

Washington, D.C.: Public Relations: Press Releases, Chronological: 1967 January

Senator Daniel K. Inouye Papers

Administrative Files, Washington, D.C., Public Relations, Press Releases, Chronological,
Box AD35, Folder 25

<https://hdl.handle.net/10524/68621>

Items in eVols are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved, unless otherwise indicated.

UHM Library Digital Collections Disclaimer and Copyright Information

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/3/67	1:30
AP	"	"
HEWLETT	"	10:30 Phone

} Page

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
3, January 1967

Expectations of a slight increase in employment at Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard during the first quarter of 1967 were reported today by Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

Senator Inouye said he was advised that the employment spread at Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard at the end of March 1967 is expected to range between 5,600 and 6,100 employees.

"This compares with an employment spread for the previous quarter ranging between 5,500 and 6,000 employees," Senator Inouye said.

####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
3, January 1967

A \$20,000 National Science Foundation grant to the University of Hawaii for a study of proteinases of yeast was announced today by Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

James F. Lenney, Associate Pharmacologist at the University will be in charge of the project.

####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/3/67	1:30	} Page
AP	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
3, January 1967

Small Business Administration loans totaling \$178,000 were approved for small businessmen in Hawaii during the month of October 1966, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

Loans approved in Hawaii during October follow:

Borland Textiles, Ltd., Honolulu, \$55,000	11 employees
Beaver Grill, Inc., Honolulu, \$46,000	30 "
Frank's Foods, Inc., Hilo, Hawaii, \$41,000	15 "
Thrifty Mart, Inc., Kaunakani, Kauai, \$36,000	7 "

The East Hawaii Development Corp. also received a \$188,400 loan to assist Sun Sun Lau, Ltd., a firm with nine employees, Senator Inouye said.

###

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/3/67	1:30	} Page.
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	"	
3, January 1967	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	

Senator Daniel K. Inouye has given assurances of his continuing support for the establishment of a Regional Educational Laboratory for Hawaii and Pacific Basin communities.

Senator Inouye said the laboratory would serve as an instrument for regional cooperation among educational agencies for research and development, dissemination of information and the implementation of programs.

The Senator said a feasibility study was recently completed under the terms of a contract with the U. S. Office of Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, under the direction of Dr. John A. Brownell, Education Research and Development Center, College of Education, University of Hawaii.

In a letter to Dr. Brownell, Senator Inouye said the proposed Regional Educational Laboratory "can make a valuable contribution to the peoples of the Pacific region."

Senator Inouye said educators in Hawaii, Guam, American Samoa and the Trust Territory of the Pacific are among those interested in the establishment of such a program.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
4, January 1967

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/4/67	12:30	} Phone
AP	"	12:45	
HEWLETT	"	A.M.	

The State of Hawaii today received a \$80,899 Land and Water Conservation Fund grant from the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation to assist in preparing a statewide comprehensive outdoor recreation plan, according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

The state will match the grant with an equal amount to complete the \$161,798 project by October 31, 1967.

Senator Inouye explained that the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act requires the preparation of a statewide outdoor recreation plan to establish eligibility for acquisition and development grants.

Hawaii has already established eligibility for such grants but this new grant will make it possible to expand the initial plan, the Senator said.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/4/67	5:55 P.M. phone
AP	"	5:45 - phone
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	"
4, January 1967		

} Mailed

Senator Daniel K. Inouye will make a special trip to Hilo January 27 to appear as a witness for the County of Hawaii at the Hilo-Mainland Temporary Route Hearing ordered by the Civil Aeronautics Board.

The hearing will get underway Wednesday, January 25, and is expected to continue for several days.

Senator Inouye said he had accepted an invitation from Shunichi Kimura, Chairman and Executive Officer of the County of Hawaii, to testify at the hearing.

"The proposed direct jet service to Hilo is vitally essential not only to the economy of Hawaii County but also to the future development of air transportation in the State of Hawaii," Senator Inouye said.

The Senator will leave Washington Thursday, January 26, and is due to arrive in Honolulu at 4:05 p.m. (UAL #51).

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1-5-67</u>	<u>12 noon</u>	} Page
AP.	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	} Given In Person P.M.

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
5, January 1967

Assignment of a special team of Federal Aviation Agency personnel to Honolulu to assist state officials with mounting air traffic problems at Honolulu International Airport was requested today by Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

Senator Inouye made the request in a letter to Alan S. Boyd, Secretary-designate of the newly-created Department of Transportation. Copies of the letter went to Charles S. Murphy, Chairman of the Civil Aeronautics Board and William F. McKee, F. A. A. administrator.

In his letter to Boyd, Senator Inouye said Honolulu "will be among the first (cities) in the nation to feel the effects of the larger, stretched-out jets and, later, the jumbo jets" and noted that Honolulu has already handled air traffic volumes which were not expected until 1972.

The Senator said United Air Lines will place in service next month on the Honolulu-Los Angeles run its first DC-8-61 in a 200-passenger configuration.

In addition, United and Pan American have announced plans to increase the frequency of flights to and from Honolulu from 700 to 900 per month, Senator Inouye continued.

He also cited anticipated increases in Military Airlift Command flights well beyond recent levels of 1,000 flights per month.

In his letter, Senator Inouye said in part:

"For the foregoing reasons, I want to ask you to consider the assignment of a special team of Federal Aviation Agency personnel to Honolulu at the earliest possible date to assist state officials in devising solutions to the many problems which will be confronting them beginning next month.

"These problems will include designation of new parking facilities for international arrivals, special handling for on-route all cargo flights which currently take up badly needed space on the passenger ramp and the development of expanded custom, public health, and immigration functions.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

5, January 1967

Page Two

COPY

"It seems to me that the benefits of this proposal could work both ways. Lessons learned in Honolulu would doubtless have applications at other metropolitan airports in the continental United States.

"I know that the world of aviation will be watching Honolulu closely during the ensuing year to see how we cope with these problems. I do hope that you gentlemen will be able to offer some assistance."

#####

XERO COPY

XERO COPY

XERO COPY

XERO COPY

RICHARD B. RUSSELL, GA., CHAIRMAN

JOHN STENNIS, MISS.
STUART SYMINGTON, MO.
HENRY M. JACKSON, WASH.
SAM J. ERVIN, JR., N.C.
HOWARD W. CANNON, NEV.
ROBERT C. BYRD, W. VA.
STEPHEN M. YOUNG, OHIO
DANIEL K. INOUE, HAWAII
THOMAS J. MCINTYRE, N.H.
DANIEL B. BREWSTER, MD.
HARRY F. BYRD, JR., VA.

LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, MASS.
MARGARET CHASE SMITH, MAINE
STROM THURMOND, S.C.
JACK MILLER, IOWA
JOHN G. TOWER, TEX.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

WILLIAM H. DARDEN, CHIEF OF STAFF
CHARLES B. KIRBOW, CHIEF CLERK

January 4, 1967

Honorable Alan S. Boyd
Under Secretary for Transportation
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C. 20230

Dear Mr. Secretary:

I was more than delighted by President Johnson's decision to order the assembly of a task force to devise a new approach for planning and developing a national system of airports.

Solutions to the growing problem of airport bottlenecks are essential to the orderly growth of this country's vital air transportation system.

The city of Honolulu, Hawaii is a case in point because it will be among the first in the nation to feel the effects of the larger, stretched-out jets and, later, the jumbo jets. Beginning next month, United Air Lines will place in service on the Los Angeles-Honolulu route its first DC-8-61 in a 200-passenger configuration.

In addition, Pan American and United have announced plans to increase the frequency of flights to and from Honolulu from 700 to 900 per month.

Military Airlift Command charter flights are also expected to increase well beyond the 1,000 flights per month flown in the last quarter of 1966.

All these facts add up to a substantial increase in passenger traffic at Honolulu International Airport which in 1966 handled the passenger volume it was designed to cope with by 1972.

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

Honorable Alan S. Boyd
January 4, 1967
Page Two

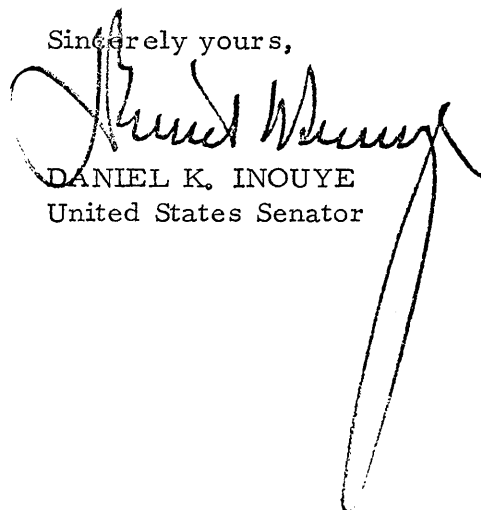
For the foregoing reasons, I want to ask you to consider the assignment of a special team of Federal Aviation Agency personnel to Honolulu at the earliest possible date to assist state officials in devising solutions to the many problems which will be confronting them beginning next month.

These problems will include designation of new parking facilities for international arrivals, special handling for on-route all cargo flights which currently take up badly needed space on the passenger ramp and the development of expanded custom, public health, and immigration functions.

It seems to me that the benefits of this proposal could work both ways. Lessons learned in Honolulu would doubtless have applications at other metropolitan airports in the continental United States.

I know that the world of aviation will be watching Honolulu closely during the ensuing year to see how we cope with these problems. I do hope that you gentlemen will be able to offer some assistance.

Sincerely yours,



DANIEL K. INOUE
United States Senator

DKI:co

cc: Honorable Charles S. Murphy
Honorable William F. McKee

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
8, January 1967

Assignment of a special team of Federal Aviation Agency personnel to Honolulu to assist state officials with mounting air traffic problems at Honolulu International Airport was requested today by Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

Senator Inouye made the request in a letter to Alan S. Boyd, Secretary-designate of the newly-created Department of Transportation. Copies of the letter went to Charles S. Murphy, Chairman of the Civil Aeronautics Board and William F. McKee, F. A. A. administrator.

In his letter to Boyd, Senator Inouye said Honolulu "will be among the first (cities) in the nation to feel the effects of the larger, stretched-out jets and, later, the jumbo jets" and noted that Honolulu has already handled air traffic volumes which were not expected until 1972.

The Senator said United Air Lines will place in service next month on the Honolulu-Los Angeles run its first DC-8-61 in a 290-passenger configuration.

In addition, United and Pan American have announced plans to increase the frequency of flights to and from Honolulu from 700 to 900 per month, Senator Inouye continued.

He also cited anticipated increases in Military Airlift Command flights well beyond recent levels of 1,000 flights per month.

In his letter, Senator Inouye said in part:

"For the foregoing reasons, I want to ask you to consider the assignment of a special team of Federal Aviation Agency personnel to Honolulu at the earliest possible date to assist state officials in devising solutions to the many problems which will be confronting them beginning next month.

"These problems will include designation of new parking facilities for international arrivals, special handling for on-route all cargo flights which currently take up badly needed space on the passenger ramp and the development of expanded custom, public health, and immigration functions.

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

5, January 1967

Page Two

"It seems to me that the benefits of this proposal could work both ways. Lessons learned in Honolulu would doubtless have applications at other metropolitan airports in the continental United States.

"I know that the world of aviation will be watching Honolulu closely during the ensuing year to see how we cope with these problems. I do hope that you gentlemen will be able to offer some assistance."

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/6/67	P.M.
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	"
6, January 1967	"	"
_____ HEWLETT		

} Mailed

The University of Hawaii today received a \$14,700 grant from the National Science Foundation for a project entitled "Participation in 'Eltanin' Cruises 28 and 29", Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

Edward D. Stroup, Associate Oceanographer at the University is the investigator.

#####

Received too late for release
by this official.

DEPARTMENT
OF
HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Washington, D.C. 20410

JAN 5 1967

The Congressional Services Staff
is pleased to make this material
available to you.

NEWS

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Washington, D.C. 20410

HUD-No. 0090
(Phone DU2-4045)

1967 5 1057
FOR RELEASE
Friday
January 6, 1967

Secretary Robert C. Weaver of the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has approved a \$687,963 Federal grant for Hawaii's first Federally aided code enforcement program, in the city and county of Honolulu. The program will be conducted in a 153.11-acre developed portion of Kuliouou Valley, near the eastern end of Honolulu.

This approval will permit the start of concentrated code enforcement activities and public improvements in the project area. The HUD grant includes a relocation grant of \$14,400.

The area contains 474 buildings, of which 167 have code violations. Of 459 dwelling units there, 160 have local code violations. About eight applicants will probably apply for direct rehabilitation loans.

Both direct Federal grants and direct Federal 3 percent loans will be made available to help finance property rehabilitation for project area owners.

As required by law, anyone displaced by site operations will be offered relocation in decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

Code enforcement grants to municipalities and counties were authorized by the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965. A Federal code enforcement grant may not exceed two-thirds (three-fourths in the case of a population of 50,000 or less) of the cost of a concentrated code enforcement project. Eligible project costs may include expenditures for code administration; for related staff services, financial assistance on relocation, and rehabilitation grants; and for provision and repair of necessary streets, curbs, sidewalks, street lighting, tree planting, and similar improvements.

For more information: Neal S. Blaisdell
Mayor of the City and County of Honolulu
City Hall
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Project Number: Hawaii E-1

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
5, January 1967

The US Office of Education will finance a summer Counseling and Guidance Institute at the University of Hawaii for 30 junior college and technical institute personnel, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

The program will be conducted from June 19 through August 11, 1967, under the direction of Francis E. Clark, Professor of Educational Psychology.

The institute is designed to improve the qualifications of individual teachers in the counseling and guidance fields.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
5, January 1967

A \$26,000 Manpower Development and Training Act project to train 20 unemployed workers in Hawaii as clerk-typists was announced today by Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

The 23-week program will be conducted at Kauluwela School in Honolulu.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/6/67	11 A.M.	} Page
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	"	
6, January 1967	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	

Hawaii youths interested in \$2.44 per hour summer post office jobs should apply now to take a competitive examination next month or early in March, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

The Senator cautioned that most of the jobs are limited to larger post offices.

Applicants must be 18 years of age unless they are high school graduates over the age of 16. They should obtain Form 5000B at their local post office and send it to the Interagency Board of Civil Service Examiners, Federal Building, Honolulu.

5000 AB

Application must be postmarked no later than February 9, 1967.

#####



UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20415

IN REPLY PLEASE REFER TO
JAN 6 1967

YOUR REFERENCE

January 6, 1967

Honorable Daniel K. Inouye

United States Senate

Dear Senator Inouye:

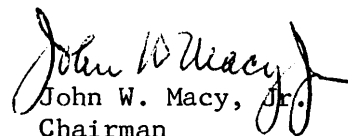
In December 1965, the Honorable Lawrence F. O'Brien, Postmaster General, and I agreed on a plan for filling 1966 summer jobs in post offices through an open competitive examination. This provided the opportunity for the public to compete for these openings on a merit basis. Because this plan was successful, agreement has been reached to use a similar examination for Seasonal Assistant positions in post offices in 1967.

The announcement of the examination will be issued on January 10, 1967. The examination is for Seasonal Assistant, PFS-3, \$2.44 an hour. A copy of the announcement and the press release, which provide further details on the program, are enclosed. These may be helpful to you in answering inquiries from your constituents concerning employment in post offices next summer.

The written test will be held in late February and early March at cities listed on the enclosed form. As specified in the announcement, applications to take the test must be received or postmarked no later than February 9, 1967. The announcement also lists the boards of examiners to which applications should be sent.

The Commission's Civil Service Liaison Office, Room B332, Rayburn House Office Building, telephone extension 4955, will be glad to provide you with additional copies of the announcement and with further information about this program.

Sincerely yours,


John W. Macy, Jr.
Chairman

Enclosures

CIVIL SERVICE
news

U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

news unit

Washington, D.C.
20415

telephone: 343-7391
room 5354 / 1900 E st., N.W.

FOR RELEASE:

ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY MORNING NEWSPAPERS
NOT TO BE USED BY PRESS, RADIO, OR TV BEFORE
6:30 P. M., EST, MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1967

The Civil Service Commission and the Post Office Department today announced the opening of a nationwide examination for students and others interested in work as Seasonal Assistants in the Postal Field Service.

The jobs will pay \$2.44 per hour and will be located in a limited number of larger post offices. It is anticipated that, as in 1966, the greatest number of jobs will be in major post offices such as New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Philadelphia.

Candidates who qualify in the written test may be considered for summer employment in 1967, later to assist with the Christmas mail, and occasionally at other times during the year. Employment may be on a full-time or part-time basis, depending upon the needs of the post office.

Applicants must apply between January 10 and February 9 to take the test, which will be given nationally on February 25 and March 4, 1967. Those who passed a similar examination for postal employment in the summer of 1966 will not need to retake the 1967 examination unless they wish to try for higher scores. The examination announcement contains the detailed instructions for applying on the basis of 1966 test scores.

The new examination is a continuation of a previously announced plan to assure that selections for summer jobs are made on the basis of merit. A previous prohibition against the employment of a son or daughter of a postal employee has been modified. After all others with higher or equal scores have been offered jobs, the son or daughter of a postal employee may be hired.

On the basis of last year's experience, it is expected that there will be more eligibles than jobs, and in most places only those with very high ratings in the examination will be considered for employment.

The minimum age for appointment to Seasonal Assistant jobs during 1967 is 18, with the exception of high school graduates who may be appointed after they reach their 16th birthday. However, to be considered for jobs involving the operation of motor vehicles, the applicant must be at least 18.

Applicants for the positions are given specific instructions in the examination announcement on where to file for the tests. The announcement and application forms will be available at first- and second-class post offices, Civil Service Commission offices, and college placement offices.

No estimates are available yet on the total number of appointments of seasonal assistants expected in 1967. In 1966, the total reached as high as 14,288, but it is not known as yet whether mail service needs during the summer of 1967 will require as many as during 1966.

PLACES WHERE CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS ARE HELD

The examination described in the accompanying announcement will be given at the places named below unless otherwise specified in the announcement. A resident of any State or Territory may be examined in any city named in the list. Select the place where you wish to take the examination from the list shown below. Then enter the city, State, and correct code number on the application card. For example, a person wishing to be examined in Anniston, Alabama would show "Anniston, Alabama, 24-00."

- ALABAMA**
Anniston 24-00
Birmingham 24-01
Brewton 24-02
Decatur 24-20
Demopolis 24-04
Dothan 24-05
Eufaula 24-06
Florence 24-07
Gadsden 24-08
Huntsville 24-09
Jasper 24-10
Luverne 24-11
Mobile 24-12
Montgomery 24-13
Opelika 24-14
Selma 24-15
Sylacauga 24-16
Thomasville 24-17
Tuscaloosa 24-18
Tuskegee Institute 24-19
- ALASKA**
Anchorage 55-00
Cordova 55-01
Fairbanks 55-02
Juneau 55-03
Ketchikan 55-04
Kodiak 55-05
Nome 55-06
Seward 55-07
Sitka 55-08
Skagway 55-09
- ARIZONA**
Casa Grande 50-00
Coolidge 50-01
Douglas 50-02
Flagstaff 50-03
Fort Huachuca 50-04
Globe 50-05
Kingman 50-06
Nogales 50-07
Phoenix 50-08
Prescott 50-09
Safford 50-10
Show Low 50-11
Tucson 50-12
Winslow 50-13
Yuma 50-14
- ARKANSAS**
Arkadelphia 39-00
Batesville 39-01
Blytheville 39-02
Camden 39-03
Conway 39-04
Fayetteville 39-05
Forrest City 39-06
Fort Smith 39-07
Harrison 39-08
Helena 39-09
Hot Springs 39-10
Jonesboro 39-11
Little Rock 39-12
Magnolia 39-13
Mena 39-14
Monticello 39-15
Pine Bluff 39-16
Russellville 39-17
Searcy 39-18
Texarkana 39-19
- CALIFORNIA**
Alturas 60-00
Bakersfield 60-01
Barstow 60-02
Bishop 60-03
Blythe 60-04
Chico 60-05
China Lake 60-06
El Centro 60-07
Eureka 60-08
Fresno 60-09
Hanford 60-10
Indio 60-11
Lancaster 60-45
Long Beach 60-12
Los Angeles 60-13
Marysville 60-14
Merced 60-15
Modesto 60-16
Monterey 60-17
- CONNECTICUT**
Bridgeport 10-00
Hartford 10-01
New Haven 10-02
New London 10-03
Waterbury 10-04
Willimantic 10-05
- DELAWARE**
Dover 18-00
Georgetown 18-01
Wilmington 18-02
- DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**
(Metropolitan Area)
Washington 23-00
Alexandria 23-01
Falls Church 23-02
- FLORIDA**
Avon Park 25-00
Daytona Beach 25-01
Fort Lauderdale 25-21
Fort Myers 25-02
Gainesville 25-03
Jacksonville 25-04
Key West 25-05
Lake City 25-06
Lakeland 25-07
Marianna 25-08
Miami 25-09
Ocala 25-10
Orlando 25-11
Palatka 25-12
Panama City 25-13
Pensacola 25-14
Sarasota 25-15
St. Petersburg 25-16
Tallahassee 25-17
Tampa 25-18
Vero Beach 25-19
West Palm Beach 25-20
Cocoa 25-22
- GEORGIA**
Albany 26-00
Americus 26-01
Athens 26-02
Atlanta 26-03
Augusta 26-04
Brunswick 26-05
Columbus 26-06
Dublin 26-07
Fitzgerald 26-08
Gainesville 26-09
La Grange 26-10
Macon 26-11
Rome 26-12
Savannah 26-13
Statesboro 26-14
Thomasville 26-15
Valdosta 26-16
Waycross 26-17
- GUAM**
Agana 63-00
- HAWAII**
Hilo 62-00
Honolulu 62-01
Kaunakakai 62-02
Lihue 62-03
Wailuku 62-04
- IDAHO**
Boise 56-00
Burley 56-01
Caldwell 56-02
Coeur d'Alene 56-03
Grangeville 56-04
Idaho Falls 56-05
Lewiston 56-06
McCall 56-07
Montpelier 56-08
Moscow 56-09
Pocatello 56-10
Preston 56-11
Saint Anthony 56-12
Saint Maries 56-13
Salmon 56-14
Sandpoint 56-15
Twin Falls 56-16
Wallace 56-17
Weiser 56-18
- ILLINOIS**
Alton 33-00
Aurora 33-01
Bloomington 33-03
Cairo 33-04
Carbondale 33-05
Carlinville 33-06
Carmi 33-07
Centralia 33-08
Charleston 33-09
Chicago 33-10
Danville 33-11
Decatur 33-12
- INDIANA**
Anderson 34-00
Angola 34-01
Bedford 34-02
Bloomington 34-03
Evansville 34-04
Fort Wayne 34-05
Gary 34-06
Hammond 34-07
Indianapolis 34-08
Jasper 34-09
Jeffersonville 34-10
Lafayette 34-11
Logansport 34-12
Madison 34-13
Marion 34-14
Muncie 34-15
Rensselaer 34-16
Richmond 34-17
Seymour 34-18
South Bend 34-19
Terre Haute 34-20
Valparaiso 34-21
Vincennes 34-22
- IOWA**
Ames 43-00
Atlantic 43-01
Burlington 43-02
Cedar Rapids 43-03
Council Bluffs 43-04
Creston 43-05
Davenport 43-06
Decorah 43-07
Denison 43-08
Des Moines 43-09
Dubuque 43-10
Fort Dodge 43-11
Iowa City 43-12
Keokuk 43-13
Mason City 43-14
Muscatine 43-15
Ottumwa 43-16
Sioux City 43-17
Spencer 43-18
Waterloo 43-19
- KANSAS**
Colby 44-04
Dodge City 44-00
Emporia 44-01
Fort Scott 44-02
Garden City 44-03
- KENTUCKY**
Ashland 35-00
Bowling Green 35-01
Covington 35-02
Frankfort 35-03
Glasgow 35-04
Harlan 35-05
Hazard 35-06
Hopkinsville 35-07
Lebanon 35-08
Lexington 35-09
London 35-10
Louisville 35-11
Madisonville 35-12
Mayfield 35-13
Maysville 35-14
Middlesboro 35-15
Owensboro 35-16
Paducah 35-17
Paintsville 35-18
Pikeville 35-19
Richmond 35-20
Somerset 35-21
- LOUISIANA**
Alexandria 40-00
Baton Rouge 40-01
Bogalusa 40-02
Ferriday 40-03
Hammond 40-13
Houma 40-04
Lafayette 40-05
Lake Charles 40-06
Monroe 40-07
Natchitoches 40-08
New Orleans 40-09
Ruston 40-10
Shreveport 40-11
Tallulah 40-12
- MAINE**
Augusta 11-00
Bangor 11-01
Bath 11-02
Calais 11-03
Caribou 11-04
Dover-Foxcroft 11-05
Ellsworth 11-06
Fort Kent 11-07
Houlton 11-08
Lewiston 11-09
Millinocket 11-10
Portland 11-11
Rockland 11-12
Rumford 11-13
Waterville 11-14
- MARYLAND**
Baltimore 19-00
Cumberland 19-01
Easton 19-02
Hagerstown 19-03
Patuxent River 19-04
Salisbury 19-05
- MASSACHUSETTS**
Amherst 12-00
Boston 12-01
Brockton 12-02
Fall River 12-03
Fitchburg 12-04
Greenfield 12-05
Hyannis 12-06
Lawrence 12-07
Lowell 12-08
New Bedford 12-10
Northampton 12-11
Pittsfield 12-12
Salem 12-13
- MICHIGAN**
Adrian 36-00
Alpena 36-01
Ann Arbor 36-02
Battle Creek 36-03
Bay City 36-04
Benton Harbor 36-05
Big Rapids 36-06
Cadillac 36-07
Calumet 36-08
Coldwater 36-10
Detroit 36-11
East Tawas 36-12
Escanaba 36-13
Flint 36-14
Gaylord 36-15
Grand Rapids 36-16
Holland 36-17
Iron Mountain 36-18
Iron River 36-19
Ironwood 36-20
Jackson 36-21
Kalamazoo 36-22
Lansing 36-23
Ludington 36-24
Manistee 36-25
Manistiquette 36-26
Marquette 36-27
Mount Clemens 36-28
Muskegon 36-30
Petoskey 36-31
Pontiac 36-32
Port Huron 36-33
Saginaw 36-34
Sandusky 36-35
Sault Ste. Marie 36-36
Traverse City 36-37
Wyandotte 36-38
- MINNESOTA**
Austin 45-00
Bemidji 45-01
Brainerd 45-02
Crookston 45-03
Detroit Lakes 45-04
Duluth 45-05
Ely 45-06
Fergus Falls 45-07
Grand Rapids 45-08
Hibbing 45-09
International Falls 45-10
Mankato 45-11
Minneapolis 45-12
Montevideo 45-13
Northfield 45-14
Rochester 45-15
St. Cloud 45-16
St. Paul 45-17
Thief River Falls 45-18
Willmar 45-19
Winona 45-20
Worthington 45-21
- MISSISSIPPI**
Biloxi 27-00
Brookhaven 27-01
Clarksdale 27-02
Columbus 27-03
Corinth 27-04
Greenville 27-05
Greenwood 27-06
Gulfport 27-07
Hattiesburg 27-08
Jackson 27-09
Kosciusko 27-10
Laurel 27-11
Meridian 27-12
Natchez 27-13
Oxford 27-14
Tupelo 27-15
Vicksburg 27-16
- MISSOURI**
Cape Girardeau 46-00
Chillicothe 46-01
- NEEDLES** 60-18
OAKLAND 60-19
PALO ALTO 60-47
PASADENA 60-20
POMONA 60-21
REDDING 60-22
RICHMOND 60-24
RIVERSIDE 60-25
SACRAMENTO 60-26
SALINAS 60-27
SAN BERNARDINO 60-28
SAN DIEGO 60-29
SAN FRANCISCO 60-30
SAN JOSE 60-31
SAN LUIS OBISPO 60-32
SAN RAFAEL 60-33
SANTA ANA 60-34
SANTA BARBARA 60-35
SANTA CRUZ 60-36
SANTA MARIA 60-46
SANTA MONICA 60-37
SANTA ROSA 60-38
STOCKTON 60-39
SUSANVILLE 60-40
UKIAH 60-41
VALLEJO 60-42
VENTURA 60-43
YREKA 60-44
- DE KALB** 33-13
DES PLAINES 33-14
DIXON 33-15
EAST ST. LOUIS 33-16
EFFINGHAM 33-17
ELGIN 33-18
EVANSTON 33-19
FREEPORT 33-20
GALENA 33-21
Galesburg 33-22
HARRISBURG 33-23
HARVEY 33-24
JACKSONVILLE 33-25
JOLIET 33-26
KANKAKEE 33-27
LA SALLE 33-28
MACOMB 33-29
MOUNT CARMEL 33-31
MOUNT VERNON 33-32
OAK PARK 33-33
OLNEY 33-34
OTTAWA 33-35
PARIS 33-36
PEORIA 33-37
PONTIAC 33-38
QUINCY 33-39
ROCKFORD 33-40
ROCK ISLAND 33-41
SAVANNA 33-42
SPRINGFIELD 33-43
TUSCOLA 33-45
URBANA 33-46
VALDALIA 33-47
WAUKEGAN 33-49
WHEATON 33-50
WOODSTOCK 33-51
- HAYS** 44-05
HUTCHINSON 44-06
INDEPENDENCE 44-07
JUNCTION CITY 44-08
KANSAS CITY 44-09
LAWRENCE 44-10
LEAVENWORTH 44-11
MANHATTAN 44-12
PHILLIPSBURG 44-20
PIITSBURG 44-15
PRATT 44-16
SALINA 44-17
TOPEKA 44-18
WICHITA 44-19
- SPRINGFIELD** 12-14
WORCESTER 12-15

- Columbia 46-02
Farmington 46-03
Hannibal 46-04
Jefferson City 46-05
Joplin 46-06
Kansas City 46-07
Kirksville 46-08
Lebanon 46-09
Poplar Bluff 46-10
Rolla 46-11
St. Joseph 46-12
St. Louis 46-13
Sedalia 46-14
Springfield 46-15
Warrensburg 46-16
West Plains 46-17
- MONTANA**
Billings 57-00
Bozeman 57-01
Butte 57-02
Deer Lodge 57-03
Dillon 57-04
Glasgow 57-05
Glendive 57-06
Great Falls 57-07
Havre 57-09
Helena 57-10
Kalispell 57-11
Lewistown 57-12
Libby 57-13
Livingston 57-14
Malta 57-15
Miles City 57-16
Missoula 57-17
Plentywood 57-18
Shelby 57-20
Sidney 57-21
Thompson Falls 57-22
Wolf Point 57-23
- NEBRASKA**
Alliance 47-00
Beatrice 47-01
Broken Bow 47-02
Columbus 47-03
Falls City 47-04
Fremont 47-05
Grand Island 47-06
Hastings 47-07
Kearney 47-08
Lincoln 47-09
McCook 47-10
Norfolk 47-11
North Platte 47-12
Ogallala 47-13
Omaha 47-14
O'Neill 47-15
Scottsbluff 47-16
Sidney 47-17
Valentine 47-18
- NEVADA**
Elko 61-00
Ely 61-01
Fallon 61-02
Hawthorne 61-03
Las Vegas 61-04
Reno 61-05
Winnemucca 61-06
- NEW HAMPSHIRE**
Berlin 13-00
Claremont 13-01
Durham 13-02
Hanover 13-03
Laconia 13-04
Manchester 13-05
Plymouth 13-06
Portsmouth 13-07
- NEW JERSEY**
Asbury Park 16-00
Atlantic City 16-01
Bridgeton 16-02
Camden 16-03
Jersey City 16-04
Lakewood 16-05
Montclair 16-06
Morristown 16-07
Newark 16-08
New Brunswick 16-09
Newton 16-10
Paterson 16-11
Phillipsburg 16-12
Plainfield 16-13
Red Bank 16-14
Trenton 16-15
West New York 16-16
- NEW MEXICO**
Alamogordo 52-00
Albuquerque 52-01
Carlsbad 52-02
Clayton 52-03
Clovis 52-04
- Deming 52-05
Farmington 52-06
Gallup 52-07
Grants 52-08
Hobbs 52-09
Las Cruces 52-10
Las Vegas 52-11
Portales 52-12
Raton 52-13
Roswell 52-14
Santa Fe 52-15
Santa Rosa 52-16
Silver City 52-17
Socorro 52-18
Taos 52-19
Truth or Consequences 52-20
Tucumcari 52-21
White Sands Missile Range 52-22
- NEW YORK**
Albany 17-00
Auburn 17-01
Batavia 17-02
Binghamton 17-03
Brooklyn 17-04
Buffalo 17-05
Elmira 17-06
Glens Falls 17-07
Hempstead 17-09
Hornell 17-10
Ithaca 17-11
Jamaica 17-12
Jamestown 17-13
Kingston 17-14
Malone 17-15
Middletown 17-16
Newburgh 17-17
New Rochelle 17-18
New York 17-19
Niagara Falls 17-20
Norwich 17-21
Ogdensburg 17-22
Olean 17-23
Oneonta 17-24
Oswego 17-25
Patchogue 17-26
Peekskill 17-27
Plattsburgh 17-28
Poughkeepsie 17-29
Roughhead 17-30
Rochester 17-31
Saranac Lake 17-32
Schenectady 17-33
Syracuse 17-34
Utica 17-35
Watertown 17-36
Yonkers 17-37
- NORTH CAROLINA**
Asheville 28-00
Charlotte 28-01
Durham 28-02
Elizabeth City 28-03
Fayetteville 28-04
Gastonia 28-05
Goldsboro 28-06
Greensboro 28-07
Greenville 28-08
Hickory 28-09
New Bern 28-10
North Wilkesboro 28-11
Raleigh 28-12
Rocky Mount 28-13
Salisbury 28-14
Sylva 28-15
Washington 28-16
Wilmington 28-17
Winston-Salem 28-18
- NORTH DAKOTA**
Bismarck 48-00
Devils Lake 48-01
Dickinson 48-02
Fargo 48-03
Garrison 48-04
Grand Forks 48-05
Jamestown 48-06
Minot 48-07
Rugby 48-08
Valley City 48-09
Wahpeton 48-10
Williston 48-11
- OHIO**
Akron 37-00
Ashtabula 37-01
Athens 37-02
Canton 37-03
Chillicothe 37-04
Cincinnati 37-05
Cleveland 37-06
Columbus 37-07
Dayton 37-08
Elyria 37-09
Findlay 37-28
- Greenville 37-11
Hamilton 37-12
Lima 37-13
Mansfield 37-14
Marietta 37-15
Marion 37-16
Napoleon 37-17
Newark 37-18
New Philadelphia 37-19
Painesville 37-20
Portsmouth 37-21
Sandusky 37-22
Springfield 37-23
Steubenville 37-24
Toledo 37-25
Youngstown 37-26
Zanesville 37-27
- OKLAHOMA**
Ada 41-00
Altus 41-01
Alva 41-02
Ardmore 41-03
Bartlesville 41-04
Chickasha 41-05
Elk City 41-06
Enid 41-07
Guyton 42-08
Hugo 41-09
Lawton 41-10
McAlester 41-11
Muskogee 41-12
Norman 41-13
Oklahoma City 41-14
Okmulgee 41-15
Ponca City 41-16
Poteau 41-17
Shawnee 41-18
Stillwater 41-19
Tahlequah 41-20
Tulsa 41-21
Vinita 41-22
Watonga 41-23
Weatherford 41-24
Woodward 41-25
- OREGON**
Albany 58-00
Ashland 58-01
Astoria 58-02
Baker 58-03
Bend 58-04
Burns 58-05
Coos Bay 58-06
Corvallis 58-07
Enterprise 58-08
Eugene 58-09
Gold Beach 58-10
Grants Pass 58-11
Hermiston 58-12
John Day 58-13
Klamath Falls 58-14
La Grande 58-15
Lakeview 58-16
McMinnville 58-17
Medford 58-18
Monmouth 58-19
Newport 58-20
Pendleton 58-21
Portland 58-22
Prineville 58-23
Reedsport 58-24
Roseburg 58-25
Salem 58-26
The Dalles 58-27
Tillamook 58-28
- PENNSYLVANIA**
Allentown 20-00
Altoona 20-01
Beaver Falls 20-02
Bradford 20-03
Butler 20-04
Chambersburg 20-05
Charleroi 20-06
Chester 20-07
Clarion 20-08
Clearfield 20-09
Coatesville 20-10
Corry 20-11
Du Bois 20-12
Easton 20-13
Emporium 20-14
Erie 20-15
Greensburg 20-16
Greenville 20-17
Harrisburg 20-18
Hazleton 20-19
Huntingdon 20-20
Indiana 20-21
Johnstown 20-22
Lancaster 20-23
Lebanon 20-24
Lewistown 20-25
Lock Haven 20-26
Meadeville 20-27
- New Castle 20-28
Norristown 20-29
Oil City 20-30
Philadelphia 20-31
Pittsburgh 20-32
Pottsville 20-33
Reading 20-34
Ridgway 20-35
Scranton 20-36
Somerset 20-37
State College 20-38
Stroudsburg 20-39
Sunbury 20-40
Towanda 20-41
Uniontown 20-42
Warren 20-43
Washington 20-44
Wellsboro 20-45
Wilkes-Barre 20-46
Williamsport 20-47
York 20-48
- PUERTO RICO**
Mayaguez 31-00
Ponce 31-01
San Juan 31-02
- RHODE ISLAND**
Newport 14-00
Providence 14-01
Wakefield 14-02
- SOUTH CAROLINA**
Anderson 29-00
Beaufort 29-01
Charleston 29-02
Columbia 29-03
Florence 29-04
Georgetown 29-05
Greenville 29-06
Greenwood 29-07
Orangeburg 29-08
Rock Hill 29-09
Spartanburg 29-10
- SOUTH DAKOTA**
Aberdeen 49-00
Brookings 49-01
Chamberlain 49-02
Deadwood 49-03
Hot Springs 49-04
Huron 49-05
Lemmon 49-06
Mitchell 49-07
Mobridge 49-08
Philip 49-09
Pierre 49-10
Rapid City 49-11
Sioux Falls 49-12
Vermillion 49-13
Wagner 49-14
Watertown 49-15
Winner 49-16
Yankton 49-17
- TENNESSEE**
Chattanooga 30-01
Clarksville 30-02
Columbia 30-03
Cookeville 30-04
Jackson 30-05
Johnson City 30-06
Kingsport 30-07
Knoxville 30-08
McMinnville 30-09
Memphis 30-10
Morristown 30-11
Nashville 30-12
Paris 30-13
Union City 30-15
- TEXAS**
Abilene 42-00
Alpine 42-01
Amarillo 42-02
Austin 42-03
Beaumont 42-04
Beeville 42-05
Big Lake 42-06
Big Spring 42-07
Brady 42-08
Brownsville 42-09
Brownwood 42-10
Bryan 42-11
Childress 42-12
Corpus Christi 42-13
Corsicana 42-14
Dalhart 42-15
Dallas 42-16
Del Rio 42-17
Denton 42-18
Eagle Pass 42-19
El Paso 42-20
Fort Stockton 42-21
Fort Worth 42-22
Galveston 42-23
Gonzales 42-24
Greenville 42-25
- Harlingen 42-58
Hempstead 42-26
Houston 42-27
Huntsville 42-28
Jasper 42-29
Junction 42-30
Kerrville 42-31
Kingsville 42-32
La Grange 42-33
Lampasas 42-34
Laredo 42-35
Littlefield 42-36
Livingston 42-37
Longview 42-38
Lubbock 42-39
Lufkin 42-40
Marshall 42-41
McAllen 42-42
McKinney 42-43
Midland 42-44
Mineral Wells 42-45
Mount Pleasant 42-46
Nacogdoches 42-47
Orange 42-48
Palestine 42-49
Pampa 42-50
Paris 42-51
Pecos 42-52
Perryton 42-53
Plainview 42-54
Port Arthur 42-55
San Angelo 42-56
San Antonio 42-57
Sanderson 42-59
San Marcos 42-60
Seminole 42-61
Sherman 42-62
Stephenville 42-72
Sweetwater 42-63
Temple 42-64
Tyler 42-65
Uvalde 42-66
Van Horn 42-67
Victoria 42-68
Waco 42-69
Wharton 42-70
Wichita Falls 42-71
- UTAH**
Beaver 53-00
Cedar City 53-01
Delta 53-02
Dugway 53-03
Logan 53-04
Moab 53-06
Ogden 53-07
Panguitch 53-08
Price 53-09
Provo 53-10
Richfield 53-11
St. George 53-12
Salt Lake City 53-13
Tooele 53-14
Vernal 53-15
- VERMONT**
Bennington 15-00
Brattleboro 15-01
Burlington 15-02
Middlebury 15-03
Montpelier 15-04
Newport 15-05
Rutland 15-06
St. Johnsbury 15-07
- VIRGIN ISLANDS**
Charlotte-Amalie 32-00
Christiansted 32-01
- VIRGINIA**
Alexandria 21-00
Big Stone Gap 21-01
Bristol 21-02
Charlottesville 21-03
Danville 21-04
Fredericksburg 21-05
Harrisonburg 21-06
Lexington 21-07
Lynchburg 21-08
Newport News 21-09
Norfolk 21-10
Petersburg 21-11
Richmond 21-12
Roanoke 21-13
Staunton 21-14
Winchester 21-15
Wytheville 21-16
- WASHINGTON**
Aberdeen 59-00
Bellingham 59-01
Bremerton 59-02
Chehalis 59-03
Cheney 59-04
Colville 59-05
Ellensburg 59-07
Ephrata 59-08
Everett 59-09
Longview 59-10
Mount Vernon 59-11
Olympia 59-13
Omak 59-14
Pasco 59-19
Port Angeles 59-15
Port Townsend 59-16
Pullman 59-17
Raymond 59-18
Seattle 59-21
Spokane 59-22
Tacoma 59-23
Vancouver 59-24
Walla Walla 59-25
Wenatchee 59-26
Yakima 59-27
- WEST VIRGINIA**
Beckley 22-00
Bluefield 22-01
Charleston 22-02
Clarksburg 22-03
Elkins 22-04
Huntington 22-05
Lewisburg 22-06
Martinsburg 22-07
Morgantown 22-08
Parkersburg 22-09
Wheeling 22-10
Williamson 22-11
- WISCONSIN**
Appleton 38-00
Ashland 38-01
Beloit 38-02
Eau Claire 38-03
Fond du Lac 38-04
Green Bay 38-05
Janesville 38-06
Kenosha 38-07
La Crosse 38-08
Madison 38-09
Monitowoc 38-10
Marinette 38-11
Marshfield 38-12
Milwaukee 38-13
Monroe 38-14
Oshkosh 38-15
Park Falls 38-16
Platteville 38-17
Prairie du Chien 38-18
Racine 38-19
Rhinelander 38-20
Rice Lake 38-21
Ripon 38-22
River Falls 38-23
Sheboygan 38-24
Stevens Point 38-25
Superior 38-26
Tomah 38-27
Watertown 38-28
Waukesha 38-29
Wausau 38-30
Wisconsin Rapids 38-31
- WYOMING**
Afton 54-00
Casper 54-01
Cheyenne 54-02
Cody 54-03
Douglas 54-04
Evanston 54-05
Gillette 54-06
Jackson 54-07
Kemmerer 54-08
Lander 54-09
Laramie 54-10
Newcastle 54-11
Rawlins 54-12
Rock Springs 54-13
Sheridan 54-14
Torrington 54-15
Wheatland 54-16
Worland 54-17
Yellowstone Park 54-18

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/6/67	11 A.M.	} Page
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE AP	"	"	
6, January 1967	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	} 12:18 phone

Senator Daniel K. Inouye will cosponsor a proposed Constitutional Amendment lowering the voting age to 18 on a nationwide basis.

The proposed amendment has been drafted by Senator Mike Mansfield, D-Montana, the Majority Leader, and will be introduced early this year.

"I have been on record in favor of this proposal for some time," Senator Inouye said. "Hawaii is one of four states which has lowered voting age qualifications. The legal voting age limit in Hawaii is now 20.

"I think the present generation has displayed much more of an awareness and interest in what is going on in the nation and throughout the world. Their determination to become actively involved in national issues, such as civil rights, is another sign of maturity," Senator Inouye said.

"And there is always the argument that if they are old enough to fight and pay taxes, they are old enough to vote," the Senator added.

#####

UPI

1/9/67 3:45

"

} Page.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE AP
9, January 1967

HEWLETT

3:30 Called Star Bulletin

Taylor A. "Tap" Pryor of Honolulu, President of The Oceanic Foundation and Sea Life, Inc. was today appointed to the 15-member Commission on Marine Science, Engineering and Resources by President Johnson, according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

"The Commission will make a comprehensive investigation of all aspects of marine science in order to recommend an overall plan for an adequate national oceanographic program that will meet present and future national needs," Senator Inouye explained.

"Because of the far-ranging scope of the commission's activities into all aspects of oceanography, this appointment should prove to be a most significant one in terms of Hawaii's future role in our national oceanographic program," Senator Inouye continued.

Not only does this appointment indicate that Hawaii's great potential in the field of oceanography has been duly recognized, but it also constitutes a challenge to all of our people engaged in oceanography and related fields, including education and technology, to make even greater contributions to our national effort in the future.

with the appointment of Tap Pryor
"I am delighted ~~that my recommendation met with White House approval,~~" Senator Inouye added.

The Senator said appointment of the blue-ribbon commission "means that this nation is now committed to the fullest development of the fantastic potentials of the undersea science.

"Some of the objectives were set forth in the Marine Resources and Development Act of 1966," he continued.

"These include a review of the known and contemplated natural resources from the sea to expand our national economy.

"They also include a review of all related research and engineering programs, including educational and technical training to determine which programs are essential to advance our national oceanographic competence and stature.

"The end result will be the recommendation of an adequate national marine science program which will meet our present and future needs without unnecessary duplication of effort and a governmental organizational plan to implement the program," Senator Inouye said.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

9, January 1967

Page Two

Senator Inouye said the members of the commission were chosen from federal and state governments, industry, universities, laboratories and other institutions engaged in marine, scientific or technological pursuits. "

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
9, January 1967

COPY

Taylor A. "Tap" Fryor of Honolulu, President of The Oceanic Foundation and Sea Life, Inc. was today appointed to the 15-member Commission on Marine Science, Engineering and Resources by President Johnson, according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

"The Commission will make a comprehensive investigation of all aspects of marine science in order to recommend an overall plan for an adequate national oceanographic program that will meet present and future national needs," Senator Inouye explained.

"Because of the far-ranging scope of the commission's activities into all aspects of oceanography, this appointment should prove to be a most significant one in terms of Hawaii's future role in our national oceanographic program," Senator Inouye continued.

Not only does this appointment indicate that Hawaii's great potential in the field of oceanography has been duly recognized, but it also constitutes a challenge to all of our people engaged in oceanography and related fields, including education and technology, to make even greater contributions to our national effort in the future.

with the appointment of Tap Fryor
"I am delighted that my recommendation met with ~~White House approval,~~" Senator Inouye added.

The Senator said appointment of the blue-ribbon commission "means that this nation is now committed to the fullest development of the fantastic potentials of the undersea science.

"Some of the objectives were set forth in the Marine Resources and Development Act of 1966," he continued.

"These include a review of the known and contemplated natural resources from the sea to expand our national economy.

"They also include a review of all related research and engineering programs, including educational and technical training to determine which programs are essential to advance our national oceanographic competence and stature.

"The end result will be the recommendation of an adequate national marine science program which will meet our present and future needs without unnecessary duplication of effort and a governmental organizational plan to implement the program," Senator Inouye said.

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
9, January 1967
Page Two

Senator Inouye said the members of the commission were chosen from federal and state governments, industry, universities, laboratories and other institutions engaged in marine, scientific or technological pursuits. "

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
9, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/9/67	10 A.M.
AR	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Page

The General Services Administration today informed the House and Senate Committee on Government Operations of plans to exchange about 16.7 acres - in 3 non-contiguous parcels - of the Fort Barrette Naval Reservation for about 15.1 acres owned by the Campbell Estate, Oahu, Hawaii, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

The exchange agreement would also provide compensation to the Campbell Estate for crop damage, severance and other costs incurred when an access road was built by right of entry through estate property to the Barbers Point Naval Air Station.

The \$22,199.83 due the estate would be paid by the Bureau of Public Roads which would then convey the access road to the State of Hawaii.

#####

PRESS RELEASE FROM GSA

1/9/67

GSA today informed the House and Senate committee on Govnt Operations of plans to exchange about 16.7 acres - in 3 non-contiguous parcels-of the Fort Barrett Naval Reservation. for about 15.1 acres owned by the Campbell Estate, Oahu, Hawaii.

The exchange agreement would also provide compensation to the Campbell Estate for crop damage, severance and other costs incurred when an access road was built by right of entry through estate property to the Barbers Point Naval Air Station.

The \$22,199.83 due the estate would be paid by the Bureau of Public Roads which would then convey the access road to the State of Hawaii.

Mrs. Fisher 183-4072

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
10, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/10/67	P.M.
AP	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Mailed.

The University of Hawaii today received a \$21,000 National Science Foundation grant for a study of the influences of the egg cortex on the development of the molluscan embryo, according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

John M. Arnold will be in charge of the project.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/10/67	9:25 p.m. Phone
AP	_____	_____
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE		
10, January 1967	HEWLETT	_____

FOLLOWING IS A STATEMENT BY SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE ON
PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON'S STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE.

I am greatly encouraged by the President's declared intent to carry out the Great Society program. I sensed the suggestion of a softening of our former stand on a Vietnam settlement which leads me to believe that we may expect new approaches to a peaceful solution of that conflict.

The proposed six percent surcharge on both corporate and individual income taxes surely warrants our most serious consideration.

From the tone of this speech, it is obvious that the Administration is not only talking about relieving economic tensions but is moving to develop new channels through which these tensions can be eased.

All in all, I'd call the President's message an honest and frank statement made, as he put it, in a time of testing for our nation.

#####

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
10, January 1967

FOLLOWING IS A STATEMENT BY SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE ON
PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON'S STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE.

I am greatly encouraged by the President's declared intent to carry out the Great Society program. I sensed the suggestion of a softening of our former stand on a Vietnam settlement which leads me to believe that we may expect new approaches to a peaceful solution of that conflict.

The proposed six percent surcharge on both corporate and individual income taxes surely warrants our most serious consideration.

From the tone of this speech, it is obvious that the Administration is not only talking about relieving economic tensions but is moving to develop new channels through which these tensions can be eased.

All in all, I'd call the President's message an honest and frank statement, made, as he put it, in a time of testing for our nation.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/12/67</u>	<u>2:10</u>	} Liz Harton Page
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>3:33</u>	
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>3:35 P.M.</u>	} nailed

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
12, January 1967

Senator Daniel K. Inouye has asked President Johnson to include funds for the \$23.5 million Federal Building in Honolulu in his forthcoming budget request to the Congress.

In a letter to the President, the Senator temporized his request by noting that "At a time when our nation is involved in a costly war.... I am very much aware of the need to conserve and to make the best use of our tax dollar."

But he went on to say "As of now, the Federal Agencies in Honolulu are unable to perform with efficiency and economy the services for which they are intended. Their offices, often cramped and divided, are spread throughout the city. The resulting inconveniences must be shared both by the agencies themselves and the public they serve.

"Meanwhile the population of the state is growing, bringing with this growth an increasing demand for the services these agencies should provide," Senator Inouye said.

Noting that recognition of this need led to authorization of the building a number of years ago (1960), Senator Inouye said now that the project is ready for final implementation "Not to carry through at this time would not only handicap the community, but actually increase the eventual cost of this project and the cost of the agencies' services."

#####

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

COPY

January 11, 1967

The Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson
The President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

At a time when our nation is involved in a costly war, and when rising costs increasingly jeopardize the security of our citizens on lower income or retirement, I am very much aware of the need to conserve and to make the best use of the tax dollar.

At the same time, I am concerned lest cutbacks hastily initiated under these circumstances hinder programs which are essential and vital to the local communities for which they were planned. For this reason, I want to call your attention to the special merits of the Federal Building project now authorized for Honolulu, Hawaii.

As of now, the Federal Agencies in Honolulu increasingly are unable to perform with efficiency and economy the services for which they are intended. Their offices, often cramped and divided, are spread throughout the city. The resulting inconveniences must be shared both by the agencies themselves and the public they serve. Meanwhile, the population of the State is growing, bringing with this growth an increasing demand for the services these agencies should provide.

Recognition of this need led to authorization of this building a number of years ago. By now plans have been developed, complicated arrangements for the land have been worked out, and the project is ready for final implementation. Not to carry through at this time would not only handicap the community, but actually increase the eventual cost of this project and the cost of the agencies' services.

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

COPY

The Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson
Page 2

January 11, 1967

For these reasons, I respectfully urge that the Administration support funding for this project, and that it be included in your forthcoming budget request.

Your careful consideration will be most appreciated.

Sincerely,

DANIEL K. INOUE
United States Senator

DKI:sb

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/12/67</u>	<u>5:00 p.m.</u>	} Page
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	
HEWLETT	<u>4</u>	<u>4:10</u> called.	
		P.M. marked	

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
12, January 1967

The Federal Government has ceded to the State of Hawaii the last two parcels of land remaining from the days of the Republic of Hawaii, the General Services Administration advised Senator Daniel K. Inouye today.

The two parcels, one for 16.04 acres at Fort Shafter, and the other 18 acres at the Dillingham Air Force Base, both on Oahu, are part of 46 such parcels, totaling 938 acres, which have been transferred to the State in the past seven years, Senator Inouye said.

The history of the ownership of the ceded lands goes back to 1898 when, as a condition of annexation, the United States government recorded title to land formerly held by the Hawaiian monarchy and subsequently by the Republic of Hawaii.

The decision to return much of the lands to Hawaii was incorporated in the Statehood Admissions Act. In the interim period between annexation to the present time, the lands have been used as military bases and for other Federal purposes, and have also been put to agricultural uses. With the advent of statehood, the Federal Government faced the obligation of providing inheritance to the new state, comparable to that received by other states.

A \$6 million settlement was also made on the University of Hawaii as an endowment to its land grant college status, Senator Inouye said.

#####

AP - Called
U.P.I. - 10:46
Newlett - 12:50
phon - 1/12/67

United States Senate

Jerry Rodas

MEMORANDUM

Modification contract from Army
of \$4 million to Global Associates
in Oakland for aircraft
maintenance & operation.

This ^{action} obligates \$1.5 million
of the balance to be
incrementally funded over a
29 month period.

Work ~~to~~ will be done at
the Kevajalein Test Site,
Marshall Islands.

1/12/67

Global Associates of Oakland, California today received a \$4 million modification contract from the Department of the Army for aircraft maintenance and operation work to be done at the Kwajalein Test Site, Marshall Islands, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

This action obligates \$1.5 million with the balance to be incrementally funded over a 29-month period.

January 13, 1967

Call from Phil Ryan of Dept. of Housing (128-7717)

Secretary Weaver has approved a water and sewer facilities grant of \$194,500 for the City and County of Honolulu to aid construction of a sewerage system addition. The project is estimated to cost a total of \$585,000. Project will eliminate the use of faulty individual septic tanks and will include 11,200 feet of six inch and eight inch lines.

Construction to get underway within 6 months and will be completed within 10 months. Contact is Mayor Blaisdell. Project No. is WS-6-12-0009.

Second project-----Secretary Weaver announced approval of increase of \$52,400 to a total of \$287,067 in federal funds to aid in the preparation of a Community Renewal program for Honolulu. This action will enable the city to identify slum, blighted and deteriorated sections, to analyze the nature of blight and to determine the extent and general type of renewal which is needed. The Community Renewal program will also make it possible for the city to evaluate the financial and relocation requirements of renewal to appraise available resources and to develop a long range program of urban renewal activities.

Contact is Mayor Blaisdell. Project No. Hawaii R-8 (CR) (Amendatory)

Hewlett - 11:00 A.M. given in person.
UPI - 11:38 given in person.

NEWS

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Washington, D.C. 20410

HUD-No. 0288
(Phone 382-3443)

FOR RELEASE
Tuesday
January 17, 1967

Secretary Robert C. Weaver of the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has approved a Water and Sewer Facilities grant of \$194,500 for the city and county of Honolulu, Hawaii, to aid construction of a sewerage system addition.

Reservation of HUD funds for this project was announced on November 5, 1966. The project will cost a total of \$585,000..

Local officials report the project will eliminate the use of faulty individual septic units.

The project will include 11,200 feet of six-inch and eight-inch lines.

Construction is scheduled to get under way within six months and be completed within 10 months.

This grant-in-aid program was authorized by Section 702 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965. The program was enacted to aid and encourage communities to build water and sewer facilities to promote their efficient and orderly growth and development. Grants under this program can include up to 50 percent of the cost of building and improving water and sewer facilities to meet current and future growth needs of communities and metropolitan areas alike. As a prerequisite to eligibility, such projects must be consistent with areawide water and sewer planning as part of comprehensive planning for development of the area.

For further information: Mayor Neal S. Blaisdell
City Hall
520 S. King Street
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Project Number: WS-6-12-0009

NEWS

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Washington, D.C. 20410

Secretary Robert C. Weaver of the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban development has announced approval of an increase of \$52,400 (to a total of \$287,067) in Federal funds to aid in the preparation of a Community Renewal Program for Honolulu, Hawaii.

This action will enable the city to identify slum, blighted and deteriorating sections, to analyze the nature of blight, and to determine the extent and general type of renewal which is needed. The CRP will also make it possible for the city to evaluate the financial and relocation requirements of renewal, to appraise available resources, and to develop a long-range program of urban renewal activities.

Community Renewal Programs are authorized by the Housing Act of 1959, as amended. Federal grants cover up to two-thirds of the cost of preparing such programs. Local contributions make up the remainder.

For further information: Neal S. Blaisdell, Mayor
City of Honolulu
City Hall
Honolulu, Hawaii 96800

Project Number: Hawaii R-8(CR) (Amendatory)

January 17, 1967

		DATE	TIME
	UPI	1/16/67	1:33
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	AP	"	2:16
16, January 1967	HEWLETT	"	1:33

} Page

The City and County of Honolulu today received a \$583,050 Federal Water Pollution Control Administration grant for additions to a secondary sewerage treatment plant in Honolulu according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

Total cost of the project is estimated at \$1,943,500, Senator Inouye said.

#####

Senator Inouye was today named to three subcommittees of the Senate Committee on Public Works. He will serve as a member of the following subcommittees: Air and Water Pollution; Public Buildings and Grounds; Flood Control - Rivers and Harbors.

Senator Inouye is also a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

#####

The Honolulu Council of Social Agencies today received a \$7,364 Office of Economic Opportunity grant for its Foster Grandparent project for a thirty-day period, Senator Inouye said.

The purpose of the grant is to employ 38 elderly persons as foster grandparents to provide care for young retarded children in state training institutions.

The project is expected to benefit some 80 retarded children in Honolulu.

#####

JENNINGS RANDOLPH, W. VA., CHAIRMAN
STEPHEN M. YOUNG, OHIO
EDMUND S. MUSKIE, MAINE
ERNEST GRUENING, ALASKA
FRANK E. MOSS, UTAH
B. EVERETT JORDAN, N.C.
DANIEL K. INOUE, HAWAII
BIRCH BAYH, IND.
JOSEPH M. MONTOYA, N. MEX.
FRED R. HARRIS, OKLA.
JOSEPH D. TYDINGS, MD.

JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, KY.
HIRAM L. FONG, HAWAII
J. CALEB BOGGS, DEL.
JAMES B. PEARSON, KANS.
GEORGE MURPHY, CALIF.
ROBERT P. GRIFFIN, MICH.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS

RICHARD B. ROYCE, CHIEF CLERK

Committee on Public Works -- Majority Subcommittee Assignments

Flood Control - Rivers and Harbors 7-4

Stephen M. Young, Chairman
Jennings Randolph
Edmund S. Muskie
Ernest Gruening
B. Everett Jordan
✓ Daniel K. Inouye
Birch Bayh

Roads 7-4 8-5

Jennings Randolph, Chairman
Ernest Gruening
B. Everett Jordan
Joseph M. Montoya
Stephen M. Young
Joseph D. Tydings
William B. Spong, Jr. Bayh

Air and Water Pollution 7-4

Edmund S. Muskie, Chairman
Jennings Randolph
Birch Bayh
✓ Joseph D. Tydings
Daniel K. Inouye
Joseph M. Montoya
William B. Spong, Jr.

Public Buildings and Grounds 3-2

✓ B. Everett Jordan, Chairman
Stephen M. Young
Daniel K. Inouye

Special Subcommittee on Regional Economic Development 7-4

Jennings Randolph, Chairman
Edmund S. Muskie
Ernest Gruening
B. Everett Jordan
Joseph M. Montoya
Joseph D. Tydings
William B. Spong, Jr.

GRANT ANNOUNCEMENT

OFFICE OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

For Immediate Release

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS

Telephone: Code 128; Ext. 6165

1. TYPE OF GRANT: FOSTER GRANDPARENT PROJECT
2. AMOUNT OF GRANT (Federal Share): \$7,364
3. GRANTEE: HONOLULU COUNCIL OF SOCIAL AGENCIES
4. LOCATION: 1040 RICHARDS ST., HONOLULU, HAWAII
5. DELEGATE AGENCY: HAWAII STATE COMMISSION ON AGING
6. PROJECT DIRECTOR:
HIROSHI MINAMI, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
7. AREAS SERVED:
CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU
8. LENGTH OF PROGRAM:
1 MONTH
9. BENEFICIARIES:
80 RETARDED CHILDREN
10. PURPOSE OF PROGRAM:
38 ELDERLY POOR EMPLOYED AS FOSTER GRANDPARENTS TO PROVIDE
TENDER LOVING CARE TO YOUNG RETARDED CHILDREN IN THE STATE TRAINING SCHOOL AND
HOSPITAL
11. NO. OF NON-PROFESSIONALS:
38
12. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:



UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ADMINISTRATION

January 19, 1967

Honorable Daniel K. Inouye
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Inouye:

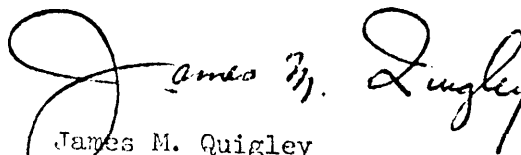
This is to confirm the information which was telephoned to your office on January 16, 1967.

Under the provisions of Section 8 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, an offer of a construction grant has been made by the Federal Water Pollution Control Administration following the priority certification and approval of the project by the Hawaii Department of Health.

Name and address of applicant:	City and County of Honolulu, Honolulu Hale, 520 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii
Name of individual who signed application:	Honorable Neal S. Blaisdell Mayor
Type and location of project:	Additions to existing secondary sewage treatment plant
Total estimated cost:	\$1,943,500.00
Estimated cost eligible for Federal participation:	\$1,943,500.00
Amount of Federal construction grant offer:	\$ 583,050.00

If you wish additional information, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,


James M. Quigley
Commissioner

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
16, January 1967

UPI

AP

HEWLETT

DATE

TIME

1/16/67

p.m.

"

"

"

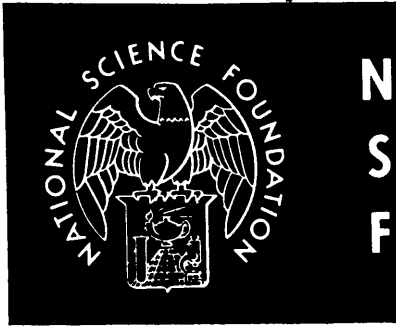
"

} mailed

The University of Hawaii today received a \$11,200 National Science Foundation grant to enable eight top undergraduate science students to conduct essentially independent research studies, Senator Inouye said.

The program at the University of Hawaii will be under the direction of John W. Gilje of the Department of Chemistry.

#####



**NATIONAL
SCIENCE
FOUNDATION**

1800 G Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20550

FOR RELEASE
January 16, 1967

NSF 67-101

Jack Renirie
343-7938
Home: 461-9104

**NSF GRANTS ENABLE 3250
UNDERGRADUATES TO ENGAGE IN RESEARCH**

More than 3250 of the nation's top undergraduate science students will have the opportunity to conduct essentially independent research studies with the aid of nearly \$4 million in grants announced today by the National Science Foundation.

The 452 Undergraduate Research Participation (URP) awards were made to 185 colleges, universities, and nonprofit research institutions throughout the United States.

The grants are designed to open the investigative side of science to undergraduates and help prepare them for graduate work in the biological, engineering, mathematical, physical, and social sciences. The students are selected by their institutions to engage in research as junior colleagues of established scientists, or independently under the guidance of senior scientists.

-more-

January 16, 1967

Under the grants, 2887 opportunities are provided for full-time studies during the summer and 370 opportunities are available for part-time work during the academic year. Foundation support of academic year projects is provided to assist institutions in gaining experience with part-time research participation in order to determine whether it should become part of the normal curriculum. Such projects have resulted in redesigned courses for science majors at several institutions.

Students conducting their investigations during the summer will receive stipends of \$60 per week for up to 12 weeks; their schools will receive allowances for operational costs. Schools conducting academic year projects will receive allowances for operational costs.

Approximately 120 additional Undergraduate Research Participation grants will be announced in about two weeks.

-END-

ATTACHMENT

E#	INSTITUTION	CITY	ZIP	DIRECTOR	DEPARTMENT	PARTICIPANTS			FUNDS
						AY66	S-67	AY67 S-68	
2907	GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY	WASHINGTON	20007	RALPH S HENDERSON	DEPT OF PHYSICS		4		5,600
1090	HOWARD UNIVERSITY	WASHINGTON	20001	HAROLD E FINLEY	DEPT OF ZOOLOGY		8		8,960
2074	HOWARD UNIVERSITY	WASHINGTON	20001	HAROLD E FINLEY	DEPT OF ZOOLOGY			8	8,960
277C	SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	WASHINGTON	20560	RICHARD B WOODBURY	OFFICE OF ANTHROPOLOGY		17		11,560
FLORIDA									
2137	FLORIDA PRESBYTERIAN COL	ST PETERSBURG	33733	RICHARD W NEITHAMER	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		4		5,600
0925 *	FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY	TALLAHASSEE	32306	BARRY B GARRETT	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	8	10		19,600
2410	FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY	TALLAHASSEE	32306	JOSEPH H GROSSLIGHT	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY		4		5,600
1091	ROLLINS COLLEGE	WINTER PARK	32789	JOHN S ROSS	DEPT OF PHYSICS		3		4,200
1092	UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA	GAINESVILLE	32601	ALFRED B CLUBOK	DEPT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE		3		3,360
143C	UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA	GAINESVILLE	32601	G E NEVILL JR	DEPT OF ENGINEERING SCIENCE AND MECHANICS		5		7,100
2080	UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA	GAINESVILLE	32601	C MICHAEL LEVY	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY		8		11,200
2044	UNIV OF SOUTH FLORIDA	TAMPA	33620	T W G SOLOMONS	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		9		10,980
GEORGIA									
2271	EMORY UNIVERSITY	ATLANTA	30322	R A DAY JR	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		8		9,600
2293	EMORY UNIVERSITY	ATLANTA	30322	HENRY SHARP JR	DEPT OF MATHEMATICS			4	2,800
2415	EMORY UNIVERSITY	ATLANTA	30322	ROBERT H ROHRER	DEPT OF PHYSICS		4		5,600
1999	WOMANS COLL OF GEORGIA	MILLEDGEVILLE	31061	DAVID J COTTER	DEPT OF BIOLOGY		2		2,800
HAWAII									
2524	UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII	HONOLULU	96822	JOHN W GILJE	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		8		11,200
IDAHO									
1093	IDAHO STATE UNIVERSITY	POCATELLO	83201	ALBERT I EDLIN	DEPT OF PHARMACOLOGY		4		5,600
2755	IDAHO STATE UNIVERSITY	POCATELLO	83201	ALBERT I EDLIN	DEPT OF PHARMACOLOGY			4	5,280
1880	UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO	MOSCOW	83843	MALCOLM M RENFREW	DEPT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES		5		6,300
1883	UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO	MOSCOW	83843	MALCOLM M RENFREW	DEPT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES		5		6,300
2406	UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO	MOSCOW	83843	GORDON R BOPP	DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING		3		4,560
ILLINOIS									
2745	CENTRAL STATES UNIV, INC	ARGONNE	60439	CHARLES A RANDALL	ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY		8		9,600
1094	DEPAUL UNIVERSITY	CHICAGO	60604	EDWIN J SCHILLINGER	DEPT OF PHYSICS		3		4,200
1950	DEPAUL UNIVERSITY	CHICAGO	60604	ROBERT C MILLER	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		5		6,250
2598	DEPAUL UNIVERSITY	CHICAGO	60604	YUEN-FAT WONG	DEPT OF MATHEMATICS		4		5,600
1095	ILLINOIS INST OF TECHNOL	CHICAGO	60616	THEODORE J NAUBERT	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		8		11,200
1321	ILLINOIS INST OF TECHNOL	CHICAGO	60616	LEONARD I GROSSWEINER	DEPT OF PHYSICS		8	8	17,760
1959	ILLINOIS INST OF TECHNOL	CHICAGO	60616	LESTER C PEACH	DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING		6		8,400
2187	ILLINOIS INST OF TECHNOL	CHICAGO	60616	ROBERT J BONTHRON	DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING		5		6,750
1602	NORTH CENTRAL COLLEGE	NAPERVILLE	60540	BARBARA DDTY	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY		3		3,600
2075	NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIV	DE KALB	60115	DENNIS N KEVILL	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		9		10,800
1096	NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY	EVANSTON	60201	ERWIN GOLDBERG	DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES		8		11,200

E#	INSTITUTION	CITY	ZIP	DIRECTOR	DEPARTMENT	PARTICIPANTS		FUNDS
						AY66	AY67	
1924	NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY	EVANSTON	60201	ERWIN GOLDBERG	DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES		12	12,000
1446	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIV	CARBONDALE	62901	DAN O MCCLARY	DEPT OF MICROBIOLOGY	3	3	5,460
1072	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO	CHICAGO	60637	ARNOLD C HARBERGER	DEPT OF ECONOMICS	10	10	21,000
2412	UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO	CHICAGO	60637	RAY KOPPELMAN	DEPT OF BIOLOGY COLLEGIATE	32		26,240
1097	UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS	URBANA	61801	KENNEDY T HILL	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY	10		14,000
1996	UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS	URBANA	61801	KENNEDY T HILL	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY		12 16	23,180
242C	UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS	URBANA	61801	RICHARD N WRIGHT	DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING	8		11,200
2743	UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS	URBANA	61801	EDWARD F CAVANAUGH	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING	10		11,200
2908	UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS	URBANA	61801	HIRAM PALEY	DEPT OF MATHEMATICS	12		16,800
2781	UNIV OF ILLINOIS/CGO CIR	CHICAGO	60680	ELMER B HADLEY	DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	9		12,600
INDIANA								
2181	DEPAUW UNIVERSITY	GREENCASTLE	46135	DONALD J COOK	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	4		4,480
228C	EARLHAM COLLEGE	RICHMOND	47374	CHARLES W MARTIN	DEPT OF GEOLOGY	4		5,600
2304	EARLHAM COLLEGE	RICHMOND	47374	LOUIS V WILCOX JR	DEPT OF BIOLOGY	4		6,080
2305	EARLHAM COLLEGE	RICHMOND	47374	WILMER J STRATTON	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	4		5,600
1073	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	GEORGE SPRINGER	DEPT OF MATHEMATICS	12		16,800
1098	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	T M SONNEBORN	DEPT OF ZOOLOGY	7		7,000
1099	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	V J SHINER JR	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	8		11,200
1807	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	RICHARD DAVID YOUNG	DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY	10		11,000
2460	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	V J SHINER JR	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY		15	17,250
2535	INDIANA UNIVERSITY	BLOMINGTON	47401	T M SONNEBORN	DEPT OF ZOOLOGY		6	6,000
1100	PURDUE UNIVERSITY	LAFAYETTE	47907	G E BERGESON	DEPT OF BOTANY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY	5		7,000
1590	PURDUE UNIVERSITY	LAFAYETTE	47907	G B BERGESON	DEPT OF BOTANY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY		5	6,600
2500	PURDUE UNIVERSITY	LAFAYETTE	47907	STEPHEN FREEMAN JR	DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	10		14,000
2515	PURDUE UNIVERSITY	LAFAYETTE	47907	GUSTAV E CHALINA	DEPT OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY	5		5,000
2653	PURDUE UNIVERSITY	LAFAYETTE	47907	H E UMBARGER	DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	15		22,800
1101	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	E A PERETTI	DEPT OF METALLURGICAL ENGRG & MATERIALS SCI	3		4,200
1102	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	FRANCIS M KOBAYASHI	DEPT OF ENGINEERING SCIENCE	1		1,400
1103	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	JULIUS T BANCHERO	DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING	2		2,800
2277	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	EMIL T HOFMAN	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	6		8,400
2551	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	E A PERETTI	DEPT OF METALLURGICAL ENG & MATERIALS SCI		3	3,300
2646	UNIV OF NOTRE DAME	NOTRE DAME	46556	RAYMOND C GUTSCHICK	DEPT OF GEOLOGY	3		4,560
2066	VALPARAISO UNIVERSITY	VALPARAISO	46383	CARL H KREKELER	DEPT OF BIOLOGY	7		7,840
2407	WABASH COLLEGE	CRAWFORDSVILLE	47933	WILLIS H JOHNSON	DEPT OF BIOLOGY	6		7,200
IOWA								
1974	COE COLLEGE	CEDAR RAPIDS	52402	STANLEY R WATKINS	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	2		2,920
2628	CORNELL COLLEGE	MOUNT VERNON	52314	ADDISON AULT	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	3		4,560

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/19/67	11:50	} phone
AP	"	11:56	
HEWLETT	"	12:00	led

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE,
17, January 1967

The University of Hawaii's Institute of Geophysics today received a \$428,000 National Aeronautics and Space Administration grant for research in coronal and chromospheric physics, according to Senator Daniel K. Inouye.

John T. Jefferies, Professor of Physics and Astro-Physics will direct the research.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/17/67	3:44	} Page e. Givens Person.
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	4:30	
January 17, 1967	"	3:44	
HEWLETT			

Senator Daniel K. Inouye called President Johnson's attention today to what he called "a distressing situation" in Hawaii resulting from a cutback in federal highway fund allocations to the State and asked for special consideration of Hawaii's "uniquely disadvantageous position."

The Federal Bureau of Public Roads ordered a limitation on its federal aid highway program obligations in November of 1966 to help reduce non-military federal expenditures as a contribution to the Vietnam effort and to reduce inflationary pressures.

Hawaii's share was reduced \$5 million by the cutback for the 1967-1968 fiscal year and federal funds previously allocated to Hawaii but uncommitted were frozen. The General Contractors Association of Hawaii advised Senator Inouye that the State had planned to commit \$49.6 million in federal-state funds to its highway program between now and next July. This program must now be cut to \$22.1 million or more than 50 percent, the General Contractors Association of Hawaii contended.

In a letter to the President, the Senator made these three points:

1. Hawaii's highway program suffered prior to Statehood in 1959 because it was ineligible to share in federal/highway program appropriations. interstate
2. The State was further handicapped after federal matching funds became available because of its own limited resources.
3. Private enterprise was slow to invest in equipment needed to carry out a federal highway program in the State because of the funding handicaps and the high cost of transporting heavy construction equipment from one island to another.

Page Two

Senator Inouye advised President Johnson that contractors in Hawaii have now leased or purchased the additional heavy equipment and other segments of the industry have expanded proportionately.

"It is ironical, therefore, that with the cutback, about \$12 million in heavy construction equipment, or about 60 percent of the total available on Oahu, now stands idle", Senator Inouye said.

The Senator noted that a construction cutback in one mainland locality can be eased by moving equipment to another community or another state.

"In Hawaii, equipment must concentrate on Oahu where the major work is to be found; if no work is available there, the equipment must remain idle," he said. "It is the old problem of the pocket market."

"This cutback seriously affects the State's economy and its growing needs for roads," Senator Inouye said.

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
January 17, 1967

Senator Daniel K. Inouye called President Johnson's attention today to what he called "a distressing situation" in Hawaii resulting from a cutback in federal highway fund allocations to the State and asked for special consideration of Hawaii's "uniquely disadvantageous position."

The Federal Bureau of Public Roads ordered a limitation on its federal aid highway program obligations in November of 1966 to help reduce non-military federal expenditures as a contribution to the Vietnam effort and to reduce inflationary pressures.

Hawaii's share was reduced \$5 million by the cutback for the 1967-1968 fiscal year and federal funds previously allocated to Hawaii but uncommitted were frozen. The General Contractors Association of Hawaii advised Senator Inouye that the State had planned to commit \$49.6 million in federal-state funds to its highway program between now and next July. This program must now be cut to \$22.1 million or more than 50 percent, the General Contractors Association of Hawaii contended.

In a letter to the President, the Senator made these three points:

1. Hawaii's highway program suffered prior to Statehood in 1959 because it was ineligible to share in federal/highway program appropriations. interstate
2. The State was further handicapped after federal matching funds became available because of its own limited resources.
3. Private enterprise was slow to invest in equipment needed to carry out a federal highway program in the State because of the funding handicaps and the high cost of transporting heavy construction equipment from one island to another.

COPY

Page Two

Senator Inouye advised President Johnson that contractors in Hawaii have now leased or purchased the additional heavy equipment and other segments of the industry have expanded proportionately.

"It is ironical, therefore, that with the cutback, about \$12 million in heavy construction equipment, or about 60 percent of the total available on Oahu, now stands idle", Senator Inouye said.

The Senator noted that a construction cutback in one mainland locality can be eased by moving equipment to another community or another state.

"In Hawaii, equipment must concentrate on Oahu where the major work is to be found; if no work is available there, the equipment must remain idle," he said. "It is the old problem of the pocket market."

"This cutback seriously affects the State's economy and its growing needs for roads," Senator Inouye said.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
19, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	<u>1/19/67</u>	<u>P.M.</u>
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>

mailed

The U. S. Department of Labor will underwrite the cost of training 20 unemployed persons in Honolulu as nurses aides for a six-week period, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

The Kida Nursing Home, Inc., 2900 Pali Highway, Honolulu, will receive \$2,479 to provide the training, Senator Inouye said.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE AP
20, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/20/67	A.M.
	"	"
	"	"
HEWLETT		

} Page

Secretary of Labor W. Willard Wirtz and Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare John W. Gardner have jointly approved the Manpower Development and Training Act project known as S 7005. This project, developed and submitted for approval by the Hawaii Employment Security and Vocational Education Departments, will provide 16 unemployed workers with training as cooks (entry), Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

This project as approved will cost a total of \$33,767; the Federal Government will provide \$32,683 of these funds. \$22,930 represents training allowances to be paid to trainees and \$10,837 represents total training costs.

The 23-week program will be conducted at Kapiolani Community College in Honolulu.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE LIAISON

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

JAN 20 1967

(This is an advance notice of the funding of a Manpower Development and Training Act Project. It is intended for your immediate use. Departmental public announcement will be made at a later date.)

JAN 20 1967

Sec. of Labor W. Willard Wirtz and Sec. of HEW John W. Gardner have jointly approved the Manpower Development and Training Act project known as S 7005. This project was developed and submitted for approval by the Hawaii Employment Security and Vocational Education Departments.

The Project will provide 16 unemployed workers with training in the following occupations:

<u>Occupations</u>	<u>Weeks of Training</u>
Cook, (Entry)	23

This project as approved will cost a total of \$33,767 ; the Federal Government will provide 32,683 of these funds. \$ 22,930 represents training allowances to be paid to trainees and \$ 10,837 represents total training costs. Training will be conducted at Kapiolani Community College, Honolulu, Oahu County

The Manpower Development and Training Act became Law on March 15, 1962. The Department of Labor and HEW were given responsibility by the Congress in two main areas: (1) identify current and prospective manpower shortages; and (2) seek out persons who can be qualified for these positions through education and training.

Identification of occupations where workers are in short supply and selection of persons qualified for training to fill these positions is the responsibility of the Department of Labor. Classroom training of persons for particular skills is the responsibility of the Department of HEW. After successful completion of the course placement of trainees into jobs for which they are newly fitted is made through the Employment Service.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
20, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/20/67	P.M.
AP	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Page

The University of Hawaii today received a \$55,810 research grant from the Public Health Service, National Institute of Neurological Diseases and Blindness, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

This \$55,810 grant is for the first year of a five-year research project entitled "Sensory Processes."

Dr. Georg von Bekesy, Research Director of the Sensory Sciences Laboratory will be in charge.

#####

The following is the text of a statement in the Hilo-Mainland Temporary Service Investigation to be given by U. S. Senator Daniel K. Inouye at the Civil Aeronautics Board hearing in Hilo, Hawaii on Friday, January 27, 1967.

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/21/67</u>	<u>A.M.</u>	} Mailed
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	

STATEMENT BY U. S. SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

HILO - MAINLAND

TEMPORARY SERVICE INVESTIGATION

January 27, 1967

The last of the great world air travel markets--the vast Pacific Basin--stands on the threshold of the most revolutionary development in the history of commercial aviation.

I am here today in the interests of a community which is destined to play a significant role in this development of our bright and promising tourist industry in the Pacific.

In a special message to the Congress in February, 1965, President Johnson cited our balance of payments problem and said that while this country would encourage foreign travel when we could afford it, the time had come to spend more time on United States travel to reduce the gold outflow.

I regret to say that we are not doing too well in this department since our tourist deficit--the gap between what Americans spend abroad and what foreign visitors spend here--amounted to \$1.7 billion in 1965 and was \$1.8 billion at the close of the third quarter of 1966.

Hawaii is in a position to make a small, if not significant, contribution in this area as we have many natural attractions as yet unseen by millions of Americans.

The U. S. Travel Service is encouraging the people of this country to "Discover America" and there is much to discover in Hawaii from the "Little Grand Canyon" at Waimea, Kauai, the great Waikiki resort complex on Oahu, and Maui's Mount Haleakala to Hawaii's steaming volcanic craters.

But to do this we need more air transport seats moving westward from the West Coast, direct service to Hilo, and the resultant visitor stimulation which will follow the certification of one or more carriers to provide the service.

The assembly lines of the American aviation industry are today turning out "stretched-out" versions of conventional transports--planes which will carry 200 passengers on a single flight. The first of these will be placed in service between the West Coast and Hawaii next month.

Less than three years away are the "jumbo jets," four-door sky giants with 11 to 14 laboratories which will disgorge as many as 490 economy class tourists on arrival at a Hawaii destination.

On the drawing boards are the SST's, the supersonic transports which will place Hawaii within a comfortable two-hour range of the West Coast's major air terminals.

In the forthcoming Trans-Pacific Route case, some of our major carriers will unveil plans to tap the great eastern travel market in the United States by scheduling nonstop flights from major eastern cities to Hawaii.

All of these developments will be welcomed by the people of Hawaii and other nations and islands in the Pacific Basin because they promise a continuing healthy economic growth.

But the harsh fact is that we are no more prepared for this future than are other metropolitan air terminals throughout the world which are also slated to feel the tremendous impact of these evolutionary developments of the airplane.

President Johnson has already had the foresight to order the assembly of a national task force which will seek to develop a national approach to the problems generated by these giant steps in aviation.

Earlier this month I personally requested Secretary Alan S. Boyd, of the newly-established Department of Transportation, to send a team of Federal Aviation Agency specialists to Honolulu to assist that community in preparing to meet some of these problems which loom so sharply on the horizon.

Honolulu is now the only city in Hawaii which enjoys regularly scheduled airline service from the mainland United States, the source of the vast majority of our tourist arrivals.

The terminal at Honolulu International Airport, completed a half-dozen years ago, has already handled a traffic volume which was not anticipated until 1972 when the terminal was designed. Growing air space congestion will soon be a matter of real concern.

Honolulu is already experiencing ground traffic-handling problems which will only be accentuated by the arrival of the "stretched-out" jet transports next month and the "jumbo jets" in the not-too-distant future.

I submit to you that Hawaii needs another aerial gateway for the growing volume of air traffic from the mainland United States. The increase in arrivals last year was 95,000 for a total of more than 700,000. The city of Hilo is the only other community in Hawaii which can now accommodate such air traffic.

Hawaii County, in which Hilo is the largest community, is admirably suited to cope with a fair share of the one million tourists expected to spend one or more nights in Hawaii by 1970.

Unlike the City and County of Honolulu, which is rapidly approaching a near-saturation point in the development of its resort facilities, the County of Hawaii has only just reached the "take-off point" in this area as it now offers little more than ten per cent of all the hotel room facilities in the state.

It not only has a large land mass--the island of Hawaii covers more than 4,000 square miles and is more than twice the size of all the other islands in the Hawaii chain combined--but it boasts a variety of climate and a host of natural attractions which will attract visitors.

These attractions, ranging from the towering volcanic peaks of Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea to the black sands of Kalapana, are duly listed in Hawaii County's official exhibit in this case.

Hawaii County, which experienced a population growth of only 1.7 per cent in the 1960-65 period, looks to tourism to provide a healthy economic base for the foreseeable future.

But the fullest development of this market will only come with the stimulation of large numbers of mainland residents by major air carriers and travel agents to fly direct to Hilo and see our Neighbor Islands first.

The impact of such stimulation will have beneficial effects not only for the County of Hawaii but for the counties of Maui and Kauai as well. These are the areas which remain relatively underdeveloped in terms of Waikiki and the Honolulu tourist destination area.

I need only to point to the recent development of the Mauna Kea resort hotel on the island of Hawaii by Mr. Laurance S. Rockefeller at an estimated cost of \$17 million as evidence of the faith careful investors have in the future of this island as a major tourist attraction.

Consider the impact of visitor spending on this island community. In ten years from 1955 to 1965, it increased from \$2.6 million to \$17.5 million annually. It is estimated that direct West Coast-Hilo jet flights would increase visitor expenditures to more than \$50 million annually by 1970.

It is essential that the County of Hawaii gain experience now to prepare for the anticipated phenomenal growth of tourism in the Pacific.

Direct jet service from the West Coast will provide the needed stimulation and should help insure an orderly growth which will keep pace with future developments expected in only a few years.

Such service will also stimulate the growth of air cargo shipments of papayas, flowers, and similar products which are now delayed on scheduled airlines by trans-shipment problems in Honolulu.

I don't believe that anyone in this room questions Hawaii Visitors Bureau estimates that the State of Hawaii will welcome one million tourists in 1970. Anticipated rate reductions made possible by the use of larger airplanes only underline the fact that these projections may be conservative.

The County of Hawaii and our other Neighbor Island counties have struggled long and hard to develop the present level of their tourist business.

I believe that certification of one or more carriers to provide direct air service to Hilo from the West Coast is mandatory if the County of Hawaii and the counties of Maui and Kauai are to realize their fair share of the booming air travel market in the Pacific.

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/23/67</u>	<u>4:30</u>	<i>Given in Person</i>
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE 23, January 1967	"	<u>4:40</u>	
AR	"	<u>4:20</u>	<i>Senator gave by phone</i>
HEWLETT			

All of us in Hawaii should be pleased by the President's recommendation for a \$22 million appropriation in the budget to construct new Federal facilities in Honolulu which will serve all the people of Hawaii.

Although Congressional committees approved a Federal building complex for Hawaii in 1960, difficulties inherent to the islands' transformation to Statehood caused a series of delays in the project.

As now planned, three buildings will share a large site in a prominent section of Honolulu. Totaling more than 650,000 square feet of space, they are to consist of a combination Post Office and Federal Office Building, a U. S. Courthouse, and a four-story parking ramp. They will be built on a tract bounded by Ala Moana, Richards, Halekauwila and Kakaako Streets.

The largest structure, in addition to providing space and equipment for modern postal operations, will house office and administrative staffs of the Army Corps of Engineers; the Departments of Health, Education and Welfare; Interior, Justice, State, Treasury, and Housing and Urban Development; the Small Business, General Services and Veterans Administrations; the General Accounting Office and the Selective Service System. One of its chief occupants will be the Federal Aviation Agency, for which a separate building was originally planned.

Connected to this multi-storied building will be another of approximately 37,500 square feet to house the Courts and related functions.

The third structure, a parking ramp, is to accommodate about 270 vehicles in addition to an approximate 300 that will use a basement garage in the Post Office and Federal Office Building.

The overall design for the project is to be completed late this year. Subject to the availability of funds, construction is scheduled for completion in 1970.

#####

DRAFT PRESS RELEASE

JANUARY 20, 1967

(NOT TO BE ISSUED
UNTIL AFTER PRESIDENT'S
BUDGET MESSAGE IS DELIVERED)

All of us in Hawaii should be pleased by the President's recommendation for a \$22 million appropriation in the budget to construct new Federal facilities in Honolulu which will serve all the people of Hawaii.

Although Congressional committees approved a Federal building complex for Hawaii in 1960, difficulties inherent to the islands' transformation to Statehood caused a series of delays in the project.

As now planned, three buildings will share a large site in a prominent section of Honolulu. Totaling more than 650,000 square feet of space, they are to consist of a combination Post Office and Federal Office Building, a U. S. Courthouse, and a four-story parking ramp. They will be built on a tract bounded by Ala Moana, Richards, Halekauwila and Kakaako Streets.

The largest structure, in addition to providing space and equipment for modern postal operations, will house office and administrative staffs of the Army Corps of Engineers; the Departments of Health, Education and Welfare; Interior, Justice, State, Treasury,

and Housing and Urban Development; the Small Business, General Services and Veterans Administrations; the General Accounting Office and the Selective Service System. One of its chief occupants will be the Federal Aviation Agency, for which a separate building was originally planned.

Connected to this multi-storied building will be another of approximately 37,500 square feet to house the Courts and related functions.

The third structure, a parking ramp, is to accommodate about 270 vehicles in addition to an approximate 300 that will use a basement garage in the Post Office and Federal Office Building.

The overall design for the project is to be completed late this year. Subject to the availability of funds, construction is scheduled for completion in 1970.

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
23, January 1967

All of us in Hawaii should be pleased by the President's recommendation for a \$22 million appropriation in the budget to construct new Federal facilities in Honolulu which will serve all the people of Hawaii.

Although Congressional committees approved a Federal building complex for Hawaii in 1960, difficulties inherent to the islands' transformation to Statehood caused a series of delays in the project.

As now planned, three buildings will share a large site in a prominent section of Honolulu. Totalling more than 650,000 square feet of space, they are to consist of a combination Post Office and Federal Office Building, a U. S. Courthouse, and a four-story parking ramp. They will be built on a tract bounded by Ala Moana, Richards, Halekauwila and Kakaako Streets.

The largest structure, in addition to providing space and equipment for modern postal operations, will house office and administrative staffs of the Army Corps of Engineers; the Departments of Health, Education and Welfare; Interior, Justice, State, Treasury, and Housing and Urban Development; the Small Business, General Services and Veterans Administrations; the General Accounting Office and the Selective Service System. One of its chief occupants will be the Federal Aviation Agency, for which a separate building was originally planned.

Connected to this multi-storied building will be another of approximately 37,500 square feet to house the Courts and related functions.

The third structure, a parking ramp, is to accommodate about 270 vehicles in addition to an approximate 300 that will use a basement garage in the Post Office and Federal Office Building.

The overall design for the project is to be completed late this year. Subject to the availability of funds, construction is scheduled for completion in 1970.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	<u>1/23/67</u>	<u>P.M.</u>
AR	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u> <i>file</i>
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
23, January 1967

The County of Hawaii

~~Hawaii~~ has been designated as a new area to participate in the Federal Food Stamp Program, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

This program enables eligible low-income families to increase their food-purchasing power by investing their own money in food coupons worth more than they paid. These coupons will be spent like cash at retail food outlets authorized under the program.

"I am delighted that the needy people of our state will now be able to participate in this program," Senator Inouye said. "It is unique in that it increases the purchasing power for food by needy people and at the same time insures that the money will be spent for food. It is also a boost to our local economy."

When the 1966-67 expansion is completed, the Food Stamp Program will be helping some 2 million needy people in some 870 counties in 42 states and the District of Columbia. At the end of fiscal 1966, about 1.2 million people in 324 areas were participating.

#####

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Washington, Jan. 23, 1967

USDA Designates 146 More Areas for Food Stamp Program:

Secretary of Agriculture Orville L. Freeman today designated another 146 counties in 24 States to receive the Food Stamp Program this fiscal year.

At the same time, he said a request from Massachusetts to participate in the food assistance program for the first time has been approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and that the Consumer and Marketing Service will continue discussions with Bay State officials for the selection of a specific area in which the program may be started this fiscal year.

Secretary Freeman said that today's designations are areas that the States have requested and have indicated will be able to inaugurate the program by the end of June.

Rapid progress by a number of States in activating more than half of the areas designated last September, and well-defined plans for inaugurating the remainder, enabled USDA to plan the further expansion within program funds available this fiscal year, the Secretary said. He added that actual expenditures will continue to be watched in the months ahead so that further designations can be considered if at all possible.

end When the 1966-67 expansion is completed, the Food Stamp Program will be helping some 2 million needy people in some 870 counties in 42 States and the District of Columbia. At the end of fiscal 1966, about 1.2 million people in 324 areas were participating.

Secretary Freeman pointed out that a majority of the counties designated today are again the less populous rural areas that have not enjoyed the continuing improvement in the national employment picture. "With the cooperation of the States, we have been able to plan this entire year's Food Stamp expansion in line with USDA's total efforts to give rural residents the same service, assistance, and opportunities that are available in urban areas," he said.

"Not only does the Food Stamp Program help low-income families eat better, their added food-buying power helps the economy of the entire area. And it improves the opportunity for producers to earn the incomes necessary to keep them supplying the ample food this Nation needs," the Secretary emphasized.

The Food Stamp Program enables eligible low-income families to increase their food-purchasing power by investing their own money in food coupons worth more than they paid. The coupons are spent like cash at retail food outlets authorized under the program.

Exact dates when the areas designated today will begin issuing food stamp coupons to low-income families will be announced locally, after C&MS personnel and State welfare officials have planned a timetable for the steps that need to be taken to assure effective and efficient programs.

These procedures include training of welfare case workers in the community on Food Stamp Program objectives and procedures, providing for coupon issuance either through commercial banks or from an issuing office set up and staffed by State or county employees, certifying needy families as eligible for the program, and meeting with retail grocers and food wholesalers to assure their understanding of the food industry role before being authorized to accept and redeem the Federal food coupons.

Newly designated areas, by States, are as follows:

ALABAMA

Bullock

ARKANSAS

Baxter
Boone
Marion

CALIFORNIA

Modoc
Sonoma

COLORADO

Archuleta
Morgan
Yuma

GEORGIA

Clay
Colquitt
Greene

HAWAII

Hawaii

County of Hawaii

ILLINOIS

Adams
Brown
Cass
Christian
Hancock
Logan
Mason

ILLINOIS continued

McDonough
Menard
Morgan
Pike
Sangamon
Schuyler
Scott

(more)

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
23, January 1967

The County of Hawaii

~~Hawaii~~ has been designated as a new area to participate in the Federal Food Stamp Program, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

This program enables eligible low-income families to increase their food-purchasing power by investing their own money in food coupons worth more than they paid. These coupons will be spent like cash at retail food outlets authorized under the program.

"I am delighted that the needy people of our state will now be able to participate in this program," Senator Inouye said. "It is unique in that it increases the purchasing power for food by needy people and at the same time insures that the money will be spent for food. It is also a boost to our local economy."

When the 1966-67 expansion is completed, the Food Stamp Program will be helping some 2 million needy people in some 870 counties in 42 states and the District of Columbia. At the end of fiscal 1966, about 1.2 million people in 324 areas were participating.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
24, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/24/67	P.M.
AP	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

Filed

The University of Hawaii today received a \$26,307 research grant from the Public Health Service, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

This \$26,307 grant is for the fourth year in a six-year program for a project entitled "Fluorescence Studies of Enzyme Structure and Function."

Dr. Robert H. McKay, Assistant Professor of Biochemistry, will be in charge.

#####

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
24, January 1967

The University of Hawaii today received a \$26,307 research grant from the Public Health Service, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

This \$26,307 grant is for the fourth year in a six-year program for a project entitled "Fluorescence Studies of Enzyme Structure and Function."

Dr. Robert H. McKay, Assistant Professor of Biochemistry, will be in charge.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/25/67	P.M.	} mailed
AP	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 25, January 1967

The University of Hawaii today received a \$23,000 National Science Foundation grant for a project entitled "Aluminum Sorption by Roots from Tropical Soils," Senator Daniel K. Inouye said.

Robert L. Fox, Professor of Soil Science at the University, will be the investigator.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/25/67</u>	<u>P.M.</u>	} Page
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>	

Released upon Delivery

SENATE FLOOR SPEECH BY SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

January 25, 1967

We have heard much discussion pro and con on Rule 22. It is well that we have, for in this rule rests a fundamental principle in our democracy: that the rights of the minority shall always be represented. To keep this fundamental concept alive and vital, we must re-examine it periodically and test its relevance to the times in which we live. For a democracy deals less with absolute than with relative values as it strives to achieve those adjustments which are its sources of resiliency and strength.

If any lesson in history is clear it is that minorities change, new minorities take their place, and old minorities grow into the majority. We can observe this course in the decisions of the Supreme Court where the development of the nation's law so often takes the form of adapting as the opinion of the Court the dissenting views of an earlier decision. We have seen it in the great social legislations passed in the past sessions of Congress.

I have heard so often in these past few days eloquent and good men plead for a chance to let the majority rule. This, they say is the essence of democracy. I disagree, for to me it is equally apparent that American democracy does not necessarily result from majority rule, but rather from the forged compromise of the majority with the minority.

The philosophy of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights is not simply to grant the majority the power to rule, but is, also, to set out limitation after limitation on that power. What are the guarantees of freedom of speech, freedom of religion, freedom of the press, but a recognition that at times when the majority would willingly destroy him, the dissenting man may have no friend but the law? What is our system of checks and balances, but the Senate against the House and the Congress against the judicial and executive branches, but a reiteration of the philosophy that this democracy is not intended as a rule of the majority? This power given to the minority is the most sophisticated and the most significant power bestowed by our Constitution.

In this day when concensus is the desired goal, when "image" is more important than convictions, the right to express this power and the courage to express it has become less and less apparent. One of the few places where this power remains a living force is in the Senate.

The decision before us is clear enough. It is not over the right to debate, for that right may now be limited when no great issue is at stake. Nor is it the Senate's inability to act at all, for I cannot believe that a majority which is truly determined in their course cannot fail eventually to approach their ends. It is instead the power of the minority to reflect a proportional share of their views upon the legislative result that is at stake in this debate.

I believe that Rule 22 serves a vital need in our democracy. To those who wish to alter radically the balance of power between a majority in the Senate and a minority, I say, as I have said before, You Sow the Wind, for minorities change and the time will surely come when you will feel the hot breath of a righteous majority at the back of your own neck. Only then perhaps you will realize what you have destroyed.

As Alexis de Tocqueville said about American in 1835:

" . . . A democracy can obtain truth only as the result of experience; and many nations may perish while they are awaiting the consequences of their errors. "

I speak as a liberal. To my liberal friends, I say we especially should preserve this tool. It is in the nature of our political philosophy to support the unpopular racial, economic, and social minorities of this country. History has shown us that extended debate may be the only effective instrument we have.

In 1933 at the beginning of President Franklin D. Roosevelt's administration, he proposed an amendment to the Organic Act, the federal framework for the government of Hawaii. The Organic Act, as originally established, gave the President authority to appoint the Governor of the Territory, its Secretary, and its Judges. It was carefully stipulated that such appointees must have been residents of the Territory of Hawaii for at least three years prior to appointment. President Roosevelt proposed to do away with this residency requirement. He did so on the grounds that the best men available throughout the country would then be eligible for appointment to these posts.

The proposal attracted no national press attention, but in remote Hawaii the community shivered in deepest alarm. Our citizens knew that this proposal would make the highest and most crucial offices in the Territory merely token rewards for political services rendered. There could be no guarantee that defeated Congressmen, or large campaign fund contributors would understand or be identified with the nuances of a cross-cultural, multi-racial society in the middle of the Pacific Ocean.

The bill was introduced on May 22, 1933; in less than a week it passed the House, 237 to 119. By June 10th it had been reported from the Senate Committee on Territories and Insular Affairs and was set for passage before the June 15th deadline for Congressional adjournment. Hawaii's opposition went unheeded.

But fortunately at the last minute, a few men in the Senate, men like Senators LaFollette, Borah, King, and Vandenberg, arose to stop the steamroller. Senator LaFollette objected to its consideration, but was overridden. Then Senator Vandenberg and others in the closing hours of the session made long speeches voicing their stubborn opposition. The bill was killed.

This was not a full-blown extended debate; it did not need to be. Exercise of the right to obstruct the quick order of business was enough to save the day. I submit that had that measure passed, the history of Hawaii would have been arrested at about the level of Guam or the Virgin Islands. The people of my State can be eternally grateful to these men, and to this tool by which they were able to defeat what then truly appeared to be a minority opinion.

Let me cite another instance--this one affecting the length and breadth of this nation and its institutions. In 1946 after a long war in which labor had been told to set aside its grievances in the interest of national security, the railroad workers opened the readjustment period with demands for higher pay. These were rejected, and in the ensuing strike, the major industries of this nation were brought to a halt. Hysteria struck Wall Street. The public was up in arms. President Truman, in response to the emotional upheaval, ordered the railroaders back to work. As the deadline approached and no solution seemed in sight, the President called an extraordinary Saturday Joint Session of Congress. Although he received word as he was speaking that the strike had been settled, he continued with the strike proposal. That very day the bill was brought to the floor of the House and two hours later passed 306 to 13. That same Saturday identical legislation was introduced in the Senate and reported out of Committee with one slight amendment. Sunday was a holiday; on Monday the matter was before the

Senate. The Senate did not meet Tuesday because of the death of a member. On Wednesday debate resumed and there seemed no stopping the measure until a handful of men called a halt to the hysteria. Senators Downey, Milligan, Pepper, Morse, Wagner, and a few others stubbornly held their ground in opposition to crucial elements in that bill. Again it was not extended debate. But the threat was enough to frustrate the desires of what surely was the majority of Congress and perhaps the American people. Gentlemen, you all must remember what that legislation called for--it was to draft into the Army those railroad workers who refused to return to work.

Incredible? Indeed it was! For having just fought a long and bloody war against tyranny and dictatorship abroad, the Congress of the United States in the hysteria of the moment narrowly missed sacrificing the very principles this nation had fought to preserve.

There are many other examples of where the determined opposition of a minority has effectively forestalled objectionable legislation. I do not say that all such opposition has yielded good results. But I do seriously doubt that any legislation which would arouse the stubborn opposition of one-third of this body, or that could be stopped simply by threatening a delay, could necessarily be very effective legislation. After all, ours is a government by consent; and its powers are divided so that what is legislated may not be administered, may not be funded, may not be supported by the courts. Our task is to anticipate and reconcile conflicting pressures in this society as we formulate its laws.

But why is the two-thirds majority necessary to overrule? Why not, my liberal colleagues argue, a simple majority? Or if not that why not a three-fifths majority--a difference of a mere seven members of the Senate? Why permit the tyranny of the one-third?

These are not new questions. As my colleagues know, up until 1917, the Senate had no instrument by which debate could be terminated. But in 1917, the Senate approved a rule by which two-thirds of those present and voting could stop discussion. In 1949 the rule was changed to call for two-thirds of the entire membership of the Senate, but in 1959 the rule reverted back to two-thirds of those present and voting. But at no time in our history has the Senate accepted less than the two-thirds majority present and voting to curtail free and open discussion.

I should like to point out that the simple majority is by no means a basic concept in our democracy. Our judicial system rests on trial by jury, but nowhere at the lower court level do we find guilt or innocence determined by majority rule. If swift justice were desired, majority rule would be the instrument. But the Founding Fathers knew that if one iota of uncertainty remained, the benefit of the doubt should go to the minority view. Ratification of treaties requires a two-thirds vote of the Senators present. Impeachment requires a two-thirds vote of Senators present. Need I point out in this connection the consequences of what nearly happened during the bitter Reconstruction period when but for one vote, President Andrew Johnson would have been removed from office? Expelling a member of Congress also requires a two-thirds vote. To override a Presidential veto requires a two-thirds vote; to inaugurate an amendment to the Constitution of the United States requires the support of either two-thirds of the State Legislatures, or a two-thirds vote by both Houses of Congress. Then three-fourths of the states must vote their acceptance of a change in that document. The initial ratification of the Constitution of the United States required not two-thirds, but nine of the thirteen states--almost three-fourths. In every instance, I have cited that the two-thirds or greater majority has been required--all to guard against any but the wisest and most temperate decisions. I submit that the American form of government evidences the greatest respect for minority opinion.

Should the making of any law of the land be impervious to the strongly held will of a minority? Since when is a simple majority an infallible indication of wisdom and right? We hear much talk about the tyranny of the one-third. I am just as fearful of the tyranny of the majority.

Unlimited debate is a double-edged sword. Through the threat of its use, we liberals were able to stop the Constitutional Amendment which would have set aside the Supreme Court's ruling on reapportionment, an approval which would have denied millions of Americans the simple justice of fair representation. By its use, we stopped the so-called Prayer Amendment which, if carried through, would have denied freedom in religious practice. In spite of Rule 22 we have just enacted the historic social legislation: The Civil Rights Act, the poverty program, and Medicare. To us that was progress. The pendulum of public support finally swung our way; but it could well swing in the other direction and in the days ahead we could be hard put to defend our hard fought gains.

Democracy is a slow and deliberate process. It requires patience and tolerance for opposing views. But when in the passions of the moment these virtues do not dominate, unlimited debate becomes a necessary instrument in the arsenal through which we liberals may defend the rights of the minority.

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/25/67	P.M.
AP	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Mailed

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 25, January 1967

Orders have been issued assigning Major General Jay T. Robbins, 313th Air Division, Kadena Air Force Base, Okinawa, to duties as Chief of Staff, Headquarters, Pacific Air Forces, Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today by the Department of the Air Force.

General Robbins will report to Hickam Air Force Base by March 15th.

#####

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
WASHINGTON 20330

JAN 25 1967

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

JAN 25 1967

Dear Senator Inouye:

Knowing of your interest in Air Force activities, we are taking this opportunity to pass on the following information.

Orders were issued on January 23rd assigning Major General Jay T. Robbins, 313th Air Division, Kadena Air Force Base, Okinawa, to duties as Chief of Staff, Headquarters, Pacific Air Forces, Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii.

General Robbins will report to Hickam Air Force Base by March 15th.

We hope this information will be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

BRYCE POE, II, Colonel, USAF
Chief, Plans Group
Legislative Liaison

Honorable Daniel K. Inouye

United States Senate

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/26/67	3:10
AR	"	3:15
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	"	3:20

} Rose

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 26, January 1967

The City and County of Honolulu has been authorized to purchase 136 acres of land on Waipio Peninsula to build an 18-hole golf course, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today.

Purchase price of the land will be \$778,000, which is fifty (50) per cent of its fair market value. The land, formerly the site of the FCC Waipahu Monitoring Station, has been declared surplus and turned over to the General Services Administration for disposal. Under GSA regulations, the City and County of Honolulu may be authorized to purchase such lands for public usage at the reduced price.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/26/67	P.M.
AR	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Mailed

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 26, January 1967

Mr. Shiro Saito, 2563 Peter Street, Honolulu, Reference Librarian at the University of Hawaii, has been selected for a Fulbright-Hays Act grant to conduct bibliographical research in Ethnology at Ateneo de Manila University, Quezon City, Philippines, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today.

#####

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

January 24, 1967

Dear Senator Inouye:

I am very happy to inform you that one of your constituents, Mr. Shiro Saito, has been selected for a grant under the international educational and cultural exchange program of the Department of State. Some basic information about this grant, together with a brief description of the Department's total program, is contained in the enclosed announcement.

State Department grants are awarded to the most highly qualified U.S. students, teachers, and scholars to enable them to continue their academic or professional studies in a foreign country for periods up to one year or longer. We are gratified that so many outstanding Americans are contributing to the success of the exchange program, and we are deeply pleased that your constituent has been chosen to join this distinguished group.

The aim of the program, which is authorized by the Fulbright-Hays Act, is to promote mutual understanding and good will between the American people and the people of other countries. It provides opportunities for U.S. citizens and foreign nationals to study, teach, lecture, conduct research and participate in other educational and cultural projects overseas.

Your constituent is being notified of the grant and of the fact that this announcement is being sent to you. Individuals offered grants are requested to advise the Department within 21 days as to whether they can accept the award.

Sincerely,

Charles Frankel

REF-560 X5235

Enclosure:

Announcement of
Exchange Grant.

The Honorable
Daniel K. Inouye,
United States Senate.

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/26/67	P.M.
AR	"	"
HEWLETT	"	"

} Mailed

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
26, January 1967

Richard A. Sanderson, Ph. D., 4502 Sierra Drive, Honolulu, Director of the Communications Center at the University of Hawaii, has been selected for a Fulbright-Hays Act grant to lecture in mass communication at the Chiangmai University, Chiangmai, Thailand, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
26, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	<u>1/26/67</u>	<u>P.M.</u>
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>

} *mailed*

The University of Hawaii has received a \$18,900 National Science Foundation grant for a project entitled "Special Project to Develop a Graduate Laboratory Course in Ocean Engineering," the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today.

Frederick C. Munchmeyer, Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering at the University, will be the investigator.

#####

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
26, January 1967

COPY

The State Department of Education today received a \$58,545 grant from the Office of Education to prepare professional personnel in the education of handicapped children, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised.

Approximate number of fellowship and traineeship recipients for Hawaii is 231. The responsible officials are: Dr. Edward Hawkins, Acting Superintendent of Education, and Hatsuko F. Kawahara, Director, Guidance & Special Education Branch.

This grant is made available under Public Law 85-926 as amended, which provides for the training of professional personnel needed to conduct educational programs for children who are mentally retarded, deaf, speech impaired and hard of hearing, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled or otherwise health impaired.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/26/67	P.M. Phone
NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE	7	P.M. } mailed
26, January 1967	4	" }
_____ HEWLETT _____		

The State Department of Education today received a \$58,545 grant from the Office of Education to prepare professional personnel in the education of handicapped children, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised.

Approximate number of fellowship and traineeship recipients for Hawaii is 231. The responsible officials are: Dr. Edward Hawkins, Acting Superintendent of Education, and Hatsuko F. Kawahara, Director, Guidance & Special Education Branch.

This grant is made available under Public Law 85-926 as amended, which provides for the training of professional personnel needed to conduct educational programs for children who are mentally retarded, deaf, speech impaired and hard of hearing, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled or otherwise health impaired.

#####

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Office of Education

January 25, 1967

Notification to Members of Congress

Public Law 85-926, as Amended
Program for the Preparation of Professional Personnel in the Education of
Handicapped Children

The U.S. Office of Education has approved grants totaling over \$18 million to 230 colleges and universities for the improvement and development of several new programs and for the support of approximately 5,000 individuals who will undertake study in the education of handicapped children. Grants totaling nearly \$5 million for the support of more than 7,000 persons have been approved for all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. These grants for fellowships and traineeships are for full time academic year study at the graduate or senior undergraduate levels or for short-term study in institutes for advanced study or summer session programs.

Public Law 85-926, as amended, provides for training of professional personnel needed to conduct educational programs for children who are mentally retarded, deaf, speech impaired and hard of hearing, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled or otherwise health impaired. The statute provides that grants be made both to colleges and universities and to State education agencies. Funds to the States are allocated on the basis of a population formula, and range from \$50,000 to \$160,000. In some instances a State may not request the full amount of its allocation.

Personnel who are engaged or preparing to engage in education for handicapped children are eligible to apply for a fellowship or traineeship. The stipend for senior traineeships is \$1,600; graduate fellowships \$2,000 for the first year, \$2,400 for the second year, \$2,800 for the third and fourth years; and \$15 per day for an institute for advanced study and summer session program. A dependents' allowance of \$600 is provided for each dependent of a graduate fellowship recipient. An allowance of \$15 weekly for each dependent of an institute traineeship recipient is also given, providing the institute is of a full summer session length.

To support in part the cost of training and study for trainees and fellows, the participating institution or State education agency shall receive up to \$2,000 for each senior year traineeship; up to \$2,500 for each graduate fellowship; up to \$75 a week for each summer traineeship; and full program support to cover the cost of conducting an institute for advanced study. Tuition and fees are covered by the supporting grant and may not be charged to a recipient.

The U.S. Office of Education will notify institutions and State education agencies of their awards on or before January 31, 1967.

Attached is a list of institutions and State education agencies to receive grants for the summer of 1967 and the following academic year 1967-68.

LIST OF INSTITUTIONS RECOMMENDED FOR AWARDS

PUBLIC LAW 85-926, AS AMENDED

1/20/67
HAWAII

UPI - 12:45 phone

P.L. 85-926, AS AMENDED
FISCAL YEAR 1967 FUNDS

NAME OF INSTITUTION CITY AND STATE	AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL	AREA OF AWARD	AMOUNT OF AWARD	TOTAL AWARD	CONG. DIST.
University of Hawaii Honolulu, Hawaii	W. Gortu Director of Research	Mentally Retarded Emotionally Dis- turbed Speech and Hearing	<u>57,000</u> <u>28,500</u> <u>11,400</u>	96,900	2 at large

P.L. 85-926, AS AMENDED
FISCAL YEAR 1967 FUNDS

GEORGIA

NAME OF INSTITUTION CITY AND STATE	AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL	AREA OF AWARD	AMOUNT OF AWARD	TOTAL AWARD	CONG. DIST.
Atlanta University Atlanta, Georgia	Rufus E. Clement President	Mentally Retarded	28,500	28,500	5
Emory University Atlanta, Georgia	Charles T. Lester Dean, Graduate School	Deaf Speech and Hearing	11,400 11,400	22,800	5
Georgia State College Atlanta, Georgia	V. V. Lavroff Comptroller	Mentally Retarded	50,100	50,100	5
University of Georgia Athens, Georgia	Gerald Huff Dean, Graduate School	Mentally Retarded Speech and Hearing Emotionally Disturbed	82,800 39,900 45,600	168,300	10
West Georgia College Carrollton, Georgia	James E. Boyd President	Mentally Retarded	18,000	18,000	6

P.L. 85-926 as Amended
Fiscal Year 1967 Funds

State Education Agency	Responsible Officials	Approximate No. of Fellowship & Traineeship Recipients	Total Award
HAWAII - State Department of Education, Honolulu 96813	<p>Dr. Edward Hawkins Acting Superintendent of Education</p> <p>Hatsuko F. Kawahara Director, Guidance & Special Education Branch</p>	231	\$ 58,545
IDAHO - State Board of Education, Boise 83702	<p>D.F. Engelking Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>Eleanor Bodahl Consultant, Special Education</p>	24	58,293
ILLINOIS - Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, 316 South Second Street, Box 906, Springfield 62706	<p>Ray Page Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>Vernon F. Frazee Director, Department of Special Education</p>	132	160,000
INDIANA - State Department of Public Instruction, Indianapolis 46204	<p>William E. Wilson Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>Leslie Brinegar Director, Division of Special Education</p>	525	120,672
IOWA - State Department of Public Instruction, Des Moines 50319	<p>Paul F. Johnston Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>Richard E. Fischer State Director, Division of Special Education</p>	296	188,963

P.L. 85-926 as Amended
Fiscal Year 1967 Funds

State Education Agency	Responsible Officials	Approximate No. of Fellowship & Traineeship Recipients	Total Award
CONNECTICUT - State Department of Education, Hartford 06115	<p>William J. Sanders Commissioner of Education</p> <p>Robert W. Stoughton, Chief Bureau of Pupil Personnel and Special Educational Services</p>	215	\$ 90,032
DELAWARE - State Department of Public Instruction, Dover 19901	<p>Richard P. Gousha Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>John S. Charlton, Director Division of Pupil Personnel Services</p>	102	55,471
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA - Board of Education of the District of Columbia 13th & K Sts., Washington, D. C. 20005	<p>Carl F. Hansen Superintendent of Schools</p> <p>Dr. Stanley E. Jackson, Director Special Education</p>	14	59,912
FLORIDA - State Department of Education, Tallahassee 32304	<p>Floyd T. Christian Superintendent of Public Instruction</p> <p>Landis M. Stetler, Coordinator Exceptional Child Education</p>	193	134,085
GEORGIA - State Department of Education, Atlanta 30334	<p>Jack P. Nix Superintendent of Schools</p> <p>Mamie J. Jones, Director Services for Exceptional Children</p>	134	113,217

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	<u>1/27/67</u>	<u>2:10</u>	
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>2:08</u>	<i>Phone</i>
HEWLETT	<u>"</u>	<u>3:08</u>	

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 27, January 1967

The University of Hawaii Medical School today received a \$146,590 grant from the Public Health Service, Division of Research Facilities and Resources, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised.

This grant will be used for general research support in 1967.

Windsor C. Cutting, Dean of the School of Medicine, will be in charge.

#####

	DATE	TIME	
UPI	1/30/67	P.M.	} Mailed
AR	"	"	
HEWLETT	"	"	

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
 30, January 1967

Richard S. Takasaki, Vice President for Business Affairs at the University of Hawaii, is the recipient of a \$6,000 National Aeronautics and Space Administration grant, the office of Senator Daniel K. Inouye was advised today.

This grant will be used for a project entitled "International Symposium on the Zodiacal Light and Interplanetary Medium."

The project director is Jerry L. Weinberg, Associate Astrophysicist at the Haleakala Observatory, Kula, Maui.

#####

	DATE	TIME
UPI	<u>1/31/67</u>	<u>4:25</u> phone
AP	<u>"</u>	<u>P.M.</u> } mailed
	<u>"</u>	<u>"</u>

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE, NEWLETT
 31, January 1967

A pilot breakfast program, under the authority of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, is expected to begin on February 1 at St. Francis Convent School in Honolulu, Senator Daniel K. Inouye announced today.

Sponsored by the Department of Agriculture, the program will accommodate an estimated 362 students with an average daily participation of 150 to 200. Thirty to thirty-five students will be served free or at a reduced price.

#####

COPY

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
31, January 1967

A pilot breakfast program, under the authority of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, is expected to begin on February 1 at St. Francis Convent School in Honolulu, Senator Daniel K. Inouye announced today.

Sponsored by the Department of Agriculture, the program will accommodate an estimated 362 students with an average daily participation of 150 to 200. Thirty to thirty-five students will be served free or at a reduced price.

#####

UPI

1/31/67 1:30
" 2:54
" 1:30

Page.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
31, January 1967
(Senate floor speech)

AP
NEWLETT

I am most anxious to add my voice and support for the President's proposed Vietnam Servicemen and Veterans Act of 1967.

The American people can be proud of their generosity toward veterans. Countless laws and the various G. I. Bills have attested to the gratitude of the American public toward the men and women who have fought this nation's battles.

America has erected a structure of veterans' benefits and programs unparalleled in the history of the world. G. I. home loans, schooling, job training, farm training, medical treatment and care, war orphans educational assistance, disability compensation, pensions, widows' benefits, rehabilitation for the disabled, nursing home care, restoration homes, guardianship attention for dependents -- all of these worthwhile benefits and programs are for veterans . . . and deservedly so.

Now, it comes time to fill the gaps in the benefits and programs for veterans of the present conflict in Vietnam.

Now it comes time to increase the amount of Servicemens' Group Life Insurance for those men fighting in the jungles of Vietnam.

Now it comes time to look closely at the pension and compensation system for older veterans.

Without a doubt, the Presidential proposals fill a need and are shaped to meet the needs of servicemen and veterans.

Veterans in the past have made wise use of their benefits. They have not frittered them away; they have not used them as a "gravy train." They have utilized them soundly . . . in every walk of life, G. I. Bill-trained veterans are filling manpower reservoirs and they have helped to raise the educational level of our entire nation.

The President has my support.

I am most anxious to add my voice and support for the President's proposed Vietnam Servicemen and Veterans Act of 1967.

The American people can be proud of their generosity toward veterans. Countless laws and the various G. I. Bills have attested to the gratitude of the American public toward the men and women who have fought this nation's battles.

America has erected a structure of veterans' benefits and programs unparalleled in the history of the world. G. I. home loans, schooling, job training, farm training, medical treatment and care, war orphans educational assistance, disability compensation, pensions, widows' benefits, rehabilitation for the disabled, nursing home care, restoration homes, guardianship attention for dependents -- all of these worthwhile benefits and programs are for veterans . . . and deservedly so.

Now, it comes time to fill the gaps in the benefits and programs for veterans of the present conflict in Vietnam.

Now it comes time to increase the amount of Servicemens' Group Life Insurance for those men fighting in the jungles of Vietnam.

Now it comes time to look closely at the pension and compensation system for older veterans.

Without a doubt, the Presidential proposals fill a need and are shaped to meet the needs of servicemen and veterans.

Veterans in the past have made wise use of their benefits. They have not frittered them away; they have not used them as a "gravey train." They

have utilized them soundly . . . in every walk of life, G. I. Bill-trained veterans are filling manpower reservoirs and they have helped to raise the educational level of our entire nation.

The President has my support.

NEWS FROM SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE
31, January 1967

	DATE	TIME
UPI	1/31/67	P.M. 7
AP	"	"
NEWLETT	"	"

mailed

The University of Hawaii has received a \$49,800 National Science Foundation grant for a project entitled "Hawaiian Volcanic Gases and Volatiles, Senator Daniel K. Inouye said today.

John J. Naughton, Professor of Chemistry at the University, will be the investigator.

#####