot showing a majority of 5,843 in favor of raising a political fund immediately.

CHILDREN'S COLDS.

Why let the children run their little bodies in such a distressing manner when you can so easily keep them cool with a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by Boston Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

BRIDE OF MANUEL LEAVES HOSPITAL

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
MUNICH, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser.)—Ex-King Manuel's bride, who has been ill here for some time, was discharged from the hospital today and started with her husband for Sigmaringen, the residence of her father. The developments thus far bear out Manuel's denial of rumors that they were about to separate.

WASHINGTON, October 10.—

In the past few months President Wilson has quietly abolished a custom as time-honored as that which has led his predecessors to send their messages to congress in writing. He has discarded the custom of summoning his cabinet officers into those regularly recurring conferences known as cabinet meetings.

President Wilson's cabinet has not met since July 25. Meantime the cabinet as a body consisted in nominal form of the President and with one member on matters pertaining to common policy and to executive departments, has practically ceased to exist. The cabinet of days has become merely the heads of executive departments, to be summoned in consultation by the President on matters within their own jurisdictions or individually on the administration of their respective offices.

Furthermore, it was learned today that the President has an intention of resuming in the immediate future the regular bi-weekly cabinet sitting.

COMMISSION BACKS UP WOOD

Chairman of Board Having in Charge Plans for Hawaii Exhibit at Panama-Pacific Exposition Is Upheld in His Ultimatum Delivered to Coast City Fair Officials.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)
The Hawaii Fair Commission, at a special meeting yesterday morning closed on the stand taken by Chairman H. E. Wood in informing the San Francisco Exposition Company, that if Hawaii is not permitted to make its exhibit in the building which it proposes to erect on the exposition grounds, it will withdraw entirely from participation in the coming world's fair.

At the meeting were Chairman Wood, Secretary J. H. Wess, J. N. S. Williams, John Hughes and C. E. Wright. The members were unqualifiedly in favor of supporting the chairman, who will leave for San Francisco in the Siberia on Saturday to confer with the exposition people on this point.

The question was brought up by Chairman Stallsmith, chief of the agricultural department of the exposition, on a recent visit to Honolulu. He told the chairman that the agricultural exhibits must go into the great agricultural palace and not into the Hawaii building. Mr. Wood plainly told Mr. Stallsmith that all the exhibit would go into the Hawaii building or not at all. Wood immediately cabled to the San Francisco authorities, informing them of his decision. He also informed them he would take up the matter upon his arrival in San Francisco.

A telegram which was received from C. W. Dieck, architect of the Hawaii building, was also the cause of considerable discussion. This stated that the building as planned could not be built for \$25,000 under any circumstances. The commission thereupon passed a resolution whereby not less than \$50,000 of the \$100,000 available for exposition purposes, will be devoted to building purposes exclusively.

The commission approved the appointment of Will J. Cooper to take charge of publicity at the Hawaii building during the exposition year, his appointment to take effect early in 1915. Mrs. Cooper will be matron of the building.

Mr. Wood, in addition to his call upon the exposition officials, will go to Los Angeles, as the representative of the Honolulu chamber of commerce, at the celebration of the opening of the great aqueduct, which is to supply Los Angeles with water.

Needs to Win Only Three Games More to Make \$500—Will He Pitch Again?

"Our Honolulu" Johnny Williams continues to lead the Pacific Coast League pitchers with but little show of any other slabster taking away the premier honors.

The standing of the principal Pacific Coast League pitchers, according to the San Francisco Chronicle of October 14, giving the standing of the slabsters who pitched twenty games or more follows:

"Sailor" Stroud of the Wolves' gang is coming up in the pace of pitching honors in the Pacific Coast League and is now in third position. Williams still leads with the same mark of 7.08, not having been officially charged with winning or losing a game in the past week. Harkness' record went down when he won and lost a game and he switches from .652 to .640, but remains in second place.

Stroud is third with his average of .622, as against his .611 of last season. "Sheet" Fanning remains at fifth place with the same figure. Roy Hitt is between "Skeeter" and the sailor. Fanning, Standridge, Parnell, Leifield, Henley and Overall are the San Francisco hurlers pitching to the tune of .590 or better. Following are the records of the Coast League mound artists:

Name	W	L
Williams, Sacramento	17	7
Harkness, Venice	16	9
Stroud, Sacramento	14	6
Hitt, Venice	12	6
Fanning, San Francisco	12	6
West, Portland	11	6
Higginbotham, Portland	11	6
Krause, Portland	11	6
Hagerman, Portland	11	6
Malarkey, Oakland	11	6
James, Portland	11	6
Balough, Venice	11	6
Pernell, Oak St. E.	11	6
Leifield, San Francisco	10	8
Klawitter, Sacramento	10	8
Perritt, Los Angeles	10	8
Krapp, Portland	10	8
Tozer, Los Angeles	10	8
Ryan, Los Angeles	10	8
Baum, Venice	10	8
Chech, Los Angeles	10	8
Hepley, San Francisco	10	8
Koestner, Venice	10	8
Single, Los Angeles	10	8
Baker, San Francisco	10	8
Lively, Sacramento	10	8
Ardlines, Sacramento	10	8
Allen, Oakland	10	8
Kilbury, Oakland	10	8

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)
NEW YORK, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser.)—William Gibson, manager of the famous Athletic Club, announces that the bout between Leach and Willie Ritchie, the light-weight champion of the world, originally scheduled for October 25, has been changed to one night later, Wednesday, October 29.

PHLEGS CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PARIS OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in a few days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis U. S. of A.

SENATORS ASK FAIR PLAY FOR REBELS

Smith of Arizona and Fall of New Mexico Insist That United States Raise Embargo and Permit Foes of Huerta to Import Munitions and Carry on Fight in Southern Republic.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) MONTEREY, Mexico, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Three hundred persons were arrested at Monterey today charged with plotting to turn the city over to the rebels. The bullpen is filled with political prisoners as a result of Huerta's iron handed methods.

WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Demands that the United States recognize the Mexican rebels to permit them to obtain munitions with which to drive Huerta from power were made here today by senators alarmed by recent developments in the Southern Republic.

They fear that unless the rebels win it will be necessary for American troops to invade the country. Senator Mark Smith of Arizona said:

"Both Federals and Constitutionalists should be treated alike. The inability of the Huerta faction to maintain order is conceded by every one."

"The question of recognition is timely just now," said Senator Fall of New Mexico.

"I believe the double-dealing accorded the United States by Huerta makes it almost imperative that we retaliate by giving the Constitutionalists every chance to make good their claims. They will sweep the Huerta regime out of power if their belligerency is once recognized."

Temporary Halt in Kieff "Ritual" Murder Trial Caused by Mysterious Woman.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) KIEFF, Russia, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A dramatic incident today caused the temporary halt in the "ritual murder" trial of Mendel Beiliss and caused a scene of confusion in the courtroom. Janitor Gersky, formerly employed in the house in which the Telesberik family lived, was recalled to the stand by the defense to tell of conversations overheard in the apartments of Vera Telesberik the mysterious woman.

The witness swore he once overheard Vera say, "we must finish with Andrew Yushinsky as the boy is a hinderance."

Vera with a face white with rage jumped from her seat among the government's witnesses and rushed toward the witness box screaming, "you lie, you know it, you spy."

CRIME CONFESSED BY LODZ PRISONER (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) ST. PETERSBURG, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A telegram was received today from Lodz stating that a man named Bagavlin, under arrest there, has confessed to murdering Andrew Yushinsky, the Kieff boy whose death has resulted in one charge of "ritual murder" against Mendel Beiliss.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) DENVER, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Judge Tom Lindsey of Denver today declined an offer from Oliver Monahan, a Los Angeles theatrical manager, to take the leading role in Elmer Harris' new play, "The Little Officer." One of the scenes in the play is laid in a juvenile court.

WASHINGTON, October 22.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Secretary of Navy Daniels last night formally announced that it has been decided to have the battleship Oregon, once the pride of the United States Navy and an international fleet through the Panama Canal when the opening of that great waterway is fittingly celebrated early in 1915.

URGE RECOGNITION OF MEXICAN REBELS



Senator Mark Smith of Arizona (upper) and Senator Fall of New Mexico, who ask United States to allow Huerta's foes to import munitions.

MIST-M'GOUN WEDDING AT PUUNENE

Herbert W. M. Mist, auditor of T. H. Davies & Company, and Miss Marguerita Isabel McGoun, were married last Monday evening at seven o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Williams, Punahoa, Maui, by the Rev. J. Knox Kede, of the Episcopal church, immediately after the marriage the couple went to Lahaina and boarded the Manna Kea, on which they came to Honolulu, having their wedding breakfast at the home of Mrs. June Mist, Menoa Valley, Mr. and Mrs. Mist will spend their honeymoon at the E. A. Schaefer bungalow on Tantalus.

Mrs. Lorrin Andrews Not Recognized Even by Husband During Dance on Liner Korea.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) SAN FRANCISCO, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Costumed and masked, so that even her own husband could not recognize her among the gay revellers, Mrs. Lorrin Andrews, wife of the former attorney general of Hawaii, proved the sensation at a ball masque aboard the liner Korea which arrived Sunday.

INVITATION ACCEPTED BY GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Great Britain today accepted the United States proposal to send a fleet and join the international fleet which will assemble at Hampton Roads early in 1915 and then make a trip through the Panama Canal.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Miss Genevieve Camp Clark, daughter of the late Senator Clark has declared against the turkey hot, lung and other ultra-modern dances.

To make two-step and the pretty new dances of our grandmothers are quite enough for me," she said today.

PINKHAM WINS IN COMMITTEE

Governor Frear Worked for Him and This Assistance Helped Senator's Commitment to Agree on His Appointment—Confirmation by Senate Expected in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special Cable to The Advertiser)—The Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico today reported favorably on the nomination of L. E. Pinkham as Governor of Hawaii. It is probable that the senate will confirm the appointment within a few days.

Governor Frear, it is understood, did much to advance the cause of Mr. Pinkham and his conference with the President and others helped to form the favorable report made yesterday by the committee.

FREAR ANXIOUS ABOUT PINKHAM

By Ernest G. Walker. (Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, October 19.—Governor Frear is trying in town for a few days, trying to find out what is what with reference to his successor. He brought here the text of his annual report, which is being put into shape at the government printing office and upon which he is making a few corrections. The Governor has insisted at all times on the propriety of Mr. E. Pinkham being confirmed as his successor.

"I have come out partly on a vacation," said Governor Frear tonight, "I am attending to some private business and would look after certain matters in which the Territory is interested. It was sure this could properly be done, I refer especially to the issue of bonds for public improvement. I expect to talk with the secretary of the interior about that. I saw him at Berkeley some time ago but will call on him at his office here, he having returned to Washington today."

Might Go Round the World. "If I knew that Mr. Pinkham were to be confirmed shortly so as to relieve me of my official duties I would like to take quite a little vacation, returning to Honolulu, the other way—around the world, by being taken on a cruise."

Mr. Pinkham was a Republican, and if this statement gets to certain Democratic senators it will make Mr. Pinkham's confirmation all the more difficult.

Consulted Frear on Judges. The Governor has seen President Wilson, but the latter was unable to give any hope of an immediate change in the gubernatorial office. There is little else that the President can do to further Pinkham's confirmation. Representatives William Kent, of California, responsible for Pinkham's nomination, has gone to California and probably will not return for several weeks. Attorney General McQuinn sent for Governor Frear and talked with him for two hours about judicial nominations for the Territory. The terms of five judges of the Territory have expired or are expiring and Mr. McQuinn wished to learn all he could about the qualifications of the candidates and after the various candidates for those places. There are no signs yet that the nominations are forthcoming, although of late President Wilson has been giving much attention to the naming of judges for existing vacancies on the federal bench in the States.

Governor Frear has been in New York and expects to return here again shortly. A few other Honolulu people of prominence are there, including Walter Dillingham. The report of Alfred Noble, engineer, about the Pearl Harbor drydock is awaited with much interest. While it is understood he declares that the construction of the drydock is feasible, as Honolulu has all along believed, this does not detract from the importance of his report, which will go into details and form the basis of the program to be followed by the Navy Department.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Secretary of War Woodrow Wilson today announced that he had accepted the nomination of L. E. Pinkham as Governor of Hawaii.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM. There is nothing so good for muscular rheumatism, headache, sprains, etc., as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It will relieve aches and pains from colds, neuralgic, rheumatic, toothache, etc. It is sold by all druggists.

Mill Engineers and Engineers Association Close Sessions

(From Wednesday Advertiser.) With the prospect of a reduction in the price of Hawaiian sugar in the American markets, the sugar mill engineers of the Territory, in their convention yesterday, dealt with the problems of selling the best methods of producing the product with the highest percentage of efficiency and the cheapest rate per pound to getting it into sacks.

At ten o'clock yesterday morning there was an extra session, not on the regular program. The meeting was called by the mill engineers, and Mr. McQuinn, of Honolulu, completed the talk on milling commenced Monday morning.

Tour of Inspection. The morning was largely devoted to an inspection of the hostess drydock which the Inter-Island company is installing on the waterfront opposite the Honolulu Iron Works, the Honolulu Rapid Transit Company's power house on Alapai street, and the Hawaiian Electric Company's plant on Alaka'i street.

At the Hawaiian Electric Company's plant, the engineers watched the installation of a new turbine engine. At the drydock, Superintendent Steedy escorted the engineers over the plant, which will represent a cost of \$500,000. He explained that it would be large enough to handle a vessel the size of the Wilhelmian, and would be ready for this or any other service within a month.

Under the direction of Mr. Steedy, a demonstration was given, with the sand blasting machine, which is used to scour the metal parts of the dock before being painted. The painting of the wings alone will cost \$10,000. He also explained that ten of the ten-inch centrifugal pumps will be used in raising the dock after a vessel has been placed in the drydock. The pumps are to be driven by a couple of 200-horsepower electric motors to be furnished by the Hawaiian Electric Company.

At the rapid transit power house the visitors were conducted through the plant by General Manager Balleentyne and Chief Engineer, McLaughlin. The intricate power-producing machinery was greatly admired by the engineers. Chief Engineer McLaughlin has been in charge of the plant since it was established nearly twelve years ago. While there a group picture was taken of the visitors.

Final Meeting in Afternoon. At the afternoon session the third and final meeting took place, being presided over by R. R. Hind. Two papers were read, one by H. S. Truscott of Makaweli, on labor saving devices and means of general interest to the engineers, and a paper by J. E. Kennedy of Honolulu, on vacuum pans and the sugar room.

Renton Hind, who presided at the session was a keen observer as indicated by the manner in which he asked for discussion of the two papers, his intimate knowledge of the systems favored by each engineer giving him opportunities to call for varied opinions.

At the conclusion of the afternoon session an adjournment was taken to the evening, with a stern injunction by the chairman to be present at the banquet at the Commercial Club.

Calandria Pan Favored. Mr. Kennedy's paper was so complete and embodied the opinions of the engineers so well that the discussion of the subject was hardly necessary. The points of interest in his paper indicated that the mill engineers of the Territory are very conversant with the chemical end of the business as well as with the engineers' end. His paper was the longest that had yet been presented, but was absorbing in its interest to the engineers.

The opinion was practically unanimous that vacuum pans were superior to coil pans, the latter heretofore having been in general use. They are gradually being superseded by the new type. The question of central condensation was brought up very concisely. It was agreed that a central system of condensation is an improvement, but owing to the influence of temperature on the technique of sugar boiling, it is important that each evaporator unit have its own condenser, the air pipes from which lead to a central apparatus.

Truscott Brings Out Point. Mr. Truscott's paper dealt with one or two questions that are of vital importance. Particular stress was laid on the point that the planters' association should give more encouragement to those of the engineers who have an inventive turn of mind, for, as efficiency is demanded, the encouragement of the inventor is of the greatest importance. A resolution was adopted asking that more details of engineering interest be incorporated in the weekly reports of the various mills which are distributed among those belonging to the planters' association, for it was pointed out that the engineer is as big a factor in the commercial production of sugar as the hands of the other departments.

James Gibb, of Honolulu plantation, was called upon by the chairman to make a few remarks. He seemed to be very hearty in accord with the sentiments expressed. He congratulated Mr. Gibb of Pahala on his inventive ability as displayed by the pump and at the same time pointed out that while it was not his wish to detract from the genius shown by Mr. Gibb, it was his opinion that opportunity had entered largely into Mr. Gibb's success, and he pointed out that if the average mill engineer is given the opportunity to show his best talent, the results would be gratifying.

Mr. McLaughlin of Pioneer Mill, felt that engineers should visit other factories in the Territory. Throughout the islands, we are always willing and ready to show engineers from other parts of the world through our factories," he said, "where no endeavor is made to get the men who are engaged usually in the business to go around and see things for themselves."

President Steedy closed. President Steedy, in closing the meeting, expressed his appreciation of the cooperation of the mill engineers.

Annual Meeting of Association. The annual meeting of the Hawaiian Engineering Association followed at seven o'clock last night, in the library of the Commercial Club. After the routine business, consisting of the annual reports of the chairman, treasurer and auditing committee, had been concluded, Mr. J. E. Steedy, the retiring chairman, summed up the work of the year 1913 as having been of remarkable importance. The four engineering events marking this year's term of office were: the catastrophe of the destruction of the Pearl Harbor drydock, where millions of dollars worth of work disappeared in the twinkling of an eye, but without loss of human life; the construction and successful transfer to Pearl Harbor of the largest floating steel crane ever constructed; the commencement of the magnificent Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company's floating drydock; and, what was destined to become of supreme importance in the future industrial development of Hawaii, the successful inauguration of the new Battell system of sugar production.

Officers Elected. Following Mr. Steedy's remarks the election of officers for the incoming year was announced, as follows: Chairman, R. R. Hind; vice chairman, W. G. Hall; treasurer, Irwin Spalding; secretary, F. O. Boyes; directors, George Denison, H. Stuart Johnson, and J. M. Young; Island directors—Hawaii: D. E. Metzger; Maui, H. McCubbin; Kauai, A. McLaughlin.

EMMELINE RISES ON HER DIGNITY; AWAITS BID TO WHITE HOUSE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Belmont home was filled to overflowing today at a reception in honor of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst.

"When I reach Washington," said Mrs. Pankhurst, "I shall call on the President only if invited."

Confessed Murderer Tells How He Trilled Mrs. Potter Palmer for Ten Days. (By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) CHICAGO, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Mrs. Potter Palmer, Chicago's acknowledged social leader, escaped robbery and perhaps death by a margin of a few hours, according to a story told in the Wheaton jail tonight by Henry Spencer, the "chamber murderer" of Mildred Allison Rexroat.

Spencer trilled Mrs. Potter Palmer for ten days from the time of her arrival in Chicago on November third last year, during the week she stayed in Chicago, and even the three days after during her trip to New York and aboard the boat which carried her to Europe.

The diamond chain of Mrs. Palmer's, made of forty-two perfectly matched, flawless stones, worth, when combined as a necklace, more than \$100,000, and as a mere collection of stones saleable at the rate of about \$1000 a stone, was the prize for which Spencer played.

Bull Moose Leader Asks Supervisors to Explain How Donations Are Expended. (From Wednesday Advertiser.)

George R. Carter, Bull Moose leader and ex-Governor of Hawaii, wants to know on what basis the supervisors arrange their philanthropic program. He intimated in a letter to Mayor Fern that a consistent basis is altogether lacking in their "donations" and asks that as much attention be given to health as to justice and charity.

The letter, which was read before the supervisors last night, is as follows: "Mayor J. J. Fern: "My Dear Sir: It is with interest that I read in the auditor's report of county expenditures in this morning's Advertiser, and write to ask information as to the items of expenditure under 'Donations.'"

The use of this word would indicate a gift of funds of the county passed out for which there is no consideration, but I judge this to be only a heading used in accounting.

"Can you tell me where I can ascertain the policy which guides the board of supervisors in their expenditures under this heading? Is there any standard of philanthropy or condition required before donations are made of the taxpayer's money? Is there a public accounting required of this money? Are the supervisors convinced that this money is spent wisely and economically?"

"The justification of the right to tax lies in this, that a government by collective action is presumed to accomplish more economically that which could not be done as well by individuals. I believe that in the future we will collectively support many more of the so-called charitable institutions that make for the uplift of humanity. For instance: The modern hospital is no longer an institution operated for the benefit of the poor man. As now developed, it is needed by the whole community, but I am fearful that our progress along these lines may sometimes be in the wrong direction, which will check the advance, therefore we will surely gain if we can establish certain marks which will act as guide posts.

"For instance: Is there any reason why the associated charities or humane society should be given public funds over and above other institutions which are non-sectarian? There was a time when the associated charities attempted to be what its name signifies, but for some time it has been of little or no value to other charitable institutions, being operated simply as one of the eighty-odd philanthropic institutions of this community. The humane society may be a very worthy object, but on what basis is the money which it receives supposed to be more effective than if given to tuberculosis work or that which directly affect human beings rather than the sufferings of animals?"

"The total of your expenditures along these lines to me is ridiculously small. You spend ten times as much for the courts, yet health and happiness are almost as great blessings as justice! Please understand me, I write this in no spirit of petty criticism, but rather like a 'True Progressive' I believe in publicity and desire that these things should be discussed openly in order that the officials who represent the taxpayers can intelligently make such dollar entrusted to them as far as possible. Very sincerely yours, (Signed) 'GEORGE R. CARTER.'"

TAX-EATERS ARE POOR TAXPAYERS. HILO, October 20.—Kohala county employees might be proud of the amount which they present as willing taxpayers, but not as taxpayers. Deputy Tax Assessor McLaughlin last week sent to Assessor Forrest a list of no less than seventy North Kohala road workers, who have failed to pay their poll tax. The list is headed by Supervisor Katschman and Road Supervisor Wilson. Fortunately, the law provides that these taxes can be deducted from the money which the county owes them, and this will be done forthwith.

ONE MAN RULE FOR PANAMA CANAL

Colonel Goethals' Plan for the Government of Great Waterway and Entire Zone Will, It Is Now Believed, Be Accepted and Enacted Into Law by Congress.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Goethals plan for control of the government and maintenance of the Panama Canal will be accepted by Congress, and the suggestion of Governor Metcalf, former editor of the Commerce for a commission form of government will be rejected.

Goethals wants the Canal ruled by one man in absolute authority. Metcalf proposes a board.

A leader of the house responsible for legislation affecting the Canal announced today that there would be no change in the law which legislates out of existence the Isthmian Canal Commission with the completion of the Canal and substitutes a civil government with expert aides to take charge of the Canal, its operation and maintenance and the sanitation of the Zone.

Colonel Goethals was charged by the owners of this law with the duty of reporting plans for the future management of the Canal. It will be used by the house interstate and foreign commerce commission as the basis for permanent legislation.

Colonel Goethals is not to be disturbed in his great work until he shall have made his final report on its completion.

LAMAR LOSES FIGHT AGAINST EXTRADITION

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Chief Justice Taft today denied the writ of habeas corpus to prevent extradition of David Lamar to New York to face an indictment charging him with "impersonating Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania."

The court will not enter the order until tomorrow in order to give Lamar's counsel time to perfect an appeal.

HANS SCHMIDT IS DECLARED TO BE SANE

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) NEW YORK, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Hans Schmidt, who confessed that he killed Anna Amuller, was sane at the time of the murder, and is sane now, according to reports submitted to District Attorney Whitman today by four alienists whom the prosecutor retained to examine the slayer.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) LONDON, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Earl of Carrick made his debut on a public stage tonight at the Coliseum in the title role of a sketch called "Colonel Cleveland, V. C." As an actor the peer was applauded loudly.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.) MADRID, October 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Another anti-Republican revolution has broken out in Portugal, according to a report received here today by way of the frontier. Serious disorders are reported in several quarters where monarchical strength is marked.

For some time there have been mutterings threatening an uprising in Portugal and another attempt to overthrow the Republican government and recall Manuel to the throne.

Government troops are massed at Lisbon, Oporto, and other important cities in great numbers.

Act Quickly

Delay Has Been Dangerous in Honolulu. Do the right thing at the right time. Act quickly in time of danger. In time of kidney danger, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are most effective.

Plenty of evidence of their worth. Mrs. B. Halverson, 555 Santa Cruz St., San Pedro, Cal., says: "I was troubled for quite a while by kidney trouble and pains in my back. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills gave me the quickest relief I had ever found from any medicine. We keep Doan's Backache Kidney Pills on hand all the time. If I begin to have pain in my back or my kidneys show signs of being disordered, I at once take them. They soon check the attack. My little son was severely afflicted with kidney trouble. He was swollen from his head to his feet. He had severe pains in his back, and his kidneys were weak and disordered. The doctor said the trouble was bordering on Bright's disease. We began giving him Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and they cured him. That happened when he was six years old, and since he has been cured there has been no sign of trouble. One other in our family has used Doan's Backache Kidney Pills with good benefit."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hutter Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. Sells in all drug stores.

FOUNTAIN IS DECIDED ON BY SOCIETY

Members of Hawaii Humane Society at Annual Meeting Unanimous in Decision to Honor Memory of Late Rose C. Davison; Reports Received and Officers Elected.

(From Thursday Advertiser.) A memorial drinking fountain, principally for horses and dogs, to cost about \$1500, will be erected by the Hawaii Humane Society in memory of the late Rose C. Davison, agent for many years of the society. This action was decided on at the annual meeting of the society yesterday morning at the Young Hotel, with Mrs. Sanford B. Dole presiding. Resolutions to this effect were introduced by Gerrit P. Wilder, as follows:

"Be it resolved, That the Hawaii Humane Society erect a memorial to the late Rose C. Davison in the form of a drinking fountain for both animals and human beings, and that a committee of seven be appointed to raise an amount not to exceed \$1500 for this purpose; and it is

"Further resolved, That this committee have complete power, in executing this memorial, so that it may comply with the sanitary regulations of the board of agriculture and forestry. The resolutions were adopted by a unanimous vote, and the following committee was appointed to inquire into the proposition: Mrs. L. L. McCandless (chairman), Mrs. George C. Potter, Miss Wilhelmina Tenney, Gerrit P. Wilder, George R. Carter, Miss Helen Wilder and E. A. P. Newcomb.

Several Locations Proposed. Mrs. McCandless was the first to inquire into the proposition some time ago, and yesterday reported on the data she had secured. Several places for the location of the fountain were proposed, including Palace Square, Thomas Square, the waterfront, the intersection of King street and Kalakaua avenue and the Library of Hawaii. No location was decided on, and this will be left to the committee. The society favored a fountain which would serve both human beings and animals.

It is probable that the committee may raise funds for the fountain by private subscription. It is believed that there will be little difficulty in raising the fund, for Miss Davison was known all over the Territory and her work brought her in contact with the rich and the poor among all nationalities. "Rose Davison" was a name to conjure with among the poor people, particularly for her good deeds on behalf of dumb animals and needy families.

Mr. Wilder stated that the fountain would have to receive the endorsement of the territorial veterinarian, as it will have to conform to all sanitary regulations. A local architect will be engaged to draw up the plans for the fountain.

President's Report Interesting. The report of Mrs. Dole, the president, for the year contained the following:

"The year 1913 has been a disastrous one to the Hawaii Humane Society in that we have lost our humane officer, Miss Rose Davison, whose work is beyond praise. Wonderfully efficient, her strength of body and qualities of mind made her a humane worker far above the average. She was a grand power in this society and her loss was a crushing blow to us. We feel that we are fortunate in having secured the services of two other efficient workers who have carried on Miss Davison's work since she left us, and we thank them heartily for their efforts to make good our great loss and we look forward hopefully to the future, and enthusiastically holding fast to our motto: 'Humanity, the union of all who love for the service of all who suffer.'

"Through the committee for the welfare of children, a complaint was made to the Children's Hospital, and in consequence of a resulting investigation, that institution has passed two important rules, one that corporal punishment shall never be used there, and the other that no child shall be sent away without the consent of a physician in charge of that case. All through the year we are keeping up the inspection of the dance houses, as the men who frequent them bring their liquor with them and leave it in the restaurants, going in and drinking with their companions after the dancing is over. Very few of the objectionable new dances are used in these houses. We think that there should be a rigid government censorship of the moving pictures, as they are getting to be one of the most powerful educators of the children in our streets.

Flagrant Case of Cruelty. "One of the most flagrant cases of cruelty to children that we have had during the year is that of a little Spanish girl found by Officer Anderson in Kailahi. She had been so brutally beaten by her foster mother as to be black and blue all over, with an eye and half the face bruised. The case was taken to the juvenile court and the woman given a month in jail while the child was adopted into a good home.

The gas box for the asphyxiation of stray dogs has been installed this year at the pound and has saved much suffering. And so we will have to go on for another year, feeling that our help we have saved the burden of the world ever so little.

The resignation of Miss Lucy Ward, who has been agent since the death of Miss Davison, was accepted and a vote

AGAIN CHOSEN HEAD OF HUMANE SOCIETY



MRS. SANFORD B. DOLE.

Election Is Held at Annual Meeting of Residents of Manoa District.

(From Thursday Advertiser.) The annual meeting of the Manoa Improvement Club was held Tuesday evening at the Manoa Valley Tennis Club grounds. The attendance was small but enthusiastic, and a five board of directors was elected for the new year as follows: Prof. L. A. Andrews, president; Alexander Lindsay, Jr., vice president; K. B. Barnes, secretary; A. H. Tardieu, treasurer.

The executive committee, with whom the above will act ex officio will be as follows: E. A. B. Ross, R. R. Reidford, Captain John Kidwell. The standing committees for the new year will shortly be appointed by President Andrews, and a campaign of improvement will be commenced at once. The new year is looked upon as one of great hope by the enthusiastic members of this club, who plan to make their accomplishments this coming year a record for Manoa Valley.

In order to promote the efficiency of the organization, an amendment to the by-laws was passed, making the regular meetings of the club monthly instead of quarterly. These will now be held on the second Thursday of each and every month at half past seven o'clock, at the Manoa Valley Tennis Club grounds. Each member was asked to constitute himself a committee of one to further the interests of the club and therefore the residents of Manoa Valley, in every way possible. One way to accomplish this will be to interest new members to join the club. Many residents in this section who are not members of the Manoa Improvement Club, but who have the interests of Manoa Valley at heart, and the new board hopes soon to enroll every resident of Manoa Valley.

A report on the proposition for a fire station in Manoa Valley will be taken up by a committee on Saturday. It was proposed some time ago to place the fire station in Manoa Park, but the residents of the upper section of the valley, above College Hills, who are more directly interested in the park as such, have protested to the Governor against such use of the pretty reserve and Acting Governor Mott-Smith announced a few weeks ago that he would create the park officially, and the fire station will in all probability be located elsewhere.

Suit filed yesterday in the federal court by Walter Muisneck and Archibald Smith against the lumber steamer St. Helens has delayed the departure of this vessel, the St. Helens having been on the boards to leave for the Coast yesterday afternoon at one o'clock.

The libel was filed by two men, who were discharged in Honolulu after the arrival of the St. Helens. They claim that they were engaged for the round trip and were to be discharged at San Pedro, California. Because of the discharge here Muisneck and Smith have each libeled the steamer in the sum of \$250 for passage money back, maintenance, expenses and extra wages.

The papers were served by the United States marshal's department yesterday on Capt. I. O. Odland of the St. Helens. Before the steamer can leave for the Coast a bond must be filed by the representatives of the vessel. The case has been set for a hearing on October 31. Attorney George A. Davis represents Muisneck and Smith, while Attorney George S. Curry has been retained to defend the suits against the St. Helens.

Since Attorney General Thayer learned that he may be called upon to officiate as Governor of the Territory, during the absence of Governor Frear and Acting Governor Mott-Smith, he has practically decided that the Mani fishery cases, which were to be tried at Wailuku on November 1, will have to go over until his official titles are reduced considerably in number.

He bases his opinion upon his observations and personal experience. The lecture will be in Cooke Hall at eight o'clock. It is free to all the members of the Y. M. C. A. and their club friends.

Officers Elected. The election of officers resulted as follows:

Mrs. Sanford B. Dole, president; Mrs. L. L. McCandless, first vice president; Mrs. S. M. Damon, second vice president; Mrs. Ehen Low, third vice president; Miss Lucy Ward, fourth vice president; Mrs. George Sherman, fifth vice president; Mrs. R. M. Huntington, sixth vice president; Miss Florence Gurey, secretary; Mrs. Joseph Emerson, treasurer, and Judge W. L. Whitney, auditor. Directresses: Mrs. A. Haseberg, Mrs. R. W. Shingle, Mrs. A. G. Hawes Jr., Mrs. W. L. Whitney, Miss Nora Swamy and Miss Wilhelmina Tenney.

Committees Appointed. The following committees were appointed: Dance Hall—Miss Lucy Ward, Judge W. L. Whitney and Miss A. Maynard; Finance—Mrs. Harriet Wall, Mrs. Ehen P. Low and Mrs. L. L. McCandless; Educational—Mrs. George Sherman, Mrs. Mary Quinn, Miss Nora Swamy and Mrs. Walter P. Frear; Child Care—Mrs. I. L. McCandless, Mrs. Haseberg, Mrs. F. H. French, Mrs. Wilhelmina Tenney, Mrs. A. Haseberg and Mrs. M. A. Phillips.

FORM DOES NOT PHASE KUHIO

Delegate Signs Letter to Cabinet Officer With Rubber Stamp; Honolulu Pays Penalty.

When Delegate Kuhio affixed his signature with a rubber stamp to an official document and forwarded it to the war department, he let himself in for some criticism. The document was returned to him for his own signature before any action is taken on the request contained in the document.

The document was recently sent from Washington to General Funston, commanding the Hawaiian Department, for an explanation, and if the general replies as he generally does, straight from the shoulder, it is possible that the war department will find a paragraph in his answer relating to the rubber stamp signature. In the mean time the needed road improvements are delayed.

The residents of Waikiki, Diamond Head and Kaimuki requested the delegate to ask the war department to take cognizance of the bad condition of the Diamond Head road. Since the war department took over the extinct crater and its slopes as a military reservation and began to fortify it and place searchlights on the bluffs overlooking the sea, the Territory and the county have ceased to look after the highway as it is now. The military reservation and only the war department has authority to look after it.

The road is full of holes, ruts and dangerous bumps, all of which are ruinous to vehicles. Chauffeurs declare they will not take passengers over the road in their autos as their automobile tires are cut and the springs strained. The Diamond Head road was formerly one of the most popular tourist drives in the vicinity of Honolulu.

When the war department received the letter from Delegate Kuhio his rubber stamp signature was noticed. When the letter and accompanying statements reached General Funston, the rubber stamp signature stood out like a lunion. General Funston is not altogether a stickler for form, but it is said that he believes that a congressman at least should sign his name to a document with his own hand, when it goes to a cabinet officer.

It is said that General Funston may recommend that the war department rebuild the Diamond Head road in view of the fact that it is a connecting thoroughfare between Honolulu and outlying suburbs, and cannot be touched by the local authorities because it is on a military reservation.

County Attorney Heers of Hilo has appealed to Attorney General Thayer for assistance in conducting the jury term at Kailua, Hawaii, this week, on the ground that both Heers and his deputy William H. Heen are so busy at Hilo that neither can go to Kailua.

Thayer planned to send Deputy Attorney General Leslie P. Scott to Hawaii, but news that Thayer may have to temporarily "hold down the lid" in the Governor's office upset his earlier calculations.

"If I am to 'hold down the lid,'" said Thayer yesterday, "Deputy Attorney General Arthur G. Smith will have his hands full with this law department and he will require the assistance of Mr. Scott. In this case the latter cannot be spared at this time.

It would prefer that Heers or Heen should handle the Kailua work. Heers has asked that I commission Attorney J. W. Russell of Hilo specially to represent the government at Kailua. This I have not done yet. There is time, however, as the Kailua term of the circuit court does not begin until Monday."

C. G. Boekus will speak at the Y. M. C. A. this evening on his adventures as a gold hunter in Alaska during the rush which followed the discovery of the precious metal there. "The Trail of '98" is the subject which he has chosen for his address.

"Alaska is the largest and best operated mosquito hospital in the world, and many of my thrilling adventures were among flocks of these vermin," claimed Mr. Boekus. Alaska is a country which is much misunderstood, for most people think of it as a slowly moving glacier or as a grand jumble of icebergs which would be inviting only to a Cook or a Peary.

Mr. Boekus declares that should he tell even the most credible of his Alaskan fish stories he would be laughed into full membership of the local branch of the Amnians Club upon the narration of the bare facts of a single aquatic episode.

He bases his opinion upon his observations and personal experience. The lecture will be in Cooke Hall at eight o'clock. It is free to all the members of the Y. M. C. A. and their club friends.

REVOLVING FUND FOR NEW ROADS

Superintendent Caldwell Advances a Feasible Plan to Help Out Homesteaders.

Superintendent of Public Works Caldwell is of the opinion that the present law relating to the use of money derived from the sale of homesteads for the construction of homestead roads is wrong in principle, and that it could be improved greatly. He points out that as it is at present, no such money can become available until after the homestead tracts have been opened for settlement, and then, when the money does come in, it comes in small dribbles, which do not avail greatly.

Caldwell believes that the legislature should set aside a revolving fund, from which can be taken money with which to build homestead roads. Thus when a tract of homesteads is to be opened, an estimate can be made of how much money will be derived from the sale of the lots, and a corresponding sum can be taken out of the revolving fund, with the understanding that when the money derived from the sale of the land becomes available, it shall be returned into the revolving fund to make good the sum advanced therefrom.

In this manner it will be possible to build roads to the homestead tract to be opened, before the land is sold, and the settlers will not have to undergo the usual hardship of having their homes in places suffering from an almost entire lack of good roads. Furthermore, it is likely that the tracts will bring better returns, and will be more eagerly sought after, when there are good roads to and through them, whereas at present the lack of good roads keeps many people from obeying the call of back to the land.

Finally, the Caldwell scheme has the great advantage that it will make large sums immediately available, and it is a well known fact that much better road building can be done where the builder has a large sum available at one time, than where the road money comes in in dribbles.

It is, of course, impossible to change the system at present, as an act by the legislature will be necessary to carry out the Caldwell plan, but it should appeal strongly to the next session of the legislature, as it seems to be both extremely simple and very effective.

NEW POLICY IN PRIAR LAND MATTER

MANILA, October 11.—Col. H. C. McCoy, deputy collector of customs at Manila, and Charles H. Steeper, director of the bureau of lands in the Philippines, resigned today and Manuel Tolin was appointed to the bureau of lands.

This appointment is regarded as implying the adoption of a new attitude toward the Friar land question. Governor-General Francis Burton Harrison says that he does not intend to make any further changes at present. The reductions to be made in the salaries of officials are to be confined to those occupying higher positions.

Mrs. W. A. Egan will Friday be the steamer "Chandine" on Friday of next week for Maui where she will visit Mrs. W. S. Nichol and other friends at Hamakua. Mrs. Egan will be absent from Honolulu for a month.

FOR SKIN AND SCALP
For every use in preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands of infants, children and adults, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have no rivals worth mentioning. For affections of the skin and scalp of young and old that torture, disfigure, itch, burn, crust and scale, they succeed when all else fails.

Episcopal House of Deputies Considers Church Problems



Dr. Alexander Mann, famous Lew Churchman of Boston, who was elected president of the House of Deputies of the Protestant Episcopal Church at the New York general convention.

Favor Restrictions of Marriages and Hears Motion to Declare Un-canonical the Remarriage of Those Who Are Divorced.

NEW YORK, October 8.—The forty-fourth general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of America was opened this morning at ten o'clock with simple but impressive ceremonies in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in this city. The huge unfinished edifice was crowded with more than 3000 lay and clerical members of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and a crowd of at least 1500, overflowing the cathedral, stood patiently about its doors in the rain, trying to hear the order of the services.

The Rev. Dr. William Lawrence, bishop of Massachusetts, preached the opening sermon, discussing as his principal theme religious education. Following the sermon the holy communion was celebrated by the Most Reverend Dr. Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, assisted by Bishop William Ford Nichols of Michigan City, Bishop Hector Richard Greer of New York, Bishop Richard Henry Nelson of Albany and Bishop Thomas F. Gailor of Tennessee. First was celebrated the holy communion of the bishops, then the deputies and the members of the Episcopal Church. Probably more people celebrated the communion in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine today than ever before in any church in this city.

The choir stalls in the cathedral usually reserved for visiting clergymen were occupied for the most part by laymen who have done distinctive service for the church. The house of deputies was called to order at three o'clock in the new synd hall, the same time that the house of bishops was convened in the old synd hall. When the roll was called, the Rev. Dr. Henry Justice, secretary of the house, announced that nominations were in order for a presiding officer.

The Nominations. The Rev. Dr. Williams of Nebraska nominated the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church of this city. Straightway the nomination of the Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann, rector of Trinity Church of Boston, was made by the Rev. Dr. Waters of Chicago. Then followed more than a dozen nominations for each of the nominations. Delegations vied with each other in endorsing their chosen candidate. The delegation from North Carolina sent in two in its choice between the two nominees, the clergymen of that delegation endorsing the nomination of Dr. Mann and the laymen expressing their choice for Dr. Manning. A member of another delegation openly objected to the election of Dr. Manning, who is an Englishman, because the delegate thought it desirable that the general convention of the Episcopal Church of America should elect an officer "who is a citizen of this country."

Dr. Manning laughed when he heard that this objection had been raised. Dr. Mann was elected by a vote of 257 to 212. Twenty votes cast for Joseph Backus, a lay delegate from Baltimore were not tabulated, because Mr. Backus was not nominated. When the election of Dr. Mann was made unanimous he was escorted to the chair by Dr. Manning and the Rev. Dr. Richard H. Dana of the Massachusetts diocese.

On motion of Francis Lynde Stebbins, who is a lay member of the house of deputies, the Rev. Dr. Annals was elected secretary of the house.

For Publicity. NEW YORK, October 10.—The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church closed the general part of today's necessary work. Bishops, clergymen and lay delegates

and the hundreds of women delegates of the women's auxiliary met in the cathedral to hear what has been accomplished during the last three years and what the men who are on the skirmishing line have done and what must be done if church extensions are to prosper.

During the brief sessions of the house of bishops and the house of deputies memorials and resolutions were introduced which indicated the determination of the legislators to tackle without hesitation problems that have arisen out of new conditions and a desire to put the church forward in its campaign of growth.

AXE TO DROP ON HEADS OF NOTARIES

Forty-eight Commissioned Officers in Territory Have Failed to Pay License Fees and Attorney General Thayer Prepares to Take Drastic Action.

(From Thursday Advertiser.) According to Attorney General Thayer the axe is about to drop on the notarial heads of a good many citizens of Honolulu and other parts of this, the first judicial circuit of the Territory. A list has been prepared which shows that there are forty-eight duly commissioned notaries public in this circuit who have failed to come through with the license fee required by law. Thayer is not sure that they have no use for their commissions, anyhow, it is said, but they have so far failed to return the commissions and records to the territorial authorities, as required by law.

Four are anxious to keep up the good work of taking acknowledgments and affidavits and have made promises that they will come through with the fee, while the balance keep mum and say nothing. In the case of those who are delinquent to the government in the payment of taxes or other assessments, the authorities are also anxious to collect these other amounts.

The list, furnished to the Advertiser yesterday by the attorney general's department, is as follows: J. W. Lloyd, Dan Kaco, E. G. Ferreira, W. T. Rawlins, C. L. Hopkins, Andrew Cox, C. J. Wheeler, C. J. De Roo, Manley Hopkins, Gustave Rose, D. A. Dowsett, J. A. Baker, P. D. Kellett, Jr., C. F. Peterson, Wm. L. Peterson, W. C. Achi, G. Clark Adams, E. W. Campbell, F. L. Davis, J. A. Johnson, (absent from territory), G. G. Kinney, H. G. Middleitch, P. W. McKinney, P. L. Peters, Wm. Savidge, J. D. Tucker, C. S. Yuen, W. G. Ashley, A. M. Brown, Jos. F. Durso, C. B. Farm, H. L. Kinsela, R. D. Mead, J. M. Monsarrat, E. C. Peters, O. K. Stillman, E. J. Testa, R. W. Atkinson, J. A. Combs, G. H. Dieckel, C. B. Heen, B. H. Kelekolio, (now residing at Hilo), Wm. B. Lymer, Antonio Manuel, Miss G. F. Neuman, J. W. Pratt, Rose L. Shafsky, H. Van Gieser.

Judge Whitney yesterday ordered the publication of the divorce annons in the case of Katherine Schmidt Milburn, alias Katherine Schmidt Milburn, alias Harry W. Milburn, alias Harry W. McManus, in the Advertiser, "a newspaper suitable for the advertising of judicial proceedings," as the order reads. The present whereabouts of Milburn, alias McManus is not known to the wife.

ed its report. It showed among other things that offerings and gifts from living in the case of the divorce annons in the case of Katherine Schmidt Milburn, alias Katherine Schmidt Milburn, alias Harry W. Milburn, alias Harry W. McManus, in the Advertiser, "a newspaper suitable for the advertising of judicial proceedings," as the order reads. The present whereabouts of Milburn, alias McManus is not known to the wife.

An important matter referred to in the report is the possible transfer of ecclesiastical jurisdiction in Central America from the Church of England to the American church.

Announcement was made that the amount of the united offering made in the cathedral on Thursday by the women's auxiliary was \$207,500, by far the largest sum ever collected in this manner.

The address of the morning was delivered by Bishop Arthur Lyon, president of the board of missions. His theme was the church's mission at home and abroad.

Significance of Election. Interest which marked the election of Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann, of Boston, low church man, president of the house of deputies, over Dr. William T. Manning, of Trinity Church, New York, at the triennial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, is believed to have presaged something deeper and more far-reaching than the mere choice of a presiding officer.

A knowing smile on the faces of deputies on the floor as visitors who filled the galleries indicated a common acquiescence in the fact that the incident constituted the preliminary move in a well-defined action which should be perhaps of vital interest in succeeding sessions—the opening skirmish in what promises later a battle royal. A certain playing for position which shall be advantageous later on.

The votes of divorcees later confirmed in a way this conjecture. Legislation to change the title page of the prayer book so as to make it conform to the title used in the various offices (as it is put by what is known as the advanced or catholic party), or legislation to "change the name of the church," as it is termed by the low church or broad church contingent, will, as one of the church papers says, "ever be the unfinished business of the church until it has become the finished business." Its significance is more far-reaching than at first appears and will develop as the business of the convention proceeds.

It was generally conceded that the two men nominated were leaders of thought in either party. Dr. Manning having issued one of the ablest defenses in favor of the change of the title page at the same time contending that it should never be done unless it was the unanimous judgment of the church that it was not only advisable but expedient.

Dr. Manning issued one of the ablest defenses in favor of the change of the title page at the same time contending that it should never be done unless it was the unanimous judgment of the church that it was not only advisable but expedient.

